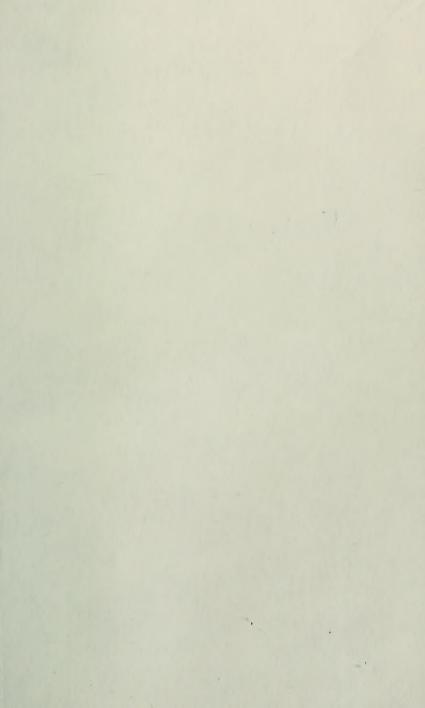
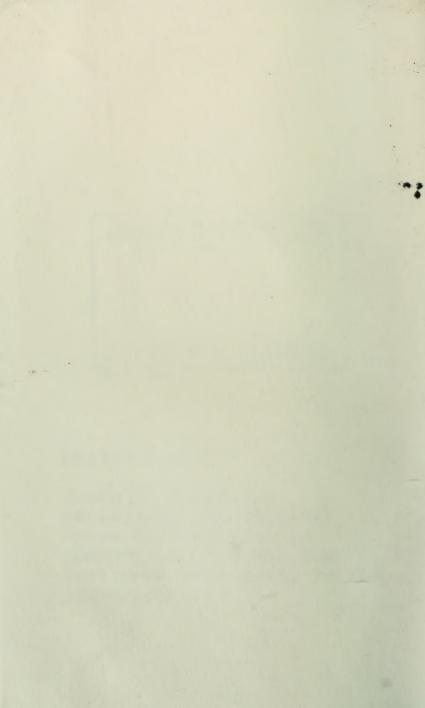


BS1965.5 1864

Emphatic diaglott:
containing the original
Greek text of what is
commonly styled the New
Testament (according to the
recension of J.J.



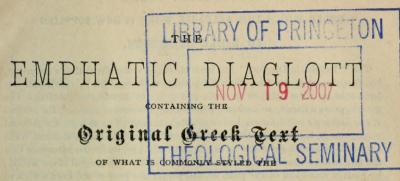












# NEW TESTAMENT

(According to the Recension of Dr. J. J. Griesbach)

WITH AN

## INTERLINEARY WORD FOR WORD ENGLISH TRANSLATION

### A NEW EMPHATIC VERSION

BASED ON THE INTERLINEARY TRANSLATION, ON THE RENDERINGS OF EMINENT CRITICS, AND ON THE VARIOUS READINGS OF

### THE VATICAN MANUSCRIPT

No. 1209 in the Vatican Library

TOGETHER WITH ILLUSTRATIVE AND EXPLANATORY FOOT NOTES, AND A COPIOUS SELECTION OF REFERENCES

TO THE WHOLE OF WHICH IS ADDED

A VALUABLE ALPHABETICAL APPENDIX

By BENJAMIN WILSON

NEW YORK
FOWLER & WELLS CO., PUBLISHERS

27 East 21st St. New York
LONDON: L. N. FOWLER & CO., 7, Imperial Arcade, Ludgate Circus
[NEW ADDRESS, SEE NEXT PAGE]

#### THE SPECIAL TERMS

# UNDER WHICH THIS VALUABLE WORK IS NOW SUPPLIED

TO BIBLE STUDENTS.

The "Emphatic Diaglott" has been published under the author's copyright, by Fowler and Wells Co., New York City, until now (A. D. 1902); and has been sold by them at \$4.00 in cloth and \$5.00 in half-leather binding. For several years a friend, an earnest Bible student, desirous of assisting the readers of our Society's publications, has supplied them through us at a greatly reduced price; now he has purchased the copyright and plates from the Fowler and Wells Co., and presented the same to our Society as a gift, under our assurance that the gift will be used for the furthering of the Truth to the extent of our ability, by such a reduction of the price as will permit the poor of the Lord's flock to have this help in the study of the Word.

REDUCED PRICES.—These will be sold with ZION'S WATCH TOWER only. In cloth binding \$1.50 (6s. 3d.)—includes postage and one year's subscription, new or renewal to Z. W. T. On thin paper, in full morocco leather, divinity circuit, red under gold edges, silk sewed, leather lined, \$2.50 (10s. 6d.)—includes postage and one year's subscription to Z. W. T.

ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO

WATCH TOWER BIBLE & TRACT SOCIETY,
BIBLE HOUSE, ARCH ST., ALLEGHENY, PA., U. S. A.
[BRITISH BRANCH: 131 GREEN ST., FOREST GATE, LONDON, E.]

#### A FRIENDLY CRITICISM.

This work we regard as a very valuable help to all Bible students, whether conversant with the Greek language or not. We esteem it (as a whole) the most valuable translation of the New Testament extant.

We call special attention to the "word for word" translation, found immediatly under the Greek text, in the left hand column. It will be found valuable, especially for a critical examination of any particular text. A little study will enable you to appreciate it.

Like all things made and done by imperfect mortals, we think this valuable work not without its faults. It would seem to us that the author must have held the view that Jesus had no prehuman existence, and that there is no personal devil; i.e., that when the word "devil" is used evil principle is meant; also that Jesus is still a man and flesh, in glory.

In commending this work to you as a whole so highly as we have done, we deem it but a duty to draw your attention to a very slight bias which we think pervades the work in the direction named.

As some pointed illustrations of what we have remarked, we suggest an examination and comparison between the right and left columns of the work, in the following scriptures, viz: John 1:10, Rev. 13:8; Jude 9; Heb. 10:20.

Editor of "Lion's Watch Tower."

### PREFACE.

To trouble the reader with any lengthy remarks on the important advantages to be derived from a new translation of the Sacred Writings is deemed altogether unnecessary. Much information on this point has been given by others who have published modern Versions of the New Testament, with the reasons which have induced them to do so. Those reasons will serve in a great measure also for this. It is generally admitted by all critics that the Authorized or Common version of the Scriptures absolutely needs revision. Obsolete words, uncouth phrases, bad grammar and punctuation, etc., all require alteration. But this is not all. There are errors of a more serious nature which need correction. translators of the Common version were circumscribed and trammeled by royal mandate; they were required to retain certain old ecclesiastical words which. accordingly, were left untranslated. Thus the minds of many who had no means of knowing the meaning of the original words have been misled and confused. Biblical criticism, however, during the last two hundred years, has done much to open up and elucidate the Word of God, by discovering many things which were unknown to the old translators, making great improvements in the text, detecting numerous interpolations and errors, and suggesting far better renderings of many passages. Many modern versions have availed themselves of this valuable assistance, and it is believed they have thereby been enabled to give the English reader a better understanding of what was originally written.

Without presuming to claim any superiority for this, as a translation of the New Testament, over any other modern version, it is thought that the present Work presents certain valuable features, not to be found elsewhere, and which will be of real practical utility to every one who wishes to read the books of the Evangelists and Apostles, as they were written under the guidance and inspiration of the Holy Spirit. These features are; -An approved Greek text, with the various Readings of the Vatican Manuscript, No. 1200; an Interlineary literal Word for Word English translation; a New Version, with the Signs of Emphasis: a copious selection of References; many appropriate, illustrative, and exegetical Foot-notes; and a valuable Alphabetical Appendix. This combination of important items cannot be found in any other book. The reader will find further remarks on this subject, on the page headed, "Plan of the Work;" and he is also invited to read the pages with the respective captions;-"To the Reader;" "History of the Greek Text;" and "History of English Versions." Also, on another page will be found the "Letters and Pronunciation of the Greek Alphabet," for the special benefit of those who may wish to obtain a rudimentary knowledge of that language.

The intelligent reader will at once perceive the utility and importance of this arrangement. Readers who are familiar with the original tongue obtain in this Work one of the best Greek Testaments, with important ancient Readings, well worthy of their attention; and, it is presumed, that there are even few Greek

scholars who are so far advanced but may derive some help from the translation given. Those who have only a little or no knowledge of the Greek may, by careful reading and a little attention to the Interlineary translation, soon become familiar with it. This work, in fact, places in the hands of the intelligent English reader the means of knowing and appropriating for his own benefit, with but little labor on his part, what has cost others years of study and severe toil to acquire.

Scrupulous fidelity has been maintained throughout this version in giving the true rendering of the original text into English; no regard whatever being paid to the prevailing doctrines or prejudices of sects, or the peculiar tenets of theologians. To the Divine authority of the original Scriptures alone has there been the most humble and unbiased submission.

In the preparation of this Work for the press, all available help to be derived from the labors of great and learned men has been obtained and appropriated. Lexicons, Grammars, ancient and modern Versions, Commentaries, critical and explanatory, Cyclopedias, Bible and other Dictionaries, etc., have been consulted and culled from. Also, the suggestions, opinions and criticism of friends, on words, phrases and passages, have been duly considered, and sometimes adopted. It is not presumed that this Work is free from faults or errors. Infallibility is left for others to claim. Great care, however, has been exercised to make it as correct as possible.

The Work is now sent forth to the public, to stand or fall on its own merits. True, it cannot boast of being the production of a council of learned men as King James' version; but let it be remembered that Tyndale alone, under very disadvantageous circumstances, did far more for the English Bible than that learned body, for they only followed in the wake of his labors.

This Volume, principally designed for the instruction and advantage of others, is now reverently committed to the blessing of our Father in the heavens, with an earnest and sincere desire that many of those who peruse its pages may be led by the knowledge, faith and obedience inculcated therein to obtain an inheritance in the aionian kingdom of Jesus the Anointed One.

B. WILSON.

# ENTERED ACCORDING TO ACT OF CONGRESS IN THE YEAR 1864, By BENJAMIN WILSON,

IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS.

### HISTORY OF THE GREEK TEXT.

MHE following condensed ac- were ther known. These various Readcount of the different editions ings, with some additions, were given in of the Greek New Testament, the Greek Testament, published by will introduce the reader to the Bishop Fell, at Oxford, in 1675, history of the Greek Text, and the various steps taken by learned men for the purpose of editing it with greater critical accuracy. The history will com-

The first printed edition of the whole of the Greek New Testament was that contained in the Complutensian Poly clot; published by Francis XIMENES de The principal editor of the CISNEROS. work was Lopez de Stunica. It was printed in Greek and Latin, and com-pleted January 10th, 1514. In conse-quence of the delay as to the publication of this edition (from 1514 to 1520) that of Erasmus was commenced and completed, and was published in 1516, being the first edition published of the Greek New Testament. Like the Com-Plutensian edition, this was also in Greek and Latin. The latter part of the book of Revelation being wanting in his MS. he supplied the same by translating the Latin Vulgate into Greek.

The Greek Manuscripts used for these two editions were few in number, of little critical value, and therefore do not possess much real authority. In 1535, Erasmus published his fifth edition, which is the basis of the common Text.\*

In 1546, and again in 1549, ROBERT STEPHENS printed, at Paris, two beautiful small editions of the Greek New Testament; and in 1550 his folio edition with various readings from several Manuscripts-he collated some 15 MSS., out chiefly followed the Complutensian

BEZA published five editions of the Greek Testament; the first in 1565, the last in 1598.

In 1624, the ELZEVIR, printers at Leyden, published a small and beautiful Greek Testament, the editor of which is wholly unknown. It differs little from Stephens' folio edition. The printers gave to this Text the name of "Textus Receptus."

In WALTON'S POLYGLOT of 1657, the Greek New Testament was given according to the Text of Stephens: and in the last volume there was a collection of various Readings from such MSS. as

appeared. His Text is simply taken from Stephens' as given in Walton's Polyglot; his collection of various Readmence with the first printed editions.

ings was extensive, and these were made the ground for a critical amendment of the Text.

In 1707, Dr. MILL's Greek Testament

Dr. EDWARD WELLS published the first critical revision in parts at Oxford, between 1709 and 1719, with a translation and paraphrase.

BENGEL followed on in the same work and published his edition in 1734, and in his "Apparatus Criticus" he enlarged

the stock of various Readings.

WETSTEIN published his Greek Testament in 1751-2, but only indicates in his inner margin, the few Readings which he preserved to those of the Elzevir edition. But in the collection of critical materials he did more than all his predecessors put together.

GRIESBACH, in critical labors, excels by far any who preceded him. He used the materials others had gathered. His first edition was commenced in 1775: his last completed in 1806. bined the results of the collations of Birch, Matthæi and others, with those of Wetstein. In his Revision he often preferred the testimony of the older MSS. to the mass of modern copies.

Since the publication of Griesbach's Text, three or four other critical editions have been published, and have received the examination and approval of scholars. Of these, the edition of Scholz, has passed through numerous editions. His fundamental principle of criticism was, that the great majority of copies decide as to the correctness of the Text; hence, those who prefer the more ancient documents, will consider the Text of Griesbach preferable; while those whose judgment would favor the mass of testimonies, would prefer that of Scholz.

In addition to Scholz's collation, Lachmann, Tischendorf, Tregelles, &c., have given to the world the result of their critical labors, and which are acknow ledged to be of the highest authority.

The number of MSS. now known, and which have been examined, is nearly 700; thus affording now a far better chance, to obtain a correct Greek Text, than when the authorized version was at first published.

<sup>·</sup> Erasmas, in his third edition of 1523, inserted, the text, 1 John v. 7, on the authority of a MS. now in Dublin. Tyndale used this edition to revise his English version.

### HISTORY OF ENGLISH VERSIONS.

HE first English version of the New Testament was that made by John Wiclif, or Wicliffe, about the year 1367. It was translated from the Latin Bible, verbatim, without any regard to the idiom of the languages. Though this version was first in point of time, no part of it was printed before the year 1731.

TYNDALE'S translation was published in 1526, either at Antwerp or Hamburg. It is commonly said that Tyndale translated from the Greek, but he never published it to be so on any title. page of his Testament. One edition, not published by him, has this title-"The Newe Testament, dylygently corrected and compared with the Greke, by Willyam Tyndale, and fynesshed in the vere of ours Lorde God, A. M. D. and xxxiiij. in the moneth of Nouember." It is evident he only translated from

the Vulgate Latin. COVERDALE published the whole Bible in English, in the year 1535. He "followed his interpreters," and adopted Tyndale's version, with the exception

of a few alterations.

MATTHEW'S BIBLE was only Tyndale and Coverdale's, published under the feigned name of Thomas Matthews.

HOLLYBUSHE'S NEW TESTAMENT was printed in 1538, "both in Latin and English, after the Vulgate text," to which Coverdale prefixed a dedication

to Henry VIII.

THE GREAT BIBLE, published in 1539, purported to be "translated after the veryte of the Hebrue and Greke textes," but it is certain that it was only a revision of Matthew's, with a few small alterations. It was named "the Great Bible," because of its large size.

CRANMER'S BIBLE, published in 1540, was essentially the same as the Great Bible, but took his name on account of a few corrections which he made in it.

THE GENEVA BIBLE was published at Geneva in 1560. The New Testament in 1557. Coverdale was one of the Geneva brethren who issued it.

THE BISHOPS' BIBLE was a revisal of the English Bible, made by the bishops, and compared with the originals. It was published in 1563.

THE DOWAY BIBLE appeared in 1609, and was translated from the authentical

Latin, or Vulgate.

KING JAMES' BIBLE, or the Authorized Mersion, was published in 1611. In the year 1604, forty-seven persons learned in the languages, were appointed to re-

vise the translation then in use. They were ordered to use the Bishops' Bible as the basis of the new version, and to alter it as little as the original would allow; but if the prior translations of Tyndale, Coverdale, Matthew, Cranmer or Whitchurch, and the Geneva editors agreed better with the text, to adopt the same. This translation was perhaps the best that could be made at the time, and if it had not been published by kingly authority, it would not now be venerated by English and American protestants, as though it had come direct from God. It has been convicted of containing over 20,000 errors. Nearly 700 Greek MSS. are now known, and some of them very ancient; whereas the translators of the common version had only the advantage of some 8 MSS., none of which were earlier than the tenth century.

were earlier than the tenth century.
Since 1611, many translations of both Old
and New Testaments, and portions of the
same, have been published. The following
are some of the most noted.
The Family Expositor: or a Paraphrase and
Version of the New Testament, with Critical
Notes. By Philip Doddridge. 1755.
The Four Gospels translated from the Greek.
By George Campbell. 1790.
A New Literal Translation, from the Origihal Greek, of the Apostolical Epistles. By

By George Campbell. 1799.

A New Literal Translation, from the Original Greek, of the Apostolical Epistles. By James Macknight. 1795.

A Translation of the New Testament. By Gilbert Wakefield. 1795.

A Translation of the New Testament, from the original Greek. Humbly attempted by Nathaniel Scarlett, assisted by men of paety and literature. 1798.

The New Testament in an Improved Version, upon the basis of Archbishop Newcome's New Translation, with a corrected Text. 1808.

The New Testament, in Greek and English, the Greek according to Griesbach; the English upon the basis of the fourth London edition of the Improved Version, with an attempt to further improvement from the translations of Campbell, Wakefield, Scarlett, Macknight, and Thomson. By Abner Kneeland. 1822.

A New Family Bible, and improved Version, from corrected Texts of the Originals, with Notes Critical, &c. By B. Boothroyd. 1828.

The Sacred Writings of the Apostles and Evangelists, translated from the Original, by Campbell, Macknight, and Doddridge, with various Emendations by A. Campbell. 1833.

A New and Corrected Version of the New Testament. By R. Dickinson. 1833.

The Book of the New Covenant, a Critical Revision of the Text and Translation of Common Version, with the aid of most ancient MSS. By Granville Penn. 1836.

Revision of the Text and Translation of Common Version, with the aid of most ancient MSS. By Granville Penn. 1836.

The Holy Bible, with 20,000 emendations. By J. T. Conquest. 1841.

The Good Nevs of our Load Jesus, the Anointed; from the Critical Greek of Tittman. By N. N. Whiting. 1849.

A Translation of the New Testament, from the Syriac. By James Murdock. 1852.

Translation of Paul's Epistles. By Joseph Turrbull. 1854.

Turnbull.

The New Testament, translated from Griesbach's Text. By Samuel Sharpe. 1856.

## TO THE READER.

THAT "All Scripture, divinely inspired, is profitable for Teaching, for Conviction, for Correction, for THAT Instruction which is in Righteousness," is the truthful testimony of the Sacred Writings about themselves. We rejoice to express our conviction that the Word of God was perfect and infallible as it emanated from those holy men of old, the Prophets and Apostles, who "spoke, being moved by the Holy Spirit." As a revelation of Jehovah's will to the human race, it was requisite that it should be an unerring guide. Amid the ever conflicting strife of human opinions, and the endless diversity of thought, we needed such a standard, to lead us safely through the perplexing problems of life, to counsel us under all circumstances, to reveal the will of our Heavenly Parent, and to lift on high a celestial light, which streaming through the thick darkness that broods around, shall guide the feet of his erring and bewildered children to their loving Father's home. We needed therefore a testimony upon which to repose our faith and hope, free from all error, immutable, and harmomous in all its details—something to tell us how to escape from the evils of the present, and attain to a glorious future. With reverence and joy we acknowledge the Sacred Writings to be such, as they were originally dictated by the Holy Spirit. How important then that they should be correctly read and understood!

But can it be fairly said that such is the case with our present English Version? We opine not. Though freely acknowledging that it is sufficiently plain to teach men the social and religious duties of life, and the path to Immortality, yet it is a notable fact that King James' Translation is far from being a faithful reflection of the mind of the Spirit, as contained in the Original Greek in which the books of the New Testament were written. There are some thousands of words which are either mistranslated, or too obscurely rendered; besides others which are now obsolete, through improvement in the language. Besides this, it has been too highly colored in many places with the party ideas and opinions of those who made it, to be worthy of full and implicit confidence being placed in it as a genuine record. In the words of Dr. Macknight, "it was "made a little too complaisant to the "King, in favoring his notions of predes-"tination, election, witcheraft, familiar "spirits, and kingly rights, and these it ic t cannot adulterate the Original.

"is probable were also the translators "opinions. That their translation is par-"tial, speaking the language of, and giv-"ing authority to one sect." And according to Dr. Gell, it was wrested and partial, "and only adapted to one sect;" but he imputes this, not to the translators, but to those who employed them, for even some of the translators complained that they could not follow their own judgment in the matter, but were re-

strained by "reasons of state."

The Version in common use will appear more imperfect still, when the fact is known, more imperfect still, when the fact is known, that it was not a translation from the Original, but merely a revision of the Versions then in use. This is evident from the following directions given by King James to the translators, viz.: "The Bishops' Bible to be "followed, and altered as little as the Original will permit. And these translations to be used when they agree better with the "text than the Bishops' Bible—namely, Tyndal's, Matthew's, Coverdale's, Whitchurch's, "Geneva." None of these were made from the Original Greek, but only compared with the being all translated from the Vulgate Latin. Hence is follows, that the authorized version is simply a revision of the Vulgate And the Greek Text, with which it was compared, was compiled from Eight MSS, only, all of which were written since the tenth century, and are now considered of comparapared, was compiled from Eight MSS, only, all of which were written since the tenth century, and are now considered of comparatively slight authority. The "Textus Receptus," or Received Greek Text, was made from these MSS, and is now proved to be the very worst Greek Text extant, in a printed form. And there was only one MS. for the Book of Revelation, and part of that wanting, which was supplied by translating the Latin of the Vulgate into Greek! Since the publication of the "Textus Receptus," and the Common Version, some 660 MSS. have been discovered, some of which are very ancient, and very valuable. The best and old set of these is one marked B., Cod. Vaticanus, No. 1209, of the fourth and fifth centuries. The second marked A., Cod. Alexandrinus, of the fifth century, The third marked C., Cod. Ephrem., about the fifth century, and the fourth, marked D., Cod. Cantabupensis, of the seventh century, Besides valuable assistance from ancient MSS, the Diagnorth has obtained material aid from the labors of many eminent Biblical Critics and Translators. Among these may be mentioned,—Mill, Wetstein, Griesbach, scholz, Lachmann, Tischendorf, Tittman, Tregelles, Doddridge, Mackinght, Campbell, Horne, Middleton, Clark, Wakefield, Bloomfield, Thompson, Mundock, Kneeland Boothroyd, Conquest, Sharpe, Gaussen, Turnbull, Trench, &c., &c.
Should any person doubt the propriety of

Trench, &c., &c.

Should any person doubt the propriety of the Translation, in any particular part, let him not hastily censure or condemn till he has compared it carefully with the various authorities on which it is based; and even should he see reason to differ in some respects, a correct Greek Test is given, so that the Original may be always appealed to in cases of doubt. However imperfect the Translation may be considered by the Critical Control of the Critical Control

# PLAN OF THE WORK.

1. Greek Text and Interlineary and Phrases intimately connected with Translation .- The left hand column contains the GREEK TEXT according to Dr. J. J. Griesbach, and interlined with it a LITERAL WORD-FOR-WORD TRANSLA-TION, wherein the corresponding English

is placed directly under each Greek word.

The Sectional Divisions are those of the Vatican and Alexandrian MSS. Greek Words enclosed in brackets [thus,] though authorized by Griesbach, are omitted by the Vat. MS.

The advantages to be derived from such an authorized by the Vat. MS.

arrangement must be apparent to the Bible Student. The learned have a Greek Text ac-knowledged to be one of the best extant, while the unlearned have almost an equal chance with those acquainted with the Original, by having the meaning and grammatical construction given to each word. This part of the work will be a desideratum by many, but more adapted for criticism than reading. Although by adhering to the arrangement of the Original, the Translation may appear un-couth, yet the strength and beauty of many passages are thereby preserved.

The frequent recurrence of the Greek arti-

cle of emphasis, and an occasional ellipsis, often interfere with the sense and elegance of a sentence, but this cannot well be avoided in a word-for-word Translation. The advanon a sentence, but this cannot well a word-for-word Translation. The advan-tuges, however, accruing to the diligent inves-tigator of the Divine Word by persuing this plan are many, and will be duly appreciated.

2. New Version .- The column on the right hand side of the page is a NEW VERSION for general reading. This rendering is based upon that in the left hand Column, and the labors of many talented Critics and Translators of the Scriptures. The Readings of the oldest Manuscripts now known are sometimes incorporated, and always referred to. In this Column the EMPHATIC SIGNS are introduced, by which the Greek Words of Emphasis are designated. For the use and beauty of this arrangement, the reader is requested to examine the annexed remarks on Signs of Emphasis.

The Chapters and Verses of the Common Version have been retained, principally for convenience of reference. The reader however, by following the paragraphs in the opposite column, need not be governed by these arbi-trary divisions. Chapters and Verses were not introduced till the middle of the 16th cen-

tury.

3. Foot Notes and References. -The various Readings of the Vatican MS., Notes for the elucidation of the text, and References, are introduced at the bottom of the page. The Notes are critical, illustrative, explanatory, and suggestive. Old Testament quotations are always referred to, and copious parallel passages in

4. Appendix.—It is intended to add an Appendix to the Work, containing all the Geographical and Proper found in the New Testament, with Words

doctrinal subjects, alphabetically arranged. These will be critically examined, and the light of Biblical science thrown upon such as have given rise to sectarian disputes. and the cavils of infidels.

#### SIGNS OF EMPHASIS.

The Greek article often finds its equivalent in the English definite article the, but in the of emphasis. It frequently precedes a substantive, an adjective, a verb, an adverb, a participle or a particle, thus pointing out the emphasic words. The Greek article and Emphasic words. emphatic words. The Greek article and Emphatic Pronouns exercise a most important influence on the meaning of words, and sometimes throw light on doctrines of the highest interest. The sacred penmen of the New Testament were, in the opinion of many eminent persons, guided by Divine inspiration in the choice of their words; and in the use of the Greek article there was clearly a remarkable discretion displayed. In fact, the Signs of Emphasis are incorporated with the words in such a manner, that the latter cannot be stated without conveying at the same time to the intelligent mind an idea of the very intonation with which the sentence was spoken when it was written down. This peculiarity of the Greek language cannot be properly expressed in English except by the use of typographical signs: such as, Initial Capital letters, italics, SMALL CAPITALS, and CAPITALS, The Common Version of the New Testa-

ment fails to give the reader a full conception of the meaning designed to be conveyed by

the Greek original, in regard— lst. To those Words which are connected with the Greek Article; 2d. To those Pronouns Substantive which

are intended to carry in themselves a peculiar

emphasis; and, 3d. To those Adjectives and Pronouns which obtain a comparative importance, by reason of the position which they occupy in the Greek Text, with reference to some other words.

To remedy these deficiencies, the following System of Noattion is employed in the Eng-

lish column of the Diaglor:

1. Those Words rendered positively emphatic by the presence of the Greek article. are printed in Small Capitals: as, "The LIFE was the LIGHT of MEN."

2. Those Proports Substantive which, in

2. Those Pronouns Substantive which, in the Greek, are intended to be positively emphatic are printed in Black Letter: as, "Be must increase, but I must decrease."

3. Those Adjectives and Pronouns which in the Greek are comparatively emphatic, as indicated by their position, are printed with an Initial Capital Letter: as, "One Body, and One Spirit, even as ye are called in One Hope of your CALLING."

4. All Greek Substantives, as being of more importance than other words, are also commenced with a Capital Letter.

By adopting these Signs of Emphasis, it is believed certainty and intensity are given to passages where they occur, as well as virequip

petiteved certainty and intensity are given to passages where they occur, as well as wractly and earnestness to the discourses in which they are found; thus rendering the reader, a hearer, as it were, of the life-words of the "who spoke as never man spoke," or which were enunciated by His inspired apostles.

### LETTERS AND PRONUNCIATION OF THE GREEK ALPHABET.

FIGURE.	NAME.	SOUND, OR POWER.
Αα	Alpha	a
Вβ	Beta	b
Γγ	Gamma	g hard, as in begin
Δδ	Delta	d
E .	Epsilon	e short, as in met
2 5	Zeta	Z
Ηη	Eta	e long, as in keen
Θθ	Theta	th
1.	Iota	i
Kκ	Kappa	k
Λλ	Lambda	1
Μμ	Mu	m
Nν	Nu	n
五美	Xi	X
0 0	Omicron	o short, as ia lot
Ππ	Pi	p
Ρρ	Rho	r
$\Sigma$ $\sigma$ , final s	Sigma	S
Ττ	Tau	t
Yı	Upsilon	u
Φφ	Phi	ph
Χ χ	Chi	ch hard, as in shord
ΨΨ	Psi	ps
Ωω	Omega	o long, as in throne.

#### REMARKS.

\*ACCENTS are said to sometimes assist the reader to discriminate between words which are alike in form, but different in meaning; but as they are by no means necessary, other for the pronouncing or understanding of the Greek language, and as the earliest of all the manuscripts of the Greek Testament is without accents, it has been thought best to omit them in the Diagnory, leaving the sense, in doubtful cases, to be determined by the context. If accents favor a particular sense, it may be an erroneous one, and then they are injurious; and if they do not favor any particular sense, then they are unnecessary.

Pronunciation.—Considerable discrepancy of opinion prevails among the learned concerning the proper sound of some of these letters, and as it is impossible at this distance of time to ascertain the mode of pronunciation among the ancient Greeks, the simplest plan is to consider each Greek letter as corresponding in sound to its correlative letter in our own alphabet, as shown in the Table.

The Letters are divided into seven vowels and seventeen consonants.

The Vowels are  $\epsilon$ , o, short;  $\eta$ ,  $\omega$ , long; and a,  $\iota$ , v, doubtful. Directions are formed of two vowels joined together, and are twelve in number; six proper,  $a\iota$ , av,  $\epsilon\iota$ ,  $\epsilon v$ ,  $o\iota$ , ov and six improper, a,  $\eta$ ,  $\varphi$ ,  $\eta v$ ,  $\omega v$ ,  $v\iota$ . The little stroke under a,  $\eta$ ,  $\varphi$ , standing for Iota, called Iota subscript, is not sounded, but merely serves to show the derivation.

The Labials,  $(\pi, \beta, \phi)$  the Palatals,  $(\kappa, \gamma, \chi)$  and the Dentals,  $(\tau, \delta, \theta)$  are named according to the organs of articulation employed in pronouncing them. To each of these classes belongs a double letter, so called because combining the sound of s with that of another consonant; thus, the Labials,  $\pi s$ ,  $\beta s$ ,  $\phi s$ , are equal to  $\psi$ , the Palatals,  $\kappa s$ ,  $\gamma s$ ,  $\chi s$ , to  $\xi$  and the Dentals,  $\tau s$ ,  $\delta s$ , to  $\zeta$ .

The letter  $\nu$  can stand only before Dentals; before Labials it becomes  $\mu$  before the liquids,  $(\lambda, \mu, \nu, \rho)$  assimilation takes place, so that before  $\lambda$  it becomes  $\lambda$ , before  $\rho$  it becomes  $\rho$ . &c. Before Palatals  $\nu$  is converted into  $\gamma$  but observe, that whenever  $\gamma$  is found before another  $\gamma$ , or either of the other Palatals, it is always pronounced like n; thus  $a\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda$ os (angel) is pronounced angelos, not aggelos.

1\*

Every word having a vowel or diphthong for the first letter is, in most printed books, marked at the beginning either with an aspirate, or rough breathing, ('), as  $\dot{\eta}\lambda los$ , (sun,) pronounced as if written helios; or with a smooth one, ('), as  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi l$ , (upon.) simply read epi. The former one of these breathings is only of necessary use, and may be considered as having the force of the English letter h. The aspirate is placed over  $\rho$  and  $\nu$  when they stand at the beginning of a word; thus  $\dot{\rho}o\delta \nu$ , (u rose,) pronounced rhodon. In diphthongs the breathing is placed over the second vowel; thus  $\nu los$ , (a son,) pronounced why-os. When  $\rho$  is doubled, the last one takes the aspirate, as  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\rho}\dot{\rho}\omega\sigma o$ , pronounced errhoso.

Words in Greek art of eight kinds, called Parts of Speech; viz., Article, Noun, Pronoun, Verb, Participle, Adverb, Preposition,

and Conjunction.

The Article, Noun, Pronoun, and Participle, are declined with

Gender, Number, and Case.

There are three Genders; the Masculine. Feminine and Neuter. There are two Numbers; the Singular, which speaks of one, as Aoyos, a word; and the Plural. which speaks of more than one, as Aoyos, words.

To these the Greeks added a third number, called the  $\mathit{Dual}$ , which only spars of  $\mathit{two}$ , but this number was not much used, and is not found either in the Septuagint, or New Testament.

There are five Cases; the Nominative, Genitive, Dative, Accusative, and Vocative.

The Article  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\tau o$ , generally answers to the definite article the in English. When no article is expressed in Greek, the English indefinite article a is signified. Thus  $a\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi os$  means a man, or man in general; and  $\delta$   $a\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi os$ , the man. It is thus declined:

SINGULAR.				PLURAL.					
_	Masc.	Fem.	Neut.			Masc.	Fem.	Neur.	
lom.	ó,	ή,	το,	the.	Nom.	οί,	αί,	$\tau \alpha$ ,	the.
Gen.	του,	της,	του,	of the.	Gen.	$\tau\omega\nu$ ,	των,	των,	of the.
Dat.				to the.					
Acc.	τον,	την,	το,	the.	Acc.	Tous,	τas,	τα,	the.

The Article has no vocative;  $\omega$ , which sometimes precedes a noun in the vocative, is an Interjection.

The Article takes the consonant  $\tau$  in every Case, except in the nom. sin. masc. and fem.  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , and in the nom. pl. masc. and fem.  $\delta$ ,  $\alpha$ , where the  $\tau$  is superseded by the aspirate (').

The gen. pl. in all genders and in every declension, engs in  $\omega \nu$ . The Personal or Primitive Pronouns are three;  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$ , I, plural  $\hbar \mu \epsilon \iota s$ , we, of the first person;  $\sigma \nu$ , thou, plural  $\delta \mu \epsilon \iota s$ , you, of the second; Gen.  $o\delta$ , he or she, plural  $\sigma \phi \epsilon \iota s$ , they, of the third.

The Relative Pronouns are os, h, o, who, which, and auros, aurn,

avro, he, she, it, &c., &c., &c.

To those wholly unacquainted with Greek, the foregoing remarks will give some, though perhaps but little satisfaction. If a further knowledge is desired, the reader had better procure a Grammar. A very good book to commence with has been published by Bagster & Sons, London, entitled, "A Practical dinde to the first Study of the Greek Testament," designed for those who have no knowledge of the Greek language.

### ACCORDING TO MATTHEW.

### КЕФ. а. 1.

1 Βιβλος γεννεσεως Ιησου Χριστου, σίου Α record of descent of Jesus Christ, son of 2 Αβρααμ εγεννησε τον Δαυιδ, υίου Αβρααμ. David, sun of Abream. Abraam begot the Ισαακ· Ισαακ δε εγεννησε τον Ιακωβ· Ιακωβ Isaac; Isaac and begot the Jacob; Jacob δε εγεννησε τον Ιουδαν και τους αδελφους and begot the Judas and the brothers αυτου. 3 Ιουδας δε εγεννησε τον Φαρες και τον of him. Judas and begot the Phares and the Ζαρα εκ της Θαμαρ. Φαρες δε εγεννησε τον Zara by the Thamar. Phares and begot the Εσρωμ: Εσρωμ δε εγεννησε τον Αραμ: <sup>4</sup> Αραμ Esrom; Esrom and begot the Aram; Aram δε εγεννησε τον Αμιναδαβ. Αμιναδαβ δε and begot the Aminadab; Aminadab and ενεννήσε τον Ναασσων Ναασσων δε εγεννήσε begot the Nansson; Naasson and begot τον Σαλμων  $^5$  Σαλμων δε εγεννησε τον Boo( the Salmon: Sidnon and begot the Booz  $\epsilon \kappa$  της  $\epsilon \kappa$  τον  $\epsilon \kappa$  τον  $\epsilon \kappa$  the Ruchab. Booz and begot the Obed by της 'Ρουθ. Ωβηδ δε εγεννησε τον Ιεσσαι' Obed and begot the Jesse; the Ruth.

6 Ιεσσαι δε εγεννησε τον Δαυιδ τον βασιλεα. Jesse and begot the David the

Jesse and begot the David the  $\lambda \omega_{o}$ .  $\Delta \alpha \nu i \delta \delta \epsilon \stackrel{\#}{=} (\delta \beta \alpha \sigma i \lambda \epsilon \nu s) = \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \nu \gamma \delta \lambda \rho \mu \omega \nu \alpha$ David and [the king] begot the Solomon  $\epsilon \kappa \tau \eta s \tau \sigma \nu \delta \nu \rho \nu \nu \delta \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \eta \sigma \epsilon$ by the of the Urias. Solomon and begot τον 'Ροβοαμ' 'Ρυβοαμ δε εγευνησε τον Αβια' the Robonn; Robonn and begot the Abia; Aβ.α δε εγεννησε τον Ασα· 8 Ασα δε εγεννησε Aba and begot the Asa; Asa and begot Αβια δε εγεννησε τον Ασα. τον Ιωσαφατ · Ιωσαφατ δε εγεννησε τον Ιωραμ· the Josaphat; Josaphat and begut the Josam; Ιωραμ δε εγεννησε τον Ο(.αν. 9 Ο(ιας δε εγεν-Joran and begot the Ozias; Ozias and begot νησε τον Ιωαθαμ. Ιωαθαμ δε εγεννησε τον Αγα(. the Jotham; Jotham and begot the Acnaz; Aχας δε εγεννησε τον Ε(εκιαν. 10 Ε(εκιας δε Achaz and begot the Ezekias; Εσεκία Ezekias and εγεννησε τον Μανασση. Μανασσης δε εγεννησε begot the Manasses; Manasses and τον Αμων Αμων δε εγεννησε τον Ιωσιαν 11 Ιωσιας the Amon; Amon and begot the Josias; δε εγεννησε τον Ιεχονιαν και τους αδελφους and begot the Jechonias and the brothers

#### CHAPTER 1.

- 1 A Register of the I Lineage of Jesus Christ, Son of David, Son of Abraham.
- 2 From † Abraham proceeded Isaac; from !lsaac, JACOB; from t Jacob. JUDAH and his BRO-THERS :
- 3 from Judah, PHAREZ and ZARAH, by TAMAR; from Pharez, HEZRON. from Hezron, RAM;
- 4 from Ram, AMMINA-DAB; from Amminadab. NAHSHON; from Nahshon, SALMON:
- 5 from Salmon, Boaz, by RAHAB; from Boaz, OBED, by RUTH; from Obed, JESSE:
- 6 and from #Jesse, DAVID the KING. David had ‡ Solomon by the [WIDOW] of URIAH;
- 7 Solomon had † RE-HOBOAM; Rehoboam had ABIJAH; Abijah had ASA:
- 8 Asa had JEHOSHA-PHAT; Jehoshaphat had † JEHORAM; Jehoram had Uzziah;
- 9 Uzziah had JOTHAM: Jotham had AHAZ; Ahaz had HEZEKIAH;
- 10 Hezekiah had MA-NASSEH; Manesseh had AMON: Amon had Jo-SIAH :
- 11 and † Josiah had JECHONIAH and his BRO-THERS, near the time of the CARRYING-AWAY to Babylon.

αυτου, επι της μετοικέσε. Βαβυλωνος.

removal

of him, near the

Baoyloman.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-Title-According to Matthew.

<sup>.</sup> the KING-omit.

<sup>† 9.</sup> By reference to 2 Chron. xxii., and following chapters, it will be seen that the names of Ahazah, Joash, and Anazah, the immediate descendants of Jehoram, are omitted in the text. † 11. Some MSS. read, "Josiah baged Jehorakian, and Jehorakian begot Jechoniah," probably inserted to make up fourteen gener, tons, as men much in verse 17. Doddridge, Hacknight, Clarke, and some others, adopt this reading. It is not found in the oldest MSS.

<sup>1.</sup> Luke iii. 23. † 2. Gen. xxi. 2; xxv. 26; xxix. 35. ann. xii. 24. † 7. 1 Caron. iii. 10. 3 Sam. xii. 24. 1 6. 1 Sam. xvi. 1: xvii. 12.

12 Μεταδε την μετοικεσιαν Βαβυλωνος, Ιεχονιας Jechonias After and the removal Babylonian, εγεννησε τον Σαλαθιηλ. Σαλαθιηλ δε εγεννησε begot the Salathiel. Salathiel and begot τον Ζοροβαβελ· 13 Ζοροβαβελ δε εγεννησε τον the Zorobabel; Zorobabel and begot Αβιουδ. Αβιουδ δε εγεννησε τον Ελιακειμ. Ελια-Abind; Abind and begot the Eliakim; Eliaκειμ δε εγεννησε του Αζωρ. 14 Αζωρ δε εγεννησε kim and begot the Azor; Azor and begot τον Ζαδωκ. Σαδωκ δε εγεννησε τον Αχειμ. Αχειμ the Sadok; Sadok and begot the Achim; Achim δε εγεννησε τον Ελιουδ· 15 Ελιουδ δε εγεννησε and begot the Eliud; Eliud and begot τον Ελεαζαρ. Ελεαζαρ δε εγεννησε τον Ματθαν. Eleazar and begot the Matthan, Eleazar, Mατθαν δε εγεννησε τον Iακωβ.  $^{16}I$ ακωβ δε Matthan and begot the Jacob; Jacob and εγεννησε τον Ιωσηφ, τον ανδρα Μαριας, εκ ής begot the Joseph, the husband of Mary, of whom εγεννηθη Ιησους, ὁ λεγομενος Χριστος. was born Jesus, that being named Christ.

17 Πασαι ουν αί γεννεαι απο Αβρααμ έως Δαυιδ, All then the generations from Abraam till David, γενεαι δεκατεσσαρες και απο Δαυίδ έως της generations fourteen; and from David till the μετοικεσιας Βαβυλωνος, γενεαι δεκατεσσαρες. Babylonian, generations fourteen:

και απο της μετοικεσιας Βαβυλωνος έως του and from the removal Babylonian Χριστου, γενεαι δεκατεπσαρες.

Christ, generations fourteen.

Μυηστευθεισης γαρ της μητρος αυτου Μαριας τω Being espoused for the mother of him Mary to the Ιωσηφ, πριν η συνελθειν αυτους, εύρεθη εν Joseph, before either came together them, she was found in  $m{\gamma}$ αστρι εχουσα εκ  $m{\pi}$ νευματος άγιου.  $^{19}$ Ιωσηφ  $\delta$ ε holy. Joseph and having by a spirit δ ανηρ αυτης, δικαιος ων και μη θελων αυτην the husband of her, a just man being and not willing παραδειγματισαι, εβουληθη λαθρα απολυσαι to publicly expose, was inclined secretly to release 20 Ταυτα δε αυτου ενθυμηθεντος, ιδου, her. Those but of him thinking on, lo, αγγελος κυριου κατ' ουαρ εφανη αυτφ, λεγων a messenger of a lord in a dream appeared to him, saying; Ιωσηφ, υίος Δαυιδ, μη φοβηθης παραλαβειν Μα-Joseph, son of David, not thoushouldst fear to take οιαμ την γυναικα σου το γαρ εν αυτη γεννηθεν, ry the wife of thee; that for in her being formed, εκ πνευματος εστιν άγιου <sup>21</sup>τεξεται δε υίον, και hy a spirit is holy; she shall bear and a son, and καλεσεις το ονομα αυτου Ιησουν· αυτος γαρ σωσει thou shalt call the name of him Jesus; he for shall save

12 And after the CAR-EYING-AWAY to Babylon, from Jeconiah descended SALATHIEL; from Salathiel, ZERUBBABEL;

13 from Zerubbabel, A-BIUD from Abiud, ELIA-KIM; from Eliakım, Azor;

14 from Azor, Zadoc; from Zadoc, Achim; from Achim, Eliud; 15 from Eliud, Elea-

ZAR; from Eleazar, MAT-THAN: from Matthan. JACOB:

16 and from Jacob. JOSEPH, the HUSBAND of Mary, of whom v. as born THAT Jesus, who is NA-

MED Christ.

17 † [All the GENERA-TIONS, then, from Abraham to David, are fourteen Generations: from David till the CARRYING-AWAY to Babylon, fourteen Generations; from the CARRYING-AWAY to Babylon till the MESSIAH, fourteen Generations.

18 Now the INATIVITY of the \*CHRIST Jesus was thus: Mary his MOTHER had been pledged to Jo-SEPH; but before they united, she was discovered to be pregnant by the holy Spirit.

19 Then Joseph, her affianced HUSBAND, being a just man, and unwilling to expose her, purposed to

‡ divorce her privately. 20 But while he was reflecting on these things, behold! an Angel of the Lord appeared to him in a Dream, saying, "Joseph, Son of David, fear not to take Mary, thy affianced WIFE; for THAT BEING FORMED in her is by the holy Spirit:

21 she will bear a Son. and thou shalt ‡ call his NAME † Jesus; for he will

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-18. the CHRIST Jesus.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Penn omits this verse; Newcome, Pearce, and others regard it as a marginal gloss. † 18. Fifth year before the common Anno Domini. † 21. Jesus—Heb. Yahva-Shwa, i.c., I oh. shua, or Joshua. Yah, or Jah, I shall be; and Shua, Powerful—hence the name signifies, I shall be the Powerful. "Thou shalt call his name Jesus." for this reason, "Because !!! will save his people from their sins." See Acts vii. 45, Heb. iv. 8, and Appendix, word Jesus.

t 21. Luke i. 31; ii. 21. 1 18. Luke i. 27. 1 19. Deut. xxiv.1.

Top haof autor apotwo happing after  $^{22}(\text{Touto})$  the people of him from the sins of them; This  $\delta \epsilon \delta \lambda o f \gamma \epsilon \gamma o f \epsilon v$ , if a  $\pi \lambda \eta \rho \omega \theta \eta$  to  $\delta \eta \delta \epsilon v$  ind all was done, so that night the fulfilled the word spoken by top kuriou  $\delta \iota a$  to u prophet, anying; "Lo,  $\eta$  paraberos  $\epsilon f$  yas the prophet, anying; "Lo,  $\eta$  paraberos  $\epsilon f$  yas the except kall have, and shall be a room, and kall to order to ovora autou  $\epsilon f$  parabolished the name of him Emmanuel," which is  $\epsilon f \epsilon f \epsilon f \epsilon v$  which is  $\epsilon f \epsilon f \epsilon f \epsilon v$  which is  $\epsilon f \epsilon f \epsilon f \epsilon v$  which is being translated, with us  $\epsilon f \epsilon f \epsilon f \epsilon v$ .

24 Διεγερθεις δε ὁ Ιωνηφ απο του ύπνου, εποιησεν Βείπς πεωεεθ από the Joseph from the sleep, he did δι προιτεταξεν αυτφ ὁ αγγελος κυριου και παρεπα εσmanaded to him the messenger of a lord; and took λαβε την γυναικα αύτου, με και ουκ εγινωσκεν the wife of him, but not he knew αυτην έως οῦ ετεκε \* [τον] υίον \* [αύτης τον her till she brought forth [the] son (of her the πρωτοτοκον] και εκαλεσε το ονομα αυτου Ιησουν. Gret-born; ] and called the name of him Jesus.

### КЕΦ. β'. 2.

Tov δε Ιησου γεννηθεντος εν Βηθλεεμ της
The and Jesus being born in Bethleem of the Ιουδαιας, εν ήμεραις Ήρωδου του βαπιλεως, ιδου, in days of Herod the Ames μαγοι απο ανατολων παρεγενοντο εις Ίερου ...wise-men from an east country came into Jerusale, μα, λεγοντες: 2Που εστιν ό τεχθεις βασιλευς των Where is the new-born king of the saving; Ιουδαιων; ειδομεν γαρ αυτον τον αστερα εν τη Jews ? we saw for of him the star in the ανατολη, και ηλθομεν προσκυνησαι αυτω. <sup>3</sup>Ακουto do homage to him. Having and are come σας δε Ήρωδης ό βασιλευς εταραχθη, και πασα theard and Herod the king was daraged, and all \*Ieροσολυμα μετ' αυτου και συναγαγων παντας Jerusalem with him, and having called together all τοις αρχιερεις και γραμματεις του λαου, επυνthe chief-priests and scribes of the people, he inθανετο παρ' αυτων, που δ Χριστος γενναται. 50ί them, where the Anointed should be born. They quired of δε ειπον αυτώ. Εν Βηθλεεμ της Ιουδαιας. ούτω and said to him; In Bethleem of the Judeas γαρ γεγραπται δια του προφητου. 6 " Και συ Βηθ-"And thou Bethfor it is written by the prophet λεεμ, γη Ιουδα, ουδαμως ελαχιστη ει ει τοις leem, land of onda, by no means least art among the ήγεμοσιν Ιουδα εκ σου γαρ εξελευσεται ήγουμεprinces of Juda; out of thee for shall come forth a prince, vos, όστις ποιμανει τον λαον μου, τον Ισραηλ.
who shall govers the people of me, the Israel." 7Τοτε 'Ηρωδης λαθρα καλεσας τους μαγους,

Then

Herod

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-23. a God. 25. a Son. 25. of her the first-born.-om.; so Lachmann and Tischendorf. 3. the KING Herod.

privately having called the wise-men,

† 23. Heb. Imma, with; nv, us; and el, God—the future name of Jesus; showing that he will be "a God with us." It is not emphatically "God" who will be with his people under the name of Immanuel; but "God." in the same sense in which it is gaid. The word was God."—John i. 1. (See Dr. Middleton on the Greek Article.) 1. A Sect of Philosophers. † 21. Isa. lix. 20; Rom. xi. 26, 27. † 23. Isa. vii. 14. † 25. Luke ii 7. † 6. Micah v. 2.

‡ save his PEOPLE from their SINS."

22 (All this occurred, that the word spoken by the Lord through the propiet, might be veri-

fied, saying:

23 ‡ Behold! the VIR-

"GIN shall conceive, and bear a Son, and his "NAME shall be called "+ Imma-nu-el;" which signifies, God with us.)

24 And Joseph, being raised from sleep did as the Angel of the Lord had commanded him, and took his wife;

25 but he knew her not, till ‡she brought forth a Son, and called his NAME

Jesus.

#### CHAPTER II.

1 And JESUS being born in Bethlehem of JUDÆA, in the Days of Herod, the KING, behold, † Magians from the East, came into Jerusalem; saying:

2 "Where is the NEW-BORN KING of the JEWS? for we saw his STAR at its RISING, and are come to do him homage."

3 Now \*Herod, the KING, having heard, was alarmed, and All Jeru-

salem with him.

4 And having assembled All the CHIEF-PRIESTS and Scribes of the PEOPLE, he inquired of them where the MESSIAH should be born.

5 And THEY answered,
"In Bethlehem, of JUDÆA;" for thus it is
written by the PROPHET:
6; "And thou Bethlehem,
"Land of JUDAH, art by
"no means least as to the
"PRINCES of Judah; for our
"of thee shall come forth
"a Prince, who shall rule
"my PEOPLE ISRAEL."

7 Then Herod, having secretly called the MAGIANS,

ηκριβωσε παρ' αυτων τον χρονον του φαινομενου learned exactly from them the time of the appearing 8 και πεμψας αυτους εις Βηθλεεμ, αστερος, them into Bethleem. a star, and sending ειπι Πορευθεντες, ακριβως εξετασατε περι του he said; Passing on your way, exactly inquire about the παιδιου· επαν δε εύρητε, απαγγειλατε μοι, όπως infant; as soon as and you have found, bring word to me, that κάγω ελθων προσκυνησω αυτω. Οιδε ακουσαντες I also going pay homage to him. They and having heard του βασιλεως επορευθησαν. Και ιδου, ὁ αστης, And lo, the king departed. star, ofthe είδον εν τη ανατολη, προηγεν αυτους, έως óν which they saw in the rising, went before them, ελθων εστη επανω ού ην το παιδιον. 10 Ιδοντες going it stood ever where was the infant. Seeing δετον αστερα, εχαρησαν χαραν μεγαλην σφοδρα: and the star, they rejoiced a joy very great; <sup>11</sup>και ελθοντες εις την οικιαν, ειδοντο παιδιον μετα and being come into the house, they saw the infant Μαριας της μητρος αυτου, και πεσοντες προσεκυ-Mary the mother of it, and falling down didhomage νησαν αυτώ, και ανοιξαντες τους θησαυρους αυτών. to it, and opening the treasuries of them, προσηνεγκαν αυτφ δωρα, χρυσον και λιβανον και gold and frankinceuse and they offered to it gifts, σμυρναν. 12 Και χρηματισθεντες κατ' οναρ, μη in a dream not And being warned myrrh. ανακαμψαι προς 'Ηρωδην, δι' αλλης όδου ανεχωto return to Herod, by another way they οησαν εις την χωραν αύτων. withdrew into the country of them.

13 'Αναχωρησαντων δε αυτων, ιδου, αγγελος Having withdrawn but of them, lo, a messenger κυριου φαινεται κατ' οναρ τω Ιωσηφ, λεγων of a lord appears in a dream to the Joseph, saying; Εγερθεις παραλαβε το παιδιον και την μητερα take the infant and the Arising αυτου, και φευγε εις Αιγυπτον, και ισθι εκει, and bethow there, fiee into Egypt, έως αν ειπω σοι μελλει γαρ 'Ηρωδης ζητειν το I speak to thee; is about for Herod to seek the 14 'Ο δε εγερθεις παιδιον, του απολεσαι αυτο. He them to kill it. arising παρελαβετο παιδιον και την μητερα αυτου νυκτος. took the infant and the mother of it by night, και ανεχωρησεν εις Αιγυπτον· <sup>15</sup>Και ην εκει έως into Egypt; and he was there till της τελευτης 'Ηρωδου' ίνα πληρωθη το ρηθεν of Herod; that might be fulfilled the word spoken the ύπο που κυριου δια του προφητου, λεγοντος. by the bord through the prophet, " Εξ Αιγυπτου εκαλεσα τον υίον μου." the son of me." "Out of Egypt I called 16 Τοτε Ήρωδης ιδων ότι ενεπαιχθη ύπο των

Then Herod seeing that he was mocked by the

ascertained exactly from them the TIME of the STAR'S APPEARING:

8 and sending them to Bethlehem, he said, "Go search strictly for the CHILD; and as soon as you have found him, bring me Word, that K also may go and pay him reverence."

9 And THEY. having heard the KING, departed; and behold! the STAE which they saw at its RISING, preceded them, till it came and stood over the place where the CHILD was.

10 And seeing the STAR, they rejoiced with very

great Joy.

11 And coming into the nouse, they saw the CHILD with Mary his MoTHER; and prostrating, they honored him. Then opening their CASKETS, they offered, as Presents to him, Gold, Frankincense, and Myrrh.

12 And being warned in a Dream not to return to Herod, they went HOME by Another Way.

13 But they having \*retired into their own country, behold! an Angel of the Lord \*appeared to Joseph in a Dream, saying: "Arise, take the CHILD and his MOTHER, and fly to Egypt; and remain there, till I speak to thee; for Herod is about to seek the

CHILD to DESTROY him."

14 Then HE, arising, took the CHILD and his MOTHER, by night, and withdrew to Egypt;

Is and remained there till the DECEASE of Herod; so that the WORD SPOKEN by the \*Lord through the PROPHET might be verified, saying: ‡"From Egypt I have called back my SON."

16 Then Herod, perceiving That he had been de-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-13. retired into their own country. 13. appeared. 15. Lord.

<sup>+11.</sup> The homage of prostration, which is signified by this Greek word, in sacred authors as well as in profane, was throughout all Asia, commonly paid to kings and other superiors, botheby Jews and by Pagans. It was paid by Moses to his father-in-law, Exod xviii. 7, called at the E. T. "obeisance."—Campbell.

<sup>1 15.</sup> Hoshea xi. l.

μαγων, εθυμωθη λιαν και αποστειλας ανειλε wise-men, was enraged much; and sending forth παντας τους †παιδας τους εν Βηθλεεμ και εν boys the in Bethleem πασα τοις όριοις αυτης, απο διετους και κατωthe borders of her, from two years and under, τερω, κατα τον χρονον όν ηκριβωσε παρατων according to the time which he exactly learnt from the μαγων. <sup>17</sup>Τοτε επληρωθη το  $\delta$ ηθεν ὑπο '1ερεμιου vise-men. Then was fulfilled the word spoken by Jeremiah του προφητου, λεγοντος, 18 " Φωνη εν 'Ραμα ine prophet, saying, "A voice in Rama
ηκουσθη, \*[θρηνος και] κλαυθμος και οδυρμος
was heard, [lamentation and] weeping and mourning πολυς 'Ραχηλ κλαιουσα τα τεκνα αύτης και Rachel bewailing the children of her; ουκ ηθελε παρακληθηναι, ότι ουκ εισι." not is willing to be comforted because not they are."

 $^{19}$  Teleuthsantos de tou 'Hrwdou, idou, ay-Having died and of the Herod, lo, a yelos kuriou kat' onar fairetai tw Iwsh $\phi$  en messenger of a lord in a dream appears to the Joseph in 20 Εγερθεις παραλαβε Αιγυπτω, λεγων TO saying; Arising παιδιον και την μητερα αυτου, και πορευου εις infant and the mother of it, and go thou into γην Ισραηλ· τεθνηκασι γαρ of (ητουντες την land Israel; they are dead for the seeking the ψυχην του παιδιου. 21 'Ο δε εγερθεις παρελαβε of the infant. He and arising took το παιδιου και την μητερα αυτου, και ηλθεν εις infant and the mother of it, and came into <sup>22</sup> Ακουσας δε, δτι Αρχελαος
Hearing and, that Archelaus γην Ισραηλ. land Israel. βασιλευει επι της Ιουδαίας αντι Ήρωδου του was reigning over the Judea instead of Herod the πατρος αυτου, εφοβηθη εκει απελθειν χρημαof him, he was afraid there to go; τισθεις δε κατ' οναρ, ανεχωρησεν εις τα and in a dream, he within and in a dream, he within the kat φκησεν he dwelt μερη της Γαλιλαιας. region of the Galilee. εις πολιν λεγομενην Ναζαρετ όπως πληρωθη named Nazareth; that might be fulfilled into a city το δηθεν δια των προφητων, ότι Ναζωραιος prophets, the wordspoken through the that a Nazarite κληθησεται. he will be called.

ceived by the MAGIANS. was greatly enraged; and despatching emissaries he slew all THE MALE CHIL-DREN in Bethlehem and in All its VICINITY, from the age of Two-years and under, according to the TIME which he accurately learnt from the MAGIANS.

17 Then was verified the WORD SPOKEN \* through Jeremiah the PROPHET.

saying, 18 ‡ " A Voice was "heard tin Ramah, Weep-"ing and great Mourning; "Rachel bemoaning her "CHILDREN, and unwil-"ling to be comforted, Be-"cause they are no more."

19 When HEROD was dead, behold! an Angel of the Lord appears in a Dream to JOSEPH in E-

gypt, saying:

20 "Arise, take the CHILD and his MOTHER, and go into the Land of Israel; for THEY are dead who sought the Child's LIFE."

21 Then HE, arising, took the CHILD and his MOTHER, and \*entered into the Land of Israel;

22 but hearing That Archelaus was reigning over JUDÆA instead of his FA-THER Herod, he was afraid to return there; and being warned in a Dream, retired into the DISTRICT of GALILEE;

23 and coming into a City named †Nazareth, he abode; that the WORD SPOKEN through the PRO-PHETS might be verified. "That he will be called "ta Nazarite."

<sup>\* 17.</sup> through Jeremiah-Lachmann & Tischendorf, VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-18. lam-21. entered into.

<sup>\*\*</sup> ti6. The Male-children. The Greek article being masculine, it defines the sex. In nine other places in this chapter, infant is in the neuter gender. Is in Ramali. A city not far from Bethlehem in Judea, on the confines of the territory of Benjamin. Origen and Jerome say that the Hebrew term rendered in Ramah, by the LXX, should be translated, on high. Matthew, or his translator, followed the Septuagint. 23. Nazareth—a small city of the Zebulonites, in Galilee, about 75 miles north of the city of Jerusalem. 23. a Nazarite. Misthew evidently understood this the same as a Nazarene, or a native of Nazareth. A Nazarite was one under a vow of self-denial. In Judges xiii.5, Samson is called a Nazarite. The apostle Paul was accused by Turtullus, before Felix, as being "a ringleader of the sect of the Nazarites," Acts xxiv.5. Some derive the name from Isaxi. I, where the promised Messiah is called a Nazar, or branch.

<sup>1 13.</sup> Jer. xxxi. 15.

τας τριβους αυτου."

### КЕФ. γ. 3.

1 Εν δε ταις ήμεταις εκειναις παραγινέται In now the those days comes Ιωαννης δ βαπτιστης, κηρυσσων ει τη ερημφ John the dipper, proclaiming in the desert της Ιουδαίας. [και] λεγων 2 Μετανοείτε· [και] IouSaias, baying; ofthe Judea, [and] Reform yo; ηγγικε γαρ ή †βασιλεια των ουρανων. 3 Ουτος has come nigh for the majesty ofthe heavens γαρ εστιν δ δηθεις ύπο 'Ησαιου του προφητου, for is he spoken of by Esaias the prophet, "A voice crying out  $\tau\eta$ λεγοντος.  $\epsilon \nu$ conurso in the desert; saying; ευθειας ποιειτι έτοιμασατε την όδον κυριου, make ye the way of a lord, straight make ye ready

the beaten tracks of him." 4 Αυτος δε δ Ιωαννης ειχε το ένδυμα αύτου had the outer garment of him and the John ζωνην δερματινην απο τριχων καμηλου, και hairs of a camel, and a belt made of skin περι την οσφυν αύτου ή δε τροφη αυτου ην of him; the and loins food of him was around the 5 Τοτε εξεπορευετο and honey wild. Then went out προς αυτον Ίεροσολυμα, και πασα ή Ιουδαια, Jerusalem, all the Judea, him and to lophevou. 6 Kai και πασα ή περιχωρος του all the country about of the Jord in ; and εβαπτιζοντο εν τω Ιορδανη ύπ' αυτου, εξομολο-יונוי. were dipped in to the Jordan by γουμενοι τας αμαρτιας αύτων. of Cham sina the

7 Ιδων δε τολλους των Φαρισαιων και Σαδδουand Sadducees Seeing and many of the Pharisees καιων ερχομενους επι το βαπτισμα αύτου, ειπεν to the dipping of him, he saul coming εχιδυων, τις ύπεδειξεν αυτοις° Γεννηματα O broods of venomous serpents, who pointed out to them; φυγειν απο της μελλουσης บันเท coyns; wrath? to you to flee from the coming 8 Ποιησατε ουν καρπον αξιον της μετανοιας, worthy of the reformation, Bring forth then fruit 9 και μη δοξητε λεγειν εν ξαυτοις» Πατερα in think to say yourselves, A father εχομέν τον Αβρααμ. λέγω γαρ ύμιν, οτι δυναται Abraam; I say for to you, that we have the is able δ θεος εκ των λιθων τουτων εγειραι τεκνα τω the God out of the stones these to raise up children to the

#### CHAPTER III.

1 Now in those DAYS appeared John the IM-MERSER, in the †DESERT of JUDEA, publicly announcing.

2 t" Reform! because the ROYAL MAJESTY of the HEAVENS has ap-

proached."

3 For this is HE of whom Isaiah the PROPHET SPOKE, saving: 1"A Voice "proclaining in the DES-"ERT, 'Prepare the WAY " 'for the Lord, make the "'HIGHWAYS straight for " him."

4 Now John wore a MANTLE of Camel's Hair. with a leathern Girdle encircling his WAIST; and his FOOD was Locusts and

wild Honey.

5 Then resorted to him Jerusalem, and All Ju-DÆA, and All the coun-

TRY along the JORDAN;
6 and were immersed
by him in the \* River JORDAN, confessing their

SINS.

7 But seeing many of the PHARISEES and Sadducees coming to \* the IMMERSION, he said to them; ‡"O Progeny of Vipers! who has admonished you to fly from the APPROACHING VEN-GEANCE ?

8 Produce, then, Fruit worthy of REFORMATION:

and presume not to say to yourselves, 'We have a Father, -ABRA-HAM; for I assure you, That God is able out of these stones to raise up Children to ABRAHAM.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-6. the River Jordan. 7. the immersion.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Deseat. This does not always mean an uninhabited region, but one comparatively † 1. Desear. This does not always mean an uninhabited region, but one comparatively barren, with a sparse population. See Joshua xv. 61, 62, where mention is made of "six cities with their villages," in the wilderness.

2. Reform. The word "repent" does not express the force of the original; which signifies a change of character, apprendent alteration of the dispositions and habits. The same remark may be applied to the noun of the same meaning in verse 8.—Gannett.

2. Basileia means kingly power, authority, royal dignity, majesty, &c., as well as kingdom, realm, or reign. The prophet Daniel uses kings and kingdoms synonymously, (Dan. ii. 41); so also the evangelists. See Matt. xxi. 5, 9; Mark xi. 9, 10; Luke xix. 38; and Zech. ix. 9. John's mission was "to go before the coef of the Level. to prepare his ways," (Luke i. 76); and to point out the Messiah. See John i. 6—8, 22—31. Therefore he called on the people to "Reform, because the Majesty of the heavens (God's Anointed) has come."

<sup>‡ 3.</sup> Isa. xl. 3. 17 Luke iii.7-0.

Now and [even] in a civy wood the ABoaau. Abraam. ριζαν των δενδρων κειται· παν ουν δενδρον μη root of the trees lies; every therefore tree not ποιουν καρπον καλον, εκκοπτεται, και εις πυρ bearing fruit good, is cut down, and into a fire 11 Εγω μεν βαπτιζω ύμας εν ύδατ:, Eanherai. indeed dip le cast. you in water, δ δε οπισω μου ερχομενος, els hetavolave he but after of me reformati n; «σχυροτερος μου εστιν, ου ουκ ειμι ίκανος τα mightier or me is, of whom not I am worthy the ύποδηματα βαστασαι αυτος ύμας βαπτισει εν you sandals to carry; he τνευματι άγιω και πυρι. <sup>12</sup>Ου το πτυον EV ho.y and fire. Of whom the winnowing shovel in

διακαθαριει την τη χειρι αυτου, και the hand of him, and he will thoroughly cleanse the threshing floor αύτου και συναξει τον σιτον αύτου εις την of him; and he will gather the wheat of him into the αποθηκην, το δε αχυρον KAUTEL πυρι storehouse. the but chaff he will burn up in are

ασβεστω.

inextinguishable.

13 Τοτε παραγινεται δ Ιησους απο της Γαλιcomes the Jesus from the λαιας επι τον Ιορδανην προς τον Ιωαννην, του to the Jordan to the John. βαπτ. σθηναι ύπ' αυτου. 14' Ο δε Ιωαννης διεκωλυεν to be dipped by him; The but John refused αυτον, λεγων Εγω χρειαν εχω ύπο σου βαπτισhim eaying; I need to have by thee to be  $\theta\eta\nu$ at, kai  $\sigma u \in \rho\chi\eta$   $\pi\rho\sigma s$   $\mu\epsilon$ ;  $^{15}A\pi\sigma\kappa\rho.\theta\epsilon\iota s$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\delta$ dipped, and thou comest to me? ering and the lησους είπε προς αυτον. Αφες αρτι: οιστω γαρ said to him; πρεπον εστιν ήμιν, πληρωσαι πασανδικαιοσυνην. ecoming it is to us, to fulfil all righteousness. Τοτε αφιησιν αυτον. 16 Και βαπτισθεις δ Ιησους Then he suffered hun. And having been dipped the Jesus ανεβπ ευθυς απο του ύδατος και ιδου, ανεφχwent up tunnediately from the water: and θησαν \* [αυτω] οι ουρανοι, και είδε το πνευμα opened [to him] the heavens, and was seen the spirit του θεου καταβαινον ώσει περιστεραν; Kal of the God like a dove descending [and] 17 Και ιδου, φωνη εκ των ερχομενον επ' αυτον. on him. And lo, a voice out of the «υραιων, λεγουσα· Ούτος εστιν ὁ υίος μου δ is the son of me the sayn gi Thus αγαπητος, εν ω ευδοκησα.
beloved, in whom I delight.

10 Even now the AXB lies at the ROOT of the TREES; Every Tree, therefore, not producing good Fruit, is cut down, and cast into a Fire.

11 F, indeed, timmerse you in Water in order to Reformation; but HE who is coming after me, is more powerful than I, + Whose sandals I am not worthy to carry; the will immerse you in holy Spirit and in Fire.

12 Whose WINNOWING SHOVEL is in his HAND, and he will effectually cleanse his THRESHING-FLOOR; he will gather his WHEAT into \* his GRA-NARY, but the CHAFF he will consume with Fire inextinguishable."

13 Then comes Jesus from GALILEE to the JOR-DAN, to be IMMERSED by

JOHN.

14 But \*HE refused him, saying; "I have Need to be immersed by thee, and thou comest to me!"

15 But Jesus answering, said to him; "Permit it now; for thus it is becoming us to establish Every Ordinance." Then John suffered him.

16 And Jesus being immersed, went up from the WATER; and, behold! instantly the HEAVENS were opened, and \*the Spirit of God appeared, descending, like a Dove, and tresting on him.

17 And, behold I a Voice from the HEAVENS, saying, ‡"This is my Son the BELOVED, in whom I delight."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-10. even-omit. 12. his GRANARY. 14. HB refused. 16. the Spirit of God. 16. and-omit.

t 11. immerse you in Water. Baptizo, and its root Bapto, signify to dip, to plunge, to immerse, and was rendered by Tertullian, tingere, the term used for dveing cloth, which was by immersion. It is always construed suitably to this meaning. Thus it is en hudatee at the interval of the

<sup>\* 11.</sup> Acts i. 5; ii. 2-4 xi. 16. 2 14 isa. xi. 2; lxi L 2 17. Iso viii. 1: X ike x 35.

### КЕФ. δ'. 4.

ι Τοτε δ Ιησους ανηχθη εις την ερημον ύπο Then the Jesus was led into the desert by του πνευματος, πειοασθηναι ύπο του διαβολου. spirit to be tempted by the <sup>2</sup>Κα**ι νηστ**ευ**σας ήμ**ερ**ας τ**εσσαρακοντα και νυκτας And fasting days forty 3 Και προστεσσαρακοντα, ύστερον επεινασε. he was hungry. And coming after ελθων αυτω δ πειραζων, ειπεν. Ει υίος EL TOU to him the tempter, said; If a son thou be of the θεου, ειπε, ίνα οἱ λιθοι ούτοι αρτοι γενωνται. God, speak, that the stones these loaves may become. 4'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπε Γεγραπται "Ουκ επ' "Not by answering said; It is written; αρτφ μονφ ζησεται ανθρωπος αλλ' επι παντι bread alone shall live a man; but by every δηματι εκπορευομενφ δια στοματος θεου." proceeding from mouth of God."

5 Τοτε παραλαμβανει αυτον δ διαβολος εις την takes him the accuser into the άγιαν πολιν, και ίστησιν αυτον επι το πτερυγιον holy city, and places him on the wing του ίερου. 6 και λεγει αυτφ. Ει υίος ει του θεου, of the temple; and says to him; If a son thou be of the God, βαλε σεαυτον κατω γεγραπται γαρ "'OT: τοις cast thyself down; it is written for; "That to the αγγελοις αύτου εντελειται περι σου και επι of him he will give charge of thee; and on χειρων αρουσ**ι** σε, μηποτ**ε π**ροσκοψη**ς** προς hands they shall raise thee, lest thou strike against 7 Εφη αυτφ δ Ιησους· λιθον τον ποδα σου. a stone the foot of thee." Said to him the Jesus: Παλιν γεγραπται. "Ουκ εκπειρασεις κυριον Again it is written "Not thou shait put to the proof Lord τον θεον σου."

the God of thee." 8 Παλιν παραλαμβανει αυτον δ διαβολος εις him the accuser into takes ορος ύψηλον λιαν, και δεικνυσιν αυτφπασας a mountain high exceedingly, and shows to him all τας βασιλειας του κοσμου και την δοξαν αυτων, the kingdome of the world and the glory of them, και λεγει αυτ $\phi$ \* Ταυτα παντα σοι δωσ $\omega$ , εαν and says to him: These all to thee I will give, if πεσ $\omega$ ν προσκυνησης μοι.  $^{10}$  Τοτε λεγει αυτ $\omega$ falling down thou wilt do homage to me. Then says to him δ Ιησους. Υπαγε οπισω μου, σατανα. γεγραπ-Go thou behind of me, adversary: it is written ται γαρ. " Κυριον τον θεον σου προσκυνησεις, for: "Lord the God of thee thou shalt worship, was aut o him only thou shalt render service." Then serves αυτον δ διαβολος και ιδου, αγγελοι προσηλθον him the accusers and lo, messengers και διηκονουν αυτω. ministered to him.

1 Then JESUS was conducted by the Spirit into the Desert, to be tempted by the ENEMY.

2 And after fasting forty Days and forty Nights,

he was hungry.

3 Then the TEMPTER approaching him, said; "If thou be a Son of God, command that these STONES become Loaves."

4 But HE answering, said; "It is written, the hand shall not live by Bread only, but by Every Word proceeding from the Mouth of God."

5 Then the ENEMY conducts him into the HOLY City, and places him on the BATTLEMENT of the

TEMPLE,

6 and says to him, "It thou be a Son of God, cast thyself down; for it is written, ‡ 'He will give 'his Angels charge of 'thee; they shall uphold 'thee on their Hands, lest 'thou strike thy foor 'against a Stone."

7 Jesus answered; "Again, it is written, ; Thou shalt not try the

'Lord thy God.'"

8 Again, the ENEMY takes him to a very high Mountain, and shows him All the KINGDOMS of the tworld, and the Glory of them:

9 and says to him;
"All these will I give thee,
if prostrating thou wilt

worship me."

10 Then Jesus says to him; "Get thee behind me, Adversary; for it is written, the Lord thy Gop, and him only shalt thou serve."

thou serve."

11 Then the ENEMY leaves him; and behold?
Angels came and minis.

tered to him.

CHAP. IV.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSOBIPT-4. MAN.

<sup>7 8.</sup> WORLD. Kosmos, here translated world, may be restricted to the Land of Palestine, as it is in Rom, iv. 13; though in Luke iv. 5, hee oikoumence is found, which may possibly suclude the Roman empire, in which acceptation it is frequently used.

<sup>? 4</sup> Deut. viii. 8. 2 6. Psa. Eci. 11 12. 2 7. Deut. vi. 16. 1 10. Deut. vi 18.

12 Ακουσας δε δ Ιησους, δτι Ιωαννης παρεδοθη, Hearing now the Jesus, that John was delivered up, ανεχωρησεν εις την Γαλιλαιαν. 13 Και καταhe withdrew into the Galilee. And having λιπων την Ναζαρετ, ελθων κατφκησεν εις Nazareth, the coming dwelt Καπερναουμ δοισις Capernaum in borders **ζ**αβουλων και Νεφθαλειμ. 14 ίνα πληρωθη το that might be fulfilled the of Zabulon and Nephthalim; δηθεν δια Ήσαιου του προφητου, λεγοντος word spoken through Esaias the prophet, saying; 15 · Γη Ζαβουλων και γη Νεφθαλειμ όδον "Land of Zabulon and land Nephthalim way

θαλασσης περαν του Ιορδανου, Γαλιλαία των of the sea by the Jordan, Galilee of the  $\epsilon\theta\nu\omega\nu$ .  $^{16'}$ O  $\lambda$ aos  $\delta$   $\kappa$ a $\theta\eta\mu\epsilon\nu$ os  $\epsilon\nu$   $\sigma\kappa$ o $\tau\epsilon\iota$   $\epsilon\iota\delta\epsilon$   $\phi\omega$ s nations. The people who are sitting in darkness saw a light μεγα· και τοις καθημενοις εν χωρά και σκιά great; and to those sitting in a region even a shade  $\theta$  avarou,  $\phi$  ws ave $\tau$   $\epsilon$   $\iota\lambda$   $\epsilon$   $\nu$  autois."

of death, alight has arisen to them."

17 Απο τοτε ηρξατο δ Ιησους κηρυσσειν, και From that time began the Jesus to proclaim, and λεγειν Μετανοειτε ηγγικε γαρ ή βασιλεια Reform; has come nigh for the royal dignity to say; των ουρανων. of the heavens.

 $^{18}$   $\Pi$  $\epsilon$  $\rho$  $\iota$  $\pi$  $\alpha$  $\tau$  $\omega$  $\nu$   $\delta$  $\epsilon$   $\pi$  $\alpha$  $\rho$  $\alpha$   $\tau$  $\eta$  $\nu$   $\theta$  $\alpha$  $\lambda$  $\alpha$  $\sigma$  $\alpha$  $\nu$ THIS Walking and by the sea ofthe Γαλιλαιας, ειδε δυο αδελφους,
Galilee, he saw two brothers, Σιμωνα τον Simon λεγομενον Πετρον, και Ανδρεαν τον αδελφον Peter, and Andrew the brother αυτου, βαλλοντας αμφιβληστρον εις την θαλασof him, casting a fishing-net into the 19 Και λεγει αυτοις. σαν· ησαν γαρ άλιεις.
they were for fishers. And he says to them;  $\Delta \epsilon v au \epsilon$  on  $v au \omega$ ,  $v au \omega$ ,  $v au \omega$   $v au \omega$ ποιησω ύμας άλιεις ανθρωπων. 20 Οί δε ευθεως αφεντες τα δικτυα, They and immediately leaving the nets,

ηκολουθησαν αυτω.  $^{21}$  Και προβας εκειθεν, είδεν followed him. And going on from thence, he saw αλλους δυο αδελφους, Ιακωβον τον του Ζεβεother two brothers, James the of the δαιου και Ιωαννην τον αδελφων αυτου, εν τφ John the brother of him, in the πί.οιφ μετα Ζεβεδαιου του πατρος αυτων, καταρ-Zebedee of the father of them, ship with mendτιζοντας τα δικτυα αυτων· και εκαλεσεν αυτους. the nets of them; and he called 22Οί δε ευθεως αφεντες το πλοιον και τον πατερα They and forthwith leaving the ship and the father αυτων, ηκολουθησαν αυτω

of them, followed him.

23 Και περιηγεν όλην την Γαλιλαιαν ό Ιησους, And went about all the Galilee the Jesus, διδασκων εν ταις συναγωγαις αυτων, και κηρυσteaching in the synagogues of them, and preach-

12 Now JESUS, hearing That John was imprisoned, retired into GALILEE;

13 and, having lett NAZARETH, resided at THAT Capernaum, by the lake, in the Confines of Zebulon and Naphtali;

14 so that the WORD SPOKEN through Isaiah the PROPHET, might be verified, saying;

15 t" Land of Zebulon "and Land of Naphtali, "situate near the lake, on "the JORDAN, Galilee of

"the NATIONS;

16 "THAT PEOPLE, "dwelling in Darkness, "saw a great Light; and "to THOSE INHABITING " a Region, even a Shadow "of Death, a Light arose."

17 From that time JEsus began to proclaim, and to say; "Reform; for the ROYAL MAJESTY of the HEAVENS has ap-

proached."

18 And walking by the LAKE of GALILEE, he saw Two Brothers, THAT Simon who is SURNAMED Peter, and Andrew his BROTHER, casting a Drag into the LAKE; for they were Fishermen.

19 And he says to them. "Follow me; and I will make you Fishers of Men."

20 And THEY, immediately leaving the NETS, todowed him.

21 And going forward from thence, he saw Other Two Brothers, James the son of ZEBEDEE, and John his BROTHER, in the BOAT with Zebedee their FA-THER, repairing their NETS; and he called them.

22 And THEY, instantly leaving the BOAT and their FATHER, followed him.

23 And \*JESUS journeved throughout All GA-LILEE, teaching in their SYNAGOGUES, and proclaiming the GLAD TI-DINGS of the KINGDOM.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-23 he went about throughout All.

I 15. Isa. iz. 1. 2.

 $\sigma\omega\nu$  το ευαγγελιον της βασιλείας, και θεραπευων  $_{\rm ing}$  the glad tidings of the kingdom, and curing  $\tau$ ασαν νοσον και πασαν μαλακιαν εν τω λαω. every disease and every inalled among the people.

24 Και απηλθεν ή ακοη αυτου εις όλην την went the report of him into all the Συριαν. και προσηνεγκαν αυτώ παντας τους Syria; and they brought to him all κακως εχοντας, ποικιλαις νοσοις και βασανοις having various diseases and συνεχομενους, \*[και] δαιμονιζομενους, και σεληseized with, [and] demoniacs, and luναζομενους, και παραλυτικους και εθεραπευσεν and paralytics; and 25 Και ηκολουθησαν αυτώ οχλοι πολλοι autous. them. And followed to him crowds great απο της Γαλιλαιας, και Δεκαπολεως, και Ίεροfrom the Galilee, and Decapolis, and from σολυμων, και Ιουδαίας, και περαν του Ιορδανου. Judea, and beyond of the Jerusalem. and Jordan.

### KEΦ, €. 5.

1 Ιδων δε τους οχλους, ανεβη εις το ορος· και Seeing and the multitudes, he wentup to the mountain; and καθισαντος αυτου, προσηλθον \*[aυτω] οί μαθηhaving seated himself, came [to him] the disciται αυτου· ² και ανοιξας το στομα αύτου, εδιples of him; and opening the mouth of him, he δασκεν αυτους, λεγων 3 Μακαριοι οί πτωχοι τω Blessed the poor to the them, saying; δτι αυτων εστιν ή βασιλεια των πνευματι. because of them is the kingdom of the spirit; 4 Μακαριοι οί πενθουντες ότι αυτοι ουρανων. Blessed the mourners; for they heavens. 5 Μακαριοι οί πραεις. παρακληθησονται. ÓΤL meek; shall be comforted. Blessed the for 6 Μακαριοι οί αυτοι κληρονομησουσι την γην. the earth. shall inherit Blessed πεινωντες και διψωντες την δικαιοσυνην OTL the righteousness; for 7 Μακαριοι οί ελεημοhungering and thirsting αυτοι χορτασθησονται. shall be satisfied. Blessed the merciful; νες οτι αυτοι ελεηθησονται. for they shall obtain mercy.

 $^8$  Μακαριοι οἱ καθαροι τη καρδι $\alpha$ : δτι αυτοι Blessed the clean to the heart; for they τον θεον οψονται.  $^9$  Μακαριοι οἱ ειρηνοποιοι: the God shall see. Blessed the reace-makers, δτι αυτοι νίοι θεον κληθησονται.  $^{10}$  Μακαριοι οἱ for they sons of God shall be called. Blessed those

and healing Every kind of Disease and Infirmity among the PEOPLE.

24 And his fame spread through All Syria: and they brought to him All the stor, having Various Disorders, and arrested by Severe Complaints;—demoniacs, and lunatics, and paralytics;—and he healed them.

25 And great Crowds followed him from GALI-LEE, and Decapolis, and Jerusalem, and Judga, and from the vicinity of

the Jordan.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 And beholding the CROWDS, he ascended the †MOUNTAIN, and having sat down, his DISCIPLES \*came up:

2 And opening his MOUTH, he taught them,

saying:

3 "Happy the # POOR (in spirit); for theirs is the Kingdom of the heavens!

4 Happy the # MOURN-ERS; seeing that then will

be consoled!

5 Happy the † MEEK; because they will possess

the LAND!

6 Happy they who hunger and there (for righteousness); since they will be satisfied!

7 Happy the MERCIA

receive mercies!

8 Happy the PURE (in heart); for they will be-

hold God!

9 Happy the PEACE-MAKERS; because then will be called Sons of God!

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-24. and-omit. 1. came up. 1. to him-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Some particular mountain in the neighborhood of Capernaum is generally supposed to be here intended, probably Mount Tabor, or an elevation well known in that vicinity, † 8. Wetstein thinks this phrase ought to be construed—"Happy in the Spirit's account are the poor," and Geo. Campbell renders it—"Happy the poor who repine not." Both do violence to the original. The former interferes with the arrangement of the words, and the latter paraphrases rather than translates. In Luke vi. 20, we have the scattence just as our Lord uttered it; but here it seems Matthew explains the metaphor, purenthetically, by adding "in spirit." So in verses 6 and 8. For a further illustration, see Junes ii. 5. The article and noun is in the dative case, and conveys the same meaning as our preposition in.

<sup>† 3.</sup> Luke vi. 20; James ii. 5. † 4. Isa. lxi. 2, 3. † 5. Psa. xxxvii. 11, 20. † 6. Isa. lv 1. † 8. 1 John iii. 2, 3.

δεδιωγμενοι ένεκεν δικαιοσυνης ότι αυτων εστιν being persecuted on account of righteousness: for of them is 11 Μακαριοι εστε, ή βασιλεια των ουρανων. kingdom of the heavens. the Blessed are ve. ονειδισωσιν ύμας και διωξωσι, και ειπωσι ΙΤαν they reproach you and persecute, and whenever παν πονηρον δημα καθ' ύμων, ψευδομενοι, ενεκεν word against you, speaking faisely, because evil 12 Χαιρετε και αγαλλιασθε· ότι ό μισθος ELLOU. of me. Rejoice ye and exult ye, for the reward ύμων πολυς εν τοις ουρανοις· ούτω γαρ εδιωξαν of you great in the heavens; in this way for they persecuted 13 THEIS ETTE τους προφητας τους προ ύμων. prophets those before you. το άλας της γης. Εαν δε το άλας μωρανθη,  $\epsilon \nu$ the salt of the earth. If but the sait become tasteless, with τινι άλισθησεται; εις ουδεν ισχυει ετι, ει μη what shall it be salted? for nothing is it of service any more, except βληθηναι εξω, και καταπατεισθαι ύπο των out, to be cast and trodden under foot ανθρωπων. men.

14 Ύμεις εστε το φως του κοσμού. Ου δυναται Not possible are the light of the world. 15 005€ πολις κρυβηναι επανω ορους κειμενη. a hill being situated; a city to hide upon nor καιουσι λυχνον, και τιθεασιν αυτον ύπο τον they light a lamp, and place him under the μοδιον, αλλ' επι την λυχνιαν και λαμπει πασι meastr., lamp-stand; and it gives light to all but on the 16 Ούτω λαμψατω το φως TOUS EV τη οικια. those in the house. Thus let it shine the ύμων εμπροσθεν των ανθρωπων, όπως ιδωσιν of you in the presence of the men, that they may see ύμων τα καλα εργα, και δυξασωσι τον πατερα of you the good works, and may ... alse ύμων τον εν τοις ουρανοις. of you that in the

17 Μη νομισητε, ότι ηλθον καταλυσαι τον think ye, that I have come to destroy νομον η τους προφητας· ουκ ηλθον καταλυσαι, law or the propinets; not I have come to destroy αλλ' πληρωσαι. 18 Αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, έως to fulfil. for I say to you, till Indeed αν παρελθη δ ουρανος και ή γη, ιωτα έν η μια pass away the heaven and the earth, iota one or one κεραια ου μη παρελθη απο του νομου, έως αν one point in no wise from law, the 19 'Ος εαν ουν λυση μιαν των παντα γενηται. all be fulfilled. Whoever therefore breaks one of the 10 Happy the \$ PER-SECUTED on account of Righteousness; for theirs is the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS!

11 Happy are you, when they revile and persecute you, and, on my account, falsely allege, Every kind of Evil against you.

12 Rejoice and exult, Because your ‡ REWARD will be great in the HEAVENS; for thus THOSE PROPHETS who preceded you were persecuted.

13 Dou are the \$ SALT of the EARTH. But if the \$ SALT become insipid, how shall it recover its savor? It is then worthless, except to be cast out and trodden down by MEN.

14 Pou are the \$ LIGHT of the WORLD. A city being situated on a hill cannot be concealed:

15 nor is a Lamp lighted to be placed under the toon measure, but on the Lamp-stand; and it gives light to all the family.

16 Thus, let your LIGHT shine before MEN, that they may see your GOOD works, and glorify THAT FATHER of yours in the HEAVENS.

17 Think not, That I have come to subvert the LAW, or the PROPHETS: I have come not to subvert, but to establish.

18 For, indeed, I say to you, Till HEAVEN and EARTH pass away, one Iota or One Tip of a letter shall by no means pass from the LAW, till all be accomplished.

19 Therefore, whoever

<sup>† 13.</sup> Perhaps allusion is here made to a bituminous and fragrant species of salt, found the Lake Asphaltites; great quantities of which were thrown by the priests over the sacrifices, to counteract the smell of the burning flesh, and to hasten its consumption. This substance, however, was easily damaged by exposure to the atmosphere; and the portion of it thus rendered unfit for the purpose to which it was ordinarily applied, was strewed upon the pavement of the temple, to prevent slipping in wet weather. Maundrell, in his travels, states that he tasted some that had entirely lost its savor.—Trollope. † 15. The modies was a measure, both among the Greeks and Romans, containing a little less than a peck; but it is clear that nothing here depends upon the capacity of the measure.

«λαχιστων, και διδαξη ούτω τους ανθρωπους, teach thus the men, and least.

ελαχιστος κληθησεται εν τη βασιλεια των he shall be called in the kingdoin of the least he shall one cancel τουρανων ός δ' αν ποιηση και διδαξη, ούτος one had but ever shall do and teach, the same least μεγας κληθηθεται εν τη βασιλεια των ουρανων. great shall be called in the hugdom of the heavens.

20 Λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι εαν μη περισσευση ή for to you, that except abound the Isuy δικαιοσυνη ύμων πλειον των γραμματεων και righteousness of you more of the scribes

Φαρισαιών, ου μη εισελθητε εις την βασιλειαν Pharisees, by no means you may enter into the kingdom σων ουρανων. of the heavens.

" Ou 21 Ηκουσατε, ότι ερβεθη τοις αρχαιοις. You have heard, that it was said to the ancients; "Not φονευσεις ός δ' αν φονευση, ενοχος εσται τη thou shall kill, who and ever shall kill, liable shall be to the κρισει." <sup>22</sup> Εγω δε λεγω ύμιν, ότι πας δ οργι-Apiσει. Εγω σε κεγω υμιν, στ αις συργη Aribuna!" Ε but say to you, that all the being ζομενος τω αδελφω αύτου. "[εικη, ]ενοχος εσται angry to the brother of him; [without cause.] hable shall be τη κρισει. ός δ' αν ειτη τω αδελφω αυτου. to the tribunal; who and ever shall say to the brother of him; , ράκα, ενοχος εσται τφ σύνεδριφ ός δ' αν ειπη. vile fellow, liable shall be to the sanhedrim; who and ever shall say; μωρε, . ενοχος εσται εις την γεενναν του πυρος. ·liable shall be to the Gehenna of the fire. 23 Eav ουν προσφερης το δωρον δου επι το therefore thou bring the gift of thee to the

If therefore Ουσιαστηριον, κακει μνησθης, ότι ό αδελφος altar, and there remember, that the brother

σου εχει τι κατα σου 24 αφες εκει το δωρον of thee has somewhat rgainst thee; leave there the gift σου εμπροσθεν του θυσιαστηριου, και ύπαγε, of thee before the altar, and se gor πρωτον διαλλαγηθι τω αδελφω σου, και τοτε first be thou reconciled to the brother of thee, and then ελθων προσφερε το δωρον σου. 25 Ισθι ευνοών gift of thee. Be thou willing to sharee coming offer the τω αντιδικώσου ταχύ, έως ότου ει εν τη όδφ with the opponent of thee quickly, while thou art in the way μετ' αυτου' μηποτε σε παραδώ δ αντιδικός τα with him; lest thee deliver up the opponent to the κριτη, και δ κριτης  $[\sigma \in \pi \alpha \rho \alpha \delta \omega]$  τω ύπηρετη, judge, and the judge [thee deliver up] to the officer, και εις φυλακην βληθηση. 26 Αμην λεγω σοι, and into thou shalt be cast. prison Indeed I say to thee, εξελθης εκειθεν, έως αν αποδως τον by no means thou wilt come out thence, till, thou hast paid the €σχατον κοδραντην. farthing.

shall violate one of the LEAST of these COM-MANDS, and shall teach MEN so, will be called little in the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS, but whoever shall practise and teach them, will be called great in the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS

20 For I tell you, that unless your RIGHTEOUS-NESS excel that of the SCRIBES and Pharisees. you shall never enter into the KINGDOM of the

HEAVENS.

21 You have heard That it was said to the AN-CIENTS, ! Thou shalt not 'kill; and whoever shall 'kill, will be † amenable 'to the JUDGES'

22 But I say to you, That every one BEING ANGRY with his BROTH-ER, shall be amenable to the JUDGES: and whoever shall say to his BROTHER, Fool! will be subject to the HIGH COUNCIL; but whoever shall say, Apostate wretch! will be obnox-Apostate ious to the BURNING of GEHENNA.

23 If therefore, thou bring thy GIFT to the AL-TAR, and there recollect That thy BROTHER has ought against thee,

thy 24 leave there GIFT before the altar, and go, first be reconciled to thy BROTHER, then come, and present

thy GIFT

25 Agree quickly with thy PROSECUTOR, while thou art on the ROAD with him; lest the PROS-ECUTOR deliver thee to the JUDGE, and the JUDGE to the OFFICER. and thou be cast into Prison.

26 Indeed, I say to thee, Thou wilt by no means be released, till thou hast paid the LAST

Farthing.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-22. without cause-omit.

<sup>25.</sup> deliver thee-omit.

<sup>† 21.</sup> The Jews had a Common Court consisting of twenty-three men, which had power to sentence criminals to death, by beheading or strangling; this was called the Judgment, or Court of Judges. The Sanhedrim or High Council consisted of seventy-two men, being the Court of the Jews, before which the highest crimes were tried. This Court alone had power to punish with death by stoning. This was thought a more terrible death than the former.

27 Ηκουσατε, ότι ερδεθη "Ou HOLXEU-You have heard, that it was said; " Not thou shalt commit σεις." 28 Εγω δε λεγω ύμιν, ότι πας ό βλεπων I but say to you, that all who looking at adultery. γυναικα προς το επιθυμησαι αυτης, ηδη εμοιa woman in order to her, lust after already χευσεν αυτην εν τη καρδιά αυτου. - 29 Ει δε δ debauched her in the heart of him. If and the οφθαλμος σου ό δεξιος σκανδαλιζει σε, εξελε thee, tear out eye of thee the right ensnare αυτον, και βαλε απο σου συμφερει γαρ σοι, it, and castit from thee; it is profitable for to thee, ένα αποληται έν των μελων σου, και μη όλον that should perish one of the members of thee, and not whole το σωμα σου βληθη εις γεενναν. 30 Kai ει ή the body of thee should be cast into Gehenna. And if the δεξια σου χειρ σκανδαλιζει σε, εκκοψον αυτην, right of thee hand ensuare thee, cut of her. και βαλε απο σου · συμφερει γαρ σοι iva aπoend cast from thee; it is profitable for to thee that should ληται έν των μελων σου, και μη όλον το σωμα perish one of the members of thee, and not whole the body σου βληθη εις γεενναν: of thee should be cast into Gehenna.

31 Ερβεθη δε, "ότι ός αν απολυση την γυναιτα It was said and, "that whoever shall release the wife του, δοτω αυτή αποστασιον." <sup>32</sup> Εγω δε autou, dorw a bill of divorce." but λεγω ύμιν, ότι ός αν απολυση την γυναικα αύτου, παρεκτος λογου πορνειας, ποιει αυτην except on account of fornication, makes μοιχασθαι και δε εαν απολελυμενην γαμηση, to commit adultery; and whoever her being divorced may marry, μοιχαται. commits adultery,

33 Παλιν ηκουσατε, ότι ερβεθη τοις αρχαιοις. Again you have heard, that it was said to the ancients: ει Ουκ επιορκησεις. Ouk επιορκησεις αποδωσεις δε τω κυριω "Not thou shalt swear falsely; shalt perform but to the Lord Tous δρκους σου." 34 Εγω δε λεγω ύμιν μη ομοσαι
the paths of thee." I but say to you not swear δλως· μητε εν τω ουρανω, ότι θρονος εστι του θεον 35 μητε εν τη γη, ότι ὑποποδιον εστι των God; nor by the earth God; nor by the earth, for a footstool, it is of the ποδων αυτου μητε εις Ίεροπολυμα, ότι πολις feet of him; neither by Jerusalem, for a city εστι του μεγαλου βασιλεως 36 μητε εν τη great ... it is of the king; nor Ъу the

27 You have heard That it was said, I' Thou shalt 'not commit adultery :'

28 but I say to you. That every man GAZING Ara Woman, in order to CHERISH IMPURE DE-SIRE, has already committed lewdness with her in his HEART.

29 Therefore, if thy RIGHT EYE insnare thee, pluck it out, and throw it away: it is better for thee to lose one of thy MEM BERS, than that thy Whole BODY should be cast into

Gehenna.

30 And if thy BIGHT Hand insnare thee, cut it off, and throw it away: it is better for thee to loso one of thy MEMPERS, than that thy Whole BODY should be cast into Ge-

31 And it was said, 'Whoever shall dismiss his WIFE, let him give her a Writ of Divorce.

32 But I say to you, That \* EVERY-ONE who DISMISSES his WIFE, except on account of Whoredom, causes her to commit adultery; and \*HE who MARRIES the divorced woman, commits adultery.

33 † Again, you have heard That it was said to the ANCIENTS; I'Thou shalt not perjure thyself, but shalt perform to the 'LORD thine OATHS;

34 but I say to you, ! Swear not at all; neither by the HEAVEN, for it is God's Throne:

35 nor by the EARTH, because it is a Footstool for his FEET; neither shalt thou swear by Jerusalem.

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT-30. go away. 32. EVERY-ONE Who DIVORCES. 32. HI Who MABBIES. .

<sup>† 33.</sup> The morality of the Jews in regard to oaths was truly exectable. They maintained that a man might swear with his lips, and annul it at the same moment in his heart. They also held that oaths are binding only according to the nature of the thing by which a man swears; asserting that the law, which our Savon here cites, referred to those oaths only which were of a binding nature. Instances of this distinction, which they made between oaths that were and were not binding, are expressly cited and condemned by our Lord in Matt. xxiii. 18—22; and the injunction here given against swearing by Heaven, by Jerusalem, &c., is in relation to a variety of frivolous adjurations which were constantly in their mouths.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Exod. xx. 14. † 31. Deut. xxiv. 1; Matt. xix, 3-9; Mark x. 2-13, - \* 23, Deut. 31. 21-23; Nun. xxx. 2. † 34. James v. 12.

κεφαλη σου ομοσης, ότι ου δυνασαι μιαν τριχα head of thee shalt thous wear, for not thou artable one hair λευκην η μελαιναν ποιησαι.  $^{37}$ Εστω δε ό λογος white or black to make. Let be but the word  $^{57}$  μων ναι ναι ου ου το δε περισσον τουτων, of you;  $^{57}$  γ yes; no no; that for over and above of these, εκ του πονηρου εστιν.

of the evil
38 Ηκουσατε, ότι ερβεθη.
You have heard, that it was said; " Οφθαλμον αντι οφθαλμου, και οδοντα αντι οδοντος." 3) Εγω δε an eye, and a tooth for a tooth." λεγω ύμιν, μη αντιστηναι τω πονηρω αλλ' όστις to you, not resist the evil, but whoever σε βαπισει επι την δεξιαν σου σιαγονα, στρεψον thee shall slap upon the right of thee cheek, αυτω και την αλλην 40 και τω θελοντι σοι κριto him also the other; and to the purposing thee to sue θηναι, και τον χιτωνα σου λαβειν, αφες αυτω at law, and the tunic of thee to take, give up to him και το ίματιον· 41 και όστις σε αγγαρευσει μιλιον and whoever thee s'all force to go mile also the mantle; έν, ύπαγε μετ' αυτου δυο. 42 Tω αιτουντι σε one, go with him To the asking thee two. και τον θελοντα απο σου δανεισασθαι, do thou give; and the wishing from thee to borrow money, μη αποστραφης.

not do thou repulse.  $^{43}$  Ηκουσατε,  $\delta \tau \iota$  ερδεθη· You have heard, that it was said; " Αγαπησεις το "Thou shalt love the τλησιον σου, και μισησεις τον εχθρον σου. neighbor of thee, and hate the enemy of thee. hate the enemy of thee." <sup>44</sup>Εγω δε λεγω ύμιν, αγαπατε τους εχθρους ύμων, but say to you, love the enemies of you, \*[ευλογειτε τους καταρωμενους ύμας, καλως cursing those you, good ποιείτε τοις μισουσιν ύμας,] και προσευχεσθε and do to those hating you,] ύπερ των [επηρεαζοντων ύμας και] διωκοντων for those injuring you and] persecuting του εν ουρανοις ότι τον ήλιον αύτου ανατελλει of the in heavens: for the sun of him επι πονηρους και αγαθους, και βρεχει επι δικαιand it rains on evil and good, 46 Εαν γαρ αγαπησητε τους ους και αδικους. for unjust. If you love αγαπωντας ύμας, τινα μισθον εχετε; ουχι και you, what reward have you? not even εί τελωναι το αυτο ποιουσι; <sup>47</sup> και εαν ασπαdo? the tax-gatherers the same and if you σησθε τους αδελφους ύμων μονον, τι περισσον brothers of you only, what more

for it is the ‡ city of the GREAT KING;

36 nor by thy HEAD, because thou canst not make One Hair white or black.

37 But let your Yes be yes; and your No, no: for whatever EXCEEDS these, proceeds from EVIL.

38 You have heard That it was said, ‡ Eye for Eye, and Tooth for Tooth;

39 but # say to you, coppose not the injurious ferson; but if any one strike thee on thy right Cheek, turn to him also the left;

40 and WHOEVER WILL sue thee for thy COAT, let him have the MANTLE also.

41 And if a man † press thee to go one † Mile with him, go two.

42 ‡ Give to HIM who SOLICITS thee; and HIM, who WOULD borrow from thee, do not reject.

43 You have heard That it was said, ‡ 'Thou shalt 'love thy NEIGHBOR, and 'hate thine ENEMY;'

44 but # say to you, Love your ENEMIES, and pray for THOSE who \*PERSECUTE you;

45 that you may resemble THAT FATHER of yours in the HEAVENS, who makes his SUN arise on Bad and Good, and sends rain on Just and Unjust.

46 For if you love them only who LOVE you, What Reward can you expect? Do not even the TAX-GATHERERS the SAME?

47 And if you salute your BRETHREN only, in what do you excel? Do

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift—44. bless those who curse you, do good to those who hate you—omit. 44. persecut; you.

<sup>+ 41.</sup> An allusion to the Angari, or couriers of the Persians, who had authority to impress into their service men, horses, and ships, or any thing that came in their way, and which might serve to accelerate their journey. From the Persians this custom passed to the Itomans, and it is still retained in the East.

† 41. The Roman milion, or mile, measured a thousand paces.

<sup>† 35.</sup> Psa. xlviii. 2. † 38. Exod. xxi. 24; Peut x'x. 21. † 39. Prov. yx. 22; xxiv, 29; Rom. xii. 17-19. † 42. Deut. xv. 7-11. † 43. Lev. xix. 18: Deut. xxiii 6.

ποιειτε; ουχι και οἱ εθνικοι οὑτω ποιουσιν; do you? not even the Gentiles ₩0 48 Εσεπθε ουν ύμεις τελειοι, ώσπερ ὁ πατηρ the father Shall be therefore you perfect, 28 ύμων, ὁ εν τοις ουρανοις, τελειος εστι. of you, who in the heavens, perfect

#### KΕΦ. s'. 6.

1 Προσεχετε την δικαιοσυνην, ύμων μη ποιειν Take heed the righteousness, of you not to do εμπροσθεν των ανθρωπων, προς το θεαθηναι in the presence of the men, so as to be exhibited αυτοις ει δε μηγε, μισθον ουκ εχετε παρα τω if but otherwise, reward not you have with to the 2'Οταν ουν πατρι ύμων, τφ εν τοις ουρανοις. of you, to the in the heavens. When then ποιης ελεημοσυνην, μη σαλπισης εμπροσθεν not sound a trumpet in the presence thou doest alms, σου, ώσπερ οί ύποκριται ποιουσιν εν ταις συναof thee, like the hypocrites do the in δοξασθωσιν γωγαις και εν ταις δυμαις, όπως streets, gogues and in the that they may have praise ύπο των ανθρωπων. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, απεχουσι Indeed I say to you, they obtain the men. 3 Σου δε ποιουντος ελεημοτον μισθον αύτων. reward of them. Of thee but doing almsσυνην, μη γνωτω ή αριστερα σου, τι ποιει ή not let it know the left of thee, what does the δεξια σου δπως η σου ή ελεημοσυνη εν τω right of thee; that may be of thee the alms-giving in the κρυπτω· και δ πατηρ σου, δ βλεπων εν τω secret; and the father of thee, who seeing in the  $\kappa\rho\upsilon\pi\tau\phi$ , \*[ $\alpha\upsilon\tau\sigma$ s]  $\alpha\pi\sigma\delta\omega\sigma\epsilon\iota\sigma$ οι \*[ $\epsilon\upsilon\tau\phi$  $\phi\alpha\nu\epsilon\rho\phi$ .] the [himself] will give back to thee [in the clear light.) secret

δ Και όταν προσευχη, ουκ εση ωσπερ οί And when thou prayest, not thou shalt be like the ύποκριται· ότι φιλουσιν εν ταις συναγωγαις και hypocrites; for they love in the synagogues εν ταις γωνιαις των πλατειων έστωτες προσευin the corners of the wide places standing to γεσθαι, όπως αν φανωσι τοις ανθρωποις. Αμηι they may appear to the that men. λεγω ύμιν, ότι απεχουσι τον μισθον αύτων. I say to you, that they have in full the reward of them.  $^6$  Συ  $\delta\epsilon$ ,  $\delta au$ αν προσευχη, εισελθε εις το auαμιthou prayest, enter Thou but, when into the retired ειον σου, και κλεισας την θυραν σου, προσευξαι place of thee, and locking the door of thee, pray then τφ πατρι σου, τφ εν τφ κρυπτφ· και ὁ πατηρ to the father of thee, to the in the secret; and the father σου, ὁ βλεπων εν τω κρυπτω, αποδωσει σοι of thee who seeing in the secret place, will give to thee \*[εν τω φανερω.]  $^7$  Προσευχομενοι δε μη βατ-Praying (in the clear light.) but not bab-

(in the clear light.) Praying but not babτολογησητε, &σπερ οἱ εθνικοι δοκουσι γαρ ότι ble, like the Gentiles; they imagine for that

not even the GENTILES \*the SAME.

48 ; Be Dou therefore perfect, even as \*your HEAVENLY FATHER is perfect.

#### CHAPTER VI.

1 Beware, that you perform not your RELIGI-OUS DUTIES before MEN. in order to be OBSERVED by them; otherwise, you will obtain no Reward from THAT FATHER of vours in the HEAVENS. 2 When, therefore, thou t givest Alms, proclaim it not by †sound of trumpet, as the HYPO-CRITES do, in the As-SEMBLIES and in the STREETS, that they may be extolled by MEN. Indeed, I say to you, They have their RE-WARD.

WARD.

3 But thou, when giving Alms, let not thy LEFT hand know what thy RIGHT hand

does:

4 so that Thine ALMS may be PRIVATE; and THAT FATHER of thine, who sees in SECRET, will recompense thee.

5 And when \*you pray, you shall not imitate the HYPOCRITES, for they are fond of standing up in the ASSEMBLIES and at the CORNERS of the OPEN SQUARES to pray, so as to be OBSERVED by MEN. Indeed, I say to you, They have their REWARD.

6 But thou, when thou wouldst pray enter into thy PRIVATE ROOM, and having closed the DOOR, pray to THAT FATHER of thine who is INVISIBLE; and THAT FATHER of thine, who sees in secret, will recompense thee.

7 And in prayer, tuse not foolish repetitions, as the \* HYPOCRITES; for

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript—47. the same. 48. your heavenly father is perfect. 5. you pray, you shall not. 48.

<sup>† 2.</sup> The phrase of sounding a trumpet before them seems only a figurative expression to represent their doing it in a noisy, ostentations way.—Doddridge. Erasmus and Beza justly observe, that hepathanai in verse 1 is a theatrical word; that hepachriai signifies disguised players in masks; and that sounding a trumpet may allude to the music of the stage.

<sup>1 48.</sup> Luke vi. 36: Eph. v. 1.

εν τη πολυλογια αθτων εισακουσθησονται. wordiness of them they shall be beard. 6 Μη ουν δμοιωθητε αυτοις οιδε γαρ δ πατηρ Not therefore you may belike to them; knows for the father Πατερ ήμων, δ εν τοις ουρανοις, άγιασθητω το Father of us, who in the neavens, reverenced the ονομα σου το ελθετω ή βασιλεια σου γενηθητω name of thee; let come the kingdom of thee; let be done το θελημα σου, ώς εν ουρανώ, και επι της γης. the will, of thee, as in heaven, also on the earth; 11 του αρτου ήμων του επιουσιου δος ήμιυ the bread of us the sufficient give thou to us σημερον 12 και αφες ήμιν τα οφειληματα ήμων, σημερον και αφες ημιντα οφειληματα ημων, to-day; and discharge to us the debts οίνε, ώς και ήμεις αφιεμεν τοις οφειλεταις ήμων as even we discharge to the debtors οίνες το και μη εισενεγκης ήμας εις πειρασμον, αλλα and not bring us into temptation, but ρυσαι ήμας απο του πονηρου. 14 Εαν γαρ αφητε save us from the evil. If for you for give τοις ανθρωποις τα παραπτωματα αυτων, αφησει to the men the ' faults of them, will forgive και ύμιν δ πατηρ ύμων ό ουρανιος. 15 εαν δε μη if 'but not\_ also to you the father of you the heavenly; αφητε τοις ανθρωποις τα παραπτωματα αυτων, forgive to the men the faults of them, ουδε δ πατηρ ύμων αφησει τα παραπτωματα neit er the father of you will forgive the ύμων.

of you. 16 Όταν δε νηστευητε, μη γινεσθε, ώσπερ οί When and you fast, not be, with like the δποκριται, σκυθρωποι · αφανιζουσι γαρ τα προσhypocrites, of a sal face, they disfigure for the ωπα αύτων, όπως φανωσι τοις ανθρωποις es of them, so that they may seem to the (1) men PR1 νηστευουτες. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι απεχουσι to be fasting. Indeed I say to you, that they obtain τον μισθον α των. 17 Συ δε νηστευων, αλειψαι the reward of them. Thou but fasting, anoint σου την κεφαλήν, και το προσωπον σου νιψαι of thee the bead, and the face of thee wash; 13 όπως μη φανης τοις ανθρωποις νηστευων, so that not thou may est seem to the inen αλλα τω πατρι σου, τω εν τω κρυπτω· και δ πα-

but to the father of thee, that in the secret; and the faτηρ σου, ό βλεπων εν τω κρυπτω, αποδωσει σοι. ther of thee, who seeing in the secret, will give to thee.

<sup>19</sup>Μη θησαυριζετε ύμιν θησαυρους επι της γης, ray up - to you treasures on the earth, όπου σης και βρωσις αφανιζει, και όπου κλεπται where moth and rust destroys, and where thieves διορυσσουσι και κλεπτουσι: 20 θησαυριζετε δε dig through steal ;

they think that by using MANY WORDS that they will be accepted.

8 Therefore, do not imitate them; for \*God your FATHER knows your Necessities, before you ASK

9 Thus, then, pray you: 10ur Father, THOU in the HEAVENS, Revered be thy

NAME 1.

10 let thy # KINGDOM come; thy WILL be done upon EARTH, even as in Heaven.

11 Give us This-day our NECESSARY FOOD :

12 and ‡ forgive us our DEBTS, as \* me have forgiven our DERTORS;

13 and tabandon us not to Trial, but # preserve us

from EVIL.

14 For if you # forgive MEN their OFFENCES. YOUR HEAVENLY FATHER will also forgive you;

15 but if you ‡ forgive not MEN their OFFENCES. neither will your FATHER forgive your OFFENCES.

16 Moreover, when you I fast, be not as the HTPO-CRITES, of a melancholy aspect; for they distort their FEATURES, that they may seem fasting to MEN. Indeed, I say to you, They have their REWARD.

17 But thou, when fasting, anoint thy head, and

wash thy face;

18 that thy fasting may not appear to MEN, but to who is INVISIBLE; and who sees in secret, will recompense thee.

19 Do not accumulate for yourselves I Treasures upon the EARTH, where Moth and Rust consume, and where Thieves break through and steal;

20 but deposit for yourselves Treasures in Hea-

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-8. GOD YOUR PATHER.

<sup>12.</sup> be have forgiven,

<sup>1 13. 1</sup> Cor. x. 13

ημιν θησαυρους ≈ν ουρανώ, όπου ουτε σης ουτε in heaven, where neither moth nor treasures Βρωσις αφανιζες και όπου κλεπται ου διορυσand where thieves not 21 Όπου γαρ εστιν δ destroys, σουσιν ουδε κλεπτουσιν. for through nor steal. Where is the θησαυρος ύμων, εκει εσται και ή καρδια ύμων. treasure of you, there will be also the heart

<sup>22</sup> Ο λυχνος του σωματος εστιν δ οφθαλμος. The lamp of the body is the Εαν ουν δ οφθαλμος σου απλους η, όλον of thee sound if therefore the eye may be, whole το σωμα σου φωτεινον εσται. 23 Εαν δε ὁ οφθαλ-If but the the body of thee calightened will be. μος σου πονηρως η, όλον το σωμα σου σκοτειof thee evil may be, whole the body of thee darkness νον εσται. Ει ουν το φως, το εν σοι, σκοτος will be. If then the light, that in thee, darkness εστι, το σκοτος ποσον:

is, the darkness how great?

24 Ουδεις Ευναται δυσι κυριοις δουλευειν. 1s able two lords to serve; either γαρ τον ένα μισησει, και τον έτερον αγαπησει. for the one he will hate, and the other he will love η ένος άνθεξεται, και του έτερου καταφρονησει. or one he will cling to, and the other he will slight. Ου δυνασθε Εεω δουλευειν και μαμωνα. 25 Δια Not you are able God to serve and mammon. For τουτο λεγω ύμιν Μη μεριμνατε τη ψυκη ύμων, this I say to you; Not be over careful the life of you, τι φαγητε, και τι πιητε μηδε τφ σωματι what you may eat, and what you may drink; nor to the ύμων, τι ενδυσησθε. Ουχιή ψυχη πλειον εστι of you, what you may put on. Not the life more is της τροφης, και το σωμα του ενδυματος; <sup>26</sup> Εμfood, and the body the clothing ? Look βλεψατε εις τα πετεινα του ουρανου, ότι ου birds of the for not attentively at the heaven, σπειρουσιν, ουδε θεριζουσιν, ουδε συναγουσιν εις reap, gather they sow, nor nor αποθηκας και δ πατηρ ύμων δ πρανιος τρεφει and the father of you the heavenly feeds αυτα. Ουχ ύμεις μαλλον διαφερετε αυτων; you Not greatly excel them? 27 Τις δε εξ ύμων μεριμνων δυναται προσθειναι Which and by σεγουσιασιας επι την ήλικιαν αύτου πηχυν ένα;
οτhim span one? Which and by of you being over careful is able to add 28 Και περι And about ενδυματος τι μεριμνατε; Καταμαθετε τα κρινα clothing why he over careful? Consider the lilies του αγρου πως αυξανει ου κοπια, ουδε νηθει. of the field how it grows; not it labors, nor , spins; 29 Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι ουδε Σολομων εν παση τη I say but to you, that not even Solomon in all the

ven where neither Moth nor Rust can consume, and where Thieves break not through, nor steal.

21 For where \* thy TREASURE is, there \* thy HEART will also be.

22 True LAMP of the BODY is \* thine EYE; if, therefore, thine EYE be clear, thy Whole BODY will be enlightened;

23 but if thine EYE be dim, thy Whole BODY will be darkened. If, then, THAT LIGHT which is in thee be Darkness, how great is that DARKNESS!

24 ‡ No man can serve Two Masters; for either Le will hate ONE, and love the other; or, at least, he will attend to One, and neglect the OTHER. You cannot serve God and † Mammon.

25 Therefore, I charge you, ‡ Be not anxious about your LIFE, what you shall drink; nor about your BODY, what you shall wear. Is not the LIFE of more value than FOOD, and the BODY than BAIMENT?

26 Observe the BIRDS of HEAVEN; they sow not, nor reap, nor gather into Store -houses; ‡ but your HEAVENLY FATHER feeds them. Are not nou of greater value than they?

27 Besides, which of you, by being anxious, can prolong his LIFE one

Moment?

28 And why are you anxious about Raiment? Mark the † LILLES of the FIELD. How do they grow? They neither labor nor spin;

29 yet I tell you, That not even Solomon in All

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-21. thy TREASURE.

<sup>21.</sup> thy HEART.

<sup>22.</sup> thine EYE

<sup>† 24.</sup> Mammon is a Syriac word for riches, which our Lord beautifully represents as a person whom the folly of men had deified.
† 28. Syriac—wild lilies, or lilies of the desert. Supposed by Kitto and Sir J. E. Smith to be the amaryllis lutea, a golden lilaceous flower, which grows wild in the Levant, and blooms in Autumn. Dr. Bowring thinks it is the Martagnon lily, which grows profusely in Galilee, and is of a brilliant red color.

<sup>† 22.</sup> Luke xii. 34. † 24. Luke xvi. 13. † 25. Luke xii. 22; Phil. iv. 6; 1 Pet. v 2 † 26. Job xxxviii. 41; Psa. cxlvii. 9

autns.

of her.

30 E. δοξη αύτου  $\pi$ εριεβαλετο ώς έν τουτων. glory of him was clothed like one of these.  $\delta \epsilon$  τον χορτον του αγρου, σημ $\epsilon$ ρον οντα και then the grass of the field, to-day existing and αυριον εις κλιβανον βαλλομενον, ό θεος ούτως to-morrow into an oven is being cast, the God so αμφιεννυσιν, ου πολλφ μαλλον ύμας, ολιγοπισclothes, not much more you, O you of weak 31 Μη ουν μεριμνησητε, λεγοντες Τι Not therefore you may be over careful, saying; What φαγωμεν, η τι πιωμεν, η τι περιβαλωμεθα; may we eat, or what may we drink, or what may we put on?  $^{32}$  Παντα γαρ ταυτα τα  $\epsilon\theta\nu\eta$   $\epsilon\pi\iota(\eta\tau\epsilon\iota)$  οιδε γαρ All for these the Gentiles seeks; knows for δ πατηρ ύμων δ ουρανιος, δτι χρηζετε τουτων the father of you the heavenly, that you have need of these άπαντων. <sup>33</sup> Ζητειτε δε πρωτον την βασιλειαν all. Seek you but first the kingdom του θεου και την δικαιοσυνην αυτου και ταυτα of the God and the righteousness of him; and these 34 Μη ουν μεριμπαντα προστεθησεται ύμιν. all shall be superadded to you. Not therefore be over νησητε εις την αυριον ή γαρ αυριον μεριμ-careful for the morrow; the for morrow will be over νησει \*[τα] έαυτης. Αρκετον τη ήμερα ή κακια

### КЕФ. (.' 7.

careful [the] of herself. Enough to the day the trouble

<sup>1</sup> Μη κρινετε, ίνα μη κριθητε. <sup>2</sup> Εν 'ψ γαρ Not do you judge, that not you may be judged. In what for κριματι κρ.νετε, κριθεσεσθε και εν ω μετρω judgment you judge, you shall be judged; and in what measure judgment you judge, you shart be judged,  $\mu \epsilon \tau \rho \epsilon \iota \tau \epsilon, \ \mu \epsilon \tau \rho \eta \theta \eta \sigma \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota \ \upsilon \mu \iota \nu. \qquad {}^3 T \iota \ \delta \epsilon \ \beta \lambda \epsilon \pi \epsilon \iota s$ why and seest thou το καρφος, το  $\epsilon \nu$  τ $\phi$  οφθαλμ $\phi$  του αδελφου the splinter, that in the eye of the brother σου, την δε εν τω σω οφθαλμω δοκον ου καταof thee, that but in thine-own eye beam not νοεις; <sup>4</sup> η πως ερεις τω αδελφωσου· Αφες, ceivest? or how wilt thou say to the brother of thee; Allow me, εκβαλω το καρφος απο του οφθαλμου σου· και I can pull the splinter from the eye of thee; and tδου, ή δοκος εν τω οφθαλμω σου; 5 Υποκριτα, lo, the beam in the eye of thee? Ο Hypocrite, εκβαλε πρωτον την δοκον εκ του οφθαλμου σου, first the beam out of the eye of thee, και τοτε διαβλεψεις εκβαλειν το καρφος εκ του and then thou shalt see clearly to pull the splinter out of the οφθαλμου του αδελφου σου. eye of the brother of thee.

6 Μη δωτε το αγιον τοις κυσι, μηδε βαλητε Not you may give the holy to the dogs, neither cast τους μαργαριτας ύμων εμπροσθέν των χοιρων. before the pearls of you swine;

his SPLENDOR, was arrayed like one of these.

30 If, then, God so decorate the HERR of the FIELD, (which flourishes To-day. and To-morrow will be east into a Furnace,) how much more you, O you distrustful!

31 Therefore, be not anxious, saying, What shall we eat? or, What shall we drink? or. With what shall we be clothed?

32 for all the nations require these things; and YOUR HEAVENLY FATHER knows That you have need of all these things.

33 But t seek you first \* his righteousness and KINGDOM; and all these things shall be superadded

to you.

34 Be not anxious, then. about the Morrow; for the MORROW will claim anxiety for itself. Sufficient for each DAY is its own TROUBLE.

### CHAPTER VII.

1 #Judge not, that you may not be judged;

2 for as you Judge, you will be judged; and tby the Measure you dispense, it will be measured to you.

3 ‡ And why observest thou THAT SPLINTER in thy brother's eye, and perceivest not the THORN in THINE-OWN Eye?

4 or, how wilt thou say to thy BROTHER, Let me take the SPLINTER from thine EYE; and, behold, a THORN in thine-own EYE?

5 Hypocrite! first extract the THORN from thine-own EYE, and then thou wilt see clearly to take the SPLINTER from thy BROTHER'S EYE.

6 # Give not SACRED THINGS to Dogs, nor throw your PEARLS before SWINE; lest they tread

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-33. his righteousness and kingdom.

<sup>34.</sup> the things

 <sup>1.</sup> Luke vi. 37; Rom. ii. 1; xiv. 4; 1 Cor. iv. 5; James iv. 11, 12
 2. Luke vi. 41.
 3. Luke vi. 41.
 46. Prov. ix. 7, 8; xxiii. 9. t 33. Luke xii. 31. 1 2. Mark iv. 24.

μηποτε καταπατησωσιν αυτους εν τοις ποσιν them under the feet lest they should trample αύτων, και στραφεντες δηξωσιν ύμας.

they should rend you. of them, and turning

7 Αιτειτε, και δοθησεται υμιν ζητειτε και and it shall be given to you: seek, εύρησετε· κρουετε, και ανοιγησεται ύμιν. 8 Πας you shall find; knock, and it shall be opened to you. γαρ δ αιτων λαμβανει και δ ζητων εύρισκει γαρ ο αιτων πορερούς. And the seeking finds; for the asking receives; and the seeking finds; και τω κρουοντι ανοιγησεται. 9 Η τις \*[εστιν] και τω κρουοντι ανοιγησεται. and to the knocking it shall be opened. εξ ύμων ανθρωπος, όν εαν αιτηση ό υίος αυτου a man, who if ask the son of him αρτον, μη λιθον επιδωσει αυτω; 10 και εαν ιχθυν bread, not astone will give to him? or if ειτηση, μη οφιν επιδωσει αυτω; 11 Ει ουν υμεις. he asks, not a serpent will give to him? If then you, πονηροι οντες, οιδατε δοματα αγαθα διδοναι τοις being, know gifts good to give to the τεκνοις ύμων, ποσφ μαλλον δ πατηρ ύμων, δ children of you, how much more the father of you, that εν τοις ουρανοις, δωσει αγαθα τοις αιτουσιν heavens, give good to those in the αυτον: 12 Παντα ουν, όσα  $\alpha \nu \theta \in \lambda \eta \tau \in i \nu \alpha$ him? therefore, as much soever you may will that ποιωσιν ύμιν οί ανθρωποι, ούτω και ύμεις ποιειτι should do to you the men, even so also you αυτοις ούτος γαρ εστιν δ νομος και οί προφηται. to them; this for is the law and the prophets.

13 Εισελθετε δια της στενης πυλης· ότι Enter you in through the strait gate; πλατεια ή πυλη, και ευρυχωρος ή όδος ή the and broad the road that gate, απαγουσα εις την απωλειαν. και πολλοι εισιν leading into the perdition; οἱ εισερχομενοι δὶ αυτης. and many 14 Τι στενη ή πυλη, How strait the gate, those entering through her. και τεθλιμμενη ή όδος ή απαγουσα εις την the road that leading ζωην και ολιγοι εισιν οί εύρισκοντες αυτην. are they and few finding

15 Προσεχετε δε απο των ψευδοπροφητων, Beware ye and of the false prophets, οίτινες ερχονται προς ύμας εν ενδυμασι προβαyou who in clothing come to of sheep, 16 Aπo των, εσωθεν δε εισι λυκοι άρπαγες. but they are wolves ravenous. By

των καρπων αυτων επιγνωσεσθε αυτους. Μητι fruite of them you shall know What συλλεγουσιν απο ακανθων σταφυλην, η απο do they gather from thoras a cluster of grapes, or from τριβολων συκα; 17 Ούτω παν δενδρον αγαθον figs P So every tree good

καρπους καλους ποιει το δε σαπρον δενδρον good bears; the but corrupt tree καρπους πονηρους ποιει. 18 Ου δυναται δενδρον

evil bears. Not is possible tree them under their FEET. or turning again they tear

7 ‡ Ask, and it will be given you; seek, and you will find; knock, and it will be opened to you:

8 for I EVERY-ONE who ASKS, receives; and every one who seeks, finds; and to HIM who KNOCKS, the door \* is opened.

9 Indeed, ‡ What Man among you, who, if his son request Bread, will offer him a Stone?

10 or, if he ask for a Fish, will give him a Serpent?

11 If you, then, being evil, know how to impart good Gifts to your CHIL-DREN, how much more will THAT FATHER of yours in the HEAVENS give Good things to THOSE who ask him?

12 ‡ Whatever you wish that MEN should do to you, do nou the same to them; for this is the LAW and the PROPHETS.

13 # Enter in through the NARROW Gate: for wide is the GATE of DE-STRUCTION, and broad THAT WAY LEADING thither; and MANY are they who enter through it.

14 How narrow is the GATE of LIFE! how difficult THAT WAY LEADING thither! and how FEW are they who FIND it.

15 Beware of FALSE TEACHERS, who come to you in the Garb of Sheep, while inwardly they are ravenous Wolves.

16 t By their fruits you will discover them. Are Grapes gathered from Thorns, or Figs from Thistles?

17 Every good Tree yields good Fruit; but the BAD tree produces bad Fruit.

18 A good Tree cannot

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-8. is opened. 9. is there-omit.

<sup>† 7.</sup> Matt. xxi. 22; Mark xi. 24; Luke xi. 9; John xv. 24; James i. 5. 17; Jer. xxix. 12, 13. 19. Luke xi. 11—13. 15. 2 Pet. ii. 1 3; 1 John iv. 1; Acta xx. 28—30. 112. Luke vi. 31. 1 16. Luke vi 43.

αγαθον καρπους πονηρους ποιειν, ουδε δενδρον good fruits evil to bear, neither tree σαπρου καρπους καλους ποιειν. 19 Παν δενδρον, Every good to bear. coscupt fruits μη ποιουν καρπον καλον, εκκοπτεται και εις πυρ not bearing fruit good is cut down and into a fire βαλλεται. 20 Αραγε απο των καρπων αυτων is cast. Therefore by the fruits επιγνωσεσθε αυτους:

you shall know them. 21 Ου πας δ λεγων μοι Κυριε, κυριε, εισελευ-Not all who saying to me; O Lord, O Lord, shall enter σεται εις την βασιλειαν των ουρανων αλλ' ό into the kingdom of the heavens; but he στοιων το θελημα του πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. doing the will of the father of me, of that in heavens. 22 Πολλοί ερουσι μοι εν εκείνη τη ήμερα. Κυρίε,

Many shall say to me in that the day; O Lord. κυριε, ου το σω ονοματι προεφητευσαμεν, και O Lord, not to the thy name have we prophesied, τω, σω ονοματι δαιμονία εξεβαλομέν, και τω demons . have we cast out, and to the to the thy name σω ονοματι δυναμεις-πολλας εποιησαμεν; 23 Και thy name wonders many have we done? And τοτε δμολογησω αυτοις Οτι ουδεποτε εγνων then I will declare to them; Because never Iknew ύμας αποχωρειτε απ' εμου οί εργαζομενοι την depart from me those working the ανομιαν.

-lawlessness.

24 Mas our cotts arout por tous doyous τουτους, και ποιει αυτους, δμοιωσω αυτον ανδρι Φρονιμώ, δοτις ωκοδομησε την οικιαν αύτου επι prident, who built the honse of him upon  $\tau \eta \nu \pi \epsilon \tau \rho \alpha \nu$  that  $\kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon \beta \eta \eta \beta \rho o \chi \eta$ , kat  $\eta \lambda \theta o \nu$  the rock, and fell down the rain, and came οί ποταμοι, και επνεύσαν οί ανεμοι, και προσεthe floods, and blew the winds, and beat πεσον τη οικιά εκεινή και ουκ επεσε τεθεμελιagainst the house that; and not it fell; it was founded ωτο γαρ επι την πετραν.

rock for on the

26 Και πας δ ακουων μου τους χόγους τουτους, And all who-hearing of me the words these. και μη ποιων αυτους, όμοιωθησεται ανδριμωρώ, and not doing them, shall be compared to a man foolish, δστις φκοδομησετην οικιαν αύτου επι την αμμον who built the house of him upon the sand; 27 και κατέβη ή βροχη, και ηλθον οι ποταμοι. and came the floods, . and fell down the vain, και επνευσαν οί ανεμοι, και προσεκόψαν τη blew the winds, and dashed against the οικια-εκεινη, και επεσε και ην ή πτωσις αυτης thouse that, and it fell; and was the fall μεγαλη. great.

yield bad Fruit: nor a bad Tree, good Fruit.

19 ‡ (Every Tree not producing good Fruit, is cut down, and cast into a Fire.)

20 Therefore, by their FRUITS you will discover them.

21 Not EVERY-ONE who SAYS to me, # Master, Master, will enter intothe kingdom of the HEA-VENS; but HE who PER-FORMS the WILL of THAT FATHER of mine in \* the HEAVENS.

22 Many will say to me in That DAY, Master, Master, have we not taught in THY Name? and in THY Name expelled Demons? and in THY Name performed many Wonders?

And then I will plainly declare to them, I never approved of you. Depart from me, you who PRACTISE INIQUITY.

24 Therefore, whoever hears these PRECEPTS of Mine, and obeys them; he will be compared to a prudent Man, whio built mis House on the BOCK:

25 for though the BAIN fell, and the TORRENTS came, and the winds blew, and rushed upon that nouse, it fell not, because it was founded on the ROCK.

26 But EVERY-ONE who HEARS these PRECEPTS of Mine, and disobeys them, will be compared to a foolish Man, who built IIIs House on the SAND:

27 for when the RAIN fell, and the TORRENTS came, and the WINDS blew, and dashed against that nouse, it fell, and great was its RUIN."

34 he will be compared VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-21. DIGHEAVENS. 26. prs House.

<sup>24. 819</sup> 

3 Και εγενετο, ότε συνετελεσεν ό Ιησους And it came to pass, when had finished the τους λογους τουτους, εξεπλησσοντο οί οχλοι the crowds these. were astounded the words 29 Hv 7ap διδασκων τη διδαχη αυτου. of him. He was for teaching the teaching αυτους ώς εξουσιαν εχων, και ουχ ώς οι γραμand not authority having, HATELS.

## КЕФ. А. 8.

ι Καταβαντι δε αυτώ απο του ορους, ηκολου-Coming down and to him from the mountain, followed an auto oxfol  $\pi$ oxfol.  $^2$  Kal  $\iota$  four,  $\lambda \in \pi$  pos θησαν αυτώ οχλοι πολλοι. him crowds great. And lo, a leper after ελθων προσεκυνει αυτώ, λεγων Κυριε, εαν saying;
3 Kai ekteivas to him, prostrated θελης, δυνασαι με καθαρισαι. thou wilt, thou art able me to cleanse. And putting forth την χειρα, ήψατο αυτου ὁ Ιησους, λεγων Θελω, hand, he touched him the Jesus, I will, saying; καθαρισθητι. Και ευθεως εκαθαρισθη αυτου ή And immediately was cleansed of him the he thou cleansed. 4 Και λεγει αυτφ ὁ Ιησους· 'Ορα μηδενι See And says to him the Jesus; ειπης αλλα ύπαγε, σεαυτον δειξον τω ίερει, show to the priest, thyself thou tell; but go, και προσενεγκε το δωρον, ὁ προσεταξε Μωσης, the gift, which commanded εις μαρτυριον αυτοις.

a witness to them. 5 Εισελθοντι δε αυτφ εις Καπερναουμ, προσ-Having entered and to him into Capernaum,  $\eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$  αυτώ έκατονταρχος, παρακαλών αυτον, to him a centurion, addressing 6 και λεγων. Κυριε, ὁ παις μου βεβληται εν τη in the Osir, the boy of me is laid and saying, οικια παραλυτικος, δεινως βασανιζομενος. 7 Και greatly being afflicted. a paralytic, λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. Εγω ελθων θεραπευσω to him the Jesus; will heal says coming 8 Και αποκριθεις δ έκατονταρχος εφη. αυτον. answering And the centurion said: Κυριε, ουκ ειμι ίκανος ίνα μου ύπο την στεγην that of me under the not I am fit roof εισελθης· αλλα μονον ειπε λογφ, και ιαθηspeak a word, thou shouldst enter; but only and will be 9 Και γαρ εγω ανθρωπος ειμι σεται ὁ παις μου. healed the boy of me. Even for am

28 And it happened, when Jesus had finished this DISCOURSE, that I the PEOPLE were struck with awe at his mode of IN-STRUCTION;

29 for he taught them as possessing Authority, and not as \*their SCRIBES.

### CHAPTER VIII.

Being come down from the MOUNTAIN, followed by great Crowds,

2 behold, ‡a Leper coming, prostrated himself, saying, "Sir, if thou wilt, thou canst cleanse me."

3 And JESUS extending his HAND, touched him, saying, "I will; be thou clean:" and instantly he was † purified from His LEPROSY.

4 Then JESUS says to him, "See that thou tell no one; but go, ‡show thyself to the PRIEST, and present the †OBLATION enjoined by Moses, for † Notifying [the cure] to the people.

5 1 And having entered Capernaum, a + Centurion came to him, earnestly

accosting him,

6 and saying, "Sir, my SERVANT is laid in the HOUSE, seized with palsy, being greatly afflicted."

7 \* He says to him, " #

am coming, and will cure

him."

8 \*And the CENTURION answered, "Sir, I am not worthy that thou shouldst come under my ROOF; but only command by word, and my SERVANT will be cured:

9 for even F am a man

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-29, their SCRIBES. 7. He says. 8. And the CENTURION.

<sup>† 3.</sup> By such a sign did Moses convince the house of Israel that God had sent him; and the To. By such a sign and Moses convince the nouse of israel that God had sent him; and the Jews themselves confess that leprosy is the finger of God, a disease peculiarly of his sending and removing; and that it is not lawful for the physician, or any but the priest directly appointed in his course, so much as to attempt the cure of it.—Fownson. † 4. A sin-ofiering, and a burnt-offering with the meat-offering, and the priest shall make atonement for him.—Lev. xiv 31. † 4. for notifying [the cure] to the people—so Geo. Campbell translates. The oblation could not be an evidence to the priest, as head the privilege to inspect the man in private, before he was permitted to enter the temple to make an oblation. The ceremony consequent upon obtaining this permission, was the testimony of the priest to the people, that the man's leprosy was removed, and that he was no longer excluded from society.

† 5. A Roman officer, who had the command of one hundred soldiers.

<sup>‡ 2.</sup> Mark i. 40-44; Luke v. 12-14. 28. Mark i. 22; Luke iv. 32. xiv -32. 25. Luke vii. 1-19.

ύπο εξουσιαν, εχων ύπ' εμαυτον στρατιωτας· authority, having under myself soldiers; και λεγω τουτω. Πορευθητι, και πορευεται και I say to this; Go, and he goes; and αλλφ. Ερχου, και ερχεται και τφ δουλφ μου. to another; Come, and he comes; and to the slave Ποιησον τουτο, και ποιει. <sup>10</sup> Ακουσας δ∈ δ Do this, and he does. Hearing and the Ιησους, εθαυμασε, και ειπε τοις ακολουθουσιν. was astonished, and said to those  $A\mu\eta\nu$  λεγω ύμιν, ουδε εν τω Ισραηλ τοσαυτην Indeed I say to you, not even in the Israel so great πιστιν εύρον. <sup>11</sup> Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι πολλοι απο faith I have found. I say but to you, that many from ανατολων και δυσμων ήξουσι, και ανακλιθησονται and west will come, and will lie down μετα Αβρααμ και Ισαακ και Ιακωβ εν τη βασιλwith Abraam and Isaac and Jacob in the kingdom 12 Οι δε νίοι της βασιλειας εια των ουρανων. heavens. The but sons of the kingdom εκβληθησονται εις το σκοτος το εξωτερον εκει shall be cast out into the darkness the outer; εσται δ κλαυθμος και δ βρυγμος των οδοντων. will be the weeping and the gnashing of the teeth. 13 Και ειπεν δ Ιησους τω έκατονταρχη. 'Υπαγε,

And said the Jesus to the centurion; Go, \*[και] ώς επιστευσας γενηθητω σοι. Και LaAn [and] as thou hast believed let it be done to thee. And was healed ό παις αυτου εν τη ώρα εκεινη.

the boy of him in the hour

14 Και ελθων ό Ιησους εις την οικιαν Πετρου, And coming the Jesus into the house of Peter, ειδε την πενθεραν αυτου βεβλημενην και πυρεσsaw the mother-in-law of him being laid down and burning 15 Και ήψατο της χειρος αυτης, και And he touched the hand of her, and σουσαν. with fever. . αφηκεν αυτην δ πυρετος· και ηγερθη, και διηher the fever; left and arose, and minis-16Οψιας δε γενομενης, προσηνεγ-KOVEL QUTOIS. to them. being come, Evening now they brought καν αυτφ δαιμονι(ομενους πολλους και εξεβαλε being possessed aud he cast out many; τα πνευματα λογω, και παντας τους κακως spirits by a word, and all those 17 όπως πληρωθη εχοντας εθεραπευσεν. TO having he healed; that might be fulfilled the  $\delta n\theta \in V$ δια 'Ησαιου του προφητου, λεγοντος. word spoken through Esaias the prophet, saying; « Αυτος τας ασθενειας ήμων ελαβε, και τας "Himself the weaknesses of us he took away, and the εβαστασεν." νοσους

diseases

οχλους Seeing and the Jesus great multitudes about

he removed." "INFIRMITIES, and borne 18 Ιδων δε ό Ιησους πολλους περι "our distresses."

\* appointed under Authority, having soldiers under me, say to this one, 'Go,' and he goes; to another, 'Come,' and he comes; and to my SERVANT, 'Do this,' and he does it.'

10 And JESUS listening, was astonished, and said to THOSE WALKING with him, "Indeed, I say to you, I have not found So-great Faith \* among

any in ISRAEL:

Il and I assure you, That many will come from the East and from the West, and will recline with Abraham and Isaac and Jacob, in the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS;

12 tbut the sons of the KINGDOM will be riven into the touter DARKNESS, where will be WEEPING and GNASHING

of TEETH."

13 Then JESUS said to the CENTURION, "Go; be it done to thee as thou hast believed." And \*the SERVANT Was IMMEDI-ATELY restored.

14 ‡ Then JESUS entering into Peter's House, saw his WIFE'S MOTHER lying sick of a fever:

15 and he touched her HAND, and the FEVER left her; and she arose, and entertained \* him.

16 ‡ Now, in the evening, they brought to him many demoniacs; and he expelled the SPIRITS with a Word, and cured ALL the sick;

17 that the WORD SPO-KEN through Isaiah the PROPHET might be verified, saying, 1+"He has "himself carried off our

18 And JESUS seeing

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-9. appointed under. 10. among any in. 13. and-omit. 13. the SERVANT. 15. him.

<sup>† 12.</sup> Our Lord continues the image of a feast: the banqueting room was in the night illuminated with many lamps. He who is driven out of it and the house, is in darkness, and the further he is removed, the grosser the darkness.—Wetstein.

4 17. "This man beareth away our sins, and for us he is in sorrow."—Thomson's Septuagint translation of isa. liii. 4.

<sup>\$ 16.</sup> Mark i. 32; Luke iv. 40. 1 17 Jun 188 ‡ 14. Mark i. 29-21; Luke iv. 38.

19 Kar αύτον, εκελευσεν απελθειν εις το περαν. he gave orders to depart to the otherside. And προσελθων είς γραμματευς, ειπεν αυτώ. Διδασscribe, said to him : Oteacher. coming one 20 Ka1 καλε, ακολουθησω σοι, δπου εαν απερχη. I will follow thee, where ever thou goest. λεγει αυτω δ Ιησους. Αί αλωπεκες φωλεους says to him the Jesus; The fores εγουσι, και τα πετεινα του ουρανου κατασκηνωand the birds they have, of the heaven σεις. δ δε υίος του ανθρωπου ουκ εχει, που την the but son of the man not he has, where the κεφαλην κλινη. 21 Έτερος δε των μαθητων he may rest. Another and of the αυτου είπεν αυτω Κυριε, επιτρεψον μοι πρωτον of him said to him; O master, permit thou me first 22 'Ο δε απελθειν, και θαψαι τον πατερα μου. to go, and to bury the father of me. The but Ιησους ειπεν αυτφ. Ακολουθει μοι, και αφες said to him; Follow τους νεκρους θαψαι τους έαυτων νεκρους.

dead ones to bury the of themselves dead ones.  $^{23}$  Και εμβαντι αυτ $\omega$  εις το πλοιον, ηκολουθη-And entering to him into the ship, followed σαν αυτ $\psi$  οἱ μαθηται αυτου. <sup>24</sup>Και ιδου, σεισμος to him the disciples of him. And lo, a commotion μεγας εγενετο εν τη θαλασση, ώστε το πλοιον arose in the sea, great so as the καλυπτεσθαι ύπο των κυματων αυτος δε εκαwaves; by the he 25 Και προσελθοντες οί μαθηται ηγειραν θευδε. asleep. coming the disciples αυτον, λεγοντες Κυριε, σωσον [n] [n]26 Και λεγει αυτοις. Τι δειλοι εστε, And he says to them: How timid you are, λυμεθα. perish. ολιγοπιστοι; Τοτε εγερθεις επετιμησε Oyou of weak faith? Then arising he rebuked TOIS ανεμοις και τη θαλλαση· και εγενετο γαληνη winds and the sea; and there was μεγαλη, 27Οί δε ανθρωποι εθαυμασαν, λεγοντες. The and were astonished, saying; great. men Ποταπις εστιν ούτος, ότι και οἱ ανεμοι και ἡ
What 12 this, that even the winds and the θαλασσα ύπακουουσιν αυτφ; hearken to him?

28 Και ελθοντι αυτφ εις το περαν, εις την coming to him to the other side, into the χωραι των Γεργεσηνων, ύπηντησαν αυτφ δυο country of the Gergesenes, met δαιμονιζομενοι, εκ των μνημειων εξερχομενοι, being demonized. out of the sepuichres

coming forth, χαλεποι λιαν, ώστε μη ισχυειν τινα παρελθειν

very, so that not to be able any one to pass along

\*a Crowd about him, gave orders to pass to the for-POSITE-SIDE.

19 And a certain Scribe approaching, said to him, ‡" Rabbi, I will follow thee wherever thou goest."

20 And JESUS says to him, "The FOLES have Holes, and the BIRDS of HEAVEN places of shelter. but the son of MAN has not where he may recline his head."

21 And another, one of \*the DISCIPLES said to him, ‡"Master, permit me first to go and bury my

22 But JESUS \* says to him, "Follow me; and leave the DEAD ONES to inter THEIR own Dead."
23 Then going on board

\* a Boat, his DISCIPLES

followed him.

24 I And behold, there arose a violent Tempest in the LAKE, so that the BOAT was being covered by the BILLOWS; but he was asleep.

25 And \*they came and awoke him, saying, "Save, Master; we perish!"

26 And he says to them, "Why are you afraid, O you distrustful?" Then arising, he rebuked the WINDS and the SEA, and there was a great Calm.

27 And the MEN were astonished, saying, "How great is this man! for even the WINDS and the

SEA obey him."

28 # And coming to the OPPOSITE-SIDE, into the REGION of the \* GADA-RENES, there met him two Demoniacs, coming forth from the MONUMENTS, 80 very furious, that no one was able to pass along by: that ROAD.

<sup>22.</sup> says. 28. Cana-\* Vatican Manuscrift—18. a Crowd. 21. the dis Boat—so Lachmann and Tischendorf. 25. they came. REBES—so Tischendorf; but Lachmann reads Gerasenes. 21. the DISCIPLES. 25. us-omit.

<sup>1 18.</sup> Opposite side or shore of the Lake Gennesareth. Crossing this lake does not always denote sailing from the east side to the west, or inversely; though the river Jordan, b th above and below the lake, ran southwards. The lake was of such a form, that, without any impropriety, it might be said to be crossed in other directions, even by those who kept on the same side of the Jordan.—Campbell.

<sup>‡ 19</sup> Luke ix. 57. ‡ 28. Mark v 1; Luke viii. 26.

29 Kat δια την όδου εκεινης. ιδου, εκραξαν they cried out the way that. And lo. λεγοντες Τι ήμιν και σοι, υίε του θεου; Ηλ-What to us and to thee, O son of the God? Comest θες ώδε προ καιρου βασανισαι ήμας; <sup>30</sup> Ην δε thou here before a destined time to torment us? There was now απ' αντων αγελη χοιρων πολλων at some distance from them a herd of swine βοσκομένη. 31 Οί δε δαιμονές παρεκαλουν αυτον, The and demons implored him, feeding. λεγοντες. Ει εκβαλλεις ήμας, αποστειλου ήμας If thou cast out us, send saying; εις την αγελην των χοιρων. 32 Και ειπεν αυτοις· to the herd of the swine. And he said to them ; Οί δε εξελθοντες απηλθον εις τους Ύπαγετε. Go; They and coming out they went to χοιρους. Και ιδου, ώρμησε πασα ή αγελη κατα And lo, rushed whole the herd down του κρημνου εις την θαλασσαν, και απεθανον εν the steep place into the lake, died ~in and 33 Οί δε βοσκοντες εφυγον, τοις ύδασιν. fied, They and feeding them απελθοντες εις την πολιν, απηγγειλαν παντα, arriving at the city, related all, 34 Και ιδου, πασα και τα των δαιμονι(ομενων. and that of those being demonized. And lo, whole ή πολις εξηλθεν εις συναντησιν τω Ιησου. Kal went out to a meeting to the Jesus; ιδοντες αυτον, παρεκαλεσαν, όπως μεταβη him. they entreated, that he would depart seeing απο των δριων αυτων. from the coasts of them.

# KE $\phi$ , $\theta'$ , 9.

Ι Και εμβας εις το πλοιον, διεπερασε, And stepping into the boat, he passed over, and ηλθεν εις την ιδιαν πολιν. 2Και ιδου, προσεφερον came to the own city. And lo, they brought αυτφ, παραλυτικον, επι κλινης βεβλημενον. to him, a paralytic, upon a bed lying. Και ιδων δ Ιησους την πιστιν αυτων, ειπε τω of them, he said to the And seeing the Jesus the faith παραλυτικώ Θαρσει, τεκνον αφεωνται \*[σοι]
paralytie; Take courage, son; are forgiven [thee]

29 And, behold, they cried out, saying, "What hast thou to do with us, O Son of GoD? Comest thou hither before the appointed Time, to torment us?"

30 Now there was at some distance from them a great Herd of Swine

feeding.

31 And the DEMONS implored him, saying, "If thou dismiss us, send us away to the HERD of

SWINE."

32 And he said to them. "Go." And THEY, going forth, went away to the SWINE; and behold, the Whole HERD rushed down t the PRECIPICE into the LAKE, and perished in the WATERS.

33 Then the SWINE-HERDS fled, and reaching the CITY, related all this, and the THINGS concerning the DEMONIACS.

34 And presently the Whole CITY came torth to meet Jesus, and seeing him, they entreated that he would retire from their VICINITY.

### CHAPTER IX.

1 Then stepping on board \*a Boat, he crossed the lake, and came to his TOWN City.

2 And they brought to him a paralytic, lying on a Bed: and JESUS perceiving their FAITH, said to the PARALYTIC, "Scn,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-1. a Boat. 2. thee-omit

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift—1. a Boat.

2. thee—omit

† 32. The following extract from "Hackett's Tour in the Holy Land," will serve as an illustration:—"Country of the Gadarenes.—I spent a night, and part of two days, in the vicinity of the Lake of Tiberias. My tent was pitched near the Hot Baths, about a mile south of the town of Tiberias, and, consequently, near the south end of the lake. In looking across the water to the other side, I had before me the country of the Gadarenes, where the swine, impelled by an evil spirit, plunged into the sea. I was struck with a mark of accuracy in the sacred writers, which had never occurred to me till then. They state that 'the swine ran violently down the steep place or precipice,' (the article being required by the Greek,) 'and were choked in the waters.' It is implied here, first, the hills in that region approach near the water; and, secondly, that they fall off so abruptly along the shore, that it would be natural for a writer, familiar with that fact, to refer to it as well known. Both these implications are correct. A mass of rocky hills overlook the sea on that side, so near the water, that one sees their dark outline reflected from its surface, while their sides, in general, are so steep, that a person familiar with the scenery would hardly think of speaking of a steep place or precipice, where so much of the coast forms but one continuous precipice. Our translators omit the definite article, and show, by this inadvertence, how naturally the more exact knowledge of the Evangelists influenced their language."

1.1 Matt iv. 13. 1.2 Mark ii. 3: Luke v. 18.

<sup>1 1.</sup> Matt iv. 13. 1 2. Mark ii. 3; Luke v. 18.

αι άμαρτιαι σου. <sup>3</sup> Και ίδου, τίνες των γραμμα-the sins of thee. And lo, some of the scribes 4 Kai τεων ειπον εν έαυτοις. Ούτος βλασφημει. said among themselves; This blasphenies. And δ Ιησ υς τας ενθυμησεις αυτην, ειπεν. knowing the Jesus the thoughts of them, says; 'Ι ατι ύμεις ενθυμεισθε πονηρα εν ταις καρδιαις evila in the think hearts Ti γαρ εστιν ευκοπωτερον:
Which for is easier? uwv: ειπειν. you? to say, Αφεωνται σου αί άμαρτιαι; η ειπειν Εγειραι Are forgiven of thee the sins? or to say: Arise και περιπατει; 6 Ινα δε ειδητε ότι εξουσιαν That but you may know that walk? authority εχει δ υ ιος του ανθρωπου επι της γης αφιεναι has the son of the man on the earth to forgiveάμαρτιας (τοτε λεγει τω παραλυτικώ) Εγερ-(then he says to the paralytic;) θεις αρού σου την κλινην, και ύπαγε εις τον take up of thee the bed, and go οικον σου. ΤΚαι εγερθεις απηλθεν εις τον οικον house of thee. And arising he went to the house αύτου. <sup>8</sup> Ιδοντες δε οι οχλοι εθαυμασαν, και Seeing and the crowds wondered, ot him. εδοξασαν τον θεον, τον δοντα εξουσιαν τοιαυτην glorified the God, that having given authority so great τοις ανθρωποις.

tothe men. 9 Και παραγων δ Ιησους εκειθεν, ειδεν ανθρω-And passing on the Jesus from thence, he saw a man πον καθημένον επι το τελωνιον. Ματθαιον sitting at the custom-house, λεγομενον και λεγει αυτώ. Ακολουθει μοι. and he says to him; Follow being named; me. Και αναστας ηκολουθησεν αυτω. 10 Και εγενετο, And it happened, Aud rising up he followed him. αυτου ανακειμένου εν τη οικία, και ίδου, πολλοι of hun reclining at table in the house, and lo, τελωναι και αμαρτωλοι ελθοντες συνανεκε ντο publicans and sinners coming reclined τω Ιησου και τοις μαθηταις αυτου. and the disciples of him. with the Jesus ιδοντες οἱ Φαρισαιοι ειπον τοις μαθηταις αυτου. seeing th Pharisees said to the disciples of him; Διατι μετα των τελωνων και άμαρτωλων εσθιει Why with the publicans and sinners δ διδασκαλος ύμων: 12 'Ο οε Ιησους ακουσας. the teacher of you? The and Jesus hearing  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu * [\alpha \upsilon \tau \circ \iota s \cdot]$  Ou  $\chi \rho \epsilon \iota \alpha \nu \epsilon \chi \upsilon \upsilon \sigma \iota \nu \circ \iota \iota \sigma \chi \upsilon \upsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon s$ says [to them,;] No need have those being well 13 Πορευθεντες ίατρου, αλλ' οί κακως ενουτες. of a physician, but those sick being. You are going " Ελεον θελω, και ου δε μαθέτε, τι εστιν. learn what is; Mercy I wish, and not

take courage; Thy sins are forgiven."

3 And behold, some of the SCRIBES said among themselves, "This man blasphemes."

4 But Jesus discerning their THOUGHTS, said, "Why do you think evil [things] in your HEARTS?

5 For, which is easier? to say, \*Thy sins are forgiven; or to say, [with effect,] Arise, and walk?

6 But that you may know that the son of Man has Authority on EARTH to forgive Sins," (then he says to the PARALYTIC.) "Arise, take up Thy BED, and go to thy House."

7 And arising, he went

to his House.

8 And the PEOPLE seeing it, \*feared and praised THAT GOD who had GIVEN such Authority to MEN.

9 ‡ And Jesus, passing on from thence, saw a Man, named Matthew, sitting at the † TAX-OF-FICE; and he says to him, "Follow me." And he arose, and followed him.

10 And it came to pass, as he was reclining at table in his house, behold, ‡ Many Tribute-takers and † Sinners coming, reclined with Jesus and his disciples.

11 And the Pharisees observing it, said to his disciples, "Why does your teacher get with tribute takers and Sinners."

12 But \* HE hearing it, says, "THEY who are in HEALTH have no need of a Physician, but THEY who are SICK.

13 But go, and learn what that is, ‡'I desire

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-5. Thy sins. hearing. 12. to them-omit.

<sup>8.</sup> feared—so Lach. and Tisch.

<sup>12.</sup> HE

<sup>† 9.</sup> Probably an office erected on the side of the lake for collecting toll of passengers, and receiving the customs for goods carried by water. † 10. The word hamartoolos, sinner, is generally used in the Gospels, and indeed throughout the N. T., either to signify Gentile, or such of the Jews who, from their illicit practices, were looked upon in the same light with the Gentiles. See Gal. ii, 15.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Mark ii. 14; Luke v. 27. :13, Hos. vi. 6; Matt. xii. 7.

θυσιαν." Ου γαρ ηλθον καλεσαι δικαιους, αλλ' a sacrifice." Not for I am come to call just persons, but άμαρτωλους.

sinners.

14Τοτε προσερχονται αυτφοί μαθηται Ιωαυνου, to him the disciples o. ohn, came λεγοντες. Διατι ήμεις και οί Φαρισαιοι υποτενwe and the Pharisees Why saying; ομεν \*[πολλα,] οί δε μαθηται σου ου νηστευουσι; [much,] the but disciples of thee not

15 Και ειπεν αυτοις δ Ιησους· Μη δυνανται οί υίοι And says to them the Jesus Not are able the sons  $\tau o \nu \nu \mu \phi \omega \nu o s$   $\pi \epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon \iota \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \phi$   $\delta \sigma o \nu \mu \epsilon \tau$   $\alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu$  of the bridal chamber to mourn, in as much with them εστιν δ νυμφιος: Ελευσονται δε ήμεραι, όταν shell come but days, when απαρθη απ' αυτων δ νυμφιος, και τοτε νηστευmay be taken from them the bridegroom, and then they shall σουσιν. 16 Ουδεις δε επιβαλλει επιβλημα δακους No one now puts αγναφου επι ίματιω παλαιω. αιρει γαρ το πληunfulled on to a mantle old; takes away for the patch ρωμα αυτου απο του ίματιου, και χειρον σχισμα 17 Ουδε βαλλουσιν οινον νεον εις inco do they put. wine new ασκους παλαιους ει δε μηγε, βηγυυνται οί ασκοι, if but not, burst bottles old; και δ οινος εκχειται, και οί ασκοι απολουνται and the wine is spilled, and the bottles are destroyed; αλλα βαλλουσιν οινον νεον εις ασκους καινους, wine new into bottles they put και αμφοτεροι συντηρουνται. both

are preserved together. 18 Ταυτα αυτου λαλουντος, αυτοις, ιδου, αρχων to them, lo, armer OTL  $\mathring{\eta}$ These of him speaking, ελθων προσεκυνει αυτώ, λεγων Eis That the prostrated to him, saying, certam coming θυγατηρ μου αρτι ετελευτησεν αλλα ελθων daughter of me now is dead; but coming επίθες την χειρα σου επ' αυτην, και ζησεται.
lay the hand of thee upon her, and she shall her. 19 Και εγερθεις δ Ιησους ηκολουθησεν αυτω, arising the Jesus went after And 20 Και ιδου, γυνη αίμορκαι οἱ μαθηται αυτου. and lo, awoman having a and the disciples of him. προσελθουσα οπισθεν, δυουσα δωδεκα ετη, now of blood twelve years, approaching behind, ήψατο του κρασπεδου του ίματιου αυτου. 21Ελtouched the She tuft of the mantle of him. εγε γαρ εν έαυτη. Εαν μονον άψωμαι τ υ ίματιου εγε γαρ εν εκωί η If only I can touch the manner of the forwithin herself; If only I can touch the manner of the formula of t of him, I shall be healed, The but Jesus turning

'Compassion, † and not 'a Sacrifice;' for I came not to call Righteous men, but Sinners."

14 Then John's DISCI-PLES accosting him, said, "THE and the PHARIsees fast, why not also thy DISCIPLES?"

15 And JESUS says to them, ‡" Can the BBIDE. MEN mourn, while the BRIDEGROOM is with them? But the Time will come, when the BRIDE-GROOM will be taken from them, f and then they will

16 No one puts a Piece of undressed Cloth on an old Garment; because the PATCH itself would tear the GARMENT, and a worse

Rent be made.

17 Neither do persons put new Wine into old †Sking; for if they do, the SKI: burst, and the WINE is spilled, and the SKINS are destroyed: but they put new Wine into new Skins, and both are preserved."

18 # While he was thus speaking to them, a certain Ruler coming, prostrated to him, saying, " My DAUGHTER 18 by this time dead; but come, lay thy HAND on her, and she will revive."

19 And Jesus arising, with his DISCIPLES, followed him.

20 ‡ And, behold, a Woman, having been afflicted with an hemorrhage for Twelve Years, coming behind, touched the TUFT of his MANTLE;

21 for she said within herself, "If I can only touch his mantle, I shall be cured."

22 Jesus turning, and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-14. much-omit.

<sup>† 13. &</sup>quot;I desire mercy, rather than sacrifice."—Septuagint.

† 15. The force of our Lord's answer will appear more appropriate from the fact that John was now in prison, so that his followers were fasting in consequence of their master's removal from them.

† 17. Skins of the kid were very much used by the ancients for their wine. They were used whole, and the openings for the legs and head were tied up with strings. They were not strong enough to be used a second time for the same purpose.—Samuel Sharpe.

<sup>1 15.</sup> John iii. 29. 1 18. Mark v. 22; Luke vill. 41 1 14. Mark ii. 18; Luke v. 38. 2 20. Mark v. 25; Luke viii. 48.

Θαρσει, θυγατερ ή Take courage, daughter; the και ιδων αυτην, ειπε. her, said; and seeing Και εσωθη ή γυνη απο πιστις σου σεσωκε σε. And was well the woman from faith of thee has saved thee. 23 Και ελθων δ Ιησους εις της ώρας εκεινης. And coming the Jesus into of that. the hour την οικιαν του αρχοντος, και ιδων τους αυλητας, and seeing the flute-players, the house of the ruler, και τον οχλον θορυβουμενον, 24 λεγει \*[αυτοις·
and the crowd making a noise, says

[to them-] [to them;] Αναχωρειτε ου γαρ απεθανε το κορασιον, αλλα Withdraw; not for is dead the 25 'Οτε δε καθευδει. Και κατεγελών αυτου. When but And they derided hım. χειρος αυτης και ηγερθη το κορασιον. εξηλθεν ή φημη αύτη εις όλην την γην εκεινην. went forth the report this into all the

27 Και παραγοντι εκειθεν τω Ιησου, ηκολου-And passing on from there the Jesus, went θησαν \*[αυτω] δυο τυφλοι, κραζοντες και after two blind men, crying out and λεγοντες Ελεησον ήμας, υίε Δαυιδ. 28 Ελθοντι saying; Have pity on us, O son of David, Being come δε εις την οικιαν, προσηλθον αυτώ οἱ τυφλοι, and into the house, came to him the blind men, και λεγει αυτοις ο Ιησους: Πιστευετε, ότι δυναand says to them the Jesus; Do you believe, that I am μαι τουτο ποιησαι, Λεγουσιν αυτώ. Ναι κυριε. to do? They say to him; Yes O master; able this 29 Τοτε ήψατο των οφθαλμων αυτων, λεγων Then he touched the eyes of them, saying Κατα την πιστιν ύμων γενηθητω ύμιν. <sup>30</sup> Και According to the faith of you be it done to you. ανεωχθησαν αυτων οί οφθαλμοι. Και ενεβριμηwere pened of them the eyes. And strictly σατο αυτοις ὁ Ιησους, λεγων 'Ορατε, μηδεις charged them the Jesus. saying; See, no one 31 Οί δε εξελθοντες διεφημισαν γινωσκετω. having gone published νη. 32 Αυτων δε εξερ-They but knows. αυτον εν όλη τη γη εκεινη. These and going χομενων, ιδου, προσηνεγκαν αυτώ ανθρωπον lo, they brought to him a man κωφον, δοιμονιζομενον. 33 Και εκβληθεντος του being demonized. And having cast out the δαιμονιου, ελαλησε δ κωφος. Και εθαυμασαν spoke the dumb. And were astonished demon, οί οχλοι, λεγοντες. Ουδεποτε εφανη ούτως εν the crowds, saying; Never was it seen thus

seeing her, said, "Taka courage, Daugnter; thy FAITH has cured thee." And the WOMAN was wel from that HOUR.

23 ‡ Jesus being come into the RULER'S HOUSE, and seeing the † FLUTE-PLAYERS and the CROWD making lamentation.

24 says to them, "Leave the place; for the GIRL is not dead, but sleeps." And they derided him.

25 But when the COM-PANY was excluded, he entering in, grasped her HAND, and the GIRL was raised.

26 And the REPORT of this [miracle] went forth through All that REGION.

27 And Jesus passing from thence, Two Blind men followed, exclaiming, "O Son of David, have compassion on u's!"

28 And being come into the HOUSE, the BLIND men came to him; and JESUS says to them, "Do you believe That I can do this?" They reply to him, "Yes Master."

"Yes, Master."
29 Then he touched their Eyes, saying, "Be it done to you according to

your FAITH."

30 And Their EYES were opened; and JESUS strictly charged them, saying, "See that you inform no one."

31 But they, having departed, spread his fame through All that LAND.

32 Now, as these men were going out, behold, there was brought to him a Durab man, being demonized.

33 And the DEMON having been expelled, the DUMB man spoke, and the PEOPLE were astonished, saying, "Never was it thus seen in ISRAEL!"

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-24. to them-omit. 27. him-omit.

<sup>† 23.</sup> Servius on Virgil says, "The funerals of the elder sort with the trumpet, and those of the younger with the flute." Lightfoot remarks, "On the death of his wife even the poorest Jew will afford not less than two pipes (or flutes,) and one woman to make lamentation." See 2 Chron. xxxv. 25; Eccles. xii. 5; Jer. ix. 17; xlviii. 36.

<sup>1 23.</sup> Mark v. 38; Luke viii. 51.

τω Ισραηλ. 34 Οί δε Φαρισαίοι ελεγον. Εν τω to the Israel. The but Pharisees said; By the aρχοντι των δαιμονιων εκβαλλει τα δαιμονια. prince of the demons he casts out the demons.

35 Και περιηγεν ὁ Ιησους τας πολεις πασας And went about the Jesus the cities all και τας κωμας, διδασκων εν ταις συναγωγαις and the villages, teaching in the synagogues αυτων, και κηρυσσων το ευαγγελιον της βασιλοfthem, and publishing the glad tidings of the kingdom, ειας, και θεραπευων πασαν νοσον και πασαν μαλακιαν.

malady.

36 Ιδων δε τους οχλους, εσπλαγχνισθη περι Seeing and the crowds, he was moved with pity for αυτων, ότι ησαν εσκυλμενοι και ερβιμμενοι, them, because they were jaded and scattered, ώσει προβωτώ μη εχούτα ποιμένα. <sup>37</sup> Τοτε λεγεί Then he says sheep not having a snepherd. τοις μαθηταις αύτου 'Ο μεν δερισμος πολυς, οί To the disciples of him; The indeed havest plentous, the  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \rho \gamma \alpha \tau \epsilon \iota c \lambda \iota \gamma \iota \iota$ . Implore then the but laborers few. Implote the first point of the harvest, that he would send out laborers into the heologian above. KEP. i. 10. I kai programme having and having but laborers few. harvest of him. And having καλεσαμενος τους δωδεκα μαθητας αύτου, εδωthe twelve disciples of him, κεν αυτοις εξουσιαν πνευματων ακαθαρτων, ώστε gave to them authority spirits unclean, so as εκβαλλειν αυτα, και θεραπευειν πασαν νοσον to cast out them, and to heal every disease και πασαν μαλακιαν. and every malady.

2 Των δε δωδεκα αποστολων τα ονοματα Of the now twelve apostles the names

εστι ταυτα πρωτος, Σιμων ο λεγομενος

are these; first, Simon that being called Πετρος, και Ανδρεας ὁ αδελφος αυτου· Ιακω-Peter, and Andrew the brother of him; βος ὁ του Ζεβεδαιου, και Ιωαννης ὁ αδελφος that of the Zebedee, and John the brother αυτου <sup>3</sup>Φιλιππος, και Βαρθολομαιος Θωμας, και of him; Philip, and Bartholomew; Thomas, and Ματθαιος δ τελωνης Ιακωβος δ του Αλφαιου, Matthew the tax-gatherer; James that of the Alpheus, και  $\stackrel{*}{\sim}$  [Λεββαιος δ επικληθεις] Θαδδαιος  $\stackrel{4}{\sim}$   $\stackrel{4}{\sim}$  [Lebbeus that surnamed] Thaddeus: Simon ό κανανιτης, και Ιουδας ό Ισκαριωτης, ό και Judas that Iscariot, the Canaanite, and who even παραδους αυτον. delivered up him.

5 Toutous τους δωδεκα απεστείλεν δ Iησους, These the twelve sent forth the Jesus παραγγείλας αυτοις, λεγων Εις όδον εθνων μη commanding them, saying; Into avoid of Gentiles not απελθητε, και εις πολιν Σαμαρείτων μη εισελγου may go, and into a city of Samaritans not you may

said, ‡"He expels the DEMONS by the PRINCE of the DEMONS."

35 ‡And Jesus went through all the cittles and Villages teaching in their SYMAGOGUES, and announcing the GLAD TIDINGS of the KINGDOM, and curing Every Disease and Every Malady.

36 ‡ And beholding the CROWDS, he deeply pitied them, Because they were being harassed and dispersed, as Sheep having no Shepherd.

37 Then he says to his DISCIPLES, ‡"The HAR-VEST indeed is great, but the REAPERS are few:

38 beseech, therefore, the LORD of the HAR-VEST, that he would send Laborers to REAP it."

#### CHAPTER X.

And having summoned his TWELVE Disciples. the gave them Authority to expel impure Spirits, and to cure Diseases and Maladies of Every kind.

2 Now these are the NAMES of the TWELVE Apostles; The first, THAT Simon, NAMED Peter, and Andrew his BROTHER; THAT James, son of Zebedee, and John his Brother;

3 Philip and Bartholomew; Thomas, and Matthew the TRIBUTE TA-KER; THAT James, son of ALPHÆUS; and Thaddeus;

4 Simon the Canaanite; and THAT Judas Iscariot, who even delivered him up.

5 These TWELVE JESUS commissioned, instructing them, saying, "Go not Away to the Gentiles, and enter not any city of the Samaritans;

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-3. THAT Lebbæus, surnamed-omit.

† 34. Mark iii. 22; xxxiv. 5; Jer. xxxii. 1—4. † 37. Luke x. 2; John iv. 3 t 36. Mark vi. 34; Ezek.

 $\theta \eta \tau \epsilon$ . 6 Πορευεσθε δε μαλλον προς τα ποοβατα enter. G you but rather to the sheep 7 Πορευομέν ι δε τα ιπηλωλοτα οικου Ισραηλ. perishing house f Israel. Passing on you. way and κηρυσσετε, λεγουτες 'Οτι ηγγικευ η βασιλεια preach you, saying; That has come nigh the kingdom 8 Α- Θεν υντας θεραπευετε, νεκτων ουρανων. of the heavens. Those being sick heal. ρους εγειρετε, λεπρους καθαριζετε, δαιμονια raise up, lepers cleanse, εκβαλλετε δωρεαν ελαβετε, δωρεαν δοτε.

freely you have received, freely give. cast out; 9 Μη κτυσησθε χρυσον, μηδε αργυρον, μηδε silver. provide gold nor χαλκον εις τας ζωνας ύμων. 10μη πηραν εις όδον, copper in the belts of you; not a bag for a journey, μηδε δυο χιτωνας, μηδε ύποδηματα, μηδε ραβδον. tunies, nor sandals, nor Αξιος γαρ δ εργατης της τροφης αύτου εστιν. Worthy for the laborer of the food of him 11 Εις ήν δ' αν πολιν η κωμην εισελθητε,

Into what and ever city or country-town you may enter, εξετασατε, τις εν αυτη αξιος εστι κακει μεινατε, search out, who in her worthy is; and there abide, 12 Εισερχομενοι δε εις την έως αν εξελθητε.

till you go thence. and into the Entering οικιαν, ασπασασθε αυτην. 13 Και εαν μεν her. house. salute And if indeed may be ή οικια άξια, ελθετω ή ειρηνη ύμων επ' αυτην. the house worthy, let come the peace of you on εαν δε μη η αξια, ή ειρηνη ύμων προς ύμας if but not may be worthy, the peace of you to you 14 Και ός εαν μη δεξηται ύμας, επιστραφητω. And who if not may receive you, let it turn.

μηδε ακουση τους λογους ύμων, εξερχομενοι της nor hear the words of you, coming out of the οικιας η της πολεως εκεινης, εκτιναξατε τον house or of the city that, shake off the κονιορτον των ποδων ύμων. 15 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, the

Indued I say of the feet of you. to you, ανεκτοτερον έσται γη Σοδομων και Γομορόων εν more tolerable will be land of Sodom and Gomorrah in 16 Ιδου, εγω ημερα κρισεως, η τη πολει εκεινη. of trial, than the city nat La

αποστελλω ύμας ώς προβατα εν μεσφ λυκων. send you as sheep in midst of wolves. Γινεσθο ουν φρονιμοι ως οί οφεις, και ακεραιοι Be ye therefore wise as the serpents, and artless

cis αί **π**εριστεραι. as the doves.

17 Προσεχετε δε απο των ανθρωπων. Παρα-Take heed and of the men. They will δωσουσι γαρ ύμας εις συνεδρια, και εν ταις hand over for you to sanhedrins, and in the

6 # But go rather to the PERISHING SEEEP of the Stock of Israel.

7 ‡ And as you go, pro-claim, saying, The KING-DOM of the LEAVENS has approached.

8 Heal the Sick, t[raise the Jead, leanse Lepers. expe. Demons; freely you have received, freely give.

9 Provide neither Gold. nor Silver, nor Copper, in

vour † GIRDLES:

10 carry no Traveling Bag, no spare Clothes, Shoes, or Staff; # tor the WORKMAN is worthy of his MAINTENANCE.

11 And whatever City or Village you enter, in-quire what worthy person resides there; and remain with him till you leave the place.

12 When you enter the HOUSE, salute the family.

13 And if the FAMILY be worthy, let the PEACE you wish come upon them; but if tenworthy, let your PEACE return \* upon yourselves.

14 And whoever will not receive you, nor hear your words, in departing from that House or CITY. shake the DUST off your FEET.

15 Indeed, I say to you, tit will be more endurable for the Land of Sodom and Gomorrah, in a Day of Judgment, than for that CITY.

16 # Behold! # send you forth as Sheep \*into the Midst of Wolves; be, therefore, sagacious as SERPENTS, and innocent as DOVES.

17 But beware of these MEN; ; for they will deliver you up to High

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-13. upon you. 16. into

<sup>† 8. [</sup>Raise the Dead.] This clause, though found in the Vatican, is wanting in a great number of MSS. Griesbach excluded it from his first edition of the Greek text, but inserted it in subsequent editions, marked as doubtful. Campbell, Wetstein, and Wakefield reject it. Macknight, Whithy, and Doddridge think it better to retain the clause, as it is evident some passages in this discourse refer to events which did not immediately take place. See verses 13, 21, 23. † 9. Their purses were commonly in their girdles.

<sup>: 10.</sup> Tim. v. 18.

συναγωγαις αύτων μαστιγωσουσιν ύμας. 18 και synagogues of them they shall scourge you; and επι ήγεμονας δε και βασιλεις αχθησεσθε ένεκεν before governors and also kings you shall be lead on account εμου, εις μαρι υριον αυτοις και τοις εθνεσιν. οf me, for a witness to them and to the nations. 19 τοταν δε παραδιδωσιν ύμας, μη μεριμνησητε,

When but they shall deliver up you, not you may be anxious,  $\pi \omega s \ \eta \ \tau \iota \ \lambda \alpha \lambda \eta \tau \eta \tau \epsilon \delta \theta \eta \sigma \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota \ \gamma \alpha \rho \ \dot{\nu} \mu \iota \nu \ \epsilon \nu$ how or what you must speak, με shall be soon γαρ ύμεις εκεινη τη ώρα, τι λαλησετε. 20 Ου γαρ ύμεις what you shall speak. Not for you how or what you must speak; it shall be given for to you in εστε οί λαλουντες, αλλα το πνευμα του πατρος are the speaking, but the spirit of the father ύμων, το λαλουν εν ύμιν. 21 Παραδωσει δε of you, that is speaking in you. Will give up αδελφος αδελφον εις θανατον, και πατηρ τεκνον a brother a brother to death, and a father a child; και επαναστησονται τεκνα επι γονεις, και θαναchildren against parents, and deliver shall rise up πασουσιν αυτους. 22 και εσεσθε μισουμενοι ύπο to death them; and you will be being hated by παντων δια το ονομα μου. 'Ο δε ύπομεινας εις for the name of me. The but persevering τελος, ούτος σωθησεται end, the same shall be saved.

23 Όταν δε διωκωσιν ύμας εν τη πολει ταυτη, When but they persecute you in the city φευγετε εις την έτεραν καν εκ ταυτης διωκωσιν flee into the other, and if out of this they persecute ύμας, φευγετε εις την αλλην. Αμην γαρ λεγω vou. flee into the other. Indeed for I say ύμιν, ου μη : ελεσητε τας πολεις του Ισραηλ, to you, in no wise you may finish the cities of the Israel. έως αν ελθη δ υίος του ανθρωπου. 24 Ουκ εστι till may come the son of the man. μαθητης ύπερ τον διδασκαλον, ουδε δουλος ύπερ a disciple above the teacher, nor a slave above 25 Αρκετον τω μαθητη ίνα Sufficient to the disciple that τον κυριον αύτου. the lord of him. γενηται ώς ὁ διδασκαλος αυτου, και ὁ δουλος ώς he be as the teacher ofhun, and the slave as δ κυριος αυτου Ει τον οικοδεσποτην Βεελ (εβουλ the lord of him. If the master of the house επεκαλεσαν, ποσφ μαλλον τους οικιακους αυτου; they have named, how much more the domestics of him? 26 Μη ουν φοβηθητε αυτους. Oυδεν γαρ εστι Nothing for is Not therefore you may fear them. κεκαλυμμενον, δ ουκ αποκαλυφθησεται. και naving been covered, which not shall be uncovered;

Councils, and scourge you in their SYNAGOGUES;

18 and they will bring you before Governors and Kings, on my account, to bear Testimony to them and the GENTILES.

19 ‡ But when they deliver you up, be not anxious how, or what you shall speak, because what you should say shall be suggested to you in That MOMENT.

20 For it is not nou that shall speak; but the spibit of your father is that which speaks by

21 Then Brother will deliver up Brother to Death, and a Father his Child; and Children will rise up against Parents, and cause them to die.

22 And you will be hated by all on account of my NAME. But HE who PATIENTLY ENDURES to the End, will be saved.

23 But when they persecute you in this city, fly to the other; †[and from that, if they persecute you, take refuge in another;] for indeed I declare to you, you will not have gone through the cities of \*Israel, till the son of Man be come.

24 ‡ A Disciple is not above his TEACHER, no. a Servant above his MAS-

25. It is sufficient for the disciple that he be as his teacher, and the servant as his master. If they have called the householder Beelzebul, how much more those of his household?

26 ‡ Therefore, fear them not; for there is nothing concealed, which will not be discovered;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-23. Israel.

<sup>† 23.</sup> This sentence is not found in the Vatican MS., though it is approved by Griesback. Clarke says—"This clause is found in MSS D L, and eight others; the Armenian, Saxon, all the Itala except three; Athan, Theodor., Tertul., August., Ambr., Hilar., and Juveneus. Bencel in his gnomon, approves of this reading. On the above authorities, Griesbach has inserted it in his text. It probably made a portion of this gospel as written by Matthew."

<sup>† 19.</sup> Mark xiii. 11; Luke xii. 11. † 21. Luke xxi. 16. John xiii 16; xv. 20. † 26. Mark iv. 22; Luke viii. 17; xii. 2.

κρυπτον, ό ου γνωσθητεται. Τ'Ο λεγα ύμιν εν τη σκοτια, ειπατε εν τφ φωτι και δ εις το ous the darkness, speak in the light; and what in the ear ακουετε, κηρυξατε επι των δωματων· 28 Και μη you hear, preach you on the house-tops, φοβεισθε απο των αποκτενοντων το σωμα, την the be afraid of those killing the body, δε ψυχην μη δυναμενων αποκτειναι φοβηθητε life not being able to kill; but be afraid δε μαλλον τον δυναμενον και ψυχην και σωμα but rather that being able both lite and body 29 Ουχι δυο απολεσαι εν γεεννη.
to destroy in Gehenna. στρουθια Not two sparrows. ασσαριου πωλειται; και έν εξ αυτων ου πεσειan assarius are sold? and one of them not ται επι την γην ανευ του πατρος ύμων. 30 Υμων fall upon the earth without the father of you. Of you δε και αί τριχες της κεφαλης πασαι ηριθμημεναι and even the bairs of the head all being numbered εισι. <sup>31</sup> Μη ουν φοβηθητε· πολλων στρουθιων are. Not therefore learyou; many sparrows διαφερετε ύμεις. are hetter

32 ΙΙας ουν δστις δμολογησει εν εμοι εμπροσ-All therefore whoever shall confess to me in presence θεν των ανθρωπων, δμολογησω καγω εν αυτφ men. I will confess even I to of the him εμπροσθεν του πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. in presence of the father of me, of that in heavens.  $83^{\circ}$ Οστις  $\delta'$  αν αρνησηται με εμπροσθεν των Whoever but if may deny me in presence of the ανθρωπων, αρνησομαι αυτον καγω εμπροσθεν I will deny him even I in presence του πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. of the father of me, of that in heavens,

34 Μη νομισητε, ότι ηλθον βαλειν ειρηνην επι Not you must suppose that I am come to send peace upon την γην ουκ ηλθον βαλειν ειρηνην, αλλα the earth; not I am come to send peace, but μαχαιραν. <sup>35</sup> Ηλθον γαρ διχασαι ανθρωπον κατα I am come for to set a sword. a man του πατρος αύτου, και θυγατερα κατα της μηthe father of him, and a daughter against the mo-τρος αύτης, και νυμφην κατα της πενθερας ther of her, and a daughter-in-law against the mother-in-law αυτης. 36 και εχθροι του ανθρωπου, οί οικιακοι of her; and enemies of the man, αυτου. of him.

37 O  $\phi$  i  $\lambda \omega \nu$   $\pi \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \alpha$   $\eta$   $\mu \eta \tau \epsilon \rho \alpha$   $\dot{\nu} \tau \epsilon \rho$   $\epsilon \mu \epsilon$ , our He loving father or mother above me, not εστι μου αξιος και δ φιλων υίον η θυγατερα is of me worthy; and he loving son or daughter

and hid, which will not be made known.

27 What I tell you in the DARK, publish in the LIGHT; and what is whispered in your EAR, proclaim from the † HOUSE-

28 Be not afraid of THOSE who KILL the BODY, but cannot destroy the [future] + LIFE; but rather fear HIM who CAN utterly destroy both Life and Body in † Gehenna.

29 Are not Two Sparrows sold for an † Assarius? Yet neither of them shall fall on the GROUND without tyour FATHER.

30 And even the HAIRS of Your HEAD are all numbered.

31 Fear not, then; you are of more value than Many Sparrows.

32 tWhoever, therefore, shall acknowledge me before MEN, I also will acknowledge him before THAT FATHER of mine in \* the HEAVENS.

33 But whoever shall renounce me before MEN. I also will renounce him before THAT FATHER of mine in \* the HEAVENS.

34 t Think not That I am come to send forth Peace on this LAND; I am come not to send

Peace, but War.
35 For my coming will set ‡a Man against his FATHER, and a Daughter against her MOTHER, and a Daughter-in-law against her Mother-in-law;

36 so that a MAN's Enemies will be found in his

OWN FAMILY.

37 THE Who LOVES Father or Mother more than me, is not worthy of me; and HE who LOVES Son or Daughter more than me, is not worthy of me.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-32. the HEAVENS. 33. the HEAVENS.

<sup>† 27.</sup> The houses were flat-roofed. Compare Deut. xxii. 8, Josh. ii. 6, Neh. viii. 16, Isa. xv. 3. Jer. xxxii. 29, Acts x. 9. † 28. See Appendix and verse 38 † 29. Assarion—in value about one cent and five mills, or three farthings sterling. † 29. Some Greek copies read in this place tees boulees—the will of.

<sup>† 32.</sup> Luke xii. 5: ix. 26; Mark viii. 38; Rom. x. 9; 2 Tim. ii. 12. 5. Micah vii. 6. † 37. Luke xiv. 26. 1 34. Luke xii. 51. 1 35. Micah vii. 6.

ύπερ εμε, ουκ εστι μου αξιος. 38 και ός ου λαμβανες τον σταυρου αδτου, και ακολουθει οπισω the cross of himself, and follows after ξιου, ουκ εστι μου αξιος. <sup>30</sup> Ο εύρων την ψυχην mo, not is of me worthy. He finding the life αύτου, απολεσει αυτην $^{\circ}$  και  $^{\circ}$  απολεσας την of himself, shallose her; and he having lost the ψυχην αύτου ένεκεν εμου, εύρησει αυτην. life of himself on account of me, shall find her. δεχομενος ύμας, εμε δεχεται· και ὁ εμε δεχομreceiving you, me receives; and he me receiv-41 °O ενος, δεχεται τον αποστειλαντα με. receives him sending δεχομενος προφητην εις ονομα προφητου, μισreceiving a prophet in a name of a prophet, a re-δικαιον εις ονομα δικαιου, μισθον δικαιου sjust man in a name of a just man, a reward of a just man a just man in a name of a just man, a reward of a just man ληψεται. 42 Και ός εαν ποτιση ένα των μικρων shall obtain. And whoever may give to one of the little-ones τουτων ποτηριον ψυχρου μονον, εις ονομα μαthese a cup of cold only, in a name of a θητου, αμην λεγω ύμιν, ου μη απολεση τον clisciple, indeed 1 say to you, not not may lose the μισθον αύτου. reward of himself.

# ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

1 Και εγενετο, ότε ετελεσεν ό Ιησους διατασ-And it happened, when had finished the Jesus σων τοις δωδεκα μαθηταις αύτου, μετεβη ing to the twelve disciples of himself, he departed  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota \theta \epsilon \nu$ ,  $\tau ov$   $\delta \iota \delta \alpha \sigma \kappa \epsilon \iota \nu$   $\kappa \alpha \iota$   $\kappa \eta \rho \upsilon \sigma \sigma \epsilon \iota \nu$   $\epsilon \nu$   $\tau a \iota s$  thence, of the to teach and to preach in the πολεσιν αυτων. <sup>2</sup> Ο δε Ιωαννης ακουσας εν τω cities of them. The and John having heard in the δεσμωτηριφ τα εργα του Χριστου, πεμψας δυο prison the works of the Anointed, having sent two μαθητων αύτου, <sup>3</sup> ειπεν αυτω Συ ει δ ερχομενος, disciples of himself, said to him; Thouartthe coming one, η έτερον προσδοκωμεν: 4 Και αποκριθεις ό or another arewetolookfor? And answering the Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Πορευθεντες απαγγειλατε Jesus said to them; Going away relate Ιωαννη ά ακουετε και βλεπετε. 5 τυφλοι αναsec; blind ones to John what you hear and βλεπουσι, και χωλοι περιπατουσι, λεπροι again, and lame ones are walking about, lepers καθαριζουτι, και κωφοι ακουουσι, νεκροι εγει-are cleansed, and designes are hearing, dead ones are ρονται, και πτωχοι ευαγγελιζονται· 6 και μακraised up, and poor ones are addressed with joyful news; and blessed αριος εστιν, ός εαν μη σκανδαλισθη εν εμοι. whoever not may be offended in me.

<sup>7</sup> Τουτων δε πορευομενων, ηρξατο δ Ιησους the Jesus and going away, hegan

38 ‡ And he who does not take his cross, and follow me, is not worthy of me.

39 HE who PRESERVES his LIFE shall lose it but HE Who LOSES his LIFE, on my account, will preserve it.

40 THe who RECEIVES you, receives me, and HE who RECEIVES me, receives HIM who SENT me.

41 HE WhO ENTER TAINS a Prophet, because he is a Prophet, will ob-tain a Prophet's Reward; and HE who ENTERTAINS a Righteous man, because he is a Righteous man, will obtain a Righteous man's Reward.

42 ‡ And whoever shall give a single Cup of Cold water, to refresh one of these LOWLY ONES, because he is my Disciple, I assure you, that by no means will he lose his RE-WARD."

#### CHAPTER XI.

1 And it occurred when Jesus had concluded instructing his TWELVE Disciples, he departed thence to TEACH and to proclaim in their CITIES.

2 ‡ Now John, having heard in PRISON of the WORKS of the MESSIAH; sending \*by his Disci-PLES,

3 said to him, 1" Art thou the COMING ONE, or are we to expect another?"

4 And JESUS answering. said to them, "Go, tell John what you have heard and seen :

5 1the Blind are made to see, and the Lame to walk; Lepers are cleansed; the Deaf hear; the Dead are raised; and glad tidings are announced to the Poor;

6 And happy is he, who shall not stumble at me." 7 And as they were

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. by his disciples.

<sup>† 38.</sup> Matt. xvi. 24; Mark viii. 34; Luke ix. 23; xvii. 33; John xii. 25. x. 10; John xiii. 20. † 42. Mark xi. 41. † 2. Luke vii. 18. † 5. 1sa. xxxv. 5; lxi. 1.

λεγειν τοις οχλοις περι Ιωαννου. Τι εξηλθετε to say to the crowds concerning John; What went you out εις την ερημον θεασασθαι; καλαμον ύπο ανεμου into the desert is see? a reed and serve is ενθρωαπαλευομενου; 8 Αλλα τι εξηλθετε ίδειν; ανθρωαπαλευομενου; 8 Αλλα τι εξηλθετε ίδειν; ανθρωαπαλευομενου; 8 Αλλα τι εξηλθετε ίδειν; ανθρωπον εν μαλακοις ίματιοις ημφιεσμενον: Ιδου, in soft garments having been clothed; Lo, so in soft oi τα μαλακα φορουντές, εν τοις olkois των wearing, in the houses of the Aλλα, τι εξηλθετε ιδειν;
But what went you out to see? βασιλεων εισιν. προφητην; Ναι, λεγω ύμιν, και περισσοτερον Yes, I say to you, and much more soil 10 Obτos \* [γαρ] εστι, περι % ου This [for] is, concerning whom a prophet? προφητου. of a propnet. γεγραπται "Ιδου, εγω αποστελλω τον αγγελον its written. "Lo, I send in the messenger μου προ προσωπου σου, ός κατασκευασει την of the before the face of thee, who shall prepare with the δδον σου εμπροσθέν σου." 11 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, way of thee to presence of thee." Indeed I say to you, OUR εγηγερται εν γεννητοις γυναικων μειζων, not cassiven among , born of woman greater, Ιωαννου του βαπτιστου. δ δε μικροτερος εν τη of John the dipper; the but less , in the βασιλεία των ουρανων, μειζων αυτον εστιν.
kingdom of the heavers greater of him is. gr. <sup>\$2</sup> Απο δε των ήμερων Ιωαννου του βαπτιστου έως From and the days of John the dipper to till αρτι, ή βασελεία των ουρανών βιαζεται, και now, the kingdom of the heavens has been invaded, and βιασται άρπαζουστυ αυτην. 13 Παντες γαρ οί her. προφηται και δ νομος έως Ιωαννου, προεφητευand the law till John, . prophes al. Απαι ει θελετε δεξασθαι, αυτος εστιν And if you are willing to receive, this is

Ηλιας, δ μελλων ερχοσθαι. 15 Ο εχων ωτα
Είπας that being about to come. He having care
[απουειν,] ακουετω. [to hear,] let him hear. .

Το Tivi δε δμοιωσω την γενεαν ταυτην; Όμοια Το what but shall compare the generation this? Like εστι παιδιοις εν αγοραις καθημενοις, και προσίτ is bops in markets siting, and call-фωνουσι τοις έταιροις αύτων, Η \*[και] λεγουίας to the companions of them, [and] saying; σιν Ηνλησαμεν ύμιν, και ουκ ωρχησασθε We have physical on the flute to you, and not you have danced; εθρηνησαμεν ύμιν, και ουκ εκοψασθε. <sup>18</sup> Ηλθε me have mourned to you, and not you have lamented. Came

departing, IJESUS proceeded to say to the CROWDS concerning John, "Why went you out into the DESERT? To see a Reed shaken by the Wind? Be But why went you; out? To see a man robed in Soft Raiment? Behold! THOSE WEARING FINE clothing are in ROYAL PALACES. "9 But why went you out? To see a Prophet? Yes, I tell you, and one

nore excellent than a Prophet. 10 This is he concerning whom it is written, t'Behold! I send my MES-'SENGER before thy Face, 'who will prepare thy wat 'before thee!'

11 Indeed, I say to you, Among those born of Women, there has not arisen a greater than John the IMMERSEE; yet the LEAST in the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS is superior to him.

him.

12 f And from the DAYS
of John the IMMERSER
till now, the KINGDOM of
the HEAVENS has been
forcibly ussailed, and the
violent seize it.

13 t For All the encephers and the LAW instructed till John.

14 And if you are disposed to receive it he is THAT ‡ Elijah who is to come.

15 He HAVING Ears. let him hear.

16 But to what shall I compare this generation? It is like Boys sitting in Public Places, and calling to \*Others.

and calling to \*OTHERS; 17 saying. We have played to you on the flute, but you have not danced; we have sung mournful songs to you, but you have not lanceted

<sup>\*</sup>Vatican Manuscript.—7. Why went you out into the desert? To see a Reed shaken by the Wind? 8. But why went you out? To see a Man, &c 9. But why went you out? To see a Prophet? 10. For—omit. 15. to hear—omit. 16. others. 17. And—omit.

<sup>† 13.</sup> It was a common saying with the Jews before the birth of Christ, that the prophete prophesied only till the times of the Messiah.

<sup>† 7.</sup> Luke vii. 24. † 10. Mal. iii. 1; Mark i. 2; Luke i. 76. † 14. Mal. iv. 5; Matt. zvii. 11. † 16. Luke vii. 31.

γαρ Ιωαννης, μητε εσθιων μητε πινων και λεγ-John. ουσι Δαιμονιον εχει. he has, A demon Came the sen of the ανθρωπου, επθιων και πινων και λεγουσιν Ιδου, eating and drinking; and they say; man. πυθρωπος φαγος και οινοποτης, τελωνων φιλος a man glutton and a wine drinker, of tax-gatherers a friend και άμαρτωλων. Και εδικαιωθη ή σοφια απο των But is justified the wisdom by τεκνων αύτης. children of her.

20 Τοτε πρέατο ονειδιζειν τας πολεις, εν ais Then he began to reproach the cities, in which εγενοντο αί πλεισται δυναμεις αυτου, ότι ου were done the mighty works of him, because not most <sup>21</sup> Ουαι σοι, Χοραζιν, ουαι σοι, Woe to thee, Chorazin, woe to thee, μετενοησαν they reformed; woe to thee, Βηθσαιδαν ότι ει εν Τυρφ και Σιδωνι εγενοντο Bethsaida; for if in Tyre and Sidon had been done αί δυναμεις, αί γενομεναι εν ύμιν, παλαι αν the mighty works, those being performed in you, long ago would 22 Πλην σακκώ και σποδώ μετενοησαν. sackcloth and ashes they have reformed. in But Τυρφ και Σιδωνι ανεκτοτερον Tyre and Sidon more tolerable λεγω ύμιν I say to you. 23 Kai συ, εσται εν ήμερα κρισεως, η ύμιν. in a day of trial, than you. And thou, Καπερναουμ, ή έως του ουρανου ύψωθεισα, Capernaum, which even to the heaven art being exalted, έως 'αδου καταβιβασθηση ότι ει εν Σοδομοις to invisibility shalt be brought down; for if in έγενοντο αί δυναμεις, αί γενομεναι εν σοι, ad been done the mighty works, those being done in thee, εμειναν αν μεχρι της σημερον. <sup>24</sup> Πλην λεγω it had remained till this day. I say ύμιν, ότι γη Σοδομων ανεκτοτερον εσται εν to you, that land of Sodom more tolerable will be in ημερα κρισεως, η σοι, a day of trial, than thee.

<sup>25</sup> Εν εκεινώ τω καιρώ αποκριθεις δ Ιησους the occasion answering the On that Jesus  $\epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon\nu^{\bullet}$ Εξομολογουμαι σοι, πατερ, κυριε του O father, said: I adore thee, Olord of the ουρανου και της γης, ότι απεκρυψας ταυτα απο and of the earth, because thou hast hid these from σοφων και συνετων, και απεκαλυψας wise men and discerning men, and thou hast revealed αυτα  $^{26}$  Ναι, ὁ πατηρ, ὁτι ούτως εγενετο vnmiois. Yes, the father, for even so γε, the father, for even so 27 Παντα μοι παρεδοθη to babes. ευδοκια εμπροσθεν σου. in presence of thee. All to me are given

18 For John came abstaining from meat and drink, and they say, He has a Demon;

19 the son of man came partaking of meat and drink, and they say, Behold, a Glutton and a Wine drinker! an Associate of Tribute-takers and Sinners? But WISDOM is vindicated by her CHILDEEN.

20 ‡Then he began to censure the CITIES in which MOST of his MIRACLES had been performed, Because they did not reform.

21 Wee to thee Chorazin! wee to thee, Bethsaida! For if THOSE MIRACLES which are BEING PERFORMED in You, had been done in Tyre and Sidon, they would long since have reformed in Sackcloth and Ashes.

22 Therefore, I say to you, it will be more endurable for Tyre and Sidon, in a Day of Judgment, than for you.

23 And thou, Capernaum, THOU which art BE-ING EXALTED to HEAVEN, ‡ wilt be brought down to † Hades; for if THOSE MIRACLES which are BE-ING PERFORMED in thee, had been done in Sodom, it had remained till THIS-DAY.

24 But I say to you, That it will be more endurable for the Land of Sodom, in a Day of Judgment, than for thee."

25 ‡On That occasion, Jesus said, "I adore thee O Father, Lord of Heaven and Earth, Because, having concealed these things from the Wise and Intelligent, thou hast revealed them to Babes.

26 Yes, FATHER, For thus it was well pleasing in thy sight."

<sup>† 23.</sup> Hades—from a, not, and ideia, to see; and literally means hidden, obscure invisible. It is found elemen times in the New Testament. In the Common Version, it is rendered grave in I Cor. xv. 55, and in all other places hell; but the latter is now universally admitted to be an incorrect translation. See Appendix—word hades.

<sup>20.</sup> Luke x. 13, -

ψας του πατρος μου και ουδεις επιγινωσκει τον by the father of me; and no one knows the υίου, ει μη ὁ πατηρ ουδε τον πατερα τις επισοπ, ιί not the father. neither the father any one γινωσκει, ει μη ὁ υίος, και φ εαν βουληται παν κοπος, ιί not the son, and to whom may be willing δ υίος αποκαλυψαι. Δευτε προς με παντες οί the son to reveal. Come to me all the κοπιωντες και πεφορτισμένοι, καγω αναπαυσω toiling and being burdened, and i will cause to rest ύμας. 29 Αρατε τον ζυγον μον εφ΄ ύμας, και γου. Γελε the yoke of me upon you, and μαθετε απ' έμον ότι πραος είμι, και ταπείνος be informed by me; for meek i ain, and kumble τη καρδια. και εύρησετε αναπαυσυν ταις ψυχαις το the beart, and you shall find a rest to the lives υμων. 30'Ο γαρ ζυγος μου χρηστος, και το οίγου. The for yoke of me easy, and the φορτιον μου ελαφρον εστιν.

# КЕФ. ιβ'. 12.

Εν εκεινω τω καιρω επορευθη δ Inσovs τοις

Α: that the peanon passed the Jeens to the εταββασι δια των σποριμων οί δε μαθηται αυτου sabbath through the corn-fields; the and disciples of him επεινασαν, και ηρξαντο τιλλειν σταχυας, και were hungry, and began to pluck ears of corn, and εσθιείν. <sup>2</sup> Οί δε Φαρισαίοι ιδοντές, είπον αυτω The and Pharisees . secing, said to him; Ιδου, οἱ μηθηται σου ποιουσιν, δ ουκ εξεστε Lo, the disciples of thee are doing, that not is lawful ποιείν εν σαββατω. <sup>3</sup> Ο δε είπεν αυτοίς. Ουκ He but said to them; Not to do on a subbath. ανεγνωτε, τι εποιησε Δαυιδ, ότε επεινασε, και bave you known, what did David, when he was hungry, and οί μετ' αυτου: πως εισηλθεν εις τον οικον how he entered into the those with him? του θεου, και τους αρτους της προθεσεως εφαγεν, of the God, and the loaves of the presence did est, ous ουκ εξον ην αυτφ φαγειν, ουδε τοις μετ' which not lawful was to him to cat, neither to those with αυτου, ει μη τοις ίερευσι μονοις; 4 Η ουκ him, except the prests alone? Or not ανεγνωτε εν τω νομω, ότι τοις σαββασιν of have you read in the law, that to the subbuths the have you read in the law, ίερεις εν τφ ίερφ το σαββατον βεβηλουσι, και priests in the temple the subbath violate. αναιτιοι εισι; 6 Δεγω δε ύμιν, ότι του sepou biameless are? leay but to you, that of the temple 27 ‡ All things are imparted to me by my ratuer; and no one, but the rather, knows the SON; nor does any one know the FATHER, except the SON, and he to whom the SON is pleased to reveal him.

28 Come to me, All rov LABORING and burdened ones, and I will cause

you to rest.

29 Take my YOKE on you, and be taught by me; hor I am meek and lowly in HEART; and your LIVES will find fa Resting-place.

30 t For my Yoke 13 easy, and my BURDEN 13 bght.

### CHAPTER XII.

I At That TIME JESUS on the †SABBATH went through the FIELDS OF GRAIN; and his DISCIPLES were hungry, and began to pluck off Ears of Grain, and to eat.

2 Now the Pharistes, observing, said to him, "Behold, thy Disciples are doing what is not lawful to do on a Sabbath."

3 But HE said to them, "Have you not read what David did, when "he was hungry, and THOSE who were with him?"

4 how he tentered into the TABERNACLE OF GOD, and ate the LOAVES Of the PRESENCE, which were not lawful for him to eat, nor for THOSE who were

with him, but for the PRIESTS alone?

5 ‡ Or, have you not read in the LAW, that the PRIESTS in the TEM-PLE profane the REST to be observed on the SAB-BATHS and are blameless 6 But 1 say to you,

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. he was.

<sup>†</sup> I. SABDATH—with us, Saturday, or rather Friday at sun-set to Saturday at sun-set, for so the Jews reckoned.

† 4. By comparing 1 Sam. xxi. 1—6, and Lev. xxiv. 5—9, it will appear that this also transpired on a Sabbath.

† 5. From Num. xxviii. 9, it appears that two additional lambs were sacrificed on the Sabbath, by which the ordinary work of the week was doubled. Compare Exod. xxix. 38.

ει ων εστιν ώδε. 7 Ει δε εγνωκειτε, τι εστιν. If but you had known, what motion is here. <sup>66</sup> Ελεον θελω, και ου θυσιαν." ουκ αν κατεlercy I desire, and not a sacrince," not would you you EL JOUTE TOUS AVAITIOUS. Ε Κυριος γαρ εστι have condemned the blameless. A lord for του βαββατου 5 vios του ανθρωπου. of the cabbath the con of the

Kai μεταβας εκείθεν, ηλθεν εις την συναAnd pesing on from thence, he came into the synaγωγην αυτων. 10 Και ιδου, ανθρωπος ην την gogue of them. And lo, a man there was the χειρα εχων ξηραν.
hand having withered. Και επηρωτησαν αυτον, they asked And him. λεγοντες. Ει εξεστι τοις σαββασι θεραπευειν; If it is lawful to the sabbaths 11'Ο δε ειπεν αυτοις. ίνα κατηγορησωσιν αυτου. He but said to them; that they might accuse him. Τις εσται εξ ύμων ανθρωπος, ές έξει προβατον What shall be among you a man, who shall have έν, και εαν εμπεση τουτο τοις παββασιν εις one, and if should fall this to the sabbath into βοθυνον, ουχι κρατησει αυτο, και EYEDEL; a pit, not seize 12 Ποσω ουν διαφερει ανθρωπος προβατου; 'Ωστε οι a sheep? So that 13 Τοτ€ εξεστι τοις σαββασι καλως ποιειν. it is lawful to the sabbath good to do. λεγει τω ανθρωπω. Εκτεινον την χειρα σου.
Stretch ont the band of thee. he says to the man; Και εξετεινε και αποκατεσταθη ύγιης, ως And he stretched it out; and it was restored whole, as ή αλλη. the other.

14 Οί δε Φαρισαιοι συμβουλιον ελαβον κατ' The then Pharisees a council heid against. αυτου εξελθοντες, όπως αυτον απολεσωσιν. him going out, how they might destroy. 15 Ο δε Ιησους γνους ανεχωρησεν εκειθεν και The but Jesus knowing withdrew from thence; and ηκολουθησαν αυτώ οχλοι πολλοι και εθεραfollowed him crowds great; and he 16 Kal αυτους παντας, πευσεν επετιμησεν and all. charged them αυτοις, ένα μη φανερον αυτον ποιησωσιν· 17 όπως that not known him they should make; so that το δηθεν δια Ήσαιου του προit might be fulfilled the word spoken through Esaias the proφητου, λεγοντος. 18" 1δου, δ παις μου, phet saying; "Lo, the servant of me, δν the servant of me, whom

That one greater than the TEMPLE is here.

7 If, then, you had known what this is; I'I desire Compassion, and 'not a Sacrifice,' vou would not have condemned the INNOCENT:

8 for the son of MAN is Master of the SABBATH."

9 ‡ And having left that place, he went into their SYNAGOGUE;

10 and behold, there was a Man who had \*a withered Hand. They asked Jesus, with a design to accuse him, ‡" Is it lawful to heal on the SABBATH ?"

11 And HE answered them, "What Man is here among you, who, having one Sheep, tif it fall into a nit on the SABBATH, will not lay hold on it, and lift it out?

12 Does not a Man greatly surpass a Sheep? Therefore, it is lawful to do good on the SAB-BATH."

13 Then he says to the MAN, "Stretch out Thine HAND." And he stretched it out; and it was restored to soundness, like the other.

14 Then the PHARIsees, departing, held a Council concerning him, how they might destroy

15 But Jesus knowing it, withdrew from them, and \* many followed him, and he healed them all;

16 and charged them not to make him known: 17 so that the WORD SPOKEN through Isaiah the PROPHET might be verified, saying;

18 th" Behold, my SER-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. a withered Hand.

<sup>15.</sup> many followed.

t 18. The following is from the Septuagint version of Isa. xlii. 1, translated by Thompson:—"Jacob is my servant, I will uphold him; Israel is my chosen one, my soul hath embraced him. I have put my spirit upon him; he will publish judgment to rie nations: he will not cry aloud, nor urge with vehemence, nor will his voice be heard abroad. A bruised reed he will not break, nor will he quench smoking flax, but will bring forth judgment unto truth,—and in his name shall the nations trust (or hope) "The words Jacob and Israel, added by the authors of the Septuagint, have obscured this grop seey.

ηρετισα, δ αγαπητος μου, εις δυ ευδοκησευ ή of me, in whom takes delight the I have chosen, the beloved ψυχη μου θησω το πνει μα μοδ επ' αυτον. of me: I will put the spirit of me upon him, soul και κρισιν τοις εθνεσιν απαγγελει.
and judgment to the nations he shall declare. 19 OUR Not ουδε κραυγασει, ουδε ακουσει τις εν EDICEL. cry out. nor shall hear any one in he shall strive, nor 20 καλαμον ταις πλατειαις την φωνην αυτου of him; areed the voice the wide places συντετροιμμένον ου κατεαξει, και λινον τυφομnot he shall break, and flax smoking having been bruised evov ov σβεσει έως αν εκβαλη not he shall quench, till be bring forth ELS VIKOS he bring forth to avictory 21 Και τφ ονοματι αυτου εθνη την κρισιν. name the judgment. And to the ελπιουσι." will hope."

22 Τοτε προσηνεχθη αυτφ δαιμονιζομενος, was brought to him a demoniace συφλος και κωφος και εθεραπευσεν αυτον, ώστε and dumb; and he healed him. so that τον τυφλον και κωφον και λαλειν και βλεπειν. and dumb both to speak and blund to see. 23 Και εξισταντο παντες οί οχλοι, και ελεγον all the crowds, and And were amazed said; 24 Oi δ€ ούτος εστιν δ νίος Δαυιδ MnTL is the son David? The and OUTOS OUK EK-Φαρισαιοι ακουσαντες, ειπον hearing, said; This hot βαλλει τα δαιμονία, ει μη εν τω Βεελζεβουλ, cantaout the demone, if not by the Beelzebul, 25 Eides de d Ingous αρχοντι των δαιμονιών. Knowing but the Jesus a prince of the demons. τας ενθυμησεις αυτων, ειπεν αυτοις. Πασα βαof them, the thoughts said to them; Every σιλεια μερισθεισα καθ' έαυτης, ερημουται και is laid waste; and kingdom being divided against steelf, πασα πολις η οικια μερισθεισα καθ' έαυτης, ου city or house being divided against itself, every 26 Και ει δ σατανας τον σαταναν σταθησεται. And if the adversary the adversary will stand. επβαλλει, εφ' έαυτον εμερισθη πως ουν σταwith himself he is at variance, how then θησεται ή βασιλεια αυτου: 27 Kai El Eyw EV willstand the kingdom of him? And if Βεελ (εβουλ εκβαλλω τα δαιμονια, οί υίοι ύμων cast out the demons, the sons of you εν τινι εκβαλλουςι; Δια τουτο αυτοι ύμων by whom do they cast out? In 2his they of you 28 Ει δε εν πνευματι θεου εγω εσονται κριται. judges. chall be If but by spirit εκβαλλω τα δαιμονια, αρα  $\epsilon \phi$ εφθασεν gast out the demons then has suddenly come among

"VANT, whom I have cho"sen, my Beloved, m
"whom I take delight: I
"will put my spirit upon
"him, and he shall pro"claim Justice to the NA"TIONS."

19 "He will not strive "nor cry out, nor will any "one hear his voice in "the open squares.

20 "He will not break
"a bruised Reed, and a
"dimly burning Taper he
"will not extinguish, till
"he send forth the JUDG"MENT to victory.

21 "The nations also "will hope in his name."

22 ‡Then \*they brought to him a demoniac, blind and dumb; and he cured him, so that \* the DUMB man spake and saw.

23 And All the PEOPLE with amazement, asked, "Is this the son of David?"

24 But the Pharisees hearing them, said, "This man could not expel DEmons, except through Beelzebul, the Prince of

the DEMONS."

25 And \*he knowing their thoughts, said unto them, "Every Kingdom being divided against itself, is desolated; and No City or House being divided against itself, can stand.

26 Now if the ADVER-SARY expel the ADVER-SARY, he is at variance with himself; how then will his kingdom stand?

27 Besides, if I through Beelzebul expel DEMONS, through whom do your sons expel them? Therefore, then will be Your Judges.

28 But, if it be by Divine co-operation that it cast out DEMONS, then † GOD'S ROYAL MAJESTY

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—22. they brought. 25. he knowing.

<sup>22.</sup> the DUMB man spake and saw.

<sup>† 28.</sup> See note on Basileia, Matt. iii. 2. It is not according to fact, to make Jesus say, that "the kingdom of God has come unto you," as rendered in the Common Version, and followed by modern translators. The context shows that our Lord is speaking of himself These miracles were proofs of his Messiahship. See John iii. 2; v. 36; vii. 31.

<sup>1 22.</sup> Imke xi. 14 3 24. Mark iii. 22.

thou shalt be come

<sup>29</sup> Η πως δυναται ύμας ή βασιλεια του θεου. you the majesty of the God. Or how is able εισελθειν εις την οικιαν του ισχυρου, και to enter into the house of the strong man, and any one αυτου διαρπασαι, εαν μη πρωτον of him to plunder, if not first the household stuff of him τον ισχυρον; και τοτε την οικιαν αυτου he should bind the strong man? and then the house of him  $\delta\iota\alpha\rho\pi\alpha\sigma\epsilon\iota$ . 30 °O  $\mu\eta$   $\omega\nu$   $\mu\epsilon\tau$ '  $\epsilon\mu\sigma\upsilon$ ,  $\kappa\alpha\tau$ '  $\epsilon\mu\sigma\upsilon$ he shall plunder. He not being with me, against me έστι και δ μη συναγων μετ' εμου, σκορπιζει. is; and he not gathering with me, scatters.

δί Δια τουτο λεγω ύμιν Πασα άμαρτια και All sin Therefore this I say to you; Βλασφημία αφεθησεται τοις ανθρωποις ή δε shall be forgiven to the the but evil-speaking men; του πνευματος βλασφημια ουκ αφεθησεται evil-speaking not shall be forgiven so 32 και δς αν ειπη λογον of the spirit \*[τοις ανθρωποις.] and who ever may speak a word men;] κατα του υίου του ανθρωπου, αφεθησεται αυτώ. against of the son of the man, it shall be forgiven to him; ός δ' αν ειπη κατα του πνευματος του άγιου, who but ever may speak against of the spirit of the holy. ουκ αφεθησεται αυτώ, ουτε εν τουτώ τω αιώνι, not it shall be forgiven to him, neither in this the age, ουτε εν τφ μελλοντι. 33 Η ποιησατε το δενnor in the Either make you the coming. δρον καλον, και τον καρπον αυτου καλον η fruits of him and the good; or ποιησατε το δενδρον σαπρον, και τον καρπον corrupt, fruits make you the tree and the εκ γαρ του καρπου το δενδρον αυτου σαπρου° by for 34 Tevur mata of him corrupt: fruit the tree εχιδνων, γινωσκεται. of venomous serpents, how is known. δυνασθε αγαθα λαλειν, πονηροι οντες; εκ γαρ are you able good (things) to speak, evil (men) being; out of for του περισσευμανος της καρδιας το στομα λαλει. fulness of the heart the mouth speaks. 35 Ο αγαθος ανθρωπες εκ του αγαθου θησαυρου The good man out of the good  $\epsilon$ κβαλλει τα αγαθα $^\circ$  και  $\delta$  πονηρος ανθρωπος brings forth the good (things); and the evil man εκ του πονηρου θησαυρου εκβαλλει πονηρα. out of the treasure brings forth evil (things). evil 36 Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι παν όημα αργον, ό εαν lsay but to you, that every word idle, which if λαλησωσιν οί ανθρωποι, αποδωσουσι, may speak the men, they shall give account, concerning 37 Εκ γαρ των αυτοι λογο! εν ημερα κρισεως.
tnis word in a day of trial. for λογων σου δικαιωθηση, και εκ των λογων σου words of thee thou shalt be acquitted, and by the words of thee καταδικασθηση.

has unexpectedly appeared among you.

29 Moreover, how can any one enter the STRONG one's House, and plunder his goods, unless he first bind the strong one? and then indeed he may plunder his House.

30 HE who is not with me, is against me: and HE who GATHERS not with

me, scatters.

31 # Therefore, I say to you, Though every other Sin and Blaspherry will be forgiven \* to YOU MEN; yet the BLASPHEMY of the SPIRIT will not be forgiven.

32 For whoever may speak a Word against the son of MAN, it \* + will be forgiven him; but he who may speak against the HOLY SPIRIT, \*it will in no wise be forgiven him, neither in this nor in the

coming AGE.
33 ‡Either call the TREE good, and its fruit good; or call the TREE bad, and its fruit bad; for we know the TREE by the

34 O Progeny of Vipers! thow can you, being evil, speak good things? for out of the EXUBERANCE of the HEART the mouth

35 The GOOD Man out of his GOOD Treasure produces \* good things; and the EVIL Man out of his BAD Treasure produces

evil things.

36 But I say to you, That for Every pernicious Word which MEN may utter, they shall be Responsible, on a Day of Judgment.

37 For by thy words thou wilt be acquitted; and by thy words thou wilt be condemned."

<sup>32.</sup> not be forgiven 35. good things. \* Vatican Hanuschipt.—31. to rou men. n. 32. in no wise be forgiven him. 31. to MEN-omit.

<sup>† 32.</sup> The Vct. MSS, here reads, "it shall not be forgiven him," which is contrary to what is stated in verse 31, and the parallel passage in Luke xii. 10. Probably it is an error of the transcriber. For this reason it has not been inserted in the text.

<sup>† 31.</sup> Mark iii, 28; Luke xii, 10; 1 John v. 16. † 94. Matt iii, 7; xxiii, 33. x 38. Matt vii 17: Luke vi 43, 44

38 Τοτε «πεκριθησαν τινες των γραμματεων
Then answerd come of the scribes \*[και Φαρισαιων,] λεγοντες. Διδασκαλε, θελand Phaisees, O teacher, saying; 39 ' δε αποκριθεις ομεν απο σου σημειον ιδειν. wish from thee a sign to see. He but answering Γενεα πονηρα και μοιχαλις ση-ELTEV QUTOIS' A generation evil to them; and adulterous μειον επιζητει και σημειον ου δοθησεται αυτη, demands; and a sign not shall be given to her, 40 'Ωσπερ ει μη το σημειον Ιωνα του προφητου. sign of Jonas, the prophet. Like as if not the γαρ ην Ιωνας εν τη κοιλιά του κητους τρεις Jonas in th. belly of the three for was fish ημερας και τρεις νυκτας· ούτως εσται δ υίος shall be the son and three nights; 80 του ανθρωπου εν τη καρδια της γης τρεις ήμερας man in the heart of the earth three 41 Ανδρες Νινευιται ιχνιιστη-KAL TOEIS VUKTAS. and three nights. Men Ninevites shall grand σονται εν τη κρισει μετα της γενεα: Ταυτης, up in the judgment against the generation of this, αιτην ότι μια ενοησαν κατακρινουσιν and shall give judgment against her; for they reformed εις το κηρυγμα Ιωνα· και ιδου πλειον Ιωνα ώδε. at the preaching of Jones; and lo a greater of Jones here. 42 Βασιλισσα νοτου εγερθησεται εν τη κρισει of south shall rise up in the judgment κανακρινει μετα της γενεας ταυτης, και against the generation of this, and shall give judgment against αυτην ότι ηλθεν εκ των περατών της γης her, for she came from the code of the earth ακουσαι την σοφιαν Σολομωνος και ιδου, πλειον lo, a greater the wisdom of Solomon, and 43 'Οταν δε το Συλομωνος ώδε. ακαθαρτον the here. When but of Solomon πνευμα εξελθη απο του ανθρωπου, διερχεται it wanders about spirit may come out from the man,  $\delta i$ ανυδρων τοπων (ητουν αναπαυσιν, και ουχ a resting-place, and not through dry places seeking 44 TOTE LEYEL' Επιστρεψω εις τον εύρισκει. it says; it finds. Then I will return into the οικον μου, δθεν εξηλθον. Και ελθον εύρισκει house of me, whence I came. And coming it finds σχολαζοντα, σεσαρωμενον, και κεκοσμημενον. having been swept, and having been set in order. it being empty, <sup>45</sup>Τοτε πορευεται, και παραλαμβανει μεθ' έαυτου with itself it goes, and takes Then έπτα έτερα πνευματα, πονηροτερα έαυτου, και more wicked of itself, and other spirits, γινεται εισελθοντα KATOLKEL €K€L' Kal Ta becomes the they entering finds an abode there:

38 1 Then some of the SCRIBES \* answered him. saying, "Teacher, we desire to witness ta Sign from thee."

39 But HE answering said to them, ‡"A wicker and faithless Generation demands a Sign; but no Sign will be given it, except the sign of Jonah the PROPHET.

40 ‡ For as Jonah was Three Days and Three Nights in the STOMACH of the GREAT FISH; SO will the son of MAN be Three Days and Three Nights † in the HEAPT of the EARTH.

41 The Ninevites will stand up in the JUDG-MENT against this GEN-ERATION, and cause it to be condemned; #For they reformed at the WARNING of Jonah; and behold, something greater than

Jonah is here. 42 The Queen of the † South will rise up at the JUDGMENT against this GENERATION, and cause it to be condemned; for she came from a DISTANT LAND to hear the Wis-DOM of Solomon; and behold, something greater than Solomon is here.

43 ‡ When the IMPURE Spirit is gone out of the MAN, it roves through Parched Deserts, seeking a Place of Rest, and finds it not.

44 Then it says, I will return to my House, whence I came. coming, it finds it empty. swept, and furnished.

45 It then departs, and takes with itself Seven Other Spirits, more wicked

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 38. and Pharisees-omit.

<sup>38.</sup> answered him, saying.

<sup>† 38.</sup> This was a demand often made—see Matt. xvi. 1; Mark viii. 11; Luke xi. 16—and probably founded on the prophecy of Dan. vii. 13, which describes the Son of Man as coming in the clouds of heaven. It was almost a characteristic of the Jews to ask a sign. See 1 Cor. i. 22. They demanded one from heaven—some celestial phenomenon—which would be the strongest test of Jesus' pretensions.—Bloomfield. † 40. That is, simply, in the earth. So Tyre is said to be in the heart of the sea, Ezek. xxviii. 2, although it was so near the continent, that, when Alexander beseiged it, he carried a causeway from the land to the city.—Trollope. † 42. In the Old Testament—Sheba.

<sup>† 39.</sup> Matt. xvi. 4. † 40. 30 † 43. Luke xi. 24 ‡ 40. Jonah i. 17. 2: 88. Luke xi- 29. 29. 39. 3. 1. 1. Kings x. 1; 2 Chron. ix. 1.

<sup>141.</sup> Jonah ili a

 $\epsilon$ σχατα του ανθρωπου εκεινου χειρονα των that worse of the πρωτων. Οὐτως εσται και τη γενεα ταυτη, είαι. Τhus will be and the generation this the wicked.

While and he is talking to the crowds, lo,  $\eta$  while and he is talking to the crowds, lo,  $\eta$  μητηρ και οί αδελφοι αυτου είστηκεισαν εξω, the mother and the brothers of him stood without,  $\eta$  τουντες αυτω λαλησαι  $\eta$  [5 aid then one givty. Ιδου,  $\eta$  μητηρ σου και οί αδελφοι σου to him, Lo. the mother of thee and the brothers of the eξω έστηκασι,  $\eta$  τουντες σοι λαλησαι.] 43 °O without stand, seeking to thee to speak.] He δε αποκριθεις είπε τω είποντι αυτω Tis εστιν but answering said to the man informing him; Who is  $\eta$  μητηρ μου; και τινες είσιν οί αδελφοι μου; the mother of me? and who are the brothers of me?  $\eta$  Και εκτείνας την χειρα αύτου επι τους

And stretching out the hand fining towards the  $\mu\alpha\theta\eta\tau\alpha s$  autou, eigen 1 loou,  $\eta$   $\mu\eta\eta\eta\rho$   $\mu\sigma\nu$ ,  $\kappa\alpha t$  disciples of him, said; Lo, the mother of me, and of adelyde  $\mu\sigma\nu$ . Where for may do the brothers of me. Where for may do the  $\theta\epsilon\lambda\eta\mu\alpha$   $\tau\sigma\nu$   $\pi\alpha\tau\rho\sigma s$   $\mu\sigma\nu$ ,  $\tau\sigma\nu$   $\epsilon\nu$   $\sigma\nu$   $\sigma\nu$   $\sigma\nu$  will of the father of me, that in heavens, the same  $\mu\sigma\nu$   $\alpha\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi\sigma s$   $\kappa\alpha t$   $\alpha\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi\eta$   $\kappa\alpha t$   $\mu\eta\tau\eta\rho$  s  $\sigma\tau\nu\nu$ .

of me a brother and a sister and a mother is.

# КЕФ. ιγ'. 13.

Εν δε τη ήμερα εκεινη εξελθων δ Ιησους απο In but the day that departing the Jesus 2 Kal της οικιας, εκαθητο παρα την θαλασσαν. by the and the house, he sat sea. συνηχθησαν προς αυτον οχλοι πολλοι, ώστε were gathered to him crowds great, so that αυτον εις το πλοιον εμβαντα καθησθαι και πας entering to be seated; and all he into the ship 3 Kai ό οχλος επι τον αιγιαλον ειστηκει. the shore And the growd on ελαλησεν αυτοις πολλα εν παραβολαις, λεγων. he spake to them much in parables, saying; 4 Kai 1δου,  $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$  δ σπειρων του σπειρειν. Lo, went out the sower of the (seed) to sow. And  $\epsilon \nu$  τω σπειρειν αυτον, α  $\mu \epsilon \nu$   $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \sigma \epsilon$  παρα την in the sowing it, some indeed fell on the όδον και ηλθε τα πετεινα, και κατεφαγεν αυτα. path; and came the birds, and ate

than itself, and entering, they abide there; and the LAST state of that MAN is worse than the FIRST. Thus will it also be with this EVIL GENE-RATION.

46 While he was yet talking to the crowps, ‡behold, his mother and his brothers stood without, desiring to speak to

him.

47 \*[And one said to him, "Behold, thy MOTH-ER and thy BROTHERS are standing without, wishing to speak to thee."]

48 But he answering, said to the person informing him, t"Who is my mother? and who are my brothers?"

49 And extending his HAND towards his DISCI-PLES, he said, "Behold my MOTHER, and my BROTHERS!

50 ‡ For whoever shall do the WILL of THAT FATHER of mine in the HEAVENS, that one is my Brother, or Sister, or Mother."

### CHAPTER XIII.

1 On that DAY, JESUS, having gone out of the HOUSE, ‡ sat by the SIDE of the LAKE;

2 but so many People gathered around him, that he entered \*a Boat, and sat down; and All the PEO-PLE stood on the SHORE. 3 Then he discoursed

3 Then he discoursed much to them in Parables, saying; ‡ "Behold, the SOWER went forth to sow.

4 And in sowing, some seeds fell t by the ROAD; and the BIRDs came and picked them up.

\*VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—47. And one said to him, "Behold, thy mother and thy brothers are standing without, wishing to speak to thee"—omit. 2. a Boat. 5. Earth.

<sup>†</sup> S. To suppose that our Lord here intends to put any slight on his mother would be Tery absurd; he only took the opportunity of expressing his affection to his obedient disciples in a peculiarly endearing manner; which could not but be a great comfort to them, it appears from Luke viii. 2, Susanna, Joanna, Mary Magdalene, and others were then with him. † 4. The ordinary roads or paths in the East lead often along the edge of the fields, which are unenclosed. Hence, as the sower scatters his seed, some of it is liable to fall beyond the ploughed portion, on the hard beaten ground, which forms the way-side.—Hackett.

<sup>1 45.</sup> Heb. vi. 4; x. 20; 2 Peter ii. 20-22. 1 43. Mark iii. 31; Luke viii. 12. John xv. 14; Gal. iii. 28; Heb. ji. 11. 1 1 Mark iv. 1. 23. Luke viii. 5. 35. Luke viii. 5.

δ Αλλα δε επεσεν επι τα πετρωδη δπου ουκ Others and fell on the rocky ground, where not ειχε γην πολλην και ευθεως εξανετειλε, and immediately spring up, through is had earth much: το μη εχειν βαθος γης - δήλιου δε ανατειthe not to have a depth of earth; BUD λαντος, εκαυματισθη και δια το μη εχειν it was scorched. and through the not to have arisen. 7 Αλλα δε επεσεν επι τας ριζαν, εξηρανθη. was dried up. Others and fell ακανθας και ανεβησαν αί ακανθαι, και απεπνιξαν and sprung up the thorne, and choked 8 Aλλα δε επεσεν επι την γην την Others and fell on the ground the aura. Others and them. καλην και εδιδου καρπον, δ μεν έκατον, δ good, and bore fruit the one a hundred, the δε έξηκοντα, δ δε τριακοντα. <sup>9</sup> Ο εχων ωτα 10 Και - προσελθοντες oi akovely, akovetw. "the And coming to hear. let him hear. μαθηταί ειπον αυτώ. Διατι εν παραβολαις in said to him; Why parables λαλεις αυτοις, 11 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυspeakest thou to them? He and answering τοις Οτι ύμιν δεδοται γνωναι τα μυστηρια them; Because to you it is given to know the secrets της βασιλειας των ουρανων εκείνοις δε ου of the heavens; to them but, not kingdom 12 Όστις γαρ εχει, δοθησεται αυτφ, δεδοται. Whoever for has, it shall be given to him, περίσσευθησεται όστις δε ουκ εχει, και and he will be gifted with abundance ; whoever but not has even εχει, αρθησεται απ' αυτου. 13 Δια τουτο he has, shall be taken from him. Therefore this what he has, εν παραβολαις αυτοις λαλω, ότι βλεποντες ου in parables to them I speak, for βλεπουσι, και ακουοντες ουκ ακουουσιν, ουδε and hearing not they hear, 14 Και αναπληρουται αυτοις ή προdo they understand. And is fulfilled to them the " Ακοη ακουσετε, φητεια Ήσαιου, ή λεγουσα. prophecy is of Esaias, that saying; "By hearing you shall hear, Kal ou un  $\sigma v^* m \tau \epsilon^*$ και βλεποντες βλεψετε, and not not you may understand; and seeing you will see, και ου μη ιδητε. 15Επαχυνθη γαρ ή καρδια του and not not you may see. Has grown fat for the heart, of the

5 And others fell on ROCKY GROUND, Where they had not much Soil: and immediately vegeta-ted, through not HAVING a Depth of \* FARTH:

6 f and when the Sur had risen, they were scorched, and having no Root, they withered.

7 And others fell among truorns; and the Thorns

choked them. 8 But others fell on

GOOD GROUND, and yielded Increase; ONE a hundred, one sixty, and one. thirty.

9 HE HAVING Ears to

hear, let him hear.

10 #Then the Disci-PLES approaching, said to him, "Why dost thou speak to them in Parables?"

11 HE answering, said to them, "Because You are permitted to know the SECRETS of the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS; but tox them this privilege is not

12 For whoever has, to' him more will be given, and he shall abound: but whoever has not, from him will be taken even that which he has.

13 For this reason I I speak to them in Parables; Because seeing, they do not perceive; and hearing, they do not understand; nor do they regard

14 And in them is fulfilled THAT PROPHECY OF Isaiah, which says; ‡ By Hearing you will hear, though you may not un-'derstand; and seeing, you will see, though you may. 'not perceive. . 15 'For the UNDER-

'STANDING of this PEO.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. BARTH.

<sup>† 6.</sup> In Palestine, during the seed time, (which is in November,) the sky is generally everspread with clouds. The seed then springs up even in stony ground; but when the sun dissipates the clouds, having outgrown its strength, it is quickly dried away.—Rosenmuller, † 7. among THORNS—or rather, "upon thorny ground." The field sown may be considered to consist of the different varieties of soil specified; viz., the rocky, the thorny, and the good ground.

<sup>1 10.</sup> Mark iv. 10; Luke viii. 9.

<sup>1 14</sup> Isa. vi. 9; . John xii. 59; Acts xxviii. 26;

λαου τουτου, και τοις ωσι βαρεως ηκουσαν, και jeople this, and with the ears heavily they hear, τοις οφθαλμους αύτων εκαμμυσαν, μηποτε ofthem the cyes they shut, lest ιδωσι τοις οφθαλμοις, και τοις ωσιν ακουand with the ears they should they should see with the eyes, σωσι, και τη καρδια συνωσι, και επιστρεand with the heart should understand, and hear. they should και ιασωμαι αυτους." 16 ' Υμων δε Vwoi. I should heal turn. ana them. Of you but μακαριοι οί οφθαλμοι ότι βλεπουσι και τα ωτα eyes for they see; and the ears \*[ύμων,] ότι ακουει. [of you,] for they hear. 17 Αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, Indeed for I say to you, ότι πολλοι προφηται και δικαιοι επεθυμησαν and righteous men have desired many prophets ιδειν, ά βλεπετε, και ουκ ειδον και ακουσαι, to see what you see, and not saw; and to hear, ακουετε, και ουκ ηκουσαν. what you hear, and not heard. 18 Υμεις ουν ακουσατε την παραβολην του You therefore hear the parable of the 19 Παντος ακουοντος τον λογον THELDOVTOS. sower. Any one hearing the word της βασιλειας, και μη συνιεντος, ερχεται δ kingdom. and not understanding, comes the πονηρος, και άρπαζει το εσπαρμενον εν τη καρδια wicked (one,) and snatches that having been sown in the heart αυτου· ούτος εστιν, ό παρα την όδον σπαρεις. that on the path thus is, peing sown. 20 'Ο δε επιτα πετρωδη σπαρεις, ούτος εστιν, That but on the rocky ground being sown, this δ τον λογον ακουων και ευθυς μετα χαρας who the word hearing and forthwith with joy λαμβανων αυτον· 21 ουκ εχει δε ριζαν εν έαυτω, not he has but a root in minseli, αλλα προσκαιρος εστι· γενομενης δε θλιψεως η is; arising trial διωγμου δια τον λογον, ευθυς σκανδαλιζεται. persecution through the word, immediately he is offended. 22 'Ο δε εις τας ακανθας σπιρεις, ούτος εστιν, That but into the thorns being sown, this δ τον λογον ακουων, και ή μεριμνα του αιωνος who the word hearing, and the care of the τουτου, και ή απατη του πλουτου συμπνιγει and the delusion of the riches chokes 23 'Ο δε επι τον λογον και ακαρπος γινεται. unfruitful becomes. That but on the word; and την γην την καλην σπαρεις, ούτος εστιν, ό τον is,

'FLE is stupified; they hear heavily with their EXES, and their EXES 'they close; lest seeing with their EYES, and hearing with their EARS. and comprehending with their MIND, they should retrace their steps, and 'I should restore them.'

16 1 But blessed are Your EYES, because they see; and EARS, because

they hear.

17 For indeed I say to you, That Many Prophets and Righteous nica have desired to see what you behold, but have not seen; and to hear what you hear, but have not heard.

18 1 Understand pou. therefore the PARABLE of

the sower.

19 When any one hears the tword of the KING-DOM, but considers it not, the EVIL one comes and snatches away THAT having been sown in his HEART. This explains THAT which was sown by the ROAD.

20 THAT which was sown on ROCKY GROUND. denotes him, WHO HEAR-ING the WORD, receives

it immediately with Joy;
21 yet, it having no Root in his mind, he retains it only a short time; for when Affliction or Persecution arises, on account of the WORD, he instantly stumbles.

22 THAT which was sown among THORNS, denotes THAT HEARER, in whom the CARES of \* the AGE and the DECEPTIVE NESS of BICHES, chok the WORD, and render. unproductive.

23 But THAT which was sown on Good soil, and produced fruit, ONE a hundred, ONE sixty, and ONE thirty, denotes HIM, who not only hears and

λογον ακουων, και συνιων ός δη καρποφορει,

word hearing, and understanding; who really bears fruit,

the ground the good being sown, this

who the

22. the AGE.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -16. your-omit.

t 18. Luke x. 23. 10. Matt. iv. 23.

<sup>1 17. 1</sup> Peter i. 10, 11.

ě και ποιει,  $\delta$  μεν έκατον,  $\delta$  δε έξηκοντα, and yields, the one a hundred, the other sixty, the  $\delta \epsilon$ τριακοντα.

other thirty.

<sup>24</sup> Αλλην παραβολην παρεθηκεν αυτοις, λεγων· parable he proposed to them, saying; 'Ωμοιωθη ή βασιλεια των συρανων ανθρωπώ May be compared the kingdom of the heavens to a man σπειροντι καλον σπερμα εν τω αγρω αύτου. good in the seed field of him. 25 Εν δε τω καθευδειν τους ανθρωπους, ηλθεν In and the to sleep the men, came auton  $\delta \in \chi\theta \rho os$ , kal essethe  $\xi i \xi avia$  and  $\mu e \sigma ov$  whim the enemy, and sowed darnel through midst 26 'Οτε δε εβλαστησεν του σιτου και απηλθεν. of the wheat; and went forth. When and was sprung up ύ χορτος και καρπον εποιησε, τοτε εφανη και the blade fruit yielded, and then appeared also 27 Προσελθοντες δε οί δουλοι του τα (ι(ανια. Coming and the slaves of the darnel. οικοδεσποτου, ειπον αυτώ. Κυριε, ουχι καλον said to him; bouseholder, Olord, not good σπερμα εσπειρας εν τφ σφ αγρφ; ποθεν ουν εχει seed didst thou sow in the thy field? whence then has it 28 'Ο δε εφη αυτοις· Εχθρος ανθρωπος (i(avia; He and said to them; An enemy a man ησεν. Οἱ δε δουλοι ειπον αυτώ· darnel? τουτο εποιησεν. The and said has done. slaves to him; ουν απελθοντες συλλεξωμεν αυτα; Dost thou wish then we should gather going forth them? 29 Ο δε εφη. Ου μηποτε, συλλεγοντες τα ζιζανια, He and said; No. lest, gathering the darnel, 30 Αφετε €κρι(ωσητ∈ άμα αυτοις τον σιτον. you should root up with them the wheat. Leave them συναυξανεσθαι αμφοτερα μεχρι του θερισμου. to grow together both till the και εν καιρώ του θερισμού ερώ τοις θερισταις. of the harvest I will say to the harvesters; and in time Συλλεξατε πρωτον τα ζιζανια, και δησατε αυτα first the darnel, and bindyou them Gather you εις δεσμας, προς το κατακαυσαι αυτα τον δε bundles, for them; the to burn the but σιτον συναγαγετε εις την αποθηκην μου. wheat bring together into the barn

<sup>31</sup> Αλλην παραβολην παρεθηκεν αυτοις, λεγων· parable he proposed to them, saying; Another 'Ομοια εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων κοκκω the kingdom of the heavens to a grain Like σιναπεως, δν λαβων ανθρωπος εππειρεν εν τα of mustard, which taking aman in the

considers, but obeys the WORD.

24 He proposed them another Parable saying, The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS may be compared to the FIELD in which the Owner sowed Good Grain:

25 but while the MEN SLEPT, HIS ENEMY came and sowed † Darnel among the WHEAT, and went away.

26 When the BLADE shot up, and put forth the Ear, then appeared also the DARNEL

27 And the SERVANTS of the HOUSEHOLDER, coming said to him, Master, thou didst sow Good Seed in THY Field; whence, then, has it Darnel?

28 He replied, an Enemy has done this. \*And THEY say to him, Dost thou wish then, that we should weed them out?

29 And HE said, No: lest in weeding out the DARNEL, you also tear up the WHEAT.

30 Let both grow together till the HARVEST: and in the TIME of HAR-VEST, I will say to the REAPERS, First gather the DARNEL, and bind it in Bundles for BURN-ING; then bring together the wheat into my GRANABY."

31 ‡ Another Parable he proposed to them, saying; The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS is like to a Grain of Mustard, which a Man planted in his FIELD;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. And THEY say to him.

<sup>\*\*</sup>YATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—28. And THEY SAY to him.

† 25. A plant which bears a striking resemblance to wheat. The following remarks by H. B. Hackett, will fully illustrate this:—"In passing through the fertile country of the ancient Philistines, on the south of Palestine, I asked the guide, one day, a native Syrian, if he knew of a plant which was apt to make its appearance among the wheat, and which resembled it so much that it could hardly be distinguished from it He replied that it was very common, and that he would soon show me a specimen of it. Soon after this ne pointed out to me some of this grass, growing near our path; and afterwards, having once seen it, I found it in almost every field where I searched for it. Except that the stalk was not so high, it appeared otherwise precisely like wheat, just as the ears begin to show themselves, and the kernels are swelling out into shape. I collected some specimens of this descrifting weed and have found, on showing them to friends, that they have mistaken them quite in variably for some species of grain, such as wheat or barley."

\* 30 Matt. 151, 19. \* \* 31. Mark is \* 30. Matt. 151, 20. \* \* 10. Mark is \* 30. \* 10. \*

<sup>1 31.</sup> Mark IV. 30; Luke xiii. 19. \* 80. Matt. iii, 12.

 $^{32}$  Ο μικροτερον μεν εστι παντων εγρω αδτου. Which less indeed as of all field of him. των σπερματων όταν δε αυξηθη, μειζον των when but it may be grown, a greater of the seeds: λαχανων εστι, και γινεται δενδρον, ώστε ελθειν is, and becomes a tree, so that to come TG ΠΕΤΕΙΝΆ ΤΟυ Ουράνου, και κατάσκηνουν εν the birds of the leaven, and to make nests in τοις κλαδοις αυτου. she branches ofit

35 Αλλην παραβολην ελαλησεν αυτοίς. Όμοια Another parable he spake to them; Like ιστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων (υμη, ήν λαβουσα is the kingdom of the heavens to leaven, which taking γυνη ενεκρυψεν εις αλευρου σατα τρια, έως ού woman mixed of meal measures three, till of it in <sup>84</sup> Ταυτα παντα ελαλησεν δ εζυμωθη όλον. spake the These all Ιησους εν παραβολαις τοις οχλοις, και χωρις and žra. parables to the crowds, without παραβολης ουκ ελαλει αυτοις· 35 'οπως  $\pi\lambda\eta$ not he spake to them; so that it might ρωθη το βηθεν δια του προφητου, λεγοντος be follailed the word spoken through the prophet, saying. "Aνοιξω εν ταραβολαις το στομα μου ερευ'I will open to parables the mouth of me, I will κεκρυμμενα καταβολης Eouai απο a beginning spenly declare things having been hid - from \*[коощоv."] of the world."

of the world. ]

36 Tote aφels τους οχλους, ηλθεν εις την
Then leaving the crowds, went into the Και προσηλθου bouse the Jesus. And seame to him the disciples approached him, saying, "Explain to us the PARABLE of the harms in the course of the him." μαθηται αυτου, of him, disciples ETO DE παραβολην των ζεζανιων του αγρου. darnels of the field. of the He and \*[αυτοις'] Ο υπειρων το

[to them,] He sowing the

corru δ vios του ανθρωπου'

is the son of the man;

world; the good Seed is the good Seed is the good Seed is the good Seed is the son of the world; the good Seed amorpideis einer answeri. 3 คลใต้ good onepha, δ δε αγρος, εστιν δ κοσμος. το δε καλον are the sons of the the and food kingdom; the darnel are the sons of the σπερμα, ουτοι εισιν οἱ υἰοι της βασιλειας. τα are the sons of the EVIL they are the sons of the 39 5 5 39 Lingdom.; δε ζιζανια, εισιν οί υίοι του πονηρου. are the sons of the wicked (one); exθρος, δ σπειρας αυτα, εστιν δ διαβολος δ δε enemy, de having sown them, is in the adversary; the and ferithes, συντελεία, του αίωνος εστιν οί δε harvest, end of the age is; the and Ers are Messengers.

32 which indeed is one of the †least of All SEEDS; but when grown it is larger than any HERB, † and becomes a Tree, so that the BIRDS of HEAVEN come and build their nests on its BRANCHES.

33 t Another Parable he spake to them; "The KINGDOM of the HEAV-ENS resembles Leaven. which a Woman taking, mingled in three † Measures of Meal, till the whole fermented."

34 All these things JEsus communicated the CROWDS in Parables, and without a Comparison he taught them not:

35 so that the WORD SPOKEN through the PROPHET might be verified, saying; † ; "I will "open my mouth in parables, I will openly "declare things having "been hid from the beginning."

36 Then \*Jesus leaving the PEOPLE, retired arra of to the House; and his DARNEL in the FIELD."

37 He answering, said,

WORLD; the GOOD Seed

39 THAT ENEMY Who the and SOWED them is the AD-

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 35. of the World-omit. S6. he left. 87. to them -out. 50. Age.

<sup>4 32.</sup> That is, of all those seeds with which the people of Judea were then acquainted. Our Lord's words are to be interpreted by popular use. And we learn from Matt. xvii. 30, that like a grain of mustard seed was become proverbial for expressing a very small quantity.—Geo. Campbell. † 32. And becomes a tree. It attains a large size in Judea. Lightfoot says, R. Simeon Ben Chalaphta mentions one "into which he was wont to climb, as men are wont to climb into a fightree." Trench quotes a traveler in Chili who had ridden under one. † 33. A measure containing about a peck and a half, wanting a little more ham a pint. Three of them made an ephah. † 35. "I will open my mouth in parables; and translation of Psa lixviii. 2.

<sup>83.</sup> Luke xiii. 90.

γερισται, αγγελοι εισιν. <sup>40</sup> Ωσπερ ουν συλτεαρει», messengers are. As therefore are λεγεται τα ζιζανια, και πυρι καιεται ούτως gatherel the dainel, and fin a fire aic burned; so εσται εν τη συντελεια του αιωνος τουτου. «πίπτος in the end of the age this. <sup>41</sup> Αποστελει ὁ νίος του ανθρωπου τους αγγελους

Will send the son of the man the messengers 25του, και συλλεξουσιν εκ της βασιλείας αυτου of him, and they will gather out of the kingdom of him σαντα τα σκανδαλα και τους ποιουντας την ανο-

 $^{41}$ \* [Παλιν] δμοια εστιν ή βασιλεια των [λεαία] like is the kingdom of the Oυρανων θησαυρω κεκρυυμενώ εν τω αγρώ, δν heavens to a treasure having been hid in the field, which εύρων ανθρωπος εκρυψε, και απο της χαρας fanding a man he hides, and from the joy αυτου ύπαγει, και παντα δσα εχειπωλει, και σι him he goes, and all as much as he has sells, and αγροα ει τον αγρον εκεινον.

buys the field that.

45 Παλίν όμοια εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανών Αgaia like is the kingdom of the heavens  $[\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \tau \omega]$  εμπορώ, ζητουντι καλους μαραγριτίο a man  $[\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \tau \omega]$  a merchant, seeking choice pearls.  $[\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \tau \omega]$  ενα πολυτίμον μαργαριτην, Finding and one costly pearls.

απελθων πεπρακε παντα όσα ειχε, και ηγοραgoing he sold all as much as he had, and bought σεν αυτον.

<sup>47</sup> Παλιν δμοια εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων, like is the kingdom of the heavens σαγηνη, βληθειση εις την θαλασσαν, και εκ to a draginet, being cast into the sea, and of and . of  $^{48}\eta\nu$ ,  $\delta\tau\epsilon$   $\epsilon\pi\lambda\eta$ παντος γενους συναγαγουση. kind bringing together; every which, when it is ρωθη, αναβιβασαντές επι τον αιγιαλον, και drawing to the share καθισαντες συνελεξαν τα καλα εις αγγεια, τα they collected the good into version they collected the good into version the collected the good into version the collected the good into version the collected they collected the collected they collect δε σππρα εξω εβαλον. but bad away they cast.

40 As therefore the DARNEL is gathered and burned in a Fire, so will it be in the END of the AGE.

41 The son of man will tsend forth his mesten. Gers, who will gather out of his kingdom all seducees and iniquitous persons:

42 ‡ and will throw them into the FURNACE of FIRE; there will be the WEEPING and the GNASH-ING OF TEETH.

43 †Then will the BUGH-TEOUS be resplendent as the SUN in the KINGDOM of their FATHER. HE who HAS ears, let him hear.

44 The KINGDON of the HEAVENS is like a hidden Treasure in a FIELD, which, a Man finding, he covers up, and, from his Joy, he goes and sells all that he has, and buys that FIELD.

45 Again, the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS is like a Pearl of Great value;

46 which ta Merchant, who was seeking Choice Pearls, having found, went and sold all that he had, and bought it.

47 Again, the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS resembles a Drag-net, being cast into the SEA, and enclosing fishes of Every Kind;

48 which, when it is full, they draw to the SHOBE, and sitting down, gather the GOOD into vessels, but throw the USE-LESS away.

49 So will it be at the

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—40. the AGE., 45. Man-omit.

<sup>43.</sup> to hear-omit.

<sup>41.</sup> Again-omit.

the Hand of the reader astray. No less than thirteen different meanings are attached to this word, in the Common Version. The meaning is age, and this rendering can always be understood. The context will determine, generally, what age is referred to—the Jewish, Christian, Messianic, or the endless succession of ages. For further remarks, see Appendix.

† 46. Not readed the reader as the second of the context will determine, and the second of the context will determine the second of the second of the context will be second of the context will be second of the context as the context will be second or the context will be second or

<sup>1 41.</sup> Matt. zxii 7. - 1 42. Matt. iii. 12. - 1 43. Dan. xii. 3.

συντελεια του αιωνος. Εξελευσουται οί αγγε-Shall ro forth the messenof the are. λοι, και αφοριουσ: τους πουηρους εκ μεσου των gers, and sunlineparate the Ciched from among the 50 και βαλουτιν αυτως εις την καμινον δικαιων. jus., and shall cast them into the furnace του πυρος εκει εσται δ κλαυθμος και δ βρυγμος of the fire; there will be the weeping and the gnashing 51 \* [ $\Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota$  autois  $\delta$  In  $\sigma ous$ .] των υδοντων. of the teeth. ταυτα Γαντα; Λεγουσιν αυτώ. Συνηκατε Have you understood these things all? They say to him; 52 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτοις. Δια τουτο Nai [ Kupie. ] [O lord.] He then said to them; Therefore this πας γραμματευς, μαθητευθεις τη βασιλεια των being instructed to the kingdom of the scribe, ουρανών, δμοιος επτιν ανθρωπώ οικοδεσποτη, heavens like 3.8 to a man an householder, ύστις εκβαλλει εκ του θησαυρου αύτου καινα brings out of the tressury scu Tanala. 2. d old.

55 Και εγενετο, όπο ετολεσεν ό Ιησους τας And it came to pass, when had concluded the Jesus the 54 K 30 ταραβολας ταυτας, μετηρεν εκειθεν. he departed thence. those, ελθων την πατριδα αύτου, εδιδασκεν αυτους coming into the country he taught of him, τη συναγωγη αυτων, ωστε εκπληττεσθαν.
 in the synagogue of them, so a to autonish. Μοθεν τουτφ ή σοφια αυτους, και λεγειν. Whence this the wisdom and 30 say. 55 Ουχ ούτος εστιν δ αύτη, και αί δυναμεις; Not this is the this and these powers? του τεκτονος υίος: ουχε ή μητηρ αυτου λεγεται not the mother of him is called of the carpenter sonv Μαριαμ; και οί αδελφο αυτου Ιακωβος, και and the brothers c'hima James, and Mary? ίωσης, και Σιμων, και Ιουδας; 56 και αί αδελφαι and the sisters and Simon, and Judas? αυτου ουχι παιαι προς ήμας εισι; ωοθεν ουν V him not all with τουτώ ταυτα παντα; 5. ζ us arc? whence then ζαι εσκανδαλιζοντο εν ali? And they found a difficulty in this these 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Ουκ εστι to them; Not The and Jesus said is προφητης ατιμος, ει μη εν τη πατριδι αύτου, a prophet unhonored, if not in the country of him, 58 Και ουκ εποιησει wal εν τη οικια αύτου.
and in the house of him. he did do And not Sa The εκει δυναμεις πολλας. απιστιαν ber use of the unbelief of there mighty works many, QUTWV. chem.

END of the AGE. The MESSENGERS will go forth, and will separate the WICKED from among the RIGHTEOUS;

50 and will throw them into the FURNACE of FIRE; there will be the WEEPING and the GNASHING OF TEETH.

51 Have you understood all these things?" They answered, "Yes."

52 Then HE said to them, "Every Scribe therefore, being instructed \*in the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS, is like a Householder, who produces from his TREASURY, new things and old."

53 And it occurred when JESUS had concluded these PARABLES, he departed thence.

54 ‡ And coming into †his own CITY he so taught the inhabitants in their SYNAGOGUE, that they were astonished, and said, "Whence has this man, this WISDOM, and these MIRACULOUS POWERS?

55 ‡ Is not this the CARPENTER'S SON? is not his MOTHER called Mary? and do not his BROTHERS, James, and † Joses, and Simon, and Judas,

56 and all his †sisters, live with us? Whence, then, has he all these things."

57 And they tstumbled at him. But Jesus said to them, "A Prophet is not without honor, except in his own country, and in his own family."

58 And he did not perform many Miracles there, because of their UNBELIEF.

VITICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 51. JESUS SAYS to them-omit.

<sup>51.</sup> Lord-omit. 52. in.

<sup>† 51.</sup> That is, Nazareth, where he had been brought up; Luke iv. 16, 23. † 55. Jo. weph—so read Lachmann, Tischendorf, and Tittman. † 56. According to Theophylact, the names of the sisters of Jesus were Mary and Salome.

<sup>1 54.</sup> Matt. ii. 23; Mark vi. 1-6m. ix. 32, 33; Teter ii. 8.

<sup>1 55.</sup> John vi. 42. 1 58. Mark vi. 5, 3.

# ΚΕΦ. ιδ'. 14.

1 Εν εκεινώ τω καιρώ ηκουσεν Ήρωδης δ At that the time heard Herod the 2 και ειπε τοις τετραρχης την ακοην Ιησου, the fame of Jesus, and tetrarch said to the παισιν αύτου. Ούτος εστιν Ιωαννης ό βαπτιστης. servants of him; This is John the dipper; αυτος ηγερθη απο των νεκρων, και δια τουτο αί he is raised from the dead, and therefore this the 3 'Ο γαρ 'Ηρωδης, δυναμεις ενεργουσιν εν αυτώ. mighty powers work in him. The for Herod, κρατησας τον Ιωαννην, εδησεν αυτον, και εθετο the John, had bound him, and put δια 'Ηρωδιαδα την γυναικα Φιλεν φυλακη, in prison, on account of Herodias the wife of  $\iota\pi\pi\sigma\upsilon$   $\tau\sigma\upsilon$  adelogo autov.  ${}^4$  Elege  $\gamma$ ar aut $\omega$  d Philip the brother of him. Had said for to him the Ιωαννης. Ουκ εξεστι σοι εχειν αυτην. 5 Kal Not it is lawful to thee to have her. θελων αυτον αποκτειναι, εφοβηθη τον οχλον, to destroy, the people, wishing him he feared 6 Γενεσιων δε ότι ώς προφητην αυτον ELYOV. for as a prophet him they esteemed. Birth-day of but αγομενων του Ήρωδου, ωρχησατο ή θυγατηρ was being held of the Herod, danced the daughter της 'Ηρωδιαδος εν τω μεσω. και ηρέσε τω of the Herodias in the midst; and pleased the 'Ηρωδη· <sup>7</sup>όθεν μεθ' όρκου ώμολογησεν αυτη Herod; whereupon with an oath he promised to her 8 'H δε, προβι-She and, being δουναι, δ δουναι, δ  $\epsilon$ αν αιτησηται. to give, what soever she might ask. βασθεισα ύπο της μητρος αυτης, Dos moi, of her, Give to me, by the mother φησιν, ώδε επι πινακι την κεφαλην Ιωαννου του she said, here upon a plate the head of John the βαπτιστου. 9 Και ελυπηθη δ βασιλευς δια δε And was sorry the king, because of but dipper. τους δρκους και τους συνανακειμένους, εκέoaths and those reclining at table, he comthe 10 Και πεμψας απεκεφαλισε δοθηναι. λευσε And sending he cut off the head of manded it to be given. τον Ιωαννην εν τη φυλακη. 11 Και ηνεχθη ή in the prison. And was brought the κεφαλη αυτου επι πινακι, και εδοθη τω κοραof him on a plate, and it was given to the little head σιώ και ηνεγκε τη μητρι αύτης. 12 Και προσgirl; and she brought it to the mother of her. And coming ελθοντες οί μαθηται αυτου ηραν το σωμα, και εθthe disciples of him took the body, and they αψαν αυτο· και ελθοντες απηγγειλαν τω Ιησου.

puried it; and departing they told it to the Jesus.

1 At That TIME, ‡ Herod the † TETRARCH, hearing of the FAME of Jesus.

2 said to his servants, "This is John the IM-MERSER; he is raised from the DEAD; and therefore MIRACLES are performed by him."

3 For \$\frac{1}{4}\text{Herod}\$ \*then had caused John to be seized, bound, and put in \*PRISON, on account of \$\frac{1}{4}\text{Herodias, his brother Philip's wife;}\$

4 for John had said to him, ‡"It is not lawful for thee to have her."

5 And wishing to kill him, he feared the PEO-PLE, ‡ Because they esteemed him as a Prophet.

6 But when Herod's Birth-day was kept, the † DAUGHTER OF HERODIAS danced in the MIDST, and pleased Herod;

7 whereon he promised with an Oath to give her whatever she might request.

8 And she, being instigated by her mother, said, "Give me here, on a Platter, the head of John the immerser."

9 And the \*KING, being sorry on account of the OATHS and the GUESTS, commanded that it should be given her.

10 Accordingly, by his order, John was beheaded in the Prison.

11 And his HEAD was brought on a Platter, and presented to the GIRL; and she carried it to her MOTHER.

12 And his DISCIPLES coming, carried off \* the DEAD-BODY, and buried

CHAPTER XIV.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—3. then had. 3. frison. 9. king, being sorry on account of the daths and the gufsts, commanded. 12. the dead-body.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Properly, the governor of the fourth part of a country; commonly used as a title inferior to a king, and denoting chief ruler. The person here spoken of was Antipas, a son of Herod the Great. The name king is sometimes given to tetrarchs. See verse 9.—Geo. Campbell. † 3. He had married a daughter of Aretas, an Arabian prince, whom he put away, after he had induced Herodias to quit her husband; this occasioned a war between Herod and Arctas. † 6. Named Salome, daughter of Herodias by her former husband.—Desphus. Ant. xviii. v. 4.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Mark vi. 14; Luke ix. 7. † 3. Mark vi. 17; Luke iii. 19, 20. † 4. Lev xviii 16; xx. 21. † 5. Matt. xxi. 26; Luke xx. 6.

13 Και ακουσας δ Ιησους, ανεχωρησεν εκειθεν Απά having heard the Jesus, withdrew from thence  $\varepsilon \nu$  πλοι $\omega$  εις ερημον τοπον κατ' ιδιαν· και ακουin a ship into a desert place by himself; and having  $\tau$  συτες οἱ οχλοι, ηκολουθησαν αυτ $\omega$  πεξη απο neard the crowds, they followed him by land from  $\tau$  ων πολε $\omega$ ν. 14 Και εξελθων ὁ Ιησους ειδε the cities. And coming out the Jesus saw πολυν οχλον· και εσπλαγχνισθη επ' αυτοις, great a crowd; and he was moved with pity towards them; και εθεραπευσε τους αρρωστους αυτ $\omega$ ν. and healed the sick of them.

15 Οψιας δε γενομενης, προσηλθον αυτφ οί Evening and having come, came to him the μαθηται αυτου, λεγοντες Ερημος εστιν δ τοπος, disciples of him, saying; A desert is the place, ώρα ηδη παρηλθεν απολυσον και ή and the hour already has passed by; dismiss οχλους, ένα απελθοντες εις τας κωμας, αγοgoing into the villages, they s  $\beta \rho \omega \mu \alpha \tau \alpha$ . 16 O  $\delta \epsilon I \eta \sigma \sigma v s$ that ρασωσιν έαυτοις βρωματα. The but Jesus may buy themselves victuals. είπεν αυτοίς. Ου χρείαν εχουσιν απελθείν. δοτε said to them; No need they have to go away; give αυτοίς ὑμείς φαγείν.  $^{17}$ Οξ δε λεγουσιν αυτ $\varphi$ . They and to eat; to him; to them you say Ουκ εχομεν ώδε, ει μη πεντε αρτους και δυο here, except five loaves Not we have 18 Ο δε ειπε. Φερετε μοι αυτους ώδε. ιχθυας. He and said; Bring to me them here, fishes. <sup>19</sup> Και κελευσας τους οχλους ανακλιθηναι επι And directing the crowds to recline upon τους χορτους, λαβων τους πεντε αρτους και taking the five loaves grass, and τους δυο ιχθυας, αναβλεψας εις τον ουρανον, fishes, looking up to the heaven,  $\epsilon$ υλογησε· και κλασας,  $\epsilon$ δωκε τοις  $\mu$ αθηταις he gave praise; and breaking, he gave to the disciples τους αρτους, οἱ δε μαθηται τοις οχλοις. the loaves, the and disciples to the crowds. And εφαγον παντες, και εχορτασθησαν και they ate all, and were filled; and they took up το περισσευον των κλασματων, δωδεκα κοφινους that over and above of the fragments, baskets twelve 21 Οί δε εσθιοντες ησαν ανδρες ώσει πληρεις. Those and eating were men πεντακισχιλιοι, χωρις γυναικων και παιδιων. five-thousand, besides women and children. 22 Και ευθεως ηναγκασεν τους μαθητας εμβηναι

it; and departing, tolo

13 \$ And Jesus having heard, privately withdrew from thence, by Boat, into a Desert Place; of which the PEOPLE being informed, followed him by Land from the CITIES.

14 And \*coming out, he saw a Great Crowd; and he had compassion on them, and healed their SICK.

15 ‡ And † Evening having arrived, \* the Disci-PLES came to him, saying, "The PLACE is a Desert, and the HOUR is now past; dismiss the crowds, that they may go to the VILLAGES, and buy themselves Provisions."

16 But Jesus said to them, "They need not depart; nou supply them." 17 They, however, re-

17 They, however, replied to him, "We have here only Five Loaves and Two Fishes."

18 And HE said, "Bring them here to me."

19 And commanding the PEOPLE to recline on the grass, he took the FIVE Loaves and the TWO Fishes, and looking towards HEAVEN, ‡ praised God; then † breaking the LOAVES, he gave them to the DISCIPLES, and the disciples distributed to the CROWDS.

20 And they all ate and were satisfied; and of the REMAINING FRAGMENTS they gathered † Twelve Baskets full.

21 Now they who had EATEN, were about five thousand men, besides women and children.

22 And immediately \*he constrained the DIS-CIPLES to enter \*a Boat,

And immediately he urged the

to enter

disciples

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—14. he went. strained. 22. a Boat.

<sup>15.</sup> the disciples.

<sup>22.</sup> he con-

<sup>† 15.</sup> The first evening, which commenced at three o'clock. The second evening, which began at sunset, is that mentioned in verse 23. † 19. The Jewish loaves were broad, thin, and brittle; so that a knife was not required for dividing them. † 20. These were small wicker baskets, which the Jews carried their victuals in, when from home; and by the number here particularized, it would seem that each apostle filled his own basket.—Pearce.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Mark vi. 32; Luke ix. 10; John vi. 1, 2. John vi. 5. 9. Matt. zv. 36.

<sup>‡ 15.</sup> Mark vi. 35; Luke ix 12

ις το πλοιον, και προαγείν αυτον είς το περαν, and to go before him to the other side, into the . ship. 23 Ka; ξαποέως ού απολυση τους οχλους. while he should dismiss the crowds. And having λυσας τους οχλους, ανεβη εις το ορος κατ' crowds, the went up into the mountain by sent away the ιδιαν προσευξασθαι. Οψιας δε γενομενης, μονος himself to pray. Evening and having come, alone The and ship now in the midst of the עני €K€L. be was there. θαλασσης ην, βασανιζομενον ύπο των κυματων. was, having been tossed by the waves : - ην γαρ εναντιος ὁ ανεμος. 25 Τεταρτη δε φυλακη contrary the wind. In fourth and watch της νυκτος απηλθε προς αυτους, περιπατων επι of the night he went to them, walking upon 26 Και ιδοντες αυτον οί μαθηται της θαλασσης. him the disciples And seeing the sea. επι την θαλασσαν περιπατουντα, εταραχθησαν, walking, they were terrified, sea λεγοντες. Ότι φαντασμα εστι και απο του eaving: That an apparition is; and from the 27 Ευθεως δε ελαλησεν αυτοις φοβου εκραξαν. fear they cried aloud. Immediately but spake to them δ Ιησους, λεγων Θαρσειτε, εγω ειμι' μη φο-Take courage, I am; not be the Jesus, asying, 28 Αποκριθεις δε αυτφ δ Πετρος ειπε. BELTBE. Answering and him the Peter said; afraid. Κυριε, ει συ ει, κελευσον με προς σε ελθειν επι Olord, if thouart, bid me to thee to come upon τα ύδατα. 29 'Ο δε ειπεν Ελθε. Кан катавая Come. He and said; And descending απο του πλοιου ὁ Πετρος, περιεπατησεν επι τα from the boat the Peter, he walked upon the ύδατα, ελθειν προς τον Ίησουν, water, to come to the Jesus τον ανεμον ισχυρον, εφοβηθη 30 Βλεπων δε Seeing bus και αρξαμενος strong, the was afraid; beginning καταποντιζεσθαι, εκραξε, λεγων Κυριε, σωσον to sink. he cried, aying; O lord, BAVE 31 Ευθεως δε δ Ιησους εκτεινας την χειρα, ME. Immediately and the Jesus stretching out the επελαβετε αυτου, και λεγει αυτω. Ολιγοπιστε,

took hold of him, and says to him; O distrustful man, 32 Και εμβαντων αυτων εις ELS TI EDIGTAGAS: for why didst thou doubt? And entering of them into 33 Οί δε εν τφ το πλοιον, εκοπασεν δ ανεμος. ceased the wind. the ship, They and in the

and precede him to the OTHER SIDE, while he dis. missed the CROWDS.

23 ‡ And having dis, missed the crowds, he privately ascended the MOUNTAIN to pray; and remained there alone till it was Late.

24 By this time the BOAT \*was many Fur-longs distant from the LAND, tossed by the WAVES: for the WIND was contrary.

25 And in the + Fourth Watch of the NIGHT, he went towards them, walking on the LAKE.

26 And when the Drs. CIPLES saw him twalk, ing on the LAKE, they were terrified, and exclaimed, "It is an Ap. parition!" and they cried aloud, through fear.

27 But Jesus immedi. ately spoke to them, say, ing, "Take courage, it is I; be not afraid."

28 And Peter answering, said to him, "Mas-ter, if it be thou, bid me come to thee on the WA-TER."

29 And JESUS said, "Come." Then \* Peter descending from the BOAT. walked on the WATER. \*and came to Jesus.

30 But perceiving the WIND strong, he was afraid: and beginning to sink, he exclaimed, "Master, save me!"

31 And Jesus instantly extending his HAND, took hold of him, and said to him, "O distrustful man! why didst thou doubt?"

32 And \*going up into the BOAT, the WIND subsided.

33 Then THOSE in the

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-24. many Furlongs distant from the LAND, tossed. 20. Peter. 29. and came to. 32. going up into.

<sup>† 25.</sup> Between the hours of three and six in the morning. Grotius observes, that this was the Roman division of the night, taken by them from the Greeks; and that the Jews from the time of Pompey, after they were become a dependent people, had adopted this mode of reckoning, instead of their own; which originally consisted of three watches only. † 26. In Job ix. 8, this is a prerogative ascribed to God, and which is freely rendered by the LXX, thus; "Walking upon the sea, as upon a parement." An Egyptian hieroglyphic for expressing impossibility was, a picture of two feet walking on the sea.

<sup>1 23.</sup> Mark vi. 36; John vi. 16.

πλοιφ, \*[ελθοντες] προσεκυνησαν αυτφ, λεγto him, [coming] prostrated say-34 Και διαπεοντες Αληθως θεου vios ει.
ing; Certainly of a God a son thou art. And having 35 Kaı ρασαντες, ηλθον εις την γην Γεννησαρετ. passed over, they came to the land Gennesaret. And επιγνοντες αυτον οί ανδρες του τοπου εκεινου, of the place him the men απεστειλαν εις δλην την περιχωρον εκεινην° into all the country round about that; και προσηνεγκαν αυτφ παντας τους κακως they brought to him all those disease <sup>36</sup> και παρεκαλουν αυτον ίνα μονον exovtas, and besought him that only having, του κρασπεδου του ξματιου αυτου. άψωνται tuft 05150 mantle of him: they might touch the και όσοι ήψαντο, διεσωθησαν. and as many as touched, were made whole.

### КЕФ。 с€. 15.

<sup>1</sup>Τοτε προσερχονται τις Ιησου οξ απο 'Ιεροto the Jesus those from came σολυμων γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, λεγοντες» scribes and Pharisees, paying: salem <sup>2</sup> Διατι οί μαθηται σου παραβαινουσι την ...'αρα--Cradi-Why the disciples of thee cransgress the δοσιν των πρεσβυτερων. Θυ γαρ ειπτουται τας not for they wash tion of the elders? 3°O 89 χ ειρας αύτων, όταν αρτον εσθιωσιν. hands of them, whenever bread they may eat. He but αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτοις. Διατι και ύμεις παρα-Why also you . said to them; βαινετε την εντολην του θεου, δια την παραthe commandment of the God, through the gress The for Cod has commanded, saying; δοσιν ύμων; of you? 66 0 · Τιμα τον πατερα και την μητερα· και· "Honor the father and the mother;" es IIc and; κακολογων πατερα 🤫 μητερα, θανατώ τελευreviling inthor or mother, death let him ος αν ειπη τατω." 5 THEES DE DETES You Sert Whoever may say to the say; Δωρους δ εαν εξ εμου πατρε η τη μητρε father or the mother. A gift, whatever out of παι ου μη τιμηση τον πατερα ωφεληθης° thou mightest be profited; then not not may honor the father πύτου \* [η την μετερα αύτου.] <sup>3</sup> Και ηκυρωσατε of him.] And you annul την εντολην του θεου δια την παραδοσιν ύμων. the commandment of the Goddhrough the tradition of you. Υποκριται, καλως προεφητεύσε περι ύμων prophesied O hypocrites, well concerning you

BOAT, did homage to him, saying, ‡"Assuredly, thou art God's Son."

34 ‡ And having passed over they came \* to LAND

at Gennesaret.

35 And the MEN of that PLACE recognizing him, sent through All that COUNTRY, and brought to him ALL the diseased;

36 and implored him, that they might only touch the TUFT of his MANTLE; and as many as touched, were cured.

#### CHAPTER XV.

1 ‡Then came to Jesus
\* Pharisees and Scribes
from Jerusalem, saying,

2 "Why do thy discr-PLES violate the 'TEADI-TIONARY PRECEPT of the ELDERS? for they do not wash \*their HANDS before Meals."

3 But HE answering, said to them, "Why do you also violate the commandment of God by your tradition?

4 For God \*said, ‡'Ho'nor father and Moth'ER;' and ‡'HE who RE'viles Father or Mother,
'shall be punished with
'Death.'

5 But **pou** assert, 'If any one say to FATHER or MOTHER, An Offering is that by which thou mightest derive assist-

ance from mo;

6 then \*he shall by no means honor his FATHER.'
Thus, by your TRADITION, you annul the \*WORD of GOD.

7 ‡Hypocrites! well did Isaiah prophesy concerning you, saying,

8 I'This people + [draw

FUATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—34. to LAND at Gennesaret.

Jerusalem. 2. the HANDS. 4. said, 'Honor a HEE,' 6. He shall by no means honor his father. Thus. 6. or his mother—omit. 6. word.

† 2. He that eateth with unwashed hands is guilty of death.—Rabbi Abiba. † 8. The words in brackets are found in the prophecy from which they are taken, both in the Hebrew and Septuagint. They are omitted by the Vatican and several other excellent MSS, and by some ancient versions. Erasmus, Mill, Drusius, and Bengel, approve of the omission; and Griesbach has left it out of the text. But as they are found in the place from which they are quoted, it has been thought best to insert them in the text.

† 33. Matt. xxvii. 54. † 34. Mark vi. 53. † 1. Mark vii. 1. † 4. Exod. xx. 12; Deut. v. 16; Eph. vi. 2. † 4. Exod. xxi. 17; Lev. xx. 9; Deut. xxvii. 16; Prov. xx. 20- † 7. Mark vii. 6. † 8. Isa. xxix. 18.

'Ησαιας, λεγων' <sup>εκτο</sup> λαος ούτος τοις χειλεσι Essins, saying; "The people this with the lips με τιμα· ή δε καρδια αυτων πορόω απεχει απ' me honor; the but heart of them far off is removed from μου. <sup>9</sup> Ματην δε σεβονται με, διδασκοντες me. Without profit but they reverence me, teaching εμου. διδασκαλιας, ενταλματα ανθρωπων." doctrines, commandments of men." προσκαλεσαμενος τον οχλον, ειπεν αυτοις· having called the crowd, he said to them; Ακουετε και συνιετε.  $^{11}$ Ου το εισερχομενον εις Hear you and be instructed. Not that entering into το στομα κοινοι τον ανθρωπον· αλλα το εκπορthe mouth pollutes the man; but that proceedευομενον εκ του στοματος τουτο κοινοι τον ing out of the mouth this pollutes the 12 Τοτε προσελθοντες οἱ μαθηται Then having come the disciples ανθρωπον. man. αυτου, ειπον αυτώ. Οιδας, ότι οί Φαρισαιοι, said to him; Knowest thou, that the Pharisees, ακουσαντες τον λογον, εσκανδαλισθησαν; 13'Ο hearing that saying, found a difficulty? δε αποκριθεις ειπε· Πασα φυτεια, ήν ουκ εφυ-but answering said; Every pantation, which not has τευσεν ὁ πατηρ μου ὁ ουρανιος, εκριζωθησεται. planted the father of more heavenly, shall be rooted up.  $^{14}$  Αφετε αυτους  $^{\circ}$  δδηγοι εισι τυφλοι  $^{*}$  [τυφλων.] Let alone them; guides they are blind [of blind.] 15 Αποκριθεις δε δ Πετρος βοθυνον πεσουνται. a pit will fall. Answering and the Peter ειπεν αυτώ Φρασον ήμιν την παραβολην ταυτην. said to him; Explain to us the comparison this. The and Jesus said; Yet also you unnatelligent  $\epsilon \sigma \tau e$ ;  $17 \text{ Out} \left[\pi \omega\right] \text{ posite, } \delta \tau t \pi \alpha \nu \tau \circ \epsilon t \sigma \tau \circ \rho e \tau \circ \epsilon$  Not [yet] perceive you, that all that entermineομένον εις το στομα, εις την κοιλιαν χωρεί, the mouth, into the belly passes, και εις αφεδρωνα εκβαλλεται; 18 Τα δε εκπορευ-Those but proceeda privy is cast; ομένα  $\epsilon \kappa$  του στοματος,  $\epsilon \kappa$  της καρδίας  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \rho$ ing out of the mouth, from the heart issues χεται, κακεινα κοινοι τον ανθρωπον. 19 Εκ γαρ From for forth, and they pollute the man. της καρδιας εξερχονται διαλογισμοι πονηροι. heart comes forth purposes evil; φονοι, μοιχειαι, πορνειαι, κλοπαι, ψευδρμαρτυmurders, adulteries, fornications, thefts, false testimoριαι, βλασφημιαι. 20 Ταυτα εστι τα κοινουντα nies, evilspeakings. These is the (things) polluting τον ανθρωπον το δε ανιπτοις χερσι φαγειν ου the man; that but with unwashed hands to cat not κοινοι τον ανθρωπον. pollutes the man.

'nigh to ME with their 'MOUTH, and honor Me with their LIPS; but 'their heart is far remov-'ed from me.

9 'But in vain do they 'worship me, teaching as 'Doctrines, the Precepts 'of Men.'"

10 And having called the CROWD, he said to them, "Hear, and be instructed:

IL Not THAT ENTER-INC. the MOUTH, pollutes the MAN, but THAT PRO-CEEDING from the MOUTH. pollutes the MAN."

12 Then \*the DISCIPLES approaching, say to him, "Didst thou observe That the PHARISEES were offended, when they heard that SAYING?"

13 But HE answering,

said, "Every Plantation, which my HEAVENLY FA-THER has not planted. shall be extirpated.

14 Leave them; ‡they are blind Guides; and if the Blind lead the Blind. both will fall into the Pit.'

15 Then PETER replying, said to him, "Explain to us \*that SAYING."

16 And \*HE said, "Are nou also yet without understanding?

17 Do you not perceive, That WHATEVER ENTERS the MOUTH, passes into the BELLY, and is ejected?

18 But #those THINGS PROCEEDING out of the MOUTH, issue from the HEART; and then pollute the MAN.

19 ‡ For out of the HEART proceed iriquitous Designs; - Marders, Adulteries, Fornications. Thefts, false Testimonies. Calumnies.

20 These are the THINGS which POLLUTE the MAN; but to EAT with Unwashed Hands pollutes not the MAN."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12, the DISCIPLES approaching, say. 14. of the Blind, -omit, is. that saving. 16. he said. 17. yet-omit.

<sup>‡ 10.</sup> Mark vii, 14. ‡ 14. Isa. ix. 16; Mal. ii. 8; Matt. xxiii, 16; Luke vi. 30. † 18. James iii. 6. ‡ 19. Mark vii. 21.

- Και εξελθων εκειθεν δ Ιησους ανεχωρησεν And departing thence the Jesus withdrew 22 Και ιδου, εες τα μερη Τυρου και Σιδωνος. into the confines of Tyre and Silon. And k0, γυνη Χαναναια, απο των δριων εκεινων εξελθουwoman Canaanitish, of the parts Slose coming . λεγουσα Ελεησον με, EKOAUYAGEV AU out. cried out to him. saying; Pitt me. μου κακως δαι-ιονικυριε, υίε Δαυιδ. ή Olord Oson David; the daughter . sadly . 23 Ο δε ουκ απεκριθη αυτη λογον. CETAL. -aR He but not answered 300 a -ord. And ized, προσελθοντες οξ μαθηται αυτου, ηρωτων αυτου, the disciples of lim, besought coming λεγοντες· Απολυσου αυτηυ, ότι κραζει οπισθευ her, Send away for she cries at the back 24 O δε αποκριθεις ειπεν Ουκ απεστα-He but answering said; Not Jam ກໍ່ແພນ. of us. λην, ει μη εις τα προβατα τα απολωλοτα οικου to the sheep the Conse of sent, except perishing 25 Ή δε ελθουσα προσεκυνει αυτο, Ισραηλ. She then prostrated to J . '> Israel. coming 26 Ο δε αποκριθειο λεγουσα. Κυριε, βοηθει μοι. Olord, give aid to me. He but answ saying; ειπεν Ουκ εστι καλον λαβειν το bread ofth 'o take the Not it is right said; 2. Ή δ€ τεκνων, και βαλειν τοις κυναριοις. to throw to the She but dogs. children, and Ναι, κυριε και γαρ τα κυναρια εσθιει Olord; com for the dogs estesk. said: . Το των ψιχιων των πιπτοντων απο της τραπε falling crumbs of the from the table the 28 Τοτε αποκριθεις δ των κυριων αύτων. Then of them. answering the masters Ιησους ειπεν αυτ. Ω γυναι, μεγαλη σου ή said to her; O woman, great of thee the Kaı πιστις γενηθητω σοι, ώς θελεις. ιαθη let it be to thee, as thou wilt. And was healed ή θυγατηρ αυτης απο της ώρας εκεινης. daughter ofher from the hour that.

29 Και μεταβας εκειίεν ὁ Ιησους, ηλθε παρα departing thence the Jesus, came την θαλασταν της Γαλιλαίας και αναβας εις Galilee; and ascending into of the 30 Και προσηλθον αυτώ το ορος, εκαθητο εκει. the mountain, he sat down there, And came οχλοι πολλοι, εχοντες μεθ' έαυτων χωλους, having with them great, τυφλους, κωφους, κυλλους, και έτερους πολλους. blind, deaf, maimed, and others many; και ερβιψαν αυτους παρα τους ποδας του Ιησου, feet of the Jesus, they laid them the 31 ώστε τους οχλους και εθεραπευσεν αυτους. the crowds he healed them; so that and θαυμασαι, βλεποντας κωφους λαλουντας, κυλbeholding to wonder, speaking,

21 And Jesus departing thence, withdrew into the CONFINES of Tyre and Sidon.

22 And behold, a Canaanitish Woman coming from those PARTS, cried out to him, saying, "Have compassion on me! Master, Son of David! my DAUGHTER is sadly demonized."

23 But he answered her not a Word. And his disciples coming, entreated him, saying, "Dismiss her; For she cries after us."

24 But HE answering, said, 1"I am only sent to the Perishing sheep of the Stock of Israel."

25 Yet advancing, SHE prostrated to him, saying, "O Master, help me!"

26 But HE answering, said, "It is not proper to take the CHILDREN'S BREAD, and throw it to

27 But she said, "I beseech thee, Sir; for even the DOGS eat THOSE CRUMBS Which FALL from their MASTERS' TABLE."

28 Then Jesus answering, said to her, "O Woman! great is Thy WAITH; be it to thee as thou desirest." And her DAUGHTER was cured from that very MOMENT.

29 iAnd Jesus, having left that place, came to the LAKE of GALI-LEE; and ascending the MOUNTAIN sat down there.

30 And great Crowds came to him, bringing with them the lame, "the crippled, the blind, the deaf, and many others, and laid them at "his feet, and he cured them:

 $\chi \lambda_{\rm out}$ 31 so that the crowds beheld, with wonder, the Deaf \*hearing, the Crippled restored, the Lame

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—30. crippled, blind, deaf, and. 30. his feet. 31. hearing. † 26. The Jews likened the heathen nations to dogs.—*Lightfoot.* † 30. The original to those whose hand or arm has been cut off; (see Mark ix. 43.) but it is sometimes applied to those who were only disabled in those parts. To supply a lost limb was a creation, and therefore an astonishing miracle.

λους δγιεις, χωλους περιπατουντας, και τυφλους and blind walking. sound, βλεποντας· και εδοξασαν τον θεον Ισραηλ. 32 'Ο and they glorified the God of Israel. The δε Ιησους, προσκαλεσαμενος τους μαθητας αύhaving called the then Jesus, disciples of του, ειπε· Σπλαγχνιζομαι επι τον οχλον, ότι I have compassion on the crowd, for \*[ηδη] ήμεραι τρεις, προσμενουσι μοι, και our [already] days three, they have remained with me, and not εχουσι τι φαγωσι και απολυσαι αυτουs they have any thing they may eat; and to send away them νης τεις ου θελω, μηποτε εκλυθωσιν εν τη όδω. fasting not I will, lest they may faint in the way. 35 Και λεγουσιν αυτφ οί μαθηται αύτου Ποθεν And they say to him the disciples of him; ήμιν εν ερημια αρτοι τοσουτοι, ώστε χορτασαι to us in a desert place loaves so many, so as to satisfy οχλου τοσουτου; 34 Και λεγει αυτοις ὁ Ιησους. οχλου τοσουτον; And says to them the Jesus; a crowd so great? Ποσους αρτους εχετε; Οί δε ειπον Έπτα, και How many loaves have ou? They and said; Seven, and 35 Και εκελευσε τοις οχλοις ολιγα ιχθυδια. And he directed the crowds a few small fishes. 35 Και λαβωυ τους αναπεσειν επι την γην. to recline upon the ground. And taking the έπτα αρτους και τους ιχθυας, ευχαριστησας loaves and the fishes, giving thanks εκλασε και εδωκε τοις μαθηταις αύτου, οί δε he broke and he gave to the disciples of him, the and 37 Και εφαγον παντες, και μαθηται τφ οχλφ. And they ate disciples to the crowd. all. εχορτασθησαν και ηραν το περισσευον των and they took up that over and above of the **«λ**ασματων, έπτα σπυριδας πληρεις. 38 06 δ€ fragments, seven large baskets full. εσθιοντες ησαν τετρακισχιλιοι ανδρες, χωρις eating were four thousand men. γυναικών και παιδιών. women and children.

39 Και απολυσας τους οχλους, ave ET, he went into And having sent away the crowds, το πλοιον, και ηλθεν εις τα όρια Μαγδαλα. the ship, and came to the coasts of Magdala. the ship, and came to the coasts of Magdala. ΚΕΦ. 15'. 16. 1 Και προσελθοντες οί Φαρισαιοι And coming the Pharisees και Σαδδουκαιοι, πειραζοντες επηρωτησαν αυτον, tempting and Sadducees, they asked him, σημειον εκ του ουρανου επιδειξαι αυτοις. a sign from the heaven toshow to them. , He

walking, and the Blina seeing; and they glorified the God of Israel.

32 Then JESUS having called his DISCIPLES, said. "I have compassion on the CROWD, because they have continued with me three Days, and have nothing to eat; and I do not wish to dismiss them fasting, lest they should faint on the ROAD."

33 And his disciples say to him, 1"How can we get so many Loaves in a Desert-place, to satisfy such a Crowd?"

34 And JESUS says to them, "How many Loaves have you?" And THEY said, "Seven, and a Few Small fishes."

35 Then he commanded the PEOPLE to recline on

the ground:

36 and taking the sev-IN Loaves and the FISHis, the offered thanks, and broke them, and gave to his disciples, and the DISCIPLES distributed to the CROWD.

37 And they all ate and were satisfied; and of the REMAINING FRAGMENTS they gathered Seven large † Baskets full.

38 Now they who had EATEN were \* about Four thousand Men, besides Women and Children.

39 ‡ And having dis-missed the CROWDS, he went into the BOAT, and came to the † coast of \* Magdala.

#### CHAPTER XVI.

1 Then the PHARI-SEES and SADDUCEES drew near, and tempting asked him to show them a Sign from HEAVEN.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. already-omit. Lachmann and Tischendorf.

<sup>38.</sup> about.

<sup>39.</sup> Magadan-so also

<sup>† 37.</sup> Baskets of larger capacity than the wicker baskets mentioned in Chap. xiv. 20—large enough to contain a man's body. See Acts ix. 25. † 39. The modern name is Ard el-Meydel, field or coast of Mejdel. Mejdel, from which the plain takes its name, is a paltry village, about an hour from Tiberias, near where a line of high rocks overhangs the lake. This 'as the ancient Magdala, called in Mark viii, 10, Dalmanutha; the birth place of that Mary, out of whom were expelled seven demons.

<sup>1 32.</sup> Mark viii. 1. 2 86. Mark viii. 10.

ε αποκριθεις είπεν αυτοις \* [Οψιας γενομενης, said to them, \* ["In the Evening, you say, 'It will be Fair weather, you say; Fair weather; reddens for the heaven. And Σημερον χειμων πυρραζει γαρ στυγin the morning; To-day astorm: is red for low-Υποκριται, το μεν προσωπον να (ων δ ουρανος. Hypocrites, the truly ring the heaven. του ουρανου γινωσκετε διακρινειν, τα δε σημεια the but signs to judge, you know των καιρων ου δυνασθε;] 4 Γενεα πονηρα και of the times not can you?] A generation evil and ...οιχαλις σημειον επιζητει και σημειον ου δοseeks; and a sign not shal θησεται αυτη, ει μη το σημειον Ιωνα \* του to her, except the sign of Jonas The Κωι καταλιπων αυτους, απηλθε. προφητου. And leaving them, he went away. prophet.] δ Και ελθοντες οἱ μαθηται αυτου εις το περαν. of him to the other side And coming the disciples 6'Ο δε Ιησους ειπει επελαθοντο αρτους λαβειν. The and Jesus had forgotten loaves to take. 'Ορατε και προσεχετε απο της (υμης αυτοις· take heed the leaven Look and of to them; των Φαρισαιων και Ζαδδουκαιων. 7 Οί δε διελο-They and of the Pharisees and Sadducees. 30aγι(οντο εν έαυτοις, λεγοντες. Ότι αρτους ουκ soned among themselves, saving; Because loaves not ελαβομέν. 8 Τνους δε δ Ισσους είπεν. Ti Siawe have brought. Knowing und the Jesus said; Why reaλογιζεσθε εν έαυτοις, ελιγοπιστοι, ότι αρτους son you among yoursess, Gyou of weak faith, because loaved ουκ \*[ελαβετε;] "Ουπω νοειτε, ουδε μνημον-[you have brought?] Not yet perceive you, wor romemευετε τους πεντε αρτους των πεντακισχιλιων.
beryon the five work of the five-thousand ber you 10 Ουδ€ τους και ποσους κοφινους ελαβετε: you took up? how many baskets Nor the έπτα αρτους των τετρακισχιλιων, και ποσας loaves of the four thousand, and how many 11 Πως ου νοειτε, ότι ου σπυριδας ελαβετε; large baskets you took up? Why not do you perceive, that not περι αρτου ειπον ύμιν προσεχειν απο της ζυμης about bread I spoke to you to take heed of the leaven 12 Τοτε συτων φαρισαιων και Σαδδουκαιων; of the Pharisees they and Sadducees? Then νηκαν, δτι ουκ ειπε προσεχειν απο της ζυμης understood, that not he did say beware of the leaven σου αρτου, αλλ' απο της διδαχης των Φαρισαιων of the bread, but of the doctrine of the Pharisees και Σαδδουκαιων.

for the sky is red:'

3 and in the Morning, 'There will be a Storm To-day, for the sky is red and lowering.' Hypocrites! you can correctly judge as to the APPEARANCE of the SKY, but cannot discern the signs of the TIMES.

4 : A wicked and faithless Generation mands a Sign; but no Sign will be given it. except the SIGN of Jonah." And leaving them, he went away.

5 ! Now, \*the DISCI-PLES passing to the OTH-ER SIDE, had forgotten to take Loaves with them.

6 And Jesus said to them, ‡"Observe, and beware of the LEAVEN of the PHARISEES and Sadducees."

7 And THEY reasoned among themselves, saying, "Because we have brought no Loaves."

8 But Jesus knowing it, said, "O you distrustful! Why do you reason among yourselves, Because you have no you have Bread.

9 Do you not yet perceive, or recollect the FIVE-THOUSAND, How many Baskets you took up?

10 nor the SEVEN Loaves of the Four THOUSAND, and How many large Baskets you

took up.
11 How is it that you do not comprehend. That I spoke not to you about Bread. \* but beware you of the LEAVEN of the PHARISEES and Sadducees?"

12 Then they under-stood That he did not tell them to beware of the LEAVEN of BREAD, but of the DOCTRINE of \*SADDUCKES and the Pharisees.

Sadducees.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2 and 3-omit. . 11. but beware you of. 8. brought-omit.

<sup>1 4.</sup> Matt. xii. 39. 1 10 Matt. xv. 34.

<sup>1 5.</sup> Mark viri. 14.

<sup>5.</sup> the piscip\_Rs. 4. the PROPHET-omit. 12. SADDUCKES and Pharisees.

<sup>1 9.</sup> Matt. ziv. 17 t 6. Luke xii. 1.

13 Ελθων δε 3 Ιησους εις τα μερη Καισαρειας Coming and the Jesus into the parts της Φιλιππου, πρωτα τους μαθητας αύτου, λεof him, sayc. the Philip, asked the disciples γων Τινα με λεγουσιν ος ανθρωποι ειναι, τον ing; Who me say the men to be, the 14 Οί δε ειπον. Οί μεν, υίον του ανθρωπου; son of the man? They and said; Some, Ιωαννην τον βαπτιστην· αλλοι δε, Ηλιαν· έτεροι John the dipper; others and, Elias; others 15 Λεγει Ίερεμιαν, η ένα των προφητων.

Jeremias, or one of the prophets. He says αυτοις. Υμεις δε τινα με λεγετε ειναι; 16 Αποκto them; You but who me say to be? ριθεις δε Σιμων Πετρος ειπε. Συ ει δ Χριστος, vering the Simon Peter said; Thou art the Anointed, δ υίος του θεου του ζωντος. 17 Και αποκριθεις the son of the God the living. And answering δ Ιησους ε τεν αυτώ Μακαριος ει, Σιμων βαρ the Jesus said to him; Blessed art thou, Simon son Ιωνα· ότι σαρέ και αίμα ουκ απεκαλυψε σοι, of Jonas; for desh and blood not it has revealed to thee, αλλ' δ πατηρ μου, δ εν τοις ουρανοις. 18 Καγω but the father of me, that a the heaven. Also I δε σοι λεγω, ότι συ ε. Πετρος, και επι ταυτη and to thee say, that thos a t a rock. and upon this τη πετρα οικοδομησω μου την εκκλησιαν, και •he rock I will build of me the church, and 19 Kat πυλαι 'αδου ου κατισχυσούοιν αυτης. gates of hades not shall prevail against δωσω σοι τας κλεις της βασιλειας των ουkeys of the I will give to thee the kingdom ρανων και δ εαν δησης ENI THE YMS, ECTAL vens; and whatever thou mayest bine upon the earth, shall be δεδεμενον εν τοις ουρανοις και δ εαν λυσης in the heavens; and whatever thou mayest loose επι της γης, εσται λελυμενον εν τοις ουρανοις.

in the upon the earth, shall be loosed beavens.

<sup>20</sup> Τοτε διεστειλατο τοις μαθηταις αύτου, ίνα Then be charged the disciples of him,

μηδενι ειπωσιν ότι αυτος εστιν ό Χριστος. no one they should tell that he to the Anointed.

21 Απο τοτε ηρξατο δ Ιησους δεικνυειν τοις Jesus toshow to the

13 And JESUS comina into the PARTS of † Cesarea PHILIPPI, questioned his DISCIPLES, saying, to Who do WEN Bay that \*the son of man is?"

14 And THEY replied, "Some, John the IMMER. SER; \* SOME, Elijah; and others, Jeremiah, or one of the PROPHETS."

15 He says to them, "But who do nou say that I am?"

16 Simon Peter answering, said, t"Thou art the CHRIST, the SON of the

LIVING God."

17 And Jesus answering, said to him, "Happy art thou, Simon, son of Jonah; for Flesh and Blood has not revealed this to thee, but THAT FATHER of mine in the \* Heavens.

18 Moreover, # also say to thee, That thou art ta Rock, and on this ROCK I will build My CHURCH, and the Gates of Hades shall not triumph over it.

19 And I will give thee the KEYS . the KING. DOM of the HEAVENS; i and whatever th u shalt bind on the EARTH, shall be bound in the MEAV-ENS; and whatever thou shalt loose on the EARTH, shall be loosed in the HEAVENS."

20 † Then he commanded \* the DISCIPLES that they should tell no one, that he is the MESSIAH.

21 From that time, JEsus began to disclose to

17. Heavens. 14. SOME.

t13. This town was near to the spring-head of the Jordan, and was built by Philip, tetrarch of Galilee, in honor of Tiberius Cæsar; and to distinguish it from the sea-port town of Cesarea, mentioned frequently in the Acts of the Apostles, it was called Cesarea Philippi. See Josephus, Ant. xviii. 2, 1, and xx. 8, 4. † 18. Parkhurst says, "This expression seems allusive to the form of the Jewish sepulchres, which were large subterraneous caves, with a narrow mouth or entrance, many of which are to be found in Judea, to this day. The LXX render the corresponding phrase from the Heb. of Isa, xxxviii. 10, the gates of the sepulchre. The full meaning of our Lord's promise seems to be, that his church on earth, however persecuted and distressed, should never fail till the consummation of all things, and should then, at the resurrection of the just, finally trumph over death and the grave." Compare 1 Cor. xv. 54, 55. † 19. It is said, that when the Jews made a man a doctor of the law, they used to put into his hands the key of the closet in the temple, where the sacred books were deposited, and also tablets to write upon; signifying that they gave him authority to teach and to explain the scriptures and law of God to the people.

† 18. Mark viii. 27; Luke ix. 18. 1 27. † 18. John i. 42. † 18. Eph. 30. Matt. vvii. 9; Nam. lii. 80; Luke ix. 21. 16. Mark viii. 29; Luke ix 20; John 1. 40; vi. 69; 18. Eph. ii. 20. 19. Matt. Lili. 18; John v. 22.

the DISCIPLES.

From that time began the \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. the son of man is?

αυτου.

and

James,

μαθηταις αύτου, ότι δει αυτον απελθειν εις Ίεροof him, that must he to go Jeruto disciples σολυμα, και πολλα παθειν απο των πρεσβυτεand many (things) to suffer from the ealem. ρων και αρχιερεων και γραμματεων, και αποκand high-priests and scribes, and to he 22 Kat τανθηναι, και τη τριτη ήμερα εγερθηναι. day to be raised. and the third And προσλαβομενος αυτον δ Πετρος, ηρξατο επιτιμαν him the Peter, began taking aside αυτω, λεγων· 'Ιλεως σοι, κυριε· ου μη εσται him, saying; Beit far from thee, Olord; not not shall be σοι τουτο. <sup>23</sup> 'Ο δε στραφεις ειπε τω Πετρω· αυτφ, λεγων. σοι τουτο. said to the Peter; He but turning to thee this σκανδαλον "ζπαγε οπισω μου, σατανα" adversary; a stumbling-block of me Go thou behind of me. του θεου, αλλα τα Ta ει ότι ου φρυνεις thou art; for not thou regardest the (things) of the God, but those των ανθρωπων. 24 Τοτε ὁ Ιησους ειπε τοις μα-Then the Jesus said to the dismen. θηταις αύτου. Ει τις θελει οπισω μου ελθειν, othun; If any one wish after me to come, ciples απαρνησασθω έαυτον, και αρατω τον σταυρον himself, and let him bear the cross let him deny 25 'Os yap av αύτου, και ακολουθειτω μοι. Whoever for of him, and follow me, θελη την ψυχην αύτου σωσαι, απολεσει αυτην. may wish the life of him to save, shall lose her; δ αν απολεση την ψυχην αύτου ένεκεν may lose the life of him on account may lose whoever and <sup>26</sup> Τι γαρ ωφελειται αν-What for is profited a εμου, εύρησει αυτην. of my shall find her.  $\theta \rho \omega \pi$  s,  $\epsilon \alpha \nu$  τον κοσμον όλον κερδηση, την δε nan, if the world whole he may win, the and ψυχην αύτου ζημιωθη; η τι δωσει ανθρωπος or him he may forfeit? or what shall give a man aνταλλαγμα της ψυχης αυτου; 27 Μελλει γαρ in exchange for the lite of him? Is about for δ νίος του ανθρωπου ερχεσθαι εν τη δοξη του to come in the glory of the the son of the man πατρος αύτου, μετα των αγγελων αύτου, και with the messengers of him, and of him, τοτε αποδωσει έκαστω κατα την πραξιν he will render to each one according to the behavior then

of him. 23 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, εισι τινες των ώδε έστω-Indeed I say to you, there are some of those here having των, οίτινες ου μη γευσωνται θανατου, έως αν of death, not not shall taste stood, τον υίον του ανθρωπου ερχομενον εν τη they may see the son of the man coming in the KEΦ. ιζ. 17. <sup>1</sup> Και μεθ' βασιλεια αύτου. And after royal majesty of him. ήμερας έξ παραλαμβανει δ Ιησους τον Πετρον, the Jesus the Peter, takes six και Ιακωβον, και Ιωαννην τον αδελφον αυτου.

his disciples, # That he must go to Jerusalem, and suffer much from the EL. DERS, and High-priests, and Scribes, and be killed, and that on the THIRD Day he must be raised up.

22 And PETER taking him aside, and \* rebuking him, said, "Be this far from thee, Master; this shall not be to thee."

23 But HE turning, said to PETER, "Get thee behind me, Adversary; thou art a Stumbling-block to me; for thou regardest not the THINGS of GOD, but those of men."

24 Then JESUS said to his disciples, ‡"If any one wish to come after me, let him renounce himself, and take up his CROSS, and follow me.

25 ‡ For whoever would save his LIFE, shall lose it: and whoever loses his LIFE on my account, shall find it.

26 For what is a Man profited, if he should gain the whole world, and forfeit his LIFE? or what will ‡a man give in Ransom for his LIFE?

27 TFor the son of MAN is about to come in the GLORY of his FATHER, with his ANGELS; and then he will recompense o each one according to ME CONDUCT.

28 Indeed I ay to you, \* That there are SOME of those STANDIN here, who will not taste of Death, till they see the on of MAN coming in his ROYAL MAS JESTY.

#### CHAPTER XVII.

1 ± And after six days, Jesus took Peter, James, and John the BROTHER of James, and privately con-

and

brother of him;

the

John · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 22. rebuking him, said.

<sup>28.</sup> That there are.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Matt xvii. 22; xx. 17; Mark viii. 31; ix. 31; x. 33; Luke ix. 22, 44; xviii. 31; xxiv 6. 7.

† 24. Matt. x. 38; Mark viii. 34; Luke ix. 23; xiv. 27. 1 25. Luke xvii 33; John xii. 25.
† 26. Psa. xlix. 7, 8. † 27. Matt. xxv. 31—46; Mark viii. 38; Luke ix. 26. † 28 Mark
ix. 1; Luke ix. 27. † 1. Mark ix. 2; Luke ix. 28.

και αναφερει αυτους εις ορος ύψηλον κατ' ιδιαν. and leads up them into a mountain bigh privately.  $^{\S}$ Και μετεμορφωθη εμπροσθεν αυτων, και And he was transfigured in the presence of them, and ελαμψε το προσωπον αυτου ώς δ ήλιος τα δε shone the face of him as the sun; the and έματια αυτου εγενετο λευκα ώς το φως. <sup>3</sup> Και garments of him became wante as the light. ιδου, ωφθησαν αυτοις Μωσης και Ηλιας, μετ' to, appeared to hem Moses and Elias, 4 Αποκριθεις δε δ Πετρος αυτου συλλαλουντες. talking. Answering and inn Peter ειπε τω Ιησου· Κυριε, καλον εστιν ήμας ώδε said to the Jesus; Olord, good at a us here ειναι ει θελεις, ποιησωμεν ώδε τρεις σκηνας, to be; if thou wit, we may make nere three tents, σοι μιαν, και Μωση μιαν, και μιαν Ηλια. to thee one, and Moses one, and one Elias. Suil αυτου λαλουντος, ιδου, νεφελη φωτος επεσof nun speaking, lo, a cloud of light κιαπεν αυτους και ιδου, φωνη εκ της νεφελης, shadowed them. and in, a conce out of the cloud, λεγουσα· "Ούτος εστιν δυίος μου δαγαπητος, saying, "Tais to the son of me the beloved, εν ω ευδοκησα αυτου ακουετε." 6 Και ακουin whom t designt, of the best you." And having σαντες οί μαθηται, επεσον επι προσωπον αύτων, heard the disciples, theviell upon face και εφοβηθησαν σφοδρα. <sup>7</sup> Και προσελθων δ and were trightened greatly. And coming near the Ιησους, ήψατο αυτων, και ειπεν. Εγερθητε, και Jesus, touched them, and said; Be you raised, and μη φοβεισθε. <sup>8</sup> Επαραντες δε τους οφθαλμους be airaid. Lifting up then the eyes αίτων, ουδενα ειδον, ει μη τον Ιησουν μονον. of them, no one they saw, except the Jesus alone. <sup>9</sup> Και καταβαινοντων αυτων, εκ του opous, And descending of them, from the mountain, ενετειλατο αυτοις δ Ιησους, λεγων Μηδενι ειthem the Jesus, saying; To no one you πητε το δραμα, έως ού ό υίος του ανθρωπου εκ may tell the vision, till the son of the νεκοων αναστη.

dead (ones) should be raised. 10 Και επηρωτησαν αυτον οι μαθηται αυτου, him the disciples of him, And asked λεγοντες. Τι ουν οί γραμματεις λεγουσιν, ότι saying; Why then the scribes say, Hλιαν δει ελθειν πρωτον;
Elias must to come Grst? The but Jesus αποκριθεις ειπεν \*[αυτοις:] Ηλιας μεν ερχεται answering said [to them;] Elias truly comes πρωτον, και αποκαταστησει παντα· 12 λεγω δε and shall restore all things; I say but ύμιν, ότι Ηλιας ηδη ηλθε, και ουκ επεγνωσαν to you, that Elias just now came, and not they knew αυτον, αλλ' εποιησαν εν αυτφ δσα ηθελησαν but have done to him as much as they wished,

ducted them up a lofty Mountain;

2 and he was transformed in their presence. his face shone as the SUN, and his GARMENT'S became white as the LIGHT.

3 And behold, Moses and Elijah appeared to them, conversing with

nım.

4 Then Peter addressing Jesus, said, "Master, it is good for us to be here; it thou wilt, \*I will make here three Booths; one for thee, one for Moses, and one for Ebjah."

5 While he was speaking, behold, ‡a Cloud of light covered them; and behold, a voice from the CLOUD, declaring, ‡"This is my son, the BELOVED, in whom I delight; hear him!"

6 And the disciples having heard it, tell on their Faces, and were greatly trightened.

7 And JESUS approaching, ‡touched them, and said, "Arise, and be not afraid."

8 Then raising their EYES, they saw no one,

except Jesus.

9 ‡ And as they were descending the MOUNTAIN, JESUS commanded them, saying I cli the VISION to no one. till the SON of MAN be risen from the Dead.

10 And the DISCIPLES asked hum, saving to Why then do the SCRIBES so That Elijah must first come?"

11 \*HE answering, said, "Elijah indeed \* comes, and will restore all things.

12 But I say to you, 1 That Elyah has already come, and they did not recognize him, but have done to him whatever they wished. Thus also

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—4. I will make here three Booths. 11. comes, and will restore.

<sup>11.</sup> He answering

to the disciples of thee, and

the Jesus, and came out

I brought

rebuked

And

with και δ vios του αντρωπου μελλει πασχειν thus also the son of the man is about to suffer  $\hat{v}\pi$  αυτων. 13 Τοτε συνηκαν οί μαθηται, ότι by them. Then understood the disciples, that περι Ιωαννου του βαπτιστου ειπεν αυτοις concerning John the disper he spoke to them.

14 Και ελθοντων αυτων προς τον οχλον, προσ-And having come of them to the growd,

15 Kal ηλθεν αυτο ανθρωπος, γονυπετών αυτον, knee-falling him, and a man, λεγων Κυριε, ελεησον μου τον υίον ότι σελη-Olord, have pity on of me the son; be is και κακως πασχει. πολλακις νια(εται, yap for moon-struck, and sadly suffers; often πιπτει εις το πυρ, και πολλακις εις το ύδωρ. he falls into the fire, and often into the 16 Και προσηνεγκα αυτον τοις μαθηταις σου, και

17 Αποκριουκ ηδυνηθησαν αυτον θεραπευσαι. not they were able him to heal. Answer CEIS DE & INTOUS EITEV. Ω γενεα απιστος και ing and the Jesus O generation unfaithful and said; έως ποτε εσομαι μεθ' ύμων; διεστραμμενη. when shall lbe with you? having been perverted; till έως ποτε ανεξομαι ύμων; φερετε μοι αυτον ώδε. till when shall I bear you? bring you to me him 18 Και επετιμησεν αυτφ δ Ιησους, και εξηλθεν,

him

him

αυτου το δαιμονιον· και εθεραπευθη δ παις the boy the demon; and was cured 19 Τοτε προσελθοντες απο της ώρας εκεινης. Then from the hour that. οί μαθηται τφ Ιησου κατ' ιδιαν, ειπον. Διατι himself, said; the disciples to the Jesus by Why 20 °O δ€ ήμεις ουκ ηδυνηθημεν εκβαλειν αυτο; to cast out The and were able it? not Δια την απιστιαν ύμων. Indous einer autois. Jesus said to them; On account of the unbelief of you. Αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, εαν εχητε πιστιν ώς κοκ-Indeed for I say to you, if you have faith as a κον σιναπεως, ερειτε τφ ορει τουτφ. Μεταgrain of mustard, you will say to the mountain; this βηθι εντευθεν εκει, και μεταβησεται και ουδεν removed from here there, and it will remove; and nothing αδυνατησει ύμιν. 21 \* [Τουτο δε το γενος ουκ [This but the kind will be impossible to you. εκπορένεται, ει μη εν προσευχή και νήστεια.

goes out, if not in prayer and fasting.]

22 Αναστρεφομενων δε αυτων εν τη Γαλιλαια,

"Vere traveling and of them in the Gailiee,
aid to them the Jesus; Is about the son of the

θρωπου παραδιδοσθαι εις χειρας ανθρωπων,
man το be delivered up into hands of men,

man 30 Be delivered up into hands

32 και αποκτενουσιν αυτον και τη τριτη ήμερα and they will kill him; and the third day εγερθησεται. Και ελυπηθησαν σφοδρα. he will be raised. And they were grieved exceedingly.

the son of MAN is about to suffer by them."

13 Then the DISCIPLES understood That he spoke to them concerning John the IMMERSER.

14 ‡ And they having come to the CROWD, a Man came to him. kneeling and saying,

15 "O Sir, have compassion on My son; for he is a lunatic, and \*sickly; for he frequently falls into the FIEE, and frequently into the WATER.

16 And I brought him to thy DISCIPLES, but they could not cure Him."

17 Then JESUS answering said, "O unbelieving and perverse Generation! how long must I be with you? how long must I endure you? bring him here to me."

18 And Jesus rebuked him, and the DEMON came out of him; and the BOY was restored from that.

19 Then the DISCIPLES coming to JESUS privately, said, "Why were the not able to cast it out?"

20 And \*HE says to them, "On account of your \*LITTLE-FAITH; For indeed I say to you, If you have Faith, as a Grain of Mustard, you might say to this MOUNTAIN, Remove there from here, and it would remove; and nothing would be impossible to you.

21 \*†[This KIND, howe

21 \*†[This KIND, how ever, goes not out but by Prayer and Fasting."]

22 † Now while they were traveling in GALI-LEE, JESUS said to them, "The son of MAN is about to be delivered up into the Hands of Men;

23 and they will kill him, and the THIED Day he will \*rise. And they were exceedingly grieved.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. sickly. 20. HR says. 20. LITTLE-FAITH. 21.-omit.

<sup>† 21.</sup> This verse is wanting in the Coptic, Ethiopic, Syriac hieros, and in one Itala MSS.
† 14. Mark ix. 14; Luke ix. 37.
† 20. Matt. xxi. 21; Mark xi. 23; Luke xxii. 6; 1 Corxiii. 2.
† 22. Matt. xxi. 21; xx. 18; Mark ix. 30, 31; Luke ix. 44.

24 Ελθοντων Καπερναουμ, SE QUTWY ELS Having arrived and of them at Capernaum. προσηλθον οί τα διδραχμα λαμβανοντες τω came those the didrachmas receiving to the Πετρω, και ειπου Ο διδασκαλος ύμων ου τελει
Peter, and said; The teacher of you not pays and said; The 25 Aeyet Nat. τα διδραχμα, Και ότε εισηλthe didrachmas? And when he was θεν εις την οικιαν, προεφθασεν αυτον δ Ιησους. come into the house, anticipated him the Jesus, λενων Τι λεγων· Τι σοι δοκει, Σιμων; saying; Which to thee seems right, Simon? Οί βασιλεις The της γης απο τινων λαμβανουσι τελη η κηνσον; of the earth from whom do they take taxes or census? and two viwe autwer,  $\eta$  and two allothins; from the sons of them, or from the aliens?  $\frac{26}{\Lambda}$ eyel autwer  $\delta$   $\Pi$ etpos  $\Lambda$ eo two allothings. Says to him the Peter, From the aliens.

Εφη αυτφ δ Ιησους. Αραγε ελευθεροι εισιν οί Then Says to him the Jesus, exempt are the 27 Ίνα δε μη σκανδαλισωμεν αυτους, viot. That but not we may offend sons. them. πορευθεις εις την θαλασσαν, βαλε αγκιστρον, to the sea, cast thou και τον αναβαντα πρωτον ιχθυν αρον και ανοιand the ascending first fish take up; and openξας το στομα αυτου, εύρησεις στατηρα: εκεινον ing the mouth of him, thou wilt find a stater; λαβων, δος αυτοις αντι εμου και σου. give to them for me and thee.

## КЕФ. ип'. 18.

Το εκεινή τη ώρα προσηλθον οι μαθηται τω In that the hour came the disciples to the the disciples to the Ιησου, λεγοντες. Τις αρα μειζων εστιν εν τη Who then greater is in the saying; βατιλεία των ουρανων; <sup>2</sup>Και προσκαλεσαμένος And kingdom of the heavens? δ Ιησυν παιδιον εστησεν αυτο εν μεσφ αυτων, the Jones a little child placed it in midst of them, 3 και ειπεν. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, εαν μη στραφητε said; Indeed I say to you, if not you be changed και γενησθε ώς τα παιδια, ου μη εισελθητε εις and become as the little children, not not you may enter into την βασιλείαν των ουρανων. \*\*Οστις ουν

of the beavens,

kingdom

24 1 And having arrived at Capernaum, the col-LECTORS OF † DIDRACHMS came to PETER, and said. "Does not your TEACHER pay the DIDRACHMS?"

25 He says, "Yes." And when \*they were come into the House, Jesus anticipated him, saying, "What is thy opinion, Simon? From whom do the KINGS of the EARTH take Tax or Census? from their own sons, or from others?"

26 \* And when he said, "Of others," Jesus says, "The sons then are exempt

27 But lest we should offend them, go to the LAKE, throw a Hook, and take the first FISH COM-ING UP, and opening its MOUTH, thou wilt find ta Stater; take That, and give it to them, for me and thee."

#### CHAPTER XVIII.

1 \* And at That TIME the DISCIPLES came to Jesus, saying, t"Who then is greatest in the KINGDOM of the HELV-ENS?"

2 And \*he having called a Little child, placed him in the Midst of them,

3 and said, "Indeed I say to you, ‡ Unless you be changed, and become as LITTLE CHILDREN, you will never enter the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS. 4 Whoever, therefore,

C VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—25. they were come. sus says.

1. And at.
2. he having called. 26. And when he said, "Of others," Jesus says.

Whoever therefore

<sup>† 24.</sup> A half shekel, in value about 30 cents, or 1s. 3d. It appears from Exodus xxx. 13, 14, that every male among the Jews, of twenty years old and upwards, was commanded to give a certain sum every year, as an offering to the Lord, for the service of the temple at Jerusalem. Scott refers to Jos. Ant. xviii. 9, 1, to show that the Jews continued to send the same sum every year, wherever they lived; which Philo too particularly mentions, de Monarch. ii. 635, ed. col. "Sums of money, on account of the Jews, were carried every year out of Italy and all your provinces to Jerusalem." Cic. pro Flac. 8. "Every Jew, despissing the religion of the country in which he lived, sent his donations and tribute to Jerusalem and the temple." Tac. Hist, lib. 5. Josephus (B. J. vii. 27) says, "the Roman emperor Vespasian imposed upon every Jew the same contribution for the Capitol, as they had before paid to the Temple." "Titus imposed on them a yearly tribute of a didrachm to Capitoline Jupiter." Xiphil. Dion. lib. lxvi. These tribute gatherers must have been sent by the superintendents of the Temple, and have acted by the authority of the high priest; for the force of our Lord's argument depends upon this particular.—Wakefield. † 27. A shekel, or half an ounce of silver, in value about 60 cents, or 2s. 6d., at 5s. per ounce. an ounce of silver, in value about 60 cents, or 2s. 6d., at 5s. per ounce.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Mark tv. 53. † 1. Mark ix. 53; Luke ix. 46; xxii. 24. Mark v 15: Luke xviii 17: 1 Cor. xiv 20; 1 Peter ii. 2. \* \$ 3. Matt. xix. 16;

ταπεινωση έαυτον ώς το παιδιον τουτο, οίτος may humble himself as the little child this, he εστιν ό μειζων εν τη βασιλεια των ουρανων.
is the greater in the kingdom of the neavens. Και ός εαν δεξηται παιδιον τοιουτον έν επε τω And whoever may receive a little child such one on the 6 'Os δ' αν σκανδαονοματι μου, εμε δεχεται. name of me, me receives. Who but ever λιση ένα των μικρων τουτων, των πιστευοντων snare one of the little-ones these, of the εις εμε, συμφερει αυτω, ίνα κρεμασθη μυλος into me, it is appropriate to him, that should be hung a millstone ονικος επι τον τραχηλον αυτου, και καταπονof him. and he should be upper on the neck τισθη εν τω πελαγει της θαλασσης. depth of the sea. in the

7 Ουαι τω κοσμώ απο των σκανδαλων. Αναγ-Woe to the world from the Necesspares. κη γαρ εστιν ελθειν τα σκανδαλα. πλην ουαι to come the snares; woe sary for it is τω ανθρωπω εκεινω δι' 00 70 σκανδαλον to that through whom the anare tothe 8 E! E:  $\delta \epsilon$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\chi \epsilon \rho$   $\sigma \sigma \nu$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\dot{\delta}$   $\sigma \sigma \nu$ If therefore the hand of thee of the foot of thee ερχεται. comes. σκανδαλι(ει σε, εκκοψον αυτα, και βαλε απο cut off them, and cast from thee, σου καλον σοι εστιν εισελθειν εις την ζωην good to thee it is to enter the life into χωλον η κυλλον, η δυο χειραs η δυο ποδαsεχοντα βληθηναι εις το πυρ το αιωνιον.

having to be cast into the fire the age-lasting. ει ὁ οφθαλμος σου σκανδαλιζει σε, εξελε αυτον, eye of thee insnares thee, tear out it, και Βαλε απο σου καλον σοι εστι μονοφθαλμον good to thee it is one-eyed from thee, εις την ζωην εισελθειν, η δυο οφθαλμους εχοντα life to enter, than two eyes having into the 10 'Ορατε, βληθηναι εις την γεενναν του πυρος. to be cast into the Gehenna of the fire. See, μη καταφρονησητε ένος των μικρων τουτων. one of the little-ones these; you may despise not λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι οἱ αγγελοι αυτων εν I say for to you, that the messengers of them in ουραheaνοις διαπαντος βλεπουσι το TOU προσωπον the face of the perpetually see vens \*[11 Ηλθε γαρ δ πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. father of me, that in heavens. [Is come vios του ανθρωπου σωσαι το απολωλος.] for the 12 T to save the having been lost.] son of the man

may humble himself like this LITTLE CHILD, he will be the GREATEST in the KINGDOM of the HEA-VENS.

5 ‡ And whoever may receive one such Little child in my NAME, re-

ceives Me.

6 ‡ But whoever shall insnare one of the LEAST of THESE who BELIEVE in me, it would be better for him that an † upper Mills stone were hanged about his NECK, and that he were sunk in the DEPTH of the SEA.

7 Alas for the WORLD, because of SNARES! for it must be that SNARES come; but alas for that MAN through whom the

SNARE comes.

8 ‡ If, then, thy HAND or thy FOOT insnare thee, cut it off, and throw it away; it is better for thee to enter LIFE \*crippled or lame, than having Two Hands or Two Feet, to be east into the †AIONIAN FIRE.

9 And if thine EVE insanate thee, pluck it out, and throw it away; it is better to enter LIFE one-eyed, than having Two Eyes to be cast into the BURNING of GEHENNA.

10 Take care, that you do not despise one of the LEAST of these; for I assure you, that their ANGELS IN \* the HEAVENS continually behold the FACE of THAT FATHER of mine in the Heavens.

the 11 \* † ‡ [For the sow of MAN is come to save THAT What which was LOST.]

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—8. crippled or lame. See also Lachmann and Tischendorf.

<sup>10.</sup> the HEAVENS. 11.—om

<sup>† 6.</sup> A mill-stone turned by an ass, and consequently much larger than one turned by the hand. The punishment of death by drowning, though not in use by the Jews, was so among the surrounding nations. It seems to have grown into a proverb for dreadful and inevitable ruin.

† 8. Aioonion. This word is the adjective of aioon, age, and as we have no word in English which exactly conveys the idea attached to it in the original, it has been left untranslated. The adjective form of the word, however, cannot rise higher in meaning than the noun from which it is derived, and must always be governed by it. See Note on Matt. xiii. 40, and Appendix.

† 11. This verse is omitted in the Vatican and several other MSS, and marked as doubtful by Griesbach. In Boothroyd's translation it is appended to the fourteenth verse, as making a better connection.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Matt. x 42, Luke ix. 48. † 6. Mark ix. 42; Luke xvii. 1, 2. † 8. Matt. v. 20, 90, 90; Mirk ix 45. 45. † 10. Psa. xxxiv. 7: Luke i. 19. † 11. Luke ix. 56; xix. 19. Luke ix. 56; xix. 19.

τφ ουρανφ. the

heaven.

buis δοκει ! ε cas γενηται τινι ανθρωπφ έκατον to you seems right? it should have any man a hundred προβατα, και πλανηθη έν εξ αυτων ουχι αφεις and should go astray one from them; not leaving τα εννενηκονταεννεα επι τα ορη, πορευθεις (ηpinety-nine upon the mountains, going τει το πλανωμενον: 13 Και εαν γενηται ευρειν seeks that having strayed? And if he should happen to find αυτος αμην λεγω υμιν, ότι χαιρει επ' αυτω μαλλον, η επι τοις εννενηκονταεννεα, τοις μη πεπλανημενοις. .14 Ούτως - ουκ εστι θελημα thering been led astray. Thus not litis will εμπροσθεν του πατρος ύμων, του εν ουρανοίς, In the presence of the father y of you, of that in bearens, y ίνα αποληται els των μικρων τουτών. Is Eav that should perish one of the little-one of them.

δε αμαρτηση \*[els σε] δ αδελφος σου, υπαγε, and should be in error [against thee,] the brother of thee. go. \*\* ελεγξον αυτον μεταξυ σου και αυτου μονου. Ear σου ακουση, εκερδησας τον αδελφον σου.

It thee he may hear, thou hast won the brother of thee, 46 ear δε μη ακουση, παραλαβε μετα σου ετι if but not he may hear, tako with thee besides ene or two, that by mouth two of witnesses for 17 Εαν δε παδημα: σταθη παν of three may be proved every Il and be word. ρακουση αυτων, ειπε τη εκκλησια εαν δε chould diarogard them, tell thou to the congregation; if and και της εκκλησιας παρακουση, εκστω siso of the congregation he should disregard, let him he to thee ώσπερ δ εθνικος και δ τελωνης. 18 Αμην as the Gentile and the tax-gatherer. Indeed λεγω ύμιν, όσα εαν δησητε επι της γης, lasy to you. whatever you may bind on the 'carth, eotal dedemena ev tw oupanw kal doa ean stall be having been bound in the heaven and whatever λυσητε επι της γης, εσται λελύμενα

19 Παλιν λεγω δμίν, ότι εαν δυο ύμων συμφω-Agam lesy to you, that if two of you νησωσιν επι της γπς, περι παντος πραγματος, agree upon the earth, about asy matter, ov ear aithowrai, yernoetal autois mapa tou whatever, they may ask, it shall be to them from the whatever, they may ask, it shall be πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. 20 Ού γαρ εισι πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. Where for 'are δυο η τρεις συνηγμενοι εις το εμον ονομα, εκει two or three having come together in the my name, there eight ev  $\mu\epsilon\sigma\phi$  autav. It Tote  $\pi\rho\sigma\sigma\epsilon\lambda\theta\omega\nu$  aut $\phi$ 

you may loose on the earth, shall be having boon loosed in

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. will he not leave the NINETY-NINE Sheep on the MOUN-15. against thee-omit.

TAINS, and go and seek. 14. of THAT FATHER of mine. 19. Again, indeed, I say. 18. Heaven. 18. Heaven.

1 15. James v. 19, 20. † 15. Lev. xix. 17; Luke xvii. 3. ‡ Luke xv. 4. 10. Deut. xix. 15; John viii. 17; 2 Cor. xiii. 1. 18. Matt. xvi. 19; John xx. 23. 1 17. Rom. xvi. 17; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14.

12 What do you think? tIf a man have a Hundred Sheep, and one of them go astray, \*will he not leave the NINETY NINE Sheep on the MOUNTAINS, and go and seek the STRAY ONE?

13 And if he happen to find it, indeed I say to you, that he rejoices more over it, than over those nine-TY-NINE which WENT NOT

ASTRAY.

14 Thus it is not the Will \*of THAT FATHER Of mine in the Heavens, that in his presence one of the LEAST of these should be

15 ! Now, if thy BRO-THER be in error, go, convict him, between thee and him alone. If he hear thee, thou hast gained thy BROTHER.

16 But if he hear thee not, take with thee one or two more; that by the Testimony of Two or three Witnesses, Every Thing

may be proved. 17 But if he disregard them, inform the con-GREGATION; and if he

disregard the congrega-TION also, tlet him be to thee as a PAGAN and a

TRIBUTE-TAKER.

18 Indeed, I say to you t Whatever you may bind on EARTH, will be as having been bound in \*Heaven; and whatever you may loose on EARTH, will be as having been loosed in \*Heaven.

19 \*Again, indeed, I say to you, That if two of you on EARTH may agree, about any thing which they may ask, it will be done for them, by THAT FATHER of mine in the Heavens.

20 For where two or three are assembled in MY Name, I am there in the

Midst of them."

ό Πετρος, ειπε· Κυριε, ποσακις άμαρτησει εις Olord, how often shall sin against the Peter, said; εμε δ αδελφος μου, και αφησω αυτω; έως me the brother of me, and I shall forgive him? till 22 Λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. Ου, λεγω **ἐπτακις** : Says to him the Jesus; Not, I say σοι, έως έπτακις, αλλ' έως εβδομηκοντακις to thee, till seven times, but till seventy times 23 Δια τουτο έπτα. ώμοιωθη ή βασιλεια seven. Therefore this has been compared the kingdom των ουρανων ανθρωπφ βασιλει, ός ηθελησε συof the heavens to a man king, who wished ναραι λογον μετα των δουλων αύτου. 24 Αρξαsettle an account with the slaves of him. Having μενου δε αυτου συναιρειν, προσηνεχθη αυτώ εις they brought to him one των. 25 Μη εχοντος δε begun and of him to settle, οφειλετης μυριων ταλαντων. a debtor of ten thousand talents. Not having αυτου αποδουναι, εκελευσεν αυτου δ κυριος αυto pay, ordered him the lord of του πραθηναι, και την γυναικα αυτου, και τα him to be sold, and the wife of him, and the τεκνα, και παντα όσα ειχε, και αποδοθηναι. children, and all as much as he had, and payment to be made. δουλος ουν Ò προσεκυνει αυτω, Falling down therefore the slave he prostrated to him,  $\lambda$ εγων· \*[Κυριε,] μακροθυμησον επ' εμοι, και saying; [Olord,] have patience with me, and παντα σοι αποδωσω.  $^{27}$  Σπλαγχνισθεις δε δ to thee I will pay. Being moved with pity then the κυριος του δουλου εκεινου, απελυσεν αυτον, και of that, lord of the slave loosed him, 28 Εξελθων δε δ το δανειον αφηκεν αύτω. Going out but the debt remitted to him. δουλος \*[εκεινος,] εύρεν ένα των συνδουλων found one of the fellow-slaves [that,] αύτου, ός ωφειλεν αυτφ έκατον δηναρια και of him, who owed to him a hundred denarii; and κρατησας αυτον επνιγε, λεγων Αποδος μοι ει him he choked him, saying; Pay to me if  $^{29}\Pi\epsilon\sigma\omega\nu$  ouv οφειλεις. δ συνδουλος any thing thou owest. Falling down therefore the fellow-slave αυτου, παρεκαλει αυτον, λεγων Μακροθυμησον him, Have patience of him, besought saying;  $\epsilon \pi'$   $\epsilon \mu \sigma i$ ,  $\kappa \alpha i * [\pi \alpha \nu \tau \alpha] \alpha \pi \sigma \delta \omega \sigma \omega \sigma \sigma i$ . 30°O δε me, and [all] I will pay to thee. He and αλλ' απελθων εβαλεν αυτον εις ουκ ηθελεν. he would; but going away he cast φυλακην, έως ού αποδώ το οφειλομενον. <sup>31</sup>Ιδονtill he should pay that he was owing. τες δε οί συνδουλοι αυτου τα γενομενα, ελυπηing and the fellow-slaves of him that having been done, were θησαν σφοδρα· και ελθοντες διεσαφησαν τω grieved much; and going they related to the

21 Then Peter coming, \*said to him, ‡"Lord, how often shall I forgive my BROTHER, if he repeatedly trespass against me? till seven times?"

22 Jesus says to him, "I say to thee, Not till seven times only, but till seventy times seven.

23 In this, the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS has been compared to a King, who determined to settle Accounts with his SEE-

24 And having begun to settle, they brought to him one Debtor of Ten thousand † Talents.

25 But he not having means to refund, \*the MASTER, to obtain † payment, ordered that he, and his WIFE and CHILDREN, and all that he had, should be sold.

26 The SERVANT, then, falling down, prostrated to him, saying, 'Have patience with me, and I will pay thee all.'

27 And the MASTER of \*the SERVANT, being compassionate, loosed him, and remitted the DEBT.

28 But the SERVANT going out, found one of his FELLOW-SERVANTS, who owed him a Hundred † Denarii; and seizing him he choked him, saying, 'Pay \* whatever thou owest.'

29 And his FELLOW-SERVANT falling down, entreated him, saying, 'Have patience with me and I will pay thee.'

30 But HE would not; and departing, committed him to Prison, till he should pay the DEBT.

31 \*When, therefore, His FELLOW-SERVANTS seeing WHAT was DONE, they were indignant; and

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—21. said to him, "Lord." 25. the master. 26. Q 1ord—omit. 27. the servant. 28. that—omit. 28. whatever thou owest 29. all—omit. 31. When, therefore, His fellow-servants.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Of silver; gold is never to be supposed, unless mentioned.—Bloomfield. † 25. If was usual among the Jews for the family of the debtor to be sold for the benefit of the creditor. See 2 Kings iv. 1; Neh. v.8. This bondage, however, only extended to six years † 28. This was a Roman coin worth about 14 cents, or 7d.

<sup>1 21.</sup> Luke xvii. 8. 4

32 TOTE κυριφ αύτων παντα τα γενομενα.
ford of them all that having been done. Then προσκαλεσαμενος αυτον δ κυριος αυτου, λεγει having called him the lord of him, αυτφ. Δουλε πονηρε, πασαν την οφειλην εκεινην to him; O slave wicked, all the debt αφηκα σοι, επει παρεκαλεσας με 33ουκ I remitted to thee, because thou besought me; not was it binding και σε ελεησαι τον συνδουλον σου, ώς και εγω also thee to have pitied the fellow-slave of thee, as also I σε ηλεησα; 34 Και οργισθεις δ κυριος αυτου thee pitied? And being provoked the lord of him παρεδωκεν αυτον τοις βασανισταις, έως ού αποδφ till he may pay 35 Ούτω και δ all that owing So [to him.] also the πατηρ μου ό επουρανιος ποιησει ύμιν, εαν μη father of me the heavenly will do to you, it not αφητε έκαστος τω αδελφω αύτου απο των you forgive each one the brother of him from the καρδιων ύμων. hearts of you.

### КЕФ. ιθ'. 19.

1 Και εγενετο, ότε ετελεσεν δ Ιησους τους και από trees, when ended the Jesus the λογους τουτους, μετηρεν από της Γαλιλαίας, words these, he departed from the Gallee, και ηλθεν εις τα δρια της Ιουδαίας, περαν του and came into the confines of the Judea, beyond the lopδανου. 

Σαι ηκολουθησαν αυτώ οχλοι σοται. Από followed him crowds του και εθεραπεσεν αυτους εκει.

great; and he healed them 3 Και προσηλθον αυτφ οἱ Φαρισαιοι, πειρα-And came to him the Pharisees tryζοντες αυτον, και λεγοντες \* [αυτφ:] Ει εξεστιν
tog him, and saying [to him;] If it is lawful ανθρωπφ απολυσαι την γυναικα αυτου κατα to a man to release the wife of him upon πασαν αιτιαν; 4'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτοις every cause; He and answering said to them; Ουκ ανεγνωτε, ότι δ ποιησας απ' αρχης αρσεν Not have you read, that the Creator from a beginning a male και θηλυ εποιησεν αυτους, <sup>5</sup>και ειπεν. "Ένεκεν and a female he made them?" and says; "On account τουτου καταλειψει ανθρωπος τον πατερα και shall leave a man the father την μητερα, και προσκολληθησεται τη γυναικι the mother, and shall be closely united to the wife αύτου και εσονται οί δυο εις σαρκα μιαν." of him; and shall be the two into flesh ο Ωστε ουκετι εισι δυο, αλλα σαρξ μια. So that no longer they are two, but flesh one.

So that no longer they are two, but flesh one. What our δ θεος συνεζευξεν, ανθρωπος μη χωριζετω. then the God has joined together, a inan not distinites.

Λεγουσίν αυτώ Τι ουν Μωσης ενετείλατο They say to him; Why then Moses did enjoin

going to their MASTER, they related ALL that had OCCURRED.

32 Then his MASTER having called him, said to him, 'O wicked SERVANT! All that DEBT I forgave thee, because thou didst entreat me;

33 was it not binding on thee also to have had pity on thy FELLOW-SER-VANT, as # also had pity

on thee?'

34 And his MASTER being provoked, delivered him to the JAILORS, till he should discharge the DEBT.

35 Thus also will my HEAVENLY FATHER treat you, unless you from your HEART, each one ‡ forgive his BROTHER."

#### CHAPTER XIX.

1 ‡ And it happened, when JESUS ended these WORDS, he departed from Galilee, and came into the CONFINES OF JUDEA, beyond the JORDAN.

2 And great Crowds followed him, and he cured their sick.

3 And the \*Pharisees came to him, trying him, and saying, ‡"Is it lawful for a man to dismiss his WIFE for Any Cause?"

4 And He answering, said to them, "Have you not read, That the CREATOR, at the first, †made a male and a female;

5 and said, ‡'On account of this a man shall leave father and mother, and adhere to his wife; and they two shall become one Flesh?'

6 So that they are no longer Two, but one Flesh. What God, then, has united, let no man sever."

7 They say to him, ‡"Why then did Moses command to give a Writ

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-34. to him-omit. 3. Pharisees. . 3. to him-omit.

δουναι βιβλιον αποστασιου, και απολυσαι αυτην; to give .....ull of separation, and to release her?  $^{B}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota$  autous Ott Maons  $^{\pi}\rho$ os  $^{\pi}\eta\nu$  ok $^{\chi}\eta$ He says to them; That Moses for the hardness He says to them; ροκαρδιαν ύμων επετρεψεν ύμιν απολυσαι τας suffered you to release of heart of you γυναικας ύμων απ' αρχης δε υυ γεγονεν ούτω. wives of you; from a beginning but not it was 9 Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι ός αν απολυση την γυναικα I say but to you, that whoever may release the autov,  $\mu\eta$  etc. Tornication, and may marry another, αυτου, μη και δ απολελυμενην γαμησας, μοι-and he her being released marrying, comμοιχαται. commits adultery; and he her bring released μαθηται αυτου· They say to him the disciples of him; mits adultery. Ει ούτως εστιν ή αιτια του ανθρωπου μετα της with the is the case of the man 11 'Ο δε ειπεν γυναικος, ου συμφερει γαμησαι. He but said not it is profitable to marry. αυτοις. Ου παντες χωρουσι τον λογον τουτον, all word to them; Not admit the λλ' of δεδοται. 12 Εισι γαρ ευνουχοι, but to whom it has been given. There are for enunchs, all' ois οίτινες εκ κοιλιας μητρος εγεννηθησαν ούτω. womb of mother were boin 80; και εισιν εθνουχοι, οίτινες ευνουχισθησαν ύπο were made eunuchs and there are eunuchs, who των ανθρωπων και εισιν ευνουχοι, οίτινες ευνουmen; and there are eunuchs, who χισαν έαυτους δια την βασιλειαν των ουραeunuchs themselves on account of the kingdom of the heav-'Ο δυναμενος χωρειν, χωρειτω. He being able to admit, let him admit. νων.

13 Τοτε προσηνεχθη αυτώ παιδια, ίνα τας were brought to him little children, that the Then επιθη αυτοις, και προσευξηται οί χειρας hands he might lay on them, and he might pray; the δε μαθηται επετιμησαν αυτοις. The and out disciples rebuked them. ειπεν Αφετε τα παιδια, και μη κωλυετε αυτα said; Suffer the little children, and not hinder them  $au\omega\nu$   $au\alpha\rho$  au of the for such like is the ελθειν προς με· to me; 15 Kai  $\epsilon \pi i \theta \epsilon i s$ **QUTOIS** βασιλεια των ουρανων. them And laying on kingdom of the heavens. τας χειρας, επορευθη εκειθεν. he departed thence. hands,

16 Και ιδου, είς προσελθων, ειπεν αυτώ.  $\Delta \iota$ 0 one coming, said to him; And lo, δασκαλε αγαθε, τι αγαθον ποιησω, ίνα  $\epsilon \chi \omega$ good, what good must I do, that I may have leacher

of Divorce, ....d dismiss her?"

8 He says to them, "Moses, indeed, permitted you to divorce your wives, on account of your STUBBORN DISPOSITION; but from the Beginning it was not so.

9 # But I say to you, Whoever dismisses his WIFE, except \*on Account of Whoredom, causes her to commit adultery; and HE Who MARRIES the divorced woman, commits adultery."

10 \*The disciples say to him, "If the CASE of the HUSBAND with his WIFE be thus, it is not good to marry."

11 But HE answered, t" None can admit \*the WORD, but those to whom

it is given. 12 For there are some Eunuchs, by natural constitution; others have been made Eunuchs by MEN; and † Tothers have made themselves Eunuchs on account of the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS. HE who is ABLE to Co this, let him do it."

13 Then they brought to him Little children, that he might place his HANDS on them, and ray; and the DISCIPLES rebuked them.

14 But Jesus said, "Let the LITTLE CHILDREN alone, and forbid them not to come to me; Thecause to SUCH as THESE belongs the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS."

15 And having laid his hands on them, he depar-

ted thence.

16 ‡ And behold, one approaching, said \*to him,

† 9. Matt. v. 32; Mark x. 11; Luke xvi. 18; 1 Cor. vii. 10; 12. 1 Cor. vii. 32-34. † 13. Mark x. 18; 16. Mark x. 17; Luke xviii. 18. t 11.1 Cor vii. 2,7,9,17. t 14. Matt v. 3; xviii. &

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—9. on Account of Whoredom, causes her to commit adultery; dhe who marries.—10. The disciples.—11. the word.—16. to him, and HE who MARRIES. said, "O Teacher!"

<sup>† 12.</sup> A highly figurative mode of expression, similar to what is found in Matt. v. 29, 30; viii. 8, 9. The amputation of the desire, not of the member, is here intended, as is evident from the two species of eunuchism previously mentioned. It was so understood by Justin Martyr, Chrysostom. Tertullian, &c., except Origen, who not only interpreted the words literally, but is said to have exemplified them upon himself.—See Analecta Theologica.

17 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτώ. αυτφ· Τι με to him; Why me ίωην αιωνιον: age-lasting? He and he said ερωτας περι του αγαθου; είς εστιν ό αγαθος. askestthou concerning the good? one is the good. ζωην, τηρησον EL DE VELEIS ELTENBELV ELS THV If but theu wishest to enter into the life, keep strictly 18 Λεγει αυτώ. 'Ο δε noias; Tas EVTOXAS. Which 9 The and the commandments. He says to him; Ιησους ειπε. Το. "Ου φονευσεις. Ου moisaid; This; Not thou shalt kill; Not thou shalt ψευδο,παρτυρη-XEDGEIS. On KYENEIS. Oυ commit adultery; Not thou shalt steal; Not thou shalt testify σεις· 19 Τιμα τον πατερα και την μητερα." Kar. mother;" Honor the father and the 4 Αγαπησεις τον πλησιον σου ως σεαυτον." "Thou shalt love the neighbor of thee as thyself."  $^{20}$  Λεγει αυτφ δ νεανισκος Παντα ταυτα εφυ-Says to him the young man; AH these λαξαμην \* [εκ νεοτητος μου] τι ετι ύστερω; kept [from childhood of me:] what more do I want? kept 21 Εφη αυτω δ Ιησους. Eι θελεις τελειος to him the Jesus: Said If thou wishest perfect ειναι, ύπαγε, πωλησον σου τα ύπαρχοντα, και to be go, of thee the possessions, ÉÉELS δος πτωχοις. KOLL θησαυρου εν ουραand thou shalt have give to poor: treasure in hea-22 **Ακουσας δ**ε δ νω· και δευρο, ακολουθει μοι. Having heard and the and hither, follow me. νεανισκός τοι λογον, απηλθε λυπουμηνός. young man the word, went away sorrowing: he was 23 'Ο δε Ιησους γαρ εχων κτηματα πολλα. having possessions many. The and Jesus ειπε τοις μαθηταις αύτου. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι disciples of himself: Indeed I say to you, that δυσκολως πλουσιος εισελευσονται εις την βασιwith difficulty a rich man shall enter into the king 24 Παλιν δε λεγω ύμιν. λειαν των ουρανων. Again and I say to you. of the heavens. ευκοπωτερον εστι καμηλον δια τρυπηματος ραit is a camel through a hole of a

φιδος εισελθειν, η πλουσιον εις την βασιλειαν

ται, εξεπλησσοντο σφοδρα, λεγοντες. Τις αρα

του θεου εισελθειν.

were amazed

to enter.

of the God

to pass, than a rich man into the kingdom

exceedingly, saying:

"Good Teacher! what good thing must I do, that I may obtain aionian Life?" 17 And ITE said to him, \* †" Why dost thou call Me

GOOD? GOD alone is good. If, however, thou desirest to enter that LIFE, keep the COMMANDMENTS."

18 He says to him, "Which?" JESUS answered, "These; ‡ 'Thou shalt not commit murder; 'Thou shalt not commit 'adultery; Thou shalt not 'steal; Thou shalt not 'testify falsely;

19 'Honor thy FATHER and thy MOTHER;' and 't 'Thou shalt love thy 'NEIGHBOR as thyself.'"

20 The Young MAN says to him, "All these have I kept; what want I more?"

21 Jesus replied, "If thou desirest to be perfect, go, sell thy Possessions, and give to the \*Poor; and thou shalt have Treasure in Heaven; and come, follow me."

22 But the Young MAN having heard this word, went away sorrowing; for he had great \* Riches.

23 Then Jesus said to his disciples, † "Indeed I say to you, That it will be difficult for a Rich man to enter the Kingdom of the heavens.

24 And again I say to you, † It is easier for a Camel to pass through a Needle's Eye than for a Rich man to enter the KINGDOM † of GOD."

25 And the DISCIPLES hearing, were greatly as-

Who then

25 Ακουσαντες δε οί μαθη-

Having heard and the

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—17. "Why askest thou Me concerning that which is good? One is the good: but if thou wilt,"

20. from my childhood—omit.

21. Poor.

<sup>† 17.</sup> The Common reading has been preferred to either Griesbach's text, or the Vatican MS. George Campbell regards the evidence for it from the majority of MSS, to be vastly superior. The versions on both sides nearly balance each other; but the internal evidence arising from the connection of the thoughts, is decisive on the point. Besides it corresponds with both Mark and Luke, who record the same conversation, in nearly the same words, and no different reading is noted. † 24. Rubbins, as well as Arabs, were accustomed, in describing an impossibility, or a high degree of improbability, to say, "It will not happen before a camel, or an elephant, has crept through the eye of a needle."—Marsh's Translation of Michalis. † 24. of REAVEN.—Lachmans & Tischendorf.

26 Εμβλεψας δε δ Ιησους διναται σωθηναι: Looking but the Jesus to be saved? ειπεν αυτοις. Παρα ανθρωποις τουτο αδυνατον impossible With man this to him: εστι παρα δε θεω παντα δυρατα. possible. all with but God ia -

27 Τοτε αποκριθεις ο Πετρος ειπεν αυτώ. Ιδου, Then answering the Peter said to him; ημεις αφηκαμεν παντα, και ηκολουθησαμεν σοιfollowed theeall, and 28 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτι αρα εσται ήμιν; The and Jesus said what then shall be to us? τοις Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ύμεις οἱ ακολουθηthem; Indeed I say to you, that you the σαντες μοι, εν τη παλιγγενεσια όταν καθιση ό me, in the new birth day when may sit the lowed υίος του ανθρωπου επι θρονου δοξης αύτου, of him, upon a throne of glory man son of the καθισεσθε και ύμεις επι δωδεκα θρονους, κρινονalso you upon twelve thrones, judg-29 Kai was τες τας δωδεκα φυλας του Ισραηλ. Israel And all tribes of the ing the twelve ός αφηκεν οικιας, η αδελφους, η αδελφας, η houses, ou brothers, or sisters, πατερα, η μητερα, \*[η γυναικα,] η τεκνα, η father, or mother, [or wife,] or children, or ένεκεν του ονοματος μου, έκατονταaypous, on account of the name of me, πλασιονα ληψεται, και ζωην αιωνιον κληροlife shall receive, and age-lasting νομησει. inherit.

30 Πολλοι δε εσονται πρωτοι, εσχατοι KOLL first, shall be last: and Many but КЕФ. к'. 20. 1 'Ομοια γαρ εσχατοι, πρωτοι. Like for first. last, εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων ανθρωπώ οικοδεσis the kingdom of the heavens to a man δστις εξηλθεν άμα πρωι μισθωσασθαι with morning who ment out εργατας εις τον αμπελωνα αύτου.  $^2 \Sigma \nu \mu \phi \omega$ Having vineyard of him. into the νησας δε μετα των εργατων εκ δηναριου την agreed and with the for a denarius laborers ήμεραν, απεστειλεν αυτους εις τον αμπελωνα into the them day, 3 Και εξελθων περι τριτην ώραν, ειδεν αύτου. And going out about third hour, hesaw of him. αλλους έστωτας εν τη αγορά αργους. 4 κακειstanding in the market-place idle: νοις ειπεν. Υπαγετε και ύμεις εις τον αμπελωνα. yen into the them he said: also

tonished, saying, "Whe then can be saved?"

26 Jesus looking at them, answered, "With Men this is impossible; but with God everything is possible."

27 Then Peter replying, said to him, "Behold, the have forsaken all, and followed thee; what, therefore, shall the ob-

tain?"

28 And Jesus said to them, "Indeed, I say to you, That in the RENOVATION, † when the son of MAN shall sit on the throne of his Glory, † you, my followers, shall also sit on Twelve Thrones, judging the Twelve Tribes of Is-

29 ‡ And whoever has forsaken, \* on account of MY Name, Houses, or Brothers, or Sisters, or Father, or Mother, or Wife, or Children, or Lands, shall receive \* Manifold, and shall inherit aionian Life.

30 † But many shall be first, that are last; and last, that are first.

#### CHAPTER XX.

1 For the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS resembles a Householder, who went out early in the Morning, to hire Laborers for his VINEYARD.

2 And baving agreed with some LABORERS for a † Denarius a DAY, he sent them into his VINE-YARD.

3 And going out about the t Third Hour, he saw others standing unemployed in the marketplace;

4 and he said to THEM, 'Go you also into the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—29. on account of MY Name. Mamifold.

<sup>29.</sup> or Wife—amit. 29

<sup>† 28.</sup> That glorious moral, social, political, religious, and physical change which will be introduced by the Messiah, who says, "Behold, I make all things new," Rev. xxi. 5. † 2. A denarius is the eighth part of an ounce—value 14 cents, or 7d. † 3. Nine in the morning.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Mark x. 28; Luke xviii, 28. † 27. Matt. iv. 20; Luke v. 11. † 28. Luke xviii, 30 † 30. Matt. xx. 16; Luke xiii, 30 † 30. Matt. xx. 16; Luke xiii, 30

δ εαν η δικαιον, δωσω ύμιν.
whatever may be just, I will give to vou. Or SE W:CLL whatever may be just, They and 3 Παλιν εξελθων περι έκτην και απηλθου. Again going out about sixth and went away. εννατην ώραν, εποιησεν ώσαυτως. 6 Περι δε About and he did in like manner. hour, την ένδεκατην  $*[\dot{\omega}\rho$ αν] εξελθων, εύρεν αλλους the eleventh [hour] going out, he found others έστωτας, και λεγει αυτοις Τι ώδε έστηκατε standing, and he says to them: Why here stood you \*λην την ήμεραν αργοι; ΤΛεγουσιν αύτω· 'Οτι idle? They say to him : Because the day Λεγει αυτοις" "Υπαουδεις ήμας εμισθωσατο. He says to them: hired. γετε και ύμεις εις τον αμπελωνα° \* και ὁ εαν [and whatever also you into the vineyard: δικαιον, ληψεσθε. 8 Olias de vevoyou shall receive.] Evening and having mut, μενης, λεγει ὁ κυριος του αμπελωνος τω says the lord ofthe vineyard to the επιτροπω αύτου. Καλεσον τους εργατας, και steward of him; Call the laborers, and αποδος αυτοις τον μισθον, αρξαμένος απο των give to them the hire, beginning from the 9 Kas Abortes of εσχατων, έως των πρωτων. till the first. And having come those περι την ένδεκατην ώραν, ελαβου απα θηναριον. hour, received cach adenarius. about the eleventh 10 Ελθοντες δε οί πρωτοι, ενομισαν, ότι πλειονα Having come then those first, supposed, that more ληψονται και ελαβον και αυτος ανα δηναριον. they shall receive, and received also they cach adenarius. 11 Λαβοντες δε εγογγυζον κατα του οικοδεσποτου, Having received but they murmured against the householder, 22 Leyoutes Ott obtot of educator may be par hour these the last one hour εποιησαν, και ισους ήμιν αυτους εποιησας, τοις worked, and equal to us them thou hast made, to the Βαστασασι το Βαρος της ήμερας, και τον καυhaving endured the burdon of the day, and he burnσωνα. <sup>13</sup> Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν ένι αυτων. said to me of them; He but answering Έταιρε, ουκ αδικω σε ουχι δηναριου συνεφω-Friend, not I wrong thee; not of a denarius didst thou Pake the thine, and go. I wish νησας μοι; agrec to me? δε τουτφ τφ εσχατφ δουναι ώς και σοι. and to this the last to rive as also to theer ουκ εξεστι μοι τοιησαι & θελω εν τοις εμοις; What I wall with the my own? not is it lawful to me to do η δ οφθαλμος σου πονηρος εστιν, ότι εγω eye or the of thee cvil is, because I

VINEYARD, and whatever is reasonable. I will give you.' And THEY went.

5 Again having gone out about the tsixth hour. and about the † ninth, he did in like manner.

6 And about the TELEV-ENTH, going out, he found others standing, and says to them, 'Why stood you here All the day unemployed?'

7 They say to him, 'Because no one has hired us." He says to them, 'Go you also into the

VINEYARD.

8 And Evening having come on, the OWNER of the VINEYARD says to his STEWARD, 'Call the LA-BORERS, and give them their WAGES, beginning with the LAST, and ending with the FIRST.

And THOSE who came about the ELEVENTH hour, received, each one,

a Denarius.

10 Then THOSE who came FIRST, expected that they should receive more: and then also received, each one, a Denarius.

11 But having received it, they murmured against the HOUSEHOLDER,

12 saying, 'These LAST have worked One Hour, and thou hast made them equal to us, who have EN-DURED the BURDEN and the SCORCHING HEAV of the DAI.

13 His answering said to one i them, 'Friend, I do not injure thee; didst not thou agree with me

for a Denarius?

14 Take THAT which is THINE, and go thy way; \*E will give to This LAST.

even as to thee.
15 Is it not lawful for me to do what I please with MY OWN? Is thine EYE envious, Because am liberal?

16 Thus the LAST shall

Thus

16 Ούτως εσονται οί εσχατοι,

shall be the

last.

ayabos EIM;

am?

VATICAL MANUSCRIPT.—6, hour-omit. receive .- omit.

<sup>7.</sup> and whatever may be right, you shall

<sup>+ 5.</sup> Noon. ; 5. Three o'clock in the afternoon.

<sup>+ 6.</sup> Five o'clock in the

\* Πολλοι πρωτοι και οί πρωτοι, εσχατοι. Many and the first, first; γαρ εισι κλητοι, ολιγοι δε εκλεκτοι. but chosen.] few for are called,

17 Και αναβαινων δ Ίησους εις Ίεροσολυμα, And going up the Jesus to Jerusalem, παρελαβε τους δωδεκα μαθητας κατ' εδιαν ευ he took the twelve disciples privately in τη όδω, και είπευ αυτοις 18 1δου, αναμαινομέν the way, and said so them; Lo, σο go up εις Ίεροσολυμα, και ὁ υίος του ανθρωπου παραand the son of the will be to Jerusalera, δοθησεται τοις αρχιερευσι και γραμματευσι και delivered up to the high-prieste and seribes; and scatakpiv duster cuto: \*[Olivita] duster, παραthey will condorm they will condome the fee constant and they will Science work where were considered are we appraised, deliverup his 1000 Gentiles 300 130 10 mock, were macrospooting tens of approaches 1800 of Transport ημερα αν ισ∵η∪กรα.

he will stark and

Then can to him the rother of the cone Ζεβεδαιου, μετ ι τωυ υίων αύτης, προσκυνουσα, of Zebedee, with the some of ter, prostrating, · Ο δε ειπεν και αιτηυσα τι παρ αυτηνο Ο δε ειπεν and asking comething from him. He are said aυτην Τι θελεις; Λεγες αυτφ Ειπε, iνα to her: What wilt thou: She have to him; Say, that καθισωσιν αυτι το υο υίοι με υ, είς εκ δεξίων may sit these the two some of mo, one at right σου, και είς εξ ευωνυμων σου, εν τη βασιλεια of thee, and mo a left fthee, in the kingdom of thee, and me a left σου. 22 Αποκρεθεις δε λ Ιησους φοπενο Ουκ οι Answering but the Jose: said: Not you of thee. Save, the aireid of. Aurade aleiv to Totaploy, know, what you ask. Are you able to drink the cup, anow, what you ask. δ εγω μελλω εινειν. Εεγουσιν υτω Δυ-which am about drink? They say to him; We am about . drink ? 23 \* [Kai] λεγοι αυτοιο. Το μεν πο ναμεθα. [And] he says thom; he indeed are able. τηριον μου πιεσθε το δε καθισαι ει δεξιων cup of me you shall drink; the but t si' at right μου και εξ ευωνυμών μους υκ εστι τρον δουναι, of me and at left of me, not is mine cogive, αλλ' of ητοιμασται υπο του πονορος μου.
but to whom it has been prepared by the lather of mo. 24 Και ακουσαντες οξ δεκα, ηγανακτηταν

And having heard the ten, were angry on account of των δυο αδελφων. 25 'O δε 1ησους, προσκαλεthe two Prothers. The but Josus, having brothers.

be ‡ first; and the FIRST, last."

17 ‡ And \* when Josus was about to go up to Jerusalem, he took the TWELVE Disciples privatery, \* and said to them on the WAY,

18 1" Behold, we go up to Jerusalem; and tho son of MAN will be delivered to the HIGH-PRIESTS and Scribes, and they will condemn him;

19 and will deliver him to the GENTILES, to be MOCKED, and scourged, and crucified, and on the THIRD Day he will rise.

20 1 Then the MOTHER of Zcbedee's CHILDREN came to him with her cons, prostrating, and requesting something from

21 And HE said to her, "What dost thou wish?" \*And SHE said, "Command, that in thy KING-DOM, one of These my Two Sons may sit at thy Right hand, and the other

at thy Left."

22 But Jesus answering, said, "You know not what you request. Car you drink of the cup, of which I am about to drink?" They say to

him, "We can."
23 He says to them, "You will, indeed, drink of my cup; but to sit at my Right hand, and at the Left, is not mine to give, except for whom it has been prepared by my

34 ‡ And the TEN, having heard, were indignant against the Two Brothers.

25 But Jesus, having called thom, said, "You

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—10. For many are called, but few chosen—omit. 17. when Jesus was about to 30 up to Jerusauem, he took. 17. and said to them on the way. 18. to Death—omit. 21. And SHE Said. 21. to him—omit. 23. And—cmit. 23. And—cmit.

<sup>† 23.</sup> This was fulfilled, when "Herod killed James, the BROTHER of John, with a sword," Acts xii. 2; and when John was banished to "THAT INLE Which is CALLED Patinos, for the word of God, and for the TESTIMONY of Jesus Christ," Rev. i. 9.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Mett. xix. 30. † 17. Matt. xvi. 21; Mark x. 32; Luke xviii. 31; John xii. 12. † 20. Matt. iv. 21; Mark x. 35. † 22. Matt. xvi. 39, 42; Mark xiv. 36; Luke xvii. 22; John xviii. 11. † 23. Acts xii. 2; Rom. viii. 17; 2 Cor. i. 7; Rev i. 9. † 24. Mark 2. 41; Luk xxii. 24.

experos autous, emer Cidate, or of apxortes ther., said; You know, that the rulers Called τ ν εθνων κατακυριευουσιν αυτων, και οί μεγαλοι them, and the great of the nations domineer over 26 Ουκ ούτως εσται κατεξουσιαζουσιν αυτων. εν ύμιν ειναι πρωτος, εστω ύμων may wish among you to be first, let him be of you δουλος δουλος δυσπερ υ υίος του ανθρωποι ουκ ηλθε aslave: even as the son of the man not came διακονηθηναι αλλα διακονησαι, και δουναι την to be served but to serve, and to give the ψυχην αύτου λυτρον αντι πολλων.

life of him a ransom for many. 29 Και εκπορευομενων αυτων απο Ίεριχω, And departing of them from Jericho ηκολουθησεν αυτφ οχλος πολυς. 30 Και ιδου, And followed him a crowd great. lo. δυο τυφλοι, καθημενοι παρα την δόον, ακουσανtwo blind (men,) sitting by the way, τες ότι Ιησ υς παραγει, εκραξαν, λεγοντες ing that J sur passes by, cried out, saying; Ελεησον ήμας, κυριε, υίος Δαυιδ. 31 Ο δε οχλος Pity us, 11 rd, son of David. The and crowd

επετιμησεν αυτοις, ίνα σιωπησωσιν 'Of ite them, that they might be silent. They but μειζον εκραζον, λεγοντες Ελεησον ήμας, κυριε more did cry out, saying; Pity us, Oi rd, vios Δαυιδ. <sup>32</sup> Και στας δ Ιησους ε ωson of David. And having stopped the Jesus he son of David. νησεν αυτους, και ειπε Τι θ λετε ποιησω them, and aid, What do you wish I should do 32 Λεγουσιν αυτφ. Κυρ: ε, ίνα ανοιχθασιν They say to him; O ord, that may be opened ບໍ່ແເນ: to you? ήμων οἱ οφθαλμοι.
of us the eyes. 34 Σπλαγχνισθεις δε δ Being moved with pity and the eyes. Ιησους, ήψατο των οφθαλμων αυτων και εν Jesus, he touched the cyce of them; in: mm: mθεως ανεβλεψαν αυτων οί οφθαλμοι κα ηκοmediately saw again of them the eyes: and they λουθησαν αυτώ. followed him.

КЕФ. « 21.

And when the γ γ και ηλθον and had come te Bethphag by the mountain of the olive-trees, then the Inσους απεστειλε δυο μαθητας, λεγων αυτοις· 2 Πορευθητε εις την κωμην την απεναντι ύμων, You may go to the village the over against και ευθεως εύρησετε ονον δεδεμενην, και πωλον end unmediately you will find an ass having been bound, and a foal

know That the PRINCES. of the NATIONS rule imper. iously over them; and the GREAT exercise authority over

26 †It \*is not so among you · but whoever may desire to become great among you, let him be Your Servant:

27 tand whoever ma desire to be chief, let hun be Your Slave :

28 feven as the son of MAN came not to be served, but to serve, and I to give his LIFE a Ransom for many."

29 ‡And departing from Jericho, a great Crowd followed him.

30 And behold. Two blind men sitting by the BOAD, hearing That Jesus passed by, cried out, saying, "C Master, Son of David, have pity on us!"

31 And the PEOPLE reproved them, that they might be silent; but THEY cried the louder, saying "O Master, Son of David,

nave pity on us!"
32 And JESUS stopping, called them, and said, "What do you wish I should do for you?"

33 They say to him, "Sin that "our Exes may

be opened "

84 And Jesus being m ved with comrassici touched \*Their EYES; and \*they received sight, and followed him.

### CHAPTER XZI.

I I And when they were nigh to Jerusal m, and had come to Bethphage near to the Mount of Olives, then Jusus sent Two Disciples, saying to them,

2 "Go to THAT VIL-LAGE which is OVER-A-GAINST you, and you will immediately find an Ass

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26. is not so. 34. they received eight.

<sup>83.</sup> our EYES.

<sup>84.</sup> Their EYBS.

<sup>1 28.</sup> Luke

3 Kai eav λυσαντες αγαγετε μοι. HET' AUTHS' bring to me. And if having loosed 76, epeite. Ότι δ ύμιν ELTEN any (one) to you should say any (thing,) you shall say; That the κυριος αυτων χρειαν εχει. ευθεως δ∈ αποσneed has; immediately and of them 4 Τουτο δε όλον γεγονεν, ίνα τελλει αυτους. has been done, that them. δια του προφητου. πληρωθη δηθεν the word spoken through the might be fulfilled 5 "Ειπατε τη θυγατρι Σιων Ιδου, λενοντος. to the daughter of Zion; saying; δ βασιλευς σου ερχεται σοι πραυς, και επιβεcomes to thee meek, and king of thee ὑποζυγιου." βηκως επι ονον, και πωλον υίον a son of a beast of burden." an ass, even a foal 6 Πορευθεντες δε οί μαθηται, και ποιησαντες and the disciples, and having done Having gone καθως προσεταξεν αυτοις δ Ιησους, 7 ηγαγον to them the Jesus, commanded they led την ονον και τον πωλον, και επεθηκαν επανω and the and they placed the 225 foal, αυτων τα ίματια αυτων· και επεκαθισεν επανω them the mantles of them; and they caused to git on (one) 8'Ο δε πλειστος οχλος εστρωσαν έαυαυτων. of them. The and greater crowd spread of themτων τα ίματια εν τη όδω. αλλοι δε εκοπτον mantles in the way; others and κλαδους απο των δενδρων, και εστρωννυον εν trees, branches from and scattered 9 Οίδε οχλοι οί προαγοντες και οί τη όδω. The and crowds those going before ακολουθουντες εκραζον, λεγοντες. 'Ωσαννα τω did ery, saying; Hosanna to the υίω Δαυιδ. ευλογημενος ό ερχομενος εν ονοματι son of David; worthy of blessing he coming 10 Και εισελκυριου ώσαννα εν τοις ύψιστοις. highest. And having 'Ιεροσολυμα, εσεισθη πασα θοντος αυτου εις of them into Jerusalem, was moved all 11 01 TIS ETTIV ούτος; ή πολις, λεγουσα. Who is The saying: this? the city,

tied, and a Colt with her; loose them, and bring them to me.

3 And if any one questions you, reply, 'That the MASTER wants them;' and he will send them promptly."

4 Now all this was performed, that the word spoken through the prophet might be verified,

saying,
5 \* "Say to the DAUGH"TER of Zion, Behold thy
"KING comes to thee,
"lowly, + being seated on
"an Ass, even \* on a Colt
"of a Laboring Beast."

6 ‡ And the DISCIPLES went, and having done as Jesus directed them.

7 they led the Ass, and the COLT, and put their MANTLES over them, and made him ride.

8 And a GREAT PART of the Crowd spread \*Their own GARMENTS on the ROAD; and others cut Branches from the TREES, and scattered them on the ROAD.

9 And THOSE CROWDS \*PRECEDING him, and THOSE that FOLLOWED, shouted, saying, †"Hosanna to the son of David! ‡'Blessed be HE who 'COMES in the Name of 'Jehovah.' Hosanna in the HIGHEST heaven!"

10 ‡ And having entered Jerusalem, the Whole CITY was in commotion, asking, "Who is this?"

11 And the crowds answered, "This is Jesus, THAT PROPHET who

and crowds

δε οχλοι ελεγον. Ούτος εστιν Ιησους ό προφη-

Jesus the prophet,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—5. on a Colt. CEDING him, and.

<sup>8.</sup> Their-own GABMENTS.

<sup>9.</sup> PRE-

<sup>† 5.</sup> Christ's triumphant entry into Jerusalem riding on an ass, has been objected to as mean and ridiculous, but it ought to be remembered that this circumstance was an exact fulfillment of Ezek, ix. 9, and exemplified at the same time his strict observance of the divine law. Eastern asses are much larger and more beautiful than ours, and kings and patriarchs did not disdain to ride on them. Compare Gen. xxii. 3; Exod. iv. 20; Num. xxii. 21; Judges v. 10; x. 4; 2 Sam. xvi. 2; xvii. 23; xix. 26; 1 Kings i. 33, 34. When Solomon and succeeding princes multiplied horses they were rebuked by the prophets, and chastised by God for it. See Isa. ii. 6, 7; xxxi. 1; Hos. xiv. 3. Compare also Hos. i. 7; Micah v. 10, 11; Zech. ix. 10, 49. Hosanna, is a Hebrew word, signifying, "Save, we beseech thee!" "Hosanna to the son of David," is equivalent to "God preserve the son of David."

<sup>‡ 5.</sup> Isa. lxii, 11; Zech ix. 9; John xii, 15. ‡ 9. Psa. cxviii, 26. ‡ 10. Mark xi, 15.

<sup>\$ 6.</sup> Mark xi. 4.

12 Ke της, δ απο Ναζαρετ της Γαλιλαιας. that from Nazareth of the Galilee. And εισηλθεν δ Ιησους εις το ίερον \*[του θεου,]
entered the Jesus into the temple [of the God,] και εξεβαλε παντας τους πωλουντας και αγοραand cast out all selling the and buyζοντας εν τφ ίερφ, και τας τραπεζας των κολλυing in the temple, and the tables of the money κατεστρεψε, BIGTON και τας καθεδρας των of the overturned and the seats 13 και λεγει αυπωλουντων τας περιστερας. the doves: and he says to. τοις Γεγραπται "Ο οικος μου, οικος προσευχης "The house of me, a house of prayer κληθησεται· ύμεις δε αυτον εποιησατε σπηλαιον shall be called: you but it have made a den ληστων." 14 Και προσηλθον αυτφ τυφλοι και of robbers." And came to him blind and χωλοι εν τφ ίερφ, και εθεραπευσεν αυτους. lame in the temple, and he healed them. 15 Ιδοντες δε οί αρχιερεις και οί γραμματεις τα Having seen but the high-priests and the scribes the θαυμασια, ά εποιησε, και τους παιδας κραwhich he did, and the boys cry-'Ωσαννα τφ ζοντας εν τφ ίερφ, και λεγοντας. in the temple, and saying; Hosanna to the sug Δαυιδ· ηγανακτησαν, 16 και ειπον αυτφ. asperated. and said to him; they were angry. AKOVEIS τι ούτοι λεγουσιν; The and Hearest thou what these are saying? says to them; Yes; never have you read; "That "Yes; have you never read, "Ort of babes and of anothing (or any κατηρof babes and of sucking (ones) thou hast

17 Και καταλιπων αυτους. alvov ;" καταλιπων αυτους, praise?" And having left perfected them, εξω της πολεως εις Βηθανιαν, και **ε**ξηλθεν out or the city into Bethany, and ηυλισθη εκει:

heroagea tbere. 18 Πρωιας δε, επαναγων εις την πολιν, επει-Early but, returning into the city, he was was hungry 19 Και ιδων συκην μιαν επι της όδου, νασε. And seeing a fig-tree one hungry. by the way, ηλθεν επ' αυτην, και ουδεν εύρεν εν αυτη ει μη her herame to hee, and nothing found in except φυλλα μονον· και λεγει αυτη· Μηκετι εκ σου and he says to her; No more by thee καρπος γενηται ELS TOV GLWVG. Και εξηmay be produced fruit to the And withρανθη παραχρημα ή συκη. <sup>20</sup> Και ιδοντες οί immediately the fig-tree. seeing the And μαθηται εθαυμασαν, λεγοντες. Πως παράχρημα ed, saying, " How soon saying: How soon is the FIG-TREE with21 Αποκριθεις δε δ Ιησους ered!" wondered, disciples εξηρανθη ή συκη; withered the fig-tree? Answering and the Jesus

lis from Nazareth in GALILEE,"

121: 21.

12 : And JESUS went into the TEMPLE, and expelled All THOSE and buying. SELLING and overturned the TA-BLES of the BANKERS. and the SEATS of the SELLERS OF DOVES:

13 and said to them, "It is written, ' HOUSE shall be called a House of Prayer,' but pou \* make it a Den of Robbers."

14 And the Blind and Lame came to him in the TEMPLE, and he healed them.

15 But when the HIGH-PRIESTS and SCRIBES saw the WONDERS which performed, he \*THOSE BOYS Who were CRYING in the TEMPLE "Hosanna to the son of David!" they were ex-

16 and said to him, O  $\delta \epsilon$  Involve "Dost thou hear what there are saying?" And lings thou hast perfected Praise."

17 And having them, he went out of the CITY, to Bethany; and passed the night there.

18 ‡ Returning to the CITY, in the Morning, he

19 and seeing a single Fig-tree by the ROAD, he went to it; but finding nothing on it, except Leaves, he said, "May no fruit grow on thee to the AGE!" And the FIG-TREE instantly withered.

20 ! And the DISCIPLES seeing it, were astonish-

21 Jesus answering.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT:-12. of God-omit. who were CRYING.

<sup>13.</sup> make it.

<sup>15.</sup> THOSE BOYS

<sup>† 12.</sup> The TEMPLE—to hieron. This was not the naos, house, or Temple strictly so called, including only the vestibule, the sauctuary, and the holy of holies. To this our Lord himself had not access, because not of the posterity of Aaron. The traffic was carried on in the outer courts. These courts the Pharisees did not account holy.

<sup>13.</sup> Luke xix. 45; John ii. 15. ... \$13. Isa, lvi. 7.
n xi. 18. \$\pmu\$ 18. Mark xx. \$\pmu\$ 20. Mark xi. 20. 1 16. Psa. viii 2. John xi. 18.

 $A\mu\eta\nu$   $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$   $b\mu\iota\nu$ ,  $\epsilon\alpha\nu$   $\epsilon\chi\eta\tau\epsilon$ ELITEN QUITOIS" Indeed I say to you, if you may have to them:  $\pi$ ιστιν, και μη διακριθητε, ου μονον το and not should doubt not only the (miracle) της συκης ποιησετε, αλλα καν τω ορει τουτω of the fig-tree you shall do, but also if to the mountain this Αρθητι, και βληθητι εις into you should say; Be thou lifted up, and be cast 22 Και παντα, όσα αν γενησεται. θαλασσαν it shall be done. And al), προσευχη, πιστευοντες,  $\alpha$ i $\tau$ n $\sigma$ n $\tau$  $\epsilon$  $\epsilon \nu$  $\tau\eta$ believing, you shall ask in the prayer, ληψεσθε. you shall receive.

23 Και ελθοντι αυτω εις το ίερον, προσηλθον And having come to him into the temple, came αυτφ διδασκοντι οί αρχιερεις και οί πρεσβυτεροι

to him teaching the high-priests and the του λαου, λεγοντες. Εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα By what authority these (things) saying; of the people, ποιεις: και τις σοι εδωκε την εξουσιαν ταυτην, doest thou? and who to thee gave the authority this?

<sup>24</sup>Αποκριθεις δε δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις· Ερωτησω Answering and the Jesus said to them, I will ask ύμας καγω λογον ένα. όν εαν ειπητε you also I word one; which if you may say to me, καγω ύμιν ερω, εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα also I to you will tell, by what authority these (things) 25 το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου ποθεν ην; εξ TOIM' dipping of John whence was? from 1 do; ουρανου, η εξ ανθρωπων; Οί δε διελογιζοντο heaven, or from men? They and reasoned παρ' έαυτοις, λεγοντες. Εαν ειπωμεν, εξ ουραsaying; If we should say, from heaamong themselves, saying; If we should say, from hea-you ερει ήμιν. Διατι ουν ουκ επιστευσατε he will say to us: Why then not did you nelieve αυτω; <sup>26</sup>Εαν δε ειπωμεν, εξ ανθρωπων φοβου-If but we should say, from men: μεθα τον οχλον· παντες γαρ εχουσι τον Ιωαννην all for hold the tear the crowd: 27 Και αποκριθεντες τω Ιησου ώς προφητην. And they answering to the Jesus as a prophet: Εφη αυτοις και αυτος. ειπον. Ουκ οιδαμεν. Not we know. Said to them and Ουδε εγω λεγω ύμιν εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα say to you by what authority these (things) Neither 28 Τι δε ύμιν Tt  $\delta \epsilon$   $\delta \mu \nu \nu$   $\delta \kappa \epsilon \iota$ ;  $A \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi \sigma s$   $\epsilon \iota \chi \epsilon$  What but to you seems right? A man had TOLW. I do. €LTE\* δυο' και προσελθων τω πρωτω, TEKVOL two: and coming to the first, he said: Τεκνον, ύπαγε, σημερον εργαζου εν τω αμπελωνι to-day work in the vineyard Son, <sup>29</sup> Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν· Ου  $\theta$ ελω· μου. Not I will: He and answering said: of me. ύστερον δε μεταμεληθεις, απηλθε. 30 Kat afterward but having changed his mind, he went. And Ο δε προσελθων τω έτερω, ειπεν ωσαυτως.

said to them, "Indeed, I say to you, ‡ If you have an unshaken Faith, you will not only do THIS miracle of the FIG-TREE, but also, if you should say to this MOUNTAIN, 'Be thou lifted up, and thrown into the SEA,' it will be done."

22 ‡ And whatever you shall ask in PRAYER, beheving, you will receive."

23 # And having entered the TEMPLE, the HIGH-PRIESTS and EL-DERS of the PEOPLE. came near, as he was teaching, and said, "By What Authority dost thou perform these things? and who EMPOWERED thee "

24 Jesus replying, said to them, "I will also ask you one Question, which if you answer me, I also will inform you by What Authority I do these

things.

25 Whence was \* THAT IMMERSION which was of John? From Heaven, or from Men?" And THEY reasoned thus among themselves, "It we say, From Heaven, he will retort, Why then did you not believe him?

26 And it we say, From Men, we dread the CROWD; for they all regard John as a Prophet."

27 They, therefore, said to Jesus, in reply, "We cannot tell." And he said to them, "Neither do E tell you by What Authority I perform these

28 But what is your opinion of this? A Man had \* I'wo Sons; and coming to the FIRST, he said, Son, go work To-day in my VINEYARD.'

29 HE answered, \*'I will, sir,' but went not.

30 And coming to the He and | SECOND, he said the same.

† 21. Matt. xvii. 20; Luke xvii. 6; James i. 6; 1 Cor. xiii. 2. † 22. Matt qi. 24; James v. 16; 1 John iii. 22; v. 14. † 23. Mark xi. 27; Luke xx. 1. 1 22. Matt vii. 8; Mark

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuschift.—25. That immersion which was of John. 28. Two Sons 20. 'F will, sir,' but went not. So. And coming to the second, he said the same. And manuscring, said, 'I will not;' but afterwards he repented and went.

αποκριθεις ειπεν. Εγω κυριε, και ουκ απηλθε. answering said; and not lord, went. 31 Τις εκ των δυο εποιησε το θελημα του πατρος; Who of the two did the will of the father? Λεγουσιν \*[αυτω] Ο πρωτος.They say [to him;] The first. Λεγει αυτοις δ Says to them the Ingovs. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι οἱ τελωναι και Indeed I say to you, that the tax-gatherers and Jesus: αί πορναι προαγουσιν ύμας εις την βασιλειαν go before you into the kingdom
32 Ηλθε γαρ προς ύμας Ιωαννης εν the harlots TOU DEOU. of the God. Came for to you John όδφ δικαιοσυνης, και ουκ επιστευσατε αυτφ· οί a way of righteousness, and not you believed him; the και αί πορναι επιστευσαν αυτφ' τελωναι but tax-gatherers and the believed him: harlots ύμεις δε ιδοντες ου μετεμεληθητε ύστερον, του you and seeing not repented afterwards, of the πιστευσαι αυτω. to believe him.

33 Αλλην παραβολην ακουσατε· \*[Ανθρωπος] parable hear you; [A man] ην οικοδεσποτης, όστις εφυτευσεν αμπελωνα, a householder, who planted a vineyard, es. φραγμον αυτώ περιεθηκε, και ωρυξεν εν KOLL to it placed around, and dagged in hus a hedge αυτώ ληνον, και ωκοδομησε πυργον. Kal €Eit a wine-press, and built a tower; and let 34°Oτ € εδοτο αυτον γεωργοις, και απεδημησεν. it to husbandmen, and went abroad. When δε ηγγισεν ό καιρος των καρπων, απεστειλε and drew near the time of the fruits, he sent τους δουλους αύτου, προς τους γεωργους, λαhusbandmen, of him, 10 the 35 Και λαβοντες οί τους καρπους αυτου. fruits of it. And having taken the the receive γεωργοι τους δουλους αυτου, όν μεν εδειραν, of him, him indeed they flayed, the slaves husbandmen δν δε απεκτειναν, όν δε ελιθοβολησαν.  $36 \Pi \alpha \lambda \iota \nu$ him and they killed, him and they pelted with stones. Again αλλους δουλους, απεστειλεν πλειονας  $\tau\omega\nu$ slaves, the greater 37 'Υσπρωτων και εποιησαν αυτοις ώσαυτως. and they did to them in like manner. Afterτερον δε απεστειλε προς αυτους τον υιον αύτου, them the son of him, wards and he sent to 38 Of Εντραπησονται τον υίον μου. λεγων. They will regard the son of me. saying; δε γεωργοι, ιδοντες τον υίον, ειπον εν έαυτοις. said among themselves; but husbandmen, seeing the son, εστιν δ κληρονομος. δευτε, αποκτει-Ούτος 36 the heir; come, we may νωμεν αυτον, και κατασχωμεν την κληρονομιαν may retain him, and the inheritance

And HE answering, said, 'I will not;' but after-

wards repenting, he went. 31 Which of the Two performed the FATHER's will?" They say, "The \* LATTER." JESUS said to them, ‡"Indeed, I say to you, That the TRI-BUTE-TAKERS and the HARLOTS precede you into the KINGDOM of GOD.

32 For ‡John came to you in a Way of Righteousness, and you be-lieved him not; but the TRIBUTE-TAKERS and the HARLOTS believed him; yet nou, having seen it, did not afterwards repent. so as TO BELIEVE him.

33 Hear Another Parable. There was a Householder, twho planted a Vinevard, and enclosed it with a Hedge, and digged t a Wine-press in it, and built a Tower, and leased it to Cultivators, and left the country.

34 And when the VIN-TAGE approached, he sent his servants to the cul-TIVATORS, to receive the FRUITS.

35 But the #cultiv/. TORS having seized ' s SERVANTS, severely leat one, and murdered another, and stoned another.

36 Again, he sent Other Servants, more honorable than the FIRST, and they treated them in a similar manner.

37 Finally, the sent his son to them, saying, 'They will respect my

38 But the CULTIVA-TORS seeing the son, said among themselves, 'This is the HEIR; I come, let us kill him, and forcibly hold the INHERITANCE.

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31. to him-omit. 31. LATTER. 33. A man-omit.

t 33. Leenon, wine-press, is the word used by Matthew, while hupoleenion, wine-vat, is used by Mark, ch. xii. 1. Dr. Robinson saw a wine-press at Hebleh, which was bewn out of a rock, and divided into two parts. The upper and more shallew part was the place where the grapes were put, the lower and deeper one was the place for receiving the liquid pressed out of them. These two places served for both wine-press and wine-vat. This fact will serve to illustrate the words of Jesus as recorded by the two historians.

<sup>† 31.</sup> Luke vii. 29. † 32. Matt, xi. 18; Luke vii. Mark xii. 1; Luke xx. 9. † 35. Heb. xi. 36, 37. † 38. Matt. xxvi. 2—4; John xi. 53. 1 32. Matt, xi. 18; Luke vii. 33.

<sup>1 33.</sup> Cant Fiii. 11; Isa v. 1 1 37. Heb. i. 2; 1 John iv. 9

39 Και λαβοντες αυτον, εξεβαλον εξω aurou. Out having taken him, they cast of him. And 40 'Οταν του αμπελωνος, και απεκτειναν. When therefore vineyard, and killed. ποιησει δ κυριος του αμπελωνος, TL will he do vineyard, what may come the lord of the  $^{41}$   $\Lambda \epsilon \gamma o v \sigma i v$  aut  $\omega$ \* EKELVOIS: TOIS YEWPYOIS They say to him; to the husbandmen to those? Κακους κακως απολεσει αυτους και τον αμπε-Wretches wretchedly destroy them; and the vineλωνα εκδωσεται αλλοις γεωργοις, οίτινες αποto other husbandmen, who will will let out δωσουσιν αυτώ τους καρπους εν τοις καιροις fruits in the seasons to him the 42 Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους· Ουδεποτε αυτων. Never He says to them the Jesus; ανεγνωτε εν ταις γραφαις. "Λιθον ό: απεδοκιof them. have you read in the writings: "A stone which rejecοί οικοδομουντες, ούτος εγενηθη ELS the same was made into building, they κεφαλην γωνιας παρα κυριου εγενετο αύτη, of a corner; from Lord was a head και εστι θαυμαστη εν οφθαλμοις ήμων;" 43 A10 eyes of us?" On account of in and it is wonderful τουτο λεγω ύμιν, ότι αρθησεται αφ' ύμων ή I say to you, that sumit be taken from you the βασιλεια του θεου, και δοδησεται εθνει ποιουντι kingdom of the God, and shall be given to a nation making 44 Και δ πεσων έπι τον τους καρπους αυτης.  $\epsilon \phi' \delta \nu \delta' \alpha \nu$ And he failing on of her. fruits λιθον τουτον, συνθλασθησεται on whom but shall be broken: λικμησει αυτον. it shall fall, it will crush to pieces him.

45 Και ακουσαντες οί αρχιερεις και οί Φαριhaving heard the high-priests and the Phari-And σαιοι τας παραβολας αυτου, εγνωσαν, ότι περι of him, knew, that about parables the 46 Και ζητουντες αυτον κρατησαι, αυτων λεγει. to seize, And seeking him them he says. εφοβηθησαν τους οχλους επειδη ώς προφητην a prophet they feared crowds: since 35 the ΚΕΦ. κβ'. 22. Και αποκριθεις autor Elyov. answering And him they held. δ Ιησους παλιν ειπεν αυτοις εν παραβολαις, to them in parables, said the Jesus again 2 Ωμοιωθη ή βασιλεια των ουρανων  $\lambda \in \gamma \omega \nu$ Has been likened the of the kingdom saying: ανθρωπώ βασιλει, όστις εποιησε γαμους TW made marriage-feasts to the who a king, to a man υίφ αύτου, 3 και απεστειλε τους δουλους αύτου, slaves of him, he sent the son of him, and

39 Then seizing him, they ‡thrust him out of the VINEYARD and killed him.

40 When, therefore, the OWNER of the VINEYARD comes, what will he do to those OCCUPANTS?"

42 JESUS says to them,
"Have you never read
in the SCRIPTURES, †‡' A
'Stone, which the BUILD'ERS rejected, the same
'is made the Head-stone
'of the Corner; this Je'hovah has effected, and
'it is wonderful in our
'Eyes?'

43 Because of this, I tell you, ‡ That the KING-DOM of GOD will be taken from you, and given to a People who will produce its proper FRUITS.

44 And HE who FALLS on this STONE, will be bruised; and him, on whom it shall fall, it will crush to pieces."

45 And the HIGH-PRIESTS and PHARISEES having heard his PARA-BLES, knew that he was speaking about them.

46 And seeking to apprehend him, they feared the crowds, for they esteemed him as a Prophet.

#### CHAPTER XXII.

1 And JESUS continuing to discourse to them in Parables, said,

2 "The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS may be compared to a Royal Person, who prepared a Marriage festival for his son,

3 and he sent his SER-

† 42. Psa. † 44. Isa.

<sup>† 42. &</sup>quot;A Stone, which the BUILDERS rejected." An expression borrowed from masons, who, finding a stone, which being tried in a particular place, and appearing improper for it, is thrown aside, and another taken: however, at last, it may happen that the very stone which had been before rejected, may be found the most suitable as the head stone of the corresponding to the corresponding to the stone of the corresponding to the stone of the corresponding to the stone of the corresponding to the corre

t 39. John xix. 17, 18; Heb. xiii. 11—13. t 41. Mark xii. 9; Luke xx. 16. exviii. 22; Acts iv. 11; 1 Pet. ii. 7. t 43. Matt. viii. 12; Luke xiii. 28, 29. viii. 14, 15; Dan. ii. 34, 44, 45.

καλε-α τους κεκλημενους εις τους yamous. the having been invited to the marriage-feasts 4 Παλιν απεστειλεν και ουκ ηθελον ελθειν. and not they would to come. Again hesent αλλους δουλους, λεγων Ειπατε τοις κεκλημεslaves, saying; Say to the having been νοις. Ιδου, το αριστον μου ήτοιμασα. οί ταυροι called; Lo, the dinner of me I prepared; the bullocks μου και τα σιτιστα τεθυμενα, και παντα έτοιμα. of me and the fatlings having been killed, and all (things) ready, δευτε εις τους γαμους.

come to the marriage-feasts. They but neglecting, απηλθον δ μεν εις τον ιδιον αγρον, δ δε εις went away; he indeed to the own field, he and to 6 Οί δε λοιποι κρατητην εμποριαν αύτου. The and remainder having traffic of him. σαντες τους δουλους αυτου, ύβρισαν και απεκτειthe slaves of him, insulted and killed, 7 Ακουσας δε δ βασιλευς, ωργισθη· και slaves of him, insulted and ναν. Having heard and the king, was wroth: πεμψας τα στρατευματα αύτου, απωλεσε τους having sent the armies of him, destroyed φονεις εκεινους, και την πολιν αυτων ενεπρησε. murderers those, and the city of them burned. Then he says to the slaves of him: 'Ο μεν The indeed γαμος έτοιμος εστιν, οί δε κεκλημενοι ουκ marriage-feast ready is, they but having been called not 9 Πορευεσθε ουν επι τας διεξοδους ησαν αξιοι. were worthy. Go you therefore to the outlets των όδων, και όσους αν ευρητε, καλεσατε εις of the ways, and whoever you may find, call you τους γαμους. 10 Και εξελθοντες οί δουλοι And having gone forth the slaves the marriage-feasts. eis  $\tau$  as  $\delta \delta$ ous,  $\sigma \upsilon \nu \eta \gamma \alpha \gamma \upsilon \nu \tau$   $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \alpha s$ , into the ways, they brought together all, EKELVOL those into όσους ευρον, πονηρους τε και αγαθους και as many as they found, bad ones both and good ones: and 11 Εισελθων επλησθη δ γαμος ανακειμενων. was filled the marriage-feast of reclining ones. Having entered δε δ βαπιλευς θεασασθαι τους ανακειμενους, king reclining ones, and the to see the ειδεν εκει ανθρωπον ουκ ενδεδυμενον ενδυμα saw there a man not having been clothed a garment γαμου· 12 και λεγει αυτώ· Έταιρε,  $\pi\omega s$ on marriage: and he says to him: Friend, how εισηλθες ώδε, μη εχων ενδυμα γαμου; 'Ο didet thou enter here, not having a garment of marriage: He 13 Τοτε ειπεν δ βασιλευς εφιμωθη. but was struck speechless. Then said king the TOIS SIGKOVOIS. Δησαντες αυτου ποδας και to the servants: Having bound of him χειρ**α**ς, αρατε αυτον, και εκβαλετε εις το σκοτος him,

VANTS to call THOSE whe had been INVITED to the FESTIVITIES: and they refused to come.

[Chap. 22: 13.

4 Again, he sent Other Servants, saying, 'Inform THOSE who are INVITED. Behold, I have prepared MY ENTERTAINMENT; my OXEN and FATLINGS are killed, and all is ready: come to the FESTIVAL.

5 But THEY, disregarding it, went away, one to his ( wn Farm, and ONE to his MERCHANDISE:

6 and the REST seizing his servants, insulted, and killed them.

7 \*And the KING was indignant; and having sent this MILITARY FOR-CES, destroyed those MUR-DERERS, and burned their CITY.

8 He then says to his SERVANTS, 'The ENTER-TAINMENT indeed is ready, but THOSE who have been invited, were I unworthy.

9 Go. therefore, into the PUBLIC ROADS, and whoever you may find, invite to the NUPTIAL-FEASTS.

10 And those SERVANTS went out into the ROADS, and brought together all that they met, Good and Bad: and the FEAST was well supplied with guests.

11 Now the KING having entered to view the GUESTS, saw there a Man t not clothed with a Wedding Garment;

12 and he says to him, 'Friend, how camest thou here, not having a Wedding Garment?" And HE was struck speechless.

13 The KING then said to the SERVANTS, 'Bind his Hands and Feet; take him, and thrust \*him into the OUTER DARK-NESS;' there will be the WEEPING and the GNASH-ING of TEETH.

and

there

cast

shall be the weeping

εκει εσται δ κλαυθμος και δ

and the

into the darkness

hands, take

outer:

το εξωτερον.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. And the KING was indignant.

Rev. iii. 4; xvi. 15; xix. 8.

<sup>13.</sup> him. 1 8. Acts xlii. 46.

no one;

14 Πολλοι γαρ βρυγμος των οδοντων.  $\epsilon \iota \sigma \iota$ Many of the for gnashing teeth. are κλητοι, ολιγοι δε εκλεκτοι.

called. few but picked out.

15 Τοτε πορευθεντες οί Φαρισαιοι συμβουλιον Pharisees having gone the counsel

λαβον, όπως αυτον παγιδευσωσιν εν λογω. took, how him they might insnare in word. <sup>16</sup>Και αποστελλουσιν αυτώ τους μαθητας αύτων they sent away to him the disciples ofthem μετα των 'Ηρωδιανων, λεγοντες. Διδασκαλε, Herodians, Oteacher, saying. EL, και την όδον του ριδαμεν, ότι αληθης thou art, and the we know. that true way ofthe θεου εν αληθεια διδασκεις, και ου μελει TOI and Jot there is care to thee God in truth thou teachest, περι ουδινος ου γαρ βλεπεις εις προσωπον about no one; not for thoulookest into

17 Ειπε ουν ήμιν, τι σοι ανθοωπων. SOKEL: oi men. Say therefore to us, what to thee seems right? εξεστι δουναι κηνσον Καισαρι, η ου; is it lawful to give tribute to Cesar, or not? Knowing δε ό Ιησους την πονηριαν αυτων, ειπε. TI ME but the Jesus the wickedness orthem, said; Why me 19 Επιδειξατε πειρα(ετε ὑποκριται; HOL TO Show you tempt you hypocrites? to me the νομισμα του κηνσου, Οί δε προσηνεγκαν αυτω coin of the tribute. They and brought to him 

They say to him, and the inscription? Kairapos. Τυτε λεγει αυτοις. Αποδοτε ουν Then he says to them; Give you back then Καισαρος Καισαρι και Ta του θεου the (things) of Cesar to Cesar; and the (things) of the God 22 Και ακουσαντες εθαυμασαν. TW DEW. Kal having heard they wondered; to the God. And

αφεντες αυτον απηλθον. him they departed.

<sup>23</sup> Εν εκεινη τη ήμερα προσηλθον αυτφ Σαδthat the day came to him δουκαιοι, οί λεγοντες, μη ειναι αναστασιν και not to be a resurrection; ducees. they saying,  $24 \lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu \tau = 5$ επηρωτηταν αυτον. Διδασκαλε, they asked him, saying; O teacher, "Εαν τις αποθώνη μη εχων Μωσης ειπεν.

"If any one should die τεκνα, επιγαμβρευσει δ αδελφος αυτου THY children, the brother ofhim shall marry the

14 For there are Many invited, but Few selected.

15 ‡ Then the PHABIsees having withdrawn, consulted how they might entrap him in Conversation.

16 And they sent to him their DISCIPLES with the HERODIANS, saying, "Teacher, we know That thou art sincere, and teachest the WAY of GOD in Truth, neither carest thou for any one, for thou lookest not to the Appearance of Men.

17 Tell us, therefore, thy opinion; Is it lawful to pay Tax to Cesar, or

not r

18 But Jesus knowing their WICKEDNESS, said, "Hypocrites! why do you try me?

19 Show me the TAX-COIN." And THEY handed

him a Denarius.

20 And he says to them, t" Whose LIKENESS and INSCRIPTION is this?"

21 They say, "Cesar's." Then he replies to them, t" Render, therefore, the THINGS of Cesar, to Cesar; and the THINGS of GOD, to GOD."

22 And having heard this, they wondered; and leaving him, they went away.

23 ton that day, \*Sadducees came to him, who say there is no † Resurrection, and asked him,

24 saying, "Teacher, "Moses said, † If a man die, having no Children, his BROTHER shall marry his WIDOW, and raise up

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. to him-omit.

<sup>23.</sup> Sadducees came to him, who say

<sup>+ 20.</sup> Dr. Lightfoot tells us that the Jews have a tradition among them, that to admit of t 20. Dr. Lightfoot tells us that the Jews have a tradition among them, that to admit of the t.t.e of any prince on their current co.n, was an acknowledgment of subjection to him. Their acceptance of this coin when offered to them in payment, was in effect a confession that they were conquered by the Romans, and that the emperor had a right to their tribute.

† 23. This is rendered future life by some modern translators; which is, as Dr. Bloomfield very justly observes, "no version at all, but merely an explanation." Anastasis can only mean future life, by implication; its primary signification being a standing or rising up. If a future life be understood by the term, then it evidently depends upon, an follows a resurrection.

† 24. The words of the law are not quoted verbatim, but cording to their sense. The intention was that children by the second marriage shoul readroned in the genealogy of the deceased brother, and inherit his property. reckoned in the genealogy of the deceased brother, and inherit his property.

<sup>1 15.</sup> Mark xii. 13; Luke xx. 20. 1 21. Rom. xiii. 7. 1 24. Deut. xxv. 5. xx. 27; Acts xxiii. 8.

ψυναικα αυτου, και αναστησει σπερμα τφ wife of him, and shall raise seed to the a  $\delta \epsilon \lambda \phi \omega$  a  $\delta \tau \sigma \nu$ . brother of him." There were now with us seven αδελφοι και ό πρωτος, γαμησας, ετελευτησε. brothers: and the first, having married, died: και μη εχων σπερμα, αφηκε την γυναικα αύτου and not having seed, left the wife of him τφ αδελφφ αύτου. 26 Όμοιως και ό δευτερος, Likewise also the second, to the brother of him. 27 Υστερον δε και δ τριτος, έως των έπτα. and the third, till the seven. After and 28 Εν τη παντων απεθανε και ή γυνη. of all died also the woman. In the therefore αναστασει, τινος των έπτα εσται γυνη; παντες resurrection, of whom of the seven shall be a wife? all γαρ εσχον αυτην. 29 Αποκριθεις δε δ Ιησους for had her. Answering and the Jesus ειπεν αυτοις. Πλανασθε, μη ειδοτες τας γραsaid to them; You go astray, not knowing the writφas, μηδε την δυναμιν του θεου·  $^{30}$  Εν γαρ  $^{10}$  ings, neither the power of the God. In for τη αναστασει ουτε γαμοσιν, ουτε εκγαμιthe resurrection neither they marry, nor are given in ζονται, αλλ' ως αγγελοι του [του θεου] εν nauriage, but as messengers [of the God] in 31 Περι δε της αναστασεως των ουρανώ εισι. About but the resurrection of the νεκρων ουκ ανεγνωτε το  $\delta \eta \theta$ εν  $\delta \mu$ ιν  $\delta \pi \sigma$  dead (ones) not have you read that having been spoken to you by του θεου, λεγοντος 32 "Εγω ειμι δ θεος the God, saying: am the God Αβρααμ, και δ θεος Ισαακ, και δ θεος Ιακωβ;" of Abraam, and the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob?" Ουκ εστιν δ θεος, θεος νεκρων, αλλα ζωντων. Not is the God, a God of dead (ones,) but ofliving (ones.) 33 Και ακουσαντες οί οχλοι, εξεπλησσοντο επι And having heard the crowds, were astonished τη διδαχη αυτου. the teaching of him.

 $^{34}$ Οί δε Φαρισαιοι, ακουσαντες ότι εφιμωσε The and Pharisees, hearing that he silenced τους Σαδδουκαιους, συνηχθησαν επι το αυτοthe Sadducees, were assembled on the same; <sup>30</sup> και επηρωτησεν είς εξ αυτων, νομικος, πειρα- $\begin{array}{lll} \epsilon\nu\tau\sigma\lambda\eta & \mu\epsilon\gamma\alpha\lambda\eta & \epsilon\nu & \tau\omega & \nu\sigma\mu\omega; \\ \epsilon\sigma & \text{in the law?} & & \text{The and 'Jesus} \end{array}$  $\epsilon$ φη αυτ $\varphi$  " Aγαπησεις κυριον τον θεον σου and to him; "Thou shalt love Lord the God of thee εν όλη τη καρδια σου, και εν όλη τη ψυχη σου, in whole the heart of thee, and in whole the soul of thee, και εν όλη τη διανοιά σου." 38 Αύτη εστι πρωτη and in whole the mind of thee." This is

Offspring to his BRO-THER.

25 Now, there were with us Seven Brothers; and the FIRST, having married, died; and having no issue, left his WIFE to his BROTHER.

26 Thus also the SEC-OND, and the THIRD, even

to the SEVENTH.

27 And last of all, the WOMAN also died.

28 At the RESURREC-TION, therefore, To which of the SEVEN will she be a WIFE? for they all married her."

29 Jesus answering, said to them, "You err, not knowing the SCRIP-TURES, nor the POWER of

GOD ;

30 for in the RESUR-RECTION [state], they neither marry, nor are given in marriage, but are as ANGELS in \* HEAVEN.

31 But concerning the RESURRECTION of the DEAD, Have you not read the WORD SPOKEN to you

by God, saying, 32 ‡ I am the God of 'Abraham, and the God 'of Isaac, and the God of 'Jacob?' \*He is not the God of the Dead, but of the Living."

33 And the CROWDS hearing this, were amazed

at his TEACHING.

34 ‡ Now the PHARIsees hearing That he had silenced the SADDUCEES, flocked about Him.

35 And one of them, ‡a Lawyer, trying him, proposed this question;

36 "Teacher, which is the great Commandment

in the LAW?"

37 \* And HE said to him, ‡"'Thou shalt love Jehovah thy God with 'All thy HEART, and with 'All thy sour, and with 'All thy MIND.

38 This is \* the GREAT and First Commandment

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-30. of God-omit. 30. HEAVEN. 32. He is not the Gop 35. and saying-omit. 37. And HE said. 88. the GREAT and First Commandment, † 32. Exod. iii. 6; Mark xii. 26; Luke xx. 37; Acts vii. 32; Heb xi. 16. i. 28. † 35. Luke x. 25. † 37. Deut. vi. 5; Luke x. 27.

ROW ELEGAN EV TOAN.

AND MOST COMMENCATION Second and like to it:

\*\*TYPH THE SECOND TOUR COUP, AS σ ε αυτου."

"Thou shall love the peighbor of thee, as threelf."

IN TRUTTALS THE SUCTUPETOLARS SAOS & νομος

In these the commandments whole the law the second troochems."

και οί προφηται πρεμανται.

Έννηγμενων δε των Φαρισαιων, επηρωτησεν Maring been assembled and of the Pharisees, asked

autous δ Iησους,  $^{42}$  λεγων Τι υμιν δοκει περι saying; What to you thinks about του Χριστου; τινος υίος εστι; Λεγουσιν the Anointed? of whom a son is he? They say to him; Of the David. He says to them; How then  $\Delta$  αυιδ εν πνευματι κυριον αυτον καλει; λεγων David in spirit Lord of him calls? saying;  $^{42}$   $^{44}$  ειπεν δ κυριος τω κυριω μου Καθου εκ

44 "Ειπεν ὁ κυριος τω κυριω μου" Καθου εκ "Sajd the Lord to the Lord of me; Sit thou at δεξιων μου, έως αν θω τους εχθρους σου ύποτight of me, till I may place the enemies of thee afootool the feet of thee." If then David calls αυτον κυριον, πως νίος αυτου εστι; him Lord, how a son of him is he; And no one εδυνατο αυτω αποκριθηναι λογον ουδε ετολμησε was able to him to answer a word; nor dared τις απ' εκεινης της ήμερας επερωτησαι αυτον καν φοι from that the day to ask him ουκετιε any more.

# КЕФ. κγ. 23.

Τοπε δ Ιησους αλαλησε τοις οχλοις και Then the Jesus spoke to the crowds and τοις μαθητεις εύτου, <sup>2</sup> λεγων Επι της Μεσεως to the disciples of him, saying; Upon the Moses καθεδρας εκαθισαν οί γραμματεις και οί Φαριthe scribes and the Pharipit S Marta our, όσα αν ειπωσιι' ύμι!' Jaiot. therefor, whatever they say to you Bees. \* [τηρειν] τηρειτε και ποιειτε' κατα δε τα to observe;] observe you and do you; according to but the ενγα αυτων μη ποιειτε λεγουσι γαρ, και ου works of them not do you; they say for, and not ποιουσι. 5 Δεσμευουσι γαρ φορτια βαρεα και for burdens heavy They bind δυσβαστακτα, και επιτιθεασιυ επι τους ωμους oppressive, and place upon the shoulders των ανθρωπων τφ δε δακτυλφ αυτων ου of the men: of the and finger of thom not <sup>6</sup> Παντα δε τα εργα Jedoves πινησαι αυτα. All but the works they will to move them. αύτων ποιουσε προς το θεαθηναι τοις ανθρωποις. of thera they do to the to be seen to the

39 \*The Second is similar; ; 'Thou shalt love 'thy NEIGHBOR as thy-'self.'

40 ‡ On These Two Commandments \* depend the Whole LAW and the PROPHETS."

41 ‡ And while the PHARISEES were assembled, JESUS asked them,

42 saying, "What is your opinion about the MESSIAH? Whose Son is he?" They say to him, "DAVID'S."

43 He says to them, "How then does David, by Inspiration, call him his Lord? saying,

44 † JEHOVAH said to my LORD, Sit thou at my 'Right hand, uil 1 \* put 'thine ENEMYES under-'neath thy FEET?'

45 If, therefore, David call him Lord, how is he

his Son?"

46 And no one was able to answer him a Word; nor did any one from That DAY presume to question him any more.

#### CHAPTER XXIII.

1 Then Jesus spoke to the crowds, and to his disciples,

2 saying, "The scribes and Pharisees sit in the Chair of Moses;

3 therefore ... Il things whatever they command you, \*do and observe; but do not according to their works; for they say and do not perform.

4 \*And they prepare heavy and oppressive Burdens, for other MEN'S SHOULDERS, but \*then will not move them with their finger.

5 And they perform all their WORKS to be OBSER-VED by MEN; \* for this

ENDMINS uni erneath thy feet. 3. observe—omit. 2. do and observe. 4. they will not move them with their finous. 5. for Ley. 5. for Ley.

Πλατυνουσι δε φυλακτηρια αύτων, Ta KOLL of them, They widen and the phylacteries and μεγαλυνουσι τα κρασπεδα \*[των ίματιων αὐ-therenlare the turn [of the mantles of 6 φιλουσι τε την πρωτοκλισιαν εν τοις them;] they love and the upper couch δειπνοις, και τας πρωτοκαθεδριας εν ταις συναand the first seats in the syna-7 και τους ασπασμους εν ταις αγοραις, ywyais, gogues, and the salutations in the markets, των ανθρωπων ραββι, και καλεισθαι ύπο by rabbı, and to be called the men \*[ $\delta \alpha \beta \beta i$ .] \* Theis  $\delta \epsilon \mu \eta \kappa \lambda \eta \theta \eta \tau \epsilon \delta \alpha \beta \beta i$  eis [rabbi.] You but not may be called rabbi; one γαρ εστιν ύμων ὁ καθηγητης παντες δε ύμεις but for of you the leader; all <sup>9</sup> Και πατερα μη καλεσητε ύμων αδελφοι εστι. brethren are: And father not you may call of you είς γαρ εστιν ὁ πατηρ ύμων, ὁ ETL THS YHS' on the earth: for is the father 10 Μηδε κληθητε καθηγηται. EV TOIS OUPAVOIS. heavens: Neither be ye called leaders : εις γαρ ύμων εστιν ὁ καθηγητης, ὁ χριστος.
one for of you is the leader, the anointed: 11 'Ο δε μειζων ύμων, εσται ύνων διακονος. The but greater of you, shall be of you a servant. ε Όστις δε ύψωσει έαυτον, ταπεινωθησεται and shall exalt himself, shall be humbled; όστις ταπεινωσει έαυτον, ύψωθησεται. 400.0 shall be exalted. and shall humble himself, ι Ουαι δε ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, ύποκ-Woe but to you, scribes and Pharisees, hypoότι κατεσθιετε τας οικιας των χηρων, erites: because you devour the houses ofthe και προφασει μακρα προσευχομενοι. δια τουτο through this and for a show long are praying: ληψεσθε περισσοτερον κριμα. you shall receive heavier judgment.

 $14 * \begin{bmatrix} \text{Oval} & \text{$\psi\mu\nu$}, & \text{$\gamma\rho\alpha\mu\mu\alpha\tau$} \in \text{$\text{is}$} & \text{$\kappa\alpha\iota$} & \Phi\alpha\rho\iota\sigma\alpha\iotao\iota, \\ \text{[Woe to you, acribes and Pharisees,} \end{bmatrix}$ ότι κλειετε την βασιλειαν των **ὑποκριται**· of he because you shut the kingdom ουρανων εμπροσθεν των ανθρωπων. ύμεις γαρ in presence of the уоц men: for ουκ εισερχεσθε, ουδε τους εισερχομενους αφιετε enter, entering you permit nor the εισελθειν. <sup>15</sup> Ουαι ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαριscribes to enter.] Woe to you, and Phariσαιος ύποκριται ότι περιαγετε την θαλασσαν hypocrites: because you go about the και την ξηραν, ποιησαι ένα προσηλυτον. Kal and the dry, to make one proselyte: and

they widen their their their their tuffs, and enlarge their tuffs,

6 ‡ and love the UPPEE COUCH at FEASTS, and the PRINCIPAL SEATS in the SYNAGOGUES.

7 and SALUTATIONS in the PUBLIC PLACES; and to be called by MEN, 'Rabbi.'

8 ‡ But you should not be called Rabbi; because one is Your \* TEACHER, and all YOU are Brethren.

9 And style no man on the EARTH your Father; for one \*is Your HEA-VENLY FATHER.

10 Nor assume the title of Leaders; because one is Your LEADER, the MESSIAH.

11 ‡ But let the GREAT-EST of you, become Your

12 ‡And he who shall exalt himself, will be humbled; and he who shall humble himself, will be exalted.

13 † Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! Because you plunder the FAMILLES of WIDOWS, and for a Disguise make long Prayers; therefore, you will receive a Heavier Judgment.

14\*[Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! Because you shut the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS against MEN; nou neither enter yourselves, nor permit THOSE APPROACHING to enter.]

15 Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! Because you traverse SEA and LAND to make One † Proselyte, and when he is gained, you

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—5, of their mantles—omit. 7. Rabbi—omit. 8. TEACHER. 9. is Your heavenly father. 14.—omit.

<sup>† 5.</sup> These were small slips of parchment or vellum, on which certain portions of the law were written. The Jews tied them about their foreheads and arms, for three purposes.—

1. To put them in mind of those precepts which they should constantly observe.

2. To procure them reverence and respect in the sight of the heathen. And 3. To act as amulets or charms to drive away evil spirits.—Clarke.

† 13. Lachmann and Tischendorf omit this verse.

† 15. A convert to Judaism.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Num. xv. 38; Deut. vi. 8; xxii. 12. † 8. James iii. 1. † 11. Matt. xx. 26, 27. † Peter v. 5.

<sup>‡ 6.</sup> Mark xii. 38, 39; Luke xi. 43; xx. 46, ‡ 12. Luke xiv. 11; xviii. 14, James iv. 6;

όταν γενηται, ποιειτε αυτον υΐον γεεννης when he becomes, you make him a son of Gehenna 16 Ουαι ύμιν, όδηγοι τυφλοι, διπλοτερον ύμων. Woe to you, guides blind, ot you: oi λεγουτες. 'Os αν ομοση εν τω νωω, ουδε.
the saying. Whoever may swear by the temple, me thing \*στιν° δς δ' αν ομοση εν τω χρυσω τ υ ναου, itis: who but ever may swear by the gold of the temple, οφείλει. 17 Μωρος και τυφλοιο τις γαρ μειζων O fools and blind, which for greater he is bound. εστιν: δ χρυσος, η δ ναος, δ αγιαζων σου in? the gold, or the temple, that sanctifying the 18 Kar 'Ος εαν ομοση εν τφ θυσιασχρυσον; gold? Whoever may swear by the ltar Also: τηριφ, ουδεν εστιν ός δ' αν ομοση εν τφ nothing it is; who but ever may swear by he δωρφ τφ επανω αυτου, οφειλει. 19 Μωροι και gift that O fools upon it, he is bound. and τυφλοι° τι γαρ μειζον; το δωρον, η blind; which for greater? the gift, or ound; which for greater? the gift, or the θυσιαστηριον, το άγιαζον το δωρον; 20 Ο ουν He then that sanctifying the gift; ομοσας εν τφ θυσιαστηριφ, υμνυει εν αυτφ και altar, swears by it swearing by the and 21 και δ ομοσας εν πασι τοις επανω αυτου. and he swearing the (things) upon it; εν τφ ναω, ομνυει εν αυτφ και εν τφ κατοιby the temple, swears by it and by the (one) having 22 και δ ομοσας εν τω ουρανω, κησαντι αυτον inhabited it, and he swearing by the heaven, ομνυει εν τω θρονω του θεου και εν τω καθηswears by the throne of the God and by the (one) site μηνω επανω αυτου. .:pon

23 Ουαι ύμιν, γραμματεις και ζαρισωίοι, ύποκ-Woe to you, scribes and Pharisees, hypoριται δτ αποδεκατουτε το ήδυοσμον, και το crites; because you tithe the mint, and the ανηθον, και το κυμινον και αφηκατε τα βαρυdill, and the cummin; and part by the weightier τερα του τομου, την κρισιν, και τον ελεον, και (things) of the law, the justice, and the mercy, and Ταυτα δε εδει ποιησαι, κακεινα την πιστιν. Those but it is binding to do, and those faith. 2- Όδηγοι τυφλοι οί διυλιζ ντες μη αφιεναι. not to omit. Guides blind; the straining out τον κωνωπα την δε καμηλον καταπινοντες. the gnat the but camel swallowing do 70.

Coul δμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, δποις-Woe to you, scribes and Pharisees, hypopirate δτι καθαριζετε το εξωθεν του πονηριου writes, because you cleanso the outside of the cup

make him a Son of Gohenna doubly more than yourselves.

Guides vou, t blind Guides vou 7ho 7Ax. To swear by the rempels it is ecthing; but to swear by 50 GOLD o 'he TEM-PLE, i' is binding.

7 Foolish and Blinds for which is more sacred, —the GOLD, tor THAT TEMPLE Which CONSTENTED the GOLD?

1° And, to swear by the ALTAR, 'tis nothing; but to swear by THAT OFFER-ING which is upon it is binding.

19 Foolish and Blind' for which is more sucred, —the OFFERING. \$ ON THAT ALTLE Whic'. SON-SECRATES the OFFERING!

20 He therefore who wears by the LTAR, makes oath by it, and by all things on it:

21 and HE who SWEARS by the TEMPLE, makes oath by it, and by HIM who DWELT in it:

22 and HE who SWEARS
by HEAVEN, makes oath
by the THRONE of God,
and by HIM who sits on it.

and by HIM who sits on it.

23 Woe to wou, Scribes
and Aharisees, Hypocrites' ‡Because to pay
tithe of MINT, and DILL
and CUMMIN, but neglect the MORE IMPORTANT matters of the LAW,
—JUSTICE, COMPASSION,
and FAITT. These things
you ought to practise and
not to omit those.

24 Blind Guides! twho filter out the GNAT, yet swallow the CAMEL.

25 Woo to ou, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites Because you purify the OUTSIDE of the CUP and the DISH, but

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MINUSCRIPT -- 17. which CONSECUATED.

<sup>† 24.</sup> An allusion to the custon of the Jews (also Greeks and Romans) of passing their vines through a strainer. The Jews did it from religious crupies, the Gentiles from religious crupies.

και της παροψίδος, εσωθεν δε γεμουσιν εξ άρand of the dish, within but they are full of raπαγης και αδικιας.  $^{26}$ Φαρισαιε τυφλε, καθαρισον
pine and injustice. O Pharisee blind, cleanse
πρωτον το εντος του ποτηρίου και της παροψίδος,
first the inside of the cup and of the dish, [να γενηται και το εκτος αυτων καθαρον.]that may become also the outside of them clean.

<sup>27</sup> Ουαι ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, ύποκ-Woe to you, scribes and Pharisees, hypopital: ότι παρομδιαζετε ταφοις κεκονιαμενοις, crites; because you are like to tombs having been whitened, οίτινες εξωθεν μεν φαινονται ώραιοι, εσωθεν δε which without indeed appear beautiful, within but γεμουσιν οστεων νεκρων και πασης ακαθαρσιας, are full of bones of dead and of all uncleanness. So also you without indeed appear to the aνθρωποις δικαιοι, εσωθεν δε μεστοι εσπε ύποκinen just, within but full are of hy-

ρισεως και ανομιας. pocrisy and of lawiessness. · 29 Ουαι ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, ύποκ-Woe to you, scribes and Pharisees, hypoριται ότι οικοδομειτε τους ταφους των προφηcrites; because you build the tombs of the prophets, των, και κοσμειτε τα μνημεια των δικαιωυς and adorn the monuments of the just, 30 και λεγετε· Ει ημεθα εν ταις ημεραις των and say; If we had been in the days of the πατερων ημων, ουκ αν ημεθα κοινωνοι αυτων fathers of us, not we had been partakers of them  $\epsilon \nu$  τω αίματι των προφητων. 31  $\Omega$  στε μαρτυin the blood of the prophets: So that you ρειτε έαυτοις, ότι υίοι εστε των φονευσαντων testify coyourselves, that sons you are of the having killed  $\tau$ ovs  $\pi$ po $\phi$ n $\tau$ as.  $\overset{32}{\text{Kai}}$   $\overset{}{\text{Kai}}$   $\overset{}{\text{U}}$  $\overset{}{\text{He}}$ is  $\pi$  $\overset{}{\text{N}}$ np $\omega$  $\sigma$ a $\tau$  $\epsilon$  $\tau$ o the prophets. And you fillyou the μετρον των πατερων ύμων. <sup>33</sup> Οφεις, γεννηματα measure of the fachers of you. O serpents, O broods εχιδυων πως φυγητε απο της κρισεως της of vipers; how can you fee from the judgment of the 34 Δια τουτο, ιδου, εγω αποστελλω

Βεσωνε of this, 10, Ι send YEEVVYS; Gehenna? Because of this, προς ύμας προφητας, και σοφους, και γραμμαto you prophets, and wise men, and scribes. τεις και εξ αυτων αποκτενειτε και σταυοωand out of them , on will kill and σετε, και εξ αυτων μαστιγωσετε εν ταις eify, and ont of them you will acourge in the συναγωναις ύμων και διωξετε απο πολεως εις synagogues of you and pursue from city to  $\pi \circ \lambda \iota \nu$  so that may come upon you all blood πολιν δικαιον, εκχυνομενον επι της γης απο του beingshed upon the earth from the righteous, αίματος Αβελ του δικαιου έως του αίματος blood of Abel the just to the blood

within, they are full of Rapine and Injustice.

26 Blind Pharisee! first purify the INSIDE of the CUP and the DISH, that the OUTSIDE of them may also become clean.

27 Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! ‡Because you resemble whitened Sepulchres, which indeed, outwardly, appear beautiful; but within, are full of the Bones of the Dead, and of All Impurity.

28 Thus also nou, indeed, outwardly appear righteous to MEN; but inwardly you are full of Hypocrisy and Iniquity.

29 Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! ‡ Because you build the Sepulchres of the Property, and ornament the MONUMENTS of th. JUST.

30 and say, If we had lived in the DAYS of our FATHERS, we would not have been Participators with them in the MURDER of the PROPHETS.

31 Thus you testify against yourselves, ‡ That you are the sons of those who murdered the prophets.

32 ‡ Pou also will fill up the MEASURE of your FATHERS.

33 Serpents, † Progeny of vipers! how can you escape the JUDGMENT of the GEHENNA.

34 On account of this, Behold, £ send to you Prophets, and Wise men, and Instructors; and some of them you will kill and crucify; and others you will scourge in your SYN-AGOGUES, and persecute from City to City;

at the state of th

<sup>† 27.</sup> Luke xi. 44; Acts xxiii. 3. 1 Thess. ii. 15. 2 32. 1 Thess, ii 16. 2 35. Luke xi. 49. 2 35. Luke xi. 49. 2 36. Luke xi. 47. 2 37. Luke xi. 47. 2 38. Matt. iii. 7; xii. 34. 34. Matt.

Ζαχαριου υίου Βαραχιου, δν εφονευσατε μεταξυ of Zecharias a son of Barachias, whom you killed between 36 Αμην λεγω του ναου και του θυσιαστηριου. Indeed I say the temple and the ύμιν, ότι ηξει ταυτα παντα επι την γενεαν to you, that shall come these (things) all upon the generation ταυτην. <sup>37</sup> Ίερουσαλημ, Ίερουσαλημ, ή αποκ-Jerusalem. Jerusalem, the τεινουσα τους προφητας, και λιθοβολουσα τους the prophets, and stoning απεσταλμενους προς αύτην ποσακις ηθελησα having been sent to her; how often επισυναγαγειν τα τεκνα σου, όν τροπον επισυthe children of thee, what manner gathers ναγει ορνις τα νοσσια έαυτης ύπο τας πτερυγας; a bird the brood or herself under the wings? 38 Ιδου, αφιεται ύμιν δ και ουκ ηθελησατε. not you were willing. is left Lo, **ρ**ικος ύμων \*[ερημος.] 39 Λεγω γαρ ύμινο Ου Isay for to you; Not of you [a desert.] μη με ιδητε απ' αρτι, έως αν ειπητε. Ευλογηyou may say; Having been not me you may see from now, till μενος δ ερχομενος εν ονοματι κυριου. coming in name blessed he

## ΚΕΦ. κδ'. 24.

1 Και εξελθων ό Ιησους επορεύετο από του And being come out the Jesus was going from the ίερους και προσηλθον οί μαθηται αυτου επιδειξαι the disciples of him to point out temple; and 2'O de Inσous αυτώ τας οικοδομας του έξρου. 20 him the of the temple. The and Jesus buildings ειπον αυτοις. Ου βλεπετε παυτα ταυτα; αμην said to them; Not see you all these; indeed αφεθη ώδ€ λiθos 7πL ύμιν, ου μη to you, not not should be left haro Satone upon λιθον, δε ου καταλυθησεται. natone, which not aball be thrown down.

ε Καθημενου δε αυτου επι 700 opous TWV Sitting ລາເລື of him upon the mountain of the to the BLOOD of I Zechariah, † Son of Barachiah, whom you will murder between the SANCTUARY and the ALTAR.

36 Indeed, I say to you. That all these things will come upon this GENE-

RATION.

37 10 Jerusalem, Jerusalem! DESTROYING the PROPHETS, and stoning THOSE SENT to thee. how often have I desired to assemble thy CHILD-REN, as a Bird collects her Joung under her WINGS! but you would not.

38 Behold, your HABI-TATION is left to you;

39 for I tell you, You shall not see me from this time, till you shall say, t'Blessed be HE who COMES in the Name of 'Jchovah.'"

#### CHAPTER XXIV.

1 ‡ And JESUS being come out was going from the TEMPLE; and his DISCIPLES came to show him the BUILDINGS of the TEMPLE.

2 And \* HE answering, said to them, "Do you not see all these things? I assure you, There shall not be left here a Stone upon a Stone; all will be overthrown."

3 And as he was sitting on the MOUNT of OLIVES.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 38. a desert-omit. 2. HE answering, said.

<sup># 85. 2</sup> Chron. xxiv. 20, 21. \* 1. Mark xiii. 1; Luke xxi. 5.

<sup>1 37.</sup> Luke xiii. 34. 1 2. Luko xix. 44.

ελαιων, προσηλθον αυτφ οί μαθηται κατ' ιδιαν, elive trees, came and to him the disciples privately. λεγουτες Ειπε ήμιν, ποτε ταυτα εσται: κατ saying; Tell to us, when these (things) shall be? and τι το σημειον της σης παρουσιας και της what the sign of the thy presence and of the συντελειας του αιωνος; 4 Και αποκριθεις δ . And of the age? answering the Ιησους. ε.πεν αυτοις. Βλεπετε, μη τις ύμας to them; Take heed, not any one you.

5 Πολλοι γαρ ελευσονται επι τω

Many for shall come in the for shall come in the may deceive. Many ανοματι μου, λεγοντες Εγω ειμι ο Χριστος am the Anointed; call πολλους πλανησουσι. Μελλησετε δε they shall deceive. You shall be about, and ακουειν πολεμους, και ακοας πολεμων δρατε, to hear wars, and reports of wars, see, μη θροεισθε δει γαρ [παντα] γενεσθαι to take place; λλ ουπω εστι το τελος. Έγερθησεται γαρ but not yet is the end. Shall be raised up for αλλ' ουπω εστι το τελος. εθνος επι εθνος, και βασιλεια επι βασιλειαν· και eation against nation, and kingdom against kingdom; and εσονται λιμοι, \* [και λοιμοι, ] και σεισμοι κατα there shall be famines, [and plagues,] and carthquakes in [and plagues,] and carthquakes in 8 Παντα δε ταυτα αρχη ωδινων.
All but these a beginning of sorrows. places. • Τοτε παραδωσουσιν ύμας εις θλιψιν, και αποκ-Then they shall deliver up you to' affliction, and τενουσιν ύμας και εσεσθε μισουμενοι ύπο your and you shall be being hated by ων εθνων δια το ονομα μου 13H παντων των εθνων of the nations on account of the name of me. 10 Και τοτε σκανδάλισθησονται πολλοι. Kal And then shall be caused to stumble many; αλληλους παραδωσουσι, και μισησουσιν αλληesoch other shall deliver up, and shall hate each λότις, 11 Και πολλοι ψευδοπροφηται εγέρθη-oth τ. And many false-prophets shall be shall bo σονται, και πλανησουσι πυλλους. 12 και δια To πληθυνθην την ανομιαν, ψυγησεται ή the so be increed the law concean shall be cooled the αγαπη των πηλλων. " ΤΟ δε ύπομεινας εις love of the many. The but holding out to τελος, εύτος ιωθησεται 14 Και κηρυχθησεται end, the same ball be saved. And shall be published τουτο το ευαγγελιον της βασιλείας εν δλη τη this the gladidings of the kingdom in whois the εικουμενή, εις μαρτυριον πασι τοις εθνεσι' και habitable, for, a testimony to ell the nations: and 15 Orav our idnte to
When therefore you may see the then shall come the end. βδελυγμα της ερημωσεως, το βηθεν holy Ground, That De-abomination of the desolation, the word having been spoken STRUCTIVE ‡ ABOMINA-

the DISCIPLES came to him privately, saying, "Tell us, when these things will be?" and "What will be the SIGN of THY presence, and of the CONSUMMATION of the AGE ?"

4 And JESUS replying to them, said, I"Beware. that no one deceive you;

5 for many will assume my NAME, saying, 'E am' the MESSIAH; and will deceive many.

6 And you will soon hear of Conflicts, and Reports of Battles; but take care that you be not alarmed; for these things must occur; but the END is not yet.
7 For Nation will rise

against Nation, and Kingdom against Kingdom; and there will be in various places, Famines and Earthquakes.

8 Yet these are only a Beginning of Surrows.

9 Then they will deliver you up to affliction, and will destroy you; and you will be detested by All the NATIONS, on account of my NAME.

10 And then I Many

will be insnared, and will betray their associates, and abhor them.

11 And I Many False Prophets will arise, and will deceive Many:

12 and because VICE will abound, the LOVE of the MANY will cool. .

13 I But HE who PA-TIENTLY ENDURES to the End, will be saved.

14 And These tolad Tidings of the kingdom we be published in the Whole MABITABLE, for a testimony to all the NA-TIONS; and then will the END come.

15 When, therefore, you shall sec, stationed on

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. all-omit. 7. and plagues-omit. 1 4. Eph. v. 6; I John iv. 1. 2. 9. Mark xiii. 9; Luke xxi. 19; John xv. 20. 10. Tim. 1. 15. 11. Acts xx. 29; 3 Pet. ii. 1. 13. Matt. x. 22. 14. Matt. iv. 33; Rom. x. 18; ix. 35; Col. L. 6 23. 3. 18. Dan. ix. 27; xiii. 11.

Δανιηλ του προφητου, έστως εν τοπφ h Daniel the prophet, having stood in place δια through 16 τοτε οἱ εν άγιω (δ αναγινωσκων νοειτω) then they in iet him think :) holy: (he reading 17 6 ορη° τη Ιουδαια, φευγετωσαν επι τα to the mountains: he let them flee επι του δωματος, μη καταβαινετω, αραι τα εκ upon the roof, not let him go down, to take the out of της οικιας αύτου. 18 και δ έν τω αγρω, μη and he in the field, not of him; επιστρεψατω οπισω, τι τα ίματια αύτου. back, to take the mantle of him. let him turn 19 Ουλι δε ταις εν γαστρι εχουσαις και ταις Woe and to the in womb having and to the 20 Προσθηλαίουσαις εν εκειναις ταις ήμεραις. Pray the days. giving wock in those  $\epsilon$ υχεσθε δε, ίνα μη γενηται ή φυγη and, that not may be the flight ύμων ofyou χειμωνος, μηδε σαββατω. 21 Εσται γαρ τοτε Shall be of wilter, nor in sabbath. then θλιψις μεγαλη, οία ου γεγονεν απ' αρχης such as not has been from a beginning affliction great, 22 Ka1 κοσμου έως του νυν, ουδ' ου μη γενηται. of world till the now, nor not not may be. And ει μη εκολοβωθησαν αί ήμεραι εκειναι, ουκ αν not should those, except were shortened the days εσωθη πασα σαρξο δια δε τους εκλεκτους all flesh; on account of but the chosen 23 Τοτε εαν κολοβωθησονται αί ήμεραι εκειναι. the days those. shall be shortened τις ύμιν ειπη 'Ίδου, ώδε ό χριστος, η ώδε μη any to you should bay; Lo, here the anomted, or here; not πιστευσητε. <sup>24</sup>Εγερθησονται γαρ ψευδοχριστοι for false anointed ones believe you. Shall be raised και ψευδοπροφηται, και δωσουσι σημεια μεγαλα and shall give signs great false prophets, και τερατα, ώστε πλανησαι, ει δυνατον και and wonders, so as to deceive, if possible even τους εκλεκτους. <sup>25</sup> Ιδου, προειρηκα ύμιν.  $^{26}$ E $\alpha\nu$ Lo, I have foretold to you. ουν ειπωσιν ύμιν. Ιδου, εν τη ερημφ εστι μη then they should say to you; Lo, in the desert he is; **εξελθητε**° 27 Ωσπερ γαρ ή αστραπη εξερχεται απο ανατελων, και φαινεται έως δυσμων, ουτως west, shines and

TION, which is SPOKEN of through Daniel the PROPHET," (READER attend!)

16 † "then let THOSE in JUDEA escape to the

MOUNTAINS ;

17 let not HIM who is on the ROOF descend to take the things from his HOUSE:

18 and let not HIM who is in the FIELD, return to take his MANTLE.

19 ‡ But alas for the PREGNANT and the NURS-ING WOMEN in Those DAYS!

20 Pray, therefore, that your flight be not in the Winter, nor on a Sab-

bath;

21 for then there will be great Distress, such as never happened from the beginning of the world till NOW, no, nor ever will be.

22 ‡ And unless those DAYS were cut short, No One could survive; but on account of the thosen, those DAYS will be limited.

23 ‡ If any one should say to you then, 'Behold ! here is the Messian,' or 'there;' believe it not;

24 because False Messiahs and False Prophets will arise, who will propose great Signs and Prodigies; so as to delude, if possible, even the CHOSEN.

25 Remember, I have

forewarned you.

26 If, therefore, they say to you, 'Behold, he is in the DESERT!' go not forth; or, 'Behold, he is in SECRET APARTMENTS!' believe it not.

27 ‡ For as the LIGHT-NING emerges from the East, and shines to the

<sup>† 16.</sup> Not only the temple, and the mountum on which it stood, but the whole city of Ierusalem, and several furlongs of land round about it, were accounted holy.

† 16. Josephus and Eusebius inform us that when the Romans under Costius Gallus made their first advance towards Jerusalem, they suddenly withdrew again, in a most unexpected and indeed impolitic manner; at which Josephus testifies his surprise, since the city might then nave been easily taken. By this means they gave as it were a signal to the Christians to reture; which, in regard to this admonition, they did, some to Pella, and others to Mount Libanus, and thereby preserved their lives.—Doddridge.

εσται και ή παρουσια του υιου του αύθρωπου.

hall be also the persone of the see of the man. 25 Οπου τ [γαρ] εαν η το πτωμα, εκει συναχ-Where [for] ever may be the careass, there wil to θησονται οί αετοι. Ευθεως δε μετα την θλιψιν gathered the eagles. Immediately but after the affliction των ήμερων εκεινων, δ ήλιος σκοτισθησεται, of the days those, the sun shall be darkened, και ή σεληνη ου δωσεί το φεγγος αυτης, και and the moon not shill give the light of her, and εί αστερες πετουνται από του συρανου, και αί the stan shallfull from the heaven, and the buvauers two ovoavwy sakeubnsovtar. 30 Kar δυναμεις των ουρανων σαλευθησονται. powers of the heavens shall be shaken. the shall appear the sign of the son of the ανθρωπου εν τω ουρανω και τοτε καψονται.

man in the heaven: and then shall lamen. πασαι αί φυλαι της γης, και οψονται τον υίου ail the tribes of the earth, and they shall see the son του ανθρωπου ερχομενον επί των νεφελων του of the map coming upon the clouds of the ουρανου, μετα δυναμεως και δοξης πολλης. heaven, with power and glory much; 81 και αποστελει τους αγγελους αύτου μετα: and he will send the messengers of him σαλπιγγος φωνης μεγαλης. και επισυναξουσι.
oftrumpet a voice great; and they shall gather τους εκλεκτους αυτου εκ των τεσσαρων ανεμων, the chosen (ones) of him from the four winds, and akrow our arway is a krow autwo. The constant  $3^2$  Apr. 32 ATO from extremities of heavens to extremities of them. From δε της συκης μαθετε την παραβολην όταν but the fig-tree learn you the parable; when ηδη δ κλαδος αυτης γενηται άπαλος, και τα already the branch of her may be tender, and the Φυλλα εκφυη, γινωσκετε, ότι εγγυς το leaves may put forth, you know, that near the θερος. 33 Ούτω και ύμεις, όταν ιδητε παντα cummer; So also you, when you may see all ταυτα, γινωσκετε, ότι εγγυς εστιν επι θυραις.

34 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ου μη παρελθη ή Indeed I say to you, not not may pass away the generation αύτη, έως αν παντα ταυτα γενηται.
this, till all these may be done. ουρανος και ή γη παρελευσεται οί δε λογοι heaven and the earth shall pass away; the but 'wards

μου ου μη παρελθωσι. of me not not may pass away.

33 Περι δε της ήμερας εκέινης και ώρας ουδεις About and the day that and hour no one οιδεν, ουδε οί αγγελοι των ουρανων, ει μη δ knows, nor the messengers of the heavens, 37 'Ωσπερ δε αι ήμεραι του Νωε, πατηρ μονος. alone, anther As and the days of the Nor,

West: so will be the PRESENCE of the son of

28 Wherever the DEAD CARCASS may be, there the TEAGLES will be col-

lected.

29 And speedily after the Affliction of those DAYS, I the SUN will be obscured, and the MCON will withhold her LIGHT. and the STARS will fall from HEAVEN, and the POWERS of the HEAVENS will be shaken.

30 And the SIGN of the son of MAN will then appear in \* Heaven; fand then All the TRIBES of the LAND will lament: and they will see the son of MAN coming on the CLOUDS of HEAVEN, with great Majesty and Power.

31 # And he will send his .messengers with a loud-sounding Trumpet, and they will assemble his CHOSEN from the FOUR Winds,-from one Extremity of Heaven to the other.

32 Now learn a PARA-BLE from the FIG-TREE. When its BRANCH is yet tender, and puts forth leaves, you know that summer is near.

33 Thus also, when nou shall see All these things, know, That the is night at the Doors.

34 Indeed, I say to you, That this #GENERATION will not pass away, till All these things be accomplished.

35 The HEAVEN and the EARTH will fail: but my words cannot fail.

36 1 But no one knows concerning that DAY and "Hour; no, not the AN-GELS of the HEAVENS, nor the son, but the FATHER only.

37 \* For as the DAYS

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28 for-omit. 30. Heaven. 84. That this. -36 36. nor the son, but the father only. 37. For as. † 28. Dest. xxviii. 40. 1 20. Mark xiii. 24; Luke xxi. 25; Acts il. 20. 1 31. Matt. xiii. 41; 1 Cor. xv. 52; 1 Thess. iv. 16. 2 34. Matt. xxiii 36; Mark xiii. 50; Luke xxi. 22. 2 36. Acts il. 20. 1.20 1 33, James v. D

comes.

ούτως εσται \* [και] ή παρουσια του υίου του even so will be [also] the presence of the son of the 38 'Ωσπερ γαρ ησαν εν ταις ήμεραις ανθρωπου. for they were in the man. ταις προ του κατακλυσμου πρωγοντες και eating the before the flood and πινοντες, γαμουντες και εκγαμιζοντες, αχρι drinking, marrying and giving in marriage, till ής ήμερας εισηλθε Νωε εις την κιβωτον, of which day entered Noe into the ark. 39 και ουκ εγνωσαν, έως ηλθεν ό κατακλυσμος and not they knew, till came the και ηρεν άπαντας ούτως εσται \*[και] ή even so will be [also] the 40 Toτ€ δυο παρουσια του υίου του ανθρωπου. presence of the son of the man. Then εσονται εν τω αγρω δ είς παραλαμβανεται, shall be in the field: the one is taken away, και δ είς αφιεται. 41 Δυο αληθουσαι εν τω Two grinding in the and the one is left. μυλωνι μια παραλαμβανεται, και μια αφιεται. mill; one is taken away, and one is left. 42 Γρηγορειτε ουν, ότι ουκ οιδατε, ποια ώρα Watch you therefore, because not you know, in what hour watch you therefore, because not you took, in what how the know you, the Lord of you comes. This but know you,  $\delta \tau \iota \in \iota$   $\eta \delta \epsilon \iota$   $\delta$   $o\iota κοδεσποτης, ποια φυλακη <math>\delta$  that if had know the householder, in what watch the κλεπτης ερχεται, εγρηγορησεν αν, και ουκ thief comes, he would have watched, and no. comes, διορυγηναι την οικιαν αύτου. he would have allowed to be dug-through the house  $^{44}$  Δια τουτο και ὑμεις γινεσθε έτοιμοι ὁτι, Oa account of this also you be ready; because, η ὡρα ου δοκειτε, ὁ υίος του ανθρωπου in which hour not you think, the son of the ερχεται.

45 Τις αρα εστιν δ πιστος δουλος και φρανιμος, Who hen is the aithful slave and δυ κατεστησεν δ κυριος αυτου επι της θεραwhom placed he lord of him over of the domesπειας αύτου, του δουναι αυτοις την τροφην εν of him, of the to give to them the food in 46 Μακαριος δ δουλος εκεινος, όν ελθων καιρω; Blessed the slave that, whom coming δ κυριος αυτου ευρησει ποιουντα ούτως. 47 Αμην the lord of him shall find doing 80. λεγω ύμιν, ότι επι πασι τοις ύπαρχουσιν αυτου I say to you, that over all the possessions καταστησει αυτον. <sup>48</sup> Εαν δε ειπη δ κακοs be will place him. If but should say the b.a δουλος ε. ceivos εν τη καρδια αυτου Χρονίζει δ elave that in the heart of him; Delays the tup to s μου \*[ελθειν] 49και αρξηται τυπτειν τουs and should begin to strike the

of NOAH, thus will be the PRESENCE of the SON of

38 ‡ For as in those DAYS, THOSE before the DELUGE, they were eating and drinking, marrying, and pledging in marriage, till the Day that Noah entered the ARK,

39 and understood not, till the DELUGE came, and swept them all away; thus will be the PRESENCE of the SON of MAN.

40 ‡Two men shall then be in the FIELD; \* one will be taken, and the \* other left.

41 Two women shall be grinding at the MILL; one will be taken, and the other left.

42 ! Watch, therefore, Because, you do not know at what \*D y your MASTER will come.

43 But you know this, that if the HOUSEHOLDER knew at What Hour of the night the Thier would come, he would watch, and not suffer him to break into his House.

44 Therefore, be gou also prepared; Becauce the son of MAN will come at an Hour, when you do not expect him.

45 Who then is the FAITHFUL and prudent Servant, whom his MASTER has placed over his HOUSEHOLD, to GIVE them FOOD in due Season?

46 Happy that SER-VANT, whom his MASTER, on coming, shall find thus employed!

47 Indeed, I say to you, That he will appoint him over All his rossessions.

48 But if that Servant should WICKEDLY say in his HEART, 'My MASTER delays;'

49 and sh ald begin to

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-37, also-omit. 20, also-mit. 40, one. 40, other 48, to come-omit.

συνδουολος, εσθιή δε και πινή μετα των μεθυονfellow-slaves, may eat and also may drink with those getting των δοήξει έ κυριος του δουλου εκεινου εν drunk; shall come the lord of the alave η ου προσδοκα, και εν ώρα, OU a day, in which not he expects, and in an hour, in which not γινωσκει· 51 και διχοτομησει αυτον, και and shall cut asunder μερος αυτου μετα των υποκριτωυ θησει εκει of him with the hypocritos will place; there εσται δ κλαυθμος και δ βρυγμος των οδουτων. will be the weeping and the gnashing of the

## KED. RE'. 25.

1 Τοτε ξμοιωθησεται ή βασιλεια των ουρανων will be compared the kingdom of the δεκα παρθενοις, αίτινες, λαβουσαι τας λαμπαδας who, having taken the αύτων, εξηλθον εις απαντησιν του νυμφιου a meeting of the bridegroom wendout to <sup>2</sup> Πεντε δε ησαν εξ αυτων φρονιμοι, και πεντε Five and were of them prudent. μωραι. 3 Αίτινες μωραι, λαβουσαι τας λαμπαδας foolish. Who roolish, having taken the αύτων, ουκ ελαβον μεθ' ξαυτων ελαιον. The took with themselves oil. δε φρονιμοι ελαβον ελαιον εν τοις αγγειιις prudent took oil in the vessels 5 Xpovi-\*[αύτων] μετα των λαμπαδων αύτων. [ofthem] with the lamps ofthem. ζοντος δε του νυμφιου, ενυσταξαν πασαι, κα and the bridegroom, nodded all, ng 6 Μεσης δε νυκτος κραυγη γεγονεν εκαθευδον. Of middle and night a cry did sleep. was raisads Iδου, δ νυμφιος \* [ερχεται] εξερχεσθε εις απαν-Lo, the bridegmom [com. ;] go out to a meetτησιν αυτου. <sup>7</sup>Τοτε ηγερθησαν πασαι αί παρθενοι and \*meet him! ing of him. Then arose all the ringing 7 Then All th εκειναι, και εκοσμησαν τας λαμπαδας αύτων. Gins arose, ‡ and put and put in order the lamps

beat his FELLOW-SER-VANTS, and should eat and drink with the IN-TEMPERATE:

50 the MASTER of that SERVANT will come in a Day when he does not expect him, and at an Hour of which he is not aware,

51 and will cut him off, and will appoint his PORTION with the HYPO-CRITES; I there will be the WEEPING and the GNASHING Of TERTH.

#### CHAPTER XXV.

1 The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS, at that time, may be compared to Ten Virgins, who, having taken their LAMPS, went out tto meet tthe BRIDE-GROOM.

2 Now five of them were \* foolish, and five

were prudent.

3 \* For the FOOLISH took their LAMPS, but carried no Oil with them.

4 The PRUDENT, however, besides \* their own LAMPS, took Oil in the VESSELS.

5 While the BRIDE-GROOM delayed, they all became drowsy, and fell asleep.

6 And at Midnight a Cry was raised, 'Behold, the BRIDEGROOM; go out

7 Then All those VIRof them. their LAMPS in order.

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. foolish, and five were prudent. 6. to the Meeting. 4. their own. 6. comes-omit.

<sup>3.</sup> For the FOOLISH.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Virgin signifies a chaste or pure person, and is applied to both sexes in the sacred writings. See Rev. xiv. It has been thought best to retain the word here. eye-witness of a Hindoo marriage, gives the following striking illustration of this custom:—"The bride lived at Scrampore, to which place the bridegroom was to come by water.

After waiting two or three hours, at length, near midnight, it was announced in the very words of Scripture, 'Behold, the bridegroom cometh; go ye out to meet him.' All the persons employed now lighted their lamps, and ran with them in their hands to fill up their stations in the procession; some of them had lost their lights, and were unprepared, but it was then to late to seek them, and the cavalcade moved forward to the house of the bride; at which place the company entered a large and splendidly illuminated area, before the house, covered with an awning, where a great mu'titude of friends, dressed in their best apparel, were seated upon mais. The bridegroom was carried in the arms of a friend, and placed in a superb seat in the midst of the company, where he sat a short time, and then and others expostulated with the door-keepers, but in vain. Never was I so struck with our Lord's beautiful parable as at this moment—'And the door was shut.'"

<sup>‡ 51.</sup> Matt. viii. 12; xiii. 42; xxv. 30. 1 7. Luke xii. 35. 15. 1 Thess. v. 6.

<sup>1 1.</sup> Eph. v. 29, 30; Rev. xix. 7; xxi. 2, 9.

At  $\delta \in \mu \omega \rho \alpha i$   $\tau \alpha is \phi \rho o \nu i \mu c is <math>\epsilon i \pi o \nu^{\circ}$   $\Delta o \tau \epsilon \eta \mu i \nu$ The bid loolish to the prudent said; Give to us εκ του ελαιου  $\dot{\nu}_{i}$ ιων,  $\dot{\nu}_{i}$ ι αἱ λαμπαδες  $\dot{\eta}_{\mu}$ ων στι αἱ λαμπαδες  $\dot{\eta}_{\mu}$ ων στι αὶ  $\dot{\eta}_{\mu}$ ος, because the lamps of us σβεννυντας.

Answered [but] the prudent, prudent, λεγουσαι Μηποτε ουκ αρκεση ύμιν και ύμιν Lest not it might suffice to us and to you; πορευεσθε μαλλον προς τους πωλουντας, και rather to the selling, CO VOIL 10 Απερχομενων δε αυτων αγορασατε έαυταις. buy to yourselves. Going away and of them ισηλθον μετ' αυτου εις τους γαμους και εκentered with hm. into the nuptial-feasts; and was λεωθη ή θυρα.

13 1 στερον δε ερχονται και closed the door.

APL wards and came also αί λοιπαι παρθεν)ι λεγουσαιο Κυριε, κυριε, το remaining circlins, saying, Olord, Olord, ανοιξον ήμιν 12 Ο δε αποκριθεις είπεν Αμην ορεί το με αυτ answering said; Indeed λεγω ύμιν, ευκ οιδιύμας <sup>14</sup> Γρηγορειτε (υν, ... το to you n t w γ u. Watch you therefore, δτι ουκ οιδατε την ήμεραν, ουδε την ωρανς because not γου know the day, nor the hour. Ωστερ γαρ ανθρωπος αποδημων εκαλεσε τους for man going abroad called ho ιδιους δουλους, και παρεδωκεν αυτοις τα ύπαρslaves, and delivered to them the goods 15 και 'φ χοντα αύτου μεν εδωκε πεντε and to him indeed he gave aire of him. παλαντω, φ δ. δυο, 'ω δε έν έκαστω to him and tw . to him and one; to each balents, την ιδιαν δυναμιν° και απεδημησεν το the own power; and went abroad COT G ecording: the own power; and  $\epsilon = \theta \in \omega s$ . If  $\Pi \circ \rho \in \psi \theta \in \iota s$  \*  $\delta \in \mathcal{I} \circ \tau = \tau \circ \tau \circ t \circ t$  for the five au ταλαντα λαβων, ειργασατο εν αυτοις, και talents having received, traded with them, and εποιησεν αλλα au εντε au [ταλαντα.] au Ωσαν-made other five [talents.] Like τωs \*[και δ] τα δυο, εκερδησε και αυτος αλλα wise [also he] the two, gained also he otherδυο. 18 Ο δε το έν λαβων απελθων ωρυξη He but the one having received having retired digged two. \* $[\epsilon v]$   $\tau \eta$   $\gamma \eta$ , και απεκρυψε το αργυριον του the earth, and hid the  $^{19}\,\mathrm{Meta}$  δε χρονον πολυν ερχεται κυρι**ου α**ύτου。 After but time much ford of him. comes δ κυριος των δουλων εκεινων, και συναιρει those, and adjusts tho lord of the slaves 20 Και προσελθων δ τα μετ' αυτων λογον. And coming he the with an account.

8 And the FOOLISH said to the PRUDENT: 'Give us of your OIL; for our LAMPS are going out.

9 But the PRUDENT replied, saying, 'Lest there e not enough for us and you, go Cather to THOSE who sell, and buy for yourselves!'

10 And while they were going away to buy, the BRIDEGROOM came; and THEY, who were PRE-PARED, entered with him to the NUPTIAL-FEASTS; t and the DOOR was shut.

11 Afterwards came also the OTHER Virgins, saying, t Master, Master,

open it for us!?

12 But HE arswering, said, 'Indeed, I say to you, I recognize you not.' 13 ! Watch, therefore, because you know neither

the DAY nor the HOUR. 14 1 Again, [it is] like a Man, who, intending to travel, called his own Servants, and delivered to them his goods.

15 And to ONE he gave Five † Talents, to ANO-THER two, and to ANO-THER one; I to each according to his RESPEC-TIVE Capacity; and immediately departed.

16 Hc who had RE. CIEVED the FIVE Talents, went and traded with them, and \* gained Other

17 And in like manner HE who had received the Two, gained Other two. 18 But HE who had re-

ceived the ONE, went and digged the EARTH, and hid his master's money.

19 After a long Time the MASTER of those SERVANTS returned, and reckoned with them.

20 Then HE, who had

e. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—9. but—omit. e. 16. Talents—omit. 17. he 16. And—omit. mit. 18. in—omit. 16. gained Other 17. he also-omit.

<sup>† 15.</sup> A talent is estimated by different writers to be in value somewhere between 700 and 2.250 dollars, or £140 and £560.

<sup>1 10.</sup> Luke xiii. 25. Matt. vii. 21, 22. 

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 13. Matt. xxiv. 42, 44; Mark xiii. 

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 15. Rom. xii. 6. 1 Cor. xii. 7, 11, 29; Eph. iv. 11-08. 35.

λαβων, προσηνεγκέν αλλα WENTE TAXAPTA talenta having received, brought other σεντε ταλαντα, λεγων· Κυριε, πεντε ταλαντα five talents saying; Olord, five talents μοι παρεδωκας ιδε, αλλα πεντε ταλαντα to me thou deliveredst; see, tive talents. other 21 Εφη αυτφ δ κυριος εκερδησα \*[επ' αυτοις.] Said to him the lord [upon them.] I gained αυτου. Ευ, δουλε αγαθε και πιστε επι ολιγα of him; Well, O slave good and faithful; overa few (things) πιστος, επι πολλων σε καταστησω. thou wast faithful, over many thee I will place: την χαραν του ELTENDE ELS κυριου σου. lord ofthe of thee. into the joy 22 Προσελθων δε και δ τα δυο ταλαντα \*[λα-Coming and also he the two talents [having Thaving βων,] ειπε· κυριε, δυο ταλαντα μοι παρεδωκας· received,] said: Olord, two talents to me thou deliveredst; ιδε, αλλα δυο ταλαντα εκερδησα \* [επ' αυτοις.] lo, other two I gained [upon them:] talents 23 Εφη αυτώ δ κυριος αυτου Ευ, δουλε αγαθε of him: Well, O slave good Said to him the lord KAL TITTE' ETL ολιγα 775 πιστος, €π1 a few (things) thou wast and faithful; over faithful, πολλων σε καταστησω· εισελθε εις την χαραν many thee I will place; enter into the joy 24 Προσελθων δε και δ το έν του κυριου σου. of the lord of thee. Coming and also he the one ταλαντον ειληφως, ειπε κυριε, εγνων σε, ότι having taken, said; Olord, I knew thee, that σκληρος ει ανθρωπος, θεριζων όπου ουκ εσπειhard thou art a man, reaping where not thou sowpas, και συναγων δθεν ου διέσκορπισας. 25 και edst, and gathering whence not thou scatteredst; Φοβηθεις, απελθων εκρυψα το ταλαντον σου εν being afraid, going away I had the talent of thee in γηο ιδε, εχεις το σον. 26 Αποκριθεις δε lo, thou hast the thine. Answering and δ κυριος αυτου ειπεν αυτώ. Πονηρε δουλε και the lord of him said to him: O wiched slave and κκνηρε, ηδεις, ότι θεριζω όπου ουκ εσπειρα, slot'iful, didst thou know, that I reap where not I sowed, και συναγω δθεν ου διεσκορπισα;  $^{27}$ Εδει ουν και συναγω δθεν ου Ιεςattered? It behoved then

σε βαλειν το αργυριον μου τοις τραπεζιταις silver of me to the thec to cast the bankers: κα: ελθων εγω εκομισαμην αν το εμον and coming I might have received the mine συν TOK'U.

nterest. 29 Tw και δυτε τφ εχοντι τα δεκα ταλαντα. To the

ten

talents.

\* VATICAL MANUSCRIPT .- 20. upon them-omit. 22. upon them omit.

RECEIVED the FIVE Tal. ents, came and presented Five Talents more, saying, 'Sir, thou gavest over to me Five Talents; see, I have gained Five other Talents.

21 His MASTER said to him, 'Well done, good and faithful Servant! thou hast been faithful in a Few things, # I will appoint thee over Many: partake of thy MASTER's TOY.

22 HE also who had the Two Talents, coming, said, 'Sir, thou gavest over to me Two Talents; see, I have gained Two Other Talents.

23 His MASTER said to him, 'Well done, good and faithful Servant! thou hast been faithful in a Few things, I will appoint thee over Many; partake of thy MASTER'S JOY.'

24 Then HE who had RECEIVED the SINLGE Talent, approaching, said, 'Sir, I knew thee that thou art a Severe Man, reaping where thou hast not sown, and gathering where thou hast not scattered:

25 and being afraid, I went and hid thy TALENT in the EARTH; see, thou hast THINE own.

26 His master answering, said to him, 'Wicked and indolent Servant, didst thou know That I reap where I have not sown, and gather where I have not scattered?

27 Thou oughtest then to have given my MONEY to the BANKERS, that at my return, I might have received minc own with Interest.

28 Take from him, therefore, the TALENT, and give it to HIM who has the TEN Talents;

29 for to EVERY ONE

22. having received-omit.

I 29. Matt. xiii. 12; Mark

† 21. Matt. xxiv. 47; Luke xii. 44; xix. 17; xxii. 29, 30. iv. 25; Luke viii. 18; xix. 23.

give to him having the

γαρ εχοντι παντι δοθησεται, και περισσευhe shall having chall be given, and for ali θησεται απο δε του μη εχοντας, και δ εχει, from but the not having, even what he has, 30 Και τον αχρειον  $\alpha\pi^{2}$ αρθησεται αυτου. hall be taken away from him. And Sho useless δουλον εκβαλετε εις το σκήτος το εξωτερον° cast you into the darkne he outer: ρουγμος των εκει εσται δ κλαυθμος каг there shall be the weeping age: The maching of the οδοντων.

teeth. 31 Όταν δε ελθη δυίος του ανθρωπου εν τη in the When and may come the son of the δοξη αύτου, και παντες οί αγγελοι μετ' αυτου, of him, and all the messengers with him. τοτε καθισει επε θρονου δοξης αυτου, shall he sit on a throne of glory of him, συναχθησεται εμπροσθεν αυτου παντα τα εύνη. egathered in presence of him all the colous, αφοριει Cuτοus απ' αλληλων, ώσπερ δ will be gathered and he will separate them from each other, 8.6 ποιμην αφοριζει τα προβατα απο των εριφων. shepherd separates the sheep from the goats; 33 και σκησει τα μεν προβατα εκ δεξιων αύτου,

and he will place the indeed sheep by right of him,

τα δε εριφια εξ ευωνυμων.

34 Τοτε ερει δ

he and goats by left.

βασιλευς τοις εκ δεξιων αύτου Δευτε οίς
king to the by right of him; Come the

ευλογημενοι του πατρος μου, κληρονομησατε

την ήτοιμασμενην ύμιν βασιλειαν απο κατα-the having been prepared to you kingdom from coun-35 Επιενασα γαρ, και εδωκατε Βολης κοσμου. for, dation of world. I hungered and you gave εδιψησα, και μοι φαγειν. €#OTIGαT€ to me to eat; I thirsted, and you gave drink to 36 γυμνος, και συνηγαγετε με EEVOS ημην, I was, and you entertained me; astranger

και περιεβαλετε με ησθενησα, και επεσκεψασθε and you clothod me; I was sick, and you visited

με· εν φυλακη ημην, και ηλθετε προς με.

me: in Eprison I was, and you cano to me.

37 Τοτε αποκριθησονται αυτφ οί δικαιος, λεγονThen shall answer to him the just ones, saying:

7es° Κυριε, ποτε σε αεδομεν πεινωντα, και Οlord, when thee wesso hungering, and εθρεψαμεν; η διψωντα, και εποτισαμεν; <sup>38</sup>Ποτε nourished? or thirsting, and we gave drink? When

nourished? or thirsting, and we gave drink? When  $\delta \in \sigma \in \epsilon t \delta o \mu \in \nu$   $\xi \in \nu o \nu$ ,  $K c i t = \tau v \nu \eta \gamma \alpha \gamma \sigma \mu \in \nu$ ;  $\eta$  and thee we saw a stranger, and we entertained? or  $\gamma \nu \mu \nu \rho \nu \rho$ ,  $K \alpha i = \epsilon \rho i \epsilon \beta \alpha \lambda \sigma \mu \in \nu$ ;  $\frac{39}{10\tau} = \delta \epsilon \sigma \epsilon$   $\sigma \epsilon \sigma \epsilon$  naked, and we elothed? When and thee

ειδομεν απθενη, η εν φυλακη, και ηλθομεν προς we saw sick, or in prison, and we came to

who HAE, more shall be given, and he shall abound; but from HIM who HAE not, even that which he has shall be taken away.

30 And thrust the UN-PROFITABLE Servant into the OUTER DARKNESS; there shall be the WEEP-INC and the ENASHING

of TEETH.

31 ‡Now when the son of MAN shall come in his GLORY, and All the ANGELS with him, then will he sit upon his Glorious Throne:

32 ; and All the NA-TIONS will be assembled before him; and he will separate them from each other, as a shepherd reparates the shill from the goats;

33 and he will place the sheep at his Right hand, but the goats at his Left.

34 Then will the King say to Those at his Right hand, 'Come, you blessing ones of my father, inherit the Kingdom prepared for you from the Formation of the World;

35 for I was hungry, and you gave me food; I was thirsty, and you gave me drink; I was a Stranger, and you entertained me:

36 I was naked, and you clothed me; I was sick, and you assisted me; I was in Prison, and you visited me.'

37 The righteous will then reply, saying, 'Lord, when did we see thee hungry, and feed thee? or thirsty, and give thee drink?

38 And when did we see thee a Stranger, and entertain thee? or naked, and clothe thee?

39 And when did we see thee sick, or in Prison, and came to thee?"

<sup>† 31.</sup> Zech. xiv. 5; Matt. xvi. 27; xix. 28; Mark vii. 38; 1 Thess. iv. 16; 2 Thess. i. 7; Jude 14: Rev. i. 7. † 32. Rom. xiv. 10; 2 Cor, v. 10; Rev. xx. 12. † 34. Matt. xx. 28; Mark x. 40; 1 Cor. 11. 9; Keb. xi. 16.

40 Και αποκριθεις δ βασιλευς ερει αυτοις. And answering the king thee? will say to them ; Αμην λεγω ύμιν, εφ' όσον εποιησατε ένι Isay Indeed 40 VOU in whatever you did to one τουτων των αδελφων μου των ελαχιστων, εμοι of these of the brothers of me of the ETOINGATE.

age-lasting.

γου did. 41 Τοτε ερει και τοις εξευωνυμων· Πορευεσθε Then he will say also to the of left; απ' εμου ο κατηραμενοι εις το πυρ το αιωνιον, from me the having been cursed into the fire the age-lasting, το ητοιμασμενον τω διαβολω και τοις αγγελοις that having been prepared to the accuser and to the messengers 42 Επεινασα γαρ, και ουκ εδωκατε μοι or him. I hungere for, and not you gave to me φαγεινο εδιψησα. και ουκ εποτισατε με to eat; 'thirsted, and not you gave drmk to me; 13 ξενος ημην, και ου συνηγαγετε με γυμνος, και astranger I was, and not you entertained me; naked, and ου περιεβαλετε με ασθενης, και εν φυλακη, sick, and in prison, u.e. 44 Τοτε αποκριθησονyou clothed me; και ουκ επεσκεψασθε με. you visited and not me. Then will answer Kupie, ται και αυτοι, λεγοντες  $\pi o \tau \in \sigma \epsilon$ and saying; O lord, thev. when thee πεινωντα, η διψωντα, η ξενον, η hungering, or thirsting, or a stranger, or ELOOMEN wesaw yumvor, η ασθενη, η εν φυλακη, και ου διηοτ sick, οτ in prison,
οτ σοι: 45 Τοτε αποκριθησεται αυτοις,
them, naked. we KOVNOQUEV GOL: Αμην λεγω ύμιν, εφο όσον ουκ εποιη-REVWY. ladeed I say to you, in as much not eaving: σατε ενι τουτων των ελαχιστων, ουδε εμοι 46 Και απελευσονται ETTOING OUTE. ONTAL ELS And shall go away into these you did.  $\delta \epsilon$ Oi δικαιοι κολασιν αιωνιον. ELS ζωην a cutting-off age-lasting: the and just ones αιωνιον.

## КЕФ. кс. 26.

Ι Και εγενετο, ότε ετελεσεν ό Ιησους παντας And it happened, when had finished the Jesus τους λογους τουτους, είπε τοις μαθηταις αυτου° the words these, he said to the disciples of him: ? Οιδατε, ότι μετα δυο ήμερας το πασχα γινεται. You know, that after two 'days the passover comes on: και δ υίος του ανθρωπου παραδιδοται εις το and the son ofthe mean is delivered into the

40 And the KING answering, will say to them. t'Indeed, I say to you, That since you have done it to one of These the LEAST of my BRETHREN, you have done it to me.

41 He will then also say to THOSE at his Left hand, I' Depart from me. you cursed ones, into THAT AIONIAN FIRE, which is PREPARED for the ADVERSARY, and his MESSENGERS :

42 for I was hungry, but you gave me no food; I was thirsty, but you gave me no drink:

43 I was a Stranger, but you did not entertain me; naked, but you did not clothe me; sick, and in Prison, but you did not relieve me.

44 Then will THEY also answer, saying, 'Lord, when did we see thee hungering, or thirsting, or a Stranger, or naked, or sick, or in Prison, and did not assist thee?'

45 Then he will reply to them, saying, 'Indeed, I say to you, That since you did it not to one of the LEAST of These, you did it not to me.'

46 ‡ And these shall go forth to the aionian † cutting-off; but the RIGH-TEOUS to aionian Life."

#### CHAPTER XXVI.

1 # And it happened, when Jesus had finished this DISCOURSE, he said to his disciples.

2 "You know That Two Days hence comes the PASSOVER; then the SON of MAN will be delivered up to be CRUCIFIED."

† 40. Mark ix. 41. v. 20; Rom. ii. 7, 8. † 41. Matt. vii. 23; Luke xiii. 27. † 46. Dan. xii. 2; John † 1. Mark xiv. 1; Luke axii. 1; John xiii. 1

<sup>† 46.</sup> That is, in the fire mentioned in verse 41. The Common Version, and many modern ones, render kolasin aionioon, everlasting punishment, conveying the idea, as generally interpreted, of basinos. torment. Kolasin in its various forms only occurs in three other places in the New Testament,—Acts iv. 21; 2 Peter ii. 9; 1 John iv. 18. It is derived from kolasoo, which signifies, 1. To cut off; as lopping off branches of trees, to prune. 2. To restrain, to repress. The Greeks write,—"The charioteer (kalazzi) restrains his fiery steeds." 3. To chastise, to punish. To cut off an indivdual from life, or society, or even to restrain, is esteemed as punishment;—hence has arisen this third metaphorical use of the word. The primary signification has been adopted, because it agrees better with the second member of the sentence, thus preserving the force an. beauty of the antithesis. The righteous go to life the wicked to the cutting off from life, or death. See 2 Thess. i. 9. f 46. That is, in the fire mentioned in verse 41. The Common Version, and many modern

3 Τοτε συνηχθησαν οί αρχιερεις, στανοωθηναι. to be cracified. Then were assembled the high-priests, και οί γραμματεις, και οί πρεσβυτεροι του λαου, scribes, and the elders of the people, the court of the high-priest, that being called 4 και συνεβουλευσαντο, Katada Eva TOV and Kaiaphasa they consulted. that the Ιησουν 30 yes κρατησωσι και αποκτεινωσεν. Jesus with deceit they might seize and might kill.

<sup>5</sup> Ελεγαν δε Μη εν τη έρρτη, ίνα μη θορυβος They said but, Not in the feast, that not a tunnib γενηται εν τω λαω. there should be among the people.

6 Του δε Ιησου γενομενου εν βηθανια, εν οικια The and Jesus having arrived in Bethany, in a house Σιμανος του λεπρου, 7 προσηλθεν αύτα γυνη, ei Simon the lepez. came to him a woman αλαβαστρον μυρου εχουσα βαουτιμου, και having an alabaster box Of balsom great value, πατεχεεν επι την κεφαλην αυτου ανακειμενου. she poured upon the head of him Ιδοντες δε εί μαθηται αυτου, ηγανακτησαν. and the disciples of him, were displeased, λεγι 'es' Eis τι η απωλεια αύτη; saying; On account of what the loss this? 9× H & v-

She was νατο γαρ τουτο πραθηναι πολλου, και δοθηναι able for this to have sold of much, and to have given 10 Frous de 6 Indous ether autois. TTWYOUS. Knowing and the Jesus said to them; Τι κοπους παρεχετε τη γυναικ.; εργον γαρ Why troubles present you to the woman? a work 11 Παντοτε γαρ τους καλον ειργασατο sis eue. Always for the good she has wrought for me. \*\*TΌχους έχετο μεθ' έαυτων εμε δε ου παι τοτε poor you have with yourselves: 200 but not always Ε Βαλουσα γαρ αύτη το μυρο: τουτο exere. you have. Having cast for she the balsam επι του σωματος μου, προς το ενταφιασαι με body of me, to the to prepare for burial me <sup>12</sup> Αμην λεγω ύμιν, όπου εαν κη-Indeed I say to you, wherever may be  $\epsilon \pi o i n \sigma \epsilon \nu$ . she did. ρυχθη το ευαγγελιον τουτο, εν ολω τω κοσμω, published the gladtidings this, in whole the λαληθησεται και δ εποιησεν αύτη, εις μνημοshall be spoken also what did she,

14 Τοτε πορεηθεις είς των δωδεκα δ λεγομενος one of the twelv "e being named going 15. ειπε°

Ioυδας Ισκαριωτης, προς τους αρχιερεις, Judas Iscariot, to the high-priests, θελετε μοι δουσαι, καγω ύμιν παραδωσω What are you willing to me to give, and I to you will deliver up

Οί δε εστησαν αυτώ τριακονια αρ-They and paid to him him? thirty pieces

3 ! About this time, the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, and the ELDERS of the PEOPLE, were convened in the PALACE of THAT KIGH-PRIEST, NAMED Caiaphas.

4 where they consulted how they might seize JE-sus by Stratagem and

de troy him.

5 But they said, "Not during the FEAST, lest there should be a Turnult among the PEOPLE."

6 I Now while JESUS was at Bethany, in the House of Simon the

LEPER,
7 a Woman same to him, having an Alabaster box of Balsam, very valnable, which she poured on his MEAD while reclining at table.

8 # And \* the DISCI-FLES seeing it, were displeased, saying, "Why this EXTRAVAGANCE'

9 For This might have been sold at a great price. and given to the rook."

10 JESUS knowing it, said to them, "Wh; de you trouble the WOMAN ? She has rendered me kind Office.

Il For you have the POOR always among yo'.: but Me you have not

always.

12 For in pouring this BALSAM on my BODY, the did it to EMBALM me.

13 Indeed, I say to Wherever these GLAD FIDINGS may be proclaimed in the whole WORLD, what she has done will also be spoken of to her Remembrance "

14 Then THAT one of the TWELVE NAMED Judas Iscario, proceeding to the HIGH-PRIESTS,

15 said, "What are you willing to give me, and # will deliver him ap to you?" And THEY paid him Thirty Shekels.

ouver autys.

of her,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9, the DISCIPLES.

<sup>1 3.</sup> John xi. 47; Acts iv. 25. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 6. Mark xiv. 3; John xi. 1, \(\cap2\); \(\tilde{x}\)ii. 4. Mark xiv. 10; \(\text{Lufte xxii. 3}\); \(\delta\)ohn xiii. 2, 30. 1 8 . ohm

Chap. 26: 16.]

16 Και απο τοτε ε(ητει ευκαιριαν, ίνα vupia. of silver. And from then he did seek opportunity, αυτον παραδω.

him he might deliver up.

17Τη δε πρωτη των αζυμων προσηλθον The and first of the feasts of unleavened bread came οί μαθηται τω Ιησου, λεγοντες \*[αυτω·] Που [to him;] the disciples to the Jesus, saying θελεις ετοιμασωμέν σοι φαγείν το πασχα; wilt thou we make ready to thee to eat the passover? δε ειπεν 'Υπαγητε εις την πολιν προς τον into the the said; Go you city to 'Ο διδασκαλος λεγειο δεινα, και ειπατε αυτφ. to him; The certain one, and say teacher says; Ο καιρος μου εγγυς εστι.  $\pi oos \sigma \epsilon \pi oi\omega$  $\tau_0$ The season of me nigh is; thee I will make the to <sup>19</sup>Και εποιησαν πασχα μετα των μαθητων μου. passover with the dssciples of me. And did οί μαθηται ώς συνεταξεν αυτοις δ Ίησους και the disciples as commanded to them the Jesus; and ήτοιματαν το πασχα. they prepared the passover.

Of evening and being come he reclined with TWV the 21 Και εσθιοντων αυτων, ειπεν. δωδεκα. Aunv And of eating of them, he said; Indeed twelve. λεγω ύμιν, ότι είς εξ ύμων παραδωσει με. Isay to you, that one of you will deliver up me. 22 Ka1 And λυπουμενοι σμοδρα, ηρξαντο λεγειν αυτω being grieved exceedingly, εκαστος \* [αυτων·] tosay to him they began Μητι εγω ειμι, κυρι€; Not Olord? each one [of them;] am, '0 μετ' 23 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν. εμβαψας with answering said; He dipping  $\epsilon$ μου  $\epsilon \nu$  τω τρυβλιώ την χειρα, ούτος με παραme in the bowl the hand, this me will de-24 'Ο μεν vios του ανθρωπου ύπαγει, δωσει. The indeed son of the man liver up. ουαι δε καθως γεγραπται περι αυτου·
as it has been written about him; TW woe but to the ανθρωπφ εκεινω, δι' ού δυίος του ανθρωπου man that, through whom the son of the man παραδιδοται καλον ην αυτφ, ει ουκ εγεννηθη is delivered up; good it was to him, if not was born δ ανθρωπος εκεινος. 25 Αποκριθεις δε Ιουδας, Answering and the man that. Μητι εγω ειμι, ό παραδιδους αυτον, €LTTE° he delivering up him, said: am, δαββι; Λεγει αυτώ. Συ ειπας. He says to him: Thou hast said.

26 Εσθιοντων δε αυτων, λαβων δ Ιησους τον and of them, having taken the Jesus the

16 And from that time he sought a fit Occasic E to deliver him up.

17 1 Now on the FIRST day of the †UNLEAVENED BREAD, the DISCIPLES came to JESUS, saying, "Where dost thou wish that we prepare for thec the PASCHAL SUPPER?"

18 HE answered, "Go into the CITY to a CEE-TAIN person, and say to him, The TEACHER says, My TIME is near; I will celebrate the PASSOVER at thy house, with my DISCIPLES."

19 And the DISCIPLES did as Jesus had ordered them; and they prepared the PASSOVER

20 1 Now Evening being come, he reclined at table with the TWELVE; 21 and as they were

eating, he said, "Indeed, I tell you, That one of you will deliver me up." 22 And being extremely sorrowful, they began, each one, to ask him,

"Master, is it #?" 23 And HE answering, said. I"HE who has been

DIPPING his HAND with mine in the DISH, this one will deliver me up. 24 The son of MAN

indeed goes away [to death], ‡ as it has been written concerning him; but alas for that MAN through whom the son of MAN is delivered up! t Good were it for that MAN if he were not born."

25 Then THAT Judas who delivered him up, inquired, "Rabbi, is it He says to him, "Thou hast said."

26 ‡And as they were eating, JESUS taking \*a

<sup>22.</sup> of them-omit. 26. a Loaf · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. to him-omit.

<sup>† 17.</sup> The Passover feast began yearly on the fourteenth day of the first moon in the Jewish month Nisan, and it lasted only one day; but it was immediately followed by the days of unleavened bread, which were seven. See Josephus, Ant.iii. 10, 5. So that the whole lasted eight days, and a!! the eight days are sometimes called, "the feast of the passover," and sometimes "the feast (or days) of unleavened bread." See Luke xxii. 1, 7.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Exod. xii. 6, 18; Mark xiv. 12: Luke xxii. 7.

† 20. Mark xiv. 17—21; Luke xxii. 14; John xiii. 18.

† 24. Psa.

† 25. Hark xiv. 17—21; Luke xxii. 21; John xiii. 18.

† 24. Psa.

† 24. John xvii. 12; Luke xxiv. 25, 26, 46; Acts xvii. 3; xxvi. 22 23
400r. xv. 3.

† 24. John xvii. 12.

† 26. Mark xiv. 22, Luke xxii. 16 † 20. Mark xiv. 17-21; Luke John xiii. 18. † 24. Psa.

αρτον, και συλογησας, εκλασε, και εδιδου τοις loaf, and having blessed, broke, and did give to the Λαβετε, φαγετε τουτο μαθηταις. κω είνε 8:10 said: fake you, cat you: disciples, 27 Και λαβων το ποτηριον, εστι το σωμα μου. is the body of me. and having taken the cup, και ευχαριστησ. ., εδωκεν αυτοις, λε ν Πιετ he gave to there, saying; Drink you and having given thanks, <sup>28</sup> τουτο γαρ εστι το αιμα EE autou mantes. is out of it this or the blood μου, το της καινης διαθηκης, το περι πολλων of me, that of the new covenant, that about many  $^{29}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$   $\delta\epsilon$ εκχυνομενον εις αφεσιν άμαρτιων. being shed for forgiveness rgiveness of sins, I say but Τω απ' αρτι εκ τουτου του I say but δμιν, ότι ου μη to ou, that not not will drink from now of this verry maros The υμπελου, έως της ήμερας tili the vine, ekeings, drav auto  $\pi \iota \nu \omega$   $\mu e \theta^*$  d $\mu \iota \nu$  cainov  $e \nu$   $\tau \eta$  that, when it I drink with you new in the in the 30 Και δμιτησαντες, βασιλειά του πατρος μου. kingdom of the father of me. And having sung a hymn, εξηλθον εις το ορος των ελαιων. they departed to the mountain of the olive-trees.

31 Τοτε λεγει αυτοις ὁ Ιησους Ταντες υμεις
Then he says to them the Jesus; All you σκανδαλισθησεσθε εν εμοι εν τη υυκτι ταυτη. at me in the night will be stumbled " Παταξω του ποιμενα, και γεγραπτα: γαρο "I willsmite the shepherd, and it is written tor: διασκορπισθησετας τα προβατα της ποιμνης. the sheep of the fold." will be scattered

32 Met Z δε το εγερθηναι με, προαξω θμας ets
After but the to be raised me, I will go before you to 33 Αποκριθεις δε δ Πετρος την Γαλιλαιαν. Galilee. Aaswering and the ειπευ αυτφ. Ες παυτες σκαυδαλισθησουται ευ said to lim: If all shall be stumbled at  $^{34}$  E $\phi\eta$ σοι, εγω ουδεποτο σκανδαλισθησομαι. will be stumbled. Said. never αυτω δ Ιησους Αμην αεγω σοι, ότι εν ταυτη to him the Jesus: ndeed Loay to thee, that in this τη γυκτι, πρικ Δλεκτορα φωνησαι, τρις απαρνη-before cock to have crowed, thrice thou wilt με συν σοι απο λανείν, ου μη σε απαρνησομαί.
mc with thee to die, not not thee I will deny. 'Ομοιως και παντες οί μαθηται ειπον. 36 Τοτε In like manner also all the disciples said. Then

Loaf, and giving praise, he broke, and gave it to the DISCIPLES, and said. "Take, eat; this is my

27 Then taking \*a Cup, and giving thanks, he gave it to them, saying, "Drin't all of you out

of it.

28 for \* this is my BLOOD of the COVENANT, THAT which is POURED our ffor Many, for Forgiveness of Sins.

20 But I tell you, That I will not henceforth drink of This PRe-DUCT of the VINE, till that DAY when I drin. it now with you in my THER'S KINGDOM.

30 and having ung, they departed to the

MOUNT of OLIVES.
31 Then JESUS Baye to them, " Age will All this light; or it is written, o'l will smite the HEPHERD, and the SHELL OF THE FLOCK WILL 'be ispersea.'

32 But after am RAISED, A will precede you to GALILEE."

33 And Peter answering. said to him, "If all should stumble with respect to thee, I never will be made to stumble."

34 Jesus said to him, "Indeed, I sa, to thee, That This NIGHT, before the Cock crow, thou wilt thrice disown me "

35 PETER says to him, "Though doomed to dic with thee, I will not disown Thee." And All th, DISCIPLES said the came.

<sup>\*</sup> VITICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. a Cup.

<sup>28.</sup> this is my blood of the covenant, val. r

which is fouring out.

† 3% That is, "before a watch trumpet will cound," etc. It is well known that no cocks were allowed to remain in Jerusalem during the passover feast. The Romans, who had no crong guard in the castle of Antonia, which overlooked the temple, divided the night into four vatches, beginning as six, nine, twelve, and three. Mark xiii 35, alludes to this division of time. The two last watches were both called cock-crowings. The Romans relieved guard at each watch by sound of trumpet is the trumpet of the third watch was called the first, and that of the fourth the second cock. And when it was said the cock crow, the meaning is, that the trumpet of the third watch sounded; which always happened at midnight.

x. 16. † 27. Mark xiv. 23. † 28. Exod mxiv. 8; Lev. xvii. 17; Maté. ix. 22. † 26. Mark xiv. 25; Luko xii. 16. § 31. Hatt, xi. 6; Hart: xvi. 32. 1 34. Zeeh, xii. 7. 132. Maté. mxviii. 7, 10; Mark: 22, 4. Mark xiv. 39; Luke xxii. 36; John mii. 38. † 20. 1 Cor. x. 16. x: 30; Heb. ix. 22. iv. 27; John xvi. 32.

ερχεται μετ' αυτων δ Ιησους εις χωριον λεγο-comes with them the Jesus into a place being ueνον Γεθσημανη, και λεγει τοις μαθηταις·
salled Gethsemane, and he says to the disciples: Καθισατε αυτου, έως ού απελθων προσευξωμαι here, while going away I shall pray 37 Και παραλαβων τον Πετρον και τους
And having taken the Peter and the EKEL. there. δυο νίους Ζεβεδαιου, ηρξατο λυπεισθαι και αδηtwo sons of Zebedee, he began to be sorrowful and to be 38 Τοτε λεγει αυτοις. Περιλυπος LOVELY. in anguish. Then he says to them; Extremely sorrowful εστιν ή ψυχη μου έως θανατου μεινατε ώδε is the soul of me to death; remain you here μετ εμου.  $^{39}$  Και προελθων with mc. And going forward και γρηγορειτε and watch you ιμκρον, επεσεν επι τροσωπον αύτου, προσευface he fell on of him, χομένος, και λέγων Πατέρ μου, ει δυνάτον ing, and saying; Ofather of me, if possible εστι, παρελθετω απ' εμου το ποτηριον τουτο: it is, let pass from me the cup this:  $\pi\lambda\eta\nu$  oux &s  $\epsilon\gamma\omega$   $\theta\epsilon\lambda\omega$ ,  $\alpha\lambda\lambda$  &s  $\sigma\nu$ .
but not as I will, but as thou. 40 Kai ερχεται προς τους μαθητας, και ευρισκει αυτους he comes to the disciples, and finds καθευδοντας, και λεγει το Πετρω. Ούτως ουκ and he says to the Peter, So not ισχυσατε μιαν ώραν γρηγορησαι μετ' could you one hour to watch with εμου; δι Γρηγορειτε και προσευχεσθε, ίνα μη εισελand Watch you pray you, that not you may θητε εις πειρασμον το μεν πνευμα προθυμον, enter into temptation; the indeed spirit ready, ή δε σαρξ ασθενης.

the but flesh weak. 42 Παλιν, εκ δευτερου απελθων, προσηυξατο, a second time going away, \* [ $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$ ]  $\Pi \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \mu \omega \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \iota \ ov \ \delta \upsilon \nu \alpha \tau \alpha \iota \ \tau \upsilon \upsilon \tau o$  [saying;] Of there of me, if not it is possible this \* [ $\tau \sigma \pi \sigma \tau \eta \rho \iota \upsilon \nu$ ]  $\pi \alpha \rho \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \iota \nu$  \* [ $\pi \sigma \tau \tau \rho \iota \upsilon \nu$ ]  $\tau \sigma \rho \sigma \sigma \tau \rho \iota \upsilon \nu$ ] to pass [from me,] except 43  $\iota \tau \sigma \sigma \tau \nu$ αυτο πιω, γενηθητω το  $\theta$ ελημα σου. it I drink, be done the will of thee 43 Kai of thee. ελθων ευρισκει αυτους παλιν καθευδοντας. he finds them again ' sleeping; coming (ησαν γαρ αυτων οἱ δφθαλμοι βεβαρημενοι·)
(were for of them the cyes weighed down;) Α΄ και αφεις αυτους, απελθων παλιν, προσηυξατο and leaving them, going away again, he prayed εκ τριτου, τον αυτον λογον ειπων. a third time, the same word speaking; ερχεται προς τους μαθητας αύτου, και λεγει to the of him, and disciples Καθευδετε το λοιπον και αναπαυεσθε; QUTGIS. Sleep you the remainder and . rest you? ιδου, ηγγικεν ή ώρα, και ό υίος του ανθρωπου lo, has come nigh the hour, and the son of the man

36 ‡Then comes Jesus with them into a Place called Gethsemane, and says to his disciples, "Remain here, while I go there and pray."

37 And taking with him PETER, and the TWO Sons of Zebedee, he began to be filled with sorrow and anguish.

38 Then he says to them, 1"My SOUL is surrounded with a deadly anguish; stay here, and watch with me."

39 And going forward a little, he fell on his Face, ‡ supplicating and saying, "O my Father, if it be possible, ‡ let this CUP be removed from me! yet not as £ will, but as thou wilt."

40 And he returns to the disciples, and finds them sleeping, and says to Peter, "It is so, then, that you could not keep awake with me a Single Hour?

41 ‡ Watch and pray, that you enter not into Trial; the SPIRIT indeed is willing, but the FLESH is weak."

42 A second time retirns, he supplicated, "O my Father, if it cannot be that This be removed; if I must drink it,—thy will be done."

43 And returning, he finds them still sleeping; (for Their EXES were overpowered.)

44 Again, leaving them, he went and prayed a third time, using \*again the SAME Words.

45 He then comes to \*the DISCIPLES, and says to them, "Do you Sleep NOW, and take your rest? \* for behold, the HOUR is arrived, and the son of

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Tanuscrift.—42. saying—omit. 42. cup—omit. 42. from me—omit. 44. again the same Words. 45. the disciples. 45. for behold.

<sup>† 30.</sup> Mark xiv. 32-35; Luke xxii. 39; John xviii. 1. † 37. Matt. iv. 21. † 38. John xii. 27 † 39. Mark xiv. 36; Luke xxii. 42; Heb. v. 7. † 39. John x. 2; vi. 38; Phil t 41. Mark xiii. 33; ziv. 38; Luke xxii. 40, 46; Eph. vi. 18.

παραδίδοται εις χειρας ἆμαονωλωυ. <sup>48</sup> Εγειρεσθε, is delivered up into hands of sinners. Arise, αγωμεν ίδου, ηγγικεν δ παραδίδους με. lct us go; lo, has come nighthe delivering up me.

<sup>47</sup> Και ετι αυτου λαλουντος, ιδου, Ιουδας, είς And while of him speaking, Judas, των δωδεκα, ηλθε, και μετ' αυτου οχλος πολυς of the twelve, came, and with him acrowd great μετα μαχαιρων και ξυλων, απο των ερχιερεων with swords and clubs, from the high-priests 48 °Ο δε παραδιδους και ωροσβυτερων του λαου. He and delivering up elders of the people. 'Ον αν αυτοι, εθωκεν αυτοις σημειον, λεγων° gave to them a sign, saying; Who ever 49 Kai φιλησω, αυτος εστι κρατησατε αυτον. I may kiss, he it is: seize hım. And συθεως προσελθωυ ες Ιησου, ειπε Χαιρε δαββι. immediately approaching so the Jesus, he said; hail rabbi; και κατεφιλησεν ωυτον. 50 °O δε Ιησους ειπευ him. The but Jesus kissed αυτω Έταιρε, εφ' δ παρει; Τοτε προσελto him; Companion, for what art thou present? Then coming θοντες επεβαλον τας χειρας επι τον Iησουν, they laid the hands on the Jesus, 51 Και ιδου, cis των και εκρατησαν αυτον. And lo, one of the they seized him. μετα Ίησου, εκτεινας την χειρα, απεσπασε την with Jesus, stretching the han drewout the μαχαιραν αύτου και παταξας τον δουλον του sword of him: and striking the slave of the 52 Toτ~ αρχειρεως, αφειλεν αυτου το ωτιον. cut off of him the ear. Then high-priest, λεγει αυτφ ό Ιησους. Αποσπρεψον σου την says to him the Jesus: Betuin thee the μαχαιραν εις τον τοπον συτης σαντες γαρ οί sword into the place o. her, al. for the λαβουτες μαχαιραν, εν μαχαιρε απολουνται. 53 H δοκεις, ότι ου δυναμαι \* [apri] παρακα-Or thinkest thou, that not I amable 1 20w] to en-Or thinkest thou, that not I am able [wow] λεσαι τον πατερα μου, και πωραστησει μοι reat the father of me, and will furnish to me to me τλειους η δωδεκα λεγεωνας αγγελων; more than twelve legions of messengers? ουν πληρωθωσιν αί γραφαι, ότι ούτω δει then rould be fulfilled the writings, with thus it must γενεσθαι. be do \_\_

55 E, εκεινη τη ώρα ειπεν δ Inσovs τοις In that the hour said the Jesus to the οχλοις. 'Ως επι ληστην εξηλθετε μετα μαχαιρων crowds. As upon a robber came you out with swords και ξυλων, συλλαβειν με· καθ' ήμεραν \*[προς totake me: cver day with and chiles ύμι 25] εκαθεζομην διδασκων εν τω ίερω, και ουκ teaching in the temple, and not you] I did sit ο Τουτο δο όλου γεγονεν, ινα εκρατησατε με , on seized me. has been done, that This but all

MAN is delivered into the Hands of Sinners.

46 Arise, let us go: behold: HE, who BETRAYS

me, has come."

47 Now thile Jesus was speaking, behold, Judas, one of the TWELVE came, accompanied with a great Crowd, armed with Swords and Clubs. from the HIGH-PRIESTS and Elders of the PEOPLE.

48 And HE, who DE-LIVERED him up, had given them a Sign, saying, "He it is, whom I may kiss; hold him fast."

40 And immediately approaching Jesus, he said "Hail, Rabbi!" and repeatedly kissed him.

50 But Jesus said to him, "Companion, for what purpose art thon present?" Then coming, they laid HANDS on Jesus, and secured him.

51 And behold, tone of THOSE who were \*with him, laying his HAND on his SWORD, drew it, and striking the SERVANT of the HIGH-PRIEST, cut off His MAR.

53 Then Jesus says to him, "Return Thy sword to its Place: I for All who have recourse to the Sword, shall perish by the Sword.

53 Or, dost thou think That I cannot entreat my FATHUR, and he will send to my relief more than Twelve Legions of Angels?

54 But, in that case, how could the SCRIP-TURES be verified, ‡ That thus it must be?"

55 Jesus at the same Time said to the cre "dd, "As in pursuit of a kobber, have you come with Swords and Clubs to take me? I sat teaching in the temple every day, and you did not arrest me.

56 All this, however,

has been done, that the

<sup>\*</sup> VARICAN MANUSCRIPR. 51. with him 53. now-om. ...

<sup>† 47.</sup> Mark 200, 48; Luke 2xii, 47. John 2viii, 2; Lets 1, 16. † 51. John xviii 10. 52. Gen. 12. 64 Rev. xiii, 10. † 54. Isa. 131. 5; L. ko zxiv, 25. 44, 46.

TOTE πληρωθωσιν al γραφαι των προφητων.

single the familled the writings of the prophets. Then οί μαθηται παντες, αφεντες αυτον. zouyos . leaving disciples all. thew fled. 57 Οί δε κροτησαντές του Ιησουν, αντηγαγου They and Jesus, seeing the they led προς Καιαφαν τον αρχιερεα, δπου οί γραμματεις Cataphae the high-priest, where the scribes 58 '○ δ€ και οί πρεσβυτεροι συνηχθησαν. The but were assembled. the elders Πετρος ηκολουθει αυτφ απο μακροθεν, έως της a distance, followed him at to the αυλης του αρχιερεως και εισελθων εσω, εκαθητο palace of the high-priest; and having gone in, μετα των ύπηρετων, ιδειν το τελος. with the attendants. to see the end.

59 Oi δε αρχιερεις \* [και οί πρεσβυτεροί] και
The and high-priests [and the elders] and το συνεδριον όλον εζητουν ψευδομαρτυριαν κατα the high-council whole sought false testimony against 60 Kai θανατωσωσι. του Ιησου, όπως αυτου the Jesus, so that him they might deliver to death. And ουχ εύρον, πυλλων not they found, many ψευδομαρτυρων ποοσελfalse-witnesses having Υστερον δε προσελθοντες δυο \*[ψευθοντων. Afterwards but coming two [falseδομαρτυρες,] 61 ειπου° Ούτος εφη. Δυναμαι witnesses,] This affirmed; I am able said; καταλυσαι του ναον του θεου, και δια τριων to destroy and in 62 Kas αναστας δ ημερων οικοδομησαι αυτον. to build it. And rising up the Ουξεν αποκρινη; **Σρχιέρευς είπεν αυτω**. Nothing answerest thou? what said to him; high-priest 63 O de Inσous ούτοι σου καταμαρτυρουσιν, The but these o, thee testify against? Jesus Και \* [αποκριθεις] δ αρχιερευς ειπεν And [answering] the high-pricet said COIWTU. Cas stent. ωυτω Εξορκιζω σε κατα του θεου του ζωντος, Ladjure thee by the God of the ίνα ήμιν ειπης, ει συ ει δ Χριστος δυίος του to to be thouseld, if thou art the Anointed, the son of the  $\theta \in OU$ .

God. Gays to him the Jesus; Thou hast said. Πλην λεγω ύμιν απ' αρτι οψεσθε την υίον του Besides I say to you, from now you shall see the son of the ανέρωπου καθημει ν .κ εξιων της δυναμεως, sitting rig! of the MARIE. at power, και ερχομενου επι των νεφ:λων του ουρανου.

και ερχομενου επι των νεφ: λων του ουρανου.

and coming poon the clouds of the heaven.

65 Τοτε δ αρχιερευς διερδηξε α ίματια αύτου,

Then the high-puest rue the leves of him,

WRITINGS of the PROPHETS might be verified."
Then all "his DISCIPLES deserting him, fled.

57 And those who Apprehended Jesus, for ducted him to Caiaphas the RIGH-PRIEST, where the SCRIBLS and ELDERS were assembled.

58 But Peter followed him at a distance, to the PALACE of the HIGH-PRIEST; and having entered, sat with the ATTENDANTS to see the RESULT.

59 Now the HIGH-PRIESTS and the whole SANHEDRIM sought Falsetestimony against Jesus, so that they might deliver him to death.

60 and they did not find it, though # Many False-witnesses came. But at last, Two approaching.

last, Two approaching, 61 said, "This man declared, 1.1 can destroy the TEMPLE of GOD, and in Three Days rebuild it."

62 And the HIGH-PRIEST answering, said to him, "Answerest thou arching to what these testify against thee?"

63 † But Jesus was silent. ... the highpriest said to him, † "I adjure thee by the Livino God, that thou inform us, whether thou art the Messiah, the son of God."

64 Jesus says to him. "Thou hast said; moreover I declare to you, ‡ Hereafter you shall see the son of MAN sitting on the Right hand of Power, and coming on the Clouds of HEAVEN."

65 Then the HIGH-PRIEST rent his CLOTHES,

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—56, his disciples deserting.
so Lachmann and Tischendorf. 60. false-witnesses—omit.

<sup>60.</sup> and the elders-omit:

<sup>† 63.</sup> A solemn adjuration, which a Jew was bound to answer. Lev. v. 1. After such an adjuration by magistrate or superior, the answer returned was an answer u on path; a diseasswer was perjury and even the silence of the person adjured was not deemed innocent. Hence it was that the high-priest had recourse to this measure upon our Lord's disdaining to answer the unfounded accusations which were brought against him, from the conviction that his judges were predetermined, and that every thing he could say would be of no avail.

<sup>1 67.</sup> Mark xiv. 53; Luke xxii. 54; John xviv. 12 73, 24 1 60. Mark xiv 56—7.

1 of Matt. xxvii. 40; John ii 19—22. 1 63. Isa. 1ii. 7. Matt. xxvii. 12, 14. 1 64. Dau

2 ii. 1°; Matt. xvi. 27; xxiv. 30; xxv. 2 : Luke xxi. 21. John i. 51; 1 Thesp. iv 16: Lev

yeran. '071 **εβ**λασφημησε• TI ETI XPEIQU saying That he blaspnenies; what further need €XOµ€¥ μαρτυρων; שטע שלב, ηκουσατε Thy have we of witnesses? see. BOW you heard the 66 Τι ύμιν δοκει; οί δε Βλασφημιαν αυτου. What to you thinks? they and blasphemy of him. αποκριθεντες ELTTOVº Eroxos вачаточ EGTI. answering said: Liable to death he is. 67 Τοτε ενεπτυσαν εις το προσωπον αυτου, και of him, they apat into the face and εκολαφισαν αυτον οί δε ερβαπισαν,

εκολαφισαν αυτον οί δε ερραπισαν, at with the fist him; they and struck with palms of their hands, 68 λεγοντες Προφητενσον ήμιν, χριστε, τις saying; Prophray to us, O amointed, who εστιν ὁ παισας σε.

is he striking thee?

69 °O δε Πετρος εξω εκαθητο εν τη αυλη. in the court-yard. Peter without The and sat Και προσηλθεν αυτώ μια παιδισκη, λεγουσα<sup>\*</sup> And came to him one maid-servant, saying; Και συ ησθα μετα Ιησου του Γαλιλαιου. with Jesus of the Also thou wast Galilee. δε ηρνησατο εμπροσθεν αυτων παντων, λεγων. in presence of them any in presence of them any εις την εις. Τη Εξελθοντα δε αυτον εις he into Ουκ οιδα, τι λεγεις. Not I know, what thou sayest. τον πυλωνα, ειδεν αυτον αλλη, και λεγει τοις saw him another, and says to those the portico, εκει Και ούτος ην μετα Ιησου του Ναζωραιου. Jesus of the Also this was with Nazareth. Και παλιν ηρυησατο μεθ' δρκου 'Ότι ουκ οιδα he denied with a oath; That not I know And again <sup>73</sup> Μετα μιπρον δε προσελθοντες τον ανθοωπον. After alistic and the man. approaching ECTWTES. ειπου τος Πετρώ Αληθης και said totus Peter: Certainly those having stood by, συ εξ αυτων ει και γαρ ή λαλια σου δηλον σε them art: even for the speech of thee manifest thee thou of 74 Τοτε ηρξατο καταθεματιζειν, TOLES-KOLL makest Then he began to curse, and Οτι ουκ οίδα τον ανθρωπον. OHVUEIN. Kai That not I know the man. to swear. And 75 Και εμνησθη δ €υθεως αλεκτωρ εφωνησε. instantly a cock crew. And remembered the Πετρος ρηματος του Ιησου, ειρηκοτος TOU Peter of the word Jesus, declaring \*[autw.] 'Οτι πριν αλεκτορα φωνησαι, τρις ito him: ] That before a cock erows, thrice Και εξελθων εξω, απαρνηση **εκλαυσε** going thou wilt deny And out he wept

saying, "He has speken blasphemy; what further Need have we of Witnesses? behold, now you have heard "the BLAS-PHEMY.

66 ‡ What is your cpin ion?" And they answer ing, said, "He deserves to

Die."

67 Then they spat in his FACE, and beat him with their fists; and so or struck him on the cheek with the open hand,

68 saying, † "Divine to ns, O Messiah, Who is HE

STRIKING thee?"

69 TNow PETER sat without in the COURT-YARD; and a Maid-servant came to him, saying, "Thou also wast with JE-sus the Galilean."

70 But HE denied it before them all, saying, "I know not what thou say-

est."

71 And passing out inte the portico, another saw him, and says to them, "This person was also there with Jesus the Na-ZARITE."

72 And again he denied with an Oath, "I know

not the MAN."

73 And after a while, THOSE who STOOD BY, approaching, said to PETER, "Certainly, thou also art one of them; for even thy DIALECT makes Thee known.

74 Then he began to surse and to swear, "1 know not the MAN" And instantly †2 Cock erew.

75 And Peter recodected the DECLARATION of Jasus, 1"That belo e a Cock crows, then wet three disown me." And going out, he wept bitter y.

πικρως. bitterly.

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 65. the BLASPHEMY.

<sup>75.</sup> to him-omit.

<sup>† 68.</sup> In this insulting taunt there seems to be an indirect sneer at the popular belief in our Lord's Messiahship; which is rendered still more apparent by the sarcastic use of the word prophetenein. This word is sometimes used generally in relation to things unknown, so as to correspond with the English guess. It should be remembered that Christ was now blindfolded, as appears from Mark xiv. 65; Luke xxii. 64—Knincel. † 74. See Nota on verse 34.

<sup>† 66.</sup> Mark xiv. 64. † 7. Isa. l. 6; liii. 3; Luke xxii. 63, 64 † 66; Mark xiv. 66; Luke xxii. 55; John xviii. 11-18, 25-27. † 75. See verse 34; Marz ziv. 36; Luke xxii. 61, 62; John xiii. 38.

## КЕФ. кС. 27.

Morning and having come, a council held **παντες** οί αρχειρεις και οί πρεσβυτεροι του high-priests and the λαου κατα του Ιησου, ώστε θανατωσαι αυτον.

so as to deliver to death kim. Leople against the Jesus, ε Και δησαντες αυτον, απηγαγον, και παρεδωκαν

kim. they led. and αυτον \* Ποντιω Τιλατω τω ήγεμονι. Pilate the governor. [to Pontius]

3 Τοτε ιδων Ιουδας, δ παραδιδους αυτον, ότι Then seeing Judas, that betraying κατεκριθη, μεταμεληθεις απεστρεψε τα τριαhe was condemned, repenting he returned

κοντα αργυρια τοις αρχιερευσι και τοις πρεσβυpieces of silver to the high-priests and to the elders. τεροις, <sup>4</sup> λεγων. 'Ημαρτον, αίμα παραδους

I sinned, having delivered up Οί δε ειπον Τι προς ήμας; Συ οψει. αθωον. What to They but said; us P Thou wilt see mnocent.

Και διψας τα αργυρια εν τφ ναφ, ανεχωρησε. And hurling the pieces of silver in the temple, he withdrews

6 Οι δε αρχιερεις, και απελθων απηγξατο. and having gone forth strangled himself. The and high-priests,

λαβοντες τα αργυρια, ειπον. Ουκ εξεστι βαλειν taking the pieces of silver, said; Not it is lawful to put αυτα εις τον κορβαναν, επει τιμη αιματος εστι.

since price them into the treasury, of blood Συμβουλιον δε λαβοντες, ηγορασαν εξ αυτων taking, they bought with

τον αγρον του κεραμεως, εις ταφην τοις ξηνοις. the field of the potter, to bury the strangers.

\* Διο εκληθη ὁ αγρος εκεινος, αγρος αίματος,
Therefore is called the field that, a field of blood, 9 Τοτε επληρωθη το δηθεν έως της σημερον. was fulfilled the word spoken Theu to the day.

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. Pontius-omit.

#### CHAPTER XXVII.

1 ± Now, at the Dawn of day, All the HIGH-PRIESTS and the ELDERS of the PEOPLE, held a Council against Jesus, in order to deliver him to death.

2 And binding him, they led and delivered him uz to Pilate, the GOVERNOR,

3 1 Then THAT Judas who DELIVERED him up, perceiving That he was condemned, repented; and returned the THIRTY Shekels to the HIGH-PRIESTS and the ELDERS.

4 saying, "I have sinned in betraving innocent Blood." But THEY said, "What is that to us? Thou wilt see to that."

5 And hurling the SHE-KELS in the TEMPLE. he withdrew, ‡ and having gone away, strangled him self.

6 And the HIGH-PRIESTS taking the MONEY, said, "It is not lawful to put it into the † CORBANAN, seeing it is the Price of Blood.

7 And taking Counsel they bought with it the † POTTER'S FIELD, as a burial-place for † STRAN-GERS.

8 Therefore that FIELD is called, # The field of Blood, even to THIS-DAY. 9 Then was verified the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MARUSCRIPT.—2. Pontius—omit.

† 6. The sacred treasury for the gifts which had been vowed to the temple. It was a named from Corban, a gift. See Mark vii. 11. It was a large chest with a hole in the lid, and it stood in the court of the altar, on the right side as you face the house of the Lord. See 2 kings xii. 9. This chest was out of the reach of those who brought their money to it. They delivered their money to the priest, who placed it in the chest. Hence Judas, when his money was refused, had to throw it on to the ground. The Corbanan, or chest in the court of the altar, must be distinguished from the gracyhudakion, the treasury, mentioned in Mark xii. 41, and John viii. 20. This was a name given to the court of the women, because therein were placed chests for voluntary gifts to the temple. They were there placed because the crowd was greatest in that court; and it was into these chests that a Jew could drop a gift so p-ivately that his left hand should not know what his right did.—S. Sharpe, † 7. It was just without the wall of Jerusalem, south of mount Zion, and was originally called the potter's field, because it furnished a sort of clay suitable for potter's ware. Accidama, as late as the seventeenth century, was used as a burying-place by the Armenian to point out the site. † 7. The article is significant in the original, though our language will not bear it. For it shows that strangers in general, people of a different country and religion, are not meants; butstranger Jews only; Jews who were not natives of Jerusalem, but might come them to worship at the temple, or on other business. Where we percification is intended, the article is omitted: Eph. f. 12; Heb. xi. 13.—Wakefeld.

δ.α Ίερεμιου του προφητου, λεγοντος 66 Και through Jeremiah the prophet, saving; "And ελαβον τα τριακοντα αργυρια, דיןע דוווחץ דסט pieces of silver, the price of the I took the thirty τετιμημενου, όν ετιμησαντο απο υίων Ισραηλ, having been valued, whom they valued from sons of Israel. 10 και εδωκαν αυτα εις τον αγρον του κεραμεως.

and gave them for the field of the potter; καθα συνεταξε μοι κυριος."

even as directed me alord."

11 Ο δε Ιησους εστη εμπροσθεν του ήγεμονος. The and Jesus stood in presence of the governor; bim the governor, saying;

δε Ιησους

Τορικο ται επηρωτησεν αυτον ὁ ἡγεμων, λεγων Συ asked δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων;  $\epsilon\iota$ king of the Jews? The and art the 12 Kaι εν τω κατηγο-And in the to be acεφη αυτώ. Συ λεγεις. said to him; Thou sayest. οεισθαι αυτον ύπο των αρχιερεων και  $\tau\omega\nu$ by the high-priests bim and the 13 Τοτε λεγει πρεσβυτερων, ουδεν απεκρινατο. nothing he answered. says αυτφ ό Πιλατος. Ουκ ακουεις, ποσα σου to him the Pilate; Not thou hearest, how many things of thee 14 Και ουκ απεκριθη αυτφ καταμαρτυρουσι: And not he answered they bear witness against? him προς ουδε έν βημα· ώστε θαυμαζειν τον ήγεto not even one word; to astonish the 80 88 μονα λιαν, ernor greatly.

15 Κατα δε ξορτην ειωθει δ ήγεμων απο-At and a feast was accustomed the governor ηθελον. λυειν ένα τω οχλω δεσμιον, δν one to the crowd prisoner, whom they wished. 16 Ειχον δε τοτε δεσμιον επισημον, λεγομενον They had and then a prisoner noted, being called 17 Συνηγμενων ουν αυτων, ειπεν Βαραββαν. Having being assembled then of them, hice αυτοις δ Πιλατος Τινα θελετε απολυσω ύμιν; to them the Pilates Which wish you I release

WORD SPOKEN through † Jeremiah the PROPHET, saying, ‡ "And I took "the THIRTY Shekels, (the "price at which they val-"ned the PRECIOUS ONE.) "from the Sons of Israel,

10 "and gave them "for the POTTER'S FIELD, "even as the Lord directed

" me."

11 And Jesus stood before the GOVERNOR; and HE asked him, saying, that thou the King of the Jews?" And Jesus replied, "Thou sayest."

12 But he made no reply to the accusations of the HIGH-PRIESTS and the

ELDERS.

13 Then PILATE says to him, "Dost thou not hear how many things they testify against thee?"

14 And he gave him no answer, not even one Word; so that the sovernor was greatly surprised.

15 ‡ And at each Feast the GOVERNOR was accustomed to release to the CROWD one Prisoner, whom they wished.

16 And they had then a well-known Prisoner, named † Barabbas.

ειπεν said sembled, Pilate said to them, "Which do you wish that I release to you?

<sup>† 9.</sup> This quotation from the prophet has greatly puzzled the critics. The passage is not found in Jeremiah; and only something very like it in Zechariah. Several solutions of the difficulty have been offered. 1. A corruption of the names arising from MS. abbreviations; e. g., some copyist mistaking Zow. Zechariah, for Iou, Jeremiah. 2. That Matthew simply wrote, through the prophet, omitting, as he often did, the name of the prophet. The ancient Syrian and Persian versions omit the name, and some Greek MSS., but a large majority of MSS. insert it. 3. Mede and Kidder suppose that Jeremiah in the first instance wrote the chapter from which these words are taken, as well as the two former, and that the Evangelist was influenced by this opinion. 4. Whitby says, "We know, from Jerome, that there was still extant in his time, an apocryphal book of the prophet Jeremiah, in which was found every letter of the words quoted by Matthew." Dr. Gaussen, remarks on this:—"We know also that the Second Book of Maccabees (ii. 1—9) relates many of the actions and words of Jeremiah, which are taken from another book than that of his canonical prophecies. Why, then, might not the words quoted by the evangelist have been pronounced really by Jeremiah, and have remained in the memory of the Church to the days of Zechariah, who might then have again given them a place theopneustically in holy Scripture, (as is the case with the unwritten words of Enoch, quoted in the Epistle of Jude, (verses 14 and 15,) or the unwritten words of Jesus Christ, quoted by St. Paul in the Book of Acts? (xx. 35.) What confirms this supposition is, that part only of the words quoted by St. Matthew are found in Zechariah. Besides, it is known that this prophet was ford of recalling the words of Jeremiah. (See Zech. i. 4, and Jer. xxiii. 11; Zech. iii. 8, and Jer. xxiii. 5.) † 18. Some very ancient authorities cited by Origen, read "Jesus, the son of Abbas;" which Michelic says is undoubtedly the original reading. The word "Jesus" was omitted in later copies,

<sup>† 9.</sup> Zech. xi. 12, 13. † 11. Mark xv. 2; Luke xxiii. 3; John xviii 83. Mark xv. 6 Luke xxiii. 17; John xviii. 39.

Βαραββαν, η Ιησου, τον λεγομενον Χριστου; Βεταδράν στ Jesus, the being called Christ? <sup>8</sup>Ηιδει γαρ, ότι δια φθυνον παρεδωκαν αυτον. Πε κιαν for, that through envy they had delivered up him. <sup>19</sup> Καθημενου δε αυτου επι του βηματος, απεσ-

Being seated and of him upon the tribunal. τειλε προς αυτον ή γυνη αυτου, λεγουσα. the wife of him, to him saying; Μηδεν σοι και τω δικαιω εκεινώ πολλα γαρ Nothing to thee and to the just one that; many things for 20 Of επαθον σημερον κατ' οναρ δι' αυτο.
I suffered this day in a dream because of him. αυτον. δε αρχιερεις και οί πρεσβυτεροι επεισαν τους but high-priests and the elders persuaded the οχλους, ίνα αιτησωνται τον Βαραββαν, τον δε

crowds, that they should ask the Barabbas, the and Inσουν απολεσωσιν.  $^{21}$ Αποκρίθεις δε δ ήγεμων Jeaus they might destroy. Answering and the governor ειπεν αυτοις Τινα θελετε απο των δυο απολυσω said to them; Which wish you of the two I shall release  $\tilde{\nu}\mu\nu$ ; Of δε ειπον Βαραββαν.  $^{22}$ Λεγει αυτο you? They and said; Barabbas. He says to

τοις δ Πιλατος Τι ουν ποιησω Ιησουν, τον them the Plate; What then shall I do Jesus, the λεγομενον Χριστον; Λεγουσιν \*[αυτω] παντες being called Christ? They say [to him] all; Σταυρωθητω.  $^{23}$  Ο δε ήγεμων εφη· Τι γαρ

Let him be crucified. The and governor said; What for κακον εποιησεν; Οι δε περισσως εκραζον, evil has he done? They but vehemently eried,

λεγοντες, Σταυρωθητω.
saying; Let him be crueified.

24 Ιδων δε δ Πιλατος ότι ωφελει, ουδεν nothing protits, Seeing and the Pilate that αλλα μαλλον θορυβος γινεται, λαβων ύδωρ, rather a tumult is made, taking water. απενιψατο τας χειρας απεναντι του οχλου, before crowd, he washed the hands the \* \ TOU λεγων Αθωος ειμι απο του αίματος Innocent I am from the blood ofthe saying: 25 Και αποκριδικαιου τουτου. ύμεις οψεσθε. shall see. of this: you And answerθεις πας δ λαος είπε· Το αίμα αυτου εφ' ήμας, 138. 26 Τοτε απελυσεν και επι τα τεκνα ήμων. and upon the caildren of us. Then he released πυτοις τον Βαραββαν, τον δε Ιησουν φραγελ-Barabbas, the and Jeaus basing to them the λωσας παρεδωκεν, ίνα σταυρωθη. scourged he delivered up, that he might be crucified.

Τοτε οί στρατιωται του ήγεμονος παραλα-Then the soldiers of the governor taking

Barabbas? or THAT Jesus who is named Christ?"

18 For he knew That they had delizered him up

through Envy.

19 And while he wat sitting on the TRIBUNAL, his WIFE sent to kin, saying, "Have nothing to do with that JUSA person; for I have suffered much this-day, in a Dream, because of him."

20 ‡ But the High-PRIESTS and the ELDERS persuaded the CROWDS to ask for BARABBAS, and to

destroy Jesus.

21 And the GOVERNOR anwering, said to them, "Which of the Two do you wish me to release to you?" And they said, \*"BARABBAS."

22 PILATE says to them, "What then shall I do to THAT Jesus, who is named Christ?" They all say, "Let him be crucified."

23 And \*HE said, (No;) "for what Evil has he done?" But THEY vehemently cried, saying, "Let him be crucified."

24 And Pilate, perceiving that he had no influence, but rather a Tumult was made, taking Water, he washed his hands before the CROWD, saying, "I am innocent of "this BLOOD; see rou to it."

BLOOD; see nou to it."

25 And All the PEOPLE answering, said, ?"His BLOOD rest on us, and on

our CHILDREN."

26 He then released to them BARABBAS; and having scourged Jesus, he delivered him up to be crucified.

αλα- 27 Then the SOLDIERS of the GOVERNOR having

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—21. BARABBAS. 24. JUST—omit. 24. this blood; see.

<sup>22.</sup> to him-omiz.

<sup>23.</sup> нв said.

<sup>† 19.</sup> It is to be observed, that by this day is meant this night. This may seem a strange interpretation, till it is considered, that the day, according to the reckoning in Judea, began on the evening before Pilate's wife sent this message to her husband; and that therefore the night in which she had her dream, was a constituent part of what she meant by this dow. This is agreeable to what we read in Gen. i. 5; "the evening and the morning were the first day."—Bishop Pearce.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Mark xv. 11; Luke xxiii. 18; John xvin. 40; Acts iii. !4. † 25. Deut. xix. 10; Acts v. 29

seated they watched

him

there.

Βοντες τον Ιησουν εις το προι- ωριον, συνηγαinto the judgment hall, they gathered Jesus 28 Και εκδυεπ' αυτον άλην την σπειραν. whole the company. And having σαντες αυτον, περιεθηκαν αυτφ χλαμυδα κοκκιto him a soldier's cloak stripped him, they put on 29 Και πλεξαντες στεφανον εξ ακανθων, שחע. let. And braiding & crown of thorns. επεθηκαν επι την κεφαλην αυτου, και καλαμον upon the head of him, and a reed placed επι την δεξιαν αυτου. γονυπετησαντες Kal the right of him; and bending the knee εμπροσθεν αυτου, ενεπαιζον αυτώ, λεγοντες him, 30 Και εμπτυin presence of him. mocked Χαιρε, δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων. Hail, the ofthe Jews. And spitking σαντες εις αυτον, ελαβον τον καλαμον, και him. they took the reed. 31 Kai STE ετυπτον εις την κεφαλην αυτιυ. the of him-And when struck on head ενεπαιξαν αυτώ, εξεδυσαν αυτον την χλαμυδα, they had mocked him, they took off him the soldier's cloak, και ενεδυσαν αυτον τα ίματια αυτου. Kal annhim the garments of him; and γαγον αυτον εις το σταυρωσαι. & Εξερχομενοι into the to be crucified. Going out him δε, εύρον ανθρωπον Κυρηναιον, ονοματι Σιμωνα. and, they met a man a Cyrenian, by name τουτον ηγγαρευσαν, ίνα αρη τον σταυρον they compelled, that he might carry the 33 Και ελθοντες εις τοπον λεγομενον αυτου. of him. coming into a place being called δ Γολγοθα, εστι λεγομένον κρανιου τοπος, Golgotha, which being called of a skull a place, ía 34 εδωκαν αυτφ πιειν οξος μετα χολης μεμιγto him to drink vinegar with gall having been ηθελε μενον. TIELV. γευσαμενος, OUK KOLL and he would drink. mixed: having tasted, not 35 Σταυρωσαντες δε αυτον. διεμερισαντο Crucifying and they divided the 36 Κωι καθηίματια αυτου, βαλλοντες κληρον. And being garments of him, casting a lot. 37 Ka1 μενοι ετηρουν αυτον εκει.  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \theta n \kappa \alpha \nu$ 

led JESTS into the † PRE-TORIUM, gathered together against him the Whole COMPANY.

COMPANY.
28 And \*clothing him,
they put on him a soldier's t scarlet Cloak.

29 \$\(^\) And wreathing a Crown of Acanthus, they placed it on his HEAD, and put a Reed in his RIGHT hand; and kneeling before him, they mocked him, saying, "Hail, \*King of the Jews!"

30 ‡ And spitting on him, they took the REED, and struck him on the HEAD.

81 And when they had insulted him, they divested him of the SOLDIER'S CLOAK, and clothed him with his own RAIMENT, and led him away to be CRUCIFIED.

32 ‡And going out, they met a Cyrenian, named Simon; him they compelled to carry his cross.

33 And having arrived at a Place called Golgotha, which is called, a Place of a Skull,

34 they gave him \*Wine to drink, mixed with Gall; which, having tasted, he would not drink.

35 ‡And after nailing him to the cross, they distributed his GARMENTS by Lot. †

36 And sitting down, they watched him there.
37 And over his HEAD

And

they placed

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—23. clothing him, they put on him. 29. King of the JEWS. 34. Wine.

<sup>† 27.</sup> The palace of the Roman governor was so called. But here the court-yard in front of the Prætorium seems meant. The Roman Prætorium had been Herod's palace. It stood to the west of the temple. The road from the Prætorium entered the temple by a bridge over the valley at the south-west corner. † 28. The color distinguished it as suitable for a man of high rank in the army; but in shape the elamys was the same for the emperor and for the common soldier. This was put on him to ridicule his pretensions to the title of a king. † 29. It does not appear, that this crown was intended to torture his head, but rather to mock his claim to royalty. Dr. Clarke s.ys, "Mark, chap. xv. 17; and John, chap. xix.5, term it stephanon akanthinon, which may very well be translated an acanthine crown, or wreath formed out of the branches of the herb acanthus, or bear's foot. This, however, is a prickly plant, though nothing like thorns, in the common meaning of that word." † 35. The clause found in the Common Version, "that it might be fulled which was spoked by the prophet, 'They parted my garments among them, and upon my vesture did they cast lots," is found in comparatively few MSS., and has no place in the accient versions.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Mark xv. 16; John xix. 2. † 28. Luke xxiii. 11. † 29. Psa. lxix 19 † 30. Isa.). 6. † 32. Mark xv. 21; Luke xxiii. 26. † 34. Psa. lxix. 21. † 36 Psa. xxii. 18: John xix. 23.

επανω της κεφαλης αυτου την αιτιαν αυτου above the head of him the accusation of him γεγραμμενην "Outos εστιν Inσους δ βασιλευς having been written; "This is Josus the king των Ιουδαιων." of the Jews."

38 Τοτε σταυρουνται συν αυτή δυο λησται. robbers; were crucified with him two 39 Oi εκ δεξιων, και είς εξ €νωνυμων. 7.3 right and one left. Those by δE ε3λασφημουν παραπορευομενοι αυτον, passing along and reviled hım, 40 και λεγονκινουντες τας κεφαλας αύτων, the heads shaking of them. and say-Ο καταλυων τον ναον, και εν τρισιν TES. He overthrowing the tempie, and in ing; three ήμεραις οικοδομων, σωσον vios σεαυτον. 61 building, thyself; ' if save Beon του θεου, καταβηθι απο του σταυρου. thou art of the God, from the come down Cross. 41 'Ομοιως δε και οί αρχιερεις, εμπαιζοντες μετα Likewise and also the high-priests, mocking with των γραμματεων και πρεσβυτερων, ελεγον the acribes elders, said; 12 Αλλους ησωσεν, έαυτον ου δυναται σωσαι ει himself not he saved, is able \$0 BHV.

Βασιλευς Ισραηλ εστι, καταβατω νυν απο του of Israel he is, let him come down now from the a king Πεποιθεν σταυρου, και πιστευσομέν αυτω, Cross. and we will give credit to him. ρυσασθωνυν αυτον, ει θελει let him rescue now him, if he wistes ETL TON DEON' the God; 'Ότι θεου ειμε υίος. 44 To αυτον ειπε γαρ. he said for; Tuat of God Lam a son. That αυτο και οί λησται, οί συσταυρωθεντες a it also the robbers, those being crucified αυτώ, ωνειδι (ον αυτον. with him, eproached b.m.

45 Απο δε έκτης ώρας σκοτος εγενετο €TT I From now SIECO hour darkness 46 Περι δε πασαν την γην, έως ώρας εννατης. the land, till hour ali ninth. About and την εννατην ώραν ανεβοησεν ό Ιησους φωνη with a voice hour cried out the Jesus μεγαλη, λεγων Ηλι, ηλι λαμα σαβαχθανι; gicat Eli. Eli: lama saba thani? saying; εστι Θεε μου, θεε μου ίνατι με εγκατε-2017 O God of me, O God of me: why me thas hast thou 4 Τινες δε των εκει έστωτων, ακου-ALTES. Some and of those there standing, having σαντες, ελεγον 'Οτι Ηλιαν φωνει ούτος. 48 Ka1 heard, said . For Elias he cries this. And €Ě EUBEWS δραμων ELS αυτων, λαβων Kal immediately running of one them, taking TEDIĐEIS σπογγυν,  $\pi\lambda\eta\sigma\alpha s$   $\tau\epsilon$ ogous, SC CLL filling a sponge, and of vinegar, and atteching

they placed his accusation in writing, "This is Jesus, the king of the Jews."

38 ‡ At the same time, Two Robbers were crucified with him, one at his Right hand, and the other at his Left.

39 ‡ Now those passing by, reviled him, shaking their heads.

40 and saying, "DESTROYER of the TEMPLE! and Builder of it in Three Days, save thyself. If thou art a Son of "God come down from the CROSS."

41 In like manner also, the HIGH-PRIESTS with the SCRIBES and Elders, deriding, said,

42 "He saved Others; Himself he cannot save. \*1s he the King of Israelf let him now descend from the CROSS, and we will beheve \*on him.

He confided in God; let him rescue now, if he delights in him; for he said, 'I am God's Son.'"

44 THOSE ROBBERS also, who were CEUCIFIED with him, reproached him.

45 ‡ Now from the Sixth Hour there was † Darkness on All the LAND till the ninth Hour.

46 And about the NINTH Hour, JESUS exclaimed, with a loud Voice, saying, "Eli, Eli, lama sabachthani?" that is, "My God! my God! why hast thou forsaken me?"

47 And some of those standing there, hearing him, said, "He calls for Elijah."

48 ‡ And immediately one of them ran, and taking a Sponge filled it with Vinegar, and putting it

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 40. God.

<sup>42.</sup> Is he the King of largel?

<sup>42.</sup> on him.

<sup>† 45.</sup> The darkness which occurred at this time was noticed as a prodigy by the heathens themselves. Tertullian appeals in Apol. c. 21, to the record of it in the Roman archives, it is highly improbable that it extended any further than the land of Judea.

<sup>† 37.</sup> Mark xv. 26. Luke xxiii. 38; John xix. 19. † 88. Isa. liii. 12. † 39. Psa. xxi. 7; cix. 25. † 45. Mark xv. 33; Luke xxiii 44. † 48. Psa. lxix. 31.

49 Oi δ€ καλαμώ, εποτιζεν αυτον. λοιποι gave to drink The but others to a recd. him. HAias, ιδωμεν, ει ερχεται ελεγον. Ades. Leave alone, we may see, if Elias, said: comes 50 'Ο δε Ιησους, παλιν κραξας σωσων αυτον. will be saving him. The then Jesus, again crying μεγαλη, αφηκε το πνευμα. great, resigned the breath. with a voice

51 Και ιδου, το καταπετασμα του ναου εσχισθη And lo, the curtain of the temple was rent εις δυο, απο ανωθεν έως κατω και ή γη εσinto two, from above to below; and the earth was εισθη, και αξ πετραι εσχισθησαν, 52 και τα and the and the rocks were rent, μνημεια ανεωχθησαν και πολλα σωματα των were opened; and many bodies ofthe κεκοιμημενων άγιων ηγερθη, 53 και εξελθοντες having been askep holy ones were raised, and coming forth εκ των μνημειων, μετα την εγερσιν αυτου after the resurrection of him from the tombs, εισηλθον εις την άγιαν πολιν, και ενεφανισθησαν went into the holy city, and appeared πολλοις. to many.

εκατονταρχος και οί μετ' 54 °O δε αυτου and those with him The and centurion ISOVTES TOV GEIGHOV τηρουντές του Ιησουν, earthquake the watching the Jesus, seeing εφοβηθησαν σφοδρα, γενομενα, каг Ta much, and the things being done, they were afraid ούτος. λεγοντες. Αληθως θεου vios ην saying; Truly of God a son was this. 55 Η σαν δε εκει γυναικες πολλαι απο μακmany from a dis-Were and there women ροθεν θεωρουσαι· αίτινες ηκολουθησαν τω Ιησου beholding; who followed the Jesus απο της Γαλιλαιας, διακονουσαι αυτω· 56 εν Galilee, ministering to him; among from the αίς ην Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη, και Μαρια ή του Magdalene, and Mary the of the whom was Mary the Ιακωβου και Ιωση μητηρ, και ή μητηρ των mother, and the mother of the and Joses James υίων Ζεβεδαιου. of Zebedee. sons

57 Οψιας δε γενομενης, ηλθεν ανθρωπος Evening and being come, came α man πλουσιος απο Αριμαθαιας, τουνομα Ιωσηφ, δς rich from Arimathes, by name Joseph, who

on a Reed, gave him to

49 But OTHERS said,
"Let him alone; let us see
whether Elijah will come
to save \*him."

50 \$ Then JESUS crying out again with a loud Voice, expired.

- 51 ‡ And, behold, † the VEIL of the TEMPLE was rent in Two from top to bottom; and the EARTH trembled, and the ROCKS were rent;
- 52 and the TOMBS were opened; and Many Bodies of the SLEEPING SAINTS were raised;
- 53 and coming forth from the TOMBS, after his RESURRECTION went into the HOLY City, and appeared to Many.
- 54 ‡ Now the CENTURION and THOSE with him WATCHING JESUS, seeing the EARTHQUAKE, and the EVENTS occurring, were greatly afraid, saying, "This was certainly a Son of God."
- 55 And many Women were there, † beholding at a distance; these had followed Jesus from GALLLEE, ministering to him;
- 56 among them were Mary of MAGDALA, and Mary the MOTHER of JAMES and Joses, and the MOTHER of the SONS of Zebedee.
- 57 And Evening being come, a rich Man came from Arimathea, named

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-49. him. And another took a spear, and pierced his side and there came out Blood and Water.

<sup>† 51.</sup> In Solomon's Temple the sanctuary was divided from the holy of holies by a wall, beyond which the veil fell; but in Herod's Temple, as Maimonides relates, a second veil, at the distance of a cubit from the first, supplied the place of the wall. That it was the interior veil, belonging to the holy of holies, which was rent at the crucifixion is clearly intended in Heb. ix. 8; x. 19, as well as by the term which the Evangelist has employed to designate it. † 55. So Mark and Luke; nor are they inconsistent with John xix. 25, where our Lord's mother and the other two women are said to have stood beside the cross. They kept at a distance for a while; and afterwards as the darkness came over, garliered courage, and came so near that Jesus had an opportunity to speak to them before he expired.—Macknight

<sup>2 50.</sup> Mark xv. 37; Luke xxiii. 47. 2 51. Exod. xxvi. 31; 2 Chron. iii. 14. Mark xv. 42; Luke xxiii. 50; John xix. 33.

stone, with

εμαθητευσε τω Ιπσου. 58 OUTOS KAL AUTOS was discipled to the Jesus, . He προσελθων τφ Πιλατφ ητησατο το σωμα του coming to the Pilate requested the body of the Τοτε δ Πιλατος εκελευσεν αποδοθηναι Inσov. Then the Pilate ordered to be given 59 Και λαβων το σωμα δ Ιωσηφ, το σωμα And taking the body the body. Joseph, ενετυλιξεν αυτο σινδονι καθαρα. 60 και εθηκεν and it fine linea cloth clean; αυτο εν τφ καινφ αύτου μνημειφ, δ ελατομη-it in the new of himself tomb, which he had σεν εν τη πετρα και προσκυλισας λιθον μεγαν hewn in the rock; and having rolled astone great 61 HV SE τη θυρά του μνημειου, απηλθεν. of the door of the tomb, he went wway. Was and εκει Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη, και ή αλλη Μαρια, there Mary the Magdalene, and the other Mary, καθημεναι απεναντι του ταφου. over against the sepulchre-

62 Τη δε επαυριον, ήτις εστι μετα την παρα-The now next day, which is after the prepaσκευην, συνηχθησαν οί αρχιερεις και οί Φαριwere assembled the high-priests and the Phari-63 λεγοντες. Kupie, προς Πιλατον, σαιοι Pilate. sees 80 saying; O sir, :μνησθημεν, ότι εκεινος δ πλανος ειπεν ετι said while we remember. that that the deceiver 64 Ke-(ων Μετα τρεις ήμερας εγειρομαι. I will arise. three days Do ουν ασφαλισθηναι τον ταφον έως thou command therefore to be made fast the tomb της τριτης ήμερας, μεποτε ελθοντες οί μαθηday, the third lest coming the disciται αυτου, κλεψωσιν αυτον, και ειπωσι τω him, and might say to the might steal λαω° HYEDAN απο των νεκρων και εσται people; He has been raised from the dead; and will be **65** Εφη ή εσχατη πλανη χειρων της πρωτης. fraud worse of the first. Said αυτοις δ Πιλατος Εχετε κουστωδιαν ύπαγετε, to them the Pilate; You have a guard; go you, 66 Οί δε πορευθεντες ασφαλισασθε, ώς οιδατε. make fast, as you know. They and going ησφαλισαντο τον ταφον. σφραγισαντές τον made fast the tomb, having sealed the λιθον, μετα της κουστωδιας.

guard.

the

1 Joseph, who also himself was discipled to Jesus.

58 Me going to PILATE requested the BODY of Jesus. Then PILATE ordered \*it to be given.

59 And JOSEPH, taking the BODY, wrapped it in pure, fine Linen,

60 ‡ and laid it in his own NEW Tomb, which he had excavated in the ROCK; and having rolled a great Stone to the DOOR of the TOMB, he departed.

61 And MARY of MAG-DALA was there, and the OTHER Mary, sitting opposite the TOMB.

62 Now on the MOR-ROW, which is after † the PREPARATION, the HIGH-PRIESTS and PHARISES convened before Pilate,

63 sering, "Sir, we recollect that that imposter said, while living, \$'After Three Days I will arise.'

64 Command, therefore, the TOMB be made secure till the THIRD Day, lest \*the DISCIPLES come and steal him, and say to the PEOPLE, 'He is raised from the dead;' and so the LAST Error would be worse than the FIRST."

65 PILATE said to them, †" You have a Guard; go, make it as secure as you know how."

66 And departing, THEY secured the TOME with the GUARD, ‡ having sealed the STONE.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 58. it to be given. 64. the DISCIPLES.

<sup>† 62.</sup> Paraskeuse denoted the day preceding any sabbath or festival, as being that on which the preparation for its celebration was to be made.

† 65. The Jews had a Roman guard appointed them for the security of the temple. It was usually stationed in the castle of Antonio, but removed during festivals to the outer court of the temple, to quell any tumult that might arise in the city. Pilate gave them leave to employ this guard for their present purpose.

† 66. A mode of security in use from the earliest times, and which supplied the place of locks. See Dan. vi.17. It was usual to affix the seal to the extremities of a cord or leathern band, passing over the stone. But how fittle were the machination of his enemies in order to prove him to be an impostor! Let the remembered that the tom was new, and excavated out of the rock—was contiguous to Jerusalem—a great stone was placed at the entrance, and was scaled to prevent deception—and a guard to protect the body All these facts are strong presumptive proofs of the reality of the resurrection.

<sup>† 57.</sup> Mark xv. 42; Luke xxiii. 50; John xix. 38. xi. 60. Isa. liii. 9. † 63. Matt xvii. 21; xvii. 23; xx. 19; xxvii. 61; Mark viii. 31; x. 34; Luke ix. 22; xviii. 33; xxiv. 6, 7 John ii. 19. † 66. Dan. vi. 17.

## ΚΕΦ. κη'. 28.

1 Οψε δε σαββατων, τη επιφωσκουση
After now sabbath, to the dawning ELS After now μιων σαββατων, ηλθε Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη, of week, came Mary the Magdalene, 2 Kar και ή αλλη Μαρια, θεωρησαι τον ταφον. and the other Mary, to see the tomb. And ιδου, σεισμος εγενετο μεγας. αγγελος yap ashaking occurred great; a messenger for κυριου, καταβας εξ ουρανου, προσελθων απεκυof a lord, descending from heaven, approaching rolled  $\lambda \iota \sigma \in \tau \circ \nu \lambda \iota \theta \circ \nu \star [\alpha \pi \circ \tau \eta \circ \theta \circ \rho \alpha \circ,] \kappa \alpha \iota \in \kappa \alpha \theta \eta \tau \circ$ stone [from the door,] and sat away the 3 Ην δε ή ίδεα αυτου ώς αστραεπανω αυτου. Was and the aspect of him like lightit. πη, και το ενδυμα αυτου λευκον ώσει χιων. ming, and the garments of him white snow. as 4 Απο δε του φοβου αυτου εσεισθησαν οί of hins the and the fear shook Fram 5 Αποκτηρουντες, και εγενοντο ώσει νεκροι. Anand became as dead (men.) ριθείς δε δ αγγελος είπε ταις γυναίξης woring and the messenger said to the women; Mη Not oιδα γαρ, ότι I know for, that 6 Ουκ Φοβεισθε ύμεις. Ιησουν TOV that you; Jesus ζητειτε. ώδε. εσταυρωμενον ECTIV you seek. Not heis bere; having been crucified  $\Delta \epsilon v \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\iota \delta \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ he said. Come, see 7 Και ταχυ τον τοπον, όπου εκειτο ό κυριος. lay the Lord. And quickly where the place, πορευθεισαι ειπατε τοις μαθηταις αυτου, ότι going the disciples απο των νεκρων και ιδου, προαγει ηγερθη he has been raised from the and lo, he goes before dead; ύμας εις την Γαλιλαιαν' εκει αυτον οψεσθε. you into the him you will see; Galilee: there ιδου, ειπον ύμιν.

I told you. μνημειου 8 Και εξελθουσαι ταχν απο του coming out quickly from the μετα φοβου και χαρας μεγαλης, εδραμον απαγjoy and great, they ran to infear 9 \*['Ως δε εποργειλαι τοις μαθηταις αυτου. of him. [As and they disciples ευοντο απαγγειλαι τοις μαθηταις αυτου, και went to inform the disciples of him,] ιδου, ő Ιησους απηντησεν αυταις, λεγων. the Jesus met them, saying; Αί δε προσελθουσαι εκρατησαν αυτου Χαιρετε. Hail you. They and having appreached laid hold of him 10 ToT € τους ποδας, και προσεκυνησαν αυτώ. Then feet, and prostrated to him. λεγει αυταις ὁ Ιησους: Μη φοβεισθε: ὑπαγετε, says to them the Jesus; Not be afraid; go you, απαγγειλατε τοις αδελφοις μου, ίνα απελθωσιν inform to the brethren of me, so that they may go

and there me they shall see.

εις την Γαλιλαιαν, κακει με οψονται.

Galilee,

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—2. from the DOOR—omit. 6. he lay; so Tischendorf 9. as they were going to tell his disciples—omit: so Lachmann and Tischendorf.

‡ 3. Dan x. 6. ‡ 7. Matt. xxvi. 32 ‡ 19. John xx. 17; Rom. viii. 29.

#### CHAPTER XXVIII.

- 1 1 Now after the Sabbath, as it was DAWNING to the first day of the Week, Mary of MAGDALA. and the OTHER Marv. went to see the TOMB.
- 2 And, behold, a great Shaking occurred; for an Angel of the Lord descending from Heaven, came and rolled back the STONE: and sat upon it.
- 3 # And his APPEAR-ANCE was like Lightning, and his VESTMENTS white as Snow:
- 4 and from FEAR of him the GUARDS trembled, and became as Dead men.
- 5 And the ANGEL answering, said to the wo-MEN, "Be not you afraid; for I know That you seek THAT Jesus who was CRU-CIFIED.
- 6 He is not here; for he has been raised, even as he said. Come, see the PLACE where \* he lay.
- 7 And immediately go and tell his DISCIPLES That he has been raised from the DEAD; and, behold, the precedes you to GALILEE; there you will see Him; behold, I have told you."
- 8 And coming out immediately from the TOMB, with Fear and great Jov, they ran to tell his DIS-CIPLES.
- 9 ‡ And, behold, Jesus met them, saying, "Rejoice!" And THEY having approached, clasped his FERT, and prostrated to
- 10 Then Jesus says to them, "Be not afraid; go tinform my brethren, sc that they may go to GALI-LEE, and there they will see Me."

ΨΠορευομένων δε αυτων, ίδου, τίνες της of them, lo, some of the Going away and πουστωδιας, ελθοντές εις την πολιν, απηγγειλαν. soming into the city, told τοις αρχιερευσιναπαντα τα γενομενα. 12 Καί to the high priests all the (things) having been done. And συναχθεντες μετα των πρεσβυτερων, συμβουbeing assembled with the elders, counsel λιον τε λαβοντες, αργυρια ίκανα εδωκαν τοις taking, pieces of silver sufficient they gave to the στρατιωταις, λεγοντες· 13 Ειπατε. OTE Oi saying: Say you, That the мавитая автов. νύκτος ελθοντές, disciples of ham by night coming, stola αυτον, ήμων κοιμωμένων, 14 Και εαν ακουσθη being asleep. And if should be reported olus τουτο επι του ήγεμονος, ήμεις ποισομέν αυτον, reported to the Governor, this to the governor, we will-persuade him, 15 Οί δε λαβκαι ύμας αμεριμνους ποιησομεν. and you free from care we will make. They and having οντες τα αργυρια, εποιησαν ώς εδιδαχθησαν.
received the pieces of silver, did as they were taught. Και διεφημισθη δ λογος ούτος καρα Ιουδαιοις. And is apread abroad the word, this among μεχρι της σημερον. the day.

16 Οι δε ένδεκα μαθηται επορευθησαν ets την ciples went to Galilee. The and eleven disciples went to the Γαλιλαιαν, εις το ορας, δυ εταξατο αυτοις δ to, the mountain, where had appointed them the 17 Και εδοντες αυτον, προσεκυησαν. Ingous. him, they prostrated seeing 18 Ka2 προσελθων δ αυτω οί δε εδιστασαν. to him: they but doubted. approaching the And Εδοθή μος Ιησους, ελαλεσεν αυτοις, λεγων spoke to them, saying; Has been given to me 19 Πορευπασα εξουσια εν ουρανώ και επι γης. authority in heaven and on earth. Going Θεντες μαθητευσατε πάντα τα εθνη. βαπτιζονall the nations, disciple you immers-TES AUTOUS ELS TO OVOMA TOU WATPOS RAI TOU ing them into the name of the father and of the 29 διχασκοντες φίου και του αγιου πνευματος· son and of the boly epirit: teaching αυτους τηρειν παντα, ότα ενετειλαμην υμιν. observe all things which whatever I have charged you. to observe all, Kar toov, eyw µee unw eine war as juepas, you; and, behold I am and the case, with you all the DAYS, was the aurteileias tou alwros. of the area

11 And as they were going away, some of the GUARD, entering the CITY, told to the HIGH-PRIESTS All the THINGS which had HAPPENED.

12 And being assembled with the ELDERS, and taking Counsel, they gave a good many Shekels to the SOLDIERS,

13 saying, "Say you. εκλεψαν that His DISCIPLES came by Night, and stole him, while-we-slept;'

> 14 and if this should be we will persuado him, and make you safe."

15 And then having received the SHEKELS, did as they were instructed; and this saving is curently reported among the Jews to \* THIS day.

16-And the BLEVEN Disto the mountain where JESUS had ordered them.

17 And seeing him, they (indeed) prostrated to him; but some doubted.

18 And JESUS approaching, spoke to them, saying, T"All Authority has been imparted to me, in Heaven and on Earth.

19 1 Go, disciple All the NATIONS, Immersing them into the NAME of the FA-THER, and of the Son, and of the HOLY-Spirit;

20 Iteaching them to I have -enjoined upon till the consummation of the AGE."

## \* ACCORDING TO MATTHEW

<sup>&</sup>quot;VATICAS MANUSCRIPT .- 15. THIS Day. Subscription-According to Matthews 13. Matt xt. 77; John iii. 35; v. 23; xiii. 3; xvil. 2; Rom. xiv. 0; 1-Cor. xv. 27; Eph. 9 10, 21; Phil. ii 0 10: 1 Pet. iii. 22. 100-11, 23 100-11, 23 100-11, 23 100-11, 23 100-11, 23 100-11, 24 100-11, 25 10

# \*[EYA1 FEAATEN] KATA MAPKON. [GLAD TIDINGS] BY MARK.

# \*ACCORDING TO MARK.

## КЕФ. α'. 1.

Αρχη του αυσυγγελιου Ιησου Χριστου, υίου Abeginning of the Aratidings of Jesus Chrut, ason ou θεου. 2 ως γεγρ. πταιεν Ησαια τω προ- $\neg ov \theta \in ov$ . As r is written in Esaias of the God. he pro-"Lo,  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$  a  $\alpha \pi \sigma \sigma \tau \epsilon \lambda \omega$   $\tau \sigma \nu$  a  $\gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda c \nu$  "Lo,  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$  send the messenge: φητη. phets μου προ προσωπου σου, ός κατασκευασει την face or thee, who wilt prepare the 3 Φωνη βοωντος εν τη ερημφ. Έτοιόδον σου. rying out in the desert; way of thee. A voice Make μασατε την όδον κυριου, ευθειας ποιειτε τας you ready the way of alord, straight make you 4 Εγενετο Ιωαννης βαπτιζων Was John dipping τριβους αυτου.33 beaten ways of him;" εν τη ερημω, και κη υσσων βαπτισμα μεταa dipping of reforin the desert, and publishing 5 Και εξεπορευετο νοιας εις αφεσιν άμαρτιων. mation in o forgiveness of sins. And προς αυτον πασα ή Ιουδαια χωρα, και οί Ίεροhim all the Judea country, and the Jeruκαι εβαπτιζοντο εν τφ σολυμιται παντες. all: and were dipped Ιορδανη ποταμφ δπ' ΄ αυτου, εξομολογουμενοι river by him, confessing Jordan ' 6 Ην δε Ιωαννης ενδεδυτας έμαρτιας αύτων. the sins of them. Was now John having been μενος τριχας καμηλου, και ζωνην δερματινην of a camei, and a beit made of skin eloth hairs περι την οσφυν αύτου, και εσθιων ακριδας και of him, and around the loins eating locusts and - Και εκηρυσσε λεγων. Ερχεται μελι αγριον. And he cried out hon y wild. saying; Comes δ ισχυροτερος μου οπισω \*[μου.] ού the mightier of me after [me,] of whom not τον ίμαντα των ίκανος κυψας λυσαι ELLL  $*\begin{bmatrix}\mu \in \nu\end{bmatrix}^{\text{the string}} \bullet \beta \alpha \pi \tau \iota \sigma \alpha$ worthy bowed down to loose 1 am 8 Εγω ύποδηματων αυτου. of him. [indeed] sandals dipped ύμας εν ύδατι αυτος δε Banticel buas ev he but will dip you **φ**νευματι άγιω. holy. spirit

9 \* [Kai]  $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau o$   $\epsilon \nu$   $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota \nu a \iota s$   $\tilde{\eta} \mu \epsilon \rho a \iota s$ ,  $\iota t came to pass in those the days, <math>\iota \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$   $1 \eta \sigma o \nu s$   $\alpha \pi o$   $N \alpha \langle \alpha \rho \epsilon \tau \tau \eta s \Gamma \alpha \lambda \iota \lambda \alpha \iota a \iota s$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \iota$   $\epsilon \alpha m o$  Jesus from Nazareth of the Galilee, and

#### CHAPTER I.

- 1 The Beginning of the GLAD TIDINGS of Jesus Christ, the Son of \*God;
- 2 as it is written \* † in the prophets, ‡ "Behold, "\*I send my Messenger "before thy Face, who will "prepare thy WAY.
- 3 ‡ "A Voice proclaim-"ing in the DESERT, 'Pre-"pare the WAY for the "Lord, make the HIGH-"WAYS straight for him."
- 4 ‡John was immersing in the DESERT, and publishing an Immersion of Reformation for Forgiveness of Sins.
- 5 ‡ And resorted to him All the COUNTRY of JU-DEA, and all THOSE of Jerusalem, and were irrmersed by him in the RIVER JORDAN, confessing their SINS.
- 6 the Now John was cloth ed in Camel's Hair, with a Leathern Girdle encircling his WAIST; and eating Locusts and Wild Honey.
- 7 And he proclaimed, saying, t"The POWELFUL ONE comes after me; for whom I am not worthy to stoop down and untie the STRINGS of his SANDALS.
- 8 ‡ # immerse you in Water, but he will immerse you in holy Spirit."
- 9 ‡ And it occurred, in Those DAYS, that Jesus came from Nazareth of GALILEE, and was im-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—Title—According to Mark. 1. God. 2. Isaiah the propher. 2. I send. 7. me—omit. 8. indeed—omit. 9. And—omit.

<sup>7 2.</sup> As the common reading has an immense majority in its favor, and some noted versions; as the quotation is from two different prophecies, Mal.iii. 1, and Isa. xl. 2, 3, of which the nearest is not from Isaiah, but from Malachi; and as the Jews often say, "As it is written in the Prophets," yet it is never said in the N. T. written in a prophet, but by him; there seems to be no just ground for departing from the received text.—Campbell, Whitby, Lightfoot.

<sup>† 2.</sup> Mal. iji. 1; Matt. xi. 10; Luke vii. 27. † 3. Isa. xl. 3; Matt. iii. 3; I uke iii. 4; John i. 23. † 5 Matt. iii. 5; † 6 Matt. iii. 4; † 7. Matt. iii. 11; John i. 27; Acts xiii. 25. † 8. Acts i. 5; ii. 2-4; ti. 16; xix. 4; † Cor. xii. 18. † 9. Matt. iii. 13; Luke iii. 21.

εβαπτισθη ύπο Ιωαννου els τον Ιορδανην. 10 Και ευθεως αναβαινων απο του ύδατος, ειδε σχιζοimmediately ascending from the water, he saw rendμενους τους ουρανους, και το πνευμα, ως lag the heavens, and the spirit, as περιστεραν, καταβαινον επ' αυτον. 11 Και adove, descending upon him. And 11 Kar descending φωνη εγενετο εκ των ουρανων "Συ avoice came out of the heavens; "Thou EL Ó "Thou art the υίος μου δ αγαπητος, εν φ ευδοκησα. son of me the beloved, ' in whom I delight."

12 Kai ευθυς το πνευμα αυτον εκβαλλει εις And immediately the spirit him casts into την ερημον. 13 Και ην εν τη ερημο ημερας the desert days. τεσσαρακοντα, πειραζομενος υπο του σατανα, και ην μετα των θηριων και οί αγγελοι διηand was with the wild beasts; and the messengers min-KOVOUV QUTW.

Intered to him.

14 Meτα δε το παραδοθηναί τον Ιωαννην,
After now the to be delivered up the John, ηλθεν δ Ιησους εις την Γαλιλαιαν, κηρυσσων το ευαγγελιου \*[της βασιλειας του θεου, the gladidings of the kingdom] of the God, δ στα πετληρωται δ καιρος, και από σαγίας; Του πεπληρωται δ καιρος, και από σαγίας; Του has been fulfilled the s season, and and caying: That has been fulfilled the season, and ηγγικεν η βασιλεια του θεου μετανοείτε, και bas come night he majesty of the God; reform you, and πιστευετε ενντω ευαγγελιω. 16 Περιπατων δε believe you in the good message. Walking # and παρα την θαλασσαν της Γαλιλαιας; ειδε Σιμωνα the oca of the Galilee, he saw Simon και Ανδρεαν τον αδελφον αυτου, αμφιβαλλοντας and Andrew the brother of him, . , casting αμφιβληστρον εν τη θαλασση· noav yap sea; a fishing net 17 Και ειπεν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Δευτε alieis. and said to them the Jesus; Come οπισω μου, και ποιησω ύμας γενεσθαι άλιεις after ma, and I will make you to be fishers 18 Και ευθεως αφεντες τα δικτυα And immediately leaving the nets λουθησαν αυτφ. 19 Και προβας · ανθρωπων. of men. συτων, ηκολουθησαν αυτφ. him. they followed And ofthem, going \*[εκειθεν] ολιγον, ειδεν Ιακωβον τον του [thence] alittle, he saw James the of the Zeβeδαιου, και Ιωαννην τον αδελφον αυτου,
Zebedee, and John the brother of him, Zebedes, and John Kataptisouras ta Kai autous er to though kataptisouras the δικτυα· 30 και ευθεως εκαλεσεν αυτους. Και neta; and immediately he called them. And

mersed by John in the JORDAN.

10 1 And ascending from the WATER, instantly he saw the HEAVENS opening, and the SPIRIT, like a Dove descending upon him.

Il And a Voice came from the HEAVENS, saying, I" Thou art my son, the BELOVED; in thee I delight."

12 1 And immediately the SPIRIT sent Him forth into the DESERT.

13 And he was in the DESERT forty Days, being tempted by the ADVER-SARY; and was among the WILD BEASTS; and the ANGELS served him

14 I Now after John was imprisoned, JESUS came into GALILEE, publishing the GLAD TIDINGS of GoD.

15 and saying, 1"The TIME has been accomplished, and God's BOYAL MAJESTY has approached; TReform, and beheve in

the GOOD MESSAGE."

16 t \* And as he was passing along by the LAKE of GALILEE, he saw Simon, and Andrew the BROTHER of Simon, casting a Drag into the LAKE; for they were Fish-

17 And Jesus said to them, "Come, follow me, and I will make you Fishers of Men.

18 And instantly flearing "the NETS, they followed him.

19 ‡ And going forward a little, he saw THAT James who is the son of ZEBEDEE, and John his BROTHER; they also were in the BOAT repairing the NETS; 20 and he immediately

. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11, thee I delight. 14 of the Kingpon-omil. And as he was passing along by. 16. the sectnes of Simon, casting. 18. the

<sup>† 10.</sup> Mattiii, 10; John i. 32. † 11. Mark ix. 7. † 12. Matt. iv. 1; Luke iv. 1. † 13. Matt. iv. 12; Luke v. 1. † 15. Matt. iv. 17. † 18. Matt. xix. 27; Luke v. 11. † 19. Matt. iv. 21.

αφεντες τον πατερα αύτων Ζεβεδαιον εν called them; and leaving Zebedee in leaving the father ofthem απηλθου μισθωτων, πλοιώ μετα  $\tau\omega\nu$ hirelings, they went with the ship οπισω αυτου.

him. after

21 Και εισπορευονται εις Καπερναουμ. Kal Capernaum; And they went into has τοις σαββασιν εισελθων εις την συναenflews going into the immediately to the sabbath syna-22 Και εξεπλησσουτο γωγην, εδιδασκε. ETTL And gogue, he taught. they were amazed τη διδαχη αυτου ην γαρ διδασκων αυτους ώς he teaching othim; he was for teaching them 2.5 εξουσιαν εχων, και ουχ ώς οι γραμματεις. authority having, and not as the scribes. 23 Και ην εν τη συναγωγη αντων ανθρωπος εν

And was in the synagogue of them a man  $^{24}\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega\nu$ πνευματι ακαθαρτώ, και ανεκραξε, unclean, and he cried out, saying, spirit \*[Ea,] τι ήμιν και σοι, Ιησου Ναζαρηνε, [Let alone,] what to us and to thee, Jesus O Nazarene, \*[Ea,]  $\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon s$   $\alpha\pi\circ\lambda\epsilon\sigma\alpha i$   $\dot{\eta}\mu\alpha s$ ;  $\circ\iota\delta\alpha$   $\sigma\epsilon$   $\tau\iota s$   $\epsilon\iota$ , us; I know thee who thou art, the comest thou to destroy 25 Και επετιμησεν αυτφ δ άγιος του θεου. And rebuked holy of the God. Ιησους, λεγων Φιμωθητι, κα εξελθε εξ αυτου.

Jesus, saying; Be silent, id come out of him. 26 Και σπαραξαν αυτον το πνευμα το ακαθαρτον, And convulsing him the spirit the

και κραξαν φωνη μεγαλη, εξηλθεν εξ αυτου. great, came out of him. and crying a voice 27 Και εθαμβηθησαν παντες, ώστε συζητειν

And they were astonished all, 80 23 to reason προς αύτους, λεγοντες Τι εστι τουτο, τις ή among themselves, saying; What is this? what the διδαχη ή καινη αυτη; ότι κατ' διδαχη ή καινη αυτη; ότι κατ' εξουσιαν και teaching the new this; that with authority even τοις πνευμασι τοις ακαθαρτοις επιτασσει και spirits to the unclean he enjoins . 28 Εξηλθε ή δε ύπακουουσιν αυτω. CKON to him. Went out and the report they hearken ευθυς εις όλην την περιχωρον THIS forthwith into whole the country of the Γαλιλαιας.

Galilee.

<sup>29</sup> Και ευθεως, εκ της συναγωγης εξελθοντες, And instantly, out of the synagogue being come, ηλθον εις την οικιαν Σιμωνος και Ανδρεου, he went into the house of Simon and Andrew, 30 °H δε μετα Ιακωβου και Ιωαννου. πενθερα The and mother-in-law John. and  $\epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon \omega s$ Σιμωνος κατεκειτο πυρεσσουσα και of Simon was laid down having a fever; 1mmediately and <sup>31</sup> Και προσελθων λεγουσιν αυτώ περι αυτης. they spoke to him about her. And coming

their FATHER Zebedee in the BOAT with the HIRED SERVANTS, they followed him.

21 # And they went to Capernaum; and on the SABBATH, entering the SYNAGOGUE, he taught

the people; 22 f and they were struck with awe at his mode of INSTRUCTION: for he taught them, as

possessing Authority, and not as the SCRIBES. 23 I Now there was in their synagogue, a Man

with an impure Spirit; and he exclaimed.

24 saying, "What hast thou to do with us, Jesus Nazarene? Comest thou to destroy us? I know thee who thou art, the HOLY ONE of GOD."

25 And Jesus rebuked it, saying, ‡"Be silent. and come out of him."

25 And the IMPURE SPIRIT, Thaving convulsed him, and having cried with a loud Voice, came out of him.

27 And they were all so astonished, as to reason \*with themselves, saying, "What is this? \*A new Doctrine? With Authority he commands even the IMPURE SPIRITS, and they obey him."

28 And his FAME soon spread abroad \* everywhere throughout the Entire REGION of GALILEE.

29 t And being come out of the SYNAGOGUE, he immediately went into the House of Simon and Andrew with James and

30 Now Simon's MOTH-ER-IN-LAW lay sick of & fever, and forthwith they spoke to him about her.

31 And approaching, he

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPS.—24. Let alone—omit. new Doctrine? With Authority. 28. everyy 27. with themselves. 87. A 28. everywhere throughout,

<sup>1 23.</sup> anke iv. 33. ‡ 21. Matt. iv. 13; Luke iv. 31. ‡ 22. Mat att. viii. 29. ‡ 25. ver. 34; Mark iii. 12. ‡ 22. Matt. vii. 28. ‡ 26. Mark ix. 20. Matt. viii. 29. viii. 14: Luke iv. 38.

ηγειρεν αυτην, κρατησας της χειρος αυτης took hold of her HAND, he raised her, having laid hold of the band of her; raised her up, and the heraised her, having laid hold of the hand of her, και αφηκεν αυτην δ πυρετος \* [ευθεως ] και her the [immediately;] and fever left διηκονε. αυτοις. ministered to them.

32 Οψιας δε γενομεντς, ότε εδυ ό ήλιος, Evening and being come. when set the εφέρον προς αυτον παντας τους κακως έχοντας, all they brought to him those sickness having, δαιμονιζομενους. 33 και ή πολις KAL TOUS and the and those being demonized; city 34 Kat όλη επισυνηγμένη ην προς την θυραν. whole having been assembled was at the door. εθεραπευσε πυλλους κακως εχοντας ποικιλαις

having he healed sick шару νοσοις και δαιμονια πολλα  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \beta \alpha \lambda \epsilon$ , και ουκ diseases, and demons wany he cast out, and not ηφιε λαλειν τα δαιμον.α, ότι ηδεισαν αυτου. δό και πρωι, εννυχον λιαν, αναστας εξηλθε,
And early, might much, having arisen he went out,

\*[και απηλθεν] εις ερημον τοπον, departed into & desert place, and there 36 Και κατεδιωξαν αυτον δ Σιμουν προσηυχετο. And eagerly rollowed him the Simon ou. 37 Kai eupoptes autur, και οί μετ' αυτου.

and those with him. And having found 'Οτι παντες (ητουσι σε. λεγουσιν αυτώ.

to him; That they say all seek 38 Και λεγει αυτοις. Αγωμεν εις τας εχομ-

And he says to them; We must go into the neighενας κωμοπολεις, ίνα και εκει κηρυξω. that also there I may preach; for towns, 39 Και ην κηρυσοων τουτο γαρ εξεληλυθα. this because I have come out. And he was proclaiming εις τας συναγωγας αυτων, εις όλην την Γαλιsynagogues of them, in whole the in the 40 Kas λαιαν, και τα δαιμονια εκβαλλων. and the demons casting out. And ερχεται προς αυτον λεπρος, παρακαλων αυτον, him a leper, beseeching him comes to \*[και γονυπετων αυτον, και] λεγων and kneeling him, and] saying מעייקיי to hard 43 % 'Οτι εαν θελης, δυνασαι με καθαρισαι. That if thou wilt, thou art able me to cleanse. "Allac δε Ιησους σπλαγχνισθεις, εκτεινας την χειεν, and Jesus being moved with pity, stretching out the ήψατο αυτου, και λεγει αυτώ. Θελω, καθα-

απηλθεν απ' αυτου ή λεπρα, και ακαθαρισθη. departed from him the leprosy, and he was cleansed. 43 Kai  $\epsilon\mu\beta\rho$ i $\mu\eta\sigma\alpha\mu\epsilon\nu$ os  $\alpha\nu\tau\omega$ ,  $\epsilon\nu\theta\epsilon\omega$ s  $\epsilon\xi\epsilon\beta\alpha\lambda\epsilon\nu$ And having strictly charged him, immediately he sent forth

raised her up, and the FEVER left her, and she served them.

32 1 And Evening being come, when the sun was set, they brought to him ALL the SICK, and the DEMONIACS;

33 and the whole citt assembled at the DOOR.

34 And he cured Many sick of Various Disorders, and expelled many Demons; ‡ and permitted not the DEMONS to speak, because they knew \* him to be the Christ.

35 ‡ And having arisen very early in the Morning, he went out into a Desert Place, and there prayed.

36 And \* Simon and THOSE with him eagerly followed him.

37 And having found him, they say to him, "All seek thee."

38 And he says to them. i" We must go \* elsewhere, into the ADJA-CENT Towns, that I may proclaim there also: for this I have come forth."

39 1 And \* he were and proclaimed to them their SYNAGOGUES throughout All GALILEE, and cast out the DF-MONS.

40 # And a Leper comes to him, beseeching him, saying, "If thou wilt, thou canst cleanse Mc."

41 And \*he, being move? with pity, extending \*lis HAND, touched him, and says to him, "I will; be thou cleansed."

42 And immediately the LEPROSY departed from him, and he was cleansed.

43 And having strictly charged him, he forthwith sent him away,

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31. immediately-omit. 34. him to be the Christ. 85. and departed-omit. 38. elsewhere, into. 36. Simon. 39. he went 40, and kneeling down to him, and-omit. and proclaimed to them in. 41. his HAND. being moved.

<sup>† 32.</sup> Matt. viii, 16; Luke iv. 40. † 35. Luke iv. 42. † 40. Matt. viii. 2; Luke v. 12 2 34. Mark iii. x2; Luke iv. 41; Acts xvi. 17, 18 1 38. Luke iv. 43. \* 89. Matt. iv. 23; Luke 1v. 41

44 και λεγει αυτφ. Όρα, μηδενι μηδεν and says to him; See, to no one anything αυτον, him. ειπης αλλ' ύπαγε, σεαυτον δειξον τω ίερει, show to the priest thyself thou tell; but 20, και προσενεγκε περι του καθαρισμου σου purification of thee what for the προσεταξε Μωσης, εις μαρτυριον αυτοις. He Moses, for a witness to them. δε εξελθων ηρξατο κηρυσσειν πολλα και διαφηbut going out began to publish many (things) and spread μιζειν τον λογον, ώστε μηκετι αυτον δυνασθαι abroad the word, so as no longer him to be abla πολιν εισελθειν αλλ' €Eω €V φανερως εις into a city to enter; but without in publicly eρημαις τοποις ην, και ηρχοντο προς αυτον desert places he was, and they went to him πανταχοθεν. from all parts.

## КЕФ. β'. 2.

ELS

1 Και παλιν εισηλθεν Καπερναουμ δι' he went into Capernaum after And again ηκουπθη, ότι ELS OLKOV ETTI. ημερων\* Kal and it was reported, that into a house he is. days; \*[ευθεως] συνηχθησαν πολλοι, 2 Kai ώστ€ [immediately] were gathered together many, And 80 as μηκετι χωρειν μηδε τα προς την θυραν. και no longer to contain not even the places near the door; and 3 Και ερχονται προς ελαλει αυτοις τον λογον. he spake to them the word. And they come to αυτον παραλυτικον φεροντες, αιρομενον ύπο a paralytic bringing, being carried by <sup>4</sup>Και μη δυναμενοι προσεγγισαι τεσσαρων. And being able not to come nigh four. δια TOV οχλον, απεστεγασαν THY αυτω through the crowd, they uncovered the to him όπου ην° και εξορυξαντες χαλωσι and having dug through they let down φ ο παραλυτικος κατεwhere he was; τον κραββατον, εφ' upon which the paralytic the hed. 5 Ιδων δε ό Ιησους την πιστιν αυτων, KELTO. Seeing and the Jesus the faith of them, λεγει τω παραλυτικώ. Τεκνον, αφεωνται σου says to the Son, paralytic; are forgiven of thee 6 Ησαν δε τινές των γραμματέων αί άμαρτιαι. Were but some of the the sins. acribes καθημενοι και διαλογι(ομενοι  $\epsilon p$ Tals €K€L and reasoning there sitting in the 7Τι ούτος ούτω λαλει βλασκαρδιαις αύτων Why this thus speaks hearts of them; blasτις δυναται αφιεναι άμαρτιας, ει μη is able to forgive sins, phemy? who if not 8 Και ευθεως επιγνους δ Ιησους eis ὁ θεos; one the God? And immediately knowing the Jesus

44 and says to him. t" See, that thou say no thing to any one; but go, show Thyself to the PRIEST, and present for thy PURIFICATION, those things which Moses commanded, + for Notifying (the cure) to the people. 45 # But HE going out.

began to publicly pro-claim and divulge the THING, so that he could no longer openly enter a City, but was without in Desert Places; and they resorted to him from all parts.

#### CHAPTER II.

1 And after some Days, the again entered Capernaum; and it was re-ported That he was in a House.

2 And Many were gathered together; so that (the house) could not contain them, nor the PARTS at the DOOR; and he spake the WORD to them.

3 And they come \* bringing to him a Paralytic, carried by Four.

4 And being unable to approach him, because of the crowd, they uncovered the BOOF where he was; and having dug through, they lowered the † couch on which the PARALYTIC was laid.

5 Now Jesus perceiving their FAITH, says to the PARALYTIC, "Son, thy sins are forgiven."

6 But there were some of the SCRIBES sitting, and reasoning in their

HEARTS, 7 \* "Why thus speaks this man? He blasphemes! Who can forgive Sins, but the One Goo?"

8 And Jesus, immedi-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. immediately-omit. this man thus speaks? He blasphemes! Who can.

<sup>3:</sup> bringing to him. 7. That

<sup>† 44.</sup> See Notes on Matt. viii, 3, 4.

† 4. Eastern beds are light and moveable, construging of a mattrass and two quilts. Dr. Russell tells us, that their beds consist of a mattrass laid on the floor, and over this a sheet, (in winter a carpet, or some such wooley covering,) the other sheet being sewed to the quilt. A divan cushion often serves for a pillow.

το πνευματι αύτου, ότι \*[ούτως] αυτοι διαλο-to the spirit of himsel; that [thus] they reathey Tauta γιζονται εν έαυτοις, ειπεν αυτοις. Τι soned among themselves, said to them; Why these (things) διαλογιζεσθε εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων; the reason you in DCAPLE of you? EGTLY EUKORWTEPOV; ειπειν τω παραλυτικώ. to say to the paralytic; easier? Αφεωνται σου αί άμαρτια: η ειπειν·
Are forgiven of thee the sine: or to say; Eyeipe, Arise, αρον σου τον κραββατον, και περιπατει; 10 Ίνα δε είδητε, ότι εξουσιαν εχει ό υίος του That but you may know, that authority has the son of the audhomou επι της γης αφιεναι αμαρτίας (λεγεί on the earth to forgive ains; τω παραλυτικώ.) 11 Σοι λελω. Εγειρε, αρον To thee I say : Arise, take up to the paralytic;) τον κραββατον σου, και ύπαγε εις τον οικον the bed of thee, and go into the house 13 Και ηγερθη ευθεως, και αρας τον
And he was raised immediately, and taking up the mou! of thee. χραββατον, εξηλθεν εναντιον παντων ώστε went out in presence of all; RO 36

saying; That never thus 13 Και εξηλθε παλίν παρα την θαλασσαν.

And he went out again by the sea. και πας δ οχλος πρχετο προς αυτον, και εδι-δασκέν αυτους. And passing on he saw Levi the του Αλφαιου, καθημένον επι το τελωνιον, και of the Alpheus, sitting at the custom house, and λεγει αυτιω: Ακολουθεί μοι. Και αναστας Kai avagtas me. ways to him: And rising up γκολουθησεν αυτω.

εξιστασθαι παντας, και δοξαζειν τον

to astonish all, and to glorify the

λεγοντας 'Οτι ουδεποτε ούτως ειδομεν.

he followed him. 15 Και εχενετο εν τφ κατακεισθαι αυτον εν And it happened in the o recline at table him in τη οικια αυτου, και πολλοι τελωναι και άμαρof him, and many publicans and τωλοι συνανεκειντο τω Ιησου και τοις μαθηταις with the Jesus and the disciples αυτου° ησαν γαρ πολλοι, και ηκολουθησαν they were for many, and they tollowed of him: 16 Και οί γραμματείς και οί Φαρισαίοι CUTO. And the scribes and the Pharisees ιδοντες αυτον εσθιοντα μετά των τελωνων και him. eating with the publicans Cμαρτωλων, ελεγον τοις μαθηταις αυτου· \* [Τι] sinners, said to the disciples of him: (Why) ότι μετα των τελώνων και αμαρτωλών εσθιειwith of the publicans and he eats

ately perceiving in his SPIRIT, that they reasoned among themselves, the says to them, "Why do you reason thus in your HEARTS?

9 thich is easier? to say to the PARALYTIC, 'Thy SINS are forgiven;' or to say (with effect,) 'Arise, take Thy couch, and walk?'

10 But that you may know That the sow of MAN has Authority on EARTH to forgive Sins," (he says to the PARA-

LYTIC,)
11 "I say to thee, Arise, take up thy couch, and go to thy nouse."

12 And he was raised immediately, and taking up the couch, went out in presence of all; so that they were all amazed, and glorified God, saying, "We never say anything like this!"

BEOV,

God,

13 And he went cut again by the LAKE; and All the CROWD resort d to him, and he taught them

14 ‡ And passing along, he saw THAT Levi who is the son of ALPHEUS, sitting at the TAX-OFFICE, and says to him, "Follow me." And arising, he followed him

16 ‡ And it occurred; while he RECLINED AT TABLE in his HOUSE, Many Tribute-takers and Sinners also reclined with JESUS and his DISCIPLIES; for they were Many, and they followed him.

16 And the SCRIBES \* of the PHARISEES observing him eating with the TRIW UTE-TAKEES and † Sin. ners, said to his disci-PLES, "He eats with TRIBUTE-TAKEES and Sin. ners!"

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. - 8. thus - omit. PHANISEES BAW him eat, 16. Why - omit.

<sup>8.</sup> he says to them.

<sup>16.</sup> of the

<sup>† 16.</sup> By amartooloi, sinners, the Gentiles or heathen are generally understood in the Gospels, for this was a term the Jewe never applied to any of themselves.—Clarke.

17 Kat anovas & Indovs heyet
And hearing the Jesus says. \* [ KOL TIVEL ; ] [and drinks?] Ou xperar exousiv of is xvovres EUTOIS' 80 them; απρου, αλλ οι κακως εχοντες.

Ha physician, but those sick being. Ουκ ηλθον ZATPOU, Not I came καλεσαι δικαιους αλλα αμαρτωλους.

ocall just (ones) but sinners.

18 Και ησαν οι μαθηται Ιωαννου και οι ΦαριAnd were the disciples of John and the Pharito call just (ones) And were the disciples of John and the Pharigers (asting) and they come, and they say
LUTTO LIGHT OF MAINTAI LEADYOUT RAIL of TOW
Why the disciples of John and those of the
Phariseces (ast, Light those but to thee disciples
OU ΥΠΟΤΕΊΟΝΟΙ; 19 Και είπεμ αυτοις ὁ Τησους

And said to them the Jessey
Mη δυνανται οί μίοι του γυμφωνός, εν φ τ ὁ
Not we able the sous of the bride-chamber, in which the ruμφιος μετ αυτων εστι, νηστευειν: δσον bildegroom with them. is, to fast του colong χρονον μεθ εαυτων εχουσι του νυμφιον, ου atime with themselves they have the bridegroom, and δυνανται νηστευείν. 20 Ελευσονται δε ήμεραι, το fast. 4 Will come what days, ... are able to fast. Will come but days, δοταν απαρθη απ αυτων δ νυμφιος, και when may be taken away from them the bridegroom, and τοτε νηστευσουσιν εν εκείνη τη ήμερα. <sup>21</sup> Ουδείς τοτε νηστευσουσιν εν εκεινη τη ημερα. No one then they will fast in that the day. No one επιβλημα ράκους αγναφουν επιρλαπτει επί αρατιο παλαιω εί δε μη, αιρεί το πληρωμα του παλαιον και χειρον ρείτεε! το μον του παλαιον, και χειρον σχισμα γινεται. 22 Και ουδεις βαλλει οινον α rent becomes. And no one τη μισ wine veov ets ασκους παλαιους ει δε μη, ρησσει δ
new into bottles old; if but net, bursts the
olvos δ \*[veos] τους ασκους, και δ οίνος
wine the [new] the bottles, and the wine εκχειται, και οί ασκοι απολουνται αλλα οινον and the bottles a are lost; νεον εις ασκους καινους βλητεον. pew into bottles, new must be put.

23 Και εγενετο παραπορευεσβαι αυτον εν τοις και εγενετο παραπορευεσται αυτον εν τοις And iteame to pass to go him in the in the sabbath through the com-hiclds, and began the μαθηται αυτον όδον ποτειν τιλλοντες τους duciples of him away to make plucking the σταχυας. 24 Και οί Φαρισαιοι ελεγον αυτων επισυστος And the Pharisees and to him, 1δε, τι ποιουσιν εν τοις σαββασιν, τό ουκ See, why do they in the sabbath, what not

17 And Jesus having heard it, says to them, THEY being in HEALTH have no Need of a Physician, but THEY who are SICK. I came not to call the Righteous, but Sinners."

18 1 Now the DISCIPIES' of John and the PHARI-SEES were fasting; and they come and say to him; "Why do the DIS-CIPLES of John, and the DISCIPLES of the PHAR-ISEES fast, but THINE fast not ?"

19 And JESUS replied, "Can the BRIDEMEN fast, while the BRIDEGROOM 13 with them? During the time they have the BRIDEchoom with them, they cannot fast.

20 But the Days will come, when the BRIDE-GROOM will be taken from them, and then they will fast in That DAY.

21 No one sews a Piece of undressed Cloth on to an old Garment; if so, the NEW PIECE of itself takes away from the orn, and a worse Rent is made.

22 And no one puts new Wine into told Skins; if so, the WINE \* will burst the skins; and the WINE will be lost, and the skins; but new Wine into new Skins.

23 # And it happened, that he was passing through the FIELDS OF GRAIN on the SABBATH . and his DISCIPLES began. as they made their way, to pluck the HEADS of

24 And the PHARISEES! said to him, " See, why do they on the SABBATH what is not lawful 200-

PHARISELS [AST, b th THINE last not? 22. NEW—omit. 22. will burst the sking and the vine will be lost, and the sking; but new Wine into new Skins. 23. was passing through. 23. made their way, to pluck.

<sup># 22.</sup> See Note in Matt. ix. 17.

<sup>1 17</sup> Matt ix. 12, 13; Luke v. 31. 82. Matt xit 1; Luke vi. 1.

25 Και αυτος ελεγεν αυτοις. Ουδεποτε EFEGTI: Never said to them: And he ανεγνωτε, τι εποιησε Δαυιδ, ότε χρειαν εσχε, have you known, what did David, when need he had, οί μετ και επεινασεν, αυτος και αυτου; he and those with him; bues was hungry, 26 + [Πως] εισηλθεν εις τον οικον του θεου, [How] he went into the house of the God, επι Αβιαθαρ του αρχιερεως, και τους αρτους to Abiathar of the high-priest, and loaves the της προθεσεως εφαγεν, ούς ουκ εξεστι φαγειν: did eat, which not is lawful to eat of the presence ει μη τοις ίερευσι, και εδωκε και τοις συν and he gave also to those with the priests, not if not the priests, and negative authors. To  $\sigma \alpha \beta$ —  $27 \text{ Kat } \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu$  authors. To  $\sigma \alpha \beta$ — 27 He also said to them,him being? And he said to them, The sab at the sab at  $\alpha \nu \nu$  authors. The sabbath was made for MAN, and not MAN for bath because of the man was made, not the the SABBATH; ανθρωπος δια το σαββατον. 28 Ωστε κυριος because of the sabbath. εστιν δ vios του ανθρωπου και του σαββατου. SABBATH." man even of the sabbath. is the son of the

## КЕФ. γ. 3.

1 Και εισηλθε παλιν εις την συναγωγην·
And he entered again into the synagogue; και ην εκει ανθρωπος εξηραμμενην εχων την and was there a man having been withered having the  $\frac{1}{2}$  και παρετηρούν αυτον, ει τοις σαβhand; and they closely watched him, if to the sab-βασι θεραπευσει αυτον, ίνα κατηγορησωσιν he will heal him, that they mig' t accuse hath 3 Και λεγει τω ανθρωπω τω εξηραμ- MAN HAVING the With-And he says to the man to that having been μενην εχοντι την χειρα·
withered having the hand; Εγειρε εις το μεσον. Arise in the midst. 4 Kas Leyes autois. Εξεστι τοις σαββασιν Is at lawful to the sabbath he says to them; And αγαθοποιησαι η κακοποιησαι; ψυχην σωσαι, to do evil? alife to save, to do good or δ Και περιβλεη αποκτειναι; Οί δε εσιωπων. And or to destroy? They but were silent. looking ψαμενος αυτους μετ' οργης, συλλυπουμενος επι then with anger, being grieved 86 τη πωρωσει της καρδιας αυτων, λεγει τω of them, the hardness of the hearts he says to the Εκτεινον την χειρα σου. ανθρωπφ. Kai Stretch out the hand of thee. And man; και απεκατεσταθη ή χειρ αυτου. HAND was restored. €EETELVE" he stretched it out; and was restored 6 Και εξελθοντες οί Φαρισαιοι, ευθεως μετα των And coming out the Pharisees, immediately with the

25 And \* he said to them, ‡" Have you never read what David did, when he had Need, and was hungry, he, and THOSE with him?

26 How the went into the TABERNACLE of GOD, to Abiathar (son) of the HIGH-PRIEST, and ate tthe LOAVES of the PRESENCE, twhich none but the PRIESTS could lawfully eat; and he gave also to THOSE with him."

the SABBATH;

28 ts that the son of So that a lord | MAN is Lord even of the

#### CHAPTER III.

1 # And again he entered into the SYNAGOGUE, where was a Man who had a Withered HAND.

2 And they watched him closely, (to see) if he would cure him on the SABBATH; that they might accuse

3 And he says to THAT ered HAND, "Arise in the MIDST."

4 And he says to them, "Is it lawful to do good on the SABBATH, or to do evil? to save Life, or to destroy?" But THEY were silent.

5 And surveying them with Indignation, being grieved at the HARDNESS of their HEARTS, he says to the MAN, "Stretch out \*thine HAND." And he stretched it out, and his

6 ‡ And the PHABISEES going out, immediately \* held a Council with † the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—25, he said.

<sup>26.</sup> How-omit.

<sup>† 26.</sup> David went to the house of Ahimelech at Nob, with whom the tabernacle then was and the ephod, and other holy things. See I Sam. xxi. † 26. These loaves were placed on a table on the north side, and at the right hand of him who entered the natele. Exod xxv 30; Lev. xxi. 5, 6, 8. † 6. The Herodians were a political party who began to become eminent in the days of Herod the Great, as favoring his claims, and those of his patrons, the Romans, to the sovereignty of Judea.

<sup>† 25 1</sup> Sam. xx1. 0.

<sup>1 26</sup> Exod. xxix. 82, 83. 1 6. Matt. x11. 14.

εποιει, ηλθον προς αυτον.

him.

ακουσαντες

having heard

Ηρωδιανων συμβουλιον εποιουν κατ' αυτου, held against him, Herodians a council όπως αυτον απολεσωσι. how him they might destroy.

7 Και δ Ιησους μετα των μαθητων αύτου LAKE; and a Great Mul-And the Jesus with the disciples ανεχωρησεν εις την θαλασσαν· και πολυ πλη- Galilee, ‡and from Juand a great multi- DEA, withdrew to the seo; θος απο της Γαλιλαίας ηκολουθησαν αυτώ και him; tude from the followed Galilee and 8 Kal απο της Ιουδαίας, και απο Ιεροσολυμών, Judea, and from Jerusalem, and απο της Ιδουμαιος, και περαν του Ιορδανου, και and beyond the Jordan, from the Idumea, and \*[οι] περι Τυρον και Σιδωνα, πληθος πολυ, [those about Tyre and Sidon, a multitude great,

3 Και ειπε τοις μαθηταις αυτου, ένα πλοιαριον And he spake to the disciples of him, that a small vessel αυτω,  $\delta\iota\alpha$   $\tau o \nu$   $o \chi \lambda o \nu$ ,  $i \nu \alpha$   $\mu \eta$  ecause of the crowd, that not σκαρτερη because of the should attend him, αυτον. 10 Πολλους γαρ εθεραπευσεν, θλιβωσιν Many for he cured, they might throng him. ώστε επιπιπτειν αυτφ, ίνα αυτου άψωνται. to him, that him they might touch, to rnsh 80 88 11 Και τα πνευματα τα ειχον μαστιγας. δσοι And the apirits scourges. as many as had ακαθαρτα, όταν αυτον εθεωρει, προσεπιπτεν unclean, when him gazing on, fell before αυτφ, και εκραζε, λεγ-ντα· Οτι συ ει ὁ υίος

what things he did, came to

αυτώ, και εκραζε, λεγ-ντα. That thou art the son cried, saying; and 12 Και πολλα επετιμα αυτοις, ίνα του θεου. of the God. And many times he charged them, μη φανερον αυτον ποιησωσι.
not known him they should make. 13 Kai avaBaihe goes And VEL ELS TO ορος, και προσκαλειται ούς ηθελεν up into the mountain, and calls whom would

αυτος και απηλθον προς αυτον. and they came to he;

δσα

ωσι μετ' αυτου, 14 Και εποιησε δωδεκα, ίνα And he appointed twelve, that they should be with him, 15 Kal και \*[ίνα] αποστελλη αυτους κηρυσσειν, and [that] he might send them to preach, εχειν εξουσιαν \* [θεραπευειν τας νοσους, και] [to cure the diseases, and to have authority 16 Και επεθηκε τω εκβαλλειν τα δαιμονια. to cast out the demons. And he put on to the Σιμωνι ονομα Πετρον· 17 και Ιακωβον τον του Simon a name and James that of the Peters Ιωαννην τον αδελφον TOU  $\mathbf{Z} \in \mathcal{B} \in \delta \alpha$ iov, kai the brother of the and John Ιακωβου και επεθηκεν αυτοις ονοματα Βοαν-Boanand he put on them names 18 και Ανθρεαν, εργες, δ εστιν, υίοι βροντης. and Andrew, erges, that is, sons ofthunder;

Herodians, against him, how they might destroy him.

7 But Jesus with his DISCIPLES retired to the of him titude followed him from

> 8 and from Jerusalem. and from IDUMEA, and from beyond the JORDAN: also a great Company from about Tyre and Sidon, having heard what \* he had done, came to him.

9 And he spake to his DISCIPLES, that \*a Small boat should attend him because of the CROWD, that they might not press upon him.

10 For he had cured Many; so that as many as had Diseases rushed towards him in order to

touch him.

11 ‡ And the IMPURE SPIRITS, when they beheld him, fell before him, and cried, saying, "Thou art the son of Gop."

12 And he repeatedly charged them, that they should not make Him

known.

13 # And he ascended the MOUNTAIN, and called whom he would; and they went to him.

14 And he appointed \*twelve, that they should accompany him, and that he might send them forth to proclaim,

15 and to have Authority to expel DEMONS.

16 \* Now the TWELVE he appointed, were ISI-MON, to whom he gave the Name of PETER;

17 and THAT James, son of ZEBEDEE, and John the brother of James; to whom he gave the Names of Boanerges, that is, Sons of Thunder;

18 and Andrew, and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—S. THOSE—omit. 8. he does. 9. Small vessels, 14. twelve, whom also he named Apostles, that. 14. that—omit. 15. to cure DISEASES, and—omit. 16. And he appointed TWELVE; both SIMON whom he sur-8. he does. named PETER.

<sup>1. 11.</sup> Mark i. 32, 34; Luke iv. 41. † 7. Luke vi. 17. † 11. : 1x. 1. 16. John i. 42.

και Φιλιππον, και Βαρθολομαιον, και Ματθαιον, Philip, and Bartholomew, and This και Θωμαν, και Ιακωβον τον του Αλφαιου, και! mas, and THAT James, son and Thomas, and James that of the Alpheus, and Thomas, and James that of the Alpheus, and deus, and Simon, the Ca-Θαδδαιον, και Σιμωνα τον κανανιτην, Thaddeus, and Simon the Canaanite, Ιουδαν Ισκαριωτην, ός και παρεδωκεν αυτον. Judas Iscariot, who even delivered up 20 Και ερχονται εις οικον. Και συνερχεται And came together they come into a house, παλιν οχλος, ώστε μη δυνασθαι αυτους μητε again a crowd, 80 as not to be able them not even 21 Kai ακουσαντες οί παρ' αρτον φαγειν. those with bread to eat. And having heard αυτου, εξηλθον κρατησαι αυτον ελεγον γαρ | him, went out to restrain him; they said for; OTL 22 Και οί γραμματεις, οί απο εξεστη. That he is out of place. And the scribes, those from | Ίεροσολυμων καταβαντες, ελεγον 'Οτι Βεελhaving come down, said; That Jerusalem Beel-(εβουλ εχει και Ότι εν τφ αρχοντι των also; That by the sebul he has; chief of the 23 Και προσδαιμονιών εκβαλλει τα δαιμονια. he casts out the demons. having And καλεσαμενος αυτους, εν παραβολαις ελεγεν in feellen them, parables he said αυτοις. Πως δυναται σατανας σαταναν εκβαλto them; How is able an adversary an adversary λειν; 24 Και εαν βασιλεια εφ' έαυτην to cast μερισ-And if a kingdom against herself should be diθη, ου δυναται σταθηναι ή βασιλεια εκεινη. vided, not is able to stand the kingdom that;  $^{25}$  και εαν οικια ε $\phi$ , έαυτην μερισθη, ου δυναται and if a house against herself should be divided, not is able σταθηναι ή οικια εκεινη· 26 και ει δ σατανας to stand the house that; and if the adversary ανεστη εφ' έαυτον και μεμερισται, ου δυναται has risen up against himself and have been divided, not is abla 27 Ουδεις δυναται σταθηναι, αλλα τελος εχει. but an end he has, No one 18 able TO σκευη του ισχυρου, εισελθων εις την the household goods of the strong man, entering into the οικιαν αυτου, διαρπασαι, εαν μη πρωτον του of him, to plunder, if not first the ισχυρον δηση· και τοτε την οικιαν αυτου strong man he should bind; and then the house of him διαρπασει. 28 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι παντα Indeed I say he will plunder. to you, that all αφεθησεται τοις υίοις των ανθρωπων τα άμαρτηwill be forgiven to the sons of the sins, men the

and | NNANITE,

19 and Judas Iscariot. who even delivered him up.

20 \$ And they went into a House. And the Crowd assembled again, so that they could not even eat Bread.

21 And THOSE with him having heard, went out to restrain him; for they said. † "He is transported

too far."

22 And THOSE SCRIBES who had COME DOWN from Jerusalem said, ‡"He has Beelzebul," and, "By the RULER of the DEMONS, he expels the DEMONS."

23 ‡And having called them, he said to them, "How can an Adversary expel an Adversary?

24 And it a Kingdom is divided against itself, that KINGDOM cannot stand:

25 and if a House is divided against itself, that HOUSE cannot stand:

26 and if the ADVER-SARY rises up against himself, and is divided, he cannot stand, but has an end.

27 \* But no one can enter the sTRONG man's HOUSE, and plunder his goods, unless he first bind the strong man; and then he may plunder his House.

28 Indeed, I say to you, That All sins will be forgiven the sons of MEN. and the BLASPHEMIES with which they may revile; they may

and the

ματα, και αί βλασφημιαι, όσας αν βλασφημη-

whatever

evil speakings, \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. but no one.

<sup>7 21.</sup> Doddridge remarks, "Our manner of rendering these words, He is besides himself, or He is mad, is very offensive. One can hardly think Christ's friends would speak so contemptibly and impiously of him; and if that sense must necessarily be retained, it would be much more decent to render the clause, It (that is, the multitude, is mad, thus unseasonably to break in upon him? Schotengen contends, that the multitude, and not Christ is here intended. Christ was in the house; the multitude, other, verse 20, went out, krateenai auton, to restrain it, (viz. ochlon, the multitude,) to prevent them from rushing into the house and disturbing their Master, who was taking some refreshment. This conjecture should not be lightly regarded.—Clarke.

k vi. 31. † 22. Matt. ix. 34; x. 25; Luke xi. 15; John vii. 20; viii. 48, 52 20. Mark vi. 31.

29 35 8, σωσιν. βλασφημηση ELS TO ar may speak evil to the who but ever πνευμα το άγιον, ουκ εχει αφεσιν TON ELS spirit the holy, not has forgivness to the αιωνα, ολλ ενοχος εστιν αιωνιου κρισεως. of age-lasting judgment. Table . 48 30 'Οτι ελεγον' Πνευμα ακαθαρτον εχει. Because they said; A spirit unciean he has. χονται ουν ή μητηρ αυτου και οί αδελφοι Comes then the mother of him and the brothers αυτου και εξω εστωτες απεστειλαν προς αυτον, of him; and without standing they sent to him, 32 Και εκαθητο οχλος περι φωνουντες αυτον. calling him. and sat a crowd about Ιδου, ή μητηρ σου αυτον ειπον δε αυτώ. Lo, the mother of thee and to him; him; said και οί αδελφοι σου εξω ζητουσι σε. brothers of thee without are seeking thee. and the And απεκριθη αυτοις, λεγων Τις εστιν ή μητηρ Who is he answered to them, saying; the mother μου, η οί αδελφοι μου;
of me or the brothers of me? 34 \* [Kaι] περιβλεlooking [And] ψαμενος κυκλφ τους περι αυτον καθημενους, about round those about him sitting, λεγει Ιδε ή μητηρ μου, και οί αδελφοι μου. Lo the mother of me, and the brothers be says; 35 Os \*  $\left[\gamma\alpha\rho\right]$  an holhon to  $\theta\epsilon\lambda\eta\mu\alpha$  tou  $\theta\epsilon\omega$ , who will ofthe God, ούτ s αδελφος μου, κωι αδελφη \* [μου,] this a brother of me, and a sister [of me,] Kal and μητηρ εστι. a mother 18.

#### КЕФ. δ'. 4.

- Και παλιν ηρξατο διδασκειν παρα THY he began to teach And again JY θαλασσαν και συνηχθη προς αυτον οχλος πολυς, and was assemble to him a crowd ώστε αυτον εμβαντα εις το πλοιον, καθησθαι entering tuto the oo as him ship, .0 81\$ ev τη θαλασση· και πας δ οχλος προς την in the sea: and all the crowd by the 2 Και εδιδασκεν 9αλασσαν επι της γης ην. sea on the land was. And he taught αυτους εν παραβολαις πολλα, και ελεγεν αυτοις parables in many, and said to hem ΒΑκουετ Τόου, εξηλθεν εν τη διδαχη αύτου. Hearyou: Lo, went out . 4 Και εγενετο εν τω in the teaching of him: δ σπειρων του σπειραι. And it happened in the ete sower of the (seed) to sow.

29 t but whoever may aspheme against the blaspheme HOLY SPIRIT, has no Forgiveness to the AGE, but is exposed to Aionian \* † Judgment."

30 Because they said, "He has an impure Spirit."

31 His MOTHER and BROTHERS then came, and standing without, sent to him, calling him.

32 And a Crowd sat round him, and they said to him, "Behold, thy Mo-THER and thy BROTHERS are without seeking thee."

33 And he answered them, saying, "Who is my MOTHER, or my BRO-THERS?"

34 And looking about on THOSE sitting round him, he said, "Behold my MOTHER, and my BRO-THERS.

35 Whoever shall do the WILL of God, this is my Brother, and Sister, and Mother."

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 ‡ And again he began to teach by the LAKE; and so \*very great a Crowd gathered about him, that entering the BOAT, he sat on the LAKE; and All the CROWD was by the LAKE on the LAND.

2 And he taught them many things in Parables. and said to them, in his TEACHING;

3 "Hearken! Behold, the sower went forth to

4 And it happened, in

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 29. Transgression. 34. And-omit. 35. For-omit. 8. sow. 35. my-omit. 1. very.

<sup>† 20.</sup> The Vat. MSS, reads Transgression, and Griesbach has placed the word amarteematos, sin, or transgression, in the margin, with his mark of strong probability. Grotius, Mill, and Bengel prefer this reading. It is also the reading of the Coptic, Armenian, Gothic, Vulgate, and all the Itala but two. It is a Hebraism for punishment, the effect of sin. The sin against the Holy Spirit is plainly stated to be, ascribing the miracles of Christ and his apostles to demoniacal agency. They who acted thus, could not be converted to the Christian faith, because they resisted the strongest possible evidence. They remained therefore in the same forlorn state in worth Christianity found them; which is expressed by the phrase, "he has not forgiveness."

<sup>1 22</sup> Matt xii 81, 82 . Luke zii, 16 ; 1 John v. 18,

σπειρειν, δ μεν επεσε παρα την όδον και sowing, this indeed fell on the path: and ηλθε τα πετεινα, και κατεφαγεν αυτο. 5 Αλλο it. came the birds, and Another ate δε επεσεν επι το πετρωδες, όπου ουκ ειχε γην on the rocky ground, where not it had earth πολλην και ευθεως εξανετειλε, δια το μη much; and immediately it sprung up, through the not exerv βaθos γης. 6 Ηλιου δε ανατειλαντος, to have a depth of earth. Sun and having arisen, εκαυματισθη, και δια το μη εχειν ριζαν, εξηit was scorched, and through the not to have a root, ρανθη. <sup>7</sup> Και αλλο επεσεν εις ακανθας· dried up. And another fell into thorus; KOLL and ανεβησαν αί ακανθαι, και συνεπνιξαν αυτο, και sprung up the thorns, and choked it, 8 Και αλλο επεσεν εις την καρπον ουκ εδωκε. And another fell into the not it gave. γην την καλην και εδιδου καρπον αναβαινοντα ground the good; and it bore fruit springing up και αυξανοντα· και εφερεν έν τριακοντα, και bore one thirty, and increasing, and έν έξηκοντα, και έν έκατον. 9 Και ελεγεν 'Ο and one a hundred, And he said; He one sixty, εχων ωτα ακουειν, ακουετω.

having ears to hear, let him hear. W OTE δε εγενετο καταμονας, ηρωτησαν When and he was alone, μυτον οί περι αυτον, συν τοις δωδεκα, την him those about him, with the twelve, the 11 Και ελεγεν αυτοις. Ύμιν δεδοπαραβολην. parables. And he said to them; To you ται γνωναι το μυστηριον της βασιλειας του given to know the secret of the kingdom of the θεου εκεινοις δε τοις εξω εν παραβολαις τα Ged; to them but to those without in parables 12 ίνα βλεποντες βλεπωσι, γινεται. FUVTU seeing are done; that they may see, all (things) και μη ιδωσι και ακουοντες ακουωσι, και μη and not they may see: and hearing they may hear, and not συνιωσι μηποτε επιστρεψωσι, και αφεθη they may hear: lest they should turn, and should be forgiven 13 Και λεγει αυτοις. αυτοις τα άμαρτηματα. And he says to them the sins, to them: Ουκ οιδατε την παραβολην ταυτην; και πως Not knowyou the parable nd how πασας τας παραβολας γνωσεσθε; 14'Ο σπειρων, the parables will you know? He sowing. 15 Ουτοι δε εισιν οί παρα TOV LOYOU GHELDEL. word SOWS. These are they by and την όδον, όπου σπειρεται ό λογος, και όταν where is sown the word, and when the path, ακουσωσιν, ευθεως ερχεται δ σατανας, και they may hear, immediately comes the adversary,

sowing, some seed the by the ROAD and the BIRDS came and picked it up.

5 And some fell on the ROCKY GROUND, where it had not much Soil; and immediately it vegetated, because it had no Depth

of Soil;

6 \* and the sun having arisen, it was scorched; and because it HAD no Root, it withered.

7 And some fell among Thorns; and the THORNS grew up, and shoked it, and it bore no Fruit.

8 And some fell on GOOD GROUND, and yielded Fruit, springing up and increasing; and one bore thirty, and one sixty, and one a hundred."

9 And he said, \*"He HAVING Ears to hear, let

him hear."

10 ‡ And when he had retired, THOSE about him, with the TWELVE, asked him concerning the \*PAR-ABLE.

11 And he said to them,
\*"To you is given the
SECRET of the KINGDOM
of GOD; but to †THOSE
WITHOUT, ALL things are
done in Parables;

12 ‡ that seeing, they may see, and not perceive; and hearing, they may hear, and not understand; lest they should turn, and \*it should be forgiven them."

13 And he says to them, "Do you not understand this PARABLE? How then will you know All the PARABLES?

14 ‡ The sower sows

the WORD.

15 And these are THOSE where the WORD is sown by the ROAD; and when they have heard, the ADVERSARY comes immediately, and takes away

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-6. and the sun having arisen. C. Who has ears. D. PARABLES. 11. is given the SECRET. 12. it should be.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Matt. xiii. 10; Luke viii 9. † 11. 1 Cor. v. 12; Col. iv. ; ... Thess. iv. 19; 1 Tim. iii. 7. † 12. Isa vi. 9; Matt. xiii. 14; Luke viii. 10; John xii. 40; Acta xwii. 26; Rom. xi. 8. † 14. Matt. xiii. 19.

αιρει τον λογον τον εσπαρμενον εν ταις καρδιαις word that having been sown in the 16 Και ούτοι εισιν όμοιως οί επι τα συτωι. those on like And these are of them σπειρομενοι, οί, όταν ακουσωσι τον πετρωδη who, when they may hear rocky ground being sown, λογον, ευθεως μετα χαρας λαμβανουσιν αυτον it: word, immediately with they receive joy

17 και ουκ εχουσι βιζαν εν ξαυτοις, αλλα προσand not they have a root in themselves, καιροι εισιν ειτα γενομενης θλιψεως η διωγμου trial or persecution season they are; then occurring τον λογον, ευθεως σκανδαλ: ζονται. 18 Και word, immediately they are offended. through the αλλοι εισιν οί εις τας ακανθά: σπειρομενοι.

bein sown; are those into the thorns. others τον λογον ακουοντες, 17 και αί ούτοι εισιν oì. and the the word hearing. those

μεριμναι του αιωνος, και ή απατη του πλουτου, and the delusion of the cares ofthe age,

και αί περι τα λουπα επιθυμιαι εισπορευομεναι and the about the otal (things) strong desires entering in

συμπνιγουσι τον λογον και ακαρπος γινεται. unfruitful it becomes. ch: kthe word; and

<sup>™</sup> Και ούτοι εισιν οί επι την γην την καλην those upon the ground the good thesc are σπωρεντές, οίτινες ακουουσι τον λογον, και

the word, boin source who hear παραδεχονται· και καρποφορουσιν, έν τριακοντα, bear fruit, one and accept;

21 Και ελεγεν και έν εξηκοντα, και έν έκατον. and one a hundred. And he said sixty, and one Μητι δ λυχνος ερχεται, ίνα ύπο σον aurois comes, that under the Neither the lamp to them: η ύπο την κλινην; ουχ' ίνα  $\tau \in \theta \eta$ , m Sion rieasuro it may be placed, or under the couch? not that 22 Ου γαρ εστι επειτηθη; επι την λυχνιαν temp-stand it may be placed? for Not on KOUTEOU, δ εαν μη φανερωθη. ουδε which if not it may be disclosed; nor any terme hidden,

εγενετο αποκρυφον, αλλ' ίνα εις φανερον  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ . but that into light it may come. stored away, 24 Ka1 23 Ε: τις εχει ωτα ακουειν, ακουετω. to hear, let him hear. And ears

If any one has ελεγεν αυτοις. Βλεπετε, τι ακουετε.  $\mathbf{E}\boldsymbol{\nu} \quad \boldsymbol{\omega}$ he said to them: Consider you, what you hear. In what 25 'Os yap

μετρφ μετρειτε, μετρηθησεται δμιν. measure you measure, it shall be measured to you. Who for

THAT WORD which was sown \*upon them.

16 And these in like manner are THOSE SOWN on the ROCKY GROUND; who, when they hear the WORD, receive it immediately with Joy;

17 And having no Root in themselves, they are but temporary; then Trial or Persecution occurring on account of the WORD. they instantly fall away.

18 And others are THOSE who are sown among the THORNS: \* these are THE .. who have HEARD L'Y WORD;

19 and the CARES of th; AGE, ; and the DECEIT-FULNESS of RICHES. and the STRONG DESIRES for OTHER things entering in, choke the WORD, and render it unproductive.

20 And \*those are THEY, who are sown on the GOOD GROUND, who bear the WORD, and accept it, and bear fruit; one thirty, one

sixty, and one a hundred."
21 And he said to them, t" Is a lamp brought, to be put under the CORN-MEASURE, or under the COUCH? so that it may not be placed on the LAMP-STAND?

22 #For \* nothing was hidden, except that it should be manifested; nor was it concealed, but that it should come to light.

23 If any one has Ears to hear, let him hear."

24 And he said to them, t"Consider what you hear; by the Measure you dispense, it will be measured to \* you, and shall be added to you;

25 I for whoever has, to

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—15. upon them. 18. these are THEY who have HEARD 20. those are THEY. 22. nothing was hidden, except that it should be the word, 20. those are ther. 22. nothing was hidden, manifested; nor was it concealed, but that it should come to light. 24. you, and shall be added to you.

<sup>† 21.</sup> By klimen must be understood the couch, (like our sofa,) which, as Grotius observes, had such a cavity as to admit of a candelabrum being put under it; nay, it seems, anything much larger; indeed, by the citations adduced by Wetstein, it appears to have been used by the ancients as a common hiding place.-Bloomfield.

<sup>1 19. 1</sup> Tim. vi. 9, 17. Luke xii. 2. 1 25. Matt xiii. 12: xxv 29: Luke vini. 19; xix. 26.

αν έχτ, δοθησεται αυτώ και δε ουκ εχει, και ever ... have it shall be given to him and who not has, even δ εχιαρθησεται απ' αυτου. 26 Και ελεγεν. And what he has will be taken from nim. he said : Dύτως εστιν ή βασιλεία του θεου, ώς εαν ανthe kingdom of the God, θρωπος βίλη τ.νοπρνεπι της γης, should cast the seed on the earth, and καθευδη και εγειρη αι νυ τα και ήμεραν, και ό day. and Two should sleep an? wake night and σπορο, ελαστανη και μηκυνηται, ως οτε οιδεν seed should germinate an ; grow .p. as not aut s. Aυτοματη \*[γαρ] ή γ ταρποτοκί, he Crits own accord [for] the earth bears from.

πρωτον, χορτον, ειτα στοχυν, ειτα πληρη σισον 4 pant, then an ear, then full 29 'Οταν δε παραδφ δ καρπος, EV TO STAXLL in the When bu may be rire he ruit, Gar. ευθεως απ στελ ειτοι, πανον, ετ παρ τηκεν immediately he send the sickle, for 1s ready δ θερισμος. & Και ελ γ Τινι όμ ιωσωμε. And h said; To what m we compare

the harvest. And h said; To what more compare την βασιλειαν τ υ στου; η εν τοια πα ωβολη the kingdom of h God? or by what araba.

παραβαλωμεν αυτην; 31 Ως κοκκον σινανέως, may we compare her As a grain of musta.

δες διείνε σπωρη εξει της γιες μικροτερος πανwhich, when it may be on on the surface less of των των σπερ ανών εξει των επι της γης:

32 κα έττν σπο , αναβείνει και γίνετωι πανand when it may be seen. 1.8 πί grup and becomes of

all herbs preater and produces branches great,

LOUS, &στε δινμσξα ὑπ την κουν αυτου τα

so as b under the shadow of it the

πετεινα του ουτανο. .caτ την υν. 33 Kat τοιbirds of the haven to build nests. And such

autais  $\pi$ apa $\beta$ odais  $\pi$ odais  $\epsilon$  ade autais tou hite parables many hespote to them the hogou, the ws  $\eta$  in the decouple. 34 Xwpis  $\delta\epsilon$ 

w το, exclusively we also to hear. Without the Tapaβολης ουκ ελαλει αυτ τις κατ όταν δε a parable not be apoke to them; privately but

τοις μαθηταις αύτο· επελυε παντα.

55 Και λεγει αυτοις εν εκείνη τη ήμερα, οψίας και he says to them in that the day, even."

γενομενης: Διελθωμεν εις το περ ν. 36 Και being come; W may pass ov π to the other side. And αφεντες τον οχλον παραλαμβανουσιν αυτον, ώς

having left the crewd they took him, as

him will be given; and he who has not, even what he has will be taken from him."

26 And he said, ‡"The KINGDOM of GOD is, as though a Man should cast SHED on the GROUND:

Night, and wake by Day, and the seed should germinate, and grow up, he knows not how.

28 The EARTH produces spontaneously; first the Plant, then the Ear, afterwards the Perfect Grain in

the EAR.

29 But when the GRAIN is matured, immediately he sends the SICKLE, Because the HARVEST is ready."

30 And he said, to To what may we compare the KINGDOM of GOD? or \* by What Parable m\_y we illustrate it

31 It resembles a Grain of Mustard, which when sown on the EARTH Pis the meast of All Thorn EARTH:

32 but when it is sown, if grows up, and becomes greater than All other HERBS, and produces great BRANCHES; so that the BIRDS of HEAVEN can build their nests under the SHADOW of it."

33 ‡ And with many Such Parables he spoke the word to them, even as they were able to understand.

34 \*And without a Parable he did not address them; but privately he explained all things to his own Disciples.

35 ‡ And on That DAY, Evening having come, he says to them, "Let us pass over to the OTHER SIDE."

ωs 36 And having left the CRC WD, they took him as

Vertican Manuscrite. 28. For omit.

<sup>90.</sup> in What Comparison shall we place

<sup>† 81.</sup> See Note on Matt. xiii. 89.

\*[ και ] αλλα δε πλοια ην he was in the BOAT. And ην εν τω πλοιω. he was in the ship; other and ships was also μετ' αυτον. <sup>37</sup> Και γινεται λαιλαψ ανεμου μεγα-with him. And arose asquall of wind great; λη τα δε κυματα επεβαλλεν εις το πλοιον, into the ship, the and waves dashed 38 Και ην αυτος εν ώστε αυτο ηδη γεμιζεσθαι. it now to fill. And was πη πρυμνη, επι το προσκεφαλαιον καθευδων on the stern, pillow sleeping; και διεγειρουσιν αυτον, και λεγουσιν αυτφ. they awoke him, and they said to him; , ov μελει σοι, ότι απολλυμεθα; not it concerns shee, that we perish? Διδασκαλε, ου O teacher, 39 Και διεγερθεις επετιμησε τφ ανεμφ, και ειπε

And having arisen he rebuked the wind, and τη θαλασση Σιωπα, πεφιμωσο. Και εκοπασεν to the sea; ~ silent, be still. And ceased 40 Kai δ ανεμος, και εγενετο γωληνη μεγαλη. the wind and was a calm great. And ειπεν αυτοις. Τι δειλυι εστε ούτω; to them; Why timi. arc you [80?] 41 Και εφοβηθησαν φοβον OUR EXETE TISTIV; not you have faith Ass hey feared μεγαν, και ελεγον προς αλληλους·
great, and said to on another; Tis apa Who then ούτος εστιν, ότι και ο πρεμος και ή θαλασσα wind even the and the ύπακουσιν αυτω. to Lim.

## KEΦ. ♂ 8.

½ Και ηλθον εις το περαν της θαλασσης, εις And they came to the other side of the sea, into ? Και εξελθοντι the country of a Galorenee And having come ευτάρ εκ του πλ ιου, \*[ το s ] απηντησεν αυπάρ ω sim out of the ship, [ [ immodia ...ly] met him εκ των μνημειων ανθραπος εν πνευματι ακαθαρout of the tombs a mat, in unclean, spirit τω, 3 δ. την κατοικησιν ειχεν εν τοις μνημασι. Lad in the who the dweiling tombs και ουτε άλυσεσιν ουδεις ηδυνατο αυτον δησαι, to bind, and not even with chains no one was able him δια το αυτον πολλακις πεδαις και άλυσεσι for the many time. with fetters and chains ύπ' δεδεσθαι, διεσπασθαι KOLL autou Tas to have been bound, and to have been burst by him αλυσεις, και τας πεδας συντετριφθαι και ουδεις chains, and the fetters to have been broken; and no one

Other Boats were with him.

37 And there arose a great Gale of Wind, and the WAVES dashed into the BOAT, so that \* the BOAT was now full.

38 And he was in the STERN, asleep on the PIL-Low; and they awoke him, and said to him. "Teacher. does it not concern thee That we perish?"

39 And arising, he rebuked the WIND, and said to the SEA, "Be silent! be still!" And the WIND ceased, and there was a great

Calm.

40 And he said to them. "Why are you afraid? How distrustful you are!"

41 And they were exceedingly afraid, and said to one another, "Who then is this, That even the WIND and the SEA obey him?"

#### CHAPTER V.

1 # And they came to the other side of the LAKE. into the REGION of the \* GERASENES.

2 And having come out of the BOAT, ther, met him out of the † MONU-MENTS, a Man with an impure Spirit,

3 who had his HABITA-TION in the TOMBS; and no one could bind \*him any longer with Chains;

4 for many times he had been BOUND with Fetters and Chains, and CHAINS had been wrenched off by him, and the FETTERS broken; and no

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 36. also-omit. GEBASENES. 2. immediately-omit.

<sup>37.</sup> the BOAT was. 3. him any longer with.

<sup>40.</sup> so-omit,

<sup>† 2.</sup> The sepulchres of the Jews were formerly amongst rocks, mountains, and other unfrequented places, in order that there might be as little danger as possible of that pollution which touching any thing dead produced. They were often as large as commodious room, and are now often resorted to as places of shelter for the night. Sometimes the wandering Arabs, during the winter season, take up their permanentabode in them. It appears that at a very early period, some of these tombs were used for suc ha purpose; as Isaiah speaks of some. "who remain among the graves, and lodge in the monuments," chap. L.v. 4. Burchlardt reports, that he found many sepulchres in the rocks, at Um Keis. (supposed to be the ancient Gadara,) showing how a turally the conditions of this narrative could have been suffilled in that reason. fulfilled in that region.

Chap. 5: 5.1 MARK. αυτον ισχυε δαμασαι. 5 και διαπαντος, νυκτος one was able to subdue him was able to tame; and always, night him. και ήμερας, εν τοις μνημασι και εν τοις ορεσιν day, in the tombs and in the mountains ην κραζων, και κατακοπτων ξαυτον λιθοις. he was crying out, and cutting himself with stones, 6 Ιδων δε τον Ιησουν απο μακροθεν, εδραμε, και Seeing and the Jesus from a distance, he ran, and προσεκυνησεν αυτω. 7 και κραξας φωνη μεγαλη, prostrated to bim; and crying out with a voice great, ειπε, τι εμοι και σοι, Ιησου, υίε του θεου του said, what to me and to thee, Jesus, O son of the God of the ύψιστου; δρκιζω σε τον θεον, μη με βασανιhighest? I will adjure thee the God, not me thou mayst της. 8 (Ελεγε γαρ αυτω. Εξελθε το πνευμα το torment (He had said for to him; Come out the spirit the ακαθαρτον εκ τον ανθρωπου.) <sup>9</sup> Και επηρωτα unclean out of the man.) αυτον Τι σοι ονομα; και λεγει αυτφ. Λεγεων him: What thy name? and besays to him; Legion ονομα μοι δτι πολλοι εσμεν. <sup>10</sup> Και παρεκαλει name to me; for many we are. And he besought αυτον πολλα, ίνα μη αυτους αποστειλη εξω him many times, that not them he would send της χωρας. 11 Ην δε εκει προς τω ορει αγελη of the country. Was and there near to the mountain a herd χοιρων μεγαλη βοσκομενη. 12 Και παρεκαλεσαν of swine great feeding. And αυτον οί δαιμονες, λεγοντες. Πεμψον ήμας εις him the demons, saying; Dismiss us into τους χοιρους, ίνα εις αυτους εισελθωμεν. 13 Και swine, that into them we may go. επετρεψεν αυτοις ευθεως δ Ιησους. Και εξελgave leave to them immediately the Jesus. θοντα τα πνευματα τα ακαθαρτα εισηλθον εις come out the spirits the unclean entered apto Tous χοιρους· και ώρμησεν ή αγελη κατα του the swine; and rushed the herd down the κρημνου εις την θαλασσαν. \* [ησαν δε ώς δισ-[they were and about two precipice into the sea; 14 Oi χιλιοι και επνιγοντο εν τη θαλασση. thousand; and were choked in the sea. δε βοσκοντες αυτους εφυγον, και απηγγειλαν fled, feeding them and reported εις την πολιν, και εις τους αγρους. Και εξηλto the city, and to the villages. And they came 15 Και ερχονται θον ιδειν, τι εστι το γεγονος. out to see, what is that having been done. And they come προς τον Ιησουν, και θεωρουσι τον δαιμονιζομεto the Jesus, and they behold the being demonized

νον καθημενον \*[και] ίματισμενον, και σωφρο-sitting [and] having been clothed, and being of εσχηκοτα τον λεγεωνα και νουντα, τον sane mind, the having been possessed by the legion; and

εφοβηθησαν. 16 Και διηγησαντο αυτοις οί ιδονthey were atraid. And related

5 And he was always, Night and Day, in the SEPULCHEES and in the MOUNTAINS, crying out, and cutting himself with Stones.

6 And seeing Jesus at a distance, he ran and

prostrated to him.

7 and crying out with a loud Voice, \* said, "What hast thou to do with me. Jesus,-O Son of Godthe HIGHEST? I implore thee-God,-torment Me not."

8 (For he had said to him, "IMPURE SPIRIT, Come out of the MAN.")

9 And he asked him, "What is thy Name?" And he says to him, "My Name is Legion; For we are Many."

10 And he earnestly entreated him, that he would not send them out of the

COUNTRY.

11 Now there was by the MOUNTAIN, a great Herd of Swine feeding.

12 And \*the DEMONS besought him, saying, "Dismiss us to the SWINE, that we may go into them.

13 And \* be gave them leave. And the IMPURE SPIRITS having come out went into the SWINE; and the HERD rushed down the PRECIPICE into the LAKE, and were drowned in the LAKE.

14 Then the SWINE-HERDS fled, and reported it in the CITY, and in the villages. And they came out to see what THAT was which had been DONE.

15 And they came to JESUS, and beheld the DE-MONIAC, HIM HAVING HAD the LEGION, sitting down, clothed, and in his right mind; and they were afraid.

16 And THOSE SEEING to them those baving | it, related to them what

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—7. says. 12. they be so ve. 13. and they were about Two Thousand—emit. 12. they besought. 13. he gave them

<sup>† 13.</sup> See Note on Matt. viii. 32.

τος, πως εγενετο τω δαιμονίζομενω, και περι seen, how it happened to the one being demonized, and about των χοιρων. <sup>17</sup> Και ηρξαντο παρακαλειν αυτον the swine. And they began to entreat him απελθειν απο των όριων αυτων. <sup>18</sup> Και εμβαντο depart from the coasts of them. And entering τος αυτου εις το πλοιον, παρεκαλει αυτον ό of him into the ship, besought him he had a surrour start of the ship.

τος αυτου εις το πλοιον, παρεκαλει αυτον ο of him into the ship, besought him he δαιμονισθεις, ίνα η μετ' αυτου. 19 Και having been demonized, that he might be with him. And ουκ αφηκεν αυτον, αλλα λεγει αυτφ' τπαγε not he suffered him, but he says to him; Go εις τον οικον σου προς τους σους, και αναγγει-into the house of thee to the friends, and relate λον αυτοις, όσα σοι ό κυριος πεποιηκε, και to them, how much to thee the Lord has done, and

to them, how much to thee the Lord has done, and  $\eta\lambda\epsilon\eta\sigma\epsilon$   $\sigma\epsilon$ . We call  $\alpha\pi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon$ , kall  $\eta\rho\xi\alpha\tau$ 0 k $\eta\rho\nu\sigma$ -has pitted thee. And he went, and began to publish in the Decapolis, how much had done to him the  $I\eta\sigma\sigma\nu$ 5 kall  $\pi\sigma\nu\tau\epsilon$ 6 e $\theta\sigma\nu\lambda\alpha(\sigma\nu$ 6.

Jesus; and all were astonished.

21 Και διαπετρασαντος του Ίησου εν τφ πλοιφ And having passed over the Jesus in the ship παλιν εις το περαν, συνηχθη οχλος πολυς επ again to the other side, were gathered a crowd great to αυτον και ην παρα την θαλασσαν. 22 Και him, and he was by the sea. And 2 [ιδου,] ερχεται είς των αρχισυναγωγων, ονο-comes one of the synagogue-rulers, by

ματι Ιαειρος και ιδων αυτον, πιπτει προς τους name Jairus; and seeing him, he fell to the

ποδας αυτου,  $^{23}$  και περεκαλει αυτου πολλα, feet of him, and besought him much, λεγων  $^{\circ}$ Οτι το θυγατριου μου εσχατως εχει saying; That the little-daughter of me last end is;

ίνα ελθων επιθης αυτη τας χειρας, δπως that coming thou mayest put to her the hands, so that  $\sigma\omega\theta\eta$  και ζησεται.  $^{24}$  Και απηλθε μετ

she may be saved; and she shall live. And he went with auτου και ηκολουθει αυτω οχλος πολυς, και him; and followed him acrowd great, and

him; and followed him acrowd great, and συνεθλιβον αυτον. 25 Και γυνη \*[τις] ουσα pressed on him. And awoman [certain] being

pressed on him.

εν βυσει αίματος ετη δωδεκα, <sup>26</sup>και πολλα in a flow of blood years twelve, and many things

παθουπα ύπο πολλων ιατρων, και δαπανησασα having suffered under many physicians, and baving apent

τα παρ' αυτης παντα, και μηδεν ωφεληthe things of her all, and nothing having been  $\theta \epsilon \iota \sigma \alpha$ , αλλα μαλλον  $\epsilon \iota s$  το  $\chi \epsilon \iota \rho o v$  ελθουσα,
henefited, but rather into the worse state having come,

27 ακουσασα περι του Ιησου, ελθουσα εν τφ having heard about the Jesus, having come in the

had happened to the DEMO-NIAC, and concerning the SWINE.

17 ‡ And they began to entreat him to depart from

their BORDERS.

18 And he having entered the BOAT, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{HE}\text{ who had been a DEMONIAC, entreated him that he might be with him;}

19 And yet he did not permit him, but says to him, "Go HOME to thy FRIENDS, and tell them how much the LORD has done for thee, and has had pity on thee."

20 And he went away, and began to proclaim in Decapolis, how much Jesus had done for him; and

all were astonished.
21 \$ And JESUS having again passed over in \*a Boat to the OTHER SIDE, a great Crowd gathered to him, and he was by the LAKE.

22 \$ And one of the syn-AGOGUE-RULERS, named Jairus, came, and seeing him, he fell at his feet,

23 and earnestly entreated him, saying, "My LITLE DAUGHTER is at the point of death; come, and put thy HANDS on her that she may be restored, and she will live."

24 And he went with him, and a great Crowd followed him, and pressed on him.

25 And a Woman, ‡ having had a Hemorrhage for twelve Years,

26 and having suffered much under Many Physicians, and having expended ALL her property, and not being benefited, but had rather become worse,

27 having heard \*the things concerning Jesus, came in the CROWD be.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—21. a Boat—omit 27. the things concerning Jesus.

<sup>22</sup> lo-omit. 25. certain-omit.

<sup>: 17.</sup> Matt. viii. 34; Acts xvi. 39 : 18. Luke viii. 38 : 21. Matt. ix 1; Luke viii. 40. : 22. Matt. ix. 18; Luke viii. 41. : 25. Lev. xv. 25; Matt. ix. 20.

οχλφ οπισθεν, ήψατο του ίματιου αυτου. crowd behind, touched the mantle of him. 28 Ελεγε γαρ. Ότι καν των ίματιων αυτου She said for; That even if the ofhim clothes 29 Και ευθεως εξηρανθη άψωμαι, σωθησομαι.) I may touch, I shall be saved.) And immediately was dried up ή πηγη του αίματος autns. και εγνω τω of her; the source of the blood knew to the and σωματι, δτι ιαται απο της μαστιγος... 30 Και that was saved from the scourge. And δ Ιησους επιγνους εν έαυτω την εξ knowing in himself the out of immediately the Jesus αύτου δυναμιν εξελθουσαν, επιστραφεις εν τω having gone out, having turned round in the 0χλφ, ελεγε Τις μου ήψατο των ξματιων; soid; Who of me touched the crowd, clothes ? 31 Και ελεγον αυτφ οί μαθηται αυτου· Βλεπεις

And said to him the disciples of him; Thou seest  $\tau o \nu o \chi \lambda o \nu \sigma \upsilon \nu \theta \lambda \iota \beta o \nu \tau \alpha \sigma \epsilon^* \kappa \alpha \iota \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota s^* T is \mu o \nu$  the crowd pressing on thee; and sayest thou; Who me  $\dot{\eta} \psi \alpha \tau o$ ;  $\dot{\eta} v \dot{\eta} v \dot{\tau} c \dot{$ 

οι σα, είδυια ό γενονεν επ' αυτη, ηλθε και bling, having known what was done on her, came and

αληθείαν.  $\frac{34}{10}$  δε είπεν αυτη  $\frac{1}{10}$  Daughter, the mistric σου σεσωκε σε  $\frac{1}{10}$  ὑπαγε είς είρηνην, και faith of thee has saved thee; go in peace, and  $\frac{1}{10}$  ὑγιης απο της μαστίγος σου.  $\frac{35}{10}$  Ετι αυτου

b. thou well from the scourge of thee. While of him

3.α?.ουντος, ερχονται απο του αρχισυναγωγου,
speaking, they came from the synagogue-ruler's,

λεγοντες· Οτι  $\mathring{\eta}$  θυγατηρ σου απεθανε· τι saying; That the daughter of thee io dead; why ετι σκυλλεις τον διδασκαλον;  $\overset{36}{\circ}$  Ο δε Ιησους et troubleatthou the teacher? The but Jesuc

ευθέως, ακουσας τον λογον λαλουμένου, λεγει immediately having heard the word being zpoken, says τ $\varphi$  αρχισυναγωγ $\varphi$ \* Μη φοβου, μονον πιστευε, to the synagogue-ruler: Not fear, only believe thou,

ται ουκ αφηκεν ουδενα αυτφ συνακολουθησαι,

ει μη Πετρον, και Ιακαβον, και Ιωαννην τον Peter, except and James, and John She 38 Και ερχεται εις τον οικον **2**δελφον Ιακωβου. brother he comes into the house And του αρχισυναγωγου, και θεωρει θορυβον, και synagogue-ruler, and he sees a tumult, 39 Kai κλαιοντας και αλαλα(οντας πολλα. and . . weeping wailing much. And

hind, and touched his MANTLE.

28 For she said, "If I can but touch his GAR-MENTS, I shall be cured."

29 And immediately her FLOW of BLOOD was dried up; and she felt in her Body That she was cured of that SCOURGE.

30 And immediately, JESUS knowing in himself the FOWER proceeding from him, having turned round in the CROWD, said, "Who touched My GARMENTS?"

31 And his DISCIPLES said to him, "Thou seest the CROWD pressing on thee, and dost thou say, 'Who touched Me?'"

32 And he was looking round to see HER who had

DONE this.

33 Then the woman, being conscious of what was wrought upon her, fearing and trembling, came and fell down before hin, and told him All the TRUTH.

34 And HE said to her; ‡ "Daughter, thy FAITH has cured thee; go in peace, and be entirely free from thy DISEASE."

35 While he was still speaking, some came from the SYNAGOGUE-RULER'S house, who said, "Thy DAUGHTER is dead; why trouble the TEACHER?"

36 \*But Jesus, having heard the word that was spoken, immediately said to the SYNAGOGUE-RULER, "Fear not, only believe."

37 And he permitted no one to accompany \*him, except Peter, and James, and John the BROTHER of James.

38 And \*they come to the HOUSE of the SYNA-GOGUE-RULER, and he sees the Confusion, and much weeping and lamenting.

sat 39 And having entered, he says to them, "Why do

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—36. But Jesus, neglecting to hear the word which was apo ken, says. 37. with him. 38. they come to.

<sup>1 30.</sup> Luke vi. 19; viii. 46. 1 34. Matt. ix. 22; Mark x. 52; Acts xiv. 2

«λαιετε: το παιδιον ουκ απεθανεν, άλλα καθευδει. do you weep? the \_child not is dead. but 40 Και κατεγελων αυτου. 'Ο δε, εκβαλων παντας, And they derided him. He but, having sent out all, παραλαμβανει τον πατερα του παιδιου, και την the father of the child, μητερα, και τους μετ' αυτου, και εισπορευεται, and those with him, and όπου ην το παιδιον. 41 Και κρατησας της χειρος where was the child. And having grasped the του παιδίου, λεγει αυτη. Ταλιθα, κουμι δ εστι of the child he says to her: Talitha, cumi; which is Το κορασιον, μεθεραηνευομενον. σοι λεγω, to thee I say. The being translated; girl, 42 Και ευθεως ανεστη το κορασιον, και eyelpe. girl, ATING. And immediately arose the · and περιεπατει ην γαρ ετων δωδεκα.
walked about; she was for years twelve. Kai elea-And they were εκστασει μεγαλη. 3 Και διεστειλατο astonished with an astonishment great. And aurois πολλα, ika μηδεις γνω τουτο TOUTO' KOL

## KEQ. s'. 6.

ειπε δοθηναι αυτη φαγείν.

spake to havegiven to her \_ to eat.

Και εξηλθεν εκειθεν, και ηλθεν εις την πατcame into the country And he went out thence, and ριδα αυτου και ακολουθουσιν αυτω οί μαθηται follow him the of himself; and disciples αυτου 2 Και γενομενου σαββατου, ηρξατο εν And being come sabbath, τη συναγωγηδιδασκειν. Και πολλοι ακουοντες And many the synagogue to teach. εξεπλησσοντο, λεγοντες. Ποθεν τουτώ ταυτα; aaying ; Whence to this these things? were astonished, και τις ή σοφια ή δοθεισα αυτω; και δυναμεις and what the wisdom that being given to him? and miracles τοιαυται δια των χειρω αυτου γινονται. <sup>3</sup> Ουχ ουτος εστιν δ τεκτων, δ vios Mapias, the carpenter, the son of Mary, Not this αδελφος δε Ιακωβου, και Ιωση, και Ιουδα, και and Joses, and and of James, Juda, brother and

you weep and make confusion? the CHILD is nut dead, but I sleeps."

40 And they derided him. But putting t them all out, " he takes the FA-THER and the MOTHER of the CHILD, and THOSE with him, and goes in where the CHILD was.

41 And having grasped the HAND of the CHILD. he says to her, "Talithacumi, which, being trans-lated, signifies, Young MAIDEN, I say to thee, arise."-

42 And immediately the YOUNG MAIDEN arose and walked about, for she was twelve years old. And they were exceedingly astonished. \* \*\*\*\*

43 And the strictly charged them that no one should know this thing: and directed to give her food.

#### CHAPTER VI.

1 And the departed thence, and \* comes into his own country; and his DISCIPLES follow him.

2 And the Sabbath having come, he began to teach in the SYNAGOGUE, and \* MANY hearing, were astonished, and said, ?" Whence has this man. these things? and What is THAT WISDOM which 19 imparted \* to him? and how are such MIRACLES performed through his HANDS?

3 Is not this the CAR-PENTER? the son of \* MARY, and 1 Brother of James, and Joses, and Ju-

<sup>1.</sup> comes into. . VATICAR MANUSCRIPT .- 40. De takes. 2. MANT. 3. MARY, and Brother of. him? and such MIRACLES.

<sup>† 40</sup> The persons or crowd here spoken of, were probably a set of people usually hired on these occasions to attend the funeral, and follow the procession with their lamentations. This custom prevailed East. These are the mouraing women mentioned by Jeremiah, chapter \$x.17-21; and by Amos, chapter v 16. They were called Prafice by the Romans, because they presided over, and began, the funeral dirge. But menseen to have attended amongs them, as well as women. Dr. Shaw mentions this custom to be still continued in the East; them, as well as women. Dr. Shaw mentions this custom to be still continued in the East; and observes, that the women employed on these occasions, perform their parts with such proper sounds, gestures, and motions, that they rarely fail to work up the assembly to an extraordinary pitch of thoughtfulness and sorrow.—Wakefield.

2. 30. John xi. 11.

2. 40. Acts ix. 40.

3. Mark iii. 12; Luke v 14.

3. Matt. xii. 40, Gat. 1. 10.

<sup>. 1 2.</sup> John vi. 42.

Σιμωνος; και ουκ εισιν αί αδελφαι αυτου ώδε and not are the sisters of him bere Και εσκανδαλιζοντο, εν αυτφ. moos nuas; 980 they were stumbled in WIEN And 4 Ελέγε δε αυτοις ὁ Ιησους· 'Οτι ουκ εστι προ-Said but to them the Jesus; That not is a proφητης ατιμος, ει μη εν τη πατριδι αύτου, phet without honor, except in the country of himself, και εν τη οικια αύτου. and among the relatives, and in the house of himself. δ Και ουκ ηδυνατο εκει ουδεμιαν δυναμιν ποιη-And not was able there no one miracle ισαι, ει μη ολιγοις αρφωστοις επιθεις τας χειρας, do, except a few sick baving put on the εθεραπευσε. 6 Και εθαυμαζε δια την απιστιαν

And he wondered because of the unbelief were cured. BUTWY.

of them.

Και περιηγε τας κωμας κυκλω, διδασκών. And hewent round the villages round about, teaching. 7 Και προσκαλευται τους δωδεκα, κα ηρέατο And he callo the welve, and he began αυτους αποστελλειν δυο δυο και εδιδου αυτοις 'two two; and he gave to them to send εξουσιαν των πνευματως των ακαθαρτων, θ και authority of the spirits of the unclean, and παρηγγείλεν αυτοις, ενα μηδεν αιρωσιν εις he charged them, that nothing they should take for δδον, ει μη βαβδον μονον. μη πηραν, μη αρτον, μη είξ την (ωνην χαλκον - aλλ' υποδεδεμενους so into the belt copper money: but having been abod σανδαλία κοι μη ενδυσησθε δυο χιτωνας. 10 Kai sandals. and not you may put on two coats. And ελεγεν αυτοις Όπου εαν εισελθητε εις οικίαν, be said to them; Where if you may enter into a house, enei μενετε έως αν εξελθητε εκείθεν. 11 Kai Chere remain till you may go away from thence. όσοι αν μη δεξωνται ύμας, μηδε ακουσωσιν ύμων, whoover not may receive you, nor hear you, εκπορευομενοι εκειθεν, εκτιναζατε τον χουν τον going awa" from thence, shake out the dust "that ύποκατω των ποδων ύμων, εις μαρτυριον αυτοις.
under the fest of you, for witness to them.

12 Και εξελθοντες εκπρυσσον, iνα μιτανοησωσι'
And having gone out they published, that they should reform; 13 και δαιμονια πολλα εξεβαλλον, και ηλειφον and demons many they cast out, and anoinsed ελαιφ πυλλους αρβωστους, και εθεραπευον.

sick ones, and they were cured. with oil many 14 Kai nkouver & Bavileus Howons, (parepor

γαρ εγενετο το ονομα αυτου,) και ελεγεν . Οτι of him.) and bessid; That and become well-known,

das, and Simon? and are not his sistens here with us? And they were perplexed with him.

4 But JESUS said to them, 1"A Prophet is not without honor, except in his own country, and among his BELATIVES. and in his own FAMILY"

5 I And he was unwilling to do any MIRACLES there, except a Few Sick persons he cured by lay ing his HANDS on them.

6 And he was surprised on account of their UN-BELIEP. \$ And he went round the VILLAGES teach-

1 And he called the TWELVE, and sent Them forth in pairs; and gave them Authority over the IMPURE SPIRITS:

8 and he charged them. that they should take Nothing for the Journey, except a single Staff; \*no Bread, no Traveling Bag, no Copper in the GIRDLE;

9 but to wear SANDALS, and not put on Two Coats. 10 And he said to them, "Whatever house you enter, there remain, till you

leave the place. 4 > 11 And whatever Place will not receive you, nor thence, it is the conting thence, it is the conting to the continue to the con

12 And having gono forth, they proclaimed that men should reform.

13 And they expelled many Demons, and Innointed many sick persons with Oil, and cured them.

14 ‡ And Herod the KING heard, (for JESUS

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—8. no Bread, no traveling Bag. will not.

<sup>11.</sup> whatever Placo

<sup>† 11.</sup> An emblematical action, signifying a renunciation of all further concern with them. It was very usual among the people of the East to express their intentions by cxternal signs. Many singular examples of this species of language occur both in Old and New Testaments. See I Kings xi. 29; xxii, 11; 2 Kings xiii, 13.

I B Biatt.

Ιωαννης δ βαπτιζων εκ νεκρων ηγερθη, και
John lee baptizing out of dead has been raised, and Kal τουτο ενεργουσιν αί δυναμεις εν αυτω. through this work the mighty powers in 15 Αλλοι ελεγον. 'Οτι Ηλιας εστιν' Αλλοι δε Others said: That Elias he is; Others and 'Οτι προφητης εστιν, ως είς των προ-That a prophet he is, like one of the proελεγον. pro-16 Ακουσας δε δ Ηρωδης, ειπεν 'Οτι φητων. Having heard but the Herod, said; That phets. όν εγω απεκεφαλισα Ιωαννην, ούτος ηγερθη whom I beheaded John, he in raised 17 Αυτος γαρ δ Ήρωδης αποσ-Himself for the Herod send-\*[εκ νεκρων.] [ from dead.] τειλας εκρατησε τον Ιωαννην, και εδησεν αυτον seized :he John, and bound him εν φυλακη, δια 'Ηρωδιαδα, την γυναικα Φιλιπ-Herodias, prison, through th: wife of Philip που του αδελφου αύτου, ότι αυτην εγαμησεν.
of the brother of himself, for her he had married. 18 Ελεγε γαρ ὁ Ιωαννης τω 'Ηρωδη· 'Οτι ουκ εξ-Said for the John to the Herod; That not it is εστι σοι εχειν την γυναικα του αδελφου σου. lawful to thee to have the wife of the brother of thee. 19 'Η δε 'Ηρωδιας ενειχεν αυτω και ηθελεν The and Herodias had a grudge against him and wished 20 'Ο γαρ αυτον αποκτειναι και ουκ ηδυνατο. The for and not was able. to destroy; "Ηρωδης εφοβειτο τον Ιωαννην, είδως αυτον αν-Herod (cared the John, knowing him a δρα δικαιον και άγιον· και συνετηρει αυτον· και him; and holy; and protected ακουσας αυτου, πολλα εποιει, και ήδεως αυτου him

him, many things he did, and gladly hearing 21 Και γενομένης ήμερας ευκαιρου, ότε nkove. having come he heard. And a day convenient, when Ήρωδης τοις γενεσιοις αύτου δειπνον εποιει to the birthday of himself Herod a feast he made τοις μεγιστασιν αύτου, και τοις χιλιαρχοις, και of himself, and to the commanders, to the nobles τοις πρωτοις της Γαλιλαίας 22 και εισελθουσης to the chiefs of the Galilee; and having entered της θυγατρος αυτης της 'Ηρωδιαδος, και ορχη-Herodias, and of the daughter of her of the dancσαμένης, και αρέσασης τφ Ήρωδη και τοις and having pleased the Herod and those συνανακειμενοις, ε.πεν ο βασιλευς τφ κορασιω. said the reclining at table, king to the little girl;

Aitησον με, δ εαν θελης, και δωσω σοι.

Ask me, whatever thou wilt, and I will give to thee.

3 Και ωνοσεν αυτη 'Οτι δ εαν με αιτησης,

And he swore to her; That whatever me thou mayst ask,

δωσω σοι. δως διμσονς της βασιλείας μου.

δωσω σοι, έως ημισους της βασιλειας μου. I will give to thee, till half of the kingdom of me.

IMMERSER \* has isen from the Dead, and therefore MIRACLES are performed by him."

15 Others saio, "He is Elijah;" and others said. "He is a Prophe', like on of the PROPHETS."

16 ‡ But HEROD having heard, said, "That John, whom I beheaded; he is raised."

17 For HERCO himself had sent and seized John, and bound him in Prison, on account of Herodias, the WIFE of Philip his BROTHER; for he nad married Her.

18 For John had said to Herod, ‡"it is not lawful for thee to have thy BROTHER'S WIFE."

19 Therefore ERODIAS was incensed against him, and wished to kill him, and could not.

20 For Hero. ‡feared John, knowing that he was a just and holy Man; and protected him; and having heard him, he \*did many things, and heard Him gladly.

21 And a convenient Day having come, when Herod, on his BIRTH-DAY, made a Feast for his NO-BLES, and for the COM-MANDERS and CHIEF men of GALILFE;

22 \*the DAUGHTER of this HERODIAS having entered, and danced, \*she pleased HEROD and the GUESTS, \* and the KING said to the GIRL, "Ask me whatever thou wilt, and I will give it to thee."

23 And he swore to her, "Whatever thou mayst ask Me, I will give to tnee, even to the Half of my KINGDOM."

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—14. has arisen. 16. from the dead—omit. 20. was 22. his daughter Herodias. 22. she pleased. 22. she pleased.

<sup>† 21.</sup> The custom of celebrating stated solemnities, and the anniversary of the birth-day in particular, was very general in the East, and might be transferred from them to the Greeks and Romans. The solemnization of the birth-day by a festival is frequently mentioned, or alluded to, in ancient authors.—Wakefield.

24 H δε εξελθουσα, ειπε τη μητρι αύτης· Τι The and going out, said to the mother of herself; What αιτησομαι; 'Η δε ειπε' Την κεφαλην Ιωαννου She and said; The shall I ask? head of John Και εισελθουσα ευθεως μετα σου Βαπτιστου. coming in immediately with And σπουδης προς τον βασιλεα, ητησατο, λεγουσα. the she asked. saying; to king, 8605 Θελω iva μοι εξαυτης επι πινακι την I will that to me thou would st give instantly on a plate the κεφαλην Ιωαννόου του βαπτιστου. 26 Και περιof John the dipper. AGLA And λυπος γενομενος δ βασιλευς, δια τους όρκους sorry having become the king, because of the eaths και τους συνανακειμένους ουκ ηθελησέν αυτην not and those reclining at table he would 27 Και ευθεως αποστειλας δ βασιλaletnoai. reject. And immediately sending the ευς σπεκουλατωρα, επεταξεν ενεχθηναι την a guardsman, he ordered το σεκεφαλισεν απτου. Ο δε απελθων απεκεφαλισεν κεφαλην αυτου. head of him. He and going forth cut off the head of αυτον εν τη φυλακη. <sup>23</sup>και ηνεγκε την κεφαλην him in the prison; and brought the head αυτου επ. πινακι, και εδωκεν αυτην τω κορασιω. of him on a plate, and gave her to the little girl; και το κορασιον εδωκεν αυτην τη μητρι αύτης. and the little girl gave her to the mother of herself. <sup>29</sup> Και ακουσαντες οἱ μαθηται αυτου, ηλθον, και And having heard the disciples of him, came, ηραν το πτωμα αυτου, και εθηκαν αυτο εν μνηtook the dead body of him, and placed it Š.M. MELIO. tomb.

36 Kai συναγονται οί αποστολοι προς τον and related to him all And were assembled the apostles to Ίησουν, και απηγγειλαν αυτφ παντα, και δσα had done, and what they reported to him all, and what had taught. Rud εποιησαν, και ότα εδιδαξαν. 31 Kat ειπεν αυτοις 31 And he \*said to them, they did, and what they tought. And he said to them; ‡ "Come nou, retire by Δευτε ύμεις αυτοι κατ' ιδιαν εις ερημον τοπον, yourselves into a Desert Come you yourselves privately into a desert place, Place, and rest a little;" και αναπαυεσθε ολίγον. Ησαν γαρ οί ερχομενοι to many were THOSE and restyon a little; Were for those coming who were coming and GO-

24 And SHE going out, said to her MOTHER, "What shall I ask?" And she said. "The HEAD of John the IMMERSER."

25 And coming in immediately with Haste to the KING, she asked, saying "I desire that thou wouldst give me instantly, on a Platter, the HEAD of John the IMMERSER."

26 ‡ And the KING, being extremely sorry on account of the OATHS and the GUESTS, would not refuse her.

27 And the KING, immediately sending one of this Guards, ordered his HEAD to be brought. And HE having gone forth beheaded him in the PRISON;

28 † and brought his HEAD on a Platter, and gave it to the GIRL; and the GIRL gave it to her MOTHER.

29 And his disciples having heard, came and carried off the DEAD-BODY, and placed it in a Tomb.

30 \$ And the APOSTLES were assembled to Jesus, the things, both what they

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31. SAVE.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—31. says.

† 27. The term, spekoulatoora from the Latin speculator, denotes one of the body-guards, you were so called, because their principal duty was that of sentinels. They had, however, other confidental duties, and among these, that of acting, like Turkish soldiers of the present lay, as executioners.

† 28. Note here, that very remarkable seems the providence of food, in avenging the death of this holy man upon Herod, Herodias, and her daughter. For 1st, As the war betwixt Herod and Arctas king of Petrea was caused by Herod's wicked contract with Herodias to reject the daughter of Arctas, his lawful wife, and to marry with Herodias, his brother Philip's wife; so Josephus declares that the Jews looked upon the putting John to death, as the cause of the miscarriage of Herod's army; "God being angry with him for the death of John the Baptist." 2dly, Herodias envying the glory of king Agrippa, who had that honour given him by Caus, prevailed with her husband to go to Rome and accuse Agrippa; whereupon Caus deprived Herod of his government, and her of her money; and gave them both to Agrippa, banishing Herod and Herodias to Lyons in France "which (says Josephus) was done in punishment of her envy, and of his readiness to hearken to her solicitations." And 3dly, of her daughter it is related, that she going over the ica in winter, the ice broke, and she slipped in to the head, which at last was severed from her body by the sharpness of the ice, God requiring her head for that of the Baptist's she desired; which, if true, was a wonderful providence.—Whitby. red; which, if true, was a wonderful providence.-Whitby.

και οί ὑπαγοντες πολλοι· και ουδε φαγειν ηυκαιland those going many, and not even to eat they had ρουν. Σ Και απηλθον εις ερημον τοπον τω leisure. And they went into a desert place to the and not even to eat they had pouv. πλοιφ κατ' ιδιαν. 33 Και ειδον αυτους ύπαγοντας. privately. And they saw them going away; και επεγνωσαν πολλοι και πεζη απο πασων knew many; and on foot from and knew many; and 34 Και εξελθων των πολεων συνεδραμον εκει. 34 Και εξελθων they ran together there. And coming out ειδεν πολυν οχλον, και εσπλαγχνισθη επ' he saw great a crowd, and was moved with pity towards αυτοις, ότι ησαν ώς προβατα, μη εχοντα ποιfor they were as sheep, not having και ηρξατο διδασκειν αυτους πολλα. shepherd; and he began to teach them many things. 35 Και ηδη ώρας πολλης γενομενης, προσελθυν-And already time much having gone, coming τες αυτφ οί μαθηται αυτου, λεγουσιν 'Οτι ερηto him the disciples of him, they say; That μος εστιν ό τοπος, και ηδη ώρα πολλη. 36 αποdesert is the place, and already time much: dismiss λυσον αυτους, ίνα απελθοντες εις τους κυκλφ going into the surrounding that them, αγρους και κωμας, αγορασωσιν έαυτοις αρτους. country and rillages, they may buy themselves loaves; τι γαρ φαγωσιν ουκ εχουσιν. <sup>37</sup> Ο δε αποκρι-He but answering any for they might eat not they have. θεις ειπεν αυτοις. Δοτε αυτοις ύμεις φαγειν. Give to them you said to them; Και λεγουσιν αυτφ. Απελθοντες αγορασωμεν And they say to him; Going may we buy δηναριων διακοσιων αρτους, και δωμεν αυτοις two hundred loaves, and give to them φαγειν; 38 °O δε λεγει αυτοις. Ποσους αρτους to eat? He but says to them: How many loaves to eat? εχετε; υπαγετε και ιδετε. Και γνοντεs, "How many Loaves have have you? go you and see you. And having ascertained, you? Go and see." And εγουσι Πεντε, και εχεγουσι Πεντε, και εχεγουσι Γίνε, and two εχεγουσι Από heoremap having ascertained, they they say: Five, and two εχεγουσι Από heoremap having ascertained, they ταξεν αυτοις ανακλιναι εχεγουρουσι Fishes." to make recline all, company 40 Kai aveσυνποσια, επι τω χλωρω χορτω. company, on the green grass. πεσον πρασιαι πρασιαι, ανα έκατον, και ανα by a hundred, squares squares, 41 Και λαβων τους πεντε αρτους πεντηκοντα. And taking the five loaves by fifty. και τους δυο ιχθυας, αναβλεψας εις τον ουρανον. looking up to the heaven, fishes. and the two ευλογησε, και κατεκλασε τους αρτους, και the loaves, and he gave praise, and broke παραθωσιν

και τους δυο ιχθυας εμερισε πασι. and the two Fishes he autois. fishes he divided to all. distributed to all. and the two

ING, and they had no lei

sure, not even to eat.
32 And they went away, by the BOAT, into a Descrit Place, I to be by them-

selves.

33 But they saw them departing, and many knew hem; and they ran together there on foot from All the CITIES.

34 ‡ And coming out, he saw a Great Crowd; and he deeply pitied them, Because they were like Sheep having no Shepherd; and the taught them many things.

35 \$ And much Time having already gone, his DISCIPLES coming to him, say, \* "The PLACE is a Desert, and now much Time has passed;

36 dismiss them, that they may go to the adjacent FARMS and Villages. and buy themselves \* what they should eat."

37 But HE answering said to them, " Pou supply them." And they say to him, "Should we go and for Two hundred Denarii buy Loaves, and give them to eat?"

38 And HE says to them,

39 And he commanded them to make all recline in And they Companies on the GREEN Grass.

> 40 And they lay down in Squares, by Hundreds and by Fifties.

41 And taking the FIVE Loaves and the Two Fishes, and looking towards HEAVEN, he praised God, and broke the LOAVES, and gave to \* the DISCIgave to the disciples of him, that they might set before PLES to set before them;

εδιδου τοις μαθηταις αύτου, ίνα

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 35. The PLACE is a Desert. 41. the DISCIPLES.

<sup>36.</sup> what they should eat

12 Kat εφαγον παντες, και εχορτασθησαν. And they are alla and 43 Και ηραν κλασματων δωδεκα κοφινους πλη-

And they took up of fragments twelve baskets full, 44 Και ησαν οί φαρεις, και απο των ιχθυων. of the And were those having fishes.

γοντες τους αρτους, πεντακισχιλιοι ανδρες.

the loaves. five thousand

45 Και ευθεως ημαγκασε τους μαθητας αύτου And immediately he urged the disciples of himself εμβηναι εις το πλοιον, και προαγειν εις το πεto step into the ship, and to go before to the other ραν προς Βηθσαιδαν, έως αυτος απολυση τον while he should dismiss the to Bethsaida, 46 Και αποταξαμένος αυτοις, απηλθέν οχλον. crowd. And having sent away he went them, 47 Και οψιας γενοεις το ορος προσευξασθαι. And evening having into the mountain to pray. μενης, ην το πλοιον εν μεσφ της θαλασσης come, was the ship in middle of the sea; 48 Kat Elder και αυτος μονος επί της γης. alone upon the land. he And he saw αυτους βασανιζομενους εν τφ ελαυνειν ην γαρ tormented in the rowing; was for δ ανένος εναντιος αυτοις. Και περι τεταρτην And about fourth opposite to them. the wind φυλακην της νυκτος ερχεται προς αυτους, περιwatch of the night comes towards them, walkπατων επι της θαλασσης και ηθελε παρελθειν and wished the sea; 49 Οί δε, ιδοντες αυτον περιπατουντα CUTOUS. They but, seeing him walking επι της θαλασσης, εδοξαν φαντασμα ειναι, και sea, they thought appeared είδου, και 50 Παντες γαρ αυτον είδου, και saw, and on the averpatar. they cried out. εταραχθησαν. Και ευθεως ελαλησε μετ' αυτων, were terrified. And immediately he spoke with them, και λεγει αυτοις Θαρσειτε εγω ειμι, μη φο-and says to them; Take courage; I am, not be βεισθε, 51 Και ανεβη προς αυτους εις το πλοιον afraid. And he went up to them into the boat: και εκοπασεν δ ανεμος. Και λιαν \* [εκ πεand ceased the wind. And greatly [out of mea-ρισσου] εν έαυτοις εξισταντο, \*[και εθαυμαζον.] sure] in themselves they were amared [and wondered.] fout of mea-Not for they understood about the loaves, was for the καρδια αυτων πεπωρωμενη.

And having passed over they came to the land Genνησαρετ· και προσωρμισθησαν. 54 Και εξελθονdrew to the shore. And coming out TWV CUTWY ER TOU TROID, EUBEWS ETITYPOYTES of them out of the ship, immediately knowing αυτον, 55 περιδραμοντες όλην την περιχωρον him, running about whole the adjacent country

42 And they all ate and were satisfied.

43 And they took up Twelve Baskets full of Fragments fof the Bread. and of the FISHES.

44 Now THOSE Who ATE of the LOAVES were Five

thousand Men.

45 † And immediately he constrained his DISCI-PLES to go into the BOAT. and precede him to the OTHER SIDE, towards Bethsaida, while he should send away the CROWD.

46 And having dismissed them, he retired to the MOUNTAIN to pray.

47 And Evening having come, the BOAT was in the Midst of the LAKE, and he was alone on the LAND.

48 And he saw them toiling at the OAR; for the WIND was against them; and about the † Fourth Watch of the NIGHT, he comes towards them walking on the LAKE, and wished to pass by them.

But seeing him walking on the LAKE, they thought it was an Apparition, and they cried out;

50 for they all saw him, and were terrified. And immediately he spoke with them, saying, "Take courage, it is I; be not afraid."

51 And he went up to them into the BOAT; and the WIND ceased; and they were exceedingly amazed in themselves.

52 For they understood not about the LOAVES: because their HEART was stupified.

53 And having passed over, they came to the LAND of Gennessaret, and put to the shore.

54 And coming out of the BOAT, immediately they recognized him,

55 and running through that Whole SURROUNDING

51 and wondered-omit.

heart of them having been stupified.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 51. out of measure-omit.

f 48. See Notes on Matt. xiv. 25, 26.

<sup>1 45.</sup> Matt. xiv. 22; John vi. 17.

<sup>\$ 52.</sup> Mark viii, 17, 18.

ηρξαντο επι τοις κραββατοις του: EKELVTU, they began 95 the couches those κακως έχοντας περιφερείν, όπου ηκουον, ό-ι sickness having to carry about. where they heard, that έ Και όπου αν ELTEROPEVETO ELS EKEL EGTI. into there he is. And wherever be entered κωμας, ή πολεις, ή aypous, EV Tais ayopais 60WBS, cities, OT in the markets er villages, τους ασθενουντας. Kas παρεκαλουν they placed thous being sick, and they besought αυτον, ίνα καν του κρασπεδου του ίματιου that if even the tuft of the manile και όσοι αν ήπτοντο αυτου. άψωνται QUTOU whoever of him they might touch; and ETW COUTO. were saved

# KED. (". 7.

Και συναγονται προς αυτον οί Φαρισαιοι, the Pharisees, were gathered o him αι τινες των γραμματεων, ελθοντες απο Ίεροand some of the reribes, having come from Jeru-2 και ιδ ντες τινας των μαθητων σολιμων socing SOME of the disciples autou κοινχις χερτι, τουτ' εστιν ανιπτοις, εftim with common hands, that is unwashed, εθιοντας αρτους (οί γαρ Φαρισαιοι και πανeating Ioaves, (the for Pharisees and all and τες οί Ιυδαιοι, εαν μη πυγμη νιψωνται τας if not with 'et they may wash the χειρας, ουκ εσθιουσι, κρωτουντές την παραδοσιν nolding they eat, the tradition not \*κα: απο αγορας,
and from a market, των πρεσβυτερων ear un if o. the βαπτισωνται, ουκ εσθιουσ: και αλλα πολλα and other many things they might dip. not they est; εστιν, α παρελαβον κρατειν, βαπτισμους ποτηis, which they received co hold, dippings ριων, και ξεστων, και χαλκιων, \*[και πλινων])
cups, and of pots, and of copper vessels. [and of couches.]) 5 επειτα επερωτωσιν αυτον οί Φαρισαιοι και οί then asked him the Pharisees and the γραμματεις Διατι οί μαθηται σου ου περιπα-Why the disciples of thee not τουσι κατα την παραδοσιν των πρεσβυτερ ον, according to the tradition of the elders, 6:0 αλλα κοιναις χερσιν εσθιουσι τον αρτον; but with common hands they eat the loat? He \*[δε αποκριθεις] ειπεν αυτοις. 'Οτι καλως προεsaid to them: That well pro-[but answering] φητευσεν Ήσαιας περι ύμων των ύποκριτων, ώς about you the hypocrites, Essins 88 "This the people with the lips me γεγραπται\* it is written:

REGION, carried about the SICK on COUCHES, to where they heard he was.

56 And wherever he entered, into rowns, or Cities, or Villages, they placed the SICK in the MARKETS, and implored him, that they might but touch the TUFT of his MANTLE; and as many as touched him were cared.

## CHAPTER VII.

- 1 ‡ And the PHARISEES, and some of the SCRIBES, having come from Jerusalem, resorted to him.
- 2 And observing some of his disciples eating BREAD with common, the is, with Unwashed Hands:
- 3 (for the Pharises, and All the Jews holding the Tradition of the Elders, eat not, unless they wash their hands with the Fist;
- 4 and coming from a Market, unless they \* mmerse themselves, they eat not. And many other things there are which they have received to mantain,—Immersions of Cups, and of Pots, and of Copper vessels;)
- 5 \* both the Pharisees and the scribes asked him, "Why do not thy discipler walk according to the TRADITION of the ELDERS, but eat BREAD with common Hands?"
- 6 Hes. dd to them, "Well dd Isaiah prophesy concerning you, HYPOCRITES, as it is written, 1 'This 'PEOPLE honor me with 'their LIPS, but their

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—4. besprinkle themselves, they eat not. couches—omit. 5. both the Pharisees. 6. but answering—omit.

<sup>† 3.</sup> The Pharisees, (says Josephus.) delivered many doctrines of the people as belonging to the law, which were handed down by the fathers, but not written in the law of Moses; and for this reason, the sect of the Sadducees rejects them: maintaining that those thingwhich are written, ought to be accounted parts of the law, and that such as are only received by tradition from the fathers ought not to be observed—Ant. Til. 18.

<sup>1 56.</sup> Matt. 1x. 20; Mark v. 27, 28; Acts aix. 13.

<sup>1 1.</sup> Matt. xv. 1.

τιμα, ή δε κα, δια αυτων πορόω απεχει απ' ber moved from norer, the but heart of them far off 7 Ματην δε σεβονται με, διδασκοντες me. In vain but they worship me, teaching διδασκαλιας, ενταλματα ανθρωπων." 8 Αφεντες teachings. commandments of men." Leaving [γαρ] την εντολην του θεου, κρατειτε την παραδυσιν των ανθρωπων, \* [βαπτισμους ξεστων you hold the tradition of the [dippings men, και πυτηριων και αλλα παρομοια τοιαυτα πολλα of cups; and other similar of the series  $Ka\lambda\omega s$  after ite  $V_{\rm eff} = V_{\rm eff} = V_{\rm eff}$  of the series  $V_{\rm eff} = V_{\rm eff} = V_{\rm eff}$  of the series  $V_{\rm eff} = V_{\rm eff} = V_{\rm eff}$ TULELTE. you do. l την εντολην του θεου, ίνα την παραδοσιν ύμων the commanament of he God, that the tradition of you τηρησητε. 10 Μωσης γαρ είπε '' Τιμα τον you may keep Moses for said, "Honor the you may keep "O πατερα σου και την μητερα σου<sup>23</sup> και father of thee and the rate of thee;" and; Kal' " He κακολογο ν πατερα ή μη ερα, θανατώ τελευfa'her nother, eursing Τατω." or a death let him 11 Υμεις δε λεγετε Εαν ειπη ανθρω-You but 81.53 If should say aman πος τω πατρι ή τη μητρι· Κορβαν (δ εστι, to the father or the mother, Corban (which is, Corban (which is, ηθης· 12 [κα:] δωρον,) ε εαν εξ εμου ωφεληθης. whatever out of m. thou mightest be profited: [and] ουκετι απιετε αυτον ουδεν ποιησαι τω πατρι no more ye suffer him anything to do for he fa ner \*[αὐτου,] ἡ τη μητρι \*[αὐτου,] ¹3 ακυρουν ε s [of himself,] or for the mother [of himself,] making vo.\* τον λογ ν του θειν τη καραδοσει 'n ύμων, the word of the God for the tradition of you, which παρεδ..κα 'ε' και παρυμοια τυιαυτα πολλα ποyou exwered; and similar such like many thines you <sup>24</sup> Και προσκαλεσαμ....s €3. 00 Tarta TUV 2O. And having called the cχλ ", ελεγεν αυτοις. Ακ υετε μοι ταντες, TO: CUVIETE. and a instructed. ע דים בנו ל עטדינג צוז עסעניעט פוס איז מעט ל into him, " is able antering him κοινωσαι αλλα τα εκπορευομένα ππ αυτ.υ, o make common; but the things proceed of the second of the the things proceed of the th

HEART is far removed from me.

7 But in vain do they wors ip me, teaching as Doctrines, the Precepts of Men.

8 Laying aside the commandment of God, you retain the TRADITION

of MEN"

9 And he said to them, "Well do you annul he COMMANDMENT of GCD, that you may keep your own TRADITION.

10 For Moses said, t'Ho-'nor thy father and thy 'MOTHER,' and tHE who 'REVILES Father or Mo-'ther, let him be punished

'with Death.'

11 But you assert, If a man say to father of Mo-THER, ‡ Be that Corban, that is, an Offering, † by which thou mightest derive assistance from me;

12 you no more permit him to do any thing for FA-THER OF MOTHER;

13 making void the word of 3cd by your TRA-DITION, which you have delivered; and many such like Things you do."

12 And having \*again called All of the crown, he said to them, "Let all listen to me, and be instructed.

15 There is nothing from without the MAN, which entering in \*POLLUTES him; but the THINGS proceeding from \* the MAN, are the THINGS which POLLUTE him.

16 \* [If any one has

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—8. For—omit.

12. his—omit.

14. again called.

15. rollutes him.

16. If any one has Ears to hear, let him hear—omit.

t 11. A piece of history, delivered in the Talmud, will illustrate this subject, and at the same time exhibit in a clear light the profligacy, superstition, and casuistry of the Jews. A man of Beth-Horon had made a vow, and declared that his father should reap no benefit from his property. Afterwards, on the occasion of his son's marriage, he wished to invite his father the entertainment; and, to evade the obligation of his vow, he transferred his right and property in the room and feast to a friend, who was encaged to invite his father. This, however, was udged to be unlawful, unless he had transferred entirely and truly this part o his property so his friend, without interposing any condition with respect to the unvitation of his father, whom he was bound by all means not to profit. How can we be surprised the severity with which our Savior rebuked such vile casuistry, such want of natural affection, and such abominable hypocrisy? -- Wakefeld.

17 Ka1 ακουετω. EXEL WTO ακουειν. to hear, let him hear. I And any one has ears οχλου, ÔΤE εισηλθεν eis огкох απο τυυ he entered into a house from the crowd, επηρωτων αυτον οί μαθηται αυτου TEPL THS the disciples of him concerning the 18 Και λεγει αυτοις. παραβολης. Ούτω και parable. And he says to them; ύμεις ασυνετοι εστε; Ου νοειτε, ότι παν το you without understanding are? Not know you, that all that εξωθεν, εισπορευομένον εις τον ανθρωπον, ου entering into the man, 19 ότι ουκ εισπορδυναται αυτον κοινωσαι; him to make common? that ευεται αυτου εις την καρδιαν, αλλ' εις την κοιinto the belly; ofit into the heart, but αφεδυωνα λιαν Kal ElS TOV εκπυρευεται. goes out, and into the priva 20 EXEYE SE. καθαριζον παντα τα βρωματα. loods ail the

He said and, 'Οτι το εκ του ανθρωπου εκπορευομένον, εκεινο proceeding forth, Tant the opt of the man τον ανθρωπον. 21 Εσωθέν γαρ έκ της Within sor out or the ma .es common the man; καρδιας των ανθρωπων οί διαλογισμοι οι κακοι the of the men purposes the evil μοιχειαι, πυρνειαι, OUVUL. εκπυρευονται° proceeds; adulteries, fornications,

τhefts, covetousnesses, villanies, deceit, Intemperance, οφθαλμος πονηρος, βλασφημια, ὑπερηφανια, evel speakings, pride, apροσυνη. 23 παντα ταυτα τα πονηρα εσωθεν tolly.

tolly. all these thethings evil εκπορευεται, και κοινοι τον ανθρωπον.

comes forth. an 1 makes common the man

24 Και εκειθεν αναστας, απηλθεν εις τα μεθhe went toto the And thence arising, ορια Τυρου και Σιδωνος και εισελθων εις την Sidon; and 'b'o the of Tyre and \*ntering υικιαν, υυδενα ηθελε γνωναι και συκ ηδυνηθη no one he wished to know, and not house, he was able λαθείν. <sup>25</sup> Ακουσασα γαρ γυνη περι αυτου, ής in the concealed. Having heard for a woman about him, of whom ειχε το θυγατριον αύτης πνευμα ακαθαρτον, ελθουσα προσεπεσε προς τους ποδας αυτου. fell down havingcome to the feet of him

26 (ην δε ή γυνη Έλληνις, Συροφοινικισσα τω (was now the woman a Greek, a Syrophenician to the γενει) και ηρωτα αυτον, ίνα το δαιμονιον εκand she besought him, that the birth:) demon εκ της θυγατρος αύτης. 27 'Ο δε Ιησους would cast out of the daughter of hersetf. The but ειπεναυτη. Αφες πρωτον χορτασθηναι τα τεκνα. said to her; Let alone to be filled first ου γαρ καλον εστι, λαβειν τον αρτον των τεκnot for good it is, to take the bread of the chil-28 'H  $\delta \epsilon$ νων, και βαλειν τοις κυναριοις. to be but and to cast dogs. She

Ears to hear, let him hear."]

17 And when he went from the CROWD into a House, his DISCIPLES asked him concerning the PARABLE.

18 And he says to them, "Are nou also so destitute of understanding? Do you not perceive, that nothing from without, ENTERING INTO the MAN, can pollute Hun?

19 because it enters not into the HEART, but into the BELLY, and passes into he sink, purifying All the FOOD."

20 And he said, "THAT which PROCEEDS OUT OF the MAN, that pollutes the MAN.

21 ‡ For from within, out of the HEART of MEN, emanate EVIL PURPOSES;
—Adulteries, Fornications, Murders.

22 Thefts, Covetousness, Villanies, Deceit, Intemperance, Envy, Calumnies, Pride, and Folly:

23 All These EVILthings emanate from within, and pollute the MAN."

24 ‡ And arising thence, he retired into the CON-FINES of Tyre and Siden; and having entered into the HOUSE, he desired no one to know it; but he could not be concealed.

25 For a Woman, whose LITTLE DAUGHTER had an unclean Spirit, \*immediately heard of him; and having come fell down at his feet;

26 (now the WOMAN was tan Hellenist, a NATIVE of Syrophenicia.) and she entreated him to expet the DEMON from her DAUGHTER.

27 \* And he said to her, "Let the children first be satisfied; for it is not proper to take the CHILDREN'S BREAD, and throw it to the DOGS."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-25. immediately heard.

<sup>27.</sup> And he said.

<sup>† 26.</sup> One who spoke the Greeklunguage. 117 Matt. xv. 15. † 21. Gen. vi. 5; viii. 21; Matt. xv. 19.

απεκριθη, και λεγει αυτώ. Ναι, κυριε. και γαρ answered, and says to him, Yes, sir; even for τα κυναρια ύποκατω της τραπεζης εσθιει απο under table eatest dogs the 29 Kat etmer autho των ψιχιων των παιδιων. of the crumbs o the children. Δια τουτον τον λογον ύπαγε· εξεληλυθε το the word go; T rough this has come out the 30 Kal aπ 6 Aδαιμονιον εκ της θυγατρος σου. daughter of thee. demon from the And θουσα εις τον οικον αύτης, εύρε το δαιμονίων gone into the house of her, she found the demon εξεληλυθος, και την θυγατερα βεβλημενην επι having gone out, and the daughter having been laid THE KALVIS. bed. 31 Και παλιν εξελθων εκ των δριων Τυρου και And again coming out from the borders of Tyre and Σιδωνος, ηλθεν εις την θαλασσαν της Γαγιλαιας,

became to the веа ofthe ανα μεσον των δριων Δεκαπολεως. 32 Και Φερ-And through midst of the borders of Decapolis. ουσιν αυτφ κωφον μογιλαλον, και παρακαλουbring to him a deat man a stammerer, and they entreat σιν αυτον ίνα  $\epsilon \pi \iota \theta \eta$  αυτ $\psi$  την  $\chi \epsilon \iota \rho \alpha$ . And απολαβομενος αυτον απο του οχλου κατ' ιδιαν, privately, having taken him from the crowd εβαλε τους δακτυλους αύτου εις τα ωτα αυτου, fingers of himself into the cars of him. και πτυσας ηψατο της γλωσσης αυτ. υ. 31 και and spitting belouched the tongue of him: and αναβλεψας εις του ουρανον, εστεναξε, looking Bp to the heaven, he groaned, Εφφαθα, δ εστι, διανοιχθητι. Ephphatha, that is, be opened. λεγει αυτω. 35 Και \* [ευθεως] διηνοιχθησαν αυτου αί ακοαι·

and (immediately) were opened of im the ears

και ελυθη ὁ δεσμος της γλωσσης αυτου, και and was loosed the bond of the tougue f him, and 36 Και διεστειλατο αυτris, Eva αλαλει ορθως. he charged them. tost he poke plainly. And μηδενι ειπωσιν όσαν δε αυτος αυτοις διεστελno one the should tell; what but he on them charged 37 E.a. λετο, μαλλον περισσοτερον εκηρυσσον abundantl . bey published. And

ύπερπερισσως εξεπλησσώντο, λεγοντές. Καλως beyond measure they were astor ished, saying; παντα πεποιηκε και τους κωφους ποιει ακουall (things) be bas done; and the deaf ones he makes ειν, και τους αλαλους λαλειν. hear, and the dumb ones to speak.

28 But she answered, and says to him, "True, Sir; yet even the Dogs under the TABLE eat of the CHILDREN'S CRUMBS."

29 And he said to her. "For This REMARK, go; the DEMON has departed from thy DAUGHTER."

30 And departing to her HOUSE, she found \* her DAUGHTER laid upon the BED, and the DEMON expelled.

81 # And again leaving the confines of Tyre, \* he came by Sidon to the LAKE of GALILEE, through the Midst of the BORDERS O. Decapolis.

32 \$ And they bring to him a deaf man who stammered, and they entreat him to place his HAND on

33 And having privately taken him from the CROWD, the put his fingers into his EARS, and spitting, touched his TONGUE;

34 and looking up to HEAVEN, he groaned, and says to him, "Ephphatha," that is, Be opened.

35 And His EARS were opened, and the CORD of his TONGUE was loosed, and he spoke plainly.

36 1 And he charged them that they should tell no one; but the more - he charged them, the more abundantly \* then published it.

37 And they were astonished beyond measure, saying, "He has done all things well; he makes both the DEAF to hear, and the \* Dumb to speak.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30. her DAUGHTER laid upon the RED, and the DEMON expelled. 31. he came by Sidon to. 35. immediately-omit. 36. he charged. 37. Dumb. published.

<sup>\* 33.</sup> Doddridge well observes about this miracle, "fany should ask Why our Lord use these actions, when a word alone would have been sufficient; and such means (if they can be called means) could in themselves do nothing at all to answer the end,—I frankly confess I cannot tell, nor am I at all concerned to know. \* \* \* Had Christ's patients, like Naaman, (2 Kingsv.11, 12,) been too nice in their exceptions on these occasions, I fear they would have been their cure, and the indurgence of a curious, or a petulant mind, would have been but a poor equivalent for such a loss."

КЕФ. η'. 8.

1 Εν εκειναις ταις ήμεραις, παμπολλου οχλου In those the days, very great crowd

OUTOS, και μη εχουτων τι φαγωσι, προσbeing, and not having anything they could eat, having καλεσάμενος τους μαθητας α του λεγει αυτοις the disciples of himself be says to them; 2 Σπλαγχνιζομαι επι τον οχλον. ότι ηδη ήμεραι on the crowd; because now I have pity τρεις, προσμενουσι \*[μοι,] και ουκ εχουσι they continue [with me,] and not they have any thing 3 Και εαν απολυσώ αυτους νηστεις daywork. Aud., if I dismiss them Cary can eat. εις οικον αύτων, εκλυθητονται εν τη όδω. τινες into house of tuemselves, they will faint on the way; some γαρ αυτων μακροθεν ήκουπι. 4 Και απεκριθηπαν of their a great distance have cours. And answered αυτω οί μαθηται αυτου. Πυθεν τουτους δυνησεto hun the disciples of him; Whence these ται τις ώδε χορτασαι αρτων επ' ερημιας; <sup>5</sup> Και any one here to satisfy of loaves in a desert place? empoura aurous. Novous exert aprous; Oi be he asket them; How many have you luaves? They and 6 Και παρηγγειλε τφοχλφ αναειπον Έπτα. And he gave orders to the crowd πεσειν επι της γης και λαβων τους έπτα upon the ground; and taking seven the αρτους, ευχαριστησας εκλασε, και εδιδου τοις loaves, viving thanks he broke, and gave to the μαθηταις αύτου, ίνα παραθωσι και παρεθηκαν disciples of himself, that they might set before and they set before τφ οχλφ. Kat ειχον ιχθυδια ολιγα· και ευλοthe crowd. And they had sm-ll fishes a few: and giving the crowd. γησας, ειπε παραθειναι και αυτα. 8 Εφαγονδε, p-aise, he said place before also them. They are and, Kal par meplooteumata και εχορτασθησαν we've filled: κλασματων, έπτα σπυριδας. 9 Ησαν δε οί φαoffragments, seven large baskets, Were and those havαπελυσεν ယ်s τετρακισχιλιοι' KOL YOUTES.

them. 10 Και ευθεως εμβας εις το πλοιον μετα των And immediately entering into the ship with, μαθητων αὐτου, ηλθεν εις τα μερη Δαλμανουθα. disciples of himself, he came into the parts of Dalmanutha. 11 Και εξηλθον οί Φαρισαιοι, και ηρξαντο συζη-And same forth the Phariaces, and τειν αυτφ, ζητουντες παρ' αυτου σημειον απο him asign argue with him, seeking tof.

four thousand;

ing eaten,

QUTOUS.

about

CHAPTER VIII.

1 tin Those pays the Crowd \* again being great, and having nothing to eat, calling his DISCIPLES, he says to them,

2 "I have compassion on the crown, Because now they have continued three Days, and have no-

thing to eat;

3 and if I dismiss them fasting to their Homes, they will faint on the ROAD; for some of them have come from a great distance.'

4 And his DISCIPLES answered him, "Whence will any one be able to satisfy These with Bread here in a Desert place?"

5 I And he asked them. "How Many Loaves have you?" And THEY said, "Seven"

6 And he commanded the crown to recline on the GROUND; and taking the SEVEN Loaves, ; and having given thanks, he broke them, and gave them to his DISCIPLES for distribution, and they placed them before the CROWD.

7 And they had a few Small fishes; and having offered praise for them, he said, "Place \* These also before them."

8 Thus they ate, and were satisfied; and they took up of the remaining Fragments Seven large Baskets full.

9 And \* they were about Four thousand; and he dismissed them.

10 ‡ And immediately "he entered into the BOAT with his DISCIPLES, and came into the REGION of + Dalmanutha.

11 tAnd the PHARTSEES came forth, and began to from argue with him, seeking

9. And they

L. These.

he dismissed

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. again being great. 10. he entered. were about.

<sup>† 10.</sup> The same as Magdala; see Matt. xv. 30.

<sup>1 6.</sup> Matf. ziv. 19; Mark,

του ουρανου, πειραζοντές αυτον. 12 Kar ava heaven, tempting him. And groanστεναξας τφ πνευματι αύτου, λεγει Τ ή γενεα spirit o himself, he says: Why the generation ing deeply in the εύτη σημειον επιζητει; Αμην λεγω \*[ύμιν.] ει this asign seeks? Indeed I say [to you,] if δοθησεται τη γενεα ταυτη σημειον. shall be given to the generation this

18 Και αφεις αυτους, εμβας παλιν \* [ -ις το And teaving the a ontering again. 14 K ... επελαπλοιον,] απηλθει εις τε τεμαν. he departed a the thre side. they Ana θοντο λαβειν αρτους, και ει η ένα αρτον ουκ ine lea. Sie oforgot to take loa.es, .na except ειχο» μεθ' έαυτ: ν εν τφ πλοιφ. f.nd τε λετο αυτοις, λεγων 'Ορατε, βλεπετε απο saying; Loo! jou, Leware you charged them, of της ζυμης των Φαρισαιών, και της ζομης 'Ηρωleaven of the Pharisees, wa oft & leaven of Heδ :  $^{16}$  Kaι διελογιζοντο προς αλληλους, \*[λε-7' d. And they reasoned with one another, Say-YOU'TES ] 'OTI apTOUS OUR EXCHEU. 17 Kai YVOUS Because loaves not no hive Ard knowing 'neil ό Ιησους, λεγει αυτοις. Τι διαλ γιζεσθε, ότι 6 Jesus, he says to them; why reason you, because COTLUS OUK EXETE; Ουπω νοείτε συδε σονες not you have? Not yet perceive you, neither ν. ν. ττ: \*[ετι] πεπωρ: μενην εχετε την καρ-anderstand you? [yet] having been stupified have you the heart διαν υμων; 13 Cφθαλμους εχοντες υ βλεπετε; of you? E- 8 having not sagour και ωτα εχοντες ουκ ακουετε; και ου μνημονand not having act hearyou? ευέτε; 19 Ότε τους πεν ε αρτους εκλαια εις you? When 5h 6ve tosves I troke τους πεντακισχιλιους, ποσους ... Φινους πληhasher five chousand. how many full κλασματων npare: A.E. YOUGLY CUTO SYBC of fragments took you ip? They tay 10 51m; 20 'Οτε δε τους έπτα εις τους τετρα-Δωδεκα. When and thseven o the κισχιλόους, ποσων σπυριδων πλη, ρματο κλασthousand, how many large baskets cell of 21 Kai Έπτ : Oi de elmon. ιατων ηρατε; .armente took you up? They and raid: And . λεγεν αυτοις. Πως CUVIETE; ου said to them; How is it not you understand?

22 Και ερχεται εις Βηθσαιδαν. Και φερουσιν

Bethsaida.

to

And he comes

of him a Sign from FEA-VEN, trying him.
12 And groaning deeply

in his spirit, he says,
"Why does this generaTION seek a Sign? Indeed,
I say to you, no Sign shak
be given to this GENERATION."

13 And leaving them, re-embarking, he passed to the OTHER SIDE.

14 \* Now they forgot to take Bread, and had but One Loaf with them in the BOAT.

15 ‡ And he charged them, saying, "Obs rve! Boward of the † LEAVEN of the PHARISEES and of the

LEA EN of Horod."

16 And they reasoned with one another, Because they had no Bread.

17 And he knew it, and says to them, "Why do you reason, B cause "on have no Bread? † Do you not yet perceive, not understand? Is you HEAR? stupified "

18 Having E, & do you not see? and having Lars, do you not hear and de you not recollect?

19 t When I broke the FIVE LOAVES among the FIVE THOUSAND, How many Baskets full of Fragments took you up?" They say to him, "Twelve."

20 † "And when the SEVEN among the FOUL THOUSAND, How many large Baskets fall of Fragments took you up?" And \* they say to him, "Seven."

21 And he said to them.
"How is it you co not understand?"

22 And \* they come to Bethsaida; and they bring

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—12. to you—omit. 13. into the BOAT—omit. 16. Secure they had no Bread. 17. he knew it, and says. 17. yet—omit. 20. they say to him. 2.. they come.

And

they bring

<sup>† 15.</sup> Matthew joins the Sadducees with the Pharisees, and makes no mention of Herod. But there is no real discrepancy, since Herod and the Herodians fi. c. his adherents and countries) were, no doubt, Sadducees, and there is every reason to think that their doctrines and morels were such as to justify the caution of our Lord. Zumee, by a striking metaphor, denotes the infection of false doctrines, (so Matt. xvi. 12.) as well as corrupt morals.—Bloom-field.

<sup>14.</sup> Matt. xvi. 5. 15. Matt. xvi. 6; Luke xii. 1. 17. Mark vi. 52 10. Matt. xvi. 67; Mark vi. 42; Luke xv. 17; John vi. 18. 1 20. Matt. xvi. 37; Mark viii. 5

Eva τυφλον και παρακαλουσιν αυτον, a blind min and beseech him, αυ~ω that to h.m 25 Και επιλαβομενος αυτου άψηται. THIS the he would touch. And having taken χειρος του τυφλου, εξηγαγεν αυτον εξω της he led him outside of the hand of the blind man, κωμης· και πτυσας εις τα ομματα αυτου, επι-village; and having spit into the eyes of him, having  $\theta$  sis  $\tau$  as  $\chi$  sipas auto,  $\epsilon$   $\pi$   $\eta$   $\rho$   $\omega$   $\tau$  autov, placed the hands to him, he asked him, if βλεπει. 24 Και αν βλεψας ελεγε Βλεπω anything he sees. And looking up he says; τους ανθρωπους, ως δενδρα, περιπατ υντας. trees, TOUS

 $^{25}$  Ειτα παλιν επεθηκε τας χειρας επι Then again he placed the mands u, on the οφθαλιιους αυτου, και εποιησεν αυτον αναhe made him eyes of him, and αποκατεσταθη, και ενεβλεψε βλεψαι. Kal and he was restored, and he saw up; 26 Και επεστειλεν αυτον τηλαυγως άπαντας. And plainly every one. he sent him εις 9. κον αυτου, λεγων Μηδε εις την κωμην to house of him, saying, Neither into the village εισελθης, \*[μηδε ειπης τινι εν τη κωμη.] Layor thou enter, [nor mayest thou tell any one in the village.]  $^{27}$  Και εξηλθεν δ Ιησους και οξ μαθηται αυτου

And departed the Jesus and the disciples of him ets τας κωμας Καισαρείας της Πιλιππου. Και into the villages of Cesarea of the Philip. An every πρόδω επηρωτα τους μαθητας αὐτου, λεγων n the way he asked the disciples of himself, saying αυτοις. Τινα με λεγουσίν οι ανθρωπου ειναι; to them; Wh me they say the men to be who and answered; John the disper; "αι αλι.οι, Ηλιαν αλλοι δε, ένα των πριτητων and others, Εξιας; others and, on of the propheta.

9 Και αυτος λεγωι αυτοις: (μ.: δε τινα με and be says to dem; fou be who me

and he sign to dem; fou be who me hereff elval: Aportives & o Ditos heyel you see to be? Asswering su't the Peter says of the total the Adouted. And he strictly charged surfois, fur unders hey shouldtell a out him And no fice they shouldtell a out him And no fice they autous, but dei to vior to the him, that no fice they shouldtell a out him And no fice and to teach them, that must the son of the xuppa nou nother and surface and to be rejected.

man many things to suffer, and to be rejected

ππο των πρεσβυτερων και των αρχιερεων και οδ he elders and of the high-priests and το suffer, and a settles, and a suffer here days locanding: and plainly the

a Blind man to him, and beseech him to touch Him.

23 And taking the HAND of the BLIND man, he conducted him out of the VILLAGE; ‡and having spit on his EYES, and placed his HANDS on him, he asked him whether he saw any thing.

24 And looking up, he said, "I see MEN as Trees, walking."

25 Then he placed his HANDS on his EYES again, nd \*he s.w plannly, and was restored, and saw every object clearly.

26 And he sent him away to his \* House, saying, "Go not into the VIL-LAGE."

27 \$\(^\)And Jesus and his DISCIPLES went out to the VILLAGES of Cesarea PHILIPPI; and, on the ROAD, he asked his DISCIPLES, saying to them, "Who do MEN say that I am?"

28 And THEY \* spoke to him, saying, ‡"John the IMMERSER; and others, Elijah; and others, One of the PROPHETS."

28 And he \*asked them, "Who say nou that I am?" And Peter answering, says to him, t "Thou art he Christ."

30 ‡ And he strictly charged them that they should tell no one concerning him.

31 And the began to inform them That the son of MAN must suffer many things, and oe rejected by the FLDERS, and the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, and be put to death, and after Three Days to rise up

32 And ne spoke this

VATICAL MANUSCREET.—25, he saw plainly, and was restored, and saw every object stearly.

20. House, saving, "Go not into."

20. nor mayest them tell any one in he village—omit.

28 spoke to him, saying, "John the immerser."

29. asked them, saying, "Who say."

<sup>† 23</sup> Mark vii, 33. † 97 Matt. xvi. 13; Luke ix. '8 † 29 Matt xvi. 6; John vi. 69; xi. 37. † 30. Matt. xvi. 20. \*\*xvi 52; Luke ix. 22.

λογον ελαλει. Και προσλαβομενος αυτον δ Πε-word he spoke. And taking acide him the Peτρος, ηρξατο επιτιμαν αυτφ. 33 °O δε επιστρα-He but turning he began to rebuke him. φεις, και ιδων τους μαθητας αύτου, επετιμησε round, and seeing the disciples of himself, he rebuked  $τ_{\psi}$  Πετρω, λεγων· Υπαγε οπίσω μου, σατανα· the Peter, saying; Go thou behind me, adversary; τα του θεου, αλλα ότι ου Φρονεις because not thou thinkest the things of the God, but the things των ανθρωπων. <sup>34</sup> Και προσκαλεσαμενος τον men. And having called οχλον συν τοις μαθηταις αύτου, ειπεν αυτοις. crowd with the disciples of himself, he said to them; 'Οστις θελει οπισω μου ακολουθειν, απαρνησασ-Whoever wishes after me to follow, let him deny θω ξαυτον, και αρατω τον σταυρον αύτου, και himself, and let him bear the cross of himself, and ακολουθείτω μοι. 35 'Os γαρ αν θελη την ψυχην let him follow me. Who for ever may wish the life αύτου σωσαι, απολεσει αυτην ός δ' αν απολεση of himself to save, shall lose her; who but ever may lose την έαυτου ψυχην ένεκεν εμου και του ευαγ-the of himself life on account of me and of the glad γελιου, σωσει αυτην. <sup>36</sup> (Τι γαρ ωφελησει cidings, shall save her. (What for will it profit ανθρωπον, εαν κερδηση τον κοσμον όλον, και aman, if he should win the world whole, and ζημιωθη την ψυχην αύτου; 37 η τι δωσει should forfeit the life of himself? or what shall give ανθρωπος ανταλλαγμα της ψυχης αύτου;) life in exchange for the a man Who for ever may be ashaused me and the my λογους εν τη γενεα ταυτη τη μοιχαλιδι και words in the generation this the adulterous and

αμαρτωλω, και δ υίος του ανθρωπου επαισχυνsinful, also the son of the man will be 
θησεται αυτον, όταν ελθη εν τη δοξη του 
ashamed him, when he may come in the glory of the 
πατρος αὐτου μετα των αγγελων των αγιων. 
father of himself with the messengers of the holy ones. 

ΚΕΦ.  $\theta'$ . 9. <sup>1</sup> Και ελεγεν αυτοις Αμην λεγω 
And he said to them; Indeed 1 say 
ὑμιν, ὅτι εισι τινες των ώδε ἐστηκοτων, οἰτινες

to you, that are some of those here having stood, who ou μη γευσωνται θανατου, έως αν ιδωσι την not not shall taste of death. till they may see the βασιλείαν του θεου εληλυθυίαν εν δυναμεί. royal majesty of the God having come in power.

 $^2$  Και μεθ' ἡμερας έξ παραλαμβανει δ Ιησους And after days six takes the Jesuls τον Πετρον, και τον Ιακωβον, και Ιωαννην, και the Peter, and the James, and John, and αναφερει αυτους εις ορος ὑψηλον κατ' ιδιαν leads up them into amountain high privately

word so plainly, that Protes, taking him aside, began to remonstrate with him.

33 But HE, turning round and looking on his DISCIPLES, rebuked \* Peter, and says, "Get behind me, Adversary; for thou regardest not the THINGS of GOD, but THOSE of MEN."

34 And having called the CROWD with his DISCI-PLLES, he said, \*‡" If any one wish to come after me, let him renounce himself, and take up his CROSS, and follow me.

35 For twhoever would save his LIFE shall lose it; but whoever may lose his LIFE on my account, and that of the GLAD TIDINGS, shall save it.

36 For what \* does it profit a Man to gain the whole world, and forfeit his life?

37 \* For what could a MAN give to Redeem his

38 ‡If, therefore, any one shall be ashamed of me, and of these MY Words, among this ADULTEROUS and sinful GENERATION; the SON of MAN will also be ashamed of him, when he comes in the GLORY of his FATHER, with the HOLY ANGELS."

## CHAPTER IX.

1 And he said to them, t"Indeed I say to you, That there are some of THOSE STANDING here, who will not taste of Death. till they see God's ROYAL MAJESTY having come with power.

2 f And after six Days, JESUS takes PETER, and JAMES, and John, and pravately conducts them, by themselves, to a lofty

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—33. Peter, and says. 34 If any one wish. 36. does it profit a Man to gain. 37. For what could a man give.

<sup>† 34.</sup> Matt. x. 38 xvi. 24; Lukeix 23: xiv. 27. x. 33: Lukeix, 26 · xii. 9 · Rom. 1 · 6 · 2 Tim 1. 8; ii. 12. † 2. Matt. xvi. 1: Lukeix 38.

και μεταμορφωθη εμπροσθεν αυτων. and he was transfigured in the presence of them, HOVOUS. alone: of them. <sup>3</sup>Και τα ίματια αυτου εγενετο στιλβο**ντα, λευκα** And the garments of him became white glittering, \*[ως χιων,] οία γναχευς επι της γης ου [as snow,] such as a fuller upon the earth not extremely 4 Και ωφθη αυτοις Ηλιας δυναται λευκαναι. And appeared to them to make white. ir ab.e Elias συν Μωσει και ησαν συλλαλουντες τω Ιησου. with the Jesus. Moses: and were talking δ Και αποκριθεις δ Πετρος λεγει τφ Ιησου. And the Peter says to the answering Ραββι, καλον επτιν ήμας ώδε ειναι και ποιηgood it is here to be; and us we may σωμεν σκηνας τρεις, σοι μιαι, και Μωσει μιαν, make tents three, to thee one, and Moses one, 6 Ου γαρ ηδει τι Not for he knew any thi και Ηλια μιαν. λαληση. for he knew any thing he might sav. and Elias one. 7 Και εγενετο νεφελη επιησαν γαρ εκφοβοι. they were for terribed. And there came a cloud σκια(ουσα αυτοις: και ηλθεφωνη εκ της νεφελης: them; and came a voice out of the cloud; shadowing Ούτος εστιν ὁ υίος μου ὁ αγαπητος· αυτου 1.8 the son of rie the beroved ακουετε. <sup>8</sup> Και εξαπινα περιβλεψαμενοι, ουκετι And suddenly looking round, nolonger hear yo. ουδενα ειδον, αλλα τον Ιησουν μονον μεθ' έαυno one the saw but th JF8.18 a.o e with th'mτων. 9 Κεταβαινοντων δε αυτων απο του ορους, Coming down and of them from the mountain, e ves. διεστειλατο αυτοις, ίνα μηδενι διηγησωνται α that to no one they should relate what them, ειδον, ει μη όταν δ υίος του ανθρωπου εκ νεκρων e s. w excep v. en the son of the man out of dead ones 10 Και τον λογον εκρατησαν προς αναστη. And the word should be raised. έαυτοις, συζητουντες, τι εστι το εκ νεκρων arguing. what is that out of dead themselves, 1 Και ετηρωτων αυτον, λεγοντ.ς. αναστηνωι. to be reis .. An they asked him. anyins; † Ότι λεγουσιν οί γραμματεις, ότι Ηλιαν 🖰 the Elias merce say scribes, that ελθειν πρωτον; 12'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτωις. fire.; He and answering said to them; Ελιας μεν ελθων πρωτον, αποκαθιστα παντα: klias indeed coming first, restores all things; και πως γεγραπται επι τον υίον του ανθρωπου, at is written about the son of the and how man.

Mountain; and he was transformed in their presence.

3 And his GARMENTS became glittering, exceedingly white; such as no Fuller on the EARTH is able \* thus to make white.

4 And there appeared to them Elijah, with Moses: and they were conversing

with JESUS.

5 And PETER answering says to JESUS, "Rabbi, it is good for us to be here; and let us make "Three Booths; one for thee, and one for Moses, an one for Elijah."

6 For he knew not what to \*say; for they were

terrified.

7 And there came a Cloud, covering them; and \*there was a Voice came out of the CLOUD, "This is my BELOVED SON; hear him."

And suddenly looking round, they saw no one any longer with themselves, except Jesus only.

9 And as they were descending from the MOUNTAIN, he commanded them that they should relate to no one what they had seen, till the son of MAN should have risen from the Dead.

10 And they kept the KATER to themselves, anxiously inquiring, what THE RISING FROM THE

DEAD could mean.

""".1 And they asked him saying, "Why do the SCRIBES Bay, That Elijah

rust first come?"

12 And HE \*said to them, "Elijah, indeed, is coming first \*to restore all things: † and (as it is written of the son of

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—3. as show—omit.

8. thus to make white.

8. Any longer with themselves, except Jesus only

12. said to them.

12. to restore.

<sup>11.</sup> It is conjectured by Bloomfield that hot; ought to be separated, and to read hot; He has thus edited his text. † 12. There is considerable ambiguity about the reading of this and following verse, as it stands in the Greek. The critics have all been puzzled, and some have suggested an amendment of the text. If read, however, with the parenthetical clauses, and the transposition of the last clause of verse 18, the passage makes good sense and series with the account in Matthew xvii.

13 Αλλα και εξουδενωθη. ίνα πολλα παθη. that many things he should suffer, and should be despised. But λεγω ύμιν, ότι και Ηλιας εληλυθε, και εποιησαν I say to you, that both Elias has come, and they have done αυτψ δσα ηθελησαν, καθως to him whatever they wished, even as γεγραπται επ' it is written about 14 Και ελθων προς τους μαθητας, ειδεν αυτον. him And coming to the disciples, Le saw οχλον πολυν περι αυτους, και γραμματεις συζηa crowd great about them, and scribes 15 Και ευθεως πας δ οχλον, TOUVTAS AUTOIS. with them; And immediately all the crowd, puting ιδων αυτον, εξεθαμβηθη, και προστρεχοντες were awe-struck, and running to seeing htm. ησπαζοντο αυτον. 16 Και επηρωτησεν αυτους. And him. he asked Τι συ (ητειτε προς αυτους; 17 Και αποκριθεις είς What dispute you with them? And answering one Διδασκαλε, ηνεγκα τον ει: του οχλου ειπε. I brought O Teacher, out of the crowd said; the υίον μου προς σε, εχοντα πυευμα αλαλον, 18 Και son of me to thee, having a spirit dumb. And δπου αν αυτον καταλαβη, δησσει α τεν wherever him it may seize, it convelses him; rai αφιίζει, και τριζει τους οδώντας αύτου, KOLL and grinds she \*ceth of 'um, ξηραινεται. Και ειπον τοις μαθηταις σου, ίνα And I spoke to me incines of thee, that pines away. 19 0 δε αυτο εκβαλωσι, και συκ ισχυσαν. it they might cast out, and not e, ad power. He an αποκριθεις αντοις λεγει. Ω γενεα απιστος, έως says: O generation without fairly, till answering them ποτε προς ύμας εσομαι; έως ποτε ανεξ μαι when when with you shall oe? till shall I bear 26 Και ηνεγκαν ύμων; φερετε αυτον προς με. Bring you him to. me And they brought Kat ιδων αυτυν, ε. θεως το And seeing him, tramediately the αυτον προς αυτον. 10 him. πνευμα εσπαραξεν αυτον και πεσων επι της complsed him: and faling upon the 21 Και επηρωτησε τον γης, εκυλιετο, αφριζων. ground, he rolled, foaming. And he asked How long a cmc is i, since this πατερα αυτου" father of him; 'O de eme γεγονεν αυτω; Παιδιοθεν. KOLL happened to him? He and said; From a child: and πολλακις αυτον και εις πυρ εβαλε και εις ύδατα, him both into fire has cast and into waters, ένα απολεση αυτον αλλ', ει τι δυνασαι, that it might destroy him, but of any thing thou canst do,

MAN,) that he must suffer

muck, and be despised.
13 But I say to you, That Elijah has even come, (as it is written of him,) and they have done to him whatever they pleased."

14 # And \* coming to the DISCIPLES, \* they saw a great Crowd about them, and the Scribes disputing

with them.

15 And immediately All the CROWD seeing him, were struck with awe, and running to him, saluted him.

16 And he asked them, "About what are you disputing with them?"

17 And one of the CROWD \* answered him, "Teacher, I have brought to thee my son, who has † a dumb Spirit.

18 And wherever it seizes Him it convulses him; and he foams, and grands \* his TEETH, and becomes emaciated. And I spoke to thy DISCIPLES to expel it, and they could not.

19 And HE answering. says to them, "O unbelieving Generation! how long must I be with you? how long must I endure you? bring him to me."

20 And they brought him to him; and seeing him, the SPIRIT immediately convulsed him; and falling on the GROUND, he rolled about, foaming. 21 And he asked his

" How long a FATHER, time is it since this befell him?" And HE said, "From childhood.

22 And often it has thrown Him into Fire and into Waters to destroy him; but if thou canst do any thing, have pity on us, and help us."

βοηθησον ήμιν, σπλαγχνισθεις

to us.

give aid

ήμας.

€φ'

on

having pity

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. they came. "Teacher." 18. the TEETH.

DB. 14. they saw.

<sup>17.</sup> answered him.

<sup>† 17.</sup> The child was subject to epileptic fits, which were supposed to be brought on by the power of demons.—See Farmer on Demonology, p.107. The particulars described in verses 18, 20 and 22, are, indeed, all symptous of epilepsy. But if we even should suppose the man lora an epileptic; it would not follow that the disorder was not induced by demoniacal influence. -Bloomfield.
1 14. Matt. xvii 14; Luke ix. 37.

23 Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτώ. αυτά. Το, ει δυνασαι to him; That, if thou art able The and Jesus aid παντα δυνατα τφ all things are possible to the τω πιστευοντι. TITTEVOCIE to believe; believing.

24 \* [Kαι] ευθεως κραξας ὁ πατηρ του παιδιου, [And] immediately crying out the father of the child, \*[μετα δακρυων] ελεγε. Πισπευω. βοηθει μου he said; I believe; help thou of me tears he said; I believe;  $\delta \tau i \in \pi i \sigma \nu \nu$ . [with τη απιστια. Seeing and the Jesus, that runs tothe unbelief. τρεχει οχλος, επετιμησε τω πνευματι τω ακαgether a crowd, he rebuked the spirit the θαρτφ, λεγων αυτφ. Το πνευμα το αλαλον και clean, saying to it; The spirit the dumb and κωφον, εγω σοι επιτασσω. Εξελθε εξ αυτου, I to thee command; Come out of και μηκετι εισελθης εις αυτον. 26 Και κραξαν, And crying out, and no more enter into him. και πολλα σπαραξας, εξηλθε. and many times convulsing, i. came out. Και εγενετο he became And ώσει νεκρος, ώστε πολλους λεγειν, ότι απεθανεν. dead, so that many to say, that he is dead. 27 Ο δε Ιησους κρατησας αυτον της χειρος, him hand, The but Jesus taking of the ηγειρεν αυτον και ανεστη.

28 Και εισελθοντα αυτον εις οικον, οί μαθηται And having come him into a house, the disciples And having come him into a now. Ότι ήμεις αυτου επηρωτων αυτον κατ' ιδιαν. Ότι ήμεις privately; That we 29 Και €ιπ€ν ουκ ηδυνηθημεν εκβαλειν αυτο; And he said to cast out it? were able αυτοις. Τουτο το γενος εν ουδενι δυναται εξελto them; This the kind by nothing is able θειν, ει μη εν προσευχη \*[και νηστεια.] out. if not in prayer [and fasting.] \$0 20 [and fasting. if not in prayer

and he stood up.

hım;

31. to him-omit.

raised up

30 Και εκειθεν εξελθουτες, παρεπορευοντο δια he passed through And thence departug, της Γαλιλαιας και ουκ ηθελεν, ίνα τις γνω. and not was willing, that any one should know. the Galilee; 31 Εδιδασκε γαρ τους μαθητας αύτου, και ελεγ-

He taught for the disciples of himself, and said 
εν \*[αυτοις] 'Οτι δ νίος του ανθρωπου παρα[to them; That the son of the man is deliδιδοται εις χειρας ανθρωπων, και αποκτενουσιν vered up into hands of men, and they will kill αυτον και αποκτανθεις, τη τριτη ήμερα ανα-him; and having been killed, the third day he 32 Oi δε ηγνοουν το δημα, και στησεται. word, and will rise. They but did not understand the εφοβουντο αυτον επερωτησαι. to ask. were afraid him

33 Και ηλθενεις Καπερναουμ. και εν τη οικια And he came to Capernaum; and in the house

23 And Jesus said to him, \*" IF THOU CANST? # All things can for the BELIEVING."

24 The FATHER of the CHILD immediately exclaiming, said, "I do believe; help My UNFE-

25 And Jesus perceining That the Crowd was running together, he rebuked the IMPURE SPIRIT, saying to it, " DUMB and \*DEAF SPIRIT, I command thee; come out of him, and enter him no more."

26 And crying out, and greatly convulsing him, it came out; and he became like one dead, so that many said, "He is dead."

27 But JESUS taking \* his HAND, raised him, and he stood up.

28 1 And having entered a House, his DISCIPLES asked him privately, "Why could not we cast it out :"

29 And he said to them. "This KIND can go out by nothing, except by Prayer."

30 And departing from that place, they passed through GALILEE, and he desired that no one should know it:

31 for he taught his DISCIPLES; and he said to them, ‡" The son of MAN is † being delivered into the Hands of Men. and they will kill him; and having been put to death, \* after Three Days he will rise."

32 But THEY did not understand the WORD and were afraid to ask Him.

33 And he came to Capernaum; and being in the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-23. "IF THOU CANST? All things." 25. and DEAF. 27. his r 81 after Three Days he will rise. 24. with tears-omit. 27. his HAND.

<sup>24.</sup> And-omit. 29. and Fasting .- omit.

<sup>† 31.</sup> The parallel passage in Matt. xvii. 22, reads—"The son of man is about to be delivered into the Hands of Mer.."

<sup>23.</sup> Matt. xvii, 20; Mark vi. 28. Luke xvii 6; John xi. 40. t 31. Matt. xvii. 22; Lukeix 44.

yevoμενος, επηρωτα αυτους Τι εν τη δδφ being, he asked them; What on the way \*[προς ξαυτους] διελογιζεσθε; 34 Οί δε εσιω-[among yourselves] were you disputing? They but were πων προς αλληλους γαρ διελεχθησαν εν τη silent; with one another for they had disputed on the 35 και καθισας, εφωνησε way, who greater. And sitting down. way, τους δωδεκα, και λεγει αυτοις. Ει τις θελει the twelve, and says to them; If any one desires πρωτος ειναι, εσται παντων εσχατος, και πανfirst to be, he will be of all last, and of των διακονος. <sup>36</sup> Και λαβων παιδιον, εστησεν all aservant. And taking a little child, he placed αυτο εν μεσφ αυτων, και εναγκαλισαμενος it in midst of them, and embracing in his arms αυτο, ειπεν αυτοις: <sup>37</sup> Os εαν έν των τοιουτων it, he said to them; Whoever one of the such παιδιων δεξηται επι τφ ονοματι μου, εμε δεχεlittle children may receive in the name of me, me receives. ται και δς εαν εμε δεξηται, ουκ εμε δεχεται, and whoever me may receive, not me receives,  $c\lambda\lambda\alpha$  τον αποστειλαντα με. <sup>36</sup> Απεκριθη δε Answered and but the having sent me. αυτφ Ιωαννης, λεγων. Διδασκαλε, ειδομεν τινα to him John, saying: Oteacher, I saw τω ονοματι σου εκβαλλοντα δαιμονία και εκωto the name of thee casting out demons; and we λυσαμεν αυτον, ότι ουκ ακολουθει ήμιν. forbad him, because not he follows us. He δε Ιησους ειπε. Μη κωλυετε αυτον. Ουδεις γαρ but Jesus said: Not do you forbid him. No one for εστιν, δς ποιησει δυναμιν επι τω ονοματι μου, is, who will do a mighty work in the name of me, 40 'Os και δυνησεται ταχυ κακολογησαι με. and will be able readily to speak evil of me. Who γαρ ουκ εστι καθ' ύμων, ύπερ ύμων εστιν. 41'Os for not is against you, for you Who γαρ αν ποτιση ύμας ποτηριον ύδατος, εν for ever may give drink to you a cup of water, ονοματι, ότι χριστου επτε, αμην λεγω ύμιν, ου name, because of Anointed you are, indeed I say to you, not μη απολεση τον μισθον αύτου.
not he may lose the reward of himself. 42 Kai os av And whoever σκανδαλιση ένα των μικρων, των πιστευοντων may insuare one of the little ones, of the εις εμε, καλον εστιν αυτώ μαλλον, ει περικειται into me, good it is to him rather, if hange lift of a mill around the neck of him, and βεβληται εις την θαλασσαν. 43 Και εαν σκαν-

HOUSE, he asked there, t" What did you dispute about on the ROAD?"

34 But THEY were silent; for they had disputed with each other, on the ROAD, as to who would be greatest.

35 And sitting down, he called the TWELVE, and says to them; # If any one desires to be first, he will be last of all, and a Ser-

vant of all."

36 And ‡ taking a little Child, he placed it in the Midst of them, and embracing it in his arms, he said to them.

37 "Whoever may receive one such little Child in my NAME, receives Me; ‡ and whoever \* receives Me, receives not Me, but HIM who SENT me."

38 1 And John \* spoke to him, saying, "Teacher, we saw one expelling Demons in thy NAME, and we forbad him, Because he does not follow us."

39 But JESUS said, "Do not forbid him; #for there is no one who will do a Miracle in my NAME, and be able rashly to reproach

40 For he who is not

against you, is for you.

41 ‡ For whoever may give you a Cup of Water to drink in \* the NAME, That you are CHRIST'S. indeed I say to you, He shall by no means lose his REWARD.

42 I And whoever may insnare one of \* THESE LITTLE-ONES BELIEVING in me, it would be better for him if a Millstone should be fastened to his NECK, and he should be thrown into the SEA.

43 ‡ And if thy HAND insnare thee, cut it off; it

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 38. among themselves -onit, 87. receives Me 38. spoke to him. 41. the NAME, That you are CHRIST'S. 42. THESE LITTLE-ONES. † 33. Matt. xviii. 1; Luke ix. 46; xxii. 24.

36. Matt. x. 40; Luke ix. 48.

37. Matt. x. 40; Luke ix. 48.

38. 1 Cor. xii. 8.

† 42. Matt. x. 42.

† 42. Matt. x. 42. ‡ 35. Matt. xx. 26, 27; Mark x. 43, Luke ix. 48. ‡ 38. Luke ix. 49

And if

1 3. 1 Cor. xii. 8. 1 41. Mat 1 45. Deut. xii 6; Matt. v. 29; xviii. 8. 1 42. Matt. xviii, 6; Luke xvii. 1

δαλιζη σε ή χειρ σου, αποκοψον αυτην· καλον insnare thee the hand of thee, cut thou off her: good

has been cast into the sea.

with one another.

σοι εστι κυλλον εις την ζωην εισελθειν, η τας to thee it is crippled into the life to enter, than the δυο χειρας εχοντα απελθειν εις την γεενναν, two hands having to go into the Gehenna, εις το πυρ το ασβεστον,  $^{44}$  [σπου δ σκωληξ into the fire the inextinguishable, [where the worm αυτων ου τελευτα, και το πυρ ου σβεννυται.] of them not dies, and the fire not is quenched.]  $^{45}$  Και εαν δ πους σου σκανδαλιζη σε, αποκοψον

And if the foot of thee may insnare thee, cut thou off αυτον καλον εστι σοι εισελθειν εις την ζωην good it is to thee to enter into the χωλον, ή τους δυο ποδας εχοντα βληθηναι εις lame, than the two feet having to be east into  $\tau \eta \nu \gamma \epsilon \epsilon \nu \nu \alpha \nu$ , \* [  $\epsilon \iota s \tau o \pi \nu \rho \tau o \alpha \sigma \beta \epsilon \sigma \tau o \nu$ , \* do o  $\tau o \nu \rho \tau o \alpha \sigma \beta \epsilon \sigma \tau o \nu$ , \* for the inettinguishable, where δ σκωληξ αυτων ου τελευτα, και το πυρ ου the worm of them not dies, and the fire not σβεννυται.]  $^{47}$  Και εαν δ οφθαλμος σου σκανis quenched.] And if the eye of thee may δαλιίη σε, εκβαλε αυτον καλον σοι εστι μονοinsnare thee, cast thou out him; good to thee it is φθαλμον εισελθειν εις την βασιλειαν του θεου, to enter into the kingdom of the God, eyed ή δυο οφθαλμους εχοντα βληθηναι εις την γε- $\eta$  000 θφυτικού  $\lambda$  than two eyes having to be east into the Getivative  $\epsilon \nu \nu \alpha \nu$  [του πυρος,]  $^{48}$  όπου ό σκωληξ αυτων of them leaves [of the fire,] where the worm of them ου τελευτα, και το πυρ ου σβεννυται. 49 Пас not dies, and the fire not is quenched. Every one γαρ πυρι άλισθησεται \* [και πασα θυσια for with fire shall be salted; [and every sacrifice ior with the salt of the salt of the salt; if but with salt shall be salted.] το άλας αναλον γενεται, εν τινι αυτο αρουthe salt without tast may become, with what it willyou σετε; Εχετε εν έαυτοις άλας, και ειρηνευετε season? Have you in yourselves salt, and be you at peace εν αλληλοις.

# КЕФ. ι'. 10.

1 Και εκείθεν αναστας ερχεται εις τα δρια
And from thence arising he comes into the borders της Ιουδαιας, δια του περαν του Ιορδανου και of the Judea, by the other side of the Jordan; and συμπορευονται παλιν οχλοι προς αυτον και, again crowds to and, him; come together παλιν εδιδασκεν αυτους. <sup>2</sup> Και ws Elwhel, And as he had been accustomed, again he taught them. προσελθοντες Φαρισαιοι επηρωτησαν αυτον Ει him; If approaching Pharisees asked εξεστιν ανδρι γυναικα απολυσαι; πειραζοντες tis lawful for a man a wife to release? trying

is better for thee to enter LIFE crippled, than having TWO Hands to depart to †GEHENNA, into THAT IN-EXTINGUISHABLE FIRE;

44 †[ where the WORM dies not, and the FIRE is,

not quenched.]

45 And if thy foot insare thee, cut it off; it is better for thee to enter lame into LIFE, than having TWO Feet, to be cast into GEHENNA, †[into the UNQUENCHABLE FIRE;

46 where the WORM dies not, and the FIRE is not

quenched.]

47 And if thine EYE insare thee, pluck it out; it is better for thee to enter one-eyed into the KINGDOM of GOD, than having Two Eyes to be cast into \*Gehenna;

48 1 where their WORM dies not, and the FIRE is

not quenched.

49 For every one shall be salted with fire: †[and every Sacrifice shall be seasoned with Salt.]

50 \$ SALT is good; but if the SALT become tasteless, how will you restore Its saltness? Have Salt in yourselves, and be at peace with one another."

## CHAPTER X.

1 ‡ And arising from thence, he comes into the CONFINES of JUDEA, \*even beyond the JORDAN; and again Crowds come together to him, and again, as he had been accustomed, he taught them.

2 † And Pharisees approaching, asked him, to try him, "Is it lawful for a Man to dismiss his

Wife?"

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—44. where the worm dies not, and the fire is not quenched—omit. 45 & 46. into the inextinguishalle fire; where their worm dies not, and the fire is not quenched—omit. 47. Gehenna.

every Sacrifice shall be seasoned with Salt—omit. 1. even beyond the Jordan.

<sup>† 43.</sup> A Hebrew term, meaning the valley of the son of Hinnom. For futner remarks see Appendix. † 44, 45, 46, 49. The clauses bracketed in these verses, are not tour d in the atican. They are marked as doubtful by Griesbach, and are expunsed by Fischendorf

<sup>1 48.</sup> Isa. lxvi.24. 1 50. Matt. v. 13; Luke xiv. 84. 11. Matt. xix. 1; John x 40; 7 12. Matt. xix

3 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτοις. Τι αυτον. him. He and answering said to them; What ύμιν ενετειλατο Μωσης; 4 Οί δε ειπον. Μωσης to you did enjoin Moses? They and said; επετρεψε βιβλιον αποστασιου γραψαι, και αποa seroll of separation to be written, and to re-Kai  $*[\alpha \pi \sigma \kappa \rho \iota \theta \epsilon \iota s]$   $\delta$  In  $\sigma \sigma \nu s$   $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ allowed λυσαι. [answering] said iease. And the Jesus αυτοις. Προς την σκληροκαρδιαν ύμων εγραψεν For the hardness of heart of you he wrote ύμιν την εντολην ταυτην. 6 Απο δε apyns From but a beginning to you the commandment this. κτισεως αρσεν και θηλυ εποιησεν αυτους δ θεος. of creation a male and a female he made them the God. 7 66 Ένεκεν τουτου καταλειψει ανθρωπος τον "On account of this shall leave a man πατερα αύτου και την μητερα, \*[και προσκολfather of himself and the mother, [and shall be closely ληθησεται προς την γυναικα αύτου·] 8 Και of himself. the wife united to and εσονται οί δυο εις σαρκα μιαν." 'Ωστε ουκετι shall be the two intflesh one." So that no longer 9 'Ο ουν & θεος συνεεισι δυο, αλλα μια σαρξ. What then the God has joinflesh. but one 10 Και εν τη ζευξεν, ανθρωπος μη χωριζετω. ed together, a man not disunites. And in the οικια παλιν οί μαθηται αυτου TEDL TOU disciples of him concerning of the house again the 11 Kat αυτου επηρωτησαν αυτον. λεγει asked him. And him he say-'Ος εαν απολυση την γυναικα αυτου, autois. Whoever may release the to them: W, "8 O A DIST I και γαμηση αλλην, €π' μοιχαται αυτην. and may marry another, commits adultery with 12 Και εας γυνη απολυτη τον ανδρα αύτης, και And if a woman may release the husband of herself, and 13 Και προσεφερον γαμηθη αλλω, μοιχαται. may be married to another, commits adultery. And they brought αυτω παιδια, ίνα άψηται αυτων οί δε μαθηται the but disciples to him little children that he might touch them; 14 Ιδων δε δ επετιμών τοις προσφερουσιν. rebuked those bringing. Seeing but the Ιησους ηγανακτησε, και ειπεν αυτοις. Αφετε was disrleased. and said Jesus to them: Allow τα παιδια ερχεσθαι προς με, μη κωλυετε αυτα· he little children to come to me, not hinder them; των γαρ τοιουτων εστιν ή βασιλεια του θεου.

3 And HE answering said to them, "What did Moses command You?"

4 And THEY said, 1" Moses permitted a Writ of Divorce to be written, and

to dismiss her."

5 And JESUS said to them, "Because of your STUBBORN DISPOSITION he wrote you this com-MAND.

6 But from the Beginning of Creation, \* he made them Male and Female.

7 : On account of this a Man shall leave his FA-THER and MOTHER, \* and adhere to his WIFE;

8 and the Two shall become one Flesh; so that they are no longer Two. but One Flesh.

9 What God, then, has united, let no Man sever."

10 And, in the House, \* the DISCIPLES again asked him \* concerning

11 And he says to them, I" Whoever shall dismiss his WIFE, and marry another, commits adultery with her.

12 And if \* she who tdismisses her HUSBAND, shall marry another, she commits adultery.

13 ‡ And they brought little Children to him, that he might touch them; and the DISCIPLES rebuked \* them.

14 But JESUS seeing it, was displeased, and said to them, "Allow the LITTLE CHILDREN to come to me, and forbid them not; for to SUCH LIKE belongs the KINGDOM of GOD.

15 Indeed I say to you, Whoever does not receive king- the KINGDOM of GOD, like

indeed I say to you, whoever not may receive the

is the

15 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ός εαν μη δεξηται την βασι-

6. he made them. 10. concerning this. 12, 51) 8 13. them. But.

kingdom of the

God.

† 4. Deut. xxiv. 1; Matt. v. 31; xix. 7. † 7. Gen. il. 24; 1 Cor. vi 16: Eph v 31. 11. Matt. v. 32: xix. 9; Luke xvi. 18; Rom. vii. 8; 1 Cor. vii. 10, 11. † 18. Matt. xix.

13. Luke zviii, 15.

of the for such like

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. answering-omit. adhere to his wire-omit. 10. the DISCIFLES. who dismisses her HUSBAND, shall marry another.

<sup>† 12.</sup> Strictly speaking, a Jewish wife could not divorce her husband therefore, apolasse may be considered as used with some license, and perhaps, too, with reference to the customs of the Gentiles rather than the Jews, and intended as a rule to the Apostles for general application, and which should put both sexes on the same footing.

λειαν του θεου ως παιδιον, ου μη εισελθη εις dom of the God like a little child, not not may enter into αυτην:  $^{16}$  Και εναγκαλισαμενος αυτα,  $\tau\iota\theta$ εις her. And embracing 1 $\iota$  his arms them, having placed τας χειρας επ' αυτα, ηυλογει αυτα. the hands upon them, he blessed them.

17 Και εκπορευομενου αυτου εις όδον, προσgoing out of him into a way, δραμων είς, και γονυπετησας αυτον, επηρωτα ning up one, and kneeling before him, he asked αυτον Διδασκαλε αγαθε, τι ποιησω, ίνα ζωην him; Oteacher good, what must I do, that life αιωνιον κληρονομησω; 18 Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν The and Jesus said age-lasting I may inherit? age-lasting that the here is a  $\gamma a \theta o \nu$ ; ou dets a  $\gamma a \theta o s$ , et to him; Why me callest thou good? no one good, if  $\mu \eta \epsilon_s$ ,  $\delta \theta \epsilon o s$ . <sup>19</sup> Tas  $\epsilon \nu \tau o \lambda a s$  ot das "Mn not one, the God. The commandments thou knowest, "Not μοιχευσης· Μη φυνευσης· Μη κλεψης· Μη ψευδομαρτυρησης· \*[Μη αποστερησης:] Not thou must testify falsely; [Not thou must defrand ] Τιμα τον πατερα σου, και την μητερα.  $^{20}$  Ο Honor the father of thee, and the mother. He  $\delta\epsilon * [\alpha \pi \sigma \kappa \rho \iota \theta \epsilon \iota s] \epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$  αιτα.  $\Delta\iota \delta \alpha \sigma \kappa \alpha \lambda \epsilon$ , ταυτα but [answering] said tolum, Oteacher, these 21 'O δε παντα εφυλαξαμην εκ νεοτητος μου. I kept from childhood of me. He but Ιησους εμβλεψας αυτφ, ηγαπησεν αυτον, και losus looking on him, loved him, and and ειπεν αυτώ 'Εν σοι ύστερει' ύπαγε, said to him: One to thee lacks: go, δσα whatever εχεις πωλησον, και δος τοις πτωχοις και and give to the poor: and thou hast sell, έξεις θησαυρον εν ουρανφ και δευρο, ακολthou shalt have treasure in heaven; and hither, folουθει μοι, \*[αρας τον σταυρον.] 22'Ο δε στυγ-low me, [taking up the cross.] He bus looking νασας επι τω λογω, απηλθε λυπουμηνος. ην sad at the word, wentaway sorrowing: he was γαρ εχων κτηματα πολλα. 23 Και περιβλεψαsorrowing: he was And looking for having possessions many. μενος δ Ιησους, λεγει τοις μαθηταις αθτου·
round the Jesus, says to the disciples of himself-Πως δυσκολως οἱ τα χρηματα εχοντες εις την into the hardly those the riches having 24 Oi δε βασιλειαν του θεου εισελευσονται. They and kingdom of the God shall enter. μαθηται εθαμβουντο επι τοις λογοις αυτου. disciples were astonished at the words of him. The δε Ιησους παλιν αποκριθεις λεγει αυτοις. Τεκνα, 1 ... Jesus again answering say to them: Children, χρημασιν,] εις την βασιλειαν του θεου εισελθειν. into the kingdom of the God to enter. riches,

a little Child, he will by no means enter it."

16 And taking them in his arms, and placing his HANDS on them, he blessed them.

- 17 ‡ And going out into the Road, one running up, and kneeling before him, asked him, "Good Teacher! what must I do, that I may inherit aionian Life."
- 18 And JESUS said to him, Why dost thou call Me good? No one is good, except one, GoD.
- 19 Thou knowest the COMMANDMENTS; ‡\*Do not commit murder; Do not commit adultery; Do not steal; Do not testify falsely Honor thy FATHER and MOTHER."
- 20 And HE said to him, "Teacher, all these have I kept from my Chimhood."
- 21 And JESUS looking on him, loved him, and said to him, "One thing thou lackest; go, sell whatever thou hast, and give to the \*Poor, and thou shalt have ‡ Treasure in Heaven; and come, follow me."

22 But he was grieved at the word, and went away sorrowing; for he had great Possessions."

- 23 Then Jesus looking round, says to his disciples, to with what difficulty will those having riches enter the Kingdom of God."
- 24 And the DISCIPLES were astonished at his words. But Jesus again answering, says to them, the Children, how difficult it is to enter the KINGDOM of GOD.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—19. Do not commit murder: Do not commit adultery. 12 Do not defraud—omit. 20. answering—omit. 21. Poor. 21. taking up the cross—omit. 24. those having confidence in riches—omit.

25 Ευκοπωτερον εστι καμηλον δια της τρυμαitis a camel through the hole λιας της βαφιδος διελθειν, η πλουσιον εις την of the needle to pass, than a rich man into the 26 Οί δε περισ-Βασιλειαν του θεου εισελθειν. kingdom of the God to enter. They and greatly σως εξεπλησσοντο, λεγοντες προς έαυτους. among themselves; were amazed, saying Και τις δυναται σωθηναι; 27 Εμβλεψας δε And who Looking on is able to be saved? and αυτοις ό Ιησους, λεγει· Παρα ανθρωποις αδυνα-them the Jesus, says; With men impossiτον αλλ' ου παρα τω θεω· παντα γαρ δυνατα God: all for possible ble but not with the εστι παρα τω θεω. 28 Ηρξατο δ Πετρος λεγειν Began the Peter tosay is with the God. αυτω. Ιδου ήμεις αφηκαμέν παντα, και ηκολ-20 \* [Aποκριθεις] δ the to him: Lo, and fol-δ Iησους we ουθησαμεν σοι. thee. Jesus ειπεν· Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ουδεις εστιν, ός αφη-said: Indeed I say to you, no one is, who has κεν οικιαν, η αδελφος, η αδελφας, η πατερα, η left houses, or brothers, or sisters, or father, or μητερα, \*[η γυναικα,] η τεκνα, η αγρους, mother, [or wife,] or children, or fields, ένεκεν εμου και ένεκεν του ευγγελιου, <sup>30</sup> εαν on account of me and on account of the glad tidings, μη λαβη έκατονταπλασιονα, νυν εν τφ not he may receive a hundred fold, now in the καιρω τουτω, οικιας, και αδελφους, και αδελφας, και μητερας, και τεκνα, και αγρους, μετα ters, and mothers, and children, and fields, with διωγμων, και εν τω αιωνι τφ ερχομενφ ζωην persecutions, and in the age to come, αιωνιον. 31 Πολλοι δε εσονται πρωτοι, εσχαage-lasting. Many but shall be  $\tau$ 01. Kall  $\epsilon\sigma\chi$ 0. They were and in the first, όδω αναβαινοντες εις Ίεροσολυμα·
way going up to Jerusalem: Kai and προαγων αυτους δ Ιησους και εθαμβουντο, and they were amazed, going before them the Jesus: και ακολουθοντες εφοβουντο. Και παραλαβων following they were afraid. And taking aside παλιν τους δωδεκα, ηρξατο αυτοις λεγειν again the twelve, he began to them to tell the things αgain the twelve, πε σεραπικών 33 Ότι ιδου, ανα-μελλοντα αύτφ συμβαινειν 33 Ότι ιδου, ανα-to happen: For lo, we βαινομέν εις Ίεροσολυμα, και δ υίος του ανθρωgo up to Jerusalem, and the son of the , man που παραδοθησεται τοις αρχιερευσι και τοις will be delivered up to the γραμματευσι και κατακρινουσιν αυτον θανατω, SCRIBES; and they will condemn him to death, condemn him to death, και παραδωσουσιν αυτον τοις εθνεσι, 34 και and will deliver him up to they will deliver up him to the Gentiles, and

25 It is easier for a Camel to pass through the NEEDLE'S EYE, than for a Rich man to enter the KINGDOM of GOD."

26 And they were exceedingly astonished, saying \*to him, "Who then

can be saved?"

27 And JESUS looking on them, says, " With Men it may be impossible, but not with GoD; for with \* God everything is possible."

28 PETER began to say to him, "Behold, we have forsaken all, and followed

thee."

29 Jesus said, "Indeed I say to you, There is no one who has left House, or Brothers, or Sisters, or Father, or Mother, \* or Wife, or Children, or Lands, on my account, and on account of the GLAD TIDINGS,

30 who will not receive ta hundred-fold, now, in this TIME, -Houses, and Brothers, and Sisters, and Mothers, and Children, and Lands,—but with Persecutions; and in the AGE to COME, aionian Life.

31 # But many will be first, who are last; and last, who are first."

32 ‡ And they were on the ROAD going up to Jerusalem; and Jesus was preceding them; and they were \* amazed. And THEY who FOLLOWED him were afraid as the took aside again the TWELVE, and began to tell them the THINGS BEING ABOUT to befall him.

33 "Behold, we are going up to Jerusalem, and the son of MAN will be delivered up to the HIGHhigh-priests and to the PRIESTS, and to the

and the GENTILES:

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26. to him, "Who." 27. God. 29. answering-omit. 29. or Wife-omit. 32. amazed. And THEY Who FOI LOWED him were afraid, as he took † 28. Matt. xix. 27; Luke xviii. 28.

Luke xvii. 30.

† 31. Matt. xix. 30;
Luke xviii. 30.

† 32. Matt. xix. 30;
Luke xviii. 30.

† 32. Mark viii. 31; ix. 31;

εμπαιξουσιν αυτφ, και μαστιγωσουσιν αυτον, they will mock him, and they will scourge him, και εμπτυσουσιν αυτφ, και αποκτενουσιν αυτον. and they will spit upon him and they will kill και τη τριτη ήμερα αναστησεται. 35 Kair 00day he will stand up. And 20230 and the third πορευονται αυτφ Ιακωβος και Ιωαννης, οί υίοι to him James an John, Σεβεδαίου, λεγοντες Διδασκαλε, θελομεν, ένα Oteacher, we wish, that to him James and John, the sons 36 O DE ELTEN δ ξαν αιτησωμεν, ποιείση ήμιν. whatever we may ask, thou may or in for us. He but anid αυτοις. Τι θελετε ποιησοι με ύμιν, Οί δε to them; What do you wish to do me for ou? They and ειπον αυτω. Δος ήμιν, ίνα είς εκ δεξιων σου, said to him; Give to us, that one at right of thee και είς εξ ευωνυμων σου καθισωμεν εν τη δοξη in the glory and one at left of thee we may sit 33 'Ο δε Ίησους ειπεν αυτοις. Ουκ οιδατε, The and Josus Said Not you know. so them;  $\tau \iota$   $\alpha \iota \tau \epsilon \iota \sigma \theta \epsilon$ .  $\Delta v v \alpha \sigma \theta \epsilon \pi \iota \epsilon \iota \nu \tau \sigma \pi \sigma \tau \eta \rho \iota \sigma \nu$ , δ Are you able to drink the cup, which what you ask. εγω πινω, και το βαπτισμα, δ εγω βαπτιζομαι, drink, and the dippin which I am dipped. βαπτισθηναε: 39 Οί δε ειπον αυτφ. Δυναμεθα. They and said to him; We are able. to be dipped? 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Το \*[μεν] ποτηsaid to them; The indeed The and Jesus ριον, δ εγω πινω, πιεσθε. και τη βαπτισμα, which I drink, you will drink; and the dipping, δ εγω βαπτιζομαι, βαπτισθησεσθε 40 TO δ€ you will led ped: The but which I am dipped, καθισαι εκ δεξιων μου και εξ ευωνυμων, ουπ εσto sit at right of me and at left, 200 τιν εμον δουναι, αλλ' οίς ήτοιμασται.

minc to give, but to whom it has been prepared. 41 Και ακουσαντες οί δεκα, ηρξαντο αγανακτειν And having heard the ten, they began to be angry 42 'O δε Ιησους περι Ιακωβου και Ιωαννοι, John. The hat Jesus and James προσκαλεσαμενος αυτους, λεγει αυτους Οιδαhe says to them; You know, them, τε, ότι οί δοκουντες αρχειν των εθνων, κατακυthat those presuming to rule the nations. lordit ριευουσιν αυτων, και οί μεγαλοι αυτων κατεξουand the great of them exercise 43 Ουχ ούτω δε εσται σια (ουσιν αυτων. Not 20 but it shall be among Suthority over them. υμιν αλλ' δς εαν θελη γενεσθαι μεγας
γου; but whoever may wish to become great $\in \nu$ among δμιν, εσται διων διακονος  $^{44}$  και ός εαν  $\theta$ ελη you, shall be of you a servant;

34 and they will mock him, and \*spit on him. and scourge him, and put him to death, and \*after Three Days he will rise."

35 And James and John the \* Two Sons of Zebedee, come to him, \*saying to him, "O Teacher, we wish that thou wouldst do for us whatever we may \* ask thee."

36 And HE said to them. "What do you desire me

to do for you?"

37 And THEY said to him. "Grant to us that we may sit. one at \*thy Right hand, and the other at \* thy Left, in thy GLORY."

38 But JESUS said to them. "You know not what you ask. Can you drink the CUP which # drink? \*or undergo the IMMERSION with which I am being overwhelmed!"

39 And THEY said to him, "We can." And JE-sus said to them, You wil! drink the CUP which E drink, and undergo the IM-MERSION with which am being overwhelmed;

40 but to SIT at my Right hand, or at the Left, 12 not mine to give, except for whom it is prepared."

41 1 And the TEN, having heard, were indignant against James and John.

42 \* And Jesus, having called them, he says to them, ‡"You know That THOSE presuming to rule the NATIONS domineer over them, and their GREAT ones exercise authority over them.

43 #But "it is not so among you; but whoever may desire to become great among you, shall be Your Servant:

44 and whoever among and whoever may wish you may desire to become

t 35. Matt. xx. 20, xx. 26, 28; Mark ix. 35; Lukeix. 48.

‡ 41. Matt. xx. 24. ‡ 42. Luke xxii. 25.

I 43. Matt

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. spit on him, and scourge him. 34. after Three Days 35. xwo Sons. 35. saying to him, "O Teacher." 35. ask thee. 37. the Left. 38. or. 39. indeed—omit. 40. or 40. or at the Left. Right. 42. And JESUS. 43. tis not so among you. 44. among you.

ύμων γενεσθαι πρωτος, εσται παντων δουλος· of you to become first, shall be of all a slave; 45 και γαρ ό υίος του ανθρωπου ουκ ηλθε διακονand for the son of the man not came ηθηναι, αλλα διακονησαι, και δουναι την ψυχην and to give the served, but to serve,

αύτου λυτρον αντι πολλων. of himself a ransom for

46 Και ερχονται εις Ίεριχω· και εκπορευομενου And they come into Jericho; and going out αυτου απο Ίεριχω, και των μαθητων αυτου, και of him from Jericho, and the disciples of him, and οχλου ίκανου, υίος Τιμαιου, Βαρτιμαιος δ τυφa crowd great, a son of Timeus, Bartimeus the blind, 47 Kai λος, εκαθητο παρα την όδον προσαιτων. by the way begging. ακουσας, ότι Ιησους ὁ Ναζωραιος εστιν, ηρξατο hearing, that Jesus the Nazarite it is, he began κραζειν και λεγειν 'Ο vios Δαυιδ, Ιησου, ελεη-tocry out and to say; The son of David, Jesus, have pity σον με. 48 Και επετιμων αυτφ πολλοι, ίνα δ δε πολλφ μαλλον εκραζειν Υιε σιωπηση. he might be silent; he but much more cried out; O son Δαυιδ, ελεησον με. <sup>49</sup> Και στας δ Ιησους, of David, have pity on me. And stopping the Jesus, ειπεν αυτον φωνηθηναι και φωνουσι τον τυφand they called the blind, told him to be called; Θαρσει, εγειρε φωνει λον, λεγοντές αυτώ saying to him; Take courage, rise up; he calls 50 Ο δε αποβαλων το ίματιον αύτου, ανασσe.

thee. He and throwing on the mass  $\eta \lambda \theta \in \pi \rho os \tau ov I \eta \sigma o v v$ . St Kai a  $\pi o \kappa \rho \iota \theta \in s s$  the Jesus, And answering λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. Τι θελεις ποιησω σοι; says to him the Jesus; What dost thou wish I may do to thee? ο δε τυφλος ειπεν αυτφ. Paββουνι, ίνα αναβλεψω. 52 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτφ. Υπαγε. ή The and Jesus said to him; Go; the TISTIS GOV GEGWKE GE. Και ευθεως ανεβλεψε, faith of thee has saved thee. And immediately he saw again,

He and throwing off the mantle of himself, arising

και ηκολουθει αυτώ εν τή έδω. followed him in the way,

# ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

1 Και ότε εγγιζουσιν εις Ίερουσαλημ, εις
And when they drew near to Jerusalem, to Βηθφαγη και Βηθανιαν, προς το ορος των ελαι-Bethphage and Bethany, to the mountain of the olive ων, αποστελλει δυο των μαθητων αύτου, και he sends two of the disciples of himself, and

Chief, shall be the Slave of

45 ‡ For even the son of MAN came not to be served. but to serve, and to give his LIFE a Ransom for many."

46 # And they came to Jericho. And as he was departing from Jericho with his DISCIPLES, and a great Crowd, \* a Blind Beggar, † Bartimeus, (the son of Timeus,) sat by the ROAD.

47 And hearing That it was Jesus the Nazarite, he began to cry out, and say, \*"Jesus, son of David, have pity on me!"

48 And many charged him to be silent; but HE cried out much more, "Son of David, have pity on me!"

49 And JESUS stopping, \* said, "Call him." And they called the BLIND man, saying to him, "Take courage, arise; he calls thee."

50 And HE, throwing off his † MANTLE, \* leaping up, came to Jesus.

51 And JESUS addressing him, said, "What dost thou wish I may do for thee?" The BLIND man said to him, †" Rabboni! that I may receive my sight."

52 And JESUS said to him, 1"Go; thy FAITH has restored thee." And he immediately received sight, and followed \* him on the ROAD.

### CHAPTER XI.

1 And 1 when they drew near to Jerusalem, to Bethphage, and Bethany, near \* the MOUNT of OLIVES, he sends Two of his DISCI-PLES,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—46. Bartimeus, a Blind Beggar, the son of Timeus, sat by the AD. And. 47. Son of David, Jesus, have. 49. said, "Call him." And. 50. ping up. came. 52. him on the BOAD. 1. THAT MOUNT which is. BOAD. And. leaping up. came.

<sup>† 46.</sup> Bartimeus, is considered by many to be a real name, and not an explication of ho whyos Timuon. † 50. Or upper garment. This was of considerable dimensions, and enveloped the whole body. In those hot countries, they threw it aside when they were at work, or ploughing in the field.—Wakefield. † 51. Rabboni, an intensified signification of Rabbi, meaning My Master; the highest title of honor in the Jewish schools. It is only used in one other passage in the New Testament-John xx. 16.

<sup>1 45.</sup> Matt. xx. 28. 1 46. Matt. xx. 29; Luke xviii. 85. 1 1. Matt. xxi 1; Luke xxx. 29; John xii. 14. 1 52. Matt. ix. 22. Mark

λεγει αυτοις· 2 Υπαγετε εις την κωμην την says to them: Go you into the town that κατεναντι ύμων και ευθεως εισπορευομενοι entering you; and immediately εις αυτην, εύρησετε πωλον δεδεμενον, εφ' you will find a colt having been tied, upon which ουδεις ανθρωπων κεκαθικε. λυσαντές αυτον him of men has sat : having loosed 3 Και εαν τις ύμιν ειπη. Το ποιαγαγετε. And if any one to you should say; Why do lead you. ειπατε· \*['Oτε]', δ κυριος αυτου say you; [That] the master of him ELTE TOUTO; Chis? και ευθεως αυτον αποστελλει XPEIQU CXEL and immediately him he will send need h. 8; 4 . ηλθον δε, και εύρον πωλον δεδεμενον ώδ€. a' ev went and, and found a colt having been tied hero. προς τον θριν εξω επι του αμφοδου και dorr without in the street: 5 Και τινές των εκει εστηκολυουσιν αυτον. And some of those there they loose him, . standτων ελεγον αυτοις. Τι ποιειτε λυοντες τον ing said to them; What do you loosing the πωλον; 6 Οί δε ειπον αυτοις καθως ενετειλατο They and said to them even as commanded 7 Και ηγαγον δ Ιησους και αφηκαν αυτους. the Jesus; and they uffered them. And they lad τον πωλον προς τον Ιησουν, και επιβαλλουσι**ν** colt to the Jesus, and they threw upon αυτφ τα ίματια αύτων και εκαθισεν επ' αυτφ. him the mantles of themselves; and he sat upon him. <sup>8</sup> Πολλοι δε τα ίματια αύτων εστρωσαν εις την Many and the mantles of themselves spread in the άδον" αλλοι δε στοιβαδας εκοπτον εκ των others and branches

και εστρωννυον cut off from the δενδρων, εις την όδον.] in trees, and scattered the way.] 9 Και οἱ προαγοντες και οἱ ακολουθουντες And those going before and those following εκραζον, \*[λεγοντες.] · Ωσαννα· ευλογημενος did cry, [saying. Hosanna; 10] δ  $ερχομενος *[εν ονοματι κυριου·] <math>^{10}$  ευλογηworthy of [in name of Lord; ] coming μενη ή ερχομενη βασιλεια του πατρος ήμων blessing the coming kingdom of the father 11 Και εισηλ-Δαυιδ. ώσαννα εν τοις ύψιστοις. And Hosanna in the highest. θεν εις Ίεροσολυμα δ Ιησους, \*[και] €IS TO [and] into the Jerusalem the Jesus, lered into ίερον και περιβλεψαμενος παντα, οψιας ηδη temple; and having looked round or all, evening now ουσης της  $\dot{\omega}$ ρας, εξηλθεν εις  $\mathbf{B}$ ηθανιαν μετα being the hour, he went out to  $\mathbf{B}$ ethany with των δωδεκα. She twelve.

2 and says to them, "Ge to THAT VILLAGE which is OVER AGAINST you, and as soon as you enterit, you will find a Colt tied, on which no Man has \*yet sat: loose him, and bring him.

3 And if any one should say to you, 'Why do you this?' say, The MASTER needs it; and he will instantly send it hither."

4 And they went and found a Colt fastened at the DOOR outside, in to STREET; and they loosed it.

5 And some of THOSE STANDING there, said a them, "Why do you untie the COLT?"

6 And THEY said to them as Jesus had \*directed; and they allowed them.

7 And they \*led the COLT to JESUS, and threw on it their MANTLES; and he sat on it.

8 ‡ And many spread their GARMENTS on the ROAD; and others cut \*Branches, from the TREES, and scattered them on the ROAD.

9 And THOSE PRECED-ING and THOSE FOLLOW-ING, shouted, "Hosama!" ""Blessed be HE who COMES in the Name of 'Jehovah!"

10 "Blessed be the coming KINGDOM of our FATHER David!" ‡ "Hosanna in the HIGHEST heaven!"

11 ‡And \*JESUS went into Jerusalem, and into the TEMPLE. And having looked round on all things, it now being Evening, as went out to Bethany, with the TWELVE.

12 ‡ And the NEXT DAY, as they were coming from Bothany, he was hungry:

<sup>12</sup> Και τη επαυριον εξελθοντων αυτων απο And the next day coming out of them from

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—2. yet sat. 2. That—omit. 6. said; and. 7 bring. 8. Branches, cut down out of the fields. And they, 8. and scattered in the war—omit. 9. saying—omit. 9. in the name of the Lord—omit, 11. he entered. 11. and—omit.

13 και ιδων συκην μακρο-Βηθανιας, επεινασε. he was hungry; and seeing a fig tree at a dis-Bethany, θεν, εχουσών φυλλα, ηλθεν, ει αρα εύρησει if perhaps he will find having leaves, he went. και ελθων επ' αυτην, ουδεν εν αυτη. coming to . her; and her εύρεν ει η φυλλα. ου γαρ ην καιρος συκων. he found except leaves: not for it was season of figs. 14 Και αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτη. Μηκετι εκ σου And answering he said to her: No more thee μηδεις €IS TOV aLWVA καρπον φαγοι. Kai a,e no one fruit may eat. And ηκουον οί μαθηται αυτου. 15 Και ερχονται εις heard the disciples of him. And they come to 'Ιεροσολυμα' και εισελθων εις το ίερον ηρξατο into the temple he began Jerusalem: and going εκβαλλειν τους πωλουντας και αγοραζοντας εν to cast out those selling and buying τφ ίερφο και τας τραπεζας των κολλυβιστων, the temple: and the tables the money-changers, και τας καθεδρας των πωλουντων τας περιστεofthose and the selling the weats 16 και ουκ ηφιέν, ένα τις ρας κατεστρεψε. suffered, that an one he overturned: and not διενεγκη σκευος δια του ίερου. αι εδιδασshould carry on article through the temple. And he taught, κε, λεγων \*[αυτοις·] Ου γεγραπται·
saying [tc them:] Not is it written: 44 That of me, a house προσευχης κληθησεται OLKOS the house of prayer shall be called πασι τοις εθνεσιν; ύμεις δε εποιησατε αυτον

σπηλαιον ληστων." · Και ηκουσαν οί γραμof robbers." the a den And beard scribes ματεις και οί , ζιετεις, και ε(ητουν πως αυτον and the high-priets, and they sought how him απολεσουσιν εφορ υντο γαρ αυτον, ότι πας δ they might destroy: they flared for him, because all the οχλος εξεπληστετο επι τη διδαχη αυτου. 19 Και was amazed at the teaching of him. ότε οψε εγενετο, εξεπορευετο εξω της πολεως. he went out of the when evening it became, city.

nations i

you but have made

20 Kat παραπορευομενοι, ειδον την πρωι And in the morning passing along, they saw the

13 and observing a Figtree, at a distance, having Leaves, he went to search for †fruit on it, (for it was not yet † the \*SEASON for Figs.) And having come to it, he found noth. ing but Leaves.

14 Then he said to it t" Let no one cat Frui of thee to the AGE!" An: his DISCIPLES heard him.

15 \$ And they came to Jerusalem; and going into the TEMPLE, he drove out THOSE SELLING and buying, and overturned the TABLES of the BANKERS. and the SEATS of THOSE SELLING DOVES:

16 and would not permit any one to carry an Article through the TEMPLE.

17 He also taught \*and said "Is it not written, t'My house shall be alled a House of Praver for All NALIONS?' but pou ve made it a Den of Robbers."

18 1 And the \*HIGH. PRIESTS and the SCRIB S heard, a..d sought ho . they might destroy him; for they feared him, B cause All the CROWD was astonished at his TEACH-

19 And when it was Evening, he went out of the CITY.

20 1 And passing along in the Morning, they saw

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-13. SEASON. 17. and said, "Is it not." 17. to them

<sup>† 13.</sup> That Jesus had a right to gather figs from this tree, if there had been any upon it, appears from the law of Moses, mentioned in Deut. xxiii. 24, 25. Josephus alluding to this Jaw, mentions ripe fruits in general, not grapes and corn only. His words are—"Let not passengers, (whether natives or strangers,) be hindered from touching the ripe fruits. Let them be permitted to fill themselves with them, but not to carry any awky." Thatsome ripe firs might be expected on fig-trees at that time of the year will appear, says Pearce, from the following considerations;—"Jesus went up to this fig-tree on the 11th day of the month Nisan, i. e. three days before the Passover, which was always on the 14th day of it. "On the morrow after the Sabbath' which followed the Passover, the first-fruits were to be offered to God in the temple." Lev. xxii. 11. The leaves on the tree indicated that summer was nigh, Matt. xxiv. 32, and that fruit might be reasonably expected, especially as the fig-tree shows for thits fruit before the leaves. If, therefore, the tree bore figs, now was the period to fina and eat them.

† 13. That is, the season for gathering them.

† 14. Some cavillers object to this miracle of our Savior, and ask, What right had he to destroy this fig-tree? In answer, observe, that the tree was evidently barren, and therefore of no use to any one; that it could hardly be private property, for it was on the public road; and that it was made the means of inculcating a great moral truth on the minds of his disciples.

† 13. Matt. xxi. 19.

† 15. Matt. xxi. 12. Luke xix. 45. John ii. 14.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Matt. xxi. 19. † 15. Matt. xxi. 12; Luke xix. 45; John ii. 14. lvi. 7 † 18. Matt. xxi. 45, 46: Luke xix. 47. † 20. Matt. xxi. 19.

διζων· συκην εξηραμμενην εκ ag-tree having been withered from roots; And remem-υποθεις ὁ Πετρος, λεγει αυτώ 'Ραββι, ιδε, ή having been withered from the Peter. says to him; Rabbia the hering 22 Kai ท์ท εξηρανται. κατηρασω, συκη, ην κατηρασω, fig-tree, which thou didst cu se, has been withered. And αποκριθεις δ Ιησους λεγει αυτοις Εχετε πισ-answering the Jesus says to them. Have you faith 23 Αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, ότι ός αν TIN BEOU. Indeed for isay to you, that whoever of God. Αρθητι, και βληυητι ειπη τω ορει τουτω. may say to the mountain this; Be lifted up, and cast και μη διακριθη εν τη and not should doubt in the εις την θαλασσαν. the sea: καρδια αύτου, αλλα πιστευση ότι α λεγει heart of himself, but should believe that what he says γινεται εσται αυτφ δ εαν ειπη. 24 Δια τουτο comes to pass; it shall be to him whatever he may say. Through λεγω ύμιν, παντα όσα αν προσευχομενοι αιτεισ-I say to you. all things whatever praying θε, πιστευετε ότι λαμβανετε και εσται όμιν.
believe you that you receive, and tahilbe i you 25 Και όταν στηκητε προσευχομενοι, αφιετε, ει forgive, if And when you stand praying, εχετε κατα τινος. δ πατηρ iva Kal any thing you have against any one; that also the ύμων, δ εν τοις ουρανοις, αφρύμιν τα παραπ-oryou, that in the heavens, mayforgive you the faults τωματα ύμων. 26 Ει δε ύμεις ουκ αφιετε, ουδε of you. If but you not forgive. neither δ πατηρ διμων, δ εν τοις ουρανοις, αφησει τα the father of you, that in the heavens, will forgive the 27 Και ερχονται παλιν παραπτωματα ύμων. And they come faulte of you. again εις Ίεροσολυμα. Και εν τφ ίερφ περιπατουν-And in the temple Jerusalem. to τος αυτου, ερχονται προς αυτον οί αρχιερεις come him the high-priests of him, to 28 Kal και οί γραμματεις και οί πρεσβυτεροι, and the scribes elders, and λεγουσιν αυτφ. Εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιεις: they say to him; By what authority these things does thou! και τις σοι την εξουσιαν ταυτην εδωκεν, ίνα and who to thee the authority this gave, ποιης; 29 'Ο δε Ιησους \* [αποιεριθεις] Ταυτα these things thou mayest do. The but Jesus [answering] ειπεν αυτοις. Επερωτησω ύμας \*[καγω] ένα said to them; I will ask you [also I] one  $\epsilon \rho \omega$ λογον και αποιεριθητε μοι, και ύμιν, €ν and to me, and I will tell to you, by word; answer you 30 Το βαπτισμα ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιω.

authority these things

21 Kas avau- the FIG-TREE withered away from the Roots.

21 And PETER remembering, says to him, "Rabbi, behold, the FIG-TREE which thou didst curse, is withered away."

22 And Jesus answering says to them, "Have Faith

in God.

23 For indeed 1 say to you, † That whoever should say to this MOUNTAIN, 'Be raised up, and thrown into the sea,' and should not doubt in his HEART, but believe that \* what he says is being done; he shall have it.

24 For this reason I say to you, ‡All things whatever you \*pray for, and desire, believe That you will receive, and you

shall have them.

25 ‡ And when you stan praying, forgive, if ou have any thing against any one; that also THAT FATHER of yours I. the HEAVENS may forgive you your OFFENCES.

26 † [But ; if you do not forgive, neither will that father of yours in the heavens forgive your or-

FENCES."]

27 ‡And they came again to Jerusalem. And as he tas walking about in the TEMPLE, the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, and the ELDERS, came to him,

28 and \*they said to him, "By What Authority doest thou these things? \*or who EMPOWERED the

to do them?"

29 And Jesus said to them, "I will ask you One Question; and if you answer me, I also will inform you by What Authority I do these things.

dipping

Varican Manuscrift.—23. what he says is being done; he shall have it. For this.

24. pray for, and desire, believe you That you did receive.
28. they said.
29. answering—omit.
29. also I—omit.

<sup>† 26.</sup> This verse is wanting in Dr. Birch's collation of the Vat. MS., and is omitted by several MSS. and Versions.

<sup>† 23.</sup> Matt. xvii. 20; xxi. 2: Luke xvii. 6. † 24. Matt. vii. 7; Luke xi. 0; Jonu xiv 13; James i. 5, 6. † 25. Matt. vi. 14; Col. iii. 13. † 26. Matt. xviii. 35 † 27. Matt. xxi. 23; Luke xx.

Ιωαννου εξ ουρανου ην, ή εξ ανθρωπων: αποκof John from heaven was, or from men? answer ριθητε μοι. 31 Και ελογιζοντο προς έαυτους, to me. And they reasoned among themselves, λεγοντες Εαν ειπωμεν Εξ ουρανου, he will say; saying; If we should say; From heaven, Διατι ουν ουκ επιστευσατε αυτω; 32 Αλλ' εαν Why then not did you believe him; But if ειπωμεν. Εξ ανθρωπων. εφοβουντα τον λαον. we should say; From men; they feared the απαντες γαρ ειγον τον Ιωαννην, ότι οντως for held the John, that really προφητης ην. 33 Και αποκριθεντες λεγουσι τφ a prophet was. And answering they say to the Και δ Ιησους \* [αποκρι-Ουκ οιδαμεν. Ιησου. Jesus. Not we know, And the Jesus Sanswerθεις] λεγει αυτοις. Ουδε εγω λεγω ύμιν, εν ing he says to them; Neither I say to you, by ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιω. what authority these things I do.

## КЕФ. 18', 12.

1 Και ηρξατο αυτο s εν παραβολαιs λεγειν·
And he began to them in parables to talk; Αμπελωνα εφυτευσαν ανθρωπος, και περιεθηκε Avineyard planted a man, and placed around φραγμον, και ωρυξεν ύποληνιον, και φκοδομησε a bedge, and dug a wine-vat, and πυργον και εξεδοτο αυτον γεωργοις, και απεδηa tower; and let out it to husbandmen and μασε. 2 Και απεστειλε προς τους γεωργους τω abroad. And hesent to the husbandmen in the καιρφ δουλον, ίνα παρα των γεωργων a slave, that from the husbandmen, he might receive απο του παρπου του αμπελωνος. <sup>3</sup> Οί δε λαβονfruit of the vineyard. They but taking of the τες αυτον, εδειραν, και απεστειλαν κενον. they flayed, and sent away empty. And παλιν απεστειλε προς αυτους αλλον δουλον. to them he sent another λιθοβολησαντες εκεφαλαιωσαν, και Kakelvov pelting with stone . hay wounded on the head, and and this \*[απεστειλαν] ητιμωμενον. δ Και αλλον απε[sent away] having distonored. And another he And another στειλε κακεινον απεκτειναν και πολλους sent, and Tale they killed: and αλλους, τους με δεροντες, τους δε αποκτενothers, some indeed daying, some but 6 Ετι \* [ουν] ένα υίον εχων, αγαπητον VOVTES. Tet [therefore] one son having, beloved

\*[αὐτου,] απεστειλε \*[κα:] αυτον προς αυτους

[of himself,] he sent [and] him to them εσχατον, λεγων 'Οτι εντραπησονται τον υίον last, saying; That they will regard the son last, saying; That they προς εαυτους.

9 Ε εεινοι δε έγεωργοι ειπον προς εαυτους. μου. to themselves: of me.

30 Was the IMMERSION of \*John from Heaven, or from Men? Auswer me.31

31 And they reasoned among themselves, saving, "If we should say, From Heaven; he will say, Why then did you not believe him?

32 But \* should we say. From Men;"-they feared the PEOPLE of for all maintain that # JOHN was really

a Prophet.

33 And answering they say to JESUS, "We do not know." And JESUS says to them, "neither do I tell you by What Authority I do these things."

### CHAPTER XIL

1 1 And he began to ad. dress them in Parables. A Man planted a Vineyard, and placed a Hedge about it, and dug a +Winevat, and built a Tower, and leased it to CULTIVATORS. and left the country.

2 And he sent a Servant to the CULTIVATORS, at the SEASON, that he might receive from the CULTIVA-TORS of the \*FRUITS of the VINEYARD.

3 But \* seizing him, they beat Him, and sent him away empty.

4 And again he sent to them another Servant: and "him they wounded in the head, and disgracefully treated.

5 And he sent Another. and him they killed; and Many Others, beating \* some, and killing \* some.

6 \* Having yet One beloved Son, he sen him last to them. saying, They will respect my on '

7 But Those CULTIVA. TORS said among them-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30. JOHN. 32. should we say. 83. answering-4. him they wounded in the head.
5 some.
6. He had yet one 2. PRUITS of. 4. sent away-6. He had yet one Son, beloved; he sent.
6. also—omit, 5. some. 6. of himself-omit. 6. therefore-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> See Note on Matt. xxi, 33,

<sup>\$ 32.</sup> Matt. iii. 5; xiv. 5; Mark vi. 20. Isa. v. 1-7.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Matt. xxi. 23; Luke xxii. 9; See

Ότι ούτος εστιν ό κληρονομος· δευτε, αποκ-That this is the heir; come, we may That this τεινωμεν αυτον, και ήμων εσται ή κληρονομια. kill) him and of us shal' be the inheritance. 8 Και λαβοντες αυτον, απεκτειναν, και εξεβαand And having taken him, they killed, 9 T: \* [ OUV ] TOINGEL λον εξω του αμπελωνος. out of the vineyard. What [therefore] will do ό κυριος του αμπελωνος; Ελευσεται και απολεthe ford of the vineyard? He will come and σει τους γεωργους, και δωσει τον αμπελωνα the husbandmen, and will give the vineyard αλλοις. · Λιθον δε απεδοκιμασον οί οικοδομουντες, ούτος "A stone which rejected those building, εγενηθη εις κεφαλην γωνιας. 11 παρα κυριου by was made into a head of a corner. a Lord εγενετο αύτη, και εστι θαυμαστη εν οφθαλμαις was done this, and it is wonderful ημων ;" 12 Και εζητουν αυτον κρατησαι, και of us ?" And they sought him to seize, hut εφοβηθησαν τον οχλον· εγνωσαν γαρ, ότι προς they feared the crowd; they knew for, that to αυτους την παραβολην ειπε. Kat αφεντες the parable he spoke. And leaving them αυτον, απηλθον. they went away. him.

13 Και αποστελλουσι προς αυτον τινας των they send to him some of the Φαρισαιων και των 'Ηρωδιανων, ίνα αυτ.ν :γρευ-Herodians, Pharisees and of the that him they might 14 Οί δε ελθοντες λεγουσιν αυτώ. τωσι λογω. patch in word. They and baving come they say  $\Delta ιδασκαλε, οιδαμεν, ότι αληθης ει,$ Kal ov O teacher, we know, that true thou are, and not μελει σοι περι ουδενος ου γαρ βλεπεις εις cares thee about no one not for thoulooker into προσωπον ανθρωπων, αλλ' επ' αληθειας την όδον of men, truth face but in the του θεου διδασκεις. εξεστι κνησον Καισαρι of the God is it lawful to Cesar tribute δουναι, η ου; δωμεν, η μη δωμεν; to give, or not? should we give, or not should we give? He δε ειδως αυτων την ύποκρισιν, ειπεν αυτοις. but knowing of them the hypocrisy, said to them: 'hy με πειραζετ; φερετε μοι δηναριον, ίνα ιδω.
me do you tempt? bring you to me a denarius, that I may see 16 Oi δε ηνεγκαν. Tivos 7 Kai Leyel autois And he says to them: Of whom the They and brought,

selves; 'This is the HEIR; come, let us kill im, and the inheritance will be ours.'

8 Then seizing him, they killed him, and cast him out of the VINTYARD

What will the LORD of the VINEYARD do? He will come and destroy those CULTIVATORS, and give the VINEYARD to others.

10 Have you not even read this SCRIPTURE?—

† 'A Stone which the BUILDERS rejected, has become the Head of the Corner:

11 this was performed by Jehovah, and it is wonderful in our Eyes."

12 ‡ And they sought to apprehend Him, but they feared the crown; for they knew that he had spoken the PARABLE respecting them; and leaving him, they went away.

13 ‡ Then they send to him some of the Pharisees, and of the Herodians, that they might ensnare Him ir Conversation.

14 And having come, THEY say to him, "Teacher, we know that thou art sincers, and carest for no one; for thou lookest not to the Appearance of Men, but teachest the WAY of God in Truth. † Is it lawful to pay "ax to Cesar, or not?"

15 Should we pay, or should we not pay?" But HE, knowing their HYPOCRISY, said to hem, "Why do you try Me? Bring me a Denarius, that I may see it."

16 And THEY brought one. And he says to them.

<sup>\*</sup> TICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. therefore -- omit.

<sup>† 24.</sup> The Jews, whose religious system was theocracy, were of opinion, that they could not, consistently with their allestance to God their king, comply with paying an acknowledgment of subordination to an earthly sovereign. Judas of Galliee was the first who endeavored to persuade the Jews of the unlawfulness of paying tribute to a foreign potentate. See Josephus Ant. xviii.1. and B. J. ii. 12. The primitive Christians also held a similar opinion, and fondly thought, that their subjection to Jesus Christ exempted them from all allegiance to the power of the magistrate. This idea is the proper clue to lead us to a right understanding of all those passages in the epistolary writings of the New Testament, which relate to civil government.—Wakefield.

<sup>† 10</sup> Psa. cxviii, 22. † 12. Matt. xxi. 45, 46; Mark xi. 18; John vii. 25, 30, 46 † 18. Matt xxii. 15; Luke xx. 20.

εικων αυτη, και ἡ επιγραφη; Οἱ δε ειπον αυτφικένεες this, and the inscription? They and said to bim; Kaισαροs. V Kαι \*[αποκριθειs] ὁ Ιησους ειπεν ο Γ (Cesar. And [answering] the Jesus said\*[aυτοις] Αποδοτε τα Καισαρος Καισαρι, [to them;] Give you back the things of Cesar to Cesar, και τα του  $\theta$ εου, τ $\phi$   $\theta$ ε $\phi$ . Και ε $\theta$ αυμασεν and the things of the God, to the God. And they wondered  $\epsilon \pi$  αυτ $\omega$ . <sup>18</sup> Και  $\epsilon$ ρχονται Σαδδουκαιοι προs at bim. And come Sadducees to αυτον, οίτινες λεγουσιν αναστασιν μη ειναι who say a resurrection not to be; και επηρωτησαν αυτον, λεγοντες. 19 Διδασκαλε, and they asked him, saying; Oteacher, and they asked him, saying; Oteacher, Mωσης εγραψεν ήμιν, 'έτι εαν τινος αδελφος Moses wrote for us, "that if any brother αποθανη, και καταλιπη γυναικα, και τεκνα μη should die, and should leave behind a wife, and children not ίνα λαβη δ αδελφος αυτου την γυναιshould leave, that should take the brother of him the κα αυτου, και εξαναστηση σπερμα, τφ.αδελφφ of him, and should raise up seed, to the brother autou."  $20^{\circ}$ E $\pi$ ta a $\delta$ e $\lambda$ poi  $\eta$ σαν και  $\delta$  πρωτος of himself." Seven brothers were; and the first ελαβε γυναικα, και αποθνησκων ουκ αφηκε took a wife, and dying not left 21 Και δ δευτερος ελαβεν αυτην,  $\sigma\pi\epsilon\rho\mu a.$ seed . And the second took her, και απεθανε, και ουδε αυτος αφηκε σπερμα· και and died, and neither tx left seed: and δ τριτος ώσαντως. 22 Σαι \*[ελαβον αυτην] the third in like manner. And [took her] οί έπτα, και ουκ αφηκαν σπερμα. Εσχατη the seepn, and not left Last seed. παντων απεθανε και η γυνη. <sup>23</sup> Εν τη \*[ουν] of all died also the woman. In the [therefore] αναστασει, \*[όταν αναστωσι,] τινος αυτων resurrection, [when they shall rise,] of whom of them εσται γυνη ; οί γαρ έπτα ασχον αυτην γυναιshall be a wife? the for seven had her <sup>24</sup> Και αποκριθεις δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις· And answering the Jesus aaid Ου δια τουτο πλαναπθε, μη ειδοτες τας γραφας, Not through this do you err, not knowing the writings, αηδε την δαναμιν του θεου; 25 Όταν γαρ εκ When for out of pether the power of the God? νεκρων αναστωσιν, συτε γαμουσιν, συτε dead (ones) they may rise, neither they marry, nor dead (ones) they may rise, neither they marry, nor  $\gamma \alpha \mu \iota \sigma \kappa \sigma \nu \tau \alpha \iota$ ,  $\alpha \lambda \lambda' \epsilon \iota \sigma \iota \nu \omega s \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \delta \epsilon \nu \tau \sigma \iota s$  are given in marriage, but are as messengers in the ουρανοις. 26 Περι δε των νεκρων, ότι εγειρον-heavens. Concerning but the dead cones,) that they rise ται, ουκ ανεγνωτε εν τη βιβλφ Μωσεως, επι not have you read in the book of Moses, at του βατου ως είπεν αυτω δ θεος, λεγων the bush as said to him the God, saying: " Εγω δ θεος Αβρααμ, και δ θεος Ισαακ, και I the God of Abraham, and the God of Isaac, and

"Whose LIKENESS and IN-SCRIPTION is this?" And THEY said to him, "Cesar's."

17 And Jesus said, "Render the things of Cesar, to Cesar; and the things of God, to God." And they \*wondered at him.

18 ‡Then the Sadducees, who say there is no Resurrection, came to him, and asked him, saying,

19 "Teacher, Moses wrote for us, 'That if one's 'Brother should die, and 'leave a Wife behind, and 'leave no Children, that his BRCTHER should take his WIFE, and raise up Off-'spring for his BROTHER.'

20 There were Seven Brothers; and the FIRST took a Wife, and dying, left no Child.

21 And the SECOND took, her, and died, \*leaving to Child; and the THIED in like manner.

22 And the seven left no Offspring. Last of all the WOMAN also died.

23 At the RESURREC-TION, Whose Wife will she be of them? for the SEVEN had her for a Wife."

24 And Jesus answering said to them, "Do you not err through this,—not knowing the SCRIPTURES, nor the POWER of GOD?

25 For when they shall rise from the Dead, they will neither marry, nor be given in marriage: \$\psi\$ but be as \* THOSE ANGELS in the HEAVENS.

26 But concerning the DEAD, that they will rise, have you not read in the BOOK of Moses, at the BUSH, how GOD spoke to him, saying, ‡' I am the 'God of Abraham, and the \*' God of Isaac, and the \*' God of Jacob?'

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuschift.— 17. answering—omit. 17. to them—omit. 17. greatly wondered at him. 21. leaving no Child, 22. took her—omit. 23. therefore—omit 23 when they shall rise—omit. 25. THOSE ANGELS. 26. God. 26. God

σιλειας του θεου.

αυτον επερωτησαι.

of the God.

to ask.

ό θεος Ιακωβ." 27 Ουκ εστιν ό θεος νεκρων. Not is the God ofdead (ones,)

'Τμεις \* [συν] πολυ πλανασθε.

You [therefore] greatly err. of Jacob." αλλα ζωντων. but of living (ones.) <sup>28</sup> Και προσελθων είς των γραμματεων, ακουσας And appreaching one of the scribes, having heard αυτων συζητουντων, είδως ότι καλως αυτοις them disputing, knowing that well to them απεκριθη, επηρωτησεν αυτον Ποια εστι πρωτη he answered. asked him; Which is first ite answered, asked him: Which is first for a saver which is first for a lower to him; That first [παντων εντολη\*] \*\* Ακουε to him; That first [of all commandment;] "Hearthou Ισραηλ, κυρως, ὁ θεος ήμων, κυριος είς εστι Israel, a Lord, the God of us, Lord one is: 30 και αγαπησεις κυριον τον θεον σου εξ δλης and thou shalt love a Lord the God of thee out of whole Tης καρδίας σου, και εξ όλης της ψυχης σου, of the heart of thee, and out of whole of the sout of thee, και εξ όλης της διανοιας σου, και εξ όλης and out of whole of the mind of thee. and cut of whole της ισχυος σου. \* [Αυτη πρωτη εντολη.] of the strength of thee." of the strength of thee." [This are commandment]
31 Και δευτερα \*[όμοια,] αὐτη. Αγαπησειν
And second [like,] this: Thou had love τον πλησιον σου ώς σεαυτον." Μειζων τουτων aλλη εντολη ουκ εστι. 32 \* [Kai] ειπεν αυτφ
[And] said to him another commandment not is. ό γραμματευς. Καλως, διδασκαλε, επ' αληθειας the seribe: Well, Oteacher. in truth the scribe: ειπας, ότι είς εστι, και ουκ εστιν αλλος πλην thouspeakest, that one he is, and not is another besides autov 3 και το αγαπαν αυτον εξ όλης της him: and the tolove him outo' whole of the καρδιας, και εξ όλης της συνεσεως, και εξ όλης της συνεσεως, γ και εξ heart, and eut of whole of the understanding, fand out of

όλης της ψυχης, και εξ όλη: της εσχυος, whole of the soul, and out of whole of the strength, και το αγαπαν τον πλησιον ώς ξαυτον, πλειον and the to lave the neighbor as himseli, εστι παντων των όλοκαυτωματων και θυπιων. fices." is of all of the whole burnt offerings and sacrifices. 34 Και ὁ Ιησους, ιδων αυτον, ότι νουνεχως απεκ-And the Jesus, seeing him, that discreetly he anριθη, ειπεν αυτώ. Ου μακραν ει απο της βαsaid to him: Not far thou art from the king-Και ουδεις ουκετι ετολμα And no one no longer presumed 35 Και αποκριθεις ὁ Ιησους And answering the Jesus ελεγε, διδασκων εν το ίερον Πως λεγουσιν οί said, teaching in the temple: How say the

27 He is not the \* God of the dead, but of the Living; \* you do greatly err."

28 tAnd one of the scribes, having heard them disputing, and per-ceiving That he had ably answered them, asked him, "Which is the Chief Commandment of all?"

29 JESUS replied to him, "The first "is,-t' Hear-'ken, Israel; Jehovah our GoD is one Jehovah:

30 'and thou shalt love Jehovah thy God with All thy \* Heart, and with All thy \*Soul, and with All 'thy \* Mind, and with All 'thy STRENGTH.'

31 And the second, this. -t Thou shalt love thy NEIGHBOR &E thyself? There is no Other Commandment greater than these."

32 The SCRIBE said to him, "Of a truth, Teacher. thow hast spoken well: for he is One, ‡ and besides him there is no other:

53 and to LOVE him with All the UNDERSTAND-ING, and with All the STRENGTH, and to LOVE one's NEIGHBOB as one's self. tis \* abundantly more than Allthe WHOLE BURNT offerings and \*Sacri-

§4 And Jesus perceiving That he had answered wisely, said to him, "Thou art not far from the KING-DOM of GOD." \$ And no one presumed to question him any further.

35 # And Jesus said, while teaching in the TEM-PLE, "Why dothe SCRIBES the

<sup>27.</sup> you do greatly is 30. Heart. 31. like— \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. God. 27. therefore—omit. 29. Commandment of all—omit. 29. is. 30. This the First Commandment—omit. 33. and with All the sour—omit. 29. is. 29. And—omit. 30. Mind. err. 30. Soul. 32. And—omit. 33. Sacrifices. 33. abundantly omit.

<sup>† 28.</sup> Matt. xxii. 35. † 29. Deut. vi. 4; Luke x. 27. † 31. Lev. xix. 18; Matt. xxii. 39; Rom. xiii. 9; Gal. v. 14; James ii. 3. † 32. Deut. iv. 39: Isa. xiv. 6, 14: xivi. 9. † 33. † Sam. xv. 22; Hoshea vi. 6: Micah vi. 6—8. † 34. Matt. xxii. 48. † 35. Matt. xxii. 41; Luke xx. 41.

γραμματεις, ότι ὁ Χριστος νίος εστι Δανιδ; that the Anointed a son is of David? Αυτος γαρ Δαυιδ ειπεν εν πνευματι άγιφ. Himself for David said by a spirit holy; " Λεγει δ κυριος τφ κυριφ μου Καθου εκ δεξι-Says the Lord to the Lord of me; Sit thou at right ων μου, έως αν θω τους εχθρους σου ύποποδιον of me. till I may place the enemies of thee a footstool 37 Αυτος ουν Δαυιδ λεγει των ποδων σου." of thee." Himself therefore David αυτον κυριον· και ποθεν υίος αυτου εστι; Και Lord: and whence a son of him is he? And δ πολυς οχλος ηκουεν αυτου ήδεως. heard him the great crowd gladly. ελεγεν \* [αυτοις] εν τη διδαχη αύτου. Βλεπετε [to them] in the teaching of himself; Beware you απο των γραμματεων, των θελοντων εν στολαις acribes, of the those desiring in long robes περιπατειν, και αππασμους εν ταις αγοραις, to walk about, and salutations in the markets, 39 και πρωτοκαθεδριας εν ταις συναγωγαις, και and first . cats in the synagogues, πρωτοκλισιας εν τοις δειπνοις. 40 οί κατ εσθιονσεν upper couches at the feasts: those devouring τας οικιας των χηρων, και προφασει μακρα προσ-the souses of the widows. and for a how 'ong are ευχομενοι ούτοι ληψονται περισσοτερον κριμα. heavier orsying; these will receive Judgment ις Και καθισας \* δ τησους κατεναντι του ('he Jesus] And sitting over against γαζοφυλακιου, εθεωρει πως δ οχλος βαλλει be belie'd how the treasury, crowd γαλκον εις το γαζοφιλακιον. Και πολλοι treasury. copper into the And 42 Και ελθουσα μια πλουσιοι εβαλλον πολλα. much. And coming one χηρα πτωχη, εβαλε λεπτα δυο, δ EUTI KODdow poor, cast miles μαθητας 43 Και προσκαλ εσαμενος τους μαθητας disciples αύτου, ειπεν αυτοις. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ή of himself, he said to them; Indeed I say to you. that the χηρα αύτη ή πτωχη πλειον παντων βεβληκε this the poor ofall widow more has cast βαλοντων εις το γαζοφυλακιον. 44 Παν-TWV ofthose easting into the treasury. τες γαρ εκ του περισσευοντος αυτοις εβαλον. for out of the abounding fulness to them have cast; αύτη δε εκ της ύστερησεως αύτης παντα but out of the poverty of herself all as much as ειχεν εβαλεν, όλον τον βιον αύτης. whole the living of herselt, she had cast,

say, That the MESSIAH is a Son of David?

36 For David himself said, by the Holy Spirit, \$\pm\$'Lord, Sit thou at my 'Lord, Sit thou at my 'Right hand, till I put 'thine ENEMIES unders' neath thy FLET.'

37 David himself, therefore, calls him Lord, and how then is he \* His Son? And the GREAT Crowd heard him with pleasure.

38 And he said in his TEACHING, ‡" Beware of THOSE SCRIBES who DESIRE to walk about in † Long robes, and ‡love Salutations in the MARKETS,

39 and the Principal seats in the SYNAGOGUES, and the Upper couch at FEASIS;

40 those Plundering the Families of widows, and for a Show make long Prayers; these will receive a Heavier Judgment."

41 ‡ And sitting opposite to the TREASURY, he beheld how the CROWD cast Money into ‡the TREASURY; and Many Rich men cast in much.

42 And a poor Widow approaching, cast in two Lepta, that is, a † Farthing.

43 And having called to him his discretes, he said to them, "Indeed I say to you, ‡ That this took wide with the them took of those casting into the treasury;

44 for they All cast in out of their superfluity, but she out of her poverty cast in all that she had,—her Whole Living."

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 37. His Son.

<sup>88.</sup> to them-omit.

<sup>41.</sup> JESUS-omit.

<sup>†36.</sup> In the original (Psa.cx.1) it is Jehovah. But the Evangelist has adopted the version of the LXX, who, I suppose, could not venture to translate that word which every Jew reparded with the profoundest reverence, and could not pronounce it without danger of foreiting his claim to a future state.—Wakefield.

† 38. The stokee was an Oriental garment descending to the arcies, and worn by persons of distinction, as Kings, Priests and nonorable persons, and were affected by the Jurists of the Pharisaical sect.—Bloomfield, † 42. Or rather three-fourths of a farthing, or four mills. A kodrantees (Lquadrans,) was a Roman copper coin, equivalent to the fourth part of an assaron, or two Lepta.

<sup>1 36.</sup> Psa. cz. 1. 7 38. Matt. xxiii. 1; Luke xx. 46. 1 38. Luke xt. 43. 1 40. Matt. xxiii. 14. 2 Kings xii. 9. 7 43. 2 Cor. yiii. 13

# KEΦ. ιγ. 13.

1 Και εκπορευομένου αυτου εκ του Ιερου, of him out of the temple, departing λεγει αυτφ είς των μαθητων αυτου. Διδασκαλε, says to him one of the disciples of him; O teacher, ιδε. ποταποι λιθοι και ποταποι οικοδομαι. what stones and what buildings. \*[αποκριθεις] δ Ιησους Kar ειπεν αυτω. [answering] And the Jesus said to him: Βλεπεις ταυτας τας μεγαλας οικοδομας; ου μη great buildings? απφελη λιθος επι λιθω, ός ου μη καταλυθη. may be left a stone upon a stone, which not not may be thrown down. 3 Και κυθημενου αυτου εις το ορος των ελαιων, sitting of him on the mountain of the olive trees, κατεναντι του ίερου, επηρωτων αυτον κατ' ιδιαν asked over against the temple, him privately Πετρος, και Ιακωβος, και Ιωαννης, και Ανδρεας. and James, and John, Peter. 4 Eine ήμιν, ποτε ταυτα εσται, και τι το Say when these things shall be, and what the σημειον, όταν μελλη παντα τ υτα συντελεισwhen are about all th set .. ngs to be ended? θαι. 5'Ο δε Ιησους \*[αποκριθεις αυτοις,] ηρξατοanswering \_ em,] The and Jesus λεγειν. ύμας πλανηση. Bλεπετε μη τις not say one you may deceive Take heed to say; f Πολλοι \*[γαρ] ελευσονται τι φονοματι μου,
Many [for] shall come n the name of me, Ότι εγω ειμι και πολλους πλανη-YELONTES. 1 am: they will That and many saying; δε ακουσητε πυλεμους και 'Οταν · OUTIV. and ye all hear and deceive. \* [yap ] θροεισθε. πολεμων, akoas  $\mu\eta$ reports of wars, not be disturbed  $\gamma \in \nu \in \sigma \theta \alpha i$   $\alpha \lambda \lambda$   $\sigma \nu \pi \omega \tau \sigma \tau \in \lambda \sigma s$ . be disturbed; it behoves [for] 8 Εγερθησεται to take place; but not yet the end. Shall be raised up γαρ εθνος επι εθνος, και βασιλεια επι βασιnation against nation, and kingdom against \* [ Kal ] A Lave εσονται σεισμοι κατα τοπους, dom; [and] shall be earthquakes in \*[και] εσονται λιμοι \*[και ταραχαι.] places. dom; Αρχαι (and commotions.) Beginnings shalt be famines

# CHAPTER XIII.

1 And as he was going out of the TEMPLE, one of his disciples says to him, "Teacher, see; + What Stones! and What Build ings!"

2 And Jesus said to him, "Seest thou These GREAT Buildings? Ithere shall not be \* left here a Stone upon a Stone: tall will be overthrown."

3 And as he was sitting on the MOUN! of OLIVES opposite the TUMPLE, Peter, and James, and John. and Andrew asked him privately.

4 "Tell us, when these things will be?" and "What will t the SIGN when all these things are about to be accomplished?"

5 And Jesus oegan to \* say to them, I" Beware. tha. no one deceive You.

6 Many will come a my AME, saving, 'I am he; an' will deceive Many. 7 And when you shall

hea. o. Conflicts, and Reporte o Battles, he not alarmed; for these things n.us' occur, but the END

is not yet. 8 For Nation will rise against Nation, and Kingdom against Kingdom; there will be Earthquakes in various places, and there will be Famines; these are the \*Beginnings of Sor-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—2. answering—omit. em—omit. 5. say to them, "Beware." and—omit. 8. and—omit. 8. and co 2. let here.
6. for-omit. 5. answering 7. for-omit. them-omit. B. and-omit. 8. and commotions-omit. 8. a Beginning of.

t 1. Josephus says that the stones with which Herod built the temple, were "of a white and firm substance," and that "every one of them was about twenty-five cubits in length, eight in heighth, and twelve in breadth." A cubit was nearly twenty-two inches of our measure.

1. How exactly this prediction was fulfilled may be known from Josephus.

It is says, Cosar ordered the soldiers to dig up the whole city and the temple; but to leave three of the highest turrets standing; and a part of the wall, as a security to the garrison. But they so entirely dug up and levelled all the rest of the city, that none who saw it, would think it to have ever been inhabited." Eleazar, in his animated speech to his countrymen, thus exclaims: "Where is that great city, the metropolis of the Jewish people, defended by such walls and such mighty towers? Where is that city, which was thought to be inhabited by Goo? It is form up from its foundations; and the only memorial that remains of it, is the camp of its destroyers, which is stationed in the ruins." It is also related in the Taanith of Maimonides, that according to Roman custom, the very foundations of the temple were dug up, and that T. Rufus, a Roman commander, carried a plough over them.

2. From this spot the whole of Jerusalem was spread before the eye; and its situation. form, buildengs, coundaries, and different parts, distinctly and individually seen; more especially Mount he oriah and Solomon's Temple, together with its spacious area.

9 Βλεπετε δε ύμεις ξαυτους. ωδινων ταυτα. Take heed but you yourselves: of sorrows these. παραδωσουσι \*[γαρ] ύμας εις συνεδρια, και εις they will deliver up [for] you to sauhedrims, and into συναγωγας δαρησεσθε, και επι ήγεμονων και synagogues you will be beaten, and before governors and Βασιλεων σταθησεσθε, ένεκεν εμου, εις μαρτυριον you will stand, on account of me, for a testimony 10 Και εις παντα τα autois.  $\epsilon\theta\nu\eta$ SEL. to them. And among all the nations it beboves. 11 'Οταν δε πρωτον κηρυχθηναι το ευαγγελιον. to be published the glad tidings. When but αγωσιν ύμας παραδιδοντες, μη προμεριμνατε delivering up, not be anxious beforehand they may lead you \*[ $\mu\eta\delta\epsilon$   $\mu\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\tau\alpha\tau\epsilon$ ]  $\alpha\lambda\lambda$ '
[nor be concerned;] but δ €αν τι λαλησετε, what you should speak, wbstever δοθη ύμιν εν εκεινή τη ώρα, τουτο λαλειτε· may be given to you in that the hour, this apeal you; ου γαρ εστε ύμεις οί λαλουντες, αλλα το πνευμα you the speaking, but the spirit 12 Παραδωσει δε αδελφος αδελφον Will deliver up and a brother a brother not for are το άγιον. holy. εις θανατον, και πατηρ τεκνον και επαναστηand father a child; and death. they shall σονται τεκνα επι γονεις, και θανατωσουσιν children against parents, rise up and deliver to death 13 Και εσεσθε μισουμενοι ὑπο παντων,
And you will be being hated by all, QUTOUS. 'Ο δε ύπομεινας εις τελος, δια το ονομα μου. through the name of me. He but persevering to end, 14 'Οταν δε ιδητε TO BSEούτος σωθησεται. will be saved, When but you may see the abomiλυγμα της ερημωσεως έστως όπου ου δει (έ nation of the desolation having stood where notitought; (he αναγινωσκων νοειτω) τοτε οί εν τη Ιουδαια, reading let him think; then those in the Judea, φευγετωσαν εις τα ορη  $^{15}$   $^{5}$   $^{8}$   $^{8}$   $^{8}$   $^{8}$  επι του let them flee to the mountains; he [and] on the δωματος, μη κατωβατω \*[εις την οικίαν,] μη ε roof, not let him go down linto the house,] nor εισελθετω, αραι αραι τι εκ της οικιας αύτου<sup>ο</sup> to take anything out of the house of himself: of himself; 16 και δ εις τον αγρον ων, μη επιστρεψατω εις and he in the field being, not let him turn τα οπισω, αραι το ίματιον αυτου. 17 Ovas Be to take the mantle of him. Woe ταις εν γαστρι εχουσαις και ταις θηλαζουσαις having and to the to the in womb giving suci. 18 Προσευχεσθε δε, εν εκειναις ταις ημεραις. days. Pray you in those the but, ίνα γενηται ή φυλη ύμων μη XELHWVOS. that not may be the flight ofyon of winter.

9 But take heed to yourselves. They will deliver you up to High Councils and to Synagogues; and you will be beaten, and will stand before Governors and Kings on my account, for a Testimony to them.

10 ‡ And the GLAD TI-DINGS must first be published among All the NA-

TIONS

11 ‡ But when they conduct you to deliver you up, be not anxious beforehand what you should speak; but whatever may be given you in That HOUR, this speak; for it is not you who will speak, but the HOLY SPIRIT.

12 And ‡ Brother will deliver up Brother to Death, and a Father his Child; and Children will rise up against Parents, and cause them to die.

13 ‡ And you will be hated by all on account of my NAME; but HE, who PATIENTLY ENDURES to the End, he will be saved.

14 ‡ But when you shall see THAT DESTRUCTIVE ABOMINATION, standing where it ought not'—(READER, attend!)—"then let THOSE in Judea ESCAPE to the MOUNTAINS;

15 t let not HIM who is on the ROOF descend, nor enter his HOUSE, to take Anything out of it:

16 and let not him who is in the field return BACK to take his MANTLE.

17 ‡ But alas for the PREGNANT and NURSING WOMEN in Those DAYS!

18 But pray that \*it may not be in Winter;

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—9. for—omit. 11. nor be concerned—omit. 15. and 18. it may not be.

<sup>† 15.</sup> The peculiar construction of Eastern houses is here referred to. They were all of the same heighth, so that a person could walk at the top of a range of buildings, without inconvenience, from one end to the other. In Palestine knew are still built on this plan. A staircase is carried on the outside from the top of the house to the bottom. The injunction in this verse is delivered in a figure, expressive of great eagerness and expedition; so that if a man was walking on the roof, he was directed to go straight forwards, till he got out of the city; and not to delay even to go down into the house to take the most necessary articles of food and raiment for his flight.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Matt. x. 17, 18; xxiv. 9; Rev. ii. 10. † 10. Luke xxiv. 14. † 11. Matt. x. 19; Luke xxi. 11: xxi. 14. † 12. Matt. x. 21; xxiv. 10; Luke xxi. 16. † 13. Matt. x. 0. Luke xxi. 17 † 14. Dan ix. 27; Matt. xxiv. 12; Luke xxi. 20. † 17. Luke xxiii. 20

exivis, <sup>19</sup> Εσονται γαρ αί ήμεραι εκειναι oía those Shall be for the affliction, such as days ου γεγονε τοιαυτη απ' κτισεως, ής αρχης from a beginning of creation, which not has been so great εκτισεν δ θεος, έως του νυν, και ου μη γενηται. created the God, till the now, and not not may be.

20 Και ει μη κυριος εκολοβωσε τας ήμερας, ουκ shortened the And if net a Lord days, av  $\epsilon \sigma \omega \theta \eta$   $\pi \alpha \sigma \alpha$   $\sigma \alpha \rho \xi^{\circ}$  adda  $\delta \iota \alpha$  should be saved all flesh; but on account TOUS EKbut on account of the choλεκτους, ούς εξελεξατο, εκολοβωσε τας ήμερας. sen (ones,) whom he has chosen, he has shortened the days. 21 Και τοτε εαν τις ύμιν ειπη. Ιδου, ώδ∈ δ

And then if any one to you should say; Lo, here the χριστος η Ιδου, εκει μη πιστευετε. 22 ΕγερAnointed; or; Lo, here; not believe you. Shall θησονται γαρ ψευδοχριστοι και ψευδοπροφηται, for false anointed ones and false prophets και δωσουσι σημεία και τερατα, προς το αποand shall give signs and wonders, to the to dethe to de-\*[ Kai Tous EKNEKTOUS. πλαναν, ει δυνατον,

ceive, if possible, [even] the chosen.

23 Υμεις δε βλεπετε \* [ιδου,] προειρηκα ύμιν

Υου but take head. <sup>24</sup> Αλλ' εν εκειναις ταις ήμεραις, μετα παντα. all. But in those the days, after την θλιψιν εκεινην, δ ήλισς σκοτισθησεται, affliction that, the sun shall be darkened, δωσει τοφεγγος  $\sigma \in \lambda \eta \nu \eta$  ov αύτης. Kal not shall give the light and the moon of herself; <sup>25</sup> και οί αστερος του ουρανου εσονται εκπιπτονand the stars of the heaven shall be fal-

και αί δυναμεις, αί εν τοις ουρανοις, TES. ling, and the powers, those in the heavens, 26 Και τοτε οψονται τον υίον σαλευθησονται. shall be shaken. And then they shall see the ανθρωπου ερχομενον εν νεφελαις, μετα TOU

ofthe

on clouds,
27 Και τοτε αποσman coming δυναμεως πολλης και δοξης. power much and glory. τελει τους αγγελους αύτου, και επισυναξει τους send the messengers of himself, and he will gather the εκλεκτους αύτου εκ των τεσσαρων ανεμων, thosen (ones) of himself from the four winds,

ακρου γης έως ακρου ουρανου. 20 ATO from an extremity of earth to an extremity of heaven. From δε της συκης μαθετε την παραβολην. δταν parable: but the fig-tree learn you the when κλαδος άπαλος γενηται, αυτης ηδη δ και branch tender may become, and the

τα φυλλα, γινωσκετε, ότι εγγυς το you know, may put forth the leaves, that near

19 for in those DAYS will be Distress, ‡ such as has not been from the Beginning of the Creation. which GoD created, till Now, nor ever will be.

20 And except the Lord cut short the DAYS, No Person could survive; but on account of the CHOSEN. whom he has selected, he has cut short the DAYS.

21 And then if any one should say to you, 'Behold, the MESSIAH is here!' or 'Behold,-there!' believe it not;

22 because False Messiahs and False Prophets will arise, and exhibit Signs and Wonders, to DE-CEIVE, if possible, the CHO-

23 ‡ But be gou on your guard; I have forewarned you.

24 But in Those DAYS, after that AFFLICTION, the the sun will be obscured, and the MOON will withhold her light,

25 and \* the STARS will fall out of HEAVEN, and THOSE POWERS in the HEAVENS will be shaken.

26 # And then they will see the son of man coming in Clouds, with great Power and Glory.

27 And then he will send forth \*the MESSENGERS, and assemble his CHOSEN from the FOUR Winds, from the Extremity of Earth to the utmost bound of Hea-

28 Now learn a PARABLE from the FIG-TREE, When its BRANCH now becomes tender, and puts forth LEAVES, \* it is known That the SUMMER is near.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—22. even—omit. 23. 10—omit. 27. the messengers. 25. the STARS will 28. it is known That. fall out of HEAVEN, and THOSE POWERS.

<sup>+ 24.</sup> In Isaiah xiii, 9, 10, 13, when the destruction of Babylon is threatened, it is thus expressed, "the stars of heaven and the constellations thereof shall not give their light; the sun shall be darkened in his going forth, and the moon shall not cause her light to shine. I will shake the heavens, &c." And the reader may find the same eastern manner of speaking in the following places of scripture:—Job xxx. 28; Eccl, xii. 1, 2; Isa. xxiv. 23; xxxiv. 4; lx. 20; Jer. v. 23; xv. 9; Ezek. xxxii. 7, 8; Dan. viii. 10; Joel ii. 10, 80, 31; iii. 15; Amos v. 20; viii. 9; 2 Pet. iii. 10, 12; Rev. vi. 12—14.

<sup>1</sup>\_24. Matt. xxiv. 29; Luke

29 Ούτω και ύμεις, ύταν ταυτα DEPOS ETTEV. gou, when these things Se alse aummer τόητε γινομενα, γινωσκετε, ότι εγγυς εστιν youmayseecoming to pass, knowyou, that near beis 30 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ου μη Indeed I say to you, that not not €πι θupais. at doers. γενεα αύτη, μεχρις ού παντα παρελθη ή may pass away the generation this, till of whom -017 31 'Ο ουρανος και ή γη παρε-TauTa YEVNTAL The heaven and theearth shall these may be done. λευσεται οί δε λογοι μου ου μη παρελθωπι. the but words of me not not may pass away.

32 Περε δε της ήμερας εκεινης η της ώρας Concerning but the day that or the hour ουδεις οιδεν, ουδε οί αγγελοι, οί εν ουρανφ, ουδε δ vius, ει μη δ πατηρ. 33 Βλεπετε, αγnor the son, it not the father. Take heed, watch ρυπνειτε \* [και προσευχεσθε:] ουκ οιδατε γαρ [and pray you:] not you know for pos εστιν. 34 Os ανθρωπος αποδηποτε δ καιρος εστιν. when the season is. As a man going tos apeis την οικίαν αύτου, και δους τοις abroad leaving the house of nimself, and having given to the \*[και] έκαστω δουλοις αύτον την εξουσιαν, slaves of himself the authority, [and] to each one το εργον αύτου και τφ θυρωρφ ενετειλατο ίνα the work of himself and to the porter he commanded that γρηγορη. 35 Γρηγορειτε ουν ουκ οιδατε γαρ, the should watch. Watch you therefore; not you know for, ποτε δ κυριος της οικιας ερχεται, οψε, η when the lord of the house comes, evening, μεσονυκτιου, η αλεκτοροφωναις, η πρωι· 36 μη gock-crowing, or morning: midnight, or καθευδοντας. ελθων εξαιφναις, ευρη ύμας coming auddenly, be may find you coming auddenly, be may mad 39' Α δε ύμιν λεγω, πασι λεγω. Γρηγορειτε. Watch you. What and to you I say, to all I say:

# KEΦ. αδ'. 14.

1 Ην δε το πασχα και τα αζυμα μετα δυο Was now the passover and the unleavened cakes after two ήμερας και εξητουν οἱ αρχιερεις και οἱ γραμ-days: and sought the high-priests and the scribes. ματεις, πως αυτον εν δολφ κρατησαντες αποκ-how him by deceit seizing they τεινωσιν. 2 Ελεγον δε Μη εν τη έορτη, anight kill. They said but; Not in the least, μηποτε θορυβος εσται του λαου. lest a tunuit shall be of the people.

3 Και οντος αυτου εν Βηθανια εν τη οικια And being of him in Bethany in the house Σιμωνος του λεπρου, κατακειμενου αυτου, ηλθε of Simon the leper, rechang of him, came

29 Thus also, when you shall see these things transpiring, know That he is near at the IDOORS.

30 Indeed, I say to you, That this GENERATION will not pass away, till All these things be accomplished.

31 The HEAVEN and EARTH will fail; but ‡ my words cannot fail.

32 But concerning that DAY, \*or HOUR, knows no man; not even an Angel in Heaven, nor the son, but the FATHER.

33 Take heed, watch; for you know not when the

SEASON is.

34 ‡ As a Man going abroad, leaving his HOUSE, and having given the AUTHORITY to his SERVAN'S, to each his WORK, he also commanded the PORTER to watch.

35 Watch, therefore; for you know not when the MASTER of the HOUSE comes; \*whether at Evening, or at Midnight, or at Cock-crowing, or in the Morning;

36 lest coming unexpectedly he should find you

sleeping.

37 And what I say to you, I say to all, Watch."

#### CHAPTER XIV.

1 † Now after Two Days was the PASSOVER and the feast of UNLEAVENED BREAD; and the HIGH-PRIESTS and SCRIBFS sought him boy Deception, and kill him.

2 \* For they said, " Not during the FEAST, lest there should be a Tumult of the

PEOPLE."

3 ‡ And he being at Bethany, in the HOUSE of Simon the LEPER, while he was reclining at table, \$

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—32. or hour knows no man; not even an Angel in Heaven 33. and pray—omit. 34. and—omit. 35. whether at Evening. 2. For the 3 said.

<sup>† 31.</sup> fsa xl. 8.

† 33. Matt. xxiv. 42; xxv. 13; Luke xii. 40; xxi. 31; Rom. xiii. 11;

† 34. Matt. xxiv. 45; xxv. 14.

† 1. Matt. xxiv. 2; Luke xxii. 1;

† 3. Matt. xxiv. 6; John xii. 1, 3; See Luke vii. 37.

γυνη εχουσα αλαβαστρον μυρου, ναρδου of balsam, of spikenard πιστικης πολυτελους: \*[και] συντριψασα το genuine very costly: [and] breaking the αλαβαστρον, κατεχεεν αυτου κατα της κεφαλης. alabaster box, she poured of it down on the Ησαν δε τινες αγανακτουντες προς ξαυτους, Were and some being angry to themselves, \*[και λεγοντες'] Εις τι ή απωλεια αύτη του fand saying;] For what the loss this of the [and saying;] For what the loss this of the μυρου γεγονεν; 5 Ηδυνατο γαρ τουτο το μυρον balsam has been made? Could for this the balsam τριακοσιων δηναριων, και  $\pi \rho \alpha \theta \eta \nu \alpha \iota \in \pi \alpha \nu \omega$ three hundred denarii, more 6 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν' Αφετε αυτην: τι αυτη why to her Let alone The but Jesus said; her; κοπους παρεχετε; καλον εργον ειργασατο εν EHOL. Always for the poor you have with έαυτων, και, όταν θελητε, δυναπθε αυτους ευ yourselves, and, when you will, you can 8 O εσχεν ποιησαι εμε δε ου παντοτε εχετε. i's aaving to do; me but not always you have. αύτη, εποιησε προελαβε μυρισαι μου το ο ωμα this, she has done; beforehand to anoint of me the body εις τον ενταφιασμον. 9 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, δπου Indeed I say to you, wherever burial. αν κηρυχθη το ευαγγελιον τουτο εις όλον τον may be published the glad tidings thus in whole κοσμον, και δ εποιησεν αύτη λαληθησεται, εις

μνημοσυνον αυτης.
a memorial of her.

10 Kai & Ioudas & Ισκαριωτης, Eis TWV And the Judas the Iscariot, One of the ίνα δωδεκα, απηλθε προs Tous apxiepeis, to the high-priests, that twelve, went 11 Οί δε ακουσαντες autoy autois. he might deliver up him to them: They and hearing και επηγγειλαντο αυτφ αργυριον εχαρησαν. promised were glad; and him silver δουναι. Και εζητει, πως ευκαιρως αυτον And he sought, how conveniently him to give. 12 Kat τη πρωτη ήμερα παραδω.  $\tau\omega\nu$ first day ofthe he might deliver up. And ότε το εθυον, λεγουπασχα unseavened cakes, when the paschal lamb were sacrificed, they σιν αυτώ οἱ μαθηται αυτου. Που θελεις απελeay to him the o' him; where wilt thou having disc ples θοντες έτοιμασωμεν, ίνα φαγης το πασχα; we make ready. that thou mayest eat the passover?

also what she did this shall be spoken,

Wethan came, having an Alabaster box of Balsam of gennine Spikenard, very costly; and breaking the Box, she poured it on his HEAD.

4 And some were displeased, saying among themselves, "Why has this Loss of the Balsam taken

place?

5 For \* This BALSAM could have been sold for more than † Three hundred Denarii, and given to the POOR." And they censured her.

6 But Jesus said, "Let her alone; why do you trouble the WOMAN? She has done a Good Work

for me.

7 ‡ For you have the POOR always among you, and when you will, you can \* do Them good; but Me you have not always.

Me you have not always. 8 Possessing This (Balsam,) she has done it, to anoint my BODY beforehand for the BURIAL.

9 \* And indeed 1 say to you, Wherever these GLAD TIDINGS may be proclaimed in the Whole WORLD, this also which she has done shall be spoken of in Memory of her."

10 ‡ And \*THAT Judas Iscariot, who was one of the TWELVE, went to the HIGH-PRIESTS, to deliver

Him up to them.

11 And hearing it they rejoiced, and promised to give him Money. And he sought how he might conveniently deliver Him up.

12 ‡ Now on the FIRST Day of UNLEAVENED BREAD, when the PAS-CHAL LAMBS were sacrificed, his DISCIPLES say to him, "Where dost thou wish that we go and prepare that thou mayest eat the PASSOVER?"

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—3. and—omit. 4. and saying—omit. 5. This balsam could. 7. always do them. 9. And indeed. 10. That Judas Iscariot.

<sup>† 5.</sup> A Denarius being in value about 14 cents, or 7d. English, the value of the box of balsam would be forty-two dollars, or £8.15s.

<sup>† 7.</sup> Deut. xv. 11. † 10. Matt. xxvi. 14; Luke xxii. 3, 4. † 12. Matt. xxvi. 14; Luke xxii. 7.

been furnished ready;

to them, and

said;

13 Και μποστελλει διο των μαθητων αύτου, και two of the disciples of himself, and And he sends 'Υπαγετε εις την πολιν' REVEL AUTELS. he says to them; Go you into the city; απαντησει ύμιν ανθρωπος κεραμιον ύδατος will meet you a man a pitcher of water βασταζων ακολουθησατε αυτω. 14 και όπου εαν carrying; follow him; and wherever εισελθη, ειπανε τω οικοδεσποτη. 'Οτι δ he may enter, say to the honseholder; διδασκαλος λενει Που εστι το καταλυμα, Where is the guest-chamber, teacher says; όπου το πασχα μετα των μαθηνων μου φαγω; disciples of me I may eat? where the passover with the 15 Και αυτος ύμιν δειζει αναγαιον μεγα επτρω-And he to you will now an upper room large MEVOV ETOLHOV. SKEL ÉTALLAGATE ήμιν.

shere

prepare you

for us.

16 Και εξηλθον οί μαθηται αυτου, και ηλθον εις And went forth the disciples of him, and same into την πολιν, και εύρον καθως ειπεν αυτοις και and found even as he sa ' to them; and the city, 17 Και οψιας γενομενης, ήτοιμασαν το πασχα. And eventus they prepared the passover. being come. 13 Και α κειμενων ερχεται μετα των δωδεκα. he comes with the twelve. And teclining αυτων και εσθιοντων, ειπεν δ Ιησους. Αμην eating, said the Jesus; of them and Indeed λεγω ύμιν, ότι είς εξ ύμων παραδωσει με, ό Lay to you, that one of you will deliver  $t\in \mathcal{N}$  of  $t\in \mathcal{N}$  $t\in \mathcal{N}$  of εσθιων μετ' εμου. is eating with me. θαι, και λεγειν αυτφ είς καθ' είς. Μητι εγω; θεις] ειπεν αυτοις. Είς εκ των δωδεκα, δ

twelve, that said to them; One of the ing) εμβαπτομένος μετ' εμου εις το τρυβλίον.
dipping in with me into the bowl. The μεν υίος του ανθρωπου ύπαγει, καθως γεγραπendeed son of the man goes away, even as it has been ται περι αυτου ουαι δε τω ανθρωπφ εκεινώ, woe but to the man written concerning him; that. δι' ού δ υίος του ανθρωπου παραδιδοται. through whom the son of the man is delivered up. καλον ην αυτώ, ει ουκ εγεννηθη δ ανθρωπος good it was to him, if not good it was 22 Kat εσθιοντων αυτων, of them, the man λαβων δ EKELVOS. taking the Ίηπους αρτον, ευλογηπας εκλαπε, και εδωκεν a loaf, having biessed he broke, and gave αυτοις, και ειπε. Λαβετε. τουτο εστι το σωμα

Take.

13 And he sends two of his DISCIPLES, and says to them, "Go into the CITY, and a Man carrying a Pitcher of Water will meet you; follow him;

14 and wherever he may enter, say to the HOUSE-HOLDER, The TEACHER says, Where is \*the GUEST-CHAMBER, where I may eat the PASSOVER with my DISCIPLES?

15 And he will show you a large Upper-room † furnished ready; \*there prepare for us."

16 And \*the DISCIPLES went forth, and came into the CITY, and found every thing even as he had said to them: and they prepared the PASSOVER.

17 ‡ And Evening being come, he comes with the TWELVE.

18 And as they were reclining at table, and eating, JESUS said, "Indeed I say to you, That \*one of YOU who are EATING with me will deliver me up."

19 And \* they began to be sorrowful, and to say to him, one by one, "Is it #?"

20 And HE said to them. "It is THAT ONE of the TWELVE DIPPING in with the into the DISH.

91 \*The son of MAN indeed ‡goes away [to death,] even as it has been written concerning him; but woe to that MAN through whom the son of MAN is delivered up! Good were it for that MAN if he had not been born."

22 ‡And as they were eating, \* he took a Loaf, and having given praise, he broke it, and gave to them, and said, "Take; this is my BODY."

this is the body

<sup>\*</sup>Vatican Manuscrift.—14. my guest-chamber. 15. and there prepare.
16. the disciples. 18. one of you who are eating with me. 19. and—one.
19. they. 19. and another; not 1?—omit. 20. answering—omit.
21. Because the sow. 22. he took.

<sup>† 15.</sup> Furnished ready, probably alludes to the manner of making the room ready for the celebration of the passover; which was examined in every hole and corner by the light of wax candles, and cleared from the smallest crumb of leaven with a scrupulous nicety.—

Answorth.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 20, † 21. Matt. xxvi. 24; Luke xxii. 22; John vii. 83.

23 Και λαβών το ποτηριον, ευχαριστησας uov. having given thanks And taking the eup KAL ETIOV EE AUTOU TAVTES. εδωκεν αυτοις. and they drank out of it to them: 24 Kas ειπεν \* [aυτοις. [ Τουτο εστι το aiμa μου, And he said [to them.] This is the blood of me, And he said [to them.]

το της καινης διαθηκης, το περι πολλων that of the new covenant, that concerning many 25 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι συκετο εκχυνομενον. Indeed I say to you, that no more

ου μη πιω εκ του γεννηματος της αμπελου, έως vine, - till not not Fwilldrink of the product the της ήμερας εκεινης, όταν αυτο πινω καινον εν when I drink day that. 36 Και ύμνησαντες, τη βασιλεια του θεου. ofthe God. And having sung a hymn, kingdom

εξηλθον εις το ορος των ελαιων. they departed to the mountain of the olive trees.

27 Και λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. 'Οτι παντες And says to them the Jesus; That σκανδαλισθησεσθε \*[εν εμοι εν τη νυκτι ταυτη.]
will be stumbled [at me in the night this.] 64 Παταξω τον ποιμενα, και ότι γεγραπται I will amite the shepherd, for it is written. διασκορπισθησεται τα προβατα." 28 Axxa sheep. will be scattered she

μετα το εγερθηναι με, προαξω ύμας εις την after the to be valued me, I will go before you into the 29 Ο δε Πετρος εφη αυτφ. Και ει Γαλιλαιαν. fne hne teter said to him; Even if

*καντες σκανδαλισθησονται*, *αλλ'* ουκ yet not shall be stumbled,

30 Και λεγει αυτφ ὁ Ιησους. Αμην λεγω σοι, And says to him the Jesus; Indeed has to thee, ότι συ σημερον εν τη νυκτι ταυτη, πριν η that thou this-day in the night this, before αλεκτορα φωνησαι, τρις απαρνηση με. acock to have crowed, thrice thou wilt deny me. 31 'Ο δε εκ περισσου ελεγε μαλλον Εαν με 11 He but with vehemence spoke more;

δεη συναποθανειν σοι, ου μη σε απαρνησομαι. with thee, not not thee I will deny. must to die 32 Kat ερχον-'Ωσαυτως δε και παντες ελεγον. And they In like manner and also all they said. ται εις χωριον, ού το ονομα Γεθσημανη και came to a place, of which the name Gethsemane; and λεγει τοις μαθηταις αύτου Καθισατε ώδε, he says to the disciples of himself; Sit you έως προσευξωμαι. 33 Και παραλαμβανει here, TOP And he takes I shall pray. Πετρον και Ιακωβον και Ιωαννην μεθ' έαυτου" himself; John with and and James 34 Kai και ηρξατο εκθαμβεισθαι και αδημονειν.

and began to be greatly amazed and to be in anguish. And λεγει αυτοις. Περιλυπος εστιν ή ψυχη μου εώς he says to them; Extremely sorrowful in the soul of me events passed with a deadly An-

24. to them-omit. \* Vatican Manuscript.—22. a Cup, 24. to them-mine, which is of the covenant, that which is foured out.

23 And taking \*a Cup, having given thanks, he gave it to them; and they all drank out of it.

24 And he said, 1"This is that blood of mine which is of the COVENANT. THAT which is POURED

OUT for many.

25 Indeed I say to you, \* That I will drink of the PRODUCT of the VINE no more, till that DAY when I drink It new in the KING-DOM of GOD."

26 1 And having sung, they went out to the MOUNT of OLIVES.

27 And Jesus says te them. "You will all be stumbled: because it is written, ‡ I will smite the 'shepherd, and the SHEEP will be dispersed."

28 iBut after I am RAISED, I will precede you to GALILEE."

29 I And PETER said to him, "Even if all shall be stumbled, yet E will not."

30 And Jesus says to him, "Indeed I say to thee, That thou This-day, in This NIGHT, before a Cock crows twice, wilt disown Me thrice."

31 But HE spoke with more vehemence, "If I must die with thee, I will by no means disown Thee." And they all said the same.

32 t And they came to a Place named Gethsamane. and he says to his DISCI-PLES, "Sit here, while I \* go away and pray."

33 And he takes with him PETER, and \* JAMES, and John, and began to be greatly amazed and full of Anguish.

34 And he says to them, t" My soul is encom-

<sup>24.</sup> THAT BLOOD OF 27. at me in this NIGHE 33. JAMES, and JOHN. 32. go away and pray.

ιανατου· μεινατε ώδε, και γρηγορειτε. 35 Και death; remain you here, and watch. And προελθων μικρον, επεσεν επι της γης·
going forward a little, he fell on the ground; προσηυχετο, ίνα, ει δυνατον εστι, παρελθη απ' prayed, that, if possible it is, might pass from αυτου ή ώρα. <sup>36</sup> Και ελεγεν Αββα ὁ πατηρ, him the hour. And he said; Abba the father, παντα δυνατα σοι παρενεγκε το ποτηριον απ' ill (things) possible to thee; take the cup  $\epsilon$ μου τουτο. Αλλ' ου, τι  $\epsilon$ γω  $\theta$  $\epsilon$ λω, αλλα τι me this. But not, what 1 will, but what 37 Και ερχεται, και εύρισκει αυτους καθευσυ. And he comes, and finds them thon. δοντας και λεγει τω Πετρω Σιμων, καθευδεις; ing: and he says to the Peter: Simon, sleepest thou?

ουκ ισχυσας μιαν ώραν γρηγορησαι; 38 Γρηγορnot couldst thou one hour to watch? Watch ειτε και προσευχεσθε, ίνα μη εισελθητε εις into τειρασμον' το μεν πνευμα προθυμον,  $\hat{\eta}$  δε temptation: the indeed spirit ready, the but πειρασμον. 39 Και παλιν απελθων προσηυσαρξ ασθενης. And again going away be prayed, nesh weak. ξατο, τον αυτον λογον ειπων. 40 Και υποστρεψας, εύρεν αυτους παλιν καθευδοντας ησαν he found them again sleeping: were γαρ οί οφθαλμοι αυτων βεβαρημενοι και ουκ for the eyes of them  $\eta \delta \epsilon i \sigma a \nu$ ,  $\tau i$  aut  $\omega \alpha \pi \sigma \kappa \rho i \theta \omega \sigma i$ . And he comes το τριτον, και λεγει αυτοις Kαθευδετε το the third, and besays to them: Do you sleep the λοιπον και αναπαυεσθε; απεχει, ηλθεν ή ώρα. now and rest you? It is enough, is come the hour: ιδου, παραδιδοται ό υίος του ανθρωπου εις τας lo, is delivered up the son of the man into the χειρας των άμαρτωλων. 42 Εγειρεσθε, αγωμεν. hands of the sinners. Arise, let us go: ιδου, ό παραδιδους με ηγγικε. he delivering up me has come near.

 $^{43}$  Και ευθεως, ετι αυτου λαλουντος, παραγι-And immediate y, while of him speaking, νεται Ιουδας, είς ων των δωδεκα, και μετ' αυτου Judas, one being of the twelve, and with him υχλος \*[πολυς] μετα μαχαιρων και ξυλων, crowd [great] with swords and clubs, παρα των αρχιερεων και των γραμματεων και from the high-priests and the scribes των πρεσβυτερων. 44 Δεδωκει δε δ παραδιδους the elders. Had given and he delivering up αυτον συσσημον αυτοις, λεγων 'Ον αν φι-1 a signal to them, saying: Whoever κρατησατε αυτον QUTOS €OTI° Kal he itis: seize him may kiss, and 45 Και ελθων, ευθεως απαγαγετε ασφαλως.

safely.

lead away

guish; stay here and watch."

35 And going forward a little, he fell on the GROUND, and prayed, that if possible the HOUR might pass from him.

36 And he said, "Abba, FATHER, all things are possible with thee; remove this CUP from me; ‡vet not what £ will, but what thou wilt."

37 And he comes and finds them sleeping; and he says to Peter, "Simon, sleepest thou couldst thou not keep awake a Single Hour?

38 Watch and pray, that you \*enter not into Trial; the SPIRIT indeed is willing, but the FLESH is weak."

39 And going again, he prayed, speaking the SAME Words.

40 And \* again he came and found them sleeping; (for Their EYES were overpowered;) and they knew not what to answer him.

41 And he comes the THIED time, and says to them, "Do you sleep Now, and take your rest? It is enough, the HOUR is come; behold the son of MAN IS delivered up into the HANDS of SINNERS.

42 ‡Arise, let us go; hehold! HE, who DELIVERS me up, has come."

43 TAnd immediately, while he was yet speaking, comes \*Judas, being one of the twelve, and with him a Crowd, armed with Swords and Clubs, from the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, and the SCRIBES, and the ELDEBS

44 And the BETRAYER had given them a Signal, saying, "Me it is, whom I may kiss; seize him, and lead him away safely."

ελθων, ευθεως 45 And coming, and immediately approaching

And

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuschiff.—38. come into. 40. again he came. 43. Judas, being one of the twelve. 43. great—omit.

<sup>† 36.</sup> John v. 30; vi. 38. † 41. John xiii. 1. † 42. Matt. xxvi. 40; John xviii. 1, 2. † 43. Matt. xxvi. 47; Luke xzii. 47; John xviii. 8.

προσελθων αυτώ, λεγει 'Ραββι, \*[ραββι.] he says:  $46 \text{ Of } \delta \epsilon \epsilon \pi \epsilon \beta \alpha \lambda o \nu \epsilon \pi^{2}$ to him, και κατεφιλησεν αυτον. They then kissed Lim. laid and kissed autov τας χειρας \*[αὐτων,] και εκρατησαν him the hands [of them,] and seized 47 Eis de TIS των παρεστηκοτων, QUITOV. One and a certain of those standing, σπασαμενος την μαχωιραν, επαισε τον δουλον sword, the struck the slave του αρχιερεως, και αφειλεν αυτου το ωτιον. and of him of the high-priest, cut off ear. 'Os <sup>18</sup> Και αποκριθεις ό Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις· answering the sesus said. to them: As μετα λη την εξηλθετε μαχαιρων KOL a robber came you out with swords and 49 Καθ' ήμεραν ημην ξυλων, συλλαβειν με. to take nic. Every day I was προς ύμας εν το ίερω διδασκων, Kal OUK you in the temple teaching, with and not εκρατησατε με αλλ', ίνα πληρωθωσιν αί γραyou seized me; but, that must be fulfilled the 50 Και αφοντές αυτον παντές εφυγον. φαι. And leaving lim they fled. 51 Και είς τις νεανισκος ηκολουθει αυτφ, περι-And one a certain young man followed him, wrapβεβλημενος σινδονα επι γυμνου και κρατουσιν ped about a linen cloth on naked; and they seized αυτον \*[οι νεανισκοι.] 52 °O δε καταλιπων την leaving [the young men.] He bu \*Γαπ' αυτων.] σινδονα, γυμνος CYUYEV from linen cloth. naked he fled them.]

53 Και απηγαγου του Ιησουυ προς τεν αρχιε-And they'ed the Jesus to the highpeas Kai Juve x relavito mavies il apxiepeis, priest, and came together to him all the high-priests, και οί πρεσμυτεροι, και : γραμματειз. and the and the clders. scribes. And ό Πετρος απο μακροθεν τκολουθησεν αυτφ έως at a listan Collowed εσω εις την αυλην του . χιερεως και ην τυγ-to into the palace of the high-priest; and was sitnitκαθημενος μετα των υπηρετων, και θερμαινο-55 Di de apxiepess kai μενος προς το φως.
himself to the light. The and high priests and όλον το συνεδριον εζητουν κατα του ίησου sought against the high council μαρτυρίας είς το θανατώσας αυτού και for the to nue to death and not testimony him; 56 Tionhot yay εύρισκον. εψευδημαρτυρουν they found. Many for o tified falsely Kat' autou, kal loat at maprupied out mour.
against him, but consistent the testimonies not were. 67 Και πινες απασταντες, εψπιδομαρτυρουν κατ' And some having stood up, testified falsely against αυτου, λεγοντες. 58 Οτι ήμεις ηκουσαμέν αυτου

That

We

saying;

him, he says, "Rabbi," and repeatedly kissed him. 46 Then THEY laid

HANDS on him, and seized

him.

47 And one of THOSE STANDING by drew a SWORD, and struck a SER-VANT of the HIGH-PRIEST. and cut off His \*EAR-TIP.

48 # And Jesus answering said to them, " 's in pursuit of a Robber, have you come with Swords and Clubs to take me?

49 I was with you every day in the TEMPLE teaching, and you did not arrest me. I But the SCRIPTURES must be verified."

50 And leaving him, they all fled.

51 And a certain Youth followed him, with a Linen cloth wrapped about his naked body; and they seized him:

52 but leaving the LINEN CLOTH, he fled naked.

53 ‡ And the; conducted JESUS to the PRIEST; and all the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the ELDERS, and the SCRIBES, came together to him.

54 And Peter followed him at a distance, even into the PALACE of the HIGH-PRIEST; and sat in company with the ATTEN-DANTS, warming himself before the FIRE.

55 1 And the HIGH-PRIESTS and the Whole SANHEDRIM sought testimony against Jesus, in order TO KILL him; but they found none.

56 For many testified falsely against him, but their TESTIMONIES Were insufficient.

57 And some standing up, testified falsely against him, saying,

58 " TIHe heard him de-

heard

him

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MARUSCRIPE. -45. rabbi-omit. 47. EAB-TIR 46. of them-omit. og. from them-omit. 51. the young men-omit.

<sup>1 48.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 55: Luke xxii. 52. 1 40. Psa. zxii. 6; Isa. liii. 7; Luke xxii. 57; v. 44. 1 58. Matt. xxvi. 47; Luke xxii. 54; John xviii. 13. 1 55. Matt. xxvi. 59

λεγοντος 'Οτι εγω καταλυσω τον ναον τουτον saying; That I will destroy the temple this τον χειροποιητον, και δια τριων ήμερων αλλον the made with handa, and in three days another <sup>59</sup> Και ουδε ούτως αχειρ ποιητον οικοδομησω. And not even thus made without hands I will ouild. 60 Και αναστας toη ην ή μαρτυρια αυτων.
consistent was the testimony of them. And ό αρχιερευς εις μεσον, επηρωτησε τον Ιησουν, the high priest in midst, he asked the Jesus, λεγων. Ουκ αποκρινη ουδεν; τι ούτοι σου saying; Not answerest thou nothing? what these of thee saying; Λοι answeres the καταμαρτυρουσιν; 61 °Ο δε εσιωπα, και ουδεν testify against? He but was silent, and nothing απεκρινατο. Παλιν δ αρχιερευς επηρωτα αυτον he answered. Again the high-priest asked και λεγει αυτφ. Συ ει δ Χριστος, δ vios του and says to him; Thou art the Anointed, the son of the ευλογητου; 62 Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν. Εγω ειμι. The and Jesus said; I blessed? am; και οψεσθε τον υίον του ανθρωπου εκ δεξιων and you shall see the son of the man at right καθημενον της δυναμεως, και ερχομενον μετα sitting of the power, and coming with sitting of the power, and του ουρανου. 63 Ο δε αρχιερευς των νεφελων του ουρανου. The and high-priest. διάρδηξας τους χιτωνας αύτου, λεγει. Τι having rent the clothes of himself, says; What further χρειαν εχομεν μαρτυρων; 64 Ηκουσατε THS of witnesses? You have heard need have we βλασφημίας τι ύμιν φαινεται; Οί δε παντες blasphemy; what to you appears? They but all 65 Kai κατεκριναν αυτον ειναι ενοχον θανατου. condemned him to be deserving of death. And ηρξαντο τινες εμπτυειν αυτώ, και περικαλυπτειν began some to spit opon him, and to cover το προσωπον αυτου, και κολαφιζειν αυτον, and to beat with the fist him, of him, και λεγειν αυτφ. Προφητευσον. Και οί ύπη-Prophesy. and to say to him; And the 66 Και οντος υεται βαπισμασιν αυτον εβαλλον. tendants with open hands him beat. And being του Πετρου εν τη αυλη κατω, ερχεται μια Peter in the court-yard below, the comes one 67 και ιδουσα των παιδισκων του αρχιερεως. of the maid-servants of the high priest: and seeing τον Πετρον θερμαινομένου, εμβλεψασα αυτώ warming himself, Peter she looking λεγει Και συ μετα του Ναζαρηνου Ιησου ησθα. sava: And thou with the Nazarene Jesus 68 'Ο δε ηρνησατο, λεγων' Ουκ οιδα, ουδε Not I know, He but denied, saying : nor επισταμαι τι συ λεγεις. Kai EEnhber EEW EIS comprehend what thou sayest. And he went out into το προαυλιον \* και αλεκτωρ εφωνησει.

clare, i ' will destroy THIS TEMPLE MADE WITH HANDS, and in Three Days. I will build Another made without hands.""

59 But not even thus was their TESTIMONY suf-

ficient.

60 And the HIGH-PRILIST standing up in the MIDST. asked JESUS, saying, "Answerest thou nothing \* to what these testify against thee ?"

61 \$ But HE was silent, and answered nothing.
And the HIGH PRIEST asked him, and says to him; "Art thou the MES-SIAH, the SON BLESSED One?"

62 And JESUS said, " E am; and you shall see the son of MAN sitting at the Right hand of the MIGHTY One, and coming with the CLOUDS OF HEAVEN."

63 And the HIGH-PRIEST having rent his GARMENTS, says, "What further need have we of Witnesses?

64 You have heard the BLASPHEMY; What is your opinion?" And they ALL condemned him as worthy of Death.

65 And some began to spit upon him, and to cover His FACE, and to beat him with the fist, and to say to him, "Divine to us." and the ATTENDANTS struck Him on the cheek with the Open Hand.

66 ‡ And PETER being below in the COURT-YARD, there comes one of the MAID-SERVANTS of the HIGH-PRIEST;

67 and seeing PETER warming himself, earnestly looking at him, she says, "Thou also wast with the NAZARONE, \*JESUS."

68 But HB denied, saving, "I \* neither know nor understand what thou sayest." And he went out into the OUTER COURT;

fand

the

outer court:

crew.]

a cock

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 60. Because these, nor understand. 68. and a Cock crew-omit.

<sup>67.</sup> JESUS.

<sup>69</sup> Και ή παιδισκη ιδουσα αυτον \*[παλιν] ηρξατο And the maid-servant seeing him [again] began λεγειν τοις παρεστηκοσιν. 'Οτι ούτος εξ αυτων to say to those having stood by; That this of 70 'Ο δε παλιν ηρνειτο. ETTIV. Και μετα He and again is. denied. And after μικοον παλιν οί παρεστωτες ελέγον τω Πετοω. a little again those having stood by said to the Peter; Αληθως εξ αυτων ει και γαρ Γαλιλαιος of them thouart; also for a Galilean thou art, 71 'Ο δε ηρξατο \* [και ή λαλια σου δμοιαζει.] [and the speech of thee is like.] He then began αναθεματιζειν και ομνυναι. Ότι ουκ οιδα τον That not I know the re. <sup>72</sup> Kaι εκ δευand toleurse swear; ανθρωπον τουτον, όν λεγετε. man this, of whom you say. And of Και ανεμνησθη δ τερου αλεκτωρ εφωνησε. crew. And remembered the Πετρος του βηματος, ού ειπεν αυτφ δ Ιησους· word, of which said to him the Jesus. Peter the Ότι πριν αλεκτορα φωνησαι δις, απαρνηση με That before a cock to have crowed twice, thou wilt depy me τρις. Και επιβαλων εκλαιε. And reflecting he wept.

## КЕФ. ι€'. 15.

1 Και ευθεως επι το πρωι συμβουλιον ποιη-And immediately on the morning having a council σαντες οί αρχιερεις μετα των πρεσβυτερων και been held the high-priests with the elders γραμματεων, και όλον το συνεδριον, δησαντες even whole the sanhedrim. acribes. binding τον Ιησουν, απηνεγκαν και παρεδωκαν τω Πιdelivered up to the Picarried and 2 Και επηρωτησεν αυτον δ Πιλατος. λατω. late. And acke? him the Pilate: Συ ει δ ρασιλευς των Ιουδαιων;  $^{\circ}$ Ο δε αποκριThou art the kine of the Jews? He and answer-3 Και κατηγορουν θεις ειπεν αυτώ. Συ λεγεις. said to him; Thou sayest. accused And 4 'Ο δε Πιλατος αυτου εί αρχιερεις πολλα. the high-priests many things. The and Pilate παλιν επηρωτησεν αυτον, λεγων Ουκ αποκρινη again asked him, saying: Not answerest thou again ουδεν. ιδε. ποσα σου καταμωρτυρουσιν. see, how many things of thee they testify against. 5 'Ο δε Ιησους ουκετι ουδεν απεκριθη. ώστε The but Jesus no longer nothing answered: 80 20 <sup>6</sup> Κατα δε ξορτην θαυμαξείν τον Πιλατον. to surprise Pilate. At DOW feast αυτοις ένα δεσμιον όνπερ ητουντο. edtothem one prisoner whoever they asked. απελυεν be used to released to them one

69 ‡ and the MAID-SER-VANT seeing him, \*said to THOSE STANDING BY, "This is one of them."

70 And HE denied it again. And after a little, THOSE STANDING BY said again to PETER, "Certainly, thou art one of them; for thou art also a Gallean."

71 Then HE began to curse and swear, "I know not this MAN of whom you

speak."

72 ‡ And \*immediately for a second time † a Cock crew. And PETER recollected the word which Jesus spoke to him, "That before a Cock crows twice, thou wilt disown me thrice." And reflecting on it, he wept.

### CHAPTER XV.

1 ‡ And immediately in the \* Morning, the HIGH-PRIESTS, with the ELDERS and Scribes, even the Whole SANHEDRIM, held a Council; and having bound Jesus, they carried and delivered him up to \* Pilate.

2 ‡ And PILATE asked him, "Art thou the KING of the JEWS?" And HE answering, \* says to him, "Thou sayest it."

3 And the HIGH-PRIESTS accused him of many

things.

4 Then PILATE asked him again, saying, "Answerest thou nothing? See how many things they accuse thee of."

5 ‡ But Jesus answered no more, so that PILATE was astonished.

6 ‡ Now at each Feast he used to release to them One Prisoner, whoeverthey asked.

70. and 1. Morning.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—69. again—omit.
69. said to those.
thy speech is like it—omit.
72. immediately for a second.
4. accuse thee of.

<sup>† 72.</sup> or a watch-trumpet sounded. See Note on Matt. xxvi. 34.

<sup>† 60.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 71, 73; Luke xxii. 58, 59; John xviii. 25, 26. † 72. Matt. xxvi. 75, † 1. Psa. ii. 2; Matt. xxvii. 1; Luke xxii. 60; xxiii. 1; John xviii. 28; Acts iii. 13; iv. 26, † 2. Matt. xxvii. 11. † 4. Matt. xxvii. 13. † 5. Isa. liii. 7; John xix. 9. † 6. Matt. xviii. 15; Luke xxiii. 17; John xviii. 39.

7 Ην δε δ λεγομενος Βαραββας μετα των συστα-Was and he being named Barabbas with the insurσιαστων δεδεμενος, οίτινες εν τη στασει φονον having been bound, who in the sedition murder 8 Και αναβοησας δ οχλος πεποιηκεισαν. And crying out the crowd had committed. ποξατο αιτεισθαι, καθως αει έποιει αυτοις. always he did to them. to demand, 99 9 'Ο δε Πιλατος απεκριθη αυτοις, λεγων Θελεthem, The but Pilate answered saying, Do you τε απολυσω ύμιν τον βασιλέα των Ιουδαιων, wish I shall release to you the king ofthe lewat 10 Εγινωσκε γαρ, ότι δια φθονον παραδεδωκεισαν He knew for, that through envy had delivered up αυτον οί αρχιερεις. 11 Οί δε αρχιερεις ανεσει-The and high-prests him the high-priest. σαν τον οχλον, ίνα μαλλον τον Βαραββαν crowd. that rather the Barabbas the 12 'Ο δε Πιλατος αποκριθεις απολυση αυτοις. he should release to them. The but Pilate παλιν ειπεν αυτοις. Τι ουν θελετε ποιησω ον again said to them; What then do you wish I shall do whom λεγετε βασιλεα των Ιουδαιων: 13 Οί δε παλιν They but you call aking of the Jews? again 14 °C με Πιλατος εκραξαν. Σταυρωσον αυτον. The and cried out: Crucify him. Pilate ελεγεν αυτοις. Τι γαρ κακον εποιησεν: Οί δε said to them; What for evil has he done? They but περισσως εκραξαν. Σταυρωσον αυτον. The vehemently cried out; Crucify him. δε Πιλατος, βουλομενος τφ οχλφ το κανον being willing to the crowd he catisfaction then Pilate, ποιησαι, απελυσεν αυτοις τον Βαραββαν, και to make, to them the Barabbas, and released παρεδωκ€ τον Ιησουν, φραγελλωσα., ίνα having scourged. that delivered up the Jesus, σταυρωθη. me might be crucified.

16 Οί δε στρατιωται απηγαγον αυτον εσω της soldiers led away him within the αυλης, δ εστι πραιτωριον και συγκαλουσιν court, which is a judgment hall; and they call together 17 Και ενδυουσιν αυτον δλην την σπειραν. whole the company. And they clothed him και περιτιθεασιν πορφυραν, αυτφ πλεξαντες him and placed it around braiding 18 Και ηρξαντο ασπαζεσακανθινον στεφανον. an acanthine wreath. And they began to salute θαι αυτον. Χαιρε δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων. ofthe Hall the king 19 Και ετυπτον αυτου την κεφαλην καλαμφ, with a reed, And they struck of him the bead και ενεπτυον αυτώ, και τιθεντές τα γονατα spit upon him. and placing the knees and

7 And there was HE who was NAMED Barabbas, having been imprisoned with the INSURGENTS, who had committed Murder in the INSURRECTION.

8 And the CROWD \*going up began to demand what he was accustomed to

grant them.

9 But PILATE answered them, saying, "Do you wish me to release to you the KING of the JEWS?"

\*they had delivered him

up from Envy.

11 ‡ But the HIGH-PRIESTS stirred up the CROWD, that he should rather release BARABBAS to them.

12 And PILATE answering again, said to them, "What \* then shall I do to him you call the King of

the JEWS?"

13 And THEY again cried out, "Crucify him."
14 And PILATE said to them, "For what? Has he done Evil?" But they vehemently cried out, saying, "Crucify him."

15 Then PILATE, being willing to Gratify the Crowd, released Barabbas to them; and having scourged Jesus, delivered him up to be crucified.

16 And the SOLDIERS led him away into the COURT, which is the Practorium; and they called together the Whole con-PANY.

17 And they arrayed him in a Purple garment, and intertwining an Acanthine Wreath, placed it around his head,

18 and began to salue him,—"Hail, KING of the JEWS!"

15 And they struck his HEAD with a Reed, and spit on him, and KNEEL-ING, did homage to him.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—8, going up began. I do to him you call the King of the Jews?

<sup>10.</sup> they had:

<sup>‡ 11.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 20: Acts in 14. ‡ 15. Matt. xxvii. 26: John xxx. 1, 16. ‡ 16. Matb. xxvii. 27.

20 Και ότε ενεπαιξαν αυτφ, προσεκυνουν αυτω. did homage to him. And when they mocked him, εξεδυσαν αυτον την πορφυραν, και ενεδυσαν they took off and him the purple, put on αυτον τα ίματια τα ιδια και εξαγουσι αυτον, him the clothes the own; and theyled out him, \*[ίνα σταυρωσωσιν αυτον.] 21 Και αγγαρευουσι [that they might true if him] And they comme! And they compel that they might crucify him.] παραγοντα τινα Σιμωνα Κυρηναιον, ερχομενον Simon a Cyrenian, coming passing by one απ' αγρου, (τον πατερα Αλεξανδρου και 'Ρουfrom country, father of Alexander and (the 22 Kat τον σταυρον αυτου. φου,) ίνα αρη of him. And that he might bear the JT088 φερουσιν αυτον επι Γολγοθα τοπον δ εστι place; which is Golgotha hım to they bring μεθερμηνευομενον, κρανιου τοπος. 23 Και εδιδουν of a skutl a place And they gave being translated, αυυφ \* [πιειν] [ $\pi_{\iota} \in \iota \nu$ ]  $\epsilon \pi \mu \nu \rho \nu \iota \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu \sigma \nu$  or  $\nu \sigma \nu$  of  $\delta \epsilon$  to drink] having been mixed with myrrh wine; he but ουκ ελαβε. not received.

<sup>24</sup> Και σταυρωσαντες αυτον, διαμεριζονται τα they divide crucitying the aim, ίματια αυτου, βαλλοντες κληρον επ' aura, TIS casting lots on them, clothes of him. 25 Ην δε ώρα τριτη, και εσταυρωσαν what should take. It was and hour third, and they crucified 26 Και ην ή επιγραφη της αιτιας αυτου QUTOV. And was the inscription of the accusation of him επιγεγραμμενη " "Ο βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων." king was written over; The of the they crucify two robbers; one average autov. 28 \* [Kat 27 Και συν αυτφ σταυρουσι δυο ληστας: ένα εκ And with him δεξιων, και ένα εξ ευωνυμων αυτου. right, and one at lett of him. [And « Kat επληρωθη ή γραφη ή λεγουσα·
was fulfilled the writing that saying; μετα with And ανομων ελογισθη."] <sup>29</sup> Και οἱ παραπορευομενοι tawless ones he was numbered."] and those passing along εβλασφημουν αυτον, κινουντές τας κεφαλας the him, snaking heads δ καταλυων τον αύτων, και λεγοντες. Ova. destroying and saying; Ah: he of them. ημεραις οικοδομων. ναον,  $\in \mathcal{V}$ TPLOID Kal three tempie, and in days building; <sup>Μ</sup> σωσον σεαυτον, και καταβα απο του σταυρου. thyself, and come down from the Cross. Bave 31 Ομοιως και οί αρχιερεις, εμπαιξοντες προς In like manner also the high-priests, mocking to γραμματεων, ελεγον.

μετα

with

TWV

the

αλληλους

one another

20 And when they had mocked him, they stripped him of the PURPLE garment, and put on him \* his own CLOTHES, and led him out.

21 # And One Simon, a Cyrenian, the FATHER of † Alexander and Rufus, coming from the Country. was passing by, and they compel him to carry his CROSS.

22 # And they bring him to \* GOLGOTHA, which, being translated, is, a Place

of a Skull.

23 And they presented him Wine mingled with Myrrh; but \* HE did not

receive it.

24 And \*they nail him to the Cross, ‡ and part his GARMENTS, casting Lots for them, waat each should take.

25 And it was the third Hour when they nailed him to the Cross.

26 And the Inscription of his ACCUSATION was written over him, "The king of the Jews."

27 And with him they crucified Two Robbers, one at his Right hand, and the other at his Left.

28 \* + And THAT SCRIP-TURE WAS verified, which says, ‡" He was numbered "with LAW-BREAKERS."]

29 And THOSE PASSING ALONG reviled him, #shaking their HEADS, and saying, "Ah! THOU DE-STROYER of the TEMPLE, and Builder of it in Three Days,-

30 save thyself, and come down from the

CROSS!"

31 In like manner also, the HIGH-PRIESTS deriding him, with the Scribes, said

said:

scribes,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—20, his CLOTHES.
22. GOLGOTHA. 23. to drink—omit. 20. that they might crucify him-23. HE. 24 they nail him to the Cross, and part his GARMINTS. 27. crucified. 28 .- omit.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Persons probably we'l known, and then living at Rome; since Paul, Rom. xvi. 13, salutes Rufus there. † 28. Fritz. and Tischendorf cancel this verse, and Griesbach marks it for omission; yet Bloomfield thinks injudiciously, as it is a remarkable fulfilment of prophecy, and is omitted only by a rew MSS.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 32; Luke xziii. 26; † 22. John xix. 17. Luke xxiii. 84, John xix. 23.

Αλλους εσωσεν, εαυτον ου δυναται σωσαι;
Others he saved, himself not is able to save? 🖫 Ο Χριστος, ὁ βασιλευς του Ισραηλ, κατα-The Auointed, the of the Israel, let him king βατω νυν απο του σταυρου, ίνα ιδωμεν και descend now from the cross, that we may see and Και οί συνεσταυρωμενοι αυτω πιστευσωμέν. may believe. And those having been crucified with him 33 Γενομενης δε ώρας έκτης, ωνειδιζον αυτον. Being come and hour sixth, repreached bim. σκυτος εγενετο εφ' όλην την γην, έως ώρας γκισες was on whole the land, till hour εννατης. 34 Και τη ώρα τη εννατη εβοησεν δ ninth. And the hour the ninth cried the lησους φωνη μεγαλη, \*[λεγων] Ελωι, ελωι Jesus with a voice loud, [saying,] Eloi, eloi; λαμμα σαβαχθανι; δ εστι μεθερμηνευομενον. ramma sabachthani? which is being translated;

O θεος μου, \*[ό θεος μου] εις τι με εγκατεThe God of me, [the God of me,] to what me has thou λιπες; 35 Και τινες των παρεστηκοτων ακουstanding by 36 Δραμων And some of those ο αντες, ελεγον· Ιδου, Ηλιαν φωνει.
said: Lo, Elias he calls. Running δε είs, και γεμισας σπογγινοξους, πεοιθεις τε and one, and filling a sponge of vinegar, attaching and καλαμφ, εποτιζεν αυτον, λεγων. Αφετε. ιδωμεν, to a reed, gave to drink him, saying: Let alone : we may see, ει ερχεται Ηλιας καθελειν αυτον. 37 'Ο δε it comes Elias to take down him. The then Ιησους, αφεις φωνην μεγαλην, εξεπνευσε.

loud Jesus, uttering a voice breathed out. <sup>28</sup> Και το καταπετασμα του ναου εσχισθη εις And the curtain of the temple was rent into δυο, απο ανωθεν έως κατω. 39 Ιδων δε δ κεντυ-Seeing but the two, from above to below. centuριων, δ παρεστηκως εξ εναντιας αυτου, δτι rion, that having stood by over against him, that ούτω \*[κραξας] εξεπνευσεν, ειπεν° Αληθως δ thus | having cried | he breathed out, said: Truly the ανθρωπος ούτος vios : ν θεου. 40 Ησαν δε και this a son was of a god. Were and also man γυναικες απο μακροθεν θεωρουσαι: εν αίς ην και women from a distance beholding: among whom was also Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη, και Μαρια ή του Ιακωβου Mag dalene, and Mary the of the James Mary the του μικρου και Ιωση μητηρ, και Σαλωμη· 41 αί the little and Joses mother, and Salome: who \*[και,] ότε ην εν τη Γαλιλαια, ηκολουθουν [also,] when he was in the Galilee, followed. αυτφ, και διηκονουν αυτφ. και αλλαι πολλαι, hım, and served him: and others many, αί συναναβασαι αυτφ εις Ίεροσολυμα.

those having come up with him to

\* Vatican Manuscrift.—32. Israel. 34. NINTH Hour. 34. saying—omit. 39. This man. 40. the mother of. 41. also—omit. 40. the mother of. 41. also—omit.

Jerusalem.

to each other, "He saved others; cannot he save himself?

32 The Messiah! the king of \* Israel! let him come down now from the cross, that we may see and believe." Even those, twho were crucified with him, reproached him.

33 And the sixth Hour being come. there was Darkness over the Whole LAND, till the ninta Hour.

34 And at the \*NINTH Hour JESUS cried with a loud Voice, ‡ "Eloi, Eloi, lamma sabachthanı?" which, being translated, is, "My Gon! to what hast thou surrendered me?"

35 And some of THOSE STANDING BY, hearing this, said, "Behold, he

calls Elijah."

36 ‡ And one ran, and filled a Sponge with Vinegar, and putting it on a Reed, gave him to drink, saying, "Let him alone; let us see whether Elijah will come to take him down."

37 Then Jesus uttering a loud Voice, expired.

38 ‡ And the VEIL of the TEMPLE was rent in Two from top to bottom.

39 And THAT CENTURION who STOOD BY over against him, seeing that thus he expired, said, "Certainly, \*This MAN was a Son of God."

40 \$ And Women also were beholding from a distance; among whom was Mary of MAGDALA, and Mary the MOTHER of JAMES the YOUNGER, and \* of Joses, and Salome;

41 who when he was in GALILEE, ‡ followed him, and ministered to him; and MANY Others, who CAME UP with him to Jerusalem.

42 Και ηδη οψιας γενομένης, (επει ην παραdaince it was prepa-And now evening being come, σκευη, δ εστι προσαββατον,) 43 ηλθεν Ιωσηφ that is before sabbath,) δ απο Αριμάθαιας, ευσχημών βουλευτης, ός Arimathea, ofrank a senator. who και αυτος ην προσδέχομενος την βασιλειαν του also himself was expecting the kingdom of the θέου, πολμησας εισηλθε προς Πιλατον, και God, casuming courage went in to Pilate. and 44 'Ο δε Πίλατος. ητησατο το σώμα του Ιησου. asked for the body of the Jesus. The and Pilate εθαυμασεν, ει ήδη τεθνηκε και προσκαλέσαif already he was dead; and wondered. μενος του κευτυριωνα, επηρωτησεν αυτον, ει heasked him, if the centurion, 45 Και γνους απο του κεντυσταλαι απεθάνε. And knowing from the centualready he had died. 46 Kar ριωνος, εδωρησατό τό σωμα τφ Ιωσηφ. the body to Joseph. · die gave And ιαγορασας σινδονα, \*[και] καθελών αυτον, having bought [and] having taken down him, dinen, ενειλησε τη σινδονι και κατεθηκέν αυτον έν Le wrapped the dinen; and laid. συημειώ, δ ην λελατομημενον εκ πετρας και a tomb, which was having been hewn out of a rock; and προσεκυλισε λιθον επι την θυραν του μνημειου... a stone against the door of the tomb. 47 'Η δε Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη και Μαρια Ιωση The but Mary the Maydalene and Mary of Joses **π**θεωρουν, που τιθεται. beheld, where he was laid.

### KEФ. 1€. 16

Και διαγενομενου του σαββατου, Μαρια ή being past the sabbath, And Mary the Μαγδαληνη, και Μαρια ή του Ιακωβου, και Mary that of the James, Magdalene, and αρωματα, ένα ελθουσαι Σαλωμη ηγορασαν aromatics, bought that coming ! Salome <sup>2</sup> Και λιαν πρωι της μιας αλειψωσιν -αυτον. they might anoist chim. And very, early of the first i σαββατων ερχονται επι το μνημειον, ανατειof week they came to she tomb, having Aautos που ήλιου. 3 Και ελεγου προς ξαυτας. tomb, And they said to themselves; the sun. Τις αποκυλισειτημιν τον λιθον εκ της θυρας του Who wil-ollaray dorus the stone from the door of the μνημείου: Κατ. αναβλεψασαι θεωρουσιν, ότι looking up And they saw, that tomb ! αποκεκιλισται ό λιθως· ην γαρ μεγας σφοδρα. had been rolled away the stone; it was for great very. 6. Και εισελθουσαι εις το μνημειον, ειδον νε- rolled away. And having entered into the tomb, they saw 3

42 T'And Evening being now come, (since it was the Preparation, that is, the Day before the Sabbath,)

43 THAT Joseph came. who was of Ariniathea, an honorable Senator, who himselfalso was 1 expecting the KINGDOM of GOD. taking courage, went to \* PILATE, and asked for the BODY of JESUS:

44 And PILATE WONdered that he was already dead; and having called the CENTURION, he inquired of him "if he was already dead.

45 And having ascertained from the CENTU-RION, he gave the DEAD-BODY TO JOSEPH.

46 And having bought Linen, taking him down, he wrapped him in the LINEN, and \* put him:in a Tomb which was liewn out of the Rock, and rolled a Stone to the ENTRANCE of the TOMB.

47 And Mary of Magthe mother of Joses, saw where he was laid.

### CHAPTER XVI.

1 I And the SABBATH being past, Mary of Mage DALA, and THAT Mary the mother of JAMES, and Salome, I bought Aromatics, that they might come and anoint him.

2 And very early on the \* first day of the WEEK, (about sunrise,) they came having to the TOMB.

> 3 And they said to themselves, "Who will roll away the STONE for us from the ENTRANCE of the TOMB?"

4 (for it was very large.) And looking up, they saw that the STONE had been

5 ‡ And \* coming: to the

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. 43. PILATE, 44. II 44. if he was already dead. 40. and—amit. BODT. 47. THAT Mary the mother. Lifirst day of the WEEK.

<sup># 43.</sup> Luke 11. 25, 38. † 1. Matt. - til. Luke xxiii. 50, Mohn xx. 11, 12.

ανισκον καθημενον εν τοις δεξιοις, περιβεβληsitting on the right, having been και εξεθαμβηθησαν. μενον στολην λευκην. white; clothed arobe and they were awe-struck. 6 'Ο δε λεγει αυταις. Μη εκθαμβεισθε. Ιησουν to them; Not He but says be you amazed: Jesus Να (αρηνον, τον εσταυρωμενον. CHTELTE TOV you seek the the having been crucified; Nazarene, ουκ εστιν ώδε. ι ε δ τοπος, όπου ηγερθη, see the place, where he has been raised, not he is here; 9 Αλλ' ύπαγετε, ειπατε τοις  $\epsilon\theta$ nkay autov. they laid bim. Put go, say μαθηταις αυτου, και τω Πετρω, ότι προαγει disciples of Lim, Peter, that he goes before and to the  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota$  autor  $o \psi \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon$ , ύμας εις την Γαλιλαιαν. there you into the Galilee; bim you will see, 8 Και εξελθουσαι, εφυγον καθως ειπεν ύμιν. he said to you. And having gone out, they fled απο του μνημειου ειχε δε αυτας τρομος και from the tomb; had seized and them trembling and εκστασις, και ουδενι ουδεν ειπον. εφοβουντο astonishment, and to no one nothing they said; they were afraid yap. for.

9 \* [Αναστας δε πρωι πρωτη σαββατου εφανη Having risen and carly first of week he appeared πρωτον Μαρια τη Μαγδαληνη, αφ' ής εκβεβfirst to Mary the Magdalene, from whom he had 10 Εκεινη πορευθει α ληκει έπτα δαιμονια. seven demous. She TOIS HET' απηγγειλε αυτου γενομεν ι, πενbrought back word to those with him having been, ...ourn-11 Κακεινοι ακουσαντες θυυσι και κλαιουσι. and weeping. And those having beard και εθεαθη ύπ' ότι ζη αυτης, ηπιστησ : that he was alive and had been seen by her, they did not believe. 12 Μετα δε ταυτα δυσιν εξ αυτων περιπ : τυσιν After but these things to two of them

Αlterwards, reclining with the to the eleven εφανερωθη και ωνειδισε την απιστιών αυτών he appeared; and reproached the unbelief of them και σκληροκαρδιαν, ότι του Γσασκμετώς αυτόν and hardness of heart, because to those having seen him εγηγερμενον ουκ επιστευσαν. 15 Και ειπεν having been raised not they gave credit. And said

TOMB, they saw a Youth sitting at the RIGHT side, clothed with a white Robe; and they were awe-struck.

6 ‡ And HE says to them;
"Be not alarmed; you seek Jesus, THAT NAZA-RENE who was CRUCIFIED. He has been raised; he is not here. See the PLACE where they laid him!

7 But go, say to his disciples, and to Peter, That he precedes you to Galilee; there you will see Him, ‡as he said to

And coming out, they fled from the TOMB; for trembling and astonishment had seized them; and they said nothing to any one, for they were afraid.

one, for they were afraid.

9 \*[And having risen early on the first day of the Week, the appeared first to Mary of MAGDALA, from whom he had expelled Seven Demons.

10 1 She went and told THOSE who had BEEN with him, as they were mourning and weeping.

Il And then, having heard that he was alive, and had been seen by her, did not believe it.

12 And after THESE things, he appeared in Another Aspect ‡ to two of them, as they were walk ing, going into the country.

13 And then returning announced it to the OTHER disciples; neither to THEM did they give credit.

14 TAiterwards he appeared to the ELEVEN, as they were reclining, and censured their UNBELIES and OBSTINACY, Because they believed not THOSE who had SEEN him after hic resurrection,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3-20-omit.

<sup>† 9.</sup> From this verse to the end of the chapter is wanting in the Vat. MS., and in many other ancient copies. Griesbach marks the whole passage of very doubtful authenticity, but retains it in the text. Tischendorf rejects the whole clause. But judging from the evidence with regard to this passage, it is probably an authentic fragment, placed as a completion of the Gospel in very early times; and therefore coming to us with strong claims on our reception and reverence.

αυτοις· Πορευθεντες εις τον κοσμον άπαντα, to them; Having gone into the world all

κηρυξατε το ευαγγελιον παση τη κτισει. 16 °O publish the glad tidings to all the creation. He

πιστευσας και βαπτισθεις, σωθησεται  $\delta$  δε having believed and having been dipped, shall be saved; he but απιστησας, κατακριθησεται. 17 Σημεια δε τοις not having believed, shall be condemned. Signs and to those

πιστευσασι ταυτα παρακολευθησει. Εν τω having believed these shall attend; In the ονοματι μου δαιμονια εκβαλουσι. γλωσσαις

they shall speak new: serpents they shall take up; and if θανασιμον τι πιωσιν, ου μη αυτοις βλαψει· deadly thing they may drink, not not them it may hurt:

 $\epsilon \pi \iota$  αρρωστους χειρας  $\epsilon \pi \iota \iota \eta \sigma \sigma \sigma \iota$ , και καλως upon sick ones hands they shall place, and well  $\epsilon \xi \sigma \sigma \iota$ . <sup>19</sup> Ο μεν συν κυριος, μετα το λαληthey will be. The indeed then Lord, after the tohave

σαι αυτοις, ανεληφθη εις τον ουρανον, και spoken to them, be was taken up into the heaven, and εκαθισεν εκ δεξιών του θεου $^{20}$  εκείνοι δε εξελ-

sat at nigh of the God: those and having θοντες εκπρυξαν πανταχου, του κυριου συνερ-gone forth published everywhere, the Lord working

γουντος, και τον λογον βεβαιουντος δια των with, and the word ratifying through the

επακολουθουντων σημειων.]

15 ‡ And he said to them, "Go into all the WORLD, and proclaim the GLAD TIDINGS to the Whole CREATION.

16 HE who BELIEVES and is immersed will be saved; but HE who BELIEVES NOT will be con-

demned.

17 And these Signs will accompany the Believers; \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) in my NAME they will expel Demons; \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) they will speak in new Lan-

guages;

18 they will take up Serpents; and if they should drink any deadly poison, it will not injure Them; they will lay Hands on Sick persons, and they will be well."

19 Then, indeed, after the Lord had spoken to them, the was taken up into Heaven, and sat down at the Right hand of

GoD.

20 And THOSE having gone forth, proclaimed everywhere, the Lord co-operating, and ratifying the WORD through the ACCOMPANYING Signs.

# \* ACCORDING TO MARK.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Subscription-According to Mark.

<sup>† 15.</sup> Matt. xxviii, 10; Rom. x. 15—18; Col. i 23. † 16. Acts ii, 38; viii, 12; xvi. 31—33. † 17. Acts v. 16; viii, 7; xv. 18 † 17. Acts ii, 4; x. 46; xix. 6. † 18. Acts xxviii, 5. † 18. Acts xviii, 8, James v. 14, 15 † 19. Luke xxiv. 51; Acts v. 6; ii, 34, 35. † 20. Acts v. 12; xiv. 3; 1 Cor. 1. 4, 5; Heb. ii. 4.

#### ACCORDING LUKE.

# КΕФ. α'. 1.

Επειδηπερ πολλοι επεχειρησαν αναταξασθαι have undertaken many to prepare

διηγησιν περι των πεπληροφορημενων εν ήμιν a narrative about those having been fully established among us, 2 καθως παρεδοσαν ήμιν οί απ' πραγματων.

to us those from facts. delivered αρχης αυτοπται και

υπηρεται γενομενοι του ministers having been of the a beginning eye-witnesses and λογου· <sup>3</sup> εδοξε καμοι, παρηκολουθηκοτι ανωθεν

word; itseemedrightalso to me, having traced from the first πασιν ακριθως, καθεξης σοι γραψαι, κρα-

accurately, in an orderly manner to thee to write, O most Θεοφιλε, 4 ίνα επιγνώς TITTE περι ών that thou mayest know concerning which excellent Theophilus,

κατηχηθης λογων την ασφαλειαν. thou hast been taught of words the

in

δ Εγενετο εν ταις ήμεραις Ήρωδου, του βασιin the days of Herod, the λεως της Ιουδαίας, ίερευς τις ονοματί Ζαχαρίας, of the 'Jews, a priest certain name Zacharias,

 $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \phi \eta \mu \epsilon \rho \iota \alpha s$  A  $\beta \iota \alpha^*$   $\kappa \alpha \iota \dot{\eta}$   $\gamma \nu \nu \eta$   $\alpha \nu \tau o \nu$   $\epsilon \kappa \tau \omega \nu$  of course of Abia; and the wife of him of the θυγατερων Ααρων, και το ονομα ωυτης Ελισαβετ.

daughters of Aaron, and the name of her Elisabeth. Ήσαν δε δικαιοι αμφοτεροι ενωπιον του θεου,

They were and righteous both in presence of the God, πορευομένοι εν πασαις ταις εντολαις και δικαι-

walking all the commandments and <sup>7</sup> Και ουκ ην αυτοις ωμασι του κυριου αμεμπτοι. nances of the Lord blameless. And not was to them

τεκνού, καθοτι ή Ελισαβετ ην στειρα, Elisabeth was because the

αμφοτεροι προβεβη. τοτες εν ταις ήμεραις αύτων having been advanced in the both days of them

8 Εγενετο δε εν τφ ίερατευειν ησαν. It happened now in the to perform sacred rites him were.

εν τη ταξει της εφημεριας αυτου εναντι του order of the course ofhim before of the BEOU. <sup>9</sup> κατα το εθος της ίερατειας

according to the custom of the priesthood it fell to his lo God,

#### CHAPTER I.

1 Since many have undertaken to prepare a History of those FACTS, which have been FULLY ESTAB-LISHED among us.

2 teven as THOSE, who WERE from the Beginning Eve-witnesses and Dispensers of the WORD, delivered

them to us:

3 it seemed proper for me also, having accurately traced all things from the first, to write to Thee in consecutive order, # † Most excellent Theophilus,

4 that thou mayest know the CERTAINTY of the Words, concerning which thou hast been taught.

5 In the DAYS of Herod, \* King of JUDEA, there was a certain Priest named Zachariah, ‡ of the Course of Abijah; and his \* Wife was of the DAUGH-TERS of Aaron, and her NAME was Elizabeth.

6 And they were both righteous in the sight of GOD, walking in all the COMMANDMENTS and Institutions of the LORD blameless.

7 And they had no Child, because \* Elizabeth was barren, and both were far advanced in YEARS.

8 Now it occurred, while he was PERFORMING THE PRIEST'S OFFICE before GOD, in the ORDER of his CLASS,

9 that it fell to him by lot, according to the cus-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-According to LUKE. . Elizabeth.

<sup>5.</sup> King. 5. Wife.

<sup>† 3.</sup> This epithet proves that Theophilus was a man of Senatorian rank; probably a prefect, or governor; the same Greek title being applied to the Roman governor Felix, in Acts xxii. 26, and elsewhere. It was equivalent to the Latin title optimus, bestowed by the Romans on their principal senators. † 9. Prideaux, referring to Lightfoot's Temple Service, says, that the priests, according to David's institution, were divided into twenty-four courses, that each course attended at Jerusalem its week; and every course being divided into seven classes, each class served its day at the temple; and each priest of that class had his part in the service appointed by lot. And Josephus gives much the same account, adding that the priests entered upon their office on the sabbath-day at noon, and left it at the same time on the sabbath-day following; and that this practice, first settled by David, continued to his own days.—Pearce. own days .- Pearce.

<sup>1 5. 1</sup> Chron xxiv. 10, 19; Neh. xii. 4, 17.

του θυμιασαι, εισελθων εις τον ναον του κυριου·
oftheto burn incense, entering into the temple of the Lord; 10 και παν το πληθος ην του λαου προσευχομενον

 $\Gamma_{11}^{\text{praying}} \delta \epsilon$ and whole the multitude was of the people τη ώρα του θυμιαματος. without to the hour of the incense burning. Appeared and αυτω αγγελος κυριου, έστως εκ tohim a messenger of a lord, standing at δεξιων του ofthe right 12 Και εταραχθη θυσιαστηριου του θυμιαματος. And was troubled ofthe incense.

Ζαχαριας ιδων, και φοβος επεπεσεν επ' αυτον. Zacharias seeing, and fear fell upon him.

13 Ειπε δε προς αυτον δ αγγελος· Μη φοβου, him the messenger; Not to Said but Ζαχαρια· διοτι εισηκουσθη ή δεησις σου, και ή Zacharias; because has been heard the prayer of thee, and the γυνη σου Ελισαβετ γεννησει διον σοι και shall bear a son to thee; and of thee Elisabeth wife

14 Ka1 αυτου Ιωαννην. καλεσεις το ονομα thou shalt call the name of him John. And εσται χαρα σοι και αγαλλιασις, και πολλοι exultation, and many ne shall be a joy to thee and

15 Εσται επι τη γενεσει αυτου χαρησονται. at the birth of him shall be glad. He shall be γαρ μεγας ενωπιον κυριου. και οινον και σικερα

great in sight of a lord; and wine and strong drink for ου μη πιη· και πνευματος άγιου πλησθησεται not not he may drink; and aspirit of holy shall be filled

16 Και πολλους ετι εκ κοιλιας μητρος αύτου. yet out o womb of mother of himself. And many των υίων Ισραηλ επιστρεψει επι κυριον of Israel shall he turn to alord θεον αυτων. 17 Και αυτος προελευσεται ενωπιον

shall precede in the sight he of them. And ·God αυτου εν πνευματι και δυναμει Ηλιου, επιστρεspirit and power of Elias, in of him

ψαι καρδιας πατερων επι τεκνα, και απειθεις εν offathers to children, and disobedient by turn hearts

φρονησει δικαιων, έτοιμασαι κυριφ λαον κατεwindom of just (ones,) to make ready for a lord a people having 18 Και ειπε Ζαχαριας προς τον σκευασμενον.

said Zacharias And been prepared. αγγελον Κατα τι γνωσομαι τουτο; εγω γαρ By what shall I know messenger; ειμι πρεσβυτης, και ή γυνη μου προβεβηκυια

and the wife of me far advanced an old man, am. 19 Και αποκριθεις δ ταις ήμεραις αύτης. And answering days of herself.

αγγελος ειπεν αυτφ. Εγω ειμι Γαβριηλ, δ the am Gabriel, to him. said messenger

TOM of the PRIESTHOOD, tto go into the † SANCTU-ARY of the LORD to burn INCENSE.

10 # And the Whole MUL-TITUDE of the PEOPLE was praying without, at the HOUR of the INCENSE BURNING.

11 And there appeared to him an Angel of the Lord, standing at the righ side of the ALTAR of IN CENSE.

12 And Zachariah seeing him, I was agitated, and Fear fell on him.

13 But the ANGEL said to him, "Fear not, Zachariah; because thy PRAYER has been heard; and thy WIFE Elizabeth will bear thee a Son, t and thou shalt call his NAME John.

14 And he will be to thee a Joy and Exultation; and many will rejoice on account of his BIRTH.

15 For he will be great in the sight of the LORD; and twill not partake of Wine and † Strong drink: but he will be filled with holy Spirit, even from his Birth.

16 And many of the sons of Israel will he turn to the Lord their God.

17 # And he will come first into his sight in the Spirit and Power of Elijah. to turn the Hearts of Fathers to Children, and the Disobedient, by the Wisdom of the Righteous; to make ready for the Lord a prepared People.

18 And Zachariah said to the ANGEL, ‡" By what shall I know this? for # am old, and my wife is far advanced in YEARS."

19 And the ANGEL answering, said to him, ‡" # am that Gabriel, Attend-

to

the

<sup>† 9.</sup> The holy place where the altar of incense stood, before the veil. Exod. xxx. 1, 6-8; xl. 26. † 15. The original word is derived from a root which signifies to inebriate; and denotes wine made from fruits, and particularly from the palm. John was to be a Nazarite. Jerome says, "Any inebriating liquor is called sierra, whether made of corn, apples, honey, dates, or any other fruits." The English word cider comes from the same word.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Exod. xxx. 7, 8; 1 Sam. ii. 28; 1 Chron. xxiii. 13; 2 Chron. xxix.11. † 10. Lev. xvi. 17. † 11. Dan. x. 8; Luke i. 29; ii. 9: Acts x. 4; Rev. i. 17. † 15. ver. 60, 63. † 15. Num. vi. 3; Judges xiii. 4; Mark vii. 33. † 17. Mal. iv. 5; Matt. xi. 14; Mark ix. 12. † 18. Gen. xvii. 17. † 19. Dan. viii. 16; ix. 21—23; Matt. xviii. 10.

ING in the presence of God; and I am sent to

speak with thee, and to

tell thee these glad tidings.

shalt be silent, and unable

to speak, till the Day when

these things are accom-

plished: because thou hast

not believed my words,

which will be fulfilled in

were waiting for ZACHA-

RIAH, and wondered at

his CONTINUING SO long

21 And the PEOPLE

20 And behold, thou

παρεστηκώς ενωπιού .. ου θεού και απεσταλην having attended in presence of the God; and I am sent ευαγγελισασθαι σοι  $\lambda \alpha \lambda \eta \sigma \alpha \iota \pi \rho o s \sigma \epsilon$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \iota$ thee, and to tell glad tidings to speak to to thee 20 Και ιδου, Taura.  $\epsilon \sigma \eta$ σιωπων. και μη lo, thou shalt be having been dumb, and not δυναμενος λαλησαι, αχρι ής ήμερας γενηται till of which day being able to speak, may be done ανθ' ών ουκ επιστευσας τοις λογοις Tauta these: because of which not thou hast believed the words οίτινες πληρωθησονται εις TOV which shall be fulfilled into the season <sup>21</sup> Και ην ό λαος προσδοκων τον Ζαχααύτων. of them. And was the people waiting for the Zachaριαν· και εθαυμαζον εν τω χρονιζειν αυτον εν rias; and wondering in the todelay him in 22 Εξελθων δε ουκ ηδυνατο λαλησαι τω ναφ. Coming out but not he was able the temple. to speak αυτοις και επεγνωσαν, ότι οπτασιαν έωρακεν they perceived, that and a vision he has seen εν τω ναφ' και αυτος ην διανευων αυτοις, και in the temple; and he was making signs to them, and 23 Και εγενετο ως επλησθησαν διεμενε κωφος. remained dumb. And it happened as were filled αί ήμεραι της λειτουργιας αυτου, απηλθεν εις ministration of him, days of the he went 24 Μετα δε ταυτας τας ήμερας τον οικον αύτου. house of himself. After and these the days συνελαβεν Ελισαβετ ή γυνη αυτου και περιconceived Elisabeth the wife of him; and εκρυβεν έαυτην μηνας πεντε, λεγουσα· 25 °Οτι herself months five, saying: ούτω μοι πεποιηκεν δ κυριος εν ήμεραις, αίς to me has done the Lord in days, which αφελειν το ονειδος μου εν ανθρωποις. he looked on to take away the reproach of me among

26 Εν δε τω μηνι  $\tau \varphi$ έκτω απεσταλη δ the month the sixth the now was cent αγγελος Γαβριηλ ύπο του θεου εις πολιν της by acity of the Gabriel the God to 'η ονομα Ναζαρετ, 27 προς παρ-Γαλιλαιας, Galilee, to which a name Nazareth, to θενον μεμνηστευμενην ανδρι, 'ω ονομα Ιωσηφ, having been betrothed to a man, to whom a name Joseph, οικου Δαυιδ. και το ονομα της παρθενου, of David: and the name of the nf. house <sup>28</sup> Και εισελθων δ αγγελος προς Μαριαμ. the messenger Mary. And coming 10 Χαιρε, κεχαριτωμενη.  $\alpha v \tau \eta \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon$ O KUDIOS Hail, having been favored: the Lord \*[ $\epsilon \upsilon \lambda o \gamma \eta \mu \epsilon \nu \eta$   $\sigma \upsilon$   $\epsilon \nu$   $\gamma \upsilon \nu \alpha \iota \xi \iota \nu$ .]
[having been blessed thou among women,] μετα σου thee: ditwe

29' Η δε επι τω λογω διεταραχθη, και διελογιShe but at the word was greatly agitated, and ponξετο, ποταπος ειη ὁ ασπασμος ούτος.
dered, what could be the salutation this.

in the SANCTUARY.

22 And coming out, he could not speak to them; and they perceived That

their SEASON."

could not speak to them; and they perceived That he had seen a Vision in the SANCTUARY; for he made Signs to them, and continued † speechless.

23 Anditocourred, when the days of his public service were completed, he returned to his own house.

24 And after These DAYS Elizabeth his WIFE conceived, and concealed herself five Months, saying,

25 "Thus has the LORD done for me, in the Days when he regarded me, ‡ to take away my REPROACH among Men."

26 Now, in the SIXTH MONTH, the ANGEL Gabriel was sent by God to a City of Galilee, named Nazareth.

27 to a Virgin thetrothed to a Man whose name was Joseph, of the House of David; and the VIRGIN'S NAME was Mary.

28 And coming in to her, he said, ‡"Hail, favored one! the LORD is with thee!"

29 But SHE was greatly agitated at the word; and she pondered what this SALUTATION could mean.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. blessed art thou among women-omit.

<sup>† 22.</sup> or deaf and dumb, for the original word has this double meaning. That Zachariah was deprived for a time of both these senses is evident from verse 62, where it is said, "they made signs to the father."

<sup>† 23. 2</sup> Kings xi. 5; 1 Chron. ix. 25. † 27 · Matt. i. 18; Mark ii. 4. 5.

ειπεν δ αγγελος αυτη. Μη φοβου, Μαριαμ. Mary: said the messenger to her; Not fear, 31 Kai 1800, εύρες γαρ χαριν παρα τ $\varphi$  θε $\varphi$ . thou hast found for favor with the God. And lo, εν γαστρι, και τεξη νίον, και and shalt bear a son, thou shalt conceive in womb, 32 Ούτος καλεσεις το όνομα αυτου Ιησουν. of him This thou shalt call the name Jesus. εσται μεγας, και υίος ύψιστου κληθησεται και shall be word, and a son of highest he shall be called; and δωσει αυτώ κυριος δ θεος τον θρονον Δαυιδ του shall give to him a lord the God the throne of David the πατρος αυτου· 33 και βασιλευσει επι τον οικον of him; he shall reign over the father and Ιακωβ εις τους αιωνας, και της βασιλειας αυτου of Jacob to the ages, and of the kingdom 34 Ειπε δε Μαριαμ προς τον ουκ εσται τελος. Said but Mary to not shall be an end. αγγελον Πως εσται τουτο, επει ανδρα ου γιsince a man not How shall be this, messenger; νωσκω; 35 Και αποκριθεις δ αγγελος ειπεν αυτη· And answering the messenger said to her; know? Πνευμα άγιον επελευσεται επι σε, και δυναμις A spirit holy shall come upon thee, and a power ύψιστου επισκιασει σοι διο και το γεννωμενον of highest shall overshadow thee; therefore and the being begotten 36 Kai 1800, άγιον, κληθησεται υίως θεου. a son of God. shall be called And Ελισαβετ ή συγγενης σου, και αυτη συνειλη-Elisabeth the kinswoman of thee, even she having φυια . υίον εν γηρει αυτης και ούτος μην έκτος conceived a son in oldage of her: and this month sixth 37 'OTL OUR εστιν αυτη τη καλουμενη στειρα. being called barren. to her the For not 38 Ειπε δε αδυνατησει παρα τφ θεφ παν ρημα. shall be impossible with the God every word. Μαριαμ. Ιδου, ή δουλη κυριου γενοιτο μοι Mary: 10, the handmaid of alord: may it be done to me Και απελθεν απ' αυτης δ κατα το δημα σου. according to the word of thee. And went from her the αγγελος. messenger.

39 Αναστασα δε Μαριαμ εν ταις ημεραις and Mary in the days μετα Taurais, επορευθη ELS  $\tau \eta \nu$ ορεινην the billy country into with those, she went 40 Και εισηλθεν εις σπουδης, εις πολιν Ιουδα. into of Juda. And into a city entered τον οικον Ζαχαριου, και ησπασατο την Ελισαthe house of Zacharias, and saluted the βετ. 41 Και εγενετο, ώς ηκουσεν ή Ελισαβετ heth-And it happened, as heard the Elisabeth

30 And the ANGEL said to her, "Fear not, Mary; for thou hast found Favor with God.

31 ‡And beheld, thou wilt conceive, and bear a Son, and ‡thou shalt call his NAME † Jesus.

32 Me will be great, and will be called a Son of the Most High; and the Lord God will give him the THRONE of David his FATHER:

33 and the will reign over the House of Jacob to the AGES; and of his KING-DOM there will be no End."

34 Then Mary said to the ANGEL, "How can this be, since I know not a Man 2"

Man?"

36 And behold, Elizabeth, thy KINSWOMAN, even she has conceived a Son in her Old age; and this is the sixth Month with HEE who is CALLED barren.

37 ‡ For \* No Declaration is impossible with

38 And Mary said, "Behold, the MANDMAID of the Lord! May it be done to me according to thy word." And the ANGEL departed from her.

\$9 And Mary arising in those DAYS, went to the MOUNTAINOUS COUNTRY with haste, to a City of Judah.

dah;

40 and entered into the HOUSE of Zachariah, and saluted ELIZABETH.

41 And when ELIZA-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 37. of God No Declaration is.

<sup>† 31.</sup> See Note on Matt. i. 21.

<sup>† \$1.</sup> Isa. vii. 14; Matt. i. 21. † \$1. Luke ii. 21. † \$2. 2 Sam. vii. 11, 12; Psa cxxxii. 11; Isa. ix. 6; xvi. 5; Jer. xxiii 5; Acts ii. 30. † \$3. Isa, xxiv. 23; Dan. ii. 44; vii. 14, 27; Mitch iv. 7; Heb. i. 8. † \$5. Matt. i. 20. † \$7. Gen. xxiii 14; Jer. xxxii. 17; Matt. xix. 26; Mark x. 27; Luke xviii. 27; Rom. iv. 21. † \$9. Josh. xx 7; \$\frac{1}{3}\$ \$1. \frac{1}{3}\$ \$1. \fr

τον ασπασμον της Μαριας, εσκιρτησε το βρεthe salutation of the Mary, leaped the babe φος εν τη κοιλιά αυτης· και πλησθη πνευματος in the womb ofher; and was filled άγιου ή Ελισαβετ, και ανεφωνησε φωνη μεγαλη of holy the Elisabeth, and she cried out with a voice great και ειπεν· 42 Ευλογημενη συ εν γυναιξι·
and said; Having been blessed thou among women; KOL and 43 Kai ευλογημενος δ καρπος της κοιλιας σου, having been blessed the fruit of the womb of thee. ποθεν μοι τουτο, ίνα ελθη ή μητηρ του κυριου whence to me this, that should come the mother of the Lord  $\mu$ ou  $\pi$ pos  $\mu$ e; 44 I δου  $\gamma$ ap,  $\dot{\omega}$ s  $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau$  ο  $\dot{\eta}$   $\phi$ ωνη Lo for, of me to me? as came the voice του ασπασμου σου εις τα ωτα μου, εσκιρτησε of the salutation of thee into the ears of me, leaped το βρεφος εν αγαλλιασει εν τη κοιλια μου. babe in exultation in the wome the of me. 45 Και μακαρια ή πιστευσασα, ότι εσται τελειω-And bappy she having believed, that shall be a fulfill-

46 Και ειπε Μαριαμ. Μεγαλυνει ή ψυχη μου Mary; magnines the soul of me τον κυριον, 47 και ηγαλλιασε το πνευμα μου επι Lord and has exulted the spirit of me in τφ θεφ τφ σωτηρι μου 48 ότι επεβλεψεν επι savior of me; for helooked God the upon την ταπεινωσιν της δουλης αύτου. Ιδου γαρ, low state of the handmaid of himself. Lo for,

σις τοις Λελαλημενοις αυτη παρα κυριου.

ment to those having been told to her from

απο του νυν μακαριουσι με πασαι αί γενεαι' from the now will call happy me all the generations; 49 ότι εποιησε μοι μεγαλεια ό δυνατος. Kal has done to me great things the mighty one, άγιον το ονομα αυτου, 50 και το ελέος αυτου holy the name of him, and the mercy of aim ELS YEVERS YEVEWY TOLS COBOULEVOLS QUTOV. generations of generations to those fearing him. 51 Εποιησε κρατος εν βραχιονι αύτου. διεσκορ-

be has πισεν ύπερηφανους διανοια καρδιας αυτων. arrogant ones in thought dispersed of bearts of them. 52 Καθειλε δυναστας απο θρονων, και ύψωσε He has cast down mighty ones from thrones, and lifted up 53 Πεινωντας ενεπλησεν αγαθων, TARELVOUS.

arm

humble ones. he filled of good things, Hungering ones και πλουτουντας εξαπεστειλε κενους. 54 AVT €and being rich he sent away empty.

λαβετο Ισραηλ παιδος αύτου, μνησθηναι ελεους, aided Israel a child of himself, to remember

55 (καθως ελαλησε προς τους πατερας ήμων,) (as hespoke to the fathers of us,)

BETH heard the SALUTA-TION of MARY, the BABE leaped in her womb: and ELIZABETH was filled with holy Sprit.

42 And she exclaimed with a loud \* Voice, and said, "Blessed art thou among Women! and blessed is the FRUIT of thy

W.MB!

43 But how happens this to me, that the mo-THER of my LORD should

come to me?

44 For behold, when the VOICE of thy SALUTATION came to my EARS, the BABE leaped in my WOMB for Joy.

45 And happy she HAV-ING BELIEVED that there will be a Fulfillment of the WORDS SPOKEN to her by

the Lord."

46 And Mary said, t"My SOUL extols the LORD,

47 and my spirit exults in GOD my SAVIOR;

48 because he kind. viewed the HUMB\_E CON-DITION of his HANDMAID: for, behold! :rom THIS TIME TAIL GENERATIONS will pronounce me happy.

49 for the MIGHTY One has done Wonders for me . I and holy is his NAME .

50 ‡ and his MERCY extends to Generations of Generations of THOSE who FEAR him.

51 : He shows Strength twith his Arm; he aisperses those Proud in the Thought of their Bearts.

52 # He casts down Potentates from Thrones, and raises up the owly.

53 He fills the Hungry with good things, and the Rich he sends away empty.

54 He supports Israel, his own Child, remembering Mercy,

55 (tas he spoke to our

He has showed strength with

of himself:

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. Cry.

<sup>51.</sup> Grotius observes, that God's efficacy is represented by his finger, his great power by his fand, and his omnipotence by his arm. The plague of line was the finger of God, Exod. vii. ix The plagues in general were wrought by his Aand, Exod. iii. 30. And the destruction of Pharoah's host in the Red Sea, is called the act of his arm, Exod. xv. 16.

<sup>‡ 46. 1</sup> Sam. ii. 1 17, 18. 2 51. 19; Psa. exxxii. 11. 46. 1 Sam. ii. 1. 2 48. 18. 2 51. Psa. zeviii. 1. 2 48. l uke xi. 27. 2 40. Psa. exi. 9. iii. 1. 2 52. l Sam. ii. 8; Psa. exiii. 7.

τω Αβρααμ και τω σπερματι αυτου έως αιωνος. to the Abraam and to the of him even to an age. seed

56 Εμεινε δε Μαριαμ συν αυτη ώσει μηνας τρεις· Abode and Mary with her about months three:

και ύπεστρεψεν εις τον οικον αυτης. returned to the house

XPOVOS TOU 57 Tn δε Ελισαβετ επλησθη δ was fulfilled the To the now Elisabeth time of the <sup>58</sup> Και ηκουτεκειν αυτην και εγεννησεν υίον. and she brought forth a son. And heard to bear σαν οί περιοικοι και οί συγγενεις αυτης, ότι neighbors and the kindred of her, that εμεγαλυνε κυριος το ελεος αύτου μετ' αυτης. had magnified alord the mercy of himself towards 59 Και εγενετο, εν τη και συνεχαιρον αυτη. and they rejoiced with her. And it came to pass, in the ογδογ, ήμερα ηλθον περιτεμείν το παιδίον και day εκαλουν αυτο, επι τω ονοματι του πατρος αυτου, after the name of the father 60 Και αποκριθεισα ή μητηρ αυτου Ζαχαριαν. And answering the mother Zacharias. 61 Ka1 ειπεν Ουχι αλλα κληθησεται Ιωαννης. but he shall be called John. ειπον προς αυτην. 'Οτι ευδεις εστιν εν τη they said to That no one among the her; συγγενεια σου, ός καλειται τφ ονοματι τουτφ. kindred of thee, who is called to the name this. 62 Ενενευον δε τφ πατρι αυτου, το τι αν θελοι They made signathen to the father of him, the whathe would desire 63 Και αιτησας πινακιδιον, καλεισθαι αυτον. And having requested a tablet, to be called him. εγραψε, λεγων Ιωαννης εστι το ονομα αυτου. is John the name ofh.m. saying: he wrote, 64 Ανεωχθη δε το Και εθαυμασαν παντες. they wondered all. Was opened and the στομα αυτου παραχρημα, και ή γλωσσα αυτου· immediately, and the of him; tongue mouth 65 Και εγενετο και ελαλει ευλογων τον θεον. the God. And came blessing and he spoke επι παντας φοβος τους περιοικουντας αυτους. a fear those dwelling around them: ail και εν όλη τη ορεινη της Ιουδαιας διελαλειτο and in whole the hilly-country of the Judea talked of throughout 66 Και εθεντο παντες παντα τα δηματα ταυτα. placed things these. And the οί ακουσαντες εν τη καρδια αύτων, λεγοντες. those having heard in the hearts of themselves, saying;

FATHERS,) to ABRAHAM. and to his POSTERITY, even to the Age."

56 And Mary remained with her about three Months, and returned to

her HOUSE.

57 Now ELIZABETH'S TIME to be DELIVERED was fulfilled; and she brought forth a Son.

58 And her NEIGHBORS and RELATIVES heard That the Lord had magnified his MERCY towards her: and they rejoiced with her.

59 And, on the EIGHTH Day, ‡ when they came to circumcise the CHILD, they were about to call him Zachariah, after the NAME of his FATHER:

60 but his MOTHER interposing, said, "No; but the shall be called John."

61 And they said to her, "There is no one among thy RELATIVES, who is called by this NAME."

62 Then they asked his FATHER, by Signs, WHAT HE WISHED HIM TO BE CALLED.

63 And requesting †a TABLET, he wrote, saying, t"llis NAME is John. And they all wondered,

64 for his mouth was instantly opened, and his TONGUE loosed; and he spoke, praising GoD.

65 And Fear came on their NEIGHBORS. ALL And All these things were talked of through All the MOUNTAINOUS COUNTRY of JUDEA.

66 And All THOSE HEARING, pondered them, in their HEARTS, saying,

<sup>† 52.</sup> Not before that day, because the mother was unclean seven days, Lev. xii. 1, 2; and so was the chill, by touching her, and therefore he was not then fit to be admitted into covenant. The law appointed no certain place in which circumcision was to be done, nor any nant. The law appointed no certain place in which circumcision was to be done, nor any certain person to perform it, and therefore it was sometimes done by women, Exod. iv. 25, and here in the house of Elizabeth, as appears by her presence at it, verse 60. The Jews did it sometimes in their schools, for the sake of the number of the witnesses. Then also they mamed the infant; because, when God instituted circumcision, he changed the names of Abraham and Sarah.—Whitby. Among the Jews, the child was named when it was circumcised, and ordinarily the name of the father was given to the first-born son.—A. Clarke.

† 63. A thin board, made out of the pige-tree, smeared over with wax, was used among the precisely as a writing table. ancients, as a writing-tablet.

TO παιδιον τουτο εσται: Και XELP will he? What then the child this And hand κυριου ην μετ' αυτου. of Lord was with

67 Και Ζαχαριας δ πατηρ αυτου επλησθη Zacharias the father ofuim was filled πνευματος άγιου, Kal  $\pi \rho o \epsilon \phi n \tau \epsilon v \sigma \epsilon$ . λεγωνο a spirit of holy, and prophesied, saying;

Ευλογητος κυριος, δ θεος του Ισραηλ. δτι Blessed Lord. the God of the larael: for

επεσκεψατο Kal εποιησε λυτρωσιν τω λαω redemption to the people he has visited and wrought αύτου, 69 και ηγειρε κερας σωτηριας ήμιν εν τφ and raised up a horn of himself, of salvation to us in the

οικώ Δαυιδ του παιδος αύτου. 70 (καθως ελαλησε house of David the servant of himself; (even as he spoke

άγιων, των απ' δια στοματος των alwvos, of the holy ones, of those from through mouth

προφητων αύτου.) 71 σωτηριαν εξ εχθρων ήμων, a salvation from enemies of prophets of himself;)

και εκ χειρος παντων των μισουντων ήμας·

 $7^2$  ποιησαι ελεος μετα των πατερων ἡμων, και to perform mercy with the fathers of us. and

μνησθηναι διαθηκης άγιας αύτου, 73 δρκον, δν covenant holy of bimself, an oath, which ωμοσε προς Αβρααμ τον πατερα ήμων, του

he swore ŧo. Abraam the father of us, δουναι ήμιν,  $7^4$  αφοβως, εκ χειρος των εχθρων to give to us, without fear, from hand of the enemies

ήμων δυσθεντας, λατρευειν αυτφ 75 εν δσιοτητι of us having been rescued, to worship him holiness in και δικαιοσυνη ενωπιον αυτου, πασας Tas

and righteousness ·in presence of him, all the 76 Και συ, παιδιον, προφητης And thou, little child, a prophet ήμερας ήμων. days of us.

ύψιστου κληθηση· προπορευση γαρ προ \*[προof highest shalt be called; thou shalt go for before [face]

σωπου κυριου, έτοιμασαι όδους αυτου, 77 του to prepare of a lord, Ways of him, of the

δουναι γνωσιν σωτηριας τω λαω αυτου, εν αφεto give knowledge of salvation to the people of him, in forgive-

σει άμαρτιων αυτων, <sup>78</sup> δια σπλαγχνα ελεους of them, on account of tender of sins

θεου ήμων, εν οίς επεσκεψατο ήμας ανατολη εξ of God of us, by which he has visited us a rising from ύψους, 19 επιφαναι τοις εν TKOTEL KAL σκια on high, to shine to those in darkness

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 66. For also the Hand. 69. the House of David. -omit.

and shade 76. face

† 69. A horn in Scripture is frequently a symbol of power or principality, and hence this expression will signify, a mighty Savior, or Prince of Salvation.

1 69. Psa. xviii. 2; cxxxii. 17. xviii. 4; xxii. 16, 17; Heb. vi. 13, 17. ‡ 70. Acts iii. 21; Rom. i. 2. ‡ 73. Gen. xii. 3. ‡ 76. Isa. xl. 3; Mal. 1ii. 1; iv. 5; Matt. xi. 10; ver, 17.

"What then will this CHILD be?" \* And the Hand of the Lord was with him.

67 And Zachariah, his FATHER, was filled with holy Spirit, and prophesied,

saving, Blessed be the Lord, the GOD of ISBAEL, because he has visited and wrought Redemption for his PEOPLE;

69 and thas raised up ta Horn of Salvation for us, in the \* House of Da. vid, his SERVANT;

70 (teven as he spoke by the Mouth of THOSE HOLY ones, his Prophets of the Age;)

71 a Salvation from our Enemies, and from the Hand of ALL who HATE

us: 72 to perform his Mercy with our FATHERS; and to remember his holy Covenant;

73 the Oath which he swore to Abraham, our

FATHER,-74 to permit us, being rescued from the Hand of our ENEMIES, fearlessly to

worship him, 75 by Holiness and Righteousness in his sight,

All our DAYS.

76 And thou, Child, wilt be called a Prophet of the Most High; for thou shalt go thefore the Lord to prepare his Ways;

77 to impart a Knowledge of Salvation to his PEOPLE in the forgiveness

of their Sins.

78 on account of the tender Compassions of our God, by which he has visited us; a Day-dawn from on high,

79 to Illuminate THOSE SITTING in Darkness and Death-shade; to DIRECT

θανατου καθημενοις, του κατευθυναι τους ποδας of death sitting, ofthe to guide the 80 Το δε παιδιον ηυξανε, ήμων εις όδον ειρηνης. ofus into a way of peace. The now little child και εκραταιουτο πνευματι' και ην εν ταις ερηand became strong in pirit; and was in the μοις, έως ήμερας αναδειξεως αυτου TOOS TOV erts. till day of manifestation of him Ισραηλ. Israel,

# КЕФ. β'. 2.

 $^{1}$ Εγενετο δε εν ταις ήμεραις εκειναις, εξηλ $\theta$ ε It came to pass and on the days those, went forth δογμα παμα Καισαμος Αυγουστου, απογραφεσa decree from Cesar Augustus, to register 2 (Αύτη ή απογραφη θαι πασαν την οικουμενην. habitable. the (This the registry πρωτη εγενετο ήγεμονευοντος της **Supias** being govenor Syria Grat was made of the Κυρηνιου.) <sup>3</sup> Και επορευοντο Tavtes απογρα-And they went all φεσθαι, έκαστος εις την ιδιαν πολιν. registered, each into the his own city.  $^{4}$  A $\nu \in \beta \eta$ Wentup δε και Ιωσηφ απο της Γαλιλαιας, εκ πολεως and also Josepa from the Galilee, out of city Ναζαρετ, εις την Ιουδαιαν, εις πολιν Δαυιδ, into the Judea, into a city of David, ήτις καλειται Βηθλεεμ, (δια το ειναι αυτον εξ Bethleem, (because the to be οικου και πατριας Δαυιδ,) 5 απογραψασθαι συν house and family of David, to be registered Μαριαμ τη μεμνηστευμενη αυτφ \*[γύναικι,] the having been espoused to him [a wife,] Mary 6 Εγενετο δε εν τφ ειναι αυτους ουση εγκυω. being with child. It happened but in the to be εκει, επλησθησαν αί ήμεραι του τεκειν αυτην. days of the to bear there were fulfilled the her. τον υίον αύτης του πρωτοτοκον, €T €K € And she brought forth the son of her the first-born, και εσπαργανωσεν αυτον, και ανεκλινεν αυτον swathed him, and laid εν τη φατνη· διοτι ουκ ην αυτοις τοπος εν τω in the manger; because not was to them a place in the καταλυματι.

our FEET into the Way of Peace."

80 Now the CHILD grew, and acquired strength of Mind; and he was in the DESERTS till the Day of his public appearance to Is-RAEL.

#### CHAPTER II.

1 Now it occurred in those DAYS, that an Edict went forth from Cesar Augustus, to register All the † HABITABLE.

2 (This \* was the first Registry of Quirinus, Governor of Syria.)

3 And they all went to be registered, each into his own City.

4 And Joseph also went up from GALILEE, out of the City of Nazareth, into JUDEA, into the ‡ City of David, which is called Bethlehem, ( because he WAS of the House and Family of David,)

5 to be registered with Mary, this BETROTHED, being pregnant.

6 And it came to pass while they WERE there, the DAYS of her DELIVERY were accomplished.

7 I And she brought forth her FIRST-BORN SON. and swathed him, and laid him in \* +a Manger; because there was no Place for them in the GUEST-CHAMBER.

guest-chamber. \* VATICAN Mss .- 2. This was the first Registry. 5. Wife-omit. 7. a Manger. † 1. Oikoumense literally means the inhabited earth, and is applied in this place, by some recent translators, to the Roman Empire. But as no historian mentions a general census at this time, the meaning of the word must be restricted to the land of Judea, where this enrollment took place. Oikoumese is used by Lukein chap, xxi. 26, and Acts xi. 28, and applied in this restricted sense. † 7. Wetsein has shown from a multitude of instances, that phatnee means not merely the manger, but the whole stable. The room for guests being already full, Joseph and Mary retired to a more homely receptacle, called a stabulum, the middle of which afforded room for cattle, and the sides accommodation for persons. It was not properly a stable but was formed for the convenient ledging of both men and eattle. middle of which afforded room for cattle, and the sides accommodation for persons. It was not properly a stable, but was formed for the convenient lodging of both men and cattle. Bishop Pearce, however, has a note on this verse, which is worthy of consideration. He says, "Upon the whole, it seems to me probable, that Mary was delivered in a guest-chamber, or lodging-room, (whether it were in a public house, or that of some friend, is not said,) in some chamber of a house, and not of a stable; and that then, for wanto fa bed in that guest-chamber, wherein to lay her Son Jesus, she made use of one of the Eastern mangers, made of coarse cloth, and fastened, like our seamen's hammocks, to some part of the chamber where she was; and there laid him, as having no other placefor him. This afforded a circumstance by which the shepherds were directed to find him out, and distinguish this holy babe from all others. See verses 12, 16."

8 Και ποιμενες ησαν εν τη χωρα τη αυτη
And shepherds were in the country the this αγραυλουντες, και φυλασσοντες φυλακας της abiding in the fields, and keeping watches 9 Και \*[ιδου,] νυκτος επι την ποιμνην αυτων. might over the flock of them. And [lo,] αγγελος κυριου επεστη αυτοις, και δοξα κυριου of a lord a messenger of a lord stood near to them, and glory περιελαμψεν αυτους και εφοβηθησαν φοβον them; and they feared a fear shone round μεγαν. 10 Και ειπεν αυτοις δ αγγελος Μη great. And said to them the messenger; Not φοβεισθε ιδου γαρ, ευαγγελιζομαι ύμιν χαραν fear you; lo for, I bring glad tidings to you ajoy μεγαλην, ήτις εσται παντι τφ λαφ. 11 ότι which shall be to all the people: that ετεχθη ύμιν σημερον σωτηρ, ός εστι Χριστος was born to you to-day a savior, who is anoin ed κυριος, εν πολει Δαυιδ. 12 Και τουτο ύμιν το Lord, in city of David. And this to you the Εύρησετε βρεφος εσπαργανωμενον You shall find a babe having been swathed σημειον. You shall find α babe 13 Και εξαιφνης εγενετο κειμενον εν φατνη. And suddenly in a manger. συν τφ αγγελφ πληθος στρατιας ουρανιου, with the messenger a multitude of host of heaven, αινουντων τον θεον, και λεγοντων. 14 " Δοξα praising the God, and saying; εν ύψιστοις θεφ, και επι γης ειρηνη· εν ανθρωin highest heavens to God, and on earth peace; among ποις ευδοκια." good will."

 $^{15}$  Και εγενετο, ὧς απηλθον απ' αυτων εις τον Anditcame to pass, when went from them into the ουρανου οί αγγελοι, και οί ανθρωποι, οί ποιμεheaven the messengers, and the men, the shepνες, ειπον προς αλληλους. Διελθωμεν δη έως herds, said to one another; We should go now to βηθλεεμ, και ιδωμεν το ρημα τουτο το γεγονος, Bethleem, and see the thing this the having been done, δ ο κυριος εγνωρισεν ήμιν. 16 Και ηλθυν which the Lord has made known to us. And they came σπευσαντες, και ανευρον την τε Μαριαμ και τον having made haste, and they found the both Mary and the Ιωσηφ, και το βρεφος κειμενον εν τη φατνη.
 Joseph, and the babe lying in the manger.
 17 Ιδοντες δε, διεγνωρισαν \* [περι] του βηματος Having seen and, they published [around] the declaration του λαληθεντος αυτοις περι του παιδιου τουτου. that having been told to them concerning the little child this. 18 Και παντες οί ακουσαντες εθαυματαν περι

And all those having heard wondered about των λαληθεντων ύπο των ποιμενων προς αυτους. those having been told by the shepherds to them.

19 'Η δε Μαριαμ παντα συνετηρει τα δηματα
The but Mary all kept the words

The but Mary all kept the words \*[ταυτα,] συμβαλλουσα εν τη καρδια αυτης. [these,] pondering in the heart of herself.

8 And there were Shepherds in That COUNTRY, residing in the fields, and keeping over their FLOCK the Watches of the NIGHT.

9 And an Angel of the Lord stood by them, and the Glory of the Lord shone round them; and they were greatly afraid.

10 And the ANGEL said to them, "Fear not; for behold, I bring you glad tidings, ‡ which will be a great Joy to All the Pro-

11 the because To-day was born for you, in David's City, a Savior, who is the Lord Messiah.

12 And this will be a \*Sign to you; you will find a Babe swathed, lying in a Manger."

13 And suddenly there was with the ANGEL a Multitude of the heavenly Host, praising God, and

saying,
14 "Glory to God in the
highest heavens, on Earth
Peace, and among Men
Good will."

15 Now it occurred, when the angels departed from them to heaven, the Men, the shepherps, said to one another, "Let us go now to Bethlehem, and see this thing which has transpired, which the Lord has made known to us."

16 And they came in haste, and found both MARY and JOSEPH, and the BABE lying in the MANGER.

17 And having seen it, they published THAT DEC-LARATION which had been spoken to them about this CHILD.

18 And All those hav-ING HEARD, wondered at the THINGS RELATED to them by the SHEPHERDS.

19 But MARY kept All these words, pondering them in her HEART.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. 10-omit.

<sup>12.</sup> Sign.

 $^{20}$  Και ὑπεστρεψαν οἱ ποιμενες δοξαζοντες και αινουντες τον θεον επι πασιν οἱς ηκουσαν και praising the God for all which they had heard and ειδον, καθως ελαληθη προς αυτους.

21 Και δτε επλησθησαν ημεραι οκτω του And when were fulfilled days eight of the περιτεμειν αυτον, και εκληθη το ονομα αυτου to circuncise him, and he was called the name of him 1ησους, το κληθεν ὑπο του αγγελου προ του Jesus, that being called by the messenger before of the συλλησθηναι αυτον εν τη κοιλία.

was conceived him in the womb.

22Και ότε επλησθησαν αί ἡμεραι του καθαρισ-And when were fulfilled the days of the μου αυτων, κατα τον νομον Μωσεως, ανηγαγον tion of them, according to the law of Moses, they brought αυτον εις Ιεροσυλυμα, παραστησαι τφ κυριφ, Jerusalem, to present to the Lord, 66 OTL 23 (καθως γεγραπται εν νομφ κυριου. it is written in law of Lord; That (as παν αρσεν διανοιγον μητραν, άγιον τφ κυριφ κληθησεται.") <sup>24</sup> και του δουναι θυσιαν, shall be called,") and of the holy to the Lord and of the to offer a sacrifice, according to το ειρημενον εν νομφ κυριου " Ζευγος τρυγοthat having been said in law of Lord; " A pair of turtle νων, η δυο νεοσσους περιστερων." pigeons." doves, or two young

25 Και ιδου, ην ανθρωπος εν Ίερου αλημ, was And lo. a man in Jerusalem, to whom ονομα Συμεων και ό ανθρωπος ούτος δικαιος and the a name of Simeon; man this και ευλαβης, προσδεχομενος παρακλησιν pious, waiting for of the and consolation Και πνευμα ην άγιον επ' αυτον. 26 και Ισραηλ. And aspirit was holy upon him; ην αυτφ κεχρηματισμένον ύπο του πνευματος it was to him having been informed by the του άγιου, μη ιδειν θανατον, πριν η ιδη before he should see of the holy, not to see death, 27 Και ηλθεν εν τφ πνευτον Χριστον κυριου. And he came by the anointed of Lord. spirit ματι εις το ίερον και εν τφ εισαγαγειν into the temple; and in the to bring TOUS the γονεις το παιδιον Ιησουν, του ποιησαι αυτους parents the little child Jesus, of the to do them ειθισμενον TOU νομου  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota$ according to that baving been instituted of the law concerning αυτου· 28 και αυτος εδεξατο αυτο εις τας αγκαtook also he it into the λας αύτου, και ευλογησε τον θεον, και ειπε. of himself, and blessed the God, and said:

20 And the SHEPHERDS returned, glorifying and praising GoD for all which they had heard and seen, even as it had been declared to them.

21 ‡And when eight Days were ended, the [time] to CIRCUMCISE him, his NAME was called Jesus, THAT NAME given him by the ANGEL before his CONCEPTION.

22 † And when † the \* Days of her Purification were completed, according to the LAW of Moses, they carried him up to Jerusalem, to present him to the LORD:—

23 (even as it is written in the Law of the Lord, that ‡" Every Male, being a first-born, shall be called holy to the Lord;")

24 and to OFFER a Sacrifice, according to what is enjoined in \*the LAW of the Lord,—‡† "A Pair of Turtle-doves, or Two Young Pigeons."

25 And behold, there was a Man in Jerusalem, whose Name was Simeon; and he was a righteous and pious MAN, expecting the Consolation of ISRAEL; and the holy Spirit was on him.

26 And he was divinely informed by the HOLY SPIRIT, that he would not die, till he should see the Lord's MESSIAH.

27 And he came by the SPIRIT into the TEMPLE; and when the PARENTS BROUGHT IN the CHILD Jesus, † to DO according to the CUSTOM of the LAW concerning him,

28 he also took him in his ARMS, and praised GoD, and said.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 22. Days of her Purification.

<sup>24.</sup> the LAW of.

<sup>† 22.</sup> That is, thirty-three days after what was termed the seven days of her uncleanness—forty days in all; the time appointed by the law, after the birth of a male child. See Lev, xii. 2, 6. † 24. One for a burnt-offering, and the other for a sin-offering; See Lev. xii. 8. These were the offerings of the poorer Jewish mothers. † 27. To present him to the Lord, and then redeem him by paying five shekels, Num. xviii. 15, 16.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Luke 1. 59. † 21. Matt. i. 25; Luke i. 31. † 22. Lev. xii. 2—6, † 23. £xod. xiii. 2; xxii. 29; xxxiv. 19; Num. iii. 13; viii. 17; xviii. 15. † 24. Lev. xii. 8.

29 Νυν απολυεις τον δουλον σου, δεσποτα, Now dost thou dismiss the servant of thee, O sovereign, κατα το  $\hat{\rho}$ ημα σου,  $\epsilon \nu$  ειρηνη  $^{30}$   $\delta \tau \iota$  ειδον  $o\iota$  according to the word of thee, in peace;  $\circ \phi \theta \alpha \lambda \mu o\iota$   $\mu o\nu$  το  $\sigma \omega \tau \eta \rho \iota o\nu$  σου,  $^{31}$   $\delta$   $\mathring{\tau} \tau \iota \iota \iota \delta \sigma \nu$  eyes of me the salvation of thee, which thou hast σας κατα προσωπον παντων των λαων· 32 φως prepared before face of all the people; alight eis αποκαλυψιν εθνων, και δοξαν λαου σου for a revelation of nations, and a glory of people of thee 33 Και ην δ πατηρ αυτου και ή μητηρ Ισραηλ. Israel. And was the father of him and the θαυμα (οντες επι τοις λαλουμενοις περι αυτου. wondering at those being spoken about 34 Και ευλογησεν αυτους Συμεων, και ειπε προς And blessed them Simeon, and said Μαριαμ την μητερα αυτου Ιδου, ούτος κειται Mary the mother of him; Lo, this is placed εις πτωσιν και αναστασιν πολλων EV TW rising of many the and in Ισραηλ, και εις σημειον αντιλεγομενον. 35 (και Israel, and for a sign being spoken against; (also σου δε αυτης την ψυχην διελευσεται ρομφαία.)
of the e and of thyself the soul shall pierce through a sword;) όπως αν αποκαλυφθωσιν εκ πολλων καρδιων may be disclosed of many διαλογισμοι.

reasonings.

36 Και ην Αννα προφητις, θυγατηρ Φανουηλ, And was Anna a prophetess, a daughter of Phanuel, εκ φυλης Ασηρ αύτη προβεβηκυια εν ήμεραις tribe of Aser; she having been advanced in πολλαις, ζησασα ετη μετα ανδρος έπτα απο many, having lived years with a husband seven from της παρθενιας αύτης. <sup>37</sup> και αυτη χηρα ώς ετων the virginity of herself; also she a widow about years ογδοηκοντα τεσσαρων, ή ουκ αφιστατο απο του eighty four, who not withdrew from the ίερου, νηστειαις και δεησεσι λατρευουσα νυκτα temple, fastings and prayers
και ήμεραν. <sup>38</sup> Και αύτη, αυτη τη ώρα επισAnd she, this the hour standτασα, ανθωμολογειτο τφ κυριφ, και ελαλει περι ing by, acknowledged the Lord, and spoke about αυτου παπι τοις προσδεχομενοις λυτρωπιν εν him to all those looking for redemption Ίερουσαλημ.

Jerusalem.

And when they finished all the things according to the νομον κυριου, ὑπεστρεψαν εις την Γαλιλαιαν, law of Lord, they returned into the Galilee, εις την πολιν αὐτων, Ναζαρετ. <sup>40</sup> Το δε παιδιον into the city of themselves, Nazareth. The and little child ηυξανε, και εκραταιουτο \*[πνευματι,] πληρουgrew, and was strengthened [in spirit.] πληρουμενον σοφιας και χαρις θεου ην επ' αυτο. filled with wisdom; and favor of God was on it.

29 "Now, O sovereign Lord, dismiss thy SERVANT according to thy WORD, in Peace:

30 because my EYES have seen thy SALVATION,

31 which thou hast made ready in the Presence of All the PEOPLE;

32 ‡a Light of Nations for enlightenment, and a Glory of thy People Israel."

33 And his father and MOTHER were wondering at the WORDS SPOKEN concerning him.

34 And Simeon blessed them, and said to Mary his MOTHER, "Behold, this child is destined for the ‡ Fall and Rising of many in ISRAEL; and for ‡ a Mark of contradiction;—

35 (and indeed, a Sword will pierce through the sourcof Thee Thyself,) that the Reasonings of Many Hearts may be disclosed."

36 There was also a Prophetess, Anna, Daughter of Phanuel, of the tribe of Asher; sije was far advanced in Age, having lived with \*a Husband seven Years from her virginity;

37 she was also a Widow \*about eighty-four Years, who departed not from the TEMPLE, but serving God thingth and Day with Fastings and Prayers.

38 And she standing by at THAT very time, praised \* God, and spoke of him to All THOSE EXPECTING Deliverance in Jerusalem.

39 And when they had finished all things according to the Law of the Lord, they returned to GALILEE, to their own City Nazareth.

40 ‡And the CHILD grew, and became strong, filled with Wisdom, and the Favor of God was on him.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—36, & HUSBAND. spoke. 40. in Spirit—omit.

<sup>37.</sup> till eighty-four.

<sup>38.</sup> Gon, and

<sup>† 32.</sup> Isa. xlii. 6; xlix. 6; lx. 1; Acts xiii. 47; xxviii. 28. † 34. Isa. viii. 14; Matt. xxi. 44; Rom. ix. 32; 1 Cor. i. 23, 24; 1 Pet. ii. 7, 8. † 34. Heb. vii. 3. † 37. Acts xxv. 7; 1 Tim. v. 5 † 38. Luke xxiv. 23. † 40. Luke i. 80, ver. 52.

per.

and was

11 Και επορευοντο οί γονεις αυτου κατ' ετος εις
And went the parents of him every year to Ίερουσαλημ τη έορτη του πασχα.

of the feast of the passover.

42 Και ότε εγενετο ετων δωδεκα, αναβαντων years twelve, having gone up And when he was αυτων \*[εις 'Ιεροσολυμα] κατα το εθος της according to the custom of the Jerusalem] 43 και τελειωσαντων τας ήμερας, εν έορτης. having ended the days, and feast; τω ύποστρεφειν αυτους, ύπεμεινεν Ιησους ό Jesus the them, remained παις εν Ίερουσαλημο και ουκ εγνω Ιωσηφ και and not knew Joseph Jerusalem; 44 Νομισαντες δε αυτον εν ή μητηρ αυτου. Having supposed and him in of him. the mother τη συνοδια ειναι, ηλθον ήμερας όδον, Kal they went of a day a journey, company to be, the ενεζητουν αυτον εν τοις συγγενεσι και τοις they sought him among the kinsmen and the they sought 45 Και μη εύροντεs, ύπεστρεψαν YVWO'TOIS. they returned finding, And not acquaintances. 46 Kat ζητουντες αυτον. εις Ίερουσαλημ, And him. seeking Jerusalem, εγενετο, μεθ ήμερας τρεις εύρον αυτον εν τω it happened, after days three they found him in the ίερφ καθεζομενον εν μεσφ των διδασκαλων, teachers. midale of the in sitting και ακουοντα αυτων, και επερωτωντα αυτους. asking them. and hearing of them, 47 Εξισταντο δε παντες \* [οί ακουοντες αυτου,] him,] [those hearing all Were amazed and επι τη συνεσει και ταις αποκρισεσιν αυτου. of him. answers upon the understanding and the και προς 48 Και ιδοντες αυτον, εξεπλαγησαν. 10 him, they were amazed; and αυτον ή μητηρ αυτου ειπε Τεκνον, τι εποίη-Ochild, why hast thou the mother of him said; πατηρ σου καγω ιδου, δ σας ήμιν ούτως; and I lo, the father of thee thus? tous 49 Και ειπε TOOS οδυνωμενοι ε(ητουμεν σε. 10 And he said being in distress have sought thee. ηδειτε, autous. Ti ότι εζητειτε με; ουκ me? not know you, for did you seek them; Why 50 Kaı ότι εν τοις του πατρος μου δει ειναι με; that in the otthe father of me must to be me? And αυτοι ου συνηκαν το βημα, δ ελαλησεν αυτοις. they not understood the word, which he spoke 51 Και κατεβη μετ' αυτων, και ηλθεν εις Ναζα-And he went down with them, and came into Naza-

Kai ή και ην ύποτασσομενος αυτοις. And the being subject to them ..

41 And his PARENTS went yearly to Jerusalem to the ! FEAST of the PASS. OVER.

42 And when he was twelve Years old, 7they went up according to the CUSTOM of the FEAST.

43 And having † completed the DAYS, on their RETURN, Jesus, the Youth, remained in Jerusalem. And \* his PARENTS knew it not.

44 And supposing him to be in the COMPANY, they went a Day's Journey; and they sought him, among their RELATIVES and AC-QUAINTANCES.

45 But not finding him, they returned to Jerusa-

lem, seeking him.

And it happened, after three Days they found him in the TEMPLE, sitting in the Midst of the TEACHERS, both hearing them, and asking them questions.

47 And ALL were astonished at his INTELLI-GENCE and REPLIES.

48 And seeing him, they were amazed; and his Mo-THER said to him, "Child. why hast thou done thus to us? behold thy FATHER and I \* seek thee sorrowing."

49 And he said to them, "Why did you seek me? Did you not know that I must be in the [COURTS] of my FATHER?"

50 And then did not understand the WORD which he spoke to them.

51 And he went down with them, and came to Nazareth, and was subject to them. And his MOTHER

<sup>47.</sup> those 43. his parents knew, \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. to Jerusalem-omit. 48. seek thee.

<sup>† 42.</sup> All the males were required to attend at the three festivals at Jerusalem; and females, though not commanded, yet used often to attend, especially at the Passover. Children were excused; but the Rabbinical writers say, that the above obligation was thought binding at twelve years of age. † 43. That is, been there eight days, of which the fast of the Passover was one, and the rest were the seven days of unleavened bread. † 46. They sat on benches in a half circle, and their scholars at their feet, days xxii. 3. † 49. In the courts or house of my Father, is now generally admitted as correct. A similar ellipsic occurs in Mark v. 35, and Acts xvi. 40. hearing him-omit.

<sup>1 41.</sup> Exod. xxiii. 15, 17; xxxiv. 23; Deut. xvi. 1. 16.

μητηρ αυτου διετηρει ψαντα τα ρηματα ταυτα words mother of him treasured alt the 52 Και Ιησους προεκοπτε εν τη καρδια αύτης. in the heart of herself. And Jesus advanced ήλικια, και χαριτι παρα θεφ και in vigor, and in favor with God and Tobid. Kal and wisdom, and συθρωποις. men-

КЕФ. γ'. 3.

Εν ετει δε πεντεκαιδεκατ της ήγεμονιας year now ofteenth . of the government Τιβεριου Καισαρος, ήγεμονευοντυς Ποντιου Πι-Ponting Pi-Cesar, being governor λατου της Ιουδαίας, και τετραρχούντος της of the Judea, and being tetrarch . of the Γαλιλαίας 'Ηρωδου, Φιλιππου δε του αδελφου Philip and the Herod, brother αυτου τετραρχουντος της Ιτουραίας και Τραχωof him , being tetrarch of the Ituria and Trachoχωρας, και Λυσανιού της Αβιληνης nitis region, and Lysanias of the Abilene
τετοαρχουντος, <sup>2</sup> επι αρχιερεως Αννα και Καιbeing tetrarch, under high priests Annas and Caiαφα, εγενετο βημα δημα θεου επι Ιωαννήν, σον aword of God to John, the ap 'vas. came 3 Και ηλθεν πις Ζαχαριου υίον, εν-τη ερημφ. of Zacharias gon, in the And he went "pto desert. πασαν την περιχωρον του Ιορδανου, κηρυσσαν the country about the Jordan preaching βαπτισμα μετανοιας εις αφεσιν άμαρτιων. 4 ώς a dipping of reformation into aforgiveness a dipping of reformation into atorgiveness
γεγραπται εν βιβλφ λωγων Ήσαιου του προitis written in a book of words of Esais the proφητου, \*[λεγοντες ] "Φωνη βοωντος εν γη
[saving ] "A voice crying in the of wos; Ετοιμασατε την όδον κυριου, ευθειας ερημω. Make you ready the way of a lord, straight 5 Πασά φαραγξ ποιειτε τας τριβους αυτου. the beaten tracks of him; E. ery ravine πληρωθησεται, και παν ορος και βουνος ταπειand every mountain and shall be filled up, νωθησεται: και εσται τα σκολια εις ευθειαν, made low: and shall be the crooked into και αί τραχειαι εις όδους λειας. 6 και οψεται rough into ways smooth; and shall see πασα σαρξ το σωτηριον του θεου." 7 Ελεγεν all deed the ealvation of the God." ουν τοις εκπορευομενοις οχλοις βαπτισθηναι ύπ' tuen to those coming out of crowde to be dipped αυτου Γεννηματα εχίδνων, τις ὑπεδειξεν ὑμιν him; O broods bivenomous serpents, who pointed out to you

kept All \* these things in her heart.

52 ‡ And Jesus advanced \* in Wisdom, and in Manliness, and in Favor with God and Men.

#### CHAPTER'III.

1 Now in the fifteenth Year of the GOVERNMENT of Therius Cesar, Pontius Pllate being Governor of Judea, and Herod tetrarch of Gallee, and Philip his BROTHER temarch of ITUREA, and the Province of Trachonitis, and Lysanias, the tetrarch of Ablene.

of ABILENE,
2 ‡ in the \* High-priesthood of † Annas, and Caiaphas, a Command from
God came to John, the
son of Zachariah, in the

DESERT.

3 † And he went into All
the adjacent \*Country of
the Jordan, publishing an
Impersion of Reformation
† for Forgiveness of Sins,
4 As it is written in the
Book of the Words of
Laniah, the PROPHET; † "A
"Voice proclaiming in the
"DESERT Prepare the WAX
"for the Lord, make the
"HIGHWAYS straight for

"him.
5 "Every Ravine shall
be filled up, and Every
"Mountain and Hill shall
"be made low; and the
"CROOKED roads shall be"come straight, and the
"ROUGH Ways smooth;

6 t"and All Flesh shall "see the SALVATION of

"Gop."

7 Then he said to the chowds coming porth to be immersed by him, \$\frac{1}{2}\times O Progeny of Vipers who admonished you to fly

52. in wiscom and. 2. High-

† 2. Doddridge says, "I cannot suppose, as some have done, that Annas was high-priest the former part of this year, and Caiaphas the latter; much less that Luke knew so little of the Jewish constitution, as to suppose there could be two high-priests properly so called. The easiest solution is, that one was the high-priest, and the other his sagan or deputy, so that the title might, with a very pardonable liberty, be applied to both."

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscript.—51. the sayings. priest. 3. Country. 4. saying—omit.

το fine from the coming wrath?  $\frac{8}{\text{Hoingare}}$  to fine from the coming wrath?  $\frac{8}{\text{Hoingare}}$  to fine from the coming wrath?  $\frac{8}{\text{Hoingare}}$  from the coming wrath?  $\frac{8}{\text{Hoingare}}$  from the reformation; and not are problem to say in yourselves;  $\frac{8}{\text{Hatter}}$  and then Abraam. Isay for to you, that is able the God  $\frac{8}{\text{KK}}$  των  $\frac{8}{\text{Hoingare}}$  for to you, that is able the God  $\frac{8}{\text{KK}}$  των  $\frac{8}{\text{Hoingare}}$  for these to raise up children to the Abraam.  $\frac{8}{\text{Hoingare}}$  for these to raise up children to the Abraam.  $\frac{8}{\text{Hoingare}}$  for the source of these to raise up children to the Abraam.  $\frac{8}{\text{Hoingare}}$  for the source of the source of

Now and even the are to the root of the trees  $\kappa \epsilon \iota \tau \alpha \iota$ :  $\pi \alpha \nu$  our  $\delta \epsilon \nu \delta \rho o \nu$   $\mu \eta$   $\pi o \iota o \iota \nu$   $\pi \alpha \rho \pi o \nu$  is placed, every therefore tree not bearing fruit  $\kappa \alpha \lambda o \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \kappa \kappa \sigma \tau \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \iota$   $\epsilon \iota s$   $\pi \iota \rho$   $\epsilon \kappa \delta \lambda \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota$ , is cut down, and into a fire is cast.  $\epsilon \delta \kappa \iota \delta \kappa \delta \nu \delta \iota$   $\epsilon \kappa \delta \iota \delta \kappa \delta \nu \delta \iota$   $\epsilon \kappa \delta \iota \delta \kappa \delta \iota$   $\epsilon \delta \delta \iota$   $\epsilon \delta \kappa \delta \iota$   $\epsilon \delta$ 

And asked him the crowds, saying; What our  $\pi o \iota \eta \sigma \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu$ ;  $^{11}$  Amokrite is  $\delta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota$  autois then should we do? Answering and he says to them;  $O \epsilon \chi \omega \nu \delta \upsilon \sigma \chi \iota \tau \omega \nu \sigma s$ ,  $\mu \epsilon \tau \alpha \delta \sigma \tau \omega \tau \omega \mu \eta \epsilon \chi \sigma \nu \tau \iota s$ . He having two tunics, ethimshare with the not having; kai  $\delta \epsilon \chi \omega \nu \delta \rho \omega \mu \alpha \tau \alpha$ ,  $\delta \mu o \iota \omega s \tau \sigma \iota \epsilon \iota \tau \omega$ . and he having meats, a like manner lethim do.

 $^{12}$  Ηλθον δε και τελωναι βαπτισθηναι, και came and also tax-gatherers to be dipped, and ειπον προς αυτον  $^{\circ}$  Διδασκαλε, τι ποιητομεν: said to him; Oteacher, what should we do:

13 Ο δε ειπε προς αυτους. Μηδεν πλεον παρα He and said to them; Nothing more from το διατεταγμενον ύμιν πρασσετε. 14 Επηρωτων that having been appointed σνοα collect you. Asked δε αυτον και στρατευομένοι, λεγοντες. Και and him also soldiers, saying; And ήμεις τι ποιησομέν; Και ειπε προς αυτους we what should we do? And he said to them: Μηδενα διασεισητε, μηδε συκοφαντησητε και Νο one may you stort from, neither may you accuse wrongfully: and αρκεισθε τοις οψωνιοις ύμων.

beyou content with the wages of you. 15 Πουσδοκωντος δε του λαου, και διαλογιζο-Expecting and of the people, and reasonμενων παντων εν ταις καρδιαις αύτων περι του ing all in the hearts of them about the Ιωαννου, μηποτε αυτος ειη δ Χριστος, 16 απεκ-John, whether he were the Anointed, ρινατο δ Ιωαννης άπασι, λεγων. Εγω μεν wered the John to all, saying: I indeed ΄ δατι βαπτιζω ύμας ερχεται δε δισχυροτερος in water dip you: comes but the mighter μου, ου ουκ ειμι ίκανος λυσαι τον ίμαντα των of me, of whom not I am worthy to loose the strap of the ύποδηματων αυτου αυτος ύμας βαπτισει εν sandals of him: he you will dip in πνευματι άγιω και πυρι. 17 Ου το πτυον spirit holy and fre. Of whom the winnowing shovel εν τη χειρι αυτου, και διακαθαριει την hand of him, and he will thoroughly cleanse the

from the APPROACHING VENGEANCE?

8 Produce, therefore, Fruits worthy of REFORM-ATION; and begin not to say among yourselves, 'We have a Father—ABRA-HAM;' for I assure you, That God is able from these STONES to raise up CHILDREN to ABRAHAM.

9 And even now the AXE lies at the ROOT of the TRLES; ‡ Every Tree, therefore, not bearing good Fruit is cut down, and cast

into the Fire."

10 And the crowns asked him, saying, "What then should we do?"

11 He \*answered and said to them, ‡" Let him who has Two Coats give to him who has none; and let him who has food do the same."

12 ‡And Tribute-takers, also, came to be immersed, and said to him, "Teacher, what should we do?"

13 And HE said to them, "Collect nothing more than WHAT IS APPOINTED for you."

14 And Soldiers, also, asked him, \*"What also should we do?" And he said to them, "Oppress, and falsely accuse, No one; and be satisfied with your WACES."

15 And the PEOPLE were waiting, and all were reasoning in their HEARTS concerning JOHN, whether he were not the MESSIAH;

16 JOHN answered all, saying, ‡" It indeed immerse you in Water; but a MIGHTIFR than I is coming, for whom I am not fit to untie the STRAP of his SANDALS; he willimmerse you in holy Spirit and Fire

17 Whose WINNOWING SHOVEL in his HAND will effectually cleause his

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. answered and said.

<sup>14.</sup> What also should we do

<sup>† 10.</sup> Matt. vii. 19. † 11. Luke xi. 41; 2 Cor. viii. 14; James ii. 15, 16; 1 John iii. 17 v. 20. † 12. Matt. xxi. 32; Luke vii. 29. † 16. Matt. iii. 11; Mark i. 7, 8.

shut up

άλωνα αύτου και συναξει τον σιτον εις την of him: and he will gather the wheat into the αποθηκην αύτου, το δε αχυρον κατακαυσει πυρι storehouse of himself, the but chaff he will burn up in fire ασβεστω. 18 Πολλα μεν ουν Kal έτερα indeed then inextinguishable. Many also other things 19 '○ δε παρακαλων ευηγγελιζετο τον λαον. exhorting he preached glad tidings the people. The but Ήρωδης ὁ τετραρχης, ελεγχομενος ὑπ' αυτου tetrarch, Herod the being reproved by περι 'Ηρωδιαδος της γυναικος του αδελφου wife Herodias of the αυτου, και περι παντων ών εποιησε πονηρων δ of him, and about all of which had done Ήρωδης, <sup>20</sup> προσεθηκε και τουτο επι πασι, και added Herod. also this to and

21 Εγενετο δε εν τω βαπτισθηναι απαντα τον It occurred and in the to have been dipped λαον, και Ιησου βαπτισθέντος και προσέυχοpeople, and Jesus having been dipped and prayμενου, ανε $\infty \chi$ θηναι τον ουρανον,  $^{22}$ και καταβη-ing, to have been opened the heaven, and to desναι το πνευμα το άγιον σωματικώ ειδει, ώσει cend the spirit the holy in a bodily form, like περιστεραν, επ' αυτον, και φωνην εξ ουρανου adove, upon him, and a voice out of heaven γενεσθαι, \*[λεγουσαν·] " Συ ει δ υίος μου δ "Thou art the son of me the to have come, [saying; ] αγαπητος, εν σοι ηυδοκησα." beloved, in thee I delight.

in the

prison.

κατεκλεισε τον Ιωαννην εν τη φυλακη.

John

the

<sup>23</sup>Και αυτος ην δ Ιησους ώσει ετων τριακοντα, he was the Jesus about years αρχομενος, ων, ως ενομιζετο, vios Ιωσηφ, του beginning, being, as was allowed, a son of Joseph, of the 'Hλι, <sup>24</sup> του Ματθατ, του Λευι, του Μελχι, Hell, of the Matthat, of the Levi, of the Melchi του Ιαννα, του Ιωσηφ, % του Ματταθιου, του of the Janna, of the Joseph, ofthe Mattathias, Αμως, του Ναουμ, του Εσλι, του Ναγγαι, 26 του Amot, of the Naoum, of the Es.i, of the Naggai, Μααθ, του Ματταθιου, του Σεμει, του Ιωσηφ, Maath, of the Mattathias. of the Semei, of the Joseph, του Ιουδα, 27 του Ιωαννα, του 'Ρητα, του Ζόροof the Juda, of the Joanna, of the Ehers, of the Zoro-BOBEA. babel,

\*THRESHING-FLOOR; ! he will gather the WHEAT into his GRANARY, but the CHAFF he will consume with an inextinguishable Fire."

18 And exhorting many other things, he proclaimed glad tidings to the PEOPLE.

19 \$But HEROD the TETRARCH being reproved by him on account of Herodias, his BROTHER's WIFE, and about all the Crimes which Herod had

20 added also this to all. -he shut up John in \* Prison.

21 Anditoccurred, when

All the PEOPLE were IM-MERSED, ‡ Jesus also having been immersed, and praying, the HEAVEN was opened.

22 and the HOLY SPIRIT, in a Bodily Form like a Dove, descended upon him. and there came a Voice from Heaven, saying, "Thou art my son, the BELOVED; in thee I delight."

23 And he, Jesus was about thirty years old, when he began [his work,] being, tas was allowed, a \* Son of JOSEPH, the + son of ELI,

24 the son of MATTHAT. the son of LEVI, the son of MELCHI, the son of JAN. NAI, the son of JOSEPH,

25 the son of MATTA THIAH. the son of Amos the son of NAHUM, the son of Esli, the son of NAG-

26 the son of MAATH. the son of MATTATHIAH, the son of SHIMEL, the son of JOSEPH, the son of Ju-DAH,

27 the son of JOHANAH, the son of RESA, the son of ZERUBBABEL, the son

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17, to thoroughly cleanse his THRESHING-FLOOR, and to gather. 22. saying-omit. 23. a Son (as was allowed) of Joseph.

<sup>† 23</sup> or son-in-law of Eli, the father of Mary. Luke gives Mary's ancestry, and Matthew that of Joseph. See Appendix.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Micah vi. 12; Matt. xiii. 30. † 19. Matt. 1iv. 3; Mark vi. 17. 1ii. 13; Mark vi. 9; John vi. 32. † 23. See Num. iv. 3. 35 39, 43, 47. 1 21. Matt

του Σαλαθιηλ, του Νηρι, 28 του Μελχι, του of the Salathiel, of the Neri, of the Melchi, of the

Addi, of the Cosam, of the Elmodam, for Hp,  $^{29}$  Tov Addi, of the Cosam, of the Elmodam, of the Er, of the

του Λευι,  $^{30}$  του Συμεων, του Ιουδα, του Ιωσηφ, of the Levi, of the Simeon, of the Juda, of the Joseph,

Μαιναν, του Ματταθα, Mainan, of the Mattatha,

του Nαθαν, του Δαυιδ,  $^{32}του$  1εσσαι, του of the Nathan, of the David, of the Jesse, of the

 $\Omega \beta \eta \delta$ , του  $Boo \zeta$ , του  $\Sigma \alpha \lambda \mu \omega \nu$ , του  $N \alpha \alpha \sigma \sigma \omega \nu$ , Obed, of the Booz, of the Salmon, of the Naasson,

33 του Αμιναδαβ, του Αραμ, του Εσρωμ, του of the Aminadab, of the Aram, of the Esrom, of the

Φαρες, του Ιουδα, 3 rov Ιακωβ, του Ισαακ, Phares, of the Juda, of the Jacob, of the Israel,

του Αβρααμ, του Θαρα, του Ναχωρ,  $^{35}$  του of the Abraum, of the Thur, of the Nachor, of the Σερουχ, του Ύραγαυ, του Φαλεκ, του Εβερ, του

Saruch, of the Ragau, of the Phalec, of the Eber, of the Zaλa, 36 του Καιναν, του Αρφαξαδ, του Σημ,

Sala, of the Cainan, of the Arphavad, of the Sem, του Νωε, του Λαμεχ, <sup>37</sup>του Μαθουσαλα, του of the Nos, of the Lamech, of the Mathusala, of the

Evwx,  $\tau_{0}$  in Iapes,  $\tau_{0}$  Mahamen, of the Evwx,  $\tau_{0}$  Iapes,  $\tau_{0}$  Maleleel, of the Cainan,

 $^{38}$  Tou Evas, Tou  $\Sigma\eta\theta$ , Tou Adam, Tou  $\theta\in$ ou. of the Enos, of the Seth, of the Adam, of the God.

# КЕФ. δ'. 4.

1 Ιησους δε πνευματος άγιου πληρης υπεσJesus and spirit of holy full re
τρεψεν απο του Ιορδανου και ηγετο εν τω
turned from the Jordan; and was led about by the

turned from the Jordan; and was led about by the πνευματιεις την ερημον, <sup>25</sup>ημερος τεσσαρακοντα

spirit into the desert, days forty
πειραζομενος ύπο του διαβολου. Και
being tempted by the accuser. And

being tempted by the accuser. And not  $\epsilon\phi\alpha\gamma\epsilon\nu$  ou $\delta\epsilon\nu$   $\epsilon\nu$  Tais  $\eta\mu\epsilon\rho$ ais  $\epsilon\kappa\epsilon\nu$ ais  $\kappa$ ai he ate nothing in the days those; and

συντελεσθεισων αυτων, \*[ύστερον] επεινασε. they were complete of them, [afterwards] he was hungry. was hungry.

of SALATHIEL, the son of NERI,

28 the son of MALCHI, the son of ADDI, the son of KOSAM, the son of ALMO-DAM, the son of ER,

29 the son of Joses, the son of Eliezer, the son of Joram, the son of Mattath, the son of Levi,

30 the son of Simeon, the son of Judah, the son of Judah, the son of Jonan, the son of Eliakim,

31 the son of Mainan, the son of Mattathan, the son of Mattathan, the son of Nathan, the son of David,

32 the son of Jesse, the son of Obed, the son of Boaz, the son of Salmon, the son of Nahshon,

33 the son of AMMINA-DAB, the son of RAM, the son of HEZRON, the son of PHAREZ, the son of Ju-DAH.

34 the son of JACOB, the son of ISAAC, the son of ABBAHAM, the son of TERAH, the son of NAHOR,

35 the son of Seruc, the son of Reu, the son of Peleg, the son of Eber, the son of Salah,

36 the son of CAINAN, the son of ARPHAXAD, the son of SHEM, the son of NOAH, the son of LAMECH,

37 the son of METHUSE-LAH, the son of ENOCH, the son of JAREL the son of MAHALLEET. the son of CAINAN,

38 the son of Enos, the son of Seth, the son of Adam, the son of God.

### CHAPTER IV.

1 And ‡Jesus, full of holy Spirit, returned from the JORDAN, and was carried about by the SPIRIT \*in the DESERT

OUK

2 forty Days, being tempted by the ENEMY, And he ate nothing in those DAYS; and when they were completed, he was hungry.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-1. in the DESERT. 2. afterwards-omit.

<sup>1.</sup> Matt. iv. 1 Mark i. 12. 2. Exod. xxxiv. 28; 1 Kings xix. 8.

Και ειπεν αυτφ δ διαβολος. Ει vios ει του And said to him the secuser. If asonthouart of the θεου, ειπε τφ λιθφ τουτφ, ένα γενηται αρτος. God, say to the stone this, that it may become a loaf. 4 Και απεκριθη Ιησους προς αυτον, \*[λεγων·] [saying;] And answered Jesus to him, Γεγραπται: ''Οτι ουκ επ' αρτ $\psi$  μον $\psi$  (ησεται Itis written; That not on bread alone shall live  $\delta$  ανθρωπος, \*[αλλ' επι παντι δηματι θεου.''] the man, [but on of God." every word

5 Και αναγαγων αυτον δ διαβολος εις opos And having led up him the accuser into mountain ύψηλον, εδειξεν αυτφ πασας τας βασιλειας της he showed to him all the kingdoms of the οικουμενης εν στιγμη χρονου.
habitable in a moment of time. 6 Και ειπεν And said αυτω ό διαβολος. Σοι δωσω την εξουσιαν ταυto him the accuser; To thee I will give the authority this την άπασαν, και την δοξαν αυτων ότι εμοι and the glory of them; that to me παραδεδοται, και 'φ εαν θελω, διδωμι αυτην.

it has been prepared, and to whoever I will, I give 7 συ ουν εαν προσκυνησης ενωπιον, μου, εσται thou then if thou wilt do homage before me, σου πασα. 8 Και αποκριθεις αυτώ ειπεν δ to nee all. And answering to him said the λησους. Γεγραπται. "Προσκυνησεις κυριον τον 9εου σου, και αυτφ μουφ λατρευσεις." God of thee, und to him alone thou shalt render service."

Χαι ηγαγεν αυτον εις 'Ιερουσαλημ, και And he brought him to Jerusalem, and εστησεν αυτον επι το πτερυγιον του ίερου και on the wing of the temple; and placed him ειπεν αυτφ. Ει υίος ει του θεου, βαλε σεαυτον said to him; If ason thou art of the God, cast thyself εντευθεν κατω. 10 γεγραπται γαρ. " Οτι τοις com this place down; it is written for; That to the αγγελοις αύτου εντελειται περι σου, του δια-messengers of himselfhewill give charge concerning thee, of the φυλαξαι σε· 11 και ότι επι χειρων αρουσι σε, quard thee; and that on hands they shall bear thee. μηποτε προσκοψης προς λιθον τον ποδα σου." lest thou shouldst strike against a stone the foot of thee." 12 Και αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτώ ὁ Ιησους. said to him the Jesus; That

And answering ειρηται. "Ουκ εκπειρασεις κυριον τον θεον it is said; "Not thou shalt tempt a lord the God σου."

of thee."

13 Και συντελεσας παντα πειρασμον δ διαβο-And having ended every temptation the accu-14 Ka1 λος, απεστη απ' αυτου αχρι καιρου. departed from him for a season. And

3 And the ENEMY sa.a to him, "If thou art a Son of God, command this stone to become Bread."

4 And \* Jesus answered him, "It is written, I'MAN 'shall not live on Bread 'only.'"

5 And \*taking him up he showed him A' us KINGDOMS of the HASIS TABLE in a Mon ont JA

Time.

- 6 And the ENEMY said to him, "I will give Thea All this AUTHORITY, and the GLORY of these; # For it has been delivered to me, and I give it to whom I please.
- 7 If, then, thou wilt render homage before me, all shall be thine."
- 8 And \*Jesus answering said, to him. 1" It is written, Thou shall wor-'ship the Lord thy Gon, 'and Him only shalt thou 'serve.'"
- 9 ‡And he brought him to Jerusalem, and placed him on the † BAT-TLEMENT of the TEMPLE. and said to him, "If thou art a Son of GoD, cast thy. self down from this place :

10 for it is written, f'He will give his ANGELS 'charge concerning thee, "to PROTECT thee;

- 11 'and they will up-'hold thee on their Hands, 'lest thou strike thy roor 'against a Stone.'"
- 12 And JESUS answering, said to him, "It is 'said, I'Thou shalt not 'try the Lord thy God.'"

13 And the ENEMY having finished every Temptation, departed from him for a Season.

14 # And JESUS returned

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—4. JRSUS. 4. saying-God—omit. 4. saying-fine onward, he showed. 4. saying-omit. 4. but on every word 8. Jesus. of God-omit.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Probably the middle part of the royal portice, the highest part of the temple, and which could be seen at a distance of many jurlongs. Josephus says, "That the pillars of that portice were a hundred cubits high, and the valley below four hundred deep."

<sup>1 4.</sup> Deut. viii, 8. 1 9. Matt. iv. 5. ‡ 6. John xii. 31; xiv. 30. sa. xci. 11. ‡ 12. Deut. vi. 16. John iv. 48; Acts x. 37. 1 8. Deut. vi. 13: x. 20. : 14. Matt. iv. 12:

ύπεστρεψεν ό Ιησους εν τη δυναμει του πνευin the power of the returned the Jesus spirit ματος εις την Γαλιλαιαν. και φημη  $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$ a report into the Galilee: and went out 15 Kat καθ' όλης της περιχωρού περι αυτου. through whole the surr unding region about him. And αυτος εδιδασκεν εν ταις συναγωγαις αυτων. in tau ' the synagogues of them, δοξα(ομενο ύπο παντων.

being glorified by

16 Kat Ναζαρετ,  $\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$   $\epsilon\iota s$   $\tau\eta\nu$ oύ  $n\nu$ he came into the Nazareth, where he was τεθραμμενος. και εισηλθε, κατα TO ELWHOS having been brought up and entered, according to the custom αυτω εν τη ήμερα των σαββατων. ELS TYIV to him in the day of the sabbaths, the 17 Kat συναγωγην. και ανεστη αναγνωναι. and stood up to read. And synagogue: επεδοθη αυτώ βιβλιον 'Ηταιου του προφητου' was delivered to him a roll of Esaias the prophet: και αναπτυξας το βιβλιον, εύρε τον τοπον, and having unrolled the he found the roll, ην γεγραμμενον. 18 66 Πνευμα κυριου επ' where it was having been written : "A spirit of a lord upon ov είνεκεν αχρισε με ευαγγελισασθαι me: of which on account of he has an ointed me to publish glad tidings πτωχοις, απεσταλκε με κηρυξαι αιχμαλωτοις he has sent me to publish to Loor ones. to captives και τυφλοις αναβλεψιν, αποστειλαι αφεσιν, a deliverance, and to blind ones recovery of sight, τεβραυσμενους εν αφεσει, 19 κηουξαι ενιαυτον those having been crushed in freedom, to publish a year 20 Και πτυξας το βιβλιον, κυριου δεκτον." of a lord acceptable." And having rolled up the roll, αποδους τω ύπηρετη, εκαθισε και παντων having given back to the attendant, be sat down: and of all εν τη συναγωγη οί οφθαλμοι ησαν ατενιζοντες in the synagogue the eyes were looking steadily 21 Ηρξατο δε λεγειν προς αυτους· 'Οτι αυτω. He began and to say to him. to them: σημερον πεπληρωται ή γραφη αύτη εν τοις to-day is fulfilled the writing this in to the in to the 22 Και παντες εμαρτυρουν αυτώ, ωσιν ύμων. to him, And all of you. bore testimony και εθαυμαζον επι τοις λογοις της χαριτος, τοις and wondered at the words of the graciousness, those εκπορευομένοις εκ του στοματος αυτου, και out of the proceeding mouth of him, and ελεγον Ουχ ούτος εστιν δ vios Ιωσηφ; 23 Και this the son Joseph? And is

in the POWER of the SPIRIT into GALILEE; and a Report concerning him went out through the Whole ADJACENT COUNTRY.

15 And he taught in their SYNAGOGUES, being applauded by all.

16 And he came to TNAZARETH, where he had been brought up; and according to his custom on the SABBATH-DAY, the entered the SYNAGOGUE, and † stood up to read.

17 And the Book of Isaiah the PROPHET was given to him; † and having unrolled the BOOK, he found the PLACE where it was written,

18 t"The Spirit of the "Lord is on me, because "he has anointed me to "proclaim glad tidings to "the Poor; he has sent "me † to publish a Release "to the Captives, and Re-"covery of sight to the "Blind; to dispense Free-"dom to the oppressed;

19 "to proclaim an Era "of acceptance with the "Lord."

20 And having rolled up the BOOK, he returned it to the ATTENDANT, and sat down. And the EYES of all who were in the SYNA-GOGUE were attentively fixed on him.

21 And he began to say to them, "To-day, this SCRIPTURE, which is now in your EARS, is fulfilled."

22 And all bore testimony to him, and wondered I THOSE WORDS GRACE PROCEEDING from his mouth. And they said, "Is not this the son of Joseph ?"

1 18. Isa.

<sup>† 16.</sup> The Jewish doctors, in honor of the law and the prophets, invariably s tood up while they read them; but sat down while they taught or commented on them. This was our Lord's custom, as we learn from Matt. xxvi. 55—"I sat teaching in the TEMPLE every day." † 17. The Sacred Writings used to this day, in all Jewish Synagogues, are written on skins of basil, parchment, or vellum, pasted end to end, and rolled on two rollers beginning at each end; so that in reading from right to left, they roll off with the left, while they roll on with the right. The place that he opened was probably the section for the day.—Clarke. † 18. "To heal the broken in heart," is omitted both by the Vatican MS. and Griesbach, but Bloomfield thinks without sufficient warrant, as it is found in Isa. Ixi. 1.

ειπε προς αυτους. Παντως ερειτε μοι την παρα-Surely you will say to me the illusthem: he said to βολην ταυτην " Ιατρε, θεραπευσον σεαυτον." this; thyself;" " Physician, heal ηκουσαμεν γενομενα εις Καπερναουμ, what things we have heard having been done in Capernaum, 24 Ειπε δε. ποιησον και ώδε εν τη πατριδι σου. also here in the country of thes. He said and; Αμην λεγω υμιν, υτι no one a prophet acceptant ladeed I say to you, that no one  $^{25}$  Eπ'  $^{2}$  aληθείας δε Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ουδεις προφητης δεκτος a prophet acceptable in the country of himself. In truth λεγω ύμιν, πολλαι χηραι ησαν εν ταις ήμεραις I say to you, many widows were in the days Ηλιου εν τφ Ισραηλ, ότε εκλεισθη δ ουρανος of Elias in the Israel, when was shut up the heaven επι ετη τρια και μηνας έξ, ώς εγενετο λιμος for years three and months six, so that came a famine μεγας επι πασαν την γην. 26 και προς ουδεμιαν the land; great over all and 03 no one αυτων επεμφθη Ηλιας, ει μη εις Σαρεπ- της Elias, of them was sent if not into Surtipla of the γ.αι πολλοι Σιδωνος προς γυναικα χηραν. a widow to awoman And many λεπροι ησαν επι Ελισσαιου του προφητου εν τω were in of Elisha the in the prophet Ισραηλ· και ουδεις αυτων εκαθαρισθη, ει μη and no one of them were cleansed, if not [srael: 28 Και επλησθησαν παντες Νεεμαν δ Συρος. Naaman the Syrian. And they were filled θυμου  $\epsilon \nu$ τη συναγωγη, ακουοντές ταυτα. having heard these things. of wrath in the synagogue,  $^{29}$  Και ανασταντες εξεβαλον αυτον εξω THS And rising up they cast out him outside of the πολεως. και ηγαγον αυτον έως οφρυος του they led him even to a brow ofthe ορους, εφ' ού ή πολις αυτων ωκοδομητο, ώστε mountain, on which the city of they was built, κατακρημνισαι αυτον. 30 αιτο; δε διελθων δια to cast down him; he but passing through

μεσου αυτων, επορευετο. went away. midst of them,

 $^{31}$  Kai κατηλθέν εις Κεπερναουμ, πολιν της And he came down int, Capernaum, acity of the και ην διδασκων αυτους εν τοις Γαλιλαιας. and he was teaching them Galilee; in the 32 Και εξεπλησσοντο επι τη διδαχη σαββασι. abbaths. And they were astonished on the teaching αυτου. ότι εν εξουσια ην ό λογος αυτου, of bim; for with authority was the word of him. 33 Ka1 τη συναγωγη ην ανθρωπος  $\in \mathcal{V}$  $\epsilon \chi \omega \nu$ And in the Was synagogue a man having

23 And he said to them. "You will certainly refer me to this PROVERB, 'Physician, cure thyself: what things we have heard has been done in CAPERNAUM. do also here in thy own COUNTRY."

24 But he said, "Indeed I say to you, ‡ That no Prophet is acceptable in his OWN COUNTRY.

25 But in Truth I say to you. ! There were Many Widows in ISRAEL, in the days of Elijah, when the HEAVEN was closed three Years and six Months, so that there came a great Famine over All the LAND;

26 and yet to no one of them was Elijah sent, but to a Widow Woman, at Sarepta, of Sidon.

27 ‡ And there were Many Lepers in ISRAEL, in [the days] of Elisha the PROPHET, and yet no one of them were cleansed, but Naaman, the Syrian."

28 And all in the SYN-AGOGUE hearing these words, were filled with Wrath:

29 and rising up, they drove him out of the CITY and led him even to the † Brow of the MOUNTAIN on which their CITY was built, to throw him down;

30 but HE, ‡ passing through the Midst of them, went away.

31 # And he came down to Capernaum, a City of GALILEE, and taught them on the SABBATH.

32 And they were struck with awe at his mode of INSTRUCTION; I For his WORD was with Authority.

33 1 Now there was a Man in the SYNAGOGUE,

† 29. Behind the Maronite church is a steep precipice, forty or fifty feet high, "on the brow of the hill;" the very one, it may be, over which the people of Nazareth attempted to thrust the Savior, on the Sabbath when they took such offence at his preaching in the synagogue. I observed other rocky ledges, on other parts of the hill, so precipitous that a person could not be thrown over them without almost certain destruction. A worthless tradition has transferred this event to a hill about two miles to the south-east of the town. But there is no evidence that Nazareth ever occupied a different site from the present one; and that a mob so exasperated, whose object was to put to death the object of their rage, should have rearized to a distant a place for that nurness is entirely incredible. Harkett. have repaired to so distant a place for that purpose, is entirely incredible.—Hackett.

† 24. Matt. xiii. 57; Matt. vi. 4; John iv. 44. † 25. 1 Kings xvii. 9; xviii. 1; James † 27. 2 Kings v. 14. † 30. John viii. 59; x. 39. † 31. Matt. iv. 13; ark i. 21. † 32. Matt. vii. 28, 29. † 33. Mark i. 23. v. 17. Mark i. 21.

акавартов, как ανέκραξε ти€ина багноинов ofademon and be cried out a spire unclean, μεγαλη, 34 \* [λεγων] Εα, τι ήμιν και loud, [saying:] Ah, what to us and σωνη with a voice loud. σοι, Ιησου Ναζαρηνε; ηλθες απολεσαι ήμας. we there Jesus ON stateme? comest thou to destroy not  $\sigma$  or  $\tau$  is  $\epsilon$  i,  $\delta$   $\alpha$  years  $\tau$  ou  $\theta$   $\epsilon$  ou. 35 Kat know thee who thouart, the holy the God. πετιμησεν αυτφ δ Ιησους, λεγων Φιμωθητί, him the Jeaus, mbuked saying; Be silent. rat efeable ef autov. Kat ad come out of him. And ριψασ αυτον το And having thrown him Saipoviov εις μεσον, εξηλθεν απ' auτου, μηδεν demon into midst, campout of bim, nothing into midst, cameout of βαμβος επι
συντου 36 Και εγενετο βαμβος επι αλαψαν αυτον Burting \*αντας\* και συνελαλουν προς αλληλους, λεγονand talked to one another, Bay Τις ὁ λογος ούτος, ότι εν εξουσια και \*29 this, for with authority What the word and δυναμει επιτασσαι τοις ακαθαρτοις πνευμασι, he commands the unclean και εξερχουται; 37 Και εξεπορευετο ηχος And they come out? And went forth areport concerning αυτου εις παντα τοπον της περιχωρου. him into every place of the country around.

33 Αναστας δε εκ της συναγωγης, εισηλθεν Having risen up and out of the synagogue, he entered εις την οικιαν Σιμωνος πενθερα δε του Σιμωνος house of Simon: mother-in-lawand of the Simon **ην συνεχ**ομε**νη** πυρετώ μεγαλώ, και ηρωτησαν with a fever great: and t seized they asked QUTOP TEPL αυτης.  $\epsilon \pi \alpha \nu \omega$ about her. And above him standing αυτης, επετιμησε τω πυρετω. Kat αφηκεν he rebuked the fever: and itleft δ€ Παραχρημα αναστασα διηκονει αυτην. her. . Forthwith she served and rising up CUTOIS. them.

40 Δυνοντος δε του ήλιου, παντες δσοι ειχον Setting and of the sun, all as many as had ασθενουντας νοσοις ποικιλαις, ηγαγον αυτους being afflicted with diseases various, brought them δ δε ένι TOOS QUTOY έκαστω αυτων τας to -- bim: . he and one by one separately of them the . χειρας επιθεις, εθεραπευσεν αυτους. 41 Eξηρhands having placed, he healed them. Came χετο δε και δαιμονια απο πολλων, κραζοντα and also from demons many, crying out και λεγοντα. 'Οτι συ ει δ υίος του θεου. Και That thou art the son of the God. . and eaying: And επιτιμων ουκ εια αυτα λαλειν, ότι ηδεισαν rebuking not be permitted them to say, that they knew TON XOITTON QUTON ELVAL. the Anointed him to be.

having a Spirit of an fine pure Demon; and he exclaimed with a loud Voice,

34 "Ahl what hast thou to do with us, Jesus Nazarene? Comest thou to destroy us? I know thee who thou art; the HOLY ONE of GOD."

35 And JESUS rebuked him, saying, "Be silent, and come out of him." And the DEMON having thrown him into the Midst, departed from him, without hurting him.

on all, and they spoke to one another, "What word is this! For with Authority and Power he commands the IMPURE Spirits, and they come out."

37 And a Report concerning him went forth into Every Part of the SURROUNDING COUNTRY.

38 ‡ And rising up out of the SYNAGOGUE, he entered the HOUSE of Simon. And SIMON'S Mother-in-law was confined with a violent Fever; and they asked him concerning her.

39 And standing over her, he rebuked the FEVER, and it left her; and instantly rising up. she served them.

40 1 Now as the sun was setting, all who had any sick with various Diseases, brought them to him; and ne, placing his hands on each one of them, cured them.

41 And Demons also departed from many, crying out and saying, "Thou art the son of God." And rebuking them, he permitted them not to say That they knew him to be the MESSIAH.

<sup>† 88.</sup> As demon was used both in a good and bad sense before and after the time of the erangelists, the word unclean may have been added here by Luke, merely to express the quality of the spirit. B to this worthy of remark, that the inspired writers never use the word demon in a good sense.—Clarke.

<sup>1 34.</sup> Psa. xvi. 10; Dan. iz. 24.

42 Γενομενης δε ήμερας, εξελθων επορευθη εις Being come and day, coming out he went into ερημον τοπον και οἱ οχλοι επεζητουν αυτον, a desert place: and the crowds sought him, και ηλθων έως αυτου, και κατειχον αυτον μη and came to him, and urged him not  $\pi$  one  $\nu \in \sigma\theta$  at  $\pi$  and  $\pi$  of  $\pi$  of πορευεσθαι απ' αυτων. to depart from them. He but said ta αυτους. Ότι και rais έτεραις πολεσιν ευαγγελισασθαι με δει την βασιλειαν του θεου ότι glad tidings me must the kingdom of the God; because εις τουτο απεσταλμαι.

for this I have been sent forth.

44 Και ην κηρυσσων εν ταις συναγωγαις της And he was preaching in the Γαλιλαιας. ΚΕΦ. ε'. 5. 1 Ε synagogues 1 Εγενετο δε εν τω It happened but in to the τον οχλον επικεισθαι αυτώ του ακουειν τον the crowd to piess him of the to hear the λυγον του θεου, και αυτος ην έστως παρα την word of the God and he was standing by the ιμνην Γεννησαρετ <sup>2</sup> και ειδε δυο πλοια lake Genuesaret; and he saw two ships λιμνην Γεννησαρετ. έστωτα παρα την λιμυην οἱ δε ἁλιεις αποβαν-standing by the lake; the but fishermen baving  $\tau$ es  $\alpha\pi'$  αυτων, απεπλυναν τα δικτυα.  $^3$  Εμβας gone from them, were washing the nets. Entering δε εις έν των πλοιων, δ ην του Σιμωνος ηρωand into one of the ships, which was of the Simon; τησεν αυτον απο της γης επαναγαγειν ολίγον·
asked him from the land to put of a little; και καθισας εδιδασκεν εκ τυυ πλοιου τους and sitting down he taught out of the ship the οχλους. 4'Ως δε επαυσατο λαλων, ειπε προς crowds. When and he ceased speaking, he said to τον Σιμωνα Επαναγαγε εις το βαθος, και Put out into the deep, and Simon; χαλασατε τα δικτυα ύμων εις αγραν.  $^5$  Και tet down the nets of you for a draught. And αποκριθεις δ Σιμων ειπεν \*[αυτω] Επιστατα, αποκωτιας the S mos said techia O moster δι' όλης της νυκτος κοπιασαντές, ουδέν έλαthrough whole of the night having toiled, nothing βομέν επι δε τω βηματι σου χαλασω το hive taken; at but the word of theel willlet down the δικτυον. 6 Και τουτο ποιησαντες, συνεκλειnet. And this having done, they encloσαν πληθος ιχθυων πολυ διερφηγνυτο δε το see' a multitude of fishes great; was rending and the δικτυον αυτων. 7 Και κατενευσαν τοις μετοnet ofthem. And they beckoned to the partχοις τοις εν τφ έτερφ πλοιφ, του ελθοντας ners to those in the other ship, of the coming συλλαβεσθαι αυτοις και ηλθον, και επλησαν them; and they came, and

42 And Day having come, he retired to a Desert Place; and the CROWDS sought him, and came to him, and urged him not to leave them.

43 But HE said to them. "I must proclaim the glad tidings of the KINGDOM of GOD to OTHER Cities also: because for this I have been sent."

44 ‡ And he was preaching \* in the SYNAGOGUES of GALILEE.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 ‡ Now it occurred, as the CROWD PRESSED on him to HEAR the WORD of God, he was standing by the LAKE Gennesaret;

2 and he saw \* two Boats stationed near the SHORE: but the FISHER-MEN having left them, were washing their NETS.

3 And having gone into one of the BOATS, which was Simon's, he asked him to put off a little from the LAND; and sitting down, he instructed the CROWDS out of the BOAT.

- 4 And when he ceased speaking, be said to Simon. I" but out into the DEEP and let down your NETS
- 6 And \* Simon answering said "Master, we have labored through the Whole NIGHT, and have caught nothing: vet, at thy WORD, I will let down the \* NETS.
- 6 And having done this, they enclosed a great Multitude of Fishes: and their \* NETS were rending.
- 7 And they beckened to their PARTNERS in the OTHER Boat to come and ASSIST them. And they came, and filled Both the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 44. to the SYNAGOGUES. 5. NETS. 6. NETS.

<sup>2.</sup> two Boats.

<sup>5.</sup> Simon.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Called also the sea or lake of Galilee, and the sea of Tiberias. It was anciently called the sea of Chinnereth. It is about five miles wide, and some sixteen or seventeen miles long.

αμφοτερα τα πλοια, ώστε βυθιζεσθαι αυτα. the ships, 80 88 tosink them. 8 Ιδων δε Σιμων Πετρος, προσεπεσε τοις γονασι fell down to the Seeing and Simon Peter. του Ιησου, λεγων Εξελθε απ' εμου, ότι πνηρ Depart from me, of the Jesus, saying; for a man αμαρτωλος ειμι, κυριε. Yap TEPIa sinner Iam, Olord. Amazement for seized εσχεν αυτον και παντες τους συν αυτώ, επι τη and all those with him, at the him 10 δμοιως 'η συνελαβον αγρα των ιχθυων, draughtofthe fishes, which they had taken; in like manner δε και Ιακωβον και Ιωαννην, υίους Ζεβεδαιου, and also James John, and sons of Zebedee. οί ησαν κοινωνοι τω Σιμωνι. Και ειπε προς who were partners with the Simon. And said to τον Σιμωνα ό Ιησους. Μη φοβου απο του νυν the Simon the Jesus, Not fear, from of the now ανθρωπους εση ζωγρων. 11 Και καταγαγοντες men thou wilt be catching. And having brought τα πλοια επι την γην, αφεντες άπαντα, ηκολουthe ships to the land, having left all. they folθησαν αυτω. lowed him.

12 Και εγενετο εν τφ ειναι αυτον εν μια των And it happened in to the to be bim in one of the πολεων, και ιδου, ανηρ πληρης λεπρας·
cities, and io, a man full ofleprosy; Kal and ιδων τον Ιησουν, πεσων επι προσωπον, εδεηθη seeing the Jesus, baving fallen on face, entreated αυτου, λεγων κυριε, εαν θελης, δυνασαι με him, saying; Olord, if thou wilt, thou artable me him, saying; Olord, if thouwin, thousand the saying; Olord, if thouwin, thousand the saying; Ναι εκτεινας την χειρα, ήψατο to cleanse. And stretching out the hand, he touched to cleanse. Και ευθεως αυτου, ειπων Θελω, καθαρισθητι. Και ευθεως him, saying : I will, be thou cleansed. And immediately 14 Kai QUT 05 ή λεπρα απηλθεν απ' αυτου. departed from And παρηγγειλεν αυτφ μηδενι ειπειν αλλα απελcommanded no one him to tell: hut going θων δειξον σεαυτον τω ίερει, και προσενεγκε show thyself to the priest, and του καθαρισμου σου, καθως προσεταξε on account of the cleansing of thee, 88 enjoined

15 Διηρχετο δε μαλλον δ λογος περι αυτου spread abroad but more the word concerning him;

και συνηρχοντο οχλοι πολλοι ακουειν, και and came together crowds great to hear, and θεραπευεσθαι \*[ὑπ² αυταυ] απο των ασθενειων to be healed [ὑy him] from the weaknesses

to them.

Μωσης, εις μαρτυριι ι αυτοις.

a witness

Moses, for

BOATS, so that they were sinking.

- 8 And Simon Peter seeing it, fell down at the KNEES of \* Jesus, saying, "Depart from n.e, O Loid, For I am a sinful Man."
- 9 For amazement seized him, and ALL who were with him, at the DRAUGHT of FISHES which they had taken;
- 10 and in like manner also, James and John, Sons of Zebedee, who were Partners with Simon. And \*Jesus said to Simon, \*Fear not; HENCEFORTH thou wilt catch Men,"
- 11 And having brought the BOATS to the LAND, ‡ leaving all, they followed him.
- 12 And it occurred, when he was in one of the CITIES, behold, a Man ful of Leprosy, seeing Jesus fell on his Face, and be sought him, saving, "Sir, if then wilt, then canst cleanse Me."
- 13 And extending his MAND, he touched him, saying, "I will; be thou cleansed." And instantly the LEPROSY departed from him.
- 14 And he commanded him to tell no one; "but go, [said he] show thyself to the PRIEST, and present an offering on account of thy CLEANSING, ‡as Mose commanded, for Notifying [the cure] to the people."
- 15 But the REPORT concerning him spread abroad the more; and great Crowds came together to hear, and be cared of their INFIRMITIES.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-8. Jesus. 10. Jesus. 15. by him-omit.

<sup>† 14.</sup> This injunction of our Lord upon the man to show himself to the priest, might have had a further meaning than merely a compliance with the direction of the Mosaic law in this case. The Jewish Rabbins thought that the curing of the leprox would be characteristic of the Messic h. This makes the obstinacy and unbelief of the Jewish rulers and people appear still more inexcusable.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Matt. iv. 10; Mark i. 17. 24. Matt. viii 2; Mark i. 40. 27. 92. 11. Matt. viii 4. 114. Lev. xiv 4. 16

α. των 16 Αυτος δε ην ύποχωρων εν ταις ερημοις, of them: He but was retiring in the deserts, και προσευχομενος.

praying. 17 Και εγενετο εν μια των ήμερων, και autos
And ithappened in one of the days, and he ην διδασκων και ησαν καθημενοι Φαρισαιοι και was teaching; and were Pharisces sitting νομοδιδασκαλοι, οί ησαν εληλυθοτες εκ πασης teachers of the law, they were having come out of κωμης της Γαλιλαίας και Ιουδαίας, και Ίερουvillages of the Galilea and Judea and σαλημο και δυναμις κυριού ην εις το .απθα. of Lord was into he to hea? and power 18 Και ιδου, ανδρες φεροντες And lo, men bringing κλινης ανθρωπον, ός ην παραλελυμενος° acouch a man, who was having been palsied; kai and είητουν αυτον εισενεγκειν, και θειναι ενωπιον him to bring in. and to place in presence sought 19 Και μη ευροντες ποιας εισενεγκωσιν QUT OU. or him. And not finding how they might bring in αυτον, δια τον οχλον, αναβαντες επι το δωμα, him, through the crowd, having gone up to the roof, των κεραμών καθεκάν αυτον συν τω through the they let down \*iles tainn with the κλινιδιφ εις το μεσον εμπροσθεν του Ιησου. attle bed into the midst in presence of the Jesus. 20 Και ιδων την πιστιν αυτων, ειπεν. Ανθρωπε, of them, he said; And seeing the faith O man. σοι αί άμαρτιαι σου. 21 Και ηρξαντο αφεωνται And have been forgiven to thee the sins of thee. began διαλογιζεσθαι οί γραμματεις και οί Φαρισαιοι, to reason the Boribes and the Pharisees. λεγοντες Τις εστινού τος δς λαλει βλασφημιας; Who is this who speaks blasphemies? τις δυναται αφιεναι άμαρτιας, ει μη μονος δ is able to forgive zins, er not alone the θεος; 22 Επιγνους δε δ Ιησους τους διαλογισμους Knowing but the Jesus the reasonin 28 αυτων, αποκριθεις ειπε προς αυτους. Τι διαλοanswering said to thear; Why do you 23 T: € 07 LV γι(επθε εν ταις καρδιας ύμων; in the hearts of you? Which ευκοπωτερον; ειπειν. Αφεωνται σοι αί αμαρto say; Have been forgiven to thee the TIGI GOV; η ειπειν Εγειρε και περιπατει; of thee? or to say; and Arise walk ? 4 Ίνα δε ειδητε, ότι εξουσιαν εχε. ο vios του Thatbutyou may know, that authority has the son ofthe μυθρωπου επι της γης αφιεναι άμαρτιας, (ειπε on the earth to forgive ains, ελυμενω. Σοι λεγω. Εγειρε, man (he'said τω παραλελυμενω. Σοι λεγω·
to the having been palsied;) Το thee I say; Kal Arise, and το κλινιδιον σου, πορευου εις τον having taken up the little bed of thee, the. go into

16 ‡ And he retired into solitary places, and prayed.

17 And it occurred on one of the DAYS, he was teaching, and the \*PHARI-SEES and Teachers of the Law were sitting near, having come out of Every Village of Galilee, and of Judea, and from Jernsalem; and the Mighty Power of the Lord was on \*him to CURE.

18 ‡ And, behold, Men bringing on a Bed a palsied Man, and they sought to bring him in, and place him in his presence.

19 And not hading how they could bring him in, on account of the CROWD, having ascended to the ROOF, they lowered him, with the LUTTE FED, through the FILES, into the MIDST before \* them all.

20 And perceiving their FAITH, he said, "Man, thy SINS are forgiven thee."

21 ‡ And the SCRIBES and the PHARISETS began to season, saying. "Who is this that utiers Blasphemies? ‡ Who can forgive Sins, except God only?"

22 But Jesus knowing their THOUGHTS, answering, said to them, "Why do you reason in your HEARTS?

23 Which is easier? to say, 'Thy sins are forgiven thee;' or to say, [with effect,]' Arise, and walk?'

24 But that you may know that the son of MAN has AUTHORITY ON EARTH to forgive Sins," (he says to the PALSIED MAN,) 'I say to thee, 'Arise, and taking up thy LITTLE BED, go to thy HOUSE.'"

<sup>\*</sup> VATIGAT MANUSCRIPT.—17. PRARISEES. 17. him to CURE. And. 19. them all. † 19. Probably through the door in the roof, which being fastened, was forced open. See Mark ii. 4. Because all the roof, except the door, was covered with tiles, it is said, "they lowered him through the tiles;" of course, by means of the stairs leading down into the area or court of the house, where the people were assembled.

<sup>1 16.</sup> Matt. xiv. 23; Mark vi. 46. 1 18. Matt. ix. 2; Mark ii. 8. 121 Matt. ii Mark ii. 6, 7. 1 21. Pea. xxxii. 5; Isa. xivi. 25.

Dikov σου. 

Skai παραχρημα αναστας ενωπιον bouse of thee. And anstautly arising in presence αυτων, αρας εφ' ω κατεκείτο, απηλθεν of them, having taked up on which he had been laid, went ests τον οικον αυτου, δοξαζων τον θεον. 

Ekστασις ελαβεν απαντας, και εδυξαζον τον απανεπεπε took all, and they glorined the Oεον και επλησθησαν φοβου, λεγοντες Οτι God and were filled of fear, saying: That είδομεν παραδοξα σημερον. We have seen wonderfulthings to-day.

27 Και μετα ταυτα εξηλθε, και εθεασατο And after these he went out, and saw τελωνην, ονοματι Λέυιν, καθημενον επι το a publican, with a name Levi, aiting at the τελωνιον και είπεν αυτω Ακολουθεί μοι. εμικοm-house: and he said to him: Follow me. \$3 Και καταλιπων άπαντα, αναστας ηκολουθησεν

he followed And forsaking ; all, rising up 29 Και εποιησε δοχην μεγαλην Λευις And made afeast great Levi αυτω. ham. αυτω εν τη οικια αύτου και ην οχλος τελωνων to him in the house of himself: and was a crowd of publicans πολυς, και αλλων, οί ησαν μετ' αυτων κατακειgreat, and of others, who were with them commerces. 30 Και εγογγυζον οι γραμματεις αυτων ug. And murmured the scribes . of thein και οι Φαρισαιοι προς τους μαθητας αυτου; and the Pharisees to the disciples of him, λεγοντες. Διατι μετα των τελωνων και άμαρsaying: Why with the publicans and sin-τωλων εσθιετε και πινετε; 31 Και αποκριθεις δ Why sinhere do you'eat and drink? And answering the Ιησους ειπε προς αυτους - Ου χρειαν εχουσιν tuem: No said to o υγιαινοντες ιατρου, αλλ' ο κακως εχοντες those being in health of a physician, but those sick being: 32 ουη εληλυθα καλεσαι δικαιους, αλλα αμαρτω-

not I have come to call just (ones,) but a sinner

λους εις μετανοιαν.

to reformation. , \*[\( \( \tari \) ] oi (\( \text{Why} \) the 33 'Οί δε ειπον προς αυτον They and said to him: μαθηται Ιωαννου γηστευουσι πυκνα, και δεησεις often, and prayers ofJohn fast ποιουνται, δμοιως και οί των Φαρισαιων οί δε make, in like manner and the l'e of the Pharisces: those but σοι εσθιουσι και πινουσιν; 34 O δε ειπε προς to thee eat and drink? He and said to αυτους. Μη δυνασθε τους υίους του νυμφιος, εν Not you are able the sons of the bridal-chamber, in ψ δ νυμφιος μετ' αυτων εστι, ποιησαι which the bridgeroom with them is, to make νηστευειν; 35 Ελευσονται δε ήμεραι, και όταν but days, to fast? Will come and when απαρθη απ' αυτων δ νυμφιος, τοτε νηστευσουmay be taken from them the bridegroom, then they will fast

25 And instantly arising in their presence, and taking up that on which he had been lying, he proceeded to his own nouse, praising God.

26 And astonishment seized all, and they praised GoD, and were filled with Fear, saying, "We have seen wonderful things to-day."

27 ‡ And after this, howent out, and saw a Tribute-taker, named Levi, sitting at the TAX-OFFICE; and he said to him, "Follow me."

28 And forsaking all, he arose, and followed him.

20 ‡ And \* Levi made a great feast for him, in his own House; and there was a great Crowd of Tribute-takers, and of others, who were reclining with them.

30 And \*the Pharisees' and their scribes complained to his disciples, saying, "Why do you cat and drink with tributetakers and Sinners?"

31 And \* Jesus answering, said to them, "Those who are in MEALTH have no need of a Physician, but Those who are sick."

32 ‡ I have not come to call the Righteous, but Sinners to Repentance."

33 And THEY said to him, to The disciples of John frequently fast and Pray; and in like manner those of the Pharisees; but THINE eat and drink?

34 And he said to them, "Can the BRIDEMEN fast, while the BRIDEGROOM is with them?

35 But Days will come, when the BRIDEGROUM will be taken from them, and then they will fast in Those DAYS."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-29. LEVI.

<sup>30.</sup> the Pharisers and their scaibes.

υιν εν εκειναις ταις ήμεραις. 36 Exere de Kai the Hespoke and also those days. παραβολην προς αυτους. Ότι ουδεις επιβλημα to them; That a patch noune ίματιου καινου επιβαλλει επι ίματιον παλαιον. of a mantle new to a mantle sews on ει δε μηγε, και το καινον σχιζει, και τφ παλαιφ if but not, and the new it rends, and the old ου συμφωνει επιβλημα το απο του καινου. that from rot agrees a patch the Και ουδεις βαλλει οινον νεον εις ασκους And mo one puts wine new into skins παλαιους ει δε μηγε, ρηξει δ νεος οινος τους old: if but not, will burst the new wine the ασκους, και αυτος εκχυθησεται, και οί ασκοι and he will be spilt, and the skins απολουνται· 38 αλλα οινον νεον εις ασκους καιwill be destroyed: but wine new into skins νους βλητεον· \*[και αμφοτεροι συντηρουνται.]
requires to be put: [and both are preserved.] \* [Και] ουδεις πιων παλαιον, \* [ευθεως] θελει And ] no one having drunk old, [immediately] desires

[And] no one having drunk old, [immediately] desires νεον λεγει γαρ' Ο παλαιος χρηστοτερος εστιν. new: be says for: The old better is.

## КЕФ. s'. 6.

Εγενετο δε εν σαββατφ \*[δευτεροπρωτφ] It happened and in sabbath [second-first) δ. πορευεσθαι αυτον δια των σποριμων και grain-fields: him through the and ετιλλον οἱ μαθηται αυτου τους σταχυας, και procked the disciples of him the ears of grain, and 2 Tives de Twv ησθιον, ψωχοντες ταις χερσι. rubbing Some and of the the hands. Φαρισαίων είπον \* αυτοις \* Τι ποιείτε, δουκ εξ-Phartsees said (to them;) Why do you, which not it is εστι\*[ποιειν] εν τοις σαββασι; 3 Και αποκριθεις And answering [to do] in the sabbaths? προς αυτους ειπεν δ Ιησους. Ουδε τουτο ανεγρωτε, δ εποιησε Δαυιδ, όποτε επεινασεν αυτος read, what did David, when was hungry και οί μετ' αυτου οντες; 4 ώς εισηλθεν εις τον and these with him being? how he entered into the οικών του θέου, και τους αρτους της προθέσεως house of the God, and the loaves of the presence ελαβε, και εφαγε, και εδωκε \*[και]TOIS he took, ate, and and gave [also] to those μετ' αυτου· ούς ουκ εξεστι φαγειν, ει μη μονος with him; which not it is lawful to cat, if not 5 Και ελεγεν αυτοις \*['Οτι Tous ispeis; priests? [That ] the And he said to them;

36 ‡ And he also spoke a Parable to them; "No one puts a Picce \*rent from a new Garment on an old; else the NEW also \* will make a rent, and THAT Piece from the NEW \* will not agree with the OLD.

87 And no one puts new Wine into † old Skins; else the \*NEW WINE will burst the skins, and itself be spilt, and the skins be destroyed.

38 But new Wine must be put into new Skins.

39 No one having drunk old wine desires new; for he says, 'The OLD is \* good.'"

### CHAPTER VI.

- 1 ‡ And it occurred on the Sabbath, that he went through the \* Grain-fields, and his DISCIPLES plucked the HEADS of GEAIN, and ate, rubbing them in their HANDS.
- 2 And some of the PHARISEES said, "Why do you twhat is not lawful on the SABBATH?"
- 3 And \* Jesus answering them, said, "Have you not even read this, twhich David did, when hungry, ht and those who \* were with him?
- 4 He went into the TAB-FENACLE of GOD, and took the LOAVES of the PRES-ENCE, and ate, and gave to THOSE with him; ‡ which none but the PRIESTS could lawfully eat."
  - 5 And he said to them,

<sup>36.</sup> will make a rent, and the PIECE.
37. NEW WIRE.
38. and both are preserved—omit.
38. and both are preserved—omit.
40. immediately—omit.
41. dow—omit.
42. to them—omit.
42. to them—omit.
43. second-first—omit.
43. Jesus.
53. were.
54. how—omit.
55. That—omit.
55. That—omit.
56. Will make a rent, and the PIECE.
58. and both are preserved—omit.
58. second-first—omit.
58. Jesus.
58. were.

<sup>† 37.</sup> Bottles of skin or leather, which the Jews used for putting their wines in. Skins are used for this purpose now in Spain, Portugal, and the East. New wine, by fermenting would burst such as these, if they were old, and dry. See Josh. ix. 4, and Job xxxii. 19.

<sup>† 86.</sup> Matt. ix. 16, 17; Mark ii. 21, 22. xx 10. † 3, 1 Sam. xxi. 6. † 4. Lev. xxiv. 6. † 2. Exod.

κυριος εστιν δ υίος του ανθρωπου και του σαβthe son of the man also of the sabβατου. hath.

6 Εγενετο δε \* [και] εν έτερω σαββατω εισελ-It happened and [also] in another sabbath to enθειν αυτον εις την συναγωγην, και διδασκειν και him into the and synagogue, to teach;  $\eta \nu \in \kappa \in \epsilon = \alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi \sigma s$ ,  $\kappa \alpha i \stackrel{\circ}{\eta} \chi \in \epsilon \rho \alpha \nu \tau \sigma v \stackrel{\circ}{\eta} \delta \in \xi \epsilon \alpha \eta \nu$ was there a man, and the hand of him the right was 7 Παρετηρουν δε αυτον οί γραμματεις ξηρα. withered. Watched and him the scribes και οί Φαρισαιοι ει εν τφ σαββατφ θεραπευσι, and the Pharisees if in the sabbath he will heal, 8 AUTOS SE ίνα €ύρωσι κατηγοριαν αυτου. ofhim. so that they might find but an accusation ηδει τους διαλογισμους αυτων, και ειπε τφ purposes of them, and said to the ανθρωπώ τώ ξηραν εχοντι την χειρα. Εγειρε, the withered having the hanu, the withered having the hanu, Q  $\delta \in \alpha \nu \alpha \sigma \tau \alpha s \in \sigma \tau \eta$ . και στηθι εις το μεσον. He and having arisen and stand into the Ειπεν ουν δ Ιησους προς αυτους. Επερωτησω then the Jesus to them: I will ask ύμας. Τι εξεστι τοις σαββασιν; αγαθοποιησαι, you; What is it lawful to the sabbath? to do good,

η κακοποιησαι; ψυχην σωσαι, η αποκτειναι; to do evil? alife to save, to kill? or 10 Και περιβλεψαμενος παντας autous, ELTTEV looking around on all them, And he said

αυτφ. Εκτεινον την χειρα σου. 'Ο δε εποιησε' hand of thee. to him; Stretch out the και απεκατεσταθη ή χειρ αυτου \*[ως ή αλλη.] of him and was restored the hand 11 Αυτοι δε επλησθησαν ανοιας, και διελαλουν

They and were filled madness, and they talked προς αλληλους, τι αν ποιησειαν τω Ιησου. one another, what they should do to the Jesus.

12 Εγενετο δε εν ταις ήμεραις ταυταις, εξηλ-It came to pass and in days those, the και ην διανυκτεθεν εις το ορος προσευξασθαι. out into the mountain to pray : and was passing the 13 Και ότε ρευων εν τη προσευχη του θεου. in the place of prayer of the nicht God. And when ήμερα, προσεφωνησε τους μαθητας  $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau o$ day, he called disciples it became to the αύτου και εκλεξαμενος απ' αυτων δωδεκα, ούς of himself: and having chosen from them twelve, <sup>14</sup> (Σιμωνα, δυ και και αποστολους ωνομασε. (Simon, whom also he named: apostles και Ανδοεαν τον αδελφον ωνομασε Πετρον, Andrew he named Peter, and the brother αυτου, Ιακωβον και Ιωαννην, Φιλιππον KCLL Philip John, and James and

"The son of man is Lord even of the SABBATH."

- And it occurred on Another Sabbath, that he entered the SYNAGOGUE. and taught. And a Man was there whose RIGHT HAND was withered.
- 7 And the SCRIBES and PHARISEES watched him closely [to see] if he would cure on the SABBATH : that they might find an Accusation against him.
- 8 But he knew their PURPOSES, and said to THAT MAN HAVING the withered HAND, "Arise, and stand in the MIDST. And HE arose and stood.
- 9 They JESUS said to them, "I ask you, if it is lawful to do good on the SABBATH, or to do evil? to save Life, or to kill?"
- 10 And locking round on them all, he said to him, "Stretch out thine HAND." And HE did so; and his HAND was restored.
- 11 And they were filled with madness, and consulted with one another, what they should do to Jesus.
- 12 # And it came to pass in those DAYS, that he went out to the MOUNTAIN to pray; and he remained, through the night, in †the ORATORY of GOD.
- And when it was Day he summoned his DISCIPLES; I and having selected from them twelve, whom he also named Apostles :-
- 14 Simon, t whom he also named Peter, and Andrew his BROTHER, James and John, Philip and Bartholomew.

He and

[as the

did:

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. also-omit. 15. Alpheus. the other-omit.

<sup>9.</sup> I ask you, if it is lawful,

<sup>10.</sup> as

<sup>† 12.</sup> Or the place of prayer to God. Nearly all modern critics translate procuree in this passage and Acts xvi. 13, in this manner. A prosukce was a large uncovered building, with seats, as in an amphitheatre, and used for worship where there was no synagogue.

<sup>\$ 6.</sup> Matt. xii. 9; Mark iii.1; Luke xiii. 14; xiv. 3; John .x. 16. I 14. John i. 42. 1 13. Matt. x. 1

Βαρθολομαιον, 15 Ματθαιον και Θωμαν, Ιακωβον Matthew and Thomas, Bartholomew, τον του Αλφαιου, και Σιμωνα τον καλουμενον the of the Alpheus, and Simon the being called και οχλος μαθητων αυτου, και πληθος πολυ and a crowd of disciples of him, and a multitude great του λαου απο πασης της Ιουδαιας, και Ίερουof the people from all of the Judea, and ιταλημ, και της παραλιου Τυρου και Σιδωνος, and of the sea-coast of Tyre and Sidon, οί ηλθον ακουσαι αυτου, και ιαθηναι απο των who came to hear him, and to be healed from the νοσων αύτων. 18 και οί οχλουμενοι απο πνευμαliseases of themselves; and those being troubled from των ακαθαρτων· και εθεραπευοντο. 19 Και πας And all unclean; and they were healed. δ οχλος είητει άπτεσθτι αυτου. ότι δυναμις the crowd sought to touch him; for παρ' αυτου εξηρχετο, και ιατο παντας. went out, and healed him

20 Και αυτος επαρας τους οφθαλμους αύτου he havingliftedup the eyes of himself eis τους μαθητας αύτου, ελεγε. Μακαριοι of on the disciples of himself, he said; Blessed the πτωχοι ότι ύμετερα εστιν ή βασιλεια του for yours is the kingdom poor: θεου. 21 Μακαριοι οί πεινωντες νυν ότι χορτασ-Blessed the hungering now; for you shall θησεσθε. Μακαριοι οἱ κλαιοντες νυν. OTI Blessed the weeping be satisfied. nows for γελασετε. vou shalllaugh.

22 Μακαριοι εστε, όταν μισησωσιν ύμας of Blessed are you, when may hate you the ανθρωποι, και όταν αφορισωσιν ύμας, και men, and when they may separate you, and ορειδισωσι, και εκβαλωσι το ονομα ύμων ώς hey may revile, and may cast out the name of you as πονηρον, ένεκα του υίου του ανθρωπου. 23 Xaevil, on account of the son of the man. Reρητε εν εκεινη τη ήμερα, και σκιρτησατε ιδου loice you in that the day, and leap you for joy; lo γαρ, ὁ μισθος ὑμων πολυς εν τω ουρανω κατα for, the reward of you great in the heaven; according to ταυτα γαρ εποιουν τοις προφηταις οί πατερες to the prophets the αυτων. of them.

24 Πλην ουαι υμιν τοις πλουσιοις· ότι απε-But we to you the rich; for you have

15 Matthew and Thomas, THAT James, son of \* Alpheus, and THAT Simon who was CALLED the Zealot.

16 Judas the brother of James, and Judas Iscariot, who became a Traitor;—

17 and coming down with them, he stood on a level Place, with a \*Crowd of his Disciples, ‡ and a great Multitude of PEOPLE from All JUDEA and Jerusalem, and the SEA-COAST of Tyre and Sidon, who came to hear him, and to be restored from their DISEASES;

18 and THOSE who were \* distressed by unclean Spirits were cured.

19 And All the CROWD sought to touch him, ‡ For a Power went ou. from him, and healed all.

20 And he, having lifted up his eyes on his disciples, said; the Happy, poor cones! For yours is the kingdom of God.

21 ‡ Happy now, HUNGERING ones! Since you will be satisfied. ‡ Happy now, WEEPING ones! Because you will laugh.

23 ‡Happy are you, when MEN may hate you, and separate you, and may revile and cast out your NAMES as evil, on account of the Son of Mau.

23 ‡ Rejoice in That DAY, and leap for joy; for behold, your REWARD will be great in HEAVEN; ‡ for thus their FATHERS did to the PROPHETS.

24 † But Woe to You, RICH ones; For you have your CONSOLATION.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—15. Alpheus. 16. also—omit. 17. a great Crowd 18. distressed by unclean Spirits were cured.

<sup>1 16.</sup> Jude 1. 17. Matt. iv. 25; Mark iii. 7. 19. Mark v. 30; Luke viii. 48. 48. Acts vi. 51. 19. Matt. v. 12. Matt. v. 12. Matt. v. 12. Acts v. 41; Col. 1. 94; James v. 1. 23. Matt. v. 12; Acts v. 41; Col. 1. 94; James v. 1. 23. Matt. v. 12; Acts v. 41; Col. 1. 94; James v. 1. 24. James v. 1. 25. Acts v. 41; Col. 1. 94; James v. 1. 26. 27. Acts v. 41; Col. 1. 94; James v. 1. 27. Acts v. 41; Col. 1. 94; James v. 1. 28. Acts vi. 51.

25 Ουαι ύμιν, χετε την παρακλησιν ύμων. OL in full the comfort of you. Woe to you, those εμπεπλησμενοι ότι πεινασετε ουαι ύμιν, οί having been filled; for you shall hunger: Woe to you, those δτι πενθησετε και κλαυσετε. for you shall mourn and you shall weep. νελωντες νυν. laughing now: <sup>26</sup> Ουαι, όταν καλως ύμας ειπωσιν οί ανθρωποι· well you may speak the when κατα ταυτα γαρ εποιουν τοις ψευδοπροφηταις did to the according to these for false-prophets οί πατερες αυτων. the fathers of them.

27 Αλλ' ύμιν λεγω τοις ακουουσιν Αγαπατε But to you I say to those hearing: Love you σους εχθρους ύμων· καλως ποιειτε τοις μισουthe enemies of you: good do you to those , hatσιν ύμας· 28 ευλογειτε τους καταρωμενους ύμας· ing you: bless you those you: cursing προσευχεσθε ύπερ των επηρεαζοντων ύμας. for those traducing pray you you. 29 Τω τυπτοντι σε επι την σιαγονα, παρεχε και To the striking thee on the cheek, offer την αλλη» και απο του αιροντος σου το ίματιον, the other: and from the taking of the the mantle. και τον χιτωνα μη κωλυσης. also the tunic not thou mayest hinder.

30 Παντι δε τω αιτουντι σε διδου· και απο του To all and those asking thee give thou: and from the 31 Και καθωs aιροντος τα σα, μη απαιτει.
taking what is thine, not demand back. And all \*[каг θελετε, ίνα ποιωσιν ύμιν οί ανθρωποι, you wish, that may do to you the men, Talso 3 Kai El ayaύμεις ποιειτε αυτοις όμοιως. do you to them in like manner. And if you πατε τους αγαπωντας ύμας, ποια ύμιν χαρις love those loving you, what to you thanks εστι; και γαρ οἱ αμαρτωλοι τους αγαπωντας is it? also for the sinners those 33 Και εαν αγαθοποιητε τους αυτους αγαπωσι. And if you should do good those love. αγαθοποιουντας ύμας, ποια ύμιν χαρις εστι;
doing good you, what to you thanks is it? doing good you, και \*[γαρ] οι αμαρτωλοι το αυτο ποιουσι. also [for] the sinners the same do.

84 Και εαν δανειζητε παρ' ών ελπιζετε απολα-And if you should lend from whom you hope  $β_{ειν}$ , ποια υμιν χαρις εστι, και \*[γαρ] of cerve, what to you thanks is it? also [for] the άμαρτωλοι άμαρτωλοις δανειζουσιν, ίνα απολαlend, tosinners that they may sinners ισα. 35 Πλην αγαπατε τους εχθρους βωσι το But receive the like things. love you the enemies ύμων, και αγαθοποιειτε και δανειζετε μηδεν MIES, and do good and otyou, and do you good and lendyou nothing lend, in Nothing despair-

25 Woe to you who are \* FULL now! Because you will hunger. \* Woe to YOU who LAUGH now! For you will mourn and weep.

26 Woe, when men may speak well of you! for thus their FATHERS did to the FALSE-PROPHETS.

27 I But I say to you. who HEAR me, Love your ENEMIES; do good to THOSE Who HATE you,

28 ‡ bless THOSE who CURSE you, pray for THOSE who INJURE you.

29 ‡ To HIM STRIKING thee on the CHEEK, present the OTHER also; ‡ and from HIM who TAKES AWAY thy MANTLE, withhold not even thy COAT.

30 # Give to EVERT one ASKING thee; and from HIM Who TAKES AWAY what is THINE, demand it

31 # And as you would that MEN should do to you, do in like manner to them.

32 ‡ And if you love THOSE who LOVE you, What Thanks are due to you? for even SINNERS love THOSE who LOVE them.

33 \* And if you do good to THOSE DOING GOOD to you, What thanks are due to you? SINNERS even do the SAME.

34 \* And if you lend to those from whom you hope to receive, What Thanks are due to you? SINKERS even lend to Sinners, that they may receive an EQUI-VALENT.

35 But love your ENE-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. FULL now. 25. Woe, you who LAUGH new. same did they to the false-prophets. 31. do good. 33. for—omit. 34. for—omit. 31. you also-omit. 33. For if also you

<sup>† 27.</sup> Exed. xxiii. 4; Prov. xxv. 21; Matt. v. 44; Rom. xii. 20. Luke xxiii. 34; Acts vii. 60. † 20. Matt. v. 30. † 29. 1 Cor. vi. 7. xv. 7, 8, 10; Prov. xxi 26; Matt. v. 42. † 31, Matt. vii. 12. † 34. Matt. v 42. 1 28. Matt. v. 44; 1 30. Deut. 1 32. Matt. v. 46

απελπιζοντες· και εσται ό μισθος ύμων πολυς, despairing: and shall be the reward of you great, και εσεσθε υξοι ύψιστου· ότι αυτος χρηστος and you shall be sons of highest; for he κind εστιν επι τους αχαριστους και πονηρους.

is to the unthankful and evil.

36 Γινεσθε \*[ουν] οικτιρμονες, καθως \*[κα:]

Be you [therefore] compassionate, even as [also] is to the δ πατηρ δμων οικτιρμών εστι. 37 Και μη of you compassionate is. And not κρινετε, και ου μη κριθητε· μη καταδικαζετε, judge you, and not not you may be judged: not condenn you, και ου μη καταδικασθητε απολυετε, και αποand not not you may be condemned; release you, and 38 Διδοτε, και δοθησεται ύμιν· Giteyou, and itshall be given to you: λυθησεσθε. shall be released, μετρον καλον πεπιεσμένον \*[και] σεσαλευpeasure good having been pressed down [and] having been αενον \*[και] ύπερεκχυνομενον δωσουσιν εις τον [and] running over shall be given into the ύμων τω γαρ αυτω μετρω, ω of you, by the for same measure, with which κολπον ύμων. μετρειτε, αντιμετρηθησεται  $\dot{\nu}$ μιν.  $^{39}$  Ειπε δε you measure, it shall be measured again to you. He spoke and παραβολην αυτοις. Μητι δυνατιτυφλος τυφλον a parable to them; Not is able a blind δδηγειν; ουχι αμφοτεροι εις βοθυνον πεσουνται; to lead? both into a pit not will fall?

40 Ουκ εστι μαθητης ύπερ τον διδασκαλον a disciple over the αύτου κατηρτισμένος δε πας επται ώς δ of humself; having been fully qualified but every one shall be as the διδασκαλος αυτου. 41 Τι δε βλεπεις ... sulinter of him. Why and seest thou the sulinter 41 Τι δε βλεπεις το καρφος το εν τω οφθαλμω του αδελφου σου, την δε that in the oftne brother ofthee, the but еуе δοκον την εν τω ιδιω οφθαλμώ ου κατανοεις: beam that in thine own eye not perceivest? 42 \*[η] πως δυνασαι λεγειν τω αδελφω σου or how art thou able to say to the brother of thee: As  $\lambda \phi \epsilon$ , a  $\phi \epsilon s$ ,  $\epsilon \kappa \beta a \lambda \omega$  to  $\kappa a \rho \phi o s$  to  $\epsilon \nu$  to obtother, allowing, I can cast out the splinter that in the οφθαλμφ σου αυτος την εν τφ οφθαλμω σου eye of thee; tnyself the in the eye ofthee δοκον ου βλεπων; "Υποκριτα, εκβαλε πρωτον beam not beholding? O hypocrite, cast out first την δοκον εκ του οφθαλμου σου, και τοτε the beam out of the . eye of thee, and then διαβλεψεις εκβαλειν το καρφος το εν τω οφθαλthou wilt see clearly to cast out the splinter that in the 43 Ου γαρ εστι δενδρον Not for is atree μω του αδελφου σου. of the brother of thee. καλον, ποιουν καρπον σαπρον ουδε δενδρον

bearing

fruit

ing; and your REWARD will be great, and ‡you will be Sons of the Most High: for he is kind to the UNTHANKFUL and Evil.

36 ‡ Be you compassionate, as your FATHER is compassionate.

37 ‡ And judge not, and you will not be judged; condemn not, and you will not be condemned; forgive, and you will be forgiven;

38 ‡ give, and it will be given to you; good Measure, pressed down, shaken together, and overflowing, will be given into your LAP. For by the SAME Measure with which you measure, it will be dispensed to you again."

39 And he spoke a Parable to them; ‡"Can a Blind man lead a Blind man? Will not both fall into a Pit?

40 ‡ A disciple is not above his TEACHER; but every one fully qualined will be as his TEACHER.

41 †But why observest thou That splinter in thly Brother's eve, and perceivest not that thorn in thine own Eye ?

42 How wilt thou say to thy Brother, 'Brother, iet me take out that splinter in thine Eye;' thyself not seeing the thorn in thine own Eye? Hypocrite! first extract the thorn from thine own Eye, and then thou wilt see clearly to extract that splinter in thy Brother's Eye.

Tree which yields bad Fruit, nor \*again a bad

a tree

corrupts

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—36. therefore—omit. 30. also—omit. 38. and—omit. 42. or—omit. 43. again. 38.

<sup>† 41.</sup> In the Talmud are the following proverbs:—"They who say to others, take the small piece of wood out of thy teeth, are answered by, 'take the beam out of thine own eyes."—Hammand and Lightfoot.

<sup>1 35.</sup> Matt. v. 45. 1 36. Matt. v. 48. 1 37. Matt. vii. 1, 181. 17. 1 39. Matt. xv. 14. 1 40. Matt. x. 24; John xiii. 16; xv. 20. 1 41. Matt. xii. 1. 17. 1 43. Matt. vii. 16. 17.

41 Έκαστον γαρ σαπρον, ποιουν καρπον καλον. corrupt, bearing fruit good. Every ior δενδρον εκ του ιδιου καρπου γινωσκεται ου γαρ from the own fruit is known; not for εξ ακανθων συλλεγουσι συκα, ουδε εκ βατου do they gather figs, nor from a bramble τρυγωσι σταφυλην. 45 'Ο αγαθος αι σρωπος εκ do they pick a cluster of grapes. The good του αγαθου θησαυρου της καρδιας αύτου προtreasure of the heart of himself brings φερει το αγαθον και ὁ πονηρος \*. \* \_...θρωπος] forth the good; and the evil [man] εκ του πουηρου \* [θησαυρου της καρδίας αὐτου] treasure of the hear of himself out of the evil προφερει το πονηρον εκ γαρ του περισσε μαbrings forth the evil; out of for the 16 T τος της καρδιας λαλει το στομα αυ.ου. speaks the mouth of him, of the heart δε με καλειτε, κυριε, κυριε και ου ποιειτε α and me do you call, Olord, Olord, and not do what  $\lambda \in \gamma \omega$ ; I say?

<sup>47</sup> Πας δ ερχομενος προς με, και ακουων μου All the coming to me, and hearing of me των λογων, και ποιων αυτους, ὑποοειξω ὑμιν, the words, and doing them, I will show to you, I vi εστιν ὁμοιος. 48 Ομοιος εστι ανθρωπω ινι εστιν όμοιος. Like like. he is b whom he is to a man εικοδομουντι οικιαν, ός εσκαψε και εβαθωνε, a house, who dug building and went deep, 'ται εθηκε θεμελιον επι την πετραν' πλημμ" pas and laid a foundation on the rock; of a flood δε γενομένης, προσερβηξεν δ ποταμος τη οικια and having come, dashed against the stream the bouse εκεινη, και ουκ ισχυσε σαλευσαι αυτην. τεθεthat, and not was able to shake her: 49 O & akove as, μελιωτο γαρ επι την πετραν. for upon the rock. He but having heard, και μη ποιησας, όμοιος εστιν ανθρωπω οικοδοand not having done, like he is to a man h..ving μησαντι οικιαν επι την γην χωρις θεμελιου. ahouse on the earth without a foundation; built η προσερφηξεν ό ποταμος και ευθεως επεσε, to which dashed against the stream: and immediately it all, και εγενετο το βηγμα της οικιας εκεινης μεγα. became the ruin of the house that

# КΕΦ. ζ. 7.

1 Επει δε επληρωσε παντα τα δηματα αυτου When and he had ended all the WOTOR εις τας ακοας του λαου, εισηλθεν εις Καπερears of the people, he entered in w Caperan the 2 Έκατονταρχου δε τινι δουλος κακως ναουμ. Of a centurion and certain slave εχων, ημελλε τελευταν, ός ην αυτή εντιμος. to die. who was to him valuable. being, was about

Tree which yields good Fruit.

- 44 For ‡ Every Tree in known by its own Fruit. For they do not gather Figs from Thorns, nor do they pick Grapes from Brambles.
- 45 The GOOD Man out of the GOOD Treasure of of \*the HEART produces GOOD; and the BAD Man out of the EVIL produces EVIL; for out of \*an Overflowing Heart his MOUTH speaks.
- 46 ‡ And why do you call Me, 'Master, Master,' and obey not my commands?
- 47 ‡ EVERY ONE COM-ING to me, and hearing My words, and obeying them, I will show you whom he is like;
- 48 he resembles a Man building a House, who dug deep, and laid a foundation on the Rock; and a Flood having come, the STREAM dashed against that HOUSE, but could not shake it; \* because it was WELL-BUILT on the ROCK.
- 49 But HE who HEARS and obeys not, resembles a Man building a House on the EARTH, without a Foundation; against which the STREAM dashed, and it fell immediately, and great was the BUIN of that HOUSE.

#### CHAPTER VII.

- 1 Now when he had finished All his sayings in the HEARING of the PEOFLE, ‡ he entered Capernaum.
- 2 And a Centurion's Servant, who was valuable to him, being sick, was about to die.

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—44. the HEART. 45. Mah.—emit. 45. Treasure of this HEART—omit. 45. an Overflowing Heart. 48. because it was WELL-BUILT on

Ακουσας δε περι του Ιησου, απεστειλε προς Having heard and about the Jesus, hesent to αυτον πρεσβυτερους των Ιουδαιων,  $\epsilon \rho \omega \tau \omega \nu$ asking him elders of the Jews. αυτον, όπως ελθων διασωση τον δουλον αύτου. that coming he world save the slave of himself. 4 Οί δε ταραγενομενοι προς τον Ιησουν, παρεκα-They and having come to the Jesus, they beλουν αυτον σπουδαιως, λεγοντες. That worthy earnestly, saying; sought him εστιν, 'ω παρεξει τουτο δαγαπα γαρ το he is, for whom thou wilt confer this; he loves for the εθνος ήμων, και την συναγωγην αυτος φκοδοnation of us, and the synagogue he μησεν ήμιν. 6 'Ο δε Ιησους επορευετο συν forus. The and Jesus went with autois. Ηδη δε αυτου ου μακραν απεχοντος Already and of him not far being distant and the house, sent [to him]  $\delta \in \kappa_x$ from the house, sent [to him] the cenτονταρχος φιλους, λεγων αυτώ. Κυριε, μη friends, saying to him; O sir, not σκυλλου ου γαρ είμι ίκανος, ίνα ύπο την bethou troubled: not for I am worthy, that under the στεγην μου εισελθης. 7 διο ουδε εμαυτον of me thou shouldst enter: therefore not even myself ηξιωσα προς σε ελθειν αλλα ειπε λογφ, και i deemen fit to thee to come; but speak a word, and iaθησεται όπαις μου. <sup>8</sup> Και γαρ εγω ανθρωπος will oo healed the boy of me. Even for I a man but speak a word, and ειμι ύπο εξουσιαν τασσομενος, εχων ύπ' εμαυbeing set, having under am under authority myτον στρατιωτας και λεγω τουτω Πορευθητι, soldiers; and I say to this; aels και πορευεται και αλλω Ερχου, και ερχεται and to another; Come, and he comes: and he goes και τφ δουλφ μου. Ποιηπον τουτο, και ποιει. and to the slave of me: Do this, and he does. 9 Ακουσας δε ταυτα δ Ιησους, εθαυμασεν αυτον:

Hearing and these the Jesus, admired him: και στραφεις, τφ ακολουθοντι αυτφ οχλφ ειπε and turning, to the following him crowd he said: Αεγω ύμιν, ουδε εν τφ Ισραηλ τοσαυτην πιστιν lay to you, not even in the Israel so great faith εύρον. 10 Και ὑποστρεψαντες οἱ πεμφθεντες i have found. And having returned those having been sent εις τον οικον, εύρον τον \*[ασθενουντα] δουλον into the house, they found the [being sick] slave ὑγιαινοντα.

being well.

11 Και εγενετο εν τη έξης, επορευετο εις
And it happened in the next, he was going to
πολιν καλουμενην Ναιν και συνεπορευοντο
a city being called Nain: and were going

- 3 And having heard concerning JESUS, the sent Elders of the JEWS to him, soliciting him, that he would come and save his SERVANT.
- 4 And having come to JESUS, THEY carnestly besought him, saying, "He is worthy for whom thou shouldst do this;
- 5 for he loves our NA-TION, and he built our SYNAGOGUE."
- 6 Then Jesus went with them; and being not far from the HOUSE, the CENTURION sent Friends, saying to him, "Sir, trouble not thyself; for I am not worthy that thou shouldst come under my ROOF;
- 7 therefore, I did not think myself even worthy to come to thee; but command by Word, and \*my SERVANT will be cured.
- 8 For even # am a Man appointed under Authority, having Soldiers under me, even I say to this one, 'Go,' and he goes; and to another, 'Come,' and he comes; and to my servant, 'Do this,' and he does it."
- 9 And Jesus hearing these things, admired him, and turning, said to the CROWD following him, "I tell you, I have not found, even in ISRAEL, such great Faith."
- 10 And those who had been sent, having returned to the House, found the Servant restored to health.

11 And it occurred on the NEXT day, that ne was going to a City called † Nain; and his disciples

<sup>•</sup> Vatican Manuscript.-6. to him-omit. 7. let my servant be healed. 10 being sick-omit.

<sup>† 3.</sup> Either magistrates of the place, or elders of the synagogue which the centurion had built. In the parallel place in Matthew, he is represented as coming to Jesus himself; but it is a usual form of speech in all nations, to attribute the act to a person, which is done, not by himself, but by his authority.—Clarke. † 11. Nain, was a small city of Galilee, in the tribe of Issachur. According to Eusebius, it was two miles from Mount Tabor, southward, and near to Endor.

αυτφ οί μαθηται αυτου \*[ίκανοι,] και οχλος disciples of him many,] with him the and a crowd πολυς. 12 'Ως δε ηγγισε τη πυλη της πολεως, great. As and hedrew near to the gate of the city, και ιδου, εξεκομιζετο τεθνηκως, υίος μονογενης and lo, was being carried out a dead man, a son only-born τη μητρι αύτου, και αύτη χηρα· και οχλος to the mother of himself, and she a widow; and a crowd <sup>13</sup> Και ιδων της πολεως ίκανος ην συν αυτη. great was with her. And seeing αυτην δ κυριος, εσπλαγχνισθη επ' αυτη, και the lord, he had compassion her on her, and 14 Και προσελθων Μη κλαιε. ειπεν αυτη. Not weep. And said to her; coming up ήψατο της σορου· οί δε βασταζοντες εστησαν. ne touched the bier; those and bearing stood still. Νεανισκε, σοι λεγω, εγερθητι. Kai eine. O young man, to thee I say, And he said; 15 Και ανεκαθισεν δ νεκρος, και ηρξατο λαλειν· satup the to speak

dead, and began 16 Ελαβε δε και εδωκεν αυτον τη μητρι αυτου. and he gave him to the mother of him. Seized and φοβος παντας, και εδοξαζον τον θεον, λεγοντες. and they glorified the God, saying: Ότι προφητης μεγας εγηγερται εν ήμιν, και has risen among us, and 17 Kat That a prophet great ότι επεσκεψατο ό θεος τον λαον αύτου. that has visited the God the people of numelf. εξηλθεν δ λυγος ούτος εν όλη τη Ιουδαια vent out the word this in whole the Judea concerning αυτου, και \*[εν] παση τη περιχωρω.
him, and [in] all the surrounding coun

the surrounding country. 18 Και απηγγειλαν Ιωαννη οί μαθηται αυτου told John the disciples of him περι παντων τουτων. 19 Και προσκαλεσαμεall these. And having called νος δυο τινας των μαθητων αύτου δ Ιωαννης, to two certain of the disciples of himself the επεμψε προς τον Ιησουν, λεγων Συ ει δ ερχοsent to the Jesus, saying: Thou art the coming  $\mu$ ενος,  $\eta$  αλλον προσδοκωμεν; <sup>20</sup> Παραγενομενοι
or another srewetolockfor? Η Having come or another are we to look for? Having come δε προς αυτον οί ανδρες ειπον. Ιωαννης δ βαπand to him the men they said: John the τιστης απεσταλκεν ήμας προς σε, λεγων Συ per has sent us to thee, saying: Thou ει δ ερχομενος, η αλλον προσδοκωμεν; 21 Εν art the coming one, or another are we to look for? αυτη δε τη ώρα εθεραπευσε πολλους απο νοσων and the hour he delivered many from diseases μαστιγων και πνευματων πονηρων, και Ka:

spirits

were going with him, and a great Crowd.

12 And as he approached the GATE of the CITY, behold, a dead man was being carried out, an Only Son of his MOTHER, and she was a Widow; and a great Crowd from the CITY was with her.

13 And seeing her, the LORD had pity on her, and said to her, "Weep not."

14 And approaching, he touched the TBIER, and U.e BEARERS stood stite. And he said, "Young man, I say to thee, Acise."

15 Then HE who had been DEAD sat up, and began to speak; and he gave him to his mother.

16 And fear seized all; and they praised GoD, sav-ing, ‡"A great Prophet has risen among us." and, t"Gop has visited his PEOPLE."

And this REPORT concerning him pervaded All JUDEA, and All the SURROUNDING COUNTRY.

18 # And John's Disc :-PLES told him of all these things.

19 And summoning two of his disciples, John sent to \* the Lord, saying, "Art thou the COMING ONE? or are we to expect Another?"

20 And having come to him, the MEN said, "John, the IMMERSER, \*sent us to thee, saying, 'Art thou the COMING ONE? or are we to expect Another?",

21 And in That HOUR he. delivered many from Diseases, and Plagues, and evil Spirits; and he gave

evil,

and

and

plagues

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. many-omit. 17. in-omit. 19. the LORD. say-20. sent.

<sup>† 14.</sup> The people of the East bury the dead without coffins; but they carry them to the grave on a bier which is shaped like one.—Harmer. "Presently a funeral procession, consisting of men and women, came rapidly from the city, (the cemetery is outside of the present Jerusalem,) and halted at a newly-made grave sunk three or four feet only below the ground. The body was not enclosed in a coffin, but wrapped in a loose garment and lad on a bier carried by hand. My impression is that even the face was partially exposels to view. It was under similar circumstances that the son of the widow at Nain was borne to the grave."—Hackett.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Luke xxiv. 19; John iv. 19; vi. 14; 1x. 17. † 16. Luke i. 68. 1 18 Watt.

blessed

may be stumbled

22 Kar τυφλοις πολλοις εχαρισατο το βλεπειν. to blin, ones many he gave the to see. And αποκοιθεις δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Πορευθεντες answering the Jesus said to them: Going away απαγγειλατε Ιωαννη ά ειδετε και ηκουσατε. 'e'ste to John what you have seen and \*[ότι] τυφλοι αναβλεπουσι, χωλοι περιπατ-(that] blind ones see again, lame ones are walking ουσι, λεπροι καθαριζονται, κωφοι ακουουσι, about, lepers are cleansed, deafones are hearing, νεκροι εγειρονται, πτωχοι ευαγγελιζονται. dead ones are raised up, poor ones are addressed with glad tidings  $^{23}$  και μακαριος εστιν, δς εαν μη σκανδαλισθη

is, whoever not

€ν €μοι.

 $^{1}$  me.  $^{24}$  Απελθοντων δε των αγγελων Ιωαννου, Having departed and the messengers ηρξατο λεγειν προς τους οχλους περι Ιωαννου. he began to say to the crowds concerning John; Τι εξεληλυθατε εις την ερημον θεασατθαι; What have you come out into the desert καλαμον ύπο ανεμου σαλευομενον; <sup>25</sup> Αλλα τι by wind being shaken? But what εξεληλυθατε ιδειν; ανθρωπον εν μαλακοις ίμαhave you come out to see? aman in soft τιοις ημφιεσμένον; Ιδου, οἱ εν ἱματισμώς ments having been clothed? Lo, those in clothing ενδοξφ και τρυφη ύπαρχοντες, εν τοις βασιshowy and inluxury living, in the royal λειοις εισιν. 26 Αλλα τι εξεληλυθατε ίδειν: But what have you come out to re? palaces are. προφητην; Ναι λεγω ύμιν, και περισσοτερον a prophet? Yes I say to you, and much more 27 Ούτος εστι, περι ού γεγραππρυφητου. This is, concerning whom it is writof a prophet. ται " Ιδου, εγω αποστελλω τον αγγελον μου "Lo, send the messenger of me προ προσωπου σου, δε κατασκευασει την όδον before face of thee, who shall prepare the way σου εμπροσθεν σου."  $\frac{23}{\Lambda}$ εγω  $\frac{\gamma}{\gamma}$   $\frac{\gamma}{\gamma}$  to you,  $I_{\omega\alpha\nu\nu o \upsilon} *[του βαπτιστου] ουδεις εστιν° δ δε of John [the dipper] not is; the but$ μικροτέρος εν τη βασιλεία του θέου, μειζων less in the kingdom of the God, greater αυτου έστι. 29 Και πας ό λαος ακουσας, και And all the people having heard and οί τελωναι, εδικαιωσαν τον θεον, Βαπτισθεντες the tax-gatherers, justified the God, having been dipped το βκπτισμα Ιωαννου. <sup>30</sup> Οί δε Φαρισαιοι και dipping of John. The but Pharisees οί νομικοι την βουλην του θεου ηθετησαν εις the lawyers the purpose of the God set aside for έαυτους, μη βαπτισθεντες ύπ' αυτου. themselves, not having been dipped by

\* sight to many Blind persons.

22 And \* Jesus answering, said to them, ‡"Go, tell John what you have seen and heard; the Blind are made to see, the Lame to walk, the Lepers are cleansed, the Deaf hear, the Dead are raised, ± glad tidings are announced to the Poor:

23 and happy is he who shall not stumble at me."

24 TADJ JODD'S MESSEN-GERS having departed, he began to say to the CROWDS concern ng John, "Why went you cut into the DES. ERT? To see a Reed shaken by the Wind?

25 But why went you out? To see a Man clothed in soft garments? Behold, THOSE robed in SPLENDID APPAREL, and living in luxury, are in ROYAL PAL-ACES.

26 But why went you out? To see a Prophet? Yes, I tell you, and one more excellent than a Prophet.

27 This is he concerning whom it is written, ‡ Bc-hold! \*I send my mes-senger before thy Face, who will prepare thy WAY before thee.'

28 I say to you, Among those born of Women, there is not a greater than John; yet the LEAST in the KING-DOM of GOD is superior to him.

29 And All the PEOPLE having heard, and the TRIBUTE-TAKERS, justified GOD, thaving been im-mersed with the IMMER-SION of John.

30 But the PHARISEES and LAWYERS set aside the TPURPOSE of GOD towards themselves, not having been immersed by him.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—21. sight. 22. he am 22, he answering. 22. That-et—omit 28. the dipper—omit. 22. That-om:t.

<sup>2 22.</sup> Matt. xi. 5. 1 22. Luke iv 18 1 24 Matt. xi. 7. 1 27 Mal. 111 1 1 29. Matt. iii. 5; Luke iii. 12. 1 30 Acts xx. 27.

 $^{31}$  Τινι ουν δμοιωσω τους ανθρωπους της To what then shall I compare the men of the γενεας ταυτης: και τινι εισιν δμοιοι;  $^{32}$  Ομοιgeneration this? and to what are they like? Like

οι εισι παιδιοις τοις εν αγορα καθημενοις, και they are boys those in a market sitting, and

προσφωνουσιν αλληλοις, και λεγουσιν Ηυληcalling to one another, and saying; We have played σαμεν ύμιν, και ουκ ωρχησασθε εθρηνησαμεν

the flute for you, and not you have danced; we have mourned υμιν, και ουκ εκλαυσατε. <sup>33</sup> Εληλυθε γαρ for you, and not you have wept. Has come for

Ιωαννης δ βαπτιστης, μητε αρτον εσθιων, John the dipper, neither bread eating,

μητε οινον πινων και λεγετε Δαιμονιον εχει. nor wine drinking; and you say;  $^{34}$  Lenon he has.  $^{34}$  Εληλυθεν  $^{5}$  vios του ανθρωπου, εσθιων και Has come the son of the man, eating and

Has come the son of the man, eating and πινων και λεγετε Ιδου, ανθρωπος φαγος και drinking; and you say; Lo, a man glutton and olvοποτης, φιλος τελωνων και αμαρτωλων. a wine-drinker, a friend of tax-gatherers and sinners.

35 Και εδικαιωθη ή σοφια απο των τεκνων αύτης
And is justified the wisdom by the children of herself

παντων. all.

36 Ηρωτα δε τις αυτον των Φαρισαιων, ίνα him of the and one Pharisees, that μετ' αυτου· και εισηλθων εις την οικιαν he might eat with him; and entering into the του Φαρισαιου, ανεκλιθη. 37 Και ιδου, γυνη And a woman of the Pharisee, he reclined. lo, εν τη πολει, ήτις ην άμαρτωλος, επιγνουσα ότι a sinner, knowing who was ανακειται εν τη οικιά του Φαρισαιου, κομισασα he reclines in the house of the Pharisee, having brought αλαβαστρον μυρου, <sup>38</sup> και στασα οπισω παρα an alabaster-box of balsam, and standing behind τους ποδας αυτου, κλαιουσα, ηρξατο βρεχειν feet of him, weeping, she began to wet τους ποδας αυτου τοις δακρυσι και ταις θριξι of him with the tears; and with the hairs της κεφαλης αύτης εξεμασσε, και κατεφιλει of herself wiped. kissed head of the 39 Ιδων τους ποδας αυτου, και ηλειφε τω μυρω. of him, and anointed with the balsam. the δε ό Φαρισαιος ό καλεσας αυτον, ειπεν εν έαυτω, but the Pharisee that having called him, spoke in himself, λεγων. Ούτος ει ην προφητης, εγινωσκεν αν, would know, This if he was a prophet, saying;

31 ‡To what then shal! I compare the MEN of this GENERATION? and what are they like?

32 They are like THOSE Boys SITTING in a Public place, and calling to one another, and saying, 'We have played for you on the flute, but you have not danced; we have sung mournful songs for you, but you have not lamented.'

33 ‡ For John the IM-MERSER has come neither eating Bread nor drinking Wine, and you say, 'He has a Demon.'

34 The son of MAN has come eating and drinking, and you say, 'Behold a Glutton and a Wine-drinker! an Associate of Tribute-takers and Sinners!'

35 ‡But WISDOM is vindicated by All her CHILDREN."

36 ‡And one of the PHARISEES invited him to cat with him. And entering the HOUSE of the PHARISEE, he reclined.

37 And, behold, a † Woman \* who was of the CITY, a Sinner, knowing that he reclined in the Pharisee's House, brought an Alabaster box of Baisam,

38 and standing thehind, at his feet, weeping, she began to wet his feet with Tears, and wiped them with the Hair of her head, and repeatedly kissed his feet, and anointed them with the Bal-Sam.

39 But THAT PHARISEE who had INVITED him observing this, spoke within himself, saying, ‡"This man, if he were a Prophet,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 37. who was in the city, a Sinner.

<sup>† 37.</sup> There is no good reason for concluding that this woman was a public prostitute, as many suppose. She was probably only a Gentile, and therefore in the estimation of the Pharisse a sinner. Hamarolog, is often used in the New Testamentin this sense. † 38. This is not intelligible, without adverting to the posture in which the ancients took their meals. They placed themselves along the couch on their sides, supported their heads with one arm, bent at the elbow, and resting on the couch; and with the other they took their food, and were supported at the back by cushions. Their feet of course were accessible to one who came behind the couch.—Wakefield.

<sup>† 31.</sup> Matt. xi. 16. † 33. Matt. iii. 4; Mark 2.6; Luke i. 15. † 35. Matt. xt. 10. † 36. Matt. xxvi. 6; Mark xiv. 8; John xi. 2. † 39. Luke xv. 2.

τις και ποταπη ή γυνη, ήτις άπτεται αυτου· ότι άμαρτωλος εστι. <sup>40</sup> Και αποκριθεις ό Ιησους that a sinuer she is. And answering the Jesus ειπε προς αυτον. Σιμων, εχω σοι τι ειπειν. said to him; Sinon, I have to three something to say. Ο δε φησι. Διδασκαλε, ειπε. 41 Δυο χρεωφει-He and says: Two O teacher, say. λεται ησαν δανειστη τινι δ είς ωφειλε δηναρια ors were to a creditor certain : the one owed 42 Mn πεντακοσια, δ δε έτερος πεντηκοντα. five hundred, the and other fifty. five hundred, the and other exoverwise, the and other exoverwise  $*[\delta\epsilon]$  aution a  $\pi$  of the part of  $\epsilon_{\rm X}$   $\epsilon_{$ EYOUTWV Ύπολαμβανω, δτι 'φ το πλειον εχαρισατο. I suppose, that to whom the more he forgave. 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτφ. Ορθως εκρινας. 44 Και στρα-He and said to him: Rightly thou hast judged. And turnφεις προς την γυναικα, τφ Σιμωνι εφη. Βλεπing to the woman, to the Simon he said: εις ταυτην την γυναικα; εισηλθον σου εις την thou this the woman? I came of thee into the οικιαν· ύδωρ επι τους ποδας μου ουκ εδωκας· house: water for the feet of me not thou gavest: αύτη δε τοις δακρυσιν εβρεξε μου τους ποδας, she but with the tears she wet of me the και ταις θριξι αύτης εξεμαξε. 45 Φιλημα μοι and with the hairs of herself has wiped. A kiss to me ουκ εδωκας αύτη δε αφ' ής εισηλθον, ου δειουκ εδωκας αυτη σε αφ ης not has not thou gavest: she but from of her came in, not has ποτ τους ποδας. 46 Ελαιω With oil kissing of me the feet. ceased την κεφαλην μου ουκ ηλειψας αύτη δε μυρφ the head of me notthoudidstanoint: she but with halsam ηλειψε τους ποδας μου. 47 Ού χαριν, λεγω of me. Therefore, anointed the feet σοι, αφεωνται αί άμαρτιαι αυτης αί πολλαι, to thee, have been forgiven the sins ofher the many, ότι ηγαπησε πολυ ' φ δε ολιγον αφιεται, forthat she loved much; to whom but little is forgiven, 48  $Ei\pi\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\alpha \nu \tau \eta$   $\Phi\epsilon\omega\nu \tau\alpha i$  He said and to her; Have been for given ολιγον αγαπα. he loves. 49 Και ηρξαντο οἱ συνανακεισου αί αμαρτιαι. sins. And reclining of thee the began those μενοι λεγειν εν έαυτοις. Τις ούτος εστιν, ός with to say in themselves; Who this is, και άμαρτιας αφιησιν; <sup>50</sup> Ειπε δε προς την forgives? He said and to sins the γυναικα. Ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε πορευου εις woman; The faith of thee has saved thee; go ειρηνην.

would know who and what the woman is, that touches him; For she is a Sinner."

- 40 And Jesus answering, said to him, "Simon, I have something to say to thee." And HE said, "Teacher, say it."
- 41 "A certain Creditor had Two Debtors; ONE owed five hundred † Denarii, and the OTHER fifty.
- 42 But not having [the means] to pay, he forgave both. Which of them, therefore, will love him most?"
- 43 And Simon answering, said, "He, I suppose, to whom he forgave Most." And he said to him, "Thou hast judged correctly."
- 44 And turning to the WOMAN, he said to SIMON, "Thou seest This WOMAN: I came into Thy HOUSE, thou gavest me no Water for my FEET; but she we! My FEET with TEARS, and wiped them with her HAIR.
- 45 Thou gavest Me no Kiss; but she, since she came in, has not ceased kissing My feet.
- 46 Thou didst not tanount My HEAD with Oil; but she anointed my FEET with Balsam.
- 47 Therefore, I say to thee, Her Many sins have been forgiven; on this accountshe loved much; but he to whom little is forgiven, \*also loves little."
- 48 And he said to her, to Thy sins have been forgiven."
- 49 And the GUESTS began to say among themselves; ‡" Who is this that even forgives Sins?"
- 50 And he said to the woman, "Thy faith has saved thee; go in Peace."

peace.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. and-omit.

<sup>42.</sup> say-omit.

<sup>47.</sup> also loves.

<sup>† 41.</sup> A Roman coin worth about 14 cents, or 7d.

<sup>143.</sup> Psa. xxiii. 5. 147. 1 Tim. i. 14. 148. Matt. ix. 2; Mark ii. 5. 149. Matt. ix. 3: Mark ii. 7. 150. Matt. ix. 22; Mark v. 84; x. 52; Luke viii. 48; xviii. 42.

## КΕФ. η', 8...

1 Και εγενετο εν τω καθεξης, και αυτος
And it happened in the afterwards, also he διωδευε κατα πολιν και κωμην, κηρυσσων publishing traveled through every city and village, και ευαγγελιζομενος την βασιλειαν του θεου. kingdom of the God; and proclaiming the glad tidings the kingdom of the God; και οί δωδεκα συν αυτω, 2 και γυναικες τινες, and and the twelve with him, αί ησαν τεθεραπευμεναι απο πνευματων πονηwho were having been healed from spirits ρων και ασθενειων Μαρια ή καλουμενη Μαγδαand infirmities; Mary that being called Magdaληνη, αφ' ής διαμονια έπτα εξεληλυθει, 3 και lene, from whom demons seven had gone out, and Ιωαννα, γυνη Χουζα επιτροπου Ήρωδου, και Joanna, a wife of Chuza asteward of Herod, and Σουσαννα, και έτεραι πολλαι, αίτινες διηκονουν Susanna, and others many, who ministered αυτφ απο των ὑπαρχοντων αυταις. to him from the possessions

 $^4$   $\sum_{\nu\nu}$   $_{\nu}$   $_{\nu}$  Was assemblin and a crowd great, and ofte τολιν  $\epsilon$ πιπορ $\epsilon$ υομ $\epsilon$ νων προς αυτον,  $\epsilon$ ιπ $\epsilon$  δια city were coming to him, he said by παραβολης. <sup>5</sup> Εξηλθεν δ σπειρων του σπειραι a parable; Went out the sower of the to sow a parable; τον σπορον αύτου και εν τω σπειρειν αυτον, δ the seed of himself; and in the sowing it, this μεν επεσε παρα την όδον και κατεπατηθη, και by the path: and it was trodden down, and indeed fell τα πετεινα του ουρανου κατεφαγεν αυτο. 6 Και And tae birds of the heaven ate έτερον επεσεν επι την πετραν. φυεν και another fell on the rock, and havingsprung up εξηρανθη, δια το μη εχειν ικμαδα. it dried up, through the not to have moisture. 7 Kal And έτερον επεσεν εν μεσφ των ακανθων και συμ-another fell in midst of the thorns; and having having 8 Kat φυεισαι αι ακανθαι απεπνιξαν αυτο. sprung up with the thorns they choked it. And έτερον επεσεν εις την γην την αγαθην. KOLL fell in the ground the good: εποιησε καρπου έκατονταπλασιονα. having sprung up bore fruit a hundredfold. Ταυτα λεγων, εφωνει 'Ο εχων ωτα ακουειν, These things having said, he cried: He having ears to hear, 9 Επηρωτων δε αυτον οί μαθηται akoverw. let him hear.

αυτου, \*[λεγοντες.] and him the disciples τις ειη ή παραβολη [saying,] what may be the parable of him, 10 Ο δε ειπεν. Ύμιν δεδοται γνωναι τα He and said; To you it is given to know the μυστηρια της βασιλειας του θεου τοις δε λοιof the kingdom of the God; to the but others ποις εν παραβολαις· ίνα βλεποντες μη βλεπωσι,

### CHAPTER VIII.

1 And it occurred AFTER-WARDS that he traveled through every City and Village, publishing and proclaiming the glad tidings of the KINGDOM of GOD; and the TWELVE were with him,

2 and 1 certain Women, who had been delivered from evil Spirits and Infirmities, THAT Mary who was CALLED of MAGDALA, from whom seven Demons had been expelled,

3 and Joanna, the Wife of Chuza, Herod's Steward, and Susanna, and many others, who assisted him from their Possessions.

4 ! Now when a great Crowd was assembling, and THEY were COMING to him from every City, he spoke by a Parable:

5 "The sower wer! forth to sow his seed; and in sowing, part fell by the ROAD; and it was trodden down, or the BIEDS of HEAVEN picked it up.

6 And another part fell on the ROCK; and having sprung up, it withered away, because it HAD NO Moisture.

7 And another part fell in the Midstofthe THORNS; and the THORNS springing up with it, choked it.

8 And another part fel into the GOOD GROUND, and having sprung up, yielded Increase, a hundredfold." And having said this, he cried, "HE having Ears to hear, let him hear.

9 # And his DISCIPLES asked him, "What may \* This Parable mean?"

10 And HE said, "To you it is given to know the SECRETS of the KINGDOM of God; but to the other's in Parables; 1 that seeing they may not see, and hear-

parables;

in

not they may see,

seeing

that \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. This PARABLE.

<sup>10.</sup> saying .- omit. 1 4. Matt. xiii. 2; Mark iv. 1. 1 2 Mark xvi. 9. 1 2. Matt. xxvii. 55, 56. 2 9. Matt. xiii. 10; Mark iv. 10.

I 10. Isa. vi. 9; Mark iv. 12.

ιι Εστιδε αύτη ή ται ακουοντές μη συνιωσιν. and hearing not they may understand. Is now this the παραβολη. Ο σπορος, εστιν ὁ λογος του θεου. The is the word of the God. seed, Ε Οί δε παρα την όδον, εισιν οί ακουοντες. Those and by are those hearing: the path, ειτα ερχεται δ διαβολος, και αιρει τον λογον comes the accuser, and takes away the word απο της καρδιας αυτων, ίνα μη πιστευσαντες heart of them, so that not having believed 13 Οί δε επι της πετρας, οί, όταν σωθωσιν. they may be saved. They and on the rock, who, when ακουσωσι, πετα χαρας δεχονται τον λογον. with they may hear, joy receives the word; ουκ εχουσιν, οί προς καιρον και ούτοι δι(αν they have, who for aroot not a season ειστευουσι, και εν καιρώ πειρασμού αφιστανand in aseason of temptation will believe, fall away. 14 Το δε εις τας ακανθας πεσον, ούτοι TCL. thorns having fallen, these That and into the €ισιν οί ακουσαντες, και ύπο μεριμνων και and by stious cares are they having heard, πλουτου και ήδονων του βιου πορευομένοι συμand pleasures of the life going forth πνιγονται, και ου τελεσφορουσι. 15 Το δε εν and not bear fruit to perfection. That and τη καλη γη, ούτοι εισιν, οίτινες εν καρδια the good ground, these are, who in heart καλη και αγαθη ακουσαντες τον λογον, κατεgood and upright baving heard the word, re-16 Ovχουσι, και καρποφορουσιν εν ύπομονη. δεις δε λυχνον άψας, καλυπτει αυτον σκευει, η one and a lamp having lighted, covers him with a vessel, or ύποκατω κλινης τιθησιν αλλ' επι λυχνιας επιa couch places: but upon a lamp-stand pla-

\*[ίνα οἱ εισπορευομενοι βλεπωσι το [that those entering may see the τιθησιν, 17 Ου γαρ εστι κρυπτον, δ ου φανερον φωs.] Not for is aght.] hidden, which not manifest γενησεται ουδε αποκρυφον, δ ου γνωσθησεται nor stored away, which not will be known και εις φανερον ελθη. 18 Βλεπετε ουν, πως Take heed then, light may come. and into ακουετε ός γαρ αν εχη, δοθησεται αυτώ και you hear; who for ever may have, it will be given to him: and ός αν μη εχη, και ό δοκει εχειν, αρθησεται whoever not may have, even what he seems to have, will be taken απ' αυτου. him. from

19 Παρεγενουτο δε προς αυτον ή μητηρ και Came and him the mother to οί αδελφοι αυτου, και ουκ ηδυναντο συντυχειν and brothers of him, and not was able to get near 20 Και απηγγελη δια τον οχλον. to him on account of the crowd. And ft was told 'H \*[λεγοντων.] QUTQ, μητηρ σου Kat oi o him, The [saying;] mother of thee and the

ing they may not understand.

li I Now the PARABLE is this: The SEED is the

WORD of GOD.

12 THOSE by the ROAD are THEY who HEAR; then the ENEMY comes, and takes away the WORD from their HEARTS, that they may not believe and be saved.

13 THOSE on the BOCK are they, who, when they hear, receive the WORD with Joy; and yet these have no Root; they believe for a Time, and in a Time of Trial fall away.

14 And THAT having fallen among the THORNS are THEY, who, HAVING HEARD, and going forth are choked by the Anxie. ties, and Riches, and Pleasures of LIFE, and bring no fruit to maturity,

15 But THAT in the GOOD Ground are those, who, having heard the WORD, retain it in a good and honest Heart, and bear fruit with Perseverance.

16 I Now no one having lighted a Lamp, covers it with a Vessel, or puts it under a Couch, but places it on a Lamp-stand, \* that THOSE COMING IN may see the LIGHT.

17 # For there is nothing hidden, which will not be disclosed, nor concealed, which will not be known. and come to light.

18 Take heed, therefore, how you hear; I for to him who has, more will be given; but from him who has not, will be taken away even that which he has."

19 † Now his MOTHER and BROTHERS came towards him, but could not get near him, on account of the CROWD.

20 And it was told him. "Thy MOTHER and thy

VATICAN MSS.-16. THOSE COMING IN MAY see the LIGHT-omit. 20. saving-omt.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Matt. xiii. 18; Mark iv. 14. † 16. Matt. v. 15; Mark iv. 2 † 17. Matt. x. 26; Luke xii. 2. † 18. Matt. xiii. 12; xxv. 29; Luke xix. 26. xt. 40; Mark iv. 31. 16. Matt. v. 15; Mark iv. 21; Luke xi. 33

ιδελφοι σου εστηκασιν εξω, ιδειν σε θελοντες. stand without, to see thee desiring. brothers of thee Μητηρ

1 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπε προς αυτους. Mother said to them; He and answering ιου και αδελφοι μου ούτοι εισιν, οί **τον** λογον who the of me and brothers of me these are, του θεου ακουούτες και ποιούντες.

of the God hearing and doing.

22 Και εγενετο εν μια των ήμερων, και αυτος And it happened in one of the days, and ενεβη εις πλοιον, και οὶ μαθηται αυτου KAL went into a ship, and the disciples of him; and : iπε προς αυτους. Διελθωμεν εις το περαν της them; We may pass over to the other side of the λιμνης και ανηχθησαν. 23 Πλεοντων δε αυτων, they put off. and Sailing but of them, **χ**φυπνωσε. Και κατεβη λαιλαψ ανεμου εις την he fell asleep. And came down a squall or wind on the λιμνην, και συνεπληρουντο, και εκινδυνευον. lake, bus they were filling, and were in danger. 4 Προσελθοντες δε διηγειραν αυτον, λεγοντες. him, Ο δε εγερand they awoke Επιστατα, επιστατα, απολλυμεθα. wo are perishing. He and O master, O master, θεις επετιμησε τφ ανεμφ και τφ κλυδωνι του
ag rebuked the wind and the raging of the έδατος· και επαυσαντο, και εγενετο γαληνη. and they ceased, and there was a calm. 5 Ειπε δε αυτοις. Που εστιν ή πιστις ύμων; Hes. id and to them: Where is the faith of you? Φοβηθεντες δε εθαυμασαν, λεγοντεs Troos and they wondered, saying to Τις αρα ούτος εστιν, ότι και τοις αλληλους. Who then this is. that even to the o ne another; ανεμις επιτασσει και τφ ύδατι, και ύπακουουwinds he gives a charge and to the water, and they hearken σιν αυτω ; <sup>26</sup> Και κατεπλευσαν εις την χωραν to him? And into the country they sailed των Γαδαρηνων, ήτες εστιν αντιπεραν της over-against the ζαλιλαιας.

Galilee.

27 E $\xi \in \lambda$  θοντι δε αυτω επι την γην, ὑπηντηGoing out and to him on the land, met σεν αυτφ ανηρ τις εκ της πολεως, ός ειχε who had a man certain out of the city, δαιμονια εκ χρονων ίκανων, και ίματιον συκ demons from times many, and a mantle got ενεδιδυσκετο, και εν οικια ουκ εμενεν, αλλ' εν and in a house not he remained, but he put on,

BROTHERS stand without. desiring to see thee."

21 But HE answering. said to them, " My Motner and my Brothers are THESE who HEAR the WORD of God, and obey it."

22 ‡ And it came to pass on one of the DAYS, that he went into a Boat with his DISCIPLES; and he said to them, "Let us pass over to the OTHER SIDE of the LAKE." And they set sail.

23 And as they were sailing, he fellasleep; and there came down a Gale of Wind on the LAKE; and they were deluged, and were in danger.

24 And approaching, they awoke him, saying, "Master! Master! we are perishing." Then arising. HE rebuked the WIND and the RAGING of the WATER; and they ceased, and there was a Calm.

25 And he said to them, "Where is your FAITH?" And being afraid, they wondered, saying to one another, "Who then is this that commands even the WINDS and the WATER, \* and they obey him."

26 1 And they sailed to the region of the \* † Ger-ASENES, which is opposite to GALILEE.

27 And going out or SHORE, \* a Certain Man of the CITY met him, who had \* Demons; and for a long Time he wore no Clothes, nor remained in a House, but in the TOMBS.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. and they obey him-omit. 26. GERASENES. 27. Demons; and for a long Time he wore.

<sup>† 26.</sup> If was afterwards informed by Mr. Thomson of Sidon, who had recently traversed this region, and whose knowledge both of the country and its language gave him great facilities in picking up information, that nearly opposite Mejdel (Magdala) or just about opposite where we turned south, there is a place called by the natives Girsa, which Mr. T. supposes to be a corruption of Gergesene. Here there is a sharp sloping precipice of perhaps 2000 feet high. This is the 'steep place' (kreemnou) Matt. vii. 32; Mark v. 13; Luke viii. 33. Mark and Luke say it was in the country of the Gadarenes, and we know that Gadara (eight miles from Tiberias according to Josephus, Life, 65) must have been farther south. But the term Gadarene may be a wide one, and besides, the reading in Mark and Luke is a very doubtful one; the mass of evidence preponderates in favor of Gerasene instead of Gadarene. -IIackett.

<sup>1 22.</sup> Matt vini, 23; Mark iv. 35.

23 Ιδων δε τον Ιησουν, και τοις μνημασιν. Seeing and the the and tombs. Jeaus. ανακραξας, προσεπεσεν αυτφ, και φωνη μεγαλη crying out, he fell down to him, and with a voice loud ειπε· Τι εμοι και σοι, Ιησου, vie του θεου του hesaid; What to me and to thee, Jesus, Oson of the God of the ύψιστου; δεομαι σου, μη με βασανισης. highest? thee, me thou mayet torment. I beseech not 29 (Παρηγγειλε γαρ τω πνευματι τω ακαθαρτω (He had commanded for the spirit the unclean εξελθειν απο του ανθρωπου πολλοις γαο χροto come out from the man; DRAILY for νοις συνηρπακει αυτον· και εδεσμειτο άλυσεσι it had seized him; and he was bound with chains και πεδαις, φυλασσομενος. και διαρόησων τα and being guarded; and breaking δεσμα, ηλαυνετο ύπο του δαιμονος εις τας ερηbonds, he was driven by the demon into the des-30 Επηρωτησε δε αυτον δ Ιησους, uous.) Asked and him the \*[\lambda \inv \overline{\sigma} Ti \sigma oi \in \sigma tiv \overline{\sigma} ovouc;

[saying,] What to thee is a name? 'Ο δε ειπε' He and said; Λεγεων ότι δαιμονία πολλα εισηλθεν εις αυτον. egion: for demons many hadentered into 31 Και παρεκαλει αυτον, ίνα μη επιταξη αυτοις And he besought him, that not he would command them 32 Hv δε εκει εις την αβυσσον απελθειν. into the abyss to go. Waa and there αγελη χοιρων ίκανων βοσκομενων εν τω ODE1, of swine many feeding in the mountain: και παρεκαλουν αυτον, ίνα επιτρεψη αυτοις els εκεινους εισελθειν. Και επετρεψεν αυτοις. to enter. And he permitted them. 3 Εξελθοντα δε τα δαιμονια απο του **αν**θρωπου, Having gone out and the demons from the they entered into the swine: ή και ώρμησεν and the rushed αγέλη κατα του κρημνου εις την λιμνην, και the precipice into the 34 Ιδοντες δε οί βοσκοντες απεπνιγη. TO Seeing and those were choked. feeding that γεγονος, εφυγον και απηγγειλαν εις την πολιν in the having been done, fled reported and city 35 Εξηλθον δε ιδειν το KAL ELS TOUS AYPOUS. villages. They came out and to see that and in και ηλθον προς τον Ιησουν, και YEYOVOS. Jesus, having been done: and came to the and εύρον καθημενον τον ανθρωπον, αφ3 oข Ta found sitting the man. from whom the δαιμονια εξεληλυθει, ίματισμενον και σωφροhad gone out, having been clothed and being of νουντα, παρα τους ποδας του Ιησου· και εφοβηat the feet of the Jesus; and they 36 Απηγγειλαν δ∍ αυτοις και οί ιδοντες, Onoay. were afraid. Reported and to them and those having seen | SAW it informed them how

28 And seeing JESUS, he fell down before him, and crying out with a loud Voice, said, "What hast thou to do with me, Jesus, -O Son of Gop-the HIGHEST? I beseech thee. torment me not."

29 (For he had commanded the IMPURE SPIRIT to come out of the MAN. For it had frequently seized him; and he was bound with Chains and Fetters, and guarded; and breaking the BONDS, he was driven by the DEMON into the DESERTS.)

30 And JESUS asked him, "Whatisthy Name?" And HE said, "Legion;" Because many Demons had entered into him.

31 And hebesoughthim that he would not command them to go out into the ABYSS.

32 Now there was a Herd of many Swine feeding on the MOUNTAIN; and they besought him to permit them to go into them. And he permitted them.

33 Then the DEMONS having come out of the MAN, went into the swine; and the HERDrusheddown the PRECIPICE into the LAKE, and were tdrowned.

34 And the SWINE-HERDS, seeing THAT HAV-ING BEEN DONE, fled, and reported it in the CITY and in the VILLAGES.

35 And they went out to See THAT HAVING BEEN DONE. And they came to JESUS, and found the MAN from whom the DEMONS had gone out, setting at FEET of \*Jesus, the clothed, and in his right mind; and they were afraid.

36 Then THOSE who

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30. saying-omit. 35. Jesus.

<sup>† 33.</sup> Some sceptics have objected to this transaction, as not conformable to the character of Jesus. Now as the Jews were prohibited by the laws of Hyrcanus from keeping swine, and by the law of Moses from using them as food, this act was a just punishment on the violators of law. The miracle itself served to manifest Christ's own regard to the law of God, while the disposition displayed by the people, in desiring him to depart from them showed how well they needed correction.

πως εσωθη ὁ δαιμονισθεις.  $^{37}$  Κπι ηρωτησαν how was saved he having been demonized. And asked αυτον απαν το πληθος της περιχωρου των him whole the multitude of the surrounding region of the Γαδαρηνων, απελθειν απ' αυτων ότι φοβω Gadarenes, to go from them; for with a fear μεγαλφ συνειχοντο. great they were seized,

Autos  $\delta \epsilon$   $\epsilon \mu \beta as$   $\epsilon is$  to  $\pi \lambda o iov$ ,  $inestret{vev}$ . He and having gone into the ship, returned.  $38 \to 6 \epsilon e \tau o$   $\delta \epsilon$  autov  $\delta$  avnp,  $a\phi$  of  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \eta \lambda v \ell \epsilon t$  Begged and of him the man, from whom had gone out ta  $\delta a \iota \mu o \nu i a$ ,  $\epsilon \iota \nu a \iota$   $\sigma v \nu$  autop. A  $\pi \epsilon \lambda v \sigma \epsilon$   $\delta \epsilon$  the demons, to be with him. Sent away but autov  $\delta$  Injous,  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega v$ . 39 Thoothefore  $\epsilon is$  to the vikov  $\sigma o v$ , kai  $\delta i \eta \gamma o v$ ,  $\delta \sigma a \epsilon \pi o \iota \eta \sigma \epsilon \sigma o \iota$   $\delta$   $\theta \epsilon o s$ . house of the e, and relate, how much has done to the ethe God. Kai  $\alpha \pi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$ , ka $\theta$   $\delta \lambda \eta v$   $\tau \eta v$   $\pi o \lambda \iota v$  kn $\rho v \sigma \sigma \omega v$ , and he went away, through whole the city publishing,  $\delta \sigma a \epsilon \pi o \iota \eta \sigma \epsilon v$  autop  $\delta$  Injous.

1 Εγενετο δε εν τω ὑπουτρεψαι τον Ιησουν, 
απεδεξατο αυτον ὁ οχλος ησαν γαρ παντες 
gladly received him the crowd; they were for all 
προσδοκωντες αυτον. 41 Και ιδου, ηλθεν ανηρ, 
waiting for him. And lo, came a man, 
'φ ονομα Ιαειρος, και αυτος αρχων της συναto whom a name Jairus, and he a ruler of the synaτο whom a name Jairus, and he a ruler of the synaγωγης ὑπηρχε· και πεσων παρα τους ποδας του 
gogue was: and falling at the feet of the 
Ιησου, παρεκαλει αυτον εισελθειν εις τον οικον 
Jesus, besorght him to come into the house 
αὐτου 42 ὅτι θυγατηρ μονογενης ην αυτφ ὡς 
of himself: for a daughter only was to him about 
ετων δωδεκα, και αὐτη απεθνησκεν. Εν δε τω 
years twelve, and she was dying. In and to the 
ὑπαγειν αυτον, οἱ οχλοι συνεπνιγον αυτον. 
to go him, the crowds pressed him. 
43 Και γυνη ουσα εν ῥυσει αίματος απο ετων

And a woman being in a flow of blood from years δωδεκα, ήτις ιατροις προσαναλωσασο όλαν τον twelve, who with physicians having expended whole the βιον, ουκ ισχυσεν ὑπ' ουδενος θεραπευθηναι· living, not had strength by any one to be cured; 44 προσελθουσα οπισθεν, ήψατο του κρασπεδου habital touched the

coming behind, touched the tuft

Tou iματιου αυτου και παραχρημα εστη ή 
of the mantle of him: and immediately stopped the 
ρυσις του αίματος αυτης.

δων of the blood of her. And said the Jesus,

Τις ὁ άψαμενος μου: Αρνουμενων δε παντων, 
who the having touched me? Dening and all,
ειπεν δ Πετρος \* [και οί συν αυτω:] Επιστατα, 
and the Peter [and those with him:] O master,

the DEMONIAC was restored.

37 ‡And the Whole MULTITUDE of the SUR-ROUNDING COUNTRY of the \*GERASENES ‡ desired him to depart from them; For they were seized with great Fear. And having entered the \*Boat he returned.

38 Now the MAN from whom the DEMONS had gone out, desired to be with him. But \*he dismussed him, saying,

39 "Return to thy HOUSE, and relate how much God has done for thee." And he went away, and published through the Whole CITY how much JESUS had done for him.

40 And it occurred, as JESUS RETURNED, the CROWD gladly received him; for they were all waiting for htm.

41 ‡ And, behold, there came a Man, whose name was Jairus, and he was a Ruler of the synagogue; and falling at the feet of \* Jesus, entreated him to come into his house;

42 For he had an only Daughter, about twelva Years of Age, and she was dying. And as he WENT the CROWDS pressed on him.

43 ‡ And a Woman having had an Hemorrhage for twelve Years, who \* had consumed her Whole Living on Physicians, and could not be cured by any one,

44 coming up behind, touched the TUFT of his MANTLE, and immediately the FLOW of her BLOOD stopped.

45 And JESUS said, "Who TOUCHED me?" and all denying it, Peter and Those with him said,

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—37. Gerasenes. 37. Boat. 38. he dismissed him.

11. Jesus. 43. could not be cured by any one, coming up. 45. and those with him—quist.

<sup>1 37.</sup> Matt. viii. 34. 1 87. Acts yri. 39. 1 38. Mark v. 18. 1 41. Mett

οί οχλοι συνεχουσι σε και αποθλιβουσι. Kal press on thee and the crowds crowd: and λεγεις· Τις ὁ άψαμενος μου; sayest thou; Who the having touched me? ειπεν· 'Ηψατο μου τις· 46 'O de Invovs The and Jesus εγω γαρ εγνων said: Touched me someone: for know 47 Ιδουσα δε ή δυναμιν εξελθουσαν απ' εμου. went out from me. Seeing andthe אטטח, אדנ סטג ελαβε, τρεμουσα ηλθε, και woman, that not she was unnoticed, trembling came, προσπεσουσα αυτφ, δι' ήν αιτιαν ήψατο αυτου. falling down to him, through what cause she touched him, ταιίας σονη το πιη τατουραπιον παντος του λαου, related (to him) in pressuce of all of the people, και ώς ιαθη παραχρημα. 48 Ο δε ειπεν αυτη·

He and said to her; and how she was cured immediately. He and said to her; \* [Θαρσει, ] θυγατερ. ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε. [Take courage,] O daughter; the faith of thee has saved thee: πορευου εις ειρηνην. 49 Ετι αυτου λαλουντος, While of him in peace. speaking, ερχεται τις παρα του αρχισυναγωγου, λεγων comes some one from of the synagogue-ruler's, saying [αυτφ·] 'Οτι τεθνηκεν ή θυγατηρ σου μη [to him;] That is dead the daughter of thee: not σκυλλε τον διδασκαλον. 50 'Ο δε Ιησους The but trouble thou the teacher. Jesus \* [ λεγων.] Mη ακουσας, απεκριθη αυτφ, answered him [saving:] Not having heard, 51 Eλφοβου μονον πιστευε, και σωθησεται. only believe thou, and she shall be saved, Comfear: θων δε εις την οικιαν, ουκ αφηκεν εισελθειν ing and into the house, not he suffered to enter ουδενα, ει μη Πετρον και Ιωαννην και Ιακωβον, no one, except Peter and John and και τον πατερα της παιδος και την μητερα. and the father of the child and the mother. 52 Εκλαιον δε παντες, και εκοπτοντο αυτην. all, Was weeping and and lamenting Ο δε ειπε. Μη κλαιετε ουκ απεθανεν, αλλα He but said: Not weep your not she is dead, 53 Και κατεγελων αυτου, ειδοτες ότι Katevões. And they derided him, knowing that alceps. 54 Autos  $\delta \epsilon \times \left[ \epsilon \kappa \beta \alpha \lambda \omega \nu \right] \epsilon \delta \omega \pi \alpha \nu \tau \alpha s$ ,

He but  $\left[ \text{having put out all,} \right]$ απεθανεν. she was dead. και] κρατησας της χειρος αυτης, εφωνησε, and] having grasped the hand of her, called out, 55 Και επεστρεψε το λεγων 'Η παις, εγειρου. saying: The child, And returned the arise. πνευμα αυτης, και ανεστη παραχρημα·
breath ofher, and she stood up immediately: Kai And 56 Kaι εξεστηδιεταξαν αυτη δοθηναι φαγειν. he commanded to her to be given to eat. And were astonσαν οί γονεις αυτης. 'Ο δε παρηγγειλεν αυτοις

He but

"Master, the CROWDS press on and crowd thee, and dost thou say, 'WHO TOUCHED me ?""

46 And Jesus said, "Some one touched me; I for I know a Power went

out from me."

47 Then the WOMAN, seeing that she was discovered, came trembling, and falling down, related to him in presence of All the PEOPLE, why she had touched him, and how she was immediately cured.

48 And he said to her. " Daughter, thy FAITH has cured thee; go in Peace."

49 ! While he was still speaking, some one came from the SYNAGOGUE-RULER's house, who said, "Thy DAUGHTER is dead; trouble \*no more the TEACHER."

50 But Jesus having heard it, answered him, "Fear not, only believe, and she will be saved."

51 And coming to the House, he permitted no one \*to go in with him, except Peter, and John, and James, and the FATHER and the MOTHER of the

52 And all were weeping and lamenting her. But HE said, "Weep not; \*for she is not dead, tbut sleeps."

53 And they derided him, knowing That she was dead.

54 But he, grasping her HAND called out, saying, "MAIDEN, Tarise,"

55 And her BREATH returned, and she stood up immediately; and he or-dered them to give her food.

56 And her PARENTS were astonished, but # HE charged them to tell no one WHAT had been DON ?.

charged

them

ished the parents of her.

μηδενι ειπειν το γεγονος.

no one to tell that having been done.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 47. to him-omit. 43. Take courage-omit. O. no more the TRACHER. 50, saying—omit. 51. 52. for she. 54. having put them all out, and—omit. 43. no more the TRACHER. 51. to go in with him, except.

<sup>1 48.</sup> Mark v. 30; Luke vi. 19. \$ 58. Matt. Vill. 4, 14. 60; Mark v. 43.

## KE $\Phi$ , $\theta'$ , 9.

1 Συγκαλεσαμενος δε τους δωδεκα, εδωκεν Having called together and the twelve, he gave αυτοις δυναμιν και εξουσιαν επι παντα τα δαιto them power and authority over all the μονια, και νοσους θεραπευειν. 2 Και απεστει-And to cure. hesent and diseases λεν αυτους κηρυσσειν την βασιλειαν του θεου, to publish the kingdom of the God, και ιασθαι \*[τους ασθενουντας.]
and to heal [those being sick.] 3 Και ειπε And said προς αυτους. Μηδεν αιρετε εις την όδον, μητε them; Nothing take you for the journey, neither βαβδον, μητε πηραν, μητε αρτον, μητε αργυa hag, nor bread, nor silnor ριον<sup>\*</sup> μητε \*[ανα] δυο χιτωνας εχειν.
ver; nor [each] two coats to have. 4 Kai And ets ήν αν οικιαν εισελθητε, εκει μενετε, και into whatever house you may enter, there remain, and εκειθεν εξερχεσθε. 5 Και όσοι αν μη δεξωνται depart. And whoever not may receive thence ύμας, εξερχομενοι απο της πολεως εκεινης, και you, coming out from the city that, even τον κονιορτον απο των ποδων ύμων αποτιναξατε, the dust from the feet of you shake off, εις μαρτυρίον επ' αυτους. 6 Εξερχομενοι 6 Εξερχομενοι δε a testimony against them. Going forth and διηρχοντο : ατα τας κωμας, ευαγγελιζομενοι και they traveled through the villages, publishing glad tidings and θεραπευοντες πανταχου.

healing everywh

7 Ηκουσε δε 'Ηρωδης δ τετραρχης τα γινοthat Heard and Herod the tetrarch being μενα \*[ὑπ' αυτου] παντα και διηπορει, δια done [by him] all; and he was perplexed, because το λεγεσθαι ύπο τινων, ότι Ιωαννης εγηγερται to be said by some, that has been raised John the νεκρων. 8 ύπο τινων δε, ότι Ηλιας εφανη. out of dead; by some and, that Eliashad appeared αλλων δε, ότι προφητης είς των αρχαιων ανεσand, that a prophet one of the aucients has stood 9 Και ειπεν Ήρωδης. Ιωαννην εγω απεκε-And said Herod: John φαλισα· τις δε εστιν ούτος, περι ού εγω hated, who but is this, concerning whom I ακουω τοιαυτα ; Και εζητει ιδειν αυτον. hear such hings? And he sought to see him.

10 Και ύποστρεψαντες οί αποστολοι διηγησαντο having returned the apostles δσα εποιησαν και παραλαβων αυτους αυτω to him what things they had done; and taking them \*[τοπον ερημον] ύπεχωρησε κατ' idian eis [a place aesert, 11 Οί δε οχλοι by himself auto he withdrew πολεως καλουμενης Βηθσαιδα. O'a city being called Bethsaida. The and crowds

CHAPTER IX.

1 1 And having convened the TWELVE, he gave them Power and Authority over All DEMONS, and to cure Diseases.

2 And the sent them forth to proclaim the KING-DOM of GOD, and to cure

\* the SICK.

3 ‡ And he said to them: "Take Nothing for the JOURNEY, neither Staff, nor Traveling Bag, nor Bread, nor Silver, nor have Two Coats.

4 # And into Whatever House you may enter, there remain, and thence depart.

5 And whoever shall not receive you, when you go out from that CITY, Ishake off even the DUST from your ffet, for a Testimony to them."

6 # And going forth, they traveled through the VIL-LAGES, proclaiming the glad tidings, and performing cures everywhere.

7 I Now Herod, the TE-TRARCH, heard of ALL shar was DONE; and he was perplexed, because it was said by some, "John has been raised from the Dead;"

8 and by some, "Elijah has appeared;" and by others, \* "A certain Prophet of the ANCIENTS has risen up."

9 \*But HEROD said. "John I beheaded; but who is this of whom \*1 hear such things ?" # And he sought to see him.

10 I And the APOSTIES. having returned, related to him what things they had done. # And taking them aside, he withdrew privately into \* a desert Flace of a City, called Bethsaida.

11 And the CROWDS

<sup>7.</sup> by him-omil.
9. I hear. 19. 4 \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. the SICK-omit. 3. each-omit. 9. But HEROD. 8. a certain Prophet of the ANCIENTS Was. desert place-omit.

<sup>1.</sup> Matt. x. 1; Mark iii. 13; vi. 7. 12. Matt. x. 7; Mark vi. 12; Luke x. 1, 9. Matt. x. 9; Mark vi. 8; Luke x. 4; xxii. 35. 14. Matt. x. 11; Mark vi. 10. 15. Acts xiii. 51. 16. Matt. vi. 12. 17. Matt. xiv. 1; Mark vi. 14. 19. Luke xiii. 3 2 10. Mark vi. 96. 110. Matt. xiv. 13.

τροντες, ηκολουθησαν αυτφ. Και δεξαμενος having beard, they followed him. And having received αυτους, ελαλει αυτους περι της βασιλείας τος them, he spake to them concerning the kingdom τους φου, και τους χρείαν εχοντας θεραπείας, βατω God, and those need having of healing, he cured. 

12 Η δε ήμερα η εκλινείν προσελθοντες The now day began to decline: coming δε οί δωδεκα, είπον αυτφ Απολυσον τον χλυν, and the twelve, taid to him; Dismise the crowd, ένα πορευθεντες εκτιλούς κωμας και τους that having gono km τως ευνακόν κωμας και τους that having gono km δε ευν μουσιν επισιτισμον farme, they may σοις and find provisions; δτι ώδε εν ερημον τους εσμεν. 

13 Ειπο δε προς

ότι ώδε εν ερημών τονών εσμεν. 13 Ειπο δε προς for here in a desert blace we are. He said but to Oi SE αυτους. Δοτε ωυτοις ύμεις φαγειν. them: Give to them you to eat, Thou and ειπον Ουκ εισιν ήμιν ελειον η πεντε αρτοι, said: Not are tous more than five loaves, και ιχθυες δυο, ει μητι πορευθεντες ήμεις αγο-and fishes two, if not going we may ρασωμεν εις παντα τυν λαον τουτον βρωματα. buy for all the people this 100d. 14 Ησαν γαρ ώσει ανδρες πεντακισχιλιοι.  $E\iota\pi\epsilon$ They were for about men .w thousand. He said δε προς τους μανητως ανώπουκ: Makerceline and to the disciples of himself: 15 Και εποιηδε προς τους μαθητως αυτου Κατακλινατε the in companies each fift they And 16 Λαβων σες ούτω, και ανεκλιναν απαντας. so, and they mad recline all. Taking δε τους πεντε αρτους και τους δυο εχθυας, and the five loaves and the two fishes. αναβλεψας εις τον ουρανον, ευλογησεν αυτους. he blessed looking up to the heaven, 'hem:

Rai katekhase, kai edidov tois madhtais, madamad broke, and gave to the disciples, to the the crowd. And they are, and were satisfied all: and was taken up that having been left to to to khashawataken up that having been left to to khashawataken up that having been left to to offragments, basists twelve.

And it happened in the to be him praying μενον καταμονας, συνησαν αυτον δι μαθηται in private, came to him the disciples: και επηρωτησεν αυτους, λεγων Τινα με and heasked them, saying: Who me λεγουσιν οἱ οχλοι ειναι; 19 Οἱ δε αποκριθεντες say the crowds to be? They and answering '

ειπον Ιωαννην τον βαπτιστην αλλοι δε, Ηλιαν, said. John the dipper: others but, Llias αλλοι δε, δτι προφητης τις των αρχαιων ανεστη. others and, that a prophet one of the ancients has stood up.

αλλοι δε, ότι προφητης τις των αρχαιων ανεστη. others and, that a prophet one of the ancients has stoodup.

\*\*D Είπε δε αυτοίς\*\* Υμείς δε τινα με λεγετε

\*\*Hessid and to them: You but who me say you

knowing it, followed him, and having \*gladly re, ceived them, he spoke to them concerning the ringnow of God, and healer those who had need of Healing.

12 ‡\* The DAY already began to decline, when the TWELVE came and said to him, "Dismiss the CROWD, that they may go into the adjacent villaces and \*Farms, to lodge, and find Provisions; For we are here in a Desert Place."

13 But he said to them. "Hou supply them." And THEY said, "We have no more than Five Loaves and Two Fishes: unless me should go and buy Food for All this PEOPLE;"

1.3 for they were about five thousand Men. And he said to his disciples, "Make them recline in Companies of \*fifty each."

15 And they did so, and caused them all to recline.

16 Then taking the FIVE Loaves and the Two Fishes, and looking towards HEAVEN, he blessed and bloke them, and gave to the DISCIPLES to set before the CROWD.

17 And they ate end were all satisfied; and there were taken up of the REMAINING FRAGMENTS, twelve Baskets.

18 ‡ And it came to pass, as he was praying in provate, the DISCIPLES came to him; and he asked them, saying, "Who do the CROWDS say that I am?"?

19 And THEY answering said, ‡ "John the IMMER-SER; but others, Elijah; and others, that a certain Prophet of the ANCIENTS has risen up."

20 And he said to them, "But who do you say that

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuschipt.-11. gladly received. cline, when the twelve came. 12. Farms.

<sup>112.</sup> Matt. xiv. 15; Mark vi 35; John vi. 1.5. 19. Matt. x.v. 2; ver. 7 &

<sup>12.</sup> The DAY already began to de-14. as it were by.

<sup>18.</sup> Matt. xvi. 13; Mark viii. 27.

and the third

day

Aποκριθεις δε δ Πετρος ειπε<sup>ο</sup>
Answering and the Peter said; Toy €ivai ; to be? Answering and the Peter said; The  $\mathbf{X}\rho$  is  $\sigma$  to  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$  and  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma$ The Anointed of the God. He and having strictly charged them, παρηγγείλε μηδενι λεγείν τουτο  $2^{2}$  είπων 'Οτι commanded to no one to tell this; That saying; δει τον υίον του ανθρωπου πολλα παθειν, και many things to suffer, must the son of the man απο των πρεσβυτερων αποδοκιμασθηναι Kai elders to be rejected by the and αρχιερεων και γραμματεων, και αποκτανθηναι, high-priests and scribes, and to be killed. και τη τριτη ήμερα εγερθηναι.

to be raised.

<sup>23</sup> Ελέγε δε προς παντας. Ει τις θελει οπισω He said and to all; If any one wishes μου ερχεσθαι, αρνησασθω έαυτον, και αρατω to come, let him deny himself, and let him bear me to come, let him deny himself, and let him bear τον σταυρον αύτου καθ' ήμεραν, και ακολουcross of himself every day, and the  $^{24}$  Os yap an  $\theta \in \lambda \eta$  the  $\psi u \chi \eta v$  $\theta \in i \tau \omega$   $\mu o i$ . Who for ever may wish the me. life αύτου σωσαι, απολεσει αυτηνο ός δ' αν απο-of himself to save, shall lose her; who but ever may λεση την ψυχην αύτου ένεκεν εμου, ούτος σωσει lose the life of himself on account of me, he shall save lose the <sup>25</sup> Τι γαρ ωφελειται ανθρωπος κερδησας αυτην. What for is profited a man having won τον κοσμον όλον, ξαυτον δε απολεσας, η ζημιωthe world whole, himself and having lost, or having forthe work 26 Os γαρ αν επαισχυνθη με και τους feited? Who for ever may be ashamed me and the εμους λογους, τουτον ὁ υίος του ανθρωπου the son of the words, this man επαισχυνθησεται, όταν ελθη εν τη δοξη will be ashamed, when he may come in the glory αύτου, και του πατρος, και των άγιων αγγελων. of himself, and of the father, and of the holy messengers. 27 Λενω δε ύμιν αληθως, εισι τινές των ώδε but to you truly, are some of those here έστωτων, οί ου μη γευσωνται θανατου, έως αν standing, who not not shall taste of death, ιδωσι την βασιλειαν του θεου. they may see the royal majesty of the God.

Εγενετο δε μετα τους λογους τουτους, It happened and after the words these δσει ήμεραι οκτω, και παραλαβων Πετρον και αδυοιτ days eight, and having taken Peter and Ιωαννην και Ιακωβον, ανεβη εις το oρoς John and James, he went up into the mountain προσευξασθαι.  $^{29}$  Και εγενετο, εν τω προσευτοργαν. Από it occurred, in the to χεσθαι αυτον, το είδος του προσωπου αυτου γραγ him, the form of the face of him. ετερον, και δ ματισμος αυτου λευκος εξαστραπάϊθετει, and the raiment of him whiteness ... sahing

I am? ‡"And \*Peter answering said, "The Christ of God."

21 ‡ And HB having strictly charged them, ordered them to tell this to no one;

22 saying, to The son of MAN must suffer man; things, and be rejected by the ELDERS, and High-priests, and Scribes, and be killed, and on the THIRD Day be raised."

23 ‡ And he said to all, "If any one wish to come after me, let him renounce himself, and take up his cross daily, and follow me.

24 For whoever would save his life, shall lose it; and whoever loses his life on my account, he shall save it.

25 ‡For what is a Man profited, if he gain the whole world, and destroy or forfeit Himself.

26 ‡ For whoever is ashamed of me, and my Words, of him the son of MAN will be ashamed, when he comes in his own GLORY, and that of the FATHER, and of the HOLY Angels,

27 ‡ But I tellyou trulyon There are some standing \*here, who will not taste of Death, till they see GOD'S ROYAL MAJESTY."

28 And it occurred about eight Days after these words, taking \*Peter, and John, and James, he went up into the Mountain to pray.

20 And it happened, as he prayed, the form of his face was changed, and his raiment became white and dazzling.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20. Peter. 27. there, who.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Matt. xvi. 16; John vi. 69. † 21. Matt. xvi. 20. † 22. Matt. xvi. 21; xvit. 22. † 23. Matt. x. 38; xvi. 24; Mark viii. 34; Luke xiv. 27. Mark viii. 36. † 26. Matt. x. 33; Mark viii. 38; 2 Tim. ii. 12. † 27. Matt. xvi. 28; Vark ix. 1.

TWV. 30 Και ιδου, ανδρες δυο συνελαλουν αυτώ, lo, forth. men two were talking with him, were conversing with him, οίτινες ησαν Μωσης και Ηλιας. 31 οί οφθεντες and these were Moses and Moses and Elias: they appearing | Elijah : εν δοξη, ελεγον την εξοδον αυτου, ήν εμελλε in glory, spoke of the departure of him, which he was about Glory, spoke of his Departure of him, which he was about Glory, spoke of his Departure of him, which he was about to πληρουν εν Ιερουσαλημ. 32 Ο δε Πετρος και Ture which was about to The but Peter and in Jerusalem. Δια- salem. συν αυτώ ησαν βεβαρημενοι ύπνω. were having been heavy with sleep. γρηγορησαντες δε ειδον την δοξαν αυτου, και δε είδον την υσταν but they saw the glory of him, and ing awakened τους δυο ανδρας τους συνεστωτας αυτω. the two men those standing with him. And εγενετο εν τω διαχωριζεσθαι αυτους απ' αυτου, it happened in the to depart them from him, ειπεν δ Πετρος προς τον Ιησουν Επιστατα, καλον εστιν ήμας ώδε ειναι και ποιησωμεν here to be: and it is us we may make σκηνας τρεις, μιαν σοι, και μιαν Μωσει, και one for Moses, and three, one for thee, and μιαν Ηλια· μη ειδως δ λεγει. 34 Ταυτα δε αυτου one for Elias: not knowing what he says. These and of him λεγοντος, εγενετο νεφελη, και επεσκιασεν came a cloud, and overshadowed αυτους, εφοβηθησαν δε εν τω εκεινους εισηλθειν they feared and in the those to enter 35 Και φωνη εγενετο εκ της εις την νεφελην. cloud. And a voice came out of the " Ούτος εστιν ὁ υίος μου ὸ νεφελης, λεγουσα. "This is the son of me the cloud. saying: αυτου ακουετε." 36 Kai Ev TW αγαπητος beloved: him hear you." And in the γενεσθαι την φωνην, εύρεθη δ Ιησους μονος. was found the Jesus the voice, Και αυτοι εσιγησαν, και ουδενι απηγγειλαν εν and to no one were silent, told εκειναις ταις ήμεραις ουδεν ών έωρακασιν. the days nothing of what they had seen.

37 Εγενετο δε εν τη έξης ήμερα, κατελθοντων It happened and in the next day, having come down μυτων απο του opous, συνηντησεν αυτφ οχλος them from the mountain, met him a crowd 38 Και ιδου, ανηρ απο του οχλου ανεmodus. And lo, aman from the great. crowd βοησε, λεγων. Διδασκαλε, δεομαι σου, επιβλε-O teacher, saying: I pray thee, tolook ψαι επ: τον υίον μου, ότι μονογενης εστι μοι: on the son of me, for only-born he is to me; 39 και ιδου, πνευμα λαμβανει αυτον, και εξαιaspirit seizes him,

30 And behold, two Men

31 who appearing in TURE which was about to be consummated at Jeru-

32 Now PETER and THOSE with him Iwere overpowered with Sleep; but having awakened, they saw his GLORY, and THOSE TWO Men STANDING with him.

33 And it occurred, when they were DEPARTING from him, PETER said to JESUS, "Master, it is good for us to be here; and let us make three Booths; One for thee, and One for Moses, and One for Elijah;" not knowing what he said.

34 And as he was thus speaking, a Cloud came and covered them; and they were afraid when \*they ENTERED the CLOUD.

35 And a Voice proceeded from the CLOUD. saying, t"This is my \*son, the BELOVED; thear him."

36 And when the VOICE had ceased, \*Jesus was found alone. ‡And then were †silent, and told no one in Those DAYS what they had seen.

37 1 Now it happened the NEXT Day, when they came down from the moun-TAIN, a great Crowd met him.

38 And behold, a Man from the CROWD, cried loudly, saying, "Teacher, I beseech thee, to look on my son, For he is my Only Child.

39 And behold, a Spirit sud- seizes him, and he suddenly

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. they. 35. CHOSEN SON. 86. Jesus.

<sup>4 36.</sup> Jesus enjoined silence upon the spectators of his transfiguration, (see Matt. xvii. 2), till after his resurrection; and probably one principal reason of this injunction of secrecy to the disciples might be our Lord's unwillingness to force the people into a belief of his divine character by a degree of evidence which would control the mind, and not leave free scope for the exercise of the moral dispositions and the ingenuous workings of the heart. He appears to have consulted this purpose, on all occasions, with particular attention.— Wakefield.

<sup>32.</sup> Dan. viii. 18; x. 9. viii. 18; x. 9. 2 85. Matt. iii. 17. 37. Matt. xvii. 14; Mark 1x. 14, 17. « VII. 9.

φνης κραξει, και σπιρασσει αυτον μετα αφρου, denly becomes out, and convulses him with foam, και μογις αποχωρει απ' αυτου, συντριβον αυτον, and hardly departs from him, bruising him.

48 Και εδεηθην των μαθητων σου, ίνα εκβαλωσιν And I besought the disciples of thee, that they might expel 1 Αποκριθεις δε δ αυτο και ουκ ηδυνηθησαν. it; and not they were able. Answering and the Ιησους ειπεν. Ω γενεα απιστος και διεσ-O generation without faith and having Jesus said; τραμμενη έως ποτε εσομαι προς ύμας, και been perverted; till when shall I be with you, and ανεξομαι ύμων; Προσαγαγε τον υίον σου ώδε. bear with you? Lead the son of thee here. 42 Ετι δε προσερχομένου αυτου, ερδηξεν αυτον While and coming to him, dashed down him το δαιμονιον, και συνεσπαραξεν. Επετιμησε δε the demon, and violently convulsed. Rebuked and δ Ιησους τφ πνευματι τφ ακαθαρτφ, και ιασατο the Jesus the spirit the unclean, τον παιδα, και απεδωκεν αυτον τω πατρι αυτου. the child, and delivered him to the father of bim.

43 Εξεπλησσοντο δε παντες επι τη μεγαλειοτητι Were amazed and all at the majesty

Tou Beov.

Παντων δε θαυμαζοντων επι πασιν οίς εποιει All an' were wondering at all which did i Ιησους, ειπε προς τους μαθητας αύτου ε e Jesus, he sand to the disciples of himself; <sup>34</sup> Θεσθε ύμεις εις τα ωτα ύμων τους λογους Place you into the ears of you the word τουτους & γαρυίος του ανθρωπου μελλει παραthese; the for son of the man is about to be διδοσθαι εις χειρας ανθρωπων. <sup>45</sup> Οί δε ηγισουν delivered into hands of men; They but understood not

το ημα τουτο, και ην παρακεκαλυμμενον απ'
the rord this, and it was having been veiled from
αυτων, ίνα μη αισθωνται αυτω και εφοβουντο
them, that not they might perceive u; and they traved
ερωτησαι αυτον περι του δηματος τουτου,
το rok him concerning the word this.

46 Εισηλθε δε διαλογισμος εν αυτοις, το, τ.: αν

rose and a dispute among them, that, which et η μειζων αυτων. <sup>47</sup> Ο δε Ιησους ίδαν τον πould be greater of them. The and Jesus perceiving the ειαλογισμον της καρδίας αυτων, επιλαβομενος

thought of the heart of them, having taken παιδιου, εστησεν αυτο παρ' έαυτω, και ειπεν a hittle child, placed it bear himself, and said xυτοις. 43 °Os εαν δεξηται τουτο το παιδιον επι a little child, Whoever may receive this the little child in o .bem; φ ονοματι μου, εμε δεχεται και δε εαν εμε the name of me, me receives; and whoever me δεξηται, δεχεται τον αποστειλαντα με. Ό γαρ may receive, receives the having sent me. He for μικροτέρος εν πασιν ύμιν ύπαρχων ούτος εσται among all you being, he

cries out; and it so convulses him that he foams; and after bruising him; with difficulty departs from him.

40 And I entreated thy DISCIPLES to expelit; and

they could not."

41 And JESUS answering, said, "O unbelieving and perverse Generation? how long shall I be with you, and endure you? Conduct thy son here."

42 And while he was approaching, the DEMON dashed him down, and violently convulsed him. And JESUS rebuked the IMPURE SPIRIT, and cured the CHILD, and delivered him to his FATHER.

43 And they were 42 struck with awe at the MA JESTIC POWER of GOL. But while all were wondering at every thing which JESUS did, he said to his DISCIPLES;

44 the Flace nou these words in your EARS— The son of Man is about to be delivered into the Hands of Men."

45 ‡ But THEY did not understand this s. YING; and it was so veiled from them that they might not perceive it; and they were afraid to ask him concerning this saying.

46 † And a Dispute arose among them, Will OF THEM WOULD BE GREATSEST.

47 But JESUS, perceiving the THOUGHT of there HEART, having taken a Little child, placed it near himself.

anid to them, to who ever may receive find in the total to the may receive Me. Τhis LITTLE CHILD in my καμε, receives Me, and who ever may receive Me. Τhe total to the total total to the total total to the total total

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 48. is great.

<sup>1 44.</sup> Matt. xvii. 23.

1 45. Mark is 82; Juho #. 56. vvii. 24.

1 46. Matt. x. 46, xvii. 2 Mark iz 37; John alt. 46; xvii. 24.

1 48. Matt. x. 46, xvii. 2 Mark iz 37; John alt. 46; xvii. 3

ΦΑποκριθεις δε δ Ιωαννης ειπεν. Επισaeyas. Answering and the John Omaseaid; τατα, ειδομεν τινα υπι τφ ονοματι σου εκβαλwe waw one in the name of thee casting out the demons: and weforbade him, because our ακυλουθεί μεθ' ήμων. 50 Και είπε προς hefollows with us. And λοντα τα δαιμονια· και εκωλυσαμεν αυτον, ότι thin the Jesus: Not forbidgon: who for not is καθ' ύμων, ύπερ ύιων εστιν. against you, for 900 15.

51 Εγενετο δε εν τφ συμπληρουσθαι τας It came to pass and in the to be completed the ήμερας της αναληψεως αυτου, και αυτος το days of the withdrawing of him, and he the προσωπου αύτου αστηριξε του πορευεπθαι eis 52 Και απεστειλέν αγγελους Ιερουσαλημ. Jerusalom. And he sent messengers προ προσωπου αυτου και πορευθεντες εισηλθον before face of himself: and having gone they entered εις κωμην Σαμαρειτων, ώστε έτοιμασαι αυτω.

into a village of Samaritans, so as to prepare for him.

Kat ουκ εδεξαντο αυτον, ότι το προσωπον

And not they received him, because the face αντου ην πορευομένον εις 'Ιερουσαλημ. 54 180vτες δε οί μαθηται αυτου, Ιακωβος και Ιωαννης, ing and the disciples of him, James and John, είπον Κυριε, θελείς είπωμεν πυρ καταβηναί said: Olord, wilt thou we speak fire to come down απο του ουρανου, και αναλωσαι αυτους, \*[ώς και from the beaven, and to consume them, [as even Hλιας εποιησε;] 55 Στραφεις δε επετιμησεν αυτοις, [και ειπεν Ουκ οιδατε, οίου πνευματος them. [and said: Not you know, of what spirit εττε ύμεις;] 56 Και επορευθησαν εις έτεραν and they went to another κωμην. wallag'L

57 \*[Εγενετο] δε πορευομενων αυτων εν τη [[thappened] and going of them in the δδφ, είπε τις προς αυτον. Ακολουθησω σοι, way, said one to him: I will follow οπου αν απερχη, \* κυριε. S Και ειπεν wherever thou mayest go, [O master.] And said I will follow thee, 58 Kaι ειπεν αυτφ to him δ Ιησους. Αί αλωπεκες φωλεους εχουσι, και τα and the

49 1 And \* John answering said, "Master, we saw one expelling \* Demons in thy NAME; and we forbade him. Because he does not follow us."

- 50 But "Jesus said, "Forbid him not; for he who is not against you is for you,"
- 51 Now it occurred, when the DAYS of his † RETIREMENT Were COM-PLETED, he resolutely set his FACE to Go to Jerusa-
- 52 And he sent Messengers before him; and having gone, they went into a Village of the Samaritans, in order to make preparation for him.
- 53 And ‡ they did not receive him, Because he was going towards Jerusa-
- 54 And \* his DISCIPLES. James and John, observing this, said, "Master, dost thou wish that we command Fire to come down from HEAVEN, to consume them?"
- 55 But turning he rebuked them;

56 and they went to An other Village.

57 And as they were travelling on the ROAD, one; said to him, "I will follow, thee wherever thou goest?

58 And \* Jesus said to him, "The FOXES have Holes, and the BIRDS of

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—40. John. 40. Demons. 55. scrples. 54. as even Elias did—omit. 55. rrt you are"—omit. 57. It happened—omit, 57. ons. 50. Jesus. 54. the 55. and said, "Know ye not of what 57. O master—omit, 58. Jesus. DISCIPLES. spirit you are"-omit.

49. Mark ix 39; see Num, xi. 28. 4, 9. 1 57. Matt. viii. 19. 1 50. See Matt. xi. 30; Luke xi. 23. 1 53. John

spirit you are"—omit. 57. It happened—omit. 57. O master—omit. 58. Jesus. 151. "I think the word analepsoos must signify, of Jesus's retiring or withdrawing himself, and not of his being received up; because the word sumplecrousthan here used before it, denotes a time completed, which that of his ascension was not then. The sense is, that the time was come, when Jesus was no longer to retire from Judea and the parts about Jerusalem go he had hitherto done; for he had lived altogether in Galilee, lest the Jews should have land hold on him, before the work of his ministry was ended, and full proofs of his divine mission given, and some of the prophecies concerning him accomplished. John says, chap. Vil. J. Jesus walked in Galilee; for he would not walk in Jew's, because the Jews sought to kill him. Let it be observed, that all which follows here in Luke to chap. xiz. 45, is represented by him, as done by Jesus in his last journey from Galilee to Jerusalem."—Pearce.

πετεινα του ουρανου κατασκηνωσεις· δ δε υίος the but son birds of the heaven Poosts: του ανθρωπου ουκ εχει, που την κεφαλην κλινη. cithe man not has, where the head he may rest. 'Ο δε 59 Ειπε δε προς έτερον Ακολουθει μοι. He said and to another; Follow me. He but ειπε· Κυριε, επιτρεψον μοι απελθοντι πρωτον fraid; Ο master, permit thou me having gone first θαψαι τον πατερα μου. 60 Ειπε δε αυτφ δ θαψαι τον πατερα μου. Said and to him the to bury the father of me. lησους· Αφες τους νεκρους θαψαι τους έαυτων Jesus; Leave the dead ones to bury the of themselves νεκρους συ δε απελθων διαγγελλε την βασιdeadones; thou and having gone publish the kingλειαν του θεου. 61 Ειπε δε και έτερος· Ακολου-Said and also another; dom of the God. θησω σοι, κυριε πρωτον δε επιτρεψον μοι follow thee, Omaster; first but permitthou me αποταξασθαι τοις εις τον οικον μου.
to bid farewell to those in the house of me. 62 Ειπε δε \*  $\left[\begin{array}{ccc} \pi\rho\sigma s \ \alpha u \tau \sigma v \end{array}\right] \delta \ I\eta\sigma\sigma u s \cdot O u \delta \epsilon \iota s \cdot \epsilon \pi \iota \beta \alpha \lambda \omega v \cdot \tau \eta v$   $\left[\begin{array}{ccc} to & him \end{array}\right] \ the \ Jesus; \ No one \ having put \ the$ χειρα αύτου επ' αροτρον, και βλεπων εις hand of himself on a plough, and looking for the things οπισω, ευθετος εστιν εις την βασιλειαν του θεου. behind, well-disposed is for the kingdom of the God.

## КΕΦ. ι'. 10.

1 Μετα δε ταυτα ανεδειξεν δ κυριος \*[και] After now these things appointed the lord Talso , έτερους εβδομηκοντα, και απεστειλεν αυτους and seventy, sent them ανα δυο προ προσωπου αύτου εις πασαν πυλιν each two before face of himself into every city <sup>2</sup> Eλε και τοπον, ού εμελλεν αυτος ερχεσθαι. and place, where was about he to go. He γεν ουν προς αυτους. Ο μεν θερισμος πολυς, them; The indeed harvest said then to great, οί δε εργαται ολιγοι δεηθητε ουν του κυριου the but laborers few; implore therefore the lord του θερισμου, όπως εκβαλη εργατας εις τον harvest, that he would send out laborers into the of the 3 'Υπαγετε' ιδου, εγω αποσθερισμον αύτου. lo, harvest of himself. Go you: send τελλω ὑμας ὡς αρνας  $\epsilon \nu$  μεσ $\phi$  λυκ $\omega \nu$ .
you as lambs in midst of wolves. 4 Mn Not βασταζετε βαλαντιον, μη πηραν μηδε υποδηa purse, nor abag nor carry you ματα· και μηδενα κατα την όδον ασπασησθε. and no one by the way 5 Εις ήν δ' αν οικιαν εισερχησθε, πρωτον λεγετε Into what and ever house you may enter, first Ειρηνη τω οικώ τουτω. 6 Και εαν η εκει Peace to the house this. And if may be there υίος ειρηνης, επαναπαυσεται επ' αυτον ή ειρηνη a son of peace, shall rest on him the peace

HEAVEN places of shelter; but the son of MAN has not where he may recline his HEAD."

- 59 ‡And he said to another, "Follow me." But HE said, "Sir, permit me first to go and bury my FATHER."
- 60 \* And he said to him, "Leave the DEAD ONES to inter THEIR own Dead; but go thou and publish the KINGDOM of GOD."
- 61 And another also said, "Sir, \$1 will follow thee; but permit me first to set in order my affairs at HOME."
- 62 But Jesus said, "No one, having put his HAND on the Plough, and looking BEHIND, 18 properly disposed towards the KINGDOM of GOD."

### CHAPTER X.

- 1 Now after this, the LORD appointed \*Seventy Others, and ‡ sent them two by two before him into Every City and Place, where he was about to go.
- 3 Go; ‡ behold, \*I send you forth as Lambs among Wolves.
- 4 Carry no Purse, nor Bag, nor Shoes, and salute no one by the ROAD.
- 5 ‡ And into Whatever House you enter, say first, 'Peace to this House.'
- 6 And if a Son of Peace is there, your PEACE shall

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—60. And he said. 62. to him—omit. 1. Seventy-two, and sent. 1. also—omit. 2. and he said. 3. I send.

<sup>† 59.</sup> Matt; viii, 28. † 61. See 1 Kings xix, 20. † 2. Matt, ix, 37, 38; John iv, 35. † 3. Matt. x, 16. £; Luke ix, 3. † 5. Matt. x 12.

t 1. Mått. x. 1; Mark vi. 7. ‡ 4. Matt. x. 9, 10; Mark vi

ίμων ει δε μηγε, εφ' ύμας ανακαμψει. 7 Ev In αυτη δε τη οικια μενετε, εσθιοντες και πινοντες this and the house remain, eating and drinking τα παρ' αυτων αξίος γαρ δ εργατης του the things with them: worthy for the laborer of the μισθου αύτου εστι. neward of himself is.

8 Kai Μη μεταβαινετε εξ οικιας εις εικιαν. go you from house to εις ήν δ' αν πολιν εισερχησθε, και δεχωνται intowhat and ever city you may enter, and they may receive ύμας, εσθιετε τα παρατιθεμενα ύμιν, eat you the things being set before you, and θεραπευετε τους εν αυτη ασθενεις, και λεγετε cure you those in her nick, αυτοις. Ηγγικεν εφ' ύμας ή βασιλεια του θεου. to them; Has come nigh to you the kingdom of the God.  $^{10}$  Εις ἡν δ' αν πολιν εισερχησθε, και μη Into what but ever eity you may enter, δεχωνται ύμας, εξελθοντες εις τας πλατειας they may receive you, going out into the wide places αυτης, ειπατε. 11 Και τον κονιορτον, τον κολληofher, say you: Even the dust, that θεντα ήμιν εκ της πολεως ύμων, απομασσομεθα ving to us from the city ofyou, we wipe off ύμιν πλην τουτο γινωσκετε, ότι ηγγικεν ή for you : kowever this know you, that has approached the 12 Λεγω ύμιν, ότι Σοδομοις Βαπιλεια του θεου. kingdom of the God. I say to you, that for Sodom εν τη ήμερα εκεινη ανεκτοτερον εσται η τη more tolerable it will be than the in the day 13 Ovat σοι, Χοραζιν, ουαι σοι, Woe to thee, Chorasin, woe to thee, πολει εκεινη. that. woe to thee, Bηθσαίδα ότι ει εν Tυρφ και Σιδωνι εγενοντο Bethaida: for if in Tyre and Sidon had been done αί δυναμεις, αί  $\gamma$ ενομεναι εν ύμιν, παλαι αν εν the miracles, those being done in you, long ago would in και σποδφ καθημέναι μετένοησαν. BAKKW sackcloth and ashes sitting they have reformed. 14 Πλην Τυρφ και Σιδωνι ανεκτοτερον εσται εν But for Tyre and Sidon more tolerable it will be in

τη κρισει, η ύμιν. 15 Και συ, Καπερναουμ, ή the judgment, than for you. And thou, Capernaum, which έως του ουρανου ύψωθεισα, έως 'αδου καταwen to the heaven art being exalted, even to invisibility

βιβασθηση. 16 'Ο ακουων ύμων, εμου ακουει shalt be brought. He hearing you, me hears:

rest on him; but if not, it shall return to you.

7 : And in That House remain, eating and drinking the THINGS with them: for the LABORER is worthy of his REWARD. Go not from House to House.

8 And into Whatever City you enter, and they receive you, eat WHAT is PLACED BEFORE you:

9 and foure the sick in it, and say to them, 'The KINGDOM of GOD has ap-

proached you.'

10 But into Whatever City you enter, and they receive you not, going out into its WIDE PLACES, say,-

11 1'even THAT DUST of your CITY which adheres \* to our FEET, we wipe off for you; however, know this, That the KINGDOM of God has approached."

12 But I tell you, I that it will be more tolerable for Sodom, in that DAY, than for that CITY.

13 # Woe to thee, Chorasin woe to thee, Bethsaida! For if THOSE MIRA-CLES which are BEING PERFORMED in you, had been done in Tyre and Sidon, they would have reformed long ago, sitting t in Sackcloth and Ashes.

14 But it will be more tolerable for Tyre and Sidon, in the JUDGMENT, than for you.

15 1 And thou, Capernaum, THOU \* which art BEING EXALTED to HEA-VEN, wilt be brought down to † Hades.

16 I HE who HEARS you, hears Me; and HE who

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. to our feet, we. thou shalt go down.

<sup>15.</sup> shalt not be exalted to HEAVEN.

<sup>† 13.</sup> This expression of mourning and sorrow was frequent in the East. Thus Tama's ignified her distress when dishonored by Amnon, 2 Sam. xiii. 9. Thus also, "When Mordecai perceived all that was done, Mordecai rent his clothes, and put on sackcloth and ashes," Estheriv. 1. Thus Job expressed his repentance, Job xiii. 6. Thus Daniel "set his face unto the Lord God, to seek by praver and supplication, with fasting, and sackcloth and ashes," Dan. ix. 3. Other nations adopted the practice, and it became a very common method, whereby to exhibit great grief and misery.—Burder. † 15. See note on Matt. xi. 23.

και δ αθετων ύμας εμε αθετει· δ δε εμε αθετων, and he rejecting you me rejects: he and me rejecting, αθειτει, τον αποστειλαντα με. the one sending

17 Υπεστρεψαν δε οί έβδομηκοντα μετα χαρας, Having returned and the seventy with λεγοντες Κυριε, και τα δαιμονια υποτασσεται saying: Olord, and the demons are subject ήμιν εν τφ ονοματι σου. 18 Ειπε δε αυτοις· Εθεωto us in the name of thee. He said and to them; I beρουν τον σαταναν ώς αστραπην εκ του ουρανου held the adversary as lightning out of the 19 Ιδου, διδωμι ύμιν την εξουσιαν πεσοντα. Lo, I give to you the authority having fallen. του πατειν επανω οφεων και σκορπιων, και επι on serpents and scorpions, of the to tread πασαν την δυναμιν του εχθρου και ουδεν ύμας all the power of the enemy; and nothing you ou μη αδικηση. <sup>20</sup> Πλην εν τουτφ μη χαιρετε, not not you may hurt. But in this not rejoice, ότι τα πνευματα ύμιν βποτασσεται χαιρετε δε, spirits to you are subject; rejoice you but, ότι τα ονοματα ύμων εγραφη εν τοις ουρανοις. names of you are written in the

21 Εν αυτη τη ώρα ηγαλλιασατο τω πνευματι In this the hour exulted the spirit 5 Ιησους, και ειπεν. Εξομολογουμοι σοι, πατερ, the Jesus, and said; I praise thee, O father, κυριε του ουρανου και της γης, ότι απεκρυψας Olord of the heaven and the earth, that thou has hid ταυτα απο σοφων και συνετων, και απεκαλυψας these things from wise men and discerning men, and thou hast revealed αυτα νηπιοις ναι, δ πατηρ, δτι ούτως εγενετο them to babes, yes, the father, for even so it was  $\epsilon \upsilon$  dokia  $\epsilon \mu \pi \rho \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu$  so  $\upsilon$ .  $^{22}$   $\Pi a \nu \tau a$   $\mu o \iota \pi a \rho \epsilon \delta o \theta \eta$ All to me are given in presence of thee. ύπο του πατρος μου καί ουδεις γινωσκει, τις father of me; and no one knows, by the εστιν δ vios ει μη δ πατηρ· και τις εστιν δ
is the son if not the father; and who is the πατηρ, ει μη δ υίος, και 'ω εαν βουληται δ father, if not the son, and to whom may be willing the 23 Και στραφεις προς τους υίος αποκαλυψαι. And turning to the to reveal. μαθητας, κατ' ιδιαν ειπε. Μακαριοι οί οφθαλμοι, privately he said; Blessed the οί βλεποντες, ά βλεπετε. 24 Λεγω γαρ ύμιν, those seeing, what you see. Isay for to you, ότι πολλοι προφηται και βασιλεις ηθελησαν kings prophets and desired that many ιδειν, α ύμεις βλεπετε, και ουκ ειδον. Kal to see, what you see, and not saw : ακουσαι, α ακουετε, και ουκ ηκουσαν. to hear, what youhear, and not

REJECTS you, rejects Me; and he who REJECTS Me, rejects HIM who SENT me."

17 And the \*SEVENT1 returned with Joy, saving, "Lord, even the DEMONS are subject to us by thy NAME."

18 And he said to them, "I saw the ADVERSARY falling from HEAVEN like

Lightning.

19 Behold, \*I have given VOU AUTHORITY to TREAD on Serpents and Scorpions, and on All \*THAT POWER which is of the ENEMY; and nothing shall by any means injure You;

20 but rejoice not in this, That the SPIRITS are subject to you; but rejoice That ‡your NAMES \* have been enrolled in the HEA-

VENS."

21 In That Hour \*he exulted in the HOLYSPIRIT. and said, "I adore thee, O Father, Lord of HEAVEN and EARTH, Because, having concealed these things from the Wise and Intelligent, thou hast revealed them to Babes; yes, FA-THER; For thus it was well-pleasing in thy sight.

22 I All things are imparted to me by my FA-THER; and no one, knows who the son is, except the FATHER; and who the FA-THER is, except the son, and he to whom the son may be disposed to reveal him."

23 And turning to his DISCIPLES, he said privately, ‡" Happy are THOSE EYES Which SEE what you see;

24 For I tell you, ‡ That Many Prophets and K. 1gs desired to see the things which pou see, and saw them not; and to hear the things which you \* hear, and heard them not."

<sup>19.</sup> I have given. 19. THAT \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. 20. nave be rower which is of the ENEMY. 24. hear of me, and. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. SEVENTY-TWO. 20. have been enrolled in. 21. he exulted

<sup>† 20.</sup> Phil. iv. 3; Heb. xii. 23; Rev. iii. 5; xxi. 27. † 21. Mai xxviii. 18; John iii. 35; v. 27; xvii. 2. † 28. Matt. xiii. 16. 1 21. Matt. xi. 27. - 1 22. Matt. xiii. 16. 1 24. 1 Pet v. 10.

'5 Και ιδου, νομικος τις ανεστη, εκπειραζων And lo, a lawyer certain stood up, tempting αυτον, και λεγων. Διδασκαλε, τι ποιησας ζωην age-lasting I may inherit? He and said to him; Εν τφ νομφ τι γεγραπται; πως αναγινωσκεις; In the law what has been written? how readest thou? Τ΄ Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν "Αγαπησεις κυριον
He and answering said: "Thou shaltlove Lord τον θεον σου εξ όλης της καρδιας σου, και εξ the God of thee out of whole of the heart of thee, and out of δλης της ψυχης σου, και εξ όλης της ισχυος whole of the soul of thee, and out of whole of the strength σου, και εξ όλης της διανοιας σου και τον of thee, and out of whole of the mind of thee: and the  $\pi\lambda\eta\sigma\iota o\nu$   $\sigma o\nu$  &s  $\sigma\epsilon\sigma \nu o\nu$ . Since  $E\iota\pi\epsilon$  &e  $\sigma\nu o\nu$  neighbor of thee as thyself." He said and to him: Ορθως απεκριθης τουτο ποιει, και ζηση. 29 'Ο Rightly thou hast answered: this do, and thou shalthve. He δε θελων δικαιουν έαυτον, ειπε προς τον Ιησουν. but choosing to justify himself, said to the Jesus: K at  $\tau$  is  $\epsilon \sigma \tau$  i  $\mu$  ov  $\pi \lambda \eta \sigma$  iov;  $^{30}$   $^{\circ} \Upsilon \pi \circ \lambda \alpha \beta \omega v \times \begin{bmatrix} \delta \epsilon \end{bmatrix} \delta$  And who is of me an eighbor? Replying and the Ιησους ειπεν. Ανθρωπος τις κατεβαινέν απο Jesus said: A man certain was going down from Ίερουσαλημ εις Ίεριχω, και λησταις περιεπεσεν: Jerusalem to Jericho, and robters fellamong: οί και εκδυσαντες αυτον και πληγας επιθεντες, who both stripping him and blows having inflicted, απηλθον, αφεντες ημιθανη τυγχανοντα. <sup>31</sup> Κατα they departed, leaving half-dead being. Br συγκυριαν δε lepeus τις καταβαινέν εν τη όδω chance and a priest certain was going down in the way εκεινη, και ιδων αυτον, αντιπαρηλθέν. 32 Όμιως that, and seeing him, passed along. In like manner δε και Λευιτης, \*[γενομενος] κατα τον τοπον, and also a Levite, [having come] near the place, and also a Levite, [having come] near the place,  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu$  και ιδων, αντιπαρηλθε.  $^{33}$  Σαμαρειτης δε coming and seeing, passed along. A Samaritean but τις όδευων, ηλθε κατ' αυτον, και ιδων αυτον, certain traveling, came near him, and seeing him, εσπλαγχνισθη. 34 Και προσελθων κατεδησε he was moved with pity. And having approached he bound τα τραυματα αυτου, επιχεων ελαιον και οινον. the wounds of him, pouring on oil and επιβιβασας δε αυτον επι το ιδιον κτηνος ηγαγεν having set and him on the own beast led αυτον εις πανδοχειον, και επεμεληθη αυτου. an inn, and he took care of him. 25 Και επι την αυριον \*[εξελθων,] εκβαλών And on the next day [having come out, having taken out

δυο δηναρια εδωκε τω πανδοχει, και ειπεν two denarii begave to the innkerper, and said

\*[aut $\phi$ ] Exime  $\lambda\eta\theta\eta\tau$ i autou kai  $\delta$ ,  $\tau$ i av Take care of him: and whatever

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -30. And -omit. 32. having come -omit.

85. having

Lawyer, stood up to try him, saying, ‡"Teacher, what shall I do to inherit aionian Life?" 26 And HE said to him,

25 And, behold, a certain

"What is written in the LAW? How dost thou

read ?"

27 And HE answering, said, ‡"Thou shalt love " Jehovah thy Gop with " All thy HEART, and with " All thy soul, and with " All thy STRENGTH, and "with All thy MIND, and "thy NEIGHBOR as thy"self."

28 And HE said to him. "Thou hast answered correctly; # do this, and thou shalt live."

29 But HE, wishing t to justify himself, said to JEsus, "Who is My Neigh-

bor ? "

30 Jesus replying, said, "A certain Man was going down from Jerusalem to Jericho, and fell among Robbers, who both having stripped him, and inflicted blows, they departed, leaving him half dead.

31 And by Chance a certain Priest was going down that ROAD, and seeing him,

he passed along.

32 And in like manner also a Levite, coming near the PLACE, and seeing, passed along.

33 But a certain I Samaritan traveling, came near him, and seeing him, he was moved with pity;

34 and approaching, he bound up his wounds, pouring on Oil and Wine, and having placed him on his own Beast, brought him to an Inn, and took care of him.

35 And on the NEXT DAY, having taken out Two Denami, he gave them to the INNKEEPER, and said, 'Take care of him, and

1 27. Lev. xix. 18. 1 28. Lev. 1 29. Luke xvi. 15.

come out-omit. 35. to him-omit. 1 27. Deut. vi. 5.

<sup>† 25</sup> Matt. xix. 16; xxii. 35. 1 27. Deut. vi. 5. xviii. 5; Neh. ix. 29; Ezek. xx. 11; xiii. 21; Rom. x. 5. John iv. 9.

τροσδαπανησης, εγω, εν τω επανερχεσθαι με, then mayest expend more, I, in the return me, αποδωσω σοι.  $^{36}$  Tis  $^*$ [ουν] τουτων των τριων I will pay to thee. Which then of them of the three πλησιον δοκει σοι γεγονεναι του εμπεσοντος aneighbor asems to thee to have been to the having fallen εις τους ληστας;  $^{37}$  O δε ειπεν. Ο ποιησας το among the robbers; He and said; He having shown the ελεος μετ ωυτου. Ειπεν δε αυτφ δ Ιησους, if to wards him. Said and to him the Jesus; Πορευου, και συ ποιει δμοιως.

Go, and thou do in like manner.
33 \* [Εγενετο] δε εν τφ πορευεσθαι αυτους, [It happened] and in the togo them, \* [και ] αυτος εισηλθεν εις κωμην τινα γυνη δε [and] he entered into a village certain; a woman and τις ονοματι Μαρθα, ὑπεδεξατο αυτον \* [εις τον certain to a name Martha, received him into the certain to a name Martha, received him [into the οικυν αύτης.] <sup>39</sup>Και τηδε ην αδελφη καλουμενη house of herself.] And to her was a sister having been called Μαρια, η και παρακαθισασα παρα τους ποδας Mary, who also having sat at the feet του Ιησου, ηκουε τον λογον αυτου. 40 'Η δε of the Jesus, heard the word of him. The but Μαρθα περιεσπατο περι πολλην διακονιαν.

Matha was-over-busied about much serving; επιστασα δε ειπε. Κυριε, ου μελει σοι, ότι ή having come near and said; Olord, not concerns thee, that the αδελφη μου μονην με κατελιπε διακονειν; ειπε sister of me alone me has left to serve? ουν αυτη, ίνα μοι συναντιλαβηται. 41 Αποκριthen to her, that to me she may give aid. Answerθεις δε ειπεν αυτη δ Ιησους Μαρθα, Μαρθα, ing and said to her the Jesus, Martha, Martha, μεριμνας και τυρβαζη περι πολλα  $^{42}$  ένος δε thou art anxious and troubled about many things; of one but εστι χρεια. Μαρια δε την αγαθην is need. Mary and the good μεριδα part εξελεξατο, ήτις ουκ αφαιρεθησεται απ' aurns. has chosen, which not shall be taken away from her.

## ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

1 Και εγενετο εν τφ ειναι αυτο**ν εν το**πφ τινι And it happened in the to be him in a place certain προσευχομενον, ώς επαυσατο, ειπε τις των praying, when he ceased, said one of the μαθητων αυτου προς αυτον Κυριε, διδαξον ήμας disciples of him to him: Olord, teach us προσευχεσθαι, καθως και Ιωαννης εδιδαξε τους even John taught the to pray, μαθητας αυτου. <sup>2</sup> Ειπε δε αυτοις <sup>6</sup> Οταν προσ-disciples of himself. He said and to them; When you ευχησθε, λεγετε· Πατηρ, άγιασθητω το ονομα pray, say; Ofather, be hallowed the name σου· ελθετω σου ή βασιλεία·  $^3$  τον αρτον ήμων of thee: let come of the the kingdom: the bread of us τον επιουσιον διδου ήμιν το καθ' ήμεραν. 4 Και the necessary give thou to us the every day : and

whatever thou mayest expend more, \( \frac{1}{2} \), at my RETURN, will pay thee.'

36 Now which of These THREE, thinkest thou, was Neighborto HIM who FELL among the ROBBERS?"

37 And HE said, "HE who MANIFESTED FITY towards him." And JESUS said to him, "Go, and de thou in like manner."

38 Now as they WENT on, he entered a certain Village; snd a certain Woman, named ‡ Martha, entertained him.

39 And SHE had a Sister called Mary, who also, ‡sitting at \* the FEET of the LORD, heard his WORD.

40 But Martha was perplexed with Much Serving; and coming near, she said, "Master, dost theu not care That my SISTER has left Me to serve alone? Tell her, then, to assist me."

41 And \*the Lord answering, said to her, "Martha, Martha, theu art anxious, and troublest thyself about many things;

42 but \*of few things, or of one, is there Need; and Mary has chosen the GOOD Part, which shall not be taken away from her."

### CHAPTER XI.

1 And it occurred, as he was PRAYING in a certain Place, when he ceased, one of his DISCIPLES said to him, "Master, teach us to pray, even as John taught his DISCIPLES."

2 And he said to them, "When you pray say, †O Father, Revered be thy NAME! let Thy KINGDOM come;

3 give us DAY BY DAY our NECESSARY FOOD;

38. John. xi. 1; xii. 2, 3. : 89. Luke viii. 35; Acts xxii. 3.

1 2. Matt. vi. 9.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—16. then—omit. 38. It happened—omit.

-omit. 38. into her house—omit. 39. the feet of the Lord. 41. the Lord answering. 42. of few things, or of one, is there Need; and.

αφες ήμιν τας αμαρτιας ήμων, και γαρ αυτοι forgive to us the sins of us, even for ourselven αφιεμέν παντι οφειλοντι ήμιν και μη ειπενέγand not thou mayest forgive - 11 owing us; 5 Και ειπε προς αυτους· Kns nuas els melpaguor. lead us into temptation. And he said to them: Τις εξ ύμων έξει φιλον, και πορευσεται προς Which of you shall have a friend, and shall go to  $\Phi \iota \lambda \epsilon$ μεσονυκτιου, ειπη αυτω. KOL him at midnight, and to him; O friend, вау χρησον 6 επειδη φιλος μου μοι τρεις αρτους. to me three loaves; because afriend of me παρεγενετο εξ όδου προς με, και ουκ εχω ό bascome from a way to me, and not I have what παραθησω αυτω. 7 κακεινος εσωθεν αποκριθεις I shall set for him; And he from within ειπη· Μη μοι κοπους παρεχε· ηδη ή θυρα should say; Not to me trouble do thou cause; already the door κεκλεισται, και τα παιδια μου μετ' εμου εις την has been shut, and the children of me with me in the κοιτην εισιν ου δυναμαι αναστας δουναι σοι. are; not I am able having arisen to give to thee. 8 Λεγω ύμιν, ει και ου δωσει αυτώ αναστας, I say to you, if and not will give to him having arisen, δια το ειναι αυτου φιλον, δια γε την αναιδειαν because the to be of him a friend, through indeed the importunity αυτου εγερθεις δωσει αυτφ όσων χρηζει. arising he will give to him as many as he wants. And γω δμιν λεγω. Αιτειτε, και δοθησεται ύμιν. to you say; Ask you, and it shall be given to you; (ητειτε, και εύρησετε κρουετε, και ανοιγησεseek you, and you shall find: knock you, and it shall be 10 Πας γαρ δ αιτων λαμβανει· και ται ύμιν. opened to you. All for the asking receives: and ό (ητων εύρισκει και τω κρουοντι ανοιγησεται. the seeking and to the knocking it shall be opened. Ends. 11 Τινα δε ύμων τον πατερα αιτησει ό υίος αρτον, Which now of you the father shall ask the son bread, μη λιθον επιδωσει αυτώ; η και ιχθυν, μη αντι uct a stone will give to him; or also a fich. notin place of ιχθυος οφιν επιδωσει αυτώ; 12 η και εαν αιτηση a fish a serpent will give to him: or also if he may ask ωνν, μη επιδωσει αυτφ σκορπιον; 13 Ει ουν to him a scorpion? an egg, sot will give If then ύμεις, πονηροι ύπαρχοντες, οιδατε δοματα cou. evil being, know you gifts αγαθα διδοναι τοις τεκνοις ύμων, ποσφ μαλλον good to give to the children of you, how much δ πατηρ, δ εξ ουρανου, δωσει πνευμα άγιον τοις the father, that of heaven, will give aspirit holy to those BITOUTIN QUTON: asking

14 Και ην εκβαλλων δαιμονιον, και αυτου ην Ana he was casting out seemon, and it was

4 and forgive us our sins; for me ourselves also forgive every one who is indebted to us; and abandon us not to Trial."

5 And he said to them,
"Which of you shall have
a Friend, and shall go to
him at Midnight, and say
to him, 'Friend, lend me
Three Loaves:

6 for a Friend of mine has come to me out of his Road, and I have nothing to place before him?'

7 And he answering from within should say, 'Do not trouble me; the DOOR is now closed, and my CHILDREN are with me in BED; I cannot rise to give thee.'

8 I tell you, ‡ Though he will not rise and give him because he is His Friend, yet because of his importunity indeed, he will rise and give him, as many as he needs.

9 ‡ And I say to yon, Ask, and it will be given you; seek, and you will find; knock, and it will be opened to you.

10 For EVERY ONE who ASKS, receives; and HE who SEEKS, finds; and to HIM who KNOCKS, the door \* is opened.

11 \*\*And What FATHER among you, who, if his son request Bread, will give him a Stone? or if he ask for a Fish, will instead of a Fish give him a Serpent?

12 or also, if he should ask an Egg, will give him a Scorpion?

13 If nou, then, being Evil, know how to impart good Gifts to your CHILDREN, how much more will the FATHER, THAT of HEAVEN, give holy Spirit to THOSE who ASK him?"

14 ‡ And he was casting out \* adumb Demon. And

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—10. is opened. 11. If a son ask a Fish of any one of you that is a FATHER, will he for a fish give him a Serpent? 12. or also, if he ask an Egg, will he give him a Scorpion? 14. dumb Demon. And it.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Luke xvii. 1. † 9. Matt. vii. 7; xx1 22; Mark xi. 24; John xv 7; James i. & John iii. 22. † 11. Matt. vii. 9. † 14. Matt. ix. 32; xii. 22.

κωφον εγενετο δε του δαιμονιου εξελθοντος. dumb: it came to pass and of the demon having come out, ελαλησεν δ κωφος και εθαυμασαν οί οχλοι. wondered the crowds. spoke the dumb: and Is Tives be  $\epsilon\xi$  autwo  $\epsilon$ imov  $E\nu$  Been  $\xi\epsilon\beta$ ouh, Some but of them said: By Reelzebal, αρχοντι των δαιμονιων, εκβαλλει τα δαιμονια. aruler of the demons, he cast out the demons: 16 έτεροι δε πειραζοντες, σημειον παρ' αυτου tempting, asign hour autwo others but ε(ητουν εξ ουρανου. sought from heaven. τα διανοηματα, ειπεν αυτοις. Πασα βασιλεια, said to them: Every the thoughts, έαυτην διαμερισθεισα, ερημουται, και having been divided, is brought to desolation, and against herself οικος επι οικον πιπτει. 18 Ει δε και δ σατανας If and also the adversary falls. bouse upon house ξαυτον διεμερισθη, πως σταθησεται ή gainst himself has been divided, how shall-stand the Βασιλεια αυτου; ότι λεγετε, εν Βεελ(εβουλ kingdom of him? for you say, by Beelzebul 19 Ει δε εγω εν εκβαλλειν με τα δαιμονια. If bus I by demons. to cast out me the εκβαλλω τα δαιμονια, οί υίοι Βεελ (εβουλ the demons. the cast out Beelzebul Δια τουτο κριται 'μων εν τινι εκβαλλουσι; of you by whom do they cast out? Through this judges  $^{20}$  Ei  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \nu \delta \alpha \kappa \tau v \lambda \omega \theta \epsilon o v$ ύμων αυτοι εσονται. If but by a finger of God shall be. oi you they εφθασεν εκβαλλω τα δαιμονια, αρα εφ ύμας I cast out the demons, then has suddenly come upon you 21 'Οταν δισχυρος καθωη βασιλεια του θεου. When the strong one having the royal majesty of the God. πλισμένος φυλασση την έαυτου αυλην, εν been armed should be guard the of nimself a palace, in ειρηνη εστι τα ύπαρχοντα αυτου· 22 επαν δε δ possessions of him; as soon as but the peace are the ισχυροπερος αυτου επελθων νικηση αυτον, stronger of him having entered should overcome him, την πανοπλιαν αυτου αιρει, εφ'  $\dot{\eta}$  επεποιθει, the arms of him takes away, in which he had confided, 23 'O μη ων He not being και τα σκυλα αυτου διαδιδωσιν. of him distributed. and the spoils μετ' εμου, κατ' εμου εστι και δ μη συναγων me, against me and he not gathering 24 Οταν το ακαθαρτον μετ' εμου, σκορπιζει. When the unclean scatters. with me, πνευμα εξελθη απο του ανθρωπου, διερχεται spirit may come out from the man, passes δι' ανυδρων τοπων, ζητουν αναπαυσιν. Kal seeking a resting place; and places, through dry μη εύρισκον, λεγει Υποστρεψω εις τον οικον I will return into the house finding, says; not 25 Και ελθον εύρισκει εξηλθον. δθεν μου, And having come it finds I came out. whence σεσαρωμενον και κεκοσμημενον. <sup>26</sup> Τοτε πορευεhaving been swept and having been adorned. Then it goes

it came to pass, when the DENON had departed, the DUMB man spoke, and the CROWDS wondered.

15 But some of them said, "He expels DEMONS through Beelzebul. \* the PRINCE of the DEMONS."

16 And others, ‡ trying him, sought of him a Sign

from Heaven.

17 But the knowing Their THOUGHTS, said to them, "Every Kingdom being divided against itself is desolated; and House falls against House.

18 And if the ADVER-SARY also is divided against himself, how shall his KINGDOM stand? Because you say that I expel DE-MONS through Beelzebul.

19 Besides, if # through Beelzebul expel DEMONS, by whom do your sons cast them out? Therefore, then will be your JUDGES. 20 But if t by a Finger of God I cast out the DE-MONS, † then God's ROYAL MAJESTY has unexpectedly

come to you. 21 I When the STRONG one armed guards HIS Palace, his Possessions

are in Safety;

22 but whenever one \*stronger than he, having entered should overcome him, he takes away the ARMS in which he confided, and distributes his sports.

23 HE who is not with me, is against me; and HE who GATHERS not with

me. scatters.

24 ‡ When the IMPURE Spirit is gone out of the MAN, it roves through Parched Deserts, seeking w Place of Rest; and not finding one, \* then it says. I will return to my House, from which I came out.

25 And coming, it finds it \* empty, swept, and

furnished. 26 Then it goes, and

\* VATICAN MSS .- 15. the PRINCE. 22. stronger. 25. empty swept, and furnished.

<sup>† 20.</sup> See Note on Matt. xii. 28.

ται και παραλαμβανει έπτα έτερα πνουματα takes with seven other spirits πονηροτερα έαυτου, και εισελθοντα κατοικει more evil ofituelf, and they having entered dwell εκει και γινεται τα εσχατα του ανθρωπου there; and becomes the last ofthe man 27 Εγενετο δε εν εκεινου χειρονα των πρωτων. worse of the first. It happened and in τω λεγειν αυτον ταυτα, επαρασα τις γυνη to the to speak him these things, having lifted certain woman φωνην εκ του οχλου, ειπεν αυτφ. Μακαρια ή avoice out of the crowd, said to bim; Blessed the κοιλια  $\hat{\eta}$  βαστασασα σε, και μαστοι ούς εθη-womb that having carried thee, and breasts those thou λασας. 28 Αυτος δε ειπε. Μενουνγε μακαριοι He but said; hast sucked. Yea rather blessed οί ακουοντες τον λογον του θεου, και φυλασthose hearing the word of the God, and obserσοντεs.

νιης.
29 Των δε οχλων επαθροιζομενων, ηρξατο The and crowds gathering together, he began λεγειν. Ή γενεα αύτη πονηρα εστι. σημειον The generation this evil to say, is; asign επι(ητει και σημειον ου δοθησεται αυτη, ει μη it seeks, and a sign not shall be given to her, except το σημείον Ιωνα. 30 Καθως γαρ εγενετο Ιωνας the sign of Jonas. Even as for became Jonas σημείον τοις Νινευιταις, ούτως εσται και ό a sign to the Ninevites, 80 will be also the 31 Βασιλυίος του ανθρωπου τη γενεά ταυτη. son of the man to the generation this. ισσα Νοτου εγερθησεται εν τη κρισει μετα των will be raised in the judgment with of south the ανδρων της γενεας ταυτης, και κατακρινει of the generation this, will condemn men and αυτους ότι ηλθεν εκ των περατων της γης them, because she came from the ends of the earth ακουσαι την σοφιαν Σολομωνος και ιδου, πλειον to hear the wisdom of Solomon; and lo, a greater Σολομωνος ώδε. <sup>32</sup> Ανδρες Νινευι αναστησονται ο Solomon here. Men of Nineveh will standar

εν τη κρίπει μετα της γενεας ταυτης, και in the judgment with the generation this, and κατακρινουσιν αυτην ότι μετενοησαν εις το ber; because they reformed at will condemn κηρυγμα Ιωνα' και ιδου, πλειον Ιωνα ώδε.
preaching of Jonas; and lo, a greater of Jonas here.

33 Ουδεις δε λυχνον άψας, εις κρυπτην No one and a lamp having lighted, into a secret place τιθησιν, ουδε ύπο τον μοδιον, αλλ' επι την neither under the corn-measure, but on the λυχνιαν, ίνα οί εισπορευσμένοι το φεγγος βλεlamp-stand, that those entering the light may takes with it Seven Other Spirits more wicked than itself, and entering, they abide there; and the LAST state of that MAN becomes worse than the FIRST."

27 And it occurred, while he was speaking these things, a Certain Woman from the CROWD, raising her Voice, said to him, t" Happy is THAT WOMB which BORE thee, and those Breasts which thou hast sucked!"

28 But he said, ‡" Yes, rather, happy mose who HEAR the WORD of GOD,

and keep it!"

29 And the CROWDS gathering about him, he began to say, \* 'This GEN-ERATION is a wicked Generation. It demands a Sign; but no Sign will be given it, except the sign of Jonah.

30 ! For as \* Jonah became a Sign to the NINE-VITES, thus also will the son of MAN be to this

GENERATION.

31 The Queen of the South will rise up at the JUDGMENT with the MEN of this GENERATION, and cause them to be condemned; Beeause she came from the EXTREMITIES of the LAND to hear the WIS-DOM of Solomon; and behold, one greater than Solomon is here.

32 The Ninevites will stand up in the JUDGMENT with this GENERATION. and cause it to be condemned; I Because ther reformed at the WARNING of Jonah; and behold, one greater than Jonah is here.

33 No one having lighted a LAMP, I places it in a Secret place, neither under the CORN-MEASURE, but on the LAMP-STAND: that THOSE ENTERING may see the LIGHT.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 29. This GENERATION is a wicked Generation. 30. Jonah.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Luke i. 28, 48. † 28. Matt. vii. 21; Luke viii. 21; James 1. 25. † 30. Jonab 1. 17; ii. 10. † 31. 1 Kings x. 1. † 32. Jonab iii. 5. † 33. Matt. v. 15; Mark 1v. 21; Luke viii. 16.

34 °O πωσιν. λυχνος του σωματος εστιν δ lamp of the the The body is 900 οφθαλμος· όταν \*[ουν] ό οφθαλμος σου άπλους when [therefore] the eye ofthee η, και όλον το σωμα σου φωτεινον εστιν·
may be, also whole the body of thee enlightened is: επαν δε πονηρος 'η, και το σωμα σου σκοτεινον. when but wil may be, also the body of thee darkened. 35 Σκοπει ουν, μη το φως το εν σοι σκοτος εστιν.
Take heed therefore, not the light that in thee darkness is.

36 Ει ουν το σωμα σου όλον φωτεινον, μη εχον If therefore the body of thee whole is enlightened, not having **τι** μερος σκοτεινον, εσται φοτεινον όλον, ώς part will be enlightened whole, dark. όταν ό λυχνος τη αστραπη φωτιζη σε. when the lamp by the brightness may enlighten thee.

37 Εν δε τφ λαλησαι, ηρωτα αυτον Φαρισαιος In and the to have spoken, asked him a Pharisee \*[ $\tau\iota s$ ]  $\delta\pi\omega s$  api $\sigma\tau\eta\sigma\eta$   $\pi\alpha\rho$ ' aut $\psi$ .

[certain] that he might dine with him.  $\mathbf{E}_{\iota}\sigma\epsilon\lambda\theta\omega\nu$ 33 'Ο δε Φαρισαιος ιδων εθαυμαδε ανεπεσεν. and he reclined. The and Pharisee seeing wondered σεν, ότι ου πρωτος εβαπτισθη προ του αριστου. first he was dipped before the because not 39 Ειπε δε δ κυρβής προς αυτον. Νυν ύμεις οί

Said and the Lord hin. Now to you the Φαρισαιοί το εξωνέν του ποτηρίου και του πίνα-Pha.isees the outside of the platcup and of the εσωθεν ύμων γεμει κος καθαριζετε. το δε inside you cleanse: the but is full of you 40 Αφρονες, ουχ δ άρπαγης και πονησιας. Sunwise, of evil. not of extortion and πο ησας τη εξωθεν, και το εσωθεν εποιησε; having made the outside, also the inside made?  $\Pi \lambda \eta \nu$  $\tau \alpha$ ενοντα δοτε ελεημοσυνην και

alms: But the things being within give you and 42 Aλλ' ιδου, παπα καθαια ύμιν εστιν. ουαι ll tha 38 clean to you 18. But # Q S τοις Θαρισαιοις, ότι αποδεκατουτε ύμιν o you Pharisees, for you tithe ουυσμον, και το πηγανον, και παν λαχανον. an : the rue, and every pot-herb: κ ι παρερχετθ. την κρισιν και την αγαπην του

ass by Cx natice and the love ofthe a d 5701 Τα τα εδι ποιησαι, κακεινα μη 0000 o These things ou ought to have done, and those not αφιεναι.

to omit.

43 Ουαι ύμιν τοις Φαρισαιοις, δτι αγαπατε the you love Woe to you Pharisees, for

34 The LAMP of the BODY is \* thine EYE; where thine EYE is clear, thy Whole BODY also is enlight. ened; but when it is dim. thy BODY also is darkened.

35 Take heed therefore, that THAT LIGHT which is in thee be not Darkness.

36 If, therefore, thy whole BODY be enlightened, having no Part dark, the Whole will be enlight ened, as when the LAMP by its BRIGHTNESS enlightens thee."

37 And while he was speaking a Pharisee invited him to dine with him; and he went in, and re-

clined.

38 And the Pharisee noticing it, wondered that he did not first † immerse before the DINNER.

39 # And the LORD said to him, "Now you PHARI-SEES cleanse the OUTSIDE of the CUP and PLATTER: but tyour Inside isfull of Extortion and Wickedness.

40 Senseless men! lid not HE who MADE the OUTSIDE make the INSIDE also?

41 But give in Alms the THINGS WITHIN, and Lenold, all things are pure to you.

42 But Woe to you, PHARISEES! Because you tithe of MINT, and JUE, and Every Pot-herb but disregard JUSTICE and the LCVE of God; these things you ought to practise, and not to omit those.

43 TWoe to you, PHARIsees! Because you love

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. thine EYE. 34. therefore-omit. 87 certain-omit. † 37. Perhaps, rather, "to breakfast with him," as ariston, signifies a morning meal. The Jews made but two meals in the day: their ariston, may be called their breakfast or their dinner, because it was both, and was but a slight meal. Their chief meal was their deinner or supper, after the heat of the day was over and the same was the principal meal among the Greeks and Romans. Josephus, in his life, says, sec. 54, that the legal hour of the ariston on the Sabbath nust the sixth hour, or at twellve o'clock at noon as we call it. What the hour was on the other days of the week, he does not say; but probably it was much the same.—
Pance. † 38. Some critics refer this to the dipping of the hands; others to the impact of the whole person. From Mark vii. 8, 4, it is evident, that both were practised, as well as various other ablutions.

<sup>1 °4</sup> M tt. vi. 22. 1 38. Mark vii. 8. 1. 5 1 41. Isa. lviii. 7, Dan. iv. 27; Luke xii. 33. Matt vxiii 6; Mark xii. 33. 39. 1 39. Matt. xxii. 25. 1 41. Matt. xxiii. 23.

touch the burdens.

την πρωτοκαθεδριαν εν ταις συναγωγαις, και in the synagogues, first seat and 44 Ουαι ύμιν. τους ασπασμους εν ταις αγοραις. Woe to you, the salutations in the markets. ότι εστε ώς τα μνημεια τα αδηλα, και οί for you are like the tombs those unseen, and the ανθρωποι, οί περιπατουντες επανω, ουκ οιδασιν. walking over, not men. those 45 Αποκριθεις δε τις των νομικων λεγει αυτφ. Answering and one of the lawyers says to him; Διδασκαλε, ταυτα λεγων και ήμας υβριζεις.
O teacher, these things saying also us thou reproachest. 46 Ο δε ειπε Και ύμιν τοις νομικοις ουαι, ότι He and sald; Also to you the lawyers woe, φορτιζετε τους ανθρωπους φορτια δυσβαστακτα, you load the men burdens oppressive, και αυτοι ένι των δακτυλων ύμων ου προσand yourselves with one of the fingers of you not you ψανετε τοις Φορτιοις.

47 Ουαι ύμιν, ότι οικοδομειτε τα μνημεια των Woe to you, for you build the tombs προφητων, οἱ δε πατερες ύμων απεκτειναν prophets, the and fathers οιχοι υτους. <sup>48</sup> Αρα μαρτυρείτε και συνευδοκείτε hem. Therefore you testify and you consent autous. τοις εργοις των πατερων ύμων ότι αυτοι μεν to the works of the fathers of you; for they indeed απεκτειναν αυτους, ύμεις δε οικοδομειτε \* αυkilled them, you and build [of των τα μνημεια.] 49 Δια τουτο και ή σοφια them the tombs.] Because of this and the wiscom του θεου ειπεν. Αποστελω εις αυτους προφητας of the God said; I will send to them και αποστολους, και εξ αυτων αποκτενουσι and apostles, and out of them they will kill και εκδιωξουσιν· 50 ίνα εκζητηθη το αίμα πανand persecute; so that may be required the blood των των προφητων, το εκχυνομένον απο καταail of the prophets, that being shed from βολης κοσμου, απο της γενεας ταυτης. 51 απο ing down of a world, from the generation this; του αίματος Αβελ έως του αίματος Ζαχαριου, the blood of Abel to the blood of Zecharias, του απολομενου μεταξυ του θυσιαστηριου και that having perished between the altar του οικου. Ναι λεγω ύμιν, εκζητηθησεται απο the bouse. Yes I say to you, it will be required from THS YEVERS TRUTHS. the generation this.

 $^{52}$  Oual  $^{5}$  ωμιν τοις νομικοις, δτι πρατε την wor to you the lawyers. Το you took away the κλειδα της  $^{5}$  νωσεως  $^{5}$  αυτοι ουκ εισηλθετε, και you entered, and τους εισερχομένους εκωλυσατε.  $^{53}$  Λεγοντος δε those entering you hindered. Saying and

the CHIEF SEAT in the SYNAGOGUES, and SALU-TATIONS in the PUBLIC PLACES.

44 Twoe to you! Because you are like those CONCEALED TOMBS, which MEN WALKING over, know not."

45 Then one of the LAW-YERS, answering, says to him, "Teacher, in saying these things thou reproachest Us also."

46 And HE said, "Woe to you, LAWYERS! ‡ For you impose oppressive Burdens on MEN, and yet, gou yourselves touch not the BURDENS with one of your FINGERS.

47 ‡ Woe to you! For you build the SEPULCHRES of the PROPHETS, and your FATHERS killed them.

48 Thus you testify that you approve the ACTS of your PATHERS; For then, and nou build.

49 And because of this, the WISDOM of GOD said, ‡'1 will send them Prophets and Apostles, and some of them they will kill and persecute;'

50 so that the BLOOD of All the PROPHETS being shed from the Formation of the World, may be required of this GENERATION;

- 51 from the \*Blood of Abelto the \*Blood of That Zechariah, twho will perish between the ALTAR and the HOUSE. Yes, I tell you, it will be required of this GENERATION.
- 52 \* Woe to you, LAW-YEES! Because you have taken away the KEY of KNOWLEDGE; you entered not yourselves, and THOSE APPROACHING, you hindered."

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-48. Their TOMBS-omit.

<sup>† 51.</sup> See Note on Matt. xxiii. 35.

<sup>1 44.</sup> Matt. xxiii. 27. 1 46. Matt. xxiii. 4.

αυτου ταυτα προς αυτους, ηρξαντο οί γραμματεις of him these things to tnem, began the scribes και οί Φαρισαιοι δεινως ενεχειν, και αποστο-Pharisees and the greatly to be incensed, and to make ματιζειν αυτον περι πλειονων· 54 ενεδρευοντες speak off-band him about many things; trying to entrap αυτον, \*[ζητουντες] θηρευσαι TL  $\epsilon \kappa$ to catch something out of the hım, [seeking] μυτου, ίνα κατηγορησωσιν αυτου. στοματος of him, that they might accuse him. 12.  ${}^1$  Ev of  $\epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \nu \nu \alpha \chi \theta \epsilon \iota \sigma \omega \nu \tau \omega \nu$ mouth KΕΦ. ιβ'.In those having assembled of the μυριαδων του οχλου, ώστε καταπατειν αλληmy caus of the crowd, 80 25 to tread upon λοι , ηρξατο λεγειν προς τους μαθητας αύτου. roo nee, be began to say to the disciples of himself; Πρωτον προσεχετε έαυτοις απο της ζυμης των take heed to yourselves of the leaven of the 2 Ouder de Φαρισαίων, ήτις εστιν ύποκρισις. which hypocrisy. Nothing and 18 σιγκεκαλυμμενον εστιν, δ ουκ αποκαλυφθησεis, which not shall be uncovered: baving been covered ται και κρυπτον, δ ου γνωσθησεται.  $^3$  A $\nu\theta$ secret, which not shell be known. and On which av όπα εν τη σκοτια ειπατε, εν τφ φωτι acreoot what in the dark you speak, in the ακυυσθησεται· και ὁ προς το ους ελαλησατε εν shall be heard: and what to the ear you spoke in τοις ταμειοις, κηρυχθησεται επι των δωματων. the closets, shalbe published on the bouse-tops. 4 Λεγω δε ύμιν τοις φιλοις μου. Μη φοβηθητε I say and to you the friends of me: Not you be afraid απο των αποκτεινοντων το σωμα, και μετα ταυτα of those killing the body, and after 5 'Υπομη εχοντων περισσοτερον τι ποιησαι. having anything to have done. more I will δειξω δε ύμιν, τινα φοβηθητε φοβηθητε τον point out and to you, whom you should fear: you should fear the μετα το αποκτειναι, εξουσιαν εχοντα εμβαλειν after the to have killed, authority having to cast εις την γεενναν ναι λεγω ύμιν, τουτον φοβη-Gehenna; yes Isay to you, this into the θητε. 6 Ουχι πεντε στρουθια πωλειται ασσαριων you. Not five sparrows are sold assarii δυο; και έν εξ αυτων ουκ εστιν επιλελησμενον two? and one out of them not is being forgotten 7 Αλλα και αί τριχες της  $\epsilon \nu \omega \pi i o \nu \tau o \nu \theta \epsilon o \nu$ . in presence of the God. But also the hairs of the κεφαλης ύμων πασαι ηριθμηνται. Μη \*[ουν] of you all have been numbered. Not [therefore] φοβεισθε πολλων στρουθιων διαφερετε. 8 Λεγω fear you: many sparrows you are better. Isay δε ύμιν. Πας δς αν δμολογηση εν εμοι εμπροσand to you: All whoever may confess to me in presθεν των ανθρωπων, και δ υίος του ανθρωπου ence of the also the son of the men. man

53 And \*having gone out thence, the SCRIBES and PHARISEES began to be extremely angry, and to press him to speak unguardedly on many things;

54 trying to entrap him, and ‡to catch something from his MOUTH, that they

might accuse him.

#### CHAPTER XII.

1 At that time, the CROWD having assembled by TENS OF THOUSANDS, so that they trampled on each other, he began to say to his DISCIPLES, "First, t guard yourselves against the LEAVEN of the PHARTSEES, which is Hypocrisy.

2 ‡ And there is nothing concealed, which will not be discovered; and hid, which will not be made

known.

3 Therefore, what you speak in the DARK, will be heard in the LIGHT; and what you whispered to the EAR in CLOSETS, will be proclaimed on the HOUSETOPS.

4 ‡ But I say to you, my FRIENDS, Be not afraid of THOSE who KIL\* the BODY, and after this can do no

more.

5 But I will show you whom you should fear; Fear him, who, after having killed, has Authority to castinto Gehenna; yes, I tell you, Fear him.

6 Are not Five Sparrows sold for two † Assarii? and yet not one of them is for-

gotten before God.

7 But even the HAIRS of your HEAD have all been numbered. Fearnot; you are of more value than Many Sparrows.

8 ‡ And 1 say to you, Whoever may acknowledge me before MEN, the son of

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-53. having gone out thence, the scribes. 54. seekingomit. 7. therefore—omit.

<sup>\* 6.</sup> An assarion was about one cent and five mills in value, or three farthings sterling.

<sup>† 54.</sup> Mark xii, 13. iv. 22: Luke viii, 17. † 4. Matt. x. 28; Isa. li. 7, 8, 12; Jer. i. 8. Mark viii. 38; 2 Tim. ii. '2; 1 John ii. 23.

δμολογησει εν αυτφ εμπροσθεν των αγγελων will confess in bim in presence of the messengers 9 'Ο δε αρνησαμένος με ενωπιον των του θεου. of the God. He but having denied me in presence of the ανθρωπων, απαρνηθησεται ενωπιον των αγγεwill be denied in presence of the messenλων του θεου. 10 Και πας δς ερει λογονεις τον And all who shall speak a word against the gers of the God. υίον του ανθρωπου, αφεθησεται αυτώ τω δε son of the man, it will be forgiven to him; to the but εις το άγιον πνευμα βλασφημησαντι ουκ αφεagainst the holy spirit having spoken evil not 11 'Οταν δε προσφερωσιν ύμας επι θησεται. be forgiven. When and they may may τας συναγωγας και τας αρχας και τας εξουσιας, the synagogues and the rulers and the authorities, μη μεριμνατε, πως η τι απολογησησθε, η τι not be you anxious, how or what you may answer, orwhat ειπητε: 12 το γαρ άγιον πνευμα διδαξει ύμας εν you may say; the for holy αυτη τη ώρα, α δει spirit will teach you ειπειν. the hour, what it is proper to say.

13 Ειπε δε τις αυτφ εκ του οχλου. Διδασ-Said and one to him out of the crowd; καλε, ειπε τφ αδελφφ μου μερισασθαι μετ' speak to the brother of me to divide with 14 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτφ"; εμου την κληρονομιαν. the inheritance. He and said to him Ανθρωπε, τις με κατεστησε δικαστην η μερισ-O man, who me appointed a judge or a diviτην εφ' ύμας; 15 Ειπε δε προς αυτους. Όρατε der over you? He said and to them; See you και φυλασσεπθε απο της πλεονεξιας. ότι ουκ εν of the covetousness; because not in τω περισσευειν τινι ή ζωη αυτου εστιν εκ των the to abound any one the life of him is out of the

ύπαρχοντων αυτου.
possessions of him.

He spoke and a parable to them, saying;

Αυθρωπου τινος πλουσιου ευφορησεν ή χωρα.

A man certain rich yielded plentifully the farm.

17 Και διελογιζετο εν έαυτφ, λεγων Τι ποιησω;
And he reasoned in himself, saying; What shall I do?

δτι ουκ εχω, που συναξω τους καρπους μου.

because not I have, where I will gather the fruits of me

18 Και ειπε· Τουτο ποιησω· καθελω μου τας
And he said; This will do: I will pull down of me the

αποθηκας, και μειζονας οικοδομησω και συναξω barne, and greater I will build: and I will eollect εκει παντα τα γενηματα μου, και τα αγαθα μου there all the products of me, and the fruits of me:

19 και ερω τη ψυχη μου Ψυχη, εχεις πολλα and I will say to the soul of me: Soul, thou hast many

MAN will also acknowledge him in the presence of the ANGELS of GOD.

9 But he who has RE-NOUNCED me before MEN, will be renounced .. the presence of the ANGELS of

GOD.

10 ‡ And every one who
may speak a Word against
the SON of MAN, it will be

the son of MAN, it will be forgiven him; but HE who BLASPHEMES against the HOLY Spirit shall not be forgiven.

II And when they may bring you to the SYNA-GOGUES, and the RULERS, and the MAGISTRATES, be not anxious how you may defend yourselves, or what you may say;

12 for the HOLY Spirit will instruct you, in that HOUR, what it is proper to

say."

13 Then one out of the CROWD said to him, "G Teacher, speak to my BROTHER to divide the INHEBITANCE with me."

14 But HE replied to him, 1" Man, who appointed Me a Judge or Arbiter over you?"

16 And he spoke a Parable to them, saying, "The FARM of a certain rich Man produced abundantly;

17 and he reasoned within himself, saying, 'What shall I do? For I have no place where to deposit my FRUITS.'

18 And he said, 'I will do this; I will pull down My STOREHOUSES, and build Greater; and there I will bring together All my \*WHEAT and my GOOD things;

19 and I will say to MY-SELF, 'Life! thou hast an

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. All Covetousness.

γινεσθε ετοιμοι ότι, η ώρα ου δοκειτε, ό be prepared, because, in the hour not you think, the vios του ανθρωπου ερχεται  $^{41}$  Ειπε δε  $^*$  [αυτω] son of the man comes, Said and [to him] δ Πετρος Κυριε, προς ήμας την παμαβολη the Peter; Olord, to us the ταυτην λεγεις, η και προς παντας,

Truly I say to you, that over all to the χουσιν αύτου καταστησει αυτον. <sup>45</sup> Εαν If but of himself he will appoint him. ό δουλος εκεινος εν τη καρδια αύτου. should say the slave that in the heart of himself: Xρονιζει δ κυριος μου ερχεσθαι και αρξηται Delays the lord of me to come; and small begin τυπτειν τους παιδας και τας παιδισκας, εσθιειν to strike the servants and the maidens, τε και πινειν και μεθυσκεσθαι· 46 ήξει δ κυριος and also to drink and to be drunken; will comethe lord του δουλου εκεινου εν ήμερα, 'ή ου προσδοκα, that in a day, to which not he looks, the slave και εν ώρα η ου γινωσκει και διχοτομησει and in an hour which not he knows; and small cut anunder αυτον, και το μερος αυτου μετα των απιστων him, and the part of him with the unbelievers 47 Εκεινος δε ὁ δουλος ὁ γνους  $\theta$ n $\sigma$  $\epsilon\iota$ . That and the slave who having known the θελημα του κυριου έαυτου, και μη έτοιμασας, will of the lord efficient, and not having prepared,

μηδε ποιησας προς το θελημα αυτου, δαρησεneither having done according to the will of him, shall be beaται πολλας· 48 δ δε μη γνους, ποιησας δε he but not having known having done and many; αξια πληγων δαρησεται ολιγας. Παντι δε To all and to whom deserving of stripes shall be beaten few εδοθη πολυ, πολυ ζητηθησεται παρ' αυτου. much will be required from is given much, him: και 'ω παρεθεντο πολυ, περισσοτερον αιτηand to whom they have entrusted much, more they

σουσιν αυτον.
will ask him.

 $\theta \in \lambda \omega$ , if already it were kindled. A dipping and I have

pared; For at an Hour you think not, the son of MAN comes."

41 Then Peter said, "Master, dost thou speak this Parable to us, or

even to all?"

42 And the LORD said,

\* "Who then is \* the
FAITHFUL, the WISE Steward, whom the LORD will
appoint over his DOMESTICS, to DISPENSE the
\* proper allowance of food
in its Season.

43 Happy that SERVANT, whom his MASTER, at his arrival, shall find thus employed!

44 ‡ I tell you truly. That he will appoint him over ALL his PROPERTY.

45 But if that SERVANT should say in his HEART, 'My MASTER delays to come;' and shall begin to beat the SERVANTS and the MAIDENS, and to eat and drink and be drunk;

46 the MASTER of that SERVANT will come in a Day when he does not expect him, and at an Hour of which he is not aware, ‡ and will cut him off, and will appoint his PORTION with the UNBELIEVERS.

47 And ‡ THAT SER-VANT, who knew the WILL of his MASTER, and was not prepared, nor did according to his WILL, he shall be beaten with many stripes;

48 ‡ but HE who KNEW not, and did things worthy of Stripes, shall be beaten with few. And from any one to whom much is given much will be required; and from him with whom much has been deposited, they will exact the more.

49 I came to throw Fire on the LAND; and what do I wish,—if it were already kindled?

50 But I have an Im-

42. the FAITHFUL Steward, the WISE,

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—41. to him—omit. whom. 42. portion of food in.

t 42. Matt. xxiv. 45; xxv. 21. 44. Matt. xxiv. 47. 46. Num. xv. 30; Matt. xiv. 51. 47. Deut. xxv. 2; James 1v. 17. 48. Lev. v. 17; 1 Tim. i. 18.

Βαπτισθηναι. Kal  $\pi\omega s$ till to b dipped: and I am pressed, how 51 Δοκειτε, ότι ειρηνην παρεγενομην τελεσθη. peace I came may be finished. Do you think, that δουναι εν τη γη; Ουχι, λεγω ύμιν. αλλ' to give in the earth? No, I say to you, but rather 52 Εσονται γαρ απο διαμερισμον. עטע טטע division. Shall be for from the πεντε εν οικω ένι διαμεμεριπμενοι, τρεις επι three against five in house one having been divided, 53 Διαμερισθησεται δυσι, και δυο επι τρισι. and two against three. Will be divided πατηρ εφ' υίω, και υίος επι πατρι· μητηρ επι a tather against a son, and a son against a father: a mother against θυγατρι, και θυγατηρ επι μητρι πενθερα a daughter, and a daughter against a mother: a mother-in-law επι την νυμφην αύτης, και νυμφη against the a daughter-in-law of herself, and a daughter-in-law against την πενθεραν αύτης.

mother-in-law of herself.

54 Ελεγε δε και τοις σχλοις. Όταν ιδητε την He said and also to the crowds: When you see the νεφελην ανατελλουσαν απο δυσμων, ευθεως west, immediately from λεγετε Ομβρος ερχεται και γινεται ούτω. you say: A shower comes: and it happens so. δό Και όταν Νοτον πνεοντα, λεγετε 'Οτι καυAnd when South wind is blowing, you say: That burning 56 'Υποκριται, σων εσται' Kal YIVETAL. and it happens. hest shall be: O hypocrites, the προσωπον της γης και του ουρανου οιδατε and of the face of the earth heaven you know δοκιμα (ειν. τον δε καιρον τουτον πως ου to discern : the but season this 57 Τι δε και αφ' έαυτων ου κρινετε δοκιμαζετε; Why and even of yourselves not judge you do you discern ? 58 'Ως γαρ ύπαγεις μετα του αντιτ δικαιον: When for thou goast with the right? oppoδικου σου επ' αρχοντα, εν τη όδφ δος εργασιαν pent of thee to aruler, in the waygive thou labor απηλλαχθαι απ' αυτου· μηποτε κατασυρη σε lest he may drag thee to e set free from him: προς τον κριτην, και δ κριτης σε παραδω τω and the judge thee may deliver to the to the judge, πρακτορι, και ό πρακτωρ σε βαλη εις φυλαofficer, thee may cast into and the officer Λεγω σοι, ου μη εξελθης εκειθεν, I say to thee, not notthou mayest come out thence,

έως ού και το εσχατον λεπτων αποδώς.
till even the last lepton thou hast paid.

συνεχομαι, έως ου mersion to undergo; and how am I pressed, till it may be consummated?

[ Chap. 12: 59.

51 † Do you imagine That I am come to give Peace in the LAND? I tell you, No; but rather Division.

52 For from this TIME, five in \* One House will be divided; three against two, and two against

three :-

53 ‡ a Father against a Son, and a Son against a Father; a Mother against \* the DAUGHTER, and a Daughter against \* the MOTHER; a Mother-in-law against her DAUGHTER-IN-LAW, and a Daughter-in-law against her MOTHER-IN-LAW."

54 And he said also to the CROWDS, \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot \text{When you} see +\* a Cloud rising from the West, you immediately say, 'A Shower is coming;' and so it happens.

55 And when the South wind is blowing, you say, 'There will be scorching Heat:' and it occurs.

Heat; and it occurs.
56 O Hypocrites! you know how to scan the FACE of the EAETH and of the SKY; but how is it, you \*cannot discern this TIME?

57 And why do you not, even of yourselves, judge what is RIGHT?

58 ‡ When thou goest with thy LEGAL OPPONENT to a Magistrate, on the ROAD labor to be released from him, lest he drag thee to the JUDGE, and the JUDGE deliver Thee to the OFFICER, and the OFFICER cast Thee into Prison.

59 I tell thee, thou wilt by no means be released till thou hast paid even the LAST † Lepton?"

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—52. One House. 53. the dauguter. 53. the mother. 54. a Cloud. 56. cannot.

<sup>† 54.</sup> The westerly winds in the Holy Land are still generally attended with rain, whilst the easterly winds are usually dry. † 55. Le Bruyn tells us, there blew when he was at Nama, a south-east wind, which coming from the desert beyond Jordan, caused a great heat, and that it continued some days.—Harmer. † 50. Lepton, in value about two mills, or half a farthing.

# КЕФ. 17.13.

\* Παρησαν δε τινες εν αυτφ τφ καιρφ, απαγ-Were present and some in to him the season, γελλοντες αυτώ περι των Γαλιλαιων, ών το Galileans, of whom the to him concerning the αίμα Πιλατος εμιξε μετα των θυσιων αυτων. blood Pilate mingled with the sacrifices of them. <sup>2</sup> Και αποκριθεις δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις· Δοκειτε, And answering the Jesus said to them; Suppose you, ότι οἱ Γαλιλαιοι οὑτοι άμαρτωλοι παρα παντας that the Galileans these sinners above τους Γαλιλαιους εγενοντο, ότι τοιαυτα πεπονθαthey have were, because such things Galileans σιν; 3 Ουχι, λεγω ύμιν αλλ' εαν μη μετανοητε, suffered? No, I say to you; but except you reform, 4 H exervor of Or those the παντες ώσαυτως απολεισθε. all in like manner you will perish. Or those the δεκα και οκτω, εφ' ούς επεσεν ὁ πυργος εν τφ ten and eight, on whom fell the tower in the Σιλωαμ, και απεκτεινεν αυτους, δοκειτε, ότι them, Siloam, and killed suppose you, that ούτοι οφειλεται εγενοντο παρα παντας ανθρωoffenders were above all πους τους κατοικουντας εν Ίερουσαλημ; 5 Ουχι, dwelling in Jerusalem? No, those αλλ' εαν μη μετανοητε, παντες λεγω ύμιν∙ except to you; but you reform, όμοιως απολειπθε. 6 Ελεγε δε ταυτην την in like manner you will perish. He spoke and this the παραβολην Συκην ειχε τις εν τω αμπελωνι parable; A fig-tree had one in the vineyard αύτου πεφυτευμενην και ηλθε ζητων καρπον of himself having been planted: and came seeking fruit 7 Ειπε δε προς τον εν αυτη, και ουκ εύρεν. her, and not found. He said and to Ιδου, τρια ετη ερχομαι ζητων αμπελουργον. vine-dresser; Lo, three years came seeking καρπον εν τη συκη, ταυτη, και ουχ εύρισκω and not to find; fruit on the fig-tree this, εκκοψον αυτην ίνατι και την γην καταργει; the earth it renders useless? her; why and β΄ Ο δε αποκριθεις λεγει αυτώ. Κυριε, αφες answering says to him: Olord, He and leave αυτην και τουτο το ετος, έως ότου σκαψω περι this the year, till I may dig her also about 9 καν μεν ποιηση αυτην, και βαλω κοπρια. and if indeed it may bear and I may put dung; καρπον ει δε μηγε, εις το μελλον εκκοψεις if and not, in the future thou mayest cut down fruit: 10 Ην δε διδασκων εν μια των συνααυτην. in one of the He was and teaching syna-

#### CHAPTER XIII.

1 And some were present at That PERIOD, informing him concerning the GALI-LEANS, † Whose BLOOD Pilate mingled with their SACRIFICES.

2 And \* he answering said to them, "Do you think That those GALI-LEANS were the greatest Transgressors in All GALI-LEF, Because they suffered Such thines?

3 I tell you, No; but, unless you reform, you will all in like manner be

destroyed.

4 Or, Those EIGHTEEN, on whom the Tower in SILOAM fell, and killed them, do you imagine then were greater Offenders than All Those MEN who DWELL in Jerusalem!

5 I tell you, No; but, unless you reform, you will all in like manner be

destroyed."

6 And he spoke This PARABLE; ‡"A certain man had a Fig-tree planted in his VINEYARD; and he came seeking Fruit on it, but found none.

7 And he said to the VINE-DRESSER, Behold, I have come Three Years seeking Fruit on this FIGTREE, and find none: cut it down, why should it render the GROUND unproductive?

8 And HE answering, said to him, 'Sir, leave it This YEAR also, till I dig about it, and manure it;

9 and \* perhaps it may bear Fruit; but if not, at a FUTURE time thou mayest cut it down.'"

10 And he was teaching

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—2. he answering. if not, thou mayest.

<sup>9.</sup> AFTER THAT it may bear Fruit; but

<sup>†</sup> i. Josephus says, that Archelaus sent his soldiers into the temple, "who suddenly falling upon them, as they were sacrificing, slew about three thousand of them." And Antipater, when he accused Archelaus for this among other crimes before the Emperor Augustus, is reported by Josephus as saying that he had "cruelly cut the throats of those who came up to the feast, and were at their own sacrifices."

4. A tower near the pool Siloam, which supplied the city with water, and being situated in the midst of Jerusalem, at the foot of Mount Zion, was a place of great resort—See John ix. 7; Neh. iii. 55.

γωγων εν τοις σαββασι. 11 Και ιδου, γυνη ην rogues in the sabbaths. And lo, a woman was πνευμα εχουσα ασθενείας ετη δεκα και οκτω. aspirit having of infirmity years ten and eight; και ην συγκυπτουσα, και μη δυναμενη ανακυψαι and was being bent double, and not being able to raise up εις το παντελες. 12 Ιδων δε αυτην δ Ιηπους, Seeing and ner the Jesus, for all time. Seeing and the the arokeprosephwyngs, kal einev auth.  $\Gamma$ uval, anokehe called to, and said to her; Owoman, thou hast  $\lambda$ uval  $\tau$ ns arobevelas row. 13 Kal e $\pi$ e $\theta$ n $\kappa$ e $\nu$ been loosed of the infirmity of thee. And he placed αυτη τας χειρας και παραχρημα ανωρθωθη, hands; and immediately she stood erect, συναγωγος, αγανακτων, δτιτφ σαββατφ εθεραbeing angry, because in the sabbath healed gogue-ruler, πευσεν δ Ιησους, ελεγε τφ οχλφο Έξ ήμεραι the Jesus, he said to the crowd; Six εισιν, εν αίς δει εργαζεσθαι εν ταυταις ουν are, in which it is proper to work; in these therefore ερχομενοι θεραπενεσθε, και μη τη ήμερα του coming be you healed, and not in the day of the σαββατου. 15 Απεκριθη ουν αυτώ ὁ κυριος, και Answered therefore to him the lord, and sabbath. ειπεν Υποκριτα, έκαστος ύμων τω σαββατω said; Ohypocrites, each one of you in the sabbath ου λυει τον βουν αύτου η τον ονον απο της bot loose the ox o himself or the ass from the φαινης, και απαγαγων ποτιζει; 16 Ταυτην δε, having ted he drinks? stall, and This θυγατερα Αβρααμ ουσαν ήν εδησεν ό σατανας a daughter of Abraham being, whom bound the adversary ιδου δεκα και οκτω ετη, ουκ εδει λυθηναι απο to ten and eight years, not ought to beloosed from  $\tau$  or  $\delta \epsilon \sigma \mu \sigma \nu$   $\tau$  outou  $\tau$  of  $\eta \mu \epsilon \rho \alpha$   $\tau$  or  $\sigma \alpha \beta \beta \alpha \tau \sigma \nu$ ; bond this in the day of the sabbath? 17 Κοι ταυτα λεγοντος αυτου, κατησχυνοντο

And these things saying of him, were a hamed

παντες οἱ αντικειμενοι αυτώ και πας ὁ οχλος

all the opponents to him: d all the crowd

εχαιρεν επι πασι τοις ενδοξοιι τοις γινομενοις
rejoiced for all the glorious thing, those being done

ὑπ αυτου
by him,

18 Ελεγε δε. Τινι δμοια εισιν ή βασιλεια του He said and; To what like is the kingdom of the  $\theta$ εου; και τινι δμοιωσω αυτην;  $^{19}$  Ομοια εστι God; and towhatsball lcompare her; Like it is κυκκφ σιναπεως, δυ λαβων ανθρωπος εβαλεν a grain of mustard, which having taken a man he cast εις κηπον έαυτου και ηυξησε, και εγενετο εις into a garden of himself; and it grew, and became into δενδρον \*[μεγα,] και τα πετεινα του ουρανου [great,] and the birds ofthe heaven a tree

in one of the SYNAGOGUES on the SABBATH.

11 And behold, there was a Woman who had a Spirit of Infirmity for eighteen Years, and was bent down, and was not able to raise herself up at all.

12 And JESUS seeing her, called to her and said, "Woman, thou art released from thine INFIRMITY."

13 ‡ And he placed his HANDS on her; and immediately she stood erect, and praised GoD.

14 And the SYNAGOGUE-EULEE, being angry, Because Jesus had healed on the SABBATH, answering, said to the CROWD, 1" There are Six Days in whish you ought to labor, in these, therefore, come and be cured, ‡ and not on the SABBATH."

15 \* But the LORD answered him, and said, "Hypocrites! ‡ does not every one of you, on the SABBATH, loose his OX or his ASS from the STALL, and lead him to DRINK?

16 And was it not proper, that this woman, their a Daughter of Abraham, whom the ADVING SARY has bound, behold, Eighteen Years, to be released from this BOND on the SABBATH ?"

17 And on his saying this, All L's opposers were ashamed; and All the CROWD rejoiced at All THOSE GLORIOUS WORKS which were PERFORMED by him.

18 And he said, "What is the KINGDOM of GOD like? and to what slall I compare it?

19 It is like a Grain of Mustard, which a Man took, and planted in his Garden; and it grew, and became a Tree; and the BIRDS of the HEAVEN

Vatican Manuscrift.—15. But the Lord answered him, and said.
 19. great—omit.
 13. Mark xvi. 18; Acts ix. 17.
 14. Exod. xx. 9.
 14. Matt. xii. 10; Marb ix. 2; Luke vv. 7; xiv. 8.
 15. Luke xv. 5.
 16. Luke xix 9.
 18. Matt. xii. 10; Marb ix. 30.

Chap. 13. 20.1 LUKE. 20 Kat κατεσκηνωσεν εν τοις κλαδοις αυτου. in the branches of it. And παλιν ειπε· Τινι δμοιωσω την βασιλειαν του again be said: Το what shall I compare the kingdom of the θεου; 21 Όμοια εστι ζυμη, ήν λαβουσα γυνη Like it is to leaven, which having taken a woman ενεκρυψεν εις αλευρου σατα τρια, έως ού ε(υmixed into of meal measures three, till 22 Και διεπορεύετο κατα πολεις μωθη δλον: leavened whole, he passed throughout cities And και κωμας, διδασκων, και πορειαν ποιουμενος and towns, teaching, and went on making εις Ίερουσαλημ. 23 Ειπε δε τις αυτώ Κυριε, for erusalem. Said and one to him: Olord, et ολιγοι οί σωζομενοι; 'Ο δε ειπε προς αυτους' are few those being saved: He and said to them: 24 Αγωνιζεσθε εισελθειν δια της στενης θυρας· Agonize you to enter through the strait door: δτι πολλοι, λεγω ύμιν, ζητησουσιν εισελθειν, for many, I say to you, will seek to enter, και ουκ ισχυσουσιν. <sup>25</sup> Αφ' ου αν εγερθη δ and not will be able. From when may be raised the and not οικοδεσποτης, και αποκλειση την θυραν, και householder, and may have shut the door, αρξησθε εζω έσταναι, και κρουειν την θυραν, you may begin without to stand, and to knock the door, λεγοντες· Κυριε, \*[κυριε,] ανοιξον ήμιν· και open thou to us: and αποκριθεις ερει ύμιν. Ουκ οιδα ύμας, ποθεν answering he will say to you: Not I know you, whence 26 Τοτε αρξεσθε λεγειν Εφαγομεν ενω-Then you will begin to say: Weate πιον σου και εν ταις πλατειαις ήμων εδιδαξας. 27 Και ερει· Λεγω υμιν, ουκ οιδα \*[υμας,]
And he will say: I say to von, not I know [you,]

sence of thee and in the wide places of us thou hast taught. ποθεν  $εστε^*$  αποστητε  $απ^*$  εμου παντες οί whence you are: departyou from me all the εργαται της αδικιας. 28 Εκει εσται δ κλαυθμος workers of the wrong. There will be the weeping

weepin g και δ Βρυγμος των οδοντων, όταν οψησθε Αβρααμ and the gnashing of the teeth, when you may see Abraam και Ισαακ και ισκωβ και παντας τους προφητας and Isaac and Jacob and all the prophets εν τη βασιλεια του θεου, ύμας δε εκβαλομενους

kingdom of the God, you and <sup>29</sup> Και ήξουσιν απο ανατολων και δυσμων, €Eω. And they willcome from east and outside.

και απο Βορδα και Νοτου· και ανακλιθησονται and from North and South: and will recline

εν τη βασιλεια του θεου. 30 Και ιδου, εισιν in the kingdom of the God. And lo, they are

built their nests in its 20 And again he said,

"To what shall I compare the KINGDOM of GOD? 21 It resembles Leaven.

which a Woman taking, mingled in three † Measures of Meal, till the whole fermented."

22 ‡ And he passed through Cities and Villages, teaching, and traveling towards Jerusalem.

23 And some one said to him, " Master, are those few who are BEING saved?" And HE said to them.

24 1 " Earnestly endeavor to enter through the NARROW Door; For many, I tell you, will seek to enter in, and will not be able.

25 When the House. HOLDER shall rise and close the Door, and you shall begin to stand without, and to knock at the DOOR, saying, ‡ 'Master, open to us; and he shall answer and say to you, 'I do not recognize you; whence are you?'

26 you will then begin to say, 'We have eaten and drank in thy presence, and thou hast taught in our

OPEN SQUARES.'

27 ‡ But he will say \*to you, 'I do not know from whence you are. Depart from me, all you WORKERS of Wickedness."

28 There will be the WEEPING and the GNASH-ING of TEETH, 1 when you shall see Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob, and All the PROPHETS in the KING-DOM of GOD, and pou cast

29 And they will come from the East and West, and from the North and South, and will recline in the KINGDOM of GOD.

27. speaking to you. I know not.

30 I And behold, they

1 30. Matt. xix. 30 , ax. 16

2 25. Luke "t. 46

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. Lord-omit. 27. you-omit.

<sup>\* 21.</sup> See Note on Matt. ziii. 33.

<sup>; 22.</sup> Matt. ix. 85; Mark vi 6. ; 27. Matt. vii. 23; xxv. 41. Maik x. 31.

εσχατοι, οί εσονται πρωτοι· και εισι πρωτοι, οί and they are first, who who shall be firsts 31 Εν αυτη τη ήμερα προσηλεπονται εσχατοι. In this the approached will be last day θον τινες Φαρισαιοι, λεγοντες αυτώ. Εξελθε, to him; certain of Pharisees, δτι Ἡρωδης θελει σε και πορευου εντευθενο wishes thee and go thou bence; for Herod 32 Και ειπεν αυτοις. Πορευθεντες απυκτειναι. to kill. And he said to them; Having gone ειπατε τη αλωπεκι ταυτη. Ιδου, εκβαλλω δαιsav you to the fox this; Lo. I cast out μονια και ιαπεις επιτελω σημερον και αυριον, mone and cures periorm to-day and to-morrow, 33 Πλην δει με But it behoves me rai the third I shall have ended, σημερον και αυριον και τη ερχομενη πορευεσθαι. io-day and to-morrow and in the coming to go; ότι ουκ ενδεχεται προφητην απολεσθαι εξω for not it is possible a prophet to perish out Ίερουσαλημ, ή 'Ιερουσαλημ. 34 'Ιερουσαλημ, Jerusalem, of Jerusalem. Jerusalem, the αποκτεινούσα τους προφητάς, και λιθολούσα killing the prophets, and atoning τους απεσταλμενους προς αυτην, ποσακις ηθεber, having been sent to how often I deεπισυναξαι τα τεκνα σου, δν τροπον to gather the children of thee, what manner λησα ορνις την έαυτης νοσσιαν ύπο τας πτερυγας; a bird the of herseif brood under the wings? 35 Ιδου, αφιεται ύμιν δ και ουκ ηθελησατε. Lo, is left toyouthe and not you were willing. οικος ύμων. Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι ου μη με ιδητε, house of you. I say and to you, that not not me you may see, έως \*[αν ήξη ότε] ειπητε Ευλογημενος ό ind [may come when] you may say; Having been blessed be εργομένος εν ονοματι κυριου.

coming in name of Lord.

### КЕФ. ιδ'. 14.

 $^{1}$  Και εγενετο εν τ $\varphi$  ελθειν αυτον εις οικον And it happened in the to come him into a house τινος των αρχοντων των Φαρισαιων σαββατω of the Pharisees ofone of the rulers in a sabbath φαγείν αρτον, και αυτοί ησαν παρατηρουμενοί bread, and they were to eat watching 2 Και ιδου, ανθρωπος τις ην ύδρωπικος αυτον. And a man certain was lo, dropsical 3 Και αποκριθεις δ Ιησους  $\epsilon \mu \pi \rho o \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu$  autou. in presence of him. And answering the Jesus ειπε προς τους νομικους και Φαρισαιους, λεγων. said to the lawyers and Pharisees, saying; Oi SE σαββατφ θεραπευειν; Ει εξεστι τω If it is lawful in the sabbath to cure? They but

are last who will be first, and they are first who will be last.

31 On That DAY, certain Pharisees approached, saying, "Go, depart hence; For Herod intends to kill

Thee."

32 And he said to them, "Go, and tell that †FOX, Behold, I expel Demons, and perform Cures To-day and To-morrow, and on the THIRD \*Day I shall have finished.

33 But I must go on Today, and To-morrow, and the day FOLLOWING; For it is not possible for a Prophet to perish tout of

Jerusalem.

34 t O Jernsalem, Jerusalem! DESTROYING the PROPHETS, and stoning THOSE SENT to thee! how often have I desired to assemble thy CHILDREN, as a Bird collects HER Young under her WINGS, but you would not!

35 Behold, your HABI-TATION is left to you; and I tell you, That you shall not see me, till you shall say, ‡ 'Blessed be HE who COMES in the Name of Je-

hovah."

#### CHAPTER XIV.

1 And it occurred, on a Sabbath, as he WENT to eat Bread into the House of one of the BULING PHARISFES, that they were watching him.

2 And behold, there was a certain dropsical Person

in his presence.

3 And Jesus answering, spoke to the LAWYERS and Pharisees, saying, ‡" Is it lawful to cure a the Sabbath \* Day, or not?

4 But THEY were silent.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. Day, not? But.

<sup>35.</sup> may come, when-omit.

<sup>3.</sup> Day, or

<sup>† 32.</sup> It is not certain that Jesus meant Herod here; he might have only intended to call the manso, from whom the advice of departing came, (whether from the speaker himse) is or from the person who sent him; for it is probable that the advice was given craftily, and with a design to frighten Jesus, and make him go from that place.—Pearce. \* 33. Because he was only to be judged by the great Sanhedrim, and they were only to pass judgment on him in that place.—Lightfoot.

<sup>1 84.</sup> Matt. xxiii. 37. \$ 35. Psq. exviii. 26.

Και επιλαβομένος ιασατο συτον. ήσυγασαν. And having taken hold he cured him, were silent. 5 Και αποκριθεις προς autous και απελυσε. And answering to them diemissed and ειπε· Τινος ύμων ονος η βους εις φρεαρ εμπεshall σειται, και ουκ ευθεως ανασπασει αυτον εν τη in the and not immediately will draw out him ήμερα του σαββατου; 6 Και ουκ ισχυσαν αντα-And not they were able sabbath? ofthe πακριθηναι \*[αυτφ] προς ταυτα.

[to him] to these things. <sup>7</sup> Ελεγε δε προς τους κεκλημενου**ς πα**ραβολ**ην,** He spoke and to those having been invited a parable, επεχων πως τας πρωτοκλισιας εξελεγοντο, how the first reclining places they were choosing out, observing λεγων προς αυτους· 8'Οταν κληθης ύπο When thou mayest be invited by them; to saying Tivos εις γαμους, μη κατακλιθης εις την πρω-any one to marriage-feasts, not thou may estrecline in the first τοκλισιαν μηποτε εντιμοτερος σου η κεκληreclining place; lest a more honorable of thee may be having μενος ὑπ' αυτου <sup>9</sup> και ελθων ὁ σε και αυτον been invited by him; and coming he thee and καλεσας, ερει σοι Δος τουτφ τοπον. Kal having invited, shallsay to thee: Give thou to this a place; and τοτε αρξη μετ' αισχυνης τον εσχατον Maine the farthest then thou shouldst begin with τοπον κατεχειν. 10 Αλλε ταν  $\kappa\lambda\eta\theta\eta s$ , But when thou mayest be invited. place to occupy; πορευθεις αναπεσαι εις τον εσχατον τοπων, ίνα baving gone recline thou in the farthest place, that όταν ελθη δ κεκληκως σε, ειπη σοι Φιλε, when may come he having invited thee, may say to thee; Ofriend, Τοτε εσται σοι δοξα προσαναβηθι ανωτερον. go thou up to a higher place. Then will be to thee glory 11 'Οτι πας ενωπιον των συνανακειμενων σοι. in presence of those reclining with thee. For every one δ ύψων ξαυτον, ταπεινωθησεται και δ ταπειshall be humbled; and the the exalting himself, 12 Ελεγε δε και τω νων ξαυτον ύψωθησεται. He said and also to the bling himself shall be exalted. «εκληκοτι αυτον· 'Όταν ποιης αριστον η cone) having invited him: When thou mayest make a dinner or δειπνον, μη φωνει τους φιλους σου, μηδε τους a supper, not call the friends of thee, hor the αδελφους σου, μηδε τους συγγενεις σου, μηδε brethren of thee, nor the relations of thee. nor μηποτ€ γειτονας πλουσιους. Kal auto!  $\sigma \in$ lest. also thee neighbors

And taking hold of him, he cured, and dismissed him.

5 And \*he said to them, "If a Son or an Ox of any of you shall fall into a Pit, will he not immediately draw him out on the SAB-BATH DAY?"

6 And they could not

reply to this.

7 And he spoke a Parable to THOSE who had been INVITED, observing how they were choosing out the CHIEF PLACES; saying to them

them,
8 "When thou art invited by any one to a Marriage-feast, do not recline in the † CHIEF PLACE; lest one more honorable than thou may have been invited

by him;

'9 and HE who INVITED Thee and Him, should come and say to thee, 'Give this man a Place;' and then with shame thou shouldst begin to occupy the LOW-EST Place.

10 ‡ But when thou art invited, go and recline in the Lowest Place; that when HE who INVITED thee comes, he may say to thee, 'Friend, go up to a higher place;' then thou wilt have honor in the presence of \*All THOSE RECLINING with thee.

11 ‡ For every one who exalts himself will be humbled, and he who humbles himself will be exalted."

13 And he said also to HIM who had INVITED him, "When thou makest a Dinner or a Supper, call not thy FRIENDS, nor thy BROTHERS, nor thy RELATIVES, "nor rich NEIGHBORS; lest they also should

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-5. he said to them, If a Son or an Ox. 10. All THOSE. 12. not rich.

<sup>6.</sup> him-omit.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Rather, to lie down first: to place themselves first on the couches, whereon the Jews were used to lay at their meals. Each couch held three, who sat or rather laid themselves down upon it; and it was esteemed the greatest mark of respect to any man, when the master of the house desired him to place himself first on the couch, in what part of it he pleased. Josephus telling us how craftily Herod treated Tyrcanus, says, that he deceived him by "calling nim father, and making him take his place first at feasts."—Pearce.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Exod. xxiii. 5: Deut xxii. 4 Luke xiii. 15. † 10. Prov. xxv. 6, 7. † 11. Job xxii 20: Psa. xviii 27; Prov. xxix. 23; Matt. xxiii. 12; Luke xviii. 14; James iv. 6; 1 Pet. v 5.

LUKE.

αντικαλεσωσι, και γενηται σοι ανταποδομα. should invite again. and be made to thee a recompense.

13 Αλλ' όταν ποιης δοχην, καλει πτωχους, when thou mayest make a feast, invite poor ones, αναπηρους, χωλους, τυφλους. 14 και μακαριος maimed ones, lame ones, blind ones: and blessed ότι ουκ εχουσιν ανταποδουναι σοι. thou wilt be, because not they havs to recompense to thee: ανταποδοθησεται γαρ σοι εν τη αναστασει των it will be recompensed for to thee in the resurrection of the 15 Ακουσας δε τις των συνανακειμενων δικαιων. just. Hearing and one of those reclining

ταυτα, ειπεν αυτφ. Μακαριος, δς φαγεται αρτον said to him: Blessed, who shall eat εν τη βασιλεια του θεου. 16 Ο δε ειπεν αυτω. kingdom of the God. He and to him: in the said Ανθρωπος τις εποιησε δειπνον μεγα, και εκαλεσε

a supper great, and invited A man certain made 17 Και απεστειλε τον δουλον αύτου mod. lous. many. And he sent the slave of himself τη ώρα του δειπνου ειπειν τοις κεκλημενοις. in the hour of the supper to say to those having been invited 18 Kat Ερχεσθε, ότι ηδη έτοιμα εστι \* [παντα.] Come you, for now ready 18 [all.] And ηρξαντο απο μιας παραιτεισθαι παντες. 'O

they began from one to excuse themselves The all. πρωτος ειπεν αυτω. Αγρον ηγορασα, και εχω said to him: A field I bought, and I have αναγκην εξελθειν και ιδειν αυτον ερωτω σε, to go out and to see hims

I beseech thee, 19 Και έτερος ειπε. Ζευγη εχε με παρητημενον. have me having been excused. And another said:

βοων ηγορασα πεντε, και πορευομαι δοκιμασαι of oxen I bought and Igo five, αυτα· ερωτω σε, εχε με παρητημενον. 20 Και

them: I beseech thee, have me having been excused. έτερος ειπε. Γυναικα εγημα, και δια τουτο ου another said. A wife I married, and because of this

δυναμαι ελθειν· 21 Και παραγενομενος δ δουλος I am able to come. And having come alave εκεινος απηγγειλε τφ κυριφ αύτου ταυτα. Tote

reported to the lord of himself these. οργισθεις δ οικοδεσποτης ειπε τω δουλω αύτου. being angry the householder said to the slave of himself: Εξελθε ταχεως εις τας πλατειας και δυμας της quickly into the wide places and streets of the

πολεως, και τους πτωχους και αναπηρους και and the poor ones and maimed ones and 22 Και ειπεν

χωλους και τυφλους εισαγαγε ώδε. lame ones and blind ones bring in hither. And said invite Thee again, and a Recompense be made thee,

13 But when thou makest a Feast, invite the Poor! the Crippled the Lame, the Blind;

14 and thou wilt be hap: py; Because they have no means to repay thee, therefore thou shalt be repaid at the RESURRECTION of the RIGHTEOUS."

15 And one of THOSE RECLINING with him. hearing this, said to him, t "Happy he who shall eat Bread in the KINGDOM of Gop."

16 # And HE said to him, "A certain Man made a great SUPPER, and invited

many.

17 And the sent his SERANT, at the HOUR of the supper, to say to THOSE who had been IN-VITED, 'Come, for it is now ready.'

18 And they all began, with one accord, to excuse themselves. The FIRST said to him, 'I have bought a Field, and I must go out and see it; I beseech thee to have Me excused?

19 And another said, 'I have bought five Yoke of Oxen, and I am going to try them; I entreat thee to have Me excused.'

20 And another said. 'I have married a Wife, and, therefore, I cannot come.'

21 And that SERVANT having returned, related all to his MASTER. Then the HOUSEHOLDER, being angry, said to his SERVANT. Go out quickly into the OPEN SQUARES and Streets of the CITY, and bring in hither the Poon, and Crippled, and Blind, and Lame.

22 And the SERVANT

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. All-omit. 21. Blind and Lame.

<sup>† 15.</sup> Instead of arton, bread, some one hundred MSS, with some Versions and Fathers, read ariston, a dinner. This is probably the best reading, as they were now at dinner.—Clarke, † 21. Faint traces remain of indiscriminate invitations to Oriental entertainments at this day. See Matt. xxii. 9: Prov. 1x. 23. Dr. Pococke speaks of the admission of the poor to the tables of the great. "The Arabs never set by any thing that is brought to table, but call in their neignbors and the poor, and finish every thing." An Arab prince will often dine is the street before his door, and call to all that pass, even beggars, who come and sit down.

Κυριε, Υεγονεν ως επεταξας, και Olord, it is done as thou didst order, and core. <sup>23</sup> Και είπεν δ κυρίος προς τον δ δουλος. the slave. ETUTOTUS ECTI. said the lord to still room ie. And δουλον. Έξελθε εις τας όδους και φραγμους, και ways and Go out into the hedges, αναγκασον εισελθειν, ίνα γεμισθη δ οικος μου. to enter, that may be filled the house of me. 24 Λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι ουδεις των ανδρων εκεινων for to you, that no one of the men των κεκλημενων γευσεται μου του δειπνου.
the having been invited shall taste of me the supper.

<sup>25</sup> Συνεπορευοντο δε αυτώ οχλοι πολλοι· και Were going with and him crowds great; • τραφείς είπε προς αυτους. 26 Ει τις ερχεται turning he said to them; If any one comes προς με, και ου μισει τον πατερα έαυτου, και to me, and not hates the father of himself, την μητορα, και την γυναικα, και τα τεκνα, και the mother, and the wife, and the children, and τους αδελφους, και τας αδελφας, ετι δε και την sisters, still more and even the and the brothers, έαυτου ψυχην, ου δυναται μου μαθητης ειναι. life, not is able ofme a disciple to be. of himself 27 Και δστις ου βασταζει τον σταυρον αύτου,

the of himself, And whoever not bears cross και ερχεται οπισω μου, ου δυναται μου ειναι me, after not is able of me and comes  $^{28}$  Tis γαρ εξ ύμων, θελων πυργον who for of you, wishing a tower μαθητης. a disciple. οικοδομησαι, ουχι πρωτον καθισας ψηφιζει την not first having sat down computes the δαπανην, ει εχει εις απαρτισμον, 29 ένα μηποτε if he has to θεντος αυτου θεμελιον, και μη ισχυοντος εκτεbaving laid of him a foundation, and not being able λεσαι, παντες οί θεωρουντες αρξωνται εμπαιζειν all those beholding should begin to deride αυτω, 30 λεγοντες. Ότι ούτος δ ανθρωπος ηρξατο That man began saying; this the 31 H οικοδομειν, και ονκ ισχυσεν εκτελεσαι. and not was able to finish. τις βασιλευς πορευομενος συμβαλειν έτερφ

τις βασιλευς πορευομένος συμβαλείν ετερφ what king going to engage with another βασιλει εις πολεμον, ουχι καθισας πρωτον king in battle, not having sat down first

said, 'Sir, \*1 have done what thou didst command, and yet there is Room.'

23 And the MASTER said to the SERVANT, 'Go to the ROADS and Hedges, and constrain people to come in, that \*the HOUSE may be filled;'

24 for I tell you, ‡ That none of those MEN who have been invited shall taste of My supper."

25 And great Crowds were going with him; and turning he said to them,

26 ‡"If any one comes to me, and † hates not his father, and mother, and wiff, and children, and brothers, and sill more even \* his own life, he cannot be my disciple.

27 \* Whoever, therefore, does not bear his own cross, and come after me, he cannot be My Disciple.

28 For who of you wishing to build a Tower, does not first sit down and estimate the EXPENSE, to know whether he has the means to complete it?

29 lest having laid a Foundation, and not being able to finish, ALL who SEE it begin to deride him,

30 saying, 'This MAN' began to build, but was not able to finish.'

31 Or What King, going to encounter Another King in Battle, \*will not first

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT—22. I have done what thou didst command. 23. the HOUSE. 26. his own LIFE. 27. Whoever therefore does not bear his own cross. 31. will not first sit down and consult

<sup>† 26.</sup> This is one amongst many examples in the sacred writings of Oriental figurative language, where the expression is hyperbolical in order to render the truth meant to be conveyed in it more striking and impressive. Matthew, in chap. x. 37, expresses the literal meaning of this passage, when he says, "loves his father and mother more than me;" and in chap. vi. 24, uses the word hate with similar force. So when we read in Rom. ix. 13, "Jacob have I loved, but Esau have I hated," the meaning is, I have loved Jacob more than Esau; and that this is no arbitrary interpretation of the word hate, but one agreeable to the Hebrew idiom, appears from what is said in Gen. xxix. 30, 31, where Leah's being hated is explained by Rachel's being loved more than Leah; see also Deut. xxi. 15—17. Something resembling what Jesus here teaches, is said by Philo (de Monarch, lib. ii, p. 230) concerning the duty of a high-priest; that he was to "estrange himself from all his relations, and not, out of love to his parents, his children, or brethren, to omit any part of his duty, or act in any thing contrary to it."—Pearce.

194. Matt. xxi. 42. xxii. 3. Acts. xiii. 48

<sup>† 24.</sup> Matt. xxi. 43; xxii. 8; Acts xiii. 46. † 26. Deut. xiii. 6; xxxiii. 9; Matt. x. 874 1, 27. Matt. xvi. 24; Mark viii. 34; Luke ix. 23; 27. m. iii 12.

Βουλευεται, ει δυνατος εστιν εν δεκα χιλιασιν if able he is with ten thousand απαντησαι το μετα εικοσι χιλιαδων ερχομενφ to meet the (one) with twenty thousand coming επ' αυτον; 32 Ει δε μηγε, ετι αυτου πορόω If but not, while of him against him? οντος, πρεσβειαν απυστειλας, ερωτα \*[τα] προς being, an embassy having sent, he asks [the] to 33 Cύτως ουν πας εξ ύμων, ός ουκ So then all of you, who not ELONVINV. peace. αποτασσεται πασι τοις έαυτου ύπαρχουσιν, ου ~ all the of himself possessions, δυναται μου ειναι μαθητης. 34 Καλον το άλας is able of me to be a disciple. Good the εαν δε το άλας μωρανθη, εν τινι αρτυθησεται; if but the salt should be tasteless, by what shall it be salted? ουτε εις γη , ουτε εις κοπριαν ευθετον εστιν. Neither for land, nor for manure fit 'Ο εχων ωτα ακουειν, εξω βαλλουσιν αυτο. He having ears they cast it. to hear. akovetw. et him hear.

## КЕФ. ι€'. 15.

Ι Ησαν δε ενγιζοντες αύτω παντες οι τελω-Were and urawing near to him all the tax-gath-2 Kai ναι και οἱ άμαρτωλοι, ακουειν αυτου. sinners, him. erers and the to bear And διεγογγυζον οί Φαρισαιοι και οί γραμματεις, the Pharisees murmured and the λεγοντες 'Οτ ούτος άμαρτωλους προσδεχεται, saying: That this sinners receives, 3 Ειπε δε προς αυτους και συνεσθιει αυτοις. eats with them. He said and to them 4 Τις ανθρωπος την παραβολην ταυτην, λεγων. parable this, saying: What εξ ύμων εχων έκατον προβατα, και απολεσας of you having a hundred sheep, and having lost έν εξ αυτων, ου καταλειπει τα εννενηκονταεννεα one of them, not leaves behind the ninty-nine εν τη ερημώ, και πορευεται επι το απολωλος, after that having been lost, ir the desert, and goes έως εύρη αυτο, 5 Και εύρων, επιτιθησιν επι τους till he may and it? And having found, he lays on the whous ξαυτου ναιοων. 6 και ελθων εις τον οικον shoulders of himself rejoicing: and coming into the συγκαλει τους φιλους και τους γειτυνας, λεγων be calls together the friends and the neighbors, saying αυτους Συγχαρητε μοι, ότι εύρον το προβατον to them with me, for I found the Rejoice sheep 7 Λεγω ύμιν, ότι ούτω χαοα μου το απολω ιος. of methat having been lost. I say to you, that thus

sit down, and consult whether he is able with Ten Thousand, to meet HIM who COMES against him with Twenty Thousand.

32 And if not, while the other is at a distance, he sends an Embassy, and

asks for Peace.

33 So, therefore, no one of you who does not forsake ALL his Possessions, can be My Disciple.

34 ‡SALT is good; †but if \*the SALT should become insipid, how shall it recover

it\_ savor?

35 It is not fit for Land, nor for Manure; they throw it away. He who has Ears to hear, let him hear."

#### CHAPTER XV.

1 TANO All the TRIBUTE-TAKERS and the SINNERS were drawing near to hear him.

2 And \*both the PHA-RISTES and SCRIBES murmured, saying, "This man receives Sinners, ‡ and eats with them."

3 Then he spoke this PARABLE to them, saying,

4 ‡"What Man of you, having a Hundred Sheep, and losing one of them, does not leave the NINETY-NYNE in the DESEAT, and go after THAT which is LOST, till he finds it?

5 And having found it. he lays it on his SHOUL-

DERS, rejoicing.

6 And coming to the HOUSE, he calls together his FEHENDS and NEIGHBORS, saying to them, Rejoice with me, For I have found THAT SHEEP of mine twhich was LOST.'

7 I say to you, That

34. also the SALT.

2. both the.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MA" USCRIPT .- 32. the omit.

<sup>† 34.</sup> That this is possible in Palestine, is proved by what Mr. Maundrell says, in describing the Valley of Sait. He remarks, "Along on one side of the valley, towards Gibul, there is a small precipice about two men's lengths, occasioned by the continual taking away of the sait; and in this ".4 may see how the veins of it lie. (broke a piece of the office of sait that part that was exposed to the rain, sun, and air, though it had the sparks and particles of sait tet in had ferfectly lost its savor; the inner part, which was connected to the rock, retained its savor as I found by proof."

f 24. Matt. v. la Mark ix. 50. 1 1. Matt ix. 10. 1 4. matt. xviii. 12 1 6. 1 Pet. ii. 10, 25.

εσται εν τφ ουρανφ επι ένι αμαρτωλφ μετανοwill be in the heaven over one sinner reformουντι, η επι εννενηκονταεννεα δικαιοις, διτινες than over ninety-nine just ones, <sup>8</sup> Η τις γυνη, ου χρειαν εχουσι μετανοιας. Or what of reformation. woman, need have δραχμας εχουσα δεκα, εαν απολεση δραχμην ten, if she may lose drachmas having drachma μιαν, ουχι άπτει λυχνον, και σαροι την οικιαν, lights a lamp, and sweeps the not house. και ζητει επιμελως, έως ότου εύρη; and seeks carefully, till she finds? 9 Kai And εύρουσα συγκαλειται τας φιλας και τας γειτοhaving found she calls together the friends and the neighνας, λεγουσα. Συγχαρητε μοι, ότι εύρον την with me, for I found the saying; Rejoice 10 Ούτω, λεγω ύμιν, δραχμην, ήν απωλεσα. drachma, which I lost. Thus, I say to you, χαρα γινεται ενωπιον των αγγελων του θεου joy is produced in presence of the messengers of the God επι ένι άμαρτωλφ μετανοουντι. sinner reforming. <sup>11</sup> Ειπε δε· Ανθρωπος τις ειχε δυο υίους. He said and; A man certain had two sons. 12 Και ειπεν δ νεωτερος αυτωντφ πατοι. Πατερ, And said the younger of them to the father: Ofather, δος μοι το επιβαλλον μερος της ουσιας. Kaı give to me the falling to part of the property. And 13 Και μετ' ου πολλας διειλεν αυτοις τον βιον. he divided to them the living. And after not many ήμερας συναγαγων άπαντα δ νεωτερος vios. days having gathered together all the younger son, μακραν. απεδημησεν εις χωραν Kal **EKEL** went abroad distant: into a country and διεσκορπισε την ουσιαν αύτου, ζων ασωτως. the property of himself, living dissolutely.

14 Δαπανησαντος δε αυτου παντα, εγενετο λιμος Having expended and of him all, came afamine ισχυρος κατα την χωραν εκεινην και αυτος throughout the country that: and 15 Και πορευθεις εκολληθη πρέατο ύστερεισθαι. And having gone began to be in want. he unixed

ένι των πολιτων της χωρος εκεινης και επεμwith one of the citizens of the country that; and he
ψεν αυτον εις τους αγρους αύτου βοσκειν χοιρους.
sent him into the fields of himself to feed swine.

thus there will be more Joy in HEAVEN over One reforming Sinner, than for Ninety-nine Righteous persons who need no Reformation.

8 Or, what Woman, having ten † Drachmas, if she loses one of them, does not light a Lamp, and sweep the HOUSE, and search carefully, till she finds it?

9 And having found it, she calls together her friends and neighbors saying, 'Rejoice with me, For I have found the DBACHMA which I had lost.'

10 Thus, I say to you, there is Joy in the Presence of the ANGELS of God over One reforming Sinner."

11 And he said, "A certain Man had Two Sons.

12 And the Youngest of them said to his father, 'Father, give me the Portion of the ESTATE FALLING to me. And \* Hydivided ‡ his LIVING between them.

13 And not Many Days after, the Youngest Son having gathered all together, went abroad into a distant Country, and there wasted his PROPERTY in profligate living.

14 And having spent all, a great Famine occurred in that COUNTRY; and he

began to be in want.

15 Then he went and

attached himself to one of the CITIZENS of that COUN-TRY, and he sent him into his FIELDS † to feed Swine.

16 And he longed \* to be fed with the CAROB PODS, which the SWINE were eating; but no one gave to him.

17 And coming to him-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-12. HE divided. 16. to be fed with the.

<sup>† 8.</sup> The Grecian Drachma was about the same value as the Roman Denarius, i. e. about † 15. This prodigal is supposed to be a Jew; and (if so) as the Jews were forbidden by their law to eat swine's flesh, the care of swine in that distant and heathen country must have been an employment as inconsistent with his religion as he cound possibly have had. This circumstance therefore serves to show us to what a very low condition he was reduced.—Peur.s.

<sup>17.</sup> Luke v. 32. : 12. Mark x11. 44.

10σοι μοσθοι του πατρος μου περισσευσυτιν How many hiredervants of the father of me have an abundance 18 Ανασαυτων: εγω δε ώδε λιμω απολλυμαι. Having and here with hunger am perishing. τας πορευσομαι προς τον πατερα, μου, και ερω to the I will go father of me, and willsay Πατερ, ήμαρτον εις τον ουρανον και αυτω° to him: I sinned against the heaven and ενωπιον σου· 17 ουκετι ειμι αξιος κληθηναι υίος in presence of thee; no longer I am fit to be called 8 800 σου· ποιησον με ώς ένα των μισθιων σου. 20 Και of thee; make me as one of the hired servants of thee. And αναστας ηλθε προς τον πατερα έαυτου. ETI having arisen he went to the While father of himself. δε αυτου μακραν απεχοντος, ειδεν αυτον δ παbeing, but of him at a distance 83.W him the faτ ιρ αυτου, και εσπλαγχνισθη. Kal δραμων of him, and was moved with pity; and running επεπεσεν επι τον τραχηλον αυτου, και κατεφιof him. and he fell on the neck repeatedly 21 Ειπε δε αυτφ δ vios. Πατερ, λησεν αυτον. him. Said and to him the son; O father, ημαρτον εις τον ουζανον και ενωπιον σου και I sinced against the heaven and in presence of thee; and oukers eims a  $\cos \kappa \lambda \eta \theta \eta \nu \alpha s$  vios  $\cos \sigma ov$ .  $^{22}$   $\text{E}_{1}\pi \epsilon \delta \epsilon \delta$ ap longer I am fit to be called a son of thee. Said but the πατηρ προς τους δουλους αύτου. Εξενεγκατε of himself; Bring vou out the slaves την στολην την πρωτην, και ενδυσατε αυτον, chief, and clothe you robe the και δοτε δακτυλιον εις την χειρα αυτου, και of him, and rive you a finger-ring into the hand and <sup>23</sup> Και ενεγκαντ ες ύποδηματα εις τους ποδας. feet. for the And having brought τον μοσχον τον σιτευτον θυσατε και φαγοντες calf the fatted do you sacrifice; and eating ευφρανθωμεν· 24 ότι ούτος δ υίος μου νεκρος ην, we may be joyful: for this the son of me dead was, και \* [αν] εζησε· και απολωλως ην, και εύρεθη. and [again] is alive: and having been lost he was, and is found. Και ηρξαντο ευφραινεσθαι. 25 Ην δε δ vios Was and the son they began to be merry. αυτου δ πρεσβυτερος εν αγρώ και ώς ερχομενος of him the elder in a field: and as he was coming γγισε τη οικια, ηκουσε συμφωνιας κα: χορων. near to the bouse, he heard a sound of music and 26 Και προσκαλεσαμενος ένα των παιδων, επυν-And having called to one of the servants, he inθανετό τι ειη ταυτα; 27 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτω. what may be these things? He and said Ότι δ αδελφος σου ήκει και εθυσεν δ πατηρ That the brother of thee is come: and has sacrificed the father σου τον μοσχον τον σιτευτον. ότι ύγιαινοντα cali fatted, because of thee the the  $^{28}\Omega\rho\gamma$ ιστη δε, και ουκ εθεαυτον απελαβεν. be received. He was angry and, and not was dis-

self, ne said, 'liow many of my Father's Hired servants have an abundance of Bread, and I am perishing here with Hunge!

18 I will arise and go to my father, and will say to him, Father, I have sin ned against heaven, and

before thee.

19 I am no longer worthy to be called thy Son; make me as one of thy HIRED

SERVANTS.

20 And he arose, and went to his FATHER. But while he was yet at some distance, his FATHER saw him, and was moved with pity; and running, he fell on his neck, and repeatedly kissed him.

21 And the son said to him, 'Father, I have sinned against HEAVEN, and before \*thee. I am no longer worthy to be called thy Son; make me as one of thy HIRED SERVANTS.'

22 But the father said to his servants, 'Bring \*out quickly that Chief Robe, and clothe him; and attach a Ring to his hand, and Sandals to his feet;

23 and bring the FATTEL CALF, and kill it; and let us eat, and be joyful;

24 For This my son was dead, but is restored to life; he was even lost, but is found. And they began to be joyful.

25 Now his OLDER SON

25 Now his older son was in the Field, and as he was coming and approached the nouse, he heard Music and † Dancing.

26 And summoning one of the SERVANTS, he asked him the reason of this.

27 And HE said to him, 'Thy BROTHER is come; and thy FATHER has killed the FATTED CALF, Because he has received him in health.'

28 And he was enraged,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—21. thee. I am no longer worthy to be called thy Son; make me as one of thy HIRED SERVANTS. But. 22. outquickly. 24. again—omit.

<sup>† 25.</sup> Choron, probably ought to be rendered a choir of singers. Le Clere denier that the word means dancing at all. Symphonia, translated music, may mean the musical instruments, which accompanied the choir of singers.

'Ο συν πατηο αυτου εξελθων λεν εισελθειν. posed to enter. The therefore tather of nim going out παρεκαλει αυτον. 29 Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπε τω He and answering said to the him. πατρι Ιδου, τοσαυτε ετη δουλευω σοι, και Lo, so many years do I slave for thee, and father: ουδεποτε εντολην σου παρηλθον και εμοι ουδεnever a command of thee I passed by: and to me never ποτε εδωκας εριφον, ίνα μετα των φιλων μου thou gavest a kid, that with the friends of me  $\epsilon \nu\phi\rho\alpha\nu\theta\omega$ . 30 OT  $\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\delta$   $\nu$ ios  $\sigma$ ov o $\nu$  $\tau$ os,  $\delta$   $\kappa$ a $\tau$ a-When and the son of thee this, the having I might be joyful, φαγων σου τον βιον μετα πορνων, ηλθεν, εθυφαγων σου τον ριον μετω horizon came, thou hast devoured of thee the living with harlots, came, thou hast  $\delta = 0$  δε σας αυτώ τον μοσχον τον σιτευτον. macrificed for him she calf the fatted. He and ειπεν αυτφ' Τεκνου, συ παντοτε μετ' εμου ει, said to him: Johid thou always with me art, και παντα τα εμω τα εστιν. 32 Ευφρανθηναι δε al the nine nine us. To be joyful και χαρηνα. εδε. ότ δ αδελφος σου ούτος where the proper of the proper of the proper of the this νεκρος ην, και προφορά από του again is alive: and having been lost was, κα. εύρεθη. and is found.

### КЕФ. .s'. 16.

Ελέγε δε εω προς τους μοθητας αύτου. Hasaid and elso to h disc les of himself: Ανθρωπος τις ην πλουσιος, ός ειχεν οικονομον. A man certain waz rich, who had a steward; και ούτος διεβληθη συτο ώς διασκορπιζων τα to him as wasting ano this was accused. the ε Και φωνησας αυτον, ειπεν ύπαρχουτα αυτου.. DOSSESSIONE o him. And having called him. αυτώ Τι τουτο ακουώ περι ου: αποδος τον ( him: What this hear concernning thee? render λογον της οικονυμίας σου συ γαρ δυνηση ετι account of the stewardship of thee: not forthou wilt be able ionger <sup>3</sup> Ειπε δε εν έαυτφ δ οικονομος. Τι OLKOVOLLELV. Said and in biraself one steward. What to be steward. ποιησω, ότι ο κυρίος μου αφαιρειται την οικονοfor the ord) of me takes the steward\_ Σκαπτειν ουκ ισχυω, επαιτειν MICH WIF CHUL To dig not I have strength. to beg me2 αισχυνυμα. Εγνων τι ποιησω, ίνα, όταν I am asnamed. Iknow what I will do. that. wben μετασπαθα της υικονομίας, δεξωνται με εις I may be our out of the stewardship, they may receive me into 5 Και προσκαλεσαμενος τους νωκους αύτων, the nouses of themselves. And having summoned ένα έκωστον των χρεωφειλετων του κυριου ofthe debtors of the εάντου ελέγε τω πρωτω. Ποσον υφείλεις τω of biases is said to the first, How much owest thou to the

and refused to enter. \*And nis father going out, entreated him.

29 And HE answering, said to his father, 'Behold, so many years have I slaved for thee, and never disobeyed thy command; and yet thou never gavest Me a Kid, that I might be joyful with my friends;

30 but when this son of thine came, who has consumed Thy living with prostitutes, thou hast killed for him the \*FATTED Calf.'

31 And HE said to him, 'Child, thou art always with me, and ALI that is MINE is thine.

32 It was proper to be joyful and be glad Forther of thine was dead, but is restored to life; he was even tost, but is found."

### CHAPTER XVI.

I And he said also to \*the Disciples, "There was a certain rich Man, who had a Steward, and he was accused to him of wasting his Possessions.

9 And having called him, he said to him, 'What is this that I hear of thee? render an ACCOUNT of thy STEWARDSHIP; for thou canst be a Steward no longer.'

3 And the STEWARD said within himself, What shall I do? For my MASTER takes the STEWARDSHIP away from me; I have not strengh to dig: \* and I am ashamed to beg.

4 I know what I will do, that when I am deprived of the STEWARDSHIP, they may receive me into their own Houses.'

5 And calling each one of his MASTER'S DEBTORS, he said to the FIRST, How much dost thou owe my MASTER?

κυριώ μου; 6'Ο δε ειπεν 'Εκ πτον βατους ελαιου. ord of me? Heand said; A hundred baths Και ειπεν αυτώ. Δεξαι σου το γραμμα, και And he said to him; Receive of thee the bill, 7 Επειτα καθισας ταχεως γραψον πεντηκοντα, sitting down quickly write thou fifty. Then έτερω ειπε: Συδεποσον οφειλεις; 'Ο δε ειπεν' to another heard, I hou and how much owest thou? He and said; \* [Kal] EKATOV KO. OUS TITOV. LEYEL QUTO [And] to him; A hundred cors of wheat. he says Δεξαι σου το γραμμα, και γραψον ογδυηκοντα. Receive of thee the bill, and write eighty. 8 Και επηνεσεν δ κυριος τον οικονομον της praised th: lord the αδικιας, ότι φρονιμως εποιησεν ότι οί υίοι του because prudently he had done: for the sons of the unjust, αιωνος τουτοι φρονιμωτεροι ύπερ τους υίους του sons of the more prudent shove the thia. φωτος εις την γενεαν την έαυτων εισι. 9 Καγω light for the generation that of themselves are. And I ύμιν λεγω. Ποιησατε έαυτοις φιλους εκ out of the le you say; Make you to yourselves friends μαμώνα της αδικιας· ίνα, όταν εκλιπητε, δεξώνmammon of the unjust: that, when you may fail, they may 10 'Ο πιστος ται ύμας εις τας αιωνιους σκηνας. receive you into the age-lasting tabernacles. He faithful εν ελαχιστφ και εν πολλφ πιστος εστι και δ

unjust, also in much unjuct 11 Ει ουν εν τφ αδικώ μαμωνά πιστοι ουκ If therefore in the unrighteous mammon faithful εγενεσθε, το αληθινον τις ύμιν πιστευσει; 12 και who to you willentrust? you have been, the true and ει εν τω αλλοτριώ πιστοι ουκ εγενεσθε, το another faithful not you have been, the

much

εν ελαχιστω αδικος, και εν πολλω αδικος εστιν.

faithful

io:

and he

ύμετερον τις ύμιν δωσει;

also in

yours who to you will give? 13 Ουδεις Λικετης δυναται δυσι κυριοις δουλευ-No one domestic is able \$wo lords to serve: ειν η γαρ τον ένα μισησει, κα TOV ETEDOV one he will hate, and either for the the other αγαπησει η ένος ανθεξεται, και τυ έτερου he will cling to, and or one the Ου δυναπθε θεφ δουλευειν και καταφρονησει. Not you are able God he will alight. to serve

6 And HE said, Baths of Oil. Hundred And \* HE said to him. \* Thy 'Take back COUNT. and sit down quickly, and write one for fifty.

7 Then he said to another, 'And how much dost thou owe?' And HE said, t'A Hundred Cors of Wheat.' He says to him 'Take back \* Thy Ac-COUNT, and write one for

eighty.

8 And the MASTER applauded the UNJUST STEW. ARD, Because he had acted prudently; For the sons of this AGE are more prudent as to THAT GENERA. TION which is their own, than the sons of LIGHT.

9 And I say to you, Make for yourselves Friends with the DECEIT-FUL WEALTH, that, when \*it fails, they may receive you into AIONIAN Mansions.

10 # HE who is FAITH. FUL in a little, is also faithful in much; and HE who is UNJUST in a little. is also unjust in much.

11 If, therefore, you have not been faithful in the DELUSIVE Riches, who will confide the TRUE to you.

12 And if you have not been faithful in THAT which is ANOTHER'S, who will give you THAT which is \* YOUR OWN?

13 I No Domestic can serve Two Masters: for he will either hate the ONE, and love the OTHER; or he will attend to one, and neglect the OTHER. cannot serve God and Mammon.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-6. HE said. 7. Thy LETTERS, and. 9. it fails.

<sup>6.</sup> Thy LETTERS, and. 12. OUR OWN.

<sup>7.</sup> And-omit.

<sup>+ 6.</sup> The bath was the largest measure of capacity among the Hebrews, except the homer, of which it was the tenth part. See Ezek. Alv. 11, 14. It is equal to the ephah, 1. e., to seven gallons and a half of our measure.—Clarke. Josephus states that it contained seventy-two capacity among the Hebrews, whether for solids or liquids. As the bath was equal to the contained about seventy-five gallons and five pints English.

<sup>1 8.</sup> John xii. 36; Eph. v. 8; 1 Thess. v. 5. 29. Doing, vi. 17—19. 10. Matt. xxv. 21; Luke xix. 27. 1 9. Dan. iv. 27; Matt. vi. 19; xix. 21, 27. 1 18. Matt. vi. 24. -Tim. vi. 17-19.

14 Ηκουον δε ταυτα παντα και οί μαμωνα. all also the mammon. Heard and these Φαρισαιοι, φιλαργυροι ύπαρχοντες και εξεμυκ-Pharisees, being; and they money-lovers 15 Kat "THELS Theilor autor.  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ AUTOLS' And he said to them; You mocked him. διδαιουντες TWV  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon$ ວເ έαυτους  $\epsilon \nu \omega \pi \iota o \nu$ yourselves of the those justifying in presence ανθρωπων· ό δε θεος γινωσκει τας καρδιας ύμων· the but God knows the hearts men: έτι το εν ανθρωποις ύψηλον, βδελυγμα ενωπιον highly prized, an bomination in presence for that by men του θεου. of the God.

16 Ο νομος και οί προφηται έως Ιωαννου απο The law and the prophets till John: from τοτε ή βασιλεια του θεου ευαγγελιζεται, και kingdom of the God is preached, and then the 17 Ευκοπωτερον δε εις αυτην βια(εται. 77.07.5 every one into her Easier presses. εστι τον ουρανον και την γην παρελθειν, η του heaven and the earth to pass away, than of the 18 Πας δ απολυων νομου μιαν κεραιαν πεσειν. one fine point to fail. Every one who dismissing την γυναικα αύτου, και γαμων έτεραν, μοιthe wife of himself, and marrying another, commits χευει και πας δ απολελυμενην απο ανδρος adultery: and every one who her being divorced from an husband γαμών, μοιχευει. marrying, commits adultery.

19 Ανθοωπος δε τις ην πλουσιος, και ενεδι-A man now certain was rich, and δυσκετο πορφυραν και βυσσον, ευφραινομενος and fine linen, purple tothed. 20 Πτωχος δε τις \* [ην] καθ' ήμεραν λαμπρως. A poor andcertain [was] every day sumptuously. \*[65] εβεβλητο προς τον ονοματι Λαζαρος, [who] was laid at named Lazarus, 21 και επιθυμων ήλκωμενος, πυλωνα αυτου of him being covered with sores, and χορτασθηναι απο των ψιχιών κων πιπτοντών those falling 4he cramba to be fed from απο της τραπεζης του πλουσιου αλλα και οί ofthe rich: but ercu the from the table κινες ερχομενοι απελειχον τα έλκη αυτου. sores licked the of him. coming dogs 22 Εγενετο δε αποθανειν τον πτωχον, και απε-It happened and to die the poor, and to νεχθηναι αυτον ύπο των αγγελων εις τον κολboby the messengers into the be borne away him

14 And the PHARISEES, t being money-lovers, also heard all these things, and they ridiculed him.

15 And he said to them, "Hou are those who trustify yourselves before men; but God knows your hearts; For that which is highly prized among Men is an Abomination before \*God.

16 ‡ The LAW and the PROPHETS were till John; from that period, the KINGDOM of GOD is proclaimed, and every one presses towards it.

17 \$ And it is easier for HEAVEN and EARTH to pass away, than for one Point of the LAW to fail.

18 ‡EVERY ONE who DISMISSES his WIFE, and marries another, commits adultery; and \*HE who MARRIES her being divorced from her Husband, commits adultery.

19 † Now there was a certain rich Man, who was clothed in Purple and Fine linen, and feasted sumptuously every Day.

20 And a certain Poor man, named Lazarus, was laid at his GATE, full of sores,

21 and longing to be fed with \*THOSE CRUMBS which FELL from the RICH man's TABLE; but even the DOGS came and licked his sores.

22 And it occurred, that the POOR man died, and was carried away by the ANGELS to ABRAHAM'S

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—15. the Lord.

No. who—omit.

18. HE who MARRIES.

20. was—omit.

<sup>† 19.</sup> This parable stands in connection with a palpable confusion and interruption of our Savior's discourse, which is broken after the fifteenth verse by three verses neither connected with each other, nor with what precedes them. Neither is it directly said that our Savior did use the parable, but is abruptly introduced, &c. I am unable to learn whether a similar parable has been recognized in the rabbinical writings but the complexion of it certainly accords with their mode of illustration much better than it does with that employed by our Savior.—McLulub. Dr. Lightfoot and others have shown that the Jews in their Gemara have a parable much to the same purpose.—Doddrudge.

πον Αβρααμ. Απεθανε δε και δ πλουσιος, και som Abraam, Died and also the rich, and εταφη. <sup>23</sup> Και εν τω 'αδη επαρας τους οφθαλwas buried. And in the unseen having lifted the eyes μους αύτου, ύπαρχων εν βασανοις, όρα TOV of himself. being in torments, sees Αβρααμ απο ματροθεν, και Λαζαρον εν τοις κολa distance, and Lazarus in the bo-Abraam from TOIS QUTOU. soms of him. And he crying out he said; O father Αβρααμ, ελεησον με, και πεμψον Λαζαρον, ίνα Abraham, do thou pity me, and send Lazarus, βαψη το ακρον του δακτυλου αύτου ύδατος, he may dip the tip of the finger of himself of water, και καταψυξη την γλωσσαν μου ότι οδυνωμαι and may cool the tongue of me; for I am in pain  $\epsilon \nu$  τη φλογι ταυτη.  $^{25}$  Ειπε δε Αβρααμ Τέκνον, in the flame this. Said and Abraam; Ochild, μνησθητι, ότι απελαβες τα αγαθα σου εν τη that thou didst receive the things good of thee in the remember, (ωη σου, και Λα(αρος ύμοιως τα κακα νυν his of thee, and Lazarus in like manner the things bad; now have manageral or a de odvyaval, 26 Kat δε όδε παρακαλειται, συ δε οδυνασαι.
but this is comforted, thou and art in pain. επι πασι τουτοις, μεταξυ ήμων και ύμων χασμα besides all these, between of us and of you a chasm μεγα εστηρικται, όπως οἱ θελοντες διαβηναι great has been fixed, so that those wishing to pass over ενθεν προς ύμας, μη δυνωνται, μηδε οί εκειθεν . ence to you, not is able, nor those thence προς ήμας διαπερωσιν.  $^{27}$ Ειπε δε· Ερωτω ουν to us cross over. He said then, I beseech then σε, πατερ, ίνα πεμψης αυτον εις τον οικον του thee, O lather, that thou wouldstsend him to the house of the πατρος μου<sup>28</sup> εχω γαρ πεντε αδελφους όπως father of me, I have for five brothers: that διαμαρτυρηται αυτοις, ίνα μη και αυτοι ελθωσιν he may testify to them, that not also they may come ets τον τοπον τουτον της βασανου. 29 Λεγει into the place the descent into the piece wis ofton torment, Says  $*[a\upsilon\tau\omega]$   $A\beta\rho\alpha\alpha\mu^*$   $E\chi\upsilon\upsilon\sigma\iota$   $M\omega\sigma\epsilon\alpha$   $\kappa\alpha\iota$   $\tau\upsilon\upsilons$  to him] Abraam: They have Moses and the προφητας ακουσατωσαν ευτων. 30 'Ο δε ειπεν prophets: letthem hear tarm. He and said: Ουχι, ποπερ, Αβρααμ. αλλ' εσν τις απο νεκρων No, Otather, Abraam: but if one from dead ones πορευθη προς αυτους, μετανοησουσιν. <sup>31</sup>Ειπε δε may go to them. they will reform. He said but

†BOSOM. And the RICH man also died, and was buried:

23 and in HADES, being in Torments, he lifted up his EYES, and sees \* Abra. ham at a distance, and Lazarus in † the FOLDS of his mantle.

24 And crying out he said, 'Father Abraham, pity me, and send Lazarus, that he may dip the TIP of his FINGER in Water, and cool my TONGUE; For I am tortured in this FLAME.

25 But Abraham said. Child, recollect That thou, during thy LIFE, I didst receive thy GOOD things, and Lazarus, in like manner, his EVIL things; but now \* here he is comforted, and thou art tormented.

26 And besides all this. a great Chasm is situated between us and you; so that THOSE WISHING to pass over hence to you are unable; nor can \*those cross over thence to us.'

27 Then he said, 'I entreat thee, then, Father, to send him to my FATHER'S

HOUSE ;

28 For I have Five Brothers; that he may testify fully to them, lest then also come into this PLACE of MISERY.

29 \* But Abraham says, t'They have Moses and the PROPHETS; let them

hear them.'

30 And HE said, 'No. Father Abraham, but if one should go to them from the Dead, they will reform. 31 And he said to him.

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-23. Abraham. 25. acre he is comforted, and. 26. those. 39. But Abraham. 29. to him-omit.

<sup>+ 22.</sup> The expression, "Abraham's hosom," alludes to the posture used by the Jews at ta + 22. The expression, "Abraham's bosom," alludes to the posture used by the Jews at table. This was recluming on couches after the manner of the Romans, the upper part of the body resting upon the left elbow, and the lower lying at length upon the couch. When two or three reclined on the same couch, some say the worthiest or most honorable person lay first, (Lighttootsays, in the middle;) the next in dignity lay with his head reclining on the breast or besom of the first, as John is said to have done on the bosom of Jesus at supper; and hence is berrowed the phrase of Abraham's bosom, as denoting the state of ce'estial happiness. Abraham being esteemed the most honorable person, and the father of the Jewish nation, to be in his bosom signifies (in allusion to the order in which guests were placed at an entertainment) the highest state of felicity next to that of Abraham himself.—Budee.

† 23. Tois kolpois, being plural, the idea seems to be as expressed in the text Ser Parkhurst.

<sup>1 25.</sup> Job xxi. 13; Luke vi. 24. 21 : xvii. 11.

<sup>‡ 29.</sup> Isa. viii. 20; xxxiv. 16; John v. 39, 45; Acts xv.

πυτφ. Ει Μωσεως και των προφητων ουκ ακουto him: If Moses and the prophets not they
ουσιν, ουδε εαν τις εκ νεκρων αναστη, πεισten. Deither if one out of dead ones should rise. will
δησονται.
they beconvinced.

## КЕФ. ιζ'. 17.

1 Ειπε δε προς τους μαθητας Ανενδεκτου He said and to the disciples: Impossible εστι του μη ελθειν τα σκανδαλα ουαι δε, δι it is of the not to come the sares, woo but, the rangh ου ερχεται. Ανουτελει αυτω, ει μυλος ονικος whom they come. It is profitable for him, if a milistone upper περικειται περι τον τραχηλον αυτου, και ερρίπτας has hung about the neck of him, and have been ται εις την θαλασσαν, η ίνα σκενδαλιση ένα thrown into the sea, than that be should ensuare one των μικρων τουτων. Προσεχετε έαυτοις. Εαν efthe hittle ones these. Take heed to yourselves. If δε άμαρτ τ ξεις σε δ ο δελφος σου, επιτιμησεν and should sin [against thee] the brother of thee, rebuke πυτω και εαν μετανοηση, αφες αυτω. Και him; and if he should reform, forgive him. And εαν έπτακις της ημερας αμαρτη εις σε, και if even times of the day he should sin against thee, and έπτακις \* [της ημερας] επιστρεψη, λεγων even times [of the day] he should turn, eaying; Mετανοω αφησεις αυτω. I seform; thou shalt forgive him.

δ Και ειπον οι αποστολοι τω κυριω. Προπθες
And said the apostles to the lord; Do thou add
ημιν πιστιν. 6 Ειπε δε 5 κυριος. Ει ειχετε
to us faith. Said and the lord: If you had πιστιν ώς κοκκον σιναπεως, ελεγετε αν τη faith as a grain of mustard, you might say to the συκαμινώ ταυτη. Εκριζωθητι, και φυτευθητι εν sycamine-tree this; Bethou uprooted, and be thou planted in τη θαλασση και ύπηκουσεν αν ύμιν. <sup>7</sup> Tis  $\delta \epsilon$  the sea; and it would obey you. Which but εξ ύμων δουλον εχων αροτριωντα η ποιμαινοντα. you a slave having ploughing or feemas cattle, ός εισελθοντι εκ του αγρου ερει. Ευθεως who having come ont of he field willsay; Immediately παρελθων αναπεσαι; <sup>8</sup>Αλλ' ουχι ερει αυτω going do thon recline? But not will say to him Ετοιμασον τι δειπνησω, και περιζωσαμενος what I may sup, and Make ready baving girded διακονει μοι, έως φαγω και πιω· και μετα ταυτα ão thou serve me, till I may eat and drink: and after these φαγεσαι και πιεσαι συ; 9 Μη χαριν εχει τω δουλω shalt eat and drink thou? Not favor has the slave εκεινώ, ότι εποιησε τα διαταχθεντα; \*[Ου

because he did the things having been commande di

δοκω.] 10 Ούτω και ύμεις, όταν ποιησητε παντα Ithink.] So also you, when you shall have done all

'If they hear not Moses and the PROPHETS, Incither will they be convinced, though one should rise from the Dead.'"

### CHAPTER XVII.

1 And he said to \* his DISCIPLES, I"It is impossible for SNARES not \* to come; but Woe to him through whom they come!

2 It would be hetter for him, if an upper Millstone were hanged about his NECK, and he be thrown into the SEA, than that he should insance one of these LITTLE ONES.

3 Take heed to yourselves; \$ 1f thy BROTHER sins, \$ rebuke him; and is he reforms, forgive him.

4 And if seven times in a DAY he same against thee, and seven times he turns to thee again, saying, 'I reform;' thou shalt forgive him."

5 And the APOSTLES said to the LORD, "Increase our Faith."

6 thand the Lord said, "If you had Faith as a Grain of Mustard, you might say to this SYCA-MINE-TREE, Be thou uprooted and planted in the SEA; and it would obey you.

7 But which of you having a Servant ploughing or feeding cattle, will say to him as he comes in from the FIELD, 'Come immediately, and recline?'

8 But will he not say to him, 'make ready my supper; gird thyself, and serve me, while 1 eat and drink; and afterwards thou shalt eat and drink?

9 Does he thank \*that SERVANT 'Because he did what was commanded?

10 So also nou, when you shall have done All the

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—1. his disciples.
3. against thee—omit.
4. of the day—omit.

<sup>/1.</sup> should comm; nevertheless Woethe seavant. 6. him. 1 think

διαταχθεντα ύμιν, λεγετε 'Οτι δουλοι the things having been commanded you, say you: αχρειοι εσμεν. ότι ό ωφειλομεν ποιησαι, anprofitable we are: because what we were bound TETOINKALLEV.

we have done.

11 Και εγενετο εν τω πορευεσθαι αυτον εις And it happened in the to go him to Ιερουσαλημ, και αυτος διηρχετο δια μεσου passed through midst 12 Kai εισερχομενου Jerusalem, and he Σαμαρείας και Γαλιλαίας. of Samaria and Galilee. And entering αυτου εις τινα κωμην, απηντησαν αυτω δεκα of him into a certain village, him ten met 18 Kaı λεπροι ανδρες, οί εστησαν πορδωθεν. men. who stood far of מעדפי הימע שששוע, הניציעדיני צווטטי בהיסדמדען

itted up a voice, saying:

A Kai idwo einer ελεησον CUTOIS. And seeing he said to them: us. Πορευθεντες επιδειζατε έαυτους τοις ίερευσι. wourselves to the STON FOR priests. Και εγενετο εν τω δπαγειν αυτους, εκαθαρισθη-And it happened in the togo them, they were cleansed. 15 Είς δε εξ αυτων, ιδων ότι ιαθη, ύπεσ-

One and of them, seeing that he was cured, turned τρεψε, μετα φωνης μεγαλης δοξα(ων τον θεον. back, with a voice loud glorifying the 13 και επεσεν επι προσωπον παρα τους ποδας and Sell. OIL face at the feet

αυτου, ευχαριστων αυτφ. και αυτος ην Σαμαgiving thanks to him: and he was a Sama-17 Αποκριθεις δε δ Ιησους ειπεν Ουχι PELTTIS. Nos ritan Answering and the Jesus said: οί δεκα εκαθαρισθησαν; ίδε εννεα που; 18 Ουχ ware cleansed? the but nine where? the ten Not εύρεθηταν ύπου τρεψαντες δουναι δοξαν το θεφ, we found having returned to give glory to the God, τι μη δ αλλογενης ούτος; 19 Και ειπεν αυτω· sacept the thia? And he said to him: foreigner Αναυτως πορευου \* ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε.]
Asking go thu: [the faith of thee has saved thee.]

20 Επερωτηθεις δε ύπο των φαρισαιων, ποτε Having been asked and by the Pharisees, ερχεται ή βασιλεια του θεου, απεκριθη αυτοις, cones the kingdom of the God, he answered them, κα. ειπεν Ουκ ερχεται ή βασιλεια του θεου and said: Not comes the kingdom of the God με: ε παρατηρησεως· 21 ουδε ερουσιν· Ιδου ώδε, careful watching; nor will they say; Lo here, ι. \*[ιδου] εκει ιδου γαρ, ή βασιλεια του θεου [lo] there, lo for, the maiesty of the God

THINGS COMMANDED YOU say, 'We are unprofitable Servants; for we have done only what we were bound to do."

11 And it occurred, as he was PROCEFDING to Jerusalem, he passed through the Interior of Samaria and Galilee.

12 And as he was about entering a Certain Village. Ten Lepers met him, who stood fat a distance;

13 and then lifted vn

Master, pity us."

14 And seeing them, he said to them, ‡ "Go, show yourselves to the PRIESTS." And it happened, as they were going, they were cleansed.

15 And one of them perceiving That he was cured. returned, praising God with a loud Voice;

16 and he fell on his Face at his FEET, thanking him; and he was a Samaritan.

17 And Jesus answering, said, "Were not the TEN cleansed? but where are the NINE?

18 Were none foundt o return to give Praise GOD, except this ALIEN?"

19 And he said to him: "Arise, go thy way; "tny FAITH has saved thee."

And having asked by the PHARISEES, when God's KINGDOM was coming, he answered them, and said, "The KINGDOM of God comes not with outward show:

21 nor shall they say, 'Behold here! or there? for, behold, † God's ROYAL MAJESTY is among you."

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. thy FAITH has saved thee-omit. 21. lo-omit.

ARTICAN MANUSCRIPT.—19. thy faith has saved thee—omit.

21. 10—omit.

21

<sup>1 1:</sup> Lev. xiii. 46. 114. Lev. ziii. 2; ziv. 2; Matt. viil. 4: Lahov. 24)

22 Ειπε δε προς τους μαθηεντος ύμων εστιν. He said and to the in the midst of you 18. τας. Ελευσονται ήμεραι, ότε επιθυμησετε μιαν ples: Will come days, when you will desire των ήμερων του υίου του ανθρωπου ιδειν και of the days of the son of the man to see; and  $^{23}$  Και ερουσιν ύμιν· Ιδου ώδε, η, And they will say to you; Lo here, or, ουκ οψεσθε. not you will see. ιδου εκει· μη απελθητε, μηδε διωξητε.  $^{24}$  Ωσπερ lo there; not you may go away, nor may you follow. Even as γαρ ή αστραπη, ή αστραπτουσα εκ της ύπ for the lightning, that flashing out of the under ουρανον, εις την ύπ' ουρανον λαμπει ούτως shines; to the under heaven 80 εσται δ υίος του ανθρωπου \*[εν τη ἡμερα αυτου.] will be the son of the man [in the day  $^{25}$  Πρωτον δε δει αυτον πολλα πα $\theta$ ειν, but it behoves him many things to suffer, and αποδοκιμασθηναι απο της γενεας ταυτης. <sup>26</sup> Και to be rejected from the generation this. καθως εγενετο εν ταις ήμεραις Νωε, ούτως εσται of Noe, so it will be it happened in the days και εν ταις ήμεραις του υίου του ανθρωπου. also in the days of the son of the man. <sup>27</sup> Ησθιον, επινον, εγαμουν, εξεγαμιζοντο, αχρι They ate, they drank, they married, they were given in marriage, till ής ήμερας εισηλθε Νωε εις την κιβωτον. came, and destroyed them of which day entered Noe into the ηλθεν δ κατακλυσμος, και απωλεσεν άπαντας. flood, and destroyed 28 'Ομοιως και ώς εγενετο εν ταις ήμεραις Λωτ. In like manner also as it happened in the days of Lot;  $\eta \sigma \theta \iota o \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \pi \iota \nu o \nu$   $\eta \gamma o \rho \alpha \langle o \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \pi \omega \lambda o \nu \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \varphi v \tau \epsilon v o \nu$ , they ate, they drank, they bought, they sold, they planted, ωκοδομουν· 29 η δε ήμερα εξηλθε Λωτ απο in the but day they built: went out Lot Σοδομων, εβρεξε πυρ και θειον απ' ουρανου, κα: it rained fire and brimstone from heaven, Sodom, απωλεσεν άπαντας.  $^{30}$  ката  $\mathbf{r}$ аυта  $\mathbf{\epsilon}$ σται 'η according to these it will tein the destroyed all: ημερα δ υίος του ανθρωπου αποκαλυπτεται. 31 Εν day the son of the is revealed. man εκεινη τη ήμερα, ός εσται επι του δωματυς, και who will be on the that the day, roof, τα σκευη αυτου εν τη οικια, μη καταβατω αραι the goods of him in the house not let him descend to take αυτα και ὁ εν τφ αγρφ, όμωως μη επιστρεandhe in the field, in like manner not let him ψατω εις τα οπισω. 32 Μνημονευετε της γυναιturn for the things behind. Remember you of the κος Λωτ. 33 'Os ear ζητηση την ψυχην αύτου of Lot. Whoever may seek the life of himself

22 And he said to the DISCIPLES, ‡ Days will come, when you will desire to see one of the DAYS of the son of MAN, and you will not see it.

23 ‡ And they will say to vou, \* 'Behold, there' or 'behold, here!' follow

not.

24 # For as THAT LIGHT-NING FLASHING out of ONE part under Heaven, shines to the OTHER part under Heaven; so will the SON of MAN be.

25 ‡ But first he must suffer Much, and be rejected by this GENERA-

TION.

26 ‡ And as it was in the DAYS of Noah, so will it be also in the DAYS of the son of man.

27 They were eating, they were drinking, they were marrying, they were given in marriage, till the DAY that Noah entered the ARK, and the DELUGE

28 In like manner also as it was in the DAYS of Lot; they were eating, they were drinking, they were buying, they were selling, they were planting, they were building;

29 but ton the DAY that from Lot went out from Sodoni. it rained Fire and Sulphur from Heaven, and destroved them all.

> 30 Thus will it be in the Day when the son of MAN

is revealed.

31 On That DAY, ‡ let not him who shall be on the ROOF, and his FURNI-TURE in the HOUSE, descend to take it away; and in like manner, let not him who shall be in the \* Field turn back.

32 I Remember Lot's

WIFE.

33 ! Whoever may seek to \* save his LIFE, will

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. there! or behold here! follow not, For. \*VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-23. Liter: or behold there! follow hot, For. 24. Mart. x. -0mit. 31. Field. 33. insure his Life. 122. Matt. ix. 15. 123. Matt. xxiv. 23; Mark xii. 21; Luke xx. 8. 124. Matt. vv. 27. 125. Mark viii. 31; ix. 31; x. 33; Luke ix. 22. 125. Mark viii. 31; ix. 31; ix. 33; Luke ix. 22. 126. 25. 33. Matt. x. 39; xvi. 25; Mark viii. 35; Luke ix. 24; John xii. 25. xxiv. 27-xxiv. 37

Tix. 26.

σωσαι, απολ σει αυτην· και δε εαν απολεση to save, will lose her, and whoever may lose αυτην, ζωογονησει αυτην. 34 Λεγω ύμιν Ταυτη het. sull preserve her. I say to you: In tais τη νυ τι εσονται δυο επικλινης μιας είς παραthe night will be two on bed one; one 35 Aug λ, φθησεται, και δ ετερος αφεθησεται. be taken, and the other will be left εσονται αληθουσαι επι το αυτο ή μια παραληφwill be grinding on the same; the one will be 36 Кагажокθησεται, και ή έτερα αφεθησεται. and the other will be left. And an-'Ο δε ριθέντες λεγουσιν αυτώ. Που, κυριέ: swering they said to him; Where, Olord? He and ειπεν αυτοις. Όπου το σωμα, εκει συναχθησονsaid to them; Where the body, there will be gathered Tal of actol. the eagles.

## ΚΕΦ. ιη'. 18.

1 Ελεγε δε και παραβολην αυτοις, προς το It snoke and also a parable to them, in order that δειν παντοτε προσευχεσθαι, και μη εκκακειν, ought always to pray, and not to be weary, λεγων Κριτης τις ην εν τινι πολει, τον θεον saying: A judge certain was in a certain city, the God μη φυβουμενος, και ανθρωπον αη εντρεπομενος. nor fearing, regarding. and man not 3 Χηρα δε ην εν τη πολει εκεινη και ηρχετο A widow and wa in the city that; and she went προς αυτον, λεγουσα. Εκδικησον με απο του to bim, saving; Dojustice me from the αντιδικου μου. <sup>4</sup> Και ουκ ηθελησεν επι χρονον. opponent of me. And not be would for a time. Με α δε ταυτα ειπεν εν έαυτω. Ε. και τον θεον A terwards but these he said in himself; If even the God ού φοβουμαι, και ανθρωπον ουκ εντρεπομαι. man not tot I fear, and διαγε το παρεχειν μοι κοπον την χηραν ταυτήν, through the to render to me trouble the widow this, εκδικησω αυτην ίνα μη εις τελος ερχομενη i. ill do justice her; that not to end coming τωπια(η με. <sup>6</sup>Ειπε δε δ κυριος: Ακουσατε, she abould pester ine. Said and the lord: Hearyon, τι δ κριτης της αδικιας λεγει. <sup>7</sup>Ο δε θεος Τμα and God · hat the judge the unjust says. The and God ού μη ποιησει την εκδικησιν των εκλεκτων will do the justice for the chosen ones met not αύτου των βοωντων προς αυτον ήμερας και day 8 Λεγω of himself those to him crying γυκτος, και μακροθυμων επ' αυτοις;
night, and bearing long towards them? Isav ύμιν, δ. ι ποιησει την εκδικησιν αυτων εν ταχέι. to you, that he will do the justice for them in animutant. Πλην δ vios του ανθρωπου ελθων άρα εύρησει But the son of the man coming indeed will be find דוןע הותדוע בהו דחז אחז; the faith on the earth?

lose it; and whoever may lose it, will preserve it.

34 ‡ I tell you, in That NIGHT the will be two on \*a Bed; One will be taken, and the OTHER left

35 Two will be grinding together, the ONE will be taken, and the other left.

36 And answering they said to him, 1" Where Lord?" And HE said to them, "Where the BODY is, there \*also the EAGLES will be assembled."

#### CHAPTER XVIII.

I And he also spoke a Parable to them, to how that they ought to project that they ought to project the project that they ought the weary;

2 saying, "There was a certain Judge in a certain City, wh feared not God nor respected Man.

3 And there was a Widow in that City; and she went to him, saying, Ottain justice for me or my Opponent.

4 And he would not 'or a time; but afterwar... he said within himse' 'Though I fear not Gon nor regard Man;

5 tyet, because thi. WIDOW importunes me. I will do her justice, lest: the last her coming should weary me!""

6 And the Lord s.i."
"Hear what the unjust
JUDGE says;

7 and 1 will not God de justice for THOSE CHOSEN ONES of his, who are CENTING to him Day and Night, and he is compassionate towards them?

8 I tell you, That will speedily do them JUSTICF. But when the stof MAN comes, will he find this BELIEF on the LAND?

<sup>·</sup> Vatican Manuscript.-34. a Bed.

<sup>87.</sup> also will.

<sup>1: 34.</sup> Matt. xxiv. 40, 4° (1 Thes. iv. 17. Rom. xii. 122; Eph. vi. 18 16. Luke xi. 8 17. Rev. vi 16. 18. Hab. x

9 Ειπε δε και προς τινας τους πεποιθοτας εφ' Hespokeand also to some those trusting έαυτοις ότι εισι δικαιοι, και εξουθενουντας τους hemselves that they are just ones, and despising λοιπους, την παραβολην ταυτην. 10 Ανθοωποι the parable this: Men δυο ανεβησαν εις το ιερον προσευξασθαι· ὁ εις two went up into the temple to pray: the one 11 'Ο Φαρι-Φαρισαιος, και ὁ έτερος τελωνης. a Pharisee, and the other a tax-gatherer. The Phariσαιος, σταθεις προς έαυτον, ταυτα προσηυχετο· standing by himself, these he prayed: 'Ο θεος, ευχαριστω σοι, ότι ουκ ειμι ώσπερ of The God, I give thanks to thee, that not I am like the λοιποι των ανθρωπων, άρπαγες, αδικοι, μοιχο., others of the men, plunderers, unjust ones, adulterers, η και ως ούτος ό τελωνης. 12 Νηστευω δις του or even like this the tax-gatherer. I fast twice of the σαββατου, αποδεκατω παντα όσα κτωμαι. <sup>13</sup> Και Itithe all what I acquire, δ τελωνης μακροθεν ξοτως ουκ the tax-gatherer at a distance having been standing not ουκ ηθελεν would ουδε τους οφθαλμους εις τον ουρανον επαραι. not even the eyes to the heaven lift up: \*[εις] το στηθος αύτου, λεγων·
[on] the breast of himself, saying: αλλ' ετυπτεν but he smote O θεος, ίλασθητι μοι τω άμαρτωλω. The God, be propitious to me the sinner. ύμιν, κατεβη ούτος δεδικαιωμενος εις τον οικον to you, went down this having been justified to the αύτου, η γαρ εκεινος ότι πας ό ύψων έαυτον, of himself, or for that: forevery one the exalting himself, ταπεινωθησεται ό δε ταπεινων έαυτον, ύψωθηwill be humbled. he but humbling himself. σεται. exalted.

15 Προσεφερον δε αυτφ και τα βρεφη, iva αυτων άπτηται· ιδοντες δε οί μαθηται επετιμηthem he might touch; seeing and the disciples rebuked 15 Ο δε Ιησους προσκαλεσαμενος TON QUTOIS. them. The but Jesus calling to αυτα, ειπεν. Αφετε τα παιδια ερχεσθαι προς με, he said; Allow the little children to come to me, και μη κωλυετε αυτα· των γαρ τοιουτων εστιν and not forbid them; for the because such like 17 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ός Indeed I say to you, who ή βασιλεια του θεου. the kingdom of the God. εαν μη δεξηται την βασιλείαν του θεου &s ever not may receive the kingdom of the God as

may enter into

9 And he spoke this PARABLE also to some, two trusted in themselves That they were righteous, and despised others.

10 "Two Men went up into the TEMPLE to pray; the ONE a Pharisee, and the OTHER a Tribute-taker.

11 The Pharisee standing by himself, prayed thus; † O God, I thank thee, That I am not like OTHER MEN,—Rapacious, Unjust, Dissolute, or even like This TRIBUTE-TAKER.

12 I fast twice in the WEEK, I tithe all that I

acquire.

13 \* But the TRIBUTE-TAKER, standing at a distance, would not even lift up his EYES to HEAVEN, but smote his BREAST, saying, 'O GOD, be propitious to me a SINNER.'

14 I tell you, this man went down to his House justified \*more than the other; ‡For EVERY ONE who EXALTS himself will be humbled; and HE who HUMBLES himself will be exalted."

15 ‡ And they brought to him their INFANTS also, that he might touch them; but the DISCIPLES seeing it, rebuked them.

16 But Jesus calling them to him, said, "Permit the LITTLE CHILDREN to come to me, and forbid them not; for to ‡such LIKE belongs the KINGDOM of GOD.

17 ‡ Indeed I say to you, Whoever does not receive the KINGDOM of GOD like a Little child, he will by no means enter it."

not not

a little child.

παιδιών, ου μη εισελθη εις αυτην.

her.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. But.

<sup>13.</sup> on-omit

<sup>14.</sup> more than the other.

<sup>† 11.</sup> The following from *Bereshith Rabba*, will illustrate this Pharisaic pride:—"Rabbi Simeon, the son of Jochai, said: The world is not worth thirty righteous persons such as our father Abraham. If there were only thirty righteous persons in the world, I and my son should make two of them; and if there were but twenty. I and my son would be of the number; and if there were but ten, I and my son would be of the five; and if there were but two, I and my son would be of the but five, I and my son would be of the five; and if there were but two, I and my son would be those two; and if there were but one, myself should be that one."

<sup>† 9.</sup> Luke x. 20; xvi. 15. † 14. Job xxii. 29; Matt. xxiii. 12; Luke xiv. 11; James iv. 6; 1 Pet. v. 5, 3. † 15. Matt. xix. 13, Mark x. 18. † 10. 1 Cor. xiv. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 2, ‡ 17. Mark x. 15.

18 Και επηρωτησε τις αυτον αρχων, λεγων. And asked certain him ruler, saying; Διδασκαλε αγαθε, τι ποιησας ζωην αιωνιον Oteacher good, what shall I do life age-lasting O teacher good, κληρονομησω; 19 Ειπε δε αυτω δ Ιησους· Τι με Said and to him the Jesus; Why me λεγεις αγαθον; ουδεις αγαθος, ει μη είς, δ eallest thou good? no one good, if not one, the θεος. 20 Τας εντολας οιδας. "Μη μοιχευ-God. The commandments thou knowest: "Not thou mayest φονευσης μη κλεψης μη ons. commit adultery, not thou mayest kill; not thou mayest steal; not ψευδομαρτυρησης. τιμα τον πατερα σου, και thou mayest bear false testimony, honor the father of thee, and thou may est teat into testimony, which is a superscript of the mother of thee." If  $\epsilon$  and  $\epsilon$  and, these all the mother of the  $\epsilon$  results of t I observed from youth of me. Having heard and \*[ταυτα] ὁ Ιησους, ειπεν αυτώ. Ετι έν σοι λει-

[these] the Jesus, said to him; Yet one to thee is πει· παντα όσα εχεις πωλησον, και διαδος πτωwanting; all whatthou hast sell, and give thou to poor χοις, και έξεις θησαυρον εν ουρανώ και δευρο, once, and thou shalt have a treasure in heaven: and come, ακολουθει μοι. 23 'Ο δε ακουσας ταυτα, περιλυ-

follow me. He and having heard these, greatly mos εγενετο· ην γαρ πλουσιος σφοδρα. <sup>24</sup> Ιδων δε grieved became: he was for rich exceedingly. Seeing and αυτον ό Ιησους \* [περιλυπον γενομενον,] ειπε him the Jesus (greatly grieved becoming,) said: Πως δυσκολως οι τα χρηματα εχοντες εισελευ-How with difficulty those the riches having σονται εις την βασιλειαν του θεου. 25 Ευκοπωτεenter into the kingdom of the God.

ρον γαρ εστι, καμηλον δια τρυμαλιας βαφιδος it 18, hole a camel through of a needle εισελθείν, η πλουσίον είς την βασιλείαν του to enter, than a rich man into the kingdom ofthe

26 Ειπον δε οί ακουσαντες· Και θεου εισελθειν. God to enter. Said and those having heard: τις δυναται σωθηναι; 27' Ο δε ειπε. Τα αδυνατα

who is able to be saved? He but said: The things impossible παρα ανθρωποις, δυνατα εστι παρα τω θεω. men, possible 15 with the God.

28 Ειπε δε δ Πετρος· Ιδου, ήμεις αφηκαμεν Said and the Peter: we Lo, ler

29 'Ο δε ειπεν παντα, και ηκολουθησαμεν σοι. He and said and

all, and followed αυτοις: Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ουδεις εστιν ός "Indeed, I say to you, that no one is who That no one has forsaken the whole who is the control of the contr αφηκεν οικιαν, η γονεις, η αδελφους, η γυναικα, a House, or a \* Wife, house, or parents, or brethren, or wife,

η τεκνα, ένεκεν της βασιλειας του θεου, 30 δς Children, on account of the er calldren, on account of the kingdom of the God,

18 ‡ And a Certain Ruler asked him, saying, "Good Teacher, what shall I do to inherit aionian Life?"

19 And JESUS said to him, "Why dost theu call Me good? There is none good, except one,-GoD.

20 Thou knowest the COMMANDMENTS; † Do not commit adultery, Do not kill, Do not steal, Do not testify falsely, Honor thy FATHER and MOTHER."

21 And HE said, "All these have I kept from My

Youth."

22 And Jesus having heard, said to him, "Yet in One thing thou art wanting; | sell all that thou hast, and give to the Poor, and thou shalt have Treasure in \* HEAVEN : and come follow me."

23 And hearing this, HE became very sorrowful; for he was exceedingly

rich.

24 And \*Jesus seeing him, said, "With what difficulty will THOSE HAV-ING RICHES enter the KINGDOM of God!

25 It is easier for a Camel to pass through a Needle's Eye, than for a Rich man to enter the KINGDOM of Gop."

26 And THOSE HEAR-ING him, said, "Who then

can be saved?"

27 And HE said, 1" The THINGS IMPOSSIBLE With Men are possible with

28 Then PETER said, t" Behold, we have forsaken \* our own, and followed thee."

or Brothers, or Parents, or who KINGDOM of GOD,

<sup>Vatican Manuscript.-20. of thee-omit.

22. these-omit.

24. becoming greatly grieved-omit.</sup> 22. these-omit. 22. HEAVEN. 28. ur ows, and. 20. Wife, or Brothers, or Parents, or Children.

cv μη απολαβη πολλαπλασιονα εν τφ καιοφ not not may receive many times more in the season τουτφ, και εν τφ αιωνι τφ ερχομενφ ξωην this, and in the age the coming life αιωνιον.

age-lasting.

31 Παραλαβων δε τους δωδεκα,  $\epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon$ TOOS he said to Having taken and the twelve, αυτους Ιδου, αναβαινομέν εις Ίεροσολυμα, και we go to Jerusalem, τελεσθησεται παντα τα γεγραμμενα δια των the having been written through the will be finished all 32 Παραδοθηπροφητών τω υιώ του ανθρωπου. prophets in the son of the He will be delivman. σεται γαρ τοις εθνεσι, και εμπαιχθησεται, και ered up for to the Gentiles, and will be derided, and ύβρισθησεται, και εμπτυσθησεται· 33 και μασwill be shamefully treated, and will be spit on: and having τιγωσαντες αποκτενουσιν αυτον και τη ήμερα him: and the they will kill been scourged <sup>34</sup> Και αυτοι ουδεν τουτη τριτη αναστησεται. And they not one the third he will stand up. των συνηκαν και ην το βημα τουτο κεκρυμμεthese understood: and was the thing this having been hidνον απ' αυτων, και ουκ εγινωσκον τα λεγομενα. den from them, and not they knew the things being spoken.

35 Εγενετο δε εν τω εγγι(ειν αυτον εις Ίεριχω,

It happened and in the to draw nigh him to Jericho, τυφλος τις εκαθητο παρα την όδον προσαιτων. by the way a blind man certain sat 36 Ακουσας δε οχλου διαπορευομενου, επυνθανετο, Hearing and a crowd passing along, he asked, τι ειη τουτο; <sup>37</sup> Απηγγειλαν δε αυτω, ότι what may be this? They told and 38 Και εβοησε, Ιησους ὁ Ναζαραιος παρερχεται. And he shouted Jesus the Nazarene passes by.  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu^{\circ}$  Ιησου,  $v \in \Delta \alpha v \delta$ ,  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \eta \sigma o \nu$   $\mu \epsilon$ .
saying: Jesus, Oson of David, pity me. 3) Kai οί προαγοντες επετιμών αυτώ, ίνα σιωπηση. him, that he might be silent. those going before rebuked Αυτος δε πολλω μαλλον εκραζεν Υίε Δαυιδ, more cried out: O son of David, He but much 40 Σταθεις δε δ Ιησους εκελευσεν ελεησον με. Stopping and the Jesus commanded me. pity αυτον αχθηναι προς αύτον. δε Εγγισαννος Having come to be led to himself. and αυτου, επροωτησεν αυτον,  $^{41}$  \*[ $\lambda$ εγων·] Τι σοι [saying:] Whatforthee he asked him, ποιησω; 'Ο δε ειπε. Κυριε, ίνα αναthou desirest I should do? He and said: Olord, that I may 42 Και δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτώ. Αναβλεβλεψω. to him: See thou Ardthe Jesus said see again. ψον ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε. 43 Και παραχρημα again: the faith of thee has saved thee. And

30 who will not receive manifold, in this time, and in the coming age aionian Life."

31 ‡ And taking the TWELVE aside, he said to them, "Behold, we go up to Jerusalem, and All the THINGS WRITTEN through the PROPHIETS, will be accomplished in the SON of MAN.

32 For the will be delivered to the Gentiles, and will be mocked, and insulted, and spit upon;

33 and having scourged him, they will kill him; and the THIRD DAY he

will rise again."

34 ‡ But then understood none of these things; and this matter was concealed from them, and they did not recognize what was spoken.

35 ‡ And it occurred, as he APPROACHED Jericho, a certain blind man sat begging by the ROAD.

36 And hearing a Crowd passing along, he inquired

what it meant.

37 And they told him, "Jesus the NAZARITE is passing by."

38 And he shouted, saying, "Jesus, Son of David,

have pity on me!"

39 And THOSE GOING BEFORE, charged him to be silent; but he cried out much more, "Son of David, have pity on me!"

40 And Jesus stopping, commanded him to be led to him. And having come near, he asked him,

41 "What dost thow wish that I should do to thee?" And HE said, "Master, to restore my sight."

42 And Jesus said to him, "Receive thy sight; thy faith has cured thee."

43 And instantly he saw

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 41. saying -omit.

<sup>1 31.</sup> Matt. xvi. 21; xvi. 22; xx. 17; Mark x. 32. 1 32. Matt. xxvii. 2; Luke xxii. 1; John xvii. 23; Acts iii. 13. 1 34. Mark ix. 32; Luke ii. 50; ix. 45; John x. 6; xii. 19. 1 42. Luke xvii. 19

ανεβλεψε, και ηκολουθει αυτφ, δοξαζων τον again, and followed him and followed him, glorifying the he saw again. θεον και πας δ λαος ιδων, εδωκεν αινον τω θεω. God; and all the people seeing, FAVE praise to the God

‡ glorifying GoD; and al, the PEOPLE seeing it, gave Praise to Gon.

## КЕФ. ιθ'. 19.

1 Και εισελθων διηρχετο την 'Ιεριχω. 2 Και And having entered he passed through the Jericho. ιδου, ανηρ ονοματι καλουμένος Ζακχαιος και a man for a name being called Zaccheus; and αυτος ην αρχιτελωνης, και ούτος ην πλουσιος. he was a chief tax-gatherer, and this was rich.

3 Και ε(ητει ιδειν τον Ιησουν, τις εστι· και ουκ taker,) And be sought to see the Jesus, who he is; and not ηδυναιο απο του οχλου, ότι τη ήλικια μικρος was able on account of the crowd, for the stature <sup>4</sup> Και προδραμων εμπροσθεν, ανεβη επι And running δτι εκεινης συκομορεαν, ίνα ιδη αυτου· that he might see him; a sycamore, for that ημελλε διερχεσθαι.  $^5$  Και ώς ηλθεν επι τον he was about to pass by. And as he came to the τοπου, αναβλεψας ο Ιησους \* [ειδεν αυτον, και]
place, baving looked the Jesus [saw him, and] eine  $\pi pos$  autov Zakxaie,  $\sigma \pi e u \sigma as$  kata $\beta \eta \theta i$  said to him; O Zaccheus, having hastened descend thou; σημερον γαρ εν τφ οικφ σου δει με μειναι.

6 Και σπευσας κατεβη, και ύπεδεξατο αυτον and received him rejoicing And having hastened he came down, and he received γαιρων. 7 Και ιδοντες άπαντες διεγογγυζον, rejoicing. And seeing all murmired, λεγοντες. Ότι παρα άμαρτωλώ ανδρι εισηλθε

to-day for in the house of thee must me to abide.

saying: That with asinner aman bewentin 8 Σταθεις δε Ζακχαιος ειπε προς καταλυσαι. Standing up but Zaceneus said to

τον κυριον Ιδου, τα ήμιση των ύπαρχοντων tue lord; Lo, the half of the pusessions μου, κυριε, διδωμ: τοις πτωχοις και ει τινος ofme, Olord, I give to the poor; and if of any one τι εσυκοφαντησα αποδιδωμι τετραπλουν. fourfold. any thing Lextorted I give back

9 Ειπε δε προς αυτον δ Ιησους. Ότι σημερον Said and to him the Jeaus, That to-day σωτηρια τφ οικφ τουτφ εγενετο καθοτι και salvation to the house this has come: since also μυτος νίος Αβρταμ εστιν. 10 ηλθε γαρ δ υιος came he ason of Abraham is: for the son

του ανθρωπου ζητησαι και σωσαι το απολωλος. to seek and to save that having been lost. of the man 11 Ακουοντων δε αυτών ταυτα, προσθεις

and of them these things, proceeding Hearing  $\epsilon i\pi \epsilon$   $\pi a \rho a \beta o \lambda \eta \nu$ ,  $\delta i\alpha$   $\tau o$   $\epsilon \gamma \gamma \nu s$   $\alpha \nu \tau o s$  he spose a parable, because the near him δια το εγγυς αυτον ειναι to be Ιερουσαλημ, και δοκειν αυτους, ότι παραχρημα and to think them, that immediately

### CHAPTER XIX.

- 1 And having entered, he was passing through JERICHO:
- 2 and beheld, a Mar. named Zaccheus, the was rich, and a Chief Tribute.
- 3 sought to see who JEsus was, and could not on account of the CROWD, for he was of low STATURE.

4 And running \*BEFORE, he climbed a Sycamore to see him; For he was about to pass by it.

5 And when \* Jesus came to the PLACE, looking up he said to him, "Zaccheus, hasten down, for To-day I must abide at thy House."

6 And he hastened down.

- 7 And seeing it, they all murmured, saving, 1" He has gone in to lodge with a Sinful man."
- 8 But Zaccheus standing up, said to the LORD, "Behold, Master, the HALF of \* My Possessions I give to the Poor; and if I have extorted any thing from any one, 11 restore fourfold."
- 9 And \* Jesus said to him, "To-day has Salvation come to this House, since he also is ‡ a Son of Abra-
- 10 f For the son of MAN has come to seek and to save THAT which was LOST."
- 11 And as they were hearing these things, proceeding he spoke a Parable, because he was near Jeiusalem, and they thought that the KIN 3DOM of GOD

<sup>&</sup>quot; VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 4. BEFORE. 8. My Possessions I give to the Poor.

<sup>5.</sup> Jesus. 9. Jesus.

<sup>5.</sup> saw him, and-omit.

<sup>1 43.</sup> Luke v 98; Acts iv. 21; xi. 18. Evili. 11.

βασιλεια του θεου αναφαινεσθαι. μελλει ή is about the kingdom of the God to appear. 4 Ειπεν ουν Ανθρωπος τις ευγενης επορυθη He said therefore: A man certain well-born went εις χωραν μακραν, λαβειν έαυτφβασιλειαν, και into a country distant, to receive for himself royal dignity, 13 Καλεσας δε δεκα δουλους έαυύποστοεψαι. Having called and ten slaves of himto return. του, εδωκεν αυτοις δεκα μνας, και ειπε προς he gave to them and he said to ten minas, 34 Oi αυτους. Πραγματευσασθε έως ερχομαι. I come. Do you business till them: δε πολιται αυτου εμισουν αυτον, και απεστειλαν but citizens of him hated him, and πρεσβειαν οπισω αυτου, λεγοντες. Ου θελομεν an embassy after him, Not we are willing saying: τουτον βασιλευσαι εφ' ήμας. 15 Και εγενετο toreign over us. And it happened εν τω επανελθειν αυτον λαβοντα την βασιλειαν, to return him having received the royal dignity, και ειπε φωνηίην ιι αύτφ τους δουλους τουτους, and he ordered to be called to himself the plaves those. εδωκε τ. αργυριον ίνα YVW, TLS TE silver: that he might know, what each to whom he gave the 16 Παρεγενετο δε δ πρωδιεπραγματευσατο. Came and the first, had gained by trading. τος, λεγων Κυριε, ή μνα σου προσειργασατο Olord, the mina of thee has gained saying: δεκα μνας, 17 Και ειπεν αυτφ. Ευ, αγαθε δουλε And he said to him : Well, O good slave: minas. ισθι εξουότι εν ελαχιστώ πιστος εγενου, faithful tuon hast been, be thou autholeast hecausein 18 Kaι ηλθεν σιαν εχων επανω δεκα πολεων. cities. And came over ten δ δευτερος, λεγων Κυριε, ή μνα σου εποιησε the second, saying; Olord, the mina of thee has made saying; 19 Ειπε δε και τουτφ. Και συ uvas. TEVTE He said and also to this; Also thou five 2 Kal ÉTEPOS πολεων. VIVOU ETTOVO TEVTE cities. And be ηλθε, λεγων Κυριε, ιδου ή μυα σου, ήν ειχον came, saying: Olord, lo the mina of thee, which I had αποκειμενην εν σουδαριφ. 21 Εφοβουμην γαρ I feared being laid up in a napkin. ότι ανθρωπος αυστηρος ει aipeis, NE, harsh thou art; thou takest up, what hee, because a man

was about immediately te appear.

12 Therefore he said. t" A certain Man of noble pirth went into a distant Country to procure for himself Royalty, and to return

13 And he called Ten of his Servants, and gav3 them Ten † Minas, and said to them, 'Trade till I

come.

14 But his CITIZENS hated him, and sent an Embassy after him, saying, 'We are not willing for this man to reign over us."

15 And it occurred, that at his RETURN, having received the ROYALTY, he ordered those SERVANTS to be called to him, to whom he gave the SILVER, that he might know what \* they had gained by traffic.

16 Then the FIRST came, saying, 'Sir, thy MINA has gained Ten Minas.'

17 And he said to him, "' Well done, good Servant! because thou hast been t faithful in a very small matter, possess authority over Ten Cities.'

18 And the SECOND, came, saying, 'Sir, the MINA has made Five Minas.

19 And he said also to this, 'Be theu also over Five Cities.

And \*the OTHER came, saying, 'Sir, behold thy MINA, which I had laid up in a Napkin;

21 I for I feared thee, because thou ari a harsh Man; thou takest up what thou didst not lay down, και θεριζεις, δ ουκ εσπειρας. and reapest what thor not thou didst lay down, and thou reapest, what not thou didst sow. ; didst not sow.?

> 22 And he said to him, mouth of thee I will judge Dut of thine own MOUTH

Hesags and to him; Out of the

22 Λενει δε αυτώ. Εκ του στοματος σου

 $\epsilon\theta\eta\kappa\alpha$ 9,

κρινω

<sup>† 12</sup> Our Lord manifestly alludes to the case of Archelaus, who went to Rome to solicit the Emperor that he might be reinstated in his father's kingdom; and the Jews sent an ambassage after him to petition and plead against him. But however he was confirmed in the kingdom of Judea; and when he returned, took ample vengeance of his enemies and opposers. — Newcome. † 13. The LXX use the original word mnaa for the Hebrew manch from which it is evidently derived, and it appears from Ezek. xIv. 12, to have been equal to sixty snekels. Now allowing the shekel with Dr. Prideaux, to be three shilliums, then the mina was equal to nine pounds English.—A. Clarke. Horne makes the mina equal £3. 2s. 6d., or fifteen dollars. 17. Well done. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. they had gained. 20. the OTHER.

σε, πονηρε δουλε ηδεις, ότι εγω ανθρωπος slave; thou knewest, that Oevil αυστηρος ειμι, αιρων δ ουκ εθηκα, και θεριam, taking up what not I laid down, and reapζων δ ουκ εσπειρα. 23 και διατι ουκ εδωκας το ing what not and why not thou gavest the I sowed: αργυριον μου επι την τραπεζαν, και εγω ελθων of me on the table, £md. συν τοκφ αν επραξα αυτο; 24 Και τοις παρεσwith interest might have exacted it? And to those having τωσιν ειπεν Αρατε απ' αυτου την μναν, και stood by he said; Take you from him the mina, 25 (Και ειπον δοτε τω τας δεκα μνας εχοντι. give you to the the ten minas having. (And they said αυτφ· Κυριε, εχει δεκα μνας.) 26 Λεγω \* [γαρ] to him; Olord, he has ten minas.) Lsay [for] ύμιν ότι παντι τω εχοντι δοθησεται απο δε from but to you that to every one the having will be given; του μη εχοντος, και δ εχει, αρθησεται \* [απ' of the not having, even what he has, will be taken from 27 Πλην τους εχθρους μου εκεινους, αυτου. But the bim.] e: emies of ae those, τους μη θελησαντας με βασιλευσαι επ' QUTOUS. th- -ot willing me to reign OZCE αγαγετε ώδε, και κατασφαξατε εμπρουθεν μου. bring you hither and slay in presence of me. 28 Και ειπων ταυτα, επορευετο εμπροσθεν, And havin said these, he went

29 Και εγενετο ώς αναβαινων εις Ίεροσολυμα. Jerusalem. And it happened as going up to γραγισεν εις Βηθανη και Βηθανιαν, προς το he drew near to Bethphage and Bethany, 10 the το καλουμένον ελαιών, απεστειλε δυο 0005 mountain that being called of olive-trees, hesent two 30 € LTT WV° Trayete ELS των μαθητων αύτου, disciples of bimself, of the saying; Goyou into εν 'η εισπορενομενοι την κατεναντι κωμην. in which entering the over-against village. εύρησετε πωλον δεδεμενον, εφ' δν ουδεις you will find a colt having been tied, on which no one **Στωποτε ανθρωπων εκαθισε**. λυσαντες QUTON sat, of men having loosed him 31 Και εαν τις ύμας ερωτά. TYAYETE. **DIATI** And if any one you may ask : Why λευετε; ούτως ερειτε \* [αυτφ.] Ότι δ κυριος do you loose? thus say you [to him:] That the lord

auτου χρειαν εχει. <sup>32</sup> Απελθοντες δε οι απεσof him need has. Having gone and those having
ταλμενοι εὐρον, καθως ειπεν αυτοις. <sup>33</sup> Λυνbeen sent found, as he said to them. Loos-

I will judge thee, Wicked Servant. ‡ Didst thou know that E am a harsh Man taking up what I laid not down, and reaping what I did not sow?

28 Why, then, didst thow not place my money in the BANK, that coming I might have exacted the Same with Interest?

24 And he said to THOSE STANDING BY, 'Take from him the MINA, an I give it to HIM who has the TEN Minas.'

25 (And they said to him, 'Sir, he has Ten Minas.')

26 'I say to you, That to EVERY ONE who HAS, more shall be given; and from HIM who HAS not, even what he has shall be taken away.

taken away.

27 But \*THOSE ENEMIES of mine, who were
not WILLING that I should
reign ever them, bring
hither, and slaughter thei
in my presence."

28 And having said these things, the went on before, going up to Jerusalem.

29 \$ And it occurred, as he drew near to Bethphage and Bethany, at THAT MOUNTAIN which is CALLED the Mount of Olives, he sent two of \*the DISCIPLES.

30 saying, "Go to the VILLAGE OVER AGAINST you, in which, having entered, you will find a Colt tted, on which no Man ever sat; loose, and bring him.

31 And if any one asks you, 'Why do you loose him?' you shall thus say, 'Because the MASTER wants him.'"

sent, went away, and told them.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—26. Fot—omit. 29. the disciples. 31. to him—omit.

<sup>26.</sup> from him-omit.

<sup>27.</sup> THESE.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Perhaps it would be well to supply the grand here—"Give it to him who has gained ten Minas, for I say to you. That to every one who has gained, shall be given, and from him who has not gained, even what he has received shall be taken away."—Clarke

<sup>† 22.</sup> Matt. xxv. 26. † 26. Matt. xiii. 12; xxv. 20; Mark iv. 25; Luke viii. 13. † 28. Mark x. 32. † 20. Matt. xxi. i, Mark xi. 1

των δε αυτων τον πωλον, ειπο οί κυριοι αυτου one and of them the colt, said the lords of him προς αυτους. Τι λυετε τον πωλον. 34 Οί δε ειπον. to them; Why loose you the colt: They and said: 35 Και ηγαγον 'Ο κυριος αυτου χρειαν εχει. of hum need has. And they led αυτον προς τον Ιησουν και επιρβιψαντες έαυthe Jeaus: and having thrown of them-9.00 των τα ίματια επι τον πωλου, επεβιβασαν τον selves the mantles on the they set on colt, Ιησουν. <sup>36</sup> Πορευομενου δε αυτου, ὑπεστρωννυον Going and of him, they spread under 37 Εγγιζοντες δε τα ίματια αύτων εν τη όδφ.
the mantles of them in the way. Drawing near and αυτου ηδη προς τη καταβασει του ορους των of him now to the of the mountain of the descent ελαιων, ηρξαντο άπαν το πληθος των μαθητων all the multitude of the disciples olive-trees, began χαιρουτες αινειν τον θεον φωνη μεγαλη περι rejoicing to praise the God with a voice toud for πασων ών ειδον δυναμεων, 38 λεγοντες Ευλογall which they saw mighty works, saying: Worthy ημενος δ ερχομενος βασιλευς εν ονοματι κυριου. ofblessingths coming king in name of Lord: ειρηνη εν ουρανώ, και δοξα εν ύψιστοις. 39 Kat peace in heaven, and glory to highest, And τινες των Φαρισαιών απο του οχλου ειπον προς some of the Pharisees from the crowd said to αυτον Διδασκαλε, επιτιμησον τοις μαθηταις O teacher. cebuke the disciples 40 Και αποκριθεις ειπεν \*[auτοις·] Λεγω σου. of thee. ύμιν, ότι εαν ούτοι σιωπησωσικ, οί λιθοι κεκto you, that if these should be silent, the stones ραξυνται.

Cry out. 41 Και ως ηγγισεν, ιδων την πολιν, εκλαυσεν And as he drew near, seeing the city, επ' αυτη, λεγων 42 'Οτι ει εγνως και συ, That if theu hadst known even thou, over her, saying; \*[καιγε] εν τη ήμερα \*[σου] ταυτη, τα προς [at least] in the day [of thee] this, the things to ειρηνην σου νυν δε εκρυβη απο εφθαλμων of thee; now but it is hidden from peace 43 'Οτι ήξουσιν ήμεραι επι σε, και περι-Dov. For will come days on this, and of thee. βαλουσιν οἱ εχθροι σου χαρακα σοι, και περικυκthrow around the enemies of thee a rampart to thee, and will surλωσουσι σε, και συνεξουσ: σε παντοθεν· 41 και thee, and will press thee on every side; and pound σε, και τα τεκνα σου εν σοι €δαφιουσι will level with the ground thea and the children of thee in thee, και ουκ αφησουσιν εν σοι λιθον επι λιθώ, ανθ and not they will leave in thee a stone on a stone; because

33 And as they were loosing the COLT, the OWN-ERS of it said to them, "Why do you untie the COLT?"

34 And THEY said. \*" Because the MASTER wants him,"

35 And they led it to JESUS; ‡and having cast Their own MANTLES on the COLT, they set JESUS on it.

36 f And as he was going, they spread their GAR-MENTS on the ROAD.

37 And when he was now approaching, at the DESCENT of the MOUNT of OLIVES, all the MULTI-TUDE of the DISCIPLES began to rejoice, and praise God with a loud Voice, for all the Miracles which they had seen,

38 saying, ‡"Blessed be the COMING KING in the Name of Jehovah! Peace in Heaven, and Glory in the highest heaven."

39 And some of the PHARISEES, among the CROWD, said to him. "Teacher, rebuke thy DIS-CIPLES."

40 But answering he said; "I tell you, That if these should be silent, the stones would immediately cry out."

41 And as he drew near. beholding the CITY, I he

wept over it, 42 saying, "O, that thou hadst known, even thou, at this DAY, the THINGS which are for thy Peace! But now they are hidden from thine Eyes.

43 For the Days will come on thee, when thine ENEMIES shall throw a Rampart around thee, and enclose thee and press thee in on every side,
44 and will lay thee

level with the ground, and thy CHILDREN in thee and they will not leave s Stone upon a Stone in thee

<sup>\*</sup> V JICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. Because the MASTER. 42. of thee-omit.

east-out. 

<sup>40.</sup> to them-omit. 42. av

WE OUR EYEWS TOP KALOOF THE ENLINGTHE TOU. of which not thou knowest the season of the visitation of thes. 45 Και εισελθων εις το ίερον, πρξατο εκβαλλειν

And entering into the temple, he began to cast out τους πωλουντας \*[εν αυτφ και αγοραζοντας,]

those selling [in it and buying,]

δό λεγων αυτοις. Γεγραπται "Το house of me

saving to them; It is written, "The house of me οικος προσευχης εστιν ύμεις δε αυτον εποιηa house of prayer is, you but it made σατε σπηλαιον ληστων." <sup>47</sup> Και ήν διδασκων a den of robbers." And he was teaching το καθ' ήμεραν εν τω ίερω οί δε αρχιερεις και the every day in the temple: the and high-priests and οί γραμματεις εζητουν αυτον απολεσαι, και οί the scribes sought him to destroy, and the πρωτοι του λαου. 48 Και ουχ εύρισκον το τι Aud not finding that what chiefones of the people. ποιηο ωσινο ό λαυς γαρ άπας εξεκρεματο aurou they ungut do: the people for all were very attentive him GKOUWV. bearing.

# KEΦ, κ', 20,

1 Και εγενετο εν μια των ημερων εκεινων And it happened is one of the days those διδασκοντος αυτου τον λαον εν τω ίερω, και was teaching of him the people in the temple, and ευαγγελιζομενου, απεστησαν οί αρχιερεις και υαγγελίζομενου, απευτησων της preaching grad tidings, stood by the high-priests and πρεστβυτεροις, 2 και οί γραμματεις συν τοις πρεσβυτεροις, scribes with the elders, and ε:πον προς αυτον, λεγοντες Ειπε ήμιν, εν said to him, saying: Say to us. by η τις εστιν δ ποια εξουπια ταυτα ποιεις, must authority these things does tibou? or who 10 he σοι την εξουσιαν ταυτην; <sup>3</sup> Αποκριθεις vencoince the authority this? Answering hamnggiven to thee the authority this? δε ειπε προς αυτους. Ερωτησω ύμας καγω ένα wer also I one softenand to them Λογον, και ειπατε μοι <sup>4</sup> Το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου ποιά, and sarjou to me. The dipping of John εξ ουρανου ην, η εξ ανθρωπωι; 5 Οί δε συνεfrom heaven was, or from men? They and λογισαντο προς έαυτους, λεγοντες 'Οτι εαν soned among themselves, saying; That if ειπωμεν. Εξ ουρανου ερει. Διατι \*[ουν] ουκ we should say, From heaven he will say; Why [then] not επιστευσατε αυτώ; 6 Εαν δε ειπωμεν Εξ 11 d. d Teu believe him? and we should say; From ανθρωκων πας ό λαος καταλιθασει ήμας. ail the people will stone πεπεισμένος γαρ εστιν, Ιωαννην προφητην having seen recounded for 11.18. John a prophet ειναι. 7 Και απεκριθησαν μη ειδεναι ποθεν. And they answered not to have known whence.

because thou didst not know the SEASON of thy VISITATION.

45 ‡ And going into the TEMPLE, he began to expel THOSE Who SOLD,

46 saying to them, "It is written, † My House '\* shall be a House of 'Prayer;' but you have made it a Den of Robbers."

47 And he was teaching intheTEMPLE EVERY DAY; and the HIGH-PRIESTS and the SCRIBES and the CHIEFS of the PEOPLE, were seeking to destroy

48 And they could not find now to do it, for all the PEOPLE were very attentive to hear him.

### CHAPTER XX.

1 #And it occurred on one of \*those DAYS, as he was teaching the PEOPIE in the TEMPLE, and proclaiming glad tidings, the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, with the ELDERS came upon him,

2 and said to him, saying, "Tell us, tby What Authority thou doest These things? or who is HB that EMPOWERED thee?"

- 3 And answering he said to them, " H also will ask you \*a Question; and answer me;
- 4 Was the IMMERSION of John from Heaven, or from Men?"
- 5 And THEY reasoned among themselves, saying, "If we say, 'From Heaven,' he will retort, 'Why did you not believe bim?
- 6 But if we say, 'From Men, all the PEOPLE Will SIONE us, I for they are persuaded that John was a Prophet."
- 7 And they answered, that they did not know whence it was.

46. shall be a House.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 45. in it and buying-omit, 1. the nars. 3. a Question. 5. then-ount.

<sup>7</sup> sc. Mothaxxi. 12: Mark xi 11. 15 vii 19: viii. 37. — 1 l. Mothaxi. 23. v: xxi. 26: Luke vii. 29 1 46. Isa. lvi. 7. 147. Mark xt. 18 3. hn 1 9. Acta iv. 7 vii. 27. 16. Matt. zvi.

<sup>8</sup> Και δ Ιησους είπεν αυτοις: Ουδε εγω λεγω ληd the Jesus said to them: Neither I tell υμιν, εν ποια εξουσία ταυτα ποια. to you, by what authority these I do.

9 Ηρξατο δε προς τον λαον λεγειν την παραle began and to the people to say the paraβολην ταυτήν Ανθρωπος εφυτευσεν αμπελωνα. this: A man planted και εξεδοτο αυτον γεωργοις και απεδημησε and let out it to husbandmen: and went abroad 10 Καί εν καιρφ απεστειλέ xpovous ikavous. many. And in season he sent προς τους γεωργους δουλον, ένα απο του καρπου to the husbandmen a slave, that from of the του αμπελωνος δωσιν αυτφ· οί δε γεωργοι, of the vineyard they might give to him: the but husbandmen, δειραντες αυτον, έξαπεστειλαν κενον. having beaten bim, sent away empty. προσεθετο πεμψαι έτερον δουλον οί δε κακεινον he proceeded to send another slave: they but also this δειραντες και ατιμασαντες, εξαπεστειλαν κενον. having beaten and having dishonored, sent away 12 Και προσεθετο πεμψαι τριτον οί δε και του-And he proceeded to send athird: they but also this this τον τραυματισαντες εξεβαλον. 13 Είπε δε δ having wounded cast out. Said and the κυριος του αμπελωνος. Τι ποιησω; πεμψω τον lord of the vineyard; What shall I do? I will tend the υίον μου τον αγαπητον ίσως τουτον ιδοντες won of me the beloved; perhaps this . 14 Ιδοντες δε αυτον οί γεωργοι, εντραπησονται. they will regard. Seeing but him, the busbandmen, διελογιζοντο προς έσυτους, λεγοντες. Ούτος they reasoned with themselves, saying; εστιν ό κληρονομος \*[δευτε,] αποκτεινωμεν heir; [come,] we may kill 15 Ka: αυτον, ίνα ήμων γενηται ή κληρονομια.
him, that to us may be the inheritance. may be the inheritance. εκβαλοντες αυτον εξω του αμπελωνος, απεκτει-

casting him out of the vineyard, they var. The out ποιησει αυτοις δικυριος του αμπελίθε. What then will do to them the lord of the vine-λωνος; 16 Ελευσεται και απολεσει τους γεωογατα? He will come and will destroy those busdand-γους τουτους, και δωσει τον αμπελωνα αλλοις.

men those, and give the vineyard to others.

Ακουσαντες δε ειπος Μη γενοιτο. 17 Ο δε, Ilaving heard and they said; Not let it be. He but,

εμβλεψας αυτοις, είπε· Τι ουν εστι το γεγραμhaving looked to them, ha said; What then is that having been μενον τουτο· " Λιθον δν απεδοκιμασαν οἱ οικοwritten this; " Λειοπονηίες rejected the buildδομουντες, οῦτος εγενηθη εις κεφαλην γωναις;"

this has been made into, a head corner?"

15 Πας δ πεσων επ' εκεινον τον λιθον, συνθλασAll the falling upon that the stone, will be

Cornerat; εφ' δι δ΄ αν πέση λινιμησει συνου

Οησεται εφ' δυ δ' αυ πεση, λικαησει αυτου. bruised; on whom but it may fall, will grind to powder him.

8 And JESUS said to them, "Neither do I tell you by What Authority I perform these things."

9 And he began to speak this PARABLE to the PEO-PLE. ‡"A Man planted a Vineyard, and leased it to Cultivators, and left the country for a long time.

10 And at the Season he sent a Servant to the CULTIVATORS, that they should give bim of the TRUIT of the VINEYARD. But the CULTIVATORS beat him, and sent him away empty.

Another Servant; and THEY beat him also, and thaving shamefully treated him sent him away county.

him, sent him away empty.

12 And again he sent a third; and THEY wounded thim also, and drove him out

out.

13 Then the OWNER of the VINEYARD said, 'What' shall I do? I will send my BELOVED son; perhaps they will respect him.'

14 But when the CUI-TIVATORS saw him, they reasoned among themselves, saying, 'This is the HEIL; let us kill him, that the INHERITANCE may become ours.'

15 And having thrust him out of the VINEYARD, they killed him. What, therefore, will the OWNER of the VINEYARD do to them?

16 He will come and destroy those CULTIVATORS, and give the VINEYARD to others." And having heard it, they said, "Let it not be."

17 And looking on them.
HE said, "What is THIS
then that is WRITTEN, † A
'Stone which the BUILD'ERS rejected, has become
'the Head of the Corner.

18 WHOEVER FALLS on that stone will be bruised; but on whom it may fall, it will crush him to pieces."

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. come-omit.

<sup>1 0,</sup> Matt. xxi. 33; Mark xii. 1. 1.17. Ps 1. cxvIII. 22; Watt. xxi. 43.

39 Και εζητησαν οί αρχιερεις και οί γραμματεις 19 In that very-hours sought the high-priests and the scribes επιβαλειν επ' αυτον τας χειρας εν αυτη τη on him the hands in this the to put έρα και εφοβηθησαν τον λαον εγνωσαν γαρ. hour; but they feared the people; they knew for, ότι προς αυτους την παραβολην ταυτην ειπε. parable this he spoke. to them the

20 Και παρατηρησαντές απέστειλαν εγκαθέ-And having watched they sent τους, ὑποκρινομενους έαυτους δικαιους ειναι. to be; feigning themselves righteous ίνα επιλαβωνται αυτου λογου, εις το παρα-that they might lay hold of him of a word, in order to the to deδουναι αυτον τη αρχη και τη εξουσια του ήγεliver up him to the rule and to the authority of the gov-21 Και επηρωτησαν αυτον, λεγοντες. HOVOS. they asked him, ernor. saying; Διδασκαλε, οιδαμεν, ότι ορθως λεγείς και Oteacher, we know, that rightly thou speakest and

διδασκεις, και ου λαμβανεις προσωπον, αλλ' επ' thou teachest, and not thou dost accept a countenance, but in  $a\lambda n\theta \epsilon \iota as \tau n\nu \delta \delta \nu \tau ou \theta \epsilon ou \delta \delta a \sigma \kappa \epsilon \iota s$ . αληθειας την όδον του θεου διδασκεις. truth the way of the God thou teachest. τιν ήμιν Καισαρ. φορον δουναι, η ου; 23 Καταrawful for us to Cesar tax to give, or not? νοησας δε αυτων την πανουργιαν, ειπε προς seiving but of them the craftiness, he said to reiving but of them the craftmess, αυτους \* [Τι με πειραζετε;] 24 Δειξατε μοι ι Show you to me (way me tempt you?) δηναριον τινος εχει εικονα και επιγραφην; a denarius; of whom has it a likeness and inscription?

He and said Answering and they said; Of Cesar. αυτοις. Αποδοτε τοινυν τα Καισαρος, Καισαρι. to them: Give you back then the things of Cesar, to Cesar; και τα του θεου, τω θεω. <sup>26</sup> Και ουκ ισχυσαν and the things of the God. And not they were able επιλαβεσθαι αυτου βηματος εναντιον του λαου. to take hold of him of a word in presence on the people; και θαυμασαντές επι τη αποκρισει αυτου, at the and wondering ABSWEF of him,

Αποκοιθεντες δε ειπον. Καισαρος.

εσιγησαν. they were silent.

seed

Τ Προσελθοντες δε τινές των Σαδδουκαιων, Approaching and some of the οί αντιλεγοντες αναστασιν μη ειναι, επερωτηdenying a resurrection no. Διδασκαλε, Μωσης Νοσει Νοσει a resurrection not to be, £'.ose σαν αυτον, saying; O teacher, "if any one a brother abouted die εγραψεν ήμιν, for us, εχων γυναικα, και ύτος ατεκνος αποθανη, ίνα and this chudless should die, having a wife: λαβη δαδελφος αυτου την γυναικα, και εξαν-

the HIGH-PRIESTS and SCRIBES sought to lay HANDS on him, but they feared the PEOPLE; for they knew That he had spoken this PARABLE concerning them.

20 1 And watching him, they sent forth Spies, feigning themselves to be righteous men, that they might take hold of His Speech. in order to DELIVER him up to the COMMAND and AUTHORITY of the GOV-ERNOR.

21 And they asked him, saying, ‡"Teacher, we know That thou speakest and teachest correctly, and and dost not partially respect personal Appearance, but teachest the WAY of Gop in Truth;

22 Is it lawful for us. or not, to pay Tribute to Ce-

23 But perceiving Their CUNNING, he said to them.

24 "Show me a Denarius. Whose Likeness and Inscription has it?" And \* TIMEY said, "Cesar's."

25 And HE said to them, "Render, then, the THINGS of Cesar, to Cesar; and the THINGS of GOD, to GOD."

26 And they were not able to take held of \*a WORD before the PEOPLE: and they wondered at his ANSWER, and were silent.

27 t Then SOME of the SADDUCEES, \* who SAY there is no Resurrection. approaching, asked him,

28 saying, "Teacher, I Moses wrote for us, 'If a man's brother should die. having a Wife, and \* he be without children, that his BROTHER should take his WIFE, and raise up Offspring to his BROTHER.

should wre the brother of him the wife, and should αστηση σπερμα τφ αδελφφ αυτου." 29 Επτα

Beren

25' Ο δε ειπεν

to ale brother of himself." \* VATICAN MANUTURIPE. - 23. Why tempt you me-omif. 26 a wosh telore. 27. who say that there is no Resurrection.

<sup>34.</sup> reey said, Cesar's 25. he be without

<sup>1 2.</sup> Matt axii. 16; Mark att. 14. 1 97 Matt. smil 23: t 20 Matt azri. ib. 1 19. Mank an is. 1 28. Denk. aav. a,

αυτον ουδεν.

him nothing.

He said and

41  $E_i\pi\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\pi\rho\sigma$  autous.

to

them:

ουν αδελφοι ησαν· και ό πρωτος λαβων γυναικα, now brothers were; and the first having taken a wife, απεθανεν ατεκνος. <sup>30</sup> Και \* [ελαβεν] ό δευτερος childless. And [took] the second \*[την γυναικα και ούτος απεθαναν ατεκνος.] Tthe wife, and this died childless.] 31 Και δ τριτο ελαβεν αυτην ωσαυτως δε και
And the third took her: in like manner and also οί έπτα ου κατελιπον τεκνα, και απεθανον the seven: not they left children, and dieu: 32 'Υστερον \* [δε παντων] απεθανε και ή γυνη. [and of all] died also the woman, 33 Εν τη ουν αναστασει, τινος αυτων γινεται In the therefore resurrection, of which of them will be γυνη; οί γαρ έπτα εσχον αυτην γυναικα. 34 Ka1 a wife? the for seven had her a wife. And \*[αποκριθεις] ειπεν αυτοις ὁ Ιησους. Οι νίοι The sons [answering] he said to them the Jesus: του αιωνος τουτου γαμουσι και εκγαμισκονται" of the age this and are given in marriage marry 35 oi δε καταξιωθεντες του αιωνος εκεινου those but having been accounted worthy of the age τυχειν, και της αναστασεως της εκ VEKDWV. that out of dead ones, to obtain, and of the resurrection ουτε γαμουσιν, ουτε εκγαμισκονται. 36 ουτε γαρ neither marry, nor are given in marriage: nor for αποθανειν ετι δυνανται ισαγγελοι γαρ εισι, like angels for they are, to die more are able : και υίοι εισι του θεου, της αναστασεως υίοι and sons they are of the God, of the resurrection 37 Οτι δε εγειρονται οί νεκροι, και Μω-OVTES. being. That but rise the dead ones even της εμηνυσεν επι της βατου, ώς λεγει κυριον, declared at the bush, when he calls τον θεον Αβρααμ, και τον θεον Ισαακ, και τον the God of Abraham, and the God of Isaac, and  $38 \Theta \epsilon os$  δε ουκ εστι νεκρων, αλλα CEON ICKOB. God of Jacob. A God now not he is of dead ones, but ζωντων· παντες γαρ αυτφ ζωσιν. <sup>39</sup> Αποκριθεντες of living ones; all for to him live. Answering δ. τινές των γραμματέων ειπον Διδασκαλε. and some of the scribes said; O teamer. 40 Ουκετι δε ετολμων επερωταν KANWS ELTAS. well thou hast spoken. No longer and they presumed to ack

29 Now there were Seven Brothers; and the FIRST, having taken a Wife, died childless.

30 And the SECOND

31 and the THIED took her; and in like manner also the seven; they died, and left no Children.

32 And last, the warran

died also.

33 At the RESURAGE-TION, therefore, To which of them does she become a Wife; for the SEVEN had her for a Wife."

34 And JESUS said to them, "The CHILDREN of this AGE marry, and are

given in marriage,

35 but those deemed worthy to obtain that age, and that resurrection from the Dead, neither marry, nor are given in marriage,

36 for they can die no more, \* because they are like angels; and are Sons of \* God, being Sons of the

RESURRECTION.

37 But That the DEAD rise, even Moses has declared, † at the BUSH, when he calls Jehovah, 'the 'God of Abraham, and 'the \*God of Isaae, and 'the \*God of Jacob.'

38 Now he is not a God of the Dead, but of the Living; † for to him ali

are alive."

39 Then some of the SCRIBES answering, said, "Teacher, thou hast spoken well."

40 \* And they dared not question him any more.

41 And he said to them, ;" How do they say, that

HUW

Πως λεγουσι τον

say they

the

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—30. took—omit. 30. the wife, and this died childless—emit. 32. And of all—omit. 34. answering—omit. 36. God. 37. God. 37. God. 40. For after.

<sup>† 37.</sup> Many modern critics regard the phrase,—at the Bush,—as referring to the section in the book of Exodus, commencing at chap. in 2. where it is recorded that the angel of Jehovah appeared to Moses "in a flame of fire out of a bush." In Mark xii 26, we read, Jesus asks, "Have you not read in the book of Moses, at the bush, how God spoke to him?" evidently alluding to the place or section where it was to be found to here he says "That the dead rise, even Moses has declared at the esection of The Bush when he calls Jenovah &c. Now Moses could only be said to declare this by recording what the angel and see the account in Exodus. † 38. To him who regards the luture resurrection of his people as though it was present:—"God. who makes alive the dead and calls things could being as though they were." Rom. iv. 17.

<sup>2 36. 1</sup> Cor. xv. 42, 49, 52; Rom. vili. 23; i John ili. 3. | 36. Matt. xxii 45; Mark xii 35.

τερον κριμα.

judgment.

Χριστον νίον Δανιδ εινα; 42 Και αντος Δανιδ Augusted ason of David to be? Audyethimself David λεγει εν βιβλω ψαλμων. "Ειπεν δ κυριος τω "Said the Lord to the says in abook of psalms; τυριφ μου· 43 Καθου εξ δεξιων μου έως αν θω lord of me; Su thou at right hand of me till I may place τους εχθρους σου ὑποποδιον των ποδων σου," the enemies of thee a footstool of the feet of thee." 44 Δαυίδ ουν κυρίον αυτον καλεί, και πως vios David therefore a lord him calls, and how a son αυτου εττιν; 45 ικουντος δε παντος του λαου, of him he is? Learing and all of the of him he is? Rearing and all of the people, ειπε τοις μαθη αις αυτου. 46 Προσεχετε απο he said to the disciples of himself; Beware of των γραμματεών, την θελοντών περιπατείν εν the sembes, those wishing to walk in στολαις, και φιλουντων ασπασμους εν ταις robes, and loving salutations in the αγοραις, και πρωτοκαθεδριας εν ταις συναγωγαις, markets, and first seats in the synagogues, και πρωτοκλισιας εν τοις δειπνοις. <sup>47</sup> οί κατεσfirst praces in the feasts; they deθιουσι τας οικιας των χήρων, και προφασει μακρα προσευχονται ούτοι ληψονται περισσο-1 they pray; these will receive

КЕФ. κα'. 21.

1 Αναβλεψας δε ειδε τους βαλλοντας τα δωρα Looking and he saw those casting the gitts αύτων εις το γαζολυλακιον πλουσιος. <sup>2</sup>Ειδε of them into the treasury rich ones. Hesaw  $\delta \epsilon * [και]$  τινα χηραν πενιχραν βαλλουσαν εκει and [also] a certain without poor casting there δυο λεπτα. <sup>3</sup> και ειπεν. Αληθως λεγω ύμιν, ότι two lepta: and he said: Truly I say to you, that ή χηρα ή πτωχη αύτη πλειον παντων εβαλεν. the widow that poor this more of all has cast.

4 'Απαντες γαρ ούτοι εκ το περισσευοντος among the gifts out of their superfluity; but abtois εβαλον εις τα δωρα \* [του θεον ] αύτη δε of the cast into the gifts of the God;] she but cast in All the living that εκ του ύστερηματος αύτης ά ταντα τον βιον, Want of herself all the living, out of the ύν ειχεν, εβαλε. 5 Και τινων λεγοντων περι which she sail, she cast. And some speaking about του ίερου ότι λιθοις καλοις και αναθημασι the temple that with stones beautiful and offerings κεκοσμηται, ειπε 6 Ταυτα α θεωρειτε, ελευit was adorned, he said; These which you behold, will σονται ήμεραι εν αίς ουκ αφες ησεται λιθος επι come days in which not will be left a stone upon  $\lambda \iota \theta \varphi$ , δς ου καταλυθησεται. Επηρωτησαν δε Stone upon a Stone, that a stone, which not will be thrown down.

the MESSIAH is to be a Son of David ?

42 \* For David himself says in the Book of Psalms. 1 \* ' Jehovah said to my 'LORD, sit thou at my 'Right hand,

43 'till I put thine ZN-EMIES underneath thy

FEET.

greater .

44 David, therefore, calls him Lord, and how then is he \* His Son ?"

45 Then in the hearing of All the PEOPLE he said

to \* the DISCIPLES,
46 "Beware of Those SCRIBES Who DESIRE to walk about in Long robes and ‡love Salutations 'n the MARKETS, and the Principal seats in the syn. AGOGUES, and the Upper couch at FEASTS;

47 I those PLUNDERING the FAMILIES of WIDOWS. and for a Show make long Prayers: these will receive a Heavier Judgment."

#### CHAPTER XXI.

1 And looking up, 1 he saw the RICH CASTING their GIFTS into the TREA-SURY.

2 And he saw a Certain poor Widow casting in there Two + Lepta.

3 And he said, ' I assure you, That this POOR WIDOW cast in more than all.

4 for all these have cast she had

5 t And some speaking of the TEMPLE, That it was adorned with beautiful Stones and Offerings, he said,

6 "As for these things which you behold the Days will come, in which there will not be \*left here a They asked and will not be thrown down."

44. His Bon.

6. left here.

45 his

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. For David. 43. Lord. 2. also-omit. 4. of Gop-omit.

<sup>\* 2.</sup> In value about four mills, or nearly half a farthing.

<sup>† 42.</sup> Psa. cx. 1; Acts ii. 34. † 45. Matt xxiii 1; Mark xii 38. † 46. Luke xi 43. † 47. Matt. xxiii. 14. † 1. Matt. xii. 41. † 5. Matt. xxiv. 14. Mark xiii. 1. † 6. Luke xi 43.

αυτον, λεγοντες Διδασκαλε, ποτε ουν ταυτα saying; O teacher. when then these εσται; και τι το σημειον, όταν μελλη ταυτα will be? and what the sign, when may be about these γινεσθαι: 8'Ο δε ειπε Βλεπετε, μη πλανηθητε. to be done? He but said; Look you, not you may be deceived Πολλοι γαρ ελευσονται επι τφ ονοματι μου, in the of me, willcome name λεγοντος. Ότι εγω ειμι, και δ καιρος ηγγικε. That I am, and the season has approached Μη \* [ουν] πορευθητε οπισω αυτων. 9 'Οταν δε Not [therefore] go you after them. When and ακουσητε πολεμους και ακαταστασιας, μη πτοyou may hear of wars and commotions, not you may ηθητε· δει γαρ ταυτα γενεσθαι πρωτον· αλλ' be terrified; must for these come to pass first; 10 Τοτε ελεγεν αυτοις TUK EUBEWS TO TELOS. Then he said to them; not immediately the end. Εγερθησεται εθνος επι εθνος, και βασιλεια a nation on a nation, and a kingdom επι βασιλειαν. 11 σειτμοι τε μεγαλοι κατα τοa kingdom; Carthquakes and great in many πους, και λιμοι, και λοιμοι εσονται φοβητρα places, and famines, and pestilences will be; fearful sights  $\alpha\pi$ TE KAL THUELA ουρπου μεγαλα επται. also and \$1gus from heaven great 12 Προ δε τουτων παντων επιβαλουσιν εφ' ύμας Belore but this you all they williay on τας χειρας αύτων, και διωξουσι, παραδιδοντες of them, and they will persecute, delivering up εις συναγωγας και φυλακας, αγ μενους επι Βασιλεις και ήγεμονας, ένεκεν του ονοματος and governors, on account of the Lings 13 Αποβησεται δε ύμιν εις μαρτυριον. HOV. It will turn out and to you for a testimony. 14 Θεσθε ουν εις τας καρδιας ύμων, μη προμε-Settle you therefore in the hearts o.you, not 's pre-15 Εγω γαρ δωσω ύμεν λεταν απολογηθηναι. meditate to make a delence. for will give to you στομακαι σοφιαν, 'η ου δυνησονται αντεικειν η mouth and wisdom, which not will be able to gainsay or αντιστηναι παντες οί αντικειμενοι ύμιν. 16 Παραall the opponents to you. You will δοθησεσθε δε και ύπο γονεων, και αδελφων, be delivered up and also by parents, και συγγενών, και φιλών και θανατωσουσιν εξ and friends. and they will put to death of relatives, 17 Κα: εσεσθε μισουμενοι ύπο παντων ύμων. Ana you will be being hated by you. δια το ουομα μου. 18 Και θριξ εκ της κεφαλης And a hair from th anrough the name orme. head

7 And they asked him saying, "Teacher, when then will these things be?' and "What will be the sign when these things are about to be accomplished?"

8 And HE said, ‡ "See that you be not deceived; for many will come in my NAME, saying, 'H am he, and the TIME draws near;' ge not after them.

9 And when you hear of Battles and Insurrections, be not alarmed; for these things must first occur; but the END comes not im-

mediately."

10 then he said to them, "Nation will rise against Nation, and Kingdom against Kingdom;

11 \*and in various Places there will be great Earthquakes, and Famines, and Pestilences; there will be also Fearful sights and great Signs from Heaven.

12 ‡ But before all these things they will lay their HANDS on you, and persecute you, delivering you up to Synagogues and ‡ Prisons, dragging you before Kings and Governors on account of my NAME.

13 And it will turn out to you for a Testimony.

14 † Settle it in your HEARTS, therefore, not to premeditate on your defence;

15 for # will give you Eloquence and Wisdom, twhich All your opponents will not be able to gainsay, or resist.

16 And you will be delivered up even by Parents, and Brothers, and Relatives, and Frends; and some of you they will put to death.

17 And you will be hated oy all on account of my NAME;

18 But not a Hair of your HEAD will perish.

VATICAE MAN SCRIPT.—8. therefore—omet. 11. there will be great Earthquakes, and in various Places Famines, and.

<sup>18</sup> Matt. xxiv. 4; Mark xiu. 5; Eph. v 6; 2 Thess. ii. 8. 112 Mark xiu. 9. 112, Acts iv. 3, v 18; xii. 4; xvi 24; xxv. 23. 114 Matt. 115 Acts vi. 3, v 18; xii. 4; xvi 24; xxv. 23.

στουατι μαχαιρας,

και αιχμαλωτισθησονται

19 Εν τη ὑπομονη ὑμων υμων ου μη αποληται. of you not not will perish. In the patient endurance of you κτητασθε τας ψυχας ύμων.

of you. preserve you the lives 20 Οταν δε ιδητε κυκλουμενην ύπο στρατοπε-When and you may see surrounded by encampments δων την Ίερουσαλημ, τοτε γνωτε, ότι ηγγικεν then you may know, that has come near Jerusalem, the 21 Τοτε οί εν τη Ιουδαια, ή εμημωσις αυτης. Then those in the the desolation of her. Judea, Φευγετωσαμεις τα ορη και οί εν μεσφ αυto the mountains; and those in midst

της, εκχωρειτωσαν και οί εν ταις χωραις, μη and those in the country places, not let them go out; 22 'Οτι ήμεραι εκδιεισερχεοθωσαν εις αυτην. let them enter into ber. For days

κησεως αύται εισι, του πλησθηναι παντα Ta vengeance these are, of the to be fulfilled

γεγραμμενα. <sup>23</sup>Ουαι \* [δε] ταις εν γαστρι εχουhan written. Woe [but] to the in womb holdσαις και ταις θηλαζουσαις εν εκειναις ταις ήμεing and to the giving suck in those the ραις εσται γαρ αναγκη μεγαλη επι της γης, for distress will be great upon the 24 και πεσουνται οργη τφ λαφ τουτφ. wrath to the people this; and they will fall

by edge of a sword, they will be led captive εις παντα τα εθνη· και Ίερουσαλημ εσται the nations; and Jerusalem πατουμενη ύπο εθνων, αχρι πληρωθωσι καιροι by Gentiles, till may be fultilled 25 Και εσται σημεια εν ήλιφ και σεληνη And will be signs in sun and και αστροις και επι της γης συνοχη εθνων εν and stars: and on the earth augush of nations in

and

απορια ηχους θαλασσης και σαλου. 26 αποψυperplexity of a roar of sea and of tossing : χοντων ανθρωπων απο φοβου και προσδοκιας from fear and των επερχομενων τη οικουμενη αί γαρ δυναμεις

of the things coming on the habitable: the for rowers 27 Και τοτε οψοντων ουρανων σαλευθησονται.

of he beavens will be shaken. And then they will ται τον υίον του ανθρωπου ερχοι:ενον εν νεφελη,

mee the son of the man coming in a cloud, μετα δυναμεως και δοξης πολλης. 23 Αρχομενων power and glory great. Beginning

δε τουτων γινεσθαι, αναψυσατε και επαρατε and of these to occur, raise yourselver and γας κοφαλας ύμων διοτι εγγιζει ή απολυτρωίεις

of you; because draws near the the beads deliverance 29 Και ειπε παραβολην αυτοις. Ιδετε την vuwe. And he spoke a parable to them; See you the

συκην και παντα τα δενδρα· 30 δταν προβαλωσιν fig-tree and the trees; when they shoot forth

19 By your PATIENT ENDURANCE preserve your LIVES.

20 1 And when you see JERUSALEM Sarrounded by Encampments, then know That its DESOLATION has

approached.

21 Then let THOSE who are in JUDEA, flee to the MOUNTAINS; let THOSE who are in the city, depart out; and let not THOSE who are in the COUNTRY PLACES enter it.

22 For these are Days of Vengeance, t that All the THINGS WRITTEN may be

ACCOMPLISHED.

23 I But alas for the PREGNANT and NURSING WOMEN in Those DAYS! for there will be great Distress on the LAND, and Wrath against this PEOPLE.

24 And they will fall by the Edge of the Sword, and be led captive into All the NATIONS; and Jerusalem will be trodden down by Gentiles, ‡ till \* the Times of Gentiles may be accornplished.

25 I And there will be Signs in the Sun and Moon and Stars; and on the EARTH Anguish of Nations in Perplexity; \* Roarings of the Sea and Waves;
26 Men fainting from

Fear and Apprehension of the THINGS COMING on the HABITABLE; I for the POWERS of the HEAVENS will be shaken.

27 And then they will see the son of MAN I coming in a Cloud with Power

and great Glory.

28 When these things are beginning to occur, raise yourselves, and lift up your HEADS; for your DELIVERANCE is drawing near."

29 And he spoke a Parable to them ;-"Behold the FIG-TREE, and All the TREES.

30 When they now put

<sup>\*</sup> VARICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. But-omit. the Truses shall be those of the Gentiles. And

<sup>24.</sup> when they should be fulfilled; and 25. Roarings of the Sea.

Matt. xxiv. 15; Mark xiii. 14.
 Rom. xi. 25.
 Som. xi. 25.
 Aust. xxiv. 29; Mark xiii. 24; 2 Pet. iii. 10, 12, iv. 26.
 T 37. Matt. xxiv. 30; keev. 1.2 1 24. Dag

 $\eta \tilde{\Sigma} \eta$ ,  $\beta \lambda \epsilon \pi o \nu \tau \epsilon s$ ,  $\alpha \phi^{\circ}$  éautwy  $\gamma \iota \nu \omega \sigma \kappa \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota$  now, beholding, from of yourselves you know, that  $\eta \tilde{\Sigma} \eta \epsilon \gamma \nu s \tau \sigma \theta \epsilon \rho \sigma s \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ .  $^{31} O \tilde{\Sigma} \tau \omega \kappa \kappa \alpha \iota \tilde{\Sigma} \mu \epsilon \iota s$ , So also you, now near the summer is. όταν ιδητε ταυτα γινομενα, γινωσκετε, ότι know you, when you may see these occurring, that εγγυς εστιν ή βασιλεια του θεου. 32 ίμην λεγω Indeed I say near is the kingdom of the God. ύμιν, ότι ου μη παρελθη ή γενεα αύτη, έως to you, that not not may pass away the generation this, till 33 °O ουρανος και ή γη αν παντα γενηται. The heaven may be done. and the earth all παρελευσονται οί δε λογοι μου ου μη παρελshall pass away; the but words of me not not may pass 34 Προσεχετε δε έαυτο:ς, μηποτε βαρηθωσι. Take heed but to yourselves, lest should be

θωσιν ύμων αί καρδιαι εν κραιπαλη, και μεθη, burdened of you the hearts with surfeiting, and drunkenness, και μεριμναις βιωτικαις και αιφνιδιος εφ' ύμας of life: and suddenly you anxieties on 35 'Ως παγις γαο επεεπιστη ή ήμερα εκεινη. may come the day that. As snare for it will λευσεται επι παντας τους καθημενους ετι προdw.lling on come all those on  $36 \text{ A} \gamma \rho \upsilon \pi \nu \epsilon \iota \tau \epsilon \text{ ou} \nu \epsilon \nu$ σωπον πασης της γης.

of the earth. Watch you παντι καιρφ, δεομενοι, ίνα καταξιαθητε εκ-every season, praying, that you may be accounted worthy to φυγειν ταυτα παντα τα μελλ.οντα γινεσθαι, these all the things being about to occur. και σταθηναι εμπροσθεν του υίου του ανθρωπου. and to stand in presence of the son of the

 $^{37}$  H $\nu$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\tau$ as  $\eta\mu\epsilon\rho\alpha$ s  $\epsilon\nu$   $\tau\phi$   $i\epsilon\rho\phi$   $\delta\iota\delta\alpha\sigma\kappa\omega\nu$ . He was and the days in the temple teaching; τας δε νυκτας εξερχομενος ηυλιζετο εις το the and nights going out he lodged in the 38 Και πας δ το καλουμενον ελαιων. mountain that being called of olive-trees. And all the λαος ωρθρίζε προς αυτον εν τω ίερω ακουείν people came early to bim in the temple to hear ΚΕΦ. κβ'. 22. 1 Ηγγιζε δε ή έορτη αυτου. Drew near now the feast him. των αζυμων, ή λεγομενη πασχα. είητουν of the unleavened cakes, that being called passover; and sought οί αρχιερεις και οί γραμματεις, το πως ανελωσιν the high-priests and the scribes, the how they might kill αυτον εφοβουντο γαρ τον λαον. 3 Εισηλίε δε they feared for the people. Entered and σατανας εις Ιουδαν τον επικαλουμένον Ισκαριωadversary into Judas that being surnamed Iscariot την, οντα εκ του αριθμού των δωδεκα. 4 Kai being of the

forth, observing it, you know of yourselves That the summer already is

near. 31 Thus, also, when nou see these events occurring. know That the KINGDOM

of God is ear.

32 Indeed I say to you, This GENERATION will not pass away, till all be accomplished.

33 The HEAVEN and the EARTH will fail; but my

WORDS cannot fail.

34 But take heed to yourselves, lest Your HEARTS be oppressed by Gluttony, and Drunkenness, and Anxieties of life, and that DAY should come unexpectedly upon you.

35 For it will come, like a Snare, on All THOSE DWELLING on the Face of

the Whole LAND.

36 1\* Be you watchful. therefore, at all times, praying that you may be regarded worthy to escape All these THINGS BEING ABOUT to occur, and to stand before the son of MAN."

37 Now he was teaching tduring the DAYS in the TEMPLE, and going out he lodged at NIGHTS in THAT MOUNTAIN which is called the Mount of Olives.

38 And All the PEOPLE came early to him in the TEMPLE to hear him.

### CHAPTER XXII.

1 Now THAT FEAST of UNLEAVENED BREAD, which is CALLED the Passover, was drawing near.

2 And the HPGH-PRIESTS and scribes sought now they might kill him; for they feared the PEOPLE.

3 # And the Adversary entered \* into THAT Judas. CALLED Iscariot, who was of the NUMBER of the TWELVE.

And

number of the twelve.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—36. But watch you, and pray always, that you may prevail to cape.

3. into that Judas, called Iscariot. escape.

<sup>† 34.</sup> Rom xiii, 13; 1 Thess, v. 6; 1 Pet, iv, 7, xiii, 33. † 37. John, viii 1, 2; Luke xxii, 39, \$3. Matt. xxvi, 14; Matt. xiv, 10; John xiii, 2, 27.

<sup>1 36.</sup> Matt. xxiv 42; xxv. 13; Mark 1 1. Matt. xxvi. 2; Mark xi; 1.

απελθων συνελαλησε τοις αρχιερευσι και τοις going hetalked with the high-priests and the στρατηγοις, το πως αυτον παραδώ αυτοις. officers, the how him he might deliver up to them. Και εχαρησαν και συνεθεντο αυτώ αργυριον And they were glad, and agreed to him silver δουναι. 6 Και εξωμολογησε και εζητει ευκαι-And he consented; and he sought opporto give. ο.αν του παραδουναι αυτον αυτοις ατερ οχλου. tunity of the to Jenver up bim to them without of a crowd. ev 'n 7 Ηλθε δε ή ημερα των αζυμων,

Came and the day of the unleavened cakes, an which θυεσθαι το πασχα. 8 και απεστειλε it is necessary to sacrifice the paschallamb; and Πετρον και Ιωαννην, ειπων Πορευθεντες έτοι-Peter and John, saying, Going

pre-9 01 8€ μασατε ήμιν το πασχα, ίνα φαγωμεν. pare you for us the passover, that we may eat. They and ειπον αυτω. Που θελεις ατοιμασωμεν; 10 0 8€ said to him; Where wilt thou we make ready? He and ειπεν αυτοις. Ιδου, εισελθοντων ύμων εις την said to them; Lo, having entered of you into the πολιν, συναντησει ύμιν ανθρωπος κεραμιον

will meet you aman a pucher ύδατος βαστα (ων ακολουθησατε αυτω εις την of water carrying . follow you him into the

οικιαν, ού εισπυρευεται και ερειτε τω οικοhouse, where he enters, and say you to the house δεσποτη της οικιας. 11 Λεγει σοι δ διδασκαλος.

master of the house: Says to thee the teacher. Που εστι το καταλυμα, δπου το πασχα μετα Where is the guest-chamber, where the passover with των μαθητων μου φαγω; 12 Κακεινος ύμιν δειζει the disciples of me i may eat?

And he to you wittshow αναγιον μεγα εστρωμενον εκει έτοιμασατε. an upper room large having been furnished: there prepare you.

3 Απελθοντες δε εύρον καθως ειρηκεν αυτοις. Having gone and they found even as he had said to them: και ήτοιμασαν το πασχα.

they prepared the passover. and

Και ότε εγενετο ή ώρα, ανεπεσε, και οί And when came the hour, hereclined, and the 15 Kal elme mpos δωδεκα αποστολοι συν αυτω. aposties with him. And he said to αυτους. Επιθυμια επεθυμησα τουτο το πασχα them: With desire I have desired this the passover φαγειν μεθ' ὑμων, προ του με παθειν. to eat with you, before the me to suffer. 16 Λεγω 1 say γαρ ύμιν, ότ \* [ουκετι] ου μη φαγω εξ αυτου, for to you, that [no more] not not I may eat of it, έως ότου πληρωθη εν τη βασιλεια του θεου.

titl it may be tutfilled in the kingdom or the God. 17 Και δεξυμενος ποτηριον, ευχωριστησας ειπε.

And baving taken a cup,

4 And he went and talked with the HIGH-PRIESTS and officers, now he neight deliver him up to them.

5 And they were glad, and agreed to give him

Money

6 And he consented, and sought a Convenient time to DELIVER him up to then in the absence of the Crowd.

7 I Now the DAY of UN-LEAVENED BREAD came, on which it was necessary to sacrifice the PASCHAL LAMB.

8 And he sent Peter and John, saying, "Go, and prepare the PASSOVER for us, that we may eat."

9 And THEY said to him. "Where dost thou wish that we \* prepare for thee to eat the PASSOVER?"

10 And HE said to them, "Behold, as you enter the CITY, a Man carrying a Pitcher of Water will meet you: follow him into the HOUSE where he enters.

11 And you shall say to the MASTER of the HOUSE, 'The TEACHER says to thee, Where is the GUEST-CHAM-BER, where I may eat the PASSOVER with my DISCI-PLES ?

12 And he will show you a large Upper-room furnished ready; there pre-

pare."

15 And they went, and found all even as he had said to them; and they prepared the PASSOYER.

14 I And when the Hour came, he reclined, and \*the APOSTLES With him.

15 And he said to them. "I have earnestly desired to eat This Passover with you before I SUFFER;

16 for I say to you, I will not eat \* of it till it shall be fulfilled in the KINGDOM of GOD."

17 And taking a Cup. having given thanks he and having given thanks, he

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. prepare for thee to cat the PASSOVER. 14. the APOSTLES with him 13. no more-omit. 16. the same, till.

<sup>1 7</sup> Matt Exvi. 17 Mark xiv. 12.

Λαβετε τουτο, και διαμερισατε έαυτοις. <sup>18</sup> Λεγω and divide you among yourselves. 1 say this. γαρ ύμιν, ότι ου μη πιω απο του γεννηματος for to you, that not not I may drink of the της αμπελου, έως ότου ή βατιλεια του θεου kingdom of the God of the till the  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ . 19 Και λαβων αρτον, ευχαριστησας aloaf, And having taken having given thanks may come. εκλασε, και εδωκεν αυτοις, λεγων. Τουτο εστι to them, saying: This he broke, and gave το σωμα μου, το ύπερ ύμων διδομενον τουτο the body of me, that in behalf of you being given: this 20 'Ωσαντως ποιειτε εις την εμην αναμνησιν. do you in the my remembrance. In like manner και το ποτηριον, μετα το δειπησαι, λεγων after also the cup, the supper, saying: Τουτο το ποτηριον, ή καινη διαθηκη εν τψ the the new covenant in the cup, αίματι μου, το ύπερ ύμων εκχυνομενον. <sup>21</sup>Πλην blood of me, that in behalf of you being poured out. ιδου, ή χειρ του παραδιδοντες με μετ' εμου επι io, the hand of the delivering up me with mine on <sup>22</sup> Και δ μεν υίος του ανθρωπου της τραπεζης. And the indeed son of the table.

πορευεται κατα το ώρισμενον πλην ουαι goes away according to that having been appointed, but woe τ φ ανθρωπφ εκεινφ, δι ού παραδιδοται. to the man that, through whom he is delivered up. Και αυτοι ηρξαντο συζητειν προς έαυτους, το,

That autoi  $\eta \rho \xi \alpha \nu \tau \delta$  to  $\eta \eta \tau \epsilon i \nu$   $\pi \rho \sigma s$  eautous,  $\tau \delta$ , and they began to inquire among themselves, the, its  $\alpha \rho \alpha = \epsilon i \eta - \epsilon \xi$  autov  $\delta$  touto  $\mu \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega \nu$   $\pi \rho \alpha \sigma$ -which then it could be of them the this being about to

O tiv.

<sup>24</sup> Εγενετο δε και φιλονεικία εν αυτοις, among There had been and also a strife them, 25 'Ο δε το, τις αυτων δοκει ειναι μειζων. the, which of them thinks to be greater. He but ειπεν αυτοις. Οί βασιλεις των εθνών κυριευουsaid to them; The kings of the nations exercise tordship σιν αυτων και οί εξουσια(οντες αυτων, ευερthem; and those having authority of them, bene-26 Υμεις δε ουχ ούτως αλλ' γεται καλουνται. You but not are called. 80; but factors ό μειζων εν ύμιν, γενεσθω ως ό νεωτερος και the greater among you, let him become as the younger; and and ηγουμενος, ώς δ διακονων. 27 Tis yap Heithe governor, as he serving. Which for greater? δ ανακειμενος, η δ διακονων, ουχι δ or he serving? he reclining, not he of you as he

said, "Take this, and divide it among yourselves;

18 for ‡I say to you, I will not drink \*from HENCEFORTH of the PRODUCT of the VINE, till the KINGDOM of GOD shall come."

19 ‡ And taking a Loaf, and having given thanks, he broke it, and gave to them, saying, "This is THAT BODY of mine which is GIVEN for you; do this in MY Remembrance."

20 In like manner also the cur, after the supper, saying, "This cur is the NEW Covenant in my BLOOD, THAT in your behalf being POURED OUT.

21 ‡ But, behold, the HAND of HIM who DELIVERS me up is with mine on

the TABLE.

22 \* For indeed the son of MAN is going away, according to THAT which is been APPOINTED; but Woe to that MAN by whom he is delivered up!"

23 And then began to inquire among themselves, Which of them it could be who was about to do this.

24 ‡ And there was also a Contention among them, which of them should be thought the greatest.

25 ‡And HE said to them, "The KINGS of the NATIONSEXERCISE dominion over them; and THOSE HAVING AUTHORITY over them are styled † Benefactors.

26 But nou must not be so; but let the greatest among you become as the LEAST, and the GOVERNOR AS HE WHO SERVES

27 For who is greater, HE who RECLINES, or HE who SERVES? Is not HE who RECLINES? but I am among you as HE who SERVES.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. from HENCEFORTH.

<sup>22.</sup> for indeed.

<sup>† 25.</sup> Lucrgetes, Benefactors, was a name borne by several kings in Egypt and Syria, and had become proverbial for a tyrant.—Sharpe.

23 Υμεις δε εστε οί διαμεμενηκοτες SICKOVWY. You but are those having continued serving. μετ' εμου εν τοις πειρασμοις μου. 29 Καγω with me in the trada of me. And l διατιθεμαι ύμιν, καθως διεθετο μοι δ πατηρ covenant for you, even as has covenanted for me the father μου βασιλειαν, 30 ίνα εσθιητε και πινητε επι of me a kingdom, that you may eat and you may drink at της τραπείης μου εν τη βασιλεια μου και of me in the kingdom of me- and table καθισεσθε επι θρονων, κρινοντες τας δωδεκα you may sit on thrones, judging the Φυλας του Ισυαηλ. tribes of the Israel.

31 \* [ $E_i\pi\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\delta$   $\kappa\nu\rho\iota\sigma$ s ]  $\Sigma_i\mu\omega\nu$ ,  $\Sigma_i\mu\omega\nu$ ,  $\iota\delta\sigma\nu$ , [Said and the tord;] Simon, Simon, lo, δ σατανας εξητησατο ύμας, του σινιασαι ώς the adversary has asked for you, the to sift 32 Εγω δε εδεηθην περι σου, ίνα μη TOV OLTOV. I but prayed for thee that not the wheat. εκλειπη ή πιστις σου. Και συ ποτε επιστρεeκλειπη η πιστις σου. Και συ ποτε may fail the faith of thee. And thou when having been 33 0 δ€ ψας, στηριξον τους αδελφους σου. turned, strengthen the brethren of thee He and ειπεν αυτώ Κυριε, μετα σου έτοιμος ειμι και I am both said to him: Olord, with thee ready 34 'O εις Φυλακην και εις θανατον πορευεσθαι. and to death prison to go. δε ειπε· Λεγω σοι, Πετρε, ου μη φωνησει but said; I say to thee, O Peter. not not will crow ση, ερον αλεκτωρ, πριν η τρις απαρνηση μη a cock, before three cases  $0.5 \, \mathrm{Kai} \, \epsilon \, \mathrm{i} \, \pi \, \epsilon \nu \, \mathrm{autois}$   $0.7 \, \epsilon \, \mathrm{a} \, \pi \, \epsilon \sigma^{-1}$ to-day € i δ ∈ vai ME. And he said to them; When to have known me. τειλα ύμας ατερ βαλαντιου, και πηρας, και bent you without a purse, and a bag, and ύποδηματων, μη τινος ύστερησατε; Οί δε ειπον. shoes, not saything wanted you.

80 Einer our autois. Anna ver, o Ουδενος. He said then to them; But now, he Nothing. εχων βαλαντιον, αρατω, ομοιως και πηραν. having spurse, let him take, in like manner and a bag; και δ μη εχων, πωλησατω το ίματιον αύτου, και and henot having, lethim sell the mantle of himself, and αγορασατω μαχαιραν. <sup>37</sup> Λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι a sword. let him buy leay for to you, that \*[ετι] τουτο το γεγραμμενον δει τελεσθηναι εν [yet] this the having been written must to be finished in εμοι, το 66 Και μετα ανομων ελογισθη." Kai me, that; "And with law-breakers to was counted" 33 Οίδε €ιπον. γαρ τα περιεμου τελος εχει. for the things about me an end has. They but said: Κυριε, ιδου, μαχαιραι ώδε δυο. 'Ο δο ειπεν awords here Olord, 10, two. He and AUTOIS' TKAVOV ETTI. to them : Exough it is.

28 And pou are THEY who have CONTINUED with me in my TRIALS.

29 And I covenant for you, even as my father has covenanted for me, ‡4

Kingdom,

SO that you may eat and drink at my TABLE in mg KINGDOM, ‡ and sit on Thrones, Judging the TWELVE Tribes of ISRAFL.

31 Simon, Simon, behold, the ADVERSARY has asked for you, that he may sift

you like WHFAT:

32 but 2 have prayed for thee, that thy FAITH may not fail, and when thou hast turned, strengthen thy BRETHREN."

33 And HE said to him, "Master, I am ready to go with thee both to Prison and to Death."

34 ‡ And HE said, "I tell thee, Peter, a Cock will not crow To-day, \* til. thou shalt thrice deny that thou knowest me."

35 And he said to them I' When I sent you out without a Purse, and Bag and Sandals, did you want any thing?" And THEY said, "Nothing."

36 \*And he said to them, "But now, HE who has a Purse, let him take it and in inke manner, a Bag, and HE who has no Sword, let him sell his mantle, and buy one.

37 For I tell you. They this which has been written must be fully arcomplished in me, † And he was numbered with 'Law-breakers;' for also the things concerning me have an end."

38 And THEY said, "212ster, Behold, here are two Swords," And HE said to them, "It is sufficient."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-31. And the Lord said—omir. 30. And he said. 37. yet—omit.

<sup>34.</sup> till thou shalt.

<sup>; 29.</sup> Matt. xxiv. 47; Luke zii. 32; 2 Cor. 1. 7; 2 Tim. ii. 12; Rev. ii. 26, 27. † 30. Matt xix. 28; 1 Cor. vi. 9; Pev. iii. 21. † 34. Matt. xxvi. 34, Mark xiv. 30; John xiii. 38. † 37. Isa. Iiii. 12; Mark xv. 28.

39 Και εξελθων επορευθη KATA TO EBOS ELS And going out he went according to the custom to ορος των ελαιων· ηκολουθησαν δε αυτω το ορος των the mountain of the olive-trees: followed the mountain of the olive-trees: Φ Γενομενος Φ επι του the Having come and to also the disciples of him. τοπου, ειπεν αυτοις. Προσευχεσθε μη εισελθειν he said to them: Pray you not to enter 41 Και αυτος απεσπασθη απ' εις πειρασμον. he temptation. And was withdrawn αυτων ὧσει λίθου βολην, και θεις τα γονατα them about of a stone throw, and having placed the knees προσηυχετο, λεγων<sup>42</sup> Πατερ, ει βουλει παρε-he prayed, saying: Ο father, if thou art willing to take νεγιτείν το ποτηρίον τουτο απ' εμου πλην μη SEA18 this from mes but το θελημα μου, αλλα το σον γενεσθω.  $^{43\%}$  [  $\Omega \phi \theta \eta$  the will of me, but the thine be done. [Appeared] δε αυτφ αγγελος απ' ουρανου, ενισχυων αυτον. and to him a messenger from heaven, strengthening 44 Και γενομενος εν αγωνια, **€**ΚΤ€ν€σΤ€ρον being in agony, very earnestly προσηυχετο. Εγενετο δε δ ίδρως αυτου ώσει ofhim like Was and the sweat he prayed. θρουβοι αίματος καταβαινοντες επι την γην. to the ground. of bloud falling down 45 Και αναστας απο της προσευχης, ελθων προς And having stood up from the coming prayer, τους μαθητας, εύρεν αυτ·υς κυιμωμενους απο της λυπης και ειπεν αυτοις 46 Τι καθευδετε; the grief: and he said to them: Why sleep you? ανασταντες προσευχεσθε, ίνα μη εισελθητε εις having stood up pray you, that not you may enter into η ειρασμον.

temptation. 47 Ετι \*[δε] αυτου λαλουντος, ιδου οχλος, While [and] of him speaking, 10 a crowd, και ό λεγομενος Ιουδας, είς των δωδεκα, προηρand he being called Judas, one of the twelve, χετο autous, και ηγγισε τω Ιησου φιλησαι before them, and drew near to the Jesus to kiss 43 Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτώ. Iουδα, αυτον. to him; The but Jesus said φιληματι τον υίον του ανθρωπου παραδιδως; the son of the man betrayest thou? 4) Ιδοντες δε οί περι αυτον το εσομενον, ειπον Seeing and those about him the was going to be, said \*[auta'] Kupie, et matagomev ev maxapia;

39 ‡And going out, he went according to his custom to the MOUNT of OLIVES; and his DISCIPLES also followed him.

40 And having arrived at the PLACE, he said to them, "Pray that you may not enter into Trial."

41 And he retired from them about a stone's throw, and kneeling down, he prayed, saying,

42 "Father, if thou art willing, take away \* This Cup from me; yet not my will, but thine be done."

43 †[And there appeared to him an Angel from Heaven, strengthening him.

44 And being in Agony, he prayed very earnestly; and his sweat was like Clots of Blood falling down to the ground.]

45 And rising from PRAYER, and coming to the DISCIPLES, he found them sleeping from GRIEF,

46 and said to them, "Why do you sleep? Arise, and pray that you may not enter into Trial."

47 And while he was yet speaking, \$\pm\$ behold a Crowd, and HE who was CALLED Judas, one of the TWELVE, preceded them, and drew near to JESUS to kiss him.

48 But \*Jesus said to him, "Judas, dost thou betray the son of MAN with a Kiss?"

49 And THOSE about him perceiving WHAT was about TEANSPIEING, said, "Master, shall we strike with he Sword?"

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-42. This Cup. 43. Jesus. 49. to him-omit.

<sup>43, 44. -</sup>omit.

<sup>47.</sup> And-omit.

t 43. There is no mention of this circumstance in any of the other Evangelists and it is worthy of remark, that among many of the ancients, the authenticity of these two verses, the 43rd and 44th, has been doubted, and in consequence, they are omitted in several MSS., and in some Versions and Fathers. The Codex Alexandrinus, and the Codex Vaticanus, the two oldest MSS, in the world, omit both verses; in some very ancient MSS. they stand with an asterisk before them, as a mark of dubiousness; and they are both wanting in the Coptionagments published by Dr. Ford. They are however extant in such a vast number of MSS., Versions and Fathers, as to leave no doubt with most critics, of their authenticity.—Clarke. Griesbach notes them as wanting in some authorities, but thinks that they ought not to be omitted.

<sup>† 39.</sup> Matt, xxvi.36; Mark xiv.32; John xviii.1.

<sup>1 47.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 47; Matt. x19

και επαταξεν είς τις εξ αυτων τον δουλον του. struck one a certain of them the slave of the τρχιερεως, και αφειλεν αυτου το ους το δεξιον.

high-priest, and cut off of him the ear the right. 61 Αποκρίθεις δε ό Ιησους είπεν. Εατε έως Answering and the Jesus said; Let you be till τουτου. Και άψαμενος του ωτιου αυτου, ιασατο And touching the ear of him, h healed 52 Ειπε δε δ Ιησους προς τους παραγενο-Said and the Jesus to those μενους επ' αυτον αρχιερεις, και στρατηγους του come on him high-priests, and officers of the τοπου, και πρεσβυτερους  $\Omega s$  επι ληστην εξελη-temple, and elders; As on a robber you have λυθατε μετα μαχαιρων και ξυλων  $^{53}$  καθ  $^{9}$  ημεραν come out with swords and clubs; every οντος μου μεθ' ύμων εν τω ίερω, ουκ εξετεινατε being of me with you in the temple, not you did stretch out τας χειρας επ' εμε· αλλ' αύτη ύμων εστιν ή the hands on me; but this of you it is the ώρα, και ή εξουσια του σκοτους.

hour, and the authority of the darkness. 54 Συλλαβοντες δε αυτον ηγαγον, και εισηγα. Having seized and him they led, and brought 'O SE γον αυτον εις τον οικον του αρχιερεως. him into the house of the high-priest. The but Πετρος ηκολουθει μακροθεν. 55 Αψαντων δε Having kindled and followed at a distance. πυρ εν μεσφ της αυλης, και συγκαθισαντων a fire in midst of the court, and having sat down αυτων, εκαθητο δ Πετρος εν μεσφ αυτων. sat the Peter in midst of them.

<sup>56</sup> Ιδουσα δε αυτον παιδισκη τις καθημενον προς Seeing and him a maid-servant certain sitting το φως, και ατενισασα αυτω, ειπε. Και ούτος the light, and looking steadily to him, she said: Also this συν αυτώ ην. 57 Ο δε ηρνησατο \* [αυτον,] with him was. He but denied [him,] λεγων. Γυναι, ουκ οιδα αυτον. 58 Kαι μετα saying; Owoman, not I know And after Βραγυ έτερος ιδων αυτον, εφη. Kas ov eg a little another seeing him, said; Also thou of 'Ο δε Πετρος ειπεν Ανθρωπε, ουκ αυτων ει. The but Peter said: them art. O man, <sup>59</sup> Και διαστασης ώσει ώρας μιας, αλλος ELLL. lam. And having intervened about hour one, another τις διισχυσιζετο, λεγων Επ' αληθείας h it person confidently affirmed, saying: In truth also ούτος μετ' αυτου ην και γαρ Γαλιλαιος εστιν. this with him was: also for a Galilean he îs. 60 Ειπε δε δ Πετρος· Ανθρωπε, ουκ οιδα δ λε-Said but the Peter: O man, not I know what thou

γεις. Και παραχρημα, ετι λαλουντος αυτου, And immediately, sayest. while speaking

50 And tone of them struck the SERVANT of the HIGH-PRIEST, and cut off HIS RIGHT EAR.

51 But \*Jesus an evering said, "Let this suffice." And he touc red \* his EAR.

and healed him.

52 Then JESUS said to the HIGH-PRIESTS, and Officers of the TEMPLE, and Elders, who were coming against him, "As in pursuit of a Robber, have you come with Swords and Clubs to take me?

53 When I was with you every day in the TEMPLE, you did not stretch out your HANDS against me; tbut this is Your HOUR, and the POWER of DARK-

NESS."

54 Then having seized him, they led him away, and brought him to the HOUSE of the HIGH-PRIEST. But PETER followed at a distance.

55 ‡ And they having kindled a Fire in the Mids of the court, sat down together, and PETER sat down among them.

56 And a certain Maidservant seeing him sitting by the LIGHT, and looking steadily at him, she said, "This man also was with

57 But HE denied, sage ing, "Woman, I do not

know him."

58 1 And after a little. another saw him and said. "Thou also art one of them." And PETER said, "Man, I am not."

59 And about an HCUE having intervened, another confidently affirmed, saying, "In Truth this man was also with him; for he is also a Galilean."

60 And PETER said, "Man, I know not what thou sayest." And imof him, mediately, while he was

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 51. Jesus.

<sup>51.</sup> the BAB. 57. him-omit.

61 Και στραφεις δ κυριος εφωνησεν αλεκτωρ. And having turned the Lord a cock. ενεβλεψε τω Πετρω· και ύπεμνησθη δ Πετρος and was reminded the looked to the Peter; του λογου του κυριου, ως ειπεν αυτω. Ότι πριν of the word of the Lord, as he said to him; That before αλεκτορα φωνησαι, απαρνηση με τρις. to crow, thou mayest deny me thrice. 63 Και οἱ ανδρες εξελθων εξω, εκλαυσε πικρως. And the bitterly. out, he wept οί συνεχοντες τον Ιησουν, ενεπαιζον αυτώ, mocked him, those having in custody the Jesus, δεροντες. 64 και περικαλυψαντες αυτον, \*[ετυπacourging; And having blindfolded him, [they τον αυτου το προσωπον,] και επηρωτων αυτον, and struck of him the face, they asked him. λεγοντες. Προφητευσον, τις εστιν δ παισας Prophesy, who is he striking σε; 65 Και έτερα πολλα βλασφημουντες ελεγον And other many blaspheming ELS QUTOV. against him.

66 Και ώς εγενετο ήμερα, συνηχθη το πρεσday, were assembled the And as it became βυτεριον του λαου, αρχιερεις τε και γραμship of the people, high-priests and and scribes, μαπεις, και ανηγαγον αυτον εις το συνεδριον and brought him into the sanhedrim έαυτων, 67 λεγοντες Ει συ ει δ Χριστος, ειπε saying; If thou artthe Anointed, of themselves, Ειπε δε αυτοις. Εαν ύμιν ειπω, ου μη nuiv. us. He said and to them; If to you I tell, not not πιστευσητε 68 εαν δε \*[και] ερωτησω, ου μη you will believe; if but [also] I ask, not not you will believe; if but [also] αποκριθητε \* [μοι, η απολυσητε.] you would answer [me, or would loose.] 69 Aπο του From of the νυν εσται δ vios του ανθρωπου καθημενος εκ now shall be the son of the man sitting δεξιων της δυναμεως του θεου.

right hand of the power of the God. 70 Ειπον δε Said and παντες. Συ ουν ει δ υίος του θεου; 'Ο δε προς Thou then art the son of the God? He and į.o 'Υμεις λεγετε ότι εγω ειμι. αυτους εφη. said: You them sayı 71 Οί δε ειπον Τι ετι χρειαν εχομεν μαρτυριας; They and said: Whatfurther need have we of testimony? SUTOL YAP ηκουσαμεν απο του στοματος we have heard Ourselves for from the mouth KEΦ. κγ. 23. 1 Και ανασταν άπαν SUTOU. And having stood up whole of him. το πληθος αυτων, ηγαγον αυτον επι τον Πιthe multitude of them, they led him te the λατον. ate.

<sup>2</sup> Ηρξαντο δε κατηγορείν αυτου, λεγοντες<sup>\*</sup>
They began and to accuse him, ε2yn;

yet speaking, the cock crew.

61 ‡ And the LORD, turning, looked on PETER; and PETER was reminded of the DECLARATION of the LORD, how he said to him, "Before a Cock \* crows To-day, thou shalt deny me thrice."

62 And going out, he wept bitterly.

63 And THOSE MEN who had \* him in custody, derided and beat him:

64 and having blindfolded him, they asked him, saying, "Divire who is HE that STRUCK thee?"

65 And many other things they blasphemously spoke against him.

66 And when it was Day, the ELDERSHIP of the PEOPLE, both High-priests and Scribes, were assembled, and they led him into their Sanhedrim, Baying,

67 "If thou art the MESSIAH, tell us." And he said to them, "If I inform you, you will not believe:

68 and if I interrogate, you will not answer.

69 \* But from this TIME the ‡ son of MAN will sit on the Right hand of the POWER of GOD."

70 And they all said, "Thou art, then, the son of God?" And HE said to them, "Pou say; I am."

71 And then said, "What further need have we of Testimony? since we ourselves have heard this from his own MOUTH."

#### CHAPTER XXIII.

1 And the Whole MUL-MTUDE of them rising up, led him to PILATE.

2 And they began to accuse him, saying, "We

NATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—61. crows To-day, thou shalt. 63. him. 64. struck aim on the face and—omit. 68. also—omit. 68. nie, or would loose—omit. 69. But from this first.

<sup>\* 61.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 75; Mark xiv. 72. 
; Mark xiv. 62; Heb. i. 3; vni. 1. 
1 1. Matt. xx

<sup>† 66.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 1. † 69. Matt. xxvi 1 1. Matt. xxvii. 2; Mark xv. 1; John xviii 28.

Τουτον εύρομεν διαστρεφοντα το εθνος, και
This we found misleading the nation, and κωλυοντα Καισαρι φορυς διδοναι, λεγοντα έαυforbidding to Cesar tax to give, saying himτον Χριστον βασιλεα ειναι. 3'Ο δε Πιλατος
aelf an anointed king to be. The and Pilate επηρωτησεν αυτον, λεγων. Συ ει δ βασιλευς επηρωτησεν αυτον, κεγων Δυ ει ο μανικους asked him, saying: Thou art the king των Ιουδαιων; 'Ο δε αποκριθεις αυτω εφη Συ efthe Jews: He and answering to him said: Thou λεγεις. 4 'Ο δε Πιλατος είπε προς τους αρχίε-The and Pilate said to the ρεις και τους οχλους. Ουδεν εύρισκω αιτιον εν priests and the crowds: Nothing Lind criminal in τω ανθρωπω τουτω. <sup>5</sup> Οί δε επισχυον, λεγοντφ ανθρωπφ τουτφ. Οι δε επισχυυν, saying.

They but were urgent. saying. the man this. They but were urgent. saying τες: Ότι ανασειεί τον λαον, διδατκων καθ That he stirs up the people, teaching όλης της Ιουδαίας, αρξαμένος από της Γαλιλαίας whole of the Judea, having begun from the Galilee έως ώδε, <sup>5</sup> Πιλατος δε ακουσας \*[Γαλιλαιαν,] to here. Pilate and having heard [of Galilee,] επηρωτησαν, ει δ ανθρωπος Γαλιλαιος εστι.
he asked, if the man a Galilean is. <sup>7</sup> Και επιγνους, ότι εκ της εξουσιας 'Ηρωδου And having learned, that of the authority of Herod εστιν, ανεπεμψεν αυτον προς 'Ηρωδην, οντα he is, he sent him to Herod, being και αυτον εν Ίεροσολυμοις εν ταυταις ταις wao him in Jerusalem in those quepais. days.

8 Ο δε Ήρωδης ιδων τον Ιησουν, εχαρη λιαν The and Rerod seeing the Jesus, rejoiced greatly; την γαρ θελων εξ ίκανου ιδειν αυτον, δια το he was for wishing of a long time to see him, because the κουειν \* [πολλα] περι αυτου και ηλπιζε τι to hear [many things about him; and hoped some σημειον ιδειν ύπ' αυτου γινομενον. 9 Επηρωτα sign to see by bim being done. He asked δε αυτον εν λογοις ίκανοις αυτος δε ουδεν and him in words many; he and nothing απεκρινατο αυτφ. 10 Ειστηκεισαν δε οί αρχιεanswered him. Stood up and the highρεις και οί γραμματεις, ευτονως κατηγορουντες priests and the scribes, vehemently accusing αυτου. 11 Εξουθενησας δε αυτον δ Ήρωδης συν Having despised and him the Herod τοις στρατευμασιν αύτου, και εμπαιξας, περι-the soldiers of himself, and having mocked, casting βαλ ων αυτον εσθητα λαμπραν, ανεπεμψεν αυτον around him arobe splendid, sent again him τω Πιλατω. 12 Εγενοντο δε φιλοι δ, τε Πιto the Pilate. Became and friends the, both Piλατος και δ Ηρωδης εν αυτη τη ήμερα μετ' and the Herod in this the day with

found this man nusleading \*our NATION, and forbidding to pay Tax to Cesar, \*and saying, that he himself is an anointed King.

- 3 ‡ And PILATE asked him, saying, "Art thou the KING of the JEWS?" And HE answering him, said, "Thou sayest."
- 4 Then PILATE said to the HIGH-PRIESTS and the CROWDS, ‡"I find Nothing Criminal in this MAN."
- 5 But they were urgent, saying, "He stirreth up the PEOPLE, teaching in All Judea, beginning from Galille even to this place.
- 6 Now Pilate hearing of Galilee, asked if the MAN was a Galilean.
- 7 And ascertaining That he was of the \$\frac{1}{2} PROVINCE of Herod, he sent him to \* Herod, who was also in Jerusalem in Those DAYS.
- 8 And HEROD \$\frac{1}{2}\$ seeing Jesus, was very glad; for he had wished for a long time to see him, because he had HEARD about him; and he hoped to see Some Sign done by him.
- 9 And he questioned him in many Words; but he answered him nothing.
- 10 And the HIGH-PRIESTS and the SCRIBES stood up, and vehemently accused him.
- 11 And HEROD, with his SOLDIERS, treated him with contempt; and having, in derision, arrayed him in a spiendid Robe, sent him back to PILATE.
- 12 And \*HEROD and
  PILATE became Friends to
  each other on That DAY;

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—2. OUR NATION.
2. and saying.
3. Herod.
4. Herod.
5. of Galilee—omit.
12. Herod and Pilath.

<sup>1 2.</sup> John xiz. 14 1 3. Matt. xxvii. 11; 1 Tim. vi. 13. 7. Luke iii. 1. 1 8. Matt. xiv. 1; Mark vi. 14; Luke ix. 9.

αλληλων προυπηρχον γαρ εν εχθρα οντες προς for in hatred being with each other; formerly EauTous. themselves.

13 Πιλατο: δε συγκαλεσαμενος τους αρχιερεις Pilate and having summoned the high-priests και τους αρχοντας και τον λαον, 14 ειπε προς and the cniefs and the people, said to and the chiefs and the people, αυτους· Π; οσηνεγκατε μοι τον ανθρωπον του-them; You have brought to m the man this, τον, ώς αποστρεφοντα τον λαον και ιδου, εγω misleading the people; and lo, ενωπιον έμων ανακρινας, ουδεν εύρον εν τω in presence of you having examined, nothing ! found in ανθρωπφ τουτφ αιτιον, ών κατηγορειτε κατ' this a fault, of which you accuse against 15 Αλλ' ουδε 'Ηρωδη3' ανεπεμψα γαρ against αυτου.

Herod: But not even Lsent ύμας προς αυτον, και ιδου, ουδεν αξιον θανατου yeu to him, and to Lothing worthy of death εστι πεπραγμενον αυτω. 16 Παιδευσας ουν having been done to him. Having scourged therefore is having been done to him. Having scourged therefore αυτον απολυσω. 17  $\times$  [ Αναγκην δε είχεν αποhim I will release. [Necessarv now it was to λυειν αυτοις κατα ξορτην ένα.]  $\times$  [  $\times$  Δνεκραξαν αυτοις κατα ξορτην ένα.] release to them at a feast one. Cried out δε παμπληθει, λεγοντες. Αιρε τουτον, απολυand autogether. saying: Take away this, release σον δε ήμιν τον βαραββαν. 19 Όστις ην δια and to us the Barabbas; Wao was through στασιν τινα γενομενην εν τη πολει, και φονον,

a sedition certain having occurred in the city, and a murder,

βεβλημενός εις φυλακήν. maving been cast into prison.

20 Παλιν ουν δ Πιλατος προσεφωνησε, θελων 21 Οί δε επεφωνουν, Again therefore the Pilate απολυσαι τον Ιησουν. the They but to release Jesus. cried, 22 °O λεγοντες. Σταυρωσον, σταυρωσον αυτον **c**rucify him. Crucify, He δε τριτον ειπε προς αυτους. Τι γαρ κακον them: What for third said to evil and εποιησεν ούτος; ουδεν αιτιον θανατου εύρον εν has done this? nothing a cause ordeath I found in 23 01 8€ αυτω· παιδευσας ουν αυτον απολυσω. him: having scourged therefore him . will release. They but επεκειντο φωναις μεγαλαις, αιτουμενοι αυτον him pressed with voices loud, demanding σταυρωθηναι και κατισχυον αί φωναι αυτων the voices to be crucified; and prevailed of them \*[και των αρχιερεων.]  $^{24}$  O δε Πιλατος επε-The and [and of the high-priests.] Pilate

25 Απελυσε κρινε γενισθαι το αιτημα αυτων. of them. He released to satisfy the request  $\delta \epsilon$  τον δια στασιν και φονον  $\beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \mu \epsilon$ νον  $\epsilon$  is and the through sedition and murder having been cast into

for before they had been at Enmity with each other 13 # And Pilets, baving called the HIGH-PRIESTS,

and the RULERS, and the

PEOPLE,

14 said to them, "You have brought this MAN to me, as one who misleads the PEOPLE; and behold, having examined him in your presence, # have not found this MAN guilty of the Crimes you bring against him.

15 Nor, indeed, has Herod; for \* he sent him back again to you; and behold, nothing worthy of Death has been done by him;

16 having chastised him, therefore, I will release

him."

17 1 \* [For it was Necessarv to release one to them

at the Feast.]

18 Then they all ex-claimed with one accord, saying, "Take away this man. and release to us BARABBAS;"

19 (who had been cast into \* Prison for a certain Insurrection made in the CITY, and a Murder.)

20 PILATE, therefore, again addressed them. wishing to release JESUS.

21 But THEY cried, say-"Crucify, "rucify ing, him."

22 And HE said to them, a Third time, "For what? Has this man done Evil? I have found No Cause of Death in him; having chastised him, therefore, I will release him."

23 And THEY were ur gent with loud Voices, de manding him to be crucified, and their CRIES pre-

vailed:

24 and \*Pilate decided to satisfy their REQUEST.

25 And he released KIM who had been CAST into \* Prison for Insurrection

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 15. he sent him back again to you; an behold, nothing wer thy of Death has been done by him. 17.—omit.
the High-private—omit. 24. Pilate. 25. Prison. 19, PRISON. the HIGH-PRIESTS -omit.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 23; Mark xv. 14; John xviii. 39; xiz. 4. Mars xv. 8; John xviii. 39.

την φυλακην, δν ητοιντο τον δε Ιησουν παρεthe prison, whom they asked; the out Jesus he de\*\* κε τω θεληματι αυτων.

Frered to the will ο Και ως απηγογον αυτον, επιλαβομενοι Σιμωνος τινος Κυρηναιου ερχομενου απ' αγρου, επεθηταν αυτώ τον σταυρον, φερειν οπισθεν they placed to him the cross, to carry after του Ιητου. 27 Ηκολουθει δε αυτφ πολυ πληθος tho Jesus. Followed and him a great multitude Tou λαου, και γυναικων αί \*[και] εκοπτοντο
Of the people, and of women who [also] lamented ται εθρηνουν αυτον. 28 Στραφεις δε προς αυτας Turning but to and bewailed him. b Inσους, ειπε· Θυγατερες Ιερουσαλημ, μη

Daughters of Jerusalem, not κλαιετε επ' εμε, πλην εφ' έαυτας κλαιετε, και το conyon for me, but for yournelves weep you, and 29 'Οτι ιδου, ερχονται ημεεπι τα τεκνα ύμων. for the children of you. For lo, come days, ραι, εν αίς ερουσι. Μακαριαι αί στειραι, και in which they will say; Blessed the barren ones, and κοιλιαι αί ουκ εγεννησαν, και μαστοι οί ουκ wombs which not bore and breasts which not εθηλασαν. 30 Τοτε αρξονται λεγειν τοις ορεσι Then they will begin to say to the mountains; suckled. Πεσετε εφ' ήμας και τοις βουνοις Καλυψατε us; and to the hills; Fillyon on ίμας. <sup>31</sup> Ότι ει εν τφ ύγρφ ξυλφ ταυτα ποιου-For if in the green tree these

Fiv, εν τφ ξηρφ τι γενηται; to in the dry what will be don?

Weroled and also others two malefactors with αυτω αναιρεθηναι. 33 Και ότε απηλθον επι τον him to be put to death. And when they came to τοπον, τον καλουμένον Κρανιον έκει εσταυρωplace, that being cal.e ! skull. there they graciway autor, kal thus kakoupyous or her ek and the malefactors one indeed at 84 # ['Ο δε Ιησους δεξιων, όν δε εξ αριιττερων. right, one and at left The and eleye nater, apes autois of yap oidant ti molovot ] Διαμερ (ομεναι δε τα ίματια αυτου. Having divided and the garments of him, they dod εβαλον κληρον. 35 Και είστηκει δ λαος θεωρων they case alot. And stood the people gasing: εξεμυκτηριζου δε και οί αρχοντες \* [συν αυτοις,] and also the scoffed at rulers with them.] Αλλους εσωσε, σωσατω έαυτον, ει AEYOUTES' aying: Otners he saved, let him cave himself,

and Murder, whom they desired; and delivered up JESUS to their WILL.

26 And as they led him away, having laid hold of Simon, a certain Cyrenian, coming from the Country, they laid the cross on him, that he might carry it after Jesus.

27 And there followed him a Great Multitude of the PEOPLE, and of Women who lamented and bewailed

28 But \*Jesus, turning to them, said, "Daughters of Jerusalem, weep not for me, but weep for yourselves, and for your CHIL-DREN.

29 For behold, † Days are approaching, in which they will say, 'Happy the BAREEN' even the Wombs which never bore, and the Breasts which never suckled.'

30 Then they will begin to say to the MOUNTAINS, 'Fall on us;' and to the HILLS, 'Cover us.'

81 For if these things

81 For if these things are done while the Tree is \* Green, what will be done when it is DEY."

32 † Now two others, who were Criminals were also led with him to be put to death.

83 And twhen they came to THAT PLACE which is CALLED Skull, they there nailed him to the cross, and the CBIMINALS; one at his Right hand, and the other at his Left.

84 \* [Then Jesus said,
"Father, forgive them, for
they know not what they
do."] And having divided
his GARMENTS, they cast
Lots.

35 And the PEOPLE stood gazing. And the RUL 3 also scoffed, saying, "He saved others; let him save himself, \*if he is the Sor.

85. with

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—27. also—smit. 28. Jesus. 31. Green.
JESUS Said, "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do, —omit.
them—omit 35. if he is the Son, the Messian, the chosen of God.

<sup>† 29.</sup> Matt. xxvl. 19; Luke xxi. 23. 1 82. 18a. int. 12; Matt. xxvii. 88.

• ὑτος εστιν ὁ Χριστος, ὁ του θεου εκλεκτος.
this is the Anointed, the of the God chosen. 36 Ενεπαιζον δε αυτω και οί στρατιωται, προσ-Mocked and him also the soldiers. \*[ Ka1] ερχομενοι οξος προσφεροντες αυτώ, ing near [and] offering vinegar to him, 37 και λεγοντές. Ει συ ει δ βασιλευς των Ιουand saying. If thou art the king of the Jews, δαιων, σωσον σεαυτον. 38 Ην δε και επιγραφη Was and also an inscription thyself. \*[γεγραμμενη] επ' αυτφ [having been written] over him \*[γραμμασιν Έλλη-[letters νικοις, και 'Ρωμαικοις, και 'Εβραικοις'] "Ούτος and Latin, and This εστιν ό βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων." in the king of the Jews."

<sup>39</sup> Είς δε των κρεμασθεντων κακουργω**ν** εβλασ-One and of those having been hanged malefactors spoke φημει αυτον, \*[λεγων'] Ει συ ει δ Χριστος, against him, [saying.] If thou art the Christ, 40 Αποκριθεις δε δ σωσον σεαυτον και ήμας. Answering thyself and but the 8270 118. έτερος επιτιμα αυτφ λεγων Ουδε φοβη συ τον rebuked him saying; Not even fearest thou the θεον, ότι εν τω αυτφ κριματι ει; 41 Και ήμεις God, since in the same condemnation thou art? And μεν δικαιως αξια γαρ ών επραξαμεν απολαμβαindeed justly; due for which has been done we receive: 42 Kat νομεν ούτος δε ουδεν ατοπον επραξε. but nothing amiss has done \*[κυριε,] ελεγε τω Ιησου Μνησθητι μου, \*[κυριε,] he said to the Jesus; Do thou remember me,  $[O \ lord,]$  όταν ελθης εν τη βασιλεία σου. 43 Και ειπεν

όταν ελθης εν τη βασιλεια σου. <sup>43</sup> Και ειπεν when thou may est come in the kingdom of the e. And said αυτφ δ Ιησους. Αμην λεγω σοι, σημερον μετ to him the Jesus; Indeed Is sy to thee, to-day with εμου εση εν τω παραδεισω.

me thoushalt be in the paradise.

44 Ην δε ώσει ώρα έκτη, και σκοτος εγενετο It was and about hour sixth, and darkness come 45 Kat εφ' όλην την γην, έως ώρας εννατης. over whole the land, till hour ninth. And εσκοτισθη δ ήλιος• και εσχισθη το καταπεwas darkened the and wasrent the sun; weil 46 Και φωνησας φωνη τασμα του ναου μεσον. of the temple midst. And crying with a voice

the Messian, the Chosen of Gon."

36 And the SOLDIERS also derided him, coming near and offering him Vinegar,

37 and saying, "If thou art the KING of the JEWS,

save thyself."

38 ‡ And there was also an Inscription over him;— "This is the KING of the

JEWS."

39 ‡And one of the CRIM-INALS who were † SUS-PENDED, reviled him, saying, \* "Art not thou the MESSIAH ! save thyself and us."

40 But the OTHER answering rebuked him, saying, "Dost thou not even fear God, since thou art under the same Sentence?

41 And we, indeed justly; for we receive what is due for the deeds we have done; but this may has done nothing amiss."

42 And he said to \*Jesus, "Remember me when thou comest \* in thy KING-DOM."

43 † And \* he said to him, "Indeed I say to thee, This day thou shalt be with me in † PARADISE."

44 ‡\* And it was now about the sixth Hour, and there was Darkness over the Whole LAND till the ninth \*Hour;

45 the sun failing, \* and the veil of the temple was rent in the Midst.

46 And Jesus exclaim.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—36. and—omit. 38. written—omit. 38. in Letters of Greek, and Latin, and Hebrew—omit. 39. saying—omit. 39. Art not thou the Messiah? save. 42. Jesus. 42. Lord—omit. 42. to. 43. he said. 45. It was now about. 44. Hour; the sun failing, 45. and the vers.

<sup>† 39.</sup> It is likely that the two robbers were not nailed to their crosses, but only tied to them by cords, and thus they are represented in ancient paintings.—A. Clarke. † 43. This verse was wanting in the copies of Marcion and other reputed hereties; and in some of the older copies in the time of Origen; nor is it cited by Justin, Irenews, or Tertullian; though the two former have quoted almost every text in Luke which relates to the crucifixion; and Tertullian wrote concerning the intermediate state. See Evanson's Diss. p. 28. Im. Ver note. † 43. The word paradise is not Greek, but is of Asiatic origin. In Arabic and Persian it signifies a garden, a vineyard. The Septuagint renders Gen. ii. 8, thus; "God planted a paradise in Eden." The word only occurs in two other places in the New Testa ment—2 Cor. xii. 4; and Rev. ii, 7.

<sup>\$8.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 37; Mark xv. 26; John xix. 19. \$\frac{1}{2} 39. Matt. xxvii. 44; Mark xv \$\frac{1}{2} 44. Matt. xxvii. 45; Mark xv. 38.

weigaλη δ Infrous, είπε Πατερ, είς χειρας σου ou he Jesse, said: O father, into hands of thee παραθησομαι το πνευμα μου. Και ταυτα ειπων, the breath of me. And these having said, 47 Ιδων δε δ έκατονταρχος το γεεξεπνευσεν. that havhe breathed out, Seeing and the centurion νομενον, εδοξασε τον θεον, λεγων fag occurred, glorified the God, saying: OUT IS & Truly the 48 Kal mantes of ανθρωπος ούτος δικαιος ην. this iust And all the Was. συμπαραγενομενοι οχλοι επι την θεωριαν ταυhaving come together crowds to the sight T: DEWPOUPTES TO γενομενα, τυπτοντες beholding the things having occurred, striking 49 E. στη-**#[έαυτων] τα στηθη ὑπεστρεφον.** 

κεισαν δε παντες οί γνωστοι αυτου μακροθεν, the sequaintances of him but all at a distance, και γυναικές ιδ συνακολουθησασαι αυτφ απο from women shoes having followed h ion της Γαλιλαίας, έρωσαι ταυτα.

returned.

beholding these things. Galilee,

[of themselves] the breasts

50 Και ιδου, ανηρ ονοματι Ιωσηφ, βουλευτης a senator And lo. a man with a name Joseph, ύπαρχων, ανηρ αγαθος και δικαιος, 51 (ούτος a man good and (this being, just, ουκ ην συγκατατεθειμενος τη βουλη και τη and the having assented to the will not was πραξει αυτων,) απο Αριμαθαιας πολεως των act of them,) from Arimathea acity of the Ιουδαιων, δς και προσεδεχετο \* [και αυτος] την Jews, who and was looking for [also himself] the βασιλειαν του θεου<sup>ο</sup> 52 ούτος προσελθων τφ kingdom of the God; this having gone to the Πιλατφ, ητησατο το σωμα του Ιησου. 53 Και body of the Jesus. And asked the

εθηκεν αυτο, εν μνηματι λαξευτω, ού ουκ ην atomb hewn in a rock, where not was it in 64 Και ήμερα ην παραουδεπω ουδεις κειμενος. And day St Katakoeveryet no one being laid. σκευη, και σαββατον επεφωσκε. sabbath approached. Having folλουθησασαι δε \*[και] γυναικες, αίτινες ησαν also women. who and lowed after συνεληλυθυιαι αυτφ εκ της Γαλιλαιας, εθεαhaving been with him out of the Galilee, **σ**αντο το μνημειον, και ώς ετεθη το σωμα αυτου.

he wrapped

αυτο, ενετυλιξεν αυτο σιδονι, και

it

in linen,

and how they laid the body of him. eld the tomb, 6 Υποστρεψασαι δε ήτοιμασαν αρωματα Having returned and they prepared aromatics μυρα και το μεν σαββατον ήσυχασαν KATA pintments; and the indeed sabbath they rested assording to

την εντολην.

the commandment.

καθελων

having taken down it.

ing with a loud Voice, said. "Father, into thy Hands I commit my t SPIRIT;" and having said this, the ex-

47 1 And the CENTURION seeing WHAT had CURRED, he glorified GoD, saying, "Truly This MAN was righteous."

48 And All the CROWDS who had COME TOGETHER to this spectacle, having beheld the THINGS which OCCURRED, returned, beating their BREASTS.

Stood

49 And Allhis ACQUAIN-TANCE, \* and THOSE WO-MEN who had FOLLOWED him from GALILEE, stood at a distance, beholding these things.

50 2 And behold, a Man named Joseph, a Senator, a good and righteous Man,

51 (he had not consented to their DESIGNS and DEEDS.) from Arimathea, a City of the Jews; and who was waiting for the KINGDOM of GOD.

52 This man coming to PILATE, asked for the BODY of JESUS.

53 And having taken it down, he wrapped it in Linen, and laid it in a Tomb cut out of a rock, in which no one had ever yet been

64 And it was the Day of t Preparation, and the Sabbath approached.

55 And the WOMEN following after, who had accompanied him from GALILEE, saw the TOMB, and how his BODY was laid.

56 And returning, they prepared Aromatics and Ointments; and rested on the SABBATH, according to the COMMANDMENT.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 48. of themselves -omit. 55 also-omit. 51. also himself-omit.

<sup>† 48.</sup> My breath or life, Luke viii. 55.

<sup>1 46.</sup> Matt xxvii. 50; Mark xv. 87; John xlx. 30. 2 30 Matt. xxvii. 57: Mark :: v. 42; John xix. 88. EVI. 1.

<sup>40.</sup> and THOSE WOMBS who

<sup>1 56.</sup> Mar)

### ΚΕΦ. κδ'. 24.

Τη δε μια των σαββατων, ορθρου βαθεος, In the and first of the weeks, of morning very early, ηλθον επι το μνημα, φερουσαι ά ήτοιμασαν to the tomb, bringing what they prepared \*[ Kal Tives our autais.] 2 Eupov πρωματα. and some with them.] δε τον λιθον αποκεκυλισμένον απο του μνημειου. having been rolled and the stone from the Και εισελθουσαι ουχ εύρον το σωμα του κυριου And having entered not they found the body of the Lord Ingov. 4 Και εγενετο εν τφ διαπορεισθαι αυτας And it happened in the to be perplexed περι τουτου, και ιδου, ανδρες δυο επεστησαν this, and lo, men twa hoots autais εν εσθησεσιν αστραπτουσαις.
Sy them in clothing shining. 5 Ецфоβων δε γενομενων αυτων, και κλινουσων το and having become of them, and bowing the τροσωπου ets την γην, είπον προς αυτας. Τι face to the earth they said to them: Why (ητειτε τον ζωντα μετα των νεκρων; 6 Ουκ seek you the living among the dead ones? Not εστιν ώδε, αλλ' ηγερθη. Μνησθητε ώς ελαλη-he is here, but has been raised. Remember you how he spoke σεν ύμιν, ετι ών εν τη Γαλιλαια, λεγων 'Οτι to you, while being in the Galilee, saying; That

τον υίον του ανθρωπου παραδοθηναι εις tochoves the son of the man to be delivered into χειρας ανθρωπων αμαρτωλων, και σταυρωθηναι, of men of sinners, and to be crucified. και τη τριτη ήμερα αναστηναι. 8 Και εμνησand the third day to stand up. And they reθησαν των βηματων αυτου. 9 και υποστρεψασαι words of him: and having geturned απο του μνημειου, απηγγειλαν -auta marta come the tomb, they related 10 Hoar de τοις ένδεκα και πασι τοις λοιποις. othe eleven and to all the others. Were and ή Μαγδαληνη Μαρια, και Ιωαννα, και Μαρια the Magdalene Mary, and Joanna, and Mary Ι. ε βου, και αί λοιπαι συν αυταις, αί ελεγον of Jar es, and the others with them, who spoke τοο τους αποστολους ταυτα. 11 Και εφανησαν the apostles these. And appeared ενωπιον αυτων ώσει ληρος τα βηματα αυτων, in presence of them as anidle tale the words και ήπιστουν αυταις. 12 °O δε Πετρος αναστας

εδραμεν επι το μνημειον, και παρακυψας βλεπει to the tomb, and having stooped down he sees τα οθονία \* [κειμενα] μονα και απηλθε προς

The and

έαυτον, θαυμαζων το γεγονος. wondering that having occurred.

and they believed not them.

day of the WEEK, very early in the Morning, they went to the TOMB, carrying the Aromatics which they had prepared.

CHAPTER XXIV.

1 1 And on the FIRST

2 And they found the STONE rolled away from

the TOMB;
3 I and having entered. they found not the BODY t of the LORD Jesus,

4 And it occurred, as they were in PERPLEXITY about this, \$ behold two Men stood by them in shin-

ing Clothing.
5 And the women being afraid, and bowing their FACES to the EARTH, these said to then, "Why do you seek the LIVING one among

the DEAD?

6 He is not here, but has been raised. Remember how he spoke to you, while he was yet in GALILER:

7 saying, 'The son of MAN must be delivered no into the Hands of Sinners. and be crucified, and the THIRD day rise again.""

8 And they recollected

his WORDS:

9 tand returning from the TOMB, related all these things to the ELEVEN, and to All the BEST.

10 Now they were the MAGDALA Mary, and Jo-anna, and \*THAT Mary the mother of James, and the OTHERS with them, who told these things to the APOSTLES.

11 1 And \* these words appeared to them like idle talk; and they believed

them not.

12 † But PETER arising ran to the TOMB, and stoop. ing down he saw only the LINEN BANDS; and he went away by himself wondering at what had HAPPENED.

10. THAT Mary.

† 12. Tischendorf omita

11. thesa

Peter

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—1. and some with them—omit. WORDS.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Tischendorf omits the words "of the Lord Jesus." this verse.

<sup>11.</sup> Matt. xxviii. 1; Mark xvi. 1; John xx. 2. 12. : 6. Matt. xvi. 21; xvii. 23; Mark viii. 81; 1 31; Luke ix. 22. 2 xviii. 8; Mark xvi. 10. : 3 11. Mark xvi. 11. 1 4. John xx. I W. Matt

13 Και ιδου, δυο εξ αυτων ησαν πορευομενοι εν in lo, two of them were going κυτη τη ήμερα εις κωμην απεχουσαν σταδιους this the day into a village being distant furlongs εξηκοντα απο Ίερουσαλημ, 'η ονομα Εμμαους. <sup>24</sup> Και αυτοι ώμιλουν προς αλληλους περι παν-And they were talking to each other about των των συμβεβηκοτων τουτων. 15 Και εγενενο of the having happened of these. And it occurred εν τω όμιλειν αυτους και συ(ητειν, και αυτος ό in the totalk them and to reason, even he the 16 Of Se Ιησους εγγισας συνεπορεύετο αυτοίς. Jesus havin gcome near went with The but them. οφθαλμοι αυτων εκρατουντο, του μη επιγνωναι of them were held, the not to know 17 Eine de nos autous. Tives of loyof GUTOV. ούτοι, ούς αντιβαλλετε προς αλληλους περιπαto one another walkthese, which you throw τουντες, και εστε σκυθρωποι; 18 Αποκριθεις δε and are sadP Answering and 'φ ονομα Κλεοπας, ειπε προς αυτον. ò Eis, he one, to whom a name Cleopas, said to Συ μονος παροικεις 'Ιερουσαλημ, και ουκ εγand not thou γενομένα εν αυτη εν ταις ημεραις anowest the things baving been done in her in the 19 Και ειπεν αυτοις. TauTais; Hoia: these ! And he said to them: What things? They δε ειπον αυτφ. Τα περι Ιησου του Ναζωand said to him: The things about Jesus the Nazaραιου, ός εγενετο ανηρ προφητης, δυνατος εν rene, who was a man a prophet, powerful in εργώ και λογώ εναντιού του θέου και παντος work and word in presence of the God and του λαου. 20 Όπως τε παρεδωκαν αυτον οί How and delivered up the people. him the αρχιερεις και οί αρχοντες ήμων εις κριμα θανα-Σigh-priests and the chiefs of us to a sentence of του, και εσταυρωσαν αυτον. 21 'Ημεις δε ηλπιbut hoped, death, and crucified him. We ζομεν, ότι αυτος εστιν ό μελλων λυτρουσθαι that he it is the being about to redeem τον Ισραηλ. αλλαγε συν πασι τουτοις τριτην but besides all these Israel: third ταυτην ήμεραν αγει σημερον, αφ' ού ταυτα day goes away to-day, from of which these 22 αλλα και γυναικές τινές εξ ήμων EYEVETO. occurred but also women some of εξεστησαν ήμας, γενομεναι ορθριαι επι το μνηastonished U.S. having been early at the tomb: μειον· <sup>23</sup> και μη εύρουσαι το σωμα αυτου, ηλθαν, and not having found the body of him, came,

13 ‡And behold, two of them were going on the Same DAY, to a Village called Emmaus, sixty Furlongs from Jerusalem.

14 And then were conversing with each other about All these THINGS which had HAPPENED.

15 And it occurred, while they were conversing and reasoning, \*Jesus himself having approached, went with them.

16 But their EYES were held, so that they did not

RECOGNIZE him.

17 And he said to them,
"What words are these
which you are exchanging
with each other, as you
walk? and why are you
dejected?"

18 And the one named Cleopas, answering, said to him, "Art thou the only Sojourner in Jerusalem, who is unacquainted with the THINGS which have occurred in it in these DAYS?"

19 And he said to them, "What things?" And they said to him, "The THINGS concerning Jesus, the NAZABITE, ‡a Man who was a Prophet, powerful in Work and Word before God and All the PEOPLE;

20 † and how the HIGH-PRIESTS and our RULERS delivered him up to a Sentence of Death, and crucified him.

21 But we hoped †That it was HE who WAS ABOUT to redeem ISBAEL; and besides all this, \*This Day is the Third since these things were done.

23 But \*some of our Women also astonished us; for having been early at the TOMB.

and not having found the body of him, came.

λεγουσαι και οπτασιαν αγγελων εωρακεναι, οί BODY, they came, saying, and a vision of messengers to have seen, who that they had even seen a

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. Jesus.

<sup>17.</sup> walk? And they stood still and were sad.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Mark xvi. 12. xxi. 11; Luke vii. 16; John iii. 2; iv. 10; vi. 14; Acts ii. 22; vii. 22. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 20. Luke \times \text{xiii. 1}\$ 27, 28. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 21. Luke i. 68; ii. 38; Acts i. 6. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 22. Matt. \text{xxviii. 8} \text{Mark xxviii. 8}\$

24 Και απηλθον λεγουσιν αυτον (np. TIVES him to be alive. say And went some €ÛDOP TOU GUY ήμιν επι το μνημειον, και tomb, ofthose with พร to the and found \* [ούτω,] καθως και αί γυναικες ειπον CUTOY also the Woman him 25 Και αυτος ειπε προς αυτους· δε ουκ ειδον. out not they saw. he said And them; to Ω ανοητοι και βραδεις τη καρδια του πιστευειν slow with the heart of the to believe O thoughtless and 26 OUX 1 επι πασιν, οίς ελαλησαν οί προφηται. which the prophets. Not spoke παθειν τον Χριστον, και εισελ-TOUTO these it was binding to have suffered the Anointed, and θειν εις την δοξαν αύτου; 27 Και αρξαμενος απο enter into the glory of himself? And beginning from Μωσεως και απο παντων των προφητων, διηρand from all of the prophets, μηνεύεν αυτοίς εν πασαίς ταις γραφαίς explained to them in all the writings the things 28 Και ηγγισαν εις την κωμην, ού περι αύτου. about himself. And they drew near to the village, where επυρευοντο και αυτος προσεποιειτο πορβωτερω they were going: and he seemed intending 29 Kai πορευεσθαι. **π**αρεβιασαντο autov. to go. But they pressed him, λεγοντες Μεινον μεθ ήμων, άτι προς έσπεραν eaying: Abide with us, for toward evening εστι, και κεκλικεν ή ήμερα. Και εισηλθε του day. And he went in it is, and has declined the the <sup>30</sup> Και εγενετο εν τφ κατα-MEINAL OUN GU? OLS. to abide with them. And it happened in the κλιθηναι αυτον μετ' αυτων, λαβων τον αρτον, recline him with them, having taken the loaf, ευλογησε, και κλασας επεδιδου αυτοις. 31 Auhe blessed, and having broken he gave to them. των δε διηνοιχθησαν οί οφβαλμοι, και επεγνωthem and were opened the and they knew eyes, και αυτος αφαντος εγενετο απ GAY QUTOV' and he disappeared 32 Και ειπον προς αλληλους· Ουχι ή QUTWV. And they said to mach other: Not the καρδια ήμων καιομενη ην \* [εν ήμιν,] ώς ελαλει heart of us burning was [in us,] ashewastalking heart η εντη όδω, \*[και] ως διην γεν ήμιν τας to us to the way, [and] as he was opening to us the γραφας:

33 Και ανασταντες απτη τη ώρα, υπεστρεψαν And risingup in this the hour, they returned to Jerusalem: and found having been assembled ous ένδεκα και τους συν αυτοις, 34 λεγοντας the eleven and those with them, asying: "τι ηγερθη δ κυριος οντως, και ωφθη Σι- That has been raised the Lord indeed, and has appeared to Si- moul."

writings?

Vision of Angels, who said that he was alive.

24 And some of THOSE with us went to the TOME, and found it as the WOMEN had said; but Him they saw not."

25 And he said to them, "O inconsiderate men, and slow of HEART to BELIEVE all which the PROPHETS

have spoken!

26 Was it not necessary for the Messiah to have suffered these things, and to enter his glory?"

27 And beginning from Moses, and through All the PROPHETS, he explained to them in All the SCRITURES the THINGS concerning himself.

28 And they drew near to the VILLAGE where they were going; and he seemed as intending to go further.

29 But they arged him, saying, "Remain with us, for it is towards Evening, and the DAY has "already declined. And he went in to ABIDE with them.

30 And it occurred, as the RECLINED with them, taking the LOAF, he blessed God, and having broken it, he gave to them.

31 And Their EYES were opened, and they knew him; and he disappeared from them.

32 And they said to each other, "Did not our HEARTS tourn, while he talked to us on the ROAD, and while he unfolded to us the SCRIPTURES?"

33 And rising up the Same Hour, they returned to Jerusalem, and found the ELEVEN, and THOSE with them, assembled,

34 SAYING, "The LORD has indeed been raised, and has appeared to Simon."

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—24. thus—omit. 29. already past. 32. in us—and—om.

† 32. The Codex Bezæ has a very remarkable reading here; instead of kaiomenee, burned,
is has kekalummenee, veiled, and one of the Itala, has fuit exceedium, was blinded. "Was
are our hearts veiled (blinded) when he conversed with uson the way, and while he unfolded
in Scriptures to us," seeing we did not know him.—A. Clarke.

<sup>26.</sup> verse 46; Acts xvil. 3; 1 Pet. i. 11. 1 30. Matt. xiv. 19.

μονι.  $^{35}$  Και αυτοι εξηγουντο τα εν τη δδφ, mon. And they related the things in the way, και ώς εγνωσθη ζυτοις εν τη κλασει του αρτου, and how he was known to them in the breaking of the load.  $^{26}$  Ταυτα δε αυτων λαλουντων, αυτος εστη εν

These and of them speaking, i.e stood in μεσφ αυτων, και λεγει αυτοις. Ειρηνη ύμιν. midst of them, and says to them; Peace to you. 37 Πτοηθεντες δE KOLL εμφοβοι YEVOLEVLL.

Being terrified but and affrighted having become, εδοκουν πνευμα θεωρειν.

They thought a spirit to see.

The πεταραγμενοι εστε; και διατι διαλογμισμοι why having been agitated are you? and why reasonings.

αναβαινουσαν εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων; 39 Ιδετε the hearts of you? τας χειρας μου και τους ποδας μου, ότι αυτος the hands of me and the feet of me, that he εγω ειμι ψηλαφησατε με και ιδετε δτι πνευμα handle you me and see you; for am; a spirit σαρκα και υστεα ουκ εχει, καθως εμε θεωρειτε has, you perceive and bones not me <sup>40</sup> Και τουτο ειπων, επεδειξεν αυτοις EXOVTA, saying, he showed 41 ETI DE aniotour And having. this τας χειρας και τους ποδας. While and handa and the feet. not believτων αυτων απο της χαρας, και θαυμαζοντων, of them from the joy, and were wondering, αυτοις. Εχετε τι βρωσιμων ενθαδε; he said to them; Have you anything eatable here? 42 Οί δε επεθωκαν αυτώ ιχθυος οπτου μερος,

to him of a fish broiled to him of a fish broiled 43 Kαι λαβων, \*[και απο μελισσιου κηριου.] [and from a honey comb.] And having taken, 44 Ειπε δε εφαγεν. αυτων QUTUIS' he eat. He said and to them; Ούτοι οί λιγοι, ούε ελαλησα προς ύμας, ετι ων These the words, which Ispoke 60 while being you,

συν δμιν, ότι δει πληρωθηναι παντα τα γεγwith you, that must to be fulfilled all the things having
ραμμενα εν τφ νομφ Μωσεως, και προφηταις,
been written in the las of Noses, and prophets,

45 Tore διηνοιξεν Varmois. TEDI ELLOV. pealms, concerning me. Then and he opened QUTWY TOY YOUV. TOU συνιεναι τας γραφας. of thera the mind, of the to understand the writings;

46 και ειπεν αυτοις 'Οτι ούτω γεγραπται, και and he said to them, That thus it is written, and

ούτως εδε. παθειν τον Χριστον, και αναστηthus it behaved to have suffered the Anointed, and to stand
2' ωι εκ νεκρων τη τριτη ήμερα, 47 και κηρυχup out of dead ones in the third day, and to be

35 And then related what things happened on the boad, and how he was known to them in the BREAKING of the loaf.

36 ‡ And as they were saying these things, he stood in the Midst of them, and says to them, "Peace be to you."

37 But they being troubled and terrified, thought they saw 112

Spirit.

38 And he said to them, "Why are you troubled? and why do Doubts arise in your "HEARTS?

39 \$ See mv HANDS and my FEET, that I am \$\text{t}\_{\text{t}}\$ handle me, and be convinced; For a Spirit has not \$\times\$ both Flesh and Bones as you perceive me to have."

40 † And having said this, he showed them his HANDS and his FEET.

41 And while from Jox they were unbelieving, and were wondering, he said to them, "Have you any Food here?"

42 And THEY gave him Fart of a broiled Fish;

43 and taking it, ; he ate in their presence.

44 And he said to them, I "These are the WORDS which I spoke to you, while I was yet with you, That All THINGS WRITTEN in the LAW of Moses, and in the "PROPHETS, and in the Psalms, concerning me, must be fully accomplished."

45 Then he opened Their MINDS to UNDERSTAND

the SCRIPTURES,

46 and said to them, "Thus it is written, \*that the MESSIAH should suffer, and should rise from the Dead the THIED Day;

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—37. troubled, and,
 38. HEART.
 39. both Flesh and
 42. and from a Honey comb—omit.
 44. PROPHETS.
 46. that the Messiah should suffer, and should rise.

<sup>† 36.</sup> Tischendort omits, "And says to them, 'Peace be to you.""
has phantama, phantam, in the margin, which agrees with Mark vi. 49,
endorf omits this verse.

<sup>† 36.</sup> Mark xvi. 14; John xx. 19; 1 Cor. xv. 8. † 37. Mark vi. 40. † 39. John xx 20, 27. † 43. Acts x. 41. † 44. Matt. xvi. 21; xvii. 22; xx. 18; Mark viii. 31. Luke ix. 22; xviii. 31.

θηναι επι τφ ονοματι αυτου μετανοιαν και αφεproclaimed in the name of him reformation and for give σιν αμαρτιων εις παντα τα εθνη, αρξαμενον απο ness of sins to all the nations, beginning from Γερουσαλημ.  $^{43}$  Γμεις δε εστε μαρτυρες τουτων. Jernsalem. You and are witnesses of these.

To Kat tδου, εγω αποστελλω την επαγγελιαν And lo, I sendforth the promise

του πατρος μου εφ' ύμας ' ύμεις δε καθισατε εν efthe father of me on you, you but remain you in fn πολει, έως ού ενδυσησθε δυναμιν εξ ύψους. The city, till you may be clothed power from on high.

30 Εξηγαγε δε αυτους εξω έως εις Βηθανιαν και

He led and them out even to Bethany; and επαρας τας χειρας αύτου, ευλογηπεν αυτους, taving liftedup the hands of himself, he blessed them.

SI Και εγενετο εν τφ ευλογειν αυτον αυτους, And it happened in the to bless him them, ειεστη απ' αυτων, και ανεφερετο εις τον ου-bestood apart from them, and was carried up into the heappavov. 52 Και αυτοι προσκυνησαντες αυτον, ren. And they having prostrated to him, 5 πεστρεψαν εις Γερουσαλημ μετα χαρας μεγα-returned to Jerusalem with joy great: λης. 53 και ησαν διαπαντος εν τφ έερφ, \* [αινουν-

TES KAL EVACYOUPTES TOP  $\theta \in OV$ .

and blessing the God.

47 and that in his NAME, Reformation \*in order to Forgiveness of Sins should be proclaimed to All the NATIONS, beginning at Jerusalem.

48 And t you are Witnesses of these things.

49 And, behold, I send forth the promse of my father upon you; but remain non in the cirv, till you are invested with Power from on high."

50 And he led them out tto Bethany; and lifting up his HANDS, he blessed them.

51 Anditoccurred while he was blessing them, he was separated from them, tand carried up into heaven.

52 And they † having prostrated to him, returned to Jerusalem with great Joy;

53 and were constantly in the TEMPLE, blessing God.

## \*ACCORDIGN TO LUKE.

and were continually in the temple,

[praising

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—47. in order to Forgiveness. Subscription—According to Luke.

<sup>53.</sup> praising and-omit.

<sup>† 51 &</sup>amp; 52. Tischendorf omits, "and carried up into heaven," and "having prostrated to nim."

<sup>1 48.</sup> John xv. 27; Acts i. 8, 22; ii. 32; iii. 15.

# \*[ETAFFEAAION] KATA 10ANNHN.

# \* ACCORDING TO JOHN.

## КΕФ. α'. 1.

1 Εν αρχη ην δ λογος, και δ λογος ην προς In a beginning was the word. and the word was with 2 Ούτος ην εν τον θεον, και θεος ην δ λογος. the God, and a god was the word, This was in 3 Παντα δι' αυτου  $\theta \in ov$ . TOOS TOV a beginning with the God † εγενετο και χωρι. αυτου εγενετο ουδε έν, δ was done not even one, that was done: and without it 4Εν αυτω (ωη ην, και ή ζωη ην το has been done. In it life was, and the life φως των ανθρωπων. 5 και το φως εν τη σκοτια light of the men: and the light in the darkness φαινει, και ή σκοτια αυτο ου καταλαβεν. and the darkness it not apprehended.

6 Εγενετο ανθρωπος απεσταλμενος παρα θεου, a man having been sent from ονομα αυτω Ιωαννης 'ούτος ηλθεν εις ματυριαν, thu came for a name to him John: a witness. ίνα μαρτυρηση περι του φωτος, ίνα παντες πισ-that he might testify about the light, that all might τευσωσι δι' αυτου. 8 OUR THE EKELPGS TO OWS, Not was through him. the light, believe he 9 HV TO αλλ' ίνα μαρτυρηση τερι του ψωτος. but that he might testify about the Was the light.

φως το αληθινον, δ φωτίζει παντα ανθρωπον  $\mathbf{E}_{\text{sh}}$  the true, which enlightens every man  $\mathbf{E}_{\text{T}}$  φχομενον εις τον κοσμον. <sup>10</sup>  $\mathbf{E}_{\text{T}}$  τφ κοσμφ ην,

coming into the world. In the world he was και ὁ κοσμος δι' αυτου εγενετο, και ὁ κοσμος and the world through him was and the world

and the world through him was, and the world autor ουκ εγνω. 11 Eis τα ιδια ηλθε, και οι him not knew. Into the own he came, and the total auτον ου ταρελαβον. 12 Όσοι δε ελαβον wm him not received.

CHAPTER I.

1 In the # Beginning was the # Logos, and the Logos was with God, and the Logos was God.

2 This was in the Begin.

ning with Gon.

Through it every thing was done; and without it not even one thing was done, which has been done.

4 In it was Life; and the LIFE was the LIGHT of

MEN.

5 And the \$ LIGHT shone in the DARKNESS, and the DARKNESS apprehended It not.

6 † There was a Man, named John, sent by God.

7 He came for a Witness, that he might testify concerning the LIGHT, that all might believe through him.

8 De was not the LIGHT, but to testify concerning

the LIGHT.

9 The TRUE LIGHT was that, which, coming into the WORLD, enlightens Every Man.

10 He was in the WORLD, and † the WORLD was (enlightened) through him; and yet the WORLD knew

Him not.

domains, and yet his own people received Him not:

12 but to as many as received him, the gave

10\*

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- Title-According to John.

<sup>† 1.</sup> In this and the fourteenth verse logos, has been transferred, rather then translated. Dr. A. Clarke remarks, "This term should be left untranslated, for the very same reasons why the names Jesus and Chrut are left untranslated, As every appellative of the Savior of the world, was descriptive of some excellence in his person, nature, or work, so the epithet Logos, which signifies a word spoken, speech, eloquence, doctrine, reason, or the faculty of reasoning, is very properly applied to him." See I John i. 1, for a clear and useful comment by the apostle John on the proem to this Gospel. ht 3. Ginomai occurs unwards of seven hundred times in the New Testament, but never in the sense of create, yet in most versions it is translated, as though the word was ktiza. "The word occurs fifty-three times in this Gospel, and signifies to be, to come, to become, to come to pass; also, to be done or transacted. All things in the christian dispensation were done by Christ, i. e. by his authority, and according to his direction; and in the ministry committed to his apostles, nothing has been done without his warrant. See John xv. 4.5. "Without me ye can do nothing." Compare ver. 7, 10, 16; John xvii. 8; Col. i. 16, 17." Cappe's Diss the human beings which he came to enlighten and to save. John viii. 12; iii. 16.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Prov. viii. 22, &c.; 1 John i. 1. † 3. Eph. iii. 9; Col. i. 16. † 5. John viir 12; ix. 5; xii. 35, 46. † 6. Mal. iii. 1; Matt. iii. 1; Luke iii. 2. † 11. Matt. xxr 18. † 12. Bom. vni. 15; Gal. iii. 26, 27; 1 John ni. 1

TEKVA Dean QUTOV. εδακεν αυτοις εξουσιαν he gave to them authority children of God γενεσθαι, τοις πιστευουσιν εις το ονομα αυτου. to become, to those believing into the name of him : 13 οί ουκ εξ αίματων, ουδε εκ θεληματος σαρκος, who not from bloods, nor from a will of flesh, oude  $\epsilon \kappa$   $\theta \epsilon \lambda \eta \mu a \tau o s$  and  $\rho o s$ , all  $\epsilon \kappa$   $\theta \epsilon o v$   $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \eta$ a will of a man, but from God were benor from 14 Και δ λογος σαρξ εγενετο, και εσκηθησαν. Zotten. And the word flesh became, and taberνωσεν εν ήμιν, (και εθεασαμεθα την δοξαν αυτου. sacled among us, (and we beheld the glory of him. δοξαν ώς μονογνους παρα πατρος,)  $\pi\lambda\eta\rho\eta s$ a father,) a glory as of an only-begotten from full χαριτος και αληθε ας. 15 Ιωαννης μαρτυρει περι truth. John testifies concerning αυτου, και κεκραγε, λεγων. Ούτος ην, This was, of whom and cried, sayings ειπονο 'Ο οπισω μου ερχ. μενος, εμπροσθεν μου I said; He after me coming, before me 16 °OT1 €K TOU γεγονεν ότι πρωτος μου ην. has becomes for first of me he was. Because out of the πληρωματος αυτου ήμεις παντες ελαβομεν, και of him all. received: we 17 'Οτι δ νομος δια Μωχαριν αντι χαριτος. favor upon law through Mo-For the fazor. σεως εδοθη· ή χαρις και ή σκηθεια δια Ιησου Χριστου εγενετο.

Christ came. 18 Θεον ουδεις έωρακε πωποτε· ὁ μουογενης
God no one has seen ever the enh-begotten υίος, δ ων εις τον κολπον του πα pos. εκεινος son, that being in the bosom of the father 19 Και αύτη εστιν ή μαρτυρια του  $\epsilon \xi \eta \gamma \eta \sigma \alpha \tau o$ . has made known. And this is the testimony of the Ιωαννου, ότε απεστειλαν οί Ιουδαιοι εξ Ίεροσοsent th^ Jews from λυμων ίερεις και Λευιτας, ίσα ερωτησωσιν αυτον. priests and Levites that they me ght ask 30 Και ώμολογησε, και ουκ ηρνη-ZU TIS EL: Thou who art? he confessed. and not denied: σατο και ωμολογησεν Ότε ουκ ειμι εγω 3 corlessad: That not the am 31 Kas autovo Te XOITTOS. ηρωτησαν OUV: Amointed. And they asked bim. What then?

Authority to become Children of God, to THOSE BELIEVING into his NAME;

13 tiwho were begotten not of Blood, nor of the Will of the Flesh, nor of the Will of Man, but of God.

14 And the † Logos be. came ‡ Flesh, and dweli among us,-and twe beheld his glory, a Glory 28 of an Only-begotten from a Father,-full of Faver and Truth.

15 † John testified concerning him, and criec, saying, "This is he of whom saying, "This is he of whom I said, t'HE who COMES after me is in advance of me; For he is my Superior."

16 For out of his rul NESS me all received; even Favor upon l'avor.

17 For the LAW was given through Moses; the FA VOR and the TRUTH came through Jesus Christ

18 No one has ever seen God; the \* Only-begotten Son, who is in the Bosom of the FATHER, he has made him known.

13 Now this is the TES-TIMONY of JOHN. # When the Jews sent \*to him Priests and Levices to ask him, "Who art thou?"

20 heacknowledged and did not deny but acknow-ledged, " an not the MESSIAH."

21 And they asked him. "Who \*the art thou?

† 13. John iii, 5; James i. 18; 1 Pet. i. 23. † T<sup>i</sup>m. iii. 16. ‡ 14. Matt. xvii. 2; 2 Pet. i. 17. Luke iii. 16; ver. **27**, **30**; John iii, **31**. † 14. Matt. i. 16, 20; Luke i. 31, 35; ii. 7: 1 19. John v. 33.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. Only-begotten Son, HE who is. 19. to him Priests 31. then art tyou? Art thou Elijah?

<sup>† 15.</sup> Some put this verse after the 18th. cers, judges, and attendants .- Bruce's Travels.

Και λεγει Ουκ ειμι. HAIRS EL OU. And he says: Not Iam. Elias art thou? The proψητης εί συ; Και απεκριθη Ου. 22 Ειπον ουν phet arttaon? And he answered; No. They said then πυτω. Τις ει; ίνα αποκρισιν δωμεν τοις πεμto him; Who artthou? that an answer we may give to those having ψασιν ήμις· τι λεγεις περι σεαυτου; 23 Εφη us; what sayest thou about thyself? Hesaid nent Ενω. " φωνη βοωντος εν τη ερημώ. Ευθυνατε 1; "A voice crying in the desert; Makeyoustraight την όδον κυριου, " καθως ειπεν 'Ησαιας ό προthe way of a lord," as said Esaias the pro-24 Και οί απεσταλμενοι ησαν εκ των And those having been sent were of the Φαρισαιων 25 και ηρωτησαν αυτον, και ειπον Pharisees; and they asked him, and said αυτω. Τι ουν βαπτιζείς, ει συ ουκ ει δ Χρισ-tohim, Why then dippest thou, if thou not art the Anoinτος, ουτε Ηλιας, ουτε προφητης; 26 Απεκριθη Elias, nor a prophet? ted, por αυτοις ὁ Ιωαννης, λεγων Εγω βαπτιζω εν them the John, eaving; I dip in ὑδατι' μεσος \*[δε] ὑμων ἐστηκεν, ὁν ὑμεις ουκ water: midst [out] of you stands, whom you not οιδατε, το οπισω μου ερχομενος, ού εγω ουκ know, he after me coming, fwhom I not ειμι αξιος, ίνα λυσω αυτου τον ίμαντα του am worthy, that I may loose of him the strap of the ύποδηματος. <sup>28</sup> Ταυτα εν Βηθανια εγενετο These in sandal Bethany were done περαν του Ιορδανου, όπου ην Ιωανυης βαπbeyond the Jordan, where was TI (WV. ning.

29 Τη επαυριον βλεπει τον Ιησουν ερχομενου In the morrow he beholds the Jesus τρος αυτον, και λεγει. Ιδε δ αμνος του θεου, έ to him, and he says: Behold the lamb of the God, he αιρων την άμαρτιαν του κοσμου. 30 Ούτος of the taking away the 8119 world. εστι, περι ού εγω ειπον. Οπισω μου ερχεται to he, about whom I said: After me ανηρ, δε εμπροσθέν μου γεγονέν ότι πρωτος before me has become: because first a man, who μου ην. 31 Καγω ουκ ηδειν αυτον αλλ' ίνα of m he was. And I not knew him: but that τφ Ισραηλ, δια τουπο ηλθον φανερωθη he might be manifested to the Israel, because of this am come εγω εν τω ύδατι βαπτιζων. 32 Και εμαρτυρη-I in the water dipping. And bore testiσεν Ιωαννης, λεγων. Ότι τεθεαμαι το πνευμα mony John, saying: That I saw the spirit καταβαινον ώς περιστεραν εξ ουρανου, και εμειcoming down like a dove out of heaven, and

'O προ-The prothe said, "I am not." "Art thou the PROPHET?" And he answered, "No."

22 \*They said to him. "Who art thou? that we may give an Answer to THOSE who SENT US. What dost thou say concerning thyself?"

23 He said, ‡" It am a Voice preclaiming in the DESERT, Make straight the way for the Lord, as ‡ Isaiah the PROPHET said."

24 Now \*those sent were of the Pharisees.

25 And they asked him, and eaid to him, "Why then dost thou immerse, if thou art not the Messiah, nor Elijah, nor a Prophet?"

26 John answered them, saving, 1" E immerse in Water; in the Midst of you, coming after me, stands one whom you do not know.

27 the STRAP of Whose SANDAL # am not worthy

to untie."

28 These things occurred in Bethany beyond the JORDAN, where \* JOHN was immersing.

29 On the NEXT DAY he sees JESUS coming to him, and says, "Behold the LAMB of GOD, who TAKES AWAY the SIN of the WOBLD.

30 This is he of whom **X** said, 'After me comes a Man who is in advance of of me; for he is my Superior.'

31 And I did not know him; but for this purpose, that he might be manifested to Israel, I am come immersing in \*Water."

32 ‡ And John testified, saying, "I saw the SPIRIT coming down like a Dove

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—22. They said to him. 24. they who were sent. 26. ut —omit. 28. in the Midst of you, coming after me, stands one whom 1984 do not know, the STRAF of Whose BARDAL. 28. JOHN. 31. Water.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Mal. iv.5; Matt. xvii. 10. † 23. Matt. iii. 3; Mork i. 3; Lukeiii. 4; John ii. 28. † 23. Isa. xl. 3. † 26. Matt. iii. 11. † 29. 1 Pet. i. 19; Rev. v. 6. † 82. Matt. iii. 16; Mark i. 10; Luke iii. 34.

And I not knew him: but γεν επ' αυτον. him. ό πεμψας με βαπτιζειν εν ύδατι, εκεινος μοι he having sent me to dip in water, he to me ειπον Εφ' όν αν ιδης το πνευμα καταβαινον. said: On whom thou may est see the spirit coming down, κιι μενον επ' αυτον, ούτος εστιν δ βαπτιζων εν this is he dipping in and abiding on him, πνευματι άγεφ. 34 Καγω έωρακα, και μεμαρτυ-And I have seen, and spirit holy. have testiρηκα, ότι ούτος εστιν ό υίος του θεου... that this is the son of the God.

35 Τη επαυριον παλιν είστηκει δ Ιωαννης, και again was standing the John, The morrow εκ των μαθητων αυτου δυο. 36 Και εμβλεψας And having looked on of the disciples of him two. τφ Ιησου περιπατουντι, λεγει. Ιδε ὁ αμνος του the Jesus walking, he says; Behold the lamb of the Ocov. <sup>37</sup> Και ηκουσαν αυτου οί δυο μαθηται God. And heard him the two disciples λαλουντος, και ηκολουθησαν τω Ιησου. 38 Στραspeaking, and they followed the Jesus. Having φεις δε δ Ιησους, και θεαταμενος αυτους ακοturned and the Jesus, and seeing them λουθουντας, λεγει αυτοις Τι (ητειτε; Οί δε lowing, he says to them; What seek you? They and ειπον αυτω· 'Ραββι, (ὁ λεγεται έρμηνευομε-said to him, Rabbi, (which means being interpreted, ον, διδασκαλε,) που μενεις; 39 Λεγει αυτοις.

Oteacher,) where dwellest thou? Hesays to them: Ερχεσθε και ιδετε. Ηλθον και ειδον, που μενει. Eρχείνε και τύετε. Πλουν και ετον, που μενει Comeyou and seeyou. They came and saw, where hedwells: και παρ' αυτω εμειναν την ήμεραν εκεινην. and with him abode the day that. 'Ωρα ην ως δεκατη. 40 Ην Ανδρεας, ὁ αδελφος Was Andrew, the brother Hourit was about tenth. Σιμωνος Πετρου, είς εκ των δυο των ακουσανof Simon Peter, one of the two of those having heard των παρα Ιωαννου, και ακολουθησαντων αυτφ. from John, and having followed 41 Εύρισκει ούτος πρωτως τον αδελφον τον he first the brother ιδιον Σιμωνα, και λεγει αυτώ. Εύρηκαμεν τον and he says to him; We have found Μεσσιαν (δ εστι μεθερμηνευομενον, Χριστος.) Messiah which is being interpreted, Anointed.) 22 \* [Kai] ηγαγεν αυτον προς τον Ιπσουν. [And] he brought him to the

from Heaven, and resting on him.

33 And E did not know him; but HE who SENT me to immerse in Water, he said to me, 'On whom thou shalt see the SPIRIT descending and resting. this is HE who TIMMERSES in holy Spirit.'

34 And I have seen and testified. That he is the

son of God."

35 On the NEXT DAY John was again standing, and two of his DISCIPLES;

36 and observing Jesus walking, he says, "Behold

the LAMB of GOD!"

37 The Two Disciples hearing this, followed JE-

38 And Jesus turning. and seeing them following, says to them, "What do

you seek?" And THEY said to him, "Rabbi, (which signifies, being translated, Teacher,) where dwellest thou?"

39 He says to them, "Come and see." They went, \* therefore, and saw where he dwelt, and continued with him that DAY. It was about the †tenth Hour.

40 # Andrew, the BRO-THER of Simon Peter, was one of THOSE TWO who having heard from John,

followed him.

41 担e first finds his OWN BROTHER Simon, and says to him, "We have found the MESSIAH," (which is, being translated, Anointed.)

42 He conducted him to JESUS. JESUS looking

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 35. John.

<sup>39.</sup> therefore, and saw.

<sup>42.</sup> And-omit.

<sup>† 39.</sup> It was the way of the ancients to divide the day into twelve hours, and the night into as many. The first hour of the day was an hour after the sun rose, and the twelfth was when it set. This was the way in Judea, and to this the other Evangelists adhere. But St. John appears to have reckoned the hours as we do, from midnight to noon, and again from noon to midnight. And it may be observed, that he mentions the hour of the day oftener than any other Evangelist; as if with design to give his readers an opportunity of discerning his method, by comparing one passage with another. If the time here intended was that which we may call Jewish, (to distinguish it, not from the Greek and Roman which were the same with the Jewish, but from the modern; the tenth hour was about four in the afternoon, or two hours before the day ended in Judea; with which time neither the words nor circumstances of the narration seem to agree. For the words, they abode with him that day, rather imply, that they spent a good part of the day with him. Therefore the most resonable account of this tenth hour is, that it was ten in the morning.—Townson.

Εμβλεψας αυτφ & Ιησους είπε· Συ ει Σίμων, δ Having booked to him the Jeans said; Thou art Simon, the vios Ιωνα· συ κληθηση Κηφας· δέρμηνευεται Πετρος.

Peter.

43 Τη επαυριον ηθελησεν εξελθειν εις την he desired to go forth into the The morrow Γαλιλαιαν και εύρισκει Φιλιππον, και λεγει Galilee; and he finds Phillip, and 44 Ην δε δ Φιλιππος απο αυτω. Ακολουθει μοι. to him; Was and the Philip Follow me. Βηθσαιδα, εκ της πολεως Ανδρεου και Πετρου. Bethaaida, of the city of Andrew and

45 Εύρισκει Φιλιππος τον Ναθαναηλ, και λεγει Finds Philip the Nathanael, and says αυτω. Όν εγραψε Μωσεως εν τφ νομφ, και to him: Whom wrote Moses in the law, and προφηται, εύρηκαμεν, Ιησουν υίον we have found, Jesus the prophets, του Iωσηφ, τον απο Nα $\{$ αρεθ $\}$ . <sup>46</sup> Kαι ειπεν of the Joseph, that from Nazareth. And said αυτφ Nα $\{$ αναηλ $\}$  Eκ Nα $\{$ αρεθ $\}$ δυναται  $\tau$ ι αγαθον to him Nathanael: Out of Nazareth is able any good ειναι, Λεγει αυτώ Φιλιππος ερχου και ιδε. to be? Says to him Philip; Come 47 Ειδεν δ Ιησους τον Ναθαναηλ ερχομενον προς

Saw the Jesus the Nathanael coming to αυτον, και λεγει περι αυτον Ιδε αληθως Ισ-him, and hesays concerning him; Behold indeed an 48 Λεγει αυτώ ραηλιτης, εν φ δολος ουκ εστι.
Israelite, in whom guile not is. Says to him Naθαναηλ· Ποθεν με γινωσκεις;
Nathanael: Whence me knowest thou? Απεκριθη Answered Ιησους και ειπεν αυτφ. Προ του σε Φιλιππον Jesus and said to him; Before the thee Philip φωνησαι, οντα ύπο την συκην, ειδον σε. to have called, being under the fig-tree, I saw thee. e fig-tree, I saw thee.
\*[και λεγει αυτφ·] Απεκυίθη Ναθαναηλ [and to him: Nathanael Bays 'Ραββι, συ ει δ vios του θεου, συ ει δ βασιkabbi, thou art the son of the God, thou art the king λευς του Ισραηλ. 50 Απεκριθη Ιητους και ειπευ

of the Israel. Answered Jesus and said αυτω. Ότι ειπον σοι. Ειδον σε ύποκατω της to him : Because I said to thee : I saw thee underneath the συκης, πιστευεις; μειζωτουτων οψη. 5 fg-tree, believes thou? greater of these thoushaltsee. λεγει αυτφ. Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, \* [απ' αρτι] οψεσθε τον ουρανον ανεωγοτα, και τους αγγεyou shall see the heaven having been opened, and the messenλους του θεου αναβαινοντας και καταβαινοντας gers of the God ascending and descending

επι τον υίον του ανθρωπου.

on the son ofthe man.

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 43. JESUS SAYS. 49. and says to him-omit. 50. That I saw,

45. Son. 46. PHILIP. 51. From now-omit.

† 46. Some think allusion is here made to "that good thing promised," Jer. xxxiii. 14:

others think this a term of reproach.

at him, said, "Thou art Simon, the son of Jonas: Ithou shalt be called Ce. phas; (which denotes the same as Peter.)

43 On the NEXT DAY he wished to go to GALILEE, and finding Philip, \* JESUS says to him, "Follow me."

44 Now PHILIF Was from Bethsaida, the CITI of Ardrew and Feter.

45 Philip finds INATHA-NAEL, and says to him, "We have found the person described by Moses in the LAW, and by the PROPHETS, THAT JESUS, the \* Son of JOSEPH, from Nazareth."

46 And Nathanael said to him, t" Can any t good thing proceed from Nazareth?" \* PHILIP says to him, "Come and see.'

47 \* Jesus saw NATHA-NAEL coming to him, and said concerning him, "Behold a genuine Israelite: in whom is no deceit."

48 Nathanael says to him, "How dost thou know Me ?" Jesus answered and said to him, "Before PHI-LIP called Thee, when thou wast under the FIG-TREE. I saw thee."

49 Nathanael answered. "Rabbi, thou art the son of God; thou art the tring of Israel."

50 Jesus answered and said to him; "Because I told thee \* That I saw thee under the FIG-TREE, ther believest! Thou shalt see greater things than this."

51 And he says to him, "Truly, indeed, I say to you, you shall see the HEAVENS opened, and the ANGELS of GOD ascending from and descending to the son of MAN."

47. Jesus

<sup>1 40.</sup> John

# КЕФ. В'. 2.

γαμος εγενετο 1 Kai τη ἡμερα τη τριτη third a marriage-feast occurred And in the day εν Κανά της Γαλιλαιας· ην ή μητηρ KOL Galilee: and was the of the 2 Εκληθη δε και δ Ιησους του Ιησου εκει. Was invited and also the Jesus there. Jesus 3 Kai και οί μαθηται αυτου εις τον γαμον. disciples ofhim to the marriage-feast. ύστερησαντος σινου, λεγει ή μητηρ του Ιησου having fallen short of wine, says the mother of the Jesus 4 Λεγει αυτη δ προς αυτον. Οινον ουκ εχουσι. to ber the Wine not they have, Says Ιησους· Τι εμοι και σοι, γυναι; ουπω ήκει ή Jesus: Whatto me and to thee, O woman? Not yet has comethe 5 Λεγει ή μητηρ αυτου τοις διακονοις. bour of me. Says the mother of him to the 6 Hray Se 'O, τι αν λεγη ύμιν, ποιησατε. Whatever he may say to you, do you. Were and εκει ύδριαι λιθιναι έξ κειμεναι κατα τον καθαthere water-pots of stone six being placed according to the ρισμον των Ιουδαιων, χωρουσαι ανα μετρητας of cleansing of the Jews, holding each δυο η τρεις. 7 Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους Γεμισατε two or three. Says to them the Jesus; τας ύδριας ύδατος. Και εγεμισαν αυτας έως the water-pots of water. And they filled 8 Και λεγει αυτοις. Αντλησατε νυν, Kal And he says to them; Draw you now, and top. 9" 25 φερετε τφ αρχιτρικλινφ. Και ηνεγκαν. to the ruler of the feast. And they carried. When Carry δε εγευσατο δ αρχιτρικλινος το ύδωρ OLVOV ruler of the feast the water γεγενημενον (και ουκ ηδει ποθεν εστιν οί δε (and not he knew whence it is : having become; the but διακονοι ηδεισαν, οί ηντληκοτες το ύδωρ.) knew, these having drawnthe Water:) φωνει τον νυμφιον δ αρχιτρικλινος, 10 και λεγει the bridegroom the ruler of the feast, and \$3/F3 αυτώ· Πας ανθρωπος πρωτον τον καλον οινον first the good wine

### CHAPTER II.

1 And on the \*THIEN Day there was a Marriagefeast in Cana of GALILEE; and the MOTHER of JESUS was there;

2 and Jesus also, and hisdisciples, were invited to the MABRIAGE-FEAST.

3 And the Wine falling short, the MOTHER of JE-SUS says to him, "They have no Wine."

5 His MOTHER says to the SERVANTS, "Do whatever he may bid you."

6 Now six stone Waterjars were there, placed taccording to the Jewish custom of furification, each containing two or three t Measures.

7 Jesus says them, "Fill the Jars with Water." And they filled them to the top.

8 And he says them, "Draw now, and earry to the † RULER OF THE FEAST. And \*they carried some.

9 And when the RULEM OF THE FEAST tasted the WATFR made Wine, and knew not whence it was, (but THOSE SERVANTS knew who had DRAWN the WATER,) the RULER OF THE FEAST called the BRIDEGROOM,

10 and says to him, "Every Man First presents GOOD Wine, and when they

8. THEY carried.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. THIRD Day.

<sup>† 6.</sup> The exact capacity of this measure cannot now be determined. The LXX use the word in the original for the bath, which contained one-third of the bath. 2 Chron. iv. 5; 1 Kings. viii. 32. † 3. The Greek word here is a compound, denoting the president of the tridinium, or guest chamber, so called from its containing three couches placed in the form of a crescent, on which the guests reclined during the entertainment. It was the duty of this officer to prepare the feast, arrange the couches, dispose the guests, place the dishes, and taste the wine and viands.—Stockius in Verb. Lightfoot, in his Horæ Heb. Talmud, adds, "That he performed the duty of chaptain also, by saying grace, and pronouncing those benedictions which were accustomed to be given upon occasion of a marriage. He blessed the cup also prepare for the guests; and it round to the company. In the Book of Ecclesiasticus (xxxii. 1) we have an account of his duties.

τιθησι, και όταν μεθυσθωσι, \*[τοτε] τον places, and when they may have drunk freely, [then] the ελασω συ τετηρηκας τον καλον οινον έως αρτι. worse; thou has kept the good wine till now. Il Ταυτην εποιησε την αρχην των σημείων δ This did the beginning of the signs the

Ιησους εν Κανα της Γαλιλαιας, και εφανερωσε Jeaus in Cana of the Galillee, and manifested την δοξαν αυτου και επιστευσαν εις αυτον οί

την δοξαν αύτου· και επιστευσαν εις αυτον οί the glory of himself; and believed into him the ειαθηται αυτου.

disciples of him.

12 Μετα τουτο κατεβη εις Καπερναουμ, αυτος After this he went down into Capernaum, και ή μητηρ αυτου, και οί αδελφοι \*[αυτου,] και and the mother of him, and the brothers [of him,] οί μαθηται αυτου· και εκει εμειναν ου πολλας the disciples of him; and there remained not many 13 Και εγγυς ην το πασχα των Ιουδαιημεραs. And nigh was the passover of the ων, και ανεβη εις Ίεροσολυμα δ Ιησους. and went up to Jerusalem the Jesus. εύρεν εν τω ιερφ τους πωλουντας βοας και προhe found in the temple those selling oxen and sheep βατα και περιττερας, και τους κερματιστας doves, and and the money-changers 15 Και ποιησας φραγελλιον εκ καθημενους. sitting. And having made a whip out of σχοινιων, παντας εξεβαλεν εκ του ίερου, τα he drove out of the rushes, all temple, the τε προβατα και τους βοας· και των κολλυβισand sheep and the oxen; and of the money-chanτων εξεχεε το κερμα, και τας τραπεζας ανεσgers he poured out the coin, and the tables τρεψε· 16 και τοις τας περιστέρας πωλουσιν and to those the doves turned: ειπεν Αρατε ταυτα εντευθεν μη ποιειτε τον hence: not makeyou the Take these 17 Εμνησοικον του πατρος μου οικον εμποριου. house of the father of me a house of merchandise. Remem- $\theta$ ησαν \*[δε] οἱ μαθηται αυτου, δτι γεγραμμενον [and] the disciples of him, that having been written () ζηλος του οικου σου καταφαγεται € OTLY' "The zeal of the house of thee it i. : will consume ue." 18 Απεκριθησαν ουν οί Ιουδαιοι και ειπον then the Answered Jews and Τι σημειον δεικνυεις ήμιν, ότι ταυτα o him: What showest thou to us. sign that these

have † drunk freely, the INFERIOR; but thou hast kept the GOOD Wine till now."

11 This \* First of signs
Jesus performed in Cana
of GALILEE, and displayed
his GLOBY; and his DISCIPLES believed into him.

12 After this he went down to Capernaum, he, and his MOTHER, and his BROTHERS, and his DISCI-PLES; but they did not remain there Many Days.

13 ‡ And the PASSOVER of the Jews was near, and Jesus went up to Jerusalem.

14 ‡ And he found the MONEY-CHANGERS sitting in the TEMPLE, and THOSE who SOLD Oxen, and Sheep, and Doves.

15 † And having made a Whip of Rushes, he drove them all out of the TEM-PLE, with the SHEEP and the CATTLE, and he poured out the COIN of the BANK-ERS, and overturned the TABLES,

16 and said to THOSE who SOLD DOVES, "Take these things hence. Make not my FATHER'S HOUSE a House of Traffic."

17 And his DISCIPLES recollected That it is written, ‡"My ZEAL for thy HOUSE consumes me."

18 Then the Jews answered and said to him, to the Sign dost thou show us, why thou doest these things?"

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-10. then-omit. 17. And-omit.

<sup>11.</sup> First of.

<sup>12</sup> his-omit.

<sup>† 10.</sup> The Greek expression here does not imply the least degree of intoxication. The verbs methusko and methus, from methu, wine, which, from meta thuein, to drink after sacrificing, signify not only to inebriate, but to take wine, to drink wine, to drink enough, and in this sense the verb is evidently used in the Septuagint. Gen. xliii. 34; Cant. v.1; 1 Mac, xvi. 16; Ecclus. i. 16. And the prophet Isaiah, chap. Iviii. 11, speaking of the abundant blessings of the godly compares them to a well-watered garden, which the LXX translate. oas keepos nettwoon, by which is certainly understood, not a garden drowned with waterbut one sufficiently saturated with it, not having one drop too much, nor too little.—Clark. † 15. It is probable that this cleansing of the temple occurred at the commencement of our Lord's ministry, and is not to be confounded with that mentioned by the other evangelists, which took place at its close.

<sup>173.</sup> Ex. xii. 14; John v. 1; vi. 4; xi. 55. 114. Matt. xxi. 12; Mark xi. 15; Luke xix. 45. 117. Psa. lxiz. 9. 118. Matt. xii. 38; John vi. 30.

ποιεις; 19 Απεκριθη δ Ιησους και ειπεν αυτοις. Answered the Jesus and said thou doest? to them: Λυσατε του ναον τουτον, και εν τρισιν ήμεραις Destroy the temple this, and in three days εγερω αυτον. 20 Ειπον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι. Τεσσα-Said then the Jews; I will raise it. Forty ρακοντα και έξ ετεσιν φκοδομηθη δ ναος ούτος. and six years was being built the temple και συ εν τρισιν ήμεραις εγερεις αυτον, 21 Εκειand thou in three days wilt raise νος δε ελεγε περι του ναου του σωματος αύτου.

but spoke concerning the temple of the body of himself. 22 'Οτε ουν ηγερθη εκ νεκρων, εμνησθησαν οί When therefore he was raised out of dead ones, remembered the μαθηται αυτου, ότι τουτο ελεγε και επιστευ-duciples of him, that this he spoke; and they believed σαν τη γραφη, και τψ λογφ 'ψ ειπεν ό the writing, and the word which said he Inσcus.

Incos Jesus.

23 Ωs δε ην εν τοις 'Iεροσολυμοις εν τφ When and was in the Jerusalem • t the πασχα εν τη έορτη, πολλοι επιστευσαν εις το passover at the feast, many believed ονομα αυτου, θεωρουντες αυτου τα σημεια ά of him, beholding o.him the name signs which 24 Αυτος δε δ Ιησους ουκ επιστευεν ETOLEL. but the Jesus he did. not committed εαυτον αυτοις, δια το αυτον γινωσκειν παντας. himself to them, because the him all: to know <sup>23</sup> και ότι ου χρειαν ειχεν, ίνα τις μαρτυρηση and because not need he had, that any one should testify περι του ανθρωπου αυτος γαρ εγινωσκε, τι for what Concerning the man: he knew. ην εν τω ανθρωπω. was in the man.

# КΕФ. γ'. 3.

1 Hν δε ανθρωπος εκ των Φαρισαιων, Νικοδη-Was and a man of the Pharisees, Nicodeμος ονομα αυτφ, αρχων των Ιουδαιων. 2 ούτος mus aname to him, a ruler of the Jews: this Paßηλθε προς αυτον νυκτος, και ειπεν αυτ $\varphi^*$ him by night, and said to him: βι, οιδαμεν, ότι απο θεου εληλυθας διδασκαλος. we know, that from God thou hast come a teacher: ουδεις γαρ ταυτα τα σημεια δυναται ποιειν, no one for these the signs is able to do, which 'n b  $\theta \epsilon os \mu \epsilon \tau$  autov. συ ποιεις, εαν μη expect may be the God with him. <sup>3</sup>Απεκριθη δ Ιησους και ειπεν αυτώ· †Αμην αμην Answered the Jesus and said to him. Indeed indeed

19 \* Jesus answered and said to them, ‡ " Destroy this TEMPLE, and in Three Days I will raise it."

20 Then the JEWS said, "Forty and Six Years has this TEMPLE been in building and wilt thou erect it in Three Days?"

21 But he spoke of the TEMPLE of his BODY.

22 When, therefore, he was raised from the Dead, this DISCIPLES remembered That he had said This; and they believed the SCRIPTURE, and the WOED which JESUS had spoken.

23 Now while he was in JERUSALEM at the FEAST of the PASSOVEB, many believed into his NAME, beholding His signs which he performed.

24 But \* Jesus did not trust himself to them, because he knew them all,

25 and required not that any one should testify concerning MAN; for he knew what was in MAN.

#### . CHAPTER III.

1 And there was a Man of the Pharises, whose name was Nicodemus, a Ruler of the Jews;

2 he came to him by Night, and said to him, "Rabbi, we know That thou art a Teacher come from God; ‡for no one can work These signs that thou workest, unless God be with him."

3 \* Jesus answered and said to him, "Indeed I

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. Jesus.

<sup>24.</sup> Jesus.

<sup>3.</sup> Jesus.

<sup>†19.</sup> Or, destroy this very TEMPLE; perhaps pointing to his body at the same time. †20. Herod began to rebuild the temple in the 18th year of his reign, or sixteen years before Jesus was born. Jesus was at this time about thirty years old, which makes the term exactly 40 years. But although Herod finished the main work in nine years and a half, yet Josephus tells us that the whole of the buildings were not completed till Nero's reign, some 80 years after the 18th of Herod's reign. †3. The repetition of Ameen, among the Jewish writers, was considered of equal import with the most solemn oath—Clarke.

λεγω σοι, εαν μη τις γεννηθη ανωθεν, ου δυνα-leasy to thee, if me tany one may be born from above, not is able ται ιδείν την βα. λείαν του θέου. 4 Λενεί προς to see the kingdom of the God. Says to αυτον ό Νικοδημος. Πως δυναται ανθρωπως the Nicodemus; How is able a man γεννηθηναι γερων ων; μη δυναται εις την κοι-to be born old being? not is able into the womb λιαν της μητρος αύτου δευτερον εισελθειν, και of the mother of himself a second time to enter, γεννηθηναι; 5 Απεκριθη Ιησους· Αμην αμην Jesus; to be born ? Answered Indeed indeed λενω σοι, εαν μη τις γεννηθη εξ ύδατος και I say to thee, if not any one may be born out of water and πνευματος, ου δυναται ειπελθειν εις την βασιnot is able to enter into the 6 Το γεγεννημενον εκ της λειαν του θεου. That having been born out of the of the God. flom σαρκος, σαρξ εστι και το γεγεννημενον εκ της flesh, flesh is; and that having been born out of the πνευματος, πνευμα εστι. 7 Μη θαυμασης, δτι Not thou mayest wonder, that a spirit is. ειπον σοι Δει ύμας γεννηθηναι ανωθεν. 8 Το I said to thee; Must you to be born from above. πνευμα όπου θελει πνει και την φωνην αυτου spirit where it wills breathes; and the sound ακουεις, αλλ' ουκ οιδας, ποθεν ερχεται, και not thou knowest, whence at comes, thou hearest, but που ύπαγει ούτως εστι πας δ γεγεννημενος εκ where it goes: thus is every one the having been born out of του πνευματος. 9 Απεκριθη Νικοδημος και ειπεν of the spirit. Answered Nicodemus and said αυτφ. Πως δυναται ταυτα γενεσθαι; 10 Απεκto him: How is able these to be? ριθη Ιησους και ειπεν αυτφ. Συ ει δ διδασκαλος swered Jesus and said to him : Thou art the teacher του Ισραηλ, και ταυτα ου γινωσκεις; 11 Αμην of the Israel, and these not thou knowest? Indeed αμην λεγω σοι, ότι δ οιδαμεν λαλουμεν, και δ endeed I say to thee, that which we know we speak, and what έωρακαμεν μαρτυρουμεν° και την μαρτυριαν and the testimony we have seen we testify; 12 Ει τα επιγεια ειπον ήμων ου λαμβανετε. of us not you receive. If the things earthly ύμιν, και ου πιστευετε πως, εαν ειπω ύμιν and not you believe; how, if I tell you Tou. 13 Και ουδεις Ta επουρανια, πιστευσετε; the things heavenly, will you believe? And no one αναβεβηκεν εις τον ουρανον, ει μη δ εκ του has ascended into the heaven, except he out of the ουρανου καταβας, δ υιος του ανθρωπου, \*[δ ων heaven baving descended, the son of the man, [he being εν τω ουρανω.] 14 Και καθως Μωσης ύψωσε τον in the heaven.] And even as Moses raised aloft the οφιν εν τη ερημφ, ούτως ύψωθηναι δει τον serpent in the desert, thus to be raised it behaves the υίον του ανθρωπου· 15 ίνα πας δ πιστευων εις son of the man: that every one who believing

assure thee, if any one be not born from above, he cannot see the KINGDOM of GoD.

4 NICODEMUS says to him, "How can a Man be born, being old? Can he enter a second time into his MOTHER'S WOMB, and be born ?"

5 Jesus replied, "Truly indeed I say to thee, if any one be not 1 born of Water and Spirit, he cannot enter the KINGDOM of GOD.

6 THAT which has been BORN of the FLESH, is Flesh; and THAT which has been # BORN of the SPIRIT, is Spirit.

7 Do not wonder, Because I said to thee, you must be born from above.

8 The SPIRIT breathes where it will, and thou hearest its voice, but thou knowest not whence it comes, or where it goes; thus it is with EVERY ONE who has been BORN of the SPIRIT."

9 Nicodemus answered and said to him, " How can these things be?"

10 Jesus answered and said to him, "Art thou the TEACHER of ISRAEL, and knowest not these things?

11 Most assuredly I tell thee, That what we know, we speak, ‡ and what we have seen, we testify; and you receive not our TESTI-MONY.

12 If I told you of EARTHLY things, and you do not believe, how will you believe if I tell you of HEAVENLY things?

13 ‡ And no one has ascended into HEAVEN, except the son of MAN who DESCENDED from HEAVEN.

14 ‡ And as Moses elevated the SERPENT in the DESERT, so must the son of MAN be placed on high;

15 that EVERY ONE BE-

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13, he being in HEAVEN-omit,

<sup>1 5.</sup> Mark xvi. 16; Acts ii. 38. 16. 1 Cor. xv. 44-46. 1 11. Matt. xi. 27; John 1. 18; vii. 16; viii. 28; xii. 49; xiv. 24. Epn. iv. 9, 10. † 14. Num. xxi. 2. 1 13. John xvi. 29; Acts ii. 34; 1 Cor. xv. 47;

αυτον, \*[μη αποληται, αλλ'] εχη ζωην αιω-him, [not may be destroyed, but] may have life age-16 Ούτω γαρ ηγαπησεν δ θεος τον κοσμον, VLOV. Thus for loved the God the lasting. ώστε τον υίον αύτου τον μονογενη εδωκεν, ίνα so that the son of himself the only-begotten he gave, δ πιστευων εις αυτον, μη αποληται, αλλ every one who believing into him, not may be destroyed, but 17 Oυ γαρ απεστειλεν δ
Not for sent the ζωην αιωνιων. life age-lasting. θεος τον υίον αύτου εις τοι κοσμον, ίνα KOLVY God the son of himselfinto the world, that he might judge τον κοσμον, αλλ' ίνα σωθη δ κοσμος δι' but that might be saved the world through world. 18 'Ο πιστευων εις αυτον, ου κρινεται. αυτου. He believing into him, not isjudged: δ \* [δε] μη πιστευων, ηδη κεκριται, ότι μη πε-he [but] not believing, already is judged, because not he πιστευκεν εις το ονομα του μονογενους υίου του has believed into the name of the only-begotten son of the 19 Αυτη δε εστιν ή κρισις, ότι το φως God This and is the judgment, that the light εληλυθεν εις τον κοσμον, και ηγαπησαν οί the into the world, and loved has come ανθρωποι μαλλον το σκοτος, η το φως ην γαρ rather the darkness, than the light; was for πονηρα αυτων τα εργα. 20 Πας γαρ δ φαυλα evil of them the works. Every one for the vile things πρασσων, μισει το φως, και ουκ ερχεται προς hates the light, and not comes to 21 '0 το φως, ίνα μη ελεγχθη τα εργα αυτου. the light, that not may be detected the works of him. He δε ποιων την αληθειαν, ερχεται προς το φως, comes to the light. but doing the truth,  $\theta \in \omega$ φανερωθη αυτου τα εργα, ότι εν so that may be made manifest of him the works, that εστιν ειργασμενα. it is having been done.

22 Μετα ταυτα ηλθεν δ Ιησους και οἱ μαθηται After these came the Jesus and the disciples αυτου εις την Ιουδαιαν γην και εκει διετριβε land; 23 Ην δε και Ιωανμετ' αυτων, και εβαπτιζεν. with them, and was dipping. Was and also νης βαπτιζων εν Αινων, εγγυς του Σαλειμ, ότι dipping in Enon, near the Salim, because ύδατα πολλα ην εκει και παρεγινοντο, και waters many was there: and they were coming, and  $\mp \beta \alpha \pi \tau \iota \zeta o \nu au o$ .  $^{24}$  Outhous gap  $\eta \nu$   $\beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \mu \epsilon \nu o s$   $\epsilon \iota s$  were being dipped. Not yet for was having been cast into  $\tau \eta \nu$   $\phi u \lambda \alpha \kappa \eta \nu$   $\delta$  Iwav  $\nu \eta s$ .  $^{25}$  Eyeu  $\epsilon \tau o$  out  $\zeta \eta \tau \eta -$ Occurred then a disthe prison the John. σις εκ των μαθητων Ιωαννου μετα Ιουδαιου περι with a Jew about pute of the disciples of John καθαρισμου. 26 Και ηλθον προς τον Ιωαννην, And they came to the cleansing.

LIEVING into him may thave aionian Life.

16 ‡ For God so loved the world, that he gave \* his son, the only-begotten, that every one believing into him may not perish, but obtain aionian Life.

17 ‡ For God sent not his son into the WORLD that he might judge the WORLD, but that the WORLD through him might

be saved.

18 ‡ HE BELIEVING into him is not judged; but HE not BELIEVING has been judged already, Because he has not believed into the NAME of the ONLY-BE-GOTTEN Son of God.

19 And this is the JUDG-MENT, ‡ That the LIGHT has come into the WORLD, and MEN loved the DAEK-NESS rather than the LIGHT; for Their WORKS were evil.

20 For TEVERY ONE who does Vile things hates the LIGHT, and comes not to the LIGHT, that his WORKS may not be detected.

21 But he who does the Truth comes to the LIGHT, so that His works may be manifested That they have been done in God.

22 After this, Jesus and his DISCIPLES went into the TERRITORY Of JUDEA, and there he remained with them, and was impressing.

23 And \* JOHN also was immersing in Enon, near SALIM, because there were many Waters there; and they were coming and being immersed.

24 ‡ For \* John had not yet been cast into PRISON.

25 A Dispute then cccurred among \* the DISCI-PLES of John with a Jew, about Purification.

26 And they came to

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-15. may not be destroyed, but—omit. 16. the some 18 but—om. 23. John. 24. John. 25. Those disciples who were of John and a Jew, about.

<sup>† 15.</sup> John vi. 47. † 16. Rom. v. 8; 1 John iv. 9. † 17. Luke ix. 56; John v. 45; vii. 15; xii. 47; 1 John iv. 14. † 18. John v. 24; vi. 40, 47; xx. 31. † 19. John v. 13. † 20. Eph. v. 13. † 24. Matt. xiv. 3.

και ειπον αυτφ. 'Ραββι, ός ην μετα σου περαν and said to him; Rabbi, who was with thee beyond του Ιορδανου, 'φ τυ μεμαρτυρηκας, ιδε, ούτος Jordan, to whom thou hast testified, behold, he βαπτιζει, και παντες ερχονται Troos autov. dips, come to and all him. 27 Απεκριθη Ιωαννης και ειπεν. Ου δυναται said; Not John and is able 'n δεδομεανθρωπος λαμβανειν ουδεν, εαν μη a man to receive nothing, except it may be having been νον αυτφ εκ του ουρανου. <sup>28</sup> Αυτοι ύμεις μοι given to him from the heaven. Yourselves you to me μαρτυρείτε, ότι είπον Ουκ είμι εγω ό Χριστος, bear testimony, that I said; Not am I 'the Anointed, αλλ' ότι απεσταλμενος ειμι εμπροσθεν εκεινου. but that having been sent I am in presence 29 °C εχων την νυμφην, νυμφιος εστιν δ δε He having the bride, a bridegroom is; the but φιλος του νυμφιου, δ έστηκως και ακουων αυτου, fixend of the bridegroom, that standing and hearing χαρα χαιρει δια την φωνην του νυμφιου. Αύτη with joy rejoices through the voice of the bridgeroom. This ή χαρα ή εμη πεπληρωται. 30 Εκεινον jow that of me has been completed. Him therefore the 31 'O αυξανειν, εμε δε ελαττουσθαι. it behoves to increase, me but to decrease. He ανωθεν ερχομενος, επανω παντων εστιν. 'O from above coming, over all He ων εκ της γης, εκ της γης εστι, και εκ της being from the earth, from the earth is, and from the γης λαλει ό εκ του ουρανου ερχομενος, επανω earth speaks; he from the heaven coming, παντων εστι, 32 \* [και] δ έωρακε και ηκουσε, [and] what he has seen and τουτο μαρτυρει· και την μαρτυριαν αυτου ουδεις he testifies, and the testimony of him no one 33 'Ο λαβων αυτου την μαρτυριαν, DauBavei. He receiving of him the testimony, 34 'Ov εσφραγισεν, ότι δ θεος αληθης εστιν. has set his seal, that the God true is. γαρ απεστειλαν δ θεος, τα δηματα του θεου has sent the God, the words of the God ου γαρ εκ μετρου διδωσιν ό θεος το λαλει. gives the God not for by measure

Tα δεδωκεν εν τη χειρι αυτου.

And been given in the hand of him.

Els τον υίον, εχει ζωην αιωνιον δ δε απειθων into the son, has life age-lasting he but disobeying τω υίω, ουκ οψεται ζωην αλλ' ή οργη του θεου the son, not shall see life, but the anger of the God μενει επ' αυτον.

The father loves

abides on him.

πνευμα.

spirit.

JOHN, and said to him, "Rabbi, he who was with thee beyond the JOEDAN, to whom thou hast testified, behold, HE immerses, and all are coming to him."

27 John answered and said, ‡" A Man can receive nothing unless it be given him from HEAVEN.

28 Pou yourselves are witnesses for me, That I said, t' H am not the Messiah, but That I have been sent before him.

29 The Bridegroom is HE who POSSESSES the BRIDE; but THAT FRIEND of the BRIDEGROOM who stands and hears him, rejoices with joy, because of the BRIDEGROOM'S VOICE; this, therefore, MY JOY has been completed.

30 Me must increase, but I must decrease.

31 ‡He who comes from above is over all. He who is from the earth, is of the earth, and speaks of the earth. He who comes from heaven is over all.

32 And what he has seen and heard, this he testifies; and no one receives his TESTIMONY.

33 He who receives His testimony has set his seal That God is true.

34 ‡ For he whom God has sent speaks the words f God; for \*he gives not the spirit by Measure.

the son, ‡ and has given All things into his HAND.

36 ‡ HE BELIEVING into the son has aionian Life; but HE DISOBETING the SON, shall not see Life; but the Anger of God abides on hum."

35 'Ο πατηρ αγαπα τον υίον, και παν-

the son,

and

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. And-omit. 34. he gives not.

<sup>1 26.</sup> John 1. 7, 15, 27, 34. 1 27. 1 Cor. iv. 7; Heb. v. 4, James i. 17. 1 28. John 1. 20, 27. 1 31. Matt. xxxvii. 18; John 1. 15, 27; Rom. ix. 5. 1 34. John viii. 16. 35. Luke x. 22: John v. 20, 22, xiii. 3, xvii. 2; Heb. ii. 8. 36. John vi. 47; 1 John vi. 11.

## ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4.

<sup>1</sup> Ωs ουν εγνω δ κυριος, δτι ηκουσαν οί When therefore knew the Lord, that heard the Φαρισαιοι, ότι Ιησους πλειονας μαθητας ποιει Pharisees, that Jesus που 2 (καιτοιγε Ιησους και βαπτιζει, η Ιωαννης 2 (καιτοιγε Ιησους and dissed than John; (though indeed Jesus Pharisees, that Jesus more disciples made αυτος ουκ εβαπτιζεν, αλλ οί μαθηται αυτου.) himself not dipped, but the disciples of him;) <sup>3</sup> αφηκε την Ιουδαιαν, και απηλθε παλιν εις heaft the Judea, and went again into 4 Εδει δε αυτον διερχεσθαι δια την Γαλιλαιαν. Galilee. It behoved and him to pass through 5 Ερχεται ουν εις πολιν της της Σαμαρειας. the Samaria. He comes therefore into a city of the Σαμαρειας, λεγομενην Συχαρ, πλησιον του Samaritans, being called Sychar, near by the χωριου, ού εδωκεν Ιακωβ Ιωσηφ τω viw field, of which gave Jacob Joseph ta π σύτου.  $^6$  Ην δε εκει π η γη του Ιακωβ. Joseph to the son 'O ouv of himself. Was and there a spring of the Jacob. The then Ιησους κεκοπιακως εκ της όδοιποριας, εκαθεζετο Jesus having become weary from the journey, sat down ούτως επι τη πηγη· ώρα ην ώσει έκτη. over the thus spring: hour was about 7 Ερχεται γυνη εκ της Σαμαρειας, αντλησαι Comes a woman of the Samaria, to draw ρ. Λεγει αυτη δ Ιησους. Δος μοι πιειν. Say to her the Jesus: Give to me to drink. ίδωρ. water. <sup>8</sup> (Οί γαρ μαθηται αυτο**υ α**πεληλυθεισαν ει**ς τ**ην (The for disciples of him had gone into the 9 Λεγει ουν πολιν, ίνα τροφας αγωρασωσι.) that provisions they might buy.) Says then αυτφ ή γυνή ή Σαμαρειτις. Πως συ, Ιουδαιος to him the woman that Samaritan: How thou, a Jew ων, παρ' εμου πιειν αιτεις, ουσης γυναικος being, from me to drink askest, being a woman Σαμαρειτιδος: (Not for associate with Jews a Samaritan? 10 Απεκριθη Ιησους και ειπεν Σαμαρειταις.) Samaritans.) Answered Jesus and said QUTTO EL ηδεις την δωρεαν του θεου, και to her: If thou hadet known the gift of the God, and τις εστιν ὁ λεγων σοι. Δος μοι ποιειν. συ he saying to thee: Give to me to drink: thou αν ητησας αυτον, και εδωκεν αν σοι ύδωρ ζων.
wouldstask him, and he would give thee water living. 11 Λεγει αυτφ ή γυνη. Κυριε, ουτε αντλημα

### CHAPTER IV.

1 When, therefore, the LORD knew, That the PHARISEES had heard, † That Jesus was making and immersing More Disciples than John;

2 (though Jesus himself did not immerse, but his

DISCIPLES;)

3 he left JUDEA, and went again into GALILEE.
4 And it was necessary for him to pass through SAMABIA.

5 He comes, therefore, to a City of SAMARIA called † Sychar, near the FIELD which ‡ Jacob gave \* to

JOSEPH his son.

6 And Jacob's Fountain was there. Jesus, therefore, having become weary from the Journey, sat down over the FOUNTAIN. It was about the † sixth Hour.

7 There comes a Woman of Samaria to draw Water. Jesus says to her, "Give

me to drink."

8 (For his DISCIPLES had gone into the CITY, that they might buy Previsions.)

9 The SAMARITAN Wo-MAN, therefore, says to him, "How dost thou, being a Jew, ask drink of me, who am a Samaritan Woman?" (‡ For the Jews do not associate with Samaritans.)

10 Jesus answered and said to her, "If thou didst know the GIFT of God, and who is HE that says to thee, 'Give me to drink,' thou wouldst ask him, and he would give thee Living Water."

11 \* She says to him, "Sir, thou nast nothing to

to him the woman: Olord, nothing to draw with

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. to JOSEPH his son.

<sup>11.</sup> She says.

<sup>†5.</sup> Called at first Sichem, or Shechem, and afterwards Sichar. From Judges ix. 7, it seems to have been situated at the foot of Mount Gerizam. on which the Samaritan temple was built. †6. According to John's computation of time, this would be six o'clock in the afternoon. See Note on John's 29. The women of the East have stated times for going to draw water—not in the heat of the day, but in the cool of either moning or evening. It was very likely in the evening that this Samaritan woman came to draw water, because it is said, Jesus had become weary with his journey; and because the Samaritans when they came to see him, invited him to remain or lodge with them.

<sup>† 1.</sup> John iii. 22, 26. † 5. Gen, xxxiii. 19; xlviii. 22; Joshua xxvi. 32. † 9. 2 Kings xvii. 24; Luke ix. 52, 53; Acts x. 28.

 $\epsilon \chi \epsilon_{\rm is}$ ,  $\kappa \alpha_{\rm i}$  to  $\phi \rho \epsilon_{\rm a} \rho$   $\epsilon_{\rm o} \tau_{\rm i}$   $\beta_{\rm a} \theta_{\rm v}$ .  $\pi_0 \theta \epsilon_{\rm v}$  our  $\epsilon_{\rm c} \chi \epsilon_{\rm is}$  thou hast, and the well is deep: whence then hast thou το ύδωρ το ζωτ, 12 Μη συ μειζων ει του πατρος Not thou greater art the the water the living? ήμων Ιακωβ; δε εδωκεν ήμιν το φρεαρ, και Jacob? who gave to us the αυτος εξ αυτου επιε, και οί υίοι αυτου, και τα he of it drank, and the sone of him, and the  $\theta \rho \epsilon \mu \mu \alpha \tau \alpha \ \alpha \upsilon \tau \sigma \upsilon$ . <sup>13</sup> Απεκριθη Ιησους και ειπεν cattle of him. Answered Jesus and said αυτη. Πας δ πινων εκ του ύδατος τουτου, διψηto her; All the drinking of the water this, will σει παλιν. 14 δς δ' αν πιη εκ του ύδατος, thirst again; who but ever may drink of the water, of which το δωσω αυτφ, ου μη διψηση εις τον αιωνα. I shall give to him, not not may thirt to the age; αλλα το ύδωρ, δ δωσω αυτφ, γενησεται εν shall be bet the water, which I shall give him, συτώς πηγη ύδατος άλλομενου εις ζωην αιωνιον. ... a well of vater springing into life age-lasting. 16 Λεγει πρυς αυτον η γυνη. Κυριε, δος μοι Suys to him the woman; Olord, give tome τουτο το ύδωρ, ίνα μη διψω, μηδε ερχωμαι εν-this place to draw. Says to her the Jesus; φωνησον τον ανδρα σου, και ελθε ενθαδε. the husband of thee, come  $^{17}$  Απεκριθη ή γυνη και ειπεν. Ουκ εχω ανδρα. Answered the woman and said; Not I have a husband. Λεγει αυτη δ Ιησους: Καλως ειπας: Ότι ανδρα Says to her the Jesus; Rightly thou didstay: That a husband 18 Πεντε γαρ ανδρας εσχες και νυν ουκ εχω. Five for husbands thou has thad; and now δν εχεις, ουκ εστι σου ανηρ' τουτο αληθεςwhom thou rast, not is of thee a husband: this  $\epsilon$ ιρηκατ.  $^{19}$  Λεγει αυτ $\psi$  ή γυνητ Κυριε,  $\theta$ εωρ $\omega$ , thou has said. Says to him the woman; Olord, I see, thou has' said, 20 Οί πατερες ήμων εν τω ότι τροφητης ει συ. that a prophet art thou. The fathers of us in the ορει τουτφ προσεκυνησαν και ύμεις λεγετε, mo utain this and worshipped: say, ότι εν Ίεροσολυμοις εστιν ό τοπος, όπου Jerusalem is the place, where it is necessary προσκυνειν. 21 Λεγει αυτη δ Ιησους. Γυναι, πισ-Says to her the Jesus: O woman, believe **τ**ευσον μοι, ότι ερχεται ώρα, ότε ουτε εν τφ ορει thou me, that comes an hour, when neither in the mountain τουτφ, ουτε εν Ιεροσολυμοις προσκυνησετε τω nor in Jerusalem you shall worship the 22 'THEIS πατρι προσκυνειτε δ ουκ οιδατε. father. worship what not you know : ήμεις προσκυνουμεν δ οιδαμεν ότι ή σωτηρια worship what we know: because the salvation

draw with, and the WELL is deep; whence, then, hast thou the LIVING WA-

12 Art thou greater than our FATHER Jacob, who gave us the WELL, and drank of it himself, and his sons, and his CATTLE?"

13 Jesus answered and said to her, "EVERY ONE DRINKING of this WATER

will thirst again;

14 but the, who may drink of the WATER which I will give him, shall not thirst to the AGE; but the WATER which I will give him, shall become in him a Fountain of Water. springing up into aionian Life."

15 ‡ The WOMAN says to him, "Sir, give me This WATER that I may not thirst, nor \* come here to

draw."

16 \* He says to her, "Go, call thy HL BAND, and come here."

17 The WOMAN answered and said, "I have no Husband." JESUS said to her, "Correctly thou didst say, 'I have no Husband.'

18 For thou hast had Five Husbands, and he whom now thou hast is not Thy Husband; this thou hast truly spoken.'

19 The WOMAN says to him, "Sir, ‡ I see That thou art a Prophet.

20 Our FATHERS WOrshipped in this MOUN-TAIN; and nou say, That in Jerusalem is the PLACE where it is necessary to worship."

21 JESUS says to her, "Woman, believe me, That an Hour is coming, when neither in this MOUNTAIN, nor in Jerusalem, will you worship the FATHER.

22 Dou worship what you do not know; me worship what we know; bcεκ των Ιουδαιων επτιν. 23 Αλλ' ερχεται ώρα, cause SALVATION is of the comes an hour, JEWS.

from the

Jews

But

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. come over here. 16. He says.

<sup>14.</sup> John vi. 35; vii. 38. 15. John xvii. 2, 3; Rom. vi. 23; 1 John v. 20. 10. 10; xxiv. 19; John vi. 14; vii. 40. 20. Deut. xii. 5, 11; 1 Kingsix. 3; 2 Chron. vii. 12 119. ¹ '€ vii. 16; xxiv. 19; John vi. 14; vii. 40.

και νυν εστιν, ότε οἱ αληθινοι προσκυνηται and now is, when the true worshippers and now is, προσκυνησουσι τφ πατρι εν πνευματι και αληshall worship the father in spirit and truth; θεια και γαρ δ πατηρ τοιουτους (ητει τους for the father such like seeks those προσκυνουντας αυτον.  $^{24}$  Πνευμα δ θεος και him. Aspirit the God: worshipping and τους προσκυνουντας αυτον, εν πνευματι και those worshipping him. αληθεια δει προσκυνειν. him, in spirit and 25 Λεγει αυτφ ή truth it behoves to worship. Says to hir the γυνη Οιδα, ότι Μεσσιας ερχεται (ὁ λεγομε-woman: Iknow, that Messiah comes: (he being called νος Χριστος) όταν ελθη εκεινος, αναγγελει Anointed:) when may come he, he will relate Anointed:) when may come he, he will relate ήμιν παντα. 26 Λεγει αυτη ό Ιησους. Εγω ειμι, tous all. Says to her the Jesus: I δ λαλων σοι. 27 Και επι τουτφ ηλθον οί μαθηhe talking to thee. And on this came the disciται αυτου, και εθαυμαζου, ότι μετα γυναικος ples of him, and wondered, that with a woman ελαλει. Ουδεις μεντοι ειπε· Τι (ητεις; η, τι he talked. No one nevertheless said; What seekest thou; or, why λαλεις μετ' αυτης; 28 Αφηκεν ουν την ύδριαν talkest thou with her? Left therefore the bucket αύτης ή γυνη, και απηλθεν εις την πολιν, και of herself the woman, and went into the city, λεγει τοις ανθρωποις. 29 Δευτε, ιδετε ανθρωπον, says to the men: Come you, see ός ειπε μοι παντα όσα εποιησα· μητι ούτος who told me all what I did; not this εστιν δ Χριστος; 30 Εξηλθον εκ της πολεως, is the Anointed? They went out of the και ηρχοντο προς αυτον. and were coming to

<sup>31</sup> Εν δε τω ματαξυ ηρωτων αυτον οἱ μαθηται In and the meantime were asking him the disciples λεγουτες 'Ραββι, φαγε. 32 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτοις. Rabbi, eat. He but said to them; Έγω βρωσιν εχω φαγειν, ήν ύμεις ουκ οιδατε. have to eat, which you not know.  $^{33}$ Ελεγον ουν οἱ μαθηται προς αλληλους $^{\circ}$  Μη then the disciples to each other: Not τις ηνεγκεν αυτφ φαγειν; 34 Λεγει αυτοις δ any one brought to him food? Says to them the Inσous. Εμον βρωμα εστιν, ίνα ποιω το Jesus. is, My food that I may do the θελημα του πεμψαντος με, και τελειωσω αυτου will of the sending me, and may finish το εργον. 35 Ουχ ύμεις λεγετε, ότι ετι τετραthe work. Not you say, that yet four μηνος εστι, και ό θερισμος ερχεται; Ιδου, λεγω months it is, and the harvest comes? Lo, Isay ύμιν, επαρατε τους οφθαλμους ύμων, και θεαto you, list up ofyou, eyes and

23 But an Hour is coming, and now is, when the TRUE Worshippers will worship the FATHER In Spirit and Truth; for the FATHER even seeks SUCH LIKE as his Worshippers,

24 1 Gcd is Spirit; and THOSE WORSHIPPING him must worship in Spirit and

Truth."

25 The WOMAN says to him, "I know That Messiah is coming, (HE being CALLED Christ;) when he comes he will tell us all things."

26 Jesus says to her. t" I, who am TALKING to

thee, am he."
27 And upon this his DISCIPLES came, and won. dered That he was talking with a Woman; nevertheless no one said, "What dost thou seek?" or, "Why art thou talking with her?"

28 The WOMAN, therefore, left her PITCHER, and and went into the CITY. and says to the MEN,

29 Come, see a Man. who told me all things which I have done! Is this the Messiah?"

30 They went out of the CITY, and were coming to him.

31 And in the MEAN-TIME, his DISCIPLES entreating him, said, "Rabbi, eat."

32 But he said to them. "I have Food to eat, of which you know not."

33 Then the DISCIPLES said to each other, "Has any one brought him (food) to eat?"

34 Jesus says to them. t" My Food is to do the WILL of HIM who SENT me, and to finish His WORK.

35 Do nou not say, That it is yet four Months, and the HARVEST comes? Behold, I say to you, Lift up your EYES, and see the

σασθε τας χωρας, δτι λευκαι εισι προς θερισμον the fields, that white they are to harvest WOU 36 'Ο θεριζων μισθον λαμβανει, και συνα-He reaping a reward receives, and gathers γει καρπον εις ζωην αιωνιον. ένα και δ σπειρων life age-lasting; so that both he sowing for χαιρη, και δ θεριζων. 37 Εν γαρ τουτφ δ δμου In for to ether may rejoice, and he reaping. this the λογος εστιν δ αληθινος, δτι αλλος εστιν δ that in he is the true, one 38 Εγω απεσσπειρων, και αλλος δ θεριζων. sowing, and another he reaping. τειλα ύμας θεριζειν δ ουχ ύμεις κεκοπιακατε

you to reap what not you have labored : αλλοι κεκοπιακασι, και ύμεις εις τον κοπον labored, and you into the labor others 39 EK εισεληλυθατε. SE THE TOLEWS QUTWY Out of and the ofthem are entered. εκεινης πολλοι επιστευσαν εις αυτον των Σαμα-Sama-

that many believed into him of the Samaρειτων, δια τον λογον της γυναικος, μαρτυritans, through the word of the woman,
ρουσης. Ότι ειπε μοι παντα όσα εποιησα.
γίνης: That he told me all what I did.
40 \* ['Ως] ουν ηλθον προς αυτον οί Σαμαρειται,

(When therefore came to him the Samaritans. ηρωτων αυτον μειναι παρ' αυτοις και εμεινεν asking him to abide with them; and he abode  $\epsilon\kappa\epsilon\iota \ \delta vo \ \eta \mu\epsilon\rho\alpha s. \ ^{41} \ K\alpha\iota \ πολλφ \ πλειον <math>\epsilon\pi\iota\sigma\tau\epsilon v$ -there two days. And many more believed  $\sigma\alpha v \ \delta\iota\alpha \ \tau ov \ \lambda o\gamma ov \ \alpha u \tau ov. \ ^{42} \ T\eta \ \tau \epsilon \ \gamma u v a ικι$ 

To the and through the word of him. OTI δια την σην λαλιαν ελεγον. OUKETI no longer through the thy they said: That saying πιστευομεν αυτοι γαρ ακηκοαμεν, και οιδαμεν, ourselves for we have heard, and we know, we believe: ότι ούτος εστιν αληθως ὁ σωτηρ του κοσμου

the savior of the

world

truly

\*[ & Xpiortos.]

that this

43 Μετα δε τας δυο ήμερας εξηλθεν εκειθεν, After and the two days he went out thence, 44 AUTOS \*  $\left[\kappa \alpha i \ \alpha \pi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu\right] \epsilon is \tau \eta \nu \Gamma \alpha \lambda i \lambda \alpha i \alpha \nu$ . into the Himself [and went out] Galilee. γαρ Ιησους εμαρτυρησεν, ότι προφητης εν τη for Jesus testified, that a prophet in the 45 'Οτε ουν ηλθεν ιδια πατριδι τιμην ουκ εχει. country bonor not has. When therefore he came εις την Γαλιλαιαν, εδεξαντο αυτον οί Γαλιλαιοι, into the Galilee, received him the Galileans,

FIELDS; ‡ That they are already white for Harvest

36 ‡ The REAPER receives a Reward, and gathers Fruit for aicnion Life; so that the SOWER and the REAPER may rejoice together.

37 For in this is the SAYING TRUE; 'That one is the SOWER, and another is the REAPER.'

38 If sent you to reap that on which you have notlabored; otherslabored, and you have entered into their LABOR."

39 Now many of the SAMARITANS from that CITY believed into him, because of the word of the woman, testifying, "He told me all things which I have done."

40 \* Then came the SAMARITANS to him, and asked him to remain with them; and he remained there Two Days.

41 And many more believed on account of his word:

42 and said to the wo-MAN, "We no longer beheve because of \* THY Report; for we curselves have heard; and we know That this is truly the Savior of the WOLLD."

43 Now after the two Days, he went from thence into Galilee.†

44 For ‡ JESUS himself testified, That a Prophet has no Honor in his own Country.

45 When, therefore, he came into Galiler, the Galileans received him,

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-40. When-omit. 40. Then came the Samaritans to him, and asked him. 42. thy befort. 43. the anointed-omit. 43. and went-omit.

<sup>†48.</sup> Fearce thinks that some words have been lost from the end of this verse, which may be suprlied thus; "Went into Galilee, but not to Nazareth; for Jesus himself had declared," etc. In Matt. xii. 57; Mark vi. 4; and Lukeiv. 24, which are the only texts where Jesus is said to have declared this, he spoke of Nazareth only, and not Galilee in general, a country where he lived for the most part, and wrought the greatest number of his miracles, and made the most converts.—Clarke. There is a probability that something to this purpose has been very early omitted in transcribing. The casual conjunction gar, for, which introduces the next verse, shows that it contains the reason of what had immediately preceded.—Camp.

t 35. Matt. ix. 37; Luke x. 2.

<sup>1 36.</sup> Dan xii. 3.

παντα έωρακοτες ά εποιησεν εν Ίεροσολυμοις εν τη έορτη και αυτοι γαρ ηλθον εις την έορalso themselves for came to the feast. at the feast: 46 Ηλθεν ουν παλιν εις την Κονα της He came then again into Cana of the the Γαλιλαιας, όπου εποιησε το ύδωρ οινον. Kaı And where he made the water wine. ην τις βασιλικός, ού δ υίος ησθενει, εν Κα-was certain courtier, of whom the son was sick, in Caπερναουμ. 47 Ούτος ακουσας ότι Ιησους ήκει hearing This that Jesus was come vernaum. εκ της Ιουδαιας εις την Γαλιλαιαν, απηλθε Galilec, into the went προς αυτον, και ηρωτα αυτον, ίνα καταβη, and was asking him, that he would come down to him, και ιασηται αυτου τον υίον ημελλε γαρ αποto 48 Ειπεν ουν δ Ιησους προς αυτον:  $\theta \nu n \sigma \kappa \in \iota \nu$ . Said therefore the Jesus to him; Εαν μη σημεια και τερατα ιδητε, ου μη πιστευ-If not signs and prodigies you may see, not not you may 49 Λεγει προς αυτον δ βασιλικος Κυριε, Says to him the courtier: Osir, καταβηθι, πριν αποθανειν το παιδιον nov. come down, before to die the child of me. 60 Λεγει αυτφ ὁ Ιησους. Πορευου ὁ υίος σου Says to him the Jesus: Go: the son of thee \* [Και] επιστευσεν δ ανθρωπος τω λογω [And] believed the the word man lives. 51 Hδη φ ειπεν αυτφ Ιησους, και επορευετο. which said to him Jesus, and Already went. δε αυτου καταβαινοντος, οί δουλοι αυτου απηνand of him was going down, the slaves of him met τησαν αυτφ, \*[και απηγγειλαν,] λεγοντες. him, and reported, saying; 52 Επυθετο ουν \*[παρ' Ore & mais oov (n. That the child of thee lives. He inquired then of την ώραν, εν η κομψοτερον εσχε.
the hour, in which better he was. αυτων] Και ειπον αυτφ. 'Οτι χθες ώραν έβδομην αφη-And they said to him; That yesterday hour seventh κεν αυτον ό πυρετος. <sup>53</sup> Εγνω ουν ό πατηρ, Knew then the father, him the fever. ότι εν εκεινη τη ώρα, εν η ειπεν αυτώ b Inσους. Ότι δ υίος σου ζη. Και επιστευσαν That the son of thee lives. And he believed αυτος, και ή οικια αυτου όλη. 54 Τουτο παλιν himself, and the house of him all. This δευτερον σημειον εποιησεν ό Ιησους, ελθων a second sign did the Jesus, having come ont of της Ιουδαιας εις την Γαλιλαιαν. the Judea into the

t having seen All that he did in Jerusalem, at the FEAST, for thep also went to the FEAST.

46 \* Then he came again towards Cana of GALILEE, twhere he made WATER Wine. And there was a Certain Courtier, Whose son was sick in Capernaum.

47 The, having heard That Jesus was come out of JUDEA into GALILEE. went to him, and asked him, that he would come down and cure His son: for he was about to die.

48 JESUS, therefore, said to him, ‡"If you see not Signs and Prodigies, you will not believe."

49 The COURTIER says to him, "Sir, come down, before my CHILD die."

50 Jesus says to him, "Go, thy son lives." The MAN believed the WORD which JESUS said to him. and went.

51 And now as he was going down, his SERVANTS met him, saying, \*"Thy CHILD lives."

52 He then inquired \* that HOUR in which he grew better. \* And they said to him, "Yesterday, at the † seventh Hour, the FEVER left him."

53 The FATHER, therefore, knew That it was in That Hour in which Jesus said to him, "Thy son lives." And he believed and all his House.

54 \* This again, a Second Sign, did Jesus, having come out of JUDEA into GALILEE.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—46. Then he came again towards Cana. and reported—omit.

51. That his son lives.

52. Then said they to him

54. And this again. 50. And-omit. 52. of them-omit. 51. and reported-omit. 52. Then said they to him. 54. And this again is the Second Sign. 52. that HOUR.

<sup>†52.</sup> According to John's computation of time this would be seven o'clock in the evening. Macknightthinks the Roman hour is intended, i. e. seven in the evening; and this he thinks is the reason why our Lord did not accompany the courtier: for as Cana was a day's journey from Capernaum, had our Lord gone at that hour, he must have traveled in the wight, from which it might have been inferred, that he could not cure the child without being personally present. Harmony, vol. i. p. 52.

## KEΦ, $\epsilon'$ , 5.

1 Μετα ταυτα ην έορτη των Ιουδαιων, κα: After these things was a feast of the Jews, and ανεβη δ Ιησους εις Ίεροσολυμα. 2 Εστι δε εν went up the Jesus to Jerusalem. Is now in τοις Ίερυσολυμοις, επί τη προβατική, κολυμthe Jerusalem, by the sheep-gale, a swimming-βηθρα,  $\hat{\eta}$  επιλεγομενή Έβραιστι Βηθεσδα, πεντε bath, that being called in liebrew Bethesda, στοας εχουσα. 3 Εν ταυταις κατεκειτο πληθος In these porches having. were lying a multitude \*[πολυ] των ασθενουντων, τυφλων, χωλων, great] of those being sick, blind, laine, ξηρων \*[εκδεχομενων την του ύδατος κινησιν. the of the moving. withered Waiting water A Αγγελος γαρ κατα καιρου κατεβαινευ ευ τη Amessenger for at a season went down in the κολυμβηθρα, και εταρασσε το ύδωρ δουν πρωswimming-bath, and agitated the water; he then τος εμβας μετα την ταραχην του ύδατος, ύγιης stepping in after the agitation of the water, sound  $\epsilon \gamma \iota \nu \epsilon \tau \sigma$ ,  $\varphi$   $\delta \eta \pi \sigma \tau \epsilon$   $\kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon \iota \chi \epsilon \tau \sigma$   $\nu \sigma \sigma \eta \mu \alpha \tau \iota$ . who indeed was held by disease.] became, 5 Ην δε τις ανθρωπος εκει, τριακοντα και οκτω man there, thirty and Was and a certain  $\epsilon \tau \eta \quad \epsilon \chi \omega \nu \quad \epsilon \nu \quad \tau \eta \quad \alpha \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota \alpha$ . years being in the feeble health. 6 Τουτον ιδων δ This seeing the Ιησους κατακειμενον, και γνους ότι πολυν ηδη and knowing that long already lying, χρονον εχει, λεγει αυτώ. Θελεις ύγιης γενεσtime he had been, he says to him; Dost thou wish sound to beθαι; 7 Απεκριθη αυτφ δ απθενων. Κυριε, ανθρωhim he sick being; Our, come? Answered πον ουκ εχω, ίνα, όταν ταραχθη το ύδωρ, not I have, that, when may be agitated the water, € " ' w δ€ με εις την κολυμβηθραν. be may put me into the swimming-bath; in which but ερχουαι εγω, αλλος προ εμου καταβαινει. me i, another before goes down. am coming 8 Λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. Εγειραι, αρον τον κραβ-Says to him the Jesus: Rise, take up the 9 Και ευθεως εγεβατον σου, και περιπατει. And immediately beof thee, and walk. νετο ύγιης δ ανθρωπος, και ηρε τον κραββατον came sound the man, and took up the hed αύτου, και περιεπατει. Ην δε σαββατον εν of himself, and walked. It was and a sabbath 10 Ελεγον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι τω εκεινη τη ήμερα. Said then the to the day. Jews

τεθεραπευμένω. Σαββατον εστιν: ουκ εξεστι having been healed: not it is lawful A sabbath itis:

11 Απεκριθη αυτοις. αραι τον κραββατον. He answered for thee to carry the bed. them:

### CHAPTER V.

1 After these things there was ‡ a Feast of the JEWS; and \* Jesus went up to Jerusalem.

2 Now there is in JERU-SALEM I near the SHEEP-GATE, a Bath, which is CALLED in Hebrew, \* + Bethesda, having Five cov-

ered Walks. 3 In these were lying a Multitude of the sick,-Blind, Lame, Withered,-\* + [waiting the MOTION

of the WATER.

4 For a Messenger at times went down into the BATH, and agitated the WATER; the FIRST, therefore, stepping in after the AGITATION of the WATER, was cured of Whatever Disease he was held.

5 Now a certain Man was there, having been Thirty-eight Years in FEE-

BLE HEATH.

6 JESUS seeing him lying, and knowing That he had now been thus a Long Time, says to him. "Dost thou wish to become well?"

7 The SICK person answered him, "Sir, I have no Man, that, when the WATER is agitated, he may put me into the BATH; but while I am coming, another goes down before me."

8 Jesus says to him, t" Rise, take up thy couch, and walk."

9 And immediately the MAN became well, and took up his couch, and walked. Now That DAY was a Sabbath.

10 The JEWS, therefore, said to HIM who had been CURED, "It is a Sabbath; tit is not lawful for thee to carry the couch."

† 2. Bethesda, signifies the house of mercy. † 3, 4. This clause is without doubt the addition of some transcriber. Five of the most ancient MSS, either reject the whole or the principal part of the clause in brackets. Bloomfield says, "the whole narration savors of Jewish fancy." Meyer calls it a legendary addition. It is omitted by Mill and Tischendorf, and marked as spurious by Griesbach.

<sup>2.</sup> Bethsaida. · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. Jesus. 3. great-omit. 3, 4-omit.

'Ο ποιησας με ύγιη, εκεινος μοι είπεν. Αρον τον He having made me sound, he to me said; Take up the κοαββατον σου, και περιπατεί. 12 Ηρωτησαν κραββατον σου, και περιπατει. They asked walk. of thee, and bed \*[ουν] αυτον· Τις εστιν δ ανθρωπος, δ ειπων [then] him; Who is the man, he saying σοι. Αρον τον κραββατον σου, και περιπατει; to thee; Take up the bed of thee, and

13 O δε ιαθεις ουκ ηδει τις εστιν ό γαρ He buthaving been cured not knew who itis; the for Ιησους εξενευπεν, οχλου οντος εν τφ τοπφ. Jesus slipped out, a crowd being in the place.

14 Μετα ταυτα εύρισκει αυτον ὁ Ιησους εν τω him the Jesus After these finds ίερφ, και ειπεν αυτφ. Ιδε, ύγιης γεγονας μη-temple, and said to him; See, sound thou hast become: no κετι άμαρτανε, ίνα μη χειρον σοι τι γενηται. longer do thou sin, that no worse to thee anything may happen.

15  $A\pi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$   $\delta$   $a\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi\sigma s$ ,  $\kappa a\iota$   $a\nu\eta\gamma\gamma\epsilon\iota\lambda\epsilon$   $\tau o\iota s$ Wentaway the man, and told to the Ιουδαιοις, ότι Ιησους εστιν, ό ποιησας αυτον that Jesus Jews, that Jesus τιπ, 16 Και δια τουτο εδιωκου του Ιησουν οί ບົນເກ. And through this persecuted the Jesus sound. Ιουδαιοι, ότι ταυτα εποιει εν σαββατω.

Jews, because these he did in a sabbath. 'Ο πατηρ μου δε Ιησους απεκρινατο αυτοις. The father answered them: 18 Δια έως αρτι εργαζεται, καγω εργαζομαι. Through and 1 work. works, τουτο ουν μαλλον εζητουν αυτον οί Ιουδαιοι him the Jews. this therefore more Bought

ελυε το σαββααποκτειναι, ότι ου μονον because not only he was breaking the aabbath to kill, τον, αλλα και πατερα ιδιον ελεγε τον θεον,

also a father his own said the 19 Απεκρινατο ουν ισον έαυτον ποιων τω θεω. equal himself making to the God. Answered δ Ιησους και ειπει αυτοις Αμην αμην λεγω

and said to them : Indeed indeed ύμιν, ου δυναται ό υίος ποιειν αφ' έαυτου ουδεν, to you, not is able the son to do of himself nothing, is able the son to do to you, not

εαν μη τι βλεπη τον πατερα ποιουντα. ά it not anything he may see the father doing: what ear un Ti γαρ αν εκεινος ποιη, ταυτα και ό υίος δμοιως

he may do, these also the son in like manner for ever ποιει. 20 Ο γαρ πατηρ φιλει τον υίον, και πανtoves the and goo, The for father

τα δεικνυσιν αυτφ, ά αυτος ποιει· και μείζονα
shows to him, what he does: and greater

τουτων δειξει αυτφ εργα, ίνα ύμεις θαυμαζητε.
of these shows to him works, so that you may wonder.

21 Ωσπερ γαρ δ πατηρ εγειρει τοις νεκρους και raises up and makes al the dead ones for the father raises

17 \* But he answered them, "HE who MADE me well, he said to me, Take up thy соисн, and walk."
12 They asked him,

"Who is the MAN THAT SAID to thee, \*"Take up thy couch, and walk?"

13 But HE who had been CURED knew not who it was; for JESUS withdrew, a Crowd being in the

14 After these things. \*Jesus finds him in the TEMPLE, and said to him. "Behold, thou hast become well: Isin no more, lest something worse may happen to thee."

15 The MAN went away, and told the Jews That Jesus was HE who MADE

him well.

16 And on account of this the Jews persecuted JESUS, because he did These things on a Sabbath.

17 But \* HE answered and said, t" My father works till now, and E work."

18 For this, then, the JEWS I sought the more to kill him, because not only was he breaking the SAB-BATH, ! but he also said, that God was his own Father, making himself equal with God."

19 Then \* he answered and said, "Indeed, I assure you, The son can do nothing of himself, except what he may see the FA-THER doing, for whatever the does, these things also does the son in like manner.

20 For t the FATHEE loves the son, and show him All what he himse does; and Greater Works than these will he sh him, that nou may wond

21 For as the FATH and the DEAD, # so also

<sup>12.</sup> Then—omit. 12. Take up, and there is a large to the answered and said. 12. Take up, and, \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. But he. 17. HE answered and said, My FATHER. 14. Jesus.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Matt. xii, 45; John viii, 11. † 17. John ix 4; xiv. 10. † 18. John vii. 19 † 18. John xi. 30, 33, Phil. ii. 6. † 20. Matt. iii, 17; John iii. 35; 2 Pet. 1. 17. † 21. Lulse vii. 14, viii 84: John xi. 25, 66 4

(ωοποιει ούτω και δ υίος, ούς θελει, ζωοποιει. thus also the son, whom he will, makes alive : makes alive. 22 Ουδε γαρ ό πατηρ κρινει ουδενα αλλα την Not even for the father judges but any one; the 23 ίνα παντες κρισιν πασαν δεδωκε τω υίω. all has given to the son; '0 τιμωσι τον υίον, καθως τιμωσι τον πατερα. son, even as they honor the father, may honor the He μη τιμων τον υίον, ου τιμα τον πατερα, TOV ov. 24 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι not honoring the πεμψαντα αυτον. having sent him. Indeed indeed I say to you, that δ τον λογον μου ακουων, και πιστευων, he the word of me hearing, and believing, the πεμψαντι με εχει ζωην αιωνιον, και εις κρισιν having sent me has life age-lasting, and into judgment ουκ ερχεται, αλλα μεταβεβηκεν εκ του θαναout of the comes, but has passed 25 Αμην αμην λεγω δμιν, TOU ELS THY (WHY. Indeed indeed I say into the life. to you, ότι ερχεται ώρα, και νυν εστιν, ότε οἱ νεκροι coines an hour, and now when the dead ones 18, ακουσονται της φωνης του υίου του θεου και voice of the son of the God; shall hear the

and 26 'Ωσπερ γαρ δ παοί ακουσαντες ζησονται. those having heard will live. As for the faτηρ εχει ζωην εν έαυτφο ούτως εδωκε και τω in himself; life he gave also to the 27 Και εξουσιαν εδωυίφ ζωην εχειν εν έαυτφ. life to have in himself. And authority κεν αυτφ και κρισιν ποιειν, ότι υίος ανθρωπου gave to him also judgment to execute, because a son 28 Μη θαυμαζετε τουτο ότι ερχεταιώρα, EUTI. this: because comes anhour, Not wonder you εν 'η παντες οί εν τοις μνημειος ακουσανται in which all those in the tombs shall bear της φωνης αυτου, <sup>29</sup> και εκπορευσονται, οί τα voice of him, and shall come forth, those the αγαθα ποιηταντες, εις αναστασιν ζωης. good things having done, to a resurrection of life; those \*[δε] τα φαυλα πραξαντες, εις αναστασιν κρι-

[and] the evilthings having done, to a resurrection 30 Ου δυναμαι εγω ποιειν απ' σews. €μαυτου judgment. Not am able I to do of ουδεν. Καθως ακουω, κρινω, και ή κρισις ή Even as I hear, ljudge, and the judgment the nothing.  $\epsilon \mu \eta$  δικαια  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu^{\circ}$  ότι ου ζητω το  $\theta \epsilon \lambda \eta \mu \alpha$  το mine just is; that not I seek the will the mine just εμον, αλλα το θελημα του πεμψαντος με. mine. but the wall ofthe sending me. <sup>31</sup> Εαν εγω μαρτυρω περι εμαυτου, ή μαρτυρια

the testify concerning myself, testimony 32 Αλλος επτιν δ μου ουκ εστιν αληθης. μαρof me not is tme. Another 18 he testiτυρων περι εμου και οιδα, ότι αληθης εστιν lying concesning me; and I know, that 18

son makes alive Whom he pleases.

22 For the FATHER does not even judge any one, but ‡ has given all JUDG-MENT to the son:

23 so that all may honor the son, even as they honor the father. ‡ He who honors not the son honors not that father who sent him

24 Indeed, I truly say to you, HE who HEARS my WORD, and believes HIM who SENT me, has anonian Life, and comes not into Judgment, but has passed out of DEATH into LIFE.

25 Indeed, I assure you, That an Hour comes, and now is, when the DEAD will hear the VOICE of the SON of GOD, and THOSE HAVING HEARD will live.

26 For as the FATHER has Life in himself, so he gave also to the son to have Life in himself;

27 and he gave him Authority also to execute Judgment, Because he is a Son of Man.

28 Wonder not at this; Because an Hour comes in which ALL those in the TOMBS will hear his VOICE,

29 and will come forth; THOSE HAVING DONE GOOD things, to a Resurrection of Life; and THOSE HAVING DONE EVIL things, to a Resurrection of Judgment.

30 % am not able to do anything of myself; as I hear, I judge; and my JUDGMENTISJUST, Because I seek not \$\frac{1}{2}MY WILL, but the will of HIM SENDING me.

Sl Though H testify concerning myself, tis not my Testimony true?

32 There is ANOTHER who testifies concerning me; and I know That the

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 29. and-omit.

<sup>† 31.</sup> By translating this interrogatively, this passage is harmonized with John viii. 14.

33 'THEIS ή μαρτυρια, ήν μαρτυρει περι εμου. the testimony, which he testifies concerning me. You απεσταλκατε προς Ιωαννην, και μεμαρτυρηκε John, and he has testified 34 Εγω δε ου παρα ανθρωπου την τη αληθεια. but not from the to the truth. a man μαρτυριαν λαμβανω· αλλα ταυτα λεγω, ίνα but these things I say, ύμεις σωθητε. 35 Εκεινος ην ό λυχνος ό καιοyou may be saved. He was the lamp the μενος και φαινων ύμεις δε ηθελησατε αγαλλιyou and were willing to reand shining: ing αθηναι προς ώραν εν τω φωτι αυτου.
joice for an hour in the light of him. δε εχω την μαρτυριαν μειζω του Ιωαννου· τα testimony greater of the the but have the John: γαρ εργα, α εδωκε μοι ό πατηρ, ίνα τελειωσω works, which gave to me the father, that I might finish αυτα, αυτα τα εργα, ά εγω ποιω, μαρτυρει works, which I testifies them, these the do, περι εμου, ότι δ πατηρ με απεσταλκε. 37 Και concerning me, because the father me has sent. And δ πεμίνας με πατηρ αυτος μεμαρτυρηκε  $\pi \in \rho \iota$ he having sent me father himself has testified concerning Ουτε φωνην αυτου ακηκοατε πωποτε, €HOV. Neither avoice of him have you heard at any time, me. 38 Και τον λογον ουτε ειδος αυτου έωρακατε. And the nor form of him have you seen. word αυτου ουκ εχετε μενοντα εν δμιν· ότι δν απεσof him not you have abiding in you; because whom sent τειλεν εκεινος, τουτφ ύμεις ου πιστευέτε. he, vou not this 39 Ερευνατε τας γραφας, ότι ύμεις δοκειτε εν ou search the writings, because you think αυταις ζωην αιωνιον εχειν· και εκειναι εισιν αί life age-lasting to have : and they are those μαρτυρουσαι περι εμου· 40 και ου θελετε ελθειν and not you are willing to come testifying concerning me; 41 Δοξαν παρα ανθρωπρος με, iνα ζωην εχητε.
to me, so that life you may have. Glory from πων ου λαμβανω. 42 αλλ' εγνωκα ύμας, ότι την but I have known you, that the not I receive;  $^{43}$  E $\gamma\omega$ αγαπην του θεου ουκ εχετε εν έαυτοις. of the God not you have in yourselves. εληλυθα εν τφ ονοματι του πατρος μου, και ου name of the father of me, and not have come in the

λαμβανετε με εαν αλλος ελθη εν τφ ονοματι you receive ma: if another should come in the name 44 Πως δυνασθε τω ιδιώ, εκεινον ληψεσθε. How are abie you will receive. OWD, him

ύμεις πιστευσαι, δοξαν παρα αλληλων λαμβανονglory from one another receiving, you to believe,

τες, και την δοξαν την παρα του μονου θεου ου glory that from the God not only 45 Μη δοκειτε, ότι εγω κατηγορησω (NTELTE;

will accuse Not think you, that

TESTIMONY which he tes-

tifies of me is true. 33 Dou have sent to

John, and he has testified

to the TRUTH.

34 But I receive not TESTIMONY from a Man (only;) but These things I say, that nou may be saved.

35 The was the BURNING and shining LAMP; and nou were willing, for a Time, to rejoice in his

LIGHT.

36 But # have TESTIMO-NY greater than John's: for the WORKS which the FATHER gave me, that I might finish them, These WORKS which \* I do, testify concerning me, That the FATHER has sent Me.

37 And the FATHER who SENT me, he has testified concerning me; though you have not, at any time, either heard his Voice, or

seen his Form.)

38 And his WORD you have not remaining in you; Because pou believe not him whom he sent.

39 You search the SCRIP-TURES, Because rou think by them to obtain aionian Life; fand they are THOSE TESTIFYING of me;

40 and yet you are not willing to come to me that you may obtain Life.

41 I receive not Glory

from Men:

42 but I know you, That you have not the LOVE of God in yourselves.

43 I have come in the NAME of my FATHER, and you do not receive me; if another should come in his OWN NAME, him you will receive.

44 ! How can you believe, receiving Glory one from another; and THAT GLORY from the ONLY God you do not seek.

45 Do not think That I will accuse you to the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 36. I do.

<sup>44.</sup> the only one.

ύμων προέ τον πατερα· εστιν δ κατηγορων to the father: is he accusina () M ύμων, Μωσης, εις όν ύμεις ηλπικατε. Moses, into whom you have hoped. WOIL. γαρ επιστευετε Μωση, επιστευετε αν εμοι you believed Moses, you would believe for γαρ εμου εκεινος εγραψεν. 47 Ει δε τοις TEDL concerning for me he wrote. If but the «κεινου γραμμασιν ου πιστευετε, πως τοις εμοις writings not you believe, how the φημασι πιστευσετε. will you believe. words

### КЕФ. 5'. 6.

Mετα ταυτα απηλθεν δ Ιησους περαν της After these things went the Jesus over the θαλασσης της Γαλιλαιας, της Τιβεριαδος. that of Galilee, ofthe Tiberias.

\* Και ηκολουθει αυτφ οχλος πολυς, ότι έωρων

And was following him a crowd great, because they saw
τα σημεία, α εποιεί επί των ασθενουντων.
the signs, which he was doing on those being sick. ΔΑνηλθε δε εις το opos δ Ιησους, και εκει

and there and into the mountain the Jesus, Went 4 Hν δε εκαθητο μετα των μαθητων αύτου. disciples of himself. he was sitting with the Was and εγγυς το πασχα, ή έορτη των Ιουδαιων. 5 Επαnear the passover, the feast of the Lifted pas ουν δ Ιησους τους οφθαλμους, και θεασαμεeyes, up then the Jesus the and seeing νος ότι πολυς οχλος ερχεται προς αυτον, λεγει that great a crowd was coming to him,

προς τον Φιλιππον. Ποθεν αγορασομέν αρτους, to the Philip; Whence shall we buy loaves, Ινα φαγωσιν ούτοι; 6 (Τουτο δε ελεγε πειραζων that may eat these? (This but he said trying autou autos yap noei, the emean about to do.) <sup>7</sup> Απεκριθη αυτφ Φιλιππος· Διακοσιων δηναριων

Two hundred Answered him Philip; denarii αρτοι ουκ αρκουσιν αυτοις, ίνα έκαστος ofloaves not are enough for them, so that each

\*[αυτων] βραχυ τι λαβη. <sup>8</sup>Λεγει αυτφ είς εκ [of them] a little may take. Says to him one of των μαθητων αυτου, Ανδρεας, δ αδελφος Σιμωof him, Andrew, the brother · of Sidisciples νος Πετρου· 9 Εστι παιδαριον έν ώδε, δ εχει little boy Peter; Is one here, who has πεντε αρτους κριθινους, και δυο οψαρια αλλα barley, and two small fishes: but five loaves ταυτα τι εστιν εις τοσουτους ;  $^{10}$  Ειπε \*[ $\delta$ ε]  $\delta$ [and] the these what are for so many? Said Ιησους. Ποιησατε τους ανθρωπους αναπεσειν. Jesus: Make you the to recline. men Ην δε χορτος πολυς εν τφ τοπφ.

Was and grass much in the place. Reclined · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 45. HE Who ACCUSES you to the PATHER IS Moses, in whom. 5. Philip. 47. can you believe. 3. Jesus. 5. may we buy. 7. of them-omit.

10. and-omit. † 7. In value about thirty dollars, or about £6. 8s. sterling.

Ανεπεσον

FATHER. \* HE who AC CUSES you to the FATHEB is Moses, in whom you have hoped.

46 For if you believed Moses you would believe me, I for he wrote about

me.

47 But if you do not believe HIS Writings, how \* can you believe MY Words?"

### CHAPTER VI.

1 # After these things JESUS Went across THAT LAKE of GALILEE, the TI-BERIAS.

2 And a great Crowd were following him, Because they saw the SIGNS which he was performing

on the sick.

3 And \* Jesus went up into the MOUNTAIN, and was sitting there with his DISCIPLES.

4 And the PASSOVER, the FEAST of the JEWS, was

- 5 Then JESUS, lifting up his EYES, and seeing that a great Crowd was coming to him, says to \* Philip, "Whence \* may we buy Loaves that these may eat."
- 6 (But this he said, trying him; for he knew what he was about to do.)
- 7 Philip answered him, "Loaves costing + Two Hundred Denami are not enough for them, that each may take a little."

8 One of his DISCIPLES, Andrew, the BROTHER of Simon Peter, says to him,

9 "Here is a Little boy, who has Five barley Loaves and Two Small fishes: but what are these for so many?"

10 JESUS said, "Make the MEN recline." And there was much Grass in the PLACE. The men.

<sup>2 46.</sup> Gen. iii. 15, xii 3. xviii, 18; xxii. 18; xlix. 10; Deut. xviii. 15, 18; John i. 45; Acta vi. 22. 11. Matt. xiv. 15; Mark vi. 35; Luke ix. 10, 12.

εί ανδρες τον αριθμον ώσει πεντακιχιλιοι. therefore the men the number about five thousand.

11 Ελαβε δε τους αρτους ὁ Ιησους, και ευχαρισ-Took and the loaves the Jesus, and having given τησας διεδωκε \* [τοις μαθηταις, οί δε μαθηται] tranks distributed [to the disciples, the and disciples] thanks distributed τοις ανακειμενοις όμοιως και εκ των οψαριων to those reclining; in like manner also of the fishes  $\delta \sigma = \eta \theta = 12 \Omega$   $\delta = \eta = 12 \Omega$ what they wished. When and they were filled, he says to the μαθηταις αύτου. Συναγαγετε τα περισσευσαντα disciples of himself: Collect the remaining

13 Συνηγαγον κλασματα, ίνα μη τι αποληται. fragments, so that not any may be lost. They collected και εγεμισαν δωδεκα κοφινους κλασματων therefore, and filled twelve baskets of fragments εκ των πεντε αρτων των κριθινων, α επερισbarley, which remained out of the loaves of the five 14 Οί ουν ανθρωποι σευσε τοις βεβρωκοσιν. to those having eaten. The therefore men

ιδοντες ό εποιησε σημειον ό Ιησους, ελεγον seeing what did asign the Jesus, maid: 'Οτι ούτος εστιν αληθως δ προφητης, δ ερχοis truly the prophet,

HEVOS ELS TOV KOTHOV.

ing into the world.

15 Ιησους ουν γνους ότι μελλουσιν ερχεσθαι, και αρπαζειν αυτον, ίνα ποιησωσιν αυτον βασιand to seize him, that they might make him, λεα, ανεχωρησε παλιν εις το ορος αυτος again into the mountain himself 16 'Ως δε οψια εγενετο, κατεβησαν οί HOVOS. alone. As and evening it became, went down the 17 Και εμβανμαθηται αυτου επι την θαλασσαν. disciples of him on the sea. And stepping τες εις το πλοιον, ηρχοντο περαν της θαλασσης into the ship, they were going over the

εις Καπερναουμ. Και σκοτια ηδε EYEYOVEL. now it had become, Capernaum. And dark και ουκ εληλυθει προς αυτους ὁ Ιησους. and not had come to them the Jesus. τε θαλασσα, ανεμου μεγαλου πνεοντος διηγειa wind blowing was becoming great 19 Εληλακότες ουν ώς στραδιούς εικοσι-DETO. agitated. Having driven therefore about furlongs twentyτριακοντα, θεωρουσι τον  $\pi \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon$ η Ιησουν or thirty, they see the Jesus περιπατουντα επι της θαλασης, και εγγυς του walking on the sea, and Bear the 20 °O δ€ πλοιου γινομενον και εφοβηθησαν. He but was coming; and they were afraid.

λεγει αυτοις. Εγω ειμι, μη φοβεισθε.  $^{21}$  H $\theta\epsilon$ says to them; I am, not fear you. They were λον ουν

willing therefore to receive him into the ship; therefore, reclined, in NUM-BER about five thousand.

11 \* Then JESUS took the LOAVES, and having given thanks, he distributed to THOSE RECLIN-ING; in like manner also of the FISHES, as much as they wished.

12 And when they were filled, he says to the DISCI-PLES, "Collect the RE-MAINING FRAGMENTS, 80 that nothing may be lost."

13 Then they collected, and filled Twelve Baskets with Fragments, from the FIVE BARLEY Loaves, which remained to THOSE who had EATEN.

14 The MEN, therefore, seeing the \*Sign that JEsus did, said, "This is tro!" THAT PROPHET COMINA into the WORLD.

15 Then Jesus seeing That they were about to come and seize him, that they might make him a King, retired again into the MOUNTAIN, himself alone.

16 I And as it became Evening, his disciples went down to the LAKE.

17 and having entered the BOAT, were crossing the LAKE to Capernaum. And it had already become dark, and JESUS had not vet come to them.

18 And the LAKE was becoming agitated by a great Wind blowing.

- 19 Having, therefore, driven about twenty-five or thirty Furlongs, they see JESUS walking on the LAKE, and approaching the BOAT; and they were afraid.
- 20 But HE says to them, "It is I; be not afraid."
- 21 They were willing, λαβείν αυτον είς το πλοίον και therefore, to receive him and into the BOAT. And im-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. Then JESUS. PLES .- omit. 14. Signs. 17. yet come.

<sup>11.</sup> to the DISCIPLES, and the DISCI-

<sup>14.</sup> Gen. xlix. 10; Deut. xviii. 15, 18; Matt. xl. 3; John i. 21; iv. 19, 25 vii. 40 i 6 Matt xiv. 23; Mark vi. 47.

Eu $\theta$ e $\omega$ s το πλοιον εγενετο επί της γης, εις ήν immediately the ship was at the land, to which  $\hat{\nu}\pi\eta\gamma o\nu$ .

they were going.

 $^{22}$  Τη επαυριον δοχλος, δ εστηκως περαν της The next day the crowd, that standing over the θαλασσης, ιδων, ότι πλοιαριον αλλο ουκ ην sea, seeing, that boat other not was

εκει, ει μη έν, και ότι ου συνεισηλθε τοις there, if not one, and that not went with the μαθηταις αύτου δ Ιησους εις το πλοιον, αλλα disciples of himselfthe Jesus into the boat, but μονοι οί μαθηται αυτου απηλθον. 23 (αλλα δε (other but alone the disciples of him went away; ηλθε πλοιαρια εκ Τιβεριαδος εγγυς του τοπου, came boats from Tiberias near the όπου εφαγον τον αρτον, ευχαριστησαντος του where they are the bread, having given thanks the κυριου·)  $^{24}$  ότε ουν ειδεν δ οχλος, ότι Ιησους when therefore saw the crowd, that ουκ εστιν εκει, ουδε οί μαθηται αυτου, ενεβησαν is there, nor the disciples of him, they entered αυτοι εις τα πλοια, και ηλθον εις Καπερναουμ, themselves into the boats, and came to Capernaum, (ητουντες τον Ιησουν, 25 Και εύροντες αυτον finding the And Jesus.

περαν της θαλασσης, ειπον αυτφ ' 'Paββι, ποτε beyond the ses, they said to him; Rabbi, when  $\dot{\omega}$ δε γεγονας;  $^{26}$  Απεκριθη αυτοις δ Ιησους και here didst thou come? Answered them the Jesus ειπεν Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν Ζητειτε με, ουχ said; Indeed indeed I say to you: You seek me,  $\delta \tau \iota \quad \epsilon \iota \delta \epsilon \tau \epsilon \quad \sigma \eta \mu \epsilon \iota \alpha, \quad \alpha \lambda \lambda^{\circ} \quad \delta \tau \iota \quad \epsilon \phi \alpha \gamma \epsilon \tau \epsilon \quad \epsilon \kappa \quad \tau \omega \nu$ because you saw signs, but because you ate of the because you saw signs, αρτων, και εχορτασθητε. 27 Εργαζεσθε μη την Work you not the and were filled. βρωσιν την απολλυμενην, αλλα την βρωσιν την perishing, food that but the food μενουσαν εις ζωην αιωνιον, ήν δ υίος του ανθρωabiding into life age-lasting, which the son of the

σεν δ θεος. <sup>25</sup>Ειπον ουν προς αυτον Τι the God. Said therefore to him: What ποιωμεν, ίνα εργαζωμεθα τα εργα του θεου; shall we do, that we may work the works of the God? <sup>29</sup> Απεκριθη δ Ιησους και ειπεν αυτοις Τουτο Answered the Jesus and said to them: This

Answered the Jesus and said to them: This εστι το εργον του θεου, ίνα πιστευσητε εις όν is the work of the God, that you may believe into whom απεστειλεν εκεινος.

30 Ειπον ουν αυτώ: Τε They said therefore to him; What ουν ποιεις συ σημειον, ίνα ιδωμεν και πιστευ-

then doest thou sign, that we may see and we may be σωμεν σοι; τι εργαίη; 31 Οί πατερες ήμων το teve thee? whatdoat thouwork? The fathers of us the μαννα εφαγον εν τη ερημφ, καθως εστιγεγραμmanna ate in the desert, as it is having been

mediately the BOAT was at the LAND to which they were going.

were going.

22 On the NEXT IAY,
THAT PROWD STANDING
by the side of the LAKE,
seeing That there was no
other Boat there, except
one, and That Jesus went
notwith his DISCIPLES into
the BOAT, but his DISCIPLES went away alone:

28 (but Other Boats came from Tiberias near the PLACE where they ate the BREAD, when the LORD had given thanks;—)

24 when, therefore, the CROWD saw That Jesus was not there, nor his DISCIPLES, then entered the BOATS, and came to Capernanum, seeking Jesus.

25 And finding him beyond the LAKE, they said to him, "Rabbi, when didst thou arrive here?"

26 Jesus answered them and said, "Indeed, truly I say to you, You do not seek me Because you saw the Signs, but Because you ate of the LOAVES, and were satisfied.

27 Labor not for that food which perishes, but for that food which abides to aionian Life, which the son of man will give you; ‡ for him, the father, God, has sealed."

28 They said to him, therefore, "What shall we do, that we may perform the works of God?"

29 Jesus answered and said to them, ‡"This is the work of God, that you should believe into him whom he sent."

30 They said to him, therefore, ‡ "What Sign, dost thou perform, that we may see and believe thee? What dost thou work?

he fathers of us the καθως εστιγεγραμit is having been as it has been written,

<sup>† 27.</sup> Matt. ii. 17; xvii. 5; Marki. 11; ix. 7; Luke iii. 22; ix. 35; John i. 33; v. 37; viii. 18; Acts ii. 22; 2 Pet i. 17.

1 \*\*10 \*\*10 \*\*10

μενον "Αρτον εκ του ουρανου εδωκεν αυτοις " Bread from the heaven them gave φαγειν." 32 Ειπεν ουν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Αμην to eat." Said therefore to them the Jesus; Indeed αμην λεγω ύμω, ου Μωσης δεδωκεν ύμιν τον indeed I say to you, not Moses has given to you the αλλ' μου αρτον εκ του ουρανου. δ πατηρ the father but of me from the heaven; διδωσιν ύμιν τον αρτον εκ του ουρανου τον to you the bread from the heaven 33 °O γαρ αρτος του θεου εστιν δ
The for bread of the God is he  $\alpha\lambda\eta\theta$ ινον. he καταβαινων εκ του ουρανου, και ζωην διδους coming down from the heaven, and life is giving 34 Ειπον ουν προς αυτον· Κυριε, τω κοσμφ. to the world. They said then to him: O sir. 35 E1π€ παντοτε δος ήμιν τον αρτον τουτον.

always give to us the bread this. \*[δε] αυτοις ό Ιησους. Εγω ειμι ό αρτος της to them the Jesus: I am the bread of the [but] Comps. δ ερχομενος προς με, ου μη πειναση. life: he coming to me, not not may hunger:

και δ πιστευων εις εμε, ου μη διψηση πωποτε.

and he believing into me, not not may thirst

36 Αλλ' ειπον ύμιν, ότι και έωρακατε με, και ου But Isaid to you, that even you have seen we, and not πιστευετε. <sup>37</sup> Παν ό διδωσι μοι ό πατηρ, προς you believe. All what gives to me the father, εμε ήξει· και τον ερχομενον προς με, ου μη me wulcome and the coming to me, not not εκβαλω εξω· 35 ότι καταβεβηκα εκ του ουρα-I will cast out; because I have come down from the νου, ουχ ίνα ποιω το θελημα το εμον, αλλα ven, not that I may do the will the mine, 39 Τουτο δε εστι το θελημα του πεμψαντος με. This and is will of the having sent me, το θελημα του πεμψαντος με, ίνα παν me, that every one which will of the having sent δεδωκε μοι, μη απολεσω εξ αυτου, αλλα ανασhe has given to me, not I may lose out of it, but raise 40 Τουτο γαρ τησω αυτο εν τη εσχατη ήμερα. it in the This for last day εστι το θελημα του πεμψαντος με, ίνα πας ό will o the having sent me, that all who θεωρων τον υίον, και πιστευων εις αυτον,  $\epsilon \chi \eta$ and believing hım, may have the son, into ζωην αιωνιον και αναστησω αυτον εγω τη hre age-lasting; and will raise up him I in the εσχατη ήμερα.

la t QLY. 41 Εγογγυξον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι περ. αυτου, ότι Were murmuring then the about him, because Jews ειπεν Εγω ειμι δαρτος δ καταβας EK TOU OUhe smo; I am the bread that having com, down from the heaρανου· 42 και ελεγον· Ουχ ούτος εστιν Ιησους δ and they said; Not this is Jesus the Ven;

t 'He gave them Bread from HEAVEN to eat."

32 Jesus then said to them, "Indeed, I assure you, Moses did not give you the BREAD from HEAVEN; but my FATHER gives you the TRUE BREAD from HEAVEN."

33 For the BREAD of GOD is THAT which DESCENDS from HEAVEN, and is giving Life to the WORLD."

34 They, therefore, said to him, "Sir, always give us this BREAD."

35 JESUS said to them,
"If am the BREAD of LIFE.

The who comes to me
will by no means hunger;
and he who believes into
me will never thirst.

36 But I said to you, That you have even see me, and yet you do not be-

lieve.

37 Whatever the FATHER gives me will come to me; and HIM, who COMES to me, I will by no means reject;

38 because I have descended from heaven, too that I may do my will, but the will of him who sent me.

39 And this is the WILL of HIM who SENT me, that I may lose nothing of all that he has given me, but may raise it up at the last Day.

46 For this is the WILL of HIM who SENT me, that EVERY ONE SEEING the SON, 2 and BELIEVING into him, may have atonian Life; and # will raise him up at the LAST Day."

41 Then the Jews murmured about him, Because he said, "I am THAT BREAD which DESCENDED from HEAVEN."

42 And they said, ‡"ls not this Jesus, the son of

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 35. but-omil.

υίος Ιωσηφ, ού ήμεις οιδαμέν τον πατέρα και son of Joseph, of whom we know the father and την μητερα; Πως ουν λεγει ούτος 'Οτι εκ the mother? How then he says this; the mother? How then he age this; That from του ουρανου καταβεβηκα; 43 Απεκριθη δ Ιησους the heaven I have come down? Απεψετές the Jesus και ειπεν αυτοις. Μη γογγυζετε μετ' αλληλων. and said to them: Not murmuryou with one another. 44 Ουδεις δυναται ελθειν προς με, εαν μη δ

No one is able to come to me, if not the πατηρ, δ πεμψας με, έλκυση αυτον, και εγω father, that having sent me, may draw him, and αναστησω αυτον εν τη εσχατη ήμερα. 45 Εστι will raise up him in the last day. It is γεγραμμενον εν τοις προφηταις. " Και εσονται representation of the prophets: "And they shall be παντες διδακτοι θεου." Πας δ ακουσας παρα

taught of God." Every one who having heard from

Tou murpos kai  $\mu\alpha\theta\omega\nu$ ,  $\epsilon\rho\chi\epsilon\tau$ ai  $\pi\rho\sigma$ s  $\mu\epsilon$ . <sup>46</sup> Oux the father and having learned.comes to me. Not our tou mare  $\rho\alpha$  tis  $\epsilon\omega\rho\alpha\kappa\epsilon\nu$ ,  $\epsilon$ i  $\mu\eta$   $\delta$   $\omega\nu$   $\pi\alpha\rho\alpha$  that the father any one has seen, if not he being from του θεου ούτος έωρακε τον πατερα. 47 Αμην the God: this has seen the father. αμην λεγω ὑμιν, ὁ πιστευων \* [εις εμε,] εχει [adeed I say to you, he believing [into me,] has indeed I say to you, he believing [into me.] has ζωην αιωνίον. <sup>43</sup> Εγω ειμι δ αρτος της ζωης. life age-lasting. 1 am the bread of the life. 49 Οί πατερες ύμων εφαγον το μαννα εν τη ερη-

The fathers of you are the manna in the deart,  $\mu \phi$ ,  $\kappa a = \alpha \pi \epsilon \theta a \nu o \nu$  50 où  $\tau o s = \epsilon \sigma \tau i \nu \delta a \rho \tau o s$ ,  $\delta \in \kappa$ this 18 the bread, that from died; rou ουρανου καταβαινων, ίνα τις εξ αυτου and the heaven coming down, so that any one of it φαγη, και μη αποθανη. <sup>51</sup> Εγω ειμι δ αρτος δ may eat, and not may die. I am the bread that am the bread that (ων, δ εκ του ουρανου καταβας καν τις φαγη hving that from the heaven having come down: if any one may eat εκτουτου του αρτου, ζησεται εις τον αιωνα. Και of this the bread he shall live into the age. And  $\delta$  apros  $\delta \epsilon$ , \* $\left[\delta \nu \epsilon \gamma \omega \delta \omega \sigma \omega,\right]$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\sigma \alpha \rho \xi$   $\mu o \nu \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ , the bread also, [which I will give, I the flesh of me  $\omega$ ,  $\dot{\eta} \nu \epsilon \gamma \omega \delta \omega \sigma \omega$   $\dot{\nu} \pi \epsilon \rho$   $\tau \eta s$   $\tau o \nu$   $\kappa o \sigma \mu o \nu$   $\delta \omega \sigma s$ . which I wil give in behalf of the of the world 82 Εμαχοντο ουν προς αλληλους οί Ιουδαιοι,

Were contending therefore with one another the Jews, λεγοντες  $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$ to eat? Said then to them the Janus; Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, εαν μη φαγητε την Indeed indeed lany to you, if not you may eat the σαρκα του γίου του ανθρωπου, και πιητε αυτου fiesh of the son of the man, and you may drink of him MAN, and drink His BLOOD. το αίμα, ουκ εχετε ζωην εν έαυτοις. 54 O vou have no Life in vourlife in yourselves. He selves. the blood, not you have

Joseph, Whose FATHER and MOTHER toe know? How, \*then, does he say, I have come down from HEAVEN ?"

43 Jesus answered and said to them, "Murmur not one with another.

44 No one can come to me, unless THAT FATHER who sent me draw him: and I will raise him up at the LAST Day.

45 ‡ It has been written in the PROPHETS, 'And they shall all be taught of 'God.' Every one HAVING HEARD and having learned of the FATHER, comes to me.

46 Not that any one has seen the FATHER, ‡ except HK who is from \*God; he has seen the FATHER.

47 Indeed, I assure vou. THE BELIEVING into me has aionian Life.

48 If am the BREAD of LIFE.

49 Your FATHERS ate the MANNA in the DESERT. and died.

50 This is THAT BREAD DESCENDING from HEA-VEN, so that any one may eat of it, and not die.

51 # am THAT LIVING BREAD who I HAS DE-SCENDED from HEAVEN.
If any one eat of This
BREAD, he shall live to the AGE; and the BREAD is no FLESH, which I will give in behalf of the LIFE of the WORLD."

52 The JEWS, therefore, twere contending with each other, saying, "How can he give us his FLESH to eat?"

53 Then JESUS said to them, "Indeed, I assure you, tif you do not eat the FIFSH of the son of

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42, now then. 51. that I will give omit.

<sup>46.</sup> God.

<sup>47.</sup> into me-omit

<sup>7 45.</sup> Isa, liv. 13: Jer, xxxi. 34; Micah iv. 2; Heb, viii. 10; x. 16. 46. John i. 13; v. 87. John iii. 16. 18, 86. 7 51. John iii. 12. 7 52. John vii. 43; ix. 16; x. 10. 58. Gal. 11. 20.

τρωγων μου την σαρκα, και πινων μου το αίμα, of me the flesh, and druking of me the blood, eating εχει ζωην αιωνιον· και εγω αναστησω αυτον τη has life age-lasting; and I will raise up him in the εσχατη ήμερα.  $^{55}$  Ή γαρ σαρξ μου αληθως day. The for flesh of me last truly εστι βρωσις, και το αίμα μου αληθως εστι and the blood of me truly 56 'Ο τραγων μου την σαρκα, και πινων moous. He eating of me the flesh, and drinking drink. μου το αίμα, εν εμοι μενει, καγω εν αυτφ. of me the blood, in me abides, and I in 57 Καθως απεστειλε με δ ζων πατηρ, καγω ζω me the living father, sent and I live δια τον πατερα. και δ τρωγων με, κακεινος also he eating me, even he 58 Ο 5τος εστιν δαρτος, δ εκ through the father; ζησεται δι' εμε. This is the bread, that from shall live through me. του ουρανου καταβας ου καθως εφαγον οί the heaven having come down; not ate the 88 πατερες ύμων, και απεθανον δ τρωγων τουτον died; he eating fathers of you, and this 59 Ταυτα τον αρτον, ζησεται εις τον αιωνα. shall live into the These things the bread, age. ειπεν εν συνανωγη διδασκων εν Καπερναουμ. in a synagogue teaching in Capernaum. ει Πολλοι ουν ακουσαντες εκ των μαθητων Many therefore having heard of the disciples αυτου, ειπον Σηληρος εστιν ούτος δ λογος. of him, said; Hard is this the saying; τις δυναται αιτου ακουειν; 61 Ειδως δε δ Ιησους who is able it to hear? Knowing but the Jesus εν έαντω, ότι γογγυζουσι περι τουτου οί μαθηin himself, that were murmuring about this the disciται αύτου, ειπεν αυτοις. Τουτο ύμας σκανδαλιples of himself, he said to them; This you (ει; 62 Εαν ουν θεωρητε τον υίον του ανθρωπου If then you should see the son of the 63 To αναβαινοντα, όπου ην το προτερον; ascending, where he was the first? The

πνευμα εστι το ζωρπο ουν ή σαρξ ούκ ωφελει is that making alive; the flesh profits spirit not Τα ρηματα, ά εγω λαλω ύμιν, πνευμα ουδεν. The words, which I speak to you, spirit  $\epsilon$ στι και ζωη  $\epsilon$ στιν.  $^{64}$  Αλλ'  $\epsilon$ ισιν  $\epsilon$ ξ  $\dot{\nu}$ μων is and life is. But are of wor τινες, οί ου πιστευουσιν ηδει γαρ εξ αρχης δ some, who not believe; knew for from beginning the Ιησους, τινες εισιν οί μη πιστευοντες, και τις some are who not believing, and who εστιν δ παραδωσων αυτον. 65 Και ελεγε. Δια is he about betraying him. And he said; Through τουτο ειρηκα ύμιν ότι ουδεις δυναται ελθειν this I have said to you that no one is able to come προς με, εαν μη 'η δεδομενον αυτώ εκ του if not may behaving been given to him from the 66 Εκ τουτου πολλοι απηλθον των πατρος μου. father of me. From this many went the

54 HE Who EATS Me FLESH, and drinks My BLOOD, has aionian Life, and # will raise him up at the LAST Day.

55 Formy FLESH is \* the True Food, and my BLOOD is \* the True Drink.

56 HE Who EATS MY FLESH, and DRINKS My BLOOD, t abides in me, and Hin him.

57 As the LIVING Father sent me, and E live through the FATHER; SO HE Who EATS me, even be shall live through me.

58 This is THAT BREAD which HAS DESCENDED from \* Heaven. Not as \* the FATHERS ate, and died; he who EATS This BREAD shall live to the AGE."

59 These things he said, teaching in a Synagogue, in

Capernaum.

60 ‡ Many, therefore, of his DISCIPLES, hearing, said, "Hard is This say-ING; who can hear it?"
61 But Jesus, knowing

in himself, That his DISCI-PLES were murmuring about This, he said to them. 'Does this offend You?"

62 1 What then, if you should see the son of MAN ascending where he was BEFORE?

63 ‡ The SPIRIT is THAT which MAKES ALIVE; the FLESH profits nothing; the WORDS which I \* have spoken to you are Spirit and are Life.

64 But there are some of you who do not believe." For # Jesus knew from the Beginning who those were that did not BELIEVE, and WHO he was that was about to BETRAY him.

65 And he said, "Because of this I have said to you, That no one can come to me, unless it may be given him from the \* FATHER."

66 From this time many

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 55. the True Food. 58. the FATHERS. 63. have spoken to.

<sup>58.</sup> Heaven. 55. the True Drink.

<sup>156.</sup> l John iii. 24; iv. 15, 16. 160. Matt. xi. 6. 102. John iii. 13; M. Acts i. 9; Eph. iv. 8. 164. John ii. 24; zi; xiii. ll-1 02. John iii. 13; Mark xvi 19; Acts 1. 9; Eph. iv. 8.

aυτου εις τα οπισω· και ουκετι μετ' of him into the things behind; and no longer with μαθητων αυτου εις disciples 67 Ειπεν ουν δ Ιησους τοις αυτου περιεπατουν. Said therefore the Jesus to the were walking. δωδεκα. Μη και ύμεις θελετε ύπαγειν; 68 Απεκ-Not and you wish to go? ριθη αυτω Σιμων Πετρος Κυριε, προς τινα απε-69 Kal λευσομεθα; δηματα ζωης αιωνιου εχεις. wegor words of life age-lasting thou hast; and ήμεις πεπιστευκαμεν και εγνωκαμεν, ότι συ ει we have believed and have known, that thou art δ άγιος του θεου. 70 Απεκριθη αυτοις δ Ιησους. the holy one of the God. Answered them the Jesus; Ουκ εγω ύμας τους δωδεκα εξελεξαμην; και εξ Our εγω υμας τους twelve choose? Not I you the twelve  $7^1$  Ελεγε δε τον Ιουύμων είς διαβολος εστιν. He spoke now the you one an accuser δαν Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτην ούτος γαρ ημελλεν for das of Simon Iscariot; this αυτον παραδιδοναι, είς ων εκ των δωδεκα. to deliver up, one being of the

# KED. ('. 7.

1 Και περιεπατει δ Ιησους μετα ταυτα εν τη And was walking the Jesus after these things in the Γαλιλαια ου γαρ ηθελεν εν τη Ιουδαια περιπαGalilee; not for he wished in the Judea to walk, τειν, ότι ε(ητουν αυτον οί Ιουδαιοι αποκτειναι. because were seeking him the Jews <sup>2</sup> Ην δε εγγυς ή έορτη των Ιουδαιων, ή σκηνοπ-Was and near the feast the Jews, the feast of ta-ηγια. <sup>3</sup> Ειπον ουν προς αυτον οι αδελφοι Said therefore to him the brothers αυτου Μεταβηθι εντευθεν, και ύπαγε εις την Depart hence, and go into the Ιουδαιαν, ίνα και οί μαθηται σου θεωρησωσι τα Judea, so that also the disciples of thee may see εργα σου, ά ποιεις. 4 Ουδεις γαρ εν κρυπτω works of thee, which thou doest. No one for in secret τι ποιει, και ζητει αυτος εν παρβησια ειναι. anything does, and he seeks himself in puole Ει ταυτα ποιεις, φανεροσων σεαυτον τφ κοσμφ.

If these things thou doest, manifest to self to the world. 5 Ουδε γαρ οί αδελφοι αυτου επιστευον εις αυτον. Not even for the brother of him believed into him.  $6\Lambda \in \gamma \in i$  our autois  $\delta$  Invovs  $\circ$  Kaipos  $\delta$   $\epsilon \mu os$ Says then to them the Jesus; The season the mine

of his DISCIPLES withdrew. and walked no longer with

67 JESUS, therefore, said to the TWELVE, "Do gou also wish to go away?"

68 Simon Peter answered him, "Master, to whom shall we go? Thou hast the t Words of aioman Life:

69 and we have believed and known, I That thou art the HOLY one of GOD."

70 Jesus answered them. "Did E not choose you, the TWELVE, and of you one is an Accuser?"

71 Now he spoke of Judas, the son of Simon Iscariot: for he, being one of the TWELVE, was about to betray him.

#### CHAPTER VIL

1 And after these things \* Jesus walked about in GALILEE; for he did not wish to walk in JUDEA, Because the JEWS were seeking to kill him.

2 # And the FEAST of the Jews was near,-the TEAST OF TABERNACLES.

3 His BROTHERS, therefore, said to him, "Remove hence, and go into JUDEA, so that thy DISCIPLES also may see thy works which thou doest.

4 For no one does Anything in secret, and \* seeks himself to be in public. If thou doest The e things, manifest thyself to the WORLD."

5 (For ‡ not even his BROTHERS believed into him.)

6 JESUS then said to them, " MR TIME is not

169. Matt xvi. 16; Mark viii. 29; Luke lx. 20; John i. 49; xi. 27. 11. John v. 13, 18. † 2. Lev. xxiii. 34. † 3. Mark iii. 21. 1 68. Acts v. 20. 1 70. Luke vi. 13. Mark iii. 31; Acts i. 14.

<sup>4.</sup> seeks that the same be known. · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-1. Jesus.

<sup>† 2.</sup> The Feast of Tabernacles continued for a week, and was to commemorate the dwelling of the Israelites in tents. It is sometimes called the feast of ingetherings. Ex. xxiii. 16, and xxxiv. 22. The following are the principal ceremonies. (f.) During the entire week of its continuance, the people dwelt in booths or tents, erected in the fields or streets, or on the flat, terrace-like rools of their houses. (2.) Extraordinary offerings were made. See Num. xxix. (3.) During the feast, branches of palm, of ive, citron, myrfe, and willow, were carried in the hands, singing "Hosanna," that is, Save now; or, Save, I beseech thee. Psa. cxviii, 25. It was meant as a prayer for the coming of the Messiah. Thus was Jesus conducted into Jerusalem, by the multitude, who be leved him to be the promised Savior. (4.) The libation of water upon and around the a tar, which was an emblem of the effusion of the Holy Sprit. To this Christ alluded, when, in the last day of the feast, he cried, "It any man thirst, let him come unto me and drink." During the whole festival, music, feasting, rejoicings, and illuminations, gladdened the city.—Malcom.

163. Acts v. 20. 169. Matt xvi. 10: Mark viii. 29: Luke lx. 20: John i. 49: xi 27. † 2. The Feast of Tabernacles continued for a week, and was to commemorate the dwelling

ουπω παρεστιν δ δε καιρος δ ύμετερος παντοτε not yet is present; the and season the yours always 7 Ου δυναται δ κοσμος μισειν EGTIV ÉTOLUOS. ready. Not is able the world to hate ύμας• εμε δε μισει, ότι εγω μαρτυρω περι me but it hates, because I testify concerning you; αυτου, ότι τα εργα αυτου πονηρα εστιν. 8 Υμεις that the works of it evil You αναβητε εις την έορτην ταυτην εγω ουκ αναgo up to the βαινω εις την έορτην ταυτην, ότι δ καιρος δ

np to the feast this, because the season the 9 Ταυτα ειπων αυτοις, εμος ουπω πεπληρωται. mine not yet has fully come. These things saying to them, εμεινέν εν τη Γαλιλαια. he remained in the

Galilee.

10 'Ως δε ανεβησαν οί αδελφοι αυτου, τοτε When but had gone up the brothers of him, then και αυτος ανεβη εις την έορτην, ου φανερως, he went up to the feast, not openly, 11 Οί ουν Ιουδαιοι εζητουν αλλ' ώς εν κρυπτφ. but as in secret. The then Jews sought aυτον εν τη έορτη, και ελεγον Που εστιν him in the feast, and said; Where is the feast, εκεινος; 12 Και γογγυσμος πολυς περι αυτου ην And murmuring much about him was εν τοις οχλοις. Οἱ μεν ελεγον 'Οτι αγαθος The some said; That good among the crowds. εστιν αλλοι ελεγον Ου αλλα πλανά τον heis; others said; No; but he deceives the 13 Ουδεις μεντοι παρβησια ελαλει περι οχλον. No one however with freedom spoke about αυτου, δια τον φοβον των Ιουδωιών. aim, because of the fear of the

14 Ηδη δε της έρρτης μεσουσης, ανεβη δ Now and of the feast being half out, went up the ιησους εις το ίερον, και εδιδασκε. 15 Και εθαυ-Jesus into the temple, and taught. And wonμαζον οί Ιουδαιοι, λεγοντες. Πως ούτος γραμdered the Jews, saying; How this letματα οιδε, μη μεμαθηκως; <sup>16</sup> Απεκριθη αυτοις δ
ters knows, not having learned? Answered them the Ίησους και ειπεν· 'Η εμη διδαχη ουκ εστιν Jesus and said; The my teaching not is εμη, αλλα του πεμψαντος με. 17 Εαν τις θελη me. but of the sending If any one may wish το θελημα αυτου ποιειν, γνωσεται περι της the will of him to do, he shall know concerning the διδαχης, ποτερον εκ του θεου εστίν, η εγω απ' teaching, whether from the God itis, or i from εμαυτου λαλω. 18 'Ο αφ' έαυτου λαλων, την myself speak. He from himself speaking, the δοξαν την ιδιαν ζητει δ δε ζητων την δοξαν glory the own seeks; he but seeking the glory του πεμψαντος αυτον, ούτος αληθης εστι, και in of the sending this and him, true

vet arrived; but YOUR TIME is always ready.

7 ! The WORLD cannot hate you; but it hates Me, Thecause I testify concerning it, That its WORKS are evil

8 Go pou up to \*the FEAST: I am not going un to this FEAST, because \*MY Time has not yet fully are rived."

9 And saying These Thingstothem he remained in GALILEE.

10 But when his BRO-THERS, had gone up, then he also went up to the FEAST, not openly, but rather in a private manner.

11 t The JEWs therefore. kept seeking him during the FEAST, and said, "Where is he?"

12 #And there was much murmuring about him among the CROWDS; SOME said, "Heis good;" OTHERS said, "No, but he is wisleading the PEOPLE."

13 No one, however, spoke with freedom concerning him, t because of the FEAR of the JEWS.

14 And now, the FRAM being advanced mawy \*Jesus went up into the

TEMPLE, and taught.

15 ‡ \* Then the Jews
were astonished, saying. "How does this person know Letters, not having learned?"

16 \*Jesus then answered them, and said, I "My Teaching is not mine, but HIS Who SENT me.

17 If any one wish to perform his WILL, he shall know of the TEACHING, whether it is from God, or # am speaking from myself.

18 ! HE Who SPEAKS from himself seeks his own GLORY; but HE Who SEEKS the GLORY of HIM who sent him, he is true, and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—8. the FEAST.

<sup>8.</sup> MY Time.

<sup>†7.</sup> John xv. 19. †7. John iii. 19. †11. John xi. 56. †12. John ix. 18: 19. † John. ix. 22; xil. 42; xix. 88. † 15. Matt. xiii. 54; Mark vi. 2; Luke iv. 22: Acts ii. 7. † 16. John iii. 11; viii. 28; xii. 49; xiv. 10, 24. †17. John viii. 43 18. John v. 41; viii. 50.

19 Ου Μωσης αδικια €V QUTW OUK ECTIV. arrightwousness in him Moses not is. Not και ουδεις εξ ύμων εδωκεν ύμιν τον νομον: has given to you the law P and no one of τι με ζητειτε αποκτειναι; MOLEL TON NOMON. law; why me do you seek to kill? D Απεκριθη δ οχλος \*[ και ειπε·] Δαιμονιον [and said;] Α αεκριθη δ the crowd Answered εχε ς τις σε ζητει αποκτειναι, .ast; who thee seeks to kill? Answered the σους και ειπεν αυτοις Έν εργον εποιησα, said to them; One and work I did. 22 Μωσης κα: παντες θαυμαζητε δια τουτο. you wonder because of this. Moses οεδωκεν ύμιν την περιτομην (ουχ ότι εκ του has given to you the circumcision; (not that of the Μωσεως εστιν, αλλ' εκ των πατερων,) και εν it is, but of the f.thers,) and 23 Ει περισαββατφ περιτεμνετε ανθρωπον. You circumcise a man. If circumτομην λαμβαινει ανθρωπος εν σαββατφ, ίνα μη in a sabbath, receives a man that not ciaton δ νομος Μωσεως, εμοι χολατε, ότι the law of Moses, with me are you angry, because λυθη may be loosed the law έλον ανθρωπον ύγιη εποιησα εν σαββατω: whole sound in a man 1 made a sabbath ; 24 Μη κρινετε κατ' σψιν, ωλλα την δικαιαν judge you according to appearance, but the righteous κρισιν κρινατε. 25 Ελεγον συν τινες εκ των judgment judge you. Said then some of the Ίεροσολυμιτων Ουχ ούτος έστιν, δν ζητουσισ Jerusalemites; Not this is he, whom they seek αποκτειναι: 26 και ιδε, παρδησια λαλει, και he is talking, and to kill? and lo, boldly ουδεν αυτφ λεγουσι μηποτε αληθως εγνωσαν not truly did know nothing to him they say; οι αρχοντες, ότι ούτος εστιν δ Χριστος; 27 Αλλα that this is the Anointed? rulers, τουτον οιδαμεν, ποθεν εστιν όδε Χριστος όταν when we know, whence he is; the but Anointed <sup>28</sup> Екраερχηται, ουδεις γινωσκει, ποθεν εστιν. knows, whence he is. he comes, no one ξεν ουν εν τω ίερω διδασκων ό Ιησους, και then in the temple teaching the Jesus, λεγων Καμε οιδατε, και οιδατε ποθεν ειμι και saying; And me you know, and you know whence I am; and απ' εμαυτου ουκ εληλυθα, αλλ' εστιν αληθινος myself not I have come, but 29 Εγω οιδα δ πεμψας με, όν ύμεις ουκ οιδατε. he having sent me, whom you not know. know αυτον, ότι παρ' αυτου ειμι, κακεινος με απεσ-him, because from him I am, and he me sent. 30 Εζητουν ουν αυτον TEILEV. πιασαι Kal They sought therefore him to seize; and ουδεις επεβαλεν επ' αυτον την χειρα, ότι ουπω put on him the hands, because not yet εληλυθει ή ώρα αυτου.

there is no Unrighteousness in him.

19 Has not Moses given you the LAW, and not one of you performs the LAW? Why are you seeking to kill me?"

20 The CROWD answered, "Thou hast a Demon; who is seeking to kill thee?"

21 \*Jesus answered and said to them, "I have done One Work, and you are all astonished because of this.

22 †Moses has given you circumcision; (not that it is of Moses, but of the fathers;) and you circumcise a Man on a Sabbath.

23 If a \* Man on a Sabbath receive Circumcision, so that the LAW of Moses may not be violated, are you angry with me ‡ Because I made a Man entirely well on a Sabbath?

24 ‡ Judge not according to Appearance, but judge RIGHTEOUS Judgment."

25 Then some inhabitants of Jerusalem said, "Is not this he whom they are seeking to kill?

M And, behold, he is talking boldly, and they say nothing to him. Do the BULERS really acknowledge That this is the MESSIAH?

27 \$ But we know Him, whence he is; but when the MESSIAH comes, no one knows whence he is."

28 Jesus, therefore, exclaimed, teaching in the TEMPLE, and saying, "You both know Me, and you know whence I am, and I have not come of myself, but he who sent me is true, whom you know not.

29 f k know him Because

29 I know him Because I am from him, and he sont Me."

30 Then they sought to take him; and no one laid HANDS on him, Because his HOUR had not yet arrived.

had come the hour of him.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20, and said -omit.

<sup>21.</sup> Jesus.

<sup>23.</sup> MAN.

<sup>† 20.</sup> John viii. 48, 52; x. 20. † 22. Lev xii. 8. † 22. Gen.xvii. 10. † 23. John vii. 8, 0, 16. † 24. Peut. i. 16, 17; Prov. xxiv. 23; viii. 15; James ii. 1. † 27. Mats xiii. 55; Mark vi. 3; Luke iv. 22. † 29. Matt. xi. 27; John x. 15.

31 Πολλοι δε εκ του οχλου επιστευσαν εις and out of the crowd believed into Ευτον, και ελεγον 'Οτι δ Χριστος δταν ελθη, him, and said; That the Anointed whenhemay come, μητι πλειονα σημεια \* [τουτων] ποιησει, ών [of these] will do. which more aigns not 32 Ηκουσαν οί Φαρισαιοι του ούτος εποιησεν; Pharisees ofthe did? Heard the γογγυζοντος περι αυτου ταυτα. KOL οχλου these things; and about him murmuring απεστειλαν οί Φαρισαιοι και οί αρχιερεις ύπηρεthe Phasisees and the high-priests officers, τας, ίνα πιασωσιν αυτον. 33 Ειπεν ουν δ Ιησους· that they might seize him. Sard then the Jesus; Ετι μικρον χρονον μεθ' ύμων ειμι, και ύπαγω you I am, and with Yet aturle time 34 Ζητησετε με, και προς τον πεμψαντα με. to the me. You will seek me, and sending ουχ εύρησετε και όπου ειμι εγω ύμεις ου and where am I you not will find: mot 35 Ειπον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι προς δυνασθε ελθειν. Said therefore the Jews to are able to come. ÔTI Που ούτος μελλει πορευεσθαι, έαντους· he is about to go, that themselves; Where this ημεις ουχ εύρησομεν αυτον; μη εις την διασhim? not into the not shall find disποραν των Έλληνων μελλει πορευεσθαι, NO. persion of the Greeks is about to go, and διδασκειν τους Έλληνας; 36 Τις εστιν ούτος δ to teach the Greeks? What 18 this λογος, δν ειπε. Ζητησετε με, και ου χ εύρησετε. word, which he said; You will seek me, and not you will find; και όπου ειμι εγω ύμεις ου δυνασθε ελθειν;

3 Ην δε τη εσχατη ήμερα τη μεγαλη της έορ-In and the last day the great of the feast της είστηκει δ Ιησους, και εκραξε, λεγων Εαν and stood the Jesus, cried, saying; διψα, ερχεσθω προς με, KAL TIVETW. TIS any one may thirst, let him come to me, and let him drink. 38 Ο πιστευων εις εμε, καθως ειπεν ή γραφη, believing rato me, 8.5 said the scripture, ποταμοι εκ της κοιλιας αυτου βευσουσιν ύδατος rivers out of the belly of him shall flow 39 Τουτο δε ειπε περι του πνευματος, COUTOS. This but said concerning the spirit,

31 But † many of the CROWD believed into him, and said, "When the MESSIAH comes, will he de More Signs than what this person did?"

32 The PHARISEES heard the CROWD murmuring these things about him; and the \* HIGH-PRIESTS and the PHARISEES sent Officers that they might seize him.

33 Jesus therefore said, ‡ "Yet a Little Time am I with you; then I am going to him who sent me.

34 ‡ You will seek me, and will not find \* me; and where # am, \* there nou cannot come."

35 The Jews then said among themselves, "Where is he about to go, that we shall not find him? Is he about to go to t the DISPERSION of the GREEKS, and to teach the GREEKS?

36 What is This word that he said, 'You will seek me, and will not find \*me; and where \( \mathbf{x} \) am not come?'"

37 † Now in the LAST, the GREAT Day of the FEAST, JESUS stood and cried, saying, t"If any one thirst, let him come to me and drink.

38 Hz belleiving inte me, as the scripture says, ‡ out of him shall flow Rivers of living Water."

39 ; But this he said concerning the SPIRIT,

\*Vatican Manuschift.—31. of these—omit.
32. high-phiests and the Pharistes
ant. 34. me; and. 35. me; and.

†35. Probably the Hellenists, or Grecian Jews, are here intended. These spoke the Greek language, and are thus distinguished from the Hebrews, who spoke the Hebrew language at that time.

†37. The last day grew into high esteem with the Jews, because on the preceding seven days they held that sacrifices were offered, not so much for themselves, as for the whole world. They offered, in the course of them, seventy bullocks, for the seventy nations of the world; but the eighth was wholly on their own behalf. They had then this solemn offering of water, the reason of which is this:—At the passover the Jews offered an omer to obtain from God his blessing on their harvest; at Pentecot, their first-fruits, ta request his blessing on the fruits of the trees; and in the feast of tabernacles they offered water to God, partly referring to the water from the rock in the wilderness, (1 Cor. x. 4,) but chiefly to solicit the blessing of rain on the approaching seedtime.—Lightfoot. At the feast of tabernacles the Jews drew water from Siloam, with the sound of trumpets and of songs, to derive a blessing on the rains of the year; this season or September being the beginning of the year. There was therefore a pertinency in the images of thirsting, drinking, and rivers of water.—Nowcome.

εύ εμελλον λαμβανειν οί πιστευοντες εις of which was about believing to receive the into αυτον ουπω γαρ ην πνευμα άγιον, ότι ό Ιησους him; not yet for was apirit holy, because the Jesus ουδεπω εδοξασθη. <sup>40</sup> Πολλοι ουν εκ του οχλου not yet was glorified. Many therefore out of the crowd ακουσαντες τον λογον, ελεγον Ούτος εστιν the word, having heard said; This 41 Αλλοι ελεγον Ούτος αληθως δ προφητης. truly the prophet. Others said; This εστιν δ Χριστος. Αλλοι δε ελεγον Μη γαρ Others but Not is the Anounted. said: for εκ της Γαλιλαιας δ Χριστος ερχεται; 42 Ουχιή out of the Galilee the Anointed comes? Not the γραφη ειπεν, ότι εκ του σπερματος Δαυιδ, και writing said, that of the seed of David, and  $\alpha\pi\sigma$   $B\eta\theta\lambda\epsilon\epsilon\mu$   $\tau\eta s$   $\kappa\omega\mu\eta s$ ,  $\delta\pi\sigma\sigma$   $\eta\nu$   $\Delta\alpha\sigma$   $\delta$  from Bethlehem the village, where was David, the Χριστος ερχεται; 43 Σχισμα ουν εν τω οχλω Anointed comes? Adivision then in the crowd 44 Τινες δε ηθελον εξ αυτων εγενετο δι' αυτον. occurred through him. Some and wished of them πιασαι αυτον αλλ' ουδεις επεβαλεν επ' αυτον put to seize , him; but no one ras Xeipas. the hands.

45 Ηλθον ουν οί ύπηρεται προς τονς αρχιερεις Came therefore the officers to the high-priests και Φαρισαιους. Και ειπον αυτοις εκεινοι. Pharisees. And to them and said these; 46 Απεκριθησαν οί Διατι ουκ ηγαγετε αυτον; Why not did you bring him? Answered ύπηρεται. Ουδεποτε ούτως ελαλησεν ανθρωπος, Never thus spoke \*[ώς ούτος δ ανθρωπος.] 4 Απεκριθησαν ουν [as this the man.] Answered \*[aυτοις] οι Φαρισαιοι· Μη και ύμεις πεπλανthe Pharisees; Not also you have been ησθε; 48 μη τις εκ των αρχοντων επιστευσεν not any one of the rulers believed εις αυτον, η εκ των Φαρισαιων; 49 αλλ' δοχλος into him, or of the Pharisees? but the crowd ούτος δ μη γινωσκων τον νομον επικαταρατοι this the not knowing the law; accursed 50 Λεγει Νικοδημος προς αυτους, δ ελθων ELTI. are. Says Nicodemus to them, he coming νυκτος προς αυτον, είς ων εξ αυτων· 51 Μη δ Not the to him, one being of them; νομος ήμων κρινει τον ανθρωπον, εαν μη ακουlaw of us judges the man, if not it may ση παρ' αυτου προτερον, και γνω τι ποιει: hear from first, and may know what he does? him 52 Απεκριθησαν και ειπον αυτφ. Μη και συ εκ They answered and said to him; Not also thou of

which THOSE BELIEVING into him were about to receive; for the Holy Spirit \* had not yet been given, because Jesus was not yet glorified.

40 Many, therefore, of the CROWD, having heard \*these words, said, "This is truly the Prophet."

41 \* Some said, "This is the Messiah." But others said, "Does the Messiah, then, come from Galilee?

42 ‡ Does not the SCRIP-TURESAY, That of the SEED of David, and from Bethlehem, ‡ the VILLAGE where David was, the MESSIAH comes?"

43 A Division then occurred, among the CROWD

because of him;

44 and some of them wished to seize him, but no one laid HANDS on him.

45 The OFFICERS then came to the HIGH-PRIESTS and Pharisees, and then said to them, "Why did you not bring him?"

bring him?"

46 The OFFICERS answered, ‡"A Man never

spoke thus."

47 Then the PHARISEES answered, "Have you also been deceived?

- 48 ‡ Did any of the RU-LERS believe into him, or of the Pharisees?
- 49 But † This crowd, who do not know the LAW, are accursed."
- 50 Nicodemus says to them, (THE who CAME \* to him before, being one of them,)
- 51 "Does our LAW judge the MAN, unless it first hear from him, and know what he does?"
- 52 They answered and said to him, "Art thou also

O VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—39. had not yet been given.

40. these words, said.

41. Some said.

42. them—omit.

43. to him before.

<sup>† 40.</sup> The common people were treated by the Pharisees with the most sovereign contempt. They were termed am ha-arets people of the earth; and were not thought worthy to have a resurrection to etermal life.—Clarke.

της Γαλιλαιας ει; ερευνησον και ιδε, ότι προsee, that a pro-Galilee art? search and φητης εκ της Γαλιλαίας ουκ εγηγερται. Galilee not has been raised. <sup>53</sup> \* [Και επορευθη έκαστος ELS TOV OLKOV went every one into the 1 Ιησους δε επορευθη εις КЕФ. п'. 8. αύτου. Jesus but went into of himself. το opos των ελαιων. <sup>2</sup> ορθρου δε παλιν παρεγενετο εις το ίερον, και πας δ λαος ηρχετο προς eame into the temple, and all the people came to 3 Αγουσι αυτον και καθισας εδιδασκεν αυτους. and having sat down he taught them. Bring him; δε οί γραμματεις και οί Φαρισαιοι προς αυτον and the Phansees him and the scribes 10 γυναικα εν μοιχεια κατειλημμενην, και στηa woman in adultery having been taken, and plac-4 λεγουσιν αυτώ. συτην εν μεσφ, in middle, they say to him; ing Διδασκαλε, αύτη ή γυνη κατειληφθη επαυτοφωthis the woman was taken in the very act 5 Εν δε τω νομω Μωσης ήμιν ρω μοιχευομένη. In now the law Moses to us committing adultery. ενετειλατο τας τοιαυτας λιθοβολεισθαι.  $\sigma \nu$ such like to be stoned? thou the 6 Τουτο δε ελεγον πειραζον-TI LEYELS; עעום This but they said therefore what sayest thou; tempting τες αυτον, ίνα εχωσι κατηγορειν αυτου. 'O &E that they might have to accuse him. Thebut Ιησους κατω κυψας, τω δακτυλώ εγραφεν εις Jesus down stooping, with the finger wrote 7 Ως δε επεμενον ερωτωντές αυτον, דחע אחע. the ground. When but they continued asking ανακυψας ειπε προς αυτους. 'Ο αναμαρτητος having raised up hesaid to them; He without sin ύμων, πρωτος τον λιθον επ' αυτη βαλετω. first the stone on her let him cast. 8 Και παλιν κατω κυψας, εγραφεν εις την γην. And again down stooping, wrote on the ground 9 Οί δε ακουσαντες, και ύπο της συνειδησεως They and having heard, and by the ελεγχομενοι, εξηρχοντο είς καθ' είς, αρξαμενοι being convinced, went out one by one, beginning απο των πρεσβυτερων έως των εσχατων και

from GALILEE? Search, and see, that no Prophet has been raised tout of GALILEE."

53 \* [[And every one went to his own House;

#### JHAPTER VIII.

1 but Jesus went to the MOUNT of OLIVES.

2 And in the Morning he came again to the TEMPLE and All the PEOPLE came to him, and having sat down, he taught them.

3 And the SCRIBES and the PHARISEES bring to him a Woman having been taken in Adultery; and placing her in the Midst,

4 they say to him, "Teacher, This WOMAN was taken in the very act, committing adultery.

5 1 Now, in the LAW. Moses commanded us to stone SUCH LIKE Women: therefore, what dost thou

6 But this they said, trying him, that they might have something of which to accuse him. But JEST'S stooping down, wrote on the GROUND with his FINGER.

7 And when they continued asking him, rising up, he said to them, "HE who is WITHOUT SIN of von, t let him first cast the STONE at her."

8 And again, stooping down, he wrote on the GROUND.

9 And THEY, HAVING HEARD, and being convicted by their consciences, went out, one by one, beginning from the ELDERS. even to the LAST; and JESUS was left alone, and the WOMAN standing in the

even to the

κατελειφθη μονος δ Ιησους, και ή γυνη εν μεσφ

last ones;

and the woman in middle

alone the Jesus, \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 53. to viii. 11-omit.

<sup>† 52.</sup> This conclusion, according to Calmut, was incorrect. Jonah was of Gathheper, in Gaillee; see 2 Kings xiv. 25, compared with Josh. xix. 13. Nahum was a Galilean, for he was of the tribe of Simeon, and some suppose Malachi was of the same place. † 53. This paragraph concerning the woman taken in adultery is wanting in the Alexandrian (see Woode's Preface.) Vatican, Ephrem, and other manuscripts of great authority, and in the oldest copies of the Syraic version; and is not cited by Origen. Chrysostom, and other ancient ecclesiastical writers. It is found in the Cambridge manuscript, though with some variations from the received text. Griesbach keeps it in his text; but with great hesitation. Improved Version.

<sup>\$ 5.</sup> Lev. xx. 10; Deut. xxii. 22. 17. Deut. xvii. 7; Rom. ii. 1.

εστωσα. 10 Ανακυψας δε δ Ιησους, και μηδενα standing. Having taised up and the Jesus, and no one θεασαμενος πλην της γυναικος, ειπεν αυτη: 'Η seeing but the woman, said to her; The young, που εισιν εκεινοι οί κατηγοροι σου; woman, where are those the accusers of thee? ουδεις σε κατεκρινεν; 11 'Η δε ειπεν. Ουδεις, no one thee condemned? She and said; No one, κυριε. Ειπε δε αυτη δ Ιησους. Ουδε εγω σε Olord. Said and to her the Jesus; Neither I thee κατακρινων πορευου, και μηκετι άμαρτανε.]

condemn; go, and no longer do thou sin.] 12 Παλιν ουν δ Ιησους αυτοις ελαλησε, λεγων. Again therefore the Jesus to them spoke, saying; Εγω ειμι το φως του κοσμου. δ ακολουθων εμοι, I am the light of the world; he following me, ou μη περιπατησεί εν τη σκοτια, αλλ' έξει το not not shall walk in the darkness, but shall have the ου μη περισωνής in the darkness, συν επαισωνός φως της ζωης.

13 Ειπον ουν αυτφ οι Φαρισαιοι Said therefore to him the Pharisees; Συ περι σεαυτου μαρτυρεις ή μαρτυρια σου Thou concerning thyself dost testify; the testimony of thee ουκ εστιν αληθης. 14 Απεκριθη Ιησους και true. Answered Jesus and  $\epsilon i\pi \epsilon \nu$  autois.  $Ka\nu$   $\epsilon \gamma \omega$   $\mu$ aptup $\omega$   $\pi \epsilon pi$   $\epsilon \mu$ autuu, said to them; Even if I testify concerning myself, αληθης εστιν ή μαρτυρια μου ότι οιδα, ποθεν true is the testimony of me; because I know, whence ηλθον, και που ύπαγω ύμεις δε ουκ οιδατε, Icame, and where Igo; you but not know, ποθεν ερχομαι, η που ύπαγω. 15 Υμεις κατ whence I came, or where I go. You according to την σαρκα κρινετε, εγω ου κρινω ουδενα. <sup>16</sup> Και the tesh judge, I not judge no one. Even εαν κρινω δε εγω, ή κρισις ή εμη αληθης εστιν if judge but I, the judgment the my true is; ότι μονος ουκ ειμι, αλλ' εγω και ό πεμψας με because alone not lam, but I and the having sent me πατηρ. 17 Και εν τω νομω δε τω ύμετερω γεγ-Also in the law and the your whas

""

""

"That two ot men the testimony father. ραπται' Τε two of men the been περι αληθης εστιν.' 13 Εγω ειμι ό μαρτυρων περι am he testifying concerning ραπται· εμαυτου, και μαρτυρει περι εμου δ πεμψας με myself, and testifies concerning me the having sent me 19 Ελεγον ουν αυτω· που εστιν ό πατηρ πατηρ. They said then to him; where is the father

10 And Jesus raising up and seeing no one but the WOMAN, said to her, "WOMAN, where are those, thine ACCUSERS! Did no one condemn Thee?"

ll And she said, "No one, sir." And JESUS said to her, ‡ "Neither do \$\frac{x}{2}\$ condemn Thee; \$\frac{x}{2}\$ go, and

sin no more."]]

12 Again, therefore, JESUS spoke to them, saying, triff am the LIGHT of the WORLD; HE WHO FOLLOWS me shall not walk in the DARKNESS, but shall have the LIGHT of LIFE."

13 Then the Pharisers said to him, ‡" Thou dost testify of thyself; thy Tes-TIMONY is not true."

14 Jesus answered and said to them, "Even if Etestify concerning myselt, my TESTIMONY is true; Because I know whence I came and where I go; but you know not whence I came, or where I go.

15 1 Dou judge according to the FLESH; I judge

no one.

16 But even if Y judge, MY JUDGMENT is true; Because I am not alone, but Z and the FATHER who SENT me.

17 And it has also been written in YOUR LAW, † That the TESTIMONY of

Two Men is true.

18 % am one who testifies concerning myself, and the father who sent me testifies concerning me."

19 Then they said to him, "Where is thy FA-

<sup>† 12.</sup> The Rabbins denominated the Supreme Being the light of the world, and this title being assumed by our Lord was a cause of offence to the dews. The Messiah was also frequently spoken of by the prophets under the emblem of hight. See Isa. Ix. 1; xlix. 6; ix. 2. Therefore, by applying this symbol to himse f, the Pharisees must at once have perceived that he ciaimed the Messiahship. Buxtorfin Synag. Jud. c. xxii. tells us, that the 6th day, or day after the expiration of the 8th, which belonged to "the feast of the tabernacles," is a solenin day likewise, and is caized "the feast of joy for the law," because on that day (says he.) the last section of the law was read, the rest having been read weekly in the course of the preceding sabbaths. He adds, that on this 9th day the custom of the Jews is to take all the books of the law out of the chest and to put a candle into it, in allusion to Prov. vi. 23, or rather Psa. cxix. 105. But perhaps, after ad, it was to the light which their understanding reserved from the reading of the law, that Jesus here alluded to, when he said, "I am the light of the world."

σου: Απεκριθη Ιησους. Ουτε εμε οιδατε, συτε of thee? Answered Jesus; Neither me you know, nor τον πατερα μου. Ει εμε ηδείτε, και τον πατερα μου ηδείτε αν. 16 me you knew, also the father of me you would know. These the words he spoke  $\epsilon \nu$  τω γαζοφυλακιω, δίδασκων  $\epsilon \nu$  τω ἱερω. Και τον πατερα in the treasury, teaching in the temple; and ουδείς επιασεν αυτον, ότι ουπω εληλυθεί ή ώρα νο οπε seired him, because not yet had come the hour αυτου.

21 Ειπεν ουν παλιν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Εγω Said therefore again to them the Jesus; Ι ύπαγω, και ζητησετε με. και εν τη άμαρτια go away, and you will seek me, and in the sin ύμων αποθανεισθε όπου εγω ύπαγω, ύμεις ου of you you will die; where I go, you not δυνασθε ελθειν.  $^{22}$  Ελεγον ουν οἱ Ιουδαιοι· are able to come. Μητι αποκτενει έαυτον, δτι λεγει 'Οπου εγω' Not will he kill himself, because he says; Where I Not will he kill himself, because he says; Where I ὑπαγω, ὑμεις ου δυνασθε ελθειν: 25 Και ειπεν you not are able to come? And he said αυτοις. Ύμεις εκ των κατω εστε, εγω εκ των to them; You from the beneath are, ανω ειμι· ύμεις εκ του κοσμου τουτου εστε, above am; you from the world this are, 24 Ειπον εγω ουκ ειμι εκ του κοσμου τουτου. not am from the world this. ουν ύμιν, ότι αποθανεισθε εν ταις άμαρτιαις therefore to you, that you wlit die in the sins ύμων εαν γαρ μη πιστευσητε, ότι εγω ειμι, of you; if for not you may believe, that I am, 25 Ελεγον αποθανεισθε εν ταις άμαρτιαις ύμων. you will die in the aims of you, They said ουν αυτω. Συ τις ει; Και ειπεν αυτοις δ thereforetohim; Thou who art? And said to them the to them the Ιησους· Την αρχην ό, τι και λαλω ύμιν. Jesus; The beginning what, what even I say to you. <sup>26</sup> Πολλα εχω περι ύμων λαλειν, και κρινειν· Many things I have about you to say, and to judge;  $\alpha\lambda\lambda^2$   $\delta$   $\pi\epsilon\mu\psi\alpha s$   $\mu\epsilon$   $\alpha\lambda\eta\theta\eta s$   $\epsilon\sigma\tau\iota^*$   $\kappa\alpha\gamma\omega$   $\alpha$   $\eta\kappa\sigma\sigma\sigma\alpha$ but he having sent me true is; and I what I heard 27 OUK παρ' αυτου, ταυτα λεγω εις τον κοσμον. from him, thesethings I say to the world. Not εγνωσαν, δτι τον πατερα αυτοις ελεγεν. <sup>28</sup>Ειπεν they knew, that the father to them he spoke. Said ουν \*[αυτοις] δ Ιησους. Όταν ὑψωσητε τον υίον then [to them] the Jesus; When you may lift up the son του ανθρωπου, τοτε γνωσεσθε ότι εγω ειμι· και of the man, then you will know that I am; and απ' εμαυτου ποιω ουδεν, αλλα καθως εδιδαξε με from myself I do nothing, but as ό πατηρ μου ταυτα λαλω· <sup>29</sup>και ό πεμψας με, the father of me these things I say; and he having sent me, μετ' εμου εστιν' ουκ αφηκε με μονον δ πατηρ, not left me alone the father, me 18;

THER?" Jesus answered,
"You neither know Me,
nor my FATHER; if you
knew Me, you would also
know my FATHER."

- 20 ‡ These WORDS he spoke in the TREASURY, teaching in the TEMPLE; and no one seized him, Because his HOUR had not yet come.
- 21 Then \*he said to them again, ‡ ' H am going away, and you will seek me, and will die in your sin; where H go, pou cannot come."
- 22 The Jews therefore said, "Will he kill himself, that he says, Where # go, gou cannot come?"
- 23 And he said to them. "Mourse from Below: I am from ABOVE. I Dou are of \*This world; I am not of this world.
- 24 Therefore I said to you, That you will die in your sins; for if you believe not That I am he, you will die in your sins."
- 25 Then they said to him, "Who art thou?" \*JESUS says to them, Even what I said to you at the BEGIN-NING.
- 26 I have many things to say and to judge concerning you; but HE who SENT me is true; ‡ and what £ heard from him, These things I say to the WORLD."
- 27 They knew not That he spoke to them of the FATHER.
- 28 Jesus therefore said, ‡ "When you shall lift up the son of MAN, then you will know That **£** am he; and I do nothing of myself; but as my FATHER taught me, I say These things.
- 29 And HE who SENT me is with me; \*he has not left me alone; ‡ Because #

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—21. he said. 23. of This world. 25. Jesus says. 28. to them—omit. 29. he has not left me.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Mark xii. 41. † 21. John vii. 34; xiii. 38. † 23. John xv. 19; xvii. 16: † John iv. 5. † 26. John iii. 32; xv. 15. † 28. John xii. 32. † 29. John iv. 34; v. 39; vi. 38.

ότι εγω τα αρεστα αυτώ ποιώ παντοτε. fecause I the things pleasing to him do always. 🗝 Ταυτα αυτου λαλουντος, πολλοι επιστευσαν

These of him speaking. believed many

ELS QUTOV. him.

into 31 Ελεγεν ουν δ Ιησους προς τους πεπιστευ-Said then the Jesus to those having beheved κοτας αυτφ Ιουδαιους. Εαν ύμεις μεινητε εν τφ λογω τω εμω, αληθως μαθηται μου εστε, 32 και word the my, truly disciples of me you are, γνωσεσθε την αληθειαν, και ή αληθεια ελευθεyou shall know the truth, and the truth ρωσει ύμας. <sup>33</sup> Απεκριθησαν αυτώ. shalimake Σπερμα They answered him; Seed you. Αβρααμ εσμεν, και ουδενι δεδουλευκαμεν πωof Abraam we are, and to no one have we been slaves ποτε· πως συ λεγεις· 'Οτιελευθεροι γενησεσθε; any time; how thou sayest; That free you shall become? 34 Απεκριθη αυτοις δ Ιησους· Αμην αμην λεγω

Answered them the Jesus; Indeed indeed I say ύμιν, ότι πας ό πο ων την άμαρτιαν, δουλος to you, thatever one who is doing the sin. a slave εστιτης αμαρτίας. 35 Ο δε δουλος ου μενει εν 612.

The but slave not abides in is of the sin. τη οικια εις τον αιωνα. ὁ νίος μενει εις τον αιωνα. the house to the age; the son abides to the age. 36 Εαν ουν δ υίος ύμας ελευθερωση, οντως ελευ-

If then the son you may make free, really θεροι επεσθε. 37 Οιδα, ότι σπερμα Αβρααμ επτε· you shall be. I know, that seed of Abraam you are; αλλα ζητειτε με αποκτειναι, ότι ό λογος ό εμος

you seek me to kill, because the word the mine 33 Εγω δ έωρακα παρα τω ου χωρει εν ύμιν. nor has place in you. I what have seen from the ποτρι μου, λαλω και ύμεις ουν δ εωρακατε father of me I speak; and you therefore what you have seen παρα τφ πατρι ύμων, ποιειτε. 39 Απεριθησαν from the father of you, do. They answered

και ειπον αυτφ. Ο πατηρ ήμων Αβρααμ εστι.
and said to him: The father of us Abrasus is. Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. Ει τεκνα του Αβρααμ Says to them the Jesus, if children of the Abraham εστε, τα εργα, του Αβρααμ εποιειτε. 40 Νυν δε you are, the works of the Abraam you would do. Now but

ζητειτε με αποκτειναι, ανθρωπον, δε την αληyou seek me to kill, who the truth a man. θειαν υμιν λελαληκα, ήν ηκουσα παρα του θεου. to you has spoken. which I have heard from the God.

τουτο Αβρααμ ουκ εποιησεν. THEIS MOLELTE TO You Abraam not did. do the 41 Ειπον ουν αυτω· of your FATHER \* \* They εργα του πατρος ύμων. works of the father ot you.

· VALICAN MARUOCRIPT .- 34. Jesus eaid to him

always do the things pleas. ing to him."

30 As he was speaking Thesethings, many believed

into him.

31 JESUS therefore said to the Jews who had BE-LIEVED him, "If you abide in MY WOED, you are cer-

tainly my Disciples.
32 And you shall know the TRITH, and tthe TRUTH shall make you

free."

33 They answered him, "We are Abraham's Offspring, and have never been in slavery to any one. How dost thou say, 'You shall become tree?'"

34 \* Jesus answered them, "Indeed, I assure you, t that EVERY ONE DOING SIN is a Slave of

SIN

35 # But the SLAVE does not abide in the House to the AGE; the son abides to the AGE

36 If, therefore, the son make you free, you will in-

deed be free.

37 I know That you are ABRAHAM's Offspring; but you are seeking to kill Mc. Because MY WORD has no place in you.

38 # speak what I have seen with my FA-THER; and gou, therefore, do what you have \* heard from your FATHER."

39 They answered and said to him, "Our FATHER is Abraham." JESUS Says to them, ‡" If you were Children of ABRAHAM, you would do the works of ABRAHAM.

40 But now you are seeking to kill Me, a Man who has spoken to you the TRUTH, which I heard from God; This Abraham did not.

41 Pou do the works

They said then to him, Said to him The have not

<sup>38.</sup> heard from your FATHER.

<sup>5</sup> Pet '19 13. Gal. v. 1; James i. 25; ij. 12. 5 Fet '19 55 Gal. v. 80. 5 48. Joh Tov. 70m il 26 kk 7 Gal. kl. 7. 30 5 84 Rom. vi 16 20: \$ 88. John iit 82: v. 10, 80; xav. 10, 24

"Ημεις εκ πορνειας ου γεγεννημεθα" ένα πατεWe from formation not have been born: one fother 
ρα εχομεν, τον θεον. <sup>42</sup> Ειπεν αυτοις ὁ Ιησους: 
κε το θεος πατηρ ύμων ην, ηγαπατε αν εμε" εγω 
γι the God a futher of you was, you would love me? 
γαρ εκ του θεου εξηλθον και ήκω: ουδε γαρ απ' 
for from the God a me out and mesme; noteven for of 
εμαυτου εληλυθα, αλλ', εκείνος με απεστείλε. 
πηνεί Ι have come, but he me sent; 
43 Διατι την λαλίαν την εμην ου γινωσκετε;

Why the speech the mine not knowyou?

'Οτι ου δυνασθε ακουείν τον λογον τον εμον.

Becausenot you are able to hear the word the nine

44 'Υμεις εκ του πατρος του διαβολον εστε, και

You from the father the accuser are, a and Tas επιθυμίας Του πατρος ύμων θελετε ποσείνε the lusta of the father of you you wish to do;
Εκείνος ανθρωποκτονος ην απ' αρχης, και εντη He a manabore was from a beginning, and in the aληθεία ουχ έστηκεν ότι ουκ εστίν αληθεία εν truth in not has stood; because not is truth in αυτώ, Οταν λαλή το ψευδος, εκ των ίδιων bing. When may speak the falsehood, from the own

λαλεί ότι ψευστης εστι, και ό πατηρ αυτου. hespeaks, because a liar is, also the father of him.  $^{45}$  Eyw δε ότι την αληθείαν λεγω, ου πιστευετε but because the truth I speak, not you believe

τροι. 46 Τις εξ ύμων ελεγχει με περι αμαρτιας; ime. Who of you consists ine concerning sin? ει αληθείαν λεγω, διατι ύμεις ου πιστευετε μοι: it truth lepeak, why you not believe me? 47 Ο ων εκ του θεου, τα ρηματα του θεου ακουει.

Πε being from the God, the words of the God lears; δια τουτο ύμεις ουκ ακουετε, ότι εκ του θεου through this you not hear, because from the God ouk εστε;  $^{48}$  Απεκριθησαν οι Ιουδαιοι και ειπου ποι you are, Answered the Jews and said αυτφ. Ου καλως λεγομεν ήμεις, ότι Σαμαρειτης to him. Not well say we, that a Saujanitan ει συ, και δαιμουίον εχεις;  $^{40}$  Απεκριθη Ιησους arthou, and adenon thou hast? Answered Jesus,  $^{29}$  Εγω δαιμουίον ουκ εχω, αλλα τιμω τον πατερα

1 a demon not have, but I honor the father μου, και ύμεις ατιμαζετε με. 50 Εγω δε ου ζητω την δοξαν μου εστιν δ ζητων και κρινων. the glory ο τως it is he seeking and judging. 51 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, εαν τις τον λογον τον Indeed indeed I say to you, if anyone the word the

Indeed indeed 1 say to you, if anyone the word the εμον τηρηση, θανατον ου μη θεωρηση εις τον mine may keep, death not not he may see to the αιωνα. <sup>52</sup> Ειπον ουν αυτφ οί Ιουδαιοι· Νυν αςε, Said then to him the Jews; Now

εγνωκαμεν, ότι δαιμονιον εχεις Αβρααμ απεwelnow, that ademoa thou hast; Abraam died

been born of Fornication, we have One Farher, God.

42 \* Jesus said to them, the God were your \* Fa-THER, you would love me; for E came forth from God, and an come; for I am not even come of myself, but he sent Me.

My speech? Because you can not hear my woud.

44 ‡ Dou are from the FATHER, the ACCUSER, and the LUSTS of your TATHER you wish to do. He was a Manslayer from the Beginning, and has not stood in the TRUTH, Because there is no Truth in him. When [any one] speaks a FALSEHOOD, he speaks from his own a Because his father also is a Liar.

45 But because I speak the TRUTH, you do not be-

lieve me.

46 Who of you convicts me of Sin? If I speak the Truth, why do nou not be lieve me?

47 \* Hs who is from God; hears the words of God; on this account nou hear not, because you are not from God."

48 The Jews answered and said to him, "Do we not say well That then art a Samarian, and thast a Demon?"

49 Jesus answered, "E have not a Demon, but I honor my FATHER, and gou dishonor me.

50 But # I seek not my GLORY; there is one who SEEKS it, and judges.

51 Indeed, I assure you, \* If any one keep \* MY Word, he will by no means see Death to the AGE

52 \* The JEWS said to him, "Now we know That thou hast a Demon. ‡ Abra-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—42. Jesus. 42. PATHER. , 51. MY Word. 52. The

<sup>† 42.</sup> John v. 43; vii. 28, 20. † 44. 1 John iii. 8. † 47. John x. 20, 27; 1 John 6. † 48. John vii. 20; x. 20. † 50. John v. 41; vii. 18. † 51. John v. 24. jai. 28. • † 52. Zech. i. 5; Heb. xi. 13.

θανε και οί προφηται, και συ λεγεις. Εαν τις and thou sayest, and the prophets. If any one τον λογον μου τηρηση, ου μη γευσηται θανατου the word of me may keep, not not may taste of death 53 Μη συ μειζων ει του πατρος ELS TOV aLWVA. Not thou greater art of the father age. ήμων Αβρααμ, όστις απεθανε: και οί προφηται of us Abraam, who died? and the απεθανον τινα σεαυτον ποιεις: 54 Απεκοιθη whom thyself makest thou? Answered Ιησους. Εαν εγω δοξαζω εμαυτον, ή δοξα μου Jesus: If I glorify myself, the glory of me ουδεν εστιν. Εστιν ό πατηρ μου ό δοξαζων με, Heis the father of mehe glorifying me, nothing is. όν ύμεις λεγετε, ότι θεος ύμων εστι, 55 και ουκ whom you say, that a God of you he is, and not εγνωκατε αυτον εγω δε οιδα αυτον. Kai eav I but know him. you know him; And if είπω, ότι ουκ οιδα αυτον, εσομαι όμοιος ύμων, ψευστης. Αλλ' οιδα αυτον, και τον λογον aliar. But I know him, and the word αυτου τηρω. 56 Αβρααμ δ πατηρ ύμων ηγαλλι-Abraam the father of you ardently of him I keep. απατο, ίνα ιδη την ήμεραν την εμην και ειδε, thathemightseethe day the my; and he saw, και εχαρη. <sup>57</sup> Ειπον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι TOOS Said then the was glad. Jews 10 αυτον· Πεντηκοντα ετη ουπω εχεις, και Αβρααμ Pifty years not vet thou art, and Abraam the thouse the said to them the Jesus, Indeed indeed here to you, before Abraam to have been born, I am. <sup>δ</sup> Ηραν ουν λιθους, ίνα βαλωσιν επ' αυτον· that they might cast on Thee took up therefore stones, 

#### KE $\Phi$ . $\theta'$ . 9.

 $^1$  Και παραγων, ειδεν ανθρωπον τυφλον εκ And passing by, he saw a man blind from <sup>2</sup> Και ηρωτησαν αυτον οι μαθηται YEVETAS. asked him the disciples And αυτου, λεγοντες Ραββι, τις ήμαρτεν; ούτος, saying; Rabbi, who sinned? this, η oi γονεις αυτου, ίνα τυφλος γεννηθη;  $^3$  Απεκor the parents of him, that blind he should be born? Anοιθη Inσous Ουτε ούτος ήμαρτεν, ουτε οί swered Jesus; Neither this sinned, γονεις αυτου· αλλ' ίνα φανερωθη τα εργα του parents of him; but that may be manifested the works of the θεου εν αυτω. <sup>4</sup> Εμε δει εργαζεσθαι τα εργα God in him. Meitbehoves to work the works ham died, and the PRO-PHETS; and thou savest, If any one keep my word, he will by no means \* see Death to the AGE.

53 Art thou greater than our FATHER Abraham, who died, and the PROPHETS died? Whom dost \* thou

m. ke thyse.!?"

54 J sus answered, "If \* I should glorify myself, my GLORY is nothing? THE who GLORIFIES me is my PATHER, of whom pou say, That he is your God.

55 And you have not known him, but # know him; and if I say, that I do not know him. I shall be like you a Liar; but I know him, and keep his WORD.

56 Abraham, your FA-THER, ardently desired that he might see MY DAY; and the saw, and was glad."

57 Then the Jews said to him, "Thou art not yet Fifty Years old, and hast thou seen Abraham?"

68 \* JESUS said to them, "Indeed, I assure you, Before Abraham was born. I am he."

59 Then they took up Stones that they might cast at him; but Jesus hid himself, and went forth out of the TEMPLE.

#### CHAPTER IX.

1 And passing along, he saw a Man blind from Birth.

2 And his DISCIPLES asked him, saying, "Rabbi, t who sinned, he, or his PARENTS, so that he was born blind?"

3 Jesus answered, "Neither did he sin, nor his PARENTS, but that the WORKS of GOD might be displayed in him.

4 # I must perform the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-52. see Death to the Age. 54. If should glorify. 58. Jesus. but-omit. 4. We must. 59. but-omit.

<sup>1 54.</sup> John v. 41; xvi. 14; xvii 1; Acts iii. 13; 2 Pet. i. 17. 2 50. John x. 31. 39; xi. 8. 1 2. ver. 34. 1 4. Joh 1 4. John iv. 84; v 19, 86; xi. 9; xii. 35;

του  $\pi \in \mu \psi$ αντος  $\mu \in \mathcal{E}$ ,  $\mathcal{E}$ ως  $\mathcal{E}$ ημερα εστιν ερχεται of the sending me, while day it is; comes day 5 'Οταν εν νυξ, ότε ουδεις δυναται εργαζεσθαι. night, when no one is able to work. While in <sup>6</sup> Ταυτα τω κοσμφ ω, φως ειμι του κοσμου. world I may be, light I am of the world. These things ειπων, επτυσε χαμαι, και εποιησε πηλον εκτου saying, he spit on the ground, and made clay of the πτυσματος, και επεχρισε τον πηλον επι τους spittle. and rubbed the clay OB 7 και ειπεν αυτώ οφθαλμους του τυφλου, of the blind, and said Υπαγε, νιψαι εις την κολυμβηθραν του Σιλωαμ. Go, wash thyself in the pool of the Siloam; απεσταλμενος.) (8 έρμηνευεται,  $A\pi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$ (which is interpreted, having been sent.) He went away \*[ουν, και ενιψατο, και ηλθε] βλεπων. 8 Oi [therefore, and washed himself, and came] seeing. The ουν γειτονες, και οί θεωρουντες αυτον το προthen neighbors, and those seeing behim τερον, ότι προσαιτης ην, ελεγον Ουχ ούτος a beggar he was, said; because Not 9 Αλλοι εστιν ὁ καθημενος και προσαιτων: he sitting and begging? Others. is Ότι ούτος εστιν. OTI ALLOL DE" ελεγον. this is, Others-That said. όμοιος αυτώ εστιν. Εκεινος ελεγεν. 'OTL EYW it is, He That said; like him Ι Ελέγον ουν αυτφ. Πως ανεφχθησαν ELMI. They said them to him. How were opened οφθαλμοι 11 Απεκριθη εκεινος \*[και am. σου οί οφθαλμο: Answered he [and of thee the eves? Ανθρωπος, λεγομενος Ιησους, πηλον ELTTEV' A man, being named Jesus, said, εποιησε, και επεχρισε μου τους οφθαλμους, π ι of me the made, and rubbed eyes, ειπε μοι Υπαγε εις τον Σιλωαμ, και νιψαι. Siloam. and wash thyself. Go inte the said to me; 12 Ειπον Απελθων δε και νιψαμενος, ανεβλεψα. and and washing myself, I obtained sight. ουν αυτώ. Που εστιν εκεινος; Λεγει. Ουκ αιδα. then to him; Where He says; Not I know. he, žα 13 Αγουσιν αυτον προς τους Φαρισαιους, 1. 12 They bring him to the Pharisees. that 14 Ην δε σαββατον, δτε τον ποτε τυφλον. It was and a sabbath, when the πηλον εποιησεν δ Ιησους, και ανεφξεν αυτου Jesus, made the and opened of him clay 15 Παλιν ουν ηρωτων αυτον τους οφθαλμους. the Again therefore asked eyes.

works of him who sent me while it is Day; Night comes, when no one can work.

5 While I am in the world, ‡I am the Light

of the WORLD."

6 Saying these things, the spit on the Ground, and made Clay of the SPIT-TLE, and \* he put the CLAY on his EYES,

7 and said to him, "Go wash thyself in the POOL of SILOAM," (which signifies, Sent) He went away, therefore, and washed hinself, and came seeing.

8 Then the NEIGHBOBS, and THOSE who had PEE-VIOUSLY SCOT him, because he was a Beggar, said, "Is not this HE who was SIT-TIN~ and begging?"

9 Some said, "This is he;" "others \* said, "No; but he 's like him;" he said "Fam he"

said, "I am he."

They then said to him, "How were Thine

FYEs opened?"

11 Die answered \* "The MAN called Jesus made Clay, and rubbed my EXES, and said to me, "Go to the SILOAM, and wash thyself;" \* I went, therefore, and washed myseit, and obtained sight.

12 \*And they said to m, "Where is he?" He rays, "I do not know."

13 They bring HIM that was formerly BLIND to the PHARISEES.

14 And it was a \* Sab' bath when Jesus made the CLAY, and opened His

EYES.

15 Then the Pharisers also asked him again how he obtained his sight. And he said to them, "He put Clay on Mine eves, and I washed myself, and see."

how he obtained sight. He and said

the

'Ο δε ειπεν

eves.

και οί Φαρισαιοι, πως ανεβλεψεν.

Clay

to them:

αυτοις. Πηλον επεθηκε μου επι τους οφθαλμους,

ke put of me on

Vatican Manuscrift.—6. He put the clar thereof on his eyes, and said.
 7. therefore, and washed, and came—omit.
 9 said; "No; but he is."
 11. and said—omit.
 11. The man called.
 11. I went therefore and.
 12. And they said to him.
 14. a

<sup>† 7.</sup> The Pool of Siloam is described by recent travellers to have been "a well built oblong tank, some fifty feet long, nearly twenty deep, and somewhat less than this wide." It has now only about two feet of water in it. It is supplied from an upper fountain through a well-cut conduit more than a quater of a mile long.

I 5. John 1. 5, 9; iii. 19; viii. 12; xii. 35, 46.

και ενιψαμην, και βλεπω. 16 Ελεγον ουν εκ and I washed myself, and aec. Said therefore of των Φαρισαιών τινές. Ούτος δ ανθρωπος ουκ the Pharisees some; This the man εστι παρα του θεου, ότι το σαββατον ου τηρει. is from the God, because the sabbath not he keeps. Αλλοι ελεγον. Πως δυναται ανθρωπος άμαρ-Others said; How is able a man τωλος τοιαυτα σημεία ποιείν; Και σχισμα ην signs to do? And a division was εν αυτοις. 17 Λεγουσι τω τυφλω παλιν. Συ τι They say to the blind again; Thou what among them. λεγεις περι αυτου, ότι ηνοιξε σου τους οφθαλsayest concerning him, seeing that he opened of thee the μους; 'Ο δε ειπεν' 'Οτι προφητης εστιν. 18 Ουκ He and said; That a prophet he is. Not επιστευσαν ουν οί Ιουδαιοι περι αυτου, δτιτυφbelieved therefore the Jews concerning him, that blind λος ην, και ανεβλεψεν, έως ότου εφωνησαν he was, and obtained sight, till when they called τους γονεις αυτον του αναβλεψαντος. the parents of him the having obtained sight. ηρωτησαν αυτους, λεγοντες. Ού. os εστι. δ vios they asked them, saying; This is the son  $\dot{v}$ μων,  $\dot{o}$ ν  $\dot{v}$ μεις λεγετε,  $\dot{o}$ τι τυφλος εγεννηθη; οίγου, whom you say, that blind he was born? πως ουν αρτιβλεπει;  $^{20}$  Απεκριθη  $^{-}$ αν  $^{*}$ [αυτοις] how then now he sees? Απεκριθη  $\dot{o}$  [them] οί γονεις αυτου και ειπον. Οιδαμεν, δτι ούτος the parents of him and said; We know, that this εστιν δ υίος ήμων, και ότι τυφλος εγεννηθη. is the son of us, and that blind he was born, 21 πως δε νυν βλεπει, ουκ οιδαμεν η τις ηνοιξεν how out now he sees, not we know; or who opened αυτου τους οφθαλμους, ήμεις ουκ οιδαμεν, eyes, we not know. the αυτος ηλικιαν εχει, αυτον ερωτησατε αυτος he full age has, hun ask you; he  $\pi \in \rho_L$  autou  $\lambda \alpha \lambda \eta \sigma \in L$ .  $2 Tauta \in \pi \sigma \nu$  of concerning himself shall speak. These things said the γονεις αυτου, ότι εφοβουντο τους Ιουδαιους. Ηδη γαρ συνετεθειντο οί Ιουδαιοι, ινα εαν τις Already for had agreed the Jews, that it any on συτον δμολογηση Χριστον, αποσυνα ωνος nim should confess Anomated, from as group. γενηται.  $^{23}$  Δια τουτο οι γονεις αυτοι. επον·
•hould be. Through this the parents thim. ead·
Οτι ήλικιαν εχει, αυτον ερωτησατε.  $^{24}$  ΕφωΓbat full ago he has, him askyou. They νησαν ουν εκ δευτερου τον ανθρωπον, δs ην called therefore a second time the man, who was a second time, the MAN called therefore a second time the man, τω θεω who had been blind, and blind, and blind, and blind, and to him; Give glory to the God; said to him, "Give Glory to the God; said to him, "Give Glory to the God; but to him," Give Glory to the God; said to him, "Give Glory to the God; but know \* That This Man is a Sinner."

16 Then some of the PHARISEES said, "This man is not from "Cod, Because he keeps not th: SABBATH." Others said. t"How can a sinful Man perform such Signs?" And there was ta Division among them.

17 \* They say to BLIND man again, "What dost thou say concerning him, Seeing that he opened Thine EYES?" And he said, 2" He is a Prophet."

18 The Jews, therefore, did not believe of him, That he was blind and obtained sight, till they called the PARENTS of HIM who RECEIVED SIGHT.

19 And they asked them. saying, "Is this your son, of whom you say, 'That he was born blind?' How then does he now see?"

20 \* Then his PARENTS answered and said, "We know That this is our son. and That he was born blind:

21 but how he now sees. we know not; or who opened Hiseres, meknow not; \*ask Him, he is of mature Age: he will speak concerning himself."

22 His PARENTS said this, # Because they were afraid of the JEWS; for the Jews had already determined, that if any one should acknowledge him to be the Messiah. ‡he should be expelled from the synagogue.

23 On this account PARENTS said, "He is mature Age, ask him."

24 They called, therefore,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. God. 17. Then they say. 20. Then his PARENTS. 20. them-omit. 21. ask Him; he is of mature Age; he will. 24. That This Man 18.

<sup>1 16.</sup> ver. 83; John 1ii. 2. 1 16. John vii. 12, 43; x. 19. † 17. John iv. 19 vi. 14 1 22. John vii. 13; xii. 42; xix. 38; Acts v. 13. 1 22. ver. 34; John xvi 2.

37 EIπ€

Said

\* [δε]

εστιν.  $^{25}$  Απεκριθη συν εκεινος \*[και ειπεν·] is. Answered then he iand said,] Ει αμαρτωλος εστιν, ουκ οιδα. έν οιδα, ότι he is, not I know; one I know, that <sup>26</sup> Ειπον δε αυτω τυφλος ων, αρτι βλεπω. They said and to him blind being, now I see. \*[παλιν·]
[again;] Τι εποιησε σοι; πως ηνοιξε σου What did he to thee? how opened of thee τους οφθαλμους; Απεκριθη αυτοις Ειπον ύμιν He answered them; I said to you YAL OUK TROUGATE. τι παλιν θελετε and not you did hear; why again do you wish ακουειν; μη και ύμεις θελετε αυτου μαθηται to hear? not also you wish of him disciples γενεσθαι; 28 Ελοιδορησαν αυτον, και ειπον. Συ to be? They reviled him, and said; Thou ει μαθητης εκεινου ήμεις δε του Μωσης εσμεν art a disciple of him; we but of the Moses 29 Ήμεις οιδαμέν, ότι Μωση λέλαμαθηται. We know, disciples. that to Moses has ληκεν δ θεος τουτον δε ουκ οιδαμεν ποθεν spoken the God; this εστιν. 30 Απεκριθη but not we know whence δ ανθρωπος και €Lπ ∈ ν the Answered said man and αυτοις. Εν γαρ τουτφ θαυμαστον εστιν, ότι for this a wonder is, ύμεις ουκ οιδατε ποθεν εστι, και ανεφξε μου you not know whence he is, and he has opened of me you not know whence here,  $\tau$  over 0 opθαλμους.  $\frac{31}{2}$  Οιδαμεν  $\frac{1}{2}$   $\delta \tau$ ι άμαρthe eyes. We know [but,] that sinτωλων δ θεος ουκ ακουει αλλ' εαν τις θεοσεthe God not hears; but if any one a worshipper 'η, και το θελημα αυτου ποιη, τουτου of God may be, and the will of him may do, 32 Εκ του αιωνος ουκ ηκουσθη, From the age not it was heard, δΤΙ he hears. that ηνοιξε τις οφθαλμους τυφλου γεγεννημενου. eyes having been born. opened any one of blind <sup>33</sup>Ει μη ην ούτος παρα θεου, ουκ ηδυνατο ποιειν If not was this from God, not were able to do 34 Απεκριθησαν και ειπον αυτφ. Εν ουδεν. said to him; In nothing. They answered and άμαρτιαις συ εγεννηθης όλος και συ διδασκεις sins thou wastborn wholly; and thou teachest Και εξβαλον αυτον εξω. 35 Ηκουσεν δ ημας: And they cast him out. Heard Ιησους, ότι εξεβαλον αυτον εξω· και εύρων Jesus, that they cast him out; and having found αυτον, ειπεν \* αυτω' Συ πιστευεις εις τον him, said [to him;] Thou believest into the υίον του θεου; 36 Απεκριθη εκεινος και ειπεson of the God? Answered he and said; Και τις εστι, κυριε, ίνα πιστευσω ELS QUTOV; I may believe And who is he, O sir, that into

25 Then he answered, "If he is a Sinner, I know not, One thing I do know, That naving been blind, now I see."

26 And they said to him, "What did he do to thee? How did he open Thine

EYES!

27 He answered them "I told you just now, and did you not hear? \*Why then do you wish to hear again? are you also willing to become His Disciples?"

28 \*And they reviled him, and said, "Thou art his Disciple; but we are Disciples of Moses.

29 THe know That God has spoken to Moses; but This person,—we ‡know not whence he is."

30 The MAN answered and said to them, "Why, in this is a wonder, That nou know not whence he is, and he opened My eyes!

31 We know that Gondoes not hear Sinners; but if any one be a Worshipper of God, and performs his WILL, him he hears.

32 From the (earlies?) AGE it was not heard, that any one opened the Eyes of one having been born blind.

33 If he were not from God, he could do nothing."

34 They answered and said to him, "Thou wast entirely born in Sins, and dost thou teach us?" And they cast him out.

35 Jesus heard That they had cast him out; and having found him, he said to him, "Dost thou believe into the \*son of Gop?"

36 **Be** answered and said, "Who is he, Sir, that I may believe into him?"

37 Jesus said to him. "Thou hast even seen him.

αυτφ δ Ιησους. Και έωρακας

[and] to him the Jesus; Even thou hast seen

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—25. and said—omit. 26. again—omit. 27. Why then do you wish. 28. and they reviled. 31. But—omit. 35. to him—omit. 35. son of man? and he said, Who. 37. and—omit.

t 29. John viii. 14. xv. 8, 29; xxviii. 9. t 30. John iii. 10. t 31. John xxvii. 9; Psa. lxvl. 18; Prov. t 35. Matt. xvi. 10; John x. 36; 1 John v. 13.

αυτον, και δ λαλων μετα σου, εκεινος εστιν. with thee, he him, and he talking 18. 38 Ο δε εφη. Πιστευω, κυριε. και προσεκυνησεν He and said; I believe, O sir; and he prostrated αυτφ. 39 Και ειπεν ό Ιησους. Εις κριμα εγω εις to hum. And said the Jesus; For judgment I into τον κοσμον τουτον ηλθον, ίνα οί μη βλεποντες the world this came, that those not seeing βλεπωσι, και οι βλεποντες τυφλοι γενωνται. might see, and those seeing blind might become. 40 \* [Και] ηκουσαν εκ των Φαρισαιων ταυτα οί of the Pharisees these things those [And] heard outes  $\mu$ et autou, kai eimou auto  $M\eta$  kai  $\eta \mu$ eis being with him, and said to him; Not also we tuploi equev;  $^{41}$  Eimev autois  $\delta$  Involve. Ei Said to them the Jesus; If blind are? τυφλοι ητε, ουκ αν ειχετε άμαρτιαν νυν δε blind you were, not you would have sin; λεγετε· 'Οτι βλεπομεν· ή \*[ουν] you say; That we see; the [therefore] now but αμαρτια ύμων μενει. of you remains.

## КΕΦ. θ'. 10.

1 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, δ μη εισερχομενος Indeed indeed 1 say to you, he not entering δια της θυρας εις την αυλην των προβατων, through the door into the fold of the sheep, αλλα αναβαινων αλλαχοθέν, εκεινος κλεπτης going up another way, he a thief εστι και ληστης. 2 δ δε εισερχομενος δια της is and arobber; he but entering through the 3 Τουτφ δ θυρας, ποιμην εστι των προβατων. door, ashepherd is of the sheep. To him the θυρωρος ανοιγει και τα προβατα της φωνης doorkeeper opens: and the sheep the αυτου ακουει και τα ιδια προβατα καλεικατ' and the own sheep he calls by of him hears; 4 \* [Kαι] όταν τα ιδια
[And] when the own ονομα, και εξαγει αυτα. name, and he leads out them. προβατα εκβαλη, εμπροσθεν αυτων πορευεται sheep he puts forth, before them he goes; και τα προβατα αυτφ ακολουθει, ότι οιδασι την him follows, because they know the sheep 6 Αλλοτριώ δε ου μη ακουλου-A stranger but not not they may φωνην αυτου. of him. VOICE θησωσιν, αλλα φευξονται απ' αυτου δτι ουκ wal des from him; because not but οιδασι των αλλοτριων την φωνην. 6 Ταυτην they know of the strangers the This

and HE who is TALKING with thee is he."

38 And HE said, "Lord, I believe;" and he threw himself prostrate before him.

- 40 THOSE of the PHABI-SPES BEING with him heard these things, ‡ and said to him, "Are we blind also?"
- 41 \* Jesus said to them, ‡"If you were blind, you would not have Sin; but now you say, 'We see;' your SIN remains.

#### CHAPTER X.

- 1 Indeed, I truly say to you, HE who enters not by the DOOR into the FOLD of the SHEEP, but climbs up another way, he is a Thief and a Robber;
- 2 but HE who comes in by the Door, is the Shepherd of the SHEEP.
- 3 The DOOR-KEEPER opens to him; and the SHEEP hear his voice; and he calls his own Sheep by Name, and leads them out.
- 4 When he puts forth \*al his own, † he goes befon them, and the sheer follow him, Because they know his voice.
- 5 But a Stranger they will not follow, but will flet from him; Because they know not the voice of STRANGERS."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. 40. And omit.

4. And omit.

4. All his own, he goes.

<sup>41.</sup> Jes us.

<sup>41.</sup> therefore-omit

<sup>† 4. &</sup>quot;We see a flock of perhaps threescore black and white sheep returning from the hillside where they have been grazing, or from the caves in which they have been sheltered from the noon-heat. Before them slowly walks the sheeberd, staff in hand, notonce looking behind him. The flock follows quietly, not scattering nor needing the rod or the angry shout. He and they seem to know each other well, and to have mutual confidence. He who said, "when he putteth forth his own sheep, he goeth before them, and the sheep follow him, for they know his voice."—H. Bonar.

<sup>; 30.</sup> John v. 22, 27. See John iii. 17; xii. 47. ; 39. Matt. xiii. 13. ; 40. Rom. ii. 19; 41. John xv. 22, 24.

Chap. 10: 29.1 JOHN. 29 'O oυχ αρπασει τις αυτα εκ της χειρος μου.
not wilwrest any one them out of the hand of me. The πατηρ μου, ός δεδωκε μοι, μειζων παντων εστι father of me, who has given to me, greater και ουδεις δυναται άρπαζειν εκ της χειρος to wrest out of the is able του πατρος 4ου. 30 εγω και δ πατηρ έν εσμεν. ofthe father ofme; ľ and the father one 31 Εβαστασαν ουν παλιν λιθους οί Ιουδαιοι, ίνα again stones the Took up then Jews. that 32 Απεκριθη αυτοις δ Ιησους. λιθασωσιν αυτον. them the Jesus: they might stone him. Answered Πολλα καλα εργα εδειξα ύμιν εκ του πατρος good works I showed you from the Many father δια ποιον αυτων εργον λιθα(ετε με: of me: because of which of them work do you stone me? 3 Απεκριθησαν αυτώ οί Ιουδαιοι \*[λεγοντες·] Answered him the Jews Περι καλου εργου ου λιθαζομεν σε, αλλα we stone thee, Concerning a good work not but βλασφημιας, και ότι συ, ανθρωπος ων, and that thou, concerning blasphemy, a man being,  $\pi$  oieis,  $\sigma$  eautor  $\theta$  eor.  $^{34}$   $A\pi$  expi $\theta$  $\eta$  autois  $\delta$ makest thyself a god. Answered them the Ουκ εστι γεγραμμενον εν τω νομω Not is it having been written in the law ύμων " Εγω ειπα, θεοι εστε;" 35 Ει εκεινους gods you are?" "I said, If ειπε θεους, προς ούς ὁ λογος του θεου εγενετο. becalled gods. to whom the word of the God came, «αι ου δυναται λυθηναι ή γραφη· <sup>36</sup> όν ό πατηρ ad not is able to be broken the writing; whom the father ήγιασε, και απεστειλεν εις τον κοσμον, ύμεις et apart, and sent into the world. you Λεγετε· 'Οτι βλασφημεις, ότι ειπον, vios του That thou blasphemest, because I said, a son of the

say That thou blasphemest, because I said, a son of the frou ειμι; <sup>37</sup> Ει ου ποιω τα εργα του πατρος cod I am? (ε not I do the works of the father μου, μη πιστευετε μοι. <sup>38</sup> Ει δε ποιω, καν εμοι είμε, not you believe me. If but I do, and if me κη πιστευητε, τοις εργοις πιστευσατε· ίνα

not you believe, the works believe you. that γνωτε και πιστευσητε, ότι εν εμοι ό πατηρ, you may know and you may believe, that in me the father, 3) Ε(ητουν ουν παλιν αυτον καγω εν αυτω. andt in him. They sought therefore again him και εξηλθεν εκ της χειρος αυτων. and he went forth out of the hand 4 Και απηλθε παλιν περαν του Ιορδανου, εις τον

And he went again beyond the Jordan, to the into the PLAC

AGE, and no one shall wrest them out of my HAND.

29 ‡ My FATHER, who has given them to me, is greater than all; and no one is able to wrest them out of \*the FATHER'S HAND.

30 # H and the FATHER

are One."

31 Then the JEWS took up Stones again, that they

might stone him.

32 Jesus said to them, "Many \*good Works did I show you from \*the FA-THER; on account of which of these Works do you stone \*Me?"

33 The Jews answered him, "We do not stone thee for a Good Work, but for Blasphemy; and Because thou, being a Man, makest thyself God."

34 \* Jesus answered them, ‡" Is it not written in your LAW, ' £ said, You

are Gods?

35 If he called them Gods, to whom the word of God came, and the Scripture cannot be broken,

36 of him whom the FA-THER set apart and send into the world, do now say, 'Thou blasphemest,' Because I said, 'I am a Son of God?'

37 If I do not the WORKS of my FATHER, believe me

not.

38 But if I do, and if you believe not me, believe the works, so that you may know and \*believe, † That the FATHER is in me, and \* I am in the FATHER."

39 Therefore, they were seeking again to seize Him; but he went forth out of their HAND.

40 And he went away again beyond the JORDAN, into the PLACE where

<sup>\*</sup>Vatican Manuscript.—29. the father's mand. 82. good Works. 82 the father 82. Me. 33. saying—omit. 34. Jesus 33. understand, That. 38. I am in the father.

<sup>† 29.</sup> John xiv 28. † 80. John xvii, 11, 22. † 33. Psa, Jaxxii 6. † 38. John xiv, 10, 11: xvii, 21.

τοπον, ὁπου ην Ιωαννης το πρωτον βαπτίζων· place where was John the first dipping; και εμείνεν εκει.  $^{41}$  Και πολλοι ηλθον προς and he abode there. And many came to αυτον, και ελεγον· 'Οτι Ιωαννης μεν σημείον him, and said; That John indeed a sign εποιησεν ουδεν· παντα δε όσα ειπεν Ιωαννης did not one; all but what things said John περι τουτου, αληθη ην.  $^{42}$  Και επιστευσαν concerning this, true was. And behaved πολλοι εκει εις αυτον. many there into him.

## ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

1 Ην δε τις ασθενων, Λαζαρος, απο Βηθανιας, Was and a certain sick one, Lazarus, from Bethany, εκ της κωμης Μαριας και Μαρθας της αδελφης out of the village of Mary and Martha the suster αυτης. 2 (Ην δε Μαρια ή αλειψασα τον κυριον (Was and Mary the having anointed the lord of her. μυρω, και εκμαξασα τους ποδας αυτου ταις with balsam, and wiped the feet of him with the θριξιν αυτης ής δ αδελφος Λαζαρος ησθε-bairs of herself, of whom the brother Lazarus was ναι.) 3 Απεστειλαν ουν αίαδελφαι προς αυτον, Sent therefore the sisters to him, λεγουσαι Κυριε, ιδε, δν φιλεις, ασθενει. <sup>4</sup> Ακουσας δε δ Ιησους ειπεν Αύτη ή ασθενεία Having heard and the Jesus said. This the sickness ουκ εστι προς θανατον, αλλ' ὑπερ της δοξης not is to death, but on account of the glory του θεου, ίνα δοξασθη δ υίος του θεου δι' αυτης. or the God, that may be glorified the son of the God through her. δ Ηγαπα δε δ Ιησους την Μαρθαν, και την Loved now the Jesus the Martha, and the Achthan author και τον Λαίαρον. 6 Ως ουν αδελφην αυτης, και τον Λαίαρον. 6 Ως ουν when then ηκουσεν, ότι απθενει, τοτε μεν εμεινέν εν 'φ he heard, that he was sick, then indeed he abode in which ην τοπφ δυο ήμερας. <sup>7</sup> Επειτα μετα τουτο he was place two days. Then after this λεγει τοις μαθηταις. Αγωμεν εις την Ιουδαιαν hesays to the disciples: Let us go into the Judea παλιν. <sup>8</sup> Λεγουσιν αυτω οί μαθηται. 'Ραββι, again. Say to him the disciples: Say to him the disciples; Rabbi, νυν εζητουν σε λιθασαι οί Ιουδαιοι, και παλιν now sought thee to stone the Jews, and again  $\mathring{v}$ παγεις εκει;  $^9$  Απεκριθη Ιησους. Ουχι δωδεκα goest thou there? Απεwered Josus; Not twelve εισιν ώραι της ήμερας; εαν τις περιπατη εν τη are hours of the day? If any one may walk in the ημερά, ου προσκοπτει, ότι το φως του κοσμου day, not he stumbles, because the light of the world τουτου βλεπει. 10 εαν δε τις περιπατη εν τη if but any one may walk in the he sees? γυκτι, προσκοπτει, όπι το φως ουκ εστιν εν he stumbles, because the light not 18

John was immersing at the FIRST; and he abode there.

41 And many came to him, and said, "John, indeed, performed no Sign, but Whatever John said concerning him was true."

42 And many believed into him there.

#### CHAPTER XI.

1 Now there was a certain sick man. Lazarus of Bethany, from the VIL-LAGE of ‡ Mary, and Martha, her SISTEE.

2 (‡It was that Mary who anointed the Lord, and wiped his feet with her Hair, whose brother Lazarus was sick.)

3 The sisters, therefore, sent to him, saying, "Lord, behold, he whom thou lovest is sick."

4 But JESUS, having heard, said, "This SICK-NESS is not to Death, that for the GLOEY of GOD, that the son of GOD may be glorified by it."

5 Now JESUS loved MARTHA, and her SISTER, and LAZARUS.

6 When, therefore, he heard That he was sick, then, indeed, ‡ he abode in the Place where he was Two Days.

7 Then, after this, he says to the DISCIPLES, "Let us go into JUDEA

again."

8 The DISCIPLES say to him, "Rabbi, the Jews recently sought to stone thee; and art thou going there again?"

9 Jesus answered, "Are there not Twelve Hours of the DAY? \$ If any one walk in the DAY, he stumbles not, Because he sees the LIGHT of this world.

10 But if any one walk in the NIGHT, he stumbles. Because the LIGHT is not in him."

<sup>2 41</sup> John in, 30. 2 1. Luke x, 38, 39, 31 5. 1 4. John ix, 3; ver, 40. 1 9. John ix, 4.

Ταυτα ειπε· και μετα τουτο λεγει
These things he said; and after this he says αυτω. him. Λαζαρος δ φιλος ήμων κεκοιμηται· Lazarus the friend of us is fallen as leep; autois. to them: αλλα πορευομαι, ίνα εξυπνισω αυτον. I go, that I may awake ουν οί μαθηται αυτου Κυριε, ει κεκοιμηται, then the disciples of him; Olord, if he is fallen asleep, 13 Ειρηκει δε δ Ιησους περι του σωθησεται. he shall be saved. Had spoken but the Jesus about the θανατου αυτου εκεινοι δε εδοξαν, ότι περι της death of him; they but thought, that concerning the 14 TOTE OUV ELTEV κοιμησεως του ύπνου λεγει. of the aleep he speaks. Then therefore said αυτοις δ Ιησους παρρησια. Λαζαρος απεθανε. to them the Jesus plainly; Lazarus 15 και χαιρω δι' ύμας, ίνα πιστευσητε, ότι ουκ and I rejoice because of you, that you may believe, that not 16 Ειπεν ημην εκει αλλ' αγωμεν προς αυτον. I was there; but we may go to him. ουν Θωμας, δ λεγομενος Διδυμος, τοις συμμαθηto the fellow-discithea Thomas, that being called a twin, ταις. Αγωμεν και ήμεις, ίνα αποθονωμεν μετ' May go also we, that we may die with 17 Ελθων ουν δ Ιησους εύρεν αυτον τεσαυτου. Coming therefore the Jesus found him four 18 HV σαμας ήμερας ηδη εχοντα εν τφ μνημειώ. days already having brenin the tomb. δε ή Βηθανια εγγυς των Ίεροσολυμων, ώς απο Jerusalem, nowthe Bethany near the στραδιων δεκαπεντε. furlongs fifteen. 19 Και πολλοι εκ των Ιουδαιων εληλυθεισαν And many of the Jewn had come προς τας περι Μαρθαν και Μαριαν, ίνα παραμυto those about Martha and Mary, that they might θησωνται αυτας περι του αδελφου αυτων. comfort them concerning the brother of them. ουν Μαρθα ώς ηκουσεν, ότι Ιησους ερχεται, then Martha when she heard, that Jesus was coming, ύπηντησεν αυτφ. Μαρια δε εν τω οικφ εκαθε-met him; Mary but in the house was sit-21 Ειπεν ουν ή Μαρθα προς του Ιησουν CETO. Said then the Martha to ting. the ώδε, ό αδελφος μου ουκ αν Kupie, et 775

O lord, if thou hadst been here, the brother of me not would ετεθνηκει 22 αλλα και νυν οιδα, δτι δυα But and now I know, that whateverthings αν αιτηση τον θεον, δωσει σοι δ θεος. 23 Λεγει thou mayest ask the God, will give to theethe God. Says αυτη δ Ιησους· Αναστησεται δ αδελφος συν. of thec. <sup>24</sup> Λεγει αυτώ Μαρθα· Οιδα, ότι αναστησεται, to him Martha; I know, that

11 These things he said; and after this he says to them, ‡" Lazarus, our FRIEND, has fallen asleep; but I am going, that I ma; awake him."

\* The DISCIPLES, therefore, said to him "Lord, if he has faller asleep, he will recover."

13 But Jesus had spoken concerning his DEATH: but they thought That he was speaking of the REPOSE of SLEEP.

14 Then, therefore, JE. sus said plainly, "Laza.

rus is dead;

15 and I rejoice, on your account, That I was not there, so that you may believe; but let us go to him."

16 Then THAT Thomas, who is CALLED Didymus, said to the FELLOW-DISCI-PLES, " Let us also go, that we may die with him.

17 JESUS, therefore, coming, found that he had been already Four Days in the TOMB.

18 Now BETHANY WAS near JERUSALEM about fifteen Furlongs dis ant.

19 And many of the JEWS had come to bose with Martha and Mury, that they might conside them concerning their BR . THER.

20 MARTHA, therefore, when she heard That \* Jesus was coming, went to meet him; but Mary was sitting in the HOUSE.

21 Then MARTHA said to \* Jesus, "Lord, if thou hadst been here, my BRO-THER would not have died.

22 \* And even now I know, † That whatever things thou wilt ask of GOD, GOD will give thee."

23 Jesus said to her. "Thy BROTHER will rise again."

24 \* MARTHA said to him, t" I know that he will

he will rise again,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—12. The DISCIPLES, therefore, said to him, Jesus. 22. And. 24. Martha,

<sup>20.</sup> Jesus

<sup>11.</sup> Deut. xxxi. 16; Dan, xii. 2; Matt. ix. 24; Acts vii. 60; 1 Ccr. xx ls. 5. 1 22. John

εν τη αναστασει εν τη εσχατη ήμερα. 25 Ειπεν in the resurrection in the last day. Said αυτή ὁ Ιησους. Εγω ειμι ἡ αναστασις και ἡ to her the Jesus; Ι am the resurrection and the ζωη δ πιστευων εις εμε, καν αποθανη, ζησεται· life; he believing into me, even if he may die, he shall live; 26 και πας δ (ων και πιστευων εις εμε, ου μη believing into me, not not and all the living and ποθανη εις τον αιωνα. Πιστευεις τουτο; may die into the age. Believest thou thus? She says to him; Yes, Olord; I have believed, that συ ει δ Χριστος, δ υίος του θεου, δ εις τον κοσthouartthe Anounted, the son of the God, he into the world μον ερχομένος. 28 Και ταυτα ειπουσα, απηλθέ, coming. And these things saying, she went, και εφωνησε Μαριαν την αδελφην αύτης λαθρα, Mary the sister of her privately, and called ειπουσα. 'Ο διδασκαλος παρεστι, και φωνει σε. saying; The teacher is present, and calls thee. 29 Εκεινη ώς ηκουσεν, εγειρεται ταχυ, και ερχε-She when she heard, rises up quickly, and comes 30 (Ουπω δε εληλυθει δ Ιηται προς αυτον. (Not yet now had come the Jeto him. σους εις την κωμην' αλλ' ην εν τφ τοπφ, όπου sus into the village; but was in the place, where ύπηντησεν αύτω ή Μαρθα.) 31 Οί ουν Ιουδαιοι. him the Martha.) The therefore Jews, οί οντος μετ' αυτης εν τη οικια και παραμυθουthose being with her in the house and were comfortμενοι αυτην, ιδοντες την Μαριαν, ότι ταχεως ang her, seeing the Mary, that quickly ανεστη και εξηλθεν, ηκολουθησαν αυτη, λεγονfollowed saying: she rose up and went out, her, τες. 'Οτι ύπαγει εις το μνημειον, ίνα κλαυση That she goes into the tomb, that she may weep 32 'Η ουν Μαρια ώς ηλθεν όπου ην ό Ιη-EKEL. The therefore Mary when came where was the Jeιδουσα αυτον, επεσεν αυτου εις τους she fell of him to aus, seeing him, the ποδας, λεγουσα αυτώ Κυριε, ει  $\eta s \quad \dot{\omega} \delta \epsilon$ feet, saying to him; Olord, if thou hadstbeen here, ουκ αν απεθανε μου δ αδελφος. 33 Ιησους ουν not would have died of me the brother. Jesus therefore ώς ειδεν αυτην κλαιουσαν, και τους συνελθονand those having come when he saw her weeping, τας αυτη Ιουδαίους κλαιοντας, ενεβριμησατό τω with her Jews weeping, he was agitated in the πνευματι, και εταραξεν έαυτον, 34 και ειπε. and troubled himself, and said: Που τεθεικατε αυτον; Λεγουσιν αυτω. Κυριε. They say to him; Where have you laid him? O lord, 35 Εδακρυσεν 8 και ιδε. Inσous. EPYOU. Wept and see. the come, Jesus.

rise again, in the RESUR-RECTION, in the LAST day."

25 Jesus said to her. "I am the resurrection, and the Life; he believing into me, even though he die, shall live;

26 and no one LIVING and believing into me, shall die to the AGE. Dost theu

believe this?"

27 She says to him, "Yes, Lord, ‡# have believed that ithou art the Messiah, that son of God coming into the world."

28 And saying these things, she went and called Mary, her sister, privately, saying, "The TFACHER is come, and calls thee."

29 \*And she, when she heard, rose up quickly, and came to him.

30 Now Jesus had not yet come into the VIL-LAGE, but was \*still in the PLACE where Martha met him.

31 THOSE JEWS, therefore, who WERE with her in the HOUSE, and were consoling her, seeing MARY, That she rose up suddenly and went out, followed her, "saying." She is going to the TOMB, that she may weep there"

32 Mary, therefore, when she came where \* Jesus was, seeing him, fell at his FEET, saying to him, "Lord, if thou hadst been here, My BROTHER would not have died."

33 When Jesus, therefore, saw her weeping, and the Jews having come with her weeping, he wasgreatly agitated in his spirit, and affected.

34 and said, "Where have you laid him?" They say to him, "Lord, come and see"

S5 1 JESUS Wept.

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-29. And 5ht, when she heard, rose up. 30. still in the PLACE. 31. thinking. 32. Jesus.

36 Ελεγον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι. Ιδε, πως εφιλει αυτον. Said then the Jews; See, how he loved him.

<sup>27</sup> Tives δε εξ αυτων ειπον Ουκ ηδυνατο ούτοs,
Some but of them said; Not was able this, δ ανοιξας τους οφθαλμους του τυφλου ποιησαι, he having opened the eyes of the blind to have caused, ίνα και ούτος μη αποθηνη; 38 Ιησους ουν παλιν that even this not should die? Jesus therefore again

εμβριμωμενος εν έαυτω, ερχεται εις το μνη-being agitated in himself, comes to the tomb Ην δε σπηλαιον, και λιθος επεκειτο επ

It was now a cave, and a stone was lying on aut  $\phi$ . 39 Aeyel  $\delta$  Invous. Apate tov  $\lambda$ lov. it. Says the Jesus; Take away the stone. Λεγει αυτώ ή αδελφη του τεθνηκοτος, Μαρθα. Says to him the sister of the having died, Martha;  $40 \Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota$ Κυριε, ηδη οζει τεταρταιος γαρ εστι. now he smells; fourth day for it is. αυτη δ Ιησους. Ουκ ειπον σοι, δτι εαν πιστευto her the Jesus; Not I said to thee, that if thou wouldst οψει την δοξαν του θεου; 41 Ηραν ουν believe, thou shalt see the glory of the God? They took away then τον λιθον. 'Ο δε Ιησους ηρε τους οφθαλμους Jesus lifted up the The but ανω, και ειπε. Πατερ, ευχαριστω σοι, ότι Ofather, I give thanks to thee, that said; and  $^{42}$  Εγω δε ηδειν, ότι παντοτε μου ηκουσας μου.

I and knew, that always thou didst hearme. ακουεις αλλα δια τον οχλον τον περιεστωτα thou hearest; but on account of the crowd that standing-by

ειπον, ίνα πιστευσωσιν, ότι συ με απεστειλας. I spoke, so that they may believe, that thou me hast sent.

43 Και ταυτα ειπων, φωνη μεγαλη εκραυγασε.

And these things saying, with a voice loud he cried out. Λαζαρε, δευρο εξω. 44 Εξηλθεν δ τεθνηκως, Came out O Lazarus, come out. he having been dead, δεδεμενος τους ποδας και τας χειρας κειριαις, having been bound the feet and the hands with bandages, και ή οψις αυτου σουδαριώ περιεδεδετο. Λεγει and the face of him with a napkin bound about. Says αυτοις δ Ιησους· Λυσατε αυτον, και αφετε ύπα-to them the Jesus; Loose you him, and allow to γειν. 45 Πολλοι ουν εκ των Ιουδαιων, **ဝ**န် Many therefore of the Jews, those ελθοντες προς την Μαριαν, και θεασαμενοι ά having come to the Mary, and having gazed upon what 46 Tives SE επιστευσαν εις αυτον. εποιησεν, Some but he did, beheved into him. εξ αυτων απηλθον προς τους Φαρισαιους, και

Pharisees, went to the

ειπεν αυτοις ά εποιησεν ό Ιησους. told them what did the Jesus.

47 Συνηγαγον ουν οί αρχιερεις και οί Φαρι-Assembled then the high-priests and the

36 The Jews, therefore, said, "Behold, how he loved him!"

37 But some of them said, "Could not he, who OPENED the EYES of I the BLIND man, have even prevented this man's death?"

38 JESUS, therefore, again being agitated within himself, comes to the TOMB. Now it was a Cave, and a Stone was lying upon it.

39 JESUS said, "Take away the STONE." Martha, the SISTER OF HIM who \*had died, says to him, "Lord, he smells now; for it is the fourth day."

40 JESUS says to her, "Did I not tell thee, That if thou wouldst believe. thou shalt ‡ see the GLORY

of God ?"

41 Then they took away the STONE. And JESUS lifted his EYES above, and said, "Father, I give thanks to thee That thou didst hear me.

42 And I knew That thou hearest Me always; t but on account of THAT CROWD STANDING BY I spoke, so that they may believe That thou didst send Me."

43 And having said these words, he cried out with a loud Voice, "Lazarus, come

forth!"

44 HE who that been DEAD came forth, having his HANDS and FEET bound with Bandages, and this FACE bound about with a Napkin. \* Jesus says to them, "Loose him, and let him go."

45 MANY, therefore, of the JEWS who CAME to MARY, ‡ and beheld \* that which he had done, believed

unto him.

46 But some of them went to the PHARISEES, and told them what things JESUS did.

the BIGH. 47 Then FRIESTS and the PHARI-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 39. had died, says.

<sup>44.</sup> Jesus.

<sup>45.</sup> that which he

had done, believed.

<sup>† 37</sup> John ix. 6. † 40. ver. 4, 23. † 45. John ii. 23; x. 42; xii. 14, 18.

σαιοι συνεδριον, και ελεγον Τι ποιουμεν: ÒΤι sees a high council, and said; What are we doing? because ούτος δ ανθρωπος πολλα σημεια ποιει. 48 Εαν αφdoes. man many signs ωμεν αυτονούτω, παντες πιστευσουσιν εις αυτον. thus, all allow him will believe και ελευσονται οί Ρωμαιοι, και αρουσιν ήμων και will come the Romans, and will take away of us both 49 Eis δε τις αυτων, τον τοπον και το εθνος. the place and the nation. One and a certain of them Καιαφας, αρχιερευς ων του ενιαυτου εκεινου, high-priest being of the year that, ειπεν αυτοις. Ύμεις ουκ οιδατε ουδεν. 50 Oυδ€ You not know nothing. Neither said to them; διαλογιζεσθε, ότι συμφερει ήμιν, ίνα είς ανθρωdo you consider, that it is better for us, that one πος αποθανη ύπερ του λαου, και μη όλον το should die in behalf of the people, and not whole the 51 Τουτο δε αφ' έαυτου ουκ  $\epsilon\theta\nu$ os aποληται. nation should perish. This but from himself ειπεν αλλα αρχιερευς ων του ενιμυτου εκεινου. he said, but high-priest being of the year προεφητευσεν, ότι εμελλεν Ιησους αποθνησκειν he prophesied, that was about Jesus to die ύπεο του εθνους. <sup>52</sup> και ουχ ύπερ του εθνους in behalf of the nation; and not in behalf of the

μονον, αλλ' ίνα και τα τεκνα του θεου τα but that also the children of the God those διεσκορπισμενα συναγαγη εις έν.

having been scattered he should gather into one.

53 Απ' εκεινης ουν της ήμερας συνεβουλευ-From that therefore the they took counsel day 54 Invovs our σαντο, ίνα αποκτεινωσιν αυτον. together, that they might kill him. Jesus therefore ουκετι παρόησια περιεπατει εν τοις Ιουδαιοις, publicly walked among the . αλλα απηλθεν εκειθεν εις την χωραν εγγυς της but went away thence into the country near the ερημου, εις Εφραιμ λεγομενην πολιν κακει a city; and there into Ephraim being called διετριβε μετα των μαθητων αύτου. 55 Ην δε with the disciples of himself. Was and remained εγγυς το πασχα των Ιουδαιων και ανεβησαν near the passover of the Jews; wentup πολλοι εις Ίεροσολυμα εκ της χωρας προ του many into Jerusalem out of the country before the 56 Ε (ητουν ουν πασχα, ίνα αγνισωσιν έαυτους. passover, that they might purify themselves. They sought then

SEES convened the Sanhedrim, and said, ‡ " Wha. are we doing? Because This MAN performs Many Signs.

48 If we suffer him thus. all will believe into him and the ROMANS will come and take away both our PLACE and NATION."

49 And a certain one of them, ‡ Caiaphas, † being High-priest that YEAR, said to them, "Dou know noth-

50 I neither do you consider That it is expedient for us that One Man should die in behalf of the PEO-PLE, than that the Whole NATION should perish."

51 But he said this not from himself; but being High-priest that YEAR, he predicted That Jesus was about to die in behalf of the NATION;

52 and not only in bchalf of the NATION, ; but that he should also assemble into one, THOSE CHILD-REN of GOD who have been SCATTERED ABROAD.

53 Therefore from That DAY, \*they took counsel that they might kil' him.

54 \* JESUS, I therefore, walked no longer publicly among the Jews, but went away thence into the COUNTRY near the DESERT, into a City called † Ephraim, and there \* abode with the DISCIPLES.

55 I And the PASSOVER of the Jews was near; and many went up to Jerusalem out of the COUNTRY, before the PASSOVER, that they might purify themselves.

56 Then they sought for

54. JESUS.

54. abode with

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 53. they took counsel.

<sup>† 49.</sup> By the law of Moses, Exod. xl. 15, the office of high-priest was for life, and the son of Aaron's race always succeeded his father. But at this time the high-priesthood was almost annual; the Romans and Herod put down and raised up whom they pleased, and when they pleased, without alluding to any other rule than merely that the person put in this office should be of the sacerdatal race. Caiaphas held this office eight or nine years.—Clarke. † 54. A little village in the neighborhood of Bethel. Eusebius and Jerome say it was about twenty miles north of Jerusalem.

John xviil. 14. 3; viii. 1. 2 54. John iv. L

τον Ιησουν, και ελεγον μετ' αλληλων εν τω said with each other in the Jesus. and ίερω έστηκοτες. Τι δοκει ύμιν; ότι ου μη standing; What think you? that not  $57 \Delta \epsilon \delta \omega \kappa \epsilon \iota \sigma \alpha \nu$ not temple εις την έορτην;  $\delta \epsilon$  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ the feast? Had given he may come to \*[και] οί αρχιερεις και οί Φαρισαιοι εντολην, Pharisees a commandment, [both] the high-priests and the ίνα εαν τις γνω που εστι, μηνυση, όπως that if anyone should know where he is, he should show, how πιασωσιν αυτον. they might seize him.

### КЕФ. ιβ'. 12.

The therefore Jesus before six days the passover  $\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$   $\epsilon\iota s$   $B\eta\theta\alpha\nu\iota\alpha\nu$ ,  $\delta\pi\sigma\upsilon$   $\eta\nu$   $\Lambda\alpha\zeta\alpha\rho\sigmas$   $\bullet$  [ $\delta$   $\tau\epsilon\theta$ -came into Bethany, where was Lazarus [he having νηκως,] όν ηγειρεν εκ νεκρων. 2 Εποιησαν ουν been dead, whom he raised out of dead ones. They made therefore αυτφ δειπνον εκει, και ή Μαρθα διηκονει ό δε him a supper there, and the Martha served; the but Λαίαρος είς ην των ανακειμενών συν αυτώ. one was of those reclining with him. 3 'Η ουν Μαρια λαβουσα λιτραν μυρου ναρδου The then Mary having taken a pound of balsam of spikenard πιστικης πολυτιμου, ηλειψε τους ποδας του genuine of great price, anointed the feet of the Ιησου, και εξεμαξε ταις θριξιν αύτης τους ποδας and wiped with the hairs of herself the αυτου ή δε οικια επληρωθη εκ της οσμης του of him; the and house was filled with the odor of the μυρου. Αλεγει ουν εις εκ των μαθητων αυτου, Says therefore one of the disciples of him. balsam. Ιουδας Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτης, δ μελλων αυτον he being about of Simon Iscariot, παραδιδοναι· 5 Διατι τουτο το μυρον ουκ επραθη Why this the balsam not sold to deliver up; τριακοσιαν δηναριων, και εδοθη πτωχοις; 6 Ειπε three hundred denarii, and given to poor ones? He said  $\delta \epsilon$  τουτο, ουχ ότι π $\epsilon \rho$ ι των πτοχων  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \nu$  now this, not because about the poor it concerned αυτω, αλλ' ότι κλεπτης ην, και το γλωσσοκοbut because a thief he was, and the box και τα βαλλομενα εβασταζεν.  $\mu a \nu \in i \chi \epsilon$ , he had, and the things being put in 7 Ειπεν ουν ὁ Ιησους. Αφες αυτην. he carried off. ELS THY Said therefore the Jesus; Let alone her; for the ημεραν του ενταφιασμου μου τετηρηκεν αυτο. embalming of me she has kept it. 8 Tous πτωχους γαρ παντοτε εχετε μεθ' έαυpoor for always you have with your-9 Εγνω των, εμε δε ου παντοτε εχετε. ουν selves, me but not always you have. Knew therefore οχλος πολυς εκ των Ιουδαιων, ότι εκει εστι a crowd great of the Jews, that there

Jesus, and said to one another, standing in the TEMPLE, "What you? Will he not come to the FEAST ?"

57 Now the PRIESTS and the PHARI-SEES had given \*a Command, that if any one knew where he was, he should show how they might apprehend him.

#### CHAPTER XII.

1 Then JESUS Six Days before the PASSOVER came to Bethany, ‡ where THAT Lazarus was whom \* Jesus raised from the Dead.

2 ‡ They made him, therefore, a Supper there, and MARTHA served; but LAZARUS was one of THOSE RECLINING with him.

3 Then I MARY having taken a Pound of Balsam of genuine Spikenard, very costly, anointed the FEET or \* Jesus, and wiped his FEET with her HAIR; and the HOUSE was filled with the odor of the BALSAM.

4 \*And one of his DISCI-PLES, THAT ISCARICT Who was about to betray him.

says, 5 "Why was not This BALSAM sold for Three hundred Denarii, and given to the Poor?"

6 Now he said this, not Because he cared for the POOR; but because he was a Thief, and thad the Box, and stole what THINGS were DEPOSITED in it.

7 Jesus, therefore, said, \* "Suffer her, that she may keep it for the DAY of my EMBALMING.

8 For the Poor you have always with yourselves; but Me you have not always."

9 A great Crowd of the Jews, therefore, knew That he was there; and they

Vatican Manuschift.—57. Commandments that. having been dead—omit. 1. Jesus raised. 3. Jesus raised. 3. Jesus raised. 3. Jesus raised. 3. Jesus raised. it for the DAY of my EMBALMING.

<sup>57.</sup> both—omit. 1. he 4. And one of his DISC. PLES, 3. Jesus. 4. And one of his broad keep 7. Suffer her, that she may keep

10 Εβουλευσαντο δε οί αρχιερεις, ίνα και τον Τοοκ counsel but the high-priests, that also the Λαζαρον αποκτεινωσιν. 11 ότι πολλοι δι' αυτον Lazarus they might kill; because many on account of him τηγον των Ιουδαιων, και επιστευον εις τον Ιηπευτανες of the Jews, and believed into the Jeσουν.

12 Τη επαυριον οχλος πολυς, δ ελθων εις την On the morrow a crowd great, who having come to the έορτην, ακουσαντες, ότι ερχεται Ιησους εις foast, having heard that was coming Jesus into Γεροσολυμα, 13 ελαβον τα βαια των φοινικων, Jerusalem, they took the branches of the palm-tree,

και εξηλθον εις ύπαντησιν αυτώ, και εκραζον. and went out to a meeting with him, and cried out; 'Ωσαννα, ευλογημενος δ ερχομενος εν ονοματι Hosanna, worthy of blessing he coming in name κυριου, δ βασιλευς του Ισραηλ. 14 Εύρων δε δ of Lord, the king of the Israel. Finding and the of Lord, the king of the later.

Πησους οναρίον, εκαθισεν επ' αυτο, καθως εστι

Jesus a young ass, he sat on it, as it is

γεγραμμενον 15 · Μη φοβου, θυγατερ Σιων having been written; "Not fear, O daughter of Sion; ιδου, δ βασιλευς σου ερχεται καθημενος επι lo, the king of thee comes sitting πωλον ονου." 16 Ταυτα δε ουκ εγνωσαν oi a foal of an ass." These things now not knew μαθηται αυτου το πρωτον αλλ' ότε εδοξασθη disciples of him the first; but when was glorided δ Ιησους, τοτε εμνησθησαν, δτι ταυτα ην επ' the Jesus, then they remembered, that these things was about αυτω γεγραμμενα, και ταυτα εποιησαν αυτω.
him having been written, and these things they did to him

17 Εμαρτυρεί ουν δοχλος, δων μετ' αυτου, ότι
Τεκιπεσ then the crowd, thatbeing with him, that
τον Λαίαρον εφωνησεν εκ του μνημείου, και
the Lazarus he called out of the tomb, and
ηγείρεν αυτον εκ νεκρων.

Ταίασο him out of dead ones. On account of this also
υπηντησεν αυτφ δοχλος, ότι ηκ υσαν τουτο

υπηντησεν αυτφ δ οχλος, ότι ηκ υσαν τουτο met him the growd, because they heard this auton πεποιηκεναι το σημείον.  $^{19}$ Οί ουν Φαριhim to have done the sign. The then Pharifical είπον προς έαυτους Θεωρείτε ότι ουκ sees said to themselves; Υου see that not wφελείτε ουδεν  $^{16}$ ε, ό κοσμος οπίσω αυτου you gaim nothing; mem, the world after him  $\alpha\pi\eta\lambda\theta$ εν.

legoing away.

20 Η ταν δε τινες Έλληνες εκ των αναβαινον-Were and some Greeks of those going των, ίνα προσκυνησωσιν εν τη έορτη. 21 Ούτοι 2p, that they might worship in the feast. Those came, not on account of JESUS only, but also that they might see LAZARUS whom he raised from the DEAD.

10 ‡ \* And even the HIGH-PRIESTS took counsel, that they might kill

LAZARUS also;
11 ‡Because, on account of him, many of the Jews went away, and believed into Jesus.

12 The NEXT DAY, a great Crowd HAVING COME to the FEAST, having heard That Jesus was coming to

Jerusalem,

13 took BRANCHES of PALM-TREES, and went out to meet him, and cried out, ‡"Hosanna, Blessed is HE who COMES in the Name of Jehovah, the KING of ISRAEL!"

14 And Jesus having found a Young ass, sat on it, as it has been written,

15 ‡ "Fear not, \* daugh-"ter of Zion; behold, thy "KING comes, sitting on "the Colt of an Ass."

16 Now these things his DISCIPLES knew not at PIEST; but when JESUS was glorified, ‡ then they remembered That These things had been written about him, and they did these things to him.

17 Then THAT CROWD which was with him, testified that he called LAZARUS out of the TOMB, and raised him from the dead.

18 On this account also the CROWD met him, Because they heard that he had done This sign.

19 Therefore the PHARI. SEES, said among themselves, ‡ "You see that you are gaining nothing; behold, the world is gone away after him."

20 And there were ‡some Greeks of THOSE HAVING GONE UP, that they night worship during the FEAST.

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. But even the BIGH-PRIESTS.

<sup>15.</sup> DAUGHTER of Zion.

<sup>1 10.</sup> Luke xvi. 31. 11. John xi. 45. 212. Matt. xxl. 8; Mark xi. 8; Luke xxi. 8; Mark xi. 8; Luke xxi. 8; Mark xi. 8; Luke xxi. 4; 16. John xiv. 24. 116. John xiv. 2

ουν προσηλθον Φιλιππώ, τω απο Βηθσαιδα της to Philip, that from Bethsaida of the Γαλιλαίας, και ηρωτων αυτον, λεγοντες. Κυρίε, Galilee, and were asking him, saying; 22 Ερχεται Φιλιπθελομεν τον Ιησουν ιδειν. we wish the Jesus to see. Comes Philip. πος, και λεγει τω Ανδρεα \* [και παλιν] Ανand says to the Andrew; [and again] 23 'Ο δ∈ δρεας και Φιλιππος λεγουσι τω Ιησου. drew and Philip say to the Jesus. The but Ιησους απεκρινατο αυτοις, λεγων Εληλυθεν ή Jesus answered them, saying; Has come the ώρα, ίνα δοξασθη ὁ υίος του ανθρωπου. 24 Αμην hour, that may be glorified the son of the man. αιην  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$   $\dot{v}_{\mu i \nu}$ ,  $\epsilon \alpha \nu$   $\mu \eta$   $\delta$  κοκκος του σιτου indeed 1 say to you, if not the grain of the wheat  $\pi \epsilon \sigma \omega \nu \epsilon \iota s \tau \eta \nu \gamma \eta \nu \alpha \pi \sigma \theta \alpha \nu \eta$ ,  $\alpha \nu \tau \sigma s \mu \sigma \nu \sigma s \mu \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota$  falling into the ground should die, he alone abides;  $\epsilon$ αν δε αποθανη, πολυν καρπον φερει. if but it may die. much fruit it bears. 25 'O φιλων την ψυχην αύτου, απολεσει αυτην και loving the life of numself, shall lose her; and δ μισων την ψυχην αύτου εν τ $\varphi$  κοσμ $\varphi$  τουτ $\varphi$ , be hating the life of himself in the world this, εις ζωην αιωνιον φυλαξει αυτην. life age-lasting shall keep

26 Εαν εμοι διακονή τις, εμοι ακολουθειτω. If me may serve any one, me let him follow; και όπου ειμι εγω, εκει και ό διακονος ό εμος and where am I, there also the servant the mine εσται εαν τις εμοι διακονη, τιμησει αυτον ό shall be; if any one me may serve, will serve him the πατηρ. 27 Νυν ή ψυχη μου τεταρακται και τι father. Now the soul of me is troubled; and what είπω · Πατερ, σωσον με εκ της ώρας ταυτης; shall I say? O father, save me from the hour this? Αλλα δια τουτο ηλθον εις την ώραν ταυτην. Bu! on account of this I came to the hour 25 Πατερ, δοξασον σου το ονομα. Ηλθεν ουν O father, name. Came then glorify of thee the φωνη εκ του ουρανου "Και εδοξασα, avoice ont of the heaven: "Both I glorified, Kal a voice ont of the heaven: "Both I glorified, and παλιν δοξασω." 29 'O \*[ovv] οχλος δ έστως again will glorify." The [therefore] crowd that standing και ακουσας, ελεγε βροντην γεγονεναι. Αλλοι end hearing, said thunder to have been. Others ελεγον· Αγγελος αυτω λελαληκεν. <sup>30</sup> Απεκριθη said; Α memenger to him has spoken. Answered δ Ιησους και ειπεν· Ου δι εμε αυτη ή φωνη εμε αυτη ή φωνη the Jesus and said; Not on account of me this the voice γεγονεν, αλλα δι' ύμας. 31 Νυν κρισις εστι but on account of you. Now a judgment του κοσμου τουτου νυν δ αρχων του κοσμου the world this; now the ruler of the world

Τοιτου νυν δαρχων του κοσμου τουτου εκβληthm: now the ruler of the world this will be

21 These, therefore, came to that Philip who was of Bethsaida of Galilee, and asked him, saying, "Sir, we wish to see Jesus."

22 \* PHILIP comes and tells Andrew; Andrew and Philip \* come and tell Jesus.

23 And Jesus \* answers them, saying, 1"The Hour has come that the son of MAN may be glorified.

24 Indeed, I assure you, 11f the GRAIN of WHEAT falling auto the GROUND should not die, it remains alone; but if it should die, it bears Much Fruit.

25 ‡ Hr loving his Life shall lose it, and he hating his life in this world shall preserve it to aionian Life.

26 If any one serve me, let him follow me; and where am, there also shall MY SERVANT be. If any one serve me, him will the father honor.

27 ‡ Now is my soul troubled; and what shall I say? Father, save me from this HOUR? But on this account I came to this HOUR.

28 Father, glorify Thy NAME." ‡ Then a Voice came from HEAVEN, "I both glorified and will glorify again."

29 That crowd standing and hearing, said, "It was Thunder;" others said, "An Angel has spoken to him."

30 \* Jesus answered and said, "This voice has not come on account of me, but on your account.

oσμου 31 There is now a Judgworld ment of this world; ‡ the κβληwill be RULER of this world shall now be cast out.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—22. Philip. 22. and again—omst. 22. come and tell. 23. answers. 28. My name. 29. therefore—omst. 30. Jesus.

<sup>† 23.</sup> John xiii. 32; xvii. 1. † 24. 1 Cor. xv. 36. † 25. Matt. x. 39; xvi. 25; Mack viii 25: Luke ix. 24; xvii. 33. † 26. John xiv. 3; xvii. 34; 1 Thess. iv 17. † 27. Matt. xvii. 38, 39; Luke xii. 50; John xii. 21. † 28. Matt. iii. 17. † 31. John xiv. 30; xvi. 11.

32 Καγω εαν θησεται εξω. ύψωθα ER THS tast And I if I should be lifted up from the out. 33 TouTo γης, παντας έλκυσω προς εμαυτον. will draw to myself. δε ελεγε, σημαινών ποιφ θανατώ ημελλεν αποbut he said, signifying by what death he was about 34 Απεκριθη αυτώ δ οχλος· 'Ημεις θνησκειν. him the crowd; We Answered ηκουσαμέν εκ του νομου, ότι δ Χριστος μενει heard out of the law. that the Anointed abides εις τον αιωνα και πως συ λεγεις, ότι isto the and how thou sayest, thatitbehoves age; ύψωθηναι τον υίον του ανθρωπου; τις εστιν son of the to be lifted up the man? who ούτος δ υίος του ανθρωπου; <sup>35</sup> Ειπεν ουν αυτοις this the son of the man? Said then to them δ Ιησους. Ετι μικρον χρονον το φως εν ύμιν the light among you the Jesus; εστι. Περιπατειτε, έως το φως εχετε, ίνα μη is. Walk you, while the light you have, that not σκοτια ύμας καταλαβη· και ό περιπατων εν τη darkness you may overtake; and he walking in the 36 'Eas TO \$\psi \omegas τκοτια τυκ οιδε που ύπαγει. darlines; not knows where he goes, While the light εχει: πιστευετε εις το φως, iva viol φωτος you have, believe into the light, that sons of light you have, Ταυτα ελαλησεν δ Ιησους, και  $\gamma \in \nu \eta \sigma \theta \epsilon$ . you may become. These things spoke the Jesus, and απελθων εκρυβη απ' αυτων. going away he was hid from them.

37 Τοσαυτα δε αυτου σημεια πεποιηκοτος but of him having been done signs εμπροσθεν αυτων ουκ επιστευον εις αυτον· 38 ίνα in presence of them not they did believe into him: that δ λογος Ησαιου του προφητου πληρωθη, δν of Esaias the prophet might be fulfilled, which the word ειπε "Κυριε, τις επιστευσε τη ακοη ήμων; he said: "Olord, who believed the report of us? και δ βραχιων κυριου τινι απεκαλυφθη;" 39 Δια arm of lord to whom was it revealed?" On account of and the τουτο ουκ ηδυναντο πιστευειν ότι παλιν ειπεν this not they were able to believe; because again 'Ησαιας. 40 " Τετυφλωκεν αυτων τους οφθαλ-Essias: He has blinded of them the eyes, μους, και πεπωρωκεν αυτων την καρδιαν ίνα and has hardened of them the heart; so that μη ιδωσι τοις οφθαλμοις, και νοησωσι τη notthey might see with the and understand with the eyes, καρδια, και επιστραφωσι, κω ιασωμαι αυτους." heart, and should turn back, and I should heal them." 41 Ταυτα ειπεν Ήσαιας, ότι ειδε την δοξαν Bsaiss, These things said because he saw the glory 42 'Ouws και ελαλησε περι αυτου. αυτου. of him, spoke concerning him. Nevertheless

32 And H, tif I be raised on high from the EARTH, will draw All to myself."

33 \* Now this he said, signifying by What Death he was about to die.

34 \* Then the CROWD answered him, † "CHE heard out of the LAW, That the MESSIAH continues to the AGE; and how sayest thou, 'That the son of MAN must be raised on high?' Who is This son of MAN?'

35 Jesus, therefore said to them, ‡"Yet a Little Time the LIGHT is among you. Walk while you have the LIGHT, so that Darkness may not overtake You; and ‡ HE who WALKS in DARKNESS knows not where he is going.

36 While you have the LIGHT, believe into the LIGHT, that you may become the sons of LIGHT." These things spoke \*Jesus, and going away he was concealed from them.

37 But though he had performed so Many Signs in their presence, they did not believe into him;

38 that the WORD of Isaiah, the PROPHET, might be verified, which he said, t"Lord, who believed our "REPOET? and the ARM of "the Lord, to whom was it "revealed?"

39 On account of this they could not believe, Because Isaiah said again,

40 ‡ "He has blinded "Their EYES, and hardened "Their HEART, so that they "should not see with the "EYES, and understand "with the HEART, and "should turn, and I should "heal them."

41 Isaiah said these things, because he saw his GLOBY, and spoke of him 42 Nevertheless, many

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. Then the CROWD.

36. Jesus.

\$ 32. John iii. 14; viii. 28. \$ 33. John xviii. 82. Isa. ix. 7, &c. \$ 25. John t. 9; viii. 12; ix. 5; ver. 46. \$ 236. Luke xvi. 8; Eph. v. 8; I Thess. v. 6; 1 John ii. 9-11. \$ 40. Isa. vi. 9, 10; Matt. xiii. 14. \$ 41. Isa. vi. 1.

† 34. Psa. lxxxix. 36, 37; cx. 4; † 35. John xi. 10; 1 John ii. 11. † 38. Isa. lili. 1; Rom. x. 16 μεντοι και εκ των αρχοντων πολλοι επιστευσαν truly and of the rulers many believed εις αυτον αλλα δια τους Φαρισαιους ουχ into him; but on account of the Pharisees not ωμολογουν, ίνα μη αποσυναγωγοι γενωνται:

43 ηγαπησαν γαρ την δοξαν των ανθρωπων they loved for the giory of the men

μαλλον, ηπερ την δοξαν του θεου.

more, than the glory of the God.

44 Ιησους δε εκραξε και ειπεν 'Ο πιστευων Jesus and cried and said; He believing  $\epsilon$  is  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon$ , ou  $\pi$  is  $\tau$  in  $\tau$   $\epsilon$  is  $\tau$  ou  $\tau$   $\epsilon \mu$ believes into me, but into him having into me, not ψαντα με· 45 και δ θεωρων εμε, θεωρει τον πεμsent me; and he seeing me, sees him having  $^{46}\,\mathrm{E}\gamma\omega$  φως εις τον κοσμον εληλυψαντα με. world have come, sent me. a light into the θα, ίνα πας δ πιστευων εις εμε, εν τη σκοτια that all the believing into me, in the darkness 47 Και εαν τις μου ακουση των μη μεινη. not may abide. And if any one of me may hear the ρηματων, και μη πιστευση, εγω ου κρινω αυτον·
words, and not may believe, I not judge him; (ου γαρ ηλθον, ίνα κρινω τον κοσμον, αλλ' ίνα (not for I came, that I might judge the world, but that (not for I came, that it is a substitute of  $\sigma\omega\sigma\omega$   $\tau o\nu$   $\kappa o\sigma\mu o\nu$ ) 48  $\delta$   $\alpha\theta \epsilon \tau \omega\nu$   $\epsilon\mu\epsilon$ , world;) he rejecting me, Kal and μη λαμβανων τα δηματα μου εχει τον κρινοντα not receiving the words of me has that judging αυτον ό λογος όν ελαλησα, εκεινος κρινει the word which I spoke, that shall judge 49 'Οτι εγω εξ αυτον εν τη εσχατη ήμερα. day. Because ľ from in the last εμαυτου ουκ ελαλησα αλλ' δ πεμψας με πατηρ not spoke; but the having sent me father μοι εντολην εδωκε, τι ειπω και τι μοι μοιαυτος me a commandment gave,  $\lambda$ αλησω·  $^{50}$  και οιδα, ότι  $\dot{\eta}$   $\epsilon$ ντολη αυτου  $\zeta$ ωη I should speak; and I know, that the commandment of him life 'Α ουν λαλω εγω, καθως ειρηalwaios ectiv. What therefore say age-lasting is. has spoκε μοι ό πατηρ, ούτω λαλω. so I speak. ken to me the father,

# КЕФ. ιγ. 13.

1 Προ δε της έορτης του πασχα, ειδως δ Ιη-Before and the feast of the passover, knowing the Jeσους, ότι εληλυθεν αύτου ή ώρα, ίνα μεταβη was come of himself the hour, that he should depart sus, that του κοσμού τουτού προς τον πατέρα, out of the world this to the father, αγατησας τους ιδιους τους εν τω κοσμώ, εις in the those having loved the own world, 2 Και δειπνου γενοτελος ηγαπησεν αυτους. he loved them. And being an end supper

of the BULERS also believed into him, ‡ but because of the PHARISEES they did not confess him, so that they might not be put out of the synagogues.

43 ‡ For they loved the GLORY of MEN more than

the GLORY of GOD.

44 But Jesus cried out and said, t"He believing into me, believes not into me, but into him who sent me;

45 and the Beholding me, beholds him who sent

me.

46 ‡ H have come a Light into the WORLD, so that \* HE BELLEVING into me may not abide in DARK-NESS.

47 And if any one hear, and \* keep not My words, if do not judge him; ; for I came not that I might judge the world, but that I might save the world.

48 HE REJECTING me, and receiving not my words, has that which Judges him; ‡ the word which I spoke, that will judge him in the LAST Day.

49 Because † I spoke not from myself; but the father who sent me, he shas given me a Commandment, what I should enjoin, and what I should speak;

50 and I know That his commandment is aionian Life. What things I speak, therefore, as the Father has told me, so I speak."

### CHAPTER XIII.

1 Now Jesus knowing before the Feast of the Passover, That His hour was come, that he should depart out of this world to the Father, having loved those his own who were in the world, he loved them to the End.

2 And as Supper was pre-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 46. HE BELIEVING.

<sup>47.</sup> keep not.

<sup>49.</sup> has given me.

μενου, (του διαβολου ηδη βεβληκοτος εις την (the accuser already having put into the καρδιαν Ιουδα Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτου, ίνα αυτον Judas of Simon Iscariot, that heart παραδω,) 3 ειδως δ Ιησους, δτι παντα δεδωκεν he might betray,) knowing the Jesus, that all things had given αυτφ δ πατηρ εις τας χειρας, και ότι απο θεου him the father into the hands, and that from God εξηλθε, και προς τον θεον ύπαγει· 4 εγειρεται God he goes; he came out, and to the rises εκ του δειπνου, και τιθησι τα ίματια, και λαand puts off the mantles, and having from the supper, βων λεντιον, διε (ωπεν έαυτον. 5 Ειτα βαλλει girded himself. taken a towel, Afterward he puts ύδωρ εις τον νιπτηρα, και ηρξατο νιπτειν τους water into the wash-basin, and began to wash the ποδας των μαθητων, και εκμασσειν τω λεντιώ feet of the disciples, and to wipe with the towel 6 Ερχεται ουν προς ην διε (ωσμενος. with which he was having been girded. He comes then to Σιμωνα Πετρον· και λεγει αυτω εκεινος· Κυριε. O lord, Peter; and says to him he; συ μου νιπτεις τους ποδας; 7 Απεκριθη Ιησους feet? Answered thou of me washest the Jesus 'Ο εγω ποιω, συ ουκ What I do, thou not KAL ELTEV AUTW. οιδας and said to him. thou not knowest 8 Λεγει αυτφ γνωση δε μετα ταυτα. now, thou shalt know but after these things. Says to him Πετρος. Ου μη νιψης τους ποδας μου εις Not not thou mayest wash the feet of me into τον αιωνα. Απ κριθη αυτφ δ Ιησους. Εαν μη him the Jesus; the age. Answered If BOT νιψω σε, ουκ εχεις μερος μετ' εμου. 9Λε↑ € with Says I may wash thee, not thou hast a part me. αυτφ Σιμων Πετρος Κυριε, μη τους ποδας μου to him Simon Peter; Olord, not the of me μονον, αλλα και τας χειρας, και την κεφαλην. alone, but also the hands, and the head.  $^{10}\Delta\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota$  ave  $\delta$  Invovs. O  $\lambda\epsilon\lambda\sigma\upsilon\iota\epsilon\nu\sigma$  ov Jesus; He having been bathed not to him the Says χρειαν εχει η τους ποδας νιψασθαι, αλλ'  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ need has than the feet to wash, but is και ύμεις καθαροι εστε, αλλ' καθασος όλος. you wholly; clean clean and are, but 11 Ηδει γαρ τον παραδιδοντα
He knew for the betraying marres. ουχι all. δια τουτο ειπεν. Ουχι παντες καθαροι αυτον° him, on account of this he said; Not €στε.

paring, the ENEMY having already put into the HEART of Judas Iscariot, son of Simon, that he should betray him.

3 \* he knowing that the FATHER had given him All things into his HANDS. and That he came out through God, and was going to God.

4 rises from the SUPPER, and puts off his MANTLE, and taking a Towel girded himself.

5 † Afterward he puts
Water into the Wash-BaSIN, and began to wash the
FEET of the DISCIPLES,
and to wipe them with the
TOWEL with which he was
girded.

6 Then he comes to Simon Peter; \* he says to him, "Lord, dost thou wash My FEET?"

7 Jesus answered and said to him, "What I am doing, thou knowest not now, but ‡ after this thou wilt know."

8 Simon Peter says to him, "Thou shalt not wash my feet to the age." \*He answered him; "Unless I wash thee, thou hast no part with me."

9 Simon Peter says to him, "Lord, not my FEET only, but also my HANDS

and my HEAD."

10 \* Jesus says to him,

+"HE who has been BATHING, has no need unless to
wash his FEET, but is
wholly clean; and ‡ nou
are clean, but not all."

11 For the knew who was RETRAYING him; on this account he said, "You are not all clean."

you are.

6. he says.

8. He answered.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-3. he knowing. 10. Jesus.

<sup>† 5.</sup> The washing of the feet in times of primitive simplicity was performed by the host of hostess to the guest, but afterwards it was committed to the servants, and therefore was accounted a servile employment. When David sent to Abigail, to inform her that he had chosen her for a wife, she arose and said,—"Behold, let thy handmaid be a servant, to wash the feet of the servants of my lord," I Sam. xxv. 41. At the time when our Lord performed this office, it was esteemed the office of the meanest slaves. This are plainly showed the humility and condescension of Jesus, and emphatically taught the same to his disciples. † 10. It was customary for the Jews to bathe themselves (twice, according to some,) before eating the paschal supper.

<sup>1 3.</sup> Matt. xi. 27; xxviii. 18; John iii. 35; xvii. 2. 1 3. John xiii. 42; xvi. 28. ver. 12—17. 10. John xv. 3. — 11. John vi. 64.

12 °OT€ OUV ενιψε τους ποδας αυτων, και When therefore he had washed the and feet of them, ελαβε τα ίματια αύτου, αναπεσων παλιν, ειπεν chaβe τα ίματια αυτου, αναπετές taken the mantles of himself, falling down again, he said taken the mantles of himself, falling down again, he said αυτοις. Γινωσκετε τι πεποιηκα ύμιν; Know you what I have done to you? φωνειτε με 'Ο διδασκαλος και δ κυριος και lord; and the and me; The teacher call  $^{14}$  Ei our  $\epsilon\gamma\omega$   $\epsilon\nu$ iya καλως λεγετε· ειμι γαρ. well you say; I am for. If then ύμων τους ποδας, ό κυριος και ό διδασκαλος, teacher. the lord and the the feet. οφειλετε αλληλων νιπτειν τους ύμ€ις are bound of one another to wash the mien. 15 Υποδειγμα γαρ εδωκα for I gave ίνα ύμιν, ποδας. that to you, feet. An example καθως εγω εποιησα ύμιν, και ύμεις ποιητε. you should do. did to you, also 16 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, ουκ εστι δουλος μειζων Indeed indeed I say to you, not is a slave greater του κυριου αύτου, ουδε αποστολος μειζων του greater of the of himself, nor a messenger greater of the of the lord πεμψαντος αυτον. If these things you know, blessed him. sending εστε, εαν ποιητε αυτα. 18 Ου περι παντων if you should do them. ύμων λεγω· εγω οιδα ούς εξελεξαμην· αλλ', Ispeak; I know whom I chose; but, of you ίνα ή γραφη πληρωθη. " Ο τρωγων μετ €HOU that the writing may be fulfilled; "He eating with me τον αρτον, επηρεν επ' εμε την πτερναν αύτου. lifted up against me the heel of himself." the loaf, 19 Απ' αρτι λεγω ύμιν, προ του γενεσθαι, ίνα From now I say to you, before the to happen, that ότι εγω ειμι. γενηται, πιστευσητε, δταν it may happen, you may believe, that

20 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν 'Ο λαμβανων εαν τινα Indeed indeed I say to you; He receiving if any one πεμψω, εμε λαμβανει ό δε εμε λαμβανων, I may send, me receives; he and me receiving, λαμβανει τον πεμψαντα με.

receives him having sent me.

2lTαυτα ειπων δ Ιησους εταραχθη τω πνευμα-These things saying the Jesus was troubled in the spirit,

τι, και εμαρτυρησε, και ειπεν· Αμην αμην λεγω and testified, and said; Indeed indeed I say  $\mathring{\nu}\mu\nu$ , ότι εις εξ  $\mathring{\nu}\mu\nu$ ν παραδωσει  $\mu$ ε.  $^{22}$  Εβλετογου, that one of you will betray  $^{22}$  Εβλετογου, το επισμένους  $^{23}$  Εβλετογους το επισμένους  $^{23}$  Εβλετογους το επισμένους  $^{23}$  Εβλετογούς  $^{23}$  Εβλ

 $\pi o \nu \stackrel{\text{lov}}{=} [\text{then}]$  to each other the disciples, doubt-

μενοι περι τινος λεγει. 23 Ην δε ανακειμενος ing about whom he was speaking. Was now reclining

12 When, therefore, he had washed their FEET, and taken his MANTLE, reclining again he said to them, "Do you know what I have done to you?

done to you?

13 ‡ Dou call me The TEACHER, and The LORD; and you say well; for I am.

14 If # then, the LOED and the TEACHER, have washed Your FEET, nou ought also to wash One another's FEET.

15 For ‡ I have given you an Example, that, as # have done to you, so you

should do.

16 Indeed, I assure you, ‡ a Servant is not greater than his LORD, nor an Apostle greater than HE who SENT him.

17 ‡ If you know These things, happy are you if

you do them.

18 I am not speaking about all of you; I know whom I chose; but that the scripture may be fulfilled, 1'HE that EATS \*'My BERAD, lifted up his 'HEEL against me.'

19 I tell you now, before it occurs, that when it occurs you may believe That # am he.

20 Indeed, I assure you, THE who RECEIVES one whom I send receives Me; ard HE who RECEIVES Me receives HIM who SENT me."

21 Having said these things\*Jesus was troubled in his spirit, and testified, and said, "Indeed I assure you, That one of you will deliver me up."

22 The disciples looked one on another, doubting of whom he spoke.

23 † Now there was re

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—18. same I chose. 22. Then—omit.

<sup>18.</sup> My BREAD.

<sup>21.</sup> Jesus

<sup>†23.</sup> As two or more lay on one couch, each resting on his left elbow, with his feet sloping away from the table towards the back of the couch, he that turned his back on his next neighbor was said to be lying in his bosom. This position made it easy for John to speak to Jesus in a whisper which could not be heard by the other disciples.—S. Skarpe.

<sup>13.</sup> Matt. xxiii. 8, 10; Luke vi. 40; 1 Cor. viii. 6; xii. 5; Phil. ii. 11. 15. Matt. xi. 29; Phil. ii. 5; 1 Pet. ii. 21; 1 John ii. 5. 16. Matt. v. 24; Luke vi. 40; John xv. 20; 17. James i. 26. 18. Psa. xii. 9, Matt. xxvi. 33. 120. Matt. x. 40; xxv. 40; Luke x. 16.

εις εκ των μαθητων αυτου εν τω κολπω του one of the disaples of him in the bosom of the Iησου, δν ηγαπα δ Ιησους. 24 Νευει ουν τουτω Jesus, whom loved the Jesus, Node then to him

Jesus, whom loved the Jesus. Node then to him

Σιμων Πετρος, πυθεσθαιτις αν ειη περι ού
Simon Peter, to ask who it might be concerning of whom

λεγει. <sup>25</sup> Επιπεσων δε εκεινος επι το στηθος he speaks. Faling and he on the breast

26 Αποκρινέται δ Ιησους Εκεινος εστιν,  $^{\circ}$   $_{\text{Answers}}$  the Jesus; He it is, to whom

εγω βαψας το ψωμιον επιδωσω. Και εμβαψας I having dipped the little piece shall give. And having dipped το ψωμιον. διδωσιν Ιουδα Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτη.

το ψωμιον, διδωσιν Ιουδα Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτη.

<sup>27</sup> Και μετα το ψωμιον, τοτε εισηλθεν εις εκει-And after the little piece, then entered into him νον ὁ σατανας. Λεγει ουν αυτω ὁ Ιησους. 'Ο

the adversary. Says then to him the Jesus, What  $\pi o \iota \epsilon \iota s$ ,  $\pi o \iota \eta \sigma o \nu \tau \alpha \chi \iota o \nu$ .  $^{28} To \upsilon \tau o * [\delta \epsilon] o \upsilon \delta \epsilon \iota s$  thou doest, do thou quickly. This [now] no one

εγνω των ανακειμενων προς τι ειπει αντω, knew of those reclining with why he said to him.

<sup>59</sup> Τινες γαρ εδοκουν, επει το γλωστοκομον some for thought, seeing that the box

ειχεν ό Ιουδας, ότι λεγει αυτφ ό Ιησους. Αγοhad the Judas, that says to him the Jesus: Buy ρασον ών χρειαν εχομεν εις την έορτην. η τοις

what things need we have for the feast; or to the πτωχοις ίνα τι δω. 30 Λαβων ουν το that something he should give Having taken then the

ψωμιον εκεινος, ευθεως εξηλθεν ην δε νυξ. tetle; see he, immediately went out; it was and night.

31 Ότε εξηλθε, λεγει δ Ιησους. Νυν εδοξασθη When he went out, says the Jesus; Just now was glorified ό υίος του ανθρωπου, και ό θεος, εδοξασθη εν man. and the God. was glorified the son of the 3. \* Ει δ θεος εδοξασθη εν αυτω,] και al.Tw. bim. if the God was glorified in him.] مالع δ θεος δοξαπει αυτον εν εαυτφ, και EUBUS the God will giority him to himself, and immediately 33 TEKV12, Sofagei aurov. ETL  $\mu \in \theta$ μικρον willglonly hum. Ohttle children, yet a tittle with Ζητησετε με και καθως ειπον τοις LIMEN ELMI. You will seek me, and as vou lau. I said to the Ιουδαιοις 'Οτι ύπου εγω ύπαγω, ULLELS ov

• Vatical Manuscrift.—23 Jesus. 24. and says to him, "Inquire who it is of whom. 25. leaning back on the Breast of Jesus. 26. Then Jesus. 26. for whom I shall dip a little fire and give it to him. Then having dipped the Little fire is took and gave. 27. Jesus. 28. now—omit. 29. Judas. 29. Jesus says to him.

31. Jesus. 32. 17 God be glorified by him.—omet.

† 25. John xix. 26; xx. 2; xxi. 7. 20, 44. 1 27 Luke xxii. 2: John vi. 70. † 29. John xii. 6. 1 31 John xii. 23 1 31. John xiv. 13, 1 Pet. iv 11 1 23. John xvii. 1. 4—6. 1 83 John vi. 34. vii. 21.

clining on the Bosom of JESUS ‡ one of his DISCI-PLES, whom \* Jesus loved. 24 To him, therefore,

24 To hum, therefore, Simon Peter nods, \* and says to him, "Inquire who it is of whom he is speaking."

25 And he, \*leaning back on the BREAST of Jesus, says to him, "Lord, who is

it?"

26 \*Then Jesus answers, "Pritis, "for whom I shall dip a LITTLE PIECE and give it to him." Then having dipped the LITTLE PIECE, he took and gave it to \*Judas, the son of Simon Iscariot.

27 ‡ And after the LIT-TLE PIECE, then the AD-VERSARY entered into him. \* Jesus, therefore, says to him "What thou doest, do

quickly."
28 No one of THOSE RE-CLINING knew for what he

said this to him.

29 For some thought, seeing ‡ that \* Judas had the Box, That \* Jesus said to him, "Buy what things we need for the FEAST;" or, that he should give something to the POOR.

30 De, therefore, having taken the LITTLE PIECE, immediately went out. And it was Night.

32 \* \* [If God be glorified by him,] God will also glorify him by himself, and he will immediately glorify him.

33 My Children, yet a little wh'le I am with you. You will seek me, and ‡ as I said to the Jews, 'That where # am going, nou

34 EVTOδυνασθε ελθειν και ύμιν λεγω αρτι. arc able to come; even to you I say now. A comλην καινην διδωμι ύμιν, ίνα αγαπατε αλληmandment new I give to you, that you may love each κωθως ηγαπησα ύμας, ίνα και also you, that also busis also you 35 Εν τουτφ γνωσονται αναπατε αλληλους. will know each other. By this might love παντες, ότι εμοι μαθηται επτε, εαν αγαπην that to me disciples you are, if love  $\epsilon \chi \eta \tau \epsilon \epsilon \nu \alpha \lambda \lambda \eta \lambda \sigma \iota s$ .  $\frac{36}{16} \Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota \alpha \nu \tau \omega \Sigma \iota \mu \omega \nu \Pi \epsilon - \epsilon \nu \sigma \iota h ave in each other.$  Says to him Simon Pervou have in each other. τρος Κυριε, που ύπαγεις; Απεκριθη \* [αυτω] δ ter; Olord, where goest thou? Answered [him] the Ιπσους 'Οπου ύπαγω, ου δυνασαι μοι νυν ακο-Jesus; Where I go, not thou artable me now to λουθησαι ύστερον δε ακολουθησεις \*[μοι.] afterwards but thou shalt follow [me.] 37 Aeyet auto Nerpos. Kupte, diati ou duvamat Says to him Peter; Olord, why not I am able

Says to him Peter; Olord, why not I am able  $\sigma oi$  akoloudh  $\sigma ai$  art :  $\tau \eta \nu$  for  $\mu \nu \nu$  and  $\nu \nu$  fixer to follow now? the life of me in behalf  $\sigma oi$  dhaw. Answers: him the Jesus; The full  $\eta \nu \nu$  for  $\nu \nu$  art  $\nu \nu$  for  $\nu \nu$  fo

lie of thee in behalf of me wilt thou lay down? Indeed in deed I say σου ου μη αλεκτωρ φωνησει, έως ού απαρνηση to the enoting a cock will crow, till not thou wilt deny με τρις.

me thrice.

### ΚΕΦ. ιδ'. 14.

1 Μη ταρασσεσθω ύμων ή καρδια πιστευετε Not let be troubled of you the heart; believe you <sup>2</sup> Εν τη εις τον θεον, και εις εμε πιστευετε.
into the God, and into me believe you. the In οικιά του πατρος μου μοναι πολλαι εισιν. ει δε house of the father of me dwellings many are; if but ειπον αν ύμιν. Πορευομαι έτοιμασαι I would have told you. I am going to prepare τοπον ύμιν. <sup>3</sup>και εαν πορευθω, και έτοιμασω a place for you; and if I should go, and should prepare ύμιν τοπον, παλιν ερχομαι, και παραληψομαι for you a place, again I am coming, and will receive ύμας προς εμαυτηρο ίνα όπου ειμι εγω, και myself; so that where am also to 'ύμεις ητε. 4 Και δπου εγω ύπαγω οιδατε, where am going you know, you may be. And 5 Λεγει αυτφ Θω-\*[και] την όδον † οιδατε. the Says to him Thoyou know. [and] way μας· Κυριε, ουκ οιδαμεν που ύπαγεις: \*[και]
mas; Olord, not we know whose show art going? [and]

cannot come,' I now also say to you.

34 † A new Commandment I give to you, That you love each other; as I loved you, that nou also should love each other.

35 ‡ By this, all will know That you are My Disciples, if you have Love for each other."

36 Simon Peter says to him, "Lord, where art thou going?" \*Jesus answered, "Where I am going, thou caust not follow me now; but ‡ thou shalt follow afterwards."

37 Peter says to him, "Lord, why cannot I follow theenow? ‡I will lay down my life in behalf of thee."

38 \*Jesus answers him, "Wilt thou lay down thy Life in my behalf? Indeed, I assure thee, † The Cock will not crow till thou wilt disown me three times.

#### CHAPTER XIV.

1 ‡ Let not your HEART be troubled; believe into God, and believe into Mc.

2 In my FATHER'S HOUSE are many Dwellings; but if not, I would have told \*you; Because I am going to prepare a Place for you.

3 Andif I go and prepare a Place for you, ‡ I am coming again, and will receive you to myself, so that ‡ where I am nou also may be.

4 And where I am going you know the way."

5 Thomas says to him, "Lord, we know not where thou art going; \* how do we know the WAY?"

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—36. Jesus. 36. him—omit. 36. me—omit. 38. gesus answers. 2. you; Because I. 4. and—omit. 5. and—omit. 5. how do we know the way.

<sup>† 38.</sup> See Note on Matt. xxvi. 34. † 4. Tischendorf omits the second oidate, on the authority of several ancient MSS, and versions. The connection seems to indicate that it ought to be excluded from the text.

<sup>† \$4.</sup> John xv. 12, 17; Eph. v. 2; 1 Thess. iv. 9; James ii. 8; 1 Pet. i. 22; 1 John ii. 7, 8; iii\* 11 25; iv. 21. † 35. 1 John ii. 5; tv. 20. † 36. John xxi. 18; 2 Pet. i. 14. † 37. Matt xxvi. 33—35; Mark xiv. 20—31; Luko xxii. 23, 24. † 1 ver. 27. † 3. ver. 18, 28. 3. John xii. 26; xvii. 24; 1 Thess. iv. 17.

πως δυναμεθα την όδον ειδεναι; 6 Λεγει αυτώ ό how are we able the way to know? Says to hinthe Inσους. Εγω ειμι ή όδος, και ή αληθεια, και ή Jesus; I am the way, and the truth, and the (ωη ουδεις ερχεται προς τον πατερα, ει μη δί life; no one comes to the father, if notthrough εμου. 7 Ει εγνωκειτε με, και τον πατερα μου If you balkrown me, also the father of me εγνωκειτε αν \*[και] απ' αρτι γινωσκετε γου would have known; [and] from now you know μυτον, και έωρακατε αυτον. <sup>8</sup>Λεγει αυτφ him, and have seen hien. Says to him Φιλιππος Κυριε, δειξον ήμιν τον πατερα, και Philip; Olord, show to us the father, and αρκει ήμιν. <sup>9</sup>Λεγει αυτω ό Ιησους. Τοσουτον kinenough forus. Says to him the Jesus; So long χρονον μεθ ύμων ειμι, και ουκ εγνωκας με, a time with you am l, and not knowest thou me, Φιλιππε; 'Ο έωρακως εμε, έωρακε τον πατερα-O Philip? He having ocen me, has seen the father; \*[και] πως συ λεγεις. Δειξον ήμιν τον πατερα; [and] how thou sayest; Show to us the father? 10 Ου πιστευεις, ότι εγω εν τω πατρι, και ό Not believes thou, that I in the father, and the πατηρ  $\epsilon \nu$   $\epsilon \mu o \iota$   $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ ; Τα  $\epsilon \eta \mu a \tau a$   $\epsilon \epsilon \gamma \omega$   $\epsilon \lambda a \lambda \omega$  father in me is? The words which  $\epsilon \iota$   $\epsilon \rho c a \lambda a \lambda \omega$ ύμιν, απ' εμαυτου ου λαλω όδε πατηρ, δ εν to you, from myself, not I speak; the but father, he in 11 Πιστευετε εμοι μενων, αυτος ποιει τα ερνα. me abiding, he does the works. You believe μοι, ότι εγω εν τφ πατρι, και δ πατηρ εν εμοι, me, because I in the father, and the father in me, ει δε μη, δια τα εργα αυτα πιστευετε μοι.

if but not, on account of the works themselves believe me. 12 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, δ πιστευων εις εμε, Indeed indeed I speak to you, he believing into me, τα εργα ά εγω ποιω, κακείνος ποιησεί, και the works which I do, also he shall do and μειζονα τουτων ποιησει ότι εγω προς τον greater of these shall be do; because 1 to the πατερα μου πορευσμαι, 13 και δ, τι αν αιτησηfather of the and going, and what, any thing you may ask τε εν τω ονοματι μου, τουτο ποιησω· ίνα in the name of me, this I will do; that 14 Εαν τι αιτηδυξασθη δ πατηρ εν τω υίφ. may be glorified the father in the son. Ifanything you σητε εν τφ ονοματι μου, εγω ποιησω. 15 Εαν may ask in the name of me, ì will do. αγαπατε με, τας εντολας τας εμας τηρησατε. you love me, the commandments the mine keep you; 16 και εγω ερωτησω τον πατερα, και αλλον willask father,

the

6 Jesus says to him, "H un the way, and I the TRUTH, and I the LIFE. No one comes to the FATHER, except by

7 If you had known me you would have known my FATHER; and from this time you know him, and have seen him."

8 Philip says to him. "Lord, show us the FA-THER, and it is enough for us."

9 Jesus says to him, "So long a Time am I with you, and dost thou not know me, Philip? HE HAVING SEEN me has seen the FATHER; how sayest thou, Show us the FA-THER?

10 Dost thou not believe That I am in the FATHER. and the FATHER is in me? The words which I speak to you, ‡I speak not from myself; and THAT FATHER \* abiding in me, he does the WORKS.

11 Believe me, because I am in the FATHER, and the FATHER in me; but if not, on account of \* his works believe me.

12 # Indeed, I assure you, HE BELIEVING into me, the WORKS which # do shall he do also; and greater than these shall he do, Because # am going to \* the FATHER;

13 tand whatever you may ask in my NAME, this I will do; so that the FA-THER may be glorified in the son.

14 If you ask \* anything in my name, this I will do.

15 ‡ If you love me, \*you will keep MY COMMAND-MENTS;

16 and # will ask the another PATHEE, and the will give

and

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscript.—7. and -omit. 9. and—omit. 10. dwells in me, does his works. 12. the rate 12. 14. ask me anything in my name, this E will do 15. you will keep.

<sup>‡ 6.</sup> Heb. ix. 8. ‡ 6. John i. 17; viii, 32. ‡ 6. John i. 4; xi. 25. ‡ 10. John v. 19; vii. 16; viii. 28; xii. 40. ‡ 12. Matt. xxi. 21; Mark xvi. 17; Lukex. 17. ‡ 13. Matt. vii. 7; xxi. 22; Mark xi. 24; Luke xi. 9; John xv. 7, 16; xvi. 23, 24; James i. 5; 1 John iii. 22; v. 14. ‡ 15. ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 8. ‡ 16. John xv. 26; yvi. 7;

παρακλητον δωσει ύμιν, ίνα μενη μεθ' ύμων helper' he will give to you, that he may abide with you 'eis' τον αιώνα: = 17 το πνευμα της αληθείας,  $\delta$  δ mio the age; the spirit of the truth, which the κοσμος ου δυναται λαβειν, ότι ου θεωρει αυτο, world not is able to receive, because not it beholds it, ovõe  $\gamma \iota \nu \omega \sigma \kappa \epsilon \iota$  auto  $\dot{\nu} \mu \epsilon \iota s \stackrel{*}{\sim} [\delta \epsilon] \gamma \iota \nu \omega \sigma \kappa \epsilon \tau \epsilon$  auto, nor knows it, you [but] know it, nor knows παρ δμιν μενέι, και εν ύμιν € Tal. you it abides, you and in it will be. 18 Our αφησω δμας ορφανους. ερχομαι προς Not I will leave you I am coming orphans; 10

19 Ετι μικρον, και δ κοσμος με ουκετι ύμας. a little, and the world me Yet no more θεωρει ύμεις δε θεωρειτε με ότι εγω (ω, και behold me; because I live, you but Giso ύμεις (ησεσθε. 20 Εν εκεινη τη ήμερα γνωσεσθε the day you shall live. In that shall know υμεις, ότι εγω εν τφ πατρι μου, και υμεις εν you, because I in the father of me, and you in 21 'Ο εχων τας ευτολας εμοι, καγω εν ύμιν. me, and I in you. He having the commandments μου, και τηρων αυτας, εκεινος εστιν δ. αγαπων of me, and keeping them, is he that loving με δ δε αγαπων με, αγαπηθησεται ύπο του me; he and loving me, the shall be loved by πατρος μου και εγω Kal αγαπησω αυτον, and I bas of me; will love him. father εμφανισω αυτω εμαυτον.

will manifest to him myself.

(ουκ δ Ισκαριωτης.) 22 Λεγει αυτω Ιουδας (not the Iscariot;) Judas to him

Κυριε, και τι γεγονεν, ότι ήμιν μελλεις εμφαand how has it happened, that to us thou are about to maniνιζειν σεαυτον, και ουχι τφ κοσμφ; 23 Απεκριθη and not to the world? fest thyself, Answered

Ιησους και είπεν αυτώ. Εαν τις αγαπά με, bisa to him; If any one love and me, τον λογον μου τηρησει και δ πατηρ μου word of me he will keep; and the father of me

αγαπησει αυτον, και προς αυτον ελευσομεβα, will love him, and to him we will come,

24 'Ο μη каг цорпр жар αυτφ ποιησομεν. and adwelling with him we will make. He not αγάπων με, τους λογούς μου ου τηρει και δ the words of me not will keep; and the me, λογος δυ ακουετε, ουκ εστιν εμος, αλλα του

word which you hear, not ás mine, but of the 25 Ταυτα λελαληκα µе татроз. **πεμψαντος** These things I have spoken mo father.

δμιν, παρ' δμιν μενων. 26 δ δε παρακλητος, το to you, with you abiding; the but helper, the

πνευμα το αγιον, δ πεμψει δ πατηρ εν τφ spirit the holy, which will send the father in the the

you Another Helper, that he may be with you to the AGE;

17 the SPIRIT of TRUTH. which the world cannot receive, Because it beholds it not, nor knows it; but you know it; Because it abides with you, tand "will

be in you. 18 I will not leave you Orphans; I am coming to

19 Yet a little while, and the WORLD beholds me no more? but you behold me; I Because & livo neu also shall live.

20 In That DAY you shall know That I and in my PATHER, and gou in me, and I in you.

21 THE who HAS my COMMANDMENTS, and observes them, that is HR who LOVES me; and HE who Loves me shall be loved by my FATHER; and will love him, and will manifest myself to him "

22 Judas says to him, (not the Iscanion,) Lord, what has occurred, That thou art about to manifest thyself to us, and not to

the world?"

28 Jesus answered and said to him, t" If any one love me, he will observe my WORD; and my rawe will come to him, and mako an Abode wi h him.

24 Hg who Loves me not, observes not my words; and the word which you hear is not mine, but that of the FATHER, who sent me.

25 These things I have; spoken to you, while abiding with you.

26 But the HELPER, the HOLY SPIRIT, which my NAME, ! shall teach

<sup>17.</sup> but-omit. . VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. be with you. 17. is in you. 2 19. 1 Cor. xv. 20. † 17. 1 Cor. ii. 14. 1 John ii. 24; Rev. iii. 20. 1 17. John zv. 26, zvi. 13; 1 John iv. 6. 121. ver. 15, 23; 1 John il. 5; v. 3. 1 John il. 24; Rev. ili. 20. 124. ver. 10; John v. 10, 35; vii. 10; viii. 28; xii. 49. 26. ver. 16; Luke xxiv. 49; John xv. 20; xvi. 7. 120. John il. 22; xii. 10; xvi. 13; 1 John il 20, 27.

ονοματι μου, εκεινος ύμας διδαξει παντα, και name of me, that you will teach all things, and ύπομνησει ύμας παντα ά ειπον ύμιν.

will remind you all things which I told you.

27 Ειρηνην αφιημι ύμιν, ειρηνην την εμην
Peace I leave to you, prace the mine Heave to you, peace διδωμι ύμιν ου καθως ό κοσμος διδωσιν,
I give to you; not as the world gives, EYW διδωμι ύμιν. Μη ταρασσεσθω ύμων ή καρδια Not let be troubled στινώς. 28 Ηκουσατε, ότι εγω ειπον give to you. μηδε δειλιατω. let it be afraid. ύμιν Ύπαγω, και ερχομαι προς ύμας. E to you; I am going away, and I am coming you. to 10 ηγαπατε με, εχαρητε αν, ότι πορευομαι προς you loved me, you would rejoice, that I am going to τον πατερα. ότι ό πατηρ μου μειζων μου εστι. <sup>29</sup> Και νυν ειρημα ύμιν πριν γενεσθαι, ίνα όταν And now I have told you before it happens, so that when γενηται, πιστευσητε. <sup>30</sup> Ουκετι πολλα λαλησω

it happens, you may believe. No more much I will speak μεθ' ύμων. Ερχεται γαρ ό του κοσμου αρχων, with you. for he of the world Is coming ruling, 31 Αλλ' ίνα γνω και εν εμοι ουκ εχει ουδεν. But that may know and in me not has nothing. δ κοσμος, ότι αγαπω τον πατερα, και καθως the world, that I love the father, and

ενετειλατο μοι ό πατηρ, ούτω ποιω. me the father. so

εγειρεσθε, αγωμεν εντευθεν. ΚΕΦ. ιε. 15. let us go from this place.

arise you, 1 Εγω ειμι ή αμπελος ή αληθινη, και δ πατηρ μου am the vine the true, and the father of me 2 Παν κλημα εν εμοι μη YEWPYOS EUTI. 41 Every the vine-dresser is. branch in me not φερον καρπον, αιρει αυτο και παν το καρπον bearing fruit, he takes away it; and every one the fruit φερον, καθαιρει αυτο, ίνα πλειονα καρπον φερη. hearing, he cleanses it, that more fruit it may bear. 3 Ηδη ύμεις καθαροι εστε, δια τον λογον, δν are, through the word, Already you clean 4 Μεινατε εν εμοι, καγω εν λελαληκα ύμιν. I have spoken to you. Abide you in une, and I Καθως το κλημα ου δυναται καρπον vulv. you. As the branch not is able Φερειν αφ' έαυτου, εαν μη μεινή εν τη αμπελώ. if not it may abide in the of itself, to bear ούτως ουδε ύμεις, εαν μη εν εμοι μεινητε. if not neither you. in me you abide. 60 0 5 Εγω ειμι ή αμπελος, ύμεις τα κληματα.

you

the

You all things, and remind you of all things which I said to you.

27 Peace \* I leave to you; MY Peace I give to you; not as the WORLD gives, do E give to you. Let not Your HEART be troubled, nor let it be afraid.

28 You heard That I said to you, I am going away and I am coming to you. If you loved me, you would rejoice, That I am going to the FATHER; Because 1 my FATHER is greater than I.

29 And now I have told you before it occurs, so that when it occurs, you may

believe.

30 I will not speak much more with you; \$ for the † RULER of the WORLD is coming, and has nothing in

31 But that the WORLD may know That I love the FATHER, and that as ‡ the FATHER commanded me, even so I do; arise, let us go hence.

#### CHAPTER XV.

I H am the TRUE VINE, and my FATHER is the VINE-DRESSER.

2 Every Branch in me not bearing Fruit, he takes away; and every one bearing FRUIT, he prunes it, that it may bear More Fruit.

3 1 Dou are already clean through the WORD which I have spoken to you.

4 1 Abide in me, and # in you. As the BRANCH cannot bear fruit of itself, if it abide not in the VINE, so neither can pou, unless you abide in me.

5 H am the VINE, pou are the BRANCHES. HE

am the

branches.

He

vine, \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. If leave.

<sup>† 30.</sup> Some say the ruler of this world means Satan; some, the Roman government; others, to be some my the rules of this world means salan; some, the koman governmen; others, the Jewisk kieraschy and magistracy; but Wakefield, in his translation, thinks that Christ here speaks of himself; (as he does in chap. xii. 30, and xvi. 11,) not of what he then was, but of what he shall be, when he comes again. He translates this clause as follows:—"For the rules of this world is coming; and I have nothing now to do, but to convince the world that I love the Father, and do as he commanded me."

Phil. ii. 8; Heb. v. 3, 13. John 23; 1 John ii. 6. Phil. ii. 6. † 30. John xii. 30; xvi. 11. † 31 ‡ 3. John xiii. 10; xvii. 17; Eph. v. 26; 1 Pet. i. 22. 1 31. John x. 18;

μενων εν εμοι, καγώ εν αυτιν, ούτος φερει καρ-Senis abiding in me, and I in him, this bears πον πολιν. ότι χωρις εμου ου δυνασθε ποιειν much; because apart from me not you are able to do ο δεν. Εαν μη τις μεινη εν εμοι, εβληθη If not any one may abide in me, εξω, ώς το κλημα, και εξηρανθη και συναγουout, like the branch, and is withered; and they gather

σιν αυτα, και εις πυρ βαλλουσι, και καιεται. them, and into a fire they cast, and it is burned. Εαν μεινητε εν εμοι και τα δηματα μου εν If youabide in me and the words ofme be ύμιν μεινη, δ car θελητε † αιτησεσθει, και you may stude, whatever you m. , wish you shall ask, and

γενησεται ύμιν. <sup>8</sup>Εν τουτω εδοξασθη ό πατηρ it shalf be for you. In this was glorided the Sather μου, ένα καρπον πολυν φερητε, και γενησεσθε of me, that fruit much you might bear, and you shall be 9 Καθως ηγαπησε με δ πατηρ, εμοι μαθηται. loved me the father, disciples. As καγω ηγακησα ύμας μεινατε εν τη αγαπη τη and B boved you; abide you in the love the 16 Εαν τας εντολας μου τηρησητε, μεeun. If the commanuments of me you may keep, you mine. vilte ev th ayanh mov kadws eyw tas eytodas will abide in the love of me; as I the commandments του πατρος μου τετηρηκα, και μενω αυτου εν of the father of me have kept, and abide of him τη αγαπη.

the love.

11 Ταυτα λελαληκα θμιν, ένα ή χαρα ή εμη εμ
These things I have spoken to you, that the joy the mine in υμιν μεινη, και ή χαρα ύμων πληρωθη. <sup>12</sup> Αυτη γου may abide, and the joy of son may be fulfilled. This εστινή εντολη ή εμη, ίνα αγαπατε αλληλους, is the command vertilemine, that you love each other, αθως ηγαπητα ύμας. Η Μειζονα ταυτη καθωσ TauTHS Ro. Moved you Greates of this. αγαπην ουδεις εχει, ένα τις την ψυχην αύτου no one has, that any one the life ofhimself 14 THELS ύπερ των φιλων αύτου. may lay down in behalf of the friends of himself. You φιλοι μου εστε, εαν ποιητε όσα εγω εντελhands of the are, if you may as when the source; No more you you. ότι δ δουλος ουκ οιδε τι ποιει αυτου δ κυριος. because the slave not knows what does of him the bord; ύμας δε ειρηκα φιλους, ότι παντα α ηκουσα you but I have called friends, because all things which I heard 16 OUX παρα του πατρος μου, εγνωρισα ύμιν. from the father of me, I made known to you. Not ύμεις με εξελεξασθε, αλλ' εγω εξελεξαμην you me did shoose, chose-

known to you

who abides in me, and E in him, he ‡ bears much Fruit; Because severed from me you can do noth-

6 If any one abide not in me, he is cast out like the BRANCH, and is withered; and such are gathered, and cast into a Fire, and are

7 ‡ If you abide in me, and my words abide in you, ask whatever you wish. and it shall be given you.

8 In this is my FATHER glorified, that you bear much Pruit, and you shall be My Disciples.

9 As the TATHER loved me, and I loved you, abide IN MY LOVE.

10 i If you observe my COMMANDMENTS, youshall abide in my LOVE; as & have observed \* the FA-THER'S COMMANDMENTS. and abide in His LOVE.

Il These things I have spoken to you, that my jox \* may be in you, and tyour Joy may be completed.

12 I This is my com-MANDMENT, That you love each other, as I loved you.

13 I No one has greater love than this, that one should lay down his LIFE in behalf of his PRIENDS.

14 t Pou are my Friends if you do what things E command you.

15 No more I call you Servants; Because the SER-VANT knows not what His MASTER docs; but I have called You Friends, Because all things which I heard from my FATHER I made

16 Pou did not choose Me, but I chose you, and

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-10 the FATHER'S.

<sup>11.</sup> be in you.

<sup>+ 7.</sup> Griesbach favors the reading, aiteesasthe instead of aiteesesthe; which is adopted by Lachmann and Tischendorf.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Phil. i. 11; iv. 13. † 7. ver. 16; John xiv. 13, 14; xvi. 23. † 8. Matt. v. 10; Phil. i. 11. † 10. John xiv. 15, 21, 23. † 11. John xvi. 24; xvii. 13; 1 John i. 4; 12. John xii. 34; 1 Thess. iv. 9; 1 Pet. iv. 8; 1 John ii. 41; iv. 21. † 13. John x. 11, 153. Lonn. v. 7, 8; Eph. v. 2; 1 John ii. 16. † 14. John xiv. 10, 23; Matt. xii. 20. 1 8. Matt. v. 16:

ύμας, και εθηκα ύμας, ίνα ύμεις ύπαγητε και you, and appointed you, that you might go and καρπον φερητε, και δ καρπος ύμων μενη. ίνα fruit might bear, and the fruit of you might abide; so that δ, τι αν αιτησητε τον πατερα εν τω ονοματι whatever you may ask the father in the name δω vuiv.

of me, he may give to you. 17 Ταυτα εντελλομαι ύμιν, ίνα αγαπατε These things I command you, that you may love 18 Ει δ κοσμος ύμας μισει, γενωσallnhous. If the world you hates, each other. 19 E t κετε, ότι εμε πρωταν ύμων μεμισηκεν. know, that me before you it has bated. If εκ του κοσμου ητε, δ κοσμος αν το ιδιον εφιkiss, of the world you were, the world would the own λει ότι δε εκ του κοσμου ουκ εστε, αλλ' because but of the world not you are, but I  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \xi a \mu \eta \nu$  buas  $\epsilon \kappa$  του κοσμου, δια τουτο chose you out of the world, on account of this 20 Μνημονευετε μ: σει ύμας δ κοσμος. you the world. Remember you λογου, ού εγω ειπον ύμιν Ουκ εστι δο s word, of which I said to you; Not μειζων του κυριου αύτου. Ει εμε εδιωξαν, και greater of the lord of himself. If methcypersecuted, also ύμας διωξουσιν ει τον λογον μου ετηρησων, you they will persecute; if the word of me they kept. 21 Αλλα ταυτα και τον υμετερον τηρησουσιν.

also the yours they will keep. But these things παντα ποιησουσιν ύμιν δια דס סציועת שווט, all they will do to you on account of the name of me, 22 Ει μη ότι ουκ οιδασι τον πεμψαντα με. because not they know him sending If me. not ηλθον και ελαλησα αυτοις, αμαρτιαν συκ ειχον. not they had; I had came and spoken to them, sin νυν δε προφασιν ουκ εχουσι περι της αμαρτιας an excuse not they have about the now but 23 'Ο εμε μισων, και τον πατερα μου αυτων. of them, He me hating, also the father of me 24 Ει τα εργα, μη εποιησα εν αυτοις, α MITEL. If the works, not I had done among them, which ουδεις αλλος πεποιηκέν, άμαρτιών ουκ ειχον. has done, not they had; sin other νυν δε και έωρακασι, και μεμισηκασι και εμε now but even they have seen, and have hated both me και τον πατερα μου.  $^{25}$  Αλλ', ίνα πληρωθη δ and thet father of me. But, that may be fulfilled the λογος δ γεγραμμενος εν τφ νομφαυτων. " 'Οτι as That word the having been written in the law of them;

εμισησαν με δωρεαν."

they hated me without cause."

26 Οταν δε ελθη δ παρακλητος, δν EYW When but may come the helper, whom πεμψω ύμιν παρα του πατρος, (το πνευμα της

will send to you from the father. (the spirit appointed you, that nou may go and bear Fruit, and that your FRUIT may abide; so that whatever \* you ask of the FATHER in my NAME, he may give you.

17 These things I command you, so that you may

love each other.

18 ‡ If the WORLD hate You, you know That it has hated Me before you.

19 ‡ If you were of the WORLD, the WORLD would love its own; but Because you are not of the world. but I chose you out of the WORLD, on this account the WORLD hates you.

20 Remember the word which I said to you, 1'A Servant is not greater than his Master.' If they persecuted Me, they will also persecute You; if they observed my word they will also observe Yours.

21 But t all These things they will do to you, on account of my NAME, Because they know not HIM who SENT me.

22 If I had not come and spoken to them, they would not have had Sin; but now they have no Excuse for their SIN.

23 HE who HATES Me. hates my FATHER also.

24 If I had not done among them the works which no other one had done, they would not have had Sin; but now they have even seen them, and vet have hated both me and my FATHER.

25 Thus they verify THA? WORD which was WRITTEN in their LAW, ‡ They hated 'me without cause.'

26 # But when the HELPER comes, whom H will send to you from the of the FATHER, the SPIRIT Of

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .-- 16. you ask.

<sup>1 20.</sup> Matt. x. 24; Luke vi. 40; 1 24. John iii. 2; vii. 31-1 13. 1 John ili. 1, 13. 110. John iv. 5; xvii. 14. 

αληθειας, δ παρα του πατρος εκπορευετα.,) which from shall come out.) the father

27 Και ύμεις δε εκεινος μαρτυρησει περι εμου. Also you and will testify concerning me.

μαρτυρειτε, ότι απ' αρχης μετ' shall testify, because from a beginning with εμου εστε. me you are.

1 Ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν, ίνα μη КЕФ. is'. 16. These things I have spoken to you, that not

2 Αποσυναγωγους ποιησουσιν σκανδαλισθητε. you may be ensuared. they will put From synagogues

ύμας· αλλ' ερχεται ώρα, ίνα πας δ αποκτεινας but comes an hour, that every one the ύμας, δοξη λατρειαν προσφερειν τω CEO.

you, may think a service to the to offer <sup>3</sup> Και ταυτα ποιησουσιν, ότι ουκ εγνωσαν τον

And these things they will do, because not they know πατερα, ουδε εμε. <sup>4</sup> Αλλα ταυτα λελαληκα But these things I have spoken

μνημονευητε you may remember

αυτων, ότι  $\epsilon$ γω  $\epsilon$ ιπον ὑμιν. Ταυτα δε ὑμιν  $\epsilon$ ξ them, that I said to you. These things but to you from

αρχης ουκ ειπον, ότι μεθ ύμων ημην. <sup>5</sup> Νυν a beginning not I said, because with you I was.

δε ύπαγω προς τον πεμψαντα με, και ουδεις εξ him having sent me, and no one to of but I go ύπαγεις; 6 Αλλ' ότι ύμων ερωτα με. Που

But because Where goest thou? you asks me; ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν, ή λυπη πεπληρωκεν

hese things I have spoken to you, the sorrow has filled  $7 \text{ A}\lambda\lambda^3 \epsilon\gamma\omega \tau\eta\nu \alpha\lambda\eta\theta\epsilon\iota\alpha\nu$ But I the truth ίμων την καρδιαν. heart.

λεγω ύμιν· συμφερει ύμιν, ίνα εγω απελθω. say toyou; it is better for you, that I should go away.

Εαν γαρ μη απελθω, δ παρακλητος ουκ ελευ-If for not I should go away, the belper not

σεται προς ύμας: εαν δε πυρευθω, πεμψω αυτον if but i go, I will send come to you;

8 Και ελθων εκεινος ελεγξει τον προς ύμας. will convict th. And having come he κοσμον περι άμαρτιας, και περι δικαιοσυνης,

and concerning righteousness, world concerning sin, 9 Περι άμαρτιας μεν,

και περι κρισεως. Concerning sin indeed, because and concerning judgment. ου πιστευουσιν εις εμε· 10 περι δικαιοσυνης δε,

not they believe into me; concerning righteousness but, ότι προς τον πατερα μου ύπαγω, και ουκετι

father of me I go away, and no more because to the

θεωρειτε με 11 περι δε κρισεως, ότι δ αρχων you behold mis; concerning and judgment, because the ruling

TRUTH which comes forth from the FATHER, he will testify of me.

27 And ‡ nou also will testify, Because you are with me from the Beginning.

#### CHAPTER XVI.

1 These things I have spoken to you, that you may not be ensnared.

2 † They will expel you from the synagogues; but an Hour is coming, when EVERY ONE Who KILLS YOU will think to offer Service to Gop.

3 And these things they will do Because they know not the FATHER, nor me.

4 But These things I have spoken to you, so that when \* their HOUR comes you may remember them, That I told you. And these things I said not to you from the Beginning, Bccause I was with you.

5 And now 11 am going away to HIM who SENT me; and no one of you asks me, Where art thou going?'

6 But Because I have said These things to you, sorrow has filled Your HEART.

7 But I tell you the TRUTH; It is better for you That # should go away; for if I go not away; I the HELPER will not come to you; but if I go I will send him to you.

8 And having come, he will convict the WORLD concerning Sin, and con-cerning Righteousness, and concerning Judgment;

9 concerning Sin, indeed, Because they believe not into me;

10 but concerning Righteousness, Because I am going to my father, and you behold me no more;

11 and concerning Judg-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-4. their HOUR.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Luke xxiv. 48; Acts i. 3, 21, 22; ii. 32; iii. 15; iv. 20, 33; v. 32; x. 30; xiii. 31; 1 Pe v. 1; 2 Pet. i. 16. † 2. John ix. 22, 34; xii. 42; viii. 1; ix. 1; xxvi. 9—11. † 3. John xv. 21; Rom. x. 2; 1 Cor. ii. 8; 1 Tim. i. 13. † 5. ver. 10, 16; John vii. 33; xiii. 3; xiv. 48; 7. John vii. 39; xiv. 16, 26; xv. 26.

του κοσμου τουτου κεκριται.  $^{12}$  Ετι πολλα εχω yethe world this has been judged. Yet manythings I have λεγειν ύμιν, αλλ ου δυνασθε βασταζειν αρτι. to bear now.  $^{13}$  Όταν δε ελθη εκεινος, το πνευμα της When but may come he, the spirit of the

TMS of the αληθειας, όδηγησει ύμας εις πασαν την αληhe will lead you into all the truth. θειαν. Ου γαρ λελησει αφ' έαυτου, αλλ' όσα αν Not for he will speakfrom himself, but whatever ακουση, λαλησει, και τα ερχομενα αναγγελει he may hear, he will speak, and the things coming he will declare ύμιν. 14 Εκεινος εμε δαξασει, ότι εκ του εμου lie me will glorify, because out of the ληψεται, και αναγγελει ύμιν. 15 Παντα όσα will declare t you. All things what he will take, and εχει δ πατηρ, εμα εστι. Δια τουτο ειπον, ότι has the father, mine is. On account of this I said, εκ του εμου λαμ, ανει, και αναγγελει ύμιν. to you. : ut of the mine hetakes, and declares 16 Μικρον, και ου θεωρειτε με· και παλιν μικρον, youse me; and again alittle while, A little while, and not και οψεσθε με, \*[ότι ὑπαγω προς τον πατερα.]
and you shall see me, [because I amgoing to the father.]

17 Ειπον ουν εκ των μαθητων αυτου προς then 08 the disciples ofhim to αλληλους. Τι εστιτουτο δ λεγει ήμιν. Μικρον, this which he says to us; A little while, και ου θεωρειτε με και παλιν μικρον, and not you see me; and again a little while, and οψεσθε με και 'Οτι εγω ύπαγω προς τον you shall seeme; and; Because 1 am going to πατερα; 18 Ελεγον ουν Τουτο τι εστιν They said therefore; This what is which Cather? λεγει, το μικρον; Ουκ οιδαμεν \*[τι λαλει.] hesays, the httle wnile? Not we know [what he says.]

19 Εγνω δ Ιησους, ότι ηθελον αυτον ερωταν, that they wished him Knew the Jesus, και ειπεν αυτοις. Περι τουτου (ητειτε μετ' said to them; Concerning this inquire you with αλληλων, ότι ειπον Μικρον, και ου θεωρειτε cach other, because I said; A little while, and not you see 20 Αμην με και παλιν μικρον, και οψεσθε με; me; and again alittle while, and you shall see me? Indeed αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι κλαυσετε και θρηνησετε indeed I say to you, that will weep and will lament ύμεις, δ δε κοσμος χαρητεται ύμεις \*[δε] world will rejoi...; the but [and] you λυπηθησεσθε, αλλ' ή λυπη ύμων εις χαραν but the sorrow of you into will be sorrowful, joy  $^{21}$  H youn δταν τικτη, λυπην  $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota$ , γενησεται. The woman when she may bear, sorrow shall become.

ment, Because the RULER of this WORLD has been judged.

12 I have yet Many things to tell you, ‡ but you cannot bear them now.

13 But when he may come, ‡ the SPIRIT of TRUTH, he will lead you into \*all the TRUTH; for he will not speak from himself; he will speak whatever he may hear; and declare to you the COMING THINGS.

14 Me will glorify Me; Because he will take of MINE, and declare to you.

15 ‡ All things that the FATHER has are mine; on account of this I said, That out of MINE he takes, and will declare to you.

16 ‡ A little while, and you see me \* no more, and again a little while, and you

will see me."

17 Then some of his DIS-CIPLES said to each other, "What is this he is saying to us, 'A little while, and you will see me not; and again a little while, and you will see me;' and, 'Because I am going to the FATHER?'"

18 They said, therefore, "What is this that he is saying, 'A \* little while?"

We know not."

19 \* Jesus knew That they wished to ask Ilim, and said to them, "Do you inquire one with another concerning this, Because I said, 'A little while, and you see me not, and again a little while, and you will see me?'

20 Indeed, I assure you, That nou will weep and lament, but the WORLD will rejoice; nou will be sorrowful, but your SORROW shall become Joy.

χει, 21 t The Woman when she is in labor has Sorrow.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—13. all the TRUTH. going to the FATHER—omit.

18. little while.
20. and—omit.

<sup>16.</sup> no more. 16. Because I am 18. what he says—omit. 10. Jesus.

<sup>† 11.</sup> See Note on chap. xiv. 30.

δτι ηλθενή ώρα αυτης όταν δε γεννηση because has comethe hour of her; when but she may have borne το παιδιον, ουκετι μνημονευει της θλιψεως, she remembers of the distress, t1ie no more δια την χαραν, δτι εγεννηθη ανθρωπος εις on account of the joy, that was born a man into τον κοσμον. 22 Και ύμεις ουν λυπην μεν νυν And you therefore sorrow indeed now world. 100 the work and the joy of you no one αιρει αφ' ύμων. 23 και εν εκεινη τη ήμερα εμε takes from you; and in that the day mo ουκ ερωτησετε ουδεν. Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, not you will ask nothing; Indeed indeed I say to you, ότι όσα αν αιτησητε τον πατερα εν τω ενοματι that whatever you may ask the father in the name way, Swatel valv. 24 Ews apri our ntnoare of me, he will give to you. Till now not you asked ουδεν εν τω ονοματι μου αιτειτε, και ληψεσθε, nothing in the name of me; ask you, and you shall receive, ίνα ή χαρα ύμων η πεπληρωμενη. so that the joy of you may be completed.

25 Ταυτα εν παροιμιαις λελαληκα ύμιν. These things in figures I have spoken to you; ερχεται ώρα, ότε ουκετι εν παροιμιαις λαλησω comes an hour, when no more in figures I will speak ύμιν, αλλα παρδησια περι του πατρος ανανto you, but plainly concerning the father 26 Εν εκεινη τη ήμερα εν τω ονο-In that the day in the name γελω ύμιν. tell you. ματι μου αιτησεσθε και ου λεγω ύμιν, ότι εγω of me you will ask; and not I say to you, that ερωτησω τον πατερα περι ύμων· 27 αυτος γαρ sillentreat the father concerning you; himself δ πατηρ φιλει ύμας, ότι ύμεις εμε πεφιληκατε, the father loves you, because you me haveloved, και πεπιστευκατε, ότι εγω παρα του θεου and have believed, that I from the God 28 Εξηλθον παρα του πατρος, εξηλθον. Kal I came out from the came out. εληλυθα εις τον κοσμον παλιν αφιημι TOV have come into the world; again Ileave the κοσμον, και πορευομαι προς τον πατερα.

world, and am going to the father.  $^{29}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\rho\nu\sigma\iota\nu *\begin{bmatrix} \alpha\nu\tau\omega \\ \delta\alpha\nu \end{bmatrix} \text{ of } \mu\alpha\theta\eta\tau\alpha\iota \text{ autou} \cdot \text{Ide}, \\ \delta\alpha\nu \end{bmatrix} \text{ of } \mu\alpha\theta\eta\tau\alpha\iota \text{ autou} \cdot \text{Ide}, \\ \nu\nu\nu \pi\alpha\rho\beta\eta\sigma\iota\alpha \lambda\alpha\lambda\epsilon\iotas, \ \kappa\alpha\iota \pi\alpha\rho\iota\mu\iota\alpha\nu \text{ oude}\mu\iota\alpha\nu \\ \text{now plainly thou speakest, and a figure not one } \lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iotas. \overset{30}{30}\text{ Nuv oidauev, dts oidas } \pi\alpha\nu\tau\alpha, \ \kappa\alpha\iota \\ \text{thou sayest.} \quad \text{Now we know, that thou knowest all things, and } \text{ou } \chi\rho\epsilon\iota\alpha\nu \epsilon\chi\epsilon\iotas, \ \ell\nu\alpha \ \tau\iotas \ \bar{\nu}\epsilon \ \dot{\epsilon}\rho\omega\tau\alpha^* \ \epsilon\nu \ \tau \text{out}\omega \\ \text{no need has, that any one the ee hould ask; in this } \\ \pi\iota\sigma\tau\epsilon_{\nu}o\rho\iota\epsilon\nu, \ \dot{\sigma}\tau\iota \ \alpha\tau\sigma \ \theta\epsilon\sigma\nu \ \epsilon\xi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon s. \end{aligned}$ 

Because her TIME has come; but when she has borne the CHILD, she remembers the DISTRESS no more, on account of the Joy That a Man was born into WORLD.

23 And nou, therefore, now indeed have Sorrow; but I will see you again, and ‡ Your HEART shall rejoice; and your Joy no one takes from you.

23 And in That DAY you will ask Menothing. Indeed, I assure you, Whatever you may ask the Father in my NAME, he will give you.

24 Till now you asked nothing in my NAME; ask, and you shall receive, so that your Joy may be completed.

25 These things I have spoken to you in Figures; an Hour is coming, when I will no more speakto you in Figures, but I will tell you plainly about the FATHER.

26 In That DAY you will ask in my NAME, and I do not say to you, That I will entreat the FATHER for you;

27 t for the PATHER himself loves you, Because you have loved me, and thave believed that I came out from \* God.

28 ‡I cameout from the FATHER, and have come into the WORLD; again I leave the WORLD, and am going to my FATHER."

29 His DISCIPLES said to him, "Behold, now thou art speaking plainly, and without a Figure.

30 Now we know That thou knowest all things, and hast no need that any one should ask Thee; by this we believe That thou didst come out from God."

31 \* Jesus answered

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-27. the FATHER. 29. to him-omit. 31. Jesus.

<sup>† 22.</sup> Luke xxiv. 41, 52; John xx. 20. John xi. 11. † 27. John xiv. 21, 23. Matt. vii. 7; John xiv. 13; xv. 16. † 24 † 27. ver. 30; John iii. 13; xvii. 8. † 28 † 28. John xiii. 3.

φιθη αυτοις δ Ιησους. Αρτι πυστευετε 30 ιδου, whered them the seme Dow do you believe, Lo, ερχεται Ερα, και νυν εληλυθεν, ίνα σκορπισθητε comes whitein, and now is come, that you will be exactered έκαστος εις τα ιδια, και εμε μονον αφητε και εναγομε το the awn, and an alone pourong konne, and our ειμι μονος, δτι δ πατηρ μετ εμον εστι. ου 1 am alone, because the Talber with one is. 33 Ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν, ίνα εν εμοι ειρηνην Themethings I have spoken to you, that in the pence εχητε. Εν τω κοσμω θλιψιν εχετε αλλα θαρφοιμον ματικής ενω νενικήκα τον κοσμον. ουδισυνερε, I shawe overcome the workl.

## KED. 4. 17.

1 Ταυτα ελαλησεν δ Ιησους, και επιρε TOVS These things spoke the Jesus, and lifted up the oddadmous autim eis tor ouparor, kai EITE" of him to the heaven. and said. Πατερ, εληλυθεν ή ώρα δοξασον σου τον υίον, of father, is come the hour; glurify of thee the iva \*[kai] & vior σου δοξασθη σε· 2 καθως εδωthat [also] the son of these may glorifythes; as thou κας αυτιρ εξουσιαν πασης σαρκής, ίνα παν δ gavent to him authority over all Seah, so that allwhich 3-Sukas auto, Swon autois (why autoious choice hast given to him, to may give to them dis agrillating. agu-lasting. Αυτη δε εστιν ή αιωνιος ζωη, ένα γενωσκωπι This and is thereo-lasting life, that they might know TE TON MOVOW WANDINGN CEON, HOW ON aTTETTELLAS ther the only true Gud, and whom thou hast sent Πησουν Χριστον. <sup>4</sup> Εγω σε εδοξασε επι της I the glarified on γης το εργον ετελειωσα, δ δεόωκας μοι, ένα work I finished, which thou hast given me, that ποιησω. 5 Και νυν δοξασον με, συ πατερ, παρε. Imight do. And now glorify me, thou Ofather, with σταυτώ, τη δοξη, η ειχον, προ του τον thyself, with the clory, which I had, before of the the ученен стаг, жара ост. Ефансриса сон т. with thee. I manifested of theethe ονομα τοις ανθρωποις, ούς δεδωκας μοι εκ του name to the men, whom thou hast given to me out of the world; thine they were, and to me them that hast given; και τον λογον σου τετηρηκασι. ΤΝυν εγνωand the word of thee they have kept. Now καν, ότι παντα όσα δεδωκας μοι, παρα σου know, that silthings whatever thou hast-given me, from thee

them, "Do you now be-

52 Behold, an Heur is coming, and is come, that you will be scattered every one to his own home, and will leave Me alone; and yet I am not alone, Because the father is with

\$3 These things I have spoken to you, that in me you may have Peace. I in the world you have Affliction; but be of good courage; I have conquered the world.

#### CHAPTER XVII.

I JESUS spoke these things, and lifted up has eyes to HEAVEN, and said, "Father, the HOUR is tome; glorify Thy son, that "the son may glorify thee;

2 ‡ as thou didst give him Authority over All Flesh, so that every thing which thou hast given to him, he may give to theza, even nomian Life.

8 And this is the AT WIAN Life, that they my was the othern Thirty God, and him whom thom didst send, Jesus Christ.

- 4 I glorified thee on the FARTH, I \* having finished the work which thou hast giver me, that I might do it.
- 5 And now, O Father, glorify thou me with thyself, with the GLORY which I had with thee before the WORLD WAS.
- 6 I manifested Thy NAME to the MEN whom thou hast given me out of the WOLLD; thine they were, and thou hast given them to me; and they have kept thy WORD.

7 Now they know The all things whatever thou gavest me are from thee.

<sup>\*</sup> VARICAN MANUSCRIPT.-1. the son.

<sup>1.</sup> also-omit.

<sup>4.</sup> having finished.

<sup>2 33.</sup> John xv. 40—21; 2 Tim. iii. 12. 2 Matt. xi. 27; xxviii. 18; John iii. 25; v. 27; 1 Cox. xv. 25; 27; 17hil. ii. 10. 2 4. John ti. 34; v. 36; ix. 3; xix. 50.

εστιν. 8 ότι τα δηματα ά δεδωκας μοι, δεδωκα because the words which thou hast given me, I have given αυτοις και αυτοι ελαβον, και εγνωσαν αληθως, to them; and they received, and knew truly, ότι παρα σου εξηλθον, και επιστευσαν, ότι συ that ir m thee I came out, and that thou believed με απεστειλας. 9 Εγω περι αυτων ερώτω· ου didst send. ĸ concerning them **83** G ask, DO\$ του κοσμου ερωτω, αλλα περι WY conterwing the world lask. but concerningwhom δεδωκας μοι, ότι σοι εισι. 10 και τα εμα παντα thou hast given me, because thine they are; and the mine σπ εστι, και τα σα εμε, και δεδοξασμαι εν 11 Και ουκετι ειμι εν τφ κιταω, και CUTOIS. And no more I am in the world, them. ουτοι εν τφ κοσμφ εισι, και εγω προς σε ερχοаге, these in the world I to thee bea Πατερ αγιε, τηρησον αυτους εν τφ ονοcoming. Ofather hely, them in the name keep 'ω δεδωκας μοι ίνα ωσιν έν, of thee, by which then hast given to me; that they may be one καθως ήμεις. 12 Ότε ημην μετ' αυτων \* το When I was with them WG. κοσμφ,] εγω ετηρούν αυτους εν τω ονοματι them in the kept раше σου ούς δεδωκας μοι εφυλαξα, και συθεις εξ of thee, whom thou hast given tome I guarded, and no one of αυτων απωλετο, ει μη δ υίος της απωλειας, ένα thera was destroyed, if not the son of the destructions that ή γραφη πληρωθη. 13 Νυν δε προς σε ερχεμαι, Now and to thee lam coming. the writing may be fulfilled. και ταυτα λαλω εν τω κοσμφ, ίνα εχωσι την and these things I say in the world, that they may have the χαραν την εμην πεπληρωμενην εν αιτοις. the reino Jultilled rof

<sup>14</sup> Εγω δεδωκα αυτοις των λογον σου και δ have given to them the word of thee; and the κοσμος εμισησεν αυτους, ότι ουκ εισιν εκ του

world hated them, because not they are of the κοσμου, καθως εγω ουκ ειμι εκ του κοσμου. world, as I not am of the world.

<sup>45</sup> Ουκ ερωτω, fra cpηs auτους εκ του κοσ-Not I ask, that thou would stake them out of the word,

μου, αλλ' iva τηρησης aurous εκ του πονηρου.
but that thou would streep them from the evilone.

26 Εκ του κοσμου ουκ εισι, καθως εγω εκ του Of the world not they are, as I of the κοσμου ουκ ειμι. <sup>17</sup> Αγιασον αυτους εν τη

world not am. Sanctify them is the

8 Because I have given to them the WORDS which them the WORDS which them to me; and they received and knew truly that I came out from thee, and believed That thou didst and Me.

9 A entreat for them; not for the world I entreat, but for those whom thou hast given me; Because they are thine.

10 And all MINE are thine, and I THINE are mine; and I have been glo-

rified in them.

11 And I am no more in the WORLD, but then are in the WORLD, and I am coming to thee. Holy Father, keep them in thy NAME, by which thou hast given them me, that they may be one, as me \*also are.

19 When I was with them, I kept them in thy them, I kept them in thy NAME, by which thou hast given them me; and I guarded them, and no one of them was destroyed, except the \$\frac{1}{2}\text{ son of DE-STRUCTION; \$\frac{1}{2}\text{ that the SCNIPTURE might be verified.}

13 But now I am coming to thee; and These things I speak in the WORLD, that they may have MY JOY completed in them.

14 £ have given thy WORD to them, I and the WORLD hated them; Because they are not of the WORLD, as £ am not of the WORLD.

15 I entreat not that thou wouldst take them out of the WORLD, but that thou wouldst keep them from EVIL.

16 They are not of the WORLD, as I am not of the WORLD.

17 # Sanctify them in

<sup>\*</sup>Varican Manuscrift.—11. also. 12. in the world—nait. 12. mane, by which thou hast given them me; and I guarded them.

<sup>† 8.</sup> John viii, 28; xii, 40; xiv. 10. † 10. John xvi. 15. † 12. John vi. 71; xiii. 19. † 12. Psa. cix. 8; Acts i. 20. † 14. John xv. 18; 19. John iii. 13. † 15. Matt. vii \$12. John xv. 18; Latur xv. 8; Acts xv. 9; Eph. v 20; 1 Pet. i. 20

πληθεία σου· δ λογος δ σος αληθεία εστί. \* Truth; I THY WORD is of thee; the word the thine is.

18 Καθως εμε απεστειλας εις τον κοσμον, καγω me thos didst send into the world. also I

19 Και ύπερ απεστειλα αυτους εις τον κοσμον. And in behalf them into the world.

αυτων εγω αγια(ω έμαυτον, ίνα και αυτοι ωσιν sanctify myself, so that also they may be 20 Ου περι τουτωνδε ήγιασμενοι εν αληθεια. Not concerning these sanctified in truth.

ερωτω μονον, αλλα και περι των πιστευοντων alone, but also concerning those believing

δια του λογου αυτων εις εμε. 21 Ίνα παντες through the word of them into me. That έν ώσι· καθως συ, πατερ, εν εμοι, καγω εν σοι, one may be; as thou, father, in me, and I in thee, ίνα και αυτοι εν ήμιν \*[έν] ώσιν ίνα δ κοσthey in 2.6 fonel may be; that the world 22 Kat μος πιστευση, ότι συ με απεστειλας. may believe, that thou me didst send.

εγω την δοξαν ην δεδωκας μοι, δεδωκα αυτοις. the glory which thou hast given to me, have given to them; έν, καθως ήμεις έν εσμεν. 23 (εγω εν ίνα ώσιν that they may be one, 2.5 we one are;

αυτοις, και συ εν εμοι.) ένα ώσι τετελειωμεand thou is me;) that they may be perfected νοι εις έν, \* [και] ίνα γινωσκη ὁ κοσμες, ότι συ into one, [and] that may know the world, that thou

με απεστειλας, και ηγαπησας autous, καθως and didst send, and thou didst love them, as 24 Πατερ, ούς δεδωκας μοι, EUE nyarnoas. O father, whom thou hast givento me, me thou didst love.

θελω, ίνα όπου ειμι εγω, κακεινοι ώσι μετ' that where 8.113 í, also they may be with I wish, ίνα θεωρωσι την διξαν την εμην, ην the mine, which €mov.

μοι, ότι ηγαπησας με προ καταβολης thou didst give to me, because theu didst love me before a laying down

κοσμου. 25 Πατερ δικαιε, και ό κοσμος σε ουκ Ofather righteous, and the world thee not of a world. εγνω εγω δε σε εγνων, και ούτοι εγνωσαν ότι

butthee knew, and these knew; knew that 26 Και εγνωρισα αυτοις το συ με απεστειλας.

didst send. And I made known to them thou me ονομα σου, και γνωρισω· ίνα ή αγαπη ην name of thee, and will make known; that the love which

ηγαπησας με, εν autois η, καγω εν autois.

the TRUTH.

18 f As thou didst send Me into the WORLD, so \$ sent them into the WORLD:

19 tand in their behalf A sanctify myself, so that then also may be sanctified in Truth.

20 Nor do I entreat foc these only, but also for THOSE BELIEVING into me through their WOED;

21 iso that all may be one; as thou, Father, art in me, and I in thee, that then also may be in us; so that the WORLD may believe That thou didst send

22 And the GLORY which thou hast given me, E have given them; ‡ that they may be one, as a c are one;

23 I in them, and thou in me, that they may be perfected into one; so that the WORLD may know That thou didst send me, and didst love them, as thou didst love me.

24 1 Father, those whom thou hast given me, I wish that where # am, then also may be with me; so that they may behold MY GLORY, which thou didst give me, because thou didst love me before the Formation of the World.

25 O righteous Father. the WORLD did not knew Thee, but I knew Thee, and there knew That that didst send Me.

26 And I made known. and will make known to them thy NAME; so that the LOVE with which thou didst love me may be in them, and I in them.

21. one-omit.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. Truth; THY WORD is the TRUTH. and-omit.

<sup>† 17. 2</sup> Sam. vii. 28; Psa. cxix. 142, 151; John viii. 40. † 18. John xx. 21. † 10. 1 Cor. i. 30; Hob. x. 10. † 21. ver. 11, 22, 23; John x. 16; Rom. xii. 5; Gal. iii. 28. † 24. John x. 38; xiv. 11. † 22. John xiv. 20; 1 John i. 3; iii. 24. † 24. John xiv. 20; xiv. 3; 1 Thess. iv. 17.

## КЕФ. ιη'. 18.

1 Ταυτα ειπων δ Ιησους εξηλθε συν TOIS wentout with These things saying the Jesus che χειμαρρου μαθηταις αύτου TEOGY TOY Tan disciples of himself beyond the ofthe brook Κεδρων, όπου ην κηπος, εις δν εισηλθεν αυτος και οί μαθηται ευτου. <sup>2</sup>Ηδει δε και Ιουδας, δ and the disciples of him. Enew and also Judas. παραδιδους αυτου, τον τοπον ότι πολλακις place; because delivering uparm, the often συνηχθη δ Ιησους ενει μετα των μαθητων met the Jesus there withthe disciples 3 Ο ουν Ιουδας λαβων την σπειραν, αύτου. of immself. The then Jailas having taken the band, και εκ των αρχιερεων και Φαρισαιών ύπηρετας. and from the high-priests and Phartores othicers, ερχεται εκει μετα φανων και λαμπαδων και there with torches and and lampe δπλων. 4 Ιησους ουν ειδως παντα τα epxowenpons. Jesus therefore knowing all the things comμενα επ' αυτον, εξελθων ειπεν αυτοις· Tiva (ηtog on him, going out said to them; Whom seek 5 Απεκριθησαν αυτώ Ιησουν τον Να-TELTE; They answered him; the you; Jesus Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους Εγω Copalov. eimi. to them the Jeses: ancese. Says am. ( Είστηκει δε και Ιουδας, δ παραδιδους αυτον, Was standing and also Judas, the delivering up bim, 6'Ως ουν είπεν αυτοίς iter' autwv.) OTE न्त्र । कि them.) When therefore he said to them; That εγω ειμι απηλθον εις τα οπισω, και επεσον am; they went into the action 7 Παλιν συν αυτους επηρωτησε. Tiva ... the ground. Again then them Whom he asked; (γιειτε; Οίδε ειπον Ιησουν τον Ναζωραιον. \*Απεκριθη Ιησους· Ειπον ύμιν, ότι εγω ειμι· I said to you, that I Jenus; ει ουν εμε ζητειτε, αφετε τουτοις ύπαγειν. if therefore me you seek, suffer shere to go.

if therefore me you seek, suffer these to go.

Iva πληραθη δλογος, δν είπεν "Ότι ούς So that might be fullished the word, which he said; "That whom δεδωκας μοι, ουκ απολεσα εξ αυτων ουδενα." thou hast given to me, not liest of them no one."

14 Σιμών ουν Πετρος εχων μαχαιραν, είλκυσεν simon then Peter having a swort, drew

ber, and struck the often high-priest shave.

και απεκοψεν αυτου το ωτιον το δεξιον. Ην δε and cut off of him the ear the right. Was now ονομα τω δουλω Μαλχος. 11 Ειπεν ουν ὁ Ιη-aname to the slave Malchus. Said therefore the Je-

DISCIPLES beyond the ibnook Kedron, where was ia Garden, into which he entered, and his disciples.

2 Now that Judas

CHAPTER XVIII.

things, I went out with his

7 \* Jesus, saving These

also, who delivered him up, knew the Place; Because \* Jesus often met there with his disciples.

3 then Judas, having obtained the Band and Officers from the Bion-raises, comes there with Torches, and Lamps, and Weapons.

4 Jesus, herefore, knowing All THINGS that were COMING upon him, going ons, \* says to them, "Whom do you seek?"?

5 They answered him, "Jesus the Nazarenk." \*He says to them, \*I am JESES." And THAT JUDAS also, who DELIVERED him up, was standing with them.

6 When therefore, be said to them, " I am he," they went back, and fell on the Ground.

7 Then he asked them again, "Whom do you seek?" And THEY said, "Jesus, the NAZARESE."

8 Jesus answered, "I told you That I am he; if, therefore, you seek Me, permit these to go."

9 That the worn might be fulfilled which he said, ‡"Of those whom thou hast given me, I lost no

10 then Simon Peter having a Sword, drew it, and struck the SEEVANT of the HIGH-PRIEST, and cut off his BIGHT \*FARTIP. Now the SERVANT'S Name was Malchus.

11 JESUS, therefore,

S. Pharispes. 4.

† 1. The name of a small rivulet, and of a valley towards the east of Jerusalem; probably derived from an Hebrew root signifying to be darkened, the valley being shaded with wood.

† 1. Gethsemane.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—I. Jesus.
5. He says to them, "I am Jesus."
2. Jesus.
10. ear-tip.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 36; Mark xiv. 32; Luke xxii. 39. Luke xxii. 47; Acts i. 16. † 9. John xvii. 12. 47; Luke xxii. 49, 50.

<sup>\$ 3.</sup> Matt. xxvi. 47; Mark xiv. 43; \$ 10. Matt. xxvi. 51; Mark xiv.

him the Jesus;

σους τω Πετρω. Βαλε την μαχαιραν εις την Put up the sword into the and to the Peter; θηκην το ποτηριον δ δεδωκε μοι δ πατηρ, ου sheath; the cup which has given to me the father, not μη πιω αυτο:

not should I drank it? 12 'Η ουν σπειρα και οί χιλιαρχος και οί ύπη-The then band and the commander and the offiρεται των Ιουδαιων συνελαβον του Ιησουν, και cers of the Jews apprehended the Jesus, and εδησαν αυτον, 13 και απηγαγον αυτον TOOS and to bim, Αυναν πρωτον ην γαρ πενθερος του Καιαφα, first; he was for father-in-law of the Caiaphas, ός ην αρχιερευς του ενιαυτου εκεινου. 14 Ην who was high-priest of the year δε Καιαφας ό συμβουλευσας τοις Ιουδαιοις, ότι the now Caiaphas he having advised Jews. that συμφερει ένα ανθρωπον απολεσθαι ύπερ του it is better one man to be destroyed in behalf of the λαου. 15 Ηκολουθει δε τω Ιησου Σιμων Πετρος, Pollowed and the Jesus Simon people. και δ ολλος μαθητης. Ο δε μαθητης εκεινος and the other disciple. The and disciple that ην γνωστος τω αρχιερει, και συνεισηλθε τω was known to the high-priest, and went in withthe Ιησου εις την αυλην του αρχιερεως. 16 'O δ€ desus meso the palace of the high-priest, The but Πετρος είστηκει προς τη θυρη εξω. Εξηλθεν

Peter stood at the door without. Went out Εξηλθεν ουν δ μαθητης δ αλλος, δς ην γνωστος τφ who was known to the therefore the disciple the other, σρχιερεί, και είπε τη θυρώρω, και είσηγαγε τον high-priest, and spoke to the door-keeper, and brought in the 17 Λεγει ουν ή παιδισκη ή θυρωρος Says then the female-servant the door-keeper Πετρον. το Πετρφ. Μη και συ εκ των μωθητων ει του Not sho thou of the to the Peter; disciples art the ανθρωπου τουτου; Λεγει εκεινος Ουκ ειμι. this? Suya he; Not 18 Είστηκεισαν δε οί δουλοι και οί ύπηρεται ανand the slave, and the efficers θρακιαν πεποιηκοτες, ότι ψυχος ην, και εθερεσωθ having made, because cold it was, and warmed μαινοντο· ην δε μετ' αυτων δ Πετρος έστως themselves; was and with them the Peter standing και θερμαινομένος. 19 'Ο ουν αρχιέρευς ηρω-The therefore high-priest warming himself. asked τησε τον Ιησουν περι των μαθητων αυτου, the Jesus concerning "the disciples of him, και περι της διδαχης αυτου.
and concerning the teaching of him. 20 Απεκριθη Answered αυτφ δ Ιησους. Εγω παρδησια ελαλησα τω him the Jesus; ι publicly spoke to the

said to PETER, "Put the SWORD into the SCAB-BARD; I the CUP which the FATHER has given me, shall I not drink it?"

12 Then the BAND, and the COMMANDER, and the OFFICERS of the JEWS apprehended Jesus, and bound him.

18 and led him first to Annas, for he was Fatherin-law of CAIAPHAL, who was High-Priest that YEAR.

14 I Now Caiaphas was the one HAVING ADVISED the JEWS, "That it is expedient that One Man be destroyed in behalf of the PEOPLE."

15 ‡ And Simon Peter followed JESUS; also the OTHER Disciple. And that DISCIPLE was known to the HIGH-PRIEST, and went in with Jesus into the PALACE of the HIGH-PRIEST :

16 I but PETER stood at the DOOR without. Therefore, \*THAT OTHER DIS-CIPLE Who was the AC-QUAINTANCE of the HIGH-PRIEST, went out, and spoke to the DOOR-KEKP-ER, and brought in PETER.

17 Then THAT FEMALE SEEVANT, the DOOR KEEP-ER, says to PETER, "Art thou also of this MAN'S DISCIPLES?" He says, "I am not."

18 And the SERVANTS and officers having made a Fire of coals, Because it was cold, stood and warmed themselves. And PETER \* also was standing with them, and warming himself.

Then the HIGH-PRIEST asked JESUS about his DISCIPLES, and about his TEACHING.

20 Jesus answered him, " I \* have spoken publicly spoke to the

publicly

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-10. THAT OTHER DISCIFLE who was the acquaintance of the GH FBIEST, and. 18. also. 20. have speken. HIGH PRIEST, and.

κοσμφ. εγω παντοτε εδιδαξα εν συναγωγη και world; I always taught in a synagogue and εν τω ίερω, όπου παντες οι Ιουδαιοι συνερχονin t. e temple, where all the Jews come together, 21 Tt µ ∈ Why me ται, και εν κρυπτφ ελαλησα ουδεν. nothing. secret I said and in ETERWTAS: ETERWTHTOV TOUS AKHKOOTAS, TI having heard, ask thosa dost thou ask? ελαλησα αυτοις ιδε, ούτοι οιδασιν α ειπον il said to them; lo, they know whatthings said 22 Ταυτα δε αυτου ειποντος, εις €γω. L. having said, These things and of him ύπηρετων παρεστηκώς εδωκε βαπισμα  $\tau\omega$ a blow to the gave having stood by officers Ιησου, ειπων Ούτως αποκρινη τω αρχιερει; Thus dost thou answer the high-priest? Jesus, saying; 23 Απεκριθη αυτφ δ Ιησους. Ει κακως ελαλη-Answered him the Jeens, If evil I spoke, I spoke. σα, ματυρρησον περι του κακου ει δε καλως, testify concerning the evil; if but well; τι με δερεις: why me dost thou beat?

24 Απεστελαν αυτον δ Αννας δεδεμενον προς Καταφαν τον αρχιερεα. <sup>25</sup> Ην δε Σιμων Πετρος Was and Simon Cuiaphas the high-priest. Ειπον ουν αυτώ. έστως και θερμαινομένος. They said therefore to him; standing and warming himself. Μη και συ εκ των μαθητων αυτου ει; Ηρνη-Not also thou of the disciples of him thouart? Denied σατο εκείνος, και είπεν. Ουκ είμι.  $26 \, \text{Λεγε}$ ί Not Iam. Says and said; he, είς εκ των δουλων του αρχιερεως, συγγενης ών a relative being slaves of the high-priest, one of the ού απεκοψε Πετρος το ωτιον. OUK EYW GE of whom cut off Peter the ear; ειδον εν τω κηπω μετ' αυτου; 27 Παλιν ουν Again therefore ηρνησατο δ Πετρος και ευθέως αλέκτωρ εφωdenied the Peter; and immediately a cock crew. vna ev.

28 Αγουσιν ουν τον Ιησουν απο του Καιαφα They lead then the Jesus from of the Caiaphas εις το πραιτωριον ην δε πρωια. Και αύτοι Into the judgment hall; it was and morning. And they ουκ εισηλθον εις το πραιτωριον, ένα μη μιανinto the judgment hall, that not they might went 29 Εξηλθωσιν, αλλ' ίνα φαγωσι το πασχα. be defiled, but that they might eat the passover. Went θεν ουν δ Πιλατος προς αυτους, και ειπε. Τινα What and said; 10 them. out therefore the

to the WORLD : H always taught in a Synagogue and in the TEMPLE, where All the Jews come together; and in secret I said noth-

ing. 21 Why dost thou ask Me? Ask those HAVING HEARD what I said to them; behold, then know what things # said.

22 And he having said these things, ione of the OFFICERS standing by gavo JESUS a Blow, saying, "Dost thou thus answer the HIGH-PRIEST?"

23 \* Jesus answered him, " If I spoke evil, testify concerning the EVIL; but if well, why dost thou beat Me ?"

24 th (Annas sent him, having been bound, to Caiaphas, the HIGH-PRIEST.)

25 And Simon Peter was standing and warming hinself. Then they said to him, "Art not thou also of his Disciples!" He denied, and said, "I am not."

26 One of the SERVANTS of the HIGH-PRIEST, being a relative of him Whosi EAR Peter cut off, says. "Did not I see Thee in the GARDEN with him?"

27 Thon \* Peter again denied, ‡ and immediatel t a Cock crew.

28 1 Then they lead JEsus from CAIAPHAS into the † PRÆTOBIUM. It was now morning; and they went not into the Præ-TORIUM so that they might not be defiled, but that they might eat the Pass-OVER.

29 PILATE, therefore, went out to them, and \* said, " What Accusation

<sup>29.</sup> says. 27. Peter. · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. Jesus.

<sup>† 24.</sup> This clause by some is added to the end of the 13th verse where it seems more properly to belong. † 27. The crumpet, called the cock crowing, sounded at the beginning of the third watch; this was at midnight. See Note on Matt. xxvi. 34. † 28. See Note on Matt. xxvii. 27. † 28. it was probably then thought lawful for the Jews to eat the paschal lamb at any hour between the two evenings, though Exod. xii. 6, 8, seems to get the paschal lamb at any hour between the two evenings, though Exod. xii. 6, 8, seems to require it to be eaten at the time when Jesus ate it.

<sup>† 22.</sup> Jer. xx. 2; Acts xxiii. 2. Mark xiv. 69; Luke xxii. 58. † 27. Matt. xxvi. 57. † 27. Matt. xxvi. 57. † 27. Matt. xxvi. 72; Luke xxii. 60; John. xiii. 38. † 28. Matt. xxvi. 24; Mark xv. 72; Luke xxii. 60; John.

κατηγοριαν φερετε κατα του ανθρωπου τουτο; hins this?

Τhey answered and said to him; If not was this κακαποιος, ουκ αν σοι παρεδωκαμέν αυτον. an existence, not would to thee we delivered up him.

ΣΕΙ πέν ουν αυτοις δ Πιλατος. Λαβέτε αυτον.

31 Ειπεν ουν αυτοις δ Πιλατος. Λαβετε αυτον Said then to them the Pilate; Take έμεις, και κατα τον νομον ύμων κρινατε αυτον. you, and according to the law of you judge him. Ειπον \* | ουν | αυτφ οί Ιουδαιοι. 'Ημιν ουκ [therefore] to him the Jews; To us not 32 τνα δ λογος του εξεπτιν αποκτειναι ουδενα. So that the word of the it is lawful to kill no one. Ιησου πρηρωθη, δυ ειπε, σημαινών ποιώ θανα-Jesus might be fulnised, which he said, pointing out by what τω η μελλεν αποβνησκειν.

he was about to die.

33 Εισηλθεν συν εις το πραιτωριον παλιν δ Went then into the judgment-hall again the Πιλατος, και εφωνησε τον Ιησουν, και ειπεν Pilnte, and called the Jesus, and said αυτφ. Συ ει δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων; 34 Απεκto him, Thou arithe king of the Jews? ριθη \* [αυτφ] δ Ιησους. Αφ' έαυτου συ τουτο sweed [him] the Jesus; From the thou this λεγεις, η αλλοι σοι ειπον περι εμου; 35 Απεκsayest, or others to thee told concerning me? Anριθη δ Πιλατος Μητι εγω Ιουδαιοις ειμι; το am? the wered the Piate; Not I a Jew εθνος το σον και οί αρχιερεις παρεδωκαν σε nation the thine and the high-priests delivered up thee 36 Απεκριθη Ιησους° εμοι· τι εποιησας, to me; what didst thou do? Ausweied Jeeus; The βασιλέα ή εμη ουκ εστιν εκ του κοσμου τουτου. kingdom the mine not is of the world this; ει εκ του κοσμου τουτου ην ή βασιλεια ή εμη, if of the world this was the kingdom the mine, οί ύπηρεται αν οί εμοι ήγωνιζοντο, ίνα μη the officers would those for me contend, that not π 20αδοθω τοις Iouhaiois, vuv δE n I m ght be delivered up to the Jews, wed but the 37 Ειπεν βατιλεια ή εμη ουκ εστιν εντευθεν. is from this place. kiugdom the mine not ουν αυτώ δ Πιλατος. Ουκουν βασιλευς ει συ; then to him the Printe; Not then aking art thou? Απεκριθη δ Ιησους. Συ λεγεις. ότι βασιλευς Answered the Jesus; Thou sayest; that aking Εγω εις τουτου γεγεννημαι, και eimi eyw. Í this have been born, and for εις τουτο εληλυθα εις τον κοσμον, ίνα μαρτυfor this I have come into the world, that I may tesρησω τη αληθεία. Πας δων εκ της αληtify to the truth. Every one who being of the truth, 38 Λεγει αυτφ θειας, ακουει μου της φωνης. hears of me the voice. Says to him δ Πιλατος. Τι εστιν αληθεια; Και τουτο ειπων, the Pilate; What is truth? And this saying,

do you bring \* against this

30 They answered and said to him," If he was not \* one who does evil, we would not have delivered him up to thee."

31 Then \* Pilate said to them, "Take nou him, and judge him according to your LAW." The JFWS said to him, "It is not lawful for us to kill any one;"

32 that the word of Jesus might be verified, which he spoke, intunating by What Death he was about to die.

33 † PILATE, therefore, went into the PRETORIUM again, and called JESUS, and said to him, "Art thou the KING of the JEWS?"

34 Jesus answered, "Dost thou say this from thyself, or did others tell thee concerning me?"

35 PILATE answered, "Am # a Jew? Think own nation, even the high-priests have delivered thee to me. What didst thou do?"

56 T Jesus answered,
"My KINGDOM is not of
this WORLD. If MY KINGDOM were of this WORLD,
MY OFFICERS Would fight,
so that I might not be delivered up to the Jews;
but now MY KINGDOM is
not from hence."

87 PILATE, therefore, said to him, "Art thou not a King then?" Jesus answered, "Thou sayest; "I am a King. For this It have been born; and for this It have come into the world, that I may testify to the TRUTH. I EVERY CONE WHO IS of the TRUTH, hears My VOICE."

38 PILATE says to him, "What is Truth?" ! And saying This, he went out

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—29. of this man. 30. one who does evil, we would, \$1. Pilate. 31. therefore—omit. 34. him—owit. 37. I am.

<sup>† 32.</sup> Matt. xx. 19; John xii, 32, 33. ‡ 37. John viii, 47; † John iil 19; iv. 6. xiv. 4, 6.

παλιν εξηλθε προς τους Ιουδαιους, και λεγει again to the Jews, and again he went out to the Jews, and says says to them, " I find No and says Jews, αυτοις. Εγω ουδεμιαν αιτιαν εύρισκω εν αυτω. i not one fault find in him.

39 Εστι δε συνηθεια ύμιν, ίνα ένα ύμιν απολυσω It is but a custom for you, that one to you I release εν τω πασχα· βουλεσθε ουν, ύμιν απολυσω in the passover; are you willing therefore, to you I release To  $\rho$  Basilea  $\tau$  we found the sing of the Jews? They cried out then  $\pi \alpha \lambda \iota \nu \stackrel{\star}{\times} [\pi \alpha \nu \tau \epsilon s,] \lambda \epsilon \gamma \nu \tau \epsilon s$ . My toutou,  $\alpha \lambda \lambda \alpha$  again [all,] saying; Not this, but τον Βαραββαν. Ην δε δ Βαραββας ληστης. Was now the Barabbas a robber. Barabbas.

#### KEΦ, $\iota\theta'$ , 19,

1 Τοτε ουν ελαβεν δ Πιλατος τον Ιησουν, και Then therefore took the Pilate the Jesus, εμαστιγωσε. <sup>2</sup> Και οί στρατιωται πλεξαντες And the soldiers braiding στεφανον εξ ακανθων, επεθηκαν αυτου τη κεφαa crown of thorns, placed of him to the head, λη, και ίματιον πορφυρουν περιεβαλον αυτον, and amantle purple threw about him, 3 και ελεγον Χαιρε ο βασιλευς των Ιουδαίων·
and said; Hail the king of the Jews;  $^4$  Εξηλθεν παλιν και εδιδουν αυτώ βαπισματα. and they gave him blows. Went again εξω δ Πιλατος, και λεγει αυτοις  $1 \delta \epsilon$ , αγω  $\tilde{\nu}$ μιν out the filat, and says to them; Lo, I bring to you αυτον εξω,  $\tilde{\nu}$ α γνωτε, δτι  $\epsilon \nu$  αυτω ουδεμιαν him out, that you may know, that in him not one αιτιαν εύρισκω. 5 (Εξηλθεν ουν δ Ιησους εξω, (Came then the Jesus out, I find. φορων τον ακανθινον στεφανον, και το πορφυreming the thorny crown, and the purple ρουν ίματιον.) Και λεγει αυτοις  $1 \delta \epsilon$ ,  $\delta$  ανθρωmantle,) And he says to them; See, the man. 6 Ότε ουν ειδον αυτον οί αρχιερεις και οί When therefore saw him the high-priest and the ύπηρεται, έκραυγασαν λεγοντες Σταυρωσον,
officers, they cried out saving:
Crucify. officers, they cried out saying; σταυρωσον αυτον. Λεγει αυτοις δ Πιλατος. him. Says to them the Pilate; Λαβετε αυτον ύμεις, και σταυρωσατε· εγω γαρ Take him you, and στιείτς; I for ουχ εύρισκω εν αυτω αιτιαν. Απεκριθησαν not find in him a fault. Answered αυτφ οί Ιουδαιοι 'Ημεις νομον εχωμεν, και have, him the Jews; We a law κατα τον νομον  $\mathring{\eta}$ μων οφειλει αποθανειν, according to the law of us he ought to die, 8 °O τ € 0 0 V δτι ϵαυτον, νίον θεου εποιησεν.because himself, a son of God he made. Whentherefore ηκουσεν δ Πιλατος τουτον τον λογον, μαλλον heard the Pilate this the word, more

Fault in him."

39 # But it is customary for you that I release to you One during the PASSOVER; are you willing, therefore, that I release to you the KING of the JEWS?"

40 Then they cried out again, saying, ‡" Not him, but BARABBAS." I Now BARABBAS was a Robber.

CHAPTER XIX.

1 Then PILATE, therefore took and scourged JE-

2 And the SOLDIERS. wreathing a Crown of Acanthus, placed it on His and they threw HEAD; around him a purple Mantle,

3 \* and they came to him and said, "Hail, KING of the JEWS!" And they gave him Blows.

4 \* And PILATE went out again, and says to them, "Behold, I bring him out to you, That you may know that I find I No Fault in him."

5 Then \* Jesus came out, wearing the ACAN-THINE Crown, and the PURPLE Mantle. And he says to them, "Behold, the MAN!"

6 ± When, therefore, the HIGH-PRIESTS and the OF-FICERS saw him, they cried out, saying, "Crucify, crucify him!" PILATE says to them, "Take him your-selves, and crucify him; for I find no Fault in him."

7 The JEWS answered him, ‡ "Colle have a Law, and by \* the LAW he ought to die, because I he made himself a Son of God."

8 When PILATE, therefore, heard This word, he was more afraid,

4. And \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 40. all-omit. 3. they came to him and said. . 7. the LAW. PILATE went. 5. Jesus.

65; John v. 18; x. 33.

<sup>† 39.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 15; Mark. xx. 6; Luke xxiii. 17. † 40. Acts iii. 14. xxiii. 19. † 1. Matt. xx. 19; xxvii. 26; Mark xv. 15; Luke xviii. 38, xviii. 38; ver. 6. † 0. Acts iii. 13. † 7. Lev. xxiv. 10. 1 40. Luke 1 4. John 1 7. Matt. xxvi

εφοβηθη. 9και εισηλθενεις το πραιτωριον παλιν, he was alraid; and went into the judgment-hall again, και λεγει τω Ιησους. Ποθεν ει συ; 'Ο δε Ιηand mays to the Jesus; Whence art thou? The but Je-10 Λεγει ουν συυς αποκρισιν ουκ εδωκεν αυτω. sus an answer not gave to him. Says then αυτφό Πιλατος Εμοιου λαλεις; ουκ οιδας, to him the Pilate; Το me not thou dost speak? not knoweet thon, δτι εξουσιαν εχω σταυρωσαι σε, και εξουσιαν that authority I have to crueify thre, and authority εχω απολυσαι σε, 11 Απεκριθη Ιησους. Ουκ Ihave to release thee? Answered Jesus; Not εξουσιαν ουδεμιαν κατ' εμου, ει μη thou could thave an hority not any against me, if not ην σοι δεδομενον ανωθεν. δια τουτο δ it was to thee having been given from above; on account of this παραδιδους με σοι, μειζονα άμαρτιαν εχει. bas, From deavering up me to thee, greater sin τουτου είητει δ Πιλατος απολυσαι αυτον. this seeks the Plate to release him. δε Ιουδαιοι εκραζον, λεγοντες. Εαν τουτον cried out saying: Jewa απολυσης, ουκ ει φιλος του Καισαρος πας δ thou release, not thou art a friend of the Cesar; every one the βασιλεια ξαυτον ποιων, αντιλεγει τω Καισαρι. king himself making, speaks against the 13 'Ο ουν Πιλατος ακουσας τουτον τον λογον, Thetherefore Pilate having heard this ηγαγεν εξω τον Ιησουν, και εκαθισεν επι του brought out the Jesus, and sat down on the βηματος εις τοπον λεγομενον Λιθοστρωτον, tribunal into a place being called Pavement, Εβραιστι δε Γαββαθα 14 (ην δε παρασκευη του in Hebrew but Gabbatha; (it was and a preparation of the

Εβραιστι δε Γαββαθα  $^{14}$  (ην δε παρασκευη του in Hebrew but Gabbatha; (It was and a preparation of the πασχα, ώρα δε άσει εκτη:) και λεγει τοις Ιουpassover, hour and about sixth;) and he says to the Jews; δαιοις: Ιδε δ βασιλευς ύμων.  $^{15}$  Οί δε εκραυγαseth king of you.  $^{15}$  Οι δε εκραυγασυν  $^{15}$  Αρον,  $^{15}$ 

Away, away; crucify him. Says αυτοις δ Πιλατος: Τον βασιλεα ύμων σταυρωσω; to them the Pilate; The king of you shall I crucify?

Aπεκριθησαν οί αρχιερεις. Ουκ εχομεν βασιλεα Answered the high-prests; Not we have a king,

et un Kairapa.

16 Γοτε ουν παρεδωκεν αυτον αυτοις, ίνα
Then therefore he delivered up him to them, that

9 and went again into the PRETORIUM, and says to JESUS, "Whence art thou?" ‡ But JESUS gave hum no Answer.

10 PILATE then says to him, "Dost thou not speak to me? Dost thou not know That I have Authority \* to release thee, and I have Authority to crucify

thee?"

11 \* Jesus answered him, ‡ "Thou wouldst have no Authority against me, if it had not been given thee from above. On this account HE who DELIV-ERED me to thee has a Greater Sin."

12 From this time, Pt-LATE sought to release him; but the Jews cried out, saying, t"If thou release him, thou art not a Friend of Cesar; tevery one who makes Himself a King speaks against Ce-SAR."

13 PILATE, therefore, having heard \* these words, brought Jesus out, and sat down on † the \*Tribunal, in a Piace called † The Pavement, but in Hebrew, Gabbatha.

14 ‡ (Now it was the Preparation of the PASSovers, and the Hour was about the † Sixth;) and he says to the Jews, "Bohold your KING!" 15 \* Then then cried out

15 \* Then then cried out,
"Away, away, crucify
him !" PILATE says to
them, "Shall I crucify your
KING?" The HIGH-PRIESTS
answered, ‡ "We have no
king, except Cesar."

loa that he might be crucified.

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—10. to release thee, and I have Authority to crucify thee?

11. Jesus answered him, Thou.

13. These words, brought.

13. Tribunal, in a Place.

<sup>† 13.</sup> The Tribunal seems to have been placed in the open air, agreeably to what Jose phus says of Herod, when he tried his two sons; "He came to the tribunal, and that was placed in the stadium, (the circus, or place for races,) behind which his soldiers kept guard unseen."—Pearce.

† 13. A spot paved with stones, enclosed and elevated, where the judge sat in his chair of state.

† 14. Six o'clock in the morning. See Note on John i. 39.

σταυρωθη. Παρελαβον δε τον Ιησουν \*[και he might be crucified. They took and the Jesus fand ηγαγον.] 17 Και βασταζων τον σταυρον αυτου, And sarrying the cross of himself, led.]  $\epsilon$ ξηλθεν εις τον λεγομενον κρανιου τοπον, δς be went out into the being called of a skull a place, which λεγεται Εβραιστι Γολγοθα. <sup>18</sup> Όπου αυτον Where is called in Hebrew Golgotha. him εσταυρωσαν, και μετ' αυτου αλλους δυο, εντευthey crucified, and with him others two, hence 19 Eγθεν και εντευθεν, μεσον δε τον Ιησουν. and hence, in middle and the Jesus. ραψε δε και τιτλον ό Πιλατος, και εθηκεν επι του and also a title the Pilate, and placed upon the σταυρου. Ην δε γεγραμμενον 'Ιησους ὁ Να-cross. It was and having been written; "Jesus the Naζωραιος, δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων." 20 Τουτον the king o the Jews." τον τιτλον πολλοι ανεγνωσαν των Ιουtherefore the title many read of the Jews." δαιων, ότι εγγυς ην ό τοπος της πολεως, όπου because near was the place of the city, where εσταυρωθη δ Ιησους και ην γεγραμμενον Έβwas crucified the Jesus; and it was having been writen in ραιστι Ἑλληνιστι, Ῥωμαιστι. <sup>21</sup> Ελεγον ουν Hebrew in Greek, in Latin. Said therefore τω Πιλατω of αρχιερεις των Ιουδαιων. Μη to the Pilate the high-priests of the Jews, Not γραφε 'Ο βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων αλλ' δτι write thou; The king of the Jews; bus that εκείνος είπε. Βασιλέυς είμι των Ιουδαιων. he said; A king I am of the Jews.  $^{22}$ A $\pi\epsilon\kappa\rho$ i $\theta\eta$   $\delta$   $\Pi$ i $\lambda$ aauos. O  $\gamma\epsilon\gamma\rho$ a $\phi$ a,  $\gamma\epsilon\gamma\rho$ a $\phi$ a. Answered the Phlate; What I have written, I have written. 23 Οί ουν στρατιωται, ότε εσταυρωσαν τον The ten soldiers, when they crucified Ιησουν, ελαβον τα ίματια, αυτου, (και εποιησαν took the mantles o him, (and made αρα μερη, έκαστω στρατιωτη μερος,) και soldier to each four parts, ον χιτωνα. Ην δε δ χιτων αρδαφος, εκ των the coat. Was but the coat without seam, from the aνωθεν ύφαντος δι' δλου  $2^4$  ε τον ουν προς top woven throughout whole; they said then to αλληλους. Μη σχισωμέν αυτον, αλλαλαχωμέν περι αυτου, τινος εσται. Τνα  $\hat{\eta}$  γραφη πληabout him, of whom it shall be. That the writing might  $\rho\omega\theta\eta$   $\overset{\times}{\times}$  [ $\hat{\eta}$  λεγουσα] "  $\Delta\iota\varepsilon\mu\varepsilon\rho\iota\sigma\alpha\nu\tau$ ο τα be fulfilled [that saying.] They divided ίματια μου έαυτοις, και επι τον .ίματισμον μου mantles of mefortnemselves, and on the of me raimeut εβαλον κληρον." they cast a lot."

17 ‡\* Then they took Jesus, and putting the cross on him, he went out into WHAT IS CALLED a Place of a Skull, which signifies in Hebrew Golgotha

18 where they crucified Him, and two others with him, one on each side, and JESUS in the Middle.

19 # And PILATE wrote a Title, and placed it on the cross. Now that having been written was, " Jesus, the NAZARENE, the KING of the JEWS."

20 This TITLE, therefore, many of the Jews read because the PLACE was near the CITY, where JEsus was crucified; and it had been written in Hebrew, \* Latin, and Greek.

21 Then the High-PRIESTS of the JEWS said to PILATE, " Do not write. The KING of the JEWS, but That he said, I am King of the JEWS."

22 PILATE answered "What I have written, I have written."

23 Then the soldiers. when they had nailed JEsus to the cross, took his GARMENTS, and made Four Parts, to Each Soldier a Part. But his COAT was without seam, woven from the top through the whole.

24 They said, therefore, to each other, "Let us not tear it, but cast lots for it, whose it shall be;" that the SCRIPTURE might be verified, ‡" They di-"vided my GARMENTS " among themselves, and "upon my RAIMENT they "cast a Lot." The sol-DIERS, therefore, did these Οί μεν ουν στρατιωται ταυτα εποιησαν. things.

ting the cross on him.

souliers these things The indeed therefore • VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—16. And led—omit. at the cross on him. 20. Latin and Greek.

<sup>17.</sup> Then they took Jasus, and put-24. that saying -onit.

<sup># 17.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 31 33; Mark xv. 21, 22; Luke xxiii 26, 33. 1 10. Matt xxvil 37; Mark xv. 20 - Lake axin, 88 1 24. Psa xxii, 13 1 23 Matt xxvii. 35; Mark xv. 24; Luke xxiu. 34

25 Είστηκεισαν δε παρα τω σταυρω του Ιησου ή now by the cross of the Jesus the μητηρ αυτου, και ή αδελφη της μητρος αυτου, mother of him, and the sister of the mother of him, Μαρια ή του Κλωπα, και Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη. Mary thatof the Klopus, and Mary the Magdalene. 26 Ιησους συν ιδων την μητερα, και τον μαθη-

Jesus thereforeseeing the mother, and the disciτην παρεστωτα, όν ηγαπα, λεγει τη μητρι ple standing by, whom he loved, he says to the mother -7 Ειτα λεγει τω αύτου Γυναι, ιδε, ό ύιος σου. othimself, Owoman, Lo, the son of thee. Then hesaystothe Και απ' εκεινης μαθητη· Ιδου ή μητηρ σου. And from that της ώρας ελαβεν ό μαθητης αυτην εις τα ιδια. the hour took the disciple her into the 28 Μετα τουτου ειδως ό Ιησους, ότι παντα ηδη

After this knowing the Jesus, that all things alrendy τετελεσται ίνα τελειωθη ή γραφη, λεγει. and been huished that inight be finished the writing, says. Διψω. 29 Σκευος \* ουν εκειτο υξους μεστον. A vessel [therefore] stood of vinegar I thurst.

οί δε πλησαντες σπογγον οξους, και ύσσωa sponge of vinegar, and to a hyssop stalk theyand filing

πω περιθεντες, προσηνεγκαν αυτου τω στοματι. brought of him to the mouth. putting round.

30 Ότε ουν ελαβε το οξος δ Ιησους, ELTE: When therefore took the vinegar the Jesus, he said; Τετελεσται και κλινας την κεφαλην, παρε-It has been finished, and having inclined the he gave

δωκε το πνευμα.

up the spirit. 31 Οί ουν Ιουδαιοι (ίνα μη μεινη επι του (that not migut remain on The then the σταυρου τα σωματα εν τω σαββατω. ETTEL sabbath,. the bodies in the since παρασκευη ην ην γαρ μεγαλη ή ήμερα εκεινου a preparation it was, was for great the day του σαββατου) ηρωτησαν τον Πιλατον, ίνα sabbath) asked the Pilate, that κοτεαγωσιν αυτων τα σκελη, και αρθωm the be broken of them the legs, and they might be taken 31 Ηλθον ουν οί στρατιωται, και του μεν Came therefore the soldiers, and of the indeed away. πρωτου, κατεαξαν τα σκέλη, και του αλλου they brake the legs. and of the other 33 Επι δε τον Ιητου συσταυρωλεντος αυτφ.

25 † And there were standing by the cross of Jesus his mother, and his MOTHER'S SISTER, + Mary, the MOTHER of CLOPAS, and Mary of MAGDALA.

26 Jesus, therefore, seeing his MOTHER, and I the DISCIPLE whom he loved standing near, says to his MOTHER, " Woman, behold

thy son !"

27 He then says to the DISCIPLE, " Behold thy MOTHER!" And from that HOUR the DISCIPLE took her to his own [house.]

28 After this, \* Jesus knowing That all things had already been finished. t that the SCRIPTURE might be fully accomplished, says, "I thirst."

29 A Vessel was placed full of Vinegar; ‡ \* then a Sponge full of the VINE-GAR, having been attached to a Hyssop-stalk, they brought to his MOUTH.

30 When therefore, \* Jesus took the VINEGAR, he said "It has been finished!" And inclining his HEAD, he expired.

31 Then the It that the BODIES might not remain upon the cross during the SABBATH, SIECE it was the Preparation; for the DAY of That SABBATH was a great one:) asked PILATE that their LEGS

might be taken away. 32 The SOLDIERS there. fore came, and did, indeed, break the LEGs of the FIRST, and of THAT OTHER who was CRUCIFIED with

might be broken, and they

him;

Je-

33 but having come to

but the

that having been crucified with him.

<sup>\*</sup> VALICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. Jesus. 29. Then-omit. 29. then a Sponge full of the VINEGAR having been attached to a Hyssop-stalk, they brought to His MOUTH-80 Jesus

<sup>+ 25.</sup> The Greek does not state the relationship between Mary and Clopas, and we must supply it by conjecture. In other gospels she is called James's Mary, and Mary the mother of James: and Clopas was probably another name for James, being a Greek translation of of James; and Chopas was probably abother hame for James, oring a Greek transformer the Hebrew Jacob or James, a theef. Paul tells us that the Savior after his resurrection was seen by James (I Cor. xv. 7,) which is not mentioned in the gospels or Acts, unless we suppose that Cleopas, who walked with him to Emmaus, was James See Luke xxiv. 18. bharpe

Luke xxiv 18. Matt. xxvii. 48.

JESUS, when they saw that σουν ελθοντες, ώς ειδον αυτον ηδη τεθνηκοτα, he had already died, they us having come, when they saw him already having died, 90 κατεαζαν αυτου τα σκελη $^{34}$ αλλ' είς των sot they broke of him the  $^{i}$ e. $^{i}$ s, but one of the did not break His LEGS. στρατιωτων λογχη αυτου την πλευραν ενυξε, pierced, with a spear of him the side και ευθυς εξηλθεν αιμα και and immediately came out blood and ύδωρ. Και And water. δ έωρακως μεμαρτυρηκε, και αληλινη αυτου he having seen has testified, and true of him εστιν ή μαρτυρια· κακεινος οιδεν, ότι αληθη is the testimony; and he knows, that truethings 36 EYEVETO λεγει, ίνα και ύμεις πιστευσητε. he says, so that also you may believe. Occurred γαρ ταυτα, ίνα ή γραφη πληρωθη. " Οστουν for these things, that the writing might be fulfilled; ου συντριβησεται αυτου." <sup>87</sup> Και παλιν έτερα not shall be broken of him." And again another γραφη λεγει " Οψονται εις δν εξεκεντησαν." 'They shall lookinto whom writing says; they pierced." 38 Μετα δε ταυτα ηρωτησε τον Πιλατον δ After and these things asked the Pilate the Ιωσηφ δ απο Αριμαθαιας, (ων μαθητης του Ιη-Joseph that from Arimathea, (being a disciple of the Jeσου, κεκρυμμενος δε δια τον φοβον των Ιουsus, having been hid but through the fear δαιων,) ίνα apn το σωμά του Ιησου. that he might take away the body of the Jesus; επετρεψεν δ Πιλατος. Ηλθεν ουν και

permitted the Pilate. He came therefore and and 39 Ηλθε δε και MPE το σωμα του Ιησου. took away the body of the Jesus. Came and Nikoδημος, (δ ελθων προς τον Ιησουν νυκτος Nicodemus, (hehaving come to the Jesus by night το πρωτον,) φερων μιγμα σμυρνης και αλοης bringing a mixture of myrrh and 40 Ελαβον ουν το σωμα ώς λιτρας έκατον. about pounds a hunored. They took therefore the body του Ιησου, και εδησαν αυτο οθονιοις μετα των and bound it with linen cloths with of the Jesus, αρωματων, καθως εθος εστι τοις Ιουδαιοις ενταas customaryitis with the spices. Jews

<sup>41</sup> Hy  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \nu$   $\tau \omega$   $\tau \sigma \tau \omega$ ,  $\delta \pi \sigma \sigma \epsilon \sigma \tau \sigma \sigma \omega \theta \eta$ , φια (ειν. Was and in the place, where he was crucified, embalm. κηπος, και εν τφ κηπφ μνημειον καινον, εν 'ω a garden, and in the garden in which a tomb new, **42** Εκει ουν ουδεπω ουδεις ετεθη. δια την notyet no one was laid. There therefore on account of the

παρεσκευην των Ιουδαιων, ότι εγγυς ην το preparation of the Jews, because near was the

μινημειον, εθηκαν τον Ιησουν. they laid the

33. Jesus.

34 but one of the SOL-DIERS pierced His SIDE with a Spear, and immediately there came out Blood and Water.

35 And HE HAVING SEEN has testified, and His TESTIMONY is true: and he knows That he is saving true things, so that nou also may believe.

36 For these things occurred, that the SCRIP-TURE might be verified. t"A Bone of him shall not be broken."

37 And again Another SCRIPTURE says, 1"They shall look on him whom

they pierced."

38 ‡ And after these things, \* Joseph, from Arimathea, (being a Disciple of \* Jesus, but a concealed one through FEAR of the JEWS,) asked Pilate, that he might take away the BODY of JESUS; and Pi-LATE permitted him. He came therefore, and took away \* his Body.
39 And ‡ Nicodemus

came also, (he having come to \*him by Night at the FIRST,) bringing a Mixture of Myrrh and Aloes, about a hundred Pounds.

40 Then they took the BODY of JESUS, and thound it with Linen cloths, with the AROMA TICS, as it is a Custom with the JEWS to embalm

41 And there was in the PLACE where he was crucified a Garden, and 14 the GARDEN a new TOMB, in which no one was ye. laid.

42 There, therefore, on account of the PREPARA TION of the JEWS, Because the TOMB was near, they laid JESUS.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 38. Joseph. by Night.

<sup>38.</sup> his Body.

<sup>39.</sup> him

<sup>† 36.</sup> Exod. xii. 46; Num. ix. 12; Psa. xxxiv. 20. † 37. Psa. xxii. 16; Zech. xii. 6v. v. i. 7. † 88. Matt. xxvii. 57, Mark xv. 42; Luke xxiii. 54- † 39. John iii. 2. vii. 50. † 40. Acts 40-Bev. i.7. 2; vii 60.

### KEØ. 16, 20.

Τη δε μια των σαββατων Μαρια ή Μαγδα-The and first of the week . Mary to a. Magdaληνη ερχεται πρωι, σκοτιας ετι ουσης, εις το μνημειον και βλεπει τον λιθον ηρμενον tomb; and sees the stone having been taken away εκ του μνημειου, 2 τρεχει ουν και ερχεται aut of the tomb, she runs therefore and comes προς Σιμωνα Πετρον, και προς τον αλλον μαθηto Simon Peter, and to the other disciτην, όν εφιλει δ Ιηπους, και λεγει αυτοις. ple, whom loved the Jesue, and says to them; TOV KUPLOV EK TO! ... THELOU, KAL OUK They took away the lord out of the tomb, and not vidamev,  $\pi o v \in \theta \eta \kappa a \nu$  aut ov.  $^3$   $E \xi \eta \lambda \theta \varepsilon \nu$  out  $\delta$  we know, where they laid him. Went out then the Τετρος και δ αλλος μαθητης, και ηρχοντο εις
Peter and the other disciple, and they came into 4 Ετρεχον δε οί δυο όμου και ό το μνημειον. Ran and they two together; and the the tomb. αλλος μαθητης προεδραμε ταχιον του Πετρου, disciple ran before more quickly of the Peter, και ηλθε πρωτος εις το μνημειον. 5 και παρακυψας βλεπει κειμενα τα οθονια· ου μεντοι εισηλdown besees lying the linen cloths; not however he went Gev.  $^6$  Epxetal our Simon  $^6$  Epxetal our Simon  $^6$  Peter following αυτφ, και εισηλθεν εις το μνημειον, και θεωρει him, and entered into the tomb, and sees τα οθονία καιμένα,  $\frac{7}{6}$  και το σουδαρίον δ ην επι the lines cloths lying, and the papkin which was on της κεφαλης αυτου, ου μετα των οθονιών κειhead of him, not with the liven cloths μενον, αλλα χωρις εντετυλιγμενον εις ένα log, but apart having been folded up into one 8 Τοτε ουν εισηλθε και δ αλλος μαθητοπον. Then therefore went in also the other place. της, δ ελθων πρωτος εις το μνημειον, και ple, he coming first into the tomb, and 9 Ουδεπω γαρ ηδεισαν ειδε, και επισ 'ευσεν. and believea. Notyet for they knew την γραφην, ότι ε: αυτον εκ νεκρων ανασthat it behoves him out of dead ones to have writing, τηναι. 10 Απηλθον ουι παλ.ν προς έαυτους οί Went ther again to themselves the been raised.

### CHAPTER XX.

· 1 ‡ And on the first of the WEEK, Mary of MAG-DALA comes early, it being yet dark, † into the TOME, and sees the STONE, having been removed out of the

2 She runs, therefore, and comes to Simon Peter, and to the former Disciple whom Jesus loved, and says to them, "They have taken away the Lorn out of the TOMB and we know not where they have laid him."

3 ‡ PETER then went out, and the OTHER Disciple; and they came into the TOMB.

4 And the Two ran together; and the OTHER Disciple outran PETER, and came first into the TOMB.

5 And stooping down, he sees the LINEN CLOTHS lying; however, he went not in.

6 Then Simon Peter \*also comes following him, and entered into the TOMB, and beheld the LINEN CLOTHS lying,

7 and the NAPELN, which was on his HEAD, not lying with the LINEN CLOTHS, but having been folded up in a separate Place.

8 Then, therefore, THAT CTHER Disciple, who CAME first into the TOMB, also went in, and he saw, and believed [her.]

9 For they did not yet know ‡ the SCHIPTURE, That he must rise from the Dead.

10 Then the DISCIPLES went away by themselves.

μαθηται.

disciples.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. also Fimon Peter.

<sup>† 1.</sup> The very definite manner in which John expresses himself in this narrative, with reference to going (cis) into and coming (k), out of the tomb, makes it very probable that this tomb, had two chambers, an outer and taner one. The body was placed in the inner one, to the door of which the stone was placed. Hence when they entered the first apartment they were said to go into the tomb, though they might not enter or see what was in the inner chamber. Such tombs are not uncommon in the East. That which is now called the "Holy Sepulchre" is one of this class.

1! Μαρια δε ειστηκει προς τφ μνημειφ κλαιby the tomb weep-Mary but stands 'Ως ουν εκλαιε, παρεκυψεν εις το ουσα εξω. As therefore she wept, she stooped down into the ing outside. μνημειον, 12 και θεωρει δυο αγγελους εν λει κοις and sees two messengers in καθεζομενους, ένα προς τη κεφαλη, κα- ένα sitting, one at the and. head. one προς τοις ποσιν, όπου εκειτο το σωμα του Ιηat the feet, where was laid the body of the Jones. 13 Kai λεγουτ. ωυτη εκείνοι Γυναί, τι sus. And say the they Owoman, why κλαίεις; Λεγεί αυτω. Ότι ηραν τον treepest thou? She says to t. 3 Because the tool way the κυριον μου, και ο τ. ιδα που εθηκαν αυτον. 14 Ταυτα ειπουσα, ε , ωφη is τα οπισω, και.

These things having same is channed into the behind, and θεωρει τον Ι,σορν ε για α κω ουκ ιδει, ότι sees the Jesus standing and net knew, that Ιησους εστι. -5 Λεγει αυτη ό Ιησους. Γυναι, σι Says to or the Jesus; wwoman, why Je-us it is. κλαιεις; τινα ζητεις: Εκεινη, δοκουσα ότι δ weepest thou? whom seekest thou? She, supposing that the κηπουρος εστι εγει αυτώ Κυριε, ει συ εβαστασας αυτον, ειπε μοι ποι εθηκας αυτον, καγω tel m wherethou didst lay him, and I carry off αυτον αρω. 16 Λεγει αυτη ο Ιησους Μαρια. αυτον Στραφεισα εκεινη λεγει αυτώ 'Ραββουνι, δ Furning round she say to him; Rabboni, which Turning round she szy to him; Rabboni, which λεγεται, διδασκαλε. 17 Λεγει αυτη δ Ιησους· Says to her the Jesus; means, O teacher. Μη μου άπτων ουπω γαρ αναβεβηκα προς τον Not me touch; not ret for I have gowing to the πατερα μου πορευου δε προς τους αδελφους father of me; go but to the brethren μου, και ειπε αυτοις. Αναβαινω προς τον πατεl go up to the father ine, and say to them; ρα μου και πατερα ύμων, και θεον μου και θεον of me and father of you, even God of me and God 18 Ερχετα: Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη απαγύμων. ofyou. Comes Mary ι. magdalene tel-γελλουσα τοις μεθέταις, ότι έωρακε τον κυριον, of you. the discipie, that she had seen the κα, ταυτα ειπεν αυτη. and these things he said to her.

19 Ουσης ουν οψιας τη ήμερα εκεινη τη μια Being then evening in the Cay that the first τον σαββατων, και των θιρων κεκλεισμενων, et the week, and the doors having been shut, όπου ησαν οἱ μαθηται \*[συνηγμενοι,] δια τον φιλεισ were the disciples [having been assembled,] through the φοβον των Ιουδαιων, ηλθεν δ Ιησους, και εστη fear of the Jews, came the Jews, and stood

11 Bue Mary was standing near the Tomb outside, weeping. Asshe was weeping, therefore, she stooped down into the Tomb,

12 and sees Tv. Angels in white sitting, one at the HEAD, and one at the FEET, where the BODY of JES 38 had been laid.

13 And they say to her, "Woman, why dost thou weep?" \* And she says to them, "Because they took away my LORD, and I knew not where they laid him."

14 ‡ Having said these things, she turned BACK-WARD, and beholds JESUS standing, and ‡ knew not That it was Jesus.

15 \* Jesus says to her, "Woman. why dest thou weep? Whom dost 'hou seek?" She, supposing that he was the GARDENER, says to him, "Sir, if thou didst carry him off, tell me where thou didst lay him, and **f** will take Him away."

16 \* Jesus says to her, "Mary!" She, having turned, says to him \* in Hebrew, "Rabboni!" which signifies, Teacher.

17 \* Jesus says to her. "Touch me not; for I have not yet ascended to my FATHER; but go to tmy BRETHREN, and tell them, I ascend to my FATHER, and your Father; even my God, and your God."

18 \$ Mary of Magdala comes, telling the Disci-R Es That she had seen the Lond, and he said These things to her.

19 †Then being Evening of that DAY, the FIRST of the \* Week, and the DOORS having been closed where the DISCIPLES Were, through FEAR of the JEWS, JESUS came into the MIDST,

<sup>\*</sup> VATIOAN MANUSCRIPT.—13. And she says. 15. Jesus. 16. Jesus. 16. in Hebrew, Rabboni. 17. Jesus. 19. Week. 19. having been assembled—omit.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Matt. xxviii. 9; Mark xvi. 0. † 14. Luke xxiv. 16. 31; John xxi. 4. † 17. Pss. xxii, 22; Matt. xxviii. 10; Rom. viii. 29; Heb. ii. 11. † 18. Matt. xxviii 10; Luke xxiv. 30; † Cor xv. 5.

ets το μεσον, και λεγει αυτοις. Ειρηνη ύμιν.
into the midst, and says tothem; Feare to you.

What τουτο ειπων, εδειξεν αυτοις τας χειρας
And this having said, he showed to them the hands

και την πλευραν αύτου. Εχαρησαν ουν οί therefore the of himself. Were glad and the side 21 Ειπεν ουν LOUVTES μαθηται. TOV KUPLOV. lord. Said then disciples, seeing the αυτοις δ Ιησους παλιν. Elonvn ύμιν καθως to them the Jesus again; Peace to you; απεσταλκε με δ πατηρ, καγω πεμπω ύμας. me the father, also I send you.

22 Και τουτο ειπων, ενεφυσησε, και λεγει And this having said, he breathed on, and says autois. Λαβετε πνευμα άγιον. 23 Αν τινων to them; Receive you a spirit holy. It of whom μφητε τας άμαρτιας, αφιενται αυτοις. αν you may forgive the sins, they are forgiven them; if τινων κρατητε, κεκρατηνται.

of whom you may retain, they have been retained.

Τόσια δε, είς εκ των δεδωκα, δ λεγομενος Thomas but, one of the twelve, he being called Alδυμος, ουκ ην μετ αυτων ότε ηλθεν δ Ιηατώπ, ποι was with them when came the Jesus.  $^{95}$  Ελεγον ουν αυτω οί αλλοι μαθηται was. Said then to him the other disciples; Έωρακαμεν τον κυριον. Ο δε είπεν αυτοις Έωρακαμεν τον κυριον. Η but said to them; Εαν μη ιδω εν ταις χερσιν αυτου τον τυπον it ποι Ιπαχ see in the hands of him the mark των ήλων, και βαλω τον δακτυλον μου εις τον of the nails, and may put the finger of me into the τυπον των ήλων, και βαλώ την χειρα μου εις παγκ of the nails, and may put the hand of me into την πλευραν αυτου, ου μη πιστευσω. the said of him, not not I will believe.

 $^{26}$  Και μεθ' ήμερας οκτω παλιν ησαν εσω οί And after days eight again were within the μαθηται αυτου, και Θωμας μετ' αυτων. Ερχείνειρες οίτης, and Thomas with them. Comes ται δ Ιησους, των θυρων κεκλεισμένων, και

the Jesus, the doors having been shut, and εστη εις το μεσον, και ειπεν Ειρηνη ύμιν. stood into the midst, and said; Peace to you. 环 Ειτα λεγει τω Θωμα. Φερε τον δακτυλον σου Afterwards he says to the Thomas; Bring the finger of thee ώδε, και ιδε τας χειρας μου, και φερε την of me, and bring aud see the hauds the χειρα σου, και βαλε εις την πλευραν μου και hand of thee, and put into the side of me; and 28 Απεκριθη μη γινου απιστος, αλλα πιστος. not be thou unbelieving, but believing. Answered Θωμας και ειπεν αυτφ· 'Ο κυριος μου και δ θεος Thomas and said to him; The lord of me and the God

μου. 29 Λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. Ότι έωρακας με, σome. Says to him the Jesus; Because thou hast seen me,

and stood, and says to them, "Peace be with you!"

20 And having said this, he showed them \* his HANDS and his SIDE. The DISCIPLES, therefore, ‡ rejoiced, seeing the LORD.

21 Then JESUS said to them again, "Peaceoe with you; ‡ as the FATHER has sent me, # also send you."

22 And having said this, he breathed on and says to them, "Reveive the Holy Spirit.

23 ‡ If the sins \* of any one you may forgive, they are forgiven them; if thoso \* of any you may retain they have been retained."

24 But Thomas, THAT one of the TWELVE, \$BEING CALLED Didymus, was not with them, when \$ Jesus came.

25 The other Disciples, therefore, said to him, "We have seen the Loed." But he said to them, "If I do not see in his hands the IMPRESSION of the NAILS, and put my finger into the IMPRESSION of the NAILS, and put \*My HAND into his side, I will by no means believe."

26 And after eight Days his DISCIPLES were again within, and Thomas with them. The DOORS having been closed, JESUS comes into the MIDST, and stood, and said, "Peace be with you?"

27 Afterwards he says t Thomas, "Reach here the Finger, and behold my Hands, and treach here thy hand, and put it into my side; and be not unbelieving, but believing."

28 Thomas answered and said to him, "My LOED and my God!"

29 Jesus says to him, "Because thou hast seen

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.-20, both the hands and the side. 24. Jesus. 25. My hand.

<sup>23.</sup> of any one.

i 20. John xvi. 22. † 21. Matt xxviii. 18; John xvii. 17—19.

πεπιστευκας μακαριοι οί μη ιδοντες, και πισthou hast believed; blessed they not marine, the story and the story and the story along the story along the story along the story Many indeed then ar other signs εποιησεν δ Ιησους ενωπιον των μαθητων αύτου, did the Jesus is presence of the disciples of him, ά ουκ εστι γεγραμμενα εν τα βιβλιφ τουτφ. which not it is having been written in the book These things but have been written, that you may believe, that Ιησους εστιν δ Χριστος, δ υίος του θεου, και Jesus is the Anointed, the son of the God, and ίνα πιστευοντες ζωην εχητε εν τω ονοματι life you may have in the that believing name αυτου. of him.

## КΕΦ, κα', 21.

1 Μετα ταυτα εφανερωσεν έαυτον παλιν δ
After these things manifested himself again the Ιησους τοις μαθηταις επι της θαλα σης της Jesus to the disciples on the sea e the Σ Ησαν Εφανηρωσε δε ούτως. TiBepiados. He manifested and thus. Tibenias. δμου Σιμων Πετρος, και Θωμας δ λεγομενος together Simon Peter, and Thomas he being called Διδυμος, και Ναθαναηλ δ απο Κανα της Γαλιatwin, and Nathannel ac from Cana of the Galiλαιας, και οι του Ζεβεδαιου, και ελλοι εκ των lee, and they of the Zebedee, and others f the μαθητων αυτου δυο. <sup>3</sup> Λεγει αυτοις Σιμων Πε-disciples of him two. Says to them Shown Pe-τη νυκτι επιασαν ουδεν.  $^4$  Πρωίας δε the night they caught nothing. Moraing but ηδη now γενομενης, εστη δ Ιησοις εις τον αιγιαλον ου being come, stood the Jesus on the shore; not being come, stood the sesue on the shore; not μεντοι ηδεισαν οι μοθηται, ότι Ιπσους εστι. Δονεν κης the disciples, that Jesus it is. Εγει ν αυτοις ὁ Ιησους Παιδια, μη τίς therefore to them the Jesus; Children, not any προ Φεγιον - ζετε Απεκριθησαν αυτώ Ου. food have you? They answered him; No. 6 O δε ειπεν αντιις Βαλετε εις τα δεξια μερη lie and said to them; Castyou into the might parts του ... λοιου το δικτυον, και εύρησετε. Εβαλον of the ship the net, and you will find. They cast ουν, παι ουκετί αυτο ελκυσαι ισχυσαν απο του then, and no longer it to draw were able from the 7 Λεγει ουν δ μαθητης
Sigs therefore the disciple πληθο ς των ιχθυων. multitude of the fishes\_ εκτινός δυ ηγαπα δ Ιησους, τω Πετρω. O fore, whom Jesus loved, that whom loved the Jesus, to the Peter, The says to Peter, "It is the

me, thou hast believed: t happy those who see notand believe!"

30 # Then, indeed, many Other Signs Jesus performed in the presence of \* the DISCIPLES, which have not been written in this BOOK.

S1 # But these have been written, that you may believe That Jesus is the MESSIAH, the son of Gop. and that, believing you may have Life in his NAME.

#### CHAPTER XXI

1 After these things \* Jesus manifested himself again to the Disciples, at the LAKE of TIBERIAS : and in this manner he appeared.

2 Simon Peter, and THAT Thomas CALLED Didymus, and ITHAT Nathanael of Cana in GALI-LEE, and the sons of Zebedee, and two others of his Disciples, were together.

3 Simon Peter says to them, "I am going a fishing." They say to him, "They also go with thee." They went out, and entered into the BOAT, and during That NIGHT they caught nothing.

4 But now Morning being come, \* Jesus stood on the SHORE. The DISCL PLES, however, tknew not That it was Jesus.

5 Then ‡\* Jesus says to them, "Children, have you any food?" They answered him, "No."

6 And HE said to them, t"Throw the NET on the RIGHT side of the BOAT, and you will find." Then they threw it, and were no longer able to draw it, from the MULTITUDE of FISHES.

7 That DISCIPLE there-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30. the DISCIPLES. 1. Jesus. 8, immediately-on it. 5. Jesus.

† 20. 2 Cor. v. 7; 1 Pet. i. 8. † 30. John xxi. 25. † 31. Luke i. 4. † 31. John ii! 15, 10; v. 24; 1 Pet. i. 0. † 2. John i. 45. † 2. Matt. iv. 21. † 4 John xx. 14 † 5 Luke xxiv. 41. † 6 Luke v. 45 45. † 7. John xii. 23; xx. 2.

κυριος εστι Σιμων ουν Πετρος, ακουσας ότι δ it is, Simon then Peter, hawne neard that the κυριρς επτι, τον απενδυτην διεζωσατο ην γαρ lord it is, the upper garment negtrded, he was for γυμνος και εβαλεν έαυτον εις την θαλασσαν naked; and 'hiew himself into the sea.  $8 \text{ Oi } \delta \epsilon$  and in math tal to thought  $\epsilon$  and in the form The but other disciples by the little ship came (not γαρ ησαν μακραν απο της γης, αλλ' ώς απο for they were for from the land, but shout from πηγων διακοσιων,) συροντές το δικτυον των culits two nundred,) dragging the net exiluwv. 9 'Ως ουν απεβησαν εις την γην, βλεfishes. When therefore they went up to the land, πουσιν ανθρακιαν κειμένην, και οψαριον επικέιa tire of coals lyour, and lying a fish 10 Λεγει αυτοις ὁ Ιησους. μενον, και αρτον. and bread. Soys to them the Jesus; Ενεγκατε απο των οψαριων, ών επιασατε νυν. Being you from the fishes, which you caught just now. 11 Ανεβη Σιμων Πετρος, και είλκυσε το δικτυον Went up Simon Peter, and drew the επι της γης, μεστον ιχθυων μεγαλων έκατον to the land, full offishes great a hundred πεντηκοντατριων. και τυσουτών οντών, ουκ filly-three; and so many being, 12 Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. εσχ:σθη το δικτυον. wastern the net. Says to them the Jesus; Ouders \* $[\delta \epsilon]$   $\epsilon \tau o \lambda \mu a$ Δευτε, αριστησατε. [and] breakfast you. Come. No one presumed DU TIS EL : των μαθητων εξετασαι αυτον. hun; Then
13 Ερχεται δ Ιηthe Jeof the disciples to ask ειδητές, ότι ό κυριος εστίν. knowing, that the Lord it 18. σους, και λαμβανει τον αρτον, και διδωσιν the bread, and takes and gives 14 Τουτο ηδη αυτοις, και το οψοριον όποιως. to them, and the noh in like maoner This already τριτον εφανερωθη ό Ιητους τοις μαθηταις αυτου, third was incuffested the Jesus to the disciples of himself, EYEDAELS EK VEKOWV. having been raised out of dead ones.

15 'OTE OUV ηριστησαν, λεγει τφ Σιμωνι When therefore they had brenkfasted, says to the Simon Πετρφ δ Ιησους. Σιμων Ιωνα, απαπας με πλειον Peter the Jesus; Simon of Jona, lovest thou me τουτων; Λεγει αυτώ. Ναι, κυριε, συ οιδας, ότι He says to him, Yes, Olord, thou knowest, that φιλω σε. Λεγει αυτφ. Βοσκε τα αρνια μου. I dearly love thee. He says to him, Feed the lambs of me 16 Λεγει αυτφ παλιν δευτερον Σιμων Ιωνα,
He says to him again a second time; Simon of Jona, of Joua, αγαπας με; Λεγει αυτώ Ναι, κυριε, συ οιδας, He says to him, lovest thou me? Yes, Olord, thou knowest, ότι φιλω σε. Λεγει αυτω. Ποιμαίνε τα προthat I dearly love thee; He says to him; Tend thou the sheep

LORD." Then Simon Peter having heard that it was the LORD, girded on his UPPER GARMENT, (for he was + naked.) and 'hrew lamself into the LAKE.

8 But the OTHER Discretes came by the BOAT; for they were not far from the LAND, but about two hundred Cubits off.) dragging the NET with the FISHES.

9 When, therefore, they went out to the LAND, they see a Fire of coals lying, and a Fish lying on it, and

Bread.

10 \* Jesus says to them, "Bring of the Fishes which you just now caught."

11 \* Simon Peter went on board and drew the NET to the LAND, full of great Fishes, a hundred and fiftythree; and though there were so many, the NET was not torn.

12 \* Jesus says to them, t"Come and breakfast." No one of the DISCIPLES presumed to ask him, "Who art thou?"

13 \* Jesus comes, and takes the BREAD, and gives to them, and the Fish in like man er.

14 This third time now was \*Jesus manifested to \*the Disciples, having been raised from the Dead.

15 When, therefore, they had breakfasted, Jesus says to Simon Peter, "Simon, son of Jonas, lovest thou me more than these?" He says to him, "Yes, Lord; thou knowest That I affectionately love thee." He says to him, "Feed my LAMES."

16 He says to him again, a second time, "Simon, son of Jonas, lovest thou me?" He says to him, "Yes, Lord; thou knowest That I affectionately love thee.'

<sup>•</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—10. Jesus.

12. and—omit.

13. Jesus.

14. Then Simon Peter.

14. the disciples.

<sup>\* 7.</sup> So the Jewa called those who were clothed in their under garments only .- Newcome

<sup>12.</sup> Acts x. 41. 2 14. See John xx. 19, 26.

17 Λεγει αυτφ το τριτον·
He says to him the third; Σιμων RAL HOV. Simon of me. ιωνα, φιλεις με; Ελυπηθη ὁ Πετρος, ότι lylovest thou me? Was grieved the Peter, because of Jona, dearly lovest thou me? με; και ειπεν ειπεν αυτώ το τριτον, Φιλεις he said to him the third, Dearly lovest thoume? and he said \*[αυτώ.] Κυριε, συ παντα οιδας. συ γινωσκεις, [to him;] Olord, thou all things knowest; thou knowest, φιλώ σε. Υελει απώ ο Ιμοορε. Βοσκε Says to him the that I dearly love thee; Jesus; τα προβατα μου. 18 Αμην αμην λεγω σοι, ότε of me. Indeed judeed I say to thee, when sheep ης νεωτερος, εζωννυες σεαυτον, και περιεπατεις thouwast younger, thou didst gird thyself, and dadst walk ηθελες. όταν δε γηρασης, **EKTEVELS** where thou didst wish; when but thou art old, thou wiltstretchout the hands of thee, and another thee will gird, KOLL and όπου οι θελεις. 19 Τουτυ δε ειπε, σηwill carry where not thou wishest. This now he s ite sigμαινων, ποιφ θανατφ δοξασει τον θιεν. Και by what death he will glorify the C-4. And aifying, 1. %. λεγει αυτω. · ~ Orv": TOUTO  $\epsilon \iota \pi \omega \nu$ , having said, he says to him; F Ho · TOLO Entropage is  $*[\delta \epsilon]$  of  $\epsilon$  peter see see μαθητην, δν ηγαπα δ Ιησους, ακολουθουντα disciple, whom loved the Jesus, following: ίδς και ανεπεσεν εν τω δειπνω επι το στηθος reclined at the supper on (who also αυτου, και ειπε· Κυριε, τις εστιν δ παραδιδους of him, and said; Olord, who is he betraying σε:) 21Τουτον ιδων ό Πετρος λεγει τω Ιησου. says to the Jesus: . Him seeing the Peter Κυριε, ουτος δε τι; <sup>22</sup> Λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. and what? Says to him the Jesus; this O lord, Εαν αυτον θελω μενειν έως ερχομαι, τι προς I wish to abide till I come, what to 23 Εξηλθεν ουν δλογος σε: συ ακολουθει μοι. me. Went out therefore the word thee? thou ουτος εις τους αδελφους, ότι ό μαθητης εκεινος this among the brethren, that the disciple ουκ αποθνησκει. Και ουκ ειπεν αυτφ δ Ιησους, And not said to him the Jesus, not ότι ουκ αποθνησκει αλλ' Εαν αυτον θελω

he dies;

but;

μενειν έως ερχομαι, τι προς σε; 24 Ουτος εστιν

I come, what to thee?

He says to him, 1"Tend m7 SHEEP.

17 He says to him the THIRD time, "Simon, son of Jonas, dost thou affectionately love me?" Peter was grieved, Because he said to him the THIRD time, "Dost thou affectionately love me?" And he said, "Lord, thou knowest All things; thou knowest That I affectionately love thee." \* Jesus says to him, " Feed my SHEEP.

18 # Indeed, I truly say to thee, When thou wast younger, thou didst gird thyself, and walk where thou didst wish; but when, thou art old, + thou wilt extend thy HANDS, and another will gird thee, and carry thee where thou dost not wish.

19 Now this he said, intimating ‡ by † What Death he would glorify GoD And having said this, he says to him, "Follow me." 20 Peter, having turned about sees the DISCIPLE, fol-

lowing, 1 whom Jesus loved (who also reclined at the SUF PER table on his BREAST, and said, "Lord, who his HE BE-TRAYING thee ?")

21 \* HETER, therefore, seeing him, says to Trsus, "Lord, and what of this man?"

22 JESUS says to him, "If I wish him to abide till I come, what is it to thee? follow thou me."

23 \* This REPORT, therefore, went out among the BRETHBEN, That that DIS-CIPLE would not die; \* but JESUS did not say to him, "That he shall not die;" but, "If I wish him to abide till I come, what is it to thee?"

him

This

I wish

If

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—17. to him—omit. erefore. 23. This. 23. but. 20. and-omit. 17. Jesus. 21. PETER therefore.

<sup>† 18.</sup> Wetstein observes, that it was a custom in Rome, to put the necks of those who were to be crucified, into a yoke, and to stretch out their hands, and fasten them to the end of the and having thus led them through the city, they were carried out to be crucified.—Clarke. † 19. Many ancient writers say that Peter was crucified with his head downwards, a short time before the destruction of Jerusalem.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Acts xx. 23; Heb. xiii. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 25; v. 2, 4. † 17. John ii. 24, 25; xvi. 30; 48. John xiii. 36; Acts xii. 3, 4. † 19. 2 Pet. i. 14. † 20. John xiii. 23, 25; xx. 2; 22. Matt. xvi. 27, 28; xxv. 31; 1 Cor. iv. 5; xi. 26; Rev. ii. 25; iii. 11; redi. 7, 20.

μαρτυρων περι τουτων, Ka: δ μαθητης, δ testifying concerning these things, and the disciple, he OTL  $a\lambda n\theta ns$ οιδαμεν, ypayas Tauta. Kal we know, that true having weetten these things; and 25 Εστι δε και αλλα εστιν ή μαρτυρια αυτου. other the testimony of bina. πολλα όσα εποιησεν ό Ιησους, άτινα εαν ypawhich if they should many things did the Jesus, Φηται καθ' έν, ουδε αυτον οιμαι τον κοσμον

every one, not even him I suppose the

χωρησαι τα γραφομένα βιζλια. to contain the being written books.

24 This is THAT DISCLE T.E. who \*both TESTIFIES of these things and WROTE these things; and twe know That His TESTI-MONY is true.

25 fAnd there are many other things which JESUS performed, which, if they should be written, every one, † I suppose that not even the WORLD itself would contain the WRIT-TEN BOOKS.

ACCORDING TO JOHN.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 24 both. 24 His. Subscription-According To JOHN.

† 25. This is a very strong eastern expression, to represent the great number expriracles which Jesus wrought. But however strong and strange this expression may seem to us of the western world, we find sacred and other authors using hyperboles of the like kind and signification; some instances of which it may be proper to lay before the reader. In Num xiii. 33, the spies, who returned from the search of the land of Canaan, say they saw giants there of such a prodigious size, that they were "in their own sight as grasshoppers." In Deut. i. 28, cities with high walls round about them are said to be "walled up to heaven." In Dan. iv. 11, mention is made of a tree, whereof "the height reached unto the heaven," and the sight thereof must be end of all the earth;" and the author of Ecclesiasicus, in chapalvii. Is, speaking of Solomon's wisdom, says, "Thy soul covered the whole earth, and thou filledst it with parables;" as the world is there said to be filled with Solomon's parables, so here, by one degree more of hyperbole, it is said that the world would not contain all the books which should be written concerning a csus' miracles, if the particular accesses. every one of them were given .- Pearce.

t 24. John xix. 35; 3 John 19.

# \* ACTS OF APOSTLES.

#### КΕΦ. α'. 1.

1 Tov  $\mu \in \nu$  πρωτον λογον εποιησαμεν περι The indeed first account I made concerning first account I Liade concerning.

Θεοφιλε, ων πρέατο δ Ιουριος

Theophulus, which began the Josus παντων, ω 0 TOLELY TE και διδασκειν, <sup>2</sup> αρχι ης ημερας, εντ to do and also to teach, even to which day, was to do and also τειλαμενος τοις αποστολοις, δια πνευματος aposties, through spirit ing given charge to the  $\alpha$ γιου ούς  $\epsilon$ ξελεξατο,  $\alpha$ νεληφθη. holy whom he chose, he was taken up. To whom also παρεστήσεν ξαυτον ζωντά μετά το παθείν he presented himself living after the to suffer auton, εν πολλοις τεκμηριοις, δι ήμερων τεσclear proofs, through days in many σαρακοντα οπτανομένος αυτοις, και λέγων 20 by them, and saying the things being seen 4 Και συναλιτης βασιλειας του θεου. concerning the kingdom of the God. And assemζομενος παρηγγειλεν αυτοις, απο Ίεροσολυμων bling them he commanded them rrom Jerusalem μη χωριζεσθαι, αλλα περιμενειν την επαγγελιαν but to wait for the promise to depart, not του πατρος, ην ηκουσατε μου· 5 ότι Ιωαννης of the father, which you heard from me; that μεν εβαπτισεν ύδατι, ύμεις δε βαπτισθησεσθε in water, you but shall be dipped εν πνευματι άγιω, ου μετα πολλας ταυτως ήμεthese in spirit holy, not after many 6 Οί μεν ουν συνελθοντες επηρωτων They indeed therefore having come together, asked αυτον λεγοντες Κυριε, ει εν τω χρονώ τουτώ

Olord, if in the saying; αποκαθιστανεις την βασιλειαν τω Ισραηλ; kingdom to the Israel? thou restorest the

7 Ειπε δε προς αυτους. Ουχ ύμων εστι γνωναι He said and to them; Not for you it is to know He said and to χρονους η καιρους, ούς δ πατηρ  $\epsilon \theta \epsilon \tau \sigma$   $\epsilon \nu$  τη the the father placed in the

8 Αλλα ληψεσθε δυναμη επελιδια εξουσια. But you shall receive power own authority. θοντες του άγιου πνευματος εφ' ύμας. ACCLL. spirit and upon you; the holy ing come εσεσθε μοι μαρτυρες εν τε Ίερουσαλημ, και you shall be to me witnesses in both Jerusalem, and εν πατη τη Ιουδαια και Σαμαρεια, και έως εσχαand in Samaria, and even to farthest Samaria, and even to the Judes all the

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-ACTS OF APOSTLES.

1 The FORMER History compiled, # O Theophilus, concerning all things which \* Jesus began both to de and to teach.

2 teven to the Day in: which, thaving given commandment, through the holy Spirit, to the APOS-TLES whom he had chosen, he was taken up:

3 I to whom also he presented himself living, atter his suffering, by Many Infallible proofs; being seen of them forty Days, and speaking the THINGS concerning the KINGDOM of GOD.

4 ‡And assembling them, he charged them "not to depart from Jerusalem, but to wait for the PRO-MISE of the FATHER. which you heard from me;

5 I that John, indeed, immersed in Water, but pou will be immersed in holy Spirit, after a few Days."

6 THEY, therefore, having come together, asked him, saying, "Lord, wilt thou, at this TIME, ‡ restore the KINGDOM to Is-BAEL?"

7 \*Then he said to them, "It is not for you to know the Times or Scasons, which the FATHER appointed by his own Authority.

8 But you shall receive Power by the HOLY Spirit coming upon you; and you shall be My Wit nesses both in Jerusalem, and in All JUDEA, and in

CHAPTER 1.

<sup>1.</sup> Jesus. 7. Then he

<sup>† 1.</sup> Luke i. 31. † 2. Mark xvi. 19; Luke xxiv. 51; ver. 9; 1 Tim. iii. 16. † 2. Matt. xxviii. 19; Mark xvi. 15; John xx. 21; Acts x. 41, 42. † 3. Mark xvi. 14; Luke xxiv. 36; John xx. 19, 26; xxi. 1, 14; 1 Cor. xv. 5. † 4. Luke xxiv. 43; 49. † 4. Luke xxiv. 49; John xiv. 10, 26, 27; xv. 26; xvi. 7; Acts ii. 33. † 5. Matt. iii. 11; Acts xi. 16; xix. 4. † 6. Isa. 1. 26; Amos ix. 11; Micah iv. 8; Acts iii. 21. † 8. Luke xxiv. 48. John xv. 27; Acts ii. 38

9 Και ταυτα ειπων, βλεποντων mrt of the land. And these things having said, beholding αυτων επηρθη· και μεφελη ύπελαβεν αυτον απο of them he washittenup; and actoud wing from των οφθαλμων αυτων. 10 Και ώς ατενίζοντες of them. And as fixedly gazing cyes ησαν εις τον ουρανον, πορευομένου αυτου, και they were into the heaven, going away of him, and ιδου, ανδρες δυο παρειστηκεισαν αυτοις εν εσθη two were standing by them in raiτι λευκη, 11 οί και ειπον. Ανδρες Γαλιλαιοι, τι ment white, they and said; Men of Galilee, why εστηκατε εμβλεποντες εις τον ουρανον; ουτος looking into the heaven? δ Ιησους, δ αναληφθεις αφ' ύμων εις τον ουραthe Jesus, he being taken up from you into the heaven, νον, ούτως ελευσεται, δν τροπον εθεασασθε will come, which manner you saw thus 12 Toτ€ αυτον πορευομένον εις τον ουρανον. guing into the heaven. Then ύπεστρεψαν εις Ίερουσαλημ απο ορους του they returned into Jerusalam from a monutain that καλουμενου Ελαιωνος, δ εστιν εγγυς 'Ιερουσαbeing called of olive trees, which is Jerusalem, near 13 Και ότε εισηλλημ, σαββατου εχον όδον. a sabbath being distantjourney. And when they came θον, ανεβησαν εις το ύπερωον, ού ησαν καταinto, they went up into the upper room, where were μενοντες, ό, τε Πετρος και Ιακωβος, και Ιωανmaining, the, both Peter and James, and John νης και Ανδρεας, Φιλιππος Kai Ownas, and and Andrew, Philip Thomas, Βαρθολομαιος και Ματθαιος, Ιακωβου Αλφαι-Bartholomew and Matthew. James of Alpheου και Σιμων δ (ηλωτης και Ιουδας Ιακωβου. us also Simon the zealot and Judas of James. 14 Ουτοι παντες ησαν προσκαρτερουντες όμοθυall were being constantly engaged with one μαδον τη προσευχη, συν γυναιξι, και Μαρια τη mind in the with and Mary prayer, women, μητρι του Ιησου, και συν τοις αδελφοις αυτου. mother of the Jesus, and with the brother of him.

15 Και εν ταις ήμεραις ταυταις αναστας Πε-And in the days these having stood up Peτρος εν μεσω των μαθητων, ειπεν. (nv TE ter in middle of the disciples, he said; (was and οχλος ονοματων, επιτο αυτο ώς έκατον εικοσιν.) a growd of names, in the same about ahundred twenty;)

16 Α. ίδρες αδελφοι, εδει πληρωθηναι την Men brethren, it was necessary to be fulfilled

γραφην ταυτην, ην προειπε το πνευμα το άγιον writing this, which spoke before the spirit the holy

δια στοματος Δαυιδ, περι Ιουδα του γενομενου through mouth of David, about Judas that having become

remotest parts of the EARTH."

9 And having said These things, as they were looning on he was litted up; and a Cloud carried him away from their SIGHT.

10 And while they were fixedly gazing towards the HEAVENS, as he was going up, behold, two Men were standing by them in white

Raiment;

11 who also said, "Men of Galilee, why do you stand looking towards the HEAVENS? This JESUS, who is taken up from you into the HEAVENS, Ishall so come in the manner in which you saw him go into the HEAVENS."

12 #Then they returned to Jerusalem, from THAT Mountain CALLED the Mount of Olives, which is near Jerusalem, being distant a Sabbath-day's Jour-

ney.
13 And when they came into the city, they went up into the UPPER ROOM, where were remaining both PETER and \* John, and James and Andrew, Philip and Thomas, Bartholomew and Matthew, James the son of Alpheus, and Simor the ZEALOT, and Judas the brother of James.

14 All these were constantly engaged with one mind in PRAYER, with the Women, and with Mary the MOTHER of \* Jesus, and with his BROTHERS.

15 And in these DAYS, Peter standing up in the Midst of the \* BRETHREN, the Number of Persons assembled were about a kundred and twenty,) said,

16 "Brethren, it was necessary for \* the SCRIP-TURE to be fulfilled, 1 which the HOLY SPIRIT, through the mouth of David, foretold concerning THAT Judas twho BECAME a Gruide

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—13. John, and James and Andrew. BRETHNEN, said. 16. The SCRIPTURE.

<sup>14.</sup> Jesus. 15.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Dan. vii. 13; Matt. xxiv. 30; Mark xiii. 26; Luke xxi. 27; John xiv. 3; 1 Thess. 1. (iv. 16; 2 Thess. i. 10; Rev. i. 7. 2 12. Luke xxiv. 52. 1 16. Psa. xli. 9; John t. 18. 116. Luke xxiv. 47; John xiii. 3.

επιδημουντες 'Ρωμαιοι, Ιουδαιοι τε και προσηsojourning Romans, Jews both and proseλυτοι, 11 Κοητες και Αραβες, ακουομεν λαλουν-lytes, Cretans and Arabians, we hear speaking speaking των αυτων ταις ήμετεραις γλωσσαις τα μεγαtongues the them in the our

λεια του θεου; 12 Εξισταντο δε παντες και διη-Were astonished and all and perthings of the God? πορουν, αλλος προς αλλον λεγοντες· Τι αν plexed, one to another saying What θελοι τουτο ειναι; 13 Ετεροι δε διαχλευαζοντες will this to be? Others but deriding

ελεγον· 'Οτι γλευκους μεμεστωμενοι εισι.
said; That sweet wine having been filled 'hey are

14 Σταθείς δε Πετρος συν τοις ένδεκα, επηρε Standing up but Peter with the eleven, lifted up την φωνην αύτου, και απεφθεγξατο αυτοις. the voice of himself, and said to them. Ανδρες Ιουδαιοι, και οί κατοικουντες Ίερουσα-Men Jews, and those dwelling λημ άπαντες, τουτο ύμιν γνωστον εστω, και lem all, this to you known let be, and 15 Oυ γαρ, ως Not for, as ενωτισασθε τα βηματα μου. listen you the words of me. ύμεις ύπολαμβανετε, ούτοι μεθυουσιν. εστι γαρ you suppose, these are drunk; it is for ωρα τριτη της ημερας. 16 αλλα τουτο εστι το hour third of the day; but this is that ειρημενον δια του προφητου Ιωηλ. 15 και having been spoken through the prophet Joel; and εσται εν ταις εσχαταις ταις ήμεραις, λεγει δ last the days, says the it shall be in the θεος, εκχεω απο του πνευματος μου επι πασαν God, I will pour outfrom of the spirit of me upon all σαρκα· και προφητευσουσιν οί υίοι ύμων και αί shall prophesy the sons of you and the flesh; and θυγατερες ύμων, και οί νεανισκοι ύμων όρασεις daughters of you, and the young men of you visions οψονται, και οἱ πρεσβυτεροι ὑμων ενυπνιοις οψονται, και σε old men of you shall see, and the start out δουλους μου ενυπνιασθησονται <sup>18</sup>καιγε επι τους δουλους μου and even on the male-slaves of me

και επι τας δουλας μου εν ταις ήμεραις εκειναις and on the femaleslaves of me in the days εκχεω απο του πνευματος μου, και προφη-I will pour out from of the spirit of me, and τευσουσι.

19 Και δωσω τερατα εν τω ουρανω shall prophesy.

And I will give prodigies in the heaven arw, kai  $\sigma\eta\mu$ eia exi the syns katw, alma kai above, and signs on the earth below, blood and  $\pi\nu\rho$  kai atmida katmov. The synchronized and a cloud of smoke; the sun shall be turned σεται εις σκοτος, και ή σεληνη εις αιμια, πριν

into darkness, and the moon into blood, sooner ελθειν την ήμεραν κυριου την μεγα) ην και than to come the day of lord the great επιφανη. 21 Και εσται, πας δς αν επικαλεσηillustrious. And it shall be, every one who may call upon ται το ονομα κυριου, σωθησεται.

the name of lord, shall be saved. Roman STRANGERS, botk Jews and Proselytes,

11 Cretans and Arabians; we hear them speaking in our Tongues the GREAT THINGS of GOD."

12 And they were all astonished and perplexed, saying one to another, "What can this be?"

13 But others scoffing, said, "They are full of Sweet wine."

14 But Peter standing with the ELEVEN, lifted up his VOICE, and said to them, "Jews! and all who are sojourning in Jerusalem! let this be known to you, and listen to my

15 For these are not drunk as pou suppose, I for it is the third Hour of the

16 but this is WHAT WAS SPOKEN through the PRO-

PHET Joel:

17 I 'And it shall be \*in the LAST Days, says GoD, 'I will pour out of my 'Spirit upon All Flesh: and your sons and your DAUGHTERS shall prophesy; and your Young MEN shall see Visions, 'and your OLD MEN shall 'dream Dreams.

18 'And indeed on my MEN-SERVANTS and I on 'my women-servants in 'those DAYS I will pour 'out of my spirit, and they shall prophesy.

19 'And I will give Pro 'digies in the HEAVENabove, and Signs on the 'EARTH below; Blood, and 'Fire, and a Cloud of 'Smoke.

20 t'The sun shall be 'turned into Darkness, and 'the moon into Blood, before THAT great and illus-'trious Day of the Lord 'come.

21 'And it shall be, tevery one who may invoke 'the NAME of the Lord, 'shall be saved.'

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. after these things, says God.

<sup>† 15. 1</sup> Thess. v. 7. † 17. Joel ii. 28, 29. † 18. Acts xxi. 4, 9, 10; 1 Cor. xii. 10, xvi. 1. † 20. Matt. xxiv. 29; Mark xiii. 24; Luke xxi. 25. † 21. Rom. x. 13. 28; xvi. 1.

22 Ανδρες Ισραηλιται, ακουσατε τους λογους Men Israelites, hearyon the words τουτους Ιησουν τον Ναζωραιον, ανδρα απο του these; Jesus the Nagarene, aman from the θεου αποδεδειγμενον εις ύμας δυναμεσι και God having been pointed out to you by mighty works and τερασι και σημειοις, (οίς εποιησε δι' αυτου δ prodigies and signs, (which did through him the θεος εν μεσω ύμων, καθως \* [και] αυτοι οιδατε, οδο in midst οίγο. 

[also] yourselves you know, 23 τουτον τη ώρισμενη βουλη και προγνωσει

this by the having been fixed purpose and foreknowledge του θεου εκδοτον λαβοντες, δια χειρων ανοστικέ God given up having been taken, by hands of law-μων προσπηξαντες ανειλατε. <sup>24</sup> Oν δ θεος less ones having affixed to you killed. Whom the God ανεστησε λυσας τας ωδινας του θανατου, raised up; having loosed the pains of the death, καθοτι ουκ ην δυνατον κρατεισθαι αυτου ὑπ' nasmuch as bot was possible to be held him under αυτου.

: NO 1 00 1

25 Λαυιδ γαρ λεγει εις αυτον Προωρωμην David for says concerning him; τον κυριον ενωπιον μου διαπαντας, ότι εκ δεξιων lord in presence of me always, because at right hand μου εστιν, ίνα μη σαλευθω. 26 ALC TOUTO of me he is, so that not I may be shaken. Through this ευφρανθη ή καρδια μου, και ηγαλλιασατο ή rejoiced the heart of me, and exulted the γλωτσα μου ετι δε και ή σαρξ μου κατασκηtongue of me; moreover and also the flesh of me will repose νωσει επ' ελπιδ: 27 ότι ουκ εγκαταλειψεις in hope; because not thou wilt abandon Tην ψυχην μου εις 'αδου, ουδε δωσ ELS invisibility, nor then wilt abandon 28 Εγνωρισας το δσιον σου ιδειν διαφθοραν. holy one of thee to see corruption. Thou didst make known μοι όδους ζωης· πληρωσεις με ευφροσυνης μετα lome way: oflife; how wilt all me του προσωπου σου.. face of thee. :138

29 Ανδρες αδελφοι, εξον ειπειν μετα παρδηMen brethren, it is lawful to speak with freedom 
σιας προς ύμας περι του πατριαρχου Δαυιδ, 
ότι και ετελευτησε και εταφη, και το μνημα 
that both he died and was buried, and the tomb 
αυτου εστιν εν ήμιν αχρι της ήμερας ταυτης. 
ότι in among us till οτικe day 
δίι. 
20 Προφητης ουν ύπαρχων, και είδως ότι δρκω

A prophet therefore being, and knowing that with an oath μοσεν αυτω δ θεος, εκ καρπου της οσφυος awore to him the God, out of fruit of the loins αυτου καθισαι επι του θρονου αυτου. 31 ΠροιThim to cause to sit on the throne of him. foresee-

22 Israelites! hear these words. Jesus, the NAZA-BENE, a Man from God; celebrated among you toy Miracles, and Prodigies, and Signs, which God wrought through him in the Midst of you, as you yourselves know;

23 him, tgiven up by the fixed Counsel and Foreknowledge of God, \*by the Hand of Lawless ones, tyou nailed to the cross,

and killed;

24 twhom God raised up, having loosed the PAINS of DEATH; as it was impossible to hold him under it.

25 For David says concerning him, ‡ I saw the LORD always before me, Because he is at my Right hand, so that I may not be moved.

26 'On account of this '\* My heart rejoiced, and 'my rongue exulted; and 'moreover, my flesh also 'snan pose in Hope;

27 'because thou wilt 'not abandon my soul in 'Hades, nor give up thine 'Holy one to see Corrup-'tion.

28 'Thou didst make 'known to me the Ways of 'Life; thou wilt make me 'full of Joy with thy 'COUNTENANCE.'

- 29 Brethren! I may speak to you, with freedom, concerning the PATELIARCH David, that he both died and was buried, and his TOMB is among us to this DAY.
- 30 Being, therefore, a Prophet, and knowing That God swore to him with an Oath, that of the Fruitof his Loins he would cause one to sit upon bis THEONE:

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—22. also—omit. 23. by the Hand of Lawless ones, row nailed to the cross and killed. 26. My heart.

δων ελαλησε περι της αναστασεως του Χριστου, he spoke concerning the resurrection of the Aneinted, ουδε ή σαρξ ότι ου κατελειφθη εις 'αδου, that not be was abandoned into invisibility, nor the flesh αυτου ειδε διαφθοραν. 32 Τουτον τον Ιησουν This saw corruption. the Jesus ανεστησεν ὁ θεος, ού παντες ήμεις raised up the God, of which all we ETHEV are 33 Τη δεξια ουν του θεου บัปพμαρτυρες. To the right handtherefore of the God having been  $\theta \in is$ ,  $\tau \eta \not = \epsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda i \alpha \nu \tau o \nu \dot{\alpha} \gamma i o \nu \tau \nu \epsilon \nu \mu \alpha \tau o s$  exalted, the and promise of the holy spirit of the holy λαβων  $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \ \tau o v \ \pi \alpha \tau \rho o s$ ,  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \chi \epsilon \epsilon \ \tau o v \tau o$ ,  $\delta$  and from the father, he powed out this, which having received from the 34 Ου γαρ Δαυιδ ύμεις βλεπετε και ακουετε. for and hear. Not ανεβη εις τους ουρανους. λεγει δε αυτος. Ειπεν he says but himself; ascended into the heavens; δ κυριως τφ κυριφ μου Καθου εκ δεξιων μου, the lord to the lord of me, Sit thou at right hard of me, 35 έως αν θω τους εχθρους σου ύποποδιον των till I may place the enemies of thee a footstoo. 36 Ασφαλως ουν γινωσκετω πας ποδων σου. of thee. Certainly therefore let know οικος Ισραηλ, ότι και κυριον αυτον και Χριστον house of Israel, that both lord him and Anointed δ θεος εποιησε, τουτον τον Ιησουν, δν ύμεις the God made, this the Jesus, whom you 37 Ακουσαντες δε κατενυγησαν  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \alpha v \rho \omega \sigma \alpha \tau \epsilon$ . crucified. Having heard and they were pierced τη καρδια, ειπον τε προς τον Πετρον και τους to the heart, and to the said Peter and the Tı ανδρες λοιπους αποστολους. ποιησομεν, What apostles; shall we do. men 38 Πετρος δε \*[εφη] προς αυτους· αδελφοι; Peter brethren? and [said] to Νιετανοησατε, και βαπτισθητω έκαστος ύμων and be dipped each one of you επι τω ονοματι Ιησου Χριστου, εις αφεσιν άμαρ-in the name of Jesus Anointed, for forgiveness of τιων, και ληψεσθε την δωρεαν του άγιου πνευgift and you shall receive the of the holy spirit. 39 Υμιν γαρ εστιν ή επαγγελια και MATOS. To you for the is promise τοις τεκνοις ύμων, και πασι τοις εις μακραν, to the children of you, and to all those at a distance, όσους αν προσκαλεσηται κυριος ό θεος ήμων. as many as may call lord the God

40 Έτεροις τε λογοις πλειοσι διεμαρτυρετο, and words with many he testified, και παρεκαλει, λεγων Σωθητε απο της γενεας Be saved from the generation exhorted, saying; 41 Οί μεν ουν \*[ασμενως] της σκολιας ταυτης. They indeed therefore [gladly] of the perverse this.

31 foreseeing he spoks concerning the RESURBEC TION of the MESSIAH. that he was not left in Hades, nor did his FLEST see Corruption.'

32 God raised up this Jesus, ‡ of which we all

are Witnesses.

33 Having been, therefore, exalted to the BIGHT HAND of God, tand having received from the FA-THER the PROMISE of the \* HOLY SPIRIT, The poured out this which pou \*both see and hear.

34 For David ascended not to HEAVEN, but he says himself, ‡ 'JEHOVAH 'said to my LORD, Sit thou 'at my Right hand,

35 'till I put thine EN-'EMIES underneath thy

' PEET.

36 Therefore, let all the House of Israel certainly know, that This Jesus, whom you erncified, IGOD made him both Lord and Messiah."

37 And having heard this, they were pierced to the HEART, and said to PETER and the OTHER Apostles, "Brethren! what

shall we do?"

38 And Peter said to them; t"Reform, and let each of you be immersed in the NAME of Jesus Christ, for the Forgiveness of your sins; and you will receive the GIFT of the HOLY Spirit.

39 For the PROMISE is to you and tto your CHILDREN, and tto ALL who are far off, as many as the Lord our God may

call."

40 And with many Other Words he testified and \* exhorted them, saying, "Be you saved from this PERVERSE GENERATION."

41 Then THOSE Who RE-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—33. HOLY SPIRIT. of the sins. 40. exhorted them, saying.

83. both see. 38. said-omit.

<sup>† 32.</sup> Acts i. 8. † 33. Acts v. 31; Phil. ii. 9; Heb. x. 12. † 33. John xiv. 26; xv 26; xvi. 7, 13; Acts i. 4. † 34. Psa. cx. 1; Matt. xxii. 24; 1 Cor. xv. 25; Eph. i. 20—22 Heb. i. 13; x. 12, 13. † 36. Acts v. 31. † 38. Luke xxiv. 47; Acts iii. 19. † 39. Acts xii. 25. † 39. Acts x. 45; xi. 15, 18; xiv. 27; xv. 3, 8, 14; Eph. ii. 18, 17. \$ 33. John xiv. 26; xv.

αποδεξαμενοι τον λογον αυτου, εβαπτισθησαν having received the word of him, were disped; και προσετεθήσαν τη ήμερα εκείνη ψυχαι ώσει were added the day that souls τρισγιλιαι. 42 Ησαν δε προσκαρτερουντες τη three thousand. Were and constantly attending διδαχη των αποστολων, και τη κοινωνια, \*[και] and to the distribution, teaching of the apostles, τη κλασει του αρτου, και ταις προσευχαις. to the breaking of the lost, and to the prayers. 42 Εγενετο δε ταση ψυχη φοβος, πολλα τε

Τέρενετο δε ταση ψυχη φοίδος, πολλα τε came and to every soul fear, many and τερατα και σημεια δια των αποστολων εγι-prodigies and signs through the apostles were veto. 

All and those believing were in to auto, και είχον απαντα κοινα, δε και τα the ambe, and had all things common, and the κτηματα και τας ὑπαρξεις επιπρασκον, και διε-possession tad the goods they were solling, and they μεριζον αυτα πασι, καθοτι αν τις χρειαν είχε, were dividing them to all, as any one need had.

δε Καθ ήμεραν τεπροσκαρτερουντες δμοθυμαδον

Bvery day and constantly attending with one mind εν τω ίερω, κλωντες τε κατ' οικον αρτον, μετεin the temple, breaking and at home bread, λαμβανον τροφης εν αγαλλιασει και αφελοτητι were partaking offood in gladness and singleness napoleas, 47 alrountes ton deon, hal exontes the God, and having of heart, praising χαριν προς δλον τον λαον. 'Ο δε κυριος προσε-Theand lord favor with whole the people. τιθει τους σω (ομενους καθ' ήμεραν \* τη εκκληadding those, being saved every day [to the congreora. gation.]

## КЕФ. γ. 3.

Επι το αυτο δε Πετρος και Ιωαννης ανεβαι-In the same now Peter and John were going νον εις το ίερον επι την ώραν της προσευχης into the temple at the hour of the μ-γ κοιγ εγνατην. <sup>2</sup> Και τις ανηρ χωλος εκ κοιainth. And a certain man lame from womb דחש בעעמדקע. λιας μητρος αύτου ύπαρχων, εβασταζετο· δν efmother of himself being, was being carried, whom ετιθουν κατ' ήμεραν προς την θυραν του ίερου at the door of the temple they placed every day την λεγομενην ώραιαν, του αιτειν ελεημοσυνην that being called beautiful, the to ask 3005 σαρα των εισπορευομένων εις το ίερον. Who into the temple. entering from those

CRIVED his WORDS were immersed; and on that DAY about three thousand Souls were added.

- 42 † And they were constantly attending to the TRACHING of the APOSTLES, and to the † CONTRIBUTION, and to the BREAKING of the LOAF, and to the PRAYERS.
- 43 And Fear came upon Every Soul; and ‡ Many Prodigies and Signs were done through the APOS-
- 44 And ALL the BE-LIEVERS ‡\* had all things common together:
- 45 and sold their Pos-SESSIONS and GOODS, and divided them to all, as any one had Need.
- 46 And constantly attending with one mind tin the TEMPLE every day, and breaking Bread at Home, they partook of Food in Joyfulness and Simplicity of Heart;
- 47 praising God, and having Favor with all the PEOPLE. And the LORD daily added THOSE BRING SAVED to the CONGREGATION.

#### CHAPTER III.

- 1 Now Peter and John were going up TOGETHER into the TEMPLE, at the HOUR of PRAYER, being the NINTH hour.
- 2 And a Certain Man, lame from his Birth, was being carried, whom they placed daily at that gate of the temple which is called Beautiful, to ask Alms of those entering into the temple;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—42. and—omit.
nd sold. 47. to the congregation—omit.

<sup>44,</sup> had all things common together;

<sup>†42.</sup> See the following passage where the same original word is used:—Rom, xv. 26; 2 Cor, viii, 4; ix. 13; Phil, i, 5; Heb, xiii, 16. Also Appendix. †2. This gate is said to have led from the court of the Gentiles into the court of the Israelites on the eastern side of the temple. It was built by Herod the Great, almost or quite wholly of Corinthian brass. The folds of this gate were fifty cubits high and forty broad, and covered with plates of gold and silver.

<sup>† 42.</sup> Heb. x. 25. ‡ 43. Mark xvi, 17; Acts iv. 33, v. 12. ‡ 44. Acts iv. 32, ‡ 47. Acts v. 14; xi. 24.

ιδων Πετρον και Ιωαννην μελλουτας εισιεναι Peter and John being about togo 4 AT€εις το ίερον, ηρωτα ελεημοσυνην λαβειν. into the temple, asked alma to receive. Looking νισας δε Πετρος εις αυτον συν τω Ιωαννη, ειπε. steadily and Peter on him with the John, βλεψον εις ήμας. 5 Ο δε επειχεν αυτοις, προσ-He and gave heed to them, us. δοκων τι παρ' αντων λαβειν. 6 Ειπε δε Πεpecting something from them to receive. Said and τρος· Αργυρίον και χρυσίον ουχ ὑπαρχει μοι· ter; Silver and gold not are possessed by me; δ δε εχω, τουτο σοι διδωμι. Εν τφ ονοματι what but I have, this to thee I give; In the name Ιησου Χριστου του Ναζωραιου \* [εγειραι και] of Jesus Anointed the Nazarene [do thou arise and] περιπατει. 7 Και πιασας αυτον της δεξιας And having taken him the right walk. χειρος ηγειρε παραχρημα δε εστερεωθησαν hand he rose up, immediately and were strengthened 8 Και εξαλλοαυτου αί βασεις και τα σφυρα. of him the feet and the ankle-bones. And Leaping μενος, εστη, και περιεπατει και εισηλθε συν he stood, and walked; and entered with αυτοις εις το ίερον, περιπατων και αλλομενος, them into the temple, walking and leaping. 9 Και ειδεν αυτον πας δ και αινων τον  $\theta \in \text{OV}$ . And saw and praising the God. him all the λαος περιπατουντα και αινουντα τον  $\theta \in ov$ walking and praising the 10 επεγινωσκον τε αυτον, ότι outos ην δ προς
they knew and him, that he was who for την ελεημοσυνην καθημενος επι τη ώραια πυλη at the beautiful gate sitting του ίερου και επλησθησαν θαμβους και εκταof the temple; and they were filled with wonder and 11 Κρατουντος σεως επιτώ συμβεβηκοτι αυτώ. ment at that having happened to him. Holding fast δε αυτου τον Πετρον και Ιωαννην, συνεδραμε and of him the Peter and John, ran together ran together προς αυτους πας ό λαος επι τη στοα τη καλουto them all the people to the porch that 12 Ιδων δε Πετρος μενη Σολομωνος, εκθαμβοι. ealled of Solomon, awe-struck. Seeing and απεκρινατο προς τον λαον Ανδρες Ισραηλιται, Men to the people; answered Israelites, τι θαυμαζετε επιτουτφ; η ήμιν τι ατενι(ετε. why do you wonder at this? or to us why look you earnestly, ώς ιδια δυναμει η ευσεβεια πεποιηκοσι του having been made of the as by own power or piety περιπατειν αυτον; 13 'Ο θεος Αβρααμ και Ισαακ him? The God of Abraam and Isaac και Ιακωβ, δ θεος των πατερων ήμων, εδοξασε "vd Jacob, the God of the fathers of us, glorified **τον π**αιδα αυτου Ιησουν, όν ύμεις μεν **π**αρεδωthe servant of himself Jesus, whom you indeed

3 who seeing Peter and John being about to go into the TEMPLE, asked Alms.

4 And Peter, with John, having earnestly fixed his eyes on him, said, "Look on us."

5 And HE gave heed to them, expecting to receive

Something from them.
6 But Peter said, "Silver and Gold I have not; but what I have, This I give thee; ‡in the NAME of Jesus Christ, the NAZA-RENE, walk."

7 And having taken him by the RIGHT Hand he raised \*him up; and immediately \*his FLET and ANKLES were strengthened;

8 and leaping up, he steod, and walked about, and entered with them into the TEMPLE, walking,

and leaping, and praising God.

9 And All the PEOPLE saw him walking and praising GoD;

That HE was the ONE who SAT for ALMS at the BEAUTIFUL Gate of the TEMPLE; and they were filled with Wonder and Amazement at WHAT had BAPPENED to him.

11 And while he held fast to Peter and John, All the People ran together to them, into THAT POETICO ‡ which is CALLED Solomon's, greatly astonished.

12 And \* Peter seeing it, answered the People, its rachites! why do you wonder at this? or why do you look intently at Us, as though by Our Power or Piety we had caused him to walk.

13 ‡ The God of Abraham, and of Isaac, and of Jacob, the God of our Fatherist Thers, glorified his SEE-VANT Jesus, whom you

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-6, rise up and-omit.

7. him.

7. his peer.

12.

κατε, και ηρνησασθε \*[αυτον] κατα προσωπον and denied (him) in face Πιλατου, κριναντος εκεινου απολευειν. 14 'Υμεις having judged he You of Pilate, to release. δε τον άγιον και δικαιον ηρνησασθε, και ητη-bus the boly and righteous denied, and asked but the holy and righteous σασθε ανδρα φονεα καρισθηναι ύμιν, 15 τον δε a man a murderer to be granted to you, αρχηγον της ζωης απεκτεινατε δν δ θεος ηγειprince of the life you killed; whom the God, raised ρεν εκ νεκρων, οδ ήμεις μαρτυρες εσμεν. out of dead ones, of whom we witnesses 16 και επι τη πιστει του ονοματος αυτου, τουτον and by the faith of the name of him. θεωρειτε και βιδατε, εστερεωσε το ονομα whom you behold and know, strengthened the name αυτου και ή πιστις ή δι' αυτου εδωκεν αυτω of him; and the faith that through him gave to him την δλοκληριαν ταυτην απεναντι παντ ον ύμων. the perfect soundness . this in presence of all of you. 17 Και νυν, αδελφοι, οιδα ότι κατα αννωίαν Από ποω, brethren, I know that in ignorance επραξετε, ώσπερ και οί αρχοντες ύμων. 18 'O as also the rulers of you. δε θεος ά προκατηγγειλε δια στοματος παντων but God what he foretold through mouth of all . των προφητων αύτου, παθειν τον Χριστον, of the prophets of himself, to suffer the Anointed, 19 Μετανοησατε ουν και επληρωσεν ούτω. he fulfilled thus. Reform you therefore and επιστρεψατε, εις το εξαλειφθηναι ύμων τας turn you, in order that the to be wiped out of you the άμαρτιας, όπως αν ελθωσι καιροι αναψυξεως απο sins, that may come seasons of refreshing from προσωπου του κυριου, 20 και αποστειλη τον . and he may send of the lord, προκεχειρισμενον ύμιν Ιησουν Χριστον: 21 δν having been before destined for you Jesus Anointed; whom δει ουρανον μεν δεξασθαι αχρι χρονων αποκαmust bessen indeed to receive till times of restoratimes of restoraταστεσεως παντων, ών ελαλησεν δ θeos δια tion of all things, which spoke the Godthrough στοματος των άγιων αυτου προφητων απ' αιωof the holy of himself prophets from 8.3 vos. 22 Μωυσης μεν \*[προς τους πατερας]
age. Moses indeed [to the fathers] ειπεν 'Οτι πρόφητην ύμιν αναστησει κυριος δ said; That a prophet to you shall raise up lord the θεος ύμων, εκ των αδελφων ύμων ές εμε·
God of you, from of the brethren of you; like me; αυτου ακουσεσθε κατα παντα, όσα αν λαληση of him you shall hear in all things, which he may speak προς ύμας. . 23 Εσται δε, τασα ψυχη ήτις αν μη It shall be and, every soul whatever not to you. ακουση του προφητου εκεινου, εξολοθρευθησεshall be destroyed the PEOPLE. may hear the prophet ' that,

indeed delivered up, and Prejected in the Presence of Pilate, when he resolved to release him:

14 But pou rejected the HOLY and Righteous one, and asked a Murderer to be given you,

15 and killed the PRINCE of LIFE; whom God raised from the Dead, of which be are Witnesses.

16 And by the FAITH of his NAME, this NAME strengthened This Man, whom you behold and know; and THAT FAITH, through him, gave him this PERFECT SOUNDNESS in the presence of you all.,

17 And now, Brethren, I know That in I Ignorance you did it, as also your RULERS. :

18 But Gop thus fulfilled I what he 'oretold by the Mouth of All "the PROPHETS, I that his An-OINTED should suffer.

19 ‡ Reform, therefore, and turn, that Your sins may be BLOTTED OUT; so that Seasons of Refreshment may come from the Presence of the LORD,

20 and he may send him HAVING BEEN BEFORE DESTINED for you, Jesus

Christ;

21 whom, indeed, Heaven must retain till the Times of Restoration of all things which GoD spoke by the Mouth of HIS HOLY Prophets, from of Old.

22 Moses indeed said, t'The Lord your God shall 'raise up to you, from your. BRETHREN, a Prophet, 'like me; Him you shall hear in all things which 'he may speak to you;

23 'and it shall be, Ev-'ery Soul which may not 'hear that PROPRET, shail be destroyed from among

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. him-omit. 18. the PROPHETS his ANOINTED. . 22. to the VATBERS-omit. of HIS HOLY.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 20; Mark xv. 11; Luke xxiii. 18, 20, 21; John xviii. 40; xlx. 15; Acts xii. 28. 1 16. Acts iv. 10. 17. Luke xxiii. 34; John xvi. 3; Acts xiii. 27; 1 Cor. 18; 1 Tim. 1. 13. 18. Luke xxiv. 44; Acts xxvi. 23. 1 18. Pax. xxii.; 19a. Jii.; 19a. Acts ii. 38, 22. Deut. xviii. 16, 18, 19; Acts ii. 38.

24 Και παντες δε οί προφηκ του λαου. prophets ail and the Also out of the people. ται απο Σαμουηλ και των καθεξης όσοι ελαλη-Samuel and those succeeding as many as spoke, from και κατηγγειλαν τας ήμερας TauTas. days these. of the told 25 "μεις εστε οί υίοι των προφητων, και της You are the sons of the prophets, and of the διε θηκης, ής διεθετο δ θεος προς τους πατερας covenant, which ratified the God to the fathers ήμων, πεγων προς Αβρααμ. Και εν τω σπερματι saying to Abraam; And in the σου ενευλογηθησονται πασαι αί πατριαι της the families ofthe of thee shall be blessed all 26 Υμιν πρωτον ὁ θεος, αναστησας τον yns. the God, having raised up the earth. To you first παιδα αύτου, απεστειλεν αυτον ευλογουντα servant of himself, blessing sent him ύμας, εν τω αποστρεφειν έκαστον απο των from the in the to turn each one πονηριων \*[ύμων.] [of you.] evil deeds

## ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4. 1 Λαλουντων δε αυτων προς τον λαον, και

and of them to the people, and Speaking επεστησαν αυτοις οἱ ἱερεις και ὁ στρατηγος του came upon them the priests and the captain of the ίερου και οί Σαδδουκαιοι, 2 διαπονουμενοι δια being grieved through temple and the Sadducees, το διδασκειν αυτους τον λαον, και καταγγελλειν them the people, and to announce εν τφ Ιησου την αναστασιε την εκ νεκρων. in the Jesus the resurrection that out of dead ones. 3 Και επεβαλον αυτοις τας χειρας, και εθεντο hands, And they laid on them the and εις τηρησιν εις την αυριον ην γαρ εσπερα ηδη. nto keeping to the morrow; it was for evening now. 4 Πολλοι δε των ακουσαντων τον λογον επισword Many but of those having heard the τευσαν και εγενηθη δ αριθμος των ανδρων ώσει and became the number of the men about χιλιαδες πεντε.  $^5$ Εγενετο δε επι την αυριον συνthousand five. It happened and on the morrow to be thousand five. αχθηναι αυτων τους αρχοντας και πρεσβυτερους rulers elders assembled of them the and και γραμματεις εις 'Ιερουσαλημ. 6 και Ανναν τον and scribes at Jerusalem; also Annas the αρχιερεα, και Καιαφαν και Ιωαννην και Αλεξανhigh-priest, and Caiaphas and John Alexanand δρον, και όσοι ησαν εκ γενους αρχιερατικου. and as many as were of a family of highpriesthood. der, 7 Και στησαντες αυτους εν μεσφ, επυνθανοντο. And having placed them in middle, they asked; Εν ποια δυναμει, η εν ποιω ονοματι εποιησατε

By what power, or in what

24 And also All the PROPHETS from Samuel, and THOSE succeeding in order, as many as spoke, also announced these DAYS.

25 ‡ Dou are \* Sons of the prophets, and of the covenant which God ra-'fied with our fathers, saying to Abraham, ‡'And 'in thy seed shall all the 'families of the earth 'be blessed.'

26 God having raised up his servant, sent him thirt to you, to bless each one who shall turn from

his EVIL WAYS."

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 And while they were speaking to the PEOPLE, the \* HIGH-PRIESTS, and the COMMANDER of the TEMPLE, and the SADDUCEES, came upon them,

2 theing grieved because they TAUGHT the PEOPLE, and announced THAT RES-URRECTION from the Dead

in Jesus.

3 And they laid HANDS on them, and placed them in Custody till the NEXT DAY; for it was now Evening.

4 But many of those having heard the word believed; and the number of the men became about five Thousand.

5 And it occurred on the NEXT DAY, that Their RULERS, and \*the ELDERS, and the SCRIBES assembled at Jerusalem;

6 and ‡Annas, the HIGH-PRIEST, and Caiaphas, and John, and Alexander, and as many as were of the family of the High-Priesthood;

7 and having placed them in the Midst, they asked, ‡"By What Power, or in What Name, have you done this?"

name

did

<sup>\*</sup>Vatican Manuscript.—25, the Sons of. 26. of you—omit. 1. high-priests and. 5. and the elders and the scribes.

τουτο ύμεις; <sup>8</sup> Τοτο Πετρος πλησθεις πνευμα-this you? Then Peter being filled with spirit τος άγιου, ειπε προς αυτους. Αρχοντές του Rulers of the holy, said to them; λαου, και πρεσβυτεροι \* [του Ισραηλ,] 9 ει ήμεις people, and elders [of the Israel.] if we σημερον ανακρινομεθα επι ευεργεσια ανθρωπου to-day be examined to for kindness 10 Γνωστον ασθενους, εν τ νι ούτος σεσωσται' by what he has been saved. εστω πασιν ύμιν και παντι τω λαφ Ισραηλ, ότι beit all to you and to all the people of Israel, that εν τω ονοματι Ιησου Χριστου του Ναζωραιου, in the name of Jesus Anointed the Nazarene, δν ύμεις εσταυρωσατε όν ό θεος ηγειρεν εκ whom you crucified whom the God raised out of νεκρων, εν τουτω οὐτος παρεστηκεν ενωπιον dead ones, by him this has stood in presence υμων υγιης. 11 Ουτος εστιν δ λιθος δ εξουθενηof you bound. This is the stonethat having beed θεις ύφ' ύμων των οικοδομουντων, δ γενομεdespised by you the builders, the baving been νος εις κεφαλην γωνιας. 12 Και ουκ «στιν εν made into a head of a corner. And not is in αλλω ουδενι ή σωτητια ουδε γαρ ονομο εστιν έτερον ύπο τον ουρανον, τον δεδομενον another under the heaven, that having been given among ανθρωποις, εν 'ω δει σωθηναι ήμας. men, in which must to be saved us. 13 Θεωρουντες δε την του Πετρου παρβησιαν and the of the Peter boldness και Ιωαννου, και καταλαβομενοι, ότι ανθρωποι that

and of John, and having perceived, αγραμματοι εισι και ιδιωται, εθαυμαζον, επεγιunlearned they are and ungifted, they wondered, νωσκον τε αυτους, ότι συν τω Ιησου ησαν. knew and them, that with the Jesus they were; 14 τον δε ανθρωπον βλεποντες συν αυτοις εστωman beholding with them standτα των τεθεραπευμενον, ουδεν ειχον αντειπειν.

ing that having been healed, nothing they had to say against. 15 Κελευσαντες δε αυτους εξω του συνεδριου Having ordered and them outside of the high-council απελθειν, συνεβαλον προς αλληλους, 16 λεγον-

to 50, they consulted with each other. saying; τες. Τι ποιησομέν τοις ανθρωποις τουτοις; ότι What shall we do to the men these?

μεν γαρ γνωστον σημείον γε γονε δί' αυτων, indeed for known a sign has been done by them, a sign has been done by them, πασι τοις κατοικουσιν Ίερουσαλημ φανερον, και to all those dwelling in Jerusalem manifest, and ου δυναμεθα αρνησασθαι.

17 Αλλ' ίνα μη επι to deny. But that not to not we were able

πλειον διανεμηθη εις τον λαον, \* [απειλη] απει- spread no further among more it may spread among the people, [with a threat] let us the PEOPLE, let us threat-

8 \$ Then Peter being filled with holy Spirit, said to them, "Rulers of the PEOPLE, and Elders of Is-BAEL!

9 if we are to-day examined about a Good Deed conferred on the sick Man by what means be has beek

cured:

10 be it known to you all, and to All the PEOPLE of Israel, ! That by the NAME of Jesus Christ, the NAZARENE, whom nou crucified, t whom Gorraised from the Dead, by him has this man stood before you whole.

11 this is 'THAT STONE which HAS BEEN RE-'JECTED by You, 'BUILDERS, THAT which HAS BECOME the Head of the Corner.'

12 And there is no SAL-VATION in any other; for there is no other Name under HEAVEN, which HAS BEEN GIVEN among Men, by which we can be saved."

13 And seeing the BOLD-NESS of PETER and John. tand perceiving that they were illiterate and ungifted Men, they wondered, and recognized them That they had been with JE-SUS.

14 And beholding THAT MAN who had been CURED standing with them, they had nothing to say against

15 But having ordered them to withdraw from the SANHEDRIM, they conferred with each other,

16 saying, ‡"What shall we do to these MEN? for that, indeed, a Signal Sign has been wrought by them, is manifest to All THOSE DWELLING in Jerusalem; and we cannot deny it.

17 But that it may

17. with a threat-omit. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- S. of ISRAEL -- omit.

2 8. Luke xii, 11, 12. † 10. Acts iii, 6. 16. † 10. Acts ii, 24 exviii, 22; Isa, xxviii, 16; Matt. xxi, 42. † 13. Matt. xi, 25; 1 Cor. i, 27. John xi, 47. 1 11. Psa. 13\*

αργου, πωλησας ηνεγκε το χρημα, και εθηκε a field, having sold brought the price, and placed παρα τους ποδας των αποστολων feet of the the

## КЕФ. €. 5.

1 Ανηρ δε τις Ανανίας ονοματι, συν Σαπφει-Α man but certain Ananias by name, with Sapphar ρη τη γυναικι αύτου, επωλησε κτημα. 2 και wife of himself, sold a possession; and ενοσφισατο απο της τιμης, συνειδυιας και της being privy also from the price, γυναικος αυτου και ενεγκας μερος τι, παρα of him; and having brought a part certain, at 3 Ε ιπε δε τους ποδας των αποστολων εθηκεν. feet of the apostles placed, Saud and Πετρος· Ανανια, διατι επληρωσεν δ σατανας Ananias, why has filled the adversary την καρδιαν σου, ψευσασθαι σε το πνευμα το the heart of thee, to deceive thee the αγιον, και νοσφισασθαι απο της τιμης του χωand to keep back from the price of the land? ριου; 4 Ουχι μενον, σοι sueve, Kal To: Not remaining, to thee it remained, and having teen εν τη ση εξουσια ύπερχε, TI DTI  $\theta \in \mathcal{V}_{\bullet}$ it was? sold, in the thine authority why that EHOU. εν τη καρδια σου το πραγμα τουτο; heart of thee the thing this? hast thou placed in the εψευσω ανθρωποις, αλλα  $\tau \omega = \theta \epsilon \omega$ . but to the God. not thou hast lied to men.  $\delta$  Akouwy  $\delta \epsilon$   $\delta$  Avarias  $\tau$ ous  $\lambda$ oyous  $\tau$ outous, Having heard and the Ananias the words these, πεσων εξεψυξε. Και εγενετο φοβος μεγας επι falling down breathed out. And came a fear great on 6 Ανασταντες δε RAVYAS TOUS AKOUOVTAS YAUTA. those having heard hese. Having arisen and οί νεωτεροι συνεστείλων αυτον, και εξενεγκανthe younger ones wrapped up him, and having carried 7 Εγενετο δε ώς ώρων τριων διατες εθαψαν. It happened and about hours three apart, out they buried. στημα, και ή γυνη αυτου μη είδυια το γεγοand the wife of him not having known that having of him not having known that having εισηλθεν. 8 Απεκριθη δε αυτη δ Πετρος. POS been done came in. Answered and to her the Peter; Ειπε μοι, ει τοσουτου το χωριον απεδοσθε; 'Η Tell me, if for so much the land you sold? She 9 'Ο δε Πετρος ειπε δε ειπε Ναι τοσουτου. The and Peter said and said; Yes for so much. προς αυτην. Τι ότι συνεφωνήθη ύμιν πειρασαι her; Whythatit has been agreed upon by you to tempt το πνευμα κυριου; Ιδου οί ποδες των θαψαντων the spirit of ford? Lo the feet of those having brief τον ανδρα σου, επι τη θυρα, και εξοισουσι σε and they will carry eu: thos the husband of thee, at the door,

it, and brought the MONEY and laid it at the FEET of the APOSTLES.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 And a certain Man-Ananias by name with Sapphira his WIFE, sold an Estate.

2 and appropriated a part of the PRICE, \* his WIFE also knowing of it: and having brought a cer-tain part, I laid it at the FEET of the APOSTLES.

8 # But Peter said, " Ananias, why has the IAD-VERSARY filled thine HEART to deceive the HOLY SPIRIT, and to appropriate a part of the PRICE of the LAND?

4 While remaining unsol? was it not thine? and when sold, was it not at thine own disposal? Why is it that thou hast admitted this thing into thine HEART? Thou hast not lied to Men, but to Gop."

5 And Ananias, having heard these words fell down, and expired. And great Fear came on all THOSE Who HEARD these things.

6 Then the Younger disciples arising, ‡ wrapped him up, and carrying him out, buried him.

7 And it occurred after an interval of about three Hours, his wife also came in, not knowing WHAT had been DONE.

8 And \* Peter answered her, "Tell me whether you sold the LAND for ag much ?" and SHE said, "Yes, for so much."

9 And Peter said to her. "Why have you agreed together I to try the SPIRIT of the Lord? Behold, the FEET of THOSE who have been BULLING thy HUS. BLINE a batthe Door and they wall carry thee out."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. the WIFE. 8 Peter

t 3. Num. xxx 2: Deut. xxii) %: Ecc. v 4 t 6. Judges xix. 40. t 6. Matt. iv j 1 2. Acts iv. 37. \$ 6 Matt. iv ). 5. ver. 10, 11.

10 Επεσε δε πασαχρημα παρα τους ποδας αυτου, She fell and immediately at the feet of him, και εξεψυξεν εισελθοντες δε οί νεανισκοι ευρον and breachedout, having come in and the younger once found αυτην νεκραν, και εξενεγκαντας εθαψαν προς her dead, and having carried out they buried with τον ανδρα αυτης. 11 Και εγενετο φοβος μεγας the husband other. And came a fear great εφ' όλην την εκκλησιαν, και επι παντας τους on whole the assembly, and on all those ακουοντας ταυτα.

having heard these things.

12 Δια δε των χειρων των αποστολων εγινετ Through and the hands of the apostles were done

12 Δια δε των χειρων των αποστολων εγινετ Through and the hands of the apostles were done σημεία και τερατα εν τω λαφ πολλα και ησαν εigns and prodigies among the people many; cand they were δμοθυμαδον άπαντες εν τη στοα Σολομωνος with one mind all in the porch of Solomon, 13 των δε λοιπων ουδεις ετολμα κολλασθαι of the and others no one presumed to join himself

of the and others no one presumed to join himself autois. Αλλ' εμεγαλυνεν autous δ λαος to them. But magnified them the people; 14 (μαλλον δε προσετιθεντο πιστευοντες τω

(more and were added believing to the κυριφ πληθη ανδρων τε και γυναικων) 15 Όστε Lord multitudes of men both and women;) so that κατα τας πλατειας εκφερειν τους ασθενεις, και in the open squares to bring out the eick ones, and τιθενει επι κλινων και κραββατων, ίνα ερχομενου to place on bed, and couches, that coming Πετρου καν ή σκια επισκιαση τινι αυτων

Πετρου καν ή σκια επισκιαση τινι αυτων. of Peter if even the shadow might overshadow some of them.  $^{16} Συνηρχετο δε και το πληθος των περιξ πολ-Came together and also the multitude from the surrounding cities$ 

εων εις Ίερουσαλημ, φεροντες ασθενεις και into Jerusalem, bringing sick ones and οχλουμενους ύπο πνευματων ακαθαρτων οίτινες those being troubled by spirits impure; whom

εθερατευοντο άπαντες. 17 Αναστας δε δ αρχιεwere healed all. Having arisen and the highpeus και παντες οἱ συν αυτω, ἡ συσα αἰρεσις
priest and all those with him, the being sect
των Σαδδουκαιων, επλησθησαν ζηλου. 18 Και

of the Sadducees, were filled of anger. And επεβαλοντας χειρας \* [αὐτων] επιτους αποστοlaid the hands [of them] on the apostles,

λους, και εθεντο αυτους εν τηρησει δημοσια, and placed them in prison public.

19  $A\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda$ 05  $\delta\epsilon$  kuptou  $\delta\iota\alpha$  the night opened the

θυρας της ψυλακης, εξαγαγων τε αυτους ειπε·
doors of the prison, having brought out and them said;

20 πορευεσθε, και σταθεντες λαλειτε εν τω ίερω go, and standing speak you in the temple τω λαω παντα τα ρηματα της ζωης ταυτης. to the people all the words of the life ship.

10 And she fell down immediately at his feet, and expired; and the young men coming in, tound her dead, and having carried her out, buried her by her HUSBAND.

11 ‡ And great Fear came on the Whole ASSEM-BLY, and on all THOSE WHO HEARD these things.

12 ‡ And many Signs and Prodigies were performed among the PEOPLE by the HANDS of the APOSTLES—(and they were all with one mind in Solomon's PORTICO:

13 and of the mest, no one presumed to urite himself to them; ‡ but the PEOPLE magnified them;

14 and Believers were added the more to the LORD, Multitudes both of Men and Women;)—

15 so that they brought out the SICK \* even into the OPEN SQUARES, and laid them on Beds and Couchs, that at least the SHADOW of Peter, coming along, might evershadow some of them.

16 And the MULTITUDE came together even from the CITIES surrounding Jerusalam, bringing Sick persons, and those troubled by impure Spirits; all of whom were cured.

17 And the HIGH-PRIEST arising, and All THOSE who were with him, being the sect of the SADDUCEES,—were filled with Anger.

18 and laid MANDS on the APOSTLES, and put them into the public Prison.

19 † But an Angel of of the Lord, in the NIGHT, opened the DOORS of the PRISON, and bringing them out said.

20 "Go, stand and speak in the TEMPLE to the PEO-PLE All the words of this LIFE."

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. even Into. 18. of them-omit.

<sup>1 11.</sup> Acts ii. 43. xic. 17. Heb. ii. 4. 1 13. Acts ii. 47. iv. 21. 12 Acts xii. 3. xix. 11; Rom. xv. 10; 2 Cor. xii. 12 1 13. Acts ii. 47. iv. 21. 2 19 Acts xii. 7; xvi. 26.

Aκουσαντες δε εισηλθον ὑπο τον ορθρον εις το Having heard and they entered at the dawn into the ερον, και εδιδασκον.

Παραγενομένος δε ό αρχιέρευς και οί συν and the high-priest and those with αυτω, συνεκαλεσαν το συνεδριον και πασαν την him, they called together the high council even all the γερουσιαν των υίων Ισραηλ, και επεστειλαν εις senate of the sons Israel, and 22 Οι δε ύπητο δεσμωτηριον, αχθηναι αυτοις. The but to have brought them. offiρεται παραγενομενοι ουχ ευρον αυτους εν τη
rers having gone not found them in the having gone φυλακη· αναστρεψαντες δε απηγγειλαν, 23 λεγprison; having returned and reported, οντες· 'Οτι το \*[μεν] δεσμωτηριον εύρυμεν κεhg; That the [indeed] prison we found havιλεισμενον εν παση ασφαλεια, και τους φυλαing been closed with all safety, and the κας εστωτας προ των θυρων ανοιξαντες δε, εσω standing before the doors; having opened but, within 24 'Ως δε ηκουσαν τους λογους ουδενα εύρομεν. When and they heard the words no one we found. τουτους \*[ό, τε ίερευς και] ό στρατηγος του these [the, both priest and] the commander of the ίερου και οί αρχιερεις, διηπορουν περι αυτων, τι temple and the high-priests, they doubted concerning them, what αν γενοιτο τουτο. 25 Παραγενομενος δε τις απηγthis. Having come but one might be γειλεν αυτοις. 'Οτι ιδου, οί ανδρες ούς εθεσθε That lo, the men whom you put εντη φυλακη, εισιν εν τω ίερω εστωτες και in the prison, are in the temple standing and prison, 26 Τοτε απελθων δ διδασκοντές τον λαον. Then having gone the teaching the people. στρατηγος συν τοις ύπηρεταις, ηγαγεν αυτους, officers, they brought them, commander with the ου μετα βιας· εφοβουντο γαρ τον λαον, ίνα μη not with violence; they feared for the people, that not λιθασθωσιν. Αγαγοντες δε αυτους εστησαν εν they might be stoned. Having brought and them they stood in τω συνεδριω. Και επηρωτησεν αυτους δ αρχιεthe sanhedrim. And asked them the ρευς, 28 λεγων. Ου παραγγελιά παρηγγειλαμεν saying; Not with a charge we charged priest, you, not to teach in the name this?

ύμιν, μη διδασκειν επι τφ ον ματι τουτφ; και ίδου, πεπληρωκατε την 'Ιερουσαλ μι της δίδα· lo, you have filled the Jerusalem of the teachof the teachχης ύμων, και βουλεσθε επαγαγειν εφ' ήμας το mg of you, and you wish to bring on us the 29 Αποκριθεις δε δ αιμα του ανθρωπου τουτο. this. Answering and the blood of the man Πετρος και οἱ αποστολοι, ειπον Πειθαρχειν and the ape ales, said: To obey 30 O BEOS θεφ μαλλον η ανθρωποις. DEL rather than it is necessary God men. The God

21 And having heard this, they entered into the TEMPLE, early in the MORNING, and taught. ‡ And the HIGH-PEIEST coming, and THOSE with him, called the SANHE-DRIM together, even All the SENATE of the SONS of Israel, and sent to the PRISON to have them brought.

22 But the OFFICERS going did not find them in the PRISON; and having returned, they reported,

23 saying, "We found the PRISON closed with All Safety, and the GUARDS standing \*at the DOORS; but having opened them, we found no one within."

24 And when they heard these words, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{both the COMMANDER of the TEMPLE, and the HIGH-PRIESTS were perplexed concerning them, how this thing could be.

25 But some one having come, told them, "Behold, the MEN whom you put in the PRISON are standing in the TEMPLE, and teaching the PROPLE."

26 Then the COMMANDER going away with the OFFICERS, brought them without Violence; ‡ for they feared the PEOPLE, lest they should be stoned.

27 And having brought them, they stood before the SANHEDRIM; and the HIGH-PRIEST asked them, saying,

28 \* ‡ "We charged you strictly not to teach in th.3 name, and behold, you have filled Jerusalem with your teaching, and ‡ wish to bring this man's blood on us."

29 And PETER answering, and the APOSTLES, said, ‡"It is necessary to obey God, rather than Men.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—23. indeed—omit. 23. at the doors. PRIEST, and—omit. 28. We charged you strictly not.

<sup>24.</sup> both the

των πατερων ήμων ηγειρεν Ιησουν, δυ ύμεις of the fathers of us raised up Jesus, whom you διεχειρισασθε, κρεμασαντες επι ξυλου. 31 τουτον laid violent hands upon, having hanged on a cross; δ θεος αρχηγον και σωτηρα ύψωσε τη δεξια. the God a prince and a savior has lifted up to the right hand αύτου, δουναι μετανοιαν τω Ισραηλ, και αφεσιν of himself, to give reformation to the Israel, and for giveness αμαρτιων. Το Και ήμεις εσμεν αυτου μαρτυρες of sine. And we are of him witnesses των δηματων τουτων, και το πνευμα δε το of the matters these, and the spirit also the άγιον, δ εδωκεν δ θεος τοις πειθαρχουσιν αυτ ... holy, which gave the Godto those submitting to him. 🛱 Οί δε ακουσαντες διεπριοντο, και εβουλευο"το They and having heard were sawn through, and took counsel ανελειν αυτους. to kill them. 34 Αναστας δε τις εν τω συνεδριώ Φαρισαιος, Having arisen and one in the high counsel a Pharisee, ινοματι Γαμαλιηλ νομοδιδασκαλος, τιμιος παν-

τι τω λαφ, εκελευσεν εξω βραχυ τι τους all the people, ordered without alittle while the all the people, ordered without allittle while the αποστολους ποιησαι. <sup>35</sup> Ειπε τε προς αυτου He said and to them; apostles to be put. Ανδρες Ισραηλιται, προσεχετε έαυτοις, επι τοις Men Israelites, take heed to yourselves, to the ανθρωποις τουτοις τι μελλετε πρασσειν.

men these what you are about to do. 36 Προ γαρ τουτων των ήμερων ανειτη Θευδας,

Before for these the days stoodup Theudas,  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu \epsilon \iota \nu \alpha \iota \tau \iota \nu \alpha \epsilon \alpha \iota \tau \nu \nu$ ,  $\omega \tau \rho \sigma \sigma \epsilon \kappa \sigma \lambda \lambda \eta \theta \eta$ saying to be some one himself, to whom adhered αριθμος ανδρων ώσει τετρακοσιων ός ανηρεθη, a number of men about four hundred; who was put to death, και παντές όσοι επιεθοντο αυτώ, διελυθησαν and all as many as listened to him, were dispersed Kal eyevovto ets oudev. 37 Meta toutov avedth and came to nothing. After this stood up Ioυδας δ Γαλιλαιος, εν ταις ήμεραις της απο-Judas the Galilean, in the days of the regisγραφης, και απεστησε λαιν \*[ίκανον] οπισω tering, and drew away people [much] behind αύτου κακεινος απ ελετ , και παντες όσοι επειsimself; and he was destroyed, and all as many as lisθαντ' αυτφ, διεσκορπισ ησαν. 33 Και τανυν tened to hun, were dispersed. And now λεγω ύμιν, αποστητε απο των ανθρωπων του-I say to you, withdraw from the men these

των, και εασατε αυτους, ότι εαν η εξ ανθρωand let alone them, because if may be from men

πων ή βουλη αύτη η το εργον τουτο, καταλυthe counsel this or the work this, it will be  $θησεται^*$  39 ει δε εκ θεου εστιν, ου δυνασθε poerthrown; if but from God it is, n t you are able καταλυσαι αυτους, μηποτε και θεομαχοι -ύρεto overthrow them, not and fighters against God you | God."

30 The God of out FATHERS raised up \* JE. sus, whom, having hanged on a Cross, you killed.

31 Dim, a Prince and a Savior, God has lifted up to his own RIGHT-HAND, \*to GIVE Reformation to ISRAEL, and Forgiveness of Sins.

32 And we are Wit-Acsses \* in him of these THINGS; I and Gon gave the HOLY SPIRIT to THOSE who submit to him."

33 And THEY, having heard this, were enraged, and took counsel to kill

them.

34 But a certain Pharisee in the SANHEDRIM. named Gamaliel, a teacher of the law, honored by All the PEOPLE, standing up ordered \* the MEN to be put out for a little time.

35 And he said to them, "Israelites! take heed to vourselves what you are about to do to these MEN

36 For before These DAYS Theudas stood up. saying that he was somebody; to whom a Number of Men, about four hundred, adhered; who was put to death, and all, as many as obeyed him, were dispersed, and came to nothing.

37 After him stood up Judas the Galilean, in the DAYS of the REGISTERING, and drew away PEOPLE after him; and he was destroyed, and all, as many as obeyed him, were dispersed.

38 And Now I say to you, Keep away from these MEN, and let them alone: T Because if this COUNSEL or this WORK be from Men, it will be overthrown:

39 but if it be from God, you are not able to overthrow them; be not you found fighters against

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—31. to give. 32. in him of these things; and God gave the holy spirit to those who submit to him. 34. the men. 37. much—omit. 34. the MEN. 37. much—m. +.

<sup>1 30.</sup> Acts iii. 13, 15; yvii 11. ; 21. Lule xxiv. 47; Acts iii. 26; xiii. 38. 1 88. Prov. xxi. 30; Isa. viii. 10; Matt. xv. 13.

θητε. 40 Επεισθησαν δε αυτώ και προσκαbhould be found. They were persuaded and by him; and having 
λεσαμενοι τους αποστολους, δειραντες παραγcalled τhe apostles, having beaten they commanded not to speak in the name of the Jesus, and 
απελυσαν αυτους. 41 Οί μεν ουν επορευοντο 
released them. They indeed therefore went

released them.

χαιροντες απο προσωπου του συνεδριου, ότι rejoicing from presence of the high council, because  $tin \, behalf of the name they were accounted worthy to be dishonored. Τασαν τε ημεραν εν τω ίερου και κατ' οικον$ 

Every and day in the temple and at home our επαυοντο διδασκοντες και ευαγγελιζομενοι not they ceased teaching and announcing glad tidings of

Ιητουν τον Χριστον.
Jesus the Anointed.

# КЕФ. s'. 6.

Εν δε ταις ήμεραις ταυταις πληθυνοντων increasing those In and the days των μαθητων, εγενετο γογγυσμος των Έλληof the Hellea murmuring disciples, came νιστων τρος τους 'Εβραιους, ότι παρεθεωρουντο Hebrews, because were overlooked to the εν τη διακονια τη καθημερινη αί χηραι αυτων. the widows daily in the service the <sup>2</sup> Προσκαλεσαμενοι δε οί δωδεκα το πληθος twelve the multitude and the Having called των μαθητων, ειπον Ουκ αρεστον εστιν ήμας of the disciples, said, Not proper it is us καταλειψαντας τον λογον του θεου, διακονειν word of the God, to serve having left the αδελφοι, 3 Επισκεψασθε ouv, TPane (ais. brethren, therefore, Look you out tables. ανδρας εξ ύμων μαρτυρουμενους έπτα, πληρεις full being attested seven, men from of you πνευματος και σοφιας, ούς καταστησομεν επι wisdom, whom we will appoint of spirit της χρειας ταυτης. 4 ήμεις δε τη προσευχη και we but to the prayer need this; λογου προσκαρτερησομεν. TOU τη διακονια will constantly attend. of the word to the service δ Και ηρεσεν δ λογος ενωπιον παντος του πλη-And pleased the word in presence of all of the multiθους και εξελεξαντο Στεφανον, ανδρα πληρη full Stephen, a man they choose tude; and πιστεως και πνευματος άγιου, και Φιλιππον, holy, Philip. and spirit and of faith και Προχορον, και Νικανορα, και Τιμωνα, και Timon, and Nicanor, and and Prochorus, Παρμεναν, και Νικολαον προσηλυτον Αντιοχεα. a proselyte of Antioch; and Nicolaus

40 And they were persuaded by him; and having summoned the APOSTLES and ‡scourged them, they charged them not to speak in the NAME of Jesus, and dismissed them.

41 Ther indeed THEY went trejoicing from the Presence of the SANHEDRIM, Because they were deemed worthy to be dishonored on account of the

NAME.
42 ‡ And every Day, in
the TEMPLE and at Home,
they ceased not teaching
and preaching the glad
tidings \*of the Anointed
Jesus.

CHAPTER VI.

1 And in those DAYS, the DISCIPLES increasing, there arose a Complaint of the † # Hellenists against the Hebrews, Because their widows were neglected in the ‡ DAILY SERVICE.

2 And the TWELVE, having summoned the MULTITUDE of the DISCIPLES, said, "It is not proper for us to leave 22 word of God and serve

Tables.

8 \* Therefore, Brethren, look out from among yourselves, seven Men of good reputation, full of Spirit and Wisdom, whom we may set over this BUSI-NESS;

4 but we will constantly attend to PRAYER, and to the MINISTRY of the

WORD."

5 And the PROPOSITION WAS pleasing to All the MULTITUDE; and they selected Stephen, a man full of Faith and holy Spirit, and †Philip, and Procherus, Nicanor, and Timon, and Parmenas, and Nicolaus, a Proselyte of Antioch;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-42. of the Anointed Jesus. look out among you.

<sup>3.</sup> But, Brethren, we will

<sup>† 1.</sup> Proselytes to the Jewish religion, or foreign Jews who spoke the Greek language.

<sup>† 40.</sup> Matt. x. 17; xxiii. 34; Mark xiii. 9. 1 Pet. iv. 1:, 16. † 42. Acts ii. 46. 2 5. Acts viii. 5, 20; xxi. 8.

<sup>† 41.</sup> Matt. v. 12; Rom. v. 3; James i. 2; † 1. Acts ix. 29.

εστησαν ενωπιον των αποστολων και "hom they placed in presence of the apostles; DIE προσευξιμένοι επεθηκαν αυτοις τας χει, ακ having prayed they pu to them the 7 Τίσι δ λογος του Φεου η εξανε, και επληθυνετο And the word of e God grew, and was multiplied δ αριθμος τω: μα<sup>ν</sup>ητων εν 'Ιερουσαλημ σποδρα. the number of the disciples in Jerusalem greatly; πολυς τε οχλος των ίερεων ύπηκουον τη πιστει. west and a crowd of the priests wer obedientt the faith.

8 Στεφανος δε πλη της γαριτος και δυναμεως Stephen and full officer and officer εποιεί τερατα και ημεία μεγαλα εν τφ λαφ.
performed prodigies and signs great among the people.

Ανεστησαν δε τινές των εκ της συναγω-Stood up and some of those from the synaγης της λεγομενης Λιβερτινών, και Κυρηναιών gogue of that being called of Libertines, and of Cyrenians, ις Αλεξανδρεων, και των απο Καλικιας και And of Mexandrians, and of those rom Citicia and Aσιas, συζητουντες τω Στεφανω 10 και ουκ Asia, disputing with the Stephen and not ισχυον αντιστηναι τη σοφια και το πνευματι were able to resist the wisdom and the spirit ελαλει. 11 Τοτε ύπεβαλ ν ανδρας, "hen they thrust under men, with which he spok .. λεγοντας. Ότι ακτκοαμεν αυτου λαλουντος saying; That we have h ard him speaking δηματα βλασφημα εις Μωυ ην και τον θεον. blasphemous against aloses and the God. words 12 Συνεκινησαν τε τον λαον και τους πρεσβυτε-They stirred up and the p ople and the elders pers και τους γραμματ :s, και επισταντες scribes, and the and having come upon .... ηρπασαν αυτον; και ηγαγον εις το συνεδριον, t's y seized im, and ied into the high council, 13 επτησαν τε μαρ υρας ψευδες, λεγοντας 'Ο stood up and with case fall any mg; ανθρωπος ούτος ου παθετα. δημετα λαλων κ τα του τοπου του αγιου και του ν μου. 14 Ακηκοαμεν γαρ ωτου λεγουτος · Οτι οτους δ Ναζω for him saying; That was the Naraοαιος ούτος καταλυσει τον τυπον του: ν, και rene his cal detroy the wace thic. and

αλλαξει τα εθη, ά παρεδωκεν ημιν Μωυσης. will thener the storm, which delivered to n. Moses.

15 Και ατεν σαντες εις αυτον απαντες οί καθε-And having cased on him all

ζομενοι εν τφ συνεδριφ, ειδον το προσωπον scated in the high-council, saw the ince

αυτου ώσει προσωπον αγγελου. a face of a messenger.

6 w. om they set before the APOSTLES; I and they, having prayed, 1 laid HANDS on them.

7 # And the WORD of GOD grew: and the NUM-BER of the DISCIPLES Was greatly multiplied in Jerusalem; and a great Crowd of the †PRIESTS obeyed the FAITH.

8 And Stephen, full of Favor and Power, performed Prodigies and great Signs among the PEOPLE.

9 And there arose some O. THAT SYN AGOGUE which is CALLED of the + Libertines, and of the Cyrcnians and Alexandrians, and of THOSE from Cilicia and Asia, disputing with STE-PHEN:

.0 and f they were not able to resist the WISDOM and the SPIRIT with which he spoke.

11 Thenthey bribed Men to say, "We have heard him speak blasphemous Words against Moses and Gop."

12 And they excited the PEOPLE, and the ELDERS. and the SCRIBES; and coming suddenly, they seized him, and led him into the SANHEDRIM;

... 3 and introduced raise Witnesses, saying, "This MAN is incessantly speaking against the HOLY PLACE, and the LAW;

14 I for we have heard him say, That this Jesus. the NAZARENE, ‡ will destroy this PLACE, and will change the customs which Moses delivered to us."

15 And ALL those BEING SEATED in the SANHE-DRIM, looking steadily at him, saw his FACL like the Face of an Angel.

<sup>†</sup> The number of the priests must have been quite large about this lime, as a prears from Exra ii. 36-39, that 428 priests returned from the captivity.

† These persons recember to have been Jows, who having been carried captive to Rome, were freed by their masters, and thus became freed-men. Some think they received their name from the place where they lived .- Owen.

<sup>1 3.</sup> Acts xiii. 3 ; 2 Tim. 'v. 14 ; . 22 ; 5 Tim. i. 3 1 10. Luke xxi. 15 ; v. 39. 14. Acts ; cv. 3 ; 6. Acts i. 24. xii. 24; xix. 20. ix. 96; Mast. xxil. ;.

# КЕФ. С. 7.

Eιπε δε δ αρχιερευς, Ει \* [αρα] ταυτα ούτως
Said and the high-priest, If [then] these though thus εχει; 2'Ο δε εφη. Ανδρες αδελφοι και πατερες, Men He and said; brethren and fathers 'Ο θεος της δοξης ωφθη τω πατρι ακουσατε. The God of the glory appeared to the father ήμων Αβρααμ οντι εν τη Μεσοποταμια, πριν η of us Abraham being in the Mesopotamia, before κατοικησαι αυτον εν Χαρραν 3 Και ειπε προς to dwell him in Charran; and said to autov. Exeche ek this yns fou, kat ek this him; Go out from the land of thee, and from the συγγενείας σου, και δευρο εις γην, ην αν σοι kindred of thee, and come into aland, which to thee 4 Τοτε εξελθων εκ γης Χαλδαιων, κατωδειξω. Then going out from land of Chaldeans, he dwelt I may show. κησεν εν Χαρβαν· κακειθεν, μετα το αποθανειν in Charran; and thence, after the to have died τον πατερα αυτου, μετ···κισεν αυτον εις την the father of him, he caused to remove him into the γην ταυτην, εις ήν ύμεις νυν κατοικειτε· 5 και in which you now dwell; ουκ εδωκεν αυτω κληρονομιαν εν αυτη, ουδε he gave to him inheritance in her, not even βημα ποδος και επηγγειλατο αυτω δουναι εις foot-breadth; and he promised to him κατασχεσιν αυτην, και το σπερματι αυτου μετ' andtothe seed of him after a possession her, 6 Ελαλησε δε αυτον, ουκ οντος αυτώ τεκνου. him, not being to him a child. Spoke and ύτως δ θεος. Ότι εσται το σπερμα αυτου ούτως ὁ θεος. That shall be the seed the God; παροικον εν γη αλλοτρια, και δουλωσουσιν a stranger in a land foreign, and they will enslave αυτο και κακωσουσιν ετη τετρακοσια. 7 και το and they will oppress years "ur hundred; ω εαν δουλευσωσι, κρινω εγω, ειπεν to which they may be enslaved, will judge I, said θεος και μετα ταυτα εξελευσονται, και after these things they shall come out, and the God; 8 (Kat λατρευσουσι μοι εν τφ τοπφ τουτφ. shall render service to me in the this. place (And εδωκεν αυτφ διαθηκην περιτομης και ούτως to him a covenant of circumcision; this εγεννησε του Ισαακ, και περιετεμεν αυτου τη and circumcised 'ıim he begot of the Isaac, the

## CHAPTER VII.

1 Then the HIGH-PRIEST said, "Are these things so ?

2 And HE said, 1" Brethren and Fathers, hearken! The GLORIOUS GOD appeared tto our FATHER Abraham, when in MESO-POTAMIA, before he resided in Haran.

3 and said to him, 1' Depart from thy country, and from thy KINDRED, and come into \* the LAND which I will show thee.'

4 Then I going out from the Land of the Chaldeans. he dwelt in Haran; from thence also, tafter the DEATH of his FATHER, he removed him into this LAND in which pou now

5 and gave him t no IN-HERITANCE in it, not even the breadth of his Foct; tbut he promised to give it to him for a Possession, and to his seed after him, though he had no Child.

6 And God spoke thus, t That his SEED should be a Stranger in a foreign Land; and that they will enslave and oppress it four hundred years;

7 and the NATION to which they shall be en-slaved # will judge, said God, 'and after that, they shall come out and serve me in this PLACE.

8 ‡ And he gave him a Covenant of Circumcision; ‡ and thus he begot IsAAC, and circumcised him the

s xxii. 1. ‡ 3. Gen xii. 1. ‡ 4. Gen. xi. 31; xii. 4. 5. ‡ 5. Gen. xii. 7; xiii. 15; xv. 3. 18; xvii. 5; xvvi. °; Heb. xi. 8, 9. ‡ 6. Exod. xii. 49; Gal. iii. 17. ‡ 7. See Exod. vii—xi. ‡ 8. Gen. xxi. 2-4 1 2. Acts xxii. 1. xi. 13. x v. 13, 16. 1 8. Gen.

xvii. 9-11.

<sup>3.</sup> AT. O LAND. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. then-omit.

<sup>† 2.</sup> It seems probable hat tephen here followed the Jewish tradition, (adopted by while), that God appeared twice to Abraham,—1st, when living in Chaldea, and 2dly, when resident in Haran. He left Ur at the first call, and came to Haran with his father Terah, (Gen. xi. 31;) he left Haran at the second call, and came into the promised land. In this way the account harmonizes with the call as narrated in Gen. xii. 1: "Now the Lord had said unto Abraham," &c. † 4. By recurring to Gen xi. 26, 32, and xii. 4, it will appear that Terah lived 60 years after the removal of Abraham, and yet here he is said to have died before Abraham left Haran. Unless with some we suppose Abraham to have been the youngest of Terah's sons, and born when his father was 130 years old we must presume that Stephen followed some traditionary account of the transaction.—Owen. The Samaritan copy makes the age of Terah at his death to be 145, or 60 years less than the Hebrew text.

ήμερα τη ογδοη και ό Ισαακ τον Ιακωβ, και ό day the eighth; and the Isaac the Jacob, audthe 9 Kai Ιακωβ τους δωδεκα πατριαρχας. οί Jacob the twelve patriarchs. And the πατριαρχαι ζηλωσαντες τον Ιωσηφ απεδοντο patriarchs envying the Joseph εις Αιγυπτον και ην δ θεος μετ' αυτου, 10 και into Egypt; and was the God him, with εξειλετο αυτον εκ πασων των θλιψεων αυτου, delivered him out of all of the affections of him, και εδωκεν αυτφ χαριν και σοφιαν εναντιων favor and wisdom to hun Φαραω βασιλεως Αιγυπτου, και κατεστησεν king of Egypt, of Pharaoh and placed ωυτον ήγουμενον επ' Αιγυπτον και όλον τον ruling over Egypt and whole οικον αύτου.

Aouse of humself. 11 Ηλθε δε λιμος εφ' όλην την γην Αιγυπτου
Came and a famine on whole the land of Egypt of Egypt και Χανααν, και θλιψις μεγαλη· και ουκ εύρισκον and Canaan, and affliction great; and not χορτασματα οί πατερες ήμων. 12 Ακουσας δε provisions the fathers of us. Having heard and Ιακωβ οντα σιτα εν Αιγυπτφ, εξαπεστειλε τους Jacob being grain in Egypt, 13 Και εν τφ δευτερφ πατερας ήμων πρωτον. And in the fathers of us first. second ανεγνωρισθη Ιωσηφ τοις αδελφοις αύτου, και was made known Joseph to the brothers of himself, and φανέρον εγενέτο τω Φαραω το γένος του Ιωσηφ. became to the Pharaoh the family of the 14 Αποστειλας δε Ιωσηφ μετεκαλεσατο τον and Joseph called for Having sent πατερα αύτου Ιακωβ, και πασαν την συγγενειαν, father of himself Jacob, and all the 15 Κατεβη δε εν ψυχαις εβδυμηκοντα πεντε. five. souls seventy Went down and Ιακωβ\*[εις Αιγυπτον,] και ετελευτησεν αυτος [into Egypt,] and die.3 16 Και μετετεθησαν εις And they were carried into και οί πατερες ήμων. and the fathers of us. ω ωνη-Συχεμ, και ετεθησαν εν τφ μνηματι, Sychem, and were placed in the tomb, which bought σατο Αβρααμ τιμης αργυριου παρα των υίων Abrasm for a price of silver from the 17 Kaθωs δε ηγγίζεν δ When but drew near the Εμμορ του Συχεμ.) of Ummor of the Sychem.) χρονος της επαγγελιας, ής ωμοσεν δ θεος τω promise, which swore the God to the

JACOB, and JACOB the TWELVE Patriarchs.

9 ‡ And the PATRIARCHS envying Joseph, sold him into Egypt; ‡ but God was with him,

10 and delivered him from All his AFFLICTIONS, and gave him Favor and Wisdom in the sight of Pharaoh, King of Egypt, who constituted him Ruler over Egypt, and All his house.

11 ‡And a Famine came upon All the LAND of Egypt and Canaan, and great Distress; and our FATHERS found no Provisions.

12 ‡ But Jacob, having heard that there was Grain \* in Egypt, sent our FA-THERS the first time;

13 ‡ and at the SECOND time, Joseph was made known to his BROTHERS; and \* Joseph's Family was shown to Pharaon.

14 ‡ And Joseph sent and invited his father Jacob to him, and ‡ All his KINDRED, † seventy-five Souls.

15 And Jacob went down into Egypt, and died, he, and our FATHERS;

16 and † they were carried to Shechem, and laid in the TOMB which † Jacob bought for Money of the sons of Hamor \* in Shechem.

17 But when the TIME of the PROMISE drew near, which God t \* solemnly

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-12. for Egypt.

13. Joseph's Family.

15. into
17. solemnly made to Abraham.

t14. It states in Gen. xlvi. 26, "All the souls that came with Jacob into Egypt, which came out of his loins, besides Jacob's sons' wives, all the souls were three score and six." Stephen adds to this number nine of Jacob's sons' wives, which makes the number of seventy-five. These though not of his blood, were of his kindred, as Stephen expresses it, being related to him by marriage. † 18. In Gen. 1. 13, it is stated, "that Jacob was buried in the cave of the field of Machpelah, before Mamre:" and in Josh, xxiv. 32, that Jacob was buried in Shechem; and here we have the authority of Stephen that the rest of the twelve patriarchs were interred in the same place. † 16. The best critics are of the opinion that Abraham, as found in the text, is spurius, and has been inserted by some officious transcriber. The word Jacob ought to be supplied.

Αβρααμ, ηυξησεν ο λαος και επληθυνθη εν Abraam, grew the people and were multiplied in Αιγυπτω· 18 αχρις ού ανεστη βασιλευς έτερος, Egypt: till for whom stood up a king ός ουκ ηδει τον Ιωσηφ. 19 Ούτος κατασοφι-This Joseph. having dealt who not σαμενος το γενος ήμων, εκακωσε τους πατερας deceitfully the family of us, ill-treated the fathers kuew the ήμων, του ποιειν εκθετα τα βρεφη αυτων, εις of us, of the to cause to be exposed the babes of them, in order το μη ζωογονεισθαι. 20 Εν ω καιρω εγεννητο μη ζωογονεισθαι. was born In which season that not they might be preserved. θη Μουσης, και ην αστειος τω θεω. δς ανετραand was beautiful to the God; who was nursed Moses. ,  $\eta$   $\mu\eta\nu\alpha S$   $\tau\rho\epsilon\iota S$   $\epsilon\nu$   $\tau\phi$   $o\iota\kappa\phi$   $\tau ov$  months three in the house of the marpos. father. 21 Εκτεθεντα δε αυτον, ανειλετο αυτον ή θυγα-Having exposed and him, took up him the daughτηρ Φαραω, και ανεθρεψατο αυτον έαυτη εις υίον. ter of Pharaoh, and nursed him herself for a son. 22 Και επαιδευθη Μωυσης παση συφια Αιγυπinall wisdom of Egypwas taught Moses TIWY MY DE DUVATOS EN LAYOUS KAL EN EPYOLS was and powerful in words and in works tians; 23 Ως δε επληρουτο αυτώ τεσσαρακον-When but was completed to him of himself. ταετης χρονος, ανεβη επι την καρδιαν αυτου years of time, it came up in the heart of him επισκεψασθαι τους αδελφους αύτου, τους υίους brethren of hunself, the the sons 24 Και ιδων τινα αδικουμένον, ημυνατο, Ισραηλ. being wronged, he defended, of Israel. And seeing one εκδικησιν τφ καταπονουμενώ, KAL ETTOINGEY to him being oppressed, justice 25 Ενομίζε δε συνιεναι παταξας τον Αιγυπτιον. having smitten the Egyptian. He thought and to understand τους αδελφους αίτου, ότι ό θεος δια χειρος brethren of himself, that the God by hands αυτου διδωσιν αυτοις σωτηριαν οί δε ου συνηgives to them salvation; they but not underfhim 26 Τη δε επιουση ήμερα ωφθη αυτοις wav. day he appeared to those In the but next stood. μαχομένοις, και συνηλασέν αυτους εις ειρηνην, and urged them to peace, contending. ειπων Ανδρες, αδελφοι, ίνατι ETTE VHEIST brethren, are Men. saying; α' ικειτε αλληλους; 27 'Ο δε αδικων τον πλησιον. wrong you each other? He but wronging the neighbor, απωσατω αυτον, ειπων. Τις σε κατεστησεν Who thee sayings has appointed him. thrust away ρχοντα και δικαστην εφ' ήμας; 28 Μη ανελειν over us; Not to kill aruler and ajudge

made to ABRAHAM, the PEOPLE grew and we o multiplied in Egypt,

18 till another King \*arose, who did not ac-

knowledge Joseph. 19 12e, having outwitted

our RACE, ill-treated \* our FATHERS, causing their INFANTS to be EXPOSED in order that they might not LIVE.

20 tAt which period Moses was born, and t was DIVINELY beautiful; and he was nursed in his FAthree THER'S HOUSE Months:

21 1 but having exposed him, the DAUGHTER of Pharaoh took him up, and cherished him for her own

Son.

22 And Moses was educated in All the Wisdom of the Egyptians, and was ‡ Powerful in his Words and Works.

23 f And when he was full † forty years of age, it came into his HEART to visit his BRETHREN, the Sons of Israel.

24 And observing one wronged, he defended and executed judgment for HIM who was oppressed, smiting the EGYPTIAN.

25 Now he thought that his BRETHREN understood That God by his Hand would give them Deliverance; but they did not un-

derstand.

26 ‡ And on the FOL-LOWING Day, he presented himself to them as they were contending, and urged them to peace, saying, 'Men, \* you are brethren; why do you injure each other?

27 But HE INJURING his NEIGHBOR, thrust him away, saying, t'Who made Thee a Ruler and a Judge over us?

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. rose up in Egypt, who knew.

19. the PATHERS'

<sup>26</sup> you are. † 23. This was a general tradition among the Jews: "Moses was 40 years in Pharaoh's court, 40 years in Midian, and 40 years he served Israel."—Clarke.

<sup>† 2).</sup> Heb. xi. 23. † 26. Exed. ii. 1 1 21. Exod. ii. 3-10. t 22. Luke † 20. Exod. ii. 2. † 2). Hel 1 27. See Luke xit. 14 Acts IV . 7.

με συ θελεις, δυ τροπου ανειλες χθες τον me then wishest, in which manner thou didst killy esterday the Αιγυπτιον. 29 Εφυγε δε Μωυσης εν τω λογω Fled and Moses at the Egyptian? τουτω, και εγενετο παροικος εν γη Μαδιαμ, ού became a sojourner in land of Midian, where this, and εγεννησεν υίους δυο. 30 Και πληρωθεντων ετων And being completed years he begot sons two. τεσπαρακοντα, ωφθη αυτώ εν τη ερημώ του forty, appeared to him in the desert of the epous Σινα αγγελος [κυριου] εν φλογι πυρος mountain Sinai a messenger [of Lord] in a flame of fire 31 'Ο δε Μωυσης ιδων εθαυμαζε το Βατου. of a bush. The but Moses having seen admired δραμα προσερχομενου δε αυτου κατανοησαι, sight; coming near and of him to observe, εγενετο φωνη κυριου \* [προς αυτον:] 32 εγω δ came a voice of lord [to him;] θεος των πατερων σου, δ θεος Αβρααμ, και \* [ of God of the fathers of thee, the God of Abraum, and [ the  $\theta \in OS$ ]  $I\sigma \alpha \alpha \kappa$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \iota$  \*  $\left[\delta \theta \in OS\right]$   $I\alpha \kappa \omega \beta$ . Evtromos God] of Isaac, and  $\left[\text{the God}\right]$  of Jacob. Terrihed δε γενομένος Μωυσης ουκ ετολμα κατανοησαι. and being Moses not dared tolook.

 $^{33}$  Ε:  $\pi \epsilon$  δε αυτφ δ κυριος. Λυπον το ὑποδημα  $^{33}$  Ειπε δε αυτφ δ κυριος. Λυπον το ὑποδημα  $^{33}$  Ειπε δε αυτφ δ κυριος  $^{4}$  Loose the sandals των ποδων σου. δ γαρ τοπος εν  $^{4}$   $\omega$  εστηκας, of the feet of thee; the for place in which thou standest, γη άγια εστιν.  $^{34}$  Ιδων είδον την κακωσιν ground hoy is. Having seen I saw the eviltreatment του λαου μου του εν Αιγυπτώ, και του στεναγof the people of me of that in Egypt, and the groaning μου αυτων ηκουσα, και κατεβην εξελεσθαι of them I have heard, and am come down to deliver αυτους και νυν δευρο, αποστελώ σε εις Αιγυπand now come, I will send thee into Egypt. TOV.

35 Τουτον τον Μωυσην δυ ηρυησατο, ειπον-This the Moses whom they denied, η ες. Τις σε κατεστησεν αρχοντα και δικαστην; ing. Who thee appointed a ruler and a judge? τουτον δ θεος αρχοντα και λυτρωτην απεσaruler and aredeemer the God τειλεν εν χειρι αγγελου του οφθεντος αυτω by hand of a messenger of that having appeared to him 36 Ούτος εξηγαγεν αυτους, ποιηεν τη βατω. This led out them, in the bush. σας τερατα και σημεια εν γη Αιγυπτφ, και εν done productes and signs in the Egypt, and in ερυθρα θαλασση, και εν τη ερημώ, ετη τεσσαασση, και εν τη ερημος, sea, and in the desert, years forty. 37 Ούτος εστιν ή Μωυσης, δ ειπων tha Moses, he saying red ракорта. τοις νίοις Ισραηλ. Προφητην ύμιν αναττησει of Israel; to the sons A prophet for you will raise up

28 Wilt thou kill me as thou didst the Egyptian vesterday?

29 ‡ And Moses fled at that SAYING, and became a Sojourner in the Land of Midian, where he begot two

30 ‡ And forty Years being completed, there appeared to him in the DL-SERT of MOUNT Sinai, an Angel in a Flame of Fire, in a Bush.

31 And Moses having seen, admired the SIGHT; and coming near to look at it, a Voice came from the Lord, saying;

32 t' H am the Gop of thy FATHERS,—the God of Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob. And Moses being afraid dared not look at it.

33 # And the LORD said to him, 'Loose thy san-DALS from \* Thy FEET: for the PLACE on which thou standest is holy Ground.

34 1 I have surely seen the EVIL TREATMENT of THAT PEOPLE of mine in Egypt, and I have heard their GROANING, and am come down to deliver them: and now, come, I will send thee into Egypt.'

35 This is the Moses whom they renounced, saying, 'Who made Thee a Ruler and a Judge?' \* even Him God sent to be a Ruler and a Redeemer, \* with the Hand of THAT Angel which appeared to him in the BUSH.

36 # We led them out, having performed Prodi-gies and Signs in EGYPT, t and in the Red Sea, t and in the DESERT forty years.

37 This is THAT MOSES. who said to the sons of Israel, ‡'A Prophet will God raise up for you from

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—30. 31 the Lord—omit.

32. the God—omit.

33. Thy 31, to him-omit. 82. tha 33. Thy FEET. 35. even. 35. with

<sup>† 29.</sup> Exod. ii. 15, 22; iv. 20; xvlii. 3, 4. † 30. Exod. iii. 2. † 32. Matt. xxii. 32; Heb. xi. 10. † 33. Exod. iii. 5; Josh. v. 7. . † 34. Exod. iii. 7. † 35. Exod. xiv. 19; Num. xx. 16. † 36. Exod. xii. 41; xxxiii. 1. 1 36. Exod. vii. -xi, xv. P.a. ev. 27. † 36. Exod. xiv. 21, 27-29. † 36. Exod. xiv. 35. † 37. Deut. xviii. 15.

ses, to make

\*[κυριος] ό θεος εκ των αδελφων ύμων, ώς εμε· [lord] the God from of the brethren of you, like me; 38 Ούτος εστιν δ γενομε-\*[αυτου ακουσεσθε.] he being. This ie fhim you shall hear. νος, εν τη εκκλησια εν τη ερημώ, μετα του in the congregation in the desert, with the Σινα αγγελου του λαλουντος αυτώ εν τώ ορει speaking to him in the mountain Sinai, messenger that και των πατερων ήμων, ός εδεξατο λογια ζωντα of us, who received oracles and of the fathers δουναι ήμιν. 39 φ ουκ ηθελησαν ύπηκοοι γενεσto give to us; to whom not were willing obedient to become θαι οί πατερες ήμων, αλλ' απωσαντο, και εστραthe fathers of us, but thrust away, and turned καρδιαις αύτων εις Αιγυπτον, φησαν Tais in the hearts of them into back 40 ειποντες τω Ααρων Ποιησον ήμιν θεους, οί gods, who Make for us saying to the Aaron; προπορευσονται ήμων· δ γαρ Μωυσης ούτος δς us; the for Moses this who shall go before εξηγαγεν ήμας εκ γης Αιγυπτου, ουκ οιδαμεν led out us from land Egypt, not we know τι γεγονεν αυτφ. 41 Και εμοσχοποιησαν εν And what has happened to him. they made a calf ταις ήμεραις εκειναις, και ανηγαγον θυσιαν τφ and offered the days those, a sacrifice to the ειδωλφ, και ευφραινοντο εν τοις εργοις των and rejoiced in the works of the 42 Εστρεψε δε δ χειρων αύτων. deos, of them. Turned and the God παρεδωκεν αυτους λατρευειν τη στρατια του them to serve the host of the gave up ουρανου· καθως γεγραπται εν βιβλω των προ-heaven; as it is written in book of the proproφητων Μη σφαγια και θυσιας προσηνεγκατε did you offer Not victims and sacrifices μοι ετη τεσσαρακοντα εν τη €οημα, OIKOS the house forty in desert, to me years 43 Και ανελαβετε την σκηνην του Ισραηλ; of Israel? And you took up the tabernacle of the Μολοχ και αστρον του θεου ύμων 'Ρεμφαν, τους of the god of you Remphan, the Moloch and τυπους, ούς εποιησατε προσκυνειν αυτοις και images, which you made to worship them; and 44 'H ύμας επεκεινα Βαβυλωνος. μετοικιω Babylon. I will cause to remove you beyond σκηνη του μαρτυριου ην  $\epsilon$ ν τοις πατρασιν ήμων tabernacle of the testimony was with the fathers of us εν τη ερημφ, καθως διεταξατο ὁ λαλων τφ Μωυhe speaking to the Modirected in the desert, ση, ποιησαι αυτην κατα τον τυπον δν έωρακει.

among your BRETHREN, like me.'

38 ‡ This is HE who was in the CONGREGATION in the DESERT, with ‡ THAT ANGEL who SPOKE to him on MOUNT Sinai, and with our FATHERS; ‡ who received the living ‡ Oracles to give to us;

39 to whom ourfathers would not become obedient, but thrust away, and in their hearts turned back into Egypt,

40 ‡ saying to Aabon, 'Make us Gods to go before us; for this Moses, who led us out of the Land of Egypt, we know not what has happened to him.'

41 ‡ And they made a Calf in those DAYS, and offered a Sacrifice to the HOOL, and rejoiced in the WORKS of their own HANDS.

42 ‡ But God turned, and gave them up to serve ‡ the host of heaven; as it is written in the Book of the prophets, ‡ Did you not offer Victims and Sacrifices to me forty Years in the desert, O House of Israel?

43 And yet you took up the TABERNACLE of MOLOCH, and the STAE of the GOD † Remphan, the FIGURES which you made to worship them; I will even cause you to remove beyond † Babylon.?

44 Our fathers had the tabernacle of the testimonyin the desert, as he who spoke to Moses directed him to make it according to the Pattern which he had seen;

her according to the form which he had seen;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-37. Lord-omit. 37. him you shall hear-omit. 43. the

<sup>† 43.</sup> Remphan or Raiphan was the name of the same Idol in Faypt, which was called Chiun in Syria, and represented the planet Saturn. † 43. Both the Septuagint, from which this appears to be a quotation, and the Hebrew, read Damascus, instead of Babylon. Bloomfield thinks it is a marginal reading which has crept into the text.

<sup>† 38.</sup> Exod. xix. 8, 17. † 38. Isa. lxiii. 9; Gal. iii. 19; Heb. ii. 2. † 38. Exod. xxi. 1; Deut. v. 27, 31; xxxlii. 4; John i.e. 7. † 38. Rom. ii. 3. † 40. Exod. xxxii. 1. † 41. Deut. ix. 10; Psa. cvi. 19; † 42. Psa. lxxxi. 12; Ezek. xx. 25, 39; Rom. 1 24; 2 Thess. ii. 11.7. † 42. Deut. iv. 19; xvii. 3; 2 Kings xvii. 10; xxi. 3; Jer. xix. 13. † 42. Amos v. 25, 26., † 44. Exod. xxv. 40; xxvi. 30; Heb. viii. 5.

45 ήν και εισηγαγον διαδεξαμενοι οί πατερες which also brought having received by succession the fathers ημων μετα Ιησου εν τη κατασχεσει των εθνων. with Jesus in to the possession of the nations, ών εξωσεν ό θεος απο προσωπου των πατερων which drove out the God from face ofthe fathers ήμων, έως των ήμερων Δαυιδ. 46 ός εύρε χαριν ofus, till the days of David; who found favor ενωπιον του θεου, και ητησατο εύρειν σκηνωμα in presence of the God, and asked to find a dwelling τω θεω Ιακωβ. 47 Σολομων δε ωκοδομησεν for the God of Jacob. Solomon but 43 Αλλ' ουχ ὁ ὑψιστος εν χειρο-But not the Most High in hand αυτω οικον. for him a house. ποιητοις κατοικει, καθως ό προφητης λεγει the made things dwells, prophet 8.0 49 δ ουρανος μοι θρονος, ή δε γη ύποποδιον των the heaven to me a throne, the and earth a footstool of the ποδων μου. Ποιον οικον οικοδομησετε μοι; What house will you build for me? λεγει κυριος η τις τοπος της καταπαυσεως Lord; or what place of the dwelling μου: 50 Ουχι ή χειρ μου εποιησε ταυτα παντα; of me? Not the hand of me made these things all? 51 Σκληροτραγηλοι, και απεριτμητοι τη καρδια Osuff-necked, and uncircumersed in the hear: και τοις ωσιν' ύμεις αει τω πνευματι τω άγιω and the ears; you always the spirit the αντιπιπτετε, ώς οί πατερες ύμων και ύμεις. fight against, like the fathers of you also you. 52 Τινα των προφητων ουκ εδιωξαν οί πατερες Whichofthe not persecuted the fathers prophets ύμων; και απεκτειναν τους προκαταγγειλαντας otyou? and they killed those having foreto.d περι της ελευσεως του δικαιου, ού νυν ύμεις concerning the coming of the ngateous, of whom now you προδοται και φονεις γεγενησθε· 53 οίτινες ελαbetrayers and murderers bave become; who Βετε τον νομον εις διαταγας αγγελων, και ουκ ceived the law by injunction fmessengers, and εφυλαξατε. 54 Ακουοντες δε ταυτα, διεπριον-Having heard and these things, they were sawn το ταις καρδιας αύτων, και εβρυχον τους οδονthrough the hearts of them, and gnashed the τας επ' αυτον. 55 'Υπαρχων δε πληρης πνευματος Being but full him. OR άγιου, απενισας εις την ουρανον, είδε δοξαν holy, having gazed intently into the heaven, he saw glory

45 ‡ Which also our fa-THERS, having received it by succession, brought in with Joshua into the ros-SESSION of the NATIONS, ‡ whom God drove out before the Face of our fa-THERS, to the DAYS of David;

46 ‡ who found Favor in the sight of God, and ‡ requested to find a Dwelling for the \* God of Jacob.

47 ‡ But Solomon built

for him a House.

48 Yet the most high dwells not in things made with hands; as the Pro-

PHET Says,

49 ‡ HEAVEN is My Throne, and the EARTH my FOOTSTOOL; What House will you build for me? says the Lord; or what is the PLACE of my REST?

50 Has not my HAND made all these things?'

51 O stiff-necked and uncircumcised in HEART and EARS! gou always fight against the HOLY SPIRIT; as your FATHERS did nou also do.

52 t Which of the Prophets did not your fathers persecute? And they killed those who foretold the coming of the righteous one; a whom you now have become Betrayers and Murderers:—

56 ‡ you who received the LAW by Injunctions of Angels, and kept it not."

54 And having heard these things, they were enraged in their HEARTS, and gnashed their TEETH upon him.

55 But being full of holy Spirit, and looking steadily towards HEAVEN, he saw the Glory of God, and Jesus standing at the right hand of GoD.

of God, and Jesus having stood at

θεου, και Ιησουν έστωτα εκ δίζιως του θεου,

of the God,

nght

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 46. HOUSE of Jacob.

<sup>† 45.</sup> Josh. iii. 14.

† 45. Neh. ix. 24; Psa. xliv. 2; Ixxviii. 55; Acts xiii. 19.

† 46. 1 Sam. xvi. 1; 2 Sam. vii. 1; Acts xiii. 12.

† 46. 1 Kings viii. 17; 1 Chron. xvii. 7; Psa. cxxxii. 4, 5.

1 47. 1 Kings vi. 1; viii. 20.

† 48. 1 Kings viii. 27; Acts xvii. 24.

2 49. Matt. v. 34, 35.

1 52. Matt. xxi. 35; xxiii. 84, 37.

2 53. Exod. xx. 1; Gal. iii. 19; Heb. ii. 2.

56 και ειπεν Ιδου, θεωρω τους ουρανους ανεώγ-I see the heavens having been Lo. μενους, και τον υίον του ανθρωπου εκ δεξιων and the son of the man at right έστωτα του θεου. <sup>57</sup> Κραξαντες δε φωνη μεγα-Having cried and with a voice loud, having stood of the God. λη, συνεσχον τα ώτα αύτων, και ώρμησαν they shut up the ears of them, and they ran δμοθυμαδον  $\epsilon \pi$ , αυτον  $^{58}$  και  $\epsilon \kappa \beta$ αλοντες  $\epsilon \xi \omega$ and having cast outside with one mind on him; της πολεως, ελιθοβολουν. Και οί μαρτυρες And the witnesses they stoned. απεθεντο τα ίματια αύτων παρα τους ποδας laid down the mantles of them at the feet νεανιου καλουμενου Σαυλου, <sup>59</sup> και ελιθοβολουν of a young man being called Saul, and they stoned τον Στεφανον, επικαλουμένον και λεγοντα: Stephen, calling upon and saving; 60 OELS Κυριε Ιησου, δεξαι το πνευμα μου. Olord Jesus, do thou receive the breath of me. Having placed δε τα γονατα εκραξε φωνη μεγαλη. Κυριε, μη and the knees he cried out with a voice loud; Olord, not στησης αυτοις την άμαρτιαν ταυτην. Και thou mayest place to them the sin this. And τουτο ειπων, εκοιμηθη. this having said, he fell asleep.

# КЕФ. η'. 8.

1 Σαυλος δε ην συνευδοκων τη αναιρεσει and was consenting to the death Saul Εγενετο δε εν εκεινη τη ήμερα διωγμος αυτου. Was and in that the day a persecution μηγας επι την εκκλησιαν την εν 'Ιεροσολυμοις. great against the congregation that in παντες τε διεσπαρησαν κατα τας χωρας της all and were scattered in the regions of the Ιουδαιας και Σαμαρειας, πλην των αποστολων. apostles. Judea and Samaria, except the <sup>2</sup> Συνεκομισαν δε τον Στεφανον ανδρες ευλαβεις, Buried and the Stephen men και εποιησαντο κοπετον μεγαν επ αυτφ. him. 3 Σαυλος δε ελυμαινετο την εκκλησιαν, κατα but was outraging the congregation, into τους οικους εισπορευομένος, συρών τε ανδρας dragging and the houses entering, men και γυναικας, παρεδιδου εις φυλακην. 4 οί μεν prison; they indeed was delivering up into ουν διασπαρεντες διηλθον, ευαγγελιζομενοι therefore having been scattered wandered about, preaching glad tidings τον λογον. 5 Φιλιππος δε κατελθων εις πολιν Philip and going down into a city της Σαμαρειας, εκηρυσσεν αυτοις τον Χριστον. the Anointed. of the Samaria, proclaimed to them

56 and said, ‡ "Behold, I see the HEAVENS opened, and the son of MAN standing on the right hand of God."

57 And crying out with a loud Voice, they stopped their EARS, and rushed upon him with one accord;

58 and thaving cast him out of the city, they stoned him. And the witnesses laid down their Mantles at the feet of a Young man, named Sau,

59 and they stoned STE-PHEN, as he was invoking and saying, "Lord Jesus, ‡†receive my spirit."

60 And bending his KNEES he cried with a loud Voice, the Lord, place not \* This Sin against them." And having said This, he fell asleep.

### CHAPTER VIIL

- 1 Now ‡ Saul was consenting to his DEATH. And in That DAY there was a great Persecution against THAT CONGREGATION in Jerusalem; and ‡ they were all dispersed through the REGIONS of JUDEA and Samaria, except the APOSTLES.
- 2 And pious Men buried Stephen, and made great Lamentation over him.
- 3 ‡ But Saul ravaged the CONGREGATION, entering HOUSES, and violently seizing Men and Women, he committed them to Prison.
- 4 Then THOSE HAVING BEEN DISPERSED, went about preaching the glad tidings of the WORD.
- 5 And Philip going down to \* the CITY of SAMARIA, proclaimed to them the MESSIAH.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-60. This sin. 5. the city.

<sup>† 59.</sup> Dexai may also be rendered sustain or support. Booth, in his Lexicon of Primitive Greek words, gives this as one of the significations of the word. The prayer of Stephen then would read, "Lord Jesus, sustain my spirit," or "assist me to suffer."

<sup>† 56.</sup> Ezek, i. 1; Matt. iii. 16; Acts x. 11. † 58. 1 Kings xxi. 13; Luke iv. 29; Heb. xiii. 12. † 58. Deut. xiii. 9, 10; xvii. 7. † 59. Luke xxiii. 40. † 60. Matt. 7. 44; Luke vi. 28; xxiii. 34. † 1. Acts vii. 58; xxii. 20. † 1. Acts xi. 19. † 3. Acts vii. 58; ix. 1, 13, 21; xxii. 4; xxvi. 10, 11; 1 Cor. xv. 9; Gal. i. 13; Phil. iii. 6; † Tim. i. 13.

5 Προσειχον τε οί οχλοι τοις λεγομενοις ύπο Assented and the crowds to the things being spoken by του Φιλιππου όμοθυμαδον, εν τφ ακουειν αυτους Philip with one mind, in the to hear και βλεπειν τα σημειο & εποιει. 7 Πολλων γαρ to see the signs which he did. Many for and των εχοντων πνευματα ακαθαρτα, βοωντα φωνη of those possessing spirits unclean, crying with avoice μεγαλη εξηρχετο πολλοι δε παραλελυμενοι came out; many and having been palsied και χωλοι εθεραπευθησαν. 8 Και εγενετο χαρα lame were cured. And was joy μεγαλη εν τη πολει εκεινη.

great in the city that.  $^{9}$  Aunp  $\delta \epsilon$   $\tau$  is, ovorati  $\Sigma_{\iota\mu\omega\nu}$ , proven  $\rho\chi\epsilon\nu$ A man but certain, by name Simon, formerly εν τη πολει, μαγευων, και εξιστων το εθνος in the city, practising magic, and amazing the nation της Σαμαρειας, λεγων ειναι τινα έαυτον μεγαν. of the Samaria, saying to be somebody himself great; 10'ω προσειχον παντες απο μικρου έως μεγαto whom they assented all from least to greatλου, λεγοντες Ούτος εστιν ή δυναμις του θεου This is the power of the God est, saying; 11 Προσειχον δε αυτώ, ή καλουμενη μεγαλη. which is being called great. They attended and to him, δια το ίκανω χρονω ταις μαγειαις εξεστακεναι because that for a long time with the magic arts to have amazed 12 'Οτε δε επιστευσαν τω Φιλιππω autous.

them. When but they believed the Philip ευαγγελιξομενω \*[τα] περι της βασιλειας announcing glad dings [the thin s] concerning the kingdom του θεου και του ονοματος Ιησου Χριστου, of the God and the name of Jesus Anointed,

εβαπτιζ ντο ανδρες τε και γυναικες. 15 °O δε they were dipped men both and women. The and

Σιμων και αυτος επιστευσε, και βαπτισθεις ην Simon and himself believed, and having been dipped he was  $\pi$ ,  $\gamma$ 0 σκαρ $\gamma$ 1 ερων τ $\varphi$  Φιλιππ $\varphi$ 0 θεωρων τε δυναμεις constantly attending to the Philip, beholding and miracles

και σημεία μεγαλα γινομενα, εξιστατο.

and signs great being done, he was amazed.

14 Ακουσαντες δε οἱ εν Ἱεροσολυμοις αποστολοι,

Having heard and the in Jerusalem apostles, δτι δεδεκται ή Σαμαρεια τον λυγον του θεου, that had received the Samaria the word of the God,

απεστειλαν προς αυτους τον Πετρον και Ιωα: they sent to them the Peter and John;

νην· 15 οίτινες καταβαντες προσηυξαντο, περι who having gone down offered prayer concerning αυτων, όπως λαβωσι πνευμα άγιον. 16 (Ουπω

αυτων, όπως λαβωσι πνευμα άγιον. 16 (Ουπω them, so that they might receive spirit holy. (Not yet

6 And the Crowds with one mind attended to the THINGS SPOKEN by PHILIP, as they HEARD and saw the SIGNS which he performed.

7 ‡ For many of THOSE POSSESSING impure Spirits, crying with a loud Voice, were dispossessed, and many paralytic and lame persons were cured.

8 And there was Much

Joy in that CITY.

Now a certain man, named Simon, came before into the CITY ‡ using magic, and astonishing the NATION of SAMARIA, ‡ saying that he himself was somebody great;

10 to whom all attended, from the least to the greatest, saying, "This is THAT which is CALLED the GREAT POWER of GOD."

11 And to him they gave heed, because that for a Long Time he had astonished them with his MAGIC ARTS.

12 But when they believed Philip announcing glad didings t concerning the KINGDOM of GOD, and the NAME of Jesus Christ, they were immersed, both Men and Women.

13 And SIMON himself also believed; and having been immersed, he was constantly attending to PHILIP; and beholding the \*signs and great Miracles which were performed, he was astonished.

14 And the APOSTLES in Jerusalem having heard That SAMARIA had received the WORD of GOD, sent to them PETER and John:

15 who, having gone down, prayed for them that they might receive the holy Spirit;

16 ‡ for it was not yet fallen on any of them; but they had only ‡ been im-

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—8. Much Joy, and great Miraeles.

ε βεβαπτισμένοι ύπηρχον είς το ονόμα του the having been dipped they were into the name of the kupiou Ιησου.)

17 Τοτε επετίθουν τας χειρας Then they placed the Lord Jesus.) επ' αυτους, και ελαμβανον πνευμα άγιον.

them, and they received spirit 18 Ιδων δε ό Σιμων, ότι δια της επιθεσεως Having seen and the Simon, that through the placing on των χειρων των αποστολων διδοται το πνευμα was given the spirit of the hands of the apostles 19 λ€το άγιον, προσηνεγκεν αυτοις χρηματα, saythe holy, he offered to them money, γων. Δοτε καμοιτην εξουσιαν ταυτην, ίνα ing; Give you also to me the authority this, that to whomεαν επιθω τας χειρας, λαμβανη πνευμα άγιον.

20 Πετρος δε ειπε προς αυτον. Το αργυριον σου Peter but said to him; The silver of thee συν σοι ειη εις απωλειαν ότι την δωρεαν του with thee may be into destruction; because the gift θεου ενομισας δια χρηματων κτασθαι.
God thou hast thought with money to buy. εστι σοι μερις ουδε κληρος εν τφ λογφ τουτφ. lot in the word this; is to thee a part nor η γαρ καρδια σου ουκ εστιν ευθεια εναντι του

the for heart of thee not is right before 22 Μετανοησον ουν απο της κακιας σου Deov. Do thou reform therefore from the wickedness of thee God. ταυτης, και δεηθητι του  $\theta$ εου, ει αρα αφεθηthis, and entreat of the God, if indeed may be may be 23 E 15 σεται σοι ή επινοια της καρδιας σου. of thee. forgiven to theethe thought of the heart

γαρ χολην πικριας και συνδεσμον αδικιας όρω for a gall of bitterness and a bond of wickedness I see  $\sigma \in o\nu \tau \alpha$ . <sup>24</sup> Αποκριθεις δε δ Σιμων ειπε· Δεη-Answering and the Simon said; Entreat thee being. θητε ύμεις ύπερ εμου προς τον κυριον, όπως you in behalf of me to the lord, that

μηδεν επελθη επ' εμε ών ειρηκατε. μεν nothing may come on me of which you have spoken. They indeed διαμαρτυραμενοι και λαλησαντες therefore having earnestly testified and having spoken λογων του κυριου, ύπεστρεψαν εις Ίερουσαλημ, turned back for Jerusalem,

word of the lord. πολλας τε κωμας των Σαμαρειτων ευηγγελιannounced and villages of the Samaritans many

σαντο. glad tidings

26 Αγγελος δε κυριου ελαλησε προς Φιλιππου, spoke Philip, to A messenger and of a lord

λεγων Αναστηθι, και πορευοι κατα μεσημtowards south, Do thou arise, and go saying;

βριαν, επι την όδον την καταβαινουσαν απο from leading down way that the

Ίερουσαλημ εις Γαζαν. αύτη εστιν ερημος. is desert. Gazag this to

7 Και αναστας επορευθη· και ιδου, ανηρ Αιθιού he went; and behold, an and lo, Andhaving arisen he went;

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. SPIRIT was given. 16. Acts x. 48; xix. 5. \$ 17. Acts xix. 6. \$ 20. Acts x. 45; xi. 17. b. xii. 15. \$ 24. Gen. xx. 7. 17. Exod. viii. 8; Num. xxi. 7; 1 Kings xiii. 6 20. Acts x. 45; xi. 17.

22. the Lord, if.

17 Then they placed their HANDS on them, and they received the holy Spirit.

mersed into the 1 NAME OF

the LORD Jesus.

18 And SIMON seeing That through the IMPOSI. TION of the HANDS of the APOSTLES, the \* SPIRIT was given, he offered them Money,

19 saying, "Give me also this AUTHORITY, that on whom I place my HANDS, he may receive the

holy Spirit."

20 But PETER said to him, "May thy SILVER go to Destruction with thee, Because thou hast thought to buy the GIFT of GOD with Money.

21 Thou hast no Part nor Lot in this THING; for thy HEART is not right

before GoD.

22 Reform, therefore, from this thy WICKED-NESS, and entreat \* the LORD, if perhaps the THOUGHT of thine HEART may be forgiven thee;

23 for I see that thou art in the Gall of Bitterness, and in the Bond of

Wickedness."

24 And SIMON answering, said, 1" Entreat you the Lord in my behalf, that nothing of which you have spoken may come on me."

25 Then THEY, having fully testified and spoken the word of the LORD, turned back for Jerusalem, and announced the glad tidings in Many Villages of the SAMARITANS.

26 And an Angel of the Lord spoke to Philip, saying, "Arise, and go towards the South, by THAT ROAD LEADING DOWN from Jerusalem to Gaza;" this is a Desert.

27 And having arisen, a man of Ethiopia Ethiopian Eunuch, a Gran-

ξυνουχος, δυναστης Κανδακης της βασιλισσης of Candace of the queen a grandee Αιθιοπων, δε ην επι πασης της γαίης αυτης δε of Ethiopiaus, who was over all the treasure of her; who εληλυθει προσκυνησων εις Ίερουσαλημ, 28 ην worshipping had come 10 Jerusalem, τε ύποστρεφων και καθημενος επι του άρματος returning and sitting in the chariot αύτου, και ανεγινωσκε τον προφητην 'Ησαιαν. of hunself, and wa reading the prophet Ειπε δε το πνευμα τω Φιλιππω. Προσελθε, Said and the spirit to the Philip: Go thou near, 30 Προσδρακαι κολληθητι τω άρματι τουτω. nd bejoined to the chariot Running μων δε δ Φιλιππος ηκουσεν αυτου αναγινωσκονand the Philip heard him reading TOS ΤΟΥ π. την 'Ησαιαν, και ειπεν' Αραγε the prophet Isanh, and said. Truy γινωσκεις, α ανα ινωκεις; 21 'Ο δε ειπε Πως understandes thou, she thou readest. He but said; γαρ αν δυναιμην, εαν μη τις όδηγηση for should I be able, if n tsomcome should guide Παρεκαλεσε τε τον Φιλ.ππον, αναβαντα καθι-The and portion of the writing. σαι συν αυτφ. with hun. ην συετινωσκει, ην αυ η 'Ως προβωτον επι σφαγην : χθη, και ώς αμνώς εναιτιού του κειwas led, and as . 2111 befor ροντος αυτον αφωνος, ούτως ουκ ωνοιγει το is cumb, so shearing him BO: he opens the Εν τη ταπεινωσει αυτιυ ή στομα αύτου. In the low estate -fhim the of himself. κρισις αύτου ηρθη την δε γενεαν αυτου τις udgment of himself was taxen away; the and muerati . διηγησεται; ότι αιρεται απο της γης ή ζωη shall declare? because is takenaw from the earth the QUTOU.  $34 \, \text{A} \pi \epsilon \kappa \gamma i \theta \epsilon i s \delta \epsilon$ ευνουχος τω Φιλιπcunuch to the Philip -fhim. Ausweilug butt ... πφ είπε Δεομαί σου, περί τίνος ο προφητης said; I beseech the concerning whom the prophet prophes λεγει τουτ ; περι εαυτου, περι έτερου this? concerning houself, or concerning another τινος: 35 Ανοιξ · δε δ Φιλιππ ς τ. στομα Having oper, d and the L'hilip the mouth αύτου, και αρξαμεν · απο της γραφης ταυτης, of himself, and having begun fr the writing ευηγγελισατο αυτώ τον Ιησουν. Δε δε εποannounced glad tidings to him the esus. ... and they ρευοντο κατα την όδον, ηλυον επι τι νόωρ και way, they me toa ertain mater and were going in φησιν δ ευνουχος. Ιδου ύδωρ. τι κωλυει με hinders my being immerwater what hinders said the eunuch Lo

dee of Candace, \* Queen of the Ethiopians, who was over All her TREASURE. and who had come to worship at Jerusalem.

28 was returning, and sitting in his CHARIOT he was reading the PROPHET

Isaiah.

29 And the SPIRIT said to PHILIP, " Approach and join thyself to this CHABIOT."

80 And PHILIP running sonward heard him reading \* Isaiah the PROPHET. and he said, "Dost thou indeed understand what thou art reading ?"

SI And HE said, "How can I, unless some one should guide me?" And he requested PHILIP to come up and sic with him.

32 Now the PORTION of the SCRIPTURE which he was reading was this, t" As a Sincep he was ted to Slaughter, and like a "Lamb before the SHLAR. "Ek is dumb, so no opens "not his mouth.

33 "In "his HUMILIA-"TION DISJUDGMENT WAS "taken away; and who "will tell of his GENERA" "TION? Because his "LIFE is taken from the "EABTH "

34 And the EUNUCH answering Philip, said. "I beseech thee, of whom speaks the PROPHET this —of himself, or of some other person."

35 Then PHILIP opening his MOUTH, ‡ and beginning from this scrip-TURE, announced the glad tidings o. Jesus to him.

36 And as they were going on the ROAD, they came to a Certain Water and the EUNUCH said "Behold, Water I twhat me | sed ?" +

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. Queen.

<sup>80.</sup> Isaiah the PROPHET, and said.

<sup>† 86.</sup> Verse 37 of the common version is spurious. It is not found in the Vatican MS, nor in the ancient Syriae Griesbach rejects it; and it is cancelled or rejected by Grotius Mil, Wetstein, Pearce, Tittman, Knapp, Lachmann, Tischendorf, and others.

Captioθηναι; 88 Au εκελευσε στηναι το άρμας to edipped?

And be ordered to stand the chariot; και κατεβησαν αμφοτεροι εις το ύδωρ ό, τε and they wen, down both into the water the, both μλιππος και δεγνουχος και εβαπτισεν αυτον.

Philip and the enunch; and hedipped him.

39 Οτε δε ανεβησαν εκ του ύδατος, πνευμα.
When and they came up out of the water, spirit κυρι υ ήρπασε του Φιλιππου KAL OUR ELDEN the flord seized Philip. and 40t αυτον ουκετι ε ευνουχος επορευετο γαρ ην him no longer the cunuch: he went 40 Φιλιππος δε εύρεθη εις όδον αύτου χαιρων.
way of himself rejoicing. but was found into Philip και διεοχομενος ευηγγελι(ετο τας AC TOVº Azctus. passing through he announced gladtidings the and πολεις πασας, έως του ελθειν αυτον εις Καισαtill of the to come him into ρειαν. rea.

## КЕФ. θ'. 9.

1 O de Σαυλος ετι εμπνεων απειλης και
The and Sau till breathing of threatening and φονου εις τους μαθητας του κυριοι, προσελθων slang to to each the disciples of the Lord, coming to apxiepei, nthough the desired from him letters εις Δαμασκου προς τας συναγωγας, ό-ως εαν to synagogues, that Damascu." the τινας εύρη της δδου οντας, ανδρας τε και any hemin and of the way being, men both and γυναικας, δεδεμενους αγαγη εις Ίερουσαλημω women, having been bound he might lead into Jerusalem. 3 Εν δε τφ πορευεσθαι, εγενετο αυτον εγγιζειν him In and the togo: came to draw near τη Δαμασκώ και εξαιφνης περιηστραψεν αυτον to the Damascus and suddenly flashed around him φως απο του ουρανου. 4 και πεσων επι την γην, alight from the heaven; and having fallen to the earth. ηκουσε φωνην λεγουσαν αυτω. Σαουλ, Σαουλ. he heard avoice saying to him: Saul, Saul, τι με διωκεις: <sup>5</sup>Ειπε δε τις ει, κυριε; The why medost thou persecute He said and: who art thou, O lord. δε κυριος ειπεν. Εγω ειμι Ιησους δν συ and Lord said, I am Jesus whom thou Jesus whom thou persecuκεις. 6 αλλα αναστήθι και εισλθε εις την πολιν, but stand thou up and onter into the test: λαληθησεται σοι τι σε δει ποιειν.
it shall be told to thee what thee it is necessary to do. MOLELV. Kat and 7 Οί θε ανδρες οί συνοδευοντες αυτώ, ειστηκει-The and men those traveling with him, σαν εννεοι, ακουοντες μεν της φωνης, μηδενα dumb, hearing indeed the voice, no one δε θεωρουντες. 8 Ηγερθη δε δ Σαυλος απο της Arose andthe Saul from the ανεφγμενων δε των οφθαλμων αυτου, yns. eyes earth; having been opened and the of him.

38 And he ordered the CHARIOT to stop; and the both went down into the WATER, both PHILIP and the EUNUCH, and he mersed him.

39 And when they came np out of the WATER, the Spirit of the Lord seized PHILIP; and the EUNUCH saw him no more, for he went \* His way rejoicing.

40 Philip, however; was found at Azotus; and passing through, he aunounced the glad tidings in all the CITIES, till he CAME to Cesare.

### CHAPTER IX.

1 And † Saul, still breathing out Threatenings and Slaughter against the DISCIPLES of the LORD, proceeding to the HIGH-PRIEST.

2 asked from him Letters to the SYNAGOGUES at Jamascus, that if he should find Any o. 2 hat RELIGION, whether Aen or Women, his might bring them bound to Jerusalem.

8 And she was going ALONG, he came near to DAMASCUS; and suddenly a Light from HEAVEN flashed around him

4 and having fallen to the EARTH, he heard a Voice saying to him, "Saul, Saul, why dost thou persecute Me!"

5 And he said, "Who art thou, Sir?" And \*Hr said, "I am Jesus whom thou persecutest.

6 But arise, and go into the ciry, and it shall be told thee what thou must do."

7 And THOSE MEN traveling with him, stood speechless, hearing indeed the VOICE, but seeing no one.

8 And Saul arose from the FARTH; and his EYES having been opened, he

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-39. HIS WAY. 5. HE

<sup>1 39. 1</sup> Kings xviii. 12; 2 Kings ii. 16; Ezek. iii. 12, 14. 1. Acts viii. 3; Gal. i. 13 1 Tim. i. 13. 12. Acts xix. 9, 23. 18. Acts xxii. 6; xxvi. 12. 14. Matta xxv. 40. 17. Dan. x. 7; Acts xxii. 9; xxvi. 18.

υνδενα εβλεπε· χειραγωγουντες δε αυτον εισηno one he saw; leading by the hand and him they 
γαγον εις  $\Delta$ αμασκον·  $^{9}$  και ην  $^{9}$ μερας τρεις μη 
le' into Damascus; and he was days three not βλεπων και ουκ εφαίνεν, ουδε επιτ. seeing; and not ute, nor

10 Ην δε τις μαθητης εν Δαμασκφ ονοματι Was and a certain disciple in Damascus by name by name Ανανιας, και ειπε προς αυτον δ κυριος εν δρα-Ananias, and said to him the Lord ματι Ανανια. 'Ο δε ειπεν Ιδου εγω, κυριε. He and said; Lo I, Ananias. O lord. 11 'Ο δε κυριος προς αυτον. Αναστας πορευθητι him; laving arisen The and Lord to go thou επι την δυμην την καλουμενην ευθειαν, και to the street that being called Straight, and ζητησον εν οικια Ιουδα Σαυλον νοματι, Ταρseek for in house of Judas Saul by name, of Tarσεα· ιδου γαρ προσευχεται, 12 και ειδεν εν δρα-sus; lo for he prays, and saw in a ματι ανδρα ονοματι Ανανιαν, ει ελθοντα καν vision a mai by name Anatias, having come in and επιθέντα αυτ $\gamma$  χειρα, δπως  $\gamma$  εβλεψη.  $^{13}$  Απεκhaving placed to him a hand, that he might receive sight. ριθη δε Ανανιας. Κυριε, ακηκοα απο πολλων Ananias; Olor: I hav heard from man; περι του ανδρος τουτου, όσα κακα εποιηconcerning the man this, what things bad he did τε τοις άγιοις σου εν Ίερουσαλημ. 14 Και ώδto the saints of thee in Jerusalem. And ere εχει εξουσιαν παρα των αρχιερεων, δησαι παν he has authority from the high-priests, to bind ali 15 Eιπε τας τους επικαλουμένους το ονομά σου. the name of thee. those calling upon δε προς αυτον δ κυριος. Πορευου, ότι σκευος him the Lord. Go thou because a vessel εκλογης μοι εστιν ούτος, του βαστασαι το ονοchosen to me is this, of the to bear μα μου ενωπιον εθνών, και βαπιλεων, υίων τε before accione, and kings, sons and 16 Εγω γαρ ύποδειξω αυτω, Ισραηλ. δσα

it behaves him in behalf of the name of me to suffer. 17  $A\pi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon$   $\delta\epsilon$  Avavias  $\kappa\alpha\iota$   $\epsilon\iota\sigma\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$   $\epsilon\iota s$   $\tau$   $\nu$ Went away and ...nanias and entered into the ικιαν· και επιθεις επ' άυτον τας χειρας, €ITTE" house, and having placed on him the hands, he said; Σαουλ αδελφε, δ κυριος απεσπαλκε με, (Ιησους

Saul Obrother, the Lord hassent me, (J sus

saw No one; but leading him by the hand they conducted him to Damascus.

9 And he was three Days without sight, and neither ate nor drank.

10 Now there was in Damascus a certain Disciple, I named Ananias; and the LORD said to him in a Vision, "Ananias." And не said, "Behold, I am here, Lord."

11 And the LORD said to him, "Arise, and go into † THAT STREET which is CALLED Straight, and inquire in the house of Judas, for I a man of + Tarsus, named Saul: for Leh. ld, he is praying, 12 and has seen in a

Visi n a Man, named Anarias, entering, and laying his \* HANDS on him, that he might recover

sight."

13 And Ananias answered, "Lord, I have heard from many concerning this MAN, how much Evil Le has done to thy S. INTS in erusalem:

14 and here, he has Au thority from the HIGH-PRIESTS to bind ALL who INVOKE thy NAME."

15 But the LORD said to him, "Go; Because he is to me ‡a chosen Vessel. to BHAR my NAME before Nations, and \* Kings, and Sons of Israel;

16 of t will point ou. to him what things ho must suffer in behalf of my NAME."

77 And Ananias d parted, and entered th HOUSE, and placing his I NDS on him, said, "Brother Saul, the LORD sent me, eve: THAT Jesus who

αυτον ύπερ του

of Israel.

for will point out to him, whatthings

ονοματος μου παθείν.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. HANDS on him.

<sup>13.</sup> also Kings.

<sup>† 11.</sup> This street has continued under the same name to the present day. It runs in 3 direct line from the eastern to the western gate, a distance of three miles. † 11. Tarsus, was the capital of Cilicia, situated on the banks of the Caidus, which flowed through the midst of it. It is now called Tarauso. As a seat of learning, it ranked with Atlens and Alexandria. Its inhabitants, in the time of Julius Cesar, were endowed with all the privileges of Roman citizens.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Acts xxii. 12. † 11. Act xxii. 16; 1 Cor. i. 2; 2 Tim. ii. 22. Eph. iii. 7, 8. † 16. 2 Cor. xi. 23. † 11. Acts xxi. 39; xxii. 3. 1 14. Acts vii. 59; verse 21; 1 15. Acts xiii. 2; xxii. 21; xxvi. 17; Rom. 4. 1;

δ οφθεις σοι εν τη οδω 'η ηρχοι,) όπως αναhe naving appeared to thee in the way in which thou camest, that και πλησθης πνευματος άγιου. 18Και βλεψης. mayest receive sight, and mayest be filled of spirit holy. And ευθεως απεπεσον απο των οφθαλμων αυτου immediately fell from the eyes of him ώσει λεπιδες, ανεβλεψε τε και αναστας εβαπas it were scales, he recovered sight and; and having arisen he was τισθη. 19 Και λαβων τροφην ενισχυσεν. Εγεν-And having taken food he was strengthened. dipped. ετο δε μετα των εν Δαμασκφ μαθητων ήμερας with the in Damascus disciples days  $^{20}$  Kai  $\varepsilon v\theta \varepsilon \omega s$   $\varepsilon v$   $\tau \alpha is$   $\sigma v \nu \alpha \gamma \omega \gamma \alpha is$ was and TIVas. And immediately in the several. synagogues εκηρυσσε τον Ιησουν, ότι ούτος εστιν ὁ υίος that this he proclaimed the Jesus, is the son του θεου. 21 Εξισταντο δε παντες οί ακουοντες, of the God. Were amazed and all those having heard, και ελεγον. Ουχ ούτος εστιν ό πορθησας εν and Not this is the one having wasted in said: Ιερουπαλημ τους επικαλουμένους το ονομα those calling upon the τουτο; και ώδε εις τουτο εληλυθει, ίνα δεδεand here for had come, thisp this that having μενους αυτους αγαγη επι τους αρχιερεις. them he might lead to the high-priests. 22 Σαυλος δε μαλλον ενεδυναμουτο, και συνεbut more was strenghtened, and perplexed χυνε τους Ιουδαιους του κατοικουντας εν Δαin Jews those dwelling μασκώ, συμβιβαζων, ότι ούτος εστιν ό Χριστος. mascus, that this is the Anointed. proving 23 'Ως δε επληρουντο ήμεραι ίκαναι, συνεβου-When and were fulfilled days many, λευσαντο οί Ιουδαιοι ανελειν αυτον. 24 εγνωσθη to kill him; was made known together the Jews δε τω Σαυλφ ή επιβουλη αυτων παρετηρουν but to the Saul the plot of them; they were watching τε τας πυλας ήμερας τε και νυκτος, όπως αυτον both and night, and the gates day 25 Λαβοντες δε αυτον οί μαθηται ανελωσι. they might kill. Having taken but him the disciples νυκτος, κατηκαν δια του τειχους, χαλασαντες by night, they let down through the wall, lowering εν σπυριδι. 26 Παραγενομενος δε εις Ίερουσα-Having come and into Jerusalem, a basket. ληκ, επειρατο κολλασθαι τοις μαθηταις και to unite himself to the he tried disciples; παντες εφοβουντο αυτον, μη πιστευοντες ότι not believing that feared him,

APPEARED to thee on the the BOAD in which thou camest, in order that thou mayest receive sight, and be filled with holy Spirit.

18 And immediately something fell from \* His EYES, like Scales, and he recovered sight; and rising up, he was immersed.

19 And having received Food he was strenghtened: and was with the DISCIPLES in Damascus several

20 And immediately in the SYNAGOGUES he proclaimed JESUS, That \$3 is the SON of GOD.

21 But ALL who heard him were astonished, and said, ‡"Is not his HE who in Jerusalem spread DESOLATION anion; THFM who CALL on this NAME, and had come here for this purpose, that he might lead them bound to the h'GH-PRIESTS?"

22 But Saul increased more in power, ‡ and \* erplexed THOSE Jews DWALLING IN Damascus, demostrating That this is the Messiah.

28 And when † many Days were fulfilled, ‡ the JEWS conspired to kill

him;
24 but their PLOT was
made known to Saul. And
they \* also watched the
GATES both Day and Night,
that they might murder
him.

25 But the DISCIPLES took him by Night, and through the WALL lowered him down in a Basket.

26 ‡ And having come to Jerusalem he attempted to associate with the DISCIPLES; but they all feared him, not believing That he was a Disciple.

27 But Barnabas taking

εστι μαθητης.

heis

a disciple.

27 BasvaBas δε

Barnabas but

επιλαβομενος

having taken

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—18. His eyes. 24. also watched the gates.

<sup>22.</sup> perplexed those Jews dwelling.

<sup>24.</sup> also watched the GATES.

† 23. The many days here alluded to, probably included the three years mentioned by Paul in Gal. 1. 13, during which he preached in Damascus and visited Arabia.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Acts viii. 3: verse 1; Gal. i. 13, 23. † 22. Acts xviii. 28. † 23. Acts xxii. 12; xxv. 3, 2 Cor. xi. 26. † 25. Josh, ii. 15; 1 Sam. xix. 12; 2 Cor. xi. 33. † 26. Acts xxii. 17; Gal. i. 17, 16.

αυτον, ηγαγε προς τους αποστολους, και διηbrought to the apostles, and TOγησατο αυτοις, πως εν τη δδφ ειδε τον κυριον, to them, how in the way he saw the Lord, και ότι ελαλησεν αυτώ, και πως εν Δαμασκφ and that he spoke to him, and how in Damascus επαρδησιασατο εν τω ονοματι του Ιησου. 28 Και he spoke boldly in the name of the Jesus, ην μετ' αυτων εισπορευομένος και εκπορευομένος he was with them coming in and going out εν Ιερουσαλημ, \* [και] παρβησιαζομενος εν τφ in Jerusalem, [and] ερνακίης boldly ονοματι του κυρίου \*[Ιησου.] 29 the 29 Exales TE [Jesus.] He spoke name of the Lord Έλληνιστας οί δε και συνε(ητει προς τους and contended with the Hellenists; they but 30 Επιγνοντες δε οί επεχειρουν αυτον ανελειν. to kill. took in hand him Having known but the αδελφοι κατηγαγον αυτον εις Καισαρειαν, και Cenarea, brethren they brought down him to 31 Αί μεν ουν εξωπεστειλαν αυτον εις Ταρσον. him into Tarsus. sent away The indeed then εκκλησιαι καθ' όλης της Ιουδαιας και Γαλιλαιας whole of the Judea congregations in and και Σαμαρείας είχον ειρηνην, οικοδεμουμέναι and had peace, being built up Samaria και πορευομέναι τω φοβώ του κυριου και τη proceeding in the fear of the Lord and the and παρακλησει του άγιου πνευματος, επληθυνοντο.

consolation of the holy spirit, were multipled. Εγενετο δε Πετρον, διερχομενον δια παν-It happened and Peter, through all, Passing των, κατελθειν και προς τους άγιους τους to have gone down also to the saints those 33 Εύρε δε εκει ανθρωκατοικουντας Λυδδαν. He found and there dwelling Lydda. a man πον τινα Αινεαν ονοματι, εξ ετων οκτω καταcertain Eneas by name, from years eight κειμενον επι κραββατφ, ός ην παραλελυμενος. land in bed, who was a paralytic. 34 Και ειπεν αυτω δ Πετρος· Αινεα, ιαται σε

And said to him the Peter; Eneas, cures thee Ιησους δ Χριστος αναστηθι, και στρωσον σε-Jesus the Anounted; arise thou, and make the bed 35 Και ειδον αυτον Και ευθεως ανεστη. thyself. And immediately he arose. And ROSE παντες οί κατοικουντες Λυδδαν και τον Σαρωνα, those dwelling Lydda and the all Saron, οίτινες επεστρεψαν επι τον κυριον. <sup>36</sup> Εν Ιοπturned to the Lord. In πη δε τις ην μαθητρια ονοματι Ταβιθα, ή διερ-

πη δε τις ην μαθητρια ονοματι Ταβιθα, ή διερps andcertain was a female disciple by name Tabitha, which being μηνευομένη λεγεται Δορκάς αύτη ην πληρης translated is called Dorcas; she was full

translated is called Dorcas; she was full αγαθων εργων και ελεημοσυνων ών εποιει, of good works and of alms which she did.

him, conducted him to the APOSTLES, and related to them how he saw the LORD on the BOAD, and That he spoke to him, and how he 1 spoke publicly in Damascus in the NAME of JESUS.

28 1 And he was with

28 ‡ And he was with them coming in and going out at Jerusalem, speaking publicly in the NAME of

the LORD.

29 And he spoke and disputed with the Hellenists; ‡ they however un dertook to kill him.

30 But the BRETHREN having been informed of it, conducted him to Cesarca, and sent him to Tar-

31 Then the \*CHURCE had Peace in All JUDE/ and Galilee, and Samaria and being built up, and walking in the FEAR of the Lord, and in the admonition of the HOLY Spirit, was increased.\*

32 And Peter, passing through all places, happened to go down also to those saints DWELLING at Lydda.

33 And he found a certain Man named Eneas, who, being palsied, had lain on a bed for eight Years.

34 And Peter said to him, "Eneas, ‡Jesus the Messiah, restores thee; arise, and make the bed for thyself." And he instantly arose.

35 And ALL THOSE DWELLING in Lydda and Sharon saw him; ‡ and they turned to the Lord

36 And there was in Jota pa a Certain female Disciple named † Tabitha, (which being translated signifies Dorcas;) she was full of good Works and Charities which she did.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-28. and-omit.

<sup>28.</sup> Jesus-omit.

<sup>81.</sup> the снивси.

<sup>31.</sup> was increased.
† 36. Tabitha, is a Syria word, and Dorcas a Greek word, both signifying an antelope.
† The name here is expressive of beauty; as "antelopes are particularly remarkable for their beautiful eyes." See Parkhurst.

37 Εγενετο δε εν ταις ήμεραις εκειναις ασθενη-It happened and in the days those having σασαν αυτην αποθανειν λουσαντες δε \* [αντην] been sick her to have died; having washed and [her] been sick ner to nave the α, he are the set of the set τη Ιοππη, οί μαθηται ακουσαντες ότι Πετρος to the Joppa, the disciples having heard that Peter εστιν εν αυτη, απεστειλεν δυο ανδρας προς sent two men αυτον, παρακαλουντες μη οκνησαι διελθειν έως entreating not to delay to come over to αυτων. 39 Αναστας δε Πετρος συνηλθεν αυτοις· them. Having arisen and Peter came with όν παραγενομενον ανηγαγον εις το ὑπερωον, whom having come they led into the upper room, και παρεστησαν αυτφ πασαι αί χηραι κλαιουweeping, and stood beside him all the widows σαι, και επιδεικνυμεναι χιτωνας και ίματια, and showing tunics and mantles, όσα εποιει μετ αυτων ουσα ή Δορκας. as many as she made with them being the Dorcas. 40 Εκβαλων δε εξω παντας δ Πετρος, DELS Having put and out all the Peter, having placed τα γονατα προσηυξατο και επιστρεψας προς he prayed; and having turned to  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon$  Ta $\beta \iota \theta \alpha$ , ava $\sigma \tau \eta \theta \iota$ . H  $\delta \epsilon$ knees  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon$   $T \alpha \beta \iota \theta \alpha$ ,  $\alpha \nu \alpha \sigma \tau \eta \theta \iota$ . H  $\delta \epsilon$  said; Tabitha, do thou arise. She and το σωμα, body, said; ηνοιξε τους οφθαλμους αύτης και ιδουσα τον ηνοιξε τους οφοική ορεπες of herself; and become opened the eyes of herself; and become Πετρον, ανεκαθισε. 41 Δους δε αυτη χειρα, Having given and to her a hand, ανεστησεν αυτην φωνησας δε τους άγιους και he raised her: having called and the saints

## КЕФ. 1. 10.

1 Ανηρ δε τις εν Καισαρεια, ονοματι ΚορνηΑ man and certain in Cesarea, by name Corneλιος, εκατονταρζης εκ σπειρης της καλουμενης
βίως, a centurion of a cohort that being called
Ιταλικης, <sup>2</sup> ευσεβης και φοβουμενος τον θεον
Ιταlian, pions and fearing the God
συν παντι τφ οικφ αύτου, ποιων <sup>\*</sup> [τε] ελεημοwith all the house of himself, doing [and] alms
συνας πολλας τφ λαφ, και δεομενος του θεον
many to the people, and praying of the
God
διαπαντος <sup>3</sup> ειδεν εν δραματι φανερως, ώσει
always; he saw in a vision clearly, about

37 And it happened in those DAYS, that she was sick and died; and having washed they placed her in an upper room.

38 Now Lydda being near to Joppa, and the disciples having heard. That Peter was there, sent Two Men to him entreating, \*"Do not delay to come over to us."

S9 And Peter arose and went with them; and having arrived they conducted him to the UPPER ROOM; and All the WIDOWS stood beside him weeping, and showing the Tunics and Mantles which Done's made, while she was with them.

40 But Peter ‡ putting them all out, kneeleddown and prayed; and turning to the Body, ‡ he said, "Tabitha, arise!" And she opened her eyes; and beholding Peter, she sat up.

41 And giving her his Hand, he raised her; and having called the SAINTS and WIDOWS, he presented her living.

42 And it became known through All \* Joppa; and † many believed in the Lord.

43 And it occurred, he continued many DAYS in Joppa, with One ‡ Simon a Tanner.

#### CHAPTER X

1 And a certain Man in Cesarea, named Cornelius, a Centurion of THAT Cohort CALLED the Italian,

2 tapious man, and one fearing God with All his HOUSE, doing many Charities for the PEOPLE, and praying to God always,

ώσει 3 ‡ saw distinctly in a vision, \*about the ninth

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—37. her—omit.
2. Joppa. 2. and—omit. 3. as if about.

<sup>† 40.</sup> Matt. ix. 25. † 40. Mark v. 41, 42; John xi. 43. † 42. John xi. 45; xii. 12. † 43. Acts x. 6. † 2. verse 22. † 3. verse 36; xi. 13.

ύραν εννατην της ήμερας, αγγελον του θεου hour ninth of the day. a messenger of the God εισελθοντα πρυς αυτον. και ειποντα αυτώ. having come him, and saying to him; to 4 '0 KOOVNAIE.  $\delta \epsilon$ ατενισας QUTG Kal He andhaving looked steadily to him O Cornelius. and εμφοβος γενομενος, ειπε· Τι εστι,
afraid becoming, be said, What is it, KUDIE; Osir? Ειπε δε αυτφ. Αί προσευχαι σου και αί ελεη-He said and to him; The prayers of thee and the alms μοσυναι σου ανεβησαν εις μνημοσυνον ενωπιον for of thee went up a memorial 5 Και νυν πεμψον εις Ιοππην ανδρας, TOU BEOU. And now send into Joppa the God. men, και μεταπεμψαι Σιμωνα, δς επικαλειται Πετρος. send after Simon, who is surnamed 6 ούτος ξενιζεται παρα τινι Σιμωνι βυρσει, lodges with one Simon atanner, towhom 7 'Ως δε απηλθεν εστιν οικια παρα θαλασσαν. is a house by sea. When and went away δαγγέλος, δ λαλων αυτω, φωνησας δυο των the messenger, that speaking to him, having called two of the οικετων αύτου, και στρατιωτην ευσεβη των house servants of himself, and a soldier prous of those σροσκαρτερουντων αυτφ, 8 και εξηγησαμενος constantly attending him, and having related autois amanta, amegreilen autous eis thu all things, hesent them into In Ee Ιοππην. ET. W, LOV, δδοιπορουντων On the and morr. w, pursuing the journey εκεινων, και τη πολει εγγιζοντων, ανεβη Πετof them, and to the city drawing near, went up εκι το δωμα προσευξασθαι, περι ώραν 200 ter to the roo to pray, about hour έκτην. Σγενενο δε προσπείνος, και ηθελε H becam an very hungry, and γευσασθαι παρασπεριζοντων δε εκεινων, επεmakin : nad, and of them, πεσεν επ' αυτον εκστασις,  $^{11}$ κα. θεωρει τον ουραa trimee, and he beholds the heaven νον ανεφγμενον, και καταβαινον σκευος τι ώς having been opened, and coming down a vessel certainlike οθονην μεγαλην, τεσσαρσιν αρχαις δεδεμενων, great, four a sheet ends having been bound, και καθιεμένον επι της γης 12 εν φ ύπηρχε and being lowered down to the earth; in which παντα τα τετραποδα της γης και τα θηρια και all thefour-footed beasts of the earth and the wild beasts and τα ερπετα και τα πετεινα του ουρανου<sup>. 13</sup> και the creeping things and the birds of the heaven; εγενετο φωνη προς αυτον Αναστας, Πετρε, a vuice to him; Having arisen, O Peter, 14 Ο δε Πετρος ειπε Μηδα-

Hour of the DAY, an Ange of Gon coming in to him, and saying to him, "Cornelius !"

4 And steadily gazing at him, and becoming afraid, he said, "What is it, Sir!" And he said to him, "Thy PRAYERS and thine ALMS went up as a Memorial before God.

5 And now send Men to Joppa, and invite one Simon, who is surnamed Pe-

ter:

6 he lodges with ! One Simon a Tanner, whose House is by the Sea.

7 And when THAT AN-GEL which SPOKE to him was gone away, he called two of \* the House SER-VANTS, and a pious Soldier of THOSE WhO ATTENDED constantly on him;

8 and having related to them all things, he sent

them to JOPPA.

9 And on the NEXT DAY, t while they were pursuing their journey, and drawing near to the CITY, ! Peter went upon i the ROOF to pray, about the sixth Hour.

10 And he became very hungry, and wished to cat; but while they were making ready, a Trance fell on him,

11 and he beheld THEAven opened, and a certain Vessel like a great Sheet descending, \* being let down by the Four Ends to the EARTH;

12 in which were \* All the QUADRUPTEDS and REPTILES of the EARTH, and BIRDS of HEAVEN.

13 And a Voice came to him, "Rise, Peter, kill and eat."

14 But PETER said " By no means, Lord;

said;

By no

Peter

The but

θυτον και φαγε.

eat-

sacrifice and

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCHIFT .- 7. the HOUSE SERVANTS. 11. being let down by the Four 12. All the QUADRUPEDS and AEPTILES of the 'RTH.

<sup>† 9</sup> It was about forty miles from Joppa to Cesarea, therefore the messengers must have traveled a part of the night to reach Joppa towards noon of the next day. † 9. It has been remarked before that the houses in Palestine had flat of on which people walked, wiversed, medita ed and prayed.

<sup>.</sup> Acts xl. b ... & alec at + 6 Acts ix. 43

having called aloud they asked,

δηματα

παρα

if Simon he being called

μως, κυριε ότι ουδεποτε εφαγον παν κοινον η means, Olord; because never I ate anything common or ακαθαρτον. 15 Και φωνη παλιν εκ δευτερου And a voice again a second time προς αυτον. 'Α ὁ θεος εκαθαρισε, συ μη κοινου. to him. Whatthe God has cleaned, thou not pollute. 16 Τουτο δε εγενετο επι τρις και παλιν ανελη-This and was done forthree times; and again 17'Ως δε εν φθη το σκευος εις τον ουρανον.

ap the vessel into the heaven. As and in έαυτω διηπορει ό Πετρος, τι αν ειη το όραμα himself was pondering the Peter, what might be the vision ό ειδε, και ιδου, οί ανδρες οί απεσταλμενοι which he saw, even lo, the men those being sent απο του Κορνηλιου, διερωτησαντες την οικιαν from the Cornelius, having inquired for the house Σιμωνος, επεστησαν επι τον πυλωνα. 18 και stood at the gate; φωνησαντες επυνθανοντο, ει Σιμων δ επικαλου-

μενος Πετρος ενθαδε ξενιζεται. Peter here lodges. 19 Του δε Πετρου διενθυμουμενου περι του The and Peter reflecting concerning the δραματος, ειπεν \* [αντω] το πνευμα· Ιδου, ανδρες vision, said [to him] the spirit; Lo, men<sup>20</sup> αλλα αναστας τρεις ζητουσι σε катаare seeking thee; but having arisen do thou βηθι, και πορευου go down, and go συν αυτοις, μηδεν διαwith them, nothing doubt κρινομενος ότι εγω απεσταλκα αυτους. 21 Καταbecause 1 ing have sent them. Having gone βας δε Πετρος προς τους ανδρας, ειπεν Ιδου, Cown but Peter to the men, said; Lo, εγω ειμι, όν ζητειτε τις ή αιτια,  $\delta t_{\rm s}$ am, whom you seek; what the cause, on account of which παρεστε; <sup>22</sup> Οί δε ειπον· Κορνηλιος εκατονταρyou are present? They and said; Cornelius a centurion, χης, ανηρ δικαιος και φοβουμένος τον θέον, just and fearing the God. μαρτυρουμένος τε ύπο όλου του εθνους των Ιουbeing testified of and by whole of the nation of the Jews, δαιων, εχρηματισθη ύπο αγγελου άγιου, μεταwas divinely instructed by a messenger holy, πεμψασθαι σε εις τον οικον αύτου, και ακουσαι thee to the house of himself, and send after

from thee. words Having called in then  $T\eta \delta \epsilon$ QUTOUS εξενισε. €παυριον αναστας he lodged. On the and them morrow having armen εξηλθε συν αυτοις, και τινες των αδελφων, των them, and some of the brethren, those 24 Και τη επαυαπο Ιοππης, συνηλθον αυτφ. went with him. And on the

σου.

23 Εισκαλεσαμενος

 $\alpha \nu \nu$ 

† For never did 1 eat any thing common and impure."

15 And a Voice came to him again a second time, t"What God has cleansed, do not thou regard as common.

16 And this was done three times; and \*imme diately the VESSEL was taken up into HEAVEN.

17 And as Petter was pondering in himself, what the vision which he saw might mean, behold, even THOSE MEN who were SENT \* by CORNELIUS, having inquired for the HOUSE of \*Simon, stood at the GATE;

18 and calling aloud, they asked, "Is that Simon who was SURNAMED Peter lodging here?"

19 Now while PETER was reflecting concerning the VISION, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{the SPIRIT}\$ said, "Behold, \* three Men are seeking thee;

20 ‡ arise and go down, and go with them, without any hesitation, Because # have sent them."

21 Then Peter having gone down to the MEN, said, "Behold, I am he whom you seek; what is \*the Cause of your coming?"

28 Having, therefore, invited them in, he entertained them. And on the NEXT DAY he arose and went with them, and some of THOSE BRETHEEN from Joppa accompanied him.

24 And on the DAY FOL

VATICAN MANUSCE PT.—16. immediately the vessel.

17. Simon. 19. to Rim—omit 19. two Men.

<sup>17.</sup> by Cornelius, 21. the Cause,

<sup>† 15.</sup> verse 28. † 22. Acts xxii. 12.

ριον εισηλθον εις την Καισαρειαν. yow they entered into the Cesarea. The and Corνηλιος ην προσδοκων αυτους, συγκαλεσαμενος empecting them, WAS having assembled TOUS συγγενεις αύτου και τους αναγκαιους of himself and the relatives the intimate 25 'Ως δε εγενετο του ειπελθειν τον Φιλους. came friends. When and the to enter Πετρον, συναντησας αυτφ δ Κορνηλιος, πεσων him the Cornelius, having fallen having met 26 'Ο δε Πετρος επι τους ποδας, προσεκυνησεν. feet, he worshipped. The but Peter αυτον ηγειρε, λεγων Αναστηθι κφγω αυτος raised up, saying; Do thou arise; also I myself ανθρωπος ειμι. 26 Και συνομιλων αυτώ, εισηλθε, And talking with him, he went in. am. και ευρισκει συνεληλυθοτας πολλους. finds having been assembled many. He said and to them; You know, how unlawful εστιν ανδρι Ιουδαιφ, κολλασθαι η προσερχεσθαι it is for a man a Jew, to unite or αλλοφυλφ· και εμοι δ θεος εδειξε, μηδενα to a foreigner; and to me the God has shown, not 29 △10 κοινον η ακαθαρτον λεγειν ανθρωπον. common or umclean to say a man. Therefore και αναντιρόητως ηλθον μεταπεμφθεις. Πυνθαalso without hesitation I came having been sent after. I ask TIVL λογφ μετεπεμψασθε ME; voual ouv, you sent after therefore, for what reason me? 30 Και δ Κορνηλιος εφη. Απο τεταρτης ήμερας
And the Cornelius said; From four days μεχρι ταυτης της ώρας, ημην νηστευων, και this the hour, I was fasting, and την εννατην ώραν προσευχομενος εν τφ οικφ in the house pinth hour praying μου και ιδου, ανηρ, εστη ενωπιον μου εν εσθηrus toos, a man, stood before me in cloth-σι λαμπρα, <sup>31</sup> και φησι Κορνηλιε, εισηκουσθη ing shining, and hesaid; O Cornelius, heard σου ή προσευχη, και αί ελεημοσυναι σου εμνησand the alms of thee the prayer, of thee 32 Πεμψον ουν εις βησαν ενωπιον του θεου. membered before the God. Send therefore into Ιοππην, και μετακαλεται Σιμωνα ός επικαλειται and call for Simon who is surnamed Πετρος ούτος ξενιζεται εν οικια Σιμωνος βυρ-Peter; he lodges in a house of Simon a tanσεως παρα θαλασταν. \* Tós παραγενομενος by sca; who having come mer 33 Εξαυτης ουν επεμψα προς λαλησει σοι.]
will speak to thee.] Immediately therefore I sent ' to σε συ τε καλώς εποιησας παραγενομένος. thee; thou and having come. well didat Νυν ουν παντες ήμεις ενωπιον του θεου παρεσ-Nowtherefore all We before the God are preμεν, ακουσαι παντα τα προστεταγμένα σοι ύπο all the things having been commanded thes by to hear

'O δε Kop-The and Corεαλεσαμενος ing assembled assembled his belatives and intimate Friends.

25 And as Petel Jos' COMING IN, CORNELIUS met him, and falling Lown at his FEET he worshipped him.

26 But PETER raised him up, saying, ‡ "Arise; # also am a Man."

27 And conversing with him, he went in, and found many gathered together.

28 And he said to them, to you know that it is unlawful for a Jew to associate with a Foreigner; but God has showed Me not to call any man common or impure.

29 Therefore, being sent for, I also came without hesitation. I ask, therefore, for what reason you sent for me?"

30 And CORNELIUS said,
"Four days ago \*I was
fasting till This Hour;
and at the NINTH Hour I
was praying in my House,
and behold, ‡a Man stood
before me in ‡splendid
Clothing,

31 and said, 'Cornelius' thy PRAYER is heard, and thine ALMS are remembered before God.

32 Send therefore to Joppa, and invite Simon, whose surname is Peter; he lodges in the HOUSE of Simon, a Tanner, by the Sea; who, when he is come, will speak to thee.'

33 Immediately, therefore I sent to thee, and thou hast done well in having come. Now therefore we are all present before God to hear All THINGS which \*the LORD has COMMANDED thee."

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—30. till This Hour, I was at the MINTH praying in my Houss.

82. who having come will speak to thee—omit.

33. the Load.

<sup>† 26.</sup> Acts xiv. 14, 15; Rev. xix. 10; xxii. 9.
Gal. ii. 12, 14. † 28. Acts xv. 8; Eph. iii. 6.

txviii. 8; Mark xvi. 5; Luke xxiv. 4

\*\*Table 1. 10; Xxii. 1

του θεου. <sup>34</sup> Ανοιζας δε Πετρος το στομα, ειπεν· the God. Having opened and Peter the mouth, said; αληθειας καταλαμβανομαι, ότι ουκ εστι  $\mathbf{E}\pi$ that not truth I perceive, προσωποληπτης δ θεος. 35 αλλ' εν παντι εθνει a respecter of persons the God; but in every δ φοβουμενος αυτεν, και εργαζομενος δικαιοworking righteousand ham, fearin # συνην, δεκτος αυτώ εστι. acceptable to him is. The word which απεστειλε τοις vios Ισραηλ, ευαγγελιζομενος to the sons of Israel, proclaming glad tidings of ειρηνην δια Ιησου Χριστου· ούτος εστι παντων peace through Jesus Anounted; this κυμιος. 37 Υμεις οιδατε το γενομενον ή ημα καθ όλης της Ιουδαίας αρξαμένον από της Γαλίin whole of the Judea beginning from the Galiλαιας, μετα το βαπτισμα δ εκηρυξεν Ιωαννης. dipping which was preached of John, after the 38 Ιησουν τον απο Ναζαρετ, ώς εχρισεν αυτον δ Jesus that from Nazareth, how anointed θεος πνευματι άγιω και δυναμει, ός διηλθεν ευερ-God with spirit holy and power, who went about doing γετων και .ωμενος παντας τους καταδυναστευ-2000 and curing all those being oppressed υμενους ύπο του διαβολου, ότι ό θεος ην μετ' αυτου 39 και ήμεις μαρτυρες παντων, ών εποιηand we witnesses of all, which he did σεν εν τε τη χωρά των Ιουδαίων και εν Ίερουin both the country of the Jews and in Jerusaσαλημ. όν και ανειλον κρεμασαντες επι ξυλου. whom also they killed having hanged . 82013 A EO 40 Τουτον δ θεος ηγειρε τη τριτη ημερα, και the God raised up the third day, εδωκεν αυτον εμφανη γενεσθαι, 41 ου παντι τω not to all the gave him manifest to become, λαω, αλλα μαρτυσι τοις προκεχειροτονημενοις people, but to witnesses to those having been chosen before ύπο του θεου, ήμιν, οιτινες συνεφαγομεν και by the God, tous, who atewith and συνεπιομέν αυτφ μέτα το αναστηναι αυτον εκ drank with him after that to have raised him out of 42 Και παρηγγειλεν ήμιν, κηρυξαι τω νεκρων. us, to publish so the And he commanded λαφ και διαμαρτυρασθαι, ότι αυτος εστιν ό people and to fully testify, that he the ύπο του θεου κριτης ζωντων και ώρισμενος having been appointed by the God a judge of living ones and 43 Τουτω παντες οί προφηται μαρτυνεκρων. To him all the prophets bear testidead ones.

34 And Peter opening his MOUTH, said, ‡ "I perceive in Truth That God is not a Respecter of persons, 35 but in Every Nation.

he who FEARS him and works Righteousness is ac-

ceptable to him.

36 \*He sent the word to the sons of Israel, ‡ announcing glad tidings of Peace, through Jesus Christ—he is Lord of all—

37 (\* you know that WORD which was SPOKEN through All JUDEA, † beginning from GALILEE, after the IMMERSION which John preached;)

38 even That Jesus from Nazareth, how t God anomated him with holy Spirit and Power; who went about doing good and curing all who were oppressed by the enemy; t Because God was with him.

39 And we are Witnesses of all things which he did, both in the country of the Jews, and in Jerusalem; whom also, having hanged on a Cross, they killed.

40 Mim God raised up the THIRD Day, and permitted him to become manifest,

41 not to All the PEO-PLE, but to THOSE Witnesses PREVIOUSLY CHO-SEN by GOD, to us, I who did eat and drink with him after he ROSE from the Dead.

42 And the commanded us to proclaim to the PFO-PLE, and to fully testify \*That this is HE; who has been APPOINTED by God the Judge of the Living and the Dead.

43 To him All the PRO-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—30. He sent the word to the sons of Israel. knew.

42. That this is ue.

<sup>37.</sup> You

ρουσιν, αφεσιν άμαρτιων λαβειν δια του ονοforgiveness of sins to receive through the name ματος αυτον παντα τον πιστευοντα εις αυτον. of him every one the believing into 44 Ετι λαλουντυς του Πετρου τα δηματα ταυτα, Peter the words While speaking the these, επεπεσε το πνευμα το άγιον επι παντές τους fell the spirit the holy on those 45 Και εξεστησαν οί εκ ακουοντας τον λογον. the word. And were astonished those of περιτομης πιστοι όσοι συνηλθον τφ Πετρφ, eircumcision believers as many as came with the ότι και επι τα εθνη ή δωρεα του άγιου πνευμαbecause also on the gentiles the gift of the holy τος εκκεχυται. 46 ηκουον γαρ αυτων λαλουντων hasbeen poured out, they heard for them speaking γλωσσαις, και μεγαλυνοντων τον θεον. Tora with tongues, and magnifying the God. Then απεκριθη δ Πετρος. 47 μητι το ύδωρ κωλυσα. answered the Peter: not the water to forbid Βαπτισθηναι τουτους, δυναται τις, του μη any. that not to be dipped these, οίτινες το πνευμα το άγιον ελαβον καθως και who the spirit the holy received 84 even ήμεις: 48 Προσεταξε τε αυτους βαπτισθηναι εν He directed and them to be dipped Τοτε ηρωτησαν αυτον τω ονοματι του κυριου. the name of the Lord. Then they asked επιμειναι ήμερας τινας. to remain days some.

# КЕФ. 1а. 11.

1 Ηκουσαν δε οι αποστολοι και οι αδελφοι οι and the brethren those Heard and the apostles οντες κατα την Ιουδαιαν, ότι και τα εθνη εδεξin the Judea, that also the gentiles 2 Και ότε ανεβη αντο τον λογον του θεου. ceived the word of the God. And when went up Πετιος εις Ίεροσολυμα, διεκρινοντο προς αυτον Peter into Jerusalem, disputed with οί εκ περιτομης, 3 λεγοντες. Ότι προς ανδρας those of circumciaton. That saying; to men ακροβυστιαν εχοντας εισηλθες, και συνεφαγης uncircumcision having thou wentest in, and thou diest eat 4 Αρξαμενος δε δ Πετρος εξετιθετο QUTOIS. Having begun and the Peter with them. set forth αυτοις καθεξης, λεγων. 5 εγω ημην εν πολει saying; Was in Ιοππη προσευχομένος και είδον εν εκστασεί and I saw praying; in of Joppa δραμα, καταβαινον σ συσος τι ώς οθονην μεγαcoming down a vessel certainlike a sheet a viston. great λην, τεσσαρσιν αρχαις καθιεμένην εκ του ουραfour ends being owered out of the hea-

PHETS bear testimony; and EVERY ONE BELLIEVING into him shall receive Forgiveness of Sins, through his NAME.

44 While PETER was yet speaking these words, the holy spirit fell on all those having hearp

the word.

45 And THOSE BELIEV-ERS of the Circumcision, \*who came with Peter, were astonished, ‡Because the GIFT of the HOLY Spirit was even poured out upon the GENTILES;

46 for they heard them speaking with Tongues, and magnifying God. Then answered Peter.

47 "Can any one forbid WATER, that these should not be immersed, who received the HOLY SPIRIT, eva as for did?"

46 ‡ And he ordered them to be immersed in the name of \*the LORD. Then they desired him to remain some Days.

### CHAPTER XL

And the apostlys and those brethern who were in Judga heard That the Gentiles also had received the word of God.

2 And when Peter went up to Jerusalem, THOSE of the Circumcision contended with him,

3 saying, ‡ That he went in to Men uncircumcised, and did eat with them.

4 But \* Peter, having begun, set it forth in order to them, saying,

5 "E was in the City of Joppa praying, 2 and in a Trance I saw a Vision, certain Vessel tike a great Sheet descending, being let down by the Four Endout of HEAVEN, and it came to me.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-45, who came with, went in to Men uncircumcised, and did eat with them.

<sup>48.</sup> Jesus Christ. 4. Peter.

<sup>3.</sup> That he

<sup>: 48.</sup> Acta ii. 88; viii. 16.

ples

χρματισαι τε πρωτον εν Αντιοχεια τους μαθηto have been styled and first in Antioch disciτας Χριστιανους. Christians.

27 Εν ταυταις δε ταις ήμεραις κατηλθον απο In these and the days came down Ιεροσολυμων προφηται εις Αντιοχειαν. 28 Ανασ-Jerusalem prophets into Antioch. τας δε είς εξ αυτων, ονοματι Αγαβος, εσημανε arisen and one of them, by name Agabus, signified δια του πνευματος, λιμον μεγαν μελλειν εσεσa famine great about is going through the spirit, θαι εφ' δλην την οικουμενην όστις και εγενετο habitable? which also occurred to be over whole the habitable? which also occurred  $\epsilon\pi\iota$  Klaudiov. 29 Two  $\delta\epsilon$   $\mu\alpha\theta\eta\tau\omega\nu$  kadws  $\eta\upsilon\pi\sigma$ -The and disciples 28 under Claudius. ρειτο τις, ώρισαν έκαστος αυτων εις διακονιαν able each, determined each one of them for a relief πεμψαι τοις κατοικουσιν εν τη Ιουδαια αδελφοις. dwelling in the Judea brethren: to send to the 30 ό και εποιησαν, αποστειλαντες προς τους which also they did, sending to πρεσβυτερους δια χειρος Βαρναβα και Σαυλου.

### КЕФ. ιβ'. 12.

1 Και εκεινον δε τον καιρον επεβαλεν Ήρωδης In that and the season put forth ό βασιλευς τας χειρας, κακωσαι τινας των απο to afflict some of the from the king the hands, to afflict some of the from  $\tau_{ij} \in \kappa \kappa \lambda \eta \sigma i a s$ ,  $^2 \alpha \nu \epsilon i \lambda \epsilon \delta \epsilon I \alpha \kappa \omega \beta o \nu$ ,  $\tau o \nu \alpha \delta \epsilon \lambda$ he killed and James, the of the congregation, φον Ιωαννου, μαχαιρα. 3 Και ιδων, ότι αρεστον of John, with a sword. And having seen, that pleasing ETTL TOIS LOUDALOIS,  $\pi\rho\sigma\sigma\epsilon\theta\epsilon\tau\sigma$  sulla  $\beta\epsilon\iota\nu$  kalitis to the Jews, he proceeded to take also Πετρον (ησαν δε αί ήμεραι των αζυμων) Peter; (they were and the days of the unleavened cakes;) whom και πιασας εθετο εις φυλακην, παραδους τεσ-also having seized he placed into a prison, having delivered to σαρσι τετραδιοις στρατιωτων φυλλασειν αυτον, four sets of four soldiers to watch βουλομένος μέτα το πασχα αναγαγείν αυτον intending after the passover to lead out him intending 5 'Ο μεν ουν Πετρος ετηρειτο εν τη τω λαω. The indeed therefore Peter was watched by the φυλακη $^{\circ}$  προσευχη δε ην εκτενης γινομενη ὑπο guard; prayer but was earnest was made by της εκκλησιας \*[προς τον  $\theta \in OV$ ] ύπερ αυτου. [to the God] in behalf of him. the congregation 6 Ότε δε εμελλεν αυτον προαγειν δ Ηρωδης, When but was about him to bring before the Herod,

great Crowd. And the DIS. CIPLES were styled † Christians first in Antioch.

27 And in Those DAYS † Prophets came down from Jerusalem to Anti-

28 And one of them, named ‡ Agabus, standing up signified by the SPIRIT that a great Famine was about to come on the Whole HABITABLE; which also happened under Claudius.

29 And the DISCIPLES, according to the ability of each, determined to send I Relief to the BRETHREN DWELLING in JUDEA;

30 1 which also they did, sending to the ELDERS by the Hand of Barnabas and Saul.

#### CHAPTER XII.

l Now at That TIME Herod the KING put forth his HANDS to injure SOME of the CHURCH.

2 And he killed # James the BROTHER of John with

the Sword.

- 3 And seeing that it pleased the JEWS, he proceeded to arrest Peter also; (and it was during the DAYS OF UNLEAVENED BREAD;)
- 4 and having seized he put him in Prison, delivering him to Four Quarternions of Soldiers to guard him, intending after the PASSOVER to lead him out to the PEOPLE.
- 5 Therefore, indeed, Pr-TER was watched by the ‡ but earnest GUARD; Prayer was made \* in his behalf by the CHURCH.
- 6 But when HEROD was about to bring him forward,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. to God-omit.

<sup>5.</sup> concerning him.

t 26. This name is only found in two other places in the New Testament, viz. Acts xxvi. 28, and 1 Pet. iv. 16. Some understandit to have been given by Divine authority and so translate it; some think that it was a term of reproach applied to the followers of Christ, by their enemies; while others with much more probability suppose it was adopted by themselves, bother convenience, and to keep out a term of reproach. † 1. Herod Agrippa, grandson of Herod the Great

<sup>† 27.</sup> Acts ii. 17; xiii. 1; xv. 32; xxi. 9; 1 Cor. xii. 28; Eph. iv. 11. 29. Rom. xv. 26; 1 Cor. xvi. 1; 2 Cor. ix. 1. ; 30. Acts xii. 25. x. 23. ‡ 5. 2 Cor. i. 10; Eph. vi. 18; 1 Thess. v. 17. xx. 23.

<sup>28.</sup> Acts xxi. 10. 2 2. Matt. iv. 21:

τη νυκτι εκεινη ην δ Πετρος κοιμωμενος μεταξυ in the night that was the Peter sleeping between δυο στρατιωτων, δεδεμενος αλυσεσι δυσι, having teen bound with chains two. φυλακες τε προ της θυρας ετηρουν την φυλαguards and before the door watching the prison. guards and before the good κυριου επεστη, και ην. 7 Και ιδου, αγγελος κυριου επεστη, και φως ελαμψεν εν τω οικηματι παταξας δε την alight shone in the building; having struck and the πλευραν του Πετρου, ηγειρεν αυτον, λεγων of the Peter, aroused him, saying. Αναστα εν ταχει. Και εξεπεσον αυτου αί αλυin haste. And fell off of him the chains σεις εκ των χειρων. 8 Ειπε τε δ αγγελος προς from the hands. Said and the messenger αυτον Περιζωσαι, και ύποδησαι τα σανδαλια Gird thyself, bind under and sandals the Εποιησε δε Kar ούτω. LEYEL QUTO He did and to him; 80, And he says Περιβαλου το ίματιον σου, και ακολουθει μοι. Throw around the mantle of thee, and follow me. 9 Και εξελθων ηκολουθει \* [αυτω·] και ουκ ηδει, Andhaving gone out he followed [him;] and not knew, knew, ότι αληθες εστι το γινομενον δια του αγγελου, that real it is that being done through the messenger, εδοκει δε δραμα βλεπειν. 10 Διελθοντες δε thought but to see. a vision Passing through and πρωτην φυλακην και δευτεραν, ηλθον επι την guard and second, they came to πυλην την σιδηραν την φερουσαν εις την πολιν, gate the that into the iron leading ητις αυτοματη ηνοιχθη αυτοις και εξελθοντες which self-moved opened to them; and having gone out προηλθον δυμην μιαν, και ευθεως απεστη δ one, and immediately iv. 11 Και ὁ Πετρος γενομενος having come went forward street the αγγελος απ' αυτου. messenger from himεν έαυτω, ειπε. Νυν οιδα αληθως, ότι εξαπεσin to himself, said; Now I know really, that sent forth τειλε κυριος τον αγγελον αύτου, και εξειλατο με εκ χειρος Ήρωδου, και πασης της προσ-me out of hand of Herod Lord the messenger of himself, and delivered 12 Συνιδων τε δοκιας του λαου των Ιουδαιων. of the people of the Jews. Considering and ηλθεν επι την οικιαν Μαριας της μητρος Ιωανmother of John, he came to the house of Mary the νου, του επικαλουμενου Μαρκου, ού ησαν ίκα-Mark, being surnamed where were many 13 Kpv-

on that NIGHT PETER Was sleeping † between Two Soldiers, bound with two Chains; and the Guards before the DOOR were watching the PRISON.

7 And behold, t an Angel of the Lord stood by him, and a Light shone in the Building; and striking PETER on the SIDE, he awoke him, saying, "Arise quickly." And Hischaims fell from his HANDS.

8 And the ANGEL said to him, "Gird thyself, and tie on thy sandals." And he did so. And he says to him, "Throw thy MANTLE around thee, and follow me."

9 And going out he followed him; and knew not That WHAT was DONE by the ANGEL was real, but thought the saw a Vision.

10 And having passed through the First and second Guard, they came to THAT IRON GATE that LEADS into the CITY, t which opened to them of itself; and going out they went forward one Street; and immediately the AN-GEL withdrew from him.

11 And PETER becoming self-possessed, said, " Now I know truly, # That the Lord sent his ANGEL and t delivered me from the Hand of Herod, and All the EXPECTATION of the JEWISH PEOPLE."

12 And reflecting, \$ he came to the House of the MOTHER of Mary, THAT John, surnamed Mark; where many were assembled, and were pray-

13 And as he was knocking at the DOOR of the

assembled

him

knocked and

νοι συνηθροισμένοι και προσευχομένοι.

and

σαντος οε αυτου την θυραν του πυλωνας, προσ-

door

of the gateway,

were praying.

Having

the \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. him-omit.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Peter was bound to each of the soldiers, so that the least movement on his part to free himself from the chains, would awaken his guard. Two keepers were also stationed at the doors to prevent any ingress of his friends, or any egress on his part.

<sup>† 7.</sup> Acts v. 10. † 0. Acts x. 3, 17; xi. 5. † 10. Acts xvi, 26. † 11. Psa. xxiv. 7; Dan. iii. 28; vi. 22; Heb. i. 14. † 11. Job v. 10; Psa. xxxii. 18, 10; xxxiv. 22; li. 2; xcvii. 10; 2 Cor. i. 10; 2 Pet. ii. 9. † 12. Acts iv. 23. † 12. Acts xv. 37.

ηλθε παιδισκη ύπακουσαι, ονοματι 'Ροδη· 14 και by name Rhoda; and a female servant to listen, επιγνουσα την φωνην του Πετρου, απο της from the voice of the Peter. the knowing χαρας ουκ ηνοιξε τον πυλωνα· εισδραμουσα δε having run in joy not she opened the gate; απηγγειλεν, έσταναι τον Πετρον προ του πυλωto have stood the Peter before the 15 Οί δε προς αυτην ειπον. Μαινη. vos. said; Thou art mad. She but her The but to 16 Οί δε ελεγον 'Ο διισχυριζετο ούτως εχειν. They and said; confidently affirmed thus to be. 'Ο δε Πετρος επεμενε αγγελος αυτου εστιν. The but Peter continued messenger of him it is. κρουων ανοιξαντες δε ειδον αυτον, και εξεστηknocking; having opened and they saw him, and were amazed. 17 Κατασείσας δε αυτοις τη χειρι σιγαν,
Having waved but to them the hand to be silent, διηγησατο αυτοις, πως δ κυριος αυτον εξηγαγεν he related to them, how the Lord him εκ της φυλακης. Ειπε δε Απαγγειλατε Ιακωto James Said and; Report you out of the βφ και τοις αδελφοις ταυτα. Και εξελθων and to the brethren these things. And going out

επορευθη εις έτερον τοπον. he went into another place. 18 Γενομένης δε ήμερας, ην ταραχος ουκ όλιastir not Having become and day, was γος εν τοις στρατιωταις, τι αρα ό Πετρος εγεwhat then the Peter soldiers, among the νετο. 19 Ήρωδης δε επιζητησας αυτον, και μη and having sought him, Herod ανακρινας τους φυλακας, εκελευσεν €UPWV, having found having examined the commanded guards, απαχθηναι και κατελθων απο της Ιουδαίας εις to be led off; and going down from the Judea into 20 Ην δε θυμομαχων την Καισαρειαν διετριβεν. He was and being euraged he remained. Cesarea και Σιδωνιοις. όμοθυμαδον δε παρησαν with one mind but was present with Tyrians and Sidonians; προς αυτον, και πεισαντες Βλαστον, τον επι and having persuaded Blastus, that over του κοιτωνος του βαπιλεως, ητουντο ειρηνην. the bed-chamber of the king, δια το τρεφεσθαι αυτων την χωραν απο της because that to be nourished of them the country from of the 21 Τακτη δε ήμερα δ 'Ηρωδης ενδυ-On a set and day the Herod having Βασιλικης. On a set and king. σαμενος εσθητα βασιλικην, και καθισας επιτου and having satdown on the royal, apparel 22 'O δ€ **β**ηματος, εδημηγορει προς αυτους. The but them. to made a speech

GATE, a female servant named Rhoda, came to listen.

14 And having recognised PETER'S VOICE, she opened not the GATE from Joy, but running in, told them that Peter was standing at the GATE.

15 And THEY said to her, "Thou art mad." But SHE strongly asserted that it was so. And THEY said, "It is his ANGEL."

16 But PETER continued knocking; and having opened they saw him, and were astonished.

17 ‡ And waving his hand for them to be silent, he related to them how the LORD conducted Him out of the PRISON. And he said, "Tell these things to James and to the BRE-THREN." And going out, he went into Another

Place. 18 Now when it was Day, there was no small Commotion among the SOLDIERS, as to what had become of PETER.

19 And Herod having sought for him, and not finding him, examined the GUARDS, and commanded them to be led away to going execution. And down from JUDEA to CE-SAREA, he abode there.

20 And he was highly displeased with the Tyrians and Sidonians; but they came with one accord to him, and having persuaded THAT Blastus who was over the KING'S CHAMBER, they desired Peace; because I their COUNTRY was NOURISHED from that of the KING's.

21 And on † an appointed Day, \* Herod, having put on his regal Robes, and sitting upon the THRONE, made an oration to them.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. Herod.

<sup>† 21.</sup> This appointed day appears to have been the second day of the Games then celebrating in honor of Cesar. This history is remarkably confirmed by Josephus. See Ant. xix. 7, 2.

<sup>1 17.</sup> Acts xi ii 16, xix. 13. xxi 40.

δημος επεφωνει' Θεου φωνη, και ουκ ανθρωπου. people shouted; Of a god a voice, and not of a man.  $^{23} \ \Pi \alpha \rho \alpha \chi \rho \eta \mu \alpha \qquad \delta \epsilon \qquad \epsilon \pi \alpha \tau \alpha \xi \epsilon \nu \qquad \alpha \tau \sigma \nu \qquad \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \sigma s$ 

επαταξεν αυτον  $\delta\epsilon$ αγγελος him Immediately and struck a messenger κυριου, ανθ ών ουκ εδωκε δοξαν τω θεω και of Lord, because not he gave glory to the God; and 24 °O δ€ γενομενος σκωληκοβρωτος, εξεψυξεν. eaten of worms, he breathed out. The and 25 Bαρλογος του θεου ηυξανε και επληθυνετο. word of the God grew and was multiplied. Barναβας δε και Σαυλος ύπεστρεψαν εξ 'Ιερουσαmabas and and Saul returned from λημ, πληρωσαντες την διακονιαν, συμπαραλαlem, having fulfilled the having brought service, βοντες και Ιωαννην τον επικληθεντα Μαρκον. along also John that having been surnamed

# КЕФ. 17. 13.

Hσαν δε \*[τινες] εν Αντιοχεια κατα την Were and [some] in Antuch in the ιουσαν εκκλησιαν προφηται και διδασκαλοι, ό, being congregation prophets and the, teachers, τε Βαρναβας και Συμεων δ καλουμενος Νιγερ, Black, both Barnabas and Simeon that being called "Ηρωδου και Λουκιος δ Κυρηναιος, Μαναην τε, "Ηρωδου and Lucius the Cyrenian, Manaen also, of Herod του τετραρχου συντροφος, και Σαυλος. 2 AELtetrarch a foster brother, and Saul. Servτουργουντων δε αυτων τφ κυριφ και νηστευονand of them the Lord and fasting, των, ειπε το πνευμα το άγιον Αφορισατε said the spirit the holy; Separate you indeed
μοι τον Βαρναβαν και \* [τον] Σαυλον εις το
formethe Barnabas and [the] Saul for the εργον, δ προσκεκλημαι αυτους. <sup>3</sup> Τοτε νηστευ-Then work, which I have called them. σαντες και προσευξαμενοι, και επιθεντες τας and having laid the and having prayed, 4 Ούτοι μεν ουν χειρας αυτοις, απελυσαν.
hands to them, they sent forth. These indeed then εκπεμφθεντες ύπο του πνευματος του άγιου, having been sent forth by the spirit the holy, κατηλθον εις την Σελευκειαν, εκειθεν τε απεwent down into the Seleucia, thence and sailed 5 Και γενομενοι εν πλευσαν εις την Κυπρον. into the Cyprus. And having arrived in Σαλαμινι, κατηγγελον του λογον του θεου εν Salamis, they announced the word of the God in ταις συναγωγαις των Ιουδαιων ειχον δε και synagogues of the Jews; they had and also 6 Διελθοντες δε όλην 'την Ιωαννην ὑπηρετην. John an attendant. Having gone through and whole the νησον αχρι Παφου, εύρον τινα μαγον, ψευδο-Paphos, they found a certain magian, a false προφητην Ιουδαιον, 'φ ονομα Βαριησους, <sup>7</sup> δς a Jew, to whom a name Barjesus, who

22 And the PEOPLE shouted, "It is the Voice of a God, and not of a Man."

23 And instantly an Angel of the Lord smote him, because he gave not Glory to GoD; and being eaten with worms, he expired.

24 But the word of Good grew and multiplied. 25 And Barnabas and Saul returned from Jerusalem, having fulfilled the SERVICE, ‡ taking with them also THAT John who was SURNAMED MARK

### CHAPTER XIII.

1 And there were Prophets and Teachers in the CONGREGATION at Antioch;—BARNABAS, and THAT Simeon CALLED Niger, and Lucius, the CYRENIAN, and Manaen, a foster-brother of Herod the TETRARCH, and Saul.

2 And while they were serving the LORD and rasting, the HOLY SPIRIT said, "Separate to me BARNABAS and SAUL for the WORK to which I called them."

3 Then ‡ having fasted and prayed, and laid their HANDS on them, they sent them forth.

4 Then, therefore, having been sent out by the \*HOLY SPIRIT, went down to \* Seleucia; and from thence they sailed to \* Cyprus.

5 And having arrived at Salamis, they announced the WORD of GOD in the SYNAGOGUES of the JEWS; and they also had John for an Attendant.

6 And having gone through the Whole Is-LAND to Paphos, they found ‡\*a Certain Magian, a False-prophet, a Jew, whose Name was Bar-Jesus,

<sup>Vatican Manuschift.—24. the Lord grew.
4. Holy Spirit.
4. Seleucia.
4. Cyprus.
Faise-Prophet.</sup> 

some—omit.
 the—omit.
 a Certain Man, a Magran, a

ACTS.

ην συν τφ ανθυπατφ Σεργιφ Παυλφ, ανδρι was with the processel Sergius Paulus, amam συνετώ. Ούτος προσκαλεσαμενός Βαρναβαν και intelligent. This having summoned Barnabas and Σαυλον, επεζητησεν ακουσαι τον λογον του the word ofth desired to hear 8 Ανθιστατο δε αυτοις Ελυμας ὁ μαγος, θεου. | God. Stood against but them Elymas the magian, (ούτω γαρ μεθερμηνευεται το ονομα αυτου,) is translated the name of him,) ζητων διαστρεψαι τον ανθυπατον απο της πισseeking to turn away the proconsul from the faith. seeking to turn away the processul from the faith. Tews.  ${}^9\Sigma \alpha u \lambda os$   $\delta \epsilon$  ( $\delta$   $\kappa \alpha \iota$   $\Pi \alpha u \lambda os$ )  $\pi \lambda \eta \sigma \theta \epsilon \iota s$  Saul but (he also Paul) being siled  $\pi \nu \epsilon u \mu \alpha \tau os$   $\alpha \gamma \iota ov$ ,  $\alpha \iota s$   $\alpha \iota$ 10 ειπεν. Ω πληρης παντος δουλου και πασης full of all deceit δαδιουργιας, υιε διαβολου, εχθρε πασης δικαιοσυready working, O son of an accuser, enemy of all righteousνης, ου παυτη διαστρεφων τας οδους κυριου τας mess, not wilt thou cease perverting the ways of Lord ευθείας; 11 Και νυν ιδου, χειρ κυριου επι σε, straight? And now lo, a hand of Lord on thee, και εση τυφλος, μη βλεπων τον ήλιον αχρι and thou shalt be blind, not seeing the sun καιρου. Παραχρημα δε επεπεσεν  $\epsilon \pi^2$  a season. Immediately and fell on αυτον αχλυς και σκοτος και περιαγων εζητει χειραa mist and darkness; and going about he sought γωγους. 12 Τοτε ιδων δ ανθυπατος το γεγονος, Then seeing the proconsul that having been done, επιστευσεν, εκπλησσομενος επι τη διδαχη του being astonished at the teaching of the believed, κυριου.

13 Αναχθεντες δε απο της Παφου οί περι τον Having set sait and from the Paphos those about the Παυλον, ηλθον εις Περγην της Παμφυλιας. Paul, came into Perga of the Pamphylia. Ιωαννης δε, αποχωρησας απ' αυτων, ὑπεστρε-John but, having gone away from them, ψεν εις Ἱεροσολυμα. 14 Αυτοι δε returned διελθοντες They and having passed through Jerusalem. απο της Περγης παρεγενοντο εις Αντιοχειαν Antioch Perga went to from the της Πισιδιας, και εισελθοντες εις την συναγωof the Pisidia, and having entered into the synagogue γην τη ήμερα των σαββατων, εκαθισαν. 15 Μετα in the day of the sabbaths, they sat down. After δε την αναγνωσιν του νομου και των προφητων, and the reading of the law and the prophets, απεστειλαν οί αρχισυναγωγοι προς αυτους, synagogue-rulers to them, the

λεγοντες· Ανδρες αδελφοι, ει εστι λογος εν saying; Men brethren, if is a word in προς του λαου, λεγετε. ύμιν παρακλησεως you of consolation the say you. people,

7 who was with the PROCONSUL, Sergius Paulus, an intelligent Man. This man having called for Barnabas and Saul desired to hear the WORD of Gop.

8 But Elymas, the MA-GIAN, (for so his NAME is translated,) opposed them, seeking to turn away the PROCONSUL from

9 Then THAT Saul, also called Paul, being filled with holy Spirit, looking intently on him, said,

10 "O full of All Deceit, and of All Imposture! Son of an Accuser! Enemy of all Righteousness! wild thou not cease to pervert the STRAIGHT WAYS of the Lord?

11 And now, behold, the Hand of the Lord is upon thee; and thou shalt be blind, not seeing the sun for a Season." And immediately a Mist and darkness fell \*on him, and going about he sought Guides.

12 Then the PROCON-SUL Seeing THAT HAVING BEEN DONE, believed, being astonished at the TEACHING of the LORD.

13 And sailing from PA-PHOS, THOSE with \* Paul came to Perga in Pamphylia; # but John having withdrawn from them, returned to Jerusalem.

14 And these, having passed through from Per-GA, came to Antioch in PISIDIA, and I went into the SYNAGOGUE on the DAY of the SABBATHS, and sat down.

15 And I after the READING of the LAW and the PROPHETS, the SYNA-GOGUE-RULERS sent to them, saying, "Brethren, if \*any one among you have a Word of Exhortation for the PEOPLE, speak."

Lord.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. and -omit. 15. any one among you have a Word of.

<sup>11.</sup> on him-omit.

16 Αναστας δε Παυλος, και κατασεισας τη χειρι, Claving stood up and Paul, and having waved the hand, ειπεν Ανδρες Ισραηλιται, και οί φοβουμενοι 17 O  $\theta \in 0$ S  $\tau \circ \nu$   $\lambda \circ \alpha \circ \nu$   $\tau \circ \nu$ Men τον θεον, ακουσατε. the God, hear you. του εξελεξατο τους πατερας ήμων. KOL TOV chose the fathers of you; and Λαον ύψωσεν εν τη παροικιά εν γη Αιγυπτώ, sojourning in land people exalted in the of Egypt, και μετα βραχιονος ύψηλου εξηγαγεν αυτους εξ au arm lifted up he brought and with them out of αυτης· 18 και ώς τεσσαρακονταετη χρονον ετροforty years and about φοφορησεν αυτους εντη ερημω 19 \* [και] καθεnourtshed them in the desert; [amd] having εθνη έπτα εν γη Χανααν, κατεκληρονο-Awr cast out nations seven in land of Canaan, he distributed <sup>20</sup> Και μετα MMITEN αυτοις την γην αυτων. the land ofthem. And by lot tothem after ώς ετεσι τετρακοπιοις και πεντηκοντα these things about years four hundred and εδωκε κριτας, έως Σαμουηλ του προφητου. till the be gave judges Samuel prophet 21 Κακειθεν ητησαντο βασιλεα, και εδωκεν a king, And then they asked for and gave αυτοις ὁ θεος τον Σαουλ υίον Κις, ανδρα εκ son of Kis, to them the God the Saul a man of 22 Ka1 ουλης Βενιαμιν, ετη τεσσαρακοντα. of Benjamin, years forty. And **4εταστησας αυτον,** ηγειρεν αυτοις τον **4** aving removed him, he raised up to them the Δαυιδ Aaving removed David eis βασιλεα, 'ψ και ειπε μαρτυρησας' tor a king, to whom also be said having teathfiel; Εύρον I found Δαυ:δ, τον του Ιεσσαι, \*[ανδρα] κατα την David, that of the Jesse, [a man ] according to the καρδιαν μου, ός ποιησει παντα τα θεληματα of me, who will do will 23 Τουτου δ θεος απο του σπερματος κατ' MOU. This the God from the seed according to of me. επαγγελιαν ηγαγε τω Ισραηλ σωτηρα Ιησουν. promise brought forth to the Israel a Savier Jesus.

24 προκηρυξαντος Ιωαννου προ προσωπου της

before

having announced before of John

16 Then Paul standing up, and waving his HAND, said, "Israelites! and you who fear God, listen!

17 The God of \*the PEOPLE of ISRAEL \$ chose our FATHERS, and clevated the PEOPLE \$ during their EXILE in the Land of Egypt, \$ and brought them out of it with an uplifted Arm.

18 And for a period of Forty Years he nourished them in the DESERT:

19 and ‡ having cast out seven Nations in the Land of Canaan, ‡ he \* distributed their LAND to them by Lot. 20 And after these

20 And after these things, the gave Judges about four hundred and fifty Years, till Samuel

the PROPHET.

21 ‡ And then they asked for a King; and God gave them SAUL, the Son of Kish, a Man of the Tribe of Benjamin, for forty Years.

22 And thaving removed him, the raised up to them David for a King; to whom also giving testimony, he said, the son of Jesse, ta Man according to my Heart, who will perform all my will.

23 ‡ From This man's POSTERITY, ‡according to Promise, God brought forth to ISRAEL ‡a Savior, Jesus

24 † John having previously proclaimed, before his APPEARANCE, an Im-

face

of the

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—17. the people of Israel. 19. And—omit. 19. gave their name for an inheritance, about four hundred and fifty Years. And after that he gave them Judges till Samuel the Prophet. 22. a man—omit.

<sup>† 20.</sup> A difficulty occurs here which has very much puzzled Biblical chronologists. The date given here is at variance with the statement found in 1 Kings vi. 1. There have been many solutions offered, but only one which seems entirely satisfactory, i. e., that the texa in 1 Kings vi. 1, has been corrupted, by substituting the Hebrew character dateth (4) for hay (5,) which is very similar in form. This would make 550 years (instead of 480) from the exdet the building of the temple, and exactly agree with Paul's chronology.

<sup>17.</sup> Deut. vii. 6, 7. 17. Psa. cv. 23, 24; Acts vii. 17. 17. Exod. xiii. 14, 16
18. Num. xiv. 33, 34; Psa. xev. 9, 10; Acts vii. 36. 17. Deut. vii. 1. 17. Deut. vii. 1. 19. Jest. xiv. 1, 2; Psa. lxxviii. 55. 10. Judges ii. 10. 19. Lesan xiii. 29. 1 Sam. xiv. 23, 26; 28; xvi. 1; Hosea xiii. 11. 19. 2 Sam. iii. 29. 1 Sam. xiv. 13; 2 Sam. ii. 4; v. 3. 122. Psa. lxvxix 20. 124. lsam. xiii. 14; Acts vii. 46. 123. Matt. i. 21. 39. Acts ii. 30; Rom. ii. 3. 123. 2 Sam. vii. 12; Psa. exxxii. 1. Luke ii. 32, 69; Acts ii. 30; Rom. ii. 3. 123. 2 Sam. vii. 12; Psa. exxxii. 1. Luke ii. 32. Matt. ii. 12. Matt. iii. 1; Luke iii. 3.

εισοδου αυτου βαπτισμα μετανοιας παντι τφ of him a dipping of reformation to all the 25 'Ως δε επληρου ό Ιωαννης λαω Ισραηλ. TOV people Israel. As and wasfulfilling the John the δρομον, ελεγε Τινα με ύπονοειτε ειναι; OUK Who me do you suppose to be? he said; ειμι εγω, αλλ' ιδου, ερχεται μετ' εμε, ού am I, but lo, comes after me, of whom not ειμι αξιος το ύποδημα των ποδων λυσαι. I am worthy the sandal of the feet

<sup>26</sup> Ανδρες αδελφοι, υίοι γενους Αβρααμ, και brethren, sons race of Abraham, Men οί  $\epsilon \nu$  ύμιν φοβουμενοι τον θεον, ύμιν ὁ λογος those among you fearing the God, to you the word της σωτηρίας ταυτης απέσταλ η. 27 Οί γαρ (the salvation this is seen: Those for salvation κατοικουντες εν Ίερουσαλημ, και οί αρχοντες Jerusalem, and the rulers in αυτων, τουτον αγνοησαντες, και τας φωνας him not knowing, and the voices των προφητων τας κατα παν σαββατον αναγιof the prophets those in every sabbath being 28 Και μηνωσκομένας, κριναντές επληρωσαν. judging fulfilled. And read. ητησαντο θανατου εύροντες, δεμιαν αιτιαν having found, they asked of death one cause Πιλατον αναιρεθηναι αυτον. 29 'Ως δε ετελεσαν to kill When and they finished Pilate him. παντα τα περι αυτου γεγραμμενα, καθελονall the things concerning him having been written, having taken 30 'O τες απο του ξυλου, εθηκαν εις μνημειον. down from the cross, they placed in down from the cross, they placed so  $\delta \epsilon$   $\theta \epsilon o s$   $\eta \gamma \epsilon i \rho \epsilon \nu$  autov  $\epsilon \kappa$   $\nu \epsilon \kappa \rho \omega \nu$ ,  $\delta l$   $\delta s$   $\omega \phi \theta \eta$  bun out of dead ones, who appeared a tomb. επι ημερας πλειους τοις συναναβασιν αυτώ απο many to those having gone up with him from days της Γαλιλαιας εις Ίερουσαλημ, οίτινες FLOTE of the Galilee into Jerusalem, who are 32 Kai ημεις μαρτυρές αυτου προς τον λαον. to the people. And we of him ύμας ευαγγελιζομεθα την προς τους πατερας

you address with glad tidings that to the fathers
επαγγελίαν γενομενην, ότι ταυτην δ θεος εκpromise having been made, that this the God has
πεπληρωκε τοις τεκνοις αυτων ήμιν, αναστησας

infolled to the children of them to us, having raised up

Iησουν 33 ώς και εν τω πρωτω ψαλμω γεγραπJesus; 22 also in the first psalm it is written.

ται· Υίος μου ει συ, εγω σημερου γεγεννηκα
A son of me art thou, 1 to-day have begotten

mersion of Reformation to All the PEOPLE of ISRAEL.

25 And as John was fulfilling his eace, he said, ‡\* Whom do you suppose me to be? If am not he;, but behold, one comes after me, the sandals of Whose feet I am not worthy to untie.

26 Brethren, sons of the Family of Abraham, and THOSE among you who FEAR GOD, ‡ to you is the WORD of this SALVATION.

\* sent.

27 For those dwelling in Jerusalem, and their rullers, I not knowing him, nor the Declarations of the Prophets I which are read Every Sabbath, I have fulfilled them in judging him.

28 ‡ And without having found any Cause of Death they desired Pilate

to kill him.

29 And when they had finished ALL things WRITTEN concerning him, thaving taken him down from the cross, they laid him in a Tomb.

30 1 But Gop raised

him from the Dead;

51 tand he appeared for several Days to THOSE who went up with him from GALILEE to Jerusalem, who are his Witnesses to the PEOPLE.

32 And we announce glad tidings to you, the PROMISE which was made to the FATHERS; because God has fulfilled this to \* us their CHILDREN, having raised up Jesus;

33 as it is written also in the †\*second Psalm, † Thou art my Son; this 'day ! have begotten thee.'

<sup>\*</sup>VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-25. What think you that. 26. sent forth. For. 32. our children, having. 33. second Psalm.

<sup>+ 33.</sup> The two first Psalms as they stand in our editions, were anciently joined together. See Wetstein. Gresbach has followed some MSS which have first instead of second. So also Tischendorf. The common reading, however, has been adopted, which agrees with the Vat. MS.

<sup>† 25.</sup> Matt. iii. 11; Mark i. 7; Luke iii. 16; John f. 20, 27.

† 26. Matt. x. 6: Luke xxiv. 47; Acts iii. 26; ver. 46.

† 27. Luke xxiv. 34; Acts iii. 17; 1 Cor. ii. 8.

† 27. Luke xxiv. 20, 44; Acts xxivi. 34; S. † 28. Matt. xxvii. 22, &c; 32.

† 27. Luke xxiv. 20, 44; Acts xxivi. 32.

† 28. Matt. xxvii. 29, &c.

† 30. Matt. xxvii. 6; Acts ii. 24; iii.

† 31. Acts i. 3; 1 Cor xv. 5—7.

† 32. Jen. xii. 3; xxii. 18, Acts xvii. 6; Acts ii. 3; Psa. ii. 7; Heb. i. 5; v. 4.

ACTS. Chap. 13; 34.7 34 Ότι δε ανεστησεν αυτον εκ νεκρων, Because and him out of dead ones. thee he raised μηκετι μελλοντα ύποστρεφειν εις διαφθοραν, no more being about to return to corruption, ούτως ειρηκεν 'Οτι δωσω ύμιν τα δσια Δαυιδ thus he said; That I will give to you the holythings of David τα πιστα. 35 Διο και εν ετερφ λεγει. Ου Therefore also in another he says; the faithful. Not ιδειν διαφθοραν. TOY δσιον σου thou wilt permit the holy one of thee to see corruption. 36 Δαυιό μεν γαρ ιδια γενεα ύπηρετησας τη David indeed for own generation having served by the του θεου Βουλη εχοιμηθη, και προσετεθη προς of the God will fell asleep, and was laid with τους πατερας αύτου και ειδε διαφθοραν. <sup>37</sup> δυ δε fathers of himself and saw corruption; whom but 38 Γνωσό θεος ηγειρεν, ουκ ειδε διαφθοραν. the God raised up, not saw corruption. Known τον ουν εστω ύμιν, ανδρες αδελφοι, ότι δια therefore let it be to you, men brethren, that through τουτου ύμιν αφεσις άμαρτιων καταγγελλεται. is announced; this to you forgiveness of sine 39 και απο παντων, ών ουκ ηδυνηθητε εν τω and from allthings, which not you are able by the σομφ Μωσεως δικαιωθηναι, εν τουτφ πας δ of Moses to be justified, in him every one the πιστευων δικαιουται. 40 Βλεπετε ουν, then, is justified. See not believing επελθη εφ' ύμας το ειρημενον εν τοις προφηmay come upon you that having been spoken by the prophets; ταις. 41 ιδετε οί καταφρονηται. και θαυμασατε, behold you the despisers, and wonder you, και αφανισθητε ότι εργον εγω εργαζομαι εν and disappear you, because a work ταις ήμεραις ύμων, εργον, ω ου μη πιστευthe days of you, swork, which not not you would σητε, εαν τις εκδιηγηται ύμιν. 42 Εξιοντων δε Having goneout and believe, if one should narrate to you. αυτων, παρεκαλουν εις το μεταξυ σαββατων they desired on the of them, next sabbath λαληθηναι αυτοις τα δηματα ταυτα. 43 AUBELto be spoken to them the words Being broken these. σης δε της συναγωγης, ηκολοι θησαν πολλοι ap and the synagogue, followed many

των Ιουδαίων και των σεβομένων προσηλυτών

τω Παυλω και τα Βαρναβα· οίτινες προσλα-

λουντές αυτοις, επειθον αυτους προσμένειν τη

Barnabas;

o'the Jews and o the worshipping proselytes .

Paul

and the

34 And because he raised him from the Dead, no more to return to Corruption, he has spoken thus, I'I will give you the SURE MERCIES of Da-'vid.'

Therefore also in another place he says, t Thou wilt not permit thy HOLY ONE to see Cor-'runtion.'

36 For David, indeed having in his Own Generation served the WILL of God, ‡ fell asleep, and was laid with his FATHERS, and saw Corruption;

37 but he whom Gop raised up waw not Corruption.

38 Be it therefore known to you, Brethren, † That through him Forgiveness of Sins is proclaimed to von:

39 I and by him EVERY ONE who BELIEVES is justified from all things, from which you could not be justified by the LAW of Moses.

40 See then that WHAT is spoken in the Pro-PHETS may not come upon

41 'Behold, DESPISERS, and wonder, and dis-appear; For E perform a 'Work in your DAYS, a Work which you will by 'no means believe, though one should declare it to 'you.' "

42 And they having gone out, \* it was thought proper that these WORDS should be spoken to them on the NEXT Sabbath.

43 And when the SYNA, GOGUE was broken up, many of the Jews and RE-LIGIOUS Proselytes folspeaking lowed PAUL and BARNA-BAS, who, speaking te to them, persuaded them to continue in the them, persuaded them to

who

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-42. it was thought proper that these words should be spoken

<sup>1 54.</sup> tsa. lv 3. t 35. Psa. xvi. 10; Acts ii. 31. t 36. 1 King 29. t 38. Luke xxiv. 47. 1 89. Rom. iii. 28; viii. 3; I John ii. 12. xxix. 14. Hab. i 5. 1 36. 1 Kings ii. 16; Acts ii-

χαριτι του θεου. 44 Τω τε εχομενφ σαββατφ On the and coming favor of the God. σχεδον πασα ή πολις συνηχθη ακουσαι τον city came together to hear almost all the 45 Ιδοντες δε οί Ιουδαιοι τους λογον του θεου. word of the God. Seeing and the Jews οχλους, επλησθησαν ζηλου, και αντελεγον they were filled of zeal, and spokeagainst ύπο του Παυλου λεγομενοις, \* [αντιλεthe Paul being spoken, [contrathe things by γοντες και] βλασφεμουντες. 46 Παρρησιασαandl blaspheming. Speaking μενοι δε δ Παυλος και δ Βαρναβας ειπου freely and the Paul and the Barnabas said; Υμιν ην αναγκαιον πρωτον λαληθηναι τον Fo you it was necessary first to be spoken to you του θεου  $\epsilon$ πειδη \*[δε] απωθεισθε αυτον, word of the God: since [but] you thrust away him, κα. ουκ αξιους κρινετε έαυτους της αιωνιου and not worthy judge yourselves of the age-lasting 47 Ούτω ζωης, ιδου, στρεφομεθα εις τα εθνη. hite, lo, we turn to the gentiles. Thus  $\gamma \alpha \rho \in \nu \tau \in \tau \alpha \lambda \tau \alpha \iota \stackrel{\sim}{\eta} \mu \nu \delta \kappa \nu \rho \iota os^* T \in \theta \in \iota \kappa \alpha \sigma \in \epsilon \iota s$  for has commanded us the Lord. I have set thee for φως εθνων, του ειναι σε εις σωτηριαν έως εσχαa light of nations, the to be thee for salvation to end του της γης. 48 Ακουοντα δε τα εθνη εχαιρον, Having heard and the Centiles rejoiced, of the earth.

και εδοξαζον τον λογον του κυριου και επισglorified the word of the Lord; and τευσαν όποι ησαν τεταγμενοι εις ζωην αιωνιον. lieved as many as were having been disposed for life age-lasting. 49 Διεφερετο δε δ λογος του κυριου δι' Was published and the word of the Lord through whole

50 Οί δε Ιουδαιοι παρωτρυναν τας Ths xwpas. of the country. The but Jews stirred up the σεβομένας γυναικάς τας ευσχημονάς, και τους

and women the honorable, the religious πρωτους της πολεως, και επηγειραν διωγμον επι τον Παυλον και τον Βαρναβαν, και εξεβαλον and the Barnabas, against the Paul and cast out

51 Οἱ δε εκτινααυτους απο των δριων αυτων. them from the borders of them. They but having

ξαμενοι τον κονιορτον των ποδων αύτων επ' of the feet of them against shaken off the dust αυτους, ηλθον εις Ικονιον.

came into Iconium.

52 Οἱ δε μαθηται επληρουντο χαρας και πνευ-The and disciples were filled joy and spirit КЕФ. ιδ'. 14. 1 Εγενετο δε εν ματος άγιου. It happened and in holy.

Ικονίω, κατά το αυτό εισελθείν αυτοίς είς την I conium, that they went at the same to enter Icontum.

continue in the FAVOR of Gon.

44 And on the FOLLOW-ING Sabbath, almost the Whole CITY assembled to hear the word of God.

45 And the JEWS seeing the crowds, were filled with Envy, and opposed the things spoken by \*Paul,

blaspheming. 46 And both PAUL and BARNABAS speaking freely, said, # "It was necessary for the word of God first to be spoken to you; ‡ but since you thrust it away from you, and judge yourselves unworthy of A10-NIAN Life, behold, I we

turn to the GENTILES. 47 For thus the LORD has commanded us; t'I have set thee for a Light of Nations, that thou 'shouldst BE for Salva-'tion to the Extremity of 'the EARTH.'"

48 And the GENTILES having heard this, rejoiced, and glorified the word of \* the Lord; and as many as were disposed for aionian Life, believed.

49 And the WORD of the LORD was published through the Whole of the COUNTRY.

50 But the JEWS excited the RELIGIOUS and HON-ORABLE Women, and the FIRST MEN of the CITY, and raised a Persecution against PAUL and \* Barnabas, and expelled them from \* their BORDERS.

51 # And THEY, shaking off the DUST of \* their feet against them, went to Iconium.

52 And the DISCIPLES I were filled with Joy and holy Spirit.

### CHAPTER XIV.

1 And it occurred at them into the TOGETHER into the SYNA-

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-45. Paul, blaspheming. And Paul and.
3 and-omit.
46. but-omit.
48. God; and as many. ing and-omit. 51. the FEET. 50. the BORDERS.

<sup>45.</sup> contradict-50. Barnabas.

<sup>1 46.</sup> Matt. x. 6; Aets iii. 26; v. 26. Rom. i. 16. 1 46. Matt. xxi. 43. Rom. x. 19. 1 46. Aets xvii. 6; xxvii. 28. 1 47. Isa. xlii. 6; xlix. 6; l.uke ii. 32. 1 51. Matt. x. 14; Mark vi. 11; Luke ix. 5; Acts xviii. 6. 1 52. Matt. v. 12, John xvi. 32; Acts ii. 46.

συναγωγην των Ιουδαιων, και λαλησαι ούτως, synagogue of the and to speak Jews, 80. ώστε πιστευσαι Ιουδαιων τε και Έλληνων πολυ of Jews and also a great 2 Οί δε απειθουντες Ιουδαιοι επηγειπληθos. multitude. The but unbelieving Jews stirred up ραν και εκακωσαν τας ψυχας των εθνων κατα and imbittered the souls of the Gentiles against των αδελφων. 3 Ίκανον μεν ουν χρονον διετριψον παρόησιαζομενοι επι τφ κυριφ, τφ μαρτυmained speaking freely about the Lord, that testifying ρουντι τω λογω της χαριτος αύτου, διδοντι to the word of the favor of himself, granting σημεία και τερατα γινεσθαι δια των χειρων signs and prodigies to be done through the hands

αυτων. Εσχισθη δε το πληθος της πολεως ottuem. Was divided and the Lindbacots, of  $\delta \epsilon$  and these indeed were with the Jews, those and  $\epsilon$  in these indeed were with the Jews, those and  $\epsilon$  in this amount of  $\epsilon$  in the same  $\epsilon$  i Was unrided and the multitude of the As and Was much the apostles. a rush των εθνων τε και Ιουδαιων συν τοις αρχουσιν etine gentiles and also of Jews with the rulers c. ων, ύβριται και λιθοβολησαι autous, tolusuit and oftnem. tostone them, 6 συνιδοντες κατεφυγον εις τας πολεις της

seeing they fied into the city of the  $\Lambda$ ukaoutas,  $\Lambda$ uotpav kai  $\Delta$ erbhy, kai thu lyconum, Lystra and Dethe, and the  $\pi$ errounding country; and there they were preaching flad trdings.

8 Και τις ανηρ εν Λυστροις αδυνατος τοις And a certain man in Lystra unable in the ποσιν εκαθητο, χωλος εκ κοιλιας μητρος αύτου, lame from womb of mother of humself, feet was sitting, ός ουδεποτε περιεπεπατηκει. 9 Ούτος ηκουε had walked about. This heard του Παυλου λαλουντος ός ατενισας auTo. speaking; who having looked intently to him, tive Paul και ιδων ότι πιστιν εχει του σωθηναι, 10 ειπε and seeing that faith he has of the to be saved, μεγαλη τη φωνη. Αναστηθι επι τους ποδας σου loud with the voice; Do thou stand upon the feet of thee ορθος. Και ήλατο, και περιεπατει. 11 0ί δε And he leaped up, and walked about. The and οχλοι, ιδοντες ό εποιησεν ό Παυλος, επηραν crowds, seeing what did the Paul, lifted up την φωνην αύτων, Λυκαονιστι λεγοντες Οί the voice of them, in Lycaonian language saying; The θευι δμοιωθεντες ανθρωποις κατεβησαν προς gods being itke men came down to 12 Εκαλουν τε τον μεν Βαρναβαν, WHUS. Dia. They called and the indeed lineuabas, Jupiter,

gogue of the Jews, and spoke in such a manner, that a Great Multitude both of the Jews and Greeks believed.

2 But the UNBELIEV-ING Jews excited and embittered the MINDS of the GENTILES against the

BRETHREN.

3 For a considerable Time however, they continued there, speaking boldly in the Lord, twho Testified to the word of his favor, by granting Signs and Prodigies to be performed by their Hands.

4 But the MULTITUDE of the CITY was divided; and some were with the Jews, and some with the

APOSTLES.

5 And as a violent attempt was made, both by the GENTILES and Jews, with their BULERS, Ito wantonly disgrace and stone them,

6 knowing it, they fled to the CITIES of LYCAO-NIA, Lystra and Derbe, and the SURROUNDING

COUNTRY;

7 and there they proclaimed glad tidings.

8 ‡ And there was sitting a certain Man at Lystra, disabled in his Feft, lame from his Birth, who had never walked.

9 This man heard PAUL speaking; who, looking intentity on him, and the to be That he had Faith to be RESTORED,

10 said with a \*Loud

Voice, "Stand erect on thy FEET." And he leaped up, and walked about.

11 And the CROWDS seeing what PAUL did, they litted up their voice in the Lycaonian language, saying, †"The GODS, resembling men, have come down to us."

12 And they, indeed, called BARNABAS, Jupiter.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-10. Loud Voice.

<sup>1</sup> h Mark xvi. 20: Heb. it. 4. 1 5. 2 lim. ivi. 11. 2 6. Matt. x. 23. 1 8. Acts vi. 1. 2 9. Matt. viii. 10; x. 28, 29. 1 H. Acts viii. 10; x. xviii. 6.

τον δε Παυλον, Έρμην επείδη αυτος ην δ the and Paul, Mercury; because he was the  $\dot{\eta}\gamma$ ουμένος του λογου.  $^{13}$  Ο δε  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ερευς του  $\Delta$ ιος The and priest of the Jupiter of the word. του οντος τρο της πολεως, ταυρους και στεμofthat being before the city, bulls and garματα επι τους πυλωνας ενεγκας, συν TOLS gates having brought, with the the οχλοις ηθελε θυειν. 14 Ακουσαντες δε οί αποσ-Having heard and the apostles crowds wished to sacrifice. τολοι Βαρναβας και Παυλος, διαρδηξαντες τα having rent Paul, Barnabas and ίματια αύτων, εξεπηδησαν εις τον οχλον, κραmantles of them, rushed out into the crowd, erying erying CONTES 15 και λεγοντες Ανδρες, τι ταυτα ποιειτε · και ήμεις δμοιοπαθεις εσμεν ύμιν ανθρωalso we being like are to you men. you? ποι, ευαγγελιζομενοι ύμας απο τουτων των aunouncing glad tidings you from these the ματαιων επιστρεφειν επι τον θεον τον ζωντα, to turn to the God the living, superstitions ός εποιησε τον ουρανον και την γην και την heaven and the earth and the who mide the 16 55 €V θαλασσαν, και παντα τα εν αυτοις. who in and all the things in them; ταις παρφχημεναις γενεαις ειασε παντα τα the having gone by generations permitted all 17 Καιτοιγε εθνη πορευεσθαι ταις όδοις αύτων. nations to go in the ways of themselves. Although indeed ουκ αμαρτυρον έαυτον αφηκεν, αγαθοποιων, not without witness himself left, doing good, ουρανοθεν ύμιν ύετους διδους και καιρους καρgiving and seasons fruitfrom heaven to you rains ποφορους, εμπιπλων τροφης και ευφροσυνης being full . of food and of joy ful. 18 Και ταυτα λεγοντες, τας καρδιας ύμων. And these things saying, of you. hearts θυ€ιν μολις κατεπαυσαν τους οχλους του μη hardly they restrained the crowds the not to sacrifice 19 Επηλθον δε απο Αντιοχειας και Ικο-QUTOIS. Antioch and Came and from to them. νιου Ιουδαιο: και πεισαντες τους οχλους, KOLL and having persuaded the crowds, and €ξω THS λιθασαντές τον Παυλον, εσυρον the . Paul, they dragged outside of the having stoned πολεως, νομισαντες αυτον τεθναναι.  $^{20}$  Κυκ-Surto be dead. him . supposing λωσαντων δε πυτον των μαθητων, αναστας the dieciples, having arisen him and εις την πολιν. Και τη €παυριον €ισηλθ∈ν And on the the city, morrow he entered into

εξηλθε συν τω Βαρναβα εις Δερβην. Barnabas into

he went with the

and PAUL, Mercury, because he was the CHIEF SPEAKER.

13 And the PRIEST of THAT [image of] JUPITER which was thefore the city, brought Bulls and Garlands to the GATES, and wished to sacrifice with the CROWDS.

14 But the APOSTLES, Barnabas and Paul, having heard of it, rent their MANTLES, and rushing out among the CROWD, ex-

claiming

15 and saying, "Men, why do you These things? Tale are also Men, subject to frailty with you, proclaiming glad tidings to turn you from These VANITIES to the LIVING God, t who made the HEA-VEN, and the EARTH, and the SEA, and all THINGS in them:

16 twho, in PRECED-ING Generations permitted All the GENTILES to walk in their own ways:

17 though indeed he left not Himself without testimony, doing good, ‡ giving you Rains from heaven, and fruitful Seasons, and filling your HEARTS with Food and Gladness."

18 And saying These things, they with difficulty restrained the CROWDS from SACRIFICING

19 But † Jews came from Antioch and Iconium, and having persuaded the crowds, and 1 having stoned PAUL, they dragged him out of the CITY, supposing him to be dead.

20 But the DISCIPLES having surrounded him, he rose up and entered the CITY. And on the NEXT 21 Evay- DAY he departed with BAR-Having | NABAS to Derbe.

Derbe.

<sup>† 13.</sup> As was common in that day, cities were placed under the protection of heathen deities. The city of Lystra had the image of Jupiter, before its gates.

<sup>† 15.</sup> James v. 17; Rev. xix. 10. † 15. 1 Thess. 1. 9. † 16. Psa. lxxxi. 12; Acts xvii. 30; 1 Pet. iv. 3. † 17. Acts xvii. 27; Rom. x. 20. † 17. Lev. xxvii. 4; Deut. st. 14; xxviii 12; Job v. 10; Psa. lxv. 10; lxviii. 9; exlvii. 8; Jer. xiv. 22; Matt. v 45. † 19. 4cts xiii. 45 † 10. 2 Cor xi. 25: 2 Tim. iii. 11.

γελισαμενοι τε την πολιν εκεινην, και μαθηpreached glad tidings and the city and having that, τευσαντες ίκανους, ύπεστρεψαν εις την Λυστραν made disciples many. they returned to the Lystra και Ικονιον και Αντιοχειαν. 22 επιστηριζοντες Antioch, confirming and Iconium and τας ψυχας των μαθητων, παρακαλουντές εμμενειν the souls of the disciples, exhorting

τη πιστει, και ότι δια πολλων θλιψεων δει in the faith, and that through many afflictions it behoves ήμας εισηλθειν εις την βασιλειαν του θεου. us to enter into the kingdom of the God. 23 Χειροτονησαντες δε αυτοις πρεσβυτερους κατ'

Having appointed and for them elders in every

εκκλησιαν, προσευξαμενοι μετα νηστειων παρεcongregation, having prayed with fasting they

θεντο αυτους τω κυριώ, εις δν πεπιστευκειcommended them to the Lord, into whom they had believed. σαν.  $^{24}$  Και διελθοντες την Πισιδιαν, ηλθον

And having passed through the Phidia, they came
εις Παμφυλιαν <sup>25</sup> και λαλησαντες εν Περγη

rate Pamphylia; and having poken in Perga τον λογον, κατεβησαν εις Ατταλειαν. 26 κακει-

τον λογον, κατερησαν εις Ατταλείαν κακειthe word, they went down into Attalia; and thence  $\theta$ εν απεπλευσαν εις Αντιοχείαν,  $\delta\theta$ εν ησαν

they sailed into Antioch, whence they were παραδεδομενοι τη χαριτιτου θεου εις το εργον, having been commended to the favor of the God for the work.

 $\delta$  επληρωσαν. <sup>27</sup> Παραγενομενοι  $\delta$ ε και συναwhich they fulfilled. Having arrived and having  $\gamma$ αγοντες την εκκλησιαν, ανηγγειλαν  $\delta$ σα

γαγούτες την εκκλησίαν, ανηγγείλαν όσα assembled the congregation, they related what things  $\epsilon \pi o_i \eta \sigma \epsilon \nu \ \, \delta \ \, \theta \epsilon o_S \ \, \mu \epsilon \tau^2 \ \, a \upsilon \tau \omega \nu, \ \, \kappa \alpha i \ \, \delta \tau i \ \, \eta \nu o_i \xi \epsilon \ \, \tau o_{iS}$  and the God with them. and that be opened to the

εθνεσι θυραν πιστεως. <sup>28</sup> Διετριβον δε χρονον Gentiles a door of faith. They remained and a time ουκ ολιγον συν τοις μαθηταις. ΚΕΦ. ιε'. 15. not a little with the disciples.

1 Και τινες κατελθοντες απο της Ιουδαιας, And some having come down from the Judea, εδίδασκον τους αδελφους. Ότι εαν μη περιτεμπετε teaching the brethren; That it not you are expurped to  $\tau \varphi$  εθει Μωυσεως, ου δυνασθε σωθηναι. eumcised with the rite of 1 Moses, not you are able to be saved.

<sup>2</sup> Γενομενης ουν στασεως και ζητησεως ουκ Being therefore adispute and discussion no. ολιγης τω Παυλω και τω βαρναβα προς αυτους,

ολιγης τφ Παυλφ και τφ βαρναβα προς αυτους, a little the Paul and the Barnabas with them, εταξαν αναβαινειν Παυλον και Βαρναβαν και ther decided to send up Paul and Barnabas and

• VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-24. PAMPHYLIA. 1. MOSE

21 And having preached the glad tidings in that CITY, and made many disciples, they returned to LYSTEA, and Iconium, and Antioch.

22 confirming the souls of the DISCIPLES, and ‡ exhorting them to continue in the faith, ‡ and That through Many Afflictions we must enter the King-

DOM of GOD.

23 And thaving appointed ELDERS for them in every Congregation, and having prayed with Fasting, they commended them to the Lord, into whom they had believed.

24 And passing through PISIDIA, they came to

\* PAMPHYLIA;

25 and having spoken the word in Perga, they

went to Attalia;

26 ‡ and thence they sailed to Antioch, whence they were ‡ recommended to the PAVOR of GOD for the WORK which they fulfilled.

27 And having arrived, and assembled the CON-GREGATION they related what things GOD did by them, and that he had topened a Door of Faith to

the GENTILES.

28 And they remained not a little Time with the DISCIPLES.

#### CHAPTER XV.

1 And ‡ some having come down from JUDEA taught the BRETHEEN, ‡"If you are not circumcised according to the CUSTOM of \* Moses, you cannot be saved."

2 There being, therefore, a Contention, and PAUL and BARNABAS had no little Debate with them, they decided to send up Paul and Barnabas, and some

τινας αλλους εξ αυτων προς τους αποστολους others of them, to the some others of them to the apostles και πρεσβυτερους εις 'Ιερουσαλημ, περι του and elders at Jerusalem, about the ζητηματος τουτου.

Τη του του του του του του του του προπεμφθεν-question this. They indeed therefore having been sent forward by the content of them, to the APOSTLES and Elders at Jerusalem, about this του του προπεμφθεν-question this. τες ύπο της εκκλησιας, διηρχοντο την Φοινι-forward by the congregation, passed through the Pheni-κην και Σαμαρειαν, εκδιηγουμενοι την επιστροnarrating the turning cia and Samaria, φην των εθνων και εποιουν χαραν μεγαλην of the Gentiles; and caused joy great πασι τοις αδελφοις. <sup>4</sup> Παραγενομενοι δε εις to all the brethren. Having come and into Τερουσαλημ, απεδεχθησαν ύπο της εκκλησιας Jerusalem, they were received by the congregation και των αποστολων και των πρεσβυτερων, ανηγand the apostles and the elders, γειλαν τε όσα ό θεος εποιησε μετ' αυτων. 5 Εξανεστησαν δε τινες των απο της αίρεσεως Stood up and some of those from the sect των Φαρισαίων πεπιστευκότες, λεγοντες Ότι fthe Pharisees having believed, saying; That δει περιτεμνειν αυτους, παραγγελλειν τε It is necessary to circumcise them, to command and 6 Συνηχθησαν δε τηρειν τον νομον Μωυσεως. Assembled and to keep the law of Moses. οί αποστολοι και οί πρεσβυτεροι ιδειν περι του the apostles and the elders to see concerning the λογου τουτου. 7 Πολλης δε συ (ητησεως γενοword this. Much and debate being, μενης, αναστας Πετρος είπε ποος αυτους·
having ansen Peter said to them: Ανδρες αδελφοι, ύμεις επιστασθε, ότι ηφ' ήμε-Mea brethren, you know, that from days ρων αρχαιων δ θεος εν ήμιν εξελεξατο δια του former the God among us chose through the στοματος μου ακουσαι τα εθνη τον λογον του mouth of me to hear the Gentules the word of the ευαγγελίου, και πιστευσαι. 8 Και δ καρδιογειadudings, and to believe. And the glad oldings, and to believe. νωστης θεος εμαρτυρησεν αυτοις, δους αυτοις snowing God testibed to them, giving to them το πνευμα το άγιον, καθως και ήμιν  $^9$  και the spirit the holy. as even to us, and ουδεν διεκρινε μεταξυ ήμων τε και αυτων, τη nothing judged between us and also them, by the πιστει καθαρισας τας καρδιας αυτων. 10 Nuv faith having purified the hearts of them. Now ουν τι πειραζετε τον θεον, επιθειναι ζυγον therefore why do you tempt the God, to place a yoke επι τον τραχηλον των μαθητων, όν ουτε οί on the neck of the disciples, wouch neither the πατερες ήμων ουτε ήμεις ισχυσαμεν βαστασαι, fathers of us nor we were able to bear? ΙΙ Αλλα δια της χαριτος του κυριου Ιησου πισ-But through the favor of the Lord Jesus we be-

the CONGREGATION, went through PHENICIA and Samaria, ‡ relating the CONVERSION of the GEN-TILES, and caused great Joy to All the BRETHREN.

4 And having arrived at Jerusalem, they were received by the congre-GATION, and the APOS-TLES, and the ELDERS, and trelated what things God performed with them.

5 But SOME of those having BELIEVED, from the SECT of the PHARI-SEES, stood up, saying, "It is necessary to circumcise them, and to command them to keep the LAW of Moses.

6 And the APOSTLES and ELDERS were gathered together to see about this MATTER.

7 And there being much Debate, Peter arising said to them, ‡" Brethren, nou know That in former Days God chose among us, that by my MOUTH the GEN-TILES should hear the WORD of the GLAD TI-DINGS, and believe.

8 And God, the HEART-SEARCHER, testified to them, I giving to them the HOLY SPIRIT, even as to 115:

9 ‡ And made no disfunction between us and them, I having purified their HEARTS through the

10 Now, therefore, why do you try Goo, I to put a Yoke on the NECK of the DISCIPLES, which neither our fathers nor we were

able to bear?

11 But through the FAVOR of the Lord Jesus

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. to them -omit.

<sup>1 3</sup> Acts xiv. 27. 1 4. ver 12; xxi. 19. 1 7. Acts x. 20; x1. 12. 1 9. Acts x 15, 28, 43; 1 Cor. 1. 2; 1 Pet. 1. 22. 1 le Matt. xxiii. 4; Gal V. l.

σευομεν σωθηναι, καθ δν τροπον κακεινοι. 1- Εσιγησε δε παν το πληθος, και ηκουον Βαρ-Was silent and all the multitude, and heard ναβα και Παυλου εξηγουμενων, όσα εποιησεν nabas and Paul narrating, what δ θεος σημεία και τερατά εν τοις εθνεσι δί the God signs and prodigies among the Gentiles through 13 Μετα δε το σιγησαι αυτους, απεκαυτων. After and the to be silent them. them. ριθη Ιακωβος, λεγων Ανδρες αδελφοι, ακουσατε James, saying; Men brethren, hear you awered 14 Συμεων εξηγησατο, καθως πρωτον δ Simeon related. how θεος επεσκεψατο λαβειν εξ εθνων λαον επι τω to take out of Gentiles a people for the looked 15 Και τουτω συμφωνουσιν οί And with this harmonice the ονοματι αύτου. name of himself. λογοι των προφητων, καθως γεγραπται· 16 μετα words of the prophets, as it is written, ταυτα αναστρεψω και ανοικοδομησω την σκηthese things I will return and I will build again the taberνην Δαυιδ την πεπτωκυιαν και τα κατεσκαμnacle of David that having fallen down; and the ruins μενα αυτης ανοικοδομησω, και ανορθωσω αυτην of her I will build again, and I will set up 17 δπως αν εκ(ητησωσιν οί καταλοιποι TWP rest may seek the of the ανθρωπων τον κυριον, και παντα τα εθνη, εφ' the Lord, and all the nations, on ούς επικεκληται το ονομα μου επ' αυτους, 18 λεwhom has been called the name of me over them, says γει κυριος \*[δ] ποιων ταυτα γνωστα απ' αιωνος. [he] doing these things known from an age. . Lord 19 Λιο εγω κρινω μη παρενοχλειν τοις απο των to trouble those from Therefore 1 judge not the  $\epsilon \pi \iota \tau o \nu \theta \epsilon o \nu^{-20} a \lambda \lambda a$ EBNWN επιστρεφουσιν Gentues turning to the God; bus επιστειλαι αυτοις του απεγεσθαι απο TWV to send word to them the to abstain from the αλισγηματών των ειδωλών και της πορνείας και pollutions of the idols and the fornication and του πνικτου και του αίματος. 21 Μωυσης γαρ the stranged and the blood. Moses for εκ γενεων αρχαιων κατα πολιν τους κηρυσfrom generations of old in every city those preachσυντας αυτον εχει, εν ταις συναγωγαις κατα ing has, in the synagogues in

we trust to be saved; in like manner then also.

12 And All the MULTI-TUDE was silent, and heard Barnabas and Paul relate What Signs and Prodigies God Tperformed among the Gentiles through them.

13 And after they were SILENT, IJames answered. saying, "Brethren, hear

me!

14 1 Simon has related how Gop first looked to take out of the Gentiles a People for his NAME.

15 And with this the WORDS of the PROPHETS harmonize: as it is written,

16 1' After these things 'I will return; and I will rebuild THAT TABERNA-'CLE of David which has 'FALLEN DOWN; and I will rebuild its RUINE, 'and will re-establish it;

17 'in order that the REMAINDER OF MEN may 'seek the LOED, even All GENTILES upon whom my NAME has been 'invoked,

18 'says the Lord, who ' does these things,' which were known from the Age.

19 Therefore # Judge that we should not trouble THOSE, who from among the GENTILES are TURN-ING to GOD,

20 but write to them to ABSTAIN from the POL-LUTED T OFFERINGS to IDOLS, and I FORNICA-TION, and THAT which is STRANGLED, and I BLOOD.

21 For frem ancient Generations Moses has, in every City, THOSE WHO PREACH him, being read in the SYNAGOGUES Every Sabbath."

22 Then it seemed good to the APOSTLES and EL-DERS, with the Whole conmen out of themselves GREGATION, to send Men

the congregation, having chosen

every sabhath

παν σαββατον αναγινωσκομενος. <sup>22</sup>Τοτε εδοξε

τοις αποστολοις και τοις πρεσβυτεροις συν όλη

τη εκκλησια, εκλεξαμενους ανδρας εξ αύτων

being read.

and the

elders

Thenitseemedgood

with whole

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. he-omit.

<sup>\$ 12.</sup> Acts xiv. 27. \$ 13. Acts xii 17 \$ 14. ver. 7 \$ 16. Amost x. 11. 12 \$ 19. ver. 28. \$ 20. ver. 23. Acts xxii. 25; 1 Cor. viii. 1, Rev. 11. 14. 20. \$ 1. 20. 1 Cor. vii. 9; 18; Gal. v. 19; Epit. v. 3, Col. 111. 5, 1 Thess. iv. 3, 1 Pet. iv. 8. \$ 20. Gen fx. 4; Lev. 111. 17; Deut. xii. 16; 23.

Chap. 15: 23.]

πεμψαι εις Αντιοχειαν συν τφ Παυλφ και Βαρto send to Antioch with the Paul and Barναβα, Ιουδαν τον επικαλουμενον Βαρσαβαν, και Judas that being called Barsabas, and Σιλαν, ανδρας ήγουμενους εν τοις αδελφοις. 23 γραψαντες δια χειρος αυτων \* [ταδε·]
having written by hand of them brethren;

Οί αποστολοι και οί πρεσβυτεροι και οί and the elders and the apostles αδελφοι, τοις κατα την Αντιοχειαν και Συριαν brethren, to those in the Antioch and Syria και Κιλικιαν αδελφοις, τοις εξ εθνων, χαιρειν. those from Gentiles, and Cilicia brethren,

 $^{24}$  Επειδη ηκουσαμεν, ότι τινες εξ ήμων \* [εξελ-Since we have heard, that some from us having θοντες] εταραξαν ύμας λογοις, ανασκευαζοντες gone out] troubled you with words, τας ψυχας ύμων, \*[λεγοντες περιτεμνεσθαι the souls of you, [saying to be circumcised και τηρειν τον νομον,] ols ου διεστειλαμεθα: and to keep the law,] to whom not we gave commands; 25 εδοξεν ήμιν γενομενοις όμοθυμαδον, εκλεξαit seemed good to us being having of one mind, μενους ανδρας πεμψαι προς ύμας, συν τοις αγαchosen out men to send to you, with the πητοις ήμων Βαρναβα και Παυλ $\phi$ ,  $^{26}$  ανθρωποις of us Barnabas and Paul, παραδεδωκοσι τας ψυχας αύτων ύπερ του ονοthe lives of them in behalf of the name

ματος του κυριου ήμιν Ιησου Χριστου. 27 Απεσof the Lord of us Jesus Anointed. ταλκαμεν ουν Ιουδαν και Σιλαν, και αυτους

therefore Judas Silas, them 28 Εδοξε δια λογου απαγγελλοντας τα αυτα. announcing the same things. It seemed good through word γαρ τω αγιω πνευματι και ήμιν, μηδεν πλεον for to the holy spirit and to us, no more

and

επιτιθεσθαι ύμιν βαρος, πλην των επαναγκες to you a burden, besides the necessary things τουτων, <sup>29</sup> απεχεσθαι ειδωλοθυτων και αίματος

to abstain from things offered to idols and blood και πνικτου και πορνείας. εξ ων διατηρουντες and strangled and fornication; from which keeping

30 Οἱ μ€ν €U πραξετε. Ερόωσθε. έαυτους, well you will do. Farewell. They indeed vourselves. ουν απολυθεντες ηλθον εις Αντιοχειαν. και went to Antioch; and therefore being dismissed

συναγαγοντες το πληθος, επεδωκαν την επισdelivered lethaving assembled the multitude, the

τολην. <sup>31</sup> Αναγνοντες δε, εχαρησαν επι τη ter. Having read and, they rejoiced at the 32 Ιουδας τε και Σιλας, και αυτοι παρακλησει. and and Silas, also themselves also themselves being ready Judas exhortation.

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-22. being called Barsabbas.

chosen from among themselves to Antioch with PAUL and Barnabas;— THAT Judas \* being called Barsabbas, and Silas, leading Men among the BRETH-REN;

23 having written by their Hand, this:—"The APOSTLES and \* ELDERS and BRETHREN, to THOSE BRETHREN in ANTIOCH and Syria and Cilicia. who are of the Gentales, greet-

ing.
24 Since we have heard having gone That ‡ some having gone out from us troubled with Words, unsettling your MINDS, to whom we gave no commands :

25 it seemed good to us, being of one mind, to chose out men to send to you, with your BELOVED Barnabas and Paul,

26 ‡ Men who have given up their LIVES in behalf of the NAME of our LORD Jesus Christ.

27 We have therefore sent Judas and Silas, who will also tell you she SAME things by Word.

28 For it seemed good to the \* HOLY SPIRIT, and to us, to lay on you no Additional Burden besides \*These NECESSARY things:

To abstain things offered to Idols, and Blood, and That which is Strangled, and Formea-tion; from which if you keep yourselves you will do well. Farewell."

30 THEY, therefore, being dismissed, \*went down to Antioch, and having assembled the MULTITUDE, delivered the LETTER.

31 And when they had read it, they rejoiced at the EXHORTATION.

32 And Judas and Silas,

<sup>24.</sup> having gone out-omit. 28. HOLY SPIRIT. and to keep the LAW-omit.

<sup>23.</sup> thus-omit. 24. saying, to be circumcised, 28. These. 30. went down

<sup>24.</sup> ver. 1; Gal. ii. 4, 5, 12; Titus i. 10, 11. 80; 2 Cor. xi. 23, 26.

<sup>1 26.</sup> Acts xiil. 50; xiv. 19; 1 Car. xv

προφηται οντες, δια λογου πολλου παρεκαλεprophets being, through a word great exhorted 33 Поглσαν τους αδελφους, και επεστηριξαν. brethren, Having the and confirmed. σαντες δε χρονον, απελυθησαν μετ' ειρηνης and a time, they were dismissed with peace απο των αδελφων προς τους αποστειλαντας brethren those having sent from the to 34 \* [ Eδοξε δε τω Σιλα επιμειναι autous. It seemed good but to the Silas them to remain 35 Παυλος δε και Βαρναβας διετριβον αυτου. there.] Paul but and Barnabas εν Αντιοχεια, διδασκοντες και ευαγγελιζομενοι, Antioch, teaching and announcing glad tidings, μετα και έτερων πολλων, τον λογον του κυριου. with also others many, the word of the Lord. <sup>36</sup> Μετα δε τινας ήμερας ειπε Παυλος προς Βαρ-After and some said Paul Bardays to ναβαν. Επιστρεψαντες δη επισκεψωμεθα τους Having returned indeed we may visit αδελφους κατα πασαν πολιν, εν αίς κατηγγειin which brethren in every city, we have λαμεν τον λογον του κυριου, πως εχουσι.
preached the word of the Lord, how they are. 37 Βαρναβας δε εβουλευσατο συμπαραλαβειν και Barnabas and counselled to take with 38 Παυλος Ιωαννην τον καλουμένον Μαρκον. John being called Mark. Paul τον αποσταντα απ' De nELOU, αυτων απο out deemed fitting, the having gone away from them from Παμφυλίας, και μη συνελθοντα αυτοίς είς το Pamphylia, and not having gone with them to the 39 Εγενετο εργον, μη συμπαραλαβειν τουτον. to take hım. Occurred work, not ουν παροξυσμος, ώστε αποχωρισθηναι αυτους therefore a sharp contention, so as to separate απ' αλληλων, τον τε Βαρναβαν παραλαβοντα from one another, the and Barnabas having taken τον Μαρκον εκπλευσαι εις Κυπρον.

sailed 90 Cyprus. 40 Παυλος δε επιλεξαμένος Σιλαν εξηλθε, but Silas went out, Paul having selected παραδοθεις τη χαριτι του θεου having been commended to the favor of the God ύπο των 41 Διηρχετο δε την Συριαν και Κιλιαδελφων. He passed through and the Syria and Ciliκιαν, επιστηριζων τας εκκλησιας. KEΦ. is'. cia, confirming the congregations. 1 Κατηντησε δε εις Δερβην και Λυστραν. 16.

He came and to Derbe and Lystra; και ιδου, μαθητης τις ην εκει, ονοματι Τιμο-

and a disciple certain was there, by name speakers, exhorted the BRETHREN in a long Discourse and confirmed them.

33 And having spent some Time, they were dismissed with Peace from the BRETHREN to those HAVING SENT them.

\$4 \* + [But it seemed good to SILAS to remain

there.]

35 I And Paul and Barnabas remained at Antroch, teaching and proclaiming the glad tidings of the WORD of the LORD, with many others also.

36 And after Some Days Paul said to Barnabas, "Let us return and visit the BRETHREN Jin \* Every City in which we proclaimed the WORD of the LORD, and see how they are."

37 And Barnabas wished to take also with them that John, who was SURNAMED Mark.

38 But Paul deemed it improper to take HIM with them, 1 who DESERTED them from Pamphylia, and did not go with them to the WORK.

39 A sharp Contention therefore ensued, so as to separate them from each other; and BARNABAS having taken MARK sailed

to Cyprus. 40 But Paul having selected Silas, departed, ‡ being commended to the FAvon of \* the Lord by the BRETHREN.

41 And he went through STRIA and Cilicia, † estab. lishing the CONGREGA-

TIONS.

#### CHAPTER XVI.

1 And he came \* both to † Derbe and to Lystra. And behold a certain Disciple Timo- was there, I named Timo-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. omit. 36. every City. 40. the LORD. both to Derbe and to Lystra.

<sup>.+ 34.</sup> This sentence is omitted by the *Vatican*, and a great number of other MSS; also by the Syric, Arabic, Coptic, Siavonic, and Vulgate. Griesbach marks it as doubtful, and to be expunged.

<sup>† 35.</sup> Acts xiii. 1. † 36. Acts xiii. 4, 13, 14, 51; xiv. 1, 6, 24, 25. † 37. Acts xii. 12, 25; xiu. 5; Col. iv. 10; 5 Tim. iv. 11; Philemon 24. † 38. Acts xiii. 13. † 40. Acts xiv. 26. † 41. Acts xvi. 5. † 1. Acts xiv. 6. † 1. Acts xiv. 22; Rom' vvi. 21; 1 Cor. iv. 17; Phil. ii. 19; 1 Thess. iii. 2; 1 Tim. 11. 2; 2 Tim. 1. 2; 2 Tim. 1.

Χριστου, εξελθειν απ' αυτης. her. Anointed. to come out from .119 εξηλθεν αυτη τη ώρα.  $^{19}$  Ιδοντες δε οί κυριοι it came out in that the hour. Seeing and the lords αυτης, ότι εξηλθεν  $\dot{\eta}$  ελπις της εργασιας of her, that came out the hope of the gain επιλαβομενοι τον Παυλον KAL TOV having taken hold of the Paul and the Σιλαν, είλκυσαν εις την αγοραν TOUS ETT! Silas, they drags kal and they dragged into the market to the προσαγαγοντες QUITOUS they having led them τοις στρατηγοις, ειπον Ούτοι οί ανθρωποι said, These the men to the commanders, εκταρασσουσιν ήμων την πολιν, Ιουδαιοι ύπαρgreatly disturb of us the city, Jews being, 21 και καταγγελλουσιν εθη, α ουκ preach customs, which not and εξεστιν ήμιν παραδεχεσθαι, ουδε ποιειν, 'Ρωto receive, or to do, Roit is lawful for us μαιοις ουσι. <sup>22</sup> Και συνεπεστή δ οχλος κατ And rose up together the crowd against mans being. αυτων, και οἱ στρατηγοι περιρδηξαντες αυτων them, and the commanders having torn off of them τα ίματια, εκελευον βαβδιζειν. 23 πολλας τε mantles, they ordered to beat with rods; many and επιθεντες αυτοις πληγας, εβαλον εις φυλακην, blows, they cast into naving laid on them prison, παραγγειλαντες τω δεσμοφυλακι, ασφαλως having charged the iailor, securely 24 δς παραγγελιαν THREIV QUTOUS" τοιαυτην to keep them. who a charge such ειληφως, εβαλην αυτους εις την εσωτεραν baving received, cast them into the ınner φυλακην, και τους πυδας αυτων ησφαλισατο prison, and the feet of them were made fast εις το ξυλον. onto the stocks.

25 Κατα δε το μεσονυκτιον Παυλος και Σιλας At and the midnight Paul and Silas προσευχομενοι ύμνουν τον θεον· επηκροωντο δε praying sung a hymn to the God; listened to αυτων οι δεσμιοι. <sup>26</sup> Αφνω δε σεισμος εγενετο tuem the prisoners. Suddenly and ashaking occurred μεγας, ώστε σαλευθηναι τα θεμελια του δεσμωgreat, so as to shake the foundations of the τηριου· ανεωχθησαν τε \* [παραχρημα] αί θυραι τοι, were opened and [tumediately] the doors πασαι, και παντων τα δεσμα ανεθη. <sup>27</sup> Εξυπνος all, and all the bonds were loosed. Out of sleep δε γενομενος δ δεσμοφυλαξ, και ιδων ανεφγ- and having arisen the pailor, and seeing having been μενας τας θυρας της φυλακης, σπασαμενος doors of the prison, having drawn opened the μαχαιραν, εμελλεν έαυτον αναιρειν, νομιζων asword, was about himself to kill, supposing εκπεφευγεναι τους δεσμιους. 28 Εφωνησε δε prisoners. Cried out and to have been fled the

Ka: come out of her." ‡And it came out in That Hour.

19 And her MASTERS seeing That the HOPE of their GAIN was gone, ‡ seizing PAUL and SILAS, ‡ they dragged them into the MARKET, to the RULERS;

20 and they having conducted them before the COMMANDERS, said, "These MEN, being Jews, ‡ greatly disturb our CITY,

21 and preach Customs, which it is not lawful for us to receive or observe, being Romans."

22 And the CROWD rose up together against them; and the COMMANDERS having torn off their MAN t TLES, ‡ gave orders to bea them with rods.

23 And having laid Many Stripes on them, they cast them into Prison, charging the jailor to keep them safely;

24 who, having received such a Charge, cast them into the INNER prison, and made their FEET fast in the STOCKS.

25 And at MIDNIGHT, Paul and Silas praying, sung a hymn to God; and the PRISONERS listened to them.

26 ‡ And suddenly there was a great Concussion, so as to shake the FOUNDATIONS of the PRISON; and ‡ all the DOORS were opened, and the FETTERS of All were loosed.

27 And the JAILOE, awaking from sleep, and seeing the doors of the PRISON opened, drew a sword, and was about to kill Himself, supposing that the PRISONERS had escaped.

28 But PAUL cried with

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26 immediately-omit.

<sup>1 18</sup> Mark xvi. 17. 19. 2 Cor. vi. 5. 19. Mart. x. 18. 126. Acts vi. 6 12. 2 Cor. vi. 5; xi. 23, 25; f Thess. i. 2. 126. Acts vi. 31. 4 26. Acts vi. 31. 4 26. Acts vi. 31.

φωνη μεγαλη ό Παυλος, λεγων Μηδεν πραξης with a voice loud the Paul, saying; Not thou mayest do σεαυτω κακον, απαντες γαρ εσμεν ενθαδε. to thyself harm. ali for we are 29 Αιτησας δε φωτα εισεπηδησε, και εντρομος
Having asked and lights he rushed in, and terrified γενομενος προσεπεσε τω Παυλω και τω Σλα. having become he fell before the Paul and the Silas. 30 Και προαναγων αυτους εξω, εφη. Κυριοι, And having led them out, he said; Osirs, τι με δει ποιειν, ίνα σωθω; 31 Οί δε ειπον. what me it behoves to do, that I may be saved? They and said; Πιστευσον επι τον κυριον Ιησουν Χριστον, και Believe thou in the Lord Jesus Anointed, and σωθηση συ και δοικος σου. 32 Και ελαλησαν shalt be saved thou and the house of thee. And they spoke αυτώ τον λογον του κυριου, συν πασι τοις εν to him the word of the Lord, with all those in 33 Και παραλαβων αυτους εν τη οικια αυτου. the house of him. And having taken them Exerup the bour of the night, he washed from the πληγων και εβαπτισθη αυτος και οἱ αυτου stripes; and was dipped he and those of him παντες παραχρημα. 34 Αναγαγων τε αυτους εις all immediately. Having led up and them into τον οικον αύτου, παρεθηκε τραπεζαν, και ηγαλ-the house of himself, he set a table, and reλιασατο πανοικι πεπιστευκώς τω θεω. with all his house, having believed in the God. <sup>35</sup> Ήμερας δε γενομενης, απεστειλαν οί στρα-Day and having become, sent the comτηγοι τους βαβδουχους, λεγοντες Απολυσον manders the rod bearers, saying; Release thou Told δεσμοφυλαξ τους λογους τουτους προς τον Παυ-

jailor the words these to the Paul; λον· 'Οτι απεσταλκασινοί στρατηγοι, ίνα απολυθητε νυν ουν εξελθοντες, πορευεσθε εν may be released; now therefore going out, do you go in ειρηνη. 37 Ο δε Παυλος εφη προς αυτους. peace. The but Paul said to them; Δειραντες ήμας δημοσια, ακατακριτους, ανθρω-Having beaten us publicly, uncondemned, πους 'Ρωμαιους ύπαρχοντας, εβαλον εις φυλα-Romans being, they cast into prison, κην, και νυν λαθρα ήμας εκβαλλουσιν; Ου and now privately us do they cast out? γαρ αλλα ελθοντες αυτοι ήμας εξαγαγετωσαν. in leed; but having comethemselves us let them lead, out. 33 Ανηγγειλαν δε τοις στρα-ηγοις οἱ ραβδουχοι Told and to the commanders the rod-bearers τα δηματα ταυτα και εφοβηθησαν, ακουσαντες the words these; and they were atraid, having heard ότι 'Ρωμαιοι εισι. 30 Και ελθοντες παρακαλε-

that Romans they are. And having come they entreated

a foud Voice, saying. "Do thyself no harm; for we are All here"

are All here."

29 And having asked for Lights, he rushed in, and being in a tremor, fell down before PAUL and \* SILAS.

30 And conducting them out, he said, ‡"Sirs, what must 1 do that I may

be saved?"

32 And they spoke to him the WORD of \*the LORD, and to ALL those in

his HOUSE.

33 And taking them in That HOUR of the NIGHT, he washed them from their STRIPES, and was immediately immersed, he and all HIS.

34 And having brought them into \*his house, the set a Table, and rejoiced with all his household, believing in God.

35 And when it was Day, the COMMANDERS sent the OFFICERS, saying, "Let those men go."

36 And the Jailor told \* these words to Paul, "The COMMANDERS have sent to release you; now therefore depart, and go in Peace."

37 But PAUL said to them, "They have beaten us publicly uncondemned, their Romans, and cast us into Prison; and now do they privately cast Us out? No, indeed; but let them come themselves and conduct Us out."

38 And the OFFICERS related these words to the COMMANDERS; and they were afraid when they heard that they were Romans.

S9 And they came and

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—29. Silas. souse. 36. the words.

<sup>82.</sup> God, with ALL that were.

<sup>34.</sup> the

<sup>; 30.</sup> Luke iii. 10; Acts ii. 87; ix. 6. ‡ 34. Luke v. 29; xix. 6. ‡ 37. Acts xxii. 25.

σαν αυτους, και εξαγαγοντες ηρωτων εξηλθειν them, and having led out they asked to go out 40 Εξελθοντες δε εκ της φυλατης πολεως. Having gone and out of the prison of the city. κης εισηλθον προς την Λυδιαν και ιδοντες τους they came in to the Lydia; and having seen the ιδελφους, παρεκαλεσαν αυτους, και εξηλθον. they exnorted them, and went out. KEΦ. ιζ'. 17. 1 Διοδευσαντες δε την Αμφι-Having passed through and the Amphiπολιν και Απολλωνιαν, ηλθον εις Θεσσαλονιpolis and Apollonia, they came into Thessalonica, όπου ην ή συναγωγη των Ιουδαιων.
where was the synagogue of the Jews. δε το ειωθος τω Παυλω εισηλθε προς According to and the custom the Paul wentin to αυτους, και επι σαββατα τρια διελεγετο αυthem, and for sabbaths three reasoned with τοις απο των γραφων· 3 Διανοιγων και παρατιthem from the writings: opening and setting θεμενος, ότι τον Χριστον εδει παθειν και that the Anointedit was necessary to have suffered and εκ νεκρων, και ότι ούτος εστιν ό αναστηναι to have been raised out of dead ones, and that this is the Χριστος Ιησους, δυ εγω καταγγελλω ύμιν.
Anointed Jesus, whom I announce to you. to you. <sup>4</sup> Και τινές εξ αυτων επεισθησαν, και προσε-And some of them were convinced, and ioined κληρωθησαν τω Παυλώ και τω Σιλά, των τε and to the Silas, of the and to the Paul σεβομένων Έλληνων πολυ πληθος, γυναικων Greeks a great number,

τε των πρωτων ουκ ολιγαι.

and of the chief not a few.

<sup>5</sup> Προσλαβομενοι δε οί Ιουδαιοι των αγοραιων Having taken to themselves and the Jews of the market-loungers τινας ανδρας πονηρους, και οχλοποιησαντες, some men of evil, and having gathered a crowd, εθορυβουν την πολιν επισταντες τε τη οικια they disturbed the city; having assaulted and the house Ιασονος, ε(ητουν αυτους αγαγειν εις τον δημον. oi Jason, they sought them to lead out into the people; 6μη εὐροντες δε αυτους, εσυρον του Ιασονα not having tound and them, they dragged the Jason και τινας αδελφους επι τους πολιταρχης, βοωνbrethren to the city-rulers, τες 'Οτι οί την οικουμενην αναστατωσαντες, habitable having disturbed, That they the υύτοι και ενθαδε παρεισιν. 7 ούς ύποδεδεκται are present, whom has received these also here Ιασων· και ούτοι παντές απέναντι των δυγμα-

entreated them; and conducting them out, asked them I to depart \* from the CITY.

40 And going out of the PRISON, they entered into the house of LYDIA, and having seen the ERETHEEN, they exhorted them, and departed.

#### CHAPTER XVII.

1 And traveling through Amphipolis and Apollonia they came to "Thessa-Lonica, where was "a Synagogue of the Jews.

2 And according to his CUSTOM. PAUL Twent in to them, and on three Sabbaths reasoned with them from the SCRIPTUERS.

3 opening and setting forth, That the Messiah ought to suffer and to rise from the dead, and That "This is the Anointed Jesus whom I announce to you."

4 ‡ And some of them believed and adhered to PAUL and ‡\* Silus, and of the PIOUS Greeks a \*great Multitude, and of the CHIEF Women not a few.

5 But the Jrws taking some evil-disposed Men from the MARKET-LOUNG-ERS, and gathering a crowd, alarmed the CITY; and having assailed the HOUSE of ‡Jason sought to bring them \* forth into the assembly of the PEO-PLE:

6 but not finding them, they dragged \*Jason and some of the Brethren to the BULERS of the CITY, crying out, ‡"THESE men who have disturbed the EMPIRE, are come here also;

7 whom Jason has received; and all these oppose the \$ DECREES of Ce-

and these

the

decrees

against

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—39. from the city. gogue of. 4. Silas. 4. great Multitude. Jason.

<sup>1.</sup> THESSALONICA. 1. a Syna-5. forth to the People. 6.

Κωισαρος πραττουσι, βασιλεα λεγοντες of Cesar do, a king saying 8 Εταραξεν δ τονοχλον ETENEV E. Val, Inσουν. another to be, Jesus. Troubled and the crowd 9 Kai και τοις πολιταρχας ακουοντας ταυτι having heard these things. And City-rulers λαβυντές το ίκανον παρα του Ιασ νος και των having taken the security from the and Jason tha 10 Οί δε αδελφοι λοιπων, απελυσαν αυτ υς rest. they let go them. The and EUBEWS δια της νυκτος εξεπεμψαν τον τε immediately the night sent away the both Παυλον και τον Σιλαν εις Βεροιαν οίτινες παραand the Silas into Berea; who have γενομενοι, εις την συναγωγην των Ιουδαιων ing arrived, into the of the synagogue 11 Ούτοι δε ησαν ευγενεστεροι των απη εσαν. more candid ofthose went. These and were εν Θεσσαλονικη, οίτινες εδεξαντο τον λογον Thessalonica, who received the word μετα πασης προθυμιας, το καθ' ήμεραν ανακριwith all promptness, that every day closely POPTES τας γραφας, ει εχοι ταυτα ούτως. if was these things ocrutinizing the writings, thus. 🕰 Πολλοι μεν ουν εξ αυτων επιστευσαν, και Many indeed therefore out of them believed. των Έλληνιδων γυναικων των ευσχημονων και women of the honorable of the Greek 13 'Ως δε εγνωσαν οί απο ανδρων ουκ ολιγοι. When but knew those from men not a few. της Θεσσαλονικης Ιουδαιοι, ότι και εν τη Βεροια Thessalonica Jews, that also in the Berea κατηγγελη ύπο του Παυλου ό λογος του θεου, Paul the word of the God, was preached by the ηλθον κακει σαλευοντες τους οχλους.  $^{14}$  Ευθεως they came also there stirring up the crowds. Immediately they came also there stirring up δε τοτε τον Παυλον εξαπεστειλαν οἱ αδελφοι sent out the Paul and then the brethren πορευεσθαι ώς επι την θαλασσαν ύπεμενον δε to the sea; remained and ό, τε Σιλας και ό Τιμοθεος εκει. 15 Οί δε καθισthe, both Silas and the Timothy there. They but conductτωντες τον Παυλον ηγαγον \* [αυτον] έως Αθηthe Paul led [him] 20 νων και λαβοντες εντολην προς τον Σιλαν και and having received a charge to the Silas Τιμοθεον, ίνα ώς ταχιστα ελθωσι προς αυτον, that as soon as possible they should come to Timothy, 16 Εν δε ταις Αθηναις εκδεχομενου EEnerav. In and the they departed. Athens waiting αυτους του Παυλου, παρωξυνετο το πνευμα of the Paul, was stirred up the spirit αυτου εν αυτώ, θεωρουντι κατειδωλον ούσαν of him in him, beholding full of idola being

sar, saying that there is another King, Jesus."

8 And they alarmed the CROWD and the RULERS of the CITY, when they heard these things.

9 And having taken SE-CURITY from Jason, and the REST, they let them go.

10 But the BRETHREN immediately, by \* Night, \$sent away PAUL and SILAS, to Berea; who having arrived, went into the SYNAGGGUR of the JEWS.

11 And These were of a more noble disposition than THOSE in Thessalonica, for they received the word with All Readiness, DAILY ‡ examining the SCRIPTURES whether these things were so.

12 Many of them, therefore, believed; and of the HONORABLE GREEK WO-MEN, and Men not a

few.

13 But when the Jews of THESSALDNICA knew That the word of God was preached by PAUL at BEREA, they came there also exciting \*and troubling the CROWDS.

14 ‡ And then the BRETHREN immediately sent PAUL away, as if he were to go towards the SEA; but SILAS and TIMOTHY remained there.

15 And THOSE CONDUCTING PAUL led him to Athens; and having received a charge for SILAS and \*TIMOTHY to come to him as soon as possible, they departed.

16 Now while PAUL was waiting for them at ATHENS, I his SPIRIT was stirred within him, on beholding the CITY was † full of idols.

15

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—10. Night. him-omit. 15. Timothy.

<sup>13.</sup> and troubling the CROWDS.

<sup>† 16.</sup> This expression denotes the appearance of Athens to the eye of a stranger. "A person could hardly take his position any where in ancient Athens, where the eye did not range over temples, altars, and statues of the gods almost without number." Bib. Sac. Vol. vi. p. 339

την πολιν. 17 Διελεγετο μεν ουν εν τη συνα-He reasoned indeed then in the synaγωγη τοις Ιουδαιοις και τοις σεβομένοις. και gogue with the Jews and with those being pious, and εν τη αγορά κατα πασαν ήμεραν προς TOUS in the market during every day with those 18 Τινες δε των Επικουρειων παρατυγχανοντας. happening to meet. Some but of the Epicureaus

και των Στωικων φιλοσοφων συνεβαλλον αυτφ. and of the Stores himi philosophers encountered και τινες ελεγον. Τι αν θελοι δ σπερμολογος said; What may intend the seed-picker ούτος λεγειν Οί δε. Ξενων δαιμονιων δοκει They and; Ofstrange to say? demons καταγγελευς ειναι ότι τον Ιησουν και την to be; because the a proclaimer Jesus and the αναστασιν \*[αυτοις]  $\epsilon$ υηγγελιζετο.  $^{19}$  Επιλα-[to them] he announced glad tidings. Having

8ομενοι τε αυτου, επι τον Αρειον παγον ηγαtaken hold and of him, to the Mars hill they γον, λεγοντες Δυναμεθα γνωναι, τις ή καινη μα, εαμης; Ανα we able to know, what the new αύτη ή ύπο σου λαλουμενη διδαχη;  $^{20}$  Ξενιζονthis that by thee being spoken teaching? Strange things

τα γαρ τινα εισφερεις εις τας ακοας  $\hat{\eta}$ μων. for certain thou bringest to the ears of us. Bouλομεθα συν γνωναι, τι αν θελοι ταυτας We desire therefore to know, what may intend these things  $\frac{21}{2}$  Αθηναιοι δε παντες και  $\frac{1}{2}$  ετιδημοιν-

ειναι.  $^{21}$  Αθηναιοι δε παντες και οἱ επιδημουνto be. Athenians and all and the sojourning
τες ξενοι, εις ουδεν έτερον ευκαιρουν, η λεγειν
strangers, in nothing else spend lesiure, than to tell

τι και ακουειν καινοτερον.
comething and to hear newer.

22 Σταθεις δε δ Παυλος εν μεσφ του Αρειου Laving stood up and the Paul in midst of the Mars Having stood up and the παγου, εφη. Ανδρες Αθηναιοι, κατα παντα hill. Men Athenians, in all things δεισιδαιμονεστερους ύμας θεωρω. 23 διερworshippers of demons you I perceive; passχομενος γαρ και αναθεωρων τα σεβασματα ing through the objects of worship and beholding ύμων, εύρον και βωμον, εν 'φ επεγεγραπτο in which had been written; of you, I found also an altar, 'Ον ουν αγνουυντες ευσεβειτε, Αγνωστω θεω. To an unknown God. Whom therefore not knowing you worship, 24 'Ο θεος δ τουτον εγω, καταγγελλω ύμιν... announce The God that this to you.

ποιησας τον κοσμον και παντα τα εν

17 He reasoned therefore in the SYNAGOGUE with the JEWS, and with the PIOUS persons; and in the MARKET every Day with THOSE he happened to MEET.

18 But some of the EPI-CUBEAN and \* STOIC PHILOSOPHERS encountered him. And some said, "What does this †BABBLER wisk to say ?" And OTHERS, "He seems to be a Proclaimer of Strange Demons;" Because he announced glad tidings concerning Jesus and the RESURRECTION.

19 And laying hold of him, they led him to the † AREOPAGUS, saying, "Can we know what This NEW Doctrine is, which is spoken by thee?

20 For thou bringest certain strange things to our EARS; we desire, therefore, to know what these things mean."

21 Now all the Athenians, and the RESIDENT STRANGERS among them, spent their time in nothing else but to tell and hear something new.

22 And PAUL standing in the midstof the Areopagus, said, "Athemans, I perceive that in all things you are textremely devoted to the worship of Demons.

23 For as I passed through, and beheld the OBJECTS of your worship, I found also an Altar on which was an inscription, 'To an Unknown God.' \* What therefore you worship without knowing, This E announce to you.

24 That ‡ God who made the world and All things in it, he being

αυτω,

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscrift.—18. Stoics.

18. to them—omit, 23. What therefore you worship without knowing.

<sup>† 18.</sup> Literally, a seed-picker, a name given to crows, etc., and applied to a person who picks up scraps of knowledge, which he imparts to others without sense or purpose, and upon any and every occasion.—Owen. † 19. The supreme court of Athens. † 22. Or, more religiously inclined than others.

<sup>1 24.</sup> Acts xiv. 15.

ούτος ουρανου και γης κυριος ύπαρχων, ουκ of heaven and earth Lord being, not εν χειροποιητοις ναοιοις κατοικει, <sup>25</sup> ουδε ύπο temples dwells, by hand-made nor γειρων ανθρωπων θεραπευεται, προσδεομενος of men is served, wanting τιν ες, αυτος διδους πασι ζωην και πνοην και anything, he life and breath giving to all and παντα· 26 εποιησε τε εξ ένος \* [αίματος] the things all, made andout of one [blood] παν εθνος ανθρωπων κατοικείν επί παν το προall the to dwell of men on face σωπον της γης, δρισας προστεταγμενους καιof the earth, having fixed having been appointed seapous και τας δροθεσιας της κατοικιας αυτων·

ρους και τας δροθεσίας της κατοικίας αυτων sons and the fixed limits of the habitation of them; 27 ζητειν τον θεον, ει αραγε ψηλαφησείαν αυτον to seek the God, it indeed they might feel him και εύροιεν, καιτοιγε ου μακραν απο ένος έκασ-and might find, and indeed not far from one each του ήμων υπαρχοντα. 28 Εν αυτφ γαρ ζωμεν ο fus being. In him for we live

και κινουμεθα και εσμενο ώς και τινες των καθ' are moved and we are; as also some of those with Του γαρ και γενος υμας ποιητων ειρηκασι. poets have said;
29 Γενος ουν ύπαρχοντες vou also offspring θεου, ETHEV. TOU God We al 0. of the ουκ οφειλομεν νομιζειν, χρυσφ η αργυρφ η not we are bound to suppose, gold or silver λιθώ, χαραγματι τεχνης και ενθυμησεως ανθρωtone, a sculpture ofart and device of man,

που, το θειον ειναι όμοιον.  $^{30}$  Tous μεν ουν the Deity to be like. The indeedtherefore χρονους της αγνοιας ὑπεριδων ὁ θεος, τανυν times of the ignorance overlooking the God, now

παραγγελλει τοις ανθρωποις πασι πανταχου he commands tothe men all in all places μετανυείν 31 διοτι εστησεν ημεραν, εν 'η to reform, because he established a day, in which μελλει κρινειν την οικουμενην εν δικαιοσυνη, he sa about to judge the habitable in righteousness, εν ανδρι 'φ ώρισε, πιστιν παρασχων πασιν, by a man whom he appointed, aguarantee having furnished to allαναστησας αυτον εκ νεκρων..... 32 Ακουσανhaving raised him out of dead ones. Having heard

τες δε αναστασιν νεκρων, οι μεν εχλευαζον·
and a resurrection of dead ones, these indeed mocked;
οι δε ειπον Ακουσομέθα σου παλιν πεω του-

of  $\delta \epsilon$  eitov. Akousomeha sou take thee again about this,

‡ Lord of Heaven and Earth, ‡ dwells not in Temples made with hands;

25 nor is he served by the HANDS of MEN, fas needing anything; the having given to all Life, and Breath, and all things;

26 and made from One, Every Nation of Men to dwell on \* the Whole Face of the EARTH; having determined the appointed Seasons, and the fixed LIMITS of their HABITATION:

27 to seek God, if perhaps they might feel after and find him; tand indeed he is not far from every one of us:

every one of us;

28 for in him we live,
and move, and exist; as
even some of † your own
Poets have said, 'For also
we his Offspring are.'

29 Being, therefore, the Offspring of God, twe ought not to imagine a Gold or Silver or Stone Sculpture,—a work of Art and human Skill,—to be like the Deity.

30 Therefore, indeed, overlooking the times of IGNORANCE, GOD thow commands all MEN, in every place, to reform:

every place, to reform;

3I because he has established a DAY I in which he is about to judge the HABITABLE IN Righteousness, by a Man whom he has appointed, having furnished a Proof to all by Traising him from the Dead."

32 And when they heard of the Resurrection of the Dead, SOME derided, but OTHERS said, "We will hear thee \*again about this."

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.-26. Blood-omit.

<sup>26.</sup> The Whole Face of.

<sup>32.</sup> also

<sup>† 28.</sup> The Phenomena of Aratus, and Cleanthes' Hymn to Jupiter, contain this quotation. Aratus was a Cilician, one of Paul's countrymen, with whose writings Paul was probably well acquainted.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Matt. xi. 25. † 24. Acts vii. 48. † 25. Psa. 1. 8. † 25. Gen. 7i. 7; Num. xvi. 22; Job xii. 10; xxvii. 3, xxxiii. 4; Isa. xiii. 5; lvii. 16; Zech. xii. 1. † 26; Deut. xxxii. 8. † 27. Rom. ii. 20. † 27. Acts xiv. 17. † 29. Isa. xi. 18. † 30. Acts xiv. 16; Rom. iii. 25. † 30. Luke xxiv. 47; Titus ii. 11, 12; 1 Pet. i. 14; iv. 3\* † 31. Acts xi. 42; Rom. ii. 16; xiv. 148. † 31. Acts xi. 24.

33 Και ούτως δ Παυλος εξηλθεν εκ μεσου TOU. went out from midst And thus the Paul αυτων.

of them. 34 Τινες δε ανδρες κολληθεντες αυτφ, επισ-Some but men having associated with him, beτευσαν εν οίς και Διονυσιος δ Αρεοπαγιτης, lieved; among whom also Dionysius the Areopagite, και γυνη ονοματι Δαμαρις, και έτεροι συν and a woman by name Damaris, and others with αυτοις. ΚΕΦ. ιη'. 18.  $^1$  Μετα δε ταυτα After and these things χωρισθεις δ Παυλος εκ των Αθηνων, ηλθεν εις having withdrawn the Paul from the Athens, came into Κορινθον. <sup>2</sup> Και εύρων τινα Ιουδαίον ονοματι And having found a certain Jew Corinth. by name Aκυλαν, Ποντικον τω γ $\epsilon$ ν $\epsilon$ ι, προσφατως  $\epsilon$ ληλυ-Aquila, Pontus by the race, recently having θυτα απο της Ιταλιας, και Πρισκιλλαν γυναικα Priscilla come from the Italy, and αυτου, (δια το διατεταχεναι Κλαυδιον χωριof him, (because the to have commanded Claudius to with-the Jews from the Rome,) αυτοις και δια το δμοτεχνον προσηλθεν αυτοις. and because the he went to them; same trade ειναι, εμενε παρ' αυτοις και ειργαζετο ησαν to be, he remained with them; and  $\gamma \alpha \rho \ \sigma \kappa \eta \nu \sigma \sigma \iota \iota \iota \tau \eta \nu \ \tau \epsilon \chi \nu \eta \nu.$ the trade, He reasoned and in τη συναγωγη κατα παν σαββατον, επείθε τε the synagogue during every sabbath, persuaded and Ιουδαιους και Έλληνας. 5 Ως δε κατηλθον and Greeks. When but came down απο της Μακεδονιας δ, τε Σιλας και δ Τιμοθεος, from the Macedonia the, both Silas and the Timothy, συνειχετο τω λογω ὁ Παυλος, διαμαρτυρομενος was confined to the word the Paul, earnestly testifying τοις Ιουδαιοις τον Χριστον Ιησουν. 6 Αντιτασ-Jews the Anointed Jesus. Resisting σομενων δε αυτων και βλασφημουντων, εκτιναbut them and . blaspheming, having ξαμενος τα ίματια, ειπε προς αυτους. Το αίμα shaken the mantles, he said to them; blood. ύμων επι την κεφαλην ύμων, καθαρος of you on the head of you, pure εyω, 7 Kai  $a\pi o$   $\tau o v v v \epsilon is$   $\tau a \epsilon \theta v \eta$   $\pi o \rho \epsilon v \sigma o \mu a i.$ And μεταβας εκειθεν, ηλθεν εις οικιαν τινος ονοhaving removed thence, he went into a house of one ματι Ιουστου, σεβομενου τον θεον, ού ή οικια worshipping the God, of whom the house name Justus, 8 Κρισπος δε δ ην συνομορουσα τη συναγωγη. Crispus but the adjoining to the synagogue. Was αρχισυναγωγος επιστευσε τω κυριώ συν όλω believed in the Lord with whole synagogue-ruler τφ οικφ αύτου· και πολλοι των Κορινθων ακουthe house of himself, and many of the Corinthians hear-

33 And thus Paul went out from the midst of them.

34 But Some Men ad-hering to him, believed; among whom were Dionysius the \* Arcopagite, and a Woman named Demaris. and others with them.

## CHAPTER XVIII.

1 And after these things \* PAUL withdrawing from ATHENS, came to Corintn;

2 and having found a Jew named Aquila, a native of Pontus, recently come from ITALY, and his wife Pris-cilla, (because \* Claudius had commanded All Jews to withdraw from Rome,) he went to them.

S And because he WAS of the same trade, he remained with them, ‡and \* labored; for they were Tent makers by trade.

4 ! And he reasoned in the SYNAGOGUE Every Sabbath, and persuaded Jews and Greeks.

5 I And when SILAS and TIMOTHY came from MA-CEDONIA, PAUL was confined to the WORD, earnestly testifying to the JEWS the ANOINTED Je-

6 ‡ But when they resisted and blasphemed, shaking his CLOTHES, he said to them, "Your BLOOD be upon your head! I am pure; from this TIME I will go to the GENTILES."

7 And having removed thence he went into the House of one named Justus, a worshipper of God, Whose House was adjoining the SYNAGOGUE.

8 And 1 Crispus, the RULER of the SYNAGOGUE, believed in the Lore, with All his House; and many of the Corinthians hear

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. Areopagite. Were COMMANDED to withdraw from Rome,

<sup>1 2.</sup> Rom. xvi. 3; 1 Cor. xvi. 19; 2 Tim. iv. 19. Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 8. Acts xiii. 45, 46; xxviii. 28, 15. 1 Cor. i. 14.

<sup>1.</sup> he departed from. 2. All JEWS 3. they labored.

<sup>1 3.</sup> Acts xx. 34; 1 Cor. iv. 12; 1 5. Acts xvii. 14. 15. 16.

outes esistevou, kai ebapti(outo  $^9$  eine  $\delta \epsilon$   $\delta$  ing, believed, and were inspections  $\delta i^2$  departos  $\epsilon \nu$  until the Paul; Not the Paul; Not  $\phi \rho \delta v$ , alla and  $\epsilon \epsilon$  kai un similar to the Paul; Not  $\phi \rho \delta v$ , alla and  $\epsilon \epsilon$  kai un similar to the Paul; Not  $\phi \rho \delta v$ , alla and  $\epsilon \epsilon$  kai un similar to the Paul; Not  $\phi \rho \delta v$ , alla and  $\delta \epsilon i$  kai un similar to  $\delta v$ . Night, "Fear not, but fear, but speak and no besilent; because εγω ειμι μετα σου, και ουδεις επιθησεται σοι I am with thee, and no one shall attack ther του κακωσαι σε. διοτι λαυς εστι μοι πυλυς εν of the to hurt thee; because people is for me much in τη πολει ταυτη. 11 Εκαθίσε τε ενιαυτον και the city this. He continued and a year and μηνας έξ, διδασκων εν αυτοις τον λυγον του months six, teaching among them the word of the θeov. God.

12 Γαλλιώνος δε ανθυπατευοντές της Αχαίας, Gallio and being proconsul of the Achaia, κατεπεστησαν δμοθυμαδον οί Ιουδαιοι τω Παυrushed with one mind the Jews to the Paul, λφ, και ηγαγον αυτον επι το βημα, <sup>13</sup> λεγοντες·
and led him to the tribunal, saying; 'Οτι παρα τον νομον ούτος αναπειθεί τους
That from the law this persuades the aνθρωπους σεβεσθαι τον θεσν. 14 Μελλεντος men to worship the God. Being aboutδε του Παυλου ανοιγείν το στομα, ειπεν δ but the Paul to open the mouth, said the Γαλλιων πους τους Ιουδαιους" Ει μεν ουν ην Gallio to the Jews; If indeed therefore it was αδικημα τι, η βαδιουργημα πονηρο:, ω Ιουinjustice any, or reckless evil, O Jews, δαιοι, κατα λογον αν ηνεσχομην ύμων 15 ει according to reason I would bear with you, if δε ζη ημα εστι περι λογου και ονοματων και but a question it is about a word and names νομου του καθ' ύμας, οψεσθε αυτο: κριτης οι a law of that with you, you will see yourselves; a judge \*[γαρ] εγω τουτων ου βουλομα ειναι. <sup>16</sup> Και [tor] Ι of these not choose to be, απηλασεν αυτους απο του βηματος. <sup>17</sup> Κπιλαhe drove them from the tribunal Having βομενοι δε παντες \* [οί Ἑλληνες] των πθενην tribunal the Greeks] of Southeres τον αρχισυναγωνον, ετυπτον εμπροσθέν του the synagogue-ruler, they struck before the βηματος και ουδεν τουτών τφ Γαλλιώνι εμεtribunal, and nothing of these the Gallio cared. λεν. 18 'Ο δε Παυλος ετι προι μεινας ήμερας The and Paul yet baving remained days ικανας, τοις αδελφοις αποταξαμένος, εξεπλει many, to the brethren having buffrewell, unifed out εις την Συριαν, και συν αυτφ Πρισκιλλα και anto the Syria, and with him Priscilla and Ακυλας, κειραμενος την κεφαλην εν Κεγχοεαις. Aquila, having shaved the head in Cenchrea; ειχε γαρ ευχην. 19 Κατηντησε δε εις Εφεσον,

speak, and be not silent;

10 I for I am with thee: and no one shall attack thee, to HURT thee; for here are many People for me in this CITY.

11 And he remained there a Year and six Months, teaching among them the WORD of Gon.

12 But when Gallio was Proconsul of ACHAIA, the Jews with one mind PAUL, assaulted brought him to the TRIBU-NAL,

13 saying, "This man persuades MEN to worship God contrary to the

14 And PAUL being about to SPEAK, GALLIO said to the Jews, ‡"If indeed it was an act of Injustice or reckless Evil, O Jews! according to Reason I would bear with you;

15 but if it be a Question concerning Doctrine, and Names, and THAT Law which is among you, see you to it, for I will not be a Judge of these things."

16 And he drov them from the TRIBUNAL.

17 And they All took f Sosthenes, the RULER of he SYNAGOGUE, and beat him before the TRIBUNAL. But GALLIO cared for none of these things.

18 And PAUL having remained yet many Days, bidding farewell to the BRETHREN, sailed thence for Syria, in company with Priscilla and Aquila; thaving shaved his HEAD in ! Cenchrea, for he had a Vow.

19 And he came to

He came and to Ephesus,

he had for a vow.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT -15. for-omit. 17. the GBKEKE-omit.

<sup>1 0.</sup> Acts xxiii. 11. 10. Jer. i. 18, 10; Matt. xxviii. 20, v. 11, 10. 117. 1 Cor. i. i. 118. Num. vi. 12; Acts xxi. 24. : 14. Acts axiii. 20, 1 18. Rom. xv:. 2

κακεινους κατελιπεν αυτου αυτος δε εισελhe left there. he but having en-Bar ELS  $T \eta \nu$ συνς:γωγην, διελεχθη TOIS tered into the synagogue, reasoned with the <sup>20</sup> Ερωτωντων δε αυτων επι **π**λειονα Ιουδαισις. Asking for and them longer χρουου μειναι \* [παρ' αυτοις,] ουκ επενευσεν·
a time to remain [with them,] not he consented;  $^{21}$   $\alpha\lambda\lambda$ '  $\alpha\pi\epsilon\tau\alpha\xi\alpha\tauo$  \* [ $\alpha\upsilon\tauo\iota s$ ,]  $\epsilon\iota\pi\omega\nu$ • \* [ $\Delta\epsilon\iota$   $\mu\epsilon$  but he bade furewell [to them,] saving; [It behoves me παντως την έορτην την ερχομενην ποιησαι εις feast that into coming to keep by all means the t coming to keep into  $*[\delta \epsilon]$  avaka $\mu \psi \omega$   $\pi \rho o s$  [but] I will return to [Ιεροσολυμα.] παλιν again Jerusalem;] \*[Και] ανηχθη απο ύμας, του θεου θελοντος. you, the God [And] he sailed from willing. 22 και κατελθών εις Καισαρείαν, της Εφεσου. and having gone down to Cesarea, Ephesus, εκκλησιαν, avaBas, Kai ασπασαμένος την having gone up, and having saluted the congregation, 23 Και ποιησας χρονον KATEBY EIS AUTIOXEIAL. And haring spent he went down to Antioch. τινα, εξηλθε, διερχομενος καθεξης, την Γαλα-Galaτικην χωραν και Φρυγιαν, επιστηρίξων παντας tra country and Phrygia, establishing ili

 $^{24}$  Ιουδαίος δε τις Απολλως μαθητας. TOUS ipollos A Jew and certain disciples. ονοματι, Αλεξανδρευς τω γενει, απηρ λογιος, by name, an Alexandrian by the birth, sman eloquent, κατηντησεν εις Εφεσον δυνατος ων εν ταις powerful being in to Ephesus came 25 Ούτος ην κατηχημένος την όδον γραφαις. This was having been instructed the writings.

του κυριου και ξεων το πνευματι, ελαλει και ω the Lord; and being lerrent in the spirit, be spoke and εδιδασκεν ακριβως τα περ. του κυριου, taught accurately the things concerning the Lord, επισταμενος μονον το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου. bring acquainted with only the dipping of John

26 Ούτος τε ηρξατο παρβησιαζεσθαι εν τη συνα-This and began to speak boldly in the synaδε Ακουσαντες αυτου Ακυλας και γωγη. and of him Aquila Having heard and gogue. Πρισκιλλα, προσελαβουτο αυτον, και ακριβεσtook bim, and more accu-Priscilla, τερον αυτφ εξεθεντο την του θεου όδον. 27 Bov-

rately to him explained the of the God way. Wishλομένου δε αυτου διέλθειν εις την Αχαίαν, προing and of him to pass through into the Achaia, havτρε ψαμένοι οἱ αδέλφοι εγραψαν τοις μαθηταις ing exhorted the brethren they wrote to the disciples  $\alpha \pi \upsilon \delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \sigma \theta \alpha \iota$  αυτον δς  $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \gamma \varepsilon \nu \rho \mu \varepsilon \nu \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma \nu \nu \varepsilon -$ 

to receive him, who having arrived, he βαλέτο πολυ τοις πεπιστευκοσι δια της χαριhelped much those having believed through the grace.

Ephesus, and left them there; as he entered into the SYNAGOGUE, and reasoned with the Jews.

20 And when they requested him to remain a longer Time, he did not consent;

21 but bade them farewell, saying, "I will return to you again, ‡GoD willing." And he sailed from EPHESUS;

22 and coming down to Cesarea, and going up, and saluting the CONGREGA-TION, he went down to Antoch.

23 And having spent some Time there, he de parted; going through the COUNTRY of ‡ GALATIA and Phrygia, in order, ‡ establishing All the Disciples.

24 ‡ And a certain Jew named Apollos, a Native of Alexandria, an eloqueit Man, being powerful in the SCRIPTURES, came to Ephesus.

25 This person was being instructed in the way of the Lord, and being fervent in Spirit, he spoke and \*also taughtaccurately the Things \* concerning Jesus, ‡ being acquainted only with the immersion of John.

26 And he began to speak boldly in the SYNAGOGUE. And \* Aquila and Priscilla explained to him more accurately the WAY of God.

27 And when he was wishing to pass over interaction of the Brethern wrote exhorting the disciples to receive him; who, having arrived, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ he greatly assisted THOSE BELIEVERS, by his GIFT;

<sup>•</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—20. with them—omit.
behoves me to keep the coming feast in Jerusalem—omit.
—omit. 25. also taught. 25. concerning Jusus.

<sup>21.</sup> to them—omit. 21. It 21. but—omit. 21. And 26. Priscilla and Aquila.

<sup>† 21. †</sup> Cor. iv. 19; Heb. vi. 3; James iv. 15. † 23. Gal. i. 2; iv. 14. xiv. 22, xv. 32, 41. † 24. † Cor. i. 13; iil. 5, 6; iv. 6; Titus iii. 13. xix. 3. † 27. † Cor. iil. %

τος. <sup>29</sup> Ευτονως γαρ τοις Ιουδαιοις διακατη-Strenuously for with the Jews he was discusλεγχετο δημοσια, επιδεικνυς δια των γραφων, sing publicly, proving by the writings,

ειναι τον Χριστον Ιησουν. to be the Anointed Jesus.

# КЕФ. 16'. 19.

Ι Γγενετο δε εν τω τον Απολλω ELVAL EV It happened and in the the Apollos to be Κορινθώ, Παυλόν διελθοντα τα ανωτερικά μέρη, Corinth, Paul having passed through the upper ελθειν εις Εφεσον. Και εύρων τινας μαθητας, to come to Ephesus. And having found some disciples. ειπε προς αυτους. Ει πνευμα άγιον ελαβετε them; holy you received ne said to If a spirit πιστευσαντες; Οί δε ειπον προς αυτον. Αλλ' having believed . They and said to bim; ουδε ει πνευμα άγιον εστιν, ηκουσαμεν. 3 Ειπε not even if a spirit holy is, we have heard. He said τε \*[προς αυτους·] Εις τι ουν εβαπτισθητε: [10 them,] Intowhat then were you dipped? Οί δε ειπον. Εις το Ιωαννου βαπτισμα. 4 ELTE They and said, Into the of John dipping. Said δε Παυλος. Ιωαννης εβαπτισε βαπτισμα μεταand Paul, John dipped a dipping of reforνοιας, τω λαω λεγων, εις τον ερχομενον μετ' mation, to the people saying, into him coming after αυτον ίνα πιστευσωσι' τουτ' εστιν, εις τον him that they should believe, that 1×, into the Ιησουν. 5 Ακουσαντές δε εβαπτισθησαν εις το Having heard and they were dipped into the ονομα του κυριου Ιησου. 6 Και επιθεντος name of the Lord Jesus. And having placed αυτοις του Παυλου τας χειρας, ηλθε το πνευμα Paul the came the spirit to them the hands. τυ άγιον επ' αυτους, ελαλουν τε γλωσσαις και the holy upon them, they spoke and with tongues and προεφητευον. ΤΙσαν δε οι παντες ανδρες ώσει prophesied. Were and the all men δεκαδυο. Ε: σελθων δε εις την συναγωγην, Having entered and into the synagogue, επαρβησιαζετο, επι μηνας τρεις διαλεγομενος he spoke freely, for mouths three reasoning και πειθων \*[τα] περι της βασιλείας του and persuading [the things] concerning the kingdom , of the 9'Ως δε τινές επκληρυνοντο και ηπει-DEOU. When and some were hardened and God. disbeθουν, κακυλογουντές την όδον ενωπιον του speaking evil of beved, the way in presence of the

28 for he strenuously discussed with the JLWS in public, ‡ proving by the SCRIPTURES that Jesus 18 the Messian.

### CHAPTER XIX.

1 And it happened, while ‡ Apollos was in Corinth, Paul, having passed through the UPPER Parts, came to \*Ephesus; and having found Some Disciples,

2 he said to them, "Have you received the holy Spirit since you believed?" And THEY said to him, ‡"We have not even heard whether there be any holy Spirit."

3 And he said, "Into what then were you immersed?" And THEY said, † "Into JOHN'S IMMERSION?"

4 And Paul said, ± "John administered the Immersion of Reformation, saying to the PEOPLE, that they should believe into HIM that was COMING after him, that is, into Jesus."

5 And having heard this, they were immersed ‡ into the NAME of the LORD Jesus.

6 And Paul † putting his \* Hands on them, the Holy spiller came on them, and † they spoke with Tongues and prophesied.

7 And ALL the Men were about twelve.

8 And having entered the synagogue, he spoke boldly for three Months, reasoning and persuading about the KINGDOM of GOD.

9 But when some were hardened, and disbeheved, speaking evil of the way

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-1. Ephesus, and found Certain Disciples; and he said to them.

3. to them—omit.

6. Hands.

8. the things—omit.

<sup>† 28.</sup> Acts ix. 22; xvii. 3; yer. 5. † 1. 1 Cor. 1. 12; in. 5, 6. † 2. Acts viii. 10. † 5. Acts xviii. 25. † 4. Matt. iii. 11, John 1. 15, 27, 20; Acts i. 5; xi. 16, xni. 24, 25. † 6. Acts vii. 17. † 6. Acts vii. 17. † 6. Acts vii. 17. † 8. Acts ii. 4; x. 46. † 8. Acts iii. 10. Acts ii. 4; x. 46. † 8. Acts iii. 10. Acts iii. 11. Acts iii.

πληθους, αποστας απ' multitude, having departed from αυτων, αφωρισε τους them, he separated the μαθητας, καθ' ήμεραν διαλεγομένος εν  $\tau\eta$ reasoning in the disciples. every day 10 Τουτο δε εγενετο σχολη Τυραννου \*[τινος.] was done school of Tyrannus This and [oue.] επι ετη δυο, ώστε παντας τους κατοικουντες for years two, all the so that την Ασιαν ακουσαι τον λογον του κυριου, Ιουword of the Lord, Asia the to hear 11 Δυναμεις τε ου τας δαιους τε και Έλληνας. Miracles and not the Greeks. both and Sia rwv τυχουσας ETTOLEL δ € eos χειρων hands through the common ones did the God 12 ώστε και επι απθενουντας Παυλου. TOUS being sick of Paul: so that even to those επιφερεσθαι απο του χρωτος αυτου σουδαρια η napkins or to be brought from the skin of him σιμικινθια, και απαλλασσεσθη απ' QUTWV Tas them the aprons, and to be set free from νοσους, τα τε πνευματα τα πονηρα εκπορευεσdiseases, the and spirits the evil to be cast Dai.

13 Επεχειρησαν δε τινές απο των περιέρχο. and some from of those Took in hand ovaha(eiv emi Tous μενων Ιουδαιων εξορκιστων exorcists to name those Jews εχοντας τα πνευματα τα πονηρα το ονομα του the evil the name of the having the spirits 'Ορκιζω ύμας τον λεγοντες. KUDLOU Ingov, I adjure you the Jesus, saying; Lord 14 Ησαν δε δν δ Παυλος κηρυσσει. Ιησουν, preaches. Were and whom the Paul Jesus, τινες νίοι Σκευα Ιουδαιου αρχιερεως επτα, οί seven, who a high-priest some sons of Sceva a Jew 15 Αποκριθέν δε το πνευματο τουτο ποιουντές. spirit the Answering and the were doing. Τον Ιησουν γινωσκω, και τον πονηρον ειπε. I know, and the The Jesus said; evil ύμεις δε τινές εστε; 16 και Παυλον επισταμαι. Paul I am acquainted with; you but who εφαλλομενος επ' αυτους δ ανθρωπος, εν 'ω ην in which was man, on them the leaping και κατακυριευσας πονηρον, πνευμα  $\tau o$ having overcome and evil, the spirit the αυτων, ώστε κυμνους και αυτων, ισχυσε κατ' naked them, so that and prevailed against OLKOV εκφυγειν  $\epsilon \kappa$ TOU \*ετραυματισμενους out of to have fled the house having been wounded δε εγενετο γνωστον πασιν 17 Τουτο SKELVOU. to all known This and became that. Ιουδαιοις τε και Έλλησι τοις κατοικουσι την Greeks those dwelling the both and Εφεσον και επεπεσε φοβος επι παντας αυτους, 211 them, a fear OB

before the PEOPLE, having departed from them, he separated the DISCIPLES, reasoning daily in the SCHOOL of Tyrannus.

10 t And this was done for two Years, so that All the inhabitants of Asia. heard the word of the LORD, both Jews and Greeks.

11 And # God performed EXTRAORDINARY Miracles by the HANDS of Paul;

12 tso that Napkins or Aprons were brought from him to the sick, and the DISEASES departed from them, and the EVIL SPIR-ITS were cast out.

13 # And some of the TRAVELING Jewish exorcists # undertook to name the NAME of the LORD Je-SUS OVER THOSE HAVING EVIL SPIRITS, saying, "I adjure you by Jesus whom PAUL preaches."

14 And there were some \*Seven Sons of One Sceva, a Jewish High-priest, who did so.

15 But the EVIL SPIRIT answering, \* said to them, "Jesus indeed I know, and Paul I know, but who are pou?"

16 And the MAN in whom the EVIL SPIR:T Was leaped on them, and having overcome \* them, prevailed against them, sc that they fled out of that HOUSE naked and wounded.

And this became known to ALL, both Jews and GREEKS, dwelling in Ephesus; ‡ and fear fell

15.

Ephesus,

and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. one-omit. said to them, JESUS indeed I know, and.

<sup>14.</sup> Seven Sons of One Sceva. 16. them both, and prevailed.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Acts xx. 31. † 11. Mark xvi. 20; Acts xiv. 3. † 12. Acts nes iv. 29. † 13. Matt. xii. 27. † 13. See Matt. ix. 38; Luke ix. 49. 1 12. Acts v. 15; See 2 Kings iv. 29. Luke i. 65; vii. 16; Acts ii. 43; v. 5, 11.

και εμεγαλυνετό το ονόμα του κυρίου Ίησου.

and was magnified the name of the Lord Jesus.

18 Πολλοι τε των πεπιστευκότων ηρχοντο εξο-

Many and of those having believed cama conμολογουμενοι και αναγγελλοντες τας πραξεις declaring fersing . and the deeds 19 Ίκανοι δε των τα περιεργα πραξαν-CITWV. Many and of those the magical arts of them. practisτων, συνενεγκαντες τας βιβλους, κατεκαίον burned books, burned ενωπιον παντων και συνεψηφισαν τας τιμας in presence of all; and they computed the prices αυτων, και εύρον αργυριου μυριαδας TEVTE. of them, and found pieces of siver myriads KUDIOU

Thus according to power the word of the Lord  $\eta \nu \xi a \nu \epsilon$  kat  $\iota \sigma \chi \nu \epsilon \nu$ . Thus according to power the word of the Lord  $\eta \nu \xi a \nu \epsilon$  kat  $\iota \sigma \chi \nu \epsilon \nu$ . The word of the Lord  $\eta \nu \xi a \nu \epsilon$  kat  $\iota \sigma \chi \nu \epsilon \nu$ . When and was fulfilled these things, effect of Tiauhos  $\epsilon \nu$  to  $\pi \nu \epsilon \nu \epsilon \nu$  was disposed the Paul in the spirit, having passed through  $\tau \eta \nu$  Make δονιαν και Αχαιαν,  $\pi o \rho \epsilon \nu \epsilon \sigma \delta a \iota$  the Micedonia and Achaia, to go into 'lepou  $\sigma a \lambda \eta \mu$ ,  $\epsilon \iota \pi \omega \nu$ ' Oti  $\mu \epsilon \tau a \tau o \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \sigma \delta a \iota$   $\mu \epsilon$  Jerusalem, saying; That after the to be come me

 $\epsilon$ κει, δει με και  $^{\prime}$ Ρωμην ιδειν.  $^{22}$  Αποστείλας there, it behaves me also Rome to see. Having sent δε εις την Μακεδονίαν δυο των διακρυρύντων

and into the Macedonia two of those ministering aut  $\omega$ , Timo $\theta$ eov kal Epastus, autos exesty to him, Timothy and Eastus, he remained

χρονον εις την Ασιαν. 23 Εγενετο δε κατα τον It happened and during the

καιρον εκείνον ταραχος ουκ ολίγος περί της season that atumuit not small concerning the δΣου.

way.

24 Δημητρίος γαρ τις ονοματι, αργυροκοπος, Demetrius for a certain by name, a silversmith,

ποιών ναους \*[αργυρους] Αρτεμιδος, παρειχετο making temples [of silver] for Diana, brought to is τεχνιταις εργασιαν ουκ ολιγην.  $^{25}$  Ούς to the workmen gain not a little. Whom συναθροισας, και τους περι τα τοιαυτα εργα-

having brought together, and those about the such like work.  $\tau \alpha s$ ,  $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu^*$   $A \nu \delta \rho \epsilon s$ ,  $\epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \tau \alpha \sigma \theta \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota$   $\epsilon \kappa$   $\epsilon \tau \alpha \nu$ men, said; Men, you know, that out of this

This this erganias  $\hat{\eta}$  euthoria  $\hat{\eta}\mu\omega\nu$  esti:  $^{26}$  kai the work the wealth of us is, and

θεωρείτε και ακουέτε, δτι ου μονον Εφεσου, γου see and you hear, that not only of Epheaus,

on them all, and the NAME of the LORD Jesus was magnified.

18 And MANY of those who Believed, came, confessing and declaring their DEEDS.

19 And many of THOSE PRACTISING MAGICAL ARTS, having brought together their BOOKS, burnt them before all; and they computed the value of them, and found it to be fifty thousand pieces of Silver.

20 Thus the WORD of \* the LORD powerfully increased and prevailed.

21 ‡ And when these things were accomplished, ‡ PAUL was disposed by the SPIRIT, having passed through Macedonia and Achaia, to go to Jerusalem, saying, "After I have BEEN there, ‡1 must also see Rome."

22 And having sent two of those who ministered to him, Timothy and Erastus, into Macedonia, he remained for a Time in Asia.

23 And there occurred during that PERIOD, no small Tumult concerning that WAY.

24 For a certain man, named Demetrius, a Sil versmith, making † silver Temples of Diana afforded ‡ no \* Small Gain to the WORKMEN.

25 whom he having assembled, with those employed about the LIKE BUSINESS, Said, "Men, yor know That from This work is our Wealth;

26 and you see and hear, That not only at Ephesus

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-20. the LORD. 24. silver-omit. 24. Small Gain.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Portable representations of this temple, which were bought by strangers as matters of curiosity, and probably of devotion. The temple of Diana was raised at the expense of all Asia Minor, and yet was 229 years in building, before it was brought to its sum of perfection. It was in length 425 feet, by 228 in breadth, and was beautified by 127 columns, which were made at the expense of so many kings; and was adorned with the most beautiful statues.—Clarke.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Rom. xv. 25; Gal. i. 1. † 21. Acts xx. 22. † 21. Acts xviii, 21; xxiii. 11. Rom. xv. 24—28. † 22. Acts xm. 5 † 25. 2 Cor. i. 8. † 23. Se Acts ix. 2 † 24. Acts xvi. 10, 10.

αλλα σχεδον πασης της Ασιας δ Παυλος ούτυς but almost all the Asia the Paul κεισας μετεστησεν ίκανον οχλον, λεγων, έτι ουκ εισι θεοι οί δια χειρων γινομενοι. 27 Ου that not are gods those by hands being made. μονον δε τουτο κινδυνευει ήμιν το μερος εις in dancer to us the craft into only and this μπελεγμον ελθειν αλλα και το της μεγαλης contempt to come; but also that the great (ras Αρτεμίδος ίερον εις ουδεν λογισθηναι, Diana temple into nothing to be despised, μιλλείν τε και καθαιρείσεαι την μεγαλείστητα to be about and also to be destroyed the magnificence αυτης, ήν όλη ή Ασια και ή οικουμενη σεβεται. other, which whole the Asia and the habitable worships. 25 Ακουσαντες δε, και γενομενοι πληρεις θυμου, Having heard and, and having become toll of wrath, εκραζον, λεγοντες. Μεγαλη ή Αρτεμις Εφεσιων. they cried out, saving; Great the Diana 19 Και επλησθη ή πολις \* [όλη] της συννυσεως. And was filled the city [whole] the contusion; ώρμησαν τε δμοθυμαδον εις το θεατρον, συναρthey rushed and with one mind into the theatre, πασαντες Γαιον και Αρισταρχον Μακεδονας, Gaius and Aristarchus Macedonians, 30 Του δε Παυλου βουσυνεκδημους Παυλου. The and fellow-travelers ot Paul. Paul λομενου εισελθειν εις τον δημον, ουκ ειων to enter into the assembly of the people, not suffered 31 Τινες δε και των Ασιαραυτον οί μαθηται. hun the disciples. Some and even of the rulers of χων οντες αυτφ φιλοι, πεμψαντες προς αυτον, Asia being to him friends, having sent παρεκαλουν μη δουνω ξαυτον εις το θεατρον.
besought not to ventu: himself into the theatre.

52 Αλλοι μεν ουν αλιώ τι κραζυν ην γαρ ή Some indeed therefore some thing στω; was for the εκκλησια συγκεχυμενη, και εί πλειους ουκ having been confused, and the greater assembly ηδεισαν, τινος ένεκεν συνεληλυθεισαν. for what purpose they were come together. knew, δε του οχλου προεβιβασαν Αλεξανδρον, προand the crowd they pushed forward Alexander, thrust-Βαλουτων αυτον των Ιουδαιων ό δε Αλεξανing forward him the Jews; the and Alexanδρος κατασεισας την χειρα, ηθελεν απολογεισcer having waved the hand, wished to defend himself 34 Επιγνοντες δε ότι Ιουδημω. θαι τω but that

but almost All Asia, the PAUL has persuaded and turned aside Many People, saying, That I THEY are not Gods which are MADE by Hands.

27 And not only This work of ours is in danger of being brought into contempt, but also that the TEMPLE of the GREAT Goddess Diana should be despised, and her GRAN-DEUR destroyed, whom All ASTA and the HABITA. BLE worships."

28 And having hear! this, they were full f Wrath, and cried out, saying, "Great is the DIANA of the Ephesians."

29 And the CITY was filled with Confusion; and having seized # Gaius and † Aristarchus, Macedonians, Paul's Fellow-travclers, they rushed with one mind into the THEA-

30 And \* PAUL desiring to enter the THEATEK, the DISCIPLES did not permit

31 And some even of the † ASIARCHS, who were his Friends, sent to him, advising him not to venture into the THEATRE.

32 Some therefore cried one thing, and some another; for the ASSEMBLY was confused, and the GREATER part did not know why they were come together.

33 And they pushed Alexander out of the CROWD, the JEWS thrusting him forward. And I ALEXANDER I having waved the HAND wished to defend himself in the As-SEMBLY OF THE PEOPLE.

34 But knowing that he

in the assembly of the people. Knowing

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 29. Whole-omit. 30. Paul.

<sup>† 31.</sup> These persons presided over religious observances and the public games. They were ten in number, chosen by the cities from persons of wealth and influence, and approved by the proconsul. One of them styled the chief Asiarch resided at Ephesus; the others were his associates and advisers.

<sup>1 26.</sup> I'sa. czv. 4; Isa. xliv. 10-20; Jer. x. 3. A-1. xx. 4; xxvii. 2; Col. w. 10, Philemon 24. 1 29. Rom. xvi. 22; 1 Cor. J. 14. 1 20. 1 33 1 Lim. t. 20, 2 Tim. tv. 14. 2 53. Acta xii 17.

δαιος εστι, φωνη εγενετο μια εκ παντων, ώς J.w heis, γοιος came one from all, about επι ώρας δυο κραζύντων. Μεγαλη ή Αρτεμις for hours two cyrig; Great the Diana 11 φεσιων. 35 Καταστειλας δε ό γραμματευς τον of liphesians. Having stilled and the scribe the ογλον, φησιν Ανδρες Εφεσιοι, τις γαρ εστιν crowl, he said; Men Ephesians, what for is αλλρωπος, ός ου γινωσκει την Εφεσιων πολιν knows the Ephesians city man. Who not νεωκορον ουσαν της μεγαλης Αρτεμίδος και temple-keeper being of the great Diana του Διοπετους: 35 Αναντιρόητων ουν οντων Cannot be denied therefore being of that fallen from Ju; iter? τουτων, δεον εστιν ύμας κατεσταλμενους t use things, necessary it is you having been quiet προπετες πραττειν. ύπαρχειν, και μηδεν and nothing rashly <sup>37</sup> Ηγαγετε γαρ τους ανδρας τουτους, the men these, OUTEneither ι εροσυλους, ουτε βλασφημουντας την θεον temple-robbers, blasphemers :: ine goddess nor ύμων· 38 Ει μεν ουν Δημητριος και οί συν of you; If indeed therefore Demetrius and those with αυτώ τεχνιται εχουσι προς τινα λογον, αγοραιοι him workings have against any aword, courts αγονται, και ανθυπατοι εισιν εγκαλειτωσαν let them accuse are held, and proconsuls are; 39 Ει δε τι περι έτερων επι(ηαλληλοις. each other. If but anything about other things you inτειτε, εν τη εννομφ εκκλησια επιλυθησεται. quire, in the lawful it shall be settled. assembly 4 Και γαρ κινδυνευομέν εγκαλεισθαι στασέως Even for we are in danger to be accused της σημερον, μηδενος αιτιου ύπαρχονconcerning the day, not one cause τις, περι ού δυνησομεθα αποδουναι λογον της about which we are able to give a reason for the συστροφης ταυτης. 41 Και ταυτα ειπων, απελισε την εκκλησιαν. Bussel the assembly.

КЕФ. κ'. 20.

1 Μετα δε το παυσασθαι τον θορυβον, προσ-After and the to be restrained the tumult, having καλεσαμενος ο Παυλος τους μαθητας, και ασπαthe Paul the disciples, and baving them, # departed to go inπαμενος, εξηλθε πορευθηναι εις την Μακεδονιαν. embraced, he went out to go into the Macedonia. 2 DIENOWN δε τα μερη εκεινα, και παρακα-Having passed through and the parts those, and having exλετας αυτους λογω πολλω, ηλθεν εις την horrei them with a word great, he went into the

was a Jew, one Voice came from all for about two ilours, crying, "Great is the Diana of the \* Ephesians ?"

35 And the RECORDEP having quieted the CROWD, said, "Ephesians! What Man is there who does not know that the CITY of the EPHESIANS IS Templekeeper of the GREAT Diana, and of that which FELL FROM JUPITER?

36 These things, therefore, being indisputable, it is necessary for you to be quiet, and to do nothing rashly :

37 for you have brought these MEN, which are neither Temple-robbers, nor Blasphemers of your GODDESS.

38 If, therefore, Demetrius and the ARTIFICERS with him have a Charge against any one, Courts are held, and there are Proconsuls; let them accuse each other.

39 But if you seek anything "further, it shall be settled in the LAWFUL Assembly.

40 for we are even in danger of being accused about the Tumult of TO. DAY; there being no cause by which we can excuse this concourse."

41 And having said this. he dismissed the ASSEM-BLY.

#### CHAPTER XX.

1 Now after the Tu-MULT was allayed, PAUL, \* baving summoned the DISCIPLES, and embracing to Macedonia.

2 And passing through those PARTS, and exhorting them with many Words, he went into GREECE.

<sup>.</sup> VATRICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. Ephesians! Great is the Diana of the Ephesians! And 39 further, it shall be. 1. sent for the discirces, and exhorting and embraassig them, he departed for.

<sup>1 1. 1</sup> Cor. xv1. 5, 1 1 mg/

Έλλαδα· <sup>3</sup> ποιησας τε μηνας τρεις, γενομενης Greece; having continued and months three, being formed αυτώ επιβουλης ύπο των Ιουδαιων, μελλοντι a plot against by the Jews, being about αναγεσθαι εις την Συριαν, εγενετο γνωμη του to sail into the Syria, come a resolution of the ύποστρεφειν δια Μακεδονιας. <sup>4</sup> Συνειπετο δε to return through Macedonia. Vont with and αυτφ \*[αχρι της Ασιας] Σωπατρος Πυρβου Βεhim [as far as the Asia] Sopater of Pyrrhus a Beροιαιος. Θεσσαλονικέων δε, Αρισταρχος και Of Thessalonians and. Aristarchus tean. Σεκουνδος, και Γαιος Δερβαιος και Τιμοθέος. Secundus, of Derbe and Tim thy; and Gaius Asiatics and, Tychicus and Tropiumus. 5 Ούτοι These προελθοντες εμενον ήμας εν Τρωαδι. 6 ήμεις δε going before awaited us in Tropa; we but εξεπλευσαμεν μετα τας ήμερας των α(υμων after the days of the unleavened cakes απο Φιλιππων, και ηλθομεν προς αυτους εις την from Philippi, and came to them into the ήμερων πεντε, οδ διετριψαμεν Τρωαδα αχρις Troas in days five, where we remained <sup>7</sup> Eν δε τη μια των σαββατων,
In and the first of the sabbaths, ήμερας έπτα. days seven. ήμων κλασαι αρτον, δ Παυλος τυνηγμενων taving been assembled of us to break bread, the διελεγετο αυτοις, μελλων εξιεναι τη επαυριων discoursed to them, being about to depart on the morrow ; Ragereive TE τον λογον μεχρι μεσονυκτιου. continued and the discourse till 8 Ησαν δε λαμπαδες ίκαναι εν τω ύπερου, ού in the upper room, where .Were and lamps many 9 Καθημενος δε τις νεανιας, ημεν συνηγμενοι. we were assembled. Was sitting and a certain youth, ονγματι Ευτυχος, επι της θυριδος, καταφεροby name Eutychus, in the window, being overμενης ύπνω βαθει, διαλεγομενου του Παυλου powered with sleep deep, discoursing the Paul ετι πλειον, κατενεχθεις απο του ύπνου, επεκεν for a longer time, having been overcome from the sleep, απο του τριστεγου κατω, και ηρθη νεκρος. down, from the third story and was taken up dead. 10 Καταβας δε δ Παυλος επεπεσεν αυτώ, και Having gone down and the Paul fell upon him, Mη θορυβεισθε·  $\mathring{η}$  γαρ Not be you troubled; the for συμπεριλαβων ειπε. having embraced said; ψυχη αυτου εν αυτώ εστιν. 11 Αναβας δε, και life of him in him Having come up and, and is.

κλασας αρτον και γευσαμενος, εφ' ίκανον τε

and

having broken bread

3 And having remained three Months, ‡a Plot being laid for him by the Jews, as he was about to sail into Syria, he resolved to Return through Macedonia.

4 And there went with him into ASIA, Sopater, the son of Pyrrhus, a Berean; but ‡ Aristarchus and Secundus of the Thessalonians; and Gaius of Derbe, and ‡ Timothy; and ‡ Tychicus and ‡ Trophimus, Asiatics;

5 \* these going before waited for us at Troas.

6 And we sailed out from Philippi, after the LDAYS of UNLEAVENED BREAD, and came to them at TROAS in five Days; where we continued seven Days.

7 And on the first day of the week, we having assembled to break Bread, Paul, intending to depart on the Next day, discoursed to them, and continued his speech till Midnig!...

8 And there were many Lamps in the ‡ UPPER ROOM where we were assembled.

9 And there was a Certain Youth, named Eutychus, sitting in awindow, being overpowered with deep Sleep; and as Paul prolonged his discourse, having been overcome by SLEEP, he fell from the THIRD STORY down, and was taken up dead.

10 And PAUL going down, fellon him, and embracing him, said, f" Be not troubled; for his life is in him."

11 And having come up and broken \* Bread, and tasting it, and con-

having tasted, for alongertime and

12 Hyaύμιλησας αχρις αυγης, ούτως εξηλθεν. They having conversed till day-break, so he departed. γον δε τον παιδα ζωντα, και παρεκληθησαν ου brought and the youth living, and were comforted  $\mu\epsilon\tau\rho\iota\omega s$ . 13 H $\mu\epsilon\iota s$   $\delta\epsilon$   $\pi\rho\sigma\epsilon\lambda\theta\sigma\nu\tau\epsilon s$   $\epsilon\pi$ . TO a little. We but going before :he πλοιον, ανηχθημεν εις το Ασσον, εκειθεν μελsailed to the Assos, there inλοντες αναλαμβανειν τον Παυλον ούτω γαρ ην 80 for it was tending to take in again the Paul: 14 ' 25 διατεταγμενος, μελλων αυτος πεζευειν. When having been arranged, being about himself to go on foot. δε συνεβαλεν ήμιν εις την Ασσον, αναλαβοντες and he met with us at the Assos, having again received αυτον ηλθομεν εις Μιτυληνην. 15 κακειθεν αποhim we came to Mitylene; and thence πλευσαντες, τη επιουση κατηντησαμεν αντικρυ ing sailed away, on the morrow we came opposite Τη δε έτερα παρεβαλομεν εις Σαμον. Choos. In the and another we touched at Samos; \*[και μειναντες εν Τρωγυλλιφ,] τη εχουενη in the following 16 Kenpikel yap & Hav-Had determined for the Paul ηλθομέν εις Μιλητον. we came to Miletus. λος παραπλευσαι την Εφετον, όπως μη γενηται to sail by the Ephesus, so that not it might be αυτώ χρονοτριβησαι εν τη Ασια· εσπευδε γαρ, in the Asia; he was hastening for, for him to spend time ει δυνατον ην αυτή, την ημεραν της πεντηκοσif possible it was for him, the day of the pentecost της γενεσθαι εις Ίεροπολυμα. 17 Απο δε της From and the to be 1.03 Jerusalem. Μιλητου πεμψας εις Εφεσον, μετεκαλεσατο Miletus having sent to Ephesus, he called for 18 'Ως δε τους πρεσβυτέρους της εκκλησιας. ofthe cougregation. When and παρεγενοντο προς αυτον, εικεν αυτοις. 'Υμεις he said to them; they were come 10 hun, You επιστασθε, απο πρωτης ήμερας αφ ής επεβην from first day in which I casered εις την Ασιαν, πως μεθ' ύμων τον παντα χρονον into the Asia, how with

εις την Ασιαν, πως μεθ' ύμων τον παντα χρονον into the Asia, how with you the whole time εγενομην, 19 δουλευων το κυριω μετα πασης 1 was, serving the Lord with all

ταπεινοφροσυνης και δακρυων και πειρασμων, lowliness and temptations, των συμβαντων μοι εν ταις επιβουλαις των

των συμβαντων μοι  $\epsilon \nu$  ταις  $\epsilon \pi$ ιβουλαις των οf those having happened to me by the plots of the 1ουδαιων.  $\frac{26}{3}$ ως ουδεν ὑπεστειλαμην των συμβων. bow pothing i kept back of that home

Jews, bow nothing I kept back of that being φεροντων, του μη αναγγειλαι ύμιν και διδαξαι

profitable, the not to declare to you and to teach

έμας δημοσια και κατ' οικους. <sup>21</sup> διαμαρτυρομεyou publicly and to houses, exceeding testinging

versed for a long time even till Day-break, he so departed.

12 And they brought the YOUTH alive, and were not a little comforted.

13 But we, having gone before to the SHIP, sailed 'e Assos, there intending to take PAUL in again; for it was so arranged, he being about to go by land.

14 And when he met us at Assos, we received him, and came to Mitylene.

15 And sailing thence on the NEXT day we came opposite to Chios; and on \*the NEXT we arrived at Samos; and having remained at Trogyllium, on the FOLLOWING we came to Miletus.

16 For PAUL had determined to sail by Ephests, that it might not be necessary for him to spend time in Asia; ‡ for he was histening, if it were possible for him, ‡ to be at Jerusalem on ‡ the DAY of PENTECOST.

17 But sending from Miletus to Ephesus, he called to him the Elibers of the congregation.

18 And when they were come to him, he said to them, " Pou know, I from the First Day in which I came into ASIA, how I was the whole Time with you,

19 serving the Lord with all humility, and with Tears, and THOSE Trials which happened to me ‡ by the PLOTS of the Jews;

20 how 11 kept back NOTHING that was PROFIT-ABLE; neglecting not to declare to you and to teach you publicly, and at your Houses;

21 earnestly testifying

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscript -15, in the Evening we arrived, rogyllium-omit.

<sup>15.</sup> and remained at

<sup>1 16.</sup> Acts xviii. 21; xix. 21; xxi. 4, 12. 16. Acts xxiv 17. Cor. xvi. 8. 18. Acts xviii. 19; xix 1, 10. 10. verss 8.

νος Ιουδαιοις τε και Έλλησι την εις τον θεον to Jews both and Greeks the towards the God μετανοιαν, και πιστιν την εις τον κυριον ήμων reformation, and faith thattowards the Lord ofus 22 Και νυν ιδου, δεδεμενος Ιησούν Χριστον. Anointed. And now lo, having been bound εγω τω πνευματι, πορευομαι εις Ίερουσαλημ, Jerusalem. in the spirit, to go to εν αυτη συναντησοντα μοι μη ειδως, shall be happening to me not knowing, the things in her 23 πλην δτι το πνευμα το άγιον κατα πολιν except that the spirit the holy every διαμαρτυρεται μοι, λεγον, ότι δεσμα με και to me, saving, that bonds me and στιν. 24 Αλλ ουδενος λογον ποιουwitnesses and θλιψεις μενουσιν. afflictions await. But of no account 1 make, μαι, ουδε εχω την ψυχην μου τιμιαν εμαυτφ, nor the life of the valuable to myself, ώς τελειωσαι τον δρομον μου \*[μετα χαμας,] with so that to finish the course of me joy.] και την διακονιαν ήν ελαβον παρα του κυριου διαμαρτυρασθαι τα ευαγγελιον Ιησου, TMS to earnestly declare the glad tidings Jesus, of the χαριτος του θεου. 25 Και νυν ιδου, εγω οιδα, tavor of the God. And now lo, know. ότι ουκετι οψοσθε το προσωπον μου ύμεις πανthat no longer will see the face of me you TES, EV ois διηλθον κηρυσσων την βασιλειαν among whom I have gone about proclaiming the kingdom \*[του θεου]  $^{26} Διο μαρτυρομαι ύμιν εν τη$  (of the God.) Therefore I testify to you in the δτι καθαρος εγω απο that clean I from σημερον ημερα, TOU this day. the αιματος παντων. 27 ου γαρ υπεστειλαμην του blood otal, not for l keptback of the μη αναγγειλαι ύμιν πασαν την βουλην του all not to declare to you the wid 25 Προσεχετε \* [ουν] έαυτοις και παντι  $\theta \in ov.$ Take heed [therefore] to yourselves and to all God. τφ ποιμνιφ, εν 'φ ύμας το πνευμα το άγιον in which you the spirit the the flock, hoty  $\epsilon\theta$ ετο επισκοπους, πυιμαινείν την εκκλησιαν the congregation to feed placed overseers. του κυριου, ήν περιεποιησατο δια του αίματος of the Lord, which he purchased through the <sup>29</sup> Εγω γαρ οιδα \*[τουτο,] ότι ειστου ιδιου. shall of the own.

both to Jews and Greeks, to reformation towards God, and that Faith which is towards our Lord Jesus Christ.

22 And now behold, theing constrained by the spirit, f go to Jerusalen, not knowing the things which will happen to me there:

23 except That the HOLY SPIRIT testifies to me in every City, saying That Bonds and Affletiona await Me.

24 ‡ But \* of No Account make I LIFE pre-LIOUS to myself, so that I may finish my course, even the SERVICE which I received from the LORD Jesus, earnestly to declare the GLAD TIDINGS of the FAVOR of GOD.

25 And now, behold, † \*\* know That gou all, among whom I have gone proclaiming the Kingdom of God, will see my face no more.

26 Therefore I testify to you this Day, That \* I am pure from the BLOOD of All;

27 for I kept not back from announcing \* All the will of God to you.

28 ‡ Take heed to yourselves, therefore, and to
All the FLOCK among
whom the HOLY SPIBLE
made you Overseers, to
feed † the CHURCH of GOD,
‡ which he acquired by the
BLOOD of his own.

29 For I know, That

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—24. of No Account make I LIFE precious to myself. 24. with Joy—omit. 25. of GoD—omit. 26. I am pure. 27. All the will of GoD to you. 28. therefore—omit. 28. the church of GoD. 29. this—omit.

<sup>† 28.</sup> The Common Version and Vatican MS, have been followed in the above rendering Griesbach, and nearly all modern editors, read "Church of the Lord." The phrase ecclesia tou theory cours about the tou Kurion nowhere occurs in the New Testament, while ecclesia tou theory occurs about the times in Paul's epistles. There are no less than six different readings of this phrase in the MSS, which have probably arisen from a presumed difficulty in understanding it in cornection with the latter part of the scribence—"purchased with his own blood." But read that it stands in the original, and it still makes good sense, without rejecting the reading of the most ancient MS, and some of the oldest Peshito Syrice copies. The reader can supply the elliptical word after own, whether it be Son, or Lumb, or Sacrifice. Thus, "feed the сийней of God, which he acquired by the blood of his own [Son.]

ελευσονται μετα την αφιζιν μου λυκοι βαρεις enter after the departure of me wolves rapacious εις ύμας, μη φειδομενοι του ποιμνιου. 30 και spaing the flock; among you, not and εξ ύμων αυτων αναστησονται ανθρες λαλουνfrom yourselves will arise men speaking τες διεστραμμενα, του αποσπαν τους μαθητας perverse things, the to draw away the disciples τες oten percesse things, the to draw away the percesse things, οπισω αύτων. 31 Διο γρηγορείτε, μνημονεύ-ster them. Therefore watch you, rememberεντες, δτι τριετιαν νυκτα και ήμεραν ουκ επαυing, that three verrs night and day not σαμην μετα δακρυων νουθετων ένα έκαστον. with tears admonishing one each.

"Skai τανυν παρατιθεμαί ύμας, \*[αδελφοι,] τφ.

And now I commend you, [brethren,] to the θεω και τω λογώ της χαριτος αυτου, τω δυνα-God and to the word of the favor of him, to that being μενώ εποικοδομησαι, και δουναι ύμιν κληρονοable to build up, and to give you an inheriμιαν εν τοις ήγιασμενοις πασιν. 33 Αργυριου η. tance among those having been sanctified all. Silver or χρυσιου η ίματισμου ousevos επεθυμησα. or raiment of no one I coveted; 34 αυτοι γινωτκετε, ότι ταις χρειαις μου και that the necessities of me and yourselves you know, τοις ουσι μετ' εμου ύπηρετησαν οί χειρες αύται. those being with me supplied the hands these. 35 Παντα ύπεδειξα ύμιν, ότι ούτω κοπιωντας All things I pointed out to you, that so αντιλα ιβανεσθαι των ιασθενουντων, to aid it is necessary those μνημονευείν τε των λογων του κυρίου Ιησου, to remember and the words of the Lord Jesus, ότι αυτος ειπε. Μακαριον εστι μαλλον διδοναι, Blessed it is that he said; more to give, <sup>36</sup> Και ταυτα ειπων, η λαμβανειν. And these things having said, having placed than to receive. τα γονατα αύτου, συν πασιν αυτοις προσηνέατο. the knees of himself, with all those he prayed. 37 Ίκανος δε εγενετο κλαυθμος παντων και Much and Was weeping of all; επιπεσοντες επι τον τραχηλον του Παυλου, neck of the having fallen on the αυτον. 38 οδυνωμενοι μαλιστα

after my DEPARTURE 1 rapacious Wolves will come in among you, not sparing the FLOCK :

- 30 t and \* of you will Men arise speaking perverse things, to DRAW AWAY DISCIPLES after them.
- 31 Therefore watch, re membering That for three years, by Night and by Day, I ceased not to admonish every one with Tears.
- 32 And Now I commend you \* to God, and to THAT word of his favor, which is able to edify, and to give you tan Inheritance among all THOSE who were SANC-TIFIED.
- 33 I have coveted no man's Silver, or Gold, or Apparel;
- 34 you yourselves know That these HANDS have served my NECESSITILS, and THOSE Who WERE with me.
- 35 I have showed you in All things, ‡That by thus laboring you ought to assist the WEAK, and to remember the words of the Lord Jesus, That he said, 'It is more blessed to give than to receive."
- 36 And having said these words, he kneeled, and prayed with them all.
- 37 And there was much weeping among them all; and falling on PAUL's NECK, they affectionately kissed him,
- 38 grieving chiefly for the words which has spoke, That they should see his FACE no more. And they accompanied him to the SHIP.

επι τω λογω 'ω ειρηκει, ότι ουκετι, μελλουσι

for the word which he spoke, that no more, they are about

to sec.

κατεφιλουν

they affectionately kissed him;

face

him to the

αυτον εις το πλοιον.

το προιτωπον αυτου θεωρειν.

of him

ship.

sorrowing

most of all

Προεπεμπον δε

They accompanied and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30. of you will men arise. to the Lorg, and to that word.

<sup>32.</sup> brethren-omit. 32

<sup>† 29.</sup> Matt. vii. 15; 2 Pet. ii. 1. † 30. 1 Tim. i. 20; 1 John ii. 10. † 32. Acts xxvii. 18; Eph. i. 18; Col. i. 12; iii. 24; Heb. ix. 15; 1 Pet. i. 4. † 34. Acts xxviii. 3; 1 Cor. iv. 12; 1 Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 8. † 35. Rom. xv. 1; 1 Cor. ix. 12; 2 Cor. xi. 9, 12; xii. 18; Eph. iv. 28; 1 Thess. iv. 11; v. 14; 2 Thess. iii. 8.

# ΚΕΦ. κα'. 21.

ι 'Ως δε εγενετο αναχθηναι ήμας αποσπασθεν-When and it happened to have sailed us having separated τας  $\alpha\pi$ ' αυτων, ευθυδρομησαντες ηλθομεν εις from them, having run a straight course we came to την Κω, τη δε έξης εις την 'Ροδον, κακειθεν εις την κω, τη οξεξης εις την 1950, καπετου the Chodes, and thence to Παταρα. <sup>2</sup> Και ευροντες πλοιον διαπερων εις Patara. And having found a ship passing over to Φοινικην, επιβαντες ανηχθημεν.
Pnenicia, going on board we set sail.  $^3$  Ava $\phi$ av $\epsilon$ v-Having come in τες δε την Κυπρον, και καταλιποντες αυτην view and the Cyprus, and having left behind ευωνυμον, επλεομεν εις Συριαν, και κατηχθηwe sailed into Syria, and on the left, were brought μεν εις Τυρον εκεισε γαρ ην το πλοιον αποthere for was the ship to Tyre. φορτιζομένον τον γομον. 4 Και ανευροντές the freight. And having found τους μαθητας, επεμειναμεν αυτου ήμερας έπτα: the disciples. we remained there days seven; οιτινές τω Παυλφ ελέγον δια του πνευματος, these to the Paul said through the spirit, μη αναβαινειν εις Ίεροσολυμα. 5 Ότε δε εγεto Jerusalem. When and νετο ήμας εξαρτισαι τας ήμερας, εξελθοντες bappened us to have completed the days, having gone out επορευομεθα, προπεμποντων ήμας παντων συν we went our way. accompanying us a!1 with γυναιξι και τεκνοις, έως εξω της πολεως και and children, till outside of the city; το γονατα επι τον αιγιαλον, προσηυhaving placed the knees on the shore, <sup>6</sup> Και ασπασαμενοι αλληλους,  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \beta \eta$ -And having embraced each other, μεν εις το πλοιον εκεινοι δε ύπεστρεψαν εις ship, they and returned teredinto the 7 'Ημεις δε τον πλουν διανυσαντες, τα ιδια. We and the voyage having mushed. απο Τυρου κατηντησαμέν εις Πτολεμαίδα και we came down Ptolemais, to and αππασαμενοι τους αδελφους, εμειναμεν ήμεραν brethren, we remained having embraced the 8 Τη δε επαυριον εξελθοντες μιαν παρ' αυτοις. Ou the and morrow having gone out them ηλθομέν εις Καισαρείαν και εισελθοντές εις having entered into we came into Cesaren. and τον οικον Φιλιππου του ευαγγελιστου, οντος of Philip the Evangelist, being the house 9 Τουτφ εκ των επτα, εμειναμεν παρ' αυτω. we remained with him. To this f.om of the seven δε ησαν θυγατερες παρθενοι τεσσαρες προφηdaughters virgins being four 10 Επιμενοντων δε ήμων TEUDWOODAL. ημερας gitted with prophecy. Continuing and of us days

## CHAPTER XXI.

- l Now it occurred, when we had separated from them, and had sailed, having run a straight course we came to Coos; and on the FOLLOWING day to RHODES, and thence to Patara.
- 2 And having found a Ship passing over to Phemicia, going on board we sailed.
- 3 And arriving in view of CYPRUS, and leaving it on the left, we sailed into Syria, and landed at Tyre; for there the ship was to unload its freight.
- 4 And having found the DISCIPLES we remained there seven Days; ‡ and these told PAUL, through the SPIRIT, not to go up to Jerusalem.
- 5 And it happened when we had completed the DAYS, we went our way; they all accompanying us with Wives and Children, till out of the CITY; and Tkneeling down on the SHORE, we prayed.
- 6 And having embraced each other, we entered the SHIP; and then returned to \$\frac{1}{2}\$ their own homes.
- 7 And having finished the VOYAGE, from Tyre we went down to Ptolemais, and having embraced the BRETHREN, we romained one Day with them.
- 8 And departing on the NEXT day we came to Cesarea; and having entered the house of that Philip the Evangelist, t who was one of the seven, we lodged with him.
- 9 And this man had four Virgin Daughters. ‡ who prophesied.
- 10 And as we continued there many Days, a Cer-

πλειους, κατηλθε τις απο της Ιουδαίας προφηmany. came down a certain from the Judea a proτης ονοματι Αγαβος. 11 και ελθων προς ήμας, και αρας την ζωνην του Παυλου, δητας τε and having taken the gir le of the Paul, having bound and αύτου τας χειρας και τους ποδας, ειπε Ταδε or hunself the hands and the feet, said. Thus λεγει το πνευμα το άγιον Τον ανδρα, ού says the spirit the holy; The man, of whom εστιν ή ζωνη αύτη, ούτω δησουσιν εν Ίερουσαis the girdle this, so shall band in λημοι Ιουδαιοι, και παραδωσουσιν εις χειρας 12 Ως δε ηκουσαμέν ταυτα, παρέκα-E DVWZ. o Gentiles. When and they heard these things, entreated λουμεν ήμεις τε και οί εντοπιοι, του μη αναwe both and those of the place, of the not to βαινειν αυτον εις 'Ιερουσαλημ. <sup>13</sup> Απεκριθη δε go up him to Jerusalem. Answered and ό Παυλος. Τι ποιειτε, κλαιοντες και συνθρυπ-What do you, weeping and the Paul. breaking τυντες μου την καρδιαν: εγω γαρ ου μονον of me the heart? Í for not only δεθηναι, αλλα και αποθανειν εις Ίερουσαλημ to be hound, but also to die in Jerusalem έτοιμως εχω ύπερ του ονοματος του κυριου n readmess I in behalf of the name 14 Μη πειθομενου δε αυτου, ήσυχατα Inσov. Not being persuaded and of him, we were silent, μεν, ειποντες. Το σελημα του κυριου γενεσθω. 15 Μετα δε τας ήμερας ταυτας αποσκευασα-After and the days these packing up bagμενοι ανεβαινομεν εις Ίερουσαλημ. 16 Συνηλ gage we went up to Jerusalem. Went with θον δε και των μαθητων απο Καισαρειας συν from and also of the disciples Cesarea ήμιν, αγοντες παρ' 'ω ξενισθωμεν, Μνασωνι us, leading with whom we might lodge, to Mnason τινι Κυπριφ, αρχαιφ μαθητη. 17 Γενομενων δε one a Cyprian, an old disciple. Having arrived and ήμων εις Ίεροσολυμα, ασμενως εδεξαντο ήμας gladly of us to Jerumlein, received 19 Τη δε επιουση εισηει ό Παυλος οί αδελφοι. On the and next had entered the Paul the bretbren. σιν ήμιν προς Ιακωβον· παντές τε παρέγενονwith us to James; all

tain Prophet, named 1 Agabus, came down from Ju-DEA.

Il And coming to us. taking PAUL'S GIRDLE and having bound his \* FEET and HANDS, he said, "Thus says the HOLY SPIRIT, 1 So will the JEWS at Jerusalem bind the MAN who owns this GIR-DLE, and deliver him into the Hands of the Gentiles."

12 And when we heard these things, both we and THOSE of that place, entreated him not to GO UP to Jerusalem.

13 But PAUL answered. " What do you, weeping and breaking My HEART? for I am ready not only to be bound, but also to die at Jerusalem in behalf of the NAME of the LORD Jesus."

14 And he not being persuaded, we were silent, saying, I" Let the WILL of the LORD be done."

And after these DAYS, packing up our baggage, we went up to Jerusalem.

16 And some of the DISCIPLES also from Cesarea accompanied us, conducting us to one Mnason, a Cyprian, an Old Disciple, with whom we might lodge.

17 ‡ And on our arriving at Jerusalem, the BRETHREN received gladly.

18 And on the FOLLOW. ing day, Paul went in with us to # James; and all the ELDERS were present.

19 And having saluted εξηγειτο καθ' έν έκαστον, ών εποιησεν δ θεος them, the particularly related what things God did among the GENTILES by this ministry. They

εν τοις εθνεσι δια της διακονιας αυτου. 20 Οί

το οί πρεσβυτεροι. 19 Και ασπασαμενος αυτους,

elders.

among the Gentules through the

the

he related

of him.

And having saluted them,

one by one, which did the God

service

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-11. FERT and E .NDs, he said.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Acts xi. 28. † 11. ver. 33; Acts xx. 28. † 13. Acts xx. 24. † 14. Matt vi. 10; xxvi. 42; buke xi. 2; xxii. 42. † 17. Acts xv. 4. † 18. Acts xv. 18 iza: 1 19; it 9. † 19. Acts xv. 4, 12; Rom xv. 18, 10. † 19. Acts xv. ?4

 $\delta \epsilon$  akoudantes  $\epsilon \delta o \xi \alpha \xi o \nu$  to  $\theta \epsilon n \nu$   $\epsilon i \pi o \nu$   $\tau \epsilon$  and having heard glorified the God; they said and αυτφ $^*$  Θ. ωρεις, αδελεφε, ποσαι μυριαδας εισιν to him: Thouseest, O brother, how many myrtads are λουδαιων των πεπιστευκοτων και παντες ζηλωουδαιων των πεπιστευαν:
of Jews of those having believed; and all zeauto
of Jews of those having believed; 21 Κατηγηθησαν δεά ται του νομου ύπαρχουσι. They were informed and of the law being. περι σου, ότι αποστασιαν διδισκεις απο concerning thee, that apostacy there teachest from Νωυσεως τους κατα τα εθνη παντας Ιουδαίους. Moses those among the Gentiles all λεγων, μη περιτεμνειν αυτους τα τεκνα, μηδε not to circumcise them the children, nor 22 Τι ουν εστι; παντως · οις εθεσι περιπατειν. the customs to walk. What then is 11? \* [δει πληθος ουνελθειν'] ακουσωνται \* [ναρ,] ωως α multitude to assemble;] they will hear [τοι,] ότι εληλυθας. 23 Τουτο ουν ποιησον, δ σω This therefore do thou, what to thee that thou hast come. λενομεν Εισιν ήμιν ανδρες τεσσαρες ευχην we say; Are to us men four avow χοντες εφ' έαυτων. <sup>24</sup> Τουτους παραλοβων, These having taken, άγνισθητι συν αυτοις, και δαπανησον επ be thou purified with them, and be at expense for αυτοις, ίνα ξυρησωνται την κεφαλην, και γνω

των εθνων ήμεις επεστειλαμέν, κριναντές based of Gentiles we sent word, judging [μηδεν τοιουτον τηρειν αυτους, ει μη] φυηρειν αυτους τι το λασσεσθαι αυτους το, τε ειδωλοθυτον και το keep themselves the, both things offered to idols and the

thee nothing is, but walkest orderly also himself the

νομον φυλασσων. <sup>25</sup> Περι δε των πεπιστευκοlaw keeping. Concerning but those having be-

κατηγηνται

know all, that the things they have been informed concerning σου ουδεν εστιν, αλλα στοιχεις και αυτος του

TEPL

cima kat mulk for kat mopulitar.

tnem, that they may shave the head,

σονται παντες, ότι ών

26 Τοτε δ Παυλος παραλαβων τους ανδρας, Then the Paul having taken the τη εχομενη ήμερα συν αυτοις αγνισθεις εισηει unthefollowing day with them being purified entered εις το ίερον, διαγγελλων την εκπληρωσιν των nto the temple, announcing the completion of the ήμερων του άγνισμου, έως ού προσηνεχθη of the purification, till of which they offered days ύπερ ένος έκαστου αυτων ή προσφορα. 27 'Ως in behalf of one of each of them the offering. δε εμελλον αί έπτα ήμεραι συντελεισθαι, οί απο and were about the seven days to be completed, those from της Ασιας Ιουδαιοι θεασαμενοι αυτον εν τω ίερω, Jews having seen him in the temple, 20 And THEY, having heard, glorified God, and said to lum, "Thou seest, brother, how Many Myrrads \*there are, among the Jews, of Those who who bellieve, and all are \$ Zealots for the Law.

21 And they have been informed concerning thee, That thou teachest ALL the JEWS among the GENTILES to apostatize from Moses, telling them not to errenneise their CHILDREN, nor to follow the CUSTOMS.

23 What is it then? They will certainly hear That thou hast come.

23 Do thus, therefore, which we say to thee. We have four Men who have a Vow on them;

24 take them, and be purified with them, and be at expense for them, that they may ‡ shave the HEAD; and all will know That those things of which they were informed concerning thee are not correct; but that thou the self-walkest orderly, keeping the LAW.

25 But concerning the BELIEVING GENTILES † we have sent word, judging that they avoid what is offered to 1001.s, and BLOOD, and what is Strangled, and Fornication."

26 Then Paul took the Men, and on the following Day being purified with them, ‡ entered the TEMPLE, ‡ announcing the COMPLETION of the DAYS of PURIFICATION; till the OFFERING should be offered in behalf of each one of them.

27 But when the SEVEN DAYS were about to be completed, the Jews from Asia seeing him in the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—20. there are among the Jews, of THOSE who BELIEVE. 22. the Multitude must assemble—omit. 22. for—omit. 25. that they observe no such thing, except—omit.

συνεχεον παντα τον οχλον, και επεβαλον επ' stirred up all the crowd, and put on αυτον τας χειρας, 28 κραζοντες. Ανδρες Ισραηλιhim the hands, civing, Men laraelται, βοηθειτε ούτος εστιν ό ανθρωπος, δ κατα help you, this is the man, who against του λαου και του νομου και του τοπου τουτου the people and the law and the place 11118 παντας πανταχου διδασκων' ετι τε και Έλληall everywhere is teaching, besides and also Greeks νας εισηγαγεν εις το ίερον, και κεκοινωκε τον he led into the tempte, and has made common the άγιου τοπον τουτον. <sup>23</sup> (Ππαν γαρ προςωρακο-holy pines this. (Were for having seen before τες Τροφιμού του Εφεσίου εν τη πολει συν Trophimus the Episesian in the city with αυτω, δν ενομιζον ότι εις το ίερον εισηγαγεν ό ham, whom they supposed that into the temple led Παυλος.) 50 Εκινηζη τε ή πυλις όλη, και εγενε-Was moved and the city whole, and το συνδρομη του λαου και επιλαβομενοι του a remaing together of the people; and having taken hold of the Πωπλου, είλκον αυτον εξω του ίερου. Kal I'al, they were dragging him outside of the temple; επιως εκλεισθησαν αί θυναι. 31 Ζητουντων the gates. Seeking δε αυτυν αποκτειναι, ανεβη φασις τω χιλιαρχω and hum to aill, went up a report to the commander της σπειρης, ότι όλη συνκενυται Ίερουσαλημι of the band, that whole was in confusion Jerusalem : δί ής εξαυτης παραλαβων στρατιωτας και έκαwho tunnediately having taken soldiers Oi Sa τουταρχους, κατεδραμέν επ' αυτους. 14.1708, ran down upon them. They and ιδώντες τον χιλιαργών και τους στρατιωτας, arring the commander and the soldiers, επαυσαντές τυπτοντές τον Παυλον. 33 TOTE bearing Then the Paul. εγγισας δχιλιαρχος επελαβετο αυτου, και having approached the commander had nold on him, and εκελευπε δεθηναι άλυπεπι δυσι και επυνθαto be bound with chains two, and orde.ed inquired, νετο, τις αν ειη, και τι εστι πεποιηκως. who it might be, and what it is having been done. 34 Αλλοιδε αλλο τι εβοων εν τφ οχλφ. Others and aporther thing were crying in the crowd. δυναμένος δε γνωναι το απφαλές δια τον θορυbeing able and to know the certainty through the tumult, βου, εκελευσεν αγεσθαι αυτον εις την παρεμ. he ordered to be brought him into the Castle. βολην. 35 'Οτε δε εγενετο επιτους αναβαθμους, When and he came on the Hteph, συνεβη βασταζεσθαι αυτον ύπο των στρατιω-

il nappened to be carried him by the

through the violence of the crowd.

των δια την βιαν του οχλου. 36 ηκολουθει γαρ

TEMPLE, stirred up All the CROWD, ‡ and laid HANDS on him,

28 exclaiming, "Israelites, help! This is That Man ‡ who Teaches all men everywhere against the People, and the Law, and this place; and besides he brought Greeks into the Temple, and made this holy Place common."

29 (For they had previously seen I Trophinus the Epitesian, in the city with him, whom they imagined That Paul had brought into the TEMPLE.)

30 ‡ And all the CITY was moved, and there was a running together of the PEOPLE; and having seized PAUL they dragged him out of the TEMPLE; and the GATES were instantly closed.

31 And while they were seeking to kill Him, a Report went up to the COMMANDER of the COHORT, That All Jeruszlem was in confusion;

32 ‡ who immediately having taken Soldiers and Centurions, rushed down upon them, and THEY, seeing the COMMANDER and the SOLDIERS, ceased beating PAUL.

33 Then the COMMAND-EB coming near, seized him, and fordered him to be bound with two Chains; and inquired who he was, and what he has done.

34 And some among the CROWD shouted one tinng, and some another; and not being able to ascertain the TRUTH on account of the TRUTH on account of the TRUMLET, he ordered him to be led into the CASTLE.

35 But when he was upon the STEPS, it happened that he was borne away by the SOLDIFRS, because of the YIOLENCE of the CROWD.

followed

soldiers

for

το πληθος του λαου, κραζον. Αιρε αυτον. the multitude of the people, crying; Lift up 37 Μελλων τε εισαγεσθαι εις την παρεμβολην δ Being about and to be led into the castle Παυλος, λεγει τω χιλιαρχω. Ει εξεστι μοι Paul, he says to the commander; If it is permitted for me  $\epsilon$ ιπειν τι προς σε: Ο δε εφη. Έλληνιστι to say anything to thee? He and said; Greek γινωσκεις; 38 Ουκ αρα συ ει δ Αιγυπτιος, δ understandest thou? Not then thou art the Egyptian προ τουτων των ήμερων αναστατωτας before these the days having raised an insurrection and εξαγαγων εις την ερημον τους τετρακισχιλιους having led out into the desert the four thousand αν δρας των σικαριων ; Ειπε δε δ Παυλος· 39 εγω men of the Stearis Said and the Paul, ανθρωπος μεν ειμι Ιουδαιος Ταρσευς, της Κιλιa man indeed am a lew of Tarsus, of the Ciliκιας ουκ ασημου πολεως πολιτης. δεομαι δε not of a mean city a citizen, I beseech and σου, επιτρεψον μοι λαλησαι προς τον λαον. or thee, permit me to speak to the people. 40 Επιτρεψαντες δε αυτου, δ Παυλος έστως επι Having permitted and him, the Paul baving been set on των αναβαθμων κατεσεισε τη χειρι τ $\phi$  λα $\phi$ \* the steps waved with the hand to the people;

πολλης δε σιγης γενομενης, προσεφωνησε τη great and silence occurring, he spoke in the Έβραιδι διαλεκτω, λεγων. Hebrew dialect, saying:

ΚΕΦ. κβ'. 22,

1 Ανδρες αδελφοι και πατερες, ακουσατε μου brethren and fathers, hear you of me 2 Ακουσαντες της προς ύμας νυνι απολογιας. you now apology. δε ότι τη Εβραιδι διαλεκτώ προσεφωνει αυτοις. and that in the Hebrew dialect he was speaking to them, μαλλον παρεσχον ήσυχιαν. Και φησιν $\frac{3}{1}$ εγω more they kept silence. And he said, I μεν ειμι ανηρ Ιουδαιος, γεγεννημενος εν Ταρσφ indeed am a man a Jew, having been born in Tarsus της Κιλικιας; ανατεθραμμενος δε εν τη παλει o(the Cilicia? having been brought up and in the city ταυτη, παρα τους ποδας Γαμαλιηλ πεπαιδευμεof Gamaliel having been taught the feet at νος κατα ακριβειαν του πατνφου νομου, ζηλωaccuracy the ancestral law, a zeaτης ύπαρχων του θεου, καθως παντες ύμεις εστε ot being of the God, even as ail you are σημερον· 4 ός ταυτην την όδον εδιωξα αχρι way I persecuted tail to day; who this the

36 for the MULTITUDE of the PEOPLE followed, crying, I" Take him away!

And PAUL being about to be led into the CASTLE, he says to the COMMANDER, "May I be allowed to say something to thee?" And HE said, " Dost thou understand Greek?

38 Art thou not then THAT † Egyptian, who didst before These DAYS, excite a Sedition, and lead out into the DESERT FOUR THOUSAND Men of the + SICARII ?"

39 But PAUL said, ‡" # am a Jew, of Tarsus in C1-LICIA, a Citizen of no Inconsiderable City; and I entreat thee, permit me to speak to the PEOPLE."

40 And having given him permission, PAUL, standing on the STEPS, t waved the HAND to the PEOPLE; and when there was Great Silence, he addressed them in the Hk-BREW Dialect, saying,

#### CHAPTER XXII.

1 "Men, † Brethren, and Fathers, hear now My APOLOGY before you."

2 (And hearing that he spoke to them in the HE-BREW Dialect, they kept greater silence; and he said.)

3 t" F am a Jew, born in Tarsus, of CILICIA, but, having been brought up in this CITY, at the FEET of Gamaliel, and accurately instructed in the ANCES-TRAL LAW; ‡ being a Zealot for God, tas nou all a re To-day.

4 And I persecuted This way to Death,

<sup>† 38.</sup> Josephus mentions this Egyptian as having raised a mob of 30,000 men, (or as some think it originally read 4,000.) which he led against Jerusalem, as tar as Mount Olivet, but was suddenly dispersed by Febr. † 38. The Sicarii were a body of rebels mentioned by Josephus. Wars b. vii, c. 10, § 1.

<sup>† 36.</sup> Luke xxii, 18; John xix, 15; xxii, 22. ix, 11; xxii, 2. † 40. Acts xii 17. 1 or, xi 92; Phil. iii, 5. 1 8. Acts v. 34 1 38 See Acts v 30 1 39 Acts Acts vii. 2 1 3 Acts xxi. 50, 4 1 39 Acts 1. Acts vii. 2 1 3 Acts xx1, 20, Gal. 1, 14. R. m & 2.

θανατου, δεσμευων και παραδιδους εις φυλακας death. binding and delivering into prisons αιδρας τε και γυναικας, δώς και δ πρχιερευ. men both and women, as also the high-priest μαρτυρει μοι, και παν το πρεσβυτεριον πα, testifies to me, and all the eldership; from ών και επιστολας δεξαμένος προς τους αδέλwhom also letters having received to the brethφους, εις Δαμασκον επορευομην, αξων ren, to Damascus I went, going to lead τους εκεισε οντας, δεδεμενους εις Ίερουσαλημ, thos there being, having been Lound into Jerusalem, ίνα τιμωρηθωσιν. 6 Εγενετο δε μοι πορευομενω that they might be punished. It happened and to me traveling και εγγιζουτι τη Δαμασκώ, περι μεσημβριαν and drawing near to the Damascus, about noon εξαιτνης εκ του ουρανου περιαστοψαι φως ίκαsuddenly out of the heaven to shine round alight great νον περι εμε επεσον τε εις το εδαφυς, και about me, fell and on the ground, and ηκουσα φωνης λεγουσης μοι Σαουλ, Σαουλ, τ why saying to me; Saul, Saul heard avoice 8 Εγω δε απεκριθην· HE SIWKELS: Tis me persecutest thou? and answered. Wh artthou, κυριε: Ειπε τε προς με· Εγω ειμι Ιησους ό O sir! He said and to m. I am Jeans the 9 Οίδε συν εμοι Ναζωραίος, δν συ διωπείς. Nazarens, whom thou persecutest. Those and with me εντές το με φως εθεασαντο, \* και εμφοβοι bang the indeed light new [and terrified EYEVOVTO ] την ξε φωην ουκ ηκουσαν τουbut roice not they heard of the they wern,] the λαλουντος μοι.  $^{10}$ Ειπον δε· Τι ποιησω, κυριε: I sat' and, What shall do, O Lord? speaking to me. 'Ο δε χυριος ειπε προς με· Αναστας πορευςυ The an ! Lord said to me, !laving arisen go thou κακει σοι λαληθησεται περι εις Δαμαπκον. and there to thee it shall be told cone rning into Dama cus, παντων, ών τετακται σοι ποιησαι. 11 'Ως δ all things, which have been appointed for thee to do. ουκ ενεβλεπον 2:00 της δυξης του φωτος εκειfrom the glory of the light of that, νου, χειριγωγουμενος ύπο των συνοντων μοι. being led by the hand by those being with me. πλθον εις Δαμασκον.

ηλθον είς Δαμασκον.
I came into Damascus.

12 Αυανίας δε τις, ανηρ ευσεβης κατα τον Anamas and one, a man plous according to the νομον, μαρτυρουμενος ύπο παντων των κατοιbeing testified to by all the κουντων Ιουδαιων, 13 ελθων προς με και επισhaving come to me and having Jews, ding Σαουλ αδελφε, αναβλεψον. Tas EITE HOL' Saul O brother, stood said to me; look up.

binding and delivering into Prisons both Men and Women:

- 5 as the HIGH-PRIEST also \*is my witness, ‡ and All the ELDERSHIP; ‡ from whom also receiving Letters to the BRETH-REN, I went to Damascus to bring THOSE who WERE there bound to Jerusalem, that they might be punished.
- 6 ‡ And it occurred, as I was traveling and drawing near to Damascus, about noon, suddenly a great Light from HEAVEN shone around me;
- 7 and I fell to the GROUND, and heard a Voice saying to me, 'Saul, Saul, why dost thou persecute Mo ?'
- 8 And I answered; 'Who art thou, Sir?' And he said to me, 'I am Jesus the NAZARENE, whom thou persecutest.'
- 9 And \$\text{THOSE}\$ who were with me saw indeed the light, but they understood not the voice of him who spoke to me.
- 10 And I said, 'What shall I do, Lord?' And the LORD said to me, 'Arise, and go into Damascus, and there it shall be told thee of all things which are appointed for thee to do.'
- 11 And as I could not see from the GLORY of that LIGHT, being led by the hand of THOSE who WERE WITH me, I came into Damascus.
- 12 And ‡ one Ananias, a pious Man according to the LAW, ‡ having a good tesimony from All the Jews restorns there.

13 coming to me, and standing by, said to me, Brother Saul, look up.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. did bear me witness.

<sup>9.</sup> and they were terrified-omit

14 0 Καγω αυτη τη ώρα ανεβλεψα εις αυτον. lle Aud I in this the hour looked on him. δε ειπεν. 'Ο θεος των πατερων ήμων προεχειρισατο σε γνωναι το θελημα αύτου, και ιδειν τον thee to know the will of himself, and to see the δικαιον, και ακουσαι φωνην εκ του στοματος nighteous one, and to hear a voice out of the mouth α ιτου 10 ότι μαρτυς αυτώ προς παντας  $\epsilon\sigma\eta$ all of him, because thou shalt be a witness for him to 16 Kat ανθρωπους ών έωρικας και ηκουσας. of what thou hast seen and thou hast heard. νυν τι μελλεις; αναστας βαπτισαι, και αποn w why dostthoudelay? having arisen be thou dipped, and wash λυσαι τας άμαρτιας σου, επικαλεσαμένος το sins of thee, having invoked tayself from the 17 Εγενετο δε μοι ύποστρεψαντι ονομα αυτου. It happened and to me having returned name of him. εις Ίερουσαλημ, και προσευχομενου μου εν τω ot me in the and praying Jerusalem, temple, το have been me in an ecstacy, 15 και ιδειν and to see αυτον λεγοντα μοι Σπευσον, και εξελθε εν bim saying to me; Do thou hasten, and come out with ταχει εξ Ίερουσαλημ. διστι ου παραδεζονται speed from Jerusalem; because not they will receive του την μαρτυριαν περι εμου. 19 Κανω είπον· And 1 said; thee the testimony concerning me. Κυριε, αυτοι επιστανται, ότι εγω ημην φυλαthat I was 1mprisknow. () Lord, they κιζων και δερων κατα τας συναγωγας τους πισoning and beating in the synagogues those τευοντας επι σε· 20 και ότε εξεχειτο το αίμα on thee; and when was poured out the blood Στεφανού του μαρτυρος σου, και αυτός ημην martyr of thee, and myself was ot Stephen the και συνευδοκων, και φυλασσων τα εφεστως, having been standing, and approving, and kee ing the 21 Και ειπε ιματια των αναιρουντων αυτον. And he said killing him. mantles of those προς με Πορευου ότι εγω εις εθνη μακραν I to nations at a distance Go thou; for to me, 22 Ηκουον δε αυτου αχρι εξαποστελω σε.... till They heard and him thee. will send και επηραν την φωνην τουτου του λογου, and they raised the word, the α των, λεγοντες. Αιρε απο της γης τον τοιουof them, saying; Lift up from the earth the such a του ου γαρ καθηκεν αυτον ζην. 23 Κραυγαhun to live. Crying person, not for it is fit ( ιντων δε αυτων και ριπτουντων τα ίματια, και and of them and tossing up the mantles, and Dut κονιορτον  $\beta$ αλλοντων εις τον  $\alpha$ ερ $\alpha$ ,  $^{24}$  εκελευσεν ordered into the air, throwing dust

And in That HOUR I looked upon him.

14 And HE said, I'The God of our fathers | appointed thee to know his WILL, and to tsee that IRIGHTEOUS ONE, and I to hear a Voice from his MOUTH:

15 for thou shalt be a Witness for him to All Men of t what thou hast

seen and heard.

16 And now, why dost thou delay? Arising, be immersed, ‡ and wash thyself from thy sins, thaving invoked his NAME.'

17 ‡ And it happened, when I returned to Jerusalem, and was praying in the TEMPLE, I was in a

Trance,

18 and saw him saving to me, 'Make haste, and go quickly out from Jerusalem; because they will not receive \* Thy TESTI-MONY concerning me.'

19 And # said, 'Lord, then know That I was imprisoning and beating in the SYNAGOGUES THOSE BELIEVING on thee;

20 ‡ and when the BLOOD of Stephen, thy WITNESS, was poured out, H also was standing by and consenting, and having in charge the MANTLES of THOSE Who KILLED him.

21 And he said to me, t'Go; for # will send thee to NATIONS far away."...

22 And they heard him to This word, and then raised their VOICE, saying, t "Take away such a man from the EARTH, for it is not fit that he should live."

23 And as they were erving out, and tossing up their MANTLES, and throuing Dust into the AIR,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. Thy Testimony concerning me.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Acts iii. 13; v. 30. † 14. Acts ix. 15; xxvi. 16. † 15. Acts iv. 20; xxvi. 16. † 16. Acts iv. 38; Titus iii. 5; Heb. x, 22. † 16. Acts iv. 38; Titus iii. 5; Heb. x, 22. † 17. Acts ix. 26; 1 Cor. xi. 2; 2 Tim. i. 22. † 17. Acts ix. 26; 1 Cor. xii. 2. † 17. Acts ix. 26; 1 Cor. xii. 2. † 17. Acts ix. 26; 1 Cor. xii. 2. † 17. Acts ix. 26; 1 Cor. xii. 2. † 17. Acts ix. 26; 1 Cor. xii. 2. † 18. Acts ix. 16; 1 Cor. xii. 2. † 19. Acts ix. 26; 1 Cor. xii. 2. † 19. Acts ix. 26; 1 Cor. xii. 2. † 20. Acts ix. 16; xxvi. 17; Rom. i. 5; xi. 13; xv. 10; xv

δ χιλιαρχος εισαγεσθαι αυτον εις την παρεμβολην, ειπων μαστιξιν ανεταζεπθαι αυτον to examine saying with scourges him : Si ινα επιγνω ήν αιτιαν ούτως επεφωtouthemight know, on account of what cause thus they were ώ 'LLS δε προετειναν αυτον τοις αυτω. e ying against him. As and they stretched out him with the ί ιασιν, ειπε προς τον έστωτα έκατονταρχον δ said to the standing by centurion the Παυλος. Ει ανθοωπον Ρωμαιον και ακατακοιτον a man a Roman and uncondemned εξεστιν ύμιν μαστιζειν: 26 Ακουσας δε δ έκαit is lawful for you to sconge? Having heard and the centaτονταρχος, προσελθων τω χιλιαρχω απηγγειλε, λεγων τι μ: λλεις ποιείν; ό γαρ ανθρωsaying; what arithon about to do? the for man πος ούτος 'Ρωμαιος εστι. Ε Προσιλθων δε ό a Roman Having come to and the this ls. χιλιαρχος ειπεν αυτώ. Λεγε μοι, συ 'Ρωμαιος said to him; comm.nder Tell me, thou a Roman 28 Απεκριθη τε δ χιλιαρ-(ι: 'Ο δε εφη· Naι. art? He and said; Yes. Answered and the commanτος Εγω πολλου κεφαλαιου την πολιτειαν of a great I. sum o'money the citizenship 'Ο θε Παυλος εφη. Εγω ταυτην εκτησαμην. purchased. The end this Paul sand; <sup>20</sup> Ευθεως ουν απεστησαν δε και γεγεννημαι. but even have been born. ! ... unemately then wentaway ς τ' αυτου οι μελλοντε · αυτον ανεταίειν. from him those being about him to examine. δ γιλιαρχος δε εφοβηθη, επιγνους ότι Έωμαιος the commander also was afraid, having ascertained that a Roman εστι, και ότι ην αυτον δεδεκως. 30 Τη δε επαυhers, and that he was him having been bound. On the and morrow ριον βουλομένος γνωναι το ασφαλές, το τι καwishing to know the certainty, that what τηγορειται παρα των Ιουδαιων, ελυσεν αυτον, was accused of by the Jews, he loosed hum, και εκελευσεν συνελθειν τους αρχιερεις και παν ordered to come together the high-priests and οι συνεδοιον και καταναγων τον Παυλον, εσthe sanhedrim; and having led down the Paul, T TITEV ELS QUTOUS.

KEΦ.  $\kappa \gamma'$ . 23.

3 Ατενίτας δε δ Παυλος συνεδριω, TW Having looked intently and the Paul to the sanhedrim, ειπεν Ανδρες, αδελφοι, εγω παση συνειδησει said; Men, brethren, in all conscience αγαθη πεπολιτευμαι τω θεω αχρι ταυτης της good have been as a citizen to the God till this the 2 'Ο δε αρχιερευς Ανανίας επεi,μερας. . . . . day. The and high-priest Ananias

24 the COMMANDER ordered him to be led into the CASTLE, and to be examined with Scourges, so that he might know for what reason they thus cried against him.

25 And as they extended him with the THONGS, PAUL said to the CENTURION STANDING BY, ‡ "1s it lawful to scourge a Man, a Roman, and uncondemned?"

26 And the CENTURION having heard, went and told the COMMANDER, saying, "What art thou about to do? for this MAN is a Roman."

27 And the COMMANDER coming near said to him, "Tell me, art thou a Roman?" And HE said, "Yes."

28 And the COMMANDER answered, "I purchased this CITIZENSHIP with a Great Sum of money." And PAUL said, "But I have even been born so."

29 Then THOSE being about to examine him, immediately departed from him; and the COMMANDER also was afraid, having ascertained That he was a Roman, and Because he had bound him.

30 And on the NEXT DAY, desiring to know the CERTAINTY Of WHAT he was accused by the Jews, he loosed him; and ordered the HIGH-PRIESTS and all the SANHEDRIM to come together, and having led PAUL down, placed him before them.

#### CHAPTER XXIII. .

1 And PAUL earnestly looking on the SANIE-DRIM, said, "Brethren! I K have lived before Gon in All good Conscience to This DAY.".....

πε- 2 And the HIGH-PRIEST, gave Ananias, ordered THOSE

stood among them.

ταξε τοις παρεστωσιν αυτώ, τυπτειν αυτου a charge to those having been standing by him, to strike of him το στομα. 3 Τοτε δ Παυλος προς αυτον ειπε. the mouth. Then the Paul to Τυπτειν σε μελλει δ θεος, τοιχε κεκονιαμενε\* Το strike thee is about the God, O wall having been whitewashed; και συ καθη κρινων με κατα τον νομον, και and thou sittest judging meaccording to the law, and 401 DE παρανομων κελευεις με τυπτεσθαι; violating the law thou orderest me to be struck? Those and παρεστωτες  $\epsilon\iota\pi ο\nu$ . Τον αρχιερεα του θεου having been standing by said; The high-priest of the God  $\lambda ο\iota \delta ο \rho \epsilon \iota s$ ;  $^5$  Εφη τε  $\delta$  Παυλος. Ουκ ηδειν, revilest thou? Said and the Paul; Not I had known, αδελφοι, ότι εστιν αρχιερευς γεγραπται γαρ. brethren, that it is a high-priest; it is written Αρχοντα του λαου σου ουκ ερεις Kakws. A ruler of the people of thee not thou shalt speak evil. 6 Γνους δε δ Παυλος, ότι το έν μερος εστι Σαδ-Knowing and the Paul, that the one part is of Sadδουκαιων, το δε έτερον Φαρισαιων, εκραξεν εν the and other of Pharisees, he cried out in τω συνεδριώ. Ανδρες αδελφοι, εγω Φαρισαιος the sanhedrun; Mon brethren, a Pharisee ειμι, νίος Φαρισαιου· περι ελπιδος και ανασam, a son of a Pharisee; concerning hope and a resur-7 Τουτο δε αυτου τασεως νεκρων εγω κρινομαι. rection of dead ones I being judged. This and of him λαλησαντος, εγενετο στασις των Φαρισαιων

having spoken, was a dispute of the Pharisees kai  $\tau\omega\nu$  Zaddoukai $\omega\nu$ , kai  $\epsilon\sigma\chi$ io $\theta\eta$   $\tau\sigma$   $\pi\lambda\eta\theta\sigma$ s and the Sadducees, and was divided the multitude. S Zaddoukaioi  $\mu\epsilon\nu$   $\gamma\alpha\rho$   $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\sigma\sigma$ i  $\mu\eta$   $\epsilon$ ival avas $\tau\alpha$ -Sadducees indeed for say not to be a resurrec-

great; and having arisen the scribes of the μερους των Φαρισαιων διεμαχοντο, λεγοντες· party of the Pharisees contended, saying; Ουδεν κακον εύρισκομεν εν τω ανθρωπω τουτω·

Nothing evil we find in the man this; ει δε πνευμα ελαλησεν αυτω, η αγγελος....

if but a spirit spoke to him, or a messenger.

χιλιαρχος μη διασπασθη δ Παυλος ὑπ' αυτων, commander lest would be torn to pieces the Paul by them, εκελευσε το στρατευμα καταβαν άρπασαι αυτον he ordered the armed force having gone down to take him

STANDING BY him, ‡ to strike him on the MOUTH.

3 Then Paul said to him, "God is about to strike thee, O whitened Wall! and dost thou sit judging me according to the Law, ‡ and yet, violating the law, commandest me to be struck?"

4 And THOSE STANDING BY said, "Dost thou revile the HIGH-PRIEST of GOD?"

5 And PAUL said, "I did not know, Brethren, That he was a High-priest; for it is written, ‡ Thou 'shalt not speak evil of the 'Ruler of thy PEOPLE.'"

6 And PAUL perceiving That the ONE Part were of the Sadducers, and the OTHER of the Pharisees, he exclaimed in the SANHEDRIM, "Brethren, ‡ # am a Pharisee, † a Son \*of Pharisees, † concerning ‡ the Hope and the Resurrection of the Dead \* I am being judged."

7 And having said 'his, there was a Dispute between the PHARISEES and the SADDUCEES; and the MULTITUDE was divided.

8 ‡For indeed the Sadducees say, there is no Resurrection, nor Angel, nor Spirit; but the Pharisees confess BOTH.

9 And there was a great Clamor; and \*some of the SCRIBES of the PARTY of the PHARISERS arising contended, saying, 1"We find no Evil in this MAN; 1 and what if a Spirit or an Angel spoke to him?".....

10 And the Dispute becoming vehement, the COMMANDER, fearing that Paul would be torn in pieces by them, ordered the Troops to go down and take him by force from the

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—6. of Pharisees. of the scribes.

<sup>6.</sup> I am being judged. 9. some

<sup>+ 6.</sup> Or, a Disciple of the Pharisees.

<sup>† 2. 1</sup> Kings xxii, 24; Jer. xx. 2; John xviii. 22.

1, 2; John vii. 51.

25. Exod. xxii. 28; Eccl. x. 10; 2 Pet. ii. 10; Jude 8.

16. Acts xxiv. 15, 21; xxvi. 6; xxviii. 20.

28. Mark xxii. 18; Luke xx 27.

19. Acts xxiv. 25, 31.

10. Acts xxii. 7, 17, 18.

Ex  $\mu \in \sigma$  or autrov,  $\alpha \gamma \in \iota v * [\tau \in ] \in \iota s \tau \eta \nu \pi \alpha \rho \in \mu \beta \circ \lambda \eta \nu$ . From minds of them, to lead [and] not the eastle. 11 Τη δε επισση νυκτι επιστας αυτφ δ κυριος On the and next night having stood by him the Lord ειπε Θαρσει ώς γαρ διεμαρτυρω τα said. Take courage as for thoudidst testify the things concerning εμου εις Ίερουπαλημ, ούτω σε δει και εις 'Ρωme in so theeitbehovesalso in Rome Jerusalem, μην μαρτυρηται.

to testify. 12 Γενομενης δε ήμερας, ποιησαντες συστρο-Becoming and day, having formed a conspirφην οί Ιουδαιοι, ανεθεματισαν έαυτους, λεγονacy the Jews, they bound with a curse themselves, saying τες μητε φαγειν μητε πιειν έως ού αποκτεινωσι neither to cat nor drink till they might kill τον Παυλον. 13 ησαν δε πλειους τεσσαρακοντα were and more οί αυτην την συνωμοσιαν πεποιηκοτες 14 οίτιthose this the conspiracy having been engaged; who νε προπελθοντες τοις αρχιερευσι και τοις πρεσhaving come to the high-priests and the elders, βυτεροις, ειπον Αναθεματι ανεθεματισαμεν said; With a curse we have cursed έαυτους, μηδενυς γευσασθαι έως ού αποκτεινωourselves, of nothing to take till we have killed  $\mu \in \nu$   $\tau$  or  $\Pi$  aulov. <sup>15</sup> N or our  $\nu$   $\mu \in i$  s  $\mu$   $\phi$  auroate  $\tau$   $\phi$ Now therefore you make known to the the Paul. χιλιαρχώ συν τω συνεδριω, όπως αυτον καταcommander with the sanhedrim, in order that him he may γαγη προς ύμας, ώς μελλοντας διαγινωσκειν lead down to you, as being about to examine  $\alpha$  as  $\rho$  is  $\beta$  or  $\gamma$  or  $\gamma$  or  $\gamma$  and  $\gamma$  or  $\gamma$  is  $\gamma$  in  $\gamma$  or  $\gamma$  is  $\gamma$  or  $\gamma$  in  $\gamma$  in του εγγισαι αυτον, έποιμοι εσμεν που ανελειν of the to have come nigh bim, ready we are of the to kill αυτον. 16 Ακουσας δε δ νίος της αδελφης Παυ-Having heard but the son of the sister of Paul λου την ενεδραν, παραγενομενος και εισελθων the lying in wait, having come near and having gone εις την παρεμβολην, απηγγείλε το Παυλφ. 17 Προσκαλεσαμενος δε δ Παυλος ένα των έκα-Having summoned and the Paul one of the cenτονταρχων, εφη. Τον νεανιαν τουτον απαγαγε he said; The young man this. fead thou προς τον χιλιαρχον εχει γαρ τι απαγγειλαι
to the commander; he has for something to relate 18 Ο μεν ουν παραλαβων αυτον ηγαγε αυτω. to him. He indeed then having taken him led προς του χιλιαρχου, και φησιν 'Ο δεσιιος commander, and said; The prisoner to the Παυλος προσκαλεσαμένος με, ηρωτησε τουτον having summoned me, asked this τον νεανιαν αγαγειν προς σε, εχοντα τι λαλη-

midst of them, and to lead him into the CASTLE.

11 I And on the For-LOWING Night the Louis standing by him, said, "Take courage : for as thou didst testify the things concerning me in Jerusalem, so thou must also testify at Rome."

12 And when it was Day, tthe Jews, forming a Conspiracy, bound themselves with a Curse, declaring that they would neither eat nor drink till they had killed Paul.

13 And THOSE HAVING FORMED This CONSPIR-ACY, were more than forty;

14 who having come to the HIGH-PRIESTS and the ELDERS, said, "We have cursed ourselves with a Curse to taste nothing till we have killed PAUL.

15 Now therefore, do nou, with the SANHEDRIM, intimate to the COMMAN-DER, that he may bring him down to you, as if you were about to examine more accurately the things concerning him; and we, before he COMES NEAR, are ready to KILL him."

16 But the son of Paul's SISTER having heard the PLOT, came up, and going into the CASTLE, told PAUL.

17 And PAUL, having called one of the CENTU-RIONS to him, said, "Conduct This Young MAN to the COMMANDER, for he has something to tell him."

18 Then HE took him and led him to the COM-MANDER, and said, "Paul the PRISONER calling me to him, asked me to conduct This Young MAN to thee, who has something to tell thee."

19 And the COMMA.:-DER, taking him by to

the young man to lead to thee, having something to say σαι σοι. 19 Επιλαβομενος δε της χειρος αυτου

and the

to thee.

ofhim

hand

Having taken \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. and-omit.

<sup>1 11.</sup> Acts viii. 9 : xxvii. 23, 24

ό χιλιαρχος, και αναχωρησας κατ' ιδιαν, επυνthe commander, and having retired by one's self. he inθανετο. Τι εστιν δ εχεις απαγγειλαι HOL: What is it which thou hast to relate to me? ευειπε δε· 'Οτι οί Ιουδαιοι συνεθεντο του ερω-Jews agreed together of the to ask he said and; That the τησαι σε, δπως αυριον εις το συνεδριον καταγα-

thee, that to-morrow into the sanhedria thou may estlead γης τον Παυλον, ώς μελλοντες τι ακριβεστεbeing about something more accu-Paul. 8.6 21 Συ ουν μη ρον πυνθανεσθαι περι αυτου. Thou therefore not to investigate concerning him. αυτοις ενεδρευούσι γαρ αυτον εξ shouldst be persuaded by them; lie in wait for him αυτών ανδρες πλειους τεσσαρκοντα, οίτινες ανεforty, bound who them men more θεματισαν έαυτους, μητε φαγειν μητε πιειν with a curse themselves, neither to eat nor έως ού ανελωσιν αυτον και νυν έτυιμοι εισι him, reader they are tili they killed and now προσδεχομενοι την απο σου επαγγελιαν.

looking for the from thee promise. The indeed then commander dismisse the poung νιαν, παραγγειλας μηδενι εκλαλησαι, ότι ταυτα having charged to no one to speak out, that these things ενεφανι ας προς με. 23 Και προσκαλεσαμενος thou didst report to me. And having summoned δυο τινας των έκατονταρχων, ειπεν Έτοιμαwo certain of the he said: Make centurions, σατε στρατιωτας διακοσιους, όπως πορευθωσιν rando soldi, rs two hundred, that they may go ως Καισωρείας, και ίππεις εβδομηκοντα, και and horsemen and seventy, J'sarea, δεξιολ βους διακοσιους, απο τρ της ώρας της two hundred, from third hour of the spearmen pulctos. 24 κτηνη τε περαστησαι, ίνα επιβιβα-night, animals and to have provided, that having προς Φηλικα σαντες τον Παυλον διασωσωσι Paul they might convey safely to Felix τον ήγεμονα. 25 γραψας επιστολην περιεχουσαν having written a letter containing the governor; 26 Κλαυδιος τουτον. Αυσιας τω τον τυπον Lysias to the Claudius the this, Φηλικι ήγεμονι χαιρειν. κρατιστω governor The Felix health. most excellent ανδρα τουτον συλληφθεντα ύπο των Ιουδαιων, the having been seized by man ύπ και μελλοντα αναιρεισθαι αυτων, επισto be killed by them, having come being about συν τω στρατευματι εξειλομην \* [αυτον,] Tas I rescued [him,] anddenly with the armed force

28 Βουλομένος δε 'Ρωμαιος εστι. μαθων ÒΤι a Roman he 18. Wishing and having learned that

HAND, and having retired by himself, he inquired, "What is it that thou hast to tell me?"

20 And he said, ‡" The JEWS have agreed together to ASK thee that theu wouldst bring down PAUL To-morrow into the san-HEDRIM, as if about to investigate something more accurately concerning him.

21 Therefore, be not the a persuaded by them; for more than forty Men of them lie in wait for him, who have bound themselves with a curse, notther to eat nor drink till they have killed him; and now they are ready, looking for the PROMISE from thee."

22 Then the COMMAN-DER dismissed the Young MAN, charging him, "Inform No one That thou hast told me these things."

23 And having summoned \* Certain Two of the CENTURIONS, he said. " Prepare two hundred Soldiers to go to Cesarea, and seventy Horsemen. and two hundred Spearmen, after the Third Hour of the NIGHT;

24 and provide Animals on which to place PAUL, that they may convey him safely to † Felix, the Gov-ERNOR."

25 And he wrote a Letter having this FORM :-

26 "Claudius Lysias to the MOST-EXCELLENT GOVernor Felix, greeting:

27 This MAN having been seized by the JEWs. and being about to be killed by them, I rescued, having come suddenly upon them with an ARMED FORCE. Having learned that he is a Roman,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. him-omit.

<sup>+ 24.</sup> Felix was a freed man of the emperor Claudius, and brother of Pallas, chief favorite of the emperor. Tacitus gives us to understand that he governed with all the authority of 2 k pc, and the baseness and insolence of a quondam slave. He was an unrighteous governor, a base, mercenary, and bad man.

γνωναι την αιτιαν δι' ήν ενακαλουν αυτώ, to know the cause on account of which they were accusing him, κατηγαγον αυτον εις το συνεδοιον αυτων. 29 δν Heddown him into the sanhedries of them; whom ε ρον εγκαλουμενον περι ζητηματων του νομου I found being accused concerning questions of the law αυτων, μηδεν δε αξιον θανατου η δεσμων εγκληof them, nothing but worthy of death or bonds an accu-μα εχοντα. Μηνυθεισης δε μοι επ: βουλης εις stron having. Having been disclosed but to use a plot against τον ανδρα μελλειν εσεσθαι ύπο των Ιουδαιων, the man to be about to be by the κατηγοροίς λεγείν τα προς αυτον επί σου. to say the things against him before thee, accusers \*[Epswoo.] 31 Οί μεν ουν στρατιωται, κατα The indeed therefore soldiers, according to [Parewell.] το διατεταγμενον αυτοις, αναλαβοντες τον that having been commanded them, having taken Παυλον, ηναγον δια της νυκτος εις την Αντι-Paul, theyled through the night into the Antiπατριδα. 32 Τη δε επαυριον εασαντές τους έπ-Datris. Ortheand morrow having left the horseπιις πυρευεσθαι συν αυτφ, ύπε ττρεθαν εις την with him, they returned to the men to go παρεμβολην. 33 Oitives εισελθοντές εις την Who having come into the Casue. Καισαρείαν, και αναδοντές την επιστολην τω Cesarea, and having delivered the letter ήγεμονι, παρεστησαν και τον Παυλον αυτω. presented also the Paul to him. governor, 31 Αναγνους δε, και επερωτησας εκ ποιας επαρ-Having read and, and having asked from what province χιας επτι, και πυθημένος ότι απο Κιλικίας. he is, and having understood that from Cilicia; 35 διακουσημαι σου, εζη, όταν και οί κατηγοροι I will fully hear thee, he said, when also the σου παραγενωνται. Εκελευσε τε αυτον εν τω He com 'anded and him of thee may antive. in the

> Herod to be kept. ΚΕΦ, κδ', 24.

πραιτωρίο του Ήρωδου φιλασσεσθαι.

indement Lad of the

1 Μετα δε πεντε ημερας κατεβη δ αρχιερευς
After sud five days went down the high-prest Ανανίας μετα των πρεσβυτερων και ρητορος with the elders and an orator Τερτυλλου τινος, οίτινες ενεφανισαν τω ήγε-Tertullus certain, who appeared before the gov-2 Κληθεντος δε αυτου, μονι κατα του Παυλου. ernor against the Paul. Having been called and of hun, ηρξατο κατηγορειν δ Τερτυλλος, λεγων 3 πολto accuse the Tertullus, saying; began

28 † and desiring to know the CRIME of which they accused him. I led him down into their SAN-HEDRIM:

29 whom I found being accused ‡ concerning Questions of their LAW, ‡ but having no Accusation worthy of Peath or Bonds.

30 ‡ But it having been disclosed to me that a Plet was about to be formed against the MAN by the JEWS, I instantly sent to thee, ‡ having commanded his ACCUSERS also \* to speak against him before thee."

31 The SOLDIERS, therefore, according to THAT which was COMMANDED them, took Paul, and conveyed him by \* Night to Antipatris.

32 And on the NEXT DAY they returned to the CASTLE, having left the HORSEMEN to proceed with him:

33 who, having entered CESARLA, and delivered the LETTER to the G-V-ERNOR, they also presented PAUL to him.

34 And having read ithe asked of What Province he was; and being informed That he was from t Cilicia,

35 he said, 1"I will fully hear thee, when thine ACCUSERS are also come. "And he commanded him to be kept in 1 HEROD'S PRETORIEM.

### CHAPTER XXIV.

1 And after ‡ Five Days
the HIGH-FRIEST, ‡ Anamias, went down with \*the
ELDERS, and a certain
Orator named Tertuffer,
and appeared before the
GOVERNOR against Paul.

 $\pi o \lambda$ great cuse him, saying;

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -20. to speak against him before thee. 30. Fareweil-omit. 31. Night. 1. certain Elders.

<sup>† 28.</sup> Acts xxii, 30. † 20. Acts xxiii, 15; xxv. 10. † 20. Acts xxvi. 21. † 30. ver. 20. † 30. Acts xxiv. 8; xxv. 6. † 34. Acts xxi, 29. † 37. Acts xxiv. 1, 10; xxv. 16. † 55. Matt. xxvii. 27. † 1. Acts xxi. 27. † 1. Acts xxi. 27. † 1. Acts xxi. 27.

λης ειρηνης τυγχανοντές δια σου, και κατορthrough thee, and worthy peace enjoying θωματων γινομενων τω εθνει τουτω δια της σης being done to the nation this through of the of thy deeds προνοιας, παντη τε και πανταχου αποδεχομεθα, foresight, in every thing and and everywhere we accept, κρατιστε Φηλιξ, μετα πασης ευχαριστιας. O most excellent Felix, with all thankfulness. 4 Ίνα δε μη επι πλειον σε εγκοπτω, παρακαλω That and not to longer thee I may detain, I beseech ακουσαι σε ήμων συντομως τη ση επιεικεια. briefly in the thy clemency. to hear thee of us 5 Εύροντες γαρ τον ανδρα τουτον λοιμον, και We have found for the man this a pestilence, and κινουντα στασιν πασι τοις Ιουδαιοις τοις κατα exciting a sedition in all the Jews those in την οικουμενην, πρωτοστατην τε της των Ναthe habitable, a leader and of the of the Nathe habitable, a leader and of the of the Na-ξωραιων αίρεσεως, 6'5s και το ίερον επειρασε who also the temple attempted zarenes sect, βεβηλωσαι· όν και εκρατησαμεν, \* [και κατα to profane, whom also we apprehended, [and according to τον ήμετερον νομον ηθελησαμεν κρινειν. 7 Παρlaw we wished to judge. our  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu$   $\delta \epsilon$   $\lambda v \sigma v as \delta$   $\lambda v \lambda v as \lambda v as \lambda v as \lambda v as <math>\delta v as \lambda v$ βιας εκ των χειρων  $\mathring{η}$ μων απηγαγε,  $^8$  κελευσας force out of the hands of us led away, having commanded τους κατηγορους αυτου ερχεσθαι επι σε παρ' from of him tocome to thee; of  $\delta v \nu \eta \sigma \eta$  autos, avak $ho v v \sigma s$   $\pi \epsilon 
ho v$  whom thou wilt be able thyself, having examined closely, concerning ών ήμεις κατηπαντων τουτων επιγνωναι, all of these things to have knowledge, of which we 9 Συνεπεθεντο δε και οί Ιουγορουμεν αυτου. him. United in impeaching and also the Jews, δαιοι, φασκοντες ταυτα ούτως εχειν. 10 Απεκ-Answered asserting these things thus to be. οιθη δε δ Παυλος, νευσαντος αυτώ του ήγεμο-Paul, nodding to him the governor νος λεγειν. Εκ πολλων ετων οντα σε κριτην τω to speak, From many years being thee a judge to the εθνει τουτφ επισταμενος, ευθυμοτερον more cheerfully the things nation this knowing εμαυτου απολογουμαι. 11 δυναμενου σου περι I defend; being able of thee concerning myself γνωναι, ότι ου πλειους εισι μοι ήμεραι δεκαδυο, that not more are to me days twe!ve. αφ' ής ανεβην προσκυνησων εν Ίερουσαλημ. from which I went up to worship Jerusalem. in 12 Και ουτε εν τω ίερω εύρον με προς τινα δια-

And neither in the templethey foundine with any one dis-

λεγομενον, η επισυστασιν ποιουντα οχλου,

a tumult

or

puting,

" Having obtained Great Peace through thee, and \* worthy Deeds being done for this NATION by THY Forethought, and in every thing and everywhere, we accept it, Most excellent Fehx, with all Thankfulness.

4 But that I may not further detain thee, I beseech thee to hear us briefly, with THY usual

Candor.

5 ‡ For we found this MAN a Pestilence, and exciting \* Seditions among All THOSE JEWS throughout the EMPIRE, and a Chief of the secr of the NAZARENES;

6 t who even attempted to profane the TEMPLE, and whom we apprehended, \*[and wished t to judge according to our Law;

7 thut Lysias, the com-mander, having come with a Great Force, took him away out of our

HANDS.

8 # commanding his Ac-CUSERS to come to thee; ] from whom thou wilt be able to learn for thyself, on examination, of all these things of which we accuse him.

9 And the Jews also jointly impeached him, asserting that these things

10 And the GOVERNOR having made a sign for him to speak, PAUL answered, "Knowing that thou hast been for Several Years a Judge of this NATION, \*I cheerfully defend myself;

11 it also being in thy power to ascertain, That it is not more than twelve Days since ‡ I went up to worship at Jerusalem.

12 ‡ And they did not find me disputing with any one in the TEMPLE, or making an Insurrection of of a crowd,

making \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -3. Reformations are going on in this NATION. 5. Sedi-10. I cheerfully. tions among. 6-8. omit.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Luke xxiii. 2; Acts vi. 13; xvi. 20; xvii. 6; xxi. 28; 1 Pet. ii. 12, 15. † 6. Acts i. 28. † 6. John xviii. 31. † 7. Acts xxi. 33. † 8. Acts xxiii. 30. 11. ver. 17; Acts xxi. 26. † 12. Acts xxv. 8; xxviii. 17 I 11. ver. 17; Acts xxi. 26.

ουτε εν ταις συναγωγαις, ουτε κατα την πολιν. nor in the synagogues, nor in the city;

13 OUTE παραστησαι δυνανται, περι ών νυν nor to prove are they anie, concerning which now 14 'Ομολογω δε τουτο σοι, κατηγορουσι μου.

I confess but this to thee, they accuse me.

ότι κατα την όδον, ήν λεγουσιν αίρεσιν, ούτω thataccording to the way, which they called a sect, λατρεύω τω πατρώω θεώ, τιστεύων πασί τοις

I serve the patriarchal God, believing all things those τον νομον και τοις εν τοις προφηταις

according to the law and those in the propuets γεγραμμενοις. 15 ελπιδα εχων εις τον θεον, ήν

a hope having in the God, which having been written; και αυτοι ούτοι προσδεχονται, αναστασιν μελ-

even they themselves are looking for, a resurrection λειν εσεσθαι \*[νεκρων,] δικαιων τε και αδι-

to be [ofdead ones,] of just ones and also unjust  $^{16}$  EV τουτώ δε αυτος ασκώ, απροσκοπον κων. this and myself I exercise, OU .b.

συνειδησεν εχειν προς τον θεον και τους ανθρ..conscience to have towards the God and the men

πους διαπαντος. 17 Δι' ετων δε πλειονων In the course of years and many

παρεγενομην ελεημοσυνας ποιησων εις το εθνος alms bringing to the nation

18 Eν οίς εύρον με ήγμου, και προσφορας. In which they found me having of me, and offerings.

νισμένον εν τω ίερω, ου μετα οχλου, ουδε μετα been purified in the temple, not with a crowd, nor ODOUBOU. Τινές δε από της Ασιας Ιουδαιοι, a tumult. Some and from the Asia

19 ούς εδει επι σου παρειναι, και κατηγορειν ει who ought before thee to be present, and to accuse

εχοιεν προς με. 20 Η αυτοι ουτοι ειπαanything they may have against me

τωσαν, τι εύρον εν εμοι αδικημα, σταντος them say, what they found in me crime, having stood

21 η περι μιας ταυμου επι του συνεδριου. of me before the sanuedrimi or concerning one this της φωνης, ής εκραξα έστιες εν αυτοις 'Οτι

voice, which I cried out standing among them; That περι αναστασεως νεκρων εγω κρινομαι σημεconcerning a resurrection of dead ones I am judged to-day

ρον ύφ' ύμων. 22 Ανεβαλετο δε αυτους ό Φηλιξ, by you. Put off but them the Feirx,

ακριβεστερον  $\epsilon \iota \delta \omega s$  $\tau \alpha$ TEPL THS δδου, more accurately knowing the things concerning the way,

'Όταν ELTOV' Λυσιας δ χιλιαρχος κατηβη, the When Lysias commander may come down, saying;

the Crowd, either in the SYNAGOGUES, or in the CITY;

13 nor are they able to prove the things concerning which they now accuse

14 But this I confess to thee, that according to the WAY which they call a Sect, so serve I the Gon of my FATHERS, believing \* the THINGS Which are according to the LAW, and THOSE which have been written in the PROPHETS :

15 having a Hope in Gor, which even they themselves are looking for, -Ithat there is to be a Resurrection both of the Righteous and Unright-

cous.

16 And in this I exercise myself, always to have ta clear Conscience towards GoD and MEN.

17 But in the course of several Years ‡ I camo bringing Alms to my NA. TION, and Offerings;

18 at which time they found me purified in the T MPLE, ne.t er with a Crowd, nor with Tumult. f But there are some Jews from ASIA,

19 1 who ought to be present before thee, and to accuse, if they may have anything against me.

20 Or let these them-selves say, What Crime they found in me while I stood before the SANHE-

DRIM ;

21 unless it be for This One Declaration which [ made while I was standing among them,—t 'That con-cerning the Resurrection of the Dead I am judged by you This day.""

22 But FELIX knowing more accurately about that WAY, put them off, saying, "When Lysias, the COM-MANDER, comes down, I

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. the THINGS according to Law.

<sup>15,</sup> of the dead-out.

<sup>† 15.</sup> Dan. xii. 2; John v. 28, 20. † 16. Acts xxiii. 1. xx. 16; Rom. xv. 25; 2 Cor. viii. 4; Gal. ii. 10. † 18. Acts x Acts xxiii. 30; xxv. 16. † 21. Acts xxiii. 6; xxviii. 20. 1 17. Acts xi. 20, 30; xxvi. 21. 1 19. : 18. Acts xxi. 26, 27 xxvi. 21.

δια νυσσομαι τα καθ ύμας. 
I will inquire into the things about you. 

Τε τ $\varphi$  έκατονταρχη τηρεισθαι αυτον, εχειν τε and to the centurion to keep him, to have and αν τοιν, και μηδενα κωλυειν των ιδιων αυτου herry, and no one to forbid of the own friends of him  $\hat{\nu}\pi\eta_{\rho}\epsilon\tau\epsilon\iota\nu$ ,  $\frac{\kappa}{\eta}$  προσερχεσθαι αυτ $\varphi$ .

trassist, [or to come] to him.

-4 Μετα δε ήμερας τινας παραγενομένος δ ΦηAfter and days some having come the Fe-

λιξ συν Δρουσιλλη τη γυναικι, ουση Ιουδαία, hx with Drusilla the wife, being a dewess,  $\mu\epsilon\tau\epsilon\pi\epsilon\mu\psi$ ατο τον Παυλον, και ηκουσεν αυτου he sent for the Panl, and heard him  $\pi\epsilon\rho$ ι της εις Χριστον  $\pi$ ιστεως. <sup>25</sup> Διαλεγο-

the At the same time also hoping, that money will be  $\epsilon$  rat \* [autw] uto tou Haudou, \* [ $\delta \pi \omega s$   $\lambda u \sigma \eta$  [so that he might loose a for  $\delta u$  therefore and oftener him sending the taked with him. Two years but being ended

σ :. 26 'Αμα και ελπιζων, ότι χρηματα δοθη·

( r talked with him. Two years but being ended σης ελαβη διαδοχον ό Φηλιξ Πορτιον Φηστονν received a successor the Felix Porcius Pestus; θελων τε χαριτας καπαθισθαι τοις Ιουδαιοις ό wiching and favors to lay in store for himself with the Jews the

δ λιξ, κατελιπε τον Παυλον δεδεμενον.
Film, left the Paul having been bound.

# ΚΕΦ. $\kappa \epsilon'$ . 25.

1 Φηστος ουν επιβας τη επαρχια, μετα Festus therefore having enteredupon the perfecture, after τρεις ήμερας ανεβη εις Ίεροσολυμα απο Καισαdays went up to Jerusalem from Cesathree 2 Ενεφανισαν δε αυτω δ αρχιερευς και pelas. Appeared before and him the high-priest and οι πρωτοι των Ιουδαιων κατα του Παυλου, και against the Paul, and the chiefs of the Jews 3 αιτουμενοι χαριν KaT' παρεκαλουν αυτον, against asking afavor him, entreated αυτου, όπως μεταπεμψηται αυτον εις 'Ιερουσαhe would send for him to Jerusathat ενεδραν ποιουντες ανελειν αυτον κατα λημ. to kill him in an ambush forming

will inquire about your

23 And he commanded the CENTURION to keep him, and let him have Liberty, ‡ and to forbid none of his FRIENDS to assist him.

A And after some Days, FFLIX coming with † Drusilla, \* his wife, who was a Jewess, sent for PAUL, and heard him concerning the FAITH in \* Christ Je-

25 And as he was discoursing concerning Justice, Self-government, and THAT JUDGMENT about to COME, FELIX, being terrified, answered, "Go for the PRESENT; and when I find an Opportunity I will call for thee."

26 At the same time also hoping that Money would be given him by PAUL; and therefore he more frequently sent for Him, and conversed with

27 But when two Years were ended, Felix had a Successor, Porcius Festus; and Felix, ‡wishing to be favorably regarded by the Jews, left Paul a prisoner.

## CHAPTER XXV.

- 1 Festus, therefore, having entered upon his GOV-ERNMENT, after Three Days went up from Cesarea to Jerusalem.
- 2 ‡And \*the HIGH-PRIESTS and the CHIEFS of the JEWS appeared against PAUL, and entreated him,
- 3 asking a Favor against him, that he would send for him to Jerusalem the forming an Ambuscade to kill him on the road.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—23. orto come—omit. ~ 24. His own Wife. . 24. Christ Jesus. 26. to him—omit. 26. so that he might loose him—omit. 2. the high-priests.

<sup>† 24.</sup> Drusilla was the youngest daughter of Herod Agrippa, and had been married to A.Zus, king of Emessa, whom Felix had persuaded her to abandon, in order to an adulter oas marriage with himself.

<sup>1 23.</sup> Acts xxvii. 3; xxviii. 10. 1; ver. 15. 13. Acts xxiii. 12, 15.

4 But Festus answered

5 "Therefore," said he.

6 And having continued

4 °Ο μεν ουν Φηστος απεκριθη, την δδον.  $au\eta\nu$  000 $\nu$ . The indeed then Festus that PAUL should be kent answered, at Cesarea, and that he τηρεισθαι τον Παυλον εν Καισαρεια, έαυτον δε himself would go down to be kept the Paul in Cesarea,  $\frac{1}{9}$  Oi our ev  $\mu\epsilon\lambda\lambda\epsilon$ iv  $\epsilon\nu$   $\tau\alpha\chi\epsilon$ i  $\epsilon\kappa\pi$ op $\epsilon$ v $\epsilon\sigma\theta$ ai.  $\frac{5}{9}$  Oi our  $\epsilon\nu$  to zoout. Those therefore among to be kept the Paul in Cesarea, himself but there shortly. "let THOSE among you έμιν, φησι, δυνατοι, συγκαταβαντες, ει τι you, he says, being able, having gone down with, if anything who are ABLE go down with me, 1 and \* if there is εστιν εν τω ανδρι, κατηγορειτωσαν αυτου. anything amiss in the MAN, is in the man, let them accuse accuse him. ο Διατριψας δε εν αυτοις ήμερας ου πλειους οντω Having remained and among them days not more eight among them eight or ten η δεκα, καταβας εις Καισαρειαν, τη επαυριον Days, he went down to Ceor ten, having gone down into Cesarea, on the morrow saria; and on the NEXT kadisas  $\epsilon \pi i$  tou by by by the judgment-sent, he commanded the  $\Gamma I_{x}$  in a  $\chi \theta \eta \nu a i$ . The page  $\nu o \mu \epsilon \nu o \nu \sigma \delta \epsilon$  autou, DAY, sitting down on the TRIBUNAL, commanded PAUL to be brought. Paul to be led forth. Having approached and of lum, 7 And he having come, the Jews who had come πεοιεστησαν οί απο Ίεροσολυμων καταβεβηκοround around the from Perusalem having been come τες Ιουδαιοι, πολλα και βαρεα αιτιαματα φερονdown Jews, many and heavy accusations τες \* [κατα του Παυλ ιυ, ] ά ουκισχυον αποδειξαι. [against the Paul, ] which not they were able to point out; απολογουμενου αυτου. Ότι ουτε εις τον νομον saying in defence of him; That neither against the law των Ιουδαιών, ουτε εις το ίερον, ουτε εις Καιor the Jews, nor against the temple, nor against Ceσαρα τι ημαρτον. 9'Ο Φηστος δε, τοις Ιουδαιear anything did I wrong. The Festus but, with the Jews οις θελων χαριν καταθεσθαι, αποκριθεις τφ wishing a favor to lay up for himself answering to the Παυλώ ειπε. Θελεις εις Ίεροσολυμα αναβας, said; Art thou willing to Jerusalem having gone up, εκει περι τουτων κρινεσθαι επ' εμου; 10 Ειπε

DOWN from Jerusalem stood \* round him, ; bringing down Many and Heavy Accusations, which they were not able to prove, 8 \*while PAUL maintained in his defence, t " Neither against the LAW of the JEWS, nor against the TEMPLE, nor against Cesar, have I sinned in anything." 9 But FESTUS, Twishing to gratify the Jews, answering PAUL, said, "Art thou willing to go up to Jerusalem, and there be judged before me conthere concerning these things to be judged before me? cerning these things ?" 10 And PAUL said, "I δε δ Παυλος. Επι του βηματος Καισαρος εστως am standing at Cesar's but the Paul, At the judgment-seat of Cesar standing TRIBUNAL, where I ought Ιουδαιους ουδεν ειμι, ού με δει κρινεσθαι. to be judged. I have done I am, where me it behoves to be judged. nothing Jews no wrong to the Jews, as ηδικησα, ώς και συ καλλιον επιγινωσκεις. thou also very well know-I have done wrong, as also thou full well hast ascertained. 11 Ει μεν γας αδικω, και αξιον θανατου πεπρα-11 ‡\* For if, indeed, I do wrong, or have done anything deserving of If indeed for I am unjust, and worthy of death I have χα τι, ου παραιτουμαι το αποθανειν ει δε Death, I refuse not to die; done anthing, not I refuse if but the to die; but if there be nothing of ουδεν εστιν ών ούτοι κατηγορουσι μου, ουδεις which they accuse me, no nothing is of which these accuse me, no one one can give Me up to graμε δυναται αυτοις χαρισασθαι. Καισαρα επιtify Them. ' ‡1 appeal to me is able to them to give as a favor. Cesar I call

Cesar." 12 Then FESTUS, hav-Then the Festus having conferred with ing conferred with the

12 Τοτε δ Φηστος συλλαλησας μετα

καλουμαι.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. if there is anything amiss in the man, accuse him. round him, bringing down Many.
11. If, then, indeed. 7. against Paul-omit. 8. Paul answering.

 <sup>7.</sup> Mark xv. 3; Luke xxfii. 2, 10; Acts xxiv. 5, 13
 9. Acts xxiv. 27.
 19. ver. 20.
 11. Acts xxvi. 32; xxviii. 19. 2 5. Acts xviii. 14; ver. 18. 2 8. Acts vi. 13; xxiv. 12; xxviii. 17. wer. 25; Acts xviii. 14; xxiii. 20: xxvi 23

Καισαρα επικεκλητου συμβουλιου, απεκριθη thou hast called Ces.u council, answered; σαι· επι Καισαρα πορευση. Cesar thou shalt go. to 13 'Ημερων δε διαγενομενών τινων, Αγριππας Days and having intervened some, δ βασιλευς και Βερνική κατηντήσαν εις Καισα-Cesarea, came down Bernice and 14 'Ως δε king ασπασομενοι τον Φηστου. ρειαν, Festus. paying their respects to the πλειους ήμερας διετριβον εκει, δ Φηστος τω many days they remained there, the Festus to the βασιλει ανεθετο τα κατα τον Παυλον, λεγων. gaving; submitted thethings against the Paul, Ανηο τις εστι καταλελειμμενος ύπο Φηλικος having been left behind by is A man certain 15 περι ού, γενομενου μου εις concerning whom, being of me in Ίεροδεσμιος. σολυμα, ενεφανισαν οί αρχιερεις και οί πρεσβυgave information the high-priests and the elders ralem, кат' αυτου των Ιουδαιων, αιτουμενοι him against asking of the Jews, 16 Προς ούς απεκριθην, ότι ουκ ETTIV δικην. I answered, that not To whom εθος 'Pωμαιοις χαριζεσθαι τινα ανθρωπον, πριν η a custom for Romans to give as a favor any man, before δ κατηγορουμενος κατα προσωπον εχοι τους may have the face to face being accused κατηγορους, τοπον τε απολογιας λαβοι accusers, an opportunity and of defence he may take concerning 17 Συνελθοντων ουν \* [αυτων]

Having come therefore [of them] του εγκληματος. accusation. μηδεμιαν ποιησαμενος, τη ενθαδε, αναβολην having made, on the none delay καθισας επι του βηματος, εκελευσα αχhere, the judgment-seat, I commanded to be next day having sat down on ού σταθεντες οί 18 Περι θηναι τον ανδρα. Concerning whom having stood up the brought the κατηγοροι ουδεμιαν αιτιαν επεφερον, ών ύπεman. brought, of things supaccusation no one περι της 19  $\xi \eta \tau \eta \mu \alpha \tau \alpha$   $\delta \epsilon \tau \iota \nu \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \iota \tau \eta s$ νοουν εγω∘ questions posed προς αυτον, ιδιας δεισιδαιμονίας ειχον him. they had with 61 W/ 13 τινος Ιησου τεθνηκοτος, δν εφασκεν δ concerning one Jesus having been dead, whom affirmed the 20 Απορουμένος δε έγω εις την  $\zeta \eta \nu$ . Παυλος pn that Being in doubt to be alive. βουλοιτο τουτου ζητησιν, ελεγον, ει if he would bewilling

question,

concerning this

πορευεσθαι εις

to

τουτων.

COUNSEL, answered, "To Cesar thou hast appealed; to Cesar thou shalt go."

13 And after some Days, + Agrippa the KING and Bernice came down to Cesarea, to pay their respects

to FESTUS. 14 And when they had

spent Many Days there, FESTUS submitted PAUL'S CASE to the KING, saying, "There is a certain Man left a Prisoner by Felix;

15 # concerning whom, when I was in Jerusalem, the HIGH-PRIESTS and the ELDERS of the JEWS \* appeared; asking a Sentence of judgment against him;

16 to whom I answered, That it is not a Custom for Romans to make a present of Any Man, before the ACCUSED has the ACCU-SERS Face to Face, and an Opportunity is allowed for defence concerning the AC-CUSATION.

17 Therefore, when they arrived here, ‡ making no Delay, the NEXT DAY, sitting down on the TRIBU-NAL, I commanded the MAN to be brought;

18 concerning whom the ACCUSERS having stood up, brought No Charge of \*such Evil things as I

supposed; 19 tbut had certain Questions with him about their own Religion, and about One Jesus who died, whom PAUL affirmed to be alive.

20 And I being in doubt on that concerning this QUESTION, I inquired if he would be willing to go to Jerusalem, and there be judged concerning these things.

21 But PAUL having ap-

Paul concerning these things. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15, appeared, asking a Sentence of judgment. 18. such Evil things.

'Ιερουσαλημ, κακει κρινεσθαι

21 Του δε Παυλου επικαλεσα-

I said,

Jerusalem,

The but

and there to be judged

having appealed

<sup>† 13.</sup> This was the son of Agrippa, whose miserable death is recorded in Acts xii. 23. In A.D.53, he was transferred from the kingdom of Chalcis, which he had received from Claudius, when only 17 years old, to the provinces possessed by his father, viz., Batanea, Trachonitis, Auranitis, and Ablene, which he governed with the title of king. He died A. D. 100, after a reign including that over Chalcis, of 61 years.—Owen.

<sup>1 16.</sup> ver. 4, 5. 1 15. ver. 2, 3. t 14. Acts xxiv. 27. Acts xviii. 15. xxiii. 29.

μενου τηρηθηναι αύτον εις την του Σεβαστου to be kept himself for the of the Augustus διαγνωσιν, εκελευσα τηρεισθαι αυτον, έως ού decision, I commanded to be kept him, till 22 Αγριππας δε πεμψω αυτον προς Καισαρα. I could send him to Cesar. Agrippa  $*[\epsilon\phi\eta^{\cdot}]$ προς τον Φηστον Εβουλομην Kal to the Festus [said;] I was wishing also 'Ο δε αυριον, αυτος του ανθρωπου ακουσαι. myself the man to hear. The and morrow; 23 Tn φησιν, ακουση αυτου. ουν επαυριον he said, thou shalt hear him. On the therefore morrow ελθοντος του Αγριππα και της Βερνικης μετα having come the Agrippa and the Bernice with πολλης φαντασιας, και εισελθοντων ELS TO display, and having entered into the ακροατηριον, συν τε τοις χιλιαρχοις και ανδρασι place of hearing, with both the commanders and τοις κατ'  $\epsilon \xi o \chi \eta \nu$  [oυσι] της πολεως, και κεthose principal [being] of the city, and hav-24 Kai λευσαντος του Φηστου, ηχθη δ Παυλος. ing commanded the Festus, was brought the φησιν δ Φηστος. Αγριππα βατιλευ, και παντες said the Festus; O king, and Agrippa οί συμπαροντες ήμιν ανδρες, θεωρειτε τουτον, those being present with us men, you see ού παν το πληθος των Ιουδαιων ενετυconcerning whom all the multitude of the Jews applied χον μοι εν τε Ίερυσολυμοις και ενθαδε, επιto me in both Jerusalem and here, cryβοωντες μη δειν ζην αυτον μηκετι. not to be right to live him longer. δε καταλαβομενος μηδεν αξιον θανατου αυτον but having detected nothing worthy of death him πεπραχεναι, και αυτου δε τουτου επικαλεσαto have done, also of him and of this having appealed μενου τον Σεβαστον, εκρινα πεμπειν \*[αυτον.] -6 Περι ού ασφαλες τι γραψαι τφ Concerning whom certain anything to write to the - " TEPL KUPLW to the Lord ουκ εχω, διο προηγαγον αυτον εφ' ύμων, και not I have, therefore I led forth him before you, and μαλιστα επι σου, βασιλευ Αγριππα, όπως της especially before thee, Oking Agrippa, so that the VEVOUEVUS ανακρισεως σχω TL γραψαι. examination having taken place I may have something to write. <sup>27</sup> Αλογον γαρ μοι δοκει πεμποντα δεσμιον, μη

Absurd for to meit seems sending

και τας κατ' αυτου αιτιας σημαναι.

and the against him charges

pealed to be kept for the DECISION of † AUGUSTUS, I ordered him to be kept till I could send him \* to Cesar.

22 And Agrippa said to FESTUS, "I myself also desire to hear this MAN." And he said, "To-morrow, thou shalt hear him."

23 On the NEXT DAY, therefore, AGRIPPA and BERNICE having arrived with Great Pomp, and having entered into the PLACE OF HEARING, with the \* Commanders and THOSE Men who were of Distinction in the CITY, at the COMMAND of FESTUS. PAUL was brought.

24 And Festus said, "King Agrippa, and All the MEN PRESENT With us! you see this man, about whom I All the MUL-TITUDE of the JEWS applied to me, both in Jerusa. lem and here, crying out that he ought I not to live any longer.

25 But when I detected Nothing which the had done deserving Death, tand he also having appealed to † Augustus, I determined to send him;

26 concerning whom I have nothing definite to write to the † sovereign. Therefore I have brought him before you, and especially before thee, King Agrippa! that on EXAMI-NATION, I may have something to write.

27 For it appears to Me unreasonable to send a Prisoner, and not to signify the CHARGES alleged against him."

to signify.

a prisoner,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. up to Cesar. 22. said-omit. 23. Commanders 23. being-omit. 25. him-omit.

<sup>† 21 &</sup>amp; 25. Although Sebastos, is usually translated Augustus, and the Roman emperors gen-† 21 & 25. Although Sebastos, is usually translated Augustus, and the Roman emperors generally assumed this epithet, which signifies no more than the veneralle, the august; yet here it seems to be used merely to express the emperor, without any reference to any of his attributes or titles. † 26. The title Kurios, Lord, both Augustus and Tiberius had absolutely refused; and forbad, even by public edicts, the application of it to themselves. Tiberius himself was accustomed to say, that he was lord of his slaves, emperor of the troops, and prince of the senate. See Suctonius, in his life of this prince. The succeeding emperors were not so modest; they affected the title. Nero, the emperor, rould have it; and Pliny the younger is continually giving it to Trajan, in his letters.—Clarke.

<sup>1 24.</sup> ver. 2, 3, 7. ver. 11, 12. 1 24. Acts xxii. 22. 1 25 Acts xxiii, 9, 29; xxvi, 31.

## КЕФ. кѕ'. 26.

1 Αγριππας δε προς τον Παυλον εφη. Επιτρεπεται σοι ίπερ σεαυτου λεγειν. Τοτε  $\delta$  permitted for thee in behalf of thyself to speak. Then the Then the Παυλος απελογειτο, εκτεινας την Paul made a defence, having stretched out the χειρα. hand:  $2\pi\epsilon\rho\iota$ παντων ών εγκαλουμα, ύπο Ιουconcerning allthings of which I am accused by Jews, δαιων, βασιλευ Αγριππα, ήγημαι εμαυτον μακα-I esteem myself happy. O king Agrippa, ριον, επι σου μελλων σημερον απολογεισθαι. before thee being about to-day to make a defence;  $^3$  μαλιστ $\alpha$  γνωστην οντ $\alpha$  σε  $\pi$ αντων  $\tau$ ων κατ $\alpha$ especially acquainted being three of all of the among Ioυδαιους εθων τε και ζητηματων. Διο δεο-Jews customs and also questions. Therefore I enμαι \*[σου,] μακροθυμως ακουσαι μου.  $4 \, \mathrm{T} \eta \nu$ [tnee, | patiently to hear of me. The tieit μεν ουν βιωσιν μου την εκ νεοτητος, την In leed therefore mode of life of me that from youth, that απ' αρχης γενοιτένην εν τω εθνεί μου εν Ίερο-from beginning being among te nation of me in Jeruσολυμοις, ισασι παντες οί Ιουδαιοι. 5 προγινωσstem, know all the Jews; previously knowκοντες με ανωθεν, (εαν θελωτι μαρτυρε:ν,) ότι ing me from the first. (if they would be willing to testify,) that την ακριβεστατην αιρ σιν της ήμετεaccording to the most rigid sect of the 6 Kal vuv en pas θρησκειας εξησα Φαρισαιος. And now for religion Thred a Phansee. ελτ δι της προς τους πατερας επαγγελιας γενοhope of that to the fathers promise being μενης ύπο του θεου, έστηκα κρινομενος. 7 εις made by the God, I have stood being judged; to ήν το δωδεκαφυλον ήμων, εν εκτενεία νυκτα which the twelve tribes of us, in intently night και ήμεραν λαιρευον, ελπιζει καταντησαι and day serving, hopes to a tain : ελπιδος περι ήs εγκαλουμαι, βασιλευ concerning which hope I am accused, Oking \*[Αγριππα,] υπο Ιουδαιων. S Ti; απιστον \* $[\mu \in \nu]$   $ov \in \delta$ )  $\alpha \in \mu av = \omega$   $\pi pos = \tau o$  the single to the ονομα Ιησου του Ναζωραιου δειν πολλα εναντια name of Jesus the Nazarene ought many things against 10 'Ο και εποιησα εν 'Ιεροσολυμοις. πραξαι. Which also I did Jerusalem ; to practise. in και πολλους των αγιων εγω εν φυλακαις κατεand many of the saints I in prisons κλεισα, την παρα των αρχιερεων εξουσιαν λα-

## CHAPTER XXVI.

1 And Agrippa said to PAUL, "It is permitted thee to speak in behalf of thyself." Then PAUL extending his HAND, spoke his defence.

2 "Concerning all things of which I am accused by the Jews, I esteem mys if happy, King Agrippa! that I am about This day to speak my defence before

thee;

3 especially as thou art acquainted with all the customs and Questions among the Jews, therefore, I entreat thee, to hear me patiently.

4 My MODE OF LIFE, from my Youth, THAT which was from the Reginning among my own NATION, \* and in Jerusalem, is known to All the

\*Jews;

5 who, knowing me from the first, if they would, might testify, That according to the MOST RIGHD Sect of our Religion, I lived a Pharisee.

6 ‡ And now I stand on trial for the Hope of that PROMISE made by God to

our FATHERS;

7 to which our TRIBES, earnestly serving Night and Day, hope to attain; concerning Which Hope, O King, I am accused by the Jews.

8 What! is it judged by you as an incredible thing, that God should raise the

Dead?

9 ‡Therefore, indeed, I thought within myself that I ought to do Many things against the NAME of Jesus the NAZARENE;

Jerusalem; 
υλακαις κατεprisons shut
εξουσιαν λααuthority having
Δυτηρική για το μεταική το με

the from of the high-priests

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-3. thee-omit. 7. Agripp: -omit. 9. Indeed-omit.

<sup>4.</sup> and in Jerusalem. 10. Therefore also I did.

<sup>4.</sup> the Jews,

<sup>† 5.</sup> Acts xxii, 3; xxiii, 6; xxiv, 15, 22; Phil, iii, 5. † 6. Gen, xii, 3; xxii, 18; xxvv, 1; Psa, cxxxii, 11. † 7. James i, 1. † 9. 1 Tim, i, 13. † 10. Gal, i, 3. † 16. Acts ix, 14, 21; xxii, 5.

βων αναιρουμενων τς αυτων, κατηνενκα ψηφοντεσεινεί, being killed and of them, i brought against a vote;

11 και κατα πασας τας συναγωγας πολλακις τιall and avnagogues often 111 the μωρων αυτους, ηναγκαζον βλασφημειν περισislang them. I was compelling to blaspheme; exceedσως \*[τε] εμμανημένος αυτοις, εδιωκον έως [and] being fuctous towards them, I pursued till και εις τας εξωπολεις. <sup>12</sup> Εν οίς \* [και] πορευ-even into the foreign cities. In which [also] going ομένος εις την Δαμασκον μετ' εξουσιας και επι-Damasens with authority and a comto the τροπης της \*[παρα] των αρχιερεων, 13 ήμερας mission of that [from] the high-priests, ofaday μεσης, κατα την όδον ειδον, βασιλευ, ουρανοunddle, in the way I saw, O king, from heaven OEV. την λαμπροτητα του ήλιου, ύπερ

above the brightness of the sun,  $\pi\epsilon\rho$  i  $\lambda$  authau  $\mu$  au  $\mu$  a

All and having fallendown [of us] on την γην, ηκουσα φωνην λαλουσαν προς με, the carth, I heard avoice speaking to me,

"[και λεγουσαν] τη Εβραιδι διαλεκτω Σαουλ, [and saying] in the Hebrew dialect; Saul, Σαουλ, τι με διωκεις; σκληρον σοι προς

me persecutest thou? hard for thee against wh. κ υτρα λακτιζειν. 15 Εγω δε ειπον. TIS to bick. ľ and said; Who art thou, sharp points κυριε: 'Ο δε ειπεν' Εγω ειμι Ιησους, όν συ O sir? He and said; Í Jesus, whom thou am 16 Αλλα αναστηθι, SIWKEIS. και στηθι ETTL arise thou, But and stand up parsecutest. τους ποδας σου. εις τουτο γαρ ωφθην σοι, of thee; for this for lappeared to thee προχειρισασθαι σε ύπηρετην και μαρτυρα, ών

To thee send, to open eyes of them,  $\tau$  over  $\tau$  over  $\tau$  or  $\tau$  over  $\tau$  of the to have turned from darkness to light, and of the  $\epsilon\xi v$  of the adversary to the God, of the toreceive authority of the adversary to the God, of the toreceive

authority of the adversary to the God, of the toreceive αυτους αφεσιν αμαρτιων, και κληρον εν τοις them forgiveness of sine, and inheritance among those

ηγιασμένοις, πιστει τη εις εμε. η Όθεν, βασιhaving been sanctified, faith by the into me. Thereupon, O king

nton-priests; and when they were killed I gave my vote against them.

11 ‡ And punishing them often in All the SYNA-GOGUES, I compelled them to blaspheme; and being exceedingly furious towards them, I pursued them even to FOREIGN Cities.

12 ‡At which time, as 1 was going to DAMASCUS with Authority, and a Commission from the HIGH-

PRIESTS,

13 at Mid-day—I saw on the ROAD, O King from heaven—exceeding the BRIGHTNESS of the SUN—a Light shining round me, and THOSE GOING with me.

14 And all of us having fallen to the Earth, I heard a Voice speaking to me in the Hebrew Language, 'Saul, Saul, why dost thou persecute Me? It is hard for thee to kick against the Goads.'

15 And # said, 'who art thou, Sir' And \* HE said, '# am Jesus whom thou

persecutest?

16 But arise, and stand on thy FEET; since for this purpose I have appeared to thee, to constitute thee a Minister and a Witness, both \*of what thou hast seen, and of those things in which I will appear to thee;

17 delivering thee from the PEOPLE and the GEN-TILES, I to whom E send

thee,

18 to open their Eyes, to Turn them from Darkness to Light, and from the Dominion of the Adversary to God; that they may receive Forgiveness of Sins, and an Inheritance among THOSE HAVING BEEN TSANCTIFIED through THAT Faith which leads into me.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—11. and—omit.

14. of us—omit.

14. and saying—omit.
thou hast seen me, and of those things.

<sup>12.</sup> also-omit. 15. the Lord said.

<sup>12.</sup> from-omit.
16. in the which

<sup>† 11.</sup> Acts xxii. 10. † 12. Acts ix. 3; xxii. 6. † 16. Acts xxii. 15. Acts xxii. 21. † 18. 2 Cor. vi. 14; Eph. iv. 28; v. 8; Col. i. 23; 1 Pet. ii. 7, 25. Eph. i. 11; Col. i. 12. † 18. Acts xx. 32.

λευ Αγριππα, ουκ εγενομην απειθης τη ουρανιώ [was disobedient to the heavenly not Agrippa, οπτασια· 20 αλλα τοις εν Δαμασκώ πρωτον και but to those in vision: Damascus Ίεροσολυμοις, εις πασαν τε την χωραν της in Jerusalem, in all and the country of the Ιουδαιας, και τοις εθνεπιν, απηγγελλον μετα-Judea, and to the Gentiles. I declared to reνοειν, και επιστρεφειν επι τον θεον, αξια της God, worthy of the form, and to turn to the 21 Ένεκα τουτων μετανοιας εργα πρασσοντας. reformation works doing. On account of these με οί Ιουδαιοι συλλαβομενοι εν τω ίερω επειin the temple Jews having seized at-22 Επικουριας ουν τυδιαχειρισασθαι. tempted with violent hands to have killed. Help therefore havτης παρα του θεου, αχρι της ήμερας ing obtained of that from of the God, till the day ταυτης έστηκα, μαρτυρουηένος μικρώ τε και to small both and I have stood. testuying μεγαλώ, ουδεν εκτος λεγων, ών τ> οί προφηται to great, nothing beyond saying, of what both the prophet ελαλησαν μελλοντων γινεσθαι, και Μωυσης. spoke being about to take place, and <sup>23</sup> ει παθητος δ Χριστος, ει πρωτος εξ ανασταthat liable to suffer the Anointed, that first from a resurrec-

σεως νεκρων φως μελλει καταγγελλειν το

λαω και τοις εθνεσι. people and to the Gentiles.

tion of dead ones a light he is about

<sup>24</sup>Ταυτα δε αυτου απολογουμενου, δ Φηστος These things and of him Festus saying in defence, the μεγαλη τη φωνη εφη. Μαινη, Παυλε. τα πολloud with the voice said; Thou art mad, O Paul; the much 25 '() λα σε γραμματα εις μανιαν περιτρεπει. He learning into madness αλλ' θε· Ου μαινομαι, φησι, κρατιστε Φηστε, but; Not I am mad, he says, O most noble Featus, but αληθειας και σωφροσυνης δηματα αποφθεγγοof truth and ofsanity words I utter. 26 Επισταται γαρ περι τουτων δ βασι-Is acquainted for concerning these things the king, μαι. λευς, προς δν \* [και] παρβησιαζομενος λαλω· to whom [also] being confident I may speak; λανθανειν γαρ αυτον τι τουτων ου πειθοhim any of these things not ουδεν ου γαρ εστιν εν γωνια πεπραγμε-Mal persuaded nothing; not for it is in a corner having been 27 Πιστευεις, βασιλευ Αγριππα, VOV TOUTO. done this. Believest thou, Oking Agrippa, 28 'Ο δε τοις προφηταις; Οιδα, ότι πιστευεις. I know, that thou believest. prophets?

19 Wherefore, O King Agrippa, I was not disobedient to the HEAVENLY Vision;

20 but # declared first to THOSE \* in Damascus and in Jerusalem, and in All the COUNTRY of Ju-DEA, and to the GENTILES, that they should reform, and turn to God, performing ! Works worthy of RE-FORMATION.

21 On account of these things, I the Jews, having seized Me in the TEMPLE, attempted with violent hands to kill me.

22 Having obtained, therefore, THAT Assistance which is from God, I have continued to this DAY, testifying both to small and great, saying nothing beyond what I the PROPII-ETS and # Moses spoke as being \_bout to transpire;

23 t That the MESSIAH would be a sufferer-would be the first from the Resurrection of the Deadand would communicate t \* Light both to the PEO-PLE and to the GENTILES."

to the

to announce

24 And while saving these things in his defence, FESTUS said with a Loud VOICE, "Thou art mad, Paul; thy GREAT Learning has turned Thee into a Madman."

25 But \* PAUL replied, "I am not mad, Most excellent Festus, but utter Words of Truth and Sanity.

26 For the KING knows about these things, to whom I speak with freedom for I am persuaded that none of these things have escaped his notice; for this was not done in a Corner.

27 King Agrippa! dost thou believe the PROPH-ETS? I know That thou The and | believest."

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—20. in Damascus, and also in Jerusalem, and All the count of Judea.

23. Light both to the Profile.

25. Paul.

26. also—omet. ARY Of JUDEA.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Acts ix. 20; xxii. 20; xii. 26; xiii.; xiv.; xvi.—xxi. † 20. Matt. iii. S. † 21. Acts xxi 30, 31. † 22. Luke xxiv. 27, 44; Acts xxiv. 14; xxviii. 23; Rom. iii. 21. † 22. John v. 46. † 23. Luke xxiv. 26, 40. † 23. 1 Cor. xv. 20; col. i. 18; Rev. 4. 5. † 24. 2 Kings ix. 11; John x. 20; 1 Cor. i. 23; ii. 18, 14; xv. 10.

Agrippa to the Paul  $\left[\epsilon\phi\eta^*\right]$  Within a little με πειθεις Χριστιανον γενεσθαι. 29 'Ο δε me thou persuadest a Christian to become. The and Παυλος \*[ειπεν·] Ευξαιμην αν τω θεω, και
Paul [said;] I would pray to the God, and εν ολιγω και εν πολλφ, ου μονον σε, αλλα within alittle and within much, not only thee, but και παντας τους ακουοντας μου σημερον, γενεσthose hearing me to-day, to beθαι τοιουτους, δποιος καγω ειμι, παρεκτος των come such as even I am, except the δεσιων τουτων. 30 Ανεστη τε δ βασιλευς και chains these. Arose and the king δ ήγεμων, ή τε Βερνικη, και οί συγκαθημενοι the governor, the and Bernice, and those being seated with autois. 31 kat avaxwpnoavtes elalouv apos them; and having retired they spoke to αλληλους, λεγοντες 'Οτι ουδεν θανατου αξιον each other, saying; That nothing of death worthy η δεσμων πρασσει δ ανθρωπος ούτος. 32 Αγριπor of bonds does the man this. Ανίστα πας δε τω Φηστω εφη. Απολελυσθαι εδυναιο δ and to the Pestus said; Το have been released might the ανθρωπος ούτος, ει μη επεκεκλητο Καισαρα. this, if not he had called on Cesar.

# ΚΕΦ. κζ'. 27.

1 'Ως δε εκριθη του αποπλειν ήμας εις την When and it was determined of the to sail us to the Ιταλιαν, παρεδιδουν τον τε Παυλον και τινας Italy, they delivered the both Paul and έτερους δεσμωτας έκατονταρχη, ονοματι Ιουother prisoners to a senturion, by name Julius, λιφ, σπειρης Σεβαστης. <sup>2</sup> Επιβαντες δε πλοιφ of a cohort of Augustus. Having gone on board and a snip Αδραμυττηνώ, μελλοντες πλειν τους κατα την Adramyttium, being about to sail the in the Asia places, we were put to sea, being with ήμιν Αρισταρχου Μακεδονος Θεσσαλονικεως.
Anstarchus a Macedonian of Thessalomea. τε έτερα κατηχθημεν εις Σιδωνα φιλανθρωπως and next day we were brought to Sidon; humanely τε δ Ιουλιος τφ Παυλφ χρησαμενος, επετρεψε and the Julius to the Paul having treated, permitted προς τους φιλους πορευθεντες επιμελειας to the friends having gone care τυχειν. 4 Κακειθεν αναχθεντες ύπεπλευσαto have obtained. And from thence having put to sea we sailed under μεν την Κυπρον, δια το τους ανεμους ειναι the Cyprus, because the the winds to be EVAUTIOUS. To, TE TERMYOS.

The, and deep that by 5 Το, τε πελαγος το κατα την Κιλικιαν και Παμφυλιαν διαπλευσαντες, κατηλ-Cilicia and Pamphylia having sailed through, we came θομεν εις Μυρα της Λυκιας. <sup>6</sup> Κακει εύρων δ down to Myra of the Lycis. And there having found the

28 And AGRIPPA said to PAUL, \*"Thou almost persuadest Me to become a Christian."

29 And PAUL said, ‡"I would to God, that not only thou, but also All who HEAR me This day, were both almost and altogether such as I am, except these CHAINS."

30 And the KING arose, and the GOVERNOR, and BERNICE, and THOSE Who

SAT with them;

31 and having retired, they spoke to each other, saying, t. This Man does nothing deserving Death or Bonds."

32 And Agrippa said to FESTUS, "This MAN might have been released, ‡if he had not appealed to Ce-

sar."

#### CHAPTER XXVII.

1 And when it was determined for us to SAIL to ITALY, they delivered PAUL, and some Other Prisoners, to a Centurion of the Cohort of Augustus, named Julius,

2 And embarking in an Adramyttian Ship, which was about to sail to PLACES in ASIA, we were put to sea, ‡ Aristarchus, a Macedonian of Thessalomca, be-

ing with us.

3 And on the NEXT day we were brought to Sidon; and JULIUS \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) treating PAUL with much kindness, permitted him to go to his Friends to receive attention.

4 And having put to sea from thence, we sailed under CYPRUS, because the WINDS WERE contrary;

5 and having sailed through the SEA by CI-LICIA and Pamphylia, we came to \*Myrrha, of LY-CIA.

6 And there the CENTU-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—28. said—omit. 28. Almost thou persuadest to make Me a Christian. 29. said—omit. 5. Myrrha.

έκατονταρχος πλοιον Αλεξανδρινον πλεον εις sailing 7 for 7 Ev aship Alexandrian την Ιταλιαν, ενεβιβασεν ήμας εις αυτο. the Italy, put us into it. ίκαναις δε ήμεραις βραδυπλοουντες, και μολις and many and days sailing slowly, scarcely γενομενοι κατα την Κυιδον, μη προσεωντος being by the Cnidus, notpermitting an approach ήμας του ανεμου, ύπεπλευσαμεν την Κρητην wind, we sailed under the us of the κατα Σαλμωνην. 8 μολις τε παραλεγομενοι αυ-Salmone; with difficulty and sailing by την, ηλθομέν εις τοπον τινα καλουμένον Καλους we came to a place certain being called 9 Ικανου λιμενας, 'ω εγγυς ην πολις Λασαια. havens, to which near was a city Lasea. Along δε χρονου διαγενομενου, και οντος ηδη επισφα-and time having elapsed, and being already bazard λους του πλοος, δια το και την νηστειαν ηδη of the sailing, because the even the fast already παρεληλυθεναι, παρηνει δ Παυλος, <sup>10</sup> λεγων advised the Paul, to have been past, saying autois Ar $\delta \rho \epsilon s$ ,  $\theta \epsilon \omega \rho \omega$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota$   $\mu \epsilon \tau a$   $\delta \beta \rho \epsilon \omega s$  kat to them; Men, I perceive, that with damage and πολλης (ημιας ου μονον του φορτιου και του loss not only of the freight much and of the πλοιου, αλλα και των ψυχων ήμων μελλειν lives ofus but also of the to be about εσεσθαι τον πλουν. 11 'Ο δε εκατονταρχης τφ to be the voyage. The but centurion κυβερνητη και τω ναυκληρώ επειθετο μαλλον, and by the owner of the ship was persuaded rather, τοις υπο του Παυλου λεγομενοις. 12 Ανευθεthan by those by the Paul being spoken. Inconveτου δε του λιμενος ύπαρχοντος προς παραχειμαnient and of the harbor being to winter in, σιαν, οί πλειους εθεντο βουλην αναχθηναι the greater part placed a wish to be led out κακειθεν, ειπως δυναιντο καταντησαντες εις from thence also, if possibly they might be able having come Φοινικα παραχειμασαι, λιμενα της Κρητης βλεto winter, a harbor of the Crete look-Phenice 13 'Υποποντα κατα Λιβα και κατα Χωρον. towards south-west and towards north-west. πνευσαντος δε Νοτου, δοξαντες της προθεσεως ing blown gently and South wind, supposing the purpose κεκρατηκεναι, αραντες, ασσον παρελεγοντο to have been attained, having raised up, close passed by 14 Μετ' ου πολυ δε εβαλε κατ' την Κρητην. After not much but beat against Crete.

αυτης ανεμος τυφωνικος, δ καλουμενος Ευρο-

Having been caught and the ship,

a wind tempestuous, that being called

rlydon.

TURION having found an Alexandrian Ship bound for ITALY, put us into it.

7 And having sailed slowly for Several Days, and scarcely being by † CNIDUS, the WIND not permitting us, we sailed under Crete, by Salmone;

8 and with difficulty passing by it, we came to a certain Place called t Fair Havens, near which

is the City Lasea.

9 But Much Time having been spent, and SAIL-ING being now hazardous, because even the frast had already passed by,) PAUL advised,

10 saying to them. "Men, I perceive That the VOYAGE is about to be attended with Injury and Much Loss, not only of the CARGO and the SHIP, but also of our LIVES."

11 But the CENTURION was persuaded by the PI-LOT and the OWNER OF THE SHIP, rather than by the WORDS SPOKEN by

PAUL.

12 And the HARBOR being inconvenient to winter in, the greater part expressed a desire to sail from thence also, and, if possibly, they might be able to reach Phenice, a Harbor of CRETE, looking towards the South west and North west, to winter there.

13 And the South wind blowing gently, supposing that they had attained their PURPOSE, weighing anchor, they passed close by CRETE.

14 But not long after, THAT Tempestuous Wind CALLED Euroclydon, beat

against it;

Euro\_

15 and the SHIP, having κλυδων. 15 Συναρπασθεντος δε του πλοιου, και been caught, and not being and able to bear up against the

<sup>† 7.</sup> This was a city of Caria, situated on the extremity or tongue of land lying between Rhodes and Cos. The distance from Myra to Cnidus is about 130 geographical nules. Salome was the eastern promontory of Crete, or the present Candia, and is now called Cape Salomon.

† 8. Fair Havens, near Cape Matala, midway between the eastern and western extremities of the island. Lasea, a city lying between the harbor and the cape, a short distance inland.

† 9. The day of expiation, the great Fast on the tenth of the month Tisri, about the tenth of October.

μη δυναμενου αντοφθαλμειν τω ανεμω, επιδοντες not being able to bear up against the wind, having given up 16 Νησιον δε τι ύποδραμοντες εφερομεθα. A small island and certain having run under we were driven. καλουμενον Κλαυδην, μολις ισχυσαμεν περιscarcely we were able being called Clauda, κρατεις γενεσθαι της σκαφης. 17 ήν apavtes, which having taken up, to become of the boat; βοηθειαις εχρωντο, ύποζωννυντες το πλοιον. undergirding the they used, ship: φοβουμενοι τε μη εις την Συρτιν εκπεσωσι, and lest into the quicksand they should fall, χαλασαντες το σκευος, ούτως εφεροντο. were driven. the thus having lowered mast, 18 Σφοδρως δε χειμαίομενων ήμων, τη έξης Exceedingly and being storm-tossed of us, on the next εκβολην εποιουντο. 19 και τη τριτη αυτοχειρες a throwing out they began; and on the third with their own hands την σκευην του πλοιου ερριψαν. 20 Μητε δε the furniture of the ship they threw out. Neither and ήλιου, μητε αστρων επιφαινοντων επι πλειονας sun, nor stars appearing for many ημερας, χειμωνος τε ουκ ολιγου επικειμενου, a tempest and not small pressing, λοιπον περιηρειτο πασα ελπις του σωζεσθαι hope of the to be saved remaining was taken away all 21 Πολλης δε ασιτιας ύπαρχουσης, τοτε ijuas. Long but abstinence existing, then σταθεις δ Παυλος εν μεσφ αυτων, ειπεν. Εδει standing the Paul in midst of them, said; It was proper μεν, ω ανδρες, πειθαρχησαντας μοι μη αναγεσindeed, O men, having taken advice to me not to have Oal απο της Κρητης, κερδησαι τε την ύβριν loosed from the Crete, to have gained and the damage loosed from the 22 Και τανυν παραινω ταυτην και την ζημιαν. and the loss. And Lexhort now this ύμας ευθυμειν αποβολη γαρ φυχης ουδεμια you to take courage; loss for of a life not one 23 Παρεστη εσται εξ ύμων, πλην του πλοιου. shall be from of you, except the Stood by ship. γαρ μοι ταυτή τη νυκτι αγγελος του θεου, for me this the night a messenger of the God, of whom ειμι 'ω και λατρευω, <sup>24</sup> λεγων Μη φοβου, I am to whom also I offer service, Not saying, fear, Παυλε. Καισαρι σε δει παραστηναι και ιδου, O Paul; To Cesar theeit behoves to be presented; and σοι δ θεος παντας τους πλεοντας κεχαρισται has graciously given to thee the God all those 25 Διο ευθυμειτε, ανδρες πιστευω μετα σου.

WIND, we surrendered, and were driven.

16 And as we ran under a certain little Island, called \* Clauda, with difficulty we were able to become masters of the BOAT:

17 which having hoisted up, they used Helps, † undergirding the ship; and fearing lest they should fall into the QUICKSAND, lowering the MAST, they were thus driven.

18 And we being exceedingly storm-tossed, on the NEXT day they began to throw overboard;

19 and on the THIRD day they threw out with their own hands the FURNITURE of the SHIP.

20 And neither Sun nor Stars appearing for Several Days, and no small Tempest pressing on us, \*all remaining Hope of our being saved was taken away

21 But there having been a Great Want of food, then PAUL standing in the Midst of them, said, "O Men! you ought, indeed, having taken my advice, not to have loosed from CRETE, but have avoided this INJURY and LOSS.

22 And now 'I exhort you to take courage; for there will be no Loss of Life among you; but only of the SHIP.

23 ‡ For there stood by me This NIGHT, an Angel of the God whose I am, and t whom I serve

and twhom I serve, 24 saying, 'Fear not, Paul; thou must be presented to Cesar; and behold, God has graciously given thee All THOSE SAIL-ING with thee.'

25 Therefore, take courage, Men; ‡ for I believe God, That it will be so, even as it was told me:

Therefore take you courage, men; , I believe

γαρ τω θεω ότι ούτως εσται καθ' όν τροπον for in the God that thus it shall be in which manner

\* Varican Manuscrift.—16. Cauda, 20. all Hope.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Dr. Schmitz says, "the hupozoomata were thick and broad ropes, which ran in a norizontal direction around the ship from the stern to the prow, and were intended to keep the whole fabric together." Such also is the opinion of Pres. Woolsey, who well remarks that if ropes had passed under the keel, the boat would have been needed in the operation, and yet the boat was first lifted on the deck.—Oven.

<sup>‡ 2,</sup> Dan. vi. 16; Rom. i. 9; 2 Tim. 4. 4

to be cast.

λελαληται μοι. <sup>26</sup> Εις νησον δ it has been told to me. On an island bu ημας εκπεσειν.

26 Eis νησον δε τινα δει On an island but certain it is necessary

27'Ως δ€ τεσσαρεσκαιδεκατη νυξ EYEVETO, When and fourteenth night was come, διαφερομενων ήμων εν τω Αδρια, κατα μεσον in the Adriatic, about middle being driven along of us της νυκτος ύπενοουν οί ναυται προσαγειν τινα of the night suspected the sailors to draw near αύτοις χωραν· 28 και βολισαντες, εύρον οργυιας to them country; and having heaved the lead, they found fathoms βραχυ δε διαστησαντες, και παλιν €LKOOL! and again twenty: alittle and having intervened, 29 00εύρον οργυιας δεκαπεντε. BODIOAVTES, having heaved the lead, they found fathoms fifteen; fearβουμένοι τε, μηπως εις τραχεις τοπους εκπεlest on rough places and, σωμεν, εκ πρυμνης διψαντας αγκυρας τεσσαfour, should fall, out of stern having thrown anchors 30 Twv SE ηυχοντο ήμεραν γενεσθαι. day they were wishing The to be. ναυτων (ητουντων φυγειν εκ του πλοιου, και to flee out of the seeking ship, and χαλασαντων την σκαφην εις την θαλασσαν, having lowered the boat into the sea. προφαπαι ώς εκ πρωρας μελλοντων αγκυρας prow as out of being about anchors εκτεινειν. 31 ειπεν δ Παυλος τω έκατονταρχη said the Paul to the centurion to let down. και τοις στρατιωταις. Εαν μη ούτοι μεινωσιν and to the soldiers: If not these remain δυνασθε. εν τω πλοιω, ύμεις σωθηναι ου you are able. in ship, to be saved not 32 Τοτε οί στρατιωται απεκοψαν τα σχοινια της cut off the ropes of the Then the soldiers σκαφης, και ειασιν αυτην εκπεσειν. boat, and allowed her to fall.

33 Αχριδ€ Till and ού εμελλεν ήμερα γινεσθαι, παρεκαλει ὁ Παυ-Paul about day to be, called upon the λος άπαντας μεταλαβειν τροφης, λεγων Τεσto partake of food, saying; all σαρεσκαιδεκατην σημερον ήμεραν προσδοκωνday to-day

τες, ασιτοι διατελειτε, μηδεν προσλαβομενοι.
without food you continue, nothing having taken.

 $^{34}$  Διο παρακαλω ύμας μεταλαβειν τροφης. Therefore I entreat you to partake offood; τουτο γαρ προς της  $^{5}$  έμετερας σωτηριας  $^{5}$  έπαρχει this for to the your salvation is;

ουδένος γαρ ύμων θριξ εκ της κεφαλης αποσηποί not one for of you a hair from of the head will

 $\lambda$ ειται.  $^{35}$ Ειπων δε ταυτα, και  $\lambda$ αβων αρτον, perish. Having said and these, and having taken bread,

26 but we must be cast upon ‡a certain Island."

27 And on the Fourteenth Night, when we were driven along in the † ADBIATIC, about MID-NIGHT, the SAILORS SUSpected † that Some Country drew near to them;

28 and having sounded, they found twenty Fathoms; and a short space having intervened, and sounding again, they found fifteen Fathoms;

29 and fearing lest we should fall on rocky Places, they east out four Anchors from the Stern, and were wishing for Day to break.

30 And the SAILORS seeking to flee from the SHIP, and having lowered the BOAT into the SEA, under Pretence of being about to carry forth Anchors from the Bow,

31 PAUL said to the CENTURION and the SOL-DIERS, "Unless these men remain in the ship, nou cannot be saved."

32 Then the SOLDIERS cut off the ROPES of the BOAT, and allowed her to drift away.

33 And when Day was about to dawn, Paul urged them all to partake of Food, saying, "This Day, the Fourteenth Day that you have watched, you continue fasting, having taken Nothing.

34 Therefore, I entreat you to partake of Food; for this concerns Your Safety; ‡ for + not a Hair shall perish from the HEAD of any one of you."

35 And having said these words, he took Bread, ‡ and

<sup>† 27.</sup> Not the Gulf of Venice, but the portion of the Mediterranean south of Italy and west of Greece. † 27. A nautical hypallage, originating in the optical deception, by which, on approaching a coast, the land seems to approach to the ship, not the ship to the land.—Bloomfeld. † 34. A proverbial expression, for you shall neither lose your lives, nor suffer any hurt in your bodies, if you follow my advice.—Clarke.

<sup>† 26.</sup> Acts xxviii. 1. Luke xii. 7; xxi. 18. † 34. 1 Sam. xiv. 45; 2 Sam. xiv. 11; 1 Kings i. 52; Matt. x. 30; † 35. Matt. xv. 36; Mark viii. 6; John vi. 11; 1 Tim. iv. 3, 4.

ευχαριστησε τφ θεφ ενωπιον παντων, και κλαhe gave thanks to the God in presence of all, and having 36 Ευθυμοι δε γενομενοι σας ηρξατο εσθιειν. Encouraged and becoming broken began to eat. Tartes, Kal autol προσελαβοντο τροφης. all food. also they received 37 Ημεν δε εν τω πλοιφ αί πασαι ψυχαι, \*[ δια-We were and in the ship the all [two souls, κοσιαι] έβδομηκοντα 38 Κορεσθεντες δε έξ. hundred] seventy six. Being satisfied and τροφης, εκουφιζον το πλοιον, εκβαλλομενοι τον offood, they inghtened the ship, throwing the 39 'Οτε δε σιτον εις την θαλασσαν. ημερα wheat into the When and day sea. εγενετο, την γην ουκ επεγινωσκον κολπον δε it was, the land not they how; a bay but τινα κατενοουν εχοντα αιγιαλον, εις δν εβουthey perceived having a shore, into which they λευσαντο, ει δυναιντο, εξωσαι το πλοιον. 40 Και if they were able, to force the ship. τας αγκυρας περιελοντες ειων εις την θαλασσαν, the anchors having cut off left in the sea, ανεντες τας ζευκτηριας των πηδααμα at the same time having loosed the bands of the λιων και επαραντες τον αρτεμονα τη πνεουση, and having hoisted the foresail to the wind, κατειχον εις τον αιγιαλον. 41 Περιπεσοντος δε Having fallen and they pressed towards the shore. εις τοπον διθαλασσον, επωκειλαν την ναυν·
into a place with a sea on both sides, they ran aground the vessel; και ή μεν πρωρα ερεισασα εμεινεν ασαλευτος, and the indeed prow baving stuck fast remained ή δε πρυμνα ελυετο ύπο της βιας \* των κυμthe but stern was broken by the violence [of the waves.] 42 Των δε στρατιωτων βουλη εγενετο, soldiers ίνα τους δεσμωτας αποκτεινωσι, μη τις εκκολυμthey should kill, lest any one having that the prisoners 43 'Ο δε έκατονταρχος βουλοβησας διαφυγη. swum out should escape. The but centurion wishing μενος διασωσαι τον Παυλον, εκωλυσεν αυτους

to save the Paul, restrained them
του βουληματος, εκελευσε τε τους δυναμενους
from the purpose, ordered and those being able

κολυμβαν, απορριψαντας πρωτους επι την γην to swim, having thrown of first to the land

εξιεναι. 44 και τους λοιπους, ούς μεν επι σανιto go out, and the remaining ones, some indeed on boards,
σιν, ούς δε επι τινων των απο του πλοιουsome and on things of the from of the ship.

Kai ούτως εγενετο παντας διασωθηναι επι την And thus it happened all to be safely on the

gave thanks to Gou in the presence of all; and having broken, he began to eat.

36 And being encouraged, then also received Food.

37 And ALL the Souls in the SHIP were two hundred and seventy-six.

38 And being satisfied with Food, they lightened the SHIP, throwing out the WHEAT into the SEA.

39 And when it was Day, they did not know the LAND; but they perceived a certain Bay, having a Shore, into which they wished, if they were able, to force the ship.

40 And having cut off the ANCHORS, they left them in the SEA; having, at the same time, loosed the †BANDS of the RUDDERS, and hoisted the FORESAIL to the WIND, they pressed towards the SHORE.

41 But having fallen into a Place with two currents, they ran the VES-SEL aground; and the BOW sticking fast, remained immoveable, but the STEEN was broken by the VIOLENCE.

42 Now it was the Design of † the SOLDIERS to kill the PRISONERS, lest any one by swimming out should escape.

43 But the CENTURION wishing to save PAUL, restrained them from their PUEPOSE, and ordered THOSE ABLE \*to swim out to plunge in first, and get to LAND;

44 and the remainder, some on Boards, and some on things from the ship. And thus it happened that all reached the land in safety.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-37. two hundred-omit. to swim out.

<sup>41.</sup> of the WAVES-omit.

<sup>43.</sup> 

<sup>† 40.</sup> The ships of the ancients usually had two rudders, one on either side of the ship. As one helmsman managed both, they were joined by a pole, so that both rudders would be purallel. The scukteerial were the ropes by which these rudders were fastened to the sides of the ship, and by which they were moved by the helmsman.

† 42. The military description of the Romans was such, that had the prisoners escaped, the soldiers would have been answerable with their lives.—Oues.

ΚΕΦ. κη'. 28. 1 Και διασωθεντες, τοτε ynv. land. And having safely escaped, then επεγνωσαν ότι Μελιτη ή νησος καλειται. they knew that Melita the island is called. Οί δε βαρβαροι παρειχον ου την τυχουσαν The and barbarians rendered not the ordinary aναψαντες γαρ πυραν, having kindled for a fire, **b**ιλανθρωπιαν ήμιν· to us; προσελαβοντο παντας ήμας, δια τον ύετον τον they brought to all of us, because of the rain that 3 Συστρε. εφεστωτα. και δια το ψυχος. Having having been present, and because of the cold. ψαντος δε του Παυλου φρυγανων πληθος, και gathered and the of sticks a bundle, Paul and επιθεντος επι την πυραν, εχιδνα εκ της θεριης having placed on the fire, a viper from the heat 4'Ωs δ€ εξελθουσα κατηψε της χειρος αυτου. having come out fastened on the hand of him. When and ειδον οί βαρβαροι κρεμαμένον το θηριον εκ της saw the barbarians hanging the wild beast from the χειρος αυτου, ελεγον προς αλληλους. Παντως hand of him, they said to each other; Φονευς εστιν δ ανθρωπος ούτος, δν διασωθεντα a murderer is the this, whom having been saved man 5'0 εκ της θαλασσης ή Δικη (ην ουκ ειασεν. the Justice to live not permitted. μεν ουν αποτιναξας το θηριον εις το πυρ, €#aandeed then having shaken off the wild beast into the fire, 811fθεν ουδεν κακον. 6 οἱ δε προσεδοκων αυτον they but were expecting fered nothing bad; μελλειν πιμπρασθαι, η καταπιπτειν αφνω νεκto swell, or to fall down suddenly dead. Επι πολυ δε αυτων, προσδοκωντων, και For atong and of them, expecting, and θεωρουντων μηδεν ατοπον εις αυτον γινομενον, \*eern & nothing out of place to him happening, μεταβαλλομενοι ελεγον, θεον αυτον ειναι. changing their minds they said, a god him to be. δε τοις περι τον τοπον εκεινον ύπηρχε χωρια and to those about the place that τφ πρωτώ της νησου, ονοματι Ποπλιω. δς αναto the chief of the island, by name Poplius; who having δεξαμένος ήμας, τρεις ήμερας φιλοφρονώς έξεreceived us, three days kindly enter- $^8$  Eyeveto  $\delta\epsilon$  tov  $\pi \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \alpha$  tov  $\Pi o \pi \lambda \iota o v$  It happened and the father of the Poplius  $\nu!\sigma \in \nu$ . πυρετοις και δυσεντερια συνεχομενον κατακεισwas lying and desentery being seized θαι προς δν δ Παυλος εισελθων, και προσευdown; to whom the Paul going in, and

## CHAPTER XXVIII.

1 And having safely es caped, \* we then ascertained ! That the ISLAND was called † Melita.

2 And the I + BARBA-BIANS treated as with no ORDINARY Philanthropy; for having kindled a Fire. they brought us all to it. on account of the FALLING BAIN, and the COLD.

3 And as PAUL was collecting a Bundle of Sticks. and placing them on the FIRE, a Viper having come out from the HEAT, fastened on his HAND.

4 And when the BAR-BARIANS saw the SER-PENT hanging from his HAND, they said, to each other, "This MAN is cer-tainly a Murderer, whom, though saved from the SEA, † JUSTICE has not permitted to live."

5 Then, indeed, he shook off the SERPENT into the FIRE, and # suffered no in-

jury.
6 But they were expecting him about to swell up, or to fall down suddenly dead; and waiting a long time, and seeing nothing extraordinary happen to him, changing their minds ‡ they said, "He is a God."

7 And in the VICINITY of that PLACE were the LANDS of the CHIEF of the ISLAND, whose Name was † Poplius; who having received us, for \* three Days benevolently entertained

8 Now it happened, that the FATHER of POPLIUS, being seized with Fevers and Dysentery, was lying in bed; to whom PAUL having having entered

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. we then. 7. three Days.

<sup>† 1.</sup> The recent investigations of Smith show conclusively, that the island now called Malta, was the scene of the shipwreck. See Bibloth. Sacra.

† 2. A name applied by the Greeks and Romans indiscriminately to all foreigners.

† 4. Hee Dikee was the Malta, was the scene of the shipwreck. See Bibloth. Sacra.

† 2. A name applied by the Greeks and Romans indiscriminately to all foreigners.

† 4. Hee Dikee was the proper name of the heathen goddess of justice. She was the daughter of Jupiter, and was called also Nemesis.

† 8. Poplius is thought to have been the deputy of the prætor of Sicily, as in the time of Cicero, Malta was under the jurisdiction of the Sicilian prætor.

t 1. Acts xxvii. 26. 1 5. Mark xvi 18: Luke x. 19. 1 6. Acts xiv. 11.

ξαμενος, επιθεις τας χειρας αυτώ, ιασατο αυτόν.
prayed, having placed the nand to him, besied him.

Totou our geromerou, kai of lotate of exorthis therefore being done, and the others those haves a  $\sigma\theta$  everas ev  $\tau\eta$  race,  $\tau\rho\sigma\eta\rho\chi$ outo, kai ing sicknesses in the island, came, and  $\theta\theta\rho\sigma\eta\rho\chi$ outo 10 of kai  $\tau\rho\lambda$ lais  $\tau\mu$ lais etimate effeated; who also with many rewards rewarded  $\tau\rho\sigma$ , kai arayomerous epsecutor  $\tau\sigma$  apos  $\tau\eta\nu$  us, and leading out they placed on the things for the  $\chi\rho$  even.

11 Μετα δε τρεις μηνας ανηχθημεν εν πλοιω After and three months we tailed in a ship παρακεχειμακοτι εν τη having been wintered in the island. Alexandrian, παρασημώ Διοσκουροις.  $^{12}$  Και καταγθεντες εις

with an ensign Dioscuri. And having been led down to  $\Sigma u p \alpha \kappa o u \sigma \alpha s$ ,  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \mu \epsilon \iota \nu \alpha \mu \epsilon \nu \gamma \mu \epsilon \rho \alpha s$   $\tau \rho \epsilon \iota s$ .  $^{13} \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$   $^{13} \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$ 

περιελθοντες κατηντησαμεν εις 'Ρηγιον' και having gone round we came to Rhegium: and μετα μιαν ήμεραν επινενομενου Νοτου, δευτεtier one day having sprung up a south wind, second

ραιοι ηλθομέν εις Ποτιολους:  $^{14}$  ού εύροντες day we came to Puteoli; where having found αδελφους παρεκληθημέν επ' αυτοις επιμείναι

brethren we were invited by them to remain ημερας επτα και ούτως εις την 'Ρωμην ηλθοdays seven; and thus towards the Rome we

μεν. <sup>15</sup> Κακείθεν οί αδελφοι ακουσαντες τα went. And thence the brethren having heard the things  $\pi$ ερι ήμων, εξηλθον εις απαντησιν ήμιν αχρις concerning us, came out to a meeting with us as far as Aππιου φορου, και Τριων ταβερνων ούς ιδων δ Appli forum, and Three taverus; whom seeing the

II aυλος, ευχαριστησας τω θεω, ελαβε θαρσος. Paul, having given thanks to the God, he took courage. 

16 Ότε δε ηλθομεν εις 'Ρωμην, \* δ έκατονταρ-

When and we came to Rome, [the centurion χος παρεδωκε τους δεσμιους τω στρατοπεδιτρdelivered the prisoners to the prefect of the Preto-

χη.] τω \* [δε] Παυλω επετραπη μενειν καθ' rium camp,] the [but] Paul was permitted to abide by έαυτον, συν <math>τω φυλασσοντι αυτον στρατιω-himself, with the watching him soldier.

prayed, ‡ put his HANDS on him, and cured him.

9 This, therefore, having been done, the OTHERS also in the ISLAND, HAVING Diseases, came, and were cured:

10 and THEY presented us with Many Presents; and when we left, put on board THINGS for our

WANTS.

11 And after Three Months we set sail in an Alexandrian Ship, which had wintered in the 1s-LAND, with the Sign of the † Dioscuri.

12 And having landed at † Syracuse, weremained

three Days;

13 whence, coasting round, we came to † Rhegam; and after One Day, a South wind having sprung up, we came in Two days to † Puteoli;

14 where we found Brethren, and were invited by them to remain seven Days; and thus we went

towards Rome.

15 And theree, the BRETHREN having heard about our AFFAIRS, came out to meet us as far as † Appii Forum, and the † Three Taverns; whom, when PAUL saw, he thanked God, and took Courage.

16 And when we \* came to Rome, the CENTURION delivered the PRISONEES to the † PREFECT OF THE PRETORIUM CAMP; but † PAUL was permitted to dwell by himself, with the soldier who Guarded him.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—16. were entered Rome. , 16. the centurion delivered the prisoners to the prefect of the Pretorium camp—omit. 16. but—omit.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Castor and Pollux, children of Jupiter, the tutelary deities of sailors. † 12. The port of this celebrated city was directly in the course from Maita to Italy. † 13. A maritime city of lower Italy, opposite Messina in Sicily. Its present name is Reggio. † 13. Putcoli is now called Puzzuoli, and lies six miles south-west from Names. † 15. About 52 miles from Rome, a town on the Appian way, a road paved from Rome to Campania. † 15. Another place on the same road, some 33 miles from Rome. † 16. The usual title given to the chief of the fortress. He commanded the garrison of Rome, a body of 10,000 men, who were lodged in the Pretorium camp, an enclosed fortress of about 40 acres, outside of the city, and about a mile and a half from the emperor's palace.

<sup>†</sup> S. Mark vi. 5; vii. 32; xvi. 18; Luke iv. 40; Acts xix. 11, 12; 1 Cor. xii. 9, 28. Bluct. xv. 6; 1 11m. v. 17. ‡ 16. Acts xxiv. 25; xxvii. 8.

17 Εγενετο δε μετα ήμερας τρεις συγκαλε-It happened and after days three to have called σασθαι αυτον τους οντας των Ιουδαιων πρωτους. together to him those being of the Jews chiefs. Συνελθοντων δε αυτων, ελεγε προς αυτους. Having come together and of them, he said to them; Ανδρες αδελφοι, εγω ουδεν εναντιον ποιησας Men brethren, I nothing against having done τφ λαφ η τοις εθεσι τοις πατρωοις, δεσμιος to the people or to the customs those paternal, a prisoner εξ Ίεροσολυμων παρεδοθην εις τας χειρας των from Jerusalem I was delivered into the hands of the 'Ρωμαιων· 18 οίτινες ανακριναντες με εβουλοντο who having examined me  $\alpha \pi \sigma \lambda \nu \sigma \alpha \iota$ ,  $\delta \iota \alpha \tau \sigma$   $\mu \eta \delta \epsilon \mu \iota \alpha \nu$  artial to release, because that no one cause  $\nu \pi \alpha \rho \chi \epsilon \nu \nu$   $\epsilon \nu \epsilon \mu \sigma \iota$   $\frac{19}{8} \lambda \nu \tau \iota \lambda \epsilon \gamma \rho \nu \tau \omega \nu$   $\delta \epsilon \tau \omega \nu$  to be in me. Speaking against and the Ιουδαιων, ηναγκασθην επικαλεσασθαι Καισαρα. Jews, I was forced to call upon ουχ ώς του εθνους μου εχων τι κατηγορησαι. not as of the nation of me having anything to accuse.  $^{20}$   $\Delta$ ia  $\tau$ au $au\eta
u$  our  $au\eta$  aitian auapeauaheaua Because of this therefore the cause 1 called ύμας ιδειν και προσλαλησαι ένεκεν γαρ της you to see and to speak with; on account for of the ελπιδος του Ισραηλ την άλυσιν ταυτην περιhope of the Israel the chain this I wear κειμαι.  $^{21}$ Οί δε προς αυτον είπον Ήμεις ουτε around. They and to him said, We neither γραμματα περι σου εδεξαμεθα απο της Ιουletters concerning thee received from the Juδαιας, ουτε παραγενομενος τις των αδελφων having come any one of the απηγγειλεν η ελαλησε τι περι σου πονηρον. related or spoken anything concerning thee evil. 22 Αξιουμεν δε παρα σου ακουσαι, α φρονεις. We deem proper but from thee to hear, what thou thinkest; περι μεν γαρ της αίρεσεως ταυτης γνωστον concerning indeed for of the sect this known 23 Tαεστιν ήμιν, ότι πανταχου αντιλεγεται. to us, that everywhere it is spoken against. Havξαμενοι δε αυτφ ήμεραν, ήκον προς αυτον εις ing appointed and to him a day, την ξενιαν πλειονες οίς εξετιθετο διαμαρτυροthe lodging many, to whom he set forth testifying earnestly μενος την βασιλειαν του θεου, πειθων τεthe kingdom αυτους \*[τα] περι του Ιησου, απο τε του them [the things] concerning the Jesus, from both the νομου Μωυσεως και των προφητων, απο πρωι of Moses and of the prophets, from morning έως εσπερας. 24 Και οί μεν επειθοντο τοις till evening. And these indeed were persuaded by the And these indeed were persuaded by the, λεγομενοις, οί δε ηπιστουν. <sup>25</sup> Ασυμφονοι δε words being spoken, those but believed not. Notagreed and

17 And it occurred, after three Days, he called together the CHIEF men of the Jews. And they having convened, he said to them, "Brethren, though & have done nothing contrary to the PEOPLE, or to the PATERNAL CUSTOMS, yet II was delivered a Prisoner from Jerusalem into the HANDS of the Ro-MANS:

18 who, ‡ having examined me, wished to re-lease me, because there WAS No Cause of Death in

19 But the JEWS speaking against it, # I was compelled to appeal to Cesar; not as having anything of which to accuse my NA-

20 For This REASON, therefore, I called you, to see and speak with you; I for on account of the HOPE of ISRAEL I wear this CHAIN."

21 And THEY said to him, "UHe neither received Letters from Ju-DFA about thee, nor did any one of the BRETHREN who came relate or speak Any Evil concerning thee.

22 But we deem it proper to hear from thee what thou thinkest; for indeed it is known to us concerning this SECT, I That it is every where spoken against."

23 And having appointed him a Day, many came to him into his LODGING: to whom he set forth, earnestly testifying the KINGDOM of God, and persuading them concerning JESUS, both from the LAW of Moses and the PROPH-ETS, from Morning till Evening.

24 And t some were persuaded by the words BEING SPOKEN: but SOME

believed not.

<sup>‡ 20.</sup> Acts ‡ 22. Acts x:..iv. Alv. 4: xvii. 4: xix. 9.

οντες προς αλληλους, απελυοντο, ειποντος του being with each other, they were dismissed, saying Παυλου όγμα έν 'Οτι καλως το πνευμα το word one; That well the spirit the άγιον ελαλησε δια Ήσαιου του προφητου προς spoke through Esaias the prophet to τους πατερας ήμων, 26 λεγον. Πορευθητι προς the fathers of us, saying; Go thou to τον λαον τουτον, και ειπον. Ακοη ακουσετε, the people this, and say thou; With ears you will hear, και ου μη συνητε και βλεποντες βλεψετε. and not not you may understand; and seeing you will see 27 Επαχυνθη γαρ ή καρδια και ου μη ιδητε. for the heart and not not you may perceive. Unfeeling του λαου τουτου, και τοις ωσι βαρεως ηκουσαν, of the people this, and with the ears heavily they hear, και τους οφθαλμους αύτων εκαμμυσαν μηποτε of them they closed; lest at any time and the eyes LOWOL τοις οφθαλμοις, και τοις ωσιν ακουthey should see with the eves, and with the ears thev σωτι, και τη καρδια συνωτι, και επισshould hear, and with the heart they should understand, and should τρεψωσι, και ιαπωμαι αυτους. 28 Γνωστον ουν and I should heal them. Known therefore εστω ύμιν, ύτι τοις εθνεσιν απεσταλη το σωτηlet it be to you, that to the Gentiles the issent salva-29 \* Kai ριον του θεου αυτοι και ακουσονται. tion of the God; they and will hear. And ταυτα αυτου ειποντος, απηλθον οί Ιουδαιοι, saying, the Jews, these things of him went 30 Eue1πολλην εχοντες εν έαυτοις συζητησιν.] much having among themselves discussion.] He abode νε δε διετιαν όλην εν ιδιφ μισθωματι και απεand two years whole in own hired dwelling; and received δεχετο παντας τους εισπορευομενους TOOS

all those coming in to αυτον, 31 κηρυσσων την βασιλειαν του θεου. publishing the kingdom him, of the God. και διδασκων τα περι του κυριου Ιησου and teaching the things concerning the Lord Jeuns Χριστου μετα πασης παρήησιας, ακωλυτως.
Anointed with all freedom of speech, unrestrained.

95 And not being agreed with each other, they were dismissed, PAUL saying one Word, "Well did the HOLY SPIRIT speak through Isaiah the PROPHET to our FATHERS.

26 saying, t Go to this 'PEOPLE, and say, Hearing you will hear, though 'you may not understand; and seeing, you will see, 'though you may not per-

ceive.
27 'For the HEART of 'this PEOPLE is stupified; 'they hear heavily with 'their EARS, and their 'EYES they have closed; 'lest at any time they 'should see with their 'EYES, and hear with their 'EARS, and understand 'with their HEART, and 'should retrace their steps, 'and I should heal them.'

28 Be it known to you, therefore, That \* This salvation of God is sent to the Gentiles, and then will hear it."

29 \*[And when he said these things, the JEWS departed, having Much Discussion among themselves.]

30 And he dwelt two whole Years in his Own Hired house, and received ALL those COMING IN to him:

31 t proclaiming the KINGDOM of GOD, and teaching the THINGS concerning the LORD Jesus Christ, with Entire Freedom of speech, and without

# \*ACTS OF APOSTLES.

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-28. This SALVATION. 20. omit. Subscription-Acts of Apostles.

<sup>† 26.</sup> Isa. vi. 0; Jer. v. 21; Ezek. xii. 2; Matt. xiii. 14, 15; Mark iv. 12; Luke viii. 10; John xii. 40; Rom. xi. 8. † 28. Matt. xxi. 41, 45; Acts xiii. 46, 47; xviii. 6; xxii. 21; xxvb 17, 18; Rom. xi. 11. † 31. Acts iv. 81; Eph. vi. 19.

# \*TO THE ROMANS.

## КΕФ. α'. 1.

δουλος Ιησου Χριστου, κλητος a servant of Jesus Anointed, caned ·Παυλος. αποστολος, αφωρισμένος εις ευαγγελιον θέου, an apostle, having been set apart for glad tidings of God, (2 ὁ προεπηγγειλατο δια των προφητων αύτου (which he promised before through the prophets of himself εν γραφαις άγιαις,) 3περι του υίου αύτου,concerning the of himself, son (του γενομενου εκ σπερματος Δαυιδ of David according to (...a. having been born from a seed σαρκα. 4 του δρισθεντος υίου θεου εν that having been distinctly set forth a son of God in δυναμει, κατα πνευμα άγιωσυνης, εξ ανασpower, according to spirit of homness, from τασεως νεκρων,) Ιησου Χριστου του κυριου ofthe Jesus Anointed of dead ones,) ήμων, 5 (δι' ού ελαβομεν χαριν και αποστοthrough whom we received favor and apostleλην εις ύπακοην πιστεως εν πασι τοις εθνεσιν, ship for obesience of faith in all the του ονοματος αυτου· 6 εν οίς εστε και of him; among whom are also in benalf of the name ύμεις, κλητοι Ιησου Χριστου.) 7 πασι τοις called ones of Jesus Amointed;) those ουσιν εν 'Ρωμη αγαπητοις θεου, κλητοις άγιοις. who are in Rome beloved ones of God, called saluts; χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος ήμων, lavor to you and peace from God father of us, 8 Πρωτον και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου.  $\mu \in \nu$ indeeu Jesus Anounted. First lord ευχαριστω τφ θεφ μου δια Ιησου Χριστου I have manks to the God of me through Jesus Anointed  $\delta \pi \epsilon \rho = \pi \alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu \delta \mu \omega \nu$ ,  $\delta \tau i \dot{\eta} \pi i \sigma \tau i s \dot{\nu} \mu \omega \nu \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \gamma$ of you, because the faith of you on account of all 9 Μαρτυς γαρ μου γελλεται εν όλφ τφ κοσμφ. in whole the world. A witness for of me δ θεος, ϵω λατρευω εν τω πνευματι the God, to whom I am a servant in the spirit εστιν δ θεος, μου εν τφ ευαγγελιφ του υίου αυτου, ώς αδιαof me in the glad tinings of the son of him, how unceasλειπτως μνειαν ύμων ποιουμαι, 10 παντοτε επι ingly remembrance of you I make, always των προσευχων μου δεομενος, ειπως ηδη ποτε asking, if possibly now at length prayers εν τφ θεληματι του θεου €υοδωθησομαι I shall have a prosperous journey by the will of the God

#### CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, a Servant of \*Christ Jesus, ‡a Constituted Apostle, ‡set apart for the Glad Tidings of God,—

2 (‡ which was previously announced ‡ through his propuers in the holy

Scriptures,)-

3 concerning THAT SON of his, ‡ who was born of the Posterity of David as

to the Flesh;

4 who was ‡designated the Son of God in Power as to the Spirit of Holiness, by his Resurrection from the Dead,—Jesus Christ our Lord;

5 through whom we received Favor and Apostolic office, in order to the Obedience of Faith among All the NATIONS, on account

of his NAME;

6 among whom nou are also the Invited ones of Je-

sus Christ ;-

7 to ALL who are in Rome, the BELOVED of God, Constituted Holy ones; Favor and Peace to you from God our Father, and the Lord Jesus Christ.

8 And first, ‡ I give thanks to my God through Jesus Christ \* concerning you all, Because your FAITH is celebrated in the Whole WORLD.

9 For ‡ God is my Witness, whom I reverently serve with my SPIRIT in the GLAD TIDINGS of his son, how incessantly I make mention of you;

10 ‡ always asking in my PRAYERS, that if by any means, now at length, I may have a prosperous journey, ‡ by the WILL of GOD, to come to you.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—Title—To THE ROMANS, cerning you all.

<sup>1.</sup> Christ Jesus. 8. con-

<sup>† 1.</sup> Acts xxii. 21; 1 Cor. i. 1; Gal. i. 1; 1 Tim. i. 11; ii. 7; 2 Tim. i. 11. 

† 1. Acts ix. 15; xiii. 2; Gal. i. 15. 

† 2. Gen. xxiii. 18; Deut. xviii. 15; 2 Sam. vii. 12; Isa. ix. 6, 7; Jer. xxiii. 5, 6; xxxiii. 14—16; Ezek. xxxiv. 23; Dan. ix. 24. 

† 2. Acts iii. 21. 

† 3. Acts ii. 24. 

† 2. Acts iii. 21. 

† 3. Acts ii. 32; Acts ii. 30; 2 Tim. ii. 8. 

† 4. Acts xi.i. 33. 

† 10. Rom. xv. 23, 32; 1 Thess. iii. 10. 

† 10. James iv. 15.

 $\epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \iota \nu$  προς ύμας.  $^{11}$  Επιποθω γαρ  $\iota \delta \epsilon \iota \nu$  ύμας,  $\iota \omega \epsilon \omega$  to see you. ίνα τι μετάδω χαρισμά ύμιν πνευματικόν, εις chat some I may impart gift to you spiritual, for το στηριχθηναι ύμας. 12 τουτο δε εστι, συμthe to be established you; this and is, to be παρακληθηναι, εν ύμιν δια της εν αλληλοις comforted together, among you through the in each other  $\pi i \sigma \tau \epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\psi \mu \omega \nu \tau \epsilon$  kat  $\epsilon \mu \sigma \nu$ . Is in each other  $\delta \epsilon$  faith, of you and also of me. Not I wish but ύμας αγνοειν, αδελφοι, ότι πολλακις προεθεμην you to be ignorant, brethren, that many times I purposed ελθειν προς ύμας, (και εκωλυθην αχρι του δευto come to you, (and was hindered till the presρο,) ίνα τινα καρπον σχω και εν ύμιν, καθως ent,) that some truit might have also among you, και εν τοις λοιποις εθνεσιν. 14 Ελλησι τε και even among the other nations. To Greeks both and βαρβαροις, σοφοις τε και ανοητοις οφειλετης to barbarians, to wise ones both and to sumple ones ειμι· 15 ούτω, το κατ' εμε, προθυμον και ύμιν A am; thus, that according to me, I am eager even to you τοις εν 'Ρωμη ευαγνελισασθαι. 16 Ου γαρ to those in Rome to announce glad tidings. for επαισχυνομαι το ευαγγελιον δυναιιις γαρ θεου I am ashamed the glad tidings; power for of God εστιν εις σωτηριαν παντι τω πιστευοντι, Ιουis for salvation to all to the believing, δαιώ τε \*[πρωπον] και Έλληνι.  $^{17}$  Δικαιοσυνη [tirst] and to Greek. Righteousness γαρ θεου εν αυτφ αποκαλυπτεται εκ πιστεως for of God in it is revealed from faith εις πιστιν, καθως γεγραπται. 'Ο δε δικαιος εκ in order to faith, as at has been written, The and just by πιστεως, ζησεται. fath. shall live. 18 Αποκαλυπτεται γαρ οργη θεου απ' ουρανου besides wrath of God from heaven επι πασαν ασεβειαν και αδικιαν ανθρωπων, all impiety and injustice of men, εν αδικια κατεχοντων.  $\tau\omega\nu$   $\tau\eta\nu$   $\alpha\lambda\eta\theta\epsilon\iota\alpha\nu$   $\epsilon\nu$  of those the truth by injustice holding down. 19 Διοτι το γνωστον του θεου φανερον εστιν εν Because that known of the God manifest αυτοις δ θεος γαρ αυτοις εφανερωσε 20 (τα them; the God for to them showed; (the things γαρ αυρατα αυτου απο κτισεως κοσμου, ποις of him from creation of the world, in the

11 For I greatly desire to see you, ‡ that I may impart to you Some spiritual Gift, for your firm Es-TABLISHMENT;

12 and this is, that I may be comforted among you, through the MUTUAL Faith both of you and me

13 But I wish you not to be ignorant, Brethren, t that I often purposed to come to you, (though hindered till Now) that I may have ‡ Some Fruit among you also, even as among the OTHER Na-

14 † Both to Greeks and Barbarians, both to Wise and Simple, I am a Debtor;

15 so that ACCORDING To my ability, I am eager to announce glad tidings among you also in Rome.

16 # For I am not ashamed of the GLAD TI-DINGS; thecause they are the Power of God for Salvation to Every ONE BE-LIEVING; both to Jew and to Greek:

17 # For the Righteousness of God by Faith is revealed therein in order to Faith: as it has been written, ‡" But the BIGHTEous by Faith, shall live."

18 Besides, the Wrath of God is revealed from Heaven in regard to All Impiety and Injustice of THOSE MEN, who, through Injustice, SUPPRESS the TRUTH.

19 Because the KNOW-LEDGE of GOD is apparent among them; for GoD disclosed it to Them ;

20 for this invisible things, even His ETERNAL Power and Deity, since the Creation of the World are clearly seen, being perceived by the THINGS which are MADE; so that they are inexcusable.

things made being perceived is clearly seen, the both eternal

auτου δυναμις και θειοτης.) εις το ειναι auτους of him power and deity;) in order that to be them

ποιημασι νουυμενα καθοραται,

n T∈ aiδios

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. first-omit.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Rom. xv. 29. † 13. Rom. xv. 23. † 13. Phil. iv. 17. † 14. 1 Cor 1x. 15. † 16. Psa. xl. 9; Mark viii 38; 2 Tim. i. 8. † 16. 1 Cor. i. 18; xv. 2 † 17. Rom. iii. 21. † 17. Hab. ii. 4; John iii. 36; Gal. iii. 11; Phil. iii. 9; Heb. x. 38 † 18. Acts xvii. 39; Eph. v. 6; Col. iii. 6. † 20. Psa. xix. 1; Acts xiv. 17; xvii. 27.

21 Δ107  $\gamma \nu o \nu \tau \epsilon s \tau o \nu \theta \epsilon o \nu$ , αναπολογητους. inexcusable. Because having known the God. αλλ' ουχ ώς θεον εδοξασαν η ηυχαριστησαν as God they glorified or they gave thanks; εματαιωθησαν εν τοις διαλογισμοις αύτων, και in the reasonings of them, and were vain εσκοτισθη ή ασυνετος αυτων καρδια 22 φασwas darkened the perverse of them heart; assertκοντες ειναι σοφοι, εμωρανθησαν, <sup>23</sup> και ηλλαto be wise ones, they were foolish, ing ξαν την δοξαν του αφθαρτου θεου εν όμοιωματι the glory of the incorruptible God in εικονος φθαρτου ανθρωπου, και πετεινων και of an image of corruptible man, and birda and 24 A10 \*[ Ka1] τετραποδων KAL COTETWY. Therefore [also] of four-footed beasts and creeping things. παρεδωκεν αυτους δ θεος εν ταις επιθυμιαις των them the God in the Justs delivered καρδιων αυτων εις ακαθαρσιαν, του ατιμαζεσθαι hearts of them to impurity, of the to be dishonored  $\tau \alpha \sigma \omega \mu \alpha \tau \alpha \alpha \delta \tau \omega \nu \in \nu \in \alpha \upsilon \tau o \iota s^{25}$  où  $\tau \iota \nu \in \nu \in \tau \gamma \lambda$ of them in themselves; the bodies who exchanged λαξαν την αληθειαν του θεου εν τω ψευδει, και of the God in the falsebood, and the truth εσεβασθησαν και ελατρευσαν τη κτισει served the created thing more than reverenced and του κτισαντα, ός εστιν ευλογητος εις τους him having created, who is worthy of praise into αιωνας· αμην. 26 Δια τουτο παρεδωκεν αυτους so be it. On account of this delivered δ θεος εις παθη ατιμίας. Αί τε γαρ θελειαι the God to passions ofinfamy, The even for αυτων μετηλλαξαν την φυσικην χρησιν εις την changed the natural use into that

αφεντες την φυσικην χρησιν της θηλειας, εξεof the female, having left the natural nse Were καυθησαν εν τη ορεξει αύτων εις αλληλους, with the lust of them for each other, αρπενες εν αρπεσι την ασχημοσυνην κατεργαmales with males the working indecency

φυσιν.

in violation of nature;

<sup>27</sup> δμοιως τε και οί αρβενες

in like manner and also the

28 Και καθως ουκ εδοκιμασαν τον θεον εχειν εν they did try the God to have 28 not επιγνωσει, παρεδωκεν αυτους ό θεος εις αδοκιdelivered them the God to a worthknowledge, μον νουν, ποιειν τα μη καθηκοντα· 29 πεπληto do the things not fitting; having been mind, ρωμενους παση αδικια, πονηρια, πλεονεξια, καwith all iniquity, in wickedness, in covetousness, filled in

21 Because, though they knew God, they did not glorify or thank him as God, but their reasonings, and Their reasonings, and Their preverse Heart was darkened;

22 assuming to be Wisk men, they became foolish:

23 and they changed the GLORY of the INCORRUP-TIBLE ‡ God into an Image-likeness of Corruptible Man, and of Birds, and of Quadrupeds, and of Reptiles.

24 ‡Therefore God delivered them over, through the Lusts of their hearts for Impurity, ‡to Distince their Bodies among themselves;

25 who exchanged the TRUTH concerning God for a FALSE religion, and reverenced and served the CREATURE rather than the CREATURE rather than the AGES Amen!

26 On this account God delivered them over to infamous Passions; for even their Females changed the NATURAL Use for THAT which is UNNATURAL:

27 and in like manner also the MALES, leaving the NATURAL Use of the FEMALE were burnt up with their furious lust for each other;—Males wi h Males committing INDECENCY, and receiving back among themselves that RECOMPENSE Of their EREBOR which was proper.

28 And as they did not cnoose to possess the Knowledge of God, God delivered them over to a Worthless Mind, to do IM-PROPER THINGS;—

29 abounding in Every Iniquity;—in Wickedness, in Covetousness, in Malig-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 24. also-omit.

κια μεστους φθονου, φονου, εριδος, δολου, malignity; full of envy, murder, strife, decest κακοηθειας, ψιθυριπτας 30 καταλαλους, θεοσhad disposition, whisperers; ύβριστας, ύπερηφανους, αλαζονας, TUYELS. insoleut oues, proud ones, boasters, εφευρετας κακων, γονευσιν απειθεις, 31 ασυνεof evils, to parents disobedient, τους, ασυνθετους, αστοργους, \*[ασπονδους,] ανελεημονας. 32 οίτινες το δικαιωμα του θεου unmerciful ones; who the ordinance of the God επιγνοντες, (δτι οί τα τοιαυτα πρασσοντες having known, (that those the things such αξιοι θανατου εισιν,) ου μονον αυτα ποιουσιν worthy of death are,) not only them αλλα και συνευδοκουπι τοις πρασπουσι, ΚΕΦ.

θρωπε δ κρινων τους τα τοιαυτα πρασσουτας, who art judging those the things such doing,

και ποιων αυτα, ότι συ εκφευξη το κριμα του and artdoing them, that thou shalt escape the sentence of the Ocov: <sup>4</sup> Η του πλουτου της χρηστοτητος αυτου (ω). Ο cofthe wealth of the goodness of him και της ανοχης και της μακροθυμιας καταφροαπό of the forbearance and of the puttence thinkest hou veis, αγνοων, ότι το χρηστον του θεου είς wrong, heing ignorant, that the goodness of the God to μεταγοίαν σε άγει; <sup>5</sup> Κατα δε την σκληρογείστηται του και αμετανοητον καρδιαν, θησαυρίζεις

of thee and unchanged heart, thou treasurest σεαυτώ οργην εν ήμερα οργης και αποκαλυθέως to theself wrate in a day of wrath and of a revelation

δικαιοκρισίας του θεου,  $^6$ ός αποδωσει έκαστω who will render to each

nity; full of Envy, Murder, Strife, Deceit, Bad Habits; Secret Slanderers,

30 Revilers, God-haters, Insolent, Proud, Boasters, Devisers of Evil things, Disobedient to Parents,

31 Obstinate, Covenantbreakers, destitute of Natural Affection, without

Pity;
32 who, though they
know the ORDINANCE of
GOD, (That THOSE who
PRACTISE SUCH things are
‡ deserving of Death.) not
only \* are doing Them,
but even are approving
those who practise them.

CHAPTER II.

1 Therefore thou art inexcusable. O Man! THOU who JUDGEST all; I for in what thou judgest ANOTHER, thou condemnest Thyself; since THOU, the JUDGE, I dost practise the SAME things.

2 But we know That the SENTENCE of GOD is according to TRUTH upon those who PRACTISE SUCH

things.

8 And dost thou think this, O Man's THOU who JUDGEST THOSE PRACTISING SUCH things, and yet art doing the same, That thou shalt escape the SENTENCE of GOD?

4 Or dost thou despise the ‡ABUNDANCE of his GOODNESS and FORBEAR-ANCE and PATIENCE, ‡ being ignorant That this GOODNESS of GOD entices thee to a Reformation?

5 According to thy HARDNESS and unchanged Heart, thou art treasuring up Wrath for thyself in a lay of Wrath and Revelation of God's Rightcone judgment;

6 twho will award to

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—31. Implacable—omit. approving those who.

<sup>32.</sup> are doing them, but even are

<sup>+ 1.</sup> Whitby, in his note on this verse, quotes passages from Josephus, by which it appears that the Jews were guilty of most of the crimes enumerated in the first chapter.

<sup>7 32.</sup> Rom. vi. 21. 1. 2 Sam. xii. 5-7; Matt. vii. 1; 2 John 8, 9. 1. 4. Rom. ix. 23, Eph. 1. 7; ii. 4, 7. 1. 4. Isa. xxx. 18; 2 Pet. iii. 9, 15. 2. 5 James v. 4. 16. 3 is xxxiv. 11; Psa. lxii. 12; Prov. xviv. 12; Per. xvii. 10; xxxii. 19; Matt. xvi. 27; Rom. 11. 12; 1 Cor. iii. 8; 2 Cor. v. 10; Kev. 11. 23; xx. 12; xxii. 12; xxxii. 19

τα εργα αυτου. 7 τοις μεν καθ' ὑπομοaccording to the works of him; to those indeed by νην εργου αγαθου, δοξαν και τιμην και αφθαρverance of a work good, glory and honor and incorrupσιαν ζητουσι, ζωην αιωνιον. 8 τοις δε εξ εριθειlife age-lasting; to those but from a party tibility are seeking, ας, και απειθουσι μεν τη αληθεια, πειθομενοις truth, spirit, and disobeying indeed the 9 Θλιψις και οργη και θυμος. δε τη αδικια, but the unrighteousness, wrath and indignation. Affliction and στενοχωρια επι πασαν ψυχην ανθρωπου του on ever# luoe κατεργαζομενου το κακον, Ιουδαιου τε πρωτον both the evil, of Jew working και Έλληνος. 10 δοξα δε και τιμη και ειρηνη glory but and honor and peace of Greek; παντι τω εργαζομενώ το αγαθον, Ιουδαιώ τε the good, to Jew working to every one the 11 Ου γαρ εστι πρασωπο-Not for is respect of πρωτον και Έλληνι. respect of first and to Greek. ληψια παρα τω θεω. the God. persons with 12 Όσοι γαρ ανομως ήμαρτον, ανομως και As many as for without law sinned, without law also εν νομφ ήμαρτον, δια απολουνται και όσοι by and as many as under law sinned, shall perish; νομου κριθησονται, 13 (ου γαροί ακροαται του law shall be judged, (not for the hearers of the shall be judged, νομου δικαιοι παρα τ $\phi$  θ $\epsilon \phi$ , αλλ' οἱ ποιηται law just ones with the God, but the doers 14 'Οταν γαρ εθνη του νομου δικαιωθησονται. for Gentiles When shall be justified. τα μη νομον εχοντα, φυσει τα του νομο those not alaw having, by nature the things of the law του νομου ποιη, ούτοι νομον μη εχοντες, έαυτοις εισι having, to themselves are these alaw not may do, το εργον του 15 οίτινες ενδεικνυνται vouos. work of the show plainly the a law; νομου γραπτον εν ταις καρδιαις αύτων, συμμαρ-

ď a day when shall judge the defending.) κρυπτα των ανθρωπων, κατα το Deos  $\tau \alpha$ according to the secrets of the men, God the things

hearts of them,

accusing

conscience,

testily-

and between

each according to his WORKS:

7 aionian Life, indeed, to THOSE who, by Perseverance in Good Works, are seeking for Glory and Honor and Incorruptibili-

8 but Indignation and Wrath to THOSE who are Tractious, and tobey not the TRUTH but obey UNRIGHTEOUSNESS :-

9 Affliction and Distress on EVERY Soul of Man WORKING EVIL; first of the Jew, and then of the Greek:

10 but Glory and # Honor and Peace to EVERY one WORKING GOOD; first to the Jew, and then to the

Greek; II for t there is no Par-

tiality with God.
12 Therefore, as many as sinned without law, will perish also without law; and as many as sinned under Law, will be judged

by Law;—
13 (for not 7 the HEAR-ERS of \* Law are just before God, but the DOERS of \* Law will be justified.

14 When, therefore, THOSE Gentiles not HAV-ING a Law, † naturally perform the THINGS of the LAW, these, though they do not possess a Law, are a Law to themselves:

15 who demonstrate the twork of the LAW written on their HEARTS, Their CONSCIENCE CO-attesting, and the REASONINGS between each other, accusing or defending;)-

16 in a Day when, according to my GLAD TI-

the

τυρουσης αυτων της συνειδησεως, και μεταξυ

αλληλων των λογισμων κατηγορουντων, η και

16 Ev

written in

each other of the reasonings

απολογουμενων.)

them the

ήμερα ότε κρινει ό

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. Law. 13. Law.

<sup>+ 14.</sup> Phusei, by nature, means also "an infused disposition, which is become, as it were, † 14. Phusei, by nature, means also "an infused disposition, which is become, so it were, natural. And in this view, I apprehend, after attentive consideration, it is used in that famous passage, Rom. ii. 14, 15. This passage relates, I think, not to unconverted, but to converted Gentiles. See verse 26; and Jer. xxxi. 31—35 with Hrb. viii. 6—13; x. 16; 2 Cor. iii. 3. Ignatius uses the word in the same view when he thus addresses the Ephesian church, § 1; "Having heard of your name much beloved of God, which you have attained by your righteous disposition, (Phusei,) according to the faith and love which is is in Jesus Christ our Savior." See Parkhurst on the word.

† 15. Matter or substance of the law, or by a pleonasm, the law itself.

<sup>† 8. 1</sup> Tim. vi. 3, 4. † 8. 2 Thess. i. 8. † 10. 1 Pet. i 2 Chron. xix. 7; Gal. ii. 6; 1 Pet. i. 17. † 13. James i. 22, 23. : 10. 1 Pet. i. 7. 1 11. Deut. x. 17;

ευαγγελιον μου, δια Ιησου Χριστου. 17 Ει δε glad tidings of me, through Jesus Anointed. If but glad tidings of me, through Jesus

συ Ιουδαιος επονομα(η, και επαναπαυη τω thou a Jew art named. and dost rest in the

νομφ, και καυχασαι εν  $\theta$ εφ,  $^{18}$  και γινωσκεις το dost boast in God. and knowest

θελημα, δοκιμα (εις διαφεροντα, KOLL  $\tau \alpha$ will and discernest the things differing.

κατηχουμένος εκ του νομου. 19 πεποιθας τε being instructed out of the law; hast believed and

όδηγον ειναι τυφλων, φως των εν GEQUITOR thyself a guide to be of blind ones, a light of those in 20 παιδευτην OKUTEL. διδασκαλον αφρονων,

darkness, an instructor of simple ones, a teacher

εχοντα την μορφωσιν της γνωσεως having the form of the knowledge I'MTIWV. of babes, knowledge

και της αληθείας εν τω νομω. 21 δ ουν δίδασand of the truth in the law; who then art teachκων έτερον, σεαυτον ου διδασκεις; δ κηρυσσων

thyself not dost thou teach? who art preaching

μη κλεπτειν, κλεπτεις; 22 δ λεγων μη μοιχευnot to steal, dost thou steal? who artsaying not to commit

μοιχευεις ; ό βδελυσσομένος τα EIV. adultery. dost thou commit adultery? who art detesting ίεροσυλεις: <sup>23</sup> ός εν νομώ καυχασαι,

idols, dost thou rob temples? who in a law δια της παραβασεως του νομου τον θεον

through the violation of the law God ατιμαζεις; <sup>24</sup> Το γαρ ονομα του θεου δι' ύμας dost thou dishonor? The for name of the God through you

βλασφημειται εν τοις εθνεσι, καθως γεγραπται. is blasphemed among the nations, even as it has been written.

<sup>25</sup> Περιτομη μεν γαρ ωφελει, εαν νομην πρασ-Circumcision indeed for profits, if law thou

σης εαν δε παραβατης νομου ης, ή περι-

practisest, if but a violator of law thou may est be, the cir-26 Εαν ουν ή τομη σου ακροβυστια γεγονεν. cumersion of thee uncircumcision has become. It therefore the

ακροβυστια τα δικαιωματα του νομου φυλασση, uncircumcision the ordinances of the law

ουχι ή ακροβυστια αυτου εις περιτομην λογισnot the uncircumcision of him for circumcision will be

θησεται: 27 και κρινει ή εκ Φυσεως ακροβυσand will judge the from nature uncircum. INGS, GOD will judge the I HIDDEN things of MEN,

through \* Christ Jesus.

17 But if thou fart named a Jew, and dost rest in Law, and boast in

18 and knowest 1 his WILL, and dost # discern SUPERIOR THINGS, being instructed out of the LAW;

19 and hast believed thyself to be a Guide of the Blind, a Light of THOSE in Darkness.

20 an Instructor of the Simple, a Teacher of Babes; having the I FORM of KNOWLEDGE and of TRUTH in the LAW:-

21 † dost ‡ THOU, then, who art TEACHING another, not instruct Thyself? THOU who art PREACH-ING, "Do not steal," dost thou steal?

22 THOU who art saying, "Do not commit adultery!" dost thou commit adultery? THOU Who AB-HORREST IDOLS, dost thou rob temples?

23 Thou who dost boast in a Law, through the VIOLATION of the LAW dost thou dishenor GoD?

24 For, even as it has been written, "The NAME of God is blasphemed on your account among the NATIONS."

25 Now Circumcision indeed profits, if thou dost practise Law . but if thou art a Violator of Law, thy CIRCUMCISION has become Uncircumcision.

26 If therefore the : UN-CIRCUMCISION observe the ORDINANCES of the LAW, will not his UNCIR-CUMCISION be accounted for Circumcision?

27 And the UNCIRCUM-

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-16. Christ Jesus. 17. Law.

<sup>† 21</sup> Lee Jewish priesthood was very corrupt in the apostolic age. This is very evident both by the Scriptures, and the testimony of Josephus. He charges them with "thefte treachery, adultery, sacrilege, rapine, and murder:" and be adds, that "new ways of wickedness were invented by them; and that of all their abominations, the temple was the receptacle."

<sup>† 16.</sup> Luke viii. 17. † 20. 2 Tun. 113; iii. \$ † 25. Gal. v. 3. 7. † 17. ver. 28. † 1 1 21. Matt. xxiii. 3. † 26. Acts x. 34, 35. 1 18. Psa. cxlvii. 19, 20. 1 24. Isa. lii. 5, Ezek. xxxvi. 20, 28.

τια, τον νομον τελουσα, σε τον δια γραμμαtiston, the law perfecting, then who through letter τος και περιτομης παραβατην νομου; 28 Ου γαρ Not a violator of law? and circumcision δ εν τφ φανερφ, Ιουδαιος εστιν, ουδε ή εν τφ nor that in the he in the outward appearance, a Jew εν σαρκι, περιτομη ο 29 αλλ' δ εν τω outward appearance, in flesh, circumcision; but he in the κρυπτώ Ιουδαιος, και περιτομη καρδιας. εν even circumcision of heart. in a Jew, πνευματι, ου γραμματι ού δ επαινος ουκ εξ not from not letter; of whom the praise spirit, ανθρωπων, αλλ' εκ του θεου. but from the God.

KE $\Phi$ .  $\gamma'$ . 3. <sup>1</sup> Τι ουν το περισσον του Ιουδαιου; η τις ή What then the pre-eminence of the Jew? or what the ωφελεια της περιτουης; 2 Πολυ, κατα πανprofit of the circumcision? Much, according to every Πρωτον μεν γαρ, ότι επιστευθη-First indeed for, because they were enτα τροπον. mode. 3 Τι γαρ: ειηπιστα λογια του θεου. treated with the oracles of the God. What for? if believed τησαν τινες, μη ή απιστια αυτων την πιστιν some, not the unbelief of them the  $^4$  Μη γενοιτο· γινεσθω του θεου καταργησει: of the God will make void? Not let it be; δε δ θεος αληθης, πας δε ανθρωπος ψευστης, every but but the God true, man καθως γεγραπται. Όπως αν δικαιωθης εν τοις even as it has been written; That thou mayest be justified in the λονοις σου, και νικησης εν τω κρινεσθαι σε. words of thee, and mayest conquerin the to be judged thee. αδικια ήμων θεου δικαιοσυνην συ-It but the unrighteousness of us of God righteousness νιστησι, τι ερουμεν; μη αδικος ό θεος ό επιtablishes, what shall we say? not unrighteous the God that in-(κατα ανθρωπον λεγω.) φερων την οργην; Groung the wrath? (according to man I speak.) 6 Μη γενοιτο· επει πως κρινει ό θεος τον κοσμον; Not let it be; otherwise how will judge the God the world? 7 Ει γαρ ή αληθεια του θεου εν τω εμώ ψευσμα-If for the truth of the God by the my falsehood τι επερισσευσεν εις την δοξαν αυτου, τι ετι of him, to the glory why yet καγω ώς αμαρτωλος κρινομαι; 8 Και μη (καθως am judged? And not (as asinner βλασφημουμεθα, \*[και] καθως φασι τινες ήμας [and] as affirm some of us we are falsely accused,

CISION, from a state of nature, perfecting the LAW, will ‡ condemn THEE, who with the Written law and Circumcision art a Violator of Law.

28 For not that which is external makes the Jew, nor that which is external in the Flesh cir-

CUMCISION:

29 but the Jew is HID-DEN within, even t Curcumcision of the Heart,— Spiritual, not Literal; Whose PRAISE comes not from Men, but from God.

#### CHAPTER III.

1 What then is the surpressority of the Jew, or What the PROFIT of the CIRCUMCISION?

2 Much in every Respect; but first, indeed, Because they were entrusted with the ORACLES

of GoD.

3 For what ‡if some did not believe? will their UNBELLEF annul the FI-

DELITY of GOD?

4 By no means! but let God be true, though Every Man be False; even as it has been written, ‡ "That "thou mayest be justified "in thy words, and may-"est overcome in thy "JUDGMENT."

5 But if our UNRIGHTE-OUSNESS establishes God's Righteousness, what shall we say? Is that GOD unnighteous who inflicts WRATH? (I speak according to Man.)

6 By no means! otherwise, thow will God judge

the WORLD?

7 For if the TRUTH of God abounded by MY Falsehood to his GLORY, why am I also yet judged as a Sinner?

8 And not, (as we are falsely accused, and as

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. and-omit.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Matt. xii. 41 42. † 28. Matt. iii. 0; John viii. 39; Rom. ix. 6, 7; Gal. vi. 15. † 29. (cd. ii. 11; Phil. iii. 3. † 2. Psa. exlvii. 19, 20; Rom. ix. 4. † 3. Rom. x. 16; Heb. iv. 20; vi. 1, 15. † 28. Matt. iii. 0; John viii. 39; Rom. ix. 6, 7; Gal. vi. 15. † 2. Psa. exlvii. 19, 20; Rom. ix. 4. † 3. Rom. x. 20; vi. 1, 15.

 $λε \sim ειν$ ,) δτι ποιησωμέν τα κακα, <math>ίνα ελθη τα to ειμη,) that we may do the cylithings, so that may come the

αγαθα ; ων το κριμα ενδικον επτι.  $^9$  Tι ουν; good things? of whom the judgment just is. What then?

προεχομεθα; Ου παντως· προητιασαμεθα γαρ, do we excel? Not at all; we before convicted for,

Ιουδαίους τε και Έλληνας παντας ὑφ' αμαρ-Jews both and Greeks all under sin

τιαν ειναι. 10 καθως γεγραπται. Ότι ουκ εστι to be; even as it has been written; That not is

δικαιος ουδε είς. 11 ουκ εστιν δ συνιων, ουκ εσjust notevenone; not is heunderstanding, not is

The  $\delta$  extension the God;  $^{12}$   $\pi$ autes exercise, the seeking out the God; all texted aside,

άια ηχρειωθησαν ουκ εστιποιων χρηστοτητος etherthey were unprofitable; not is doing goodness,

τα, \*[oυκ εστιν] έως ένος. <sup>13</sup> Ταπος ανεωγμε[not is] even one. A sepurchre having been

νος δ λαρυγξ αυτων ταις γλωσσαις αύτων opened the throat of them; with the tongues of them

 $\begin{array}{lll} \epsilon\delta n\lambda \iota o v\sigma a v. & \text{Ios } \alpha\sigma\pi\iota^5\omega\nu \ \dot v\pi o \ \tau\alpha \ \chi \epsilon \iota \lambda \eta \ \alpha v\tau \omega \nu, \\ \text{they deceived.} & \text{Venom} & \text{of asps} & \text{under the lips} & \text{of them,} \\ \end{array}$ 

14 'Av to stopa apas kal tirolas yeuel.

Of whom the mouth of cursing and of bitterness is full.

15 Οξεις οί ποδες αυτων εκχεαι αίμα. 16 συντριμ-Swift the feet of them to pour out blood; ruin

μα και τολαιπωρία εν ταις δξοις αυτων 17 και and misery in the ways of them; and δλον ειρηνης ουκ εννωσαν. 18 Ουκ εστι φοβος away of peace not they knew. Not is fear

θεου απεναντι των οφθαλμων αυτων. 19 Οιδαοι God before the eyes of them. We know

νουφ λυλει ίνα παν στουα φοα~η, και ὑποδιlaw it speaks; that every mouth may be stopped and liable to

kns γενηται πας δ κοσμος το θεω. 20 Διοτι εξ penalty may become all the world to the God. Therefore from

εργων νομου ου δικαιωθησεται πασα σαρξ ενωworks of law not shall be justified all flesh before

πιον αυτου° δια γαρ νομου επιγνωσις αμαρτίας.
him; through for law an acknowledgement of sin.

some affirm that we say,) that we may do evil, so that GOOD may come; Whose CONDEMNATION is just.

just.

9 What then? Do we excel? Not at all; for we before convicted both. Jews and Greeks to be all under Sin:

10 even as it has been written, ‡ "There is none "righteous, not even one;

11 There is \*none that "understands, there is "none that seeks God.

12 "They all have "turned aside; they are "altogether worthless; "there is none that does "Good, there is not even "one.

13 † ‡ "An opened "Tomb is their THROAT; "with their TONGUES they "deceive; ‡the Poison of "Asps is under their LIPS.

14 ‡ "Their MOUTH is "full of Cursing and Bit-"terness."

15 ‡"Their FEET are "swift to shed Blood;

16 "Ruin and Misery "are in their PATHS,

17 "and a Peaceful "Road they have not "known.

18 t "There is no Fear "of God before their EYES."

1º But we know That whatever things the Law says, it speaks to THOSE under the Law; so that Fvery Mouth may be stopped, and that All the WORLD may become amenable to God.

20 Therefore by Works of Law No Human being shall be justified in his presence; ‡ for through Law there is an Acknowledgement of Sin.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—11. none that understands, there is none that seeks God.
 12. not is—omet.

<sup>† 13.</sup> This, with all the following verses to the end of the 18th, are found in the Septuagint, but not in the Hebrew text; and it is most evident that it was from this Version that the apostle quoted, as the verses cannot be found in any other place with so near an approximation to the apostle's meaning and words.—Clarke. Some contend, however, that the Apostle quoted from different parts of Scripture.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Psa. xiv. 1—3. † 13. Psa. v. 5; Jer. v. 16. † 14. Psa. cxl. 8. † 14. Psa. xx7. † 15. Prov. 1. 16; Isa. Iiv. 7, 8. † 18. Psa. xxxvi. 1. † 19. John 2. 24; xv. 25. † 20. Rom. vii. 7; Gal. ii. 16.

21 Νυνι δε χωρις νομου δικαιοσυνη θεου πεφαa righteousness of God has been Now but without law νερωται, μαρτυρουμενη ύπο του νομου και των made manifest, being attested by the law and the  $\pi po\phi \eta \tau \omega v^{-22} \delta i \kappa \alpha i \sigma \sigma v \eta$   $\delta \epsilon \theta \epsilon \theta v \delta i \alpha \pi i \sigma \tau \epsilon \omega s$ a righteonsness even of God through faith

\*[Ιησου] Χριστου, εις παντας \*[και επι παν-[and upon [of Jesus] Anointed, to all τας] τους πιστευοντας ου γαρ εστι διαστολη.
the believing; not for is a distinction.

<sup>23</sup> Παντες γαρ ήμαρτον, και ύστερουνται της come short ofthe for sinned, and nned, 24 δικαιουμενοι δωρεαν,  $\tau \eta$  freely, by the δοξης του  $\theta \in ov$ , glory of the God,

αυτου χαριτι, δια της απολυτρωσεως της εν that favor, through the redemption

Χριστω Ιησου· 25 δν προεθετο δ θεος ίλαστηριον Anointed Jesus; whom set forth the God a mercy-seat

δια της πιστεως εν τω αυτου αίματι, εις ενδειby the of him through the faith blood. for a pointτης δικαιοσυνης αύτου, δια την παρεσιν ing out of the righteousness of himself, through the passing by

των προγεγονοτων άμαρτηματων εν τη ανοχη in theforbearance of the formerly committed sins

του θεου· 26 προς ενδειξιν της δικαιοσυνης of the God; to a pointing out of the

αύτου εν τω νυν καιρώ, εις το ειναι αυτον of himself in the present time, in order that to be him δικαιον, και δικαιουντα τον εκ πιστεως Ιησου.

righteous, and justifying him of faith of Jesus. 27 Που ουν ή καυχησις; εξεκλεισθη. Δια TOLOU

it is shut out. Through what kind Where then the boasting? των εργων; ουχι, αλλα δια νομου νομου; of the works? no, but through a law of law?

πιστεως· 28 λογιζομεθα γαρ, δικαιουσθαι πιστει for, to be justified by faith wereckon

29 Η Ιουδαιων δ ανθρωπον, χωρις εργων νομου. without works of law. Or of Jews the  $\theta \epsilon os$  μονον; ουχι και  $\epsilon \theta \nu \omega \nu$ ; ναι και  $\epsilon \theta \nu \omega \nu$ .

and of gentiles? yes also of gentiles. alone? not  $^{30}$  E $\pi\epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon\rho$   $\epsilon\iota s$   $\delta$   $\theta\epsilon os$ ,  $\delta s$   $\delta\iota\kappa\alpha\iota\omega\sigma\epsilon\iota$   $\pi\epsilon\rho\iota\tau o\mu\eta\nu$   $\epsilon\kappa$   $_{
m Since}$   $_{
m one}$   $_{
m one}$ 

πιστεως, και ακροβυστιαν δια της πιστεως. uncircumcision through the and

31 Νομον ουν καταργουμεν δια της πιστεως; Μη do we nullify through the Law then faith? Not

γενοιτο αλλα νομον ίστωμεν. let it be; law we establish. · hut

21 # But now, apart from Law, God's Righteousness has been made manifest, t being attested by the LAW and the PROPHETS:

22 even God's Righte-ousness, ‡ through the Faith of Christ, to All WHO BELIEVE ;- for there is no Distinction.

23 for ‡ all have sinned, and come short of the

GLORY of GOD ;-

24 being justified freely by HIS Favor, #through THAT REDEMPTION which is by Christ Jesus;

25 whom God has set forth to be † : a Mercyseat, by HIS OWN Blood, through the FAITH; for an Exhibition of his RIGHT-EOUSNESS I in PASSING BY the SINS FORMERLY committed, during the FOR-BEARANCE of GOD:

26 and for an Exhibition of his RIGHTEOUSNESS at the PRESENT Time, in order that he may BE Righteous while justifying HIM who is of the Faith of Jesus.

27 Where then is BOAST-ING ? It is shut out. Through What Law? Of works? No, but by the

Law of Faith;

28 for we reckon that Man is justified by Faith, apart from Works of Law.

29 Or is he the God of the JEWS alone? and not of the Gentiles? Yes, of the the Gentiles also:

30 since it is the One God who will justify the Circumcision by Faith. and the Uncircumcision through the FAITH.

31 Do we then nullify Law through the FAITH? By no means; but, we es-

tablish Law.

22. and on all-omit.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—22. Jesus—omit.

<sup>† 25.</sup> The word hilasterion never signifies "propitiation," as it is translated in the common version; but it is always used wherever it occurs, both in the Old Testament and the New, to express the mercy-seat; which was the golden lid of the ark, upon which the Shethinah or cloud of glory rested, and from which oracles were dispensed. See Exod. xxv. 22; Num. vii. 3, 9; Lev. xvii. 2; Heb. ix. 5.—Im. Ver. Note.

<sup>1 24.</sup> Matt. xx. 28; Eph. i. 7; 1 25. Heb. ix. 5. 1 25. Acts

# KEΦ. δ'. 4.

Τι ουν ερουμεν Αβρααμ τον πατερα ήμων What then shall we say Abraam the father of us \*[εύρηκεναι] κατα σαρκα; <sup>2</sup>Ει γαρ Αβρααμ εξ to the Flesh?

If for Abraam from [to have found] according to flesh?  $\epsilon \rho \gamma \omega \nu$  εδικαιωθη,  $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota$  καυχημα, αλλ' ου προς works was justified, he has boasting, but not towards

<sup>3</sup> Τι γαρ ή γραφη λεγει; Επιστευσε What for the writing says? Believed τον θεον.

δε Αβρααμ τω θεω, και ελογισθη αυτω εις διand Abraam the God, and it was counted to him for right-

<sup>4</sup>Τφ δε εργαζομενω δ μισθος ου To him but working the reward not To bim but

λογιζεται κατα χαριν, αλλα κατα οφειλημα·
is counted according to favor, but according to debt;

5 τω δε μη εργαζομενω, πιστευοντι δε επι τον believing but on to him but not working, δικαιουντα τον ασ $\in$ βη, one justifying the angodly, λογιζεται ή πιστις one justifying is counted the faith αύτου εις δικαιοσυνην. 6 καθαπερ και Δαυιδ

of uimself for righteousness: even as also David λεγει τον μακαρισμον του ανθρωπου, 'ω δ θεος blessedness of the man, to whom the God

λογιζεται δικαιοσυνην χωρις εργων. 7 μακαριοι, counts righteousness without works; blessed ones,

αφεθησαν αί ανομιαι, και ών επεκαλυφθηof whom are forgiven the iniquities, and of whom are covered over

σαν αί άμαρτιαι· 8 μακαριος ανηρ, 'ω ου μη blessed man, to whom not no:

λογισηται κυριος άμαρτιαν. <sup>9</sup> 'Ο μακαρισμος ουν may count Lord 81n. The blessedness then

ούτος, επι την περιτομην η και επι την ακροon on the circumcision or also the

Λεγομεν γαρ, \*[δτι] ελογισθη τφ We say for, [that] was counted to the BUTTIAN;

Αβρααμ ή πιστις εις δικαιοσυνην. 10 Πως ουν Abraam the faith for nighteousness. How then

ελογισθη; εν περιτομη οντι, η εν ακροβυστια; was it counted? in circumcision being, or in uncircumcision?

Ουκ εν περιτομη, αλλ' εν ακροβυστια. 11 και Not in circumcision, but in uncircumcision;

σημειον ελαβε περιτομης, σφραγιδα της δικαιοa sign he received of circumcision, a seal of the righteous-

συνης της πιστεως της εν τη ακροβυστια. faith of that in the uncircumcision; in order

το ειναι αυτον πατερα παντων των πιστευονa father ofall of those believing

## CHAPTER IV.

1 What, then, shall we say of I Abraham, our \* FOREFATHER according

2 For if Abraham was justified by Works, he has a ground of boasting; but not before Gon:

3 for what says the scripture? ‡ "And Abra-"liam believed God, and "it was accounted to him "for Righteousness."

4 I Now to HIM who WORKS, the REWARD is not accounted as a Favor.

but as a Debt;

5 but to HIM who does not work, but who believes on HIM who JUSTI-FIES the UNGODLY, his FAITH is accounted for Righteousness.

6 Even as David also speaks of the BLESSED-NESS of the MAN to whom God accounts Righteousness apart from Works,
7 saying, ‡ "Happy are

"they Whose INIQUITIES "are forgiven, and Whose "sins are covered;

8 "happy is the Man"to whom the Lord will "not account Sin."

9 Is this BLESSEDNESS, then, on the CIRCUMCI-SION? or also on the UN CIRCUMCISION? for we affirm, FAITH was accounted to ABRAHAM for Righteousness.

10 How then was it accounted? When he was in Circumcision, or in Uncircumcision? Not in Circumcision, but in Uncircumcision.

11 And the received the Symbol of Circumcision, as a Seal of the RIGHTEOUSNESS OF THAT FAITH which he had while in uncircumcision; in order that he might be the Father of All uncircum-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. FOREFATHER.

<sup>1.</sup> to have found-omit.

<sup>9.</sup> That

<sup>† 1.</sup> Isa. II. 2; Matt. iii. 9; John viii. 33, 39; 2 Cor. xi. 22. † 5 Gen. xv. 9; Gal. iii 6; James ii. 23. † 7. Psa. xxxii. 1, 2. † 4. Rom. 1 1 4. Rom. xi. 6.

<sup>‡ 2.</sup> Rom. iii. 20, 27, 28. 1 5. Josh axiv. 2

των δι' ακροβυστιας, (εις το λογισθηναι \* [και] through uncircumciaton, (in order that to be counted [also]

autois  $\tau\eta\nu$  diracio  $\tau\eta\nu$ , 12 kai  $\pi\alpha\tau\epsilon\rho\alpha$   $\pi\epsilon\rho\tau\tau$  to them the righteousness.) and a father of circum-

 $\mu\gamma s$ ,  $\tau$ ois our  $\epsilon \kappa$   $\pi\epsilon \rho i \tau$ o $\mu\gamma s$   $\mu$ o $\nu$ o $\nu$ ,  $\alpha\lambda\lambda\alpha$   $\kappa\alpha i$   $\epsilon_{\rm taion}$ , to those not from circumcision alone; but also

Tois στοιχουσί τοις ίχνεσι της εν ακροβυστία to those treading in the footsteps of the in unconcumuision

πιστεως του πατρος ήμων Αβρααμ. 13 Ου γαρ faith of the father of us Atraam. Not for

δια νομου  $\hat{\eta}$  επαγγελια τω Αβρααμ,  $\eta$  τω σπερthrough law the promise to the Abraum, or to the seed

ματι αυτου, το κληρουομου αυτου ειναι κοσμου, of him, that a possessor him to be of a world,

αλλα δια δικαιοσυνης πιστεως. 14 Ει γαρ οί εκ but through a righteousness of faith. If for those of

νομου, κληρονομοι, κεκενωται  $\hat{\eta}$  πιστις, και law, possessors, has been made void the faith, and

κατηργηται ή επαγγελια 15 δ γαρ νομος tas been multiplied the promise; the for law

ορνην κατεργαζεται ού γαρ ουκ εστι νομος,

ou de  $\pi$ ara  $\beta$ aris.  $^{16}$   $\Delta$ ia  $\tau$ ou to  $\epsilon$ k  $\tau$ is  $\tau$ ews, the transgression. On account of this from faith,

ita κατα χαριν $^{\circ}$  εις το ειναι βεβαιαν την στhat according to favor; in order that to be sure the

επαγγελιαν παντι τω σπερματι, ου τω εκ του promise to all the seed, not to that from the

νομου μονον, αλλα και τω εκ πιστεως Αβρααμ taw alone, but also to that from faith Abras. δς εστι πατηρ παντων ήμων· 17 (καθως γεγραπ-

δς εστι πατηρ παντων ημων '' (καθως γεγραπwho is a father of all of us, (even as it has been
ται 'Οτι πατερα πολλων εθνων τεθεικα σε')

written; That a father of many nations I have placed thee;)
κατεναντιού επιστευσε θεου, του ζωοποιουντοs
in presence of whom he believed of God, of that making alive

τους νεκρους, και καλουντος τα μη οντα &s

ουτα. <sup>IS</sup> 'Os παρ' ελπιδα επ' ελπιδι επιστευbeing. Who contrary to hope in hope believed,

σεν, εις το γενεσθαι αυτον πατερα πολλων

€θνων, (κατα το ειρημενον Ούτως εσται το mailons, according to that having been spoken, Thus shall be the

σπερμα σου<sup>\*</sup>) <sup>19</sup> και μη ασθενησας τη πιστει, seed of thee;) and not having grown weak in the faith,

cised BELIEVERS; that the RIGHTEOUSNESS may be ACCOUNTED to them;

12 and a Father of Circumcision, not only to THOSE who are of Circumcision, but to THOSE also who TREAD in the FOOTSTEPS of the FAITH of our FATHER Abraham, which he had in Uncircumcision.

13 For the PROMISE to ABRAHAM and to his SEED, that he should be an Inheritor of a World, was not through Law, but through a Righteousness of Faith.

14 ‡ For if THOSE of the Law are Heirs, the FAITH becomes useless, and the PROMISE abrogated.

15 Besides, the LAW works out Wrath; \*but where Law is not, there is no Transgression.

16 On account of this it is from Fatth, ‡ that it may be according to Favor, ‡in order that the PROMISE might BE sure to All the SEED; not to THAT of the LAW only, but to THAT of the Faith of Abraham, ‡who is a Father of us all,—

17 as it has been written, ‡ "A Father of Many "Nations I have consti"tuted thee,"—in the presence of That God whom he believed, ‡ who MAKES ALIVE the DEAD, and calls ‡ THINGS not in BENING, as though EXIST-ING;

18 who, contrary to Hope, believed with Hope, that he should become a Father of Many Nations, according to That which had been spoken, ‡" Thus "shall thy seed be."

19 And not having grown weak in the FAITH,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. also-omit. 15. but where.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Gen. xvii. 4. &c., Cal. iii. 29. † 14. Gal. iii. 18. † 15. Rom. iii. 20; v. 13, 20; vii. 8, 10, 11; 1 Cor. xv. 56; 2 Cor. iii. 7, 9; Gal. iii. 10, 19; 1 John iii. 4. † 16. Rom. tii. 24. † 16. Gal. iii. 2; Rom. ix. 8. † 17. Gen. xvii. 5; 17. Rom. viii. 11; Eph. ii. 1, 5. † 17. Rom. ix. 26; 1 Cor. i. 18; 1 Pet. ii. 10. † 18. Gen. xv. 5.

\*[ov] κατενοήσε το έαυτου σωμα \*[ηδη] νενειου | he regarded the of himself body | falready | having κρωμενου, έκατονταετης που ὑπαρχων, και την been deadened, an hundred years old thereabouts being, and the νεκρωσιν της μητρας Σαρράς  $^{20}$  εις δε την deadness of the womb of Sarah; against and the απαγγελίαν του θεου ου διεκρίθη τη απίστια,

promise of the God not he disputed in the unbelief, αλλ' ενεδυναμωθη τη πιστει, δους δοξαν τω

but was made strong in the faith, giving glory to the  $\theta \in \omega$ ,  $^{21}$   $\kappa \alpha \iota \ \pi \lambda \eta \rho \rho \phi \rho \rho \eta \theta \epsilon \iota s$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota \ \delta \ \epsilon \pi \eta \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \tau \alpha \iota$ ,  $\epsilon \sigma \iota \eta \delta \iota$ 

able he is also to do. Wherefore [also] it was γισθη αυτφ εις δικαιοσυνην. <sup>23</sup> Ουκ εγραφη δε counted to him for righteousness. Not it was written but

 $\delta i'$  αυτον μονον,  $\delta \tau i \in \lambda$ ογισθη αυτω  $^{24}$  αλλα on account of him alone, that it was counted to him; but και  $\delta i'$   $\delta \mu$  αs, ois  $\mu$ ελλει  $\lambda$ ογι $(\varepsilon \sigma \theta$  αι, το is also on account of us, to whom it is about to be counted, to those

also on account of us, to whom it is about to be counted, to those πιστευουσιν επι τον εγειραντα Ιησουν τον believing on the one having raised up Jesus the

κυριον ἡμων εκ νεκρων  $^{25}$  ός παρεδοθη δια Lord of us out of dead ones; who was delivered up on account of τα παραπτωματα ἡμων, και εγερθη δια την

τα παραπτωματα ήμων, και  $\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\rho\theta\eta$  δια την the offences of us, and was raised upon account of the δικαιωσιν ήμων.

justification of us.

# KEΦ. $\epsilon'$ . 5.

1 Δικαιωθεντες ουν εκ πιστεως, ειρηνην Having been justified therefore by faith, εχομεν προς τον θεον δια του κυριου ήμων we have with the God through the Lord of us Ιησου Χριστου 2 δι' ού και την προσαγωγην Jesus Anounted, through whom also the introduction εσχηκαμην \*[τη πιστει] εις την χαριν ταυ-we have [by the faith] into the favor this, την, εν η εστηκαμεν και καυχωμεθα επ' in which we have stood; and we boast in  $^3$  Ou  $\mu$ ovov  $\delta\epsilon$ , ελπιδι της δοξης του θεου. hope of the glory of the God. Not alone and, αλλα και καυχωμεθα εν ταις θλιψεσιν, ειδοτες also we boast in the afflictions, knowing ότι ή θλιψις ύπομονην κατεργαζεται, 4 h SE that the affliction endurance works out, the and ύπομονη δοκιμην, ή δε δοκιμη ελπιδα,  $5\frac{1}{7}$  δε endurance approbation, the and approbation hope, the and the and ελπις ου καταισχυνει, ότι ή αγαπη του θεου hope not is put to shame, because the love of the God

though he regarded HIS own Body as deadened, being somewhere about a Hundred years old, and the DEADNESS of Sarah's WOMB;

20 he did not dispute against the PROMINE of God, by UNBELLEF, but was made strong in the FAITH, giving Glory to God:

21 having been fully assured, That what has been promised, ‡ he is able also to perform.

22 Therefore, it was accounted to him for Righte-

ousness.

23 But ‡it was not written for him alone, That it was accounted to him,

24 but also for us, to whom it is about to be eccounted, even to THOSE who BELIEVE ION HIM who RAISED UP JUSUS our LORD from the Dead;

25 twho was delivered up on account of our offences, tand raised for our Justification.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 Having been justified, therefore, by Faith, we have ‡ Peace with 60D, through our LORD Jesus Christ;

- 2 through whom, also we have been INTRO-DUCED into this FAVOR in which we stand; ‡ and we boast in Hope of the GLORY of GOD.
- 3 And not only so, but twe triumph also in AF-FLICTIONS, tknowing That AFFLICTION works out Endurance;
- 4 ‡ and ENDURANCE, Approval; and APPROVAL, Hope;
- 5 tand this HOPE is not put to shame, because

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-19. not-omit. 2. in the FAITH-omit.

<sup>19.</sup> already-omit.

<sup>22</sup> also-omit.

<sup>1 21.</sup> Psa. cxv. 3; Luke i. 37, 45; Heb. xi. 10.
1 24. Acts ii. 24; xiii. 30.
1 25. Isa. liii. 5, 6; kom. iii. 25; v. 6; viii. 32, &c 2. 25
1 Cor. xv. 17; 1 Pet. i. 21.
1 1. Eph. ii. 4; Col. 5, 20.
1 25. Heb. iii. 6.
1 3. Mast. 7, 11; Acts v. 41; 2 Cor. xii. 10; Phil. 17; James i. 2, 12; 1 Pet. iii. 14
1 3. James i. 12.

εκκεχυται εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων δια πνετμαhas been poured out in the of us through spirit hearts 6 \* [ET1] τος άγιου του δοθεντος ήμιν. γαρ holy of that having been given to us. [Yet] for

Χριστος, οντων ήμων ασθενων ετι, κατα καιan Anointed one, being of us without strength still, according to ύπερ ασεβων απεθανε. 7 Modis γαρ season in behalfof impious ones he died. Scarcely for

δικαιου τις αποθανειται. ύπερ γαρ in behalf of though will die; in behalf of a just person any one τις και τολμα αποθανειν. του αγαθού ταγα the good possibly some one even might dare

8 συνιστησι δε την έαυτου αγαπην εις ήμας δ recommends but the of himself us the love to θεος, ότι, ετι άμαρτωλων οντων ήμων, Χριστος sinners being of us, an Anointed one God, because, still ημων απεθανε. 9 Πολλω ουν μαλλον,

By much then more, in behalf of died. δικαιωθεντες νυν εν τω αίματι αυτου, σωθηhaving been justified now in the blood of him, we shall be 10 Ει γαρ σομεθα δι' αυτου απο της οργης. through him from the wrath. If for saved

εχθροι ουτες κατηλλαγημεν τφ θεφ δια του enemies being we were reconciled to the God through the θανατου του υίου αυτου, πολλφ μαλλον καταλdeath of the son of him, by much more having been

λαγεντες σωθησομεθα εν τη ζωη αυτου. reconciled we shall be saved in the life of him. 11 Ov Not

μονον δε, αλλα και καυχωμενοι εν τω θεω δια in the God through but also boasting του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, δι' ού νυν

ofus the Lord την καταλλαγην ελαβομεν.  $^{12}\Delta\iota\alpha$ TOUTO On account of this reconciliation we received. the ώσπερ δι' ένος ανθρωπου ή άμαρτια εις τον as through one man

Jesus

κυσμον εισηλθε, και δια της άμαρτιας ό θαναsin world entered, and through the the death; τος και ούτως εις παντας ανθρωπους δ θανατος to all men the death and thus

διηλθεν, εφ' ' παντες ήμαρτον. 13 Αχρι γαρ passed through, in which all sinned. Till for νομου άμαρτια ην εν κοσμώ άμαρτια δε оυк world; but not was in sin 14 Αλλ' εβασιλευελλογειται μη οντος νομου. But is counted not being law.

σεν δ θανατος απο Αδαμ μεχρι Μωυσεώς και the death from Adam till Moses and επι τους μη άμαρτησαντας επι τω δμοιωματι

in the

της παραβασεως Αδαμ. ός εστι τυπος του μελa type of the one ABOUT TO COME. of the transgression of Adam; who is

having sinned

over those not

tthe LOVE of GOD has been diffused in our HEARTS, through THAT holy Spirit which has been GIVEN to

6 \* Besides we being vet helpless, Christ at the proper Time, died in behalf of

the Ungodly.

7 Now scarcely on behalf of a Just person will any one die, though, pos-sibly, on behalf of the GOOD, some one might even venture to die.

8 #But \* Gop recommends HIS OWN Love to us, Because we being yet Sinners, Christ died on our

behalf.

9 By much more, then, having been now justified t by his BLOOD, we shall, through him, be saved from WRATH.

10 For if, being Enemies, twe were reconciled to GOD through the DEATH of his son, by how much more, having become reconciled, shall we be saved 1 by his LIFE?

Il And not only so, but we even boast in God through our LORD Jesus Christ, through whom we have now received the RE-

CONCILIATION ;

12 for this reason,-as through One Man sin entered into the WORLD, (in whom all sinned,) and through SIN, TDEATH; so also, DEATH passed upon All Men.

13 For till the Law, Sin was in the World, but f Sin is not accounted where there is no Law.

14 DEATH, however, reigned from Adam till Moses, even over those who had not SINNED in the SIMILITUDE of the TRANS-GRESSION of Adam, twho is a Type of that BEING

likeness

Anointed, through whom now

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. If, then, we being yet helpless. 6. vet-omit. he recommends.

δικαιοι

λοντες.  $^{15}$  Αλλ' ουχ  $^{\rm k}$  συ παραπτωμα ούτω being about to come. But not as the fall, so  $^{\rm k}$  [και] το χαρισμα. Ει γαρ τω του ένος [also] the gracious gift. If for by the of one one παραπτωματι οί πολλοι απεθανον, πολλώ μαλfall the many died, by much λον ή χαρις του θεου και ή δωρεα εν χαριτι τη the favor of the God and the gift by favor by that του ένος ανθρωπου Ιητου Χριστου εις τους πολof the one man Jesus Anointed to the many λους επερισσευσε. 16 Και ουχ ως δι' abounded. And not as through not as through one αμαρτησαντος, το δωρημα. Το μεν γαρ κριμα, having sinued, the free gift. The indeed for sentence,  $\epsilon \xi$   $\epsilon$  2005  $\epsilon$  15  $\epsilon$  15  $\epsilon$  15  $\epsilon$  16  $\epsilon$  17  $\epsilon$  16  $\epsilon$  17  $\epsilon$  16  $\epsilon$  17  $\epsilon$  16  $\epsilon$  17  $\epsilon$  17  $\epsilon$  18  $\epsilon$  17  $\epsilon$  18  $\epsilon$  18  $\epsilon$  19  $\epsilon$  19 πολλων παραπτωματων εις δικαιωμα. <sup>17</sup> Ει γαρ many offences to righteousness. If for τιο του ένος παραπτωματι ό θανατος εβασιby the of the one fall the death reigned λευσε δια του ένος, πολλφ μαλλον οἱ την torough the one, by much more those the περισσείαν της χαρίτος και <math>\*[της δωρεας] της abundance of the favor and [of the gift] of the δικαιοσυνης λαμβανοντες, εν ζωη βασιλευσουrightcounnes having received, in life

σι δια του ένος Ιησου Χριστου.

through the one Jesus Anointed. Indeed then ώς δι' ένος παραπτωματος, εις παντας ανθρωas through one offence, on all men πους εις κατακριμα· ο τω και δι' ένος δικαιωto condemnation; so also through one righteousματος, εις παντας ανθρωπους εις δικαιωσιν on all men to ajustification ness, ζωης. 19 Ωσπερ γαρ δια της παρακοης του of life. As for through the dissolutione of the ένος ανθρωπου άμαρτωλοι κατεσταθησαν οί sinners were constituted the oue man πολλοι· ούτω και δια της ύπακοης του ένος so also through the obelience of the one many;

10 Notes Se παρεισηλθεν, ίνα πλεοναση το
Law but supersened, so that might abound the παραπτωμα ού δε επλεοναπεν ή άμαρτια, offence; where but abounded the sin, λευσεν ή άμαρτια εν τω θανατω, ούτω και ή the death, so also the χαρις βασιλευση δια δικαιοσυνης εις ζωην αιωνιων, δια Ιησου Χριστου του κυριου ήμων. fasting, through Jesus Anounted the Lord of us. KEΦ. s'. 6. Tr ουν ερουμεν; επιμενωμεν l What then shall we we to continue say? Ought we to continue

κατασταθησονται οί πολλοι.

τη άμαρτια, ίνα ή χαρις πλεοναση: 2 Mη in SIN that FAVOR may ln the sin, so that the favor may abound? Not abound?

15 But not as the FALL. so is the GRACIOUS GIFT. For if by the FALL of the ONE, the MANY died, much more the FAVOR of GOD, even THAT Gracious GIFT by the ONE Man, Jesus Christ, abounded to the

16 And not as through One having sinned, is the FREE GIFT. For indeed the SENTENCE was from One to Condemnation: but the GRACIOUS GIFT is from Many Offences to

Righteousness. 17 Besides, if by the FALL of the ONE, DEATH reigned through that ONE; much more will THOSE HAVING RECEIVED the ABUNDANCE of the FAVOR and the RIGHTEOUSNESS reign in Life through the ONE-the \* Anointed Jesus.

18 Therefore, indeed, as through One Offence. sentence came on All Men to Condemnation; so also, through One Righteous act, sentence came on All Men to Justification of

19 For as through the DISOBEDIENCE Of ONE Man, the MANY were constituted Sinners, so even through the OBEDIENCE of the ONE, the MANY will be constituted Righteous.

20 And Law supervened, so that the OFFENCE might abound; but where SIN abounded, FAVOR superabounded;

21 that as sin reigned by DEATH, so also FAVOR might reign through Rightcousness for aionian Life, through the \* Anointed Jesus, our Lord.

## CHAPTER VI.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. also-omit. 21. Christ Jesus our Lond.

<sup>17.</sup> of the GIFT-omit.

<sup>17.</sup> Christ

<sup>† 15.</sup> Isa, liii, 11; Matt. xx. 28; xxvi, 28. † 18. John xii, 32; Heb. ii, 9. † 20. John xv. 22; Rom. iii, 20, iv. 15; vii, 8; Gal. iii, 19, 23. † 20. Luke vii, 47; 1 Tim. i, 14

γενοιτο. Οίτινες απεθανομεν τη άμαρτια, πως Whe we died by the sin. how let it be. ετι ζησομεν εν τυτη; 3 Η αγνοειτε, ότι όσοι Or are you ignorant, that as many as still shall we live an it? εβαπτισθημεν εις Χριστον \*[Ιησουν,] εις τον Anointed [Jesus,] into the θανατον αυτου εβαπτισθημεν;  $^4$  Συνεταφημεν were dipped? We were buried together αυτω δια του βαπτισματος εις τον θαναtherefore with him through the dipping into the τον, ίνα & σπερ ηγερθη Χριστος εκ νεκρων that as was raised up Anointed out of dead ones δια της δοξης του πατρος, ούτω και ήμεις εν through the glory of the father, 80 also we in 5 Ει γαρ συμκαι στητι ζωης περιπατησωμεν. of life should walk. If for planted φυτοι γεγοναμεν τω δμοιωματι του θανατου together we have become in the likenesss of the αυτου, αλλα και της αναστασεως εσομεθα·
of him, certainly also of the resurrection we shall be; <sup>6</sup> τουτο γινωσκοντες, ότι δ παλαιος ήμ**ων α**νθρωknowing, that the this old man πος συνεσταυρωθη, ίνα καταργηθη το was crucified with, that might be rendered powerless the σωμα της αμαρτιας, του μηκετι δουλευειν ήμας of the no longer to be enslaved sin, τη αμαρτια. <sup>7</sup> δ γαρ απο<sup>Α</sup>ανων δεδικαιωται απο in the sin; he for having died has been justified from της άμαρτιας. 8 Ει δε απεθανομε" συν Χριστώ, If but we died the sin. with Anointed, πιστευομεν, ότι και συζησουεν αυτφ, 9ειδοτες, we believe, that also we shall live with him knowing, έτι Χριστος ενερθεις εκ ν κρών, ουκετι αποθthat Anointed having been raised out of dead ones, no longer 10 'O ιποκει θανατος αυτου ουκετι κυριευει. of him no longer lords over. γαρ απεθανε, τη αμαρτια απεθανεν εφαπαξε for he died, by the sin he died once for all; 11 Ούτω και ύμεις δ δε (η, (η τω θ εω. which but he lives, he lives by the God. also you λογιζεσθε ξαυτους νεκρους μεν τη άμαρτια,

( $\omega\nu\tau\alpha$ s  $\delta\epsilon$   $\tau\omega$   $\theta\epsilon\omega$ ,  $\epsilon\nu$   $X\rho\iota\tau\tau\omega$  In  $\sigma\sigma$  In  $\sigma$ 12 Μη ουν βασιλευετω ἡ ἄμαρτια εν τφ Not therefore let reign the sin, in the in the

dead ones indeed by the

θνητφ ύμων σωματι, εις το ύπακουειν· 13 μηδε mortal of you body, in order that to obey; nor

2 By no means. How shall we, who have Idad by sin, live any longer in

3 Or are you ignorant, that tas many as have been immersed into Christ. have been immersed into his Death?

4 We have therefore been t entombed with him by the IMMERSION into that DEATH; that as Christ was raised from the Dead by the IGLORY of the FATHER, so also we should walk in a New Life.

5 I For if we have been planted together in the LIKENESS Of his DEATH, certainly we shall be also in that of his RESURREC-

6 \* knowing this, That tour OLD Man was crucified with nim, so that the BODY of SIN may be rendered powerless; that we may no longer be EN-SLAVED to SIN;

7 for THE Who DIED has been justified from

SIN.

8 # And if we dlea with Christ, we believe That we shall also live with him;

9 knowing that 1 Christ, having been raised from the Dead, dies no more; Death no longer lords it over him.

10 For [the death] which he died, the died by SIN once: but [the life] which he lives, he lives by Gon.

11 Thus also do you account yourselves dead indeed by sin, \* but living by God in the \* Anointed Jesus.

12 # Let not sin, therefore, reign in your MOR-TAL Body, in order \* to OBEY its DESIRES;

13 nor present your

yourselves

sin,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. Jesus-omit. DESIRES.

<sup>11.</sup> Christ Jesus. 12. to oBEY its

<sup>† 2.</sup> ver. 11; Rom. vii. 4; Gal. ii. 19; vi. 14. Col. ii 12. † 4. John ii. 11; xi. 40. 24; vi 14; Eph. iv. 22; Col. iii. 5, 0; † 6. Rev. i. 18. † 10. Heb. ix. 27, %8. † 3. Col. iii. 3; 1 Pet. ii. 24. † 5. Phil. iii. 10, 11. † 6. Ga † 6. Gal. ii. 20; v. † 8. 2 Tim. ii. 11. † 12. Psa. xix. 13; † 7. 1 Pet. iv. 1. † 11. Gal. ii. 19. exix. 133.

παριστανετε τα μελη ύμων όπλα αδικιας the members of you weapons of unrighteousness τη άμαρτια αλλα παραστησατε έαυτους τω to the sin; but present you yourselves to the θεφ, ώς εκ νεκρων ζωντας, και τα μελη ύμων God, as out of dead ones living, and the members of you όπλα δικαιοσυνης τω θεω. 14 'Αμαρτία γαρ weapons of righteousness to the God. ύμων ου κυριευσει ου γαρ εστε ύπο νομον, of you not shalllord over; not for you are under law, αλλ' ύπο χαριν. 15 Τι ουν; άμαρτησομεν, ότι but under favor. What then? shall we sin. because What then? shall we sin, because ουκ εσιεν ύπο νομον, αλλ' ύπο χαριν; Μη γεnot we are under law, but under favor? Not let νοιτο. 16 Ουκ οιδατε, ότι ω παριστανετε it be. Not you know, that to whom you present έαυτους δουλους εις ύπακοην, δουλοι εστε yourselves slaves for overlience, slaves you are to whom ύπακουετε, ήτοι άμαρτιας εις θανατον, ην you are obedient, whether of sin to death, or ύπακοης εις δικαιοσυνην;  $^{17}$  Χαρις δε τω θεω, of obedience to righteousness? Thanks but to the God, ότι ητε δουλοι της αμαρτιας, ύπηκουσατε δε that you were slaves of the sin, you obeyed yet εκ καρδιας εις όν παρεδοθητε τυπον διδαγης. from heart into which you were delivered a form of teaching. 18 Ελευθερωθεντες δε απο της άμαρτιας, εδου-Having been freed and from the sin, you were λωθητε τη δικαιοσυνη. 19 Ανθρωπινον λεγω, (According to man I speak, enslaved to the ngateousness. δια την ασθενειαν της σαρκος ύμων.) 'Ωσon account of the weakness of the fiesh of you.) περ γαρ παρεστησατε τα μελη ύμων δουλα τη for you presented the members of you slaves to the ακαθαρσια και τη ανομια \*[εις την ανομιου]
uncleanness and to the inquity [for the inquity,] ούτω νυν παραστησατε τα μελη ύμων δουλα τη so now present you the members of you slaves to the δικαιοσυνη εις άγιασμον. <sup>20</sup> Ότε γαρ δουλοι
When for slaves ητε της άμαρτιας, ελευθεροι ητε τη δικαιοσυyou were of the sin, free you were to the righteous. νη. 21 Τινα ουν καρπου ειχετε τοτε; εφ' of sness. What therefore fruit halyou then? in the things νυν επαισχυνεσθε το γαρ τελος εκεινων, θαναnow you are ashamed; the for end of those,

I MEMBERS to SIN. as Instruments of Iniquity: but t present yourselves to God, \* as if alive from the Dead, and your \* Members te God, as Instruments of Righteousness.

14 For ‡ Sin shall not lord it over You; for you are not under Law, but

under Favor.

15 What then ? \* Should we sin, ‡ Because we are not under Law, but under Favor? By no means.

16 Do you not know, That to whom you present yourselves Slaves for Obedience, his Slaves you are to whom you are obedient, whether of Sin to Death, or of Obedience to Righteonsness?

17 But thanks to Gop. That though you were Slaves of sin, yet you obeyed from the Heart that Mould of Instruction into which you were delivered;

18 and, \$\pmax having been emancipated from \$1N, you became subservient to

RIGHTEOUSNESS. 19 (I speak humanly, because of the WLAKNESS of your FLESH;) for as you presented your MEM-BERS enslaved to IMPU-RITY and INIQUITY, so now present your MEM-BERS bound to RIGHTE-OUSNESS for Sanctification.

20 For when you were Slaves of SIN, you were free as to RIGHTEOUS-NESS.

21 What Fruit, therefore, had you at that time in things of which you are now ashamed? #for the FND of those things is Death.

22 But now, having been emancipated from SIN, and having become fruit | bound to God, you have

having been enslaved and to the God,

22 Νυνι δε ελευθερωθεντες απο της άμαρ-

τιας, δουλωθεντες δε τω θεω, εχετε τον καρ-

Now but having been freed from the sin,

you have the

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-13. as if alive. 19. for the INIQUITY-omit.

<sup>13.</sup> Members.

<sup>15.</sup> Should we sin.

<sup>13.</sup> Rom. vii. 5; Col. iii. 5; James iv. 1. 14. Rom. vii. 4, 6; viii. 2; Gal. v. 18. 15. A. Rom. viii. 34: 2 Pet. ii. 10. 17. 2 Tim. i. 13. 18. Cal. v. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 16. 21. Rom. 1. 32. 

πον ύμων εις άγιασμον το δε τελος, ζωην αιωοίγου το επουθείτους, το και επό. Με πρενεον. Τα γαρ ούμνια της άμαρτιας, θανατος το δε χρασμα του θεου, ζωη αιωνίος εν Χοιστω τα δε χρασμα του θεου, ζωη αιωνίος εν Χοιστω τα δε τι στανώ μετοίτα θου, Με πρε-μετας το πα Αποίπος Τησου τω κυρίω ήμων.

Τησου τω κυρίω ήμων.

Τεκι το Lord οίμο

# KΕΦ. ( . 7.

1 H apposite, adelos, processor 700 1.5 rough λαλω, έτι δ rough krolevel του αιθρω-iam I speak that the law locks over the man --που, εο' έσον χρονον (η; <sup>2</sup> Η γαρ έπανδρος (η ερίσης με 2 time he bras? The for country aman γυνη τω ζωντι ανδο. δεδεται νομω. εαν δε αποwoman to the living buscard is board by law; if but למציה ל מדדם. המדדים בדמו מדם דסט ציישטט דיי the bushand, she is freed from the law of the αι δρος. Αρα ουν ζωντος του αι δρος μειχαλις χρηnuscand. So then living the bushand an adulteress she will שמדוקבו. במצ הבציחדמו מצלףו בדבף בי במצ לב מהחלםif the samulate to a man thomer, if but should τη δ αντο. ελειθερα εστιν απο νομου, του μη of the haster. free she is from law, of the not εινα. αυτην μοιχαλιδα, γενομενην ανδοι έτερα. to be ner an applieress, having become to a man another. 4 ζοτε, αδελοοι μου, και έμεις εθανατωθητε Therefore, brethren of me. also you were not to beath τω νομφ δια του σωματος του Χριστου, εις το by the law through the body of the Amounted in defer that γενεσθαι ύμας έτερω, τω εκ νεκρων εγερθενto become you to another to him out of dead ones having been τ:, ίνα καρποφορησωμέν τω θέω. 5 Ότε ναρ raised, so that we should bring forth fruit to the God. When for τιεν εν τη σαρκι, τα παθτιατά των διαρτιών, we were in the flesh, the passions of the τα δια του νομου, ενηρητίτο εν τοις μελεσιν 6 1571 דמשי, בוג דם המפתוסספרקמו דע למומדע. of us. to order what it brang forta fruit to the death Now לב אמדדיר חלקונבר מדם דסט צפעסט. מדולמייודב. but we were freed from the law. navoug heel, εν 'ω κατειγομέθα ώστε δοιλευειν ήμας εν in which we were held. so that ti serve אמנו פדקדו או בעשמדטג, אמו פע אמאמופדקדו קףבשר of spinu and not in closess ... TEACHER.

uatos. Ti our epouner; & ronos anaptia;

your FEUIT in Santificain and the END atomian

23 For the Wages of sin is Peach; I but the smaller of God is unchan life, by the Amointed Jesus, our Lond.

## CHAPTER VII.

I Are you ignorant, Brethren, for I am specking to those who are acquainted with Law, That the Law controls a MAN for as long a Time as he lives?

I Hence the MARRIED Woman is bound by Law to the LIVING Husband; but if the BUSBAND die, she is released from the Law of the BUSBAND.

So then, I while the MUSBAND is living, she will be declared an Adulteress, if she belong to nother Man; but if the MUSBAND due, she is free from the Law; so that she is not an Adulteress, though she belong to another Man.

4 Therefore, my Brethren, you also were i put
to death by the Law,
through the Pody of the
Amointed case, in order
that you may Brione to
mother,—to had who
was naised from the
lead, that we should
lyang footh fruit to Gud.

5 For when we were in the filese, those singul filesions, which were through the LAW. I worked in our Mo Mores to being PORTH FEURL to DEATH.

6 But now, having died, we are released from the 1AW, by which we were held; so that we may serve Jin Newness of Spirit, and not in Oldness of Letter.

7 What then shall we say? Is the Law Sin? By

28. Gen. St. 17; Bern. v. 12; James i. 15. 28. Rom. St. 7; v. 17; 21; 1 Pet. i. 4. 2. 3. Mast. v. 32. 24. Rom. viii. 2; 5 Rom. viii. 2; 5 Rom. vi. 13. 25 Rom. vi. 21; Gal. v. 19; cames i. 15. 2 6. Rom. St. 25; 2 Cor. int. 6. 2 5. Rom. St. 25; 2 Cor. int. 6. 2 5. Rom. St. 25; 3 Cor. int. 6. 2 5. R

Μη γενοιτο αλλα την αμαρτιαν ουκ εγνων, ει 610 but the not I anew. μη δια νομου την τε γαρ επιθυμιαν ουκ ηδειν, not through law, the even for strong desire not I knew, ει μη δ νομος ελεγεν. Ουκ επιθυμησεις. said; Not il not the law thou shait lust. 8 Αφορμην δε λαβουσα ή άμαρτια, δια της εν-Opportunity and having taken the sin, through the comτολης κατειργασατο εν εμοι πασαν επιθυμιαν·
printegent worked out in me all strong desire; strong desire; χωρις γαρ νομου άμαρτια νεκρα. 9 Eyw SE apart from for law dead. Í and 8173 είων χωρις νομου ποτε ελθουσης δε της was alive apart from law then; having come but the ευτολης, ή άμαρτια ανεζησεν, εγω δε απεθαcommandment, the sin 'ived again, I and νον 10 και εύρεθη μοι ή εντολη ή εις ζωην, and was found by me the commandment that for life, αυτη εις θανατον. 11 Η γαρ αμαρτια αφορμην The for same for death. sin Opportunity ληβηνσα, δια της εντολης εξηπατησε με, having taken, through the commandment deceived me, 12 'Ωυτε δ μεν και δι' αυτης απεκτεινεν. and through it killed. So that the indeed νομος αγιος, και ή εντολη άγια και δικαια και law holy, and the commandment holy and just αγαθη. 13 Το ουν αγαθον, εμοι γεγ νε θανατος; That then good thing, to me has become death? good. Μη γενοιτο αλλα ή αμαρτια ίν... Davn let it be; but the sin, so that it might appear αμαρτια, δια του αγαθου μοι κατεργαζομενη sin, through the good to me working out θανατον, ίνα γενηται καθ' ύπερβολην άμαρτωdeath, so that mig., t become in excess λος ή άμαρτια δια της εντολης. 14 Οι αμεν the sin through the commandment. Welnow γαρ, ότι δ νομος πνευματικος εστιν εγω δε for, that the law spiritual is; I but σαρκινος ειμι, πεπραμένος ὑπο την ἁμαρτιαν.

deshly am, baving been sold under the sin. 15 Ο γαρ κατεργαίομαι, ου γινωτκω ου γαρ δ What for I work out, not I know; not for what  $\theta \in \lambda \omega$ , τουτο πραστω αλλ'  $\delta$   $\mu$ ισω, τουτο I wish, this I practise; but what I have, this  $^{16}$  Ει δε δ ου θελω, τουτο ποιω, συμποιω. If but what not I wish, Ida this I do, . I as-17 Νυνι δε ουκετι φημι τω νομφ, ότι καλος.

no means. Indeed, 11 did not know sin except through Law; for even STRONG DESIRE I had not known, if the LAW had not said, t" Thou shalt not covet."

8 But sin having taken Opportunity, through the COMMANDMENT, worked in me All Strong desire. t Apart from Law, however, Sin is dead;

9 and # was formerly living apart from Law; but the COMMANDMENT having come, SIN lived again, and I died;

10 and THAT COMMAND-MENT intended for Life, the same was found by me for Death.

11 For SIN having taken Opportunity, through the COMMANDMENT, deceived me, and through it killed

12 And so the I LAW indeed is holy, and the COM-MANDMENT holy, and just,

and good.

13 That Good thing, then, has become Death to me? By no means, but sin has; that Sin might be manifest, through that GOOD thing producing Death to me; se that SIN, through the COMMAND-MENT, might become an exceedingly great Sinner.

14 Besides, we know That the LAW is spiritual; but # am fleshly, I having been sold under SIN.

15 For what I work out. I do not approve; since I do not practise twhat I desire; but what I hate, this I do.

16 But if what I desire not, this I do, I assent to the LAW, That it is excel-

lent;

in

17 and now, no longer am working it out, but the SIN \* DWELLING in me.

that excellent.

εγω κατεργα(ομαι αυτο, αλλ' ή οικουσα εν

cent to the law,

work out

but the dwelling

Now but no longer

<sup>11,</sup> · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. INDWELLETH in me.

<sup>† 7.</sup> Rom. iii. 20. † 8. 1 Cor. xv. 56. † 10. Lev. xviii. 5; Ezek. xx. 11, 13, 21; 2 Cor. iii. 7. † 12. Psa. xv. 8; exix. 38, 137; 1 Tim. i. 8. † 14. 1 Kings xxi. 20, 25; 2 Kings xvii. 17. † 15. Lev. xviii. 9. † 16. Lev. xviii. 9. † 17. Exod. xx. 17, Deut. v. 21; Acts xx. 33; Rom. xiii. 9. † 18. Lev. xviii. 5; Ezek. xx. 11, 13, 21; 2 Cor. iii. 7. † 18. Lev. xviii. 9. † 19. Lev. xviii. 9. † 19. Lev. xviii. 9. † 10. Lev. xviii. Gal. v. 1,

18 Οιδα γαρ, ότι ουκ οικει εν **ε**μοι άμαρ**τια.** for, that not dwells in sin. 1 know εμοι, τουτ' εστιν εν τη σαρκι μου, αγαθον το is in the flesh of me, a good thing; the γαρ θελειν παρακειται μοι, το δε κατεργαζεσθαι is present with me, the but to work out το καλον, ουχ εύρισκω. 15 Ου γαρ δ θελω, the excellent, not I know. Not for what I wish, ποιω αγαθον αλλ' δ ου θελω κακον, τουτο I do a good thing; but what not I wish an evilthing, this  $^{20}$ E,  $\delta \epsilon \delta$  ou  $\theta \epsilon \lambda \omega * [\epsilon \gamma \omega,]$  touto If but what not wish . I practise. [1,] this ποιω, ουκετι εγω κατεργαζομαι αυτο, αλλ' ή work out it, οικουσα εν εμοι άμαρτια. <sup>21</sup> Ευρισκω αρα τον I find therefore the dwelling in me sin. νομον τω θελοντι εμοι ποιειν το καλον, ότι in the wishing to me to do the excellent, because 22 Συνηδομαι γαρ εμοι το κακον παρακειται. I am pleased with me the evil thing lies near. for τφ νομφ του θεου κατα τον εσω ανθρωπον: with the law of the God according to the inside 23 βλεπω δε έτερον νομον εν τοις μελεσι μου law in the members of me i see but another αντιστρατευομενον τω νομω του ν ος μου, και warring against the law of the mind of me, and αιχμαλωτι(οντα με τω νομω της αμαρτιας τω me to the law of the sin to that 24 Ταλαιπωρος εγω υτι εν τοις μελεπι μου.

existing in the members of me. Wretched ανθρωπος τις με ρυσεται εκ του σωματος του who me will rescue from the of the θανατου τουτου; <sup>25</sup> Ευχαριστω τφ θεφ δια death this? Ithank the God by means of Ιησου Χριστου του κυριου ήμων. Apa ouv Anointed of the of us. Jesus Lord 80 then αυτος εγω τω μεν νοι δουλευω νομω θεου. I with the indeed mind am in servitude to a law of God; δε σαρκι, νομω άμαρτιας. ΚΕΦ. η'. 8. with the but flesh, to a law of sin. 1 Ουδεν αρα νυν κατακριμα τοις εν Χριστώ

No therefore now condemnation to those in an Anointed 2'Ο γαρ νομος του πνευματος της ζωης The for law of the spirit of the life εν Χριστω Ιησου, ηλευθερωσε με  $\alpha \pi \sigma$ TOU by an Anointed Jesus, freed me from the <sup>3</sup> Το γαρ νομου της άμαρτιας και του θανατου. law of the and of the for sin death. The

18 For I know That time, that is, in my flesh, there dwells no good thing; for to Desire is present with me, but to WORK OUT WHAT is EXCELLENT I find not.

19 For I do not the good which I desire, but the evil which I desire not,

this I practise.

20 But if what I desire not, this I do, I no longer work it out, but the SIN DWELLING in me.

21 I find therefore this LAW, when I am willing to do RIGHT, That the WRONG lies near me.

22 For I am pleased with the LAW of \* God according ‡ to the INWARD Man;

23 but \$\(^1\) I perceive Another Law in \$\(^1\) my Members, warring against the LAW of my MIND, and making me a captive to THAT LAW of SIN EXISTING in my MEMBERS.

24 Wretched Man that I am! who will rescue Me from † this BODY of DEATH?

25 \* Thanks to God, by means of Jesus Christ, our Lord. Consequently, then, indeed, I myself, by the MIND, amin subjection to the Law of God, but by the FLESH to the Law of Sin.

### CHAPTER VIII.

1 There is then No Condemnation now to THOSE in the Anointed Jesus;

2 for the LAW of the SPIRIT of LIFE by the Anointed Jesus, liberated \* me from the LAW of SIN and of DEATH.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—20. I—omit. 2. thee.

<sup>22.</sup> the MIND;

<sup>25.</sup> Thanks to God.

<sup>† 24.</sup> There seems to be here an allusion to an ancient custom of certain tyrants, who bound a dead body to a living man, and obliged him to carry it about, till the contagion from the putrid mass took away his life.—Clarke.

<sup>† 18.</sup> Gen. vi. 5; viii. 21. † 22. 2 Cor. iv. 16; Eph. iii. 16; Col. iii. 9, 10. † 23. Rom. vi. 18, 192 † 25. 1 Cor. xv. 57. † 2. John viii. 30; Rom. vi. 18, 22;, Gal. ii. 19; y. 1.

αδυνατον του νομου, εν 'φ ησθενει δια της law, in that it was weak through the mability of the σαρκος, δ θευς τον ξαυτου υίον πεμψας εν δμοιthe God the of himself son having sent in a form ωματι σαρκος άμαρτιας, και περι άμαρτιας, of sin, of flesh and on account of κατεκρινε την αμαρτιαν εν τη σαρκι· 4 ίνα το in the flesh; condemned the sin so that the δικαιωμα του νομου πληρωθη εν ήμιν, τοις μη us, by those not ката σαρκα περιπατουσιν, αλλα ката walking, according to flesh but according to 5 Οί γαρ κατα σαρκα οντες, πνευμα. Those for according to flesh spirit. being, the things της σαρκος Φρονουσιν. οί δε κατα πνευμα, are minding; those but according to spirit, of the flesh 6 Το γαρ φρονημα της του πνευματος. the things of the spirit. The for mind of the σαρκος, θανατος το δε φρονημα του πνευμαdeath; the but mind of the 7 Διοτι το φρονημα της τος, (ωη και ειρηνη. life and peace. Because the mind of the σαρκυς,  $εχθρα εις θεον^* τω γαρ νομω του θεου flush, enmity to God; to the for law of the God$ ουχ ὑποτασσεται, ουδε γαρ δυναται $^{*}$  δοί δε εν not it is subject, neither for it is able; those and in 9 'THELS σαρκι οντες, θεφ αρεσαι ου δυνανται. flesh being, to God to be pleasing not they are able. Von δε ουκ εστε εν σαρκι, αλλ' εν πνευματι, ειπερ are in flesh, but in spirit, πνευμα θεου οικει εν ύμιν. EL RE TIS TVEVUA spirit of God dwells in you. It and any one spirit ουκ εχει, ούτος ουκ εστιν αυτου. Χριστου of an Anounted one not has, he not ia of him. 10 Et  $\delta \in X\rho\iota\sigma\tau$ os ev  $\dot{\nu}\mu\iota\nu$ ,  $\tau$ o  $\mu\epsilon\nu$   $\sigma\omega\mu\alpha$  If but an Anointed in you the indeed body νεκρον άμαρτιαν το δε πνενμα ζωη the but spirit life with respect to with respect to sin; δικαιοσυνην. 11 Ει δε το πνευμα του εγε σανrighteousness. If but the spirit of him having raised τος Ιησουν εκ νεκρων οικει εν ύμιν, δ εγει Jesus out of dead ones dwells in you, he having ρας τον Χριστον εκ νεκρων, ζωοποιησει και raised the Anointed out of dead ones, will make alive also τα θνητα σωματα ύμων, δια το ενοικουν αυτου the mortal bodies of you, through the indwelling of him . πνευμα εν ύμιν.

3 For I what was IM-POSSIBLE for the LAW. in that it was weak through the FLESH, I GOD, having sent his own Son in a Form of the Flesh of Sin. even [by an offering] for Sin, condemned sin in the FLESH;

4 so that the RIGHTE-OUSNESS of the LAW may be fulfilled by us, who are WALKING, not according to Flesh, but according to

Spirit.

5 For I THOSE who LIVE according to Flesh, are minding the THINGS of the FLESH; but THOSE who live according to Spirit, the THINGS of the ORTELT.

6 : For the MIND of the FLESH is Death; but the IND of the SPIRIT is Life

and Peace.

7 Because the MIND of the FLESH is I Enmity to God; for to the LAW of God it is not subject. ‡ nor, indeed, can it be. 8 THOSE, then, who

ARE in a Sensual state, are unable to please God.

9 But pou are not Sensual, but Spiritual, because the Spirit of God dwells in you. But if any one possess not the Spirit of Christ, he is not of him.

1 And if Christ be in. you, the BODY indeed is dead at to Sin: but the SPIRIT & Life as to Right-

eousness.

1. And if the SPIRIT & THIM Who RAISED Jesus from he Dead dwell ir you, THE Who RAISED \* Christ from the Dead. will also make alive your MORTAL Bodies, through the INDWELLING of his Spirit within you.

12 \$ So then, Brethren, we are not Debtors to the FLESH, to live according

to the Flesh.

ката барка

then, brethren,

σαρκί, του κατα flesh, of the according to flesh

spirit in you.

debtors

 $(\eta \nu.$ 

to live.

we are not to the

γαρ

for

13 E.

lf

12 Αρα ουν, αδελφοι, οφειλεται εσμεν ου τη

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. Christ.

Coi v. 21. t b. John iii. 6; 1 Cor. ii. 14. 21; ver. 13; Gai. vi. 8. t 7. James iv. 4. 16; vi. 19. 2 9. Gal. iv 6. Phil. l. 19 1 11 Acts ii. 24. 6, 1 Cor. vi. 14, 2 Cor. iv 14, Eph 1i. 5. 1 12. Rom. vi. 7, 14.

δε πνευματι τας πραξεις του σωματος θαναbut by spirit the practices of the body you put τουτε, ζησεσθε. <sup>14</sup> Οσοι γαρ πνευματι θεσυ to death, you shall live. As many as for by spirit of God

Abba, the father. Abba the father.  $^{16}$  Auto to previous summarium tesinëes toge-

17 Ει δε τεκνα, και κληρονομοι· κληρονομοι μεν
16 and children, also heirs; heirs indeed

θεου, συγκληρονομοι δε Χριστου· ειπερ συμof God, joint-heirs and of an Anointed; if indeed we suf-

πασχομεν, ένα και συνδοξασθ υμεν. 18 Λογιζοfer with, so that also we may be glorified with.

μαι γαρ, ότι ουκ αξια τα παθηματα του νυν for, that not comparable the sufferings of the now

καιρου προς την μελλουσαν δοξαν αποκαλυφθηseason with the being about glory to be revealed

ναι εις ήμας. 19 °Η γαρ αποκαραδοκια της κτιin us. The for earnest desire of the crea-

σ  $\epsilon$ ως την αποκαλυψιν των υίων του θ  $\epsilon$ ου απ $\epsilon$ κ $\epsilon$ tion the revelation of the sons of the God looks

δεχεται. 20 Τη γαρ ματαιστητι ή κτισις for. To the for vanity the creation

ύπεταγη, (ουχ έκουσα, αλλα δια τον ύποταwas placed under, (not voluntarily, but through him having

ξαντα,) επ' ελπιδι, <sup>21</sup> ότι και αυτη ή κτισις placed under,) in hope, that even itself the creation

 $\epsilon$ λευθερωθησεται απο της δουλείας της φθορας will be freed from the bondage of the corruption

εις την ελευθεριαν της δοξης των τεκνων του into the freedom of the glory of the children of the

θεου. <sup>22</sup> Οιδαμεν γαρ, ότι πασα ή κτισις συσ-God. We know for, that all the creation groans
τεναζει και συνωδινει αχρι του νυν· <sup>23</sup> ου μονον
πogether and travails together till the now; not only 13 For \$\frac{1}{2}\$ if you live according to the Flesh, you are about to die; but if, by the Spirit, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ you put to death the DEEDS of the BODY, you shall live;

14 because t as many as are guided by God's Spirit, these are Sons of God.

15 ‡ For you did not receive a Slavish Spirit back again for ‡fear; but you received ‡a Spirit of Sonship, by which we cry, ‡"Abba! FATHER!"

16 The SPIRIT itself testifies together with our SPIRIT, that we are Chil-

dren of God.

17 And if Children, also Heirs; ‡Heirs, indeed, of God, and Joint-heirs with Christ; ‡if indeed, we suffer together, so that we may be also glorified together.

18 For I consider That the sufferings of the PRESENT Time, as unworthy of Comparison with the FUTURE GLORY to be revealed in us.

19 Indeed, the EAR-NEST EXPECTATION of the † CREATION longs for the REVELATION of the SONS of God.

20 For the CREATION was made subject to FRAILTY, (not voluntarily, but by HIM who PLACED it UNDER;)

21 in Hope That even the CREATION itself will be emancipated from the SLAVERY OF CORRUPTION, into the FREEDOM of the GLORY Of the CHILDREN of GOD.

συσgroans toνον only

23 For we know That the Whole CREATION groans together and travalls in pain together till the PRESENT time.

<sup>† 19, 20, 21, 22.</sup> Ktisis, creation, has the same signification here as in Mark xvi. 15; "Proclaim the GLAD TIDINGS to the Whole CREATION," that is, all mankind; and also Col. i. 23, where a similar phrase occurs. That the brute and inanimate creation is not here spoken of, but mankind, is evident from the hope of emancipation from the "SLAVERY OF CORBUFTION" held out in the 21st verse, and the contrast introduced in the 23rd verse, between the ktisis and those "possessing the first-fruit of the spirit."

<sup>† 13.</sup> Gal. vi. 8. † 13. Eph. iv. 22; Col. iii. 5. † 14. Gal. v. 18. † 15. 1
Cor. ii. 12; Heb. ii. 15. † 15. 2 Tim. i. 7; 1 John iv. 18. † 15. Gal. iv. 5, 6. † 15. Mark xiv. 36. † 16. 2 Cor. i. 22; v. 5; Eph. i. 13; iv. 36. † 17. Gal. iii. 20; iv. 7. † 17. Acts xiv. 22; Phil. 1. 29; 2 Tim. ii. 11, 12. † 18. 2 Cor. iv. /; 1 Pet. 1. 6, 7; iv. 13. † 19. 1 John iii. 2. † 20. Gen. iii. 19.

δε, αλλα και αυτοι την απαρχην τοι πνευματος and, but also ourselves the first-fruit of the spirit εχοντες, και \*[ημεις] αυτοι εν έαυτοις στεναourselves in ourselves having, and [we] groan, ζομεν, υίοθεσιαν απεκδεχομενοι, την απολυτρωasonship looking for, the redemption σιν του σωματος ήμων. 24 Τη γαρ ελπιδι εσωbody of us. By the for hope θημεν. Ελπις δε βλεπομενη, ουκ εστιν ελπις. what for sees one, why [also] hopes?

In our is a hope;  $\delta$  yap  $\beta \lambda \epsilon \pi \epsilon \iota \tau \iota s$ ,  $\tau \iota \overset{\times}{\kappa} [\kappa \alpha \iota] = \epsilon \lambda \pi \iota (\epsilon \iota)$ ;  $\delta = 0$  what for sees one, why [also] hopes?

If but 813 δ ου βλεπομεν, ελπιζομεν, υπομονης we see, with whatnot we hope, · atience 26 'Ωσαυτως δε και το πνενμα απεκδεχομεθα. In like manner and also the we wait. spirit

συναντιλαμβανεται ταις ασθενειαις ήμων το ofus; the helps the weaknesses γαρ τι προσευξωμεθα καθο δει, ουκ οίδαμεν, for what we should pray as it behoves, not we know, αλλ' αυτο το πνευμα ύπερεντυγχανει \* [ ύπερ itself the spirit intercedes [on behalf 27 'Ο δε ερευήμων] στεναγμοις αλαλητοις. He but searchwith groans unspoken. of us]

νων τας καρδιας, οιδε τι το φρονημα του ing the hearts, knows what the mind of the πνευματος, δτι κατα θεον εντυγχανει  $\dot{v}$ περ because according to God it intercedes on behavior

άγιων.
of holy ones.

 $^{28}$  Oldamer  $\delta\epsilon$ ,  $\delta\tau$ l  $\tau$ ols  $\alpha\gamma\alpha\pi\omega\sigma$ l  $\tau$ or  $\theta\epsilon$ or We know and, that to those who love the God παντα συνεργει εις αγαθον, τοις κατα Tronall things work together for good, to those according to a pur-29 'Οτι ούς προεγνω, και θεσιν κλητοις ουσιν. being. Because whom he foreknew, also προωρισε συμμορφους της εικονος του υίου he before marked out copies of the likeness of the son αύτου εις το ειναι αυτον πρωτοτοκον ε. τολof himself for the to be him a first-born among many λοις αδελφοις. 30 Obs δε προωρισε, τουτους Whom and he before marked out, those brethren. και εκαλεσε. και ούς εκαλεσε, τουτους και he called; also and whom he called, those also ous de εδικαιωσε, εδικαιωσεν τουτους και he justified, whom and he justified, those also 31 Τι ουν ερουμεν προς ταυτα; εδοξασε. EL What then shall we say to these things? he glorified. ό θεος ύπερ ήμων, τις καθ' ήμων: 32 'Ωσγε Who indeed the God on behalf of us, who against us? του ιδιου υίου ουκ εφεισατο, αλλ' ὑπερ ἡμων of the own son not spared, but on behalf of us

23 And not only it, but ourselves also, possessing the first-fruit of the spirit, teven we ourselves groan within ourselves, twaiting for Sonship,—the tredemption of our body.

24 For we were saved by the HOPE; ‡ but a Hope which is seen is not Hope; for why does any one hope for what he sees?

25 But if we hope for what we do not see, we wait for it with Patience

26 And in like manner also the spirit assists our \*Weakness; for we do not know what we should pray for as we ought; but the spirit itself intercedes with unspoken groans.

27 and HE who SEARCH-ES the HEARTS, knows what is the MIND of the SPIRIT, Because ‡according to God it intercedes on behalf of Saints.

28 And we know That \*all things work together for good to THOSE who LOVE GOD.—to THOSE BEING INVITED according to a Purpose;

29 because those whom he foreknew, he also predetermined to be Copies of the LIKENESS of his son, for him to be ‡ a Firstborn among Many Brethren;

30 and those whom he predetermined, he also invited; and whom he invited, those he also justified; and whom he justified, those he also glorified.

31 What shall we say, then, to these things? Since God is for us, who can be against us?

32 Surely he who spared not his own Son, ; but de-

<sup>•</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—23. we—omit. 24. also—omit. 26. whakness-26. on behalf of us—omit. 28. God works all things together for good.

<sup>† 33. 2</sup> Cor. v. 5; Eph. i. 14. Luke xxi. 28; Eph. iv. 30. † 24. 2 Cor. v. 7; Heb. xi. 1. 1 John v. 14. † 29. Col. i. 15, 18; Heb. i. 9; Rev. i. a.

<sup>1 23.</sup> Luke xx. 26. 1 26. Eph. vi. 18. 1 32. Rom. iv. 25.

παντων παρεδωκεν αυτον πως ουχι και συν all delivered up him; how not also with

αυτφ τα παντα ἡμιν χαρισεται; 33 Tis

εγκαλεσει κατα εκλεκτων θεου; Θεος δ will bring a charge against chosen ones of God? God that

δικαιων; 34 Tis ο κατακρινων; Χριστος δ αποjustifying? Who he condemning? Anointed that having

 $\theta$ ανων; μαλλον  $\delta$ ε \*[και] εγερθεις;  $\delta$ s και died? still more and [also] having been raised? who also

εστιν εν δεξια του θεου; δς και εντυγχανει is on right of the God? who and intercedes

vπερ vπερ vμων; <math>vμων; vμων; vμων; vμων; <math>vμων; vμων; vμων; vμων; vμων; <math>vμων; vμων; vμων; vμων; vμων; <math>vμων; vμων; vμω

αγαπης του Χριστου; Θλιψις; η στενοχωρια; love of the Anointed? Affliction? or distress?

η διωγμος; η λιμος; η γυμνοτης: η κινδυνος; or persecution? or famine? or nakedness? or peril?

η μαχαιρα;  $^{36}$  (καθως γεγραπται 'Οτι ένεκεν or sword? (as it has been written; That on account

σου θανατουμεθα όλην την ἡμεραν: ελογισθη-of thee we are put to death whole the day; we were ac-

μεν ως προβατα σφαγης.)  $^{37}$  Αλλ' εν τουτοις counted as sheep of slaughter.) But in these

πασιν ὑπερνικωμεν δια του αγαπησαντος ήμας. all we more than conquerthrough the one having loved us.

 $^{38}$   $\Pi \epsilon \pi \epsilon \iota \sigma \mu \alpha \iota \gamma \alpha \rho$ .  $\delta \tau \iota \ o \upsilon \tau \epsilon \ \theta \alpha \nu \alpha \tau o s$  o  $\upsilon \tau \epsilon \ \zeta \omega \eta$ ,  $_{1~\rm qm}$  persuaded for, that neither death nor life,

ουτε αγγελοι ουτε αρχαι, ουτε ενεστωτα nor messengers nor principalities, nor things being present ουτε μελλοντα, ουτε δυναμεις, <sup>39</sup> ουτε

nor things being about to come, nor powers, nor  $\dot{\nu}\psi\omega\mu\alpha$  ουτε βαθος, ουτε τις κτισις έτερα δυνη-height nor depth, nor any creation other will be

 $\sigma$  εται ήμας χωρισαι απο της αγαπης του θεου, able us to separate from the love of the God,

της εν Χριστω Ιησου τω κυριω ήμων. ΚΕΦ. of that in Anointed Jesus the Lord of us.

 $\theta'$ . 9. <sup>1</sup> Αληθείαν λεγω, εν Χριστώ ου ψευδο-Truth I speak, in Anointed; not I utter

μαι, (συμμαρτυρουσης μοι της συνειδησεως falachood, (bearing testimony together to me the conscience

uou,) εν πνευματι άγιω. δότι λυπη μοι εστι of me,) in a spirit holy; that grief to me it is

μεγαλη, και αδιαλειπτος οδυνη τη καρδια μου. great, and unceasing auguish in the heart of me.

livered him up on behalt of us all, how will he not with him also graciously give us ALL things?

33 Who will bring at accusation against God's Chosen ones? Will THAT God who JUSTIFIES?

34 Who is HE who CON-DEMNS? Will THAT Anointed one who DIED; and, still more, who has been raised; who also is at the Right hand of Gon, and ‡ who intercedes on our behalf?

35 Who shall separate us from THAT LOVE of \*GoD, which is in the Anointed Jesus? Shall Affliction, or Distress, or Persecution, or Famine, or Nakedness, or Peril, or Sword?

36 (even as it has been written, ‡"On account of thee we are put to death the Whole DAY; we are accounted as Sheep for Slaughter.")

37 ‡ But in all these things we do more than overcome, through HIM

who LOVED us.

38 For I am persuaded that neither Death nor Life; neither Angels nor Principalities; neither Things present nor Things future; nor Powers,

39 nor Height, nor Depth, nor any other thing in Creation, will be able to separate Us from THAT LOVE of GOD, which is in the Anointed Jesus, our LORD.

#### CHAPTER YX.

1 I tspeak the Truth in Christ, I do not speak falsely, my CONSCIENCE co-attesting with me, in a holy Spirit,

2 that I have great Grief and Unceasing Anguish in

my HEART,

3 Ηυχομην γαρ αυτος εγω αναθεμα ειναι απο Was wishing for myself I an accursed thing to be from

του Χριστου ύπερ των αδελφων μου, των συγ-

γενων μου κατα σαρκα $^4$  οίτινες εισιν Ισραtives of me according to flesh; who are lara-

ηλιται, ών ἡ υίοθεσια, και ἡ δοξα, και αί διαelites, of whom the souship, and the glory, and the cove-

θηκαι, και ή νομοθεσια, και ή λατρεια, και αί mauts, and the law-giving, and thereligiousservice, and the

 $\theta$ eas  $\epsilon$ u $\lambda$ o $\gamma$  $\eta$  $\tau$ os  $\epsilon$ is  $\tau$ ou  $\alpha$ i $\omega$ v $\alpha$ s.  $A\mu\eta\nu$ . God worthy of praise into the ages. So be it.

6 Ουχ οίον δε, ότι εκπεπτωκεν δ λογος του Not so as but, that has fallen off the word of the

θεου· ου γαρ παντες οἱ εξ Ισραηλ, ούτοι Ισρα-God; not for all thosefrom largel, these large

ηλ. <sup>7</sup> Ουδ' ότι εισι σπερμα Αβρααμ, παντες el. Nor because they are seed of Abraam, all

τεκνα, αλλ εν Ισαακ κληθησεται σοι σπερμα, children, but in Isaac shall be called to thee a seed,

8 τουτ' εστιν, ου τα τεκνα της σαρκος, ταυτα this is, not the children of the fiesh, these

τεκνα του  $\theta$ εου αλλα τα τεκνα της απαγγελίας children of the God; but the children of the promise

λ γνιζεται εις σπερμα.  ${}^9$  Επανγελίας γαρ δ of promise for the

λογος ούτος: -Κατα τον καιρον τουτον ελευword this; According to the season this I will

σημαι, και εσται τη Σαρρα vios. 10 Ου μονον come, and shall be to the Sarah a son. Not only

δε, αλλα και Pεβεκκα, εξ ένος κοιτην εχουσα and, but also Rebecca, from one conception having

 $1\sigma$  αακ του πατρος ήμων.  $^{11}$  Μηπω γαρ γεννη- $_{1**$  κας the fatuer of us. Not yet for they having

(ίνα ή κατ' εκλονην προθεσις του θεου μενη,

ουκ  $\epsilon \xi$   $\epsilon \rho \gamma \omega \nu$ , αλλ'  $\epsilon \kappa$  του καλουντος,)  $^{12}$   $\epsilon \rho \delta \eta$ not from works, but from the one calling,) it was

θη αυτη· 'Οτι δ μειζων δουλευσει τω ελασσονι' said to her; That the greater shall be subject to the lesser.

3 on account of my BRETHREN, my KINSMEN according to the Flesh; (‡ for £ myself was wishing to be accursed from the Anointed one;)

4 who are Israelites; to whom belong the son-ship, and the GLORY, and the tovenants; and the LAW-GIVING, and the promises:—

5 whose are the FATHERS, and ‡from whom is THAT ANOINTED one, according to the Flesh; I'E who is overall, God blessed to the AGES. Amen.

to the ages. Amen.
6 But not as implying that the word of Gon he stallen; for falle those who are from Israel, these

are not Israel.

7 Nor Because they are the Seed of Abraham, are they ALL Children; but \$\frac{1}{2}\times \text{In Isaac shall thy Seed} \text{"be called."}

8 That is, the CHIL-DREN of the FLESH, these are not of GOD; but the I CHILDREN of the PROM-ISE are accounted for the Seed

9 For this is the word of Promise—t" According "to this season I will "return, and Sarah shall "have a Son."

10 And not only this, but also to ‡ Rebecca, when she had conceived twins by One,—by Isaac our FATHER;

11 (for they not having been born, nor having done anything good or bad, so that God's Purpose, as to an Election, might abide,—not from Works, but from him who calls;)

12 it was said to her, "The SUPERIOR shall "be subject to the INFE-"RIOR,"

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 4. the COVENANT.

<sup>† 4.</sup> Exod. iv. 22; Deut. xiv. 1; Jer. xxxi. 9. it. 5. 1. 4. Acta ii. 5. 1. Luke iii. 23. 1. 6. John viii. 39; Rom. ii. 12; iv. 12; 16; Gal. vi. 16. 17. Gen. xxi. 12; Heb. xi. 18. 18. Gal. iv. 28. 10. Gen. xxiv. 21. 110. Gen. xxv. 21. 12. Gen. xxv. 23.

13 καθως γεγραπται Τον Ιακαβ ηγαπησα, τον as it has been written: The Jacob I loved. 14 Τι ουν ερουμεν; μη αδιδε Ησαν εμισησα. What then shall we say? not injus-I hated. 15 Tw 7af κια παρα τω  $\theta \in \omega$ : Μη γενοιτο. tice with the God? Not letitbe. To the for Μωυση λεγει Ελεησω δν αν ελεω, και ιικhe says; I will pity whom I should pity, and I will δν αν οικτειρω. 16 Αρα ουν ου του compassionate whom I should compassionate. So then not of the θελοντος, ουδε του τρεχοντες, αλλα του ελεnor of the one running, but of the pityone willing, 17 Λεγει γαρ ή γραφη τω Φαραω·
Saye for the writing to the Pharaoh; ουντος θεου. ing God. Ότι εις αυτο τουτο εξηγειρα σε, όπως ενδειξω-That for same this I raised up thee, that I might

hat  $\epsilon \nu$  so that the power of me, and that may be declared to ovoma mouse  $\nu$  mash the earth. If  $\lambda \rho \alpha$  such that may be declared to ovoma mouse  $\nu$  mash the earth. So that whom  $\theta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \iota$ ,  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \epsilon \iota$  so  $\delta \epsilon \theta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \iota$ , so that whom the wills, he pittes; whom and he wills, he hardens. Those will say

our moi. Thete memperal;  $\tau \omega * [\gamma \alpha \rho]$  boulge than to me; Why still does be find fault? to the [for] will mate autou tis and estimates;  $^{20}$  Menouty  $\epsilon$ ,  $\omega$  and of him who has been opposed? But indeed,  $\omega$  man,

of him who has been opposed? But maked,  $\sigma$  man,  $\theta \rho \omega \pi \epsilon$ ,  $\sigma v \tau \iota s \epsilon \iota$ ,  $\delta \alpha \nu \tau \alpha \pi \omega \kappa \rho \iota \nu o \mu \epsilon \nu o \epsilon \omega s$ , thou who art, the one answering again to the God?

σαι, δ μεν εις τιμην σκευος, δ δε εις ατιμιαν; this indeed for honor a vessel, that and for dishonor?

22 Et  $\delta \epsilon$   $\theta \epsilon \lambda \omega \nu$   $\delta$   $\theta \epsilon os$   $\epsilon \nu \delta \epsilon t \xi \alpha \sigma \theta \alpha t$   $\tau \eta \nu$   $op \gamma \eta \nu$ , It but wishing the God to show the weath,  $\kappa \alpha t$   $\gamma \nu \omega \rho t \sigma \alpha t$   $\tau$   $\delta \nu \nu \alpha \tau \sigma \nu$   $\alpha \dot{\nu} \tau \sigma \upsilon$ ,  $\eta \nu \epsilon \gamma \kappa \epsilon \nu$   $\epsilon \nu$  and make known the power of himself, bore in

πολλη μακροθυμια σκευη οργης κατηρτισμενα much long-suffering vessels of wrath having been fitted

εις απωλειαν. 23 και ίνα γνωριση τον πλουfor destruction; and that he might make known the wealth

τον της δοξης αύτου επι σκευη ελεους, α of the glory of himself on vessels of mercy, which

13 even as it has been written, "JACOB I loved, "but Esau I hated."

14 What shall we say then? Is not Injustica with God? By no means.

15 For to Moses he says, ‡ "I will pity whom "I should pity, and I will "compassionate whom I "should compassionate."

16 So, then, it is not of the one WILLING, nor of the one BUNNING, but of GOD who PITIES.

17 Besides, the SCRIFTURE SAYS to PHARAOH ‡ "For this very purpose # † I raised thee up, that "I may exhibit in thee "my POWER, and that my "NAME may be declared "in All the FARTH."

18 So, then, whom he pleases, he pities, and whom he pleases, he hardens

19 Thou wilt then say to me; "Why does he still find fault? for who has resisted his will?"

20 But indeed, O Man who art thou REPLYING against Godf \$\$ Shall the THING FORMED say to its MAKER, "Why dedst thou make me thus?"

21 Or has not the POTTER Authority over the CLAY, out of the SAME MIXTURE to make # One Vessel for Honor, and Another for Dishoner?

22 But if God, wishing to exhibit his indignation, and to make know his power, did carry with with Much Longsuffering the Vessels of Wrath that fitted for Destruction;

23 and that he might make known the RICHPS of his GLORY on the Vessels of Mercy, which w r

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. For-omit.

<sup>† 17.</sup> In the Hebrew, the words addressed to Pharaoh literally signify, "I have made thee to stand;" accordingly, they are translated by the LNN, "For the sake of this," namely, of showing my power, "thou hast been preserved." The apostle's translation of this passage, "For this very purpose I raised thee up," does not alter its meaning.—Macknight.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Mal. i. 2, 8.

† 15. Exod. xxxiii. 19.

† 17. Exod. ix. 10.

† 20. Isa. xxix.

† 21. Prov. xvi. 4; Jer. xviii. 6.

† 21. 2 Tim. ii. 10.

† 22. 1 Pet. ii. 8; Jude 4.

† 23. Rom. ii. 4; Eph. i. 7; Col i. 27

προητοιμασεν εις δοξαν. 24 ούς και εκαλεσεν were previously prepared for glory; whom even he called

ημας, ου μονον εξ Ιουδαίων, αλλα και εξ εθνων·
us, not only from of Jews, but also from of Gentiles;

25 ώς και εν τω 'Ωσηε λεγει' Καλεσω τον ου as also in the Hosea hesays; I will call that not

λαον μου, λαον μου· και την ουκ ηγαπημενην, apeople of me, a people of me; and her not beloved,

ηγαπημενην. <sup>26</sup> Και εσται, εν τφ τοπφ οδ ερbeloved. And it shall be, in the place where

βηθη \*[autois] Ου λαος μου ύμεις, εκει κλη-[to them;] Not a people of me you, there they

θητονται νίοι  $\theta$ εου ζωντος.  $^{27}$  Ησαιας  $\delta$ ε κραshall be called sons of God living. Esaias but cries

 $\zeta$ ει ὑπερ του Ισραηλ· Εαν 'η δ αριθμος των on behalf of the Israel; If should be the number of the

υίων Ισραηλ ως ή αμμος της θαλασσης, το some of Israel as the sand of the sea, the

καταλειμμα σωθησεται. <sup>28</sup> Λογον γαρ συντεremnant shall be saved. An account for he is finish-

λων και συντεμνων εν δικαιοσυνη· ότι λογον lug and cutting short in righteousness, because an account

συντετμημενον ποιησει κυριος επι της γης. baving been cut short will make a Lord on the earth.

29 Και καθως προειρηκεν Ησαιας. Ει μη κυριος And as before said Esaias; If not Lord

σαβαωθ εγκατελιπεν ἡμιν σπερμα, ὡς Σοδομα of hosts left to us a seed, as Sodom

αν εγενηθημεν, και ώς Γομορρα αν ωμοιωθηne should have become, and as Goworrah we should have been

 $\mu \epsilon \nu. \qquad ^{30} \text{Ti ouv } \epsilon \rho o u \mu \epsilon \nu \text{; 'Oti } \epsilon \theta \nu \eta \text{ ta } \mu \eta \\ \text{midde like.} \qquad \text{What then shall we say? That Gentiles those not}$ 

διωκοντα δικαιοσυνην, κατελαβε δικαιοσυνην, pursuing righteousness, laid hold on righteousness,

δικαιοσυνην δε την εκ πιστεως: 31 Ισραηλ δε arighteousness even that from faith; largel but

διωκων νομον \*[δικαιοσυνης,] εις νομον διpursuing alaw [ofrighteousness,] to alaw of

καιοπυνης ουκ εφθασε.  $^{32}$  Διατι;  $^{\circ}$ Οτι ουκ εκ righteousness not attained. Why? Because not, from

 $\pi$ ιστεως, αλλ' ως εξ εργων \*[νομου.] Προσfaith, but as it were from works [of law.]

εκοψαν γαρ τω λιθω του προσκομματος 33 καstruck against for the stone of the stumbling; even t previously prepared for Glory;

24 even us, whom ne called, not only from the Jews, but also from the Gentiles:

25 as also he says by HOSEA. ‡ "I will call "THAT which was not my "People,' and "HFR who was not be- "loved,' beloved:'

26 ; "and it shall be, in "the PLACE where it was "said, 'Bou are not my "People,' there they shall "be called Sons of the liv-"ing God."

27 But Isaiah cries on behalf of Israel, ‡" If the "NUMBER of the SONS of "Israel should be as the "SAND of the SEA, ‡the "REMNANT only shall be "saved,

28 "For \*he is finish"ing and cutting short his
"Account in Righteous're s; ‡ Because the Lord
"will perform a brief Work
"upon the LAND."

29 And, as Isaiah previously said, ‡ "If the "Lord of Hosts had not "left us a Seed, ‡ we "should have become as "Sodom, and should have "resembled Gomorrah."

30 What then shall we say? That THOSE Gentiles not PURSUING Righteousness, land hold on Rightecusness, ‡eventhat Righteousness from Faith;

31 but Israel † pursuing a Law of Righteousness. attained not a Law of Righteousness.

32 Why? Because they pursued it, not from Faith, but as attainable from Works of Law. For They struck against the STONE of STUMBLING

33 as it is written,

<sup>\*</sup>Vatican Manuscript.—26. to them—omit. 28. finishing and cutting short, the Lord will make a Reckoning on the earth. 31. of Righteousness—omit. 32. of Law—omit.

<sup>† 23.</sup> Rom. viii. 28—30. † 27. Isa. x. 22, 23. † 27. Rom. xi. 5. † 28. Isa. xxviii. 22. † 29. Isa. i. 9. † 30. Rom. vi. 11; x. 20. † 30. Rom. i. 17. † 31. Rom. xi. 7. † 32. I uke ii. 34; 1 Cor. a \*3.

θως γεγραπται. Ιδου, τιθημι εν Σιων λιθον astone it has been written; Lo, I place in Sion προσκομματος, και πετραν σκανδαλου· και πας of offence; and a rock and every one of stumbling, πιστευων επ' αυτφ, ου καταισχυνησεται. relying it. not shall be disappointed. on 1 Αδελφοι, ή μεν ευδοκια της Brethren, the indeed good-will of the КЕФ. 1. 10. εμης καρδίας, και ή δεησις \*[ή] προς τον θεον, my heart, and the prayer [that] to the God, 2 Μαρτυρω γαρ ύπερ αυτων ELS σωτηριαν. on behalf of them for salvation. Ltestify autois, δτι ζηλον θεου εχουσιν, αλλ'ου κατ' te them, that a soal for God they have, but not according to KOT' επιγνωσιν. Αγνοουντές γαρ την του θέου δι-Being ignorant for the of the God rightκαιοσυνηυ. και την ιδιαν ζητουντες στησαι, τη seeking to establish, to the and the own δικαιοσυνη του θεου ουχ ύπεταγησαν.

righteousness of the God not they were brought under. <sup>4</sup>Τελος γαρ νομου Χριστος, εις δικαιοσυνην An end for oflaw Anointed, for righteousness παντι τω πιστευοντι. 5 Μωυσης γαρ γραφει to every one to the believing. Moses for την δικαιοσυνην την εκ του νομου. 'Οτι δ ποιηrighteousness that from the law; That the having σας αυτα ανθρωπος, ζησεται εν αυτοις. in The done these things man, shall live δε εκ πιστεως δικαιοσυνη ούτω λεγει. Μη speaks; Not faith righteousness thus ειπης εν τη καρδια σου Τις αναβησεται thou mayest say in the heart of thee; Who shall ascend εις τον ουρανον: τουτ' εστι, Χριστον καταγαγειν. an Anointed to lead down. into the heaven? this is, 7 Η· Τις καταβησεται εις την αβυσσον; **τ**ουτ' Or; Who shad go down into the abyasP this 8 Αλλα εστι, Χριστον εκ νεκρων αναγαγειν. an Anonted out of dead once to lead back. τι λεγει: Εγγυς σου το ρημα εστιν, εν τφ what saysit? Near thee the word στοματι σου, και εν τη καρδια σου· τουτ' εστι, mouth of thee, and in the heart of thee; this το δημα της πιστεως δ κηρυσσομέν 9 δτι, εαν the word of the faith which we publish; that, όμολογησης εν τω στοματι σου κυριον Ιησουν, thou wilt confess with the mouth of thee Lord Jeaus, και πιστευσής εν τη καρδια σου, ότι ό θεος αυand thou wilt believe in the heart of thee, that the God him 10 (Καρδια τον ηγειρεν εκ νεκρων, σωθηση. raised out of dead ones, thou shalt be saved. (In heart

"Behold, I place in Zion,
"a Stone of stumbling,
"and a Rock of Offence,
"tand yet no one RELY"ING on it shall be dis"appointed."

#### CHAPTER X.

1 Indeed, Brethren, the GOOD DESIRE of MY Heart, and THAT PRAYER I offer to GOD on their behalf is, for their Salvation.

2 For I testify to them, That they possess ‡a Zeal for God, but not according to Knowledge.

3 For being ignorant of the RIGHTEOUSNESS of GoD, and seeking to establish their own, they werenot submissive to the RIGHTEOUSNESS of GOD;

4 since † Christ is the End of the Law for Righteousness to every one BE-

LIEVING.

5 For Moses writes of THAT RIGHTEOUSNESS which is from the \*Law, † "That the MAN PER-"FORMING these things "shall live by them."

6 But the RIGHTEOUS-NESS from Faith thus speaks;—"Say not in "thine HEART,! Who shall "ascend into HEAVEN?" fluat is, to bring Christ down;

7 or, t"Who shall de-"scend into the ABYSS?" that is, to bring back Christ from the Dead.

8 But what does it say?
"The word is near thee,
"in thy MOUTH, and in thy
"HEART;" that is, the
word of FAITH which we
publish;

9 that, ‡ if thou wilt \*openly confess with thy MOUTH That Jesus is Lord, and wilt believe with thy HEART That God raised Him from the Dead, thou shalt be saved.

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—1. that—omt. 5. Law. 9. openly confess the declara-TION with thy mouth That Jesus is the Lord, and wilt believe.

<sup>†33.</sup> Psa, cxviii. 22; Isa. viii. 14; xxviii. 16; Matt. xxi. 42; 1 Pet. ii. 6—8. ‡33 Rom-x. 11. ‡2. Acts xxi. 20; xxii. 3; Gal. i. 14; vv. 17. ‡3. Rom. i. 17; ix. 30- ‡4. Matt. v. 17; Gal. iii. 12. ‡5. Lev. xviii. 5; Neh. ix. 29; Ezek. xx. 11; xiii. 21; Gal. iii. 12. ‡6. Deut. xxx. 12. ‡7. Deut. xxx. 13. ‡9. Matt. x. 32; Luke xii. 8.

γαρ πιστευεται εις δικαιοσυνην στοματι δε with mouth and for it is believed for righteousness; 11 Λεγει γαρ δμολογειται εις σωτηριαν.) at is confessed for salvation.) Says for the γραφη. Πας δπιστευων επ' αυτώ, ου καταισwriting; Every one the believing him, not shall be on 12 Ου γαρ εστι διαστολη Ιουδαιγυνθησεται. Not for asuamed. is a distinction of Jew

ου τε και Έλληνος δ γαρ αυτος κυριος παν-both and of Greek; the for same Lord of

των, πλουτων εις παντας τους επικαλουμενους being rich towards all those calling upon

13 Πας γαρ ός αν επικαλεσηται το ονοαυτον. Every one for who may call on the name 14 Πως ουν επικαλεπονμα κυριου, σωθησεται. of Lord, shall be saved. How then shall they call on,

ται, εις όν ουκ επιστευσαν; πως δε πιστευinto whom not they believed? how and shall they

σουσιν, ού ουκ ηκουσαν; πως δε ακουσουσι believe, where not they heard? how and shall they hear χωρις κηρυσσοντος; 15 Πως δε κηρυξουσιν, εαν without one proclaiming? How and shall they proclaim, if

μη αποσταλωσι; καθως γεγραπται. 'Ως ώραιοι not they should be sent? as it has been written; How beautiful οί ποδες των ευαγγελιζομενων \*[ειρηνην, των the feet of those announcing glad tidings [of peace, of those 16 AAA' ευαγγελι(ομενων τα αγαθα. oυ announcing glad tidings the things] good. But mot

παντες ύπηκουσαν τω ευαγγελιω. Hoaias vap the glad tidings. Esaias obeyed for λεγει Κυριε, τις επιστευσε τη ακοη ήμων: O Lord, who the hearing ofus? believed

17 (Αρα ή πιστις εξ ακοης. ή δε ακοη δια όημα-(Then the faith from hearing; the and hearing through a word

18 Αλλα λεγω. Μη ουκ ηκουσαν;  $\tau$ os  $\theta \in ov.)$ But I say, Not not they heard? of God.)

Μενουνγε εις πασαν την γην εξελθεν δ φθογγος the earth went out the sound Yes indeed into all

αυτων, και εις τα περατα της οικουμένης τα of them, and into the ends of the inhabited earth the 19 Αλλα λεγω. Μη Ισραηλ ουκ ρηματα αυτων. But . I say; Not Israel words of them.

εγνω: Πρωτος Μωυσης λεγει. Εγω παραζηλω-I will provoke to jealknew? Moses says;

σω ύμας επ' ουκ εθνει, επι εθνει ασυνέτω only you by not anatton, by anation unenlightened παροργιω έμας. <sup>20</sup> Ησαιας δε αποτολμα,

I will provoke to anger you. is very bold, Isaiah

10 For with the Heart it is believed for Righteousness, and with the Mouth it is confessed for Salvation.

11 Hence the SCRIP-TURE says, ‡" EVERY ONE "BELIEVING on him shall "not be ashamed."

12 f For there is no Distinction either of Jew or of Greek; since the SAME Lord of all is rich towards ALL THOSE CALL-ING upon him.

13 ‡ For "every one "who may invoke the "NAME of the Lord shall "be saved "

14 How then shall they call on him into whom they did not believe? And how shall they believe, where they did not hear? And how shall they hear without one proclaiming?

15 And how shall they proclaim if they should not be sent? as it has been written, ‡" How beautiful "the FEET of THOSE PRO-"CLAIMING GLAD TID-"INGS of Good things!"

16 But all did not obey the GLAD TIDINGS; for Isaiah says, 1" Lord, who "believed our REPORT?"

17 So then FAITH comes from a Report, and the REPORT through the Word of \* God.

18 But I say, Did they not hear? Yes, indeed; "their sound went out "into all the LAND, and "their words to the Ex-"TREMITIES of the HABI-"TABLE."

19 But I say, Did not Israel know? First Moses says, ‡" I will provoke "you to jealousy by that "which is no Nation; by "an unenlightened Nation "I will provoke you to an-"ger."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—15. even as. bings—omit. 17. Christ. TIDINGS-omit.

<sup>15.</sup> of Peace, of those announcing glad

<sup>† 11.</sup> Isa. xxviii. 16; xlix. 23; Jer. xvii. 7; Rom. ix. 33. † 12. Acts xv. 9; Rom. iii. 22; Gal. iii. 28 † 13. Joel ii. 22; Acts ii. 21; Acts ix. 14. † 15. Isa. Iii. 7; Nahumi. 15. † 16. Rom. iii. 3; Heb. iv. 2. † 16. Isa. Iiii. 1; John xii. 38. † 18. Psa. xix. 4; Matt. xxiv. 14; xxviii. 19; Mark xvi. 15; Col. i. 6, 23. † 19. Deut. xxxii. 21; Rom. xi. 11.

και λεγει. Εύρεθην τοις εμε μη ζητουσιν, εμand says; I was found by those me not maniseeking,

φανης εγενομέν τοις εμε μη επερωτωσι. I tecame to those . me Pet

δε τον Ισραηλ λεγει 'Ολην την ήμε-In respect to but the Israel he says; Whole the

ραν εξεπετασα τας χειρας μου προς λαον απειI stretched out the hands of me to a people dis-

θουντα και αντιλεγοντα. ΚΕΦ, ια', 11, 1 Λεγω obeying and contradicting.

ουν Μη απωσατο δ θεος τον λαον αύτου; Μη then; Not did put away the God the people of himself? Not

γενοιτο και γαρ εγω Ισραηλιτης ειμι, εκ σπερlet it be; even for an Israelite I am, of

<sup>2</sup> Ουκ απωματος Αβρααμ, φυλης βενιαμεν. of Abraam, of tribe of Benjamin. Not did put

σατο δ θεος τον λαον αύτου, δν προεγνω. the God the people of himself, whom he before knew.

υυκ οιδατε, εν Ηλια τι λεγει ή γραφη; not knowyou, in Elijah what says the writing? ယ်င

εντυγχανει τω θεω κατα του Ισραηλ. 3 Κυριε, he complains to the God against the Israel; O Lord,

τους προφητας σου απεκτειναν, \*[και]  $\tau \alpha$ prophets of thee they killed, andl θυσιαστηρια σου κατεσκαψεν· καγω ύπελειφθην

of thee they dug down; and l was left μονος, και ζητουσι την ψυχην μου. <sup>4</sup> Αλλα τι alone, and they are seeking the life of me.

λεγει αυτφ δ χρηματισμος; Κατελιπον εμαυτω says to him the divine oracle? Heft to myself

έπτακισχιλιους ανδρας, οίτινες ουκ εκαμψαν even thousand who not

5 Ούτως ουν και εν τω νυν καιγονυ τη Βααλ. a Luce to the Baal. Thus then even in the present sea-

ρφ λειμμα κατ' εκλογην χαριτος γεγονεν. offavor has been made. son a remnant according to an election

6 Ει δε χαριτι, ουκετι εξ εργων· επει ή χαρις
11 but by favor, no longer from works; otherwise the favor

ουκετι γινεται χαρις. <sup>7</sup>Τι ουν; <sup>6</sup>Ο επιξήτει no longer is favor. What then? What seeks

Ισραηλ, τουτο ουκ επετυχεν, ή δε εκλογη επεthis not he obtained, the but chosen ob-Israel.

20 Besides, Isaiah is very bold, and says, ‡"I "was found \*by those "who did not SEEK me; I "was made manifest to "THOSE who did not ASK "for me."

21 But in respect to Is-RAEL he says, ‡"The "whole DAY I stretched "out my HANDS to a dis-"obedient and contradict-

"ing People."

#### CHAPTER XI.

1 I say then, † Did GoD put away his own PEO-PLE? By no means; for even ‡1 am an Israelite of the Seed of Abraham, of the Tribe of Benjamin.

2 God has not put away his PEOPLE whom he formerly acknowledged. Do you not know what the SCRIPTURE Says in [the history of] Elijah, how he complains to GoD against Israel?-

S ‡"O Lord, they killed "thy PROPHETS; they "dug down thy ALTARS; "and I was left alone; "and they are seeking my "LIFE."

- 4 But what says the DIVINE ORACLE to him? t"I reserved for myself "Seven thousand Men, "who bent not a Knee to "BAAL."
- 5 And in like manner, therefore, at the PRESENT Time, there is a Remnant according to an Election f Favor.
- 6 But tif by Favor, no longer from Works; otherwise the FAVOR is no longer a Favor.
- 7 What then? The thing I Israel earnestly seeks, this he did not obtain; but the CHOSEN obtained

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—20. among THOSE who did not SEEK Me; I became manifest among THOSE who. 3. aud—omit. 6. But if by Favor, no longer from Works; between is made no longer Favor. But if from Works, no longer Favor; otherwise work is no longer Favor.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Isa. lxv. 1; Rom. ix. 30. † 21. Isa. lxv. 2. † 1. 1 Sam. xii. 22; Jer. xxx1-87. † 1. 2 Cor. xi. 12; Phi). iii. 5. † 3. 1 Kings xix. 10, 14. † 4. 1 Kings xix. 18. † 5. Rom. ix. 27. † 6. Rom. iv. 4, 5; Gal. v. 4. † 7. Rom. ix. 31; x. 3-

ruxev of δε λωπιι επωρωθησαν, 8 (καθως it, and the Rest tained; the and remaining ones were hardened, (as γεγραπται. Εδωκεν αυτοις δ θεος πνευμα καταit has been written; Gave to them the God a spirit νυξεως, οφθαλμους του μη βλεπειν, και ωτα sleep, eyes of the not to see, and ears του μη ακουειν,) έως της σημερον ήμερας. of the not to hear,) till the to-day day.  $^9$  Και Δαυιδ λεγει· Γενηθητω ή τραπεζα αυτων And David says; Let be made the table of them εις παγιδα, και εις θηραν και εις σκανδαλον, και into a mare, and into a trap and into a stambling block, and εις ανταποδομα αυτοις: 10 σκοτισθητωσας οί into arecompence to them; let be darkened οφθαλμοι αυτων, του μη βλεπειν και τον νωeyes of them, of the not to see; and the back 11 Λεγω ουν. τον αυτων διαπαντος συγκαμψου. always bow down. I say then; Μη επταισαν, ίνα πεπωσι; Μη γενοιτο αλλα Not did they stumble, so that they might fall? Not let it be; but τω αυτων παραπτωματι ή σωτηρια τοις εθνεσιν, by the of them fall the salvation to the nations 12 E4 SE TO το παρα(ηλωσαι αυτους. If but the in order that to excite to emulation them. παραπτωμα αυτων πλουτος κοσμου, KOL TO of a world, ofthem wealth and the μαλλον ήττημα αυτων πλουτος εθνων. ποσω failure of them wealth of nations; how much more το πληρωμα αυτων: the full acceptance of them? 13 Υμιν γαρ λεγω τοις εθνεσιν εφ' δσον με: To you for I speak the Gentiles; in ac much indeed ειμι εγω εθνων αποστολος, την διακονιαν μου the am I of Gentiles an apostle,

ξηξαίω. 14 ειπως παραίηλωσω μου την σαρκα, I shall glorify, if possibly I may excite to cumulation of me the Sesh, 15 Ει γαρ ή απ και σωσω τινας εξ αυτων. If for the casting and I may save some from of them. βολη αυτων καταλλαγη κοσμού τις ή προσoff of them a reconciliation of a world; what the receiv ληψις, ει μη ζωη εκ νεκρων; 16 Ειδε ή απαρχη, ..., if not life out of dead ones? If and the first-fruit ένια, και το φυραμα· και ει ή διζα άγια, και οί holy, also the mixture; and if the root holy, also the 17 Ει δε τινες των κλαδων εξεκλασθηκλαδοι. If but some of the branches Lranches. σαν, συ δε αγριελαιος ων ενεκεντρισθης off, thou and a wild olive being wast ingrafted instead of αυτοις, και συγκοινωνος της ρίξης και της πιο-

them, and apartaker

blinded :-

8 as it has been written, ‡" God gave to them "a Spirit of Stupor, Eyes "that they should not see, "and Ears that they " should not HEAR,"till THIS VERY Day.

9 and David says, T"Let "their TABLE become a "Snare, and a Trap, and "a Stumbling-block, and "a Recompense to them;

10 "let their EYES be "darkened so as not to "SEE, and bow down their "BACK continually "

Il I say then, Did they stumble that they might fall? By no means; but tby THEIR Fall the NA-TIONS have SALVATION in order to excite them to EMULATION.

12 But if their FALL is the Wealth of the World. and their FAILURE the Wealth of the Gentiles, how much more will their full acceptance be?

13 \*And I speak to You, GENTILES; (there-fore, indeed, inasmuch as I am tan Apostle of the Gentiles, I shall honor my MINISTRY:)

14 if possibly I may excite My KINDRED to emulation, and 1 may save some from among them.

15 For if their REJEC-TION be the Reconciliation of the World, what is their RECEPTION, if not Life from the Dead?

16 And if the FIRST-FRUIT be holy, so also the MASS; and if the ROOT be holy, so also the BRANCHES.

17 But if I some of the BRANCHES were broken off, ‡ and thou being a Wild olive wast ingrafted instead of them, and didst become a Partaker of the

of the root and of the fat-\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. And I speak to You, Gentiles; therefore indeed inasmuch.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Isa. xxix. 10. † 9. Psa. lxix. 22, 23. † 11. Acts xiii. 40; xxiii. 6; xxiii. 18. † 13. Acts ix. 15; xiii. 2; xxiii. 21; Rom. xv. 10; Gal. i, 10; ii. 2, 7-9; lph. iii. 8; 1 Tim. ii. 7; 2 Tim. i. 11. † 14. 1 Cor. vii. 14; ix. 22; 1 Tim. iv. 10; Januer v. 20. † 16. Let. xxiii. 10; Num. xv. 18-21. † 17. Jer. xi. 16. † 17. Acts ii. 39.

Crap. 11: 18.1 ROMANS. τητος της ελαιας εγενου, 18 μη κατακαυχω of the olive thou didst become, not do thou boast  $\tau\omega\nu$  κλαδων είδε κατακαυχασαί, ου συ την of the branches; if but thou dost boast, not thou the διίαν βασταίεις αλλ' ή διία σε. 19 Epeis ouv root sustainest but the root thee. Thou wilt say then; Εξεκλασθησαν κλαδοι, ίνα εγω  $\epsilon \sim \kappa \epsilon \nu \tau \rho \iota \sigma \theta \omega$ . branches, so that I Were broken off might be grafted in. 10 παλως τη απιστια εξεκλασθησαν, συ δε True; by the unbelief they were broken off, thou and τη πιστει έστηκας μη ύψηλοφρονει, αλλα by the faith hast been standing; not be high-minded, 21 Et  $\gamma \alpha \rho$   $\delta$   $\theta \epsilon \sigma s$   $\tau \omega \nu$   $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha$   $\phi \upsilon \sigma \iota \nu$  If for the God those according to nature φοβου. ear. κλαδων ουκ εφεισατο, μηπως ουδε σου φεισεecanches not apared. perhaps not even thee 22 Ιδε ουν χρηστοτητα και αποτομιαν snare. See then kindness and θεου επι μεν τους πεσοντας, αποτομίαν επι of God: towards indeed those having fallen, severity; towards δε σε, χρηστοτητα, εαν επιμεινης τη χρησif thou shouldst remain in the but thee, kind-23 Κακεινοι επει και συ εκκοπηση. otherwise even thou shalt be cut off. Also they

δε, εαν μη επιμεινωσι τη απιστια, εγκεντρισbut, if not they should remain in the unbelief, shall be

θηπονται δυνατος γαρ εστιν δ θεος παλιν able for is the God again ingrafted; 24 E 4 εγκευτρισαι αυτους. YAP OU EK THS

If for thou out of the to graft them. εγριελαιου. φυσιν €EEKOTT7S και according to nature wast cut off wild olive, and

φυτιν ενεκεντρισθης εις καλλιελαιον, in violation of nature thou wastingrafted into a good olive,

μαλλον ούτοι οί κατα φυσιν, εγκενthese who according to nature, shali be by how much more

25 Ου γαρ θελω τρισθησονται τη ιδια ελαια. Not for I wish in the own olive.

ύμας αγνοείν, αδελφοί, το μυστηρίαν τουτο, the you to beignorant, brethren, secret

(ίνα μη ητε παρ ξαυτοις φρονιμοι,) δτι πωρω-(that not you may be with yourselves wise,) that hard-

σις απο μερους τω Ισραηλ γενονεν, αχρις ού το! ness from a part to the Israel has happened, till the πληρωμα των εθνων εισελθη· 26 και ούτω πας

fulness of the Gentiles may come in; and all then

Ισραηλ σωθησεται, καθως γεγραπται. 'HEEL as it has been written; Shallcome shall be saved, Israel

ROOT and FATNESS of the OLIVE;

18 ‡do not hoast against the BRANCHES; but if thou dost exult ever them. thou dost not sustain Le

19 Thou wilt say the: "The Branches were br k n .ff, so that I might be grafted in."

20 True; they were broken off by UNBELIEF, and thou hast been established by FAITH. ‡ Be not haughty, but ‡ fear;

21 for if GoD spared not the NATURAL Branches, \*he may not even spare

Thee.

22 Behold, then, the Kindness and the Severity of God; Severity, indeed, towards THOSE HAVING FALLEN, \* but the Kindness of God towards thee. tif thou continue in that KINDNESS; for otherwise thou even shalt be cut

23 But then also, ‡ if they continue not in UN-BELIEF, shall be grafted in; for God is able to graft them in again.

24 For if thou wast cut off from an Olive, wild by Nature, and, in violation of Nature, wast grafted into a Good olive, how much more shall these, the Natural branches, be grafted into their own Olive?

25 For, Brethren, that vou may not be # conceited with yourselves, I wish you not to be ignorant of this SECRET, That ‡ Hardness in some Measure has happened to ISBAEL ; till the FULNESS of the GENTILES may come in.

26 And then all Israel will be saved, as it has been

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. he may not even spare Thee. of God towards thee, if thou continue in that KINDNESS.

22. but the Kindness

† 20. Rom. xii. 16. xv. 2; Heb. iii. 6, 14. † 22. John xv. 2. † 23. 2 Cor. iii. 16. † 25. ver. 7; 2 Cor. iii. 14. † 25. Luke xxi. 24; Rev. vii. 9.

1 22. 1 Cor 2 25. Rom. xii

And this with them the from me

from Jacob.

εκ Σιων δ δυομενος, και αποστρεψει ασεβειας out of Sion the deliverer, and shall turn away magodiness απο Ιακωβ. Τκαι αδτη αυτοις ή παρ' εμου

διαθηκη, όταν αφελωμαι τας άμαρτιας αυτων.
corenant, when I may take away the sins of them.

\*\* Κατα μεν το ευαγγελιον, εχθροι δι' ύμας.

According to indeed the glad tidings, enemies on account of you; τατα δε την εκλογην, αγαπητοι δια τους according to but the election, beloved on account of the

πατερας. <sup>39</sup> Αμεταμελητα γαρ τα χαρισματα fathers. Things not to be repented of for the gracious gifts

και ή κλησις του θεου.  $^{30}$  Ωσπερ γαρ ύμεις and the calling of the God. As for you ποτε ηπειθησατε τ $\varphi$  θε $\varphi$ , νυν δε ηλεηθητε τη

οπος disobeyed the God, now but obtained mercy by the τουτων απειθεία. 31 ούτω και ούτοι νυν ηπειθηof these disobedience; thus also these now disobeyed,

σαν, τφ ύμετερφ ελεει ίνα και αυτοι ελεηθωσι.

σαν, τφ ύμετερω ελεει ίνα και αυτοι ελεηθωσι.

in the your mercy that also they may obtain mercy.

 $^{32}$  Συνεκλεισε γαρ δ θεος τους παντας εις Shut up for the God the all for aπειθειαν, ίνα τους παντας ελεηση.  $^{33}$  Ω βαdisobedience, so that the all hemight compassionate. O depth θος πλουτου και σοφιας και γνωσεως θεου. Ως

of wealth and of windom and of knowledge of God. How ανεξερευνητα τα κριματα αυτου, και ανεξιχunsearchable the judgments of him, and untrace-

νιαστοι αί όδοι αυτου. <sup>34</sup> Τις γας εγνω νουν able the ways of him. Who for knew mind κυριου; η τις συμβουλος αυτου εγενετο; <sup>35</sup> η of Lord? or who a counsellor of him became? or

τις προεδωκεν αυτ $\psi$ , και ανταπ δοθησετιι who greet gave to him, and it shall be given in return αυτ $\psi$ ; 36 Ότι εξ αυτου, και δι' αυτου, και εις

to him? Because out of him, and through him, and for autov τα παντα αυτον ή δοξα εις τους αιωνας. him the things all, to him the glory for the ages.

Αμην. 80 be it.

# ΚΕΦ. ιβ'. 12.

<sup>1</sup> Παρακαλω ουν ύμας, αδελφοι, δια των lentreat therefore you, brethren, through the οικτιριών του θεου, παραστησαι τα ακωματα tender compassions of the God. to present the bodi.  $\dot{\nu}$ μων θυσιαν ζωσαν, άγιαν, ευαρεστον τω θεω, of you a sacrifice living, holy, well-pleasing to the God,

written, ‡ "The DELIV"ERER shall come out of
"Zion, and shall turn
"away Ungodliness from
"Jacob."

27 And to this is the "Covenant" with them "FROM ME, when I shad take away their sins."

28 In relation to the GLAD TIDINGS, indeed, they are Enemies on your account; but in regard to the ELECTION, they are the ELECTION, they are the FATHERS;

29 because the GRACI-OUS GIFTS and CALLIN of GOD are ‡ not things to be repented of.

30 Besides, as pny tonce disobeyed God, but now obtained mercy by

their Disobedience; 31 so also, now, these disobeyed, so that then \* may obtain mercy of YOUR Mercy.

32 For I God shut up together ALL for Disobedience, that he might have mercy on ALL.

33 O the Depth of the Riches and Wisdom and Knowledge of God! 1 How unsearchable his JUDG MENTS, and 1 untraceable his ways!

34 ‡ For who knew the Mind of the Lord? or who was his Counsellor?

35 or 1 who first gave to him, and it shall be given to him again?

36 ‡ Because out of him, and through him, and for him, are ALL things. To him be the GLORY for the AGES. Amen.

#### CHAPTER XIL

1 I entreat you, therefore, Brethren, by the TENDER COMPASSIONS of GOD, to present your \$ B - TES a living Sacrifice, holy, well-pleasing to GOD

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31. may now obtain mercy.

την λογικην λατρειαν ύμων·  $\frac{2}{2}$  και μη συσχημαthe rational religious service of you; and not conform your τιζεσθε τω αιωνι τουτω, αλλα μεταμορφουσθε elves to the age this, but transform yourselves τη ανακαινωσει του νοος \*[ύμων,] εις το by the renovation of the mind [of you,] in order that δοκιμαζειν ύμας, τι το θελημα του θεου, το to prove you, what the will of the God, the

αγαθον και ευαρεστον και τελειον. <sup>3</sup> Λεγω γαρ good and well-pleasing and perfect. I say for

δια της χαριτος της δοθεισης μοι, παντι through the favor of that having been given to me, to all το δντι εν ύμιν, μη ὑπερφρονειν παρ' δ to him being among you, not to think above beyond what

δει φρονειν, αλλα φρονειν εις το σωφρονειν, εtbehoves to think, but to think in order that to be of so unid mind,

Example  $\delta s$   $\delta \theta \epsilon os$  emerges  $\epsilon u \epsilon pi \sigma \epsilon$   $\epsilon u \epsilon poor$   $\epsilon u \epsilon poor$   $\epsilon u \sigma \tau \epsilon \omega s$ .

<sup>4</sup> Καθαπερ γαρ εν ένι σωματι μελη πολλα εχο-Just as for in one body members many we we have, τα δε μελη παντα ου την αυτην εχει have, the but members all not the same has πραξιν.  $^5$  ο  $^5$ τως οι πολλοι έν σωμα εσμεν εν operation; thus the many one body we are in

Χριστφ, δ δε καθ' είς, αλληλων μελη. <sup>6</sup>ΕχονAnointed, the but each one, of each other members.

τες δε χαρισματα κατα την χαριν την δοθειbut gracious gifts according to the favor that having

σαν ήμιν διαφορα $^{\circ}$  ειτε προφητείαν, κατα been given to us of different kinds; if prophets, according to

την αναλογιαν της πιστεως  $^{7}$  ειτε διακονιαν, εν the analogy of the faith; if service, in τη διακονια ειτε δ διδασκων, εν τη διδασκαλια the service; if the teaching, in the act of teaching;

S  $\epsilon_i \tau \epsilon$   $\delta$  παρακαλων,  $\epsilon \nu$  τη παρακλησ $\epsilon_i$   $\delta$  μεταδιif the exhorting, in the exhortance; the one

δους, εν ἁπλοτητι· δ προισταμενος, εν σπουδη· giving, with samplicity; the one presiding, with diligence;

δ ελεων, εν ίλαροτητι. 9 Η αγαπη, ανυποκthe onepitying, with cheerfulness. The love, unfeigned;

ριτος αποστυνουντές το πονηρον, κολλωμένοι  $m_{detesting}$  the evil, adhering

τω αγαθω. 10 τη φιλαδελφια, εις αλληλους to the good; in the brotherly kindness, towards each other

φιλοστοργοι· τη τιμη αλληλους προηγουμενοι·
tender affections; in the honor each other going before;

-your BATIONAL religious service.

2 ‡ And do not conform yourselves to this AGE, ‡ but transform yourselves by the BENOVATION of your MIND, that you may ‡ ASCERTAIN what is the WILL of GOD,—the GOOD, and well-pleasing, and perfect.

3 For I say, through THAT FAVOR which has been GIVEN to me, to EVEFY one among you, that think beyond what he ught to think; but to think so as to be soberminded, as God to Each distributed a Measure of Faith

4 For, ‡ just as in One Body we have many Members, but all the MEMBERS have not the SAME Action:

so twe, the MANY, are One Body in Christ, and IND. IDUALLY Members each other.

Now having different bracious gifts, according THAT FAVOR which is IMPARTED to us;—‡if Prophecy, speak according to the ANALOGY of the FAITH;

7 or if a Service, perform that SERVICE. The THACHER, in the TEACH-ING;

8 the exhorter, in the exhorterion. Let the distributor, act with Disinterestedness; the president, with Dulgence; the sympathizer, with Cheerfulness.

9 ‡ Let LOVE be unfeigned. Detest the EVIL; adhere to the GOOD.

10 t With BROTHERLS KINDNESS towards eac't other be tenderly affectionate; t in HONOR preferring one another.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. of you-omit.

<sup>† 2. 1</sup> Pet. i. 14; 1 John ii. 15. † 2. Eph. iv. 23; Col. iii. 10. † 3. Rom. xi. 20. xii. 20, 27; Eph. i. 23; iv. 25. † 4. 1 Cor. xii. 12; Eph. iv. 16. † 5. 1 Cor. x. 17; † 6. 1 Cor. xii. 4; 1 Pet. iv. 10, 11. xiii. 1; 1 Pet. i. 22; ii. 17; iii. 8; 2 Pet. i. 7. † 8. 1 Cor. xiv. 3. † 10. 1 Pet. v. 5. † 10. 1 Pet. v. 5.

11 τη σποιδη μη οκνηροι τω πνευματι ζεοντες. in the industry not idle ones; in the spirit being fervent; το καιρώ δουλευοντες. 12 τη ελπιδι χαιροντες. in the base residence: τη θλιψει ύπομενοντες τη προσευχη προσκαρin the affection being patient; in the pmyer constantly repouvres 13 rais x petals raw a riw kolvavouvatending; to the mants of the holy ones contributing; τες την φιλοξενιαν διωκοντες. 14 Ευλογειτε

the kin iness to strangers following. Biess you τους διωκον-ας \*[ύμας·] ευλογειτε, και μη καταρασθε. <sup>16</sup> Χαιρειν μετα χαισοντων, και curseyon. Το replace with replacing ones, and κλαιειν μετα κλαιοντων. 16 Το αυτο εις αλλη-The same for each other to weep wild weeping ones. λους φρουνουντες μη τα ύψηλα φρονουντες,

m noing, not thethings high minding Mn αλλα τοις ταπεινοις συναπαγομενοι. Not to the low ones conform yourselves. γινεσθε Φρονιμοι παρ' έαυτοις. 17 Μηδενι κακον

become you wise with yourselves. To no one evil αντι κακου αποδιδοντες προνο υμένοι καin return for evil giving back; providing honorable λα ενωπιον παντων ανθρωπων. 18 ει δυνατον if able το εξ ύμων, μετα παντων ανθρωπων ειρηνευον-

that from of you, with all men being at peace; τες 10 μη έαυτους εκδικουντες, αγαπητοι αλλα not yourselves avenging, beloved ones,

δοτε τοπον τη οργη· γεγραπται γαρ· Εμοι give you a pince to the wrath; it has been written for, To me εκδικησις εγω ανταποδωσω, λεγει κυριος. vengeance, ε Εαν ουν πεινα δ εχθρος σου, ψωμιξε αυτον.

If therefore may hunger the enemy of thee, do thou feed him; εαν διψα. ποτιζε αυτον. Τουτο yap if he may thirst, give drink to him. This for

ποιων, ανθρακας πυρυς σωρευσεις επι την κεφαdoing, coals of fire thou wilt pile on the λην αυτου. 21 Μη νικω ύπο του κακου, αλλα

Nucbeovercomeby the evil, νικα εν τφ αγαθφ το κακον. overcome by the good the evil.

# KEΦ. ιγ. 13.

Πασα ψυχη εξουσιας ύπερεχουσαις ύποτασ-Every soul to authorities being above let be sub-Ου γαρ εστιν εξουσια ει μη απο θεου· is not an Authority, except σεσθω. Not for is suthermy if not from God; from God; and THOSE missive.

11 In pury be not slothful. In the SPIRIT be firvent, \*s rving the LORD.
13 \$ In the HOPE be

jov'ul; tin AFFLICTION patient; I in PRAYER perzer cring.

13 # Contributing to the WANTS of the SAINTS .pulsuing HOSIPITALITY

14 Thiess THOSE R'c PERSPECTE you; bless and curse not.

15 # Rejoice with the jovful, and weep with the sorrowful.

16 # Be of the SAME. Disposition towards each other. Regard not Hic.i. things, but confirm yourselves to the lowly. \$10 not become wise in your own estimation.

17 ‡ To no one return Evil for Evil. ‡ Provide honorable things in the presence of All Men.

18 If possible, on YOUR part, I live peaceably with All Men;

19 i not avenging Your selves, Beloved, but give Place to the WRATH [of God;] for it has been writ-ten, ‡" Vengeance belongs "to me; \* will repay," says the Lord.

20 Therefore, 1 " if thine "ENEMY is hungry, give "him food; if he is "thirsty, give him drink; "for, doing this, thou wilt "heap Coals of Fire on his "HEAD."

21 Be not subdued by EVIL, but subdue EVIL by GOOD.

## CHAPTER XIII.

1 Let Every person ; be submissive to the superior Authorities; 1 for there

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. serving the LORD. 14. you-omit.

<sup>12.</sup> Phil. iii. 1; iv. 4; Heb. iii. 6. 12. Heb. x. 36; xii. 1. 12. Col. iv. 2; Eph. vi. 18; 1 Tiess. i. 17. 13. Heb. vi. 10; xiii. 10; 1 John iii. 17. 13. Heb. xiii. 2; 14. Matt. v. 44; 1 Pet ii. 23; 1ii. 9. 1 15. 1 Cor. xiii. 26. 16. Reas vv. 15. 16. Prov. 11. 7. 17. Matt. v. 30; 1 Thess. v. 15. 17. 2 Cor. vi. 20. 18. Heb. xii. 14. 19. Prov. xxiv. 29. 1 Dan. ii. 21; iv. 32; John xix. 11. 20. Prov. xxv. 9; 12. 1 Tit. iii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 13. 1 Dan. ii. 21; iv. 32; John xix. 11.

αί δε ουσαι, ύπο θεου τεταγμεραι εισιν. 2'Ωσ- Existing have been arthose and being, under God having been arranged are.

TE Ó αντιτασσομένος τη εξουσια, τη του the enc actting himself in opposition to the authority, to the of the θεου διαταγή ανθεστηκεν οί δε ανθεστηκο-God institution has been opposed; they but having been act in 3 Οί γαρ αρέαυτοις κριμα ληψονται.

opposition, to themselves judgment will receive. The for rulχοντες ουκ εισι φοβος των αγαθων εργων, αλλα a terror of the good mot are works,

των κακων. Θελεις  $\delta$ ε μη of the evilones. Wishest thousand not Θελεις δε μη Φοβεισθαι την εξουto fear the autho-

σιαν; το αγαθον ποιει και έξεις επαινον εξ good do thou; and thou wilthave praise from

αυτης. <sup>4</sup> θεου γαρ διακονος εστι, σοι εις το her; cf God for a servant he is, to thee for the αγαθον. Εαν δε το κακον ποιης, φοβου ου If but the evil thou shouldst do, fear thou ; not γαρ εικη την μαχαιραν φορει θεου γαρ διακοfor in vain the sword he bears; of God for

νος εστιν, εκδ.λος εις οργην τφ το κακον πρασan aven or for wrath to him the evil

ύποτασσεσθα: CONTA. CVAYKY OU Wherefore " ecessity to be submissive, Bot

μονον δια την οργην, αλλα και δια την συonly on account of the wrath, but also on account of the con-6 Δια τουτο γαρ και φορους τελεινειδησιν. cience. On account of this

for also taxes τε λειτουργοι γαρ θεου εισιν, εις αυτο τουτο you; public ministers for of God they are, to same this

προσκαρτερουντες. 7 Αποδοτε \*[000] πασι constantly attending. Render [therefore] to all

τας οφειλας. τω τον φορον, τον φορον. 70 dece; to him the tax. the tax; to him το τελος, το τελος τω τον φοβον, τον φοβον

the enstom, the enstore; to him the 8 Μηδενι μηδεν

τω την τιμην, την τιμην. to him the heaer, the honor. To no one nothing οφειλετε, ει μη το αλληλους αγαπαν. δ γαρ

OWC TOR,

if not that each other you should love; the for 9 To αγαπων τον έτερον, νομον πεπληρωκε. loving the other, alaw has fulfilled. That

γαρ. Ου μοιχευσεις. Ou φονευσεις. for; Not thou shalt commit adultery; Not thou shalt commit murder;

Oυ κλεψεις. Ουκ επιθυμησεις. Kal El TIS Not thou shalt steal; Not thou shalt covet: and if any

έτερα εντολη, εν τουτώ τω λογφ ανακεφαλαι-Other commandment, in this the word it is brought under ranged under GoD:

2 so that he who sets himself in opposition to the AUTHORITY, opposes the Institution of God; and the opponents will procure Punishment for themselves.

3 For RULERS are not a terror \*to a good Work. but to an EVIL. And dost thou wish not to be afraid of the AUTHORITY? 1Do GOOD, and thou shalt have Praise, from it:

4 for he is God's Servant for thy \*Good. But if thou do EVIL, be afraid; for he bears the sword not in vain; since he is God's avenging Servant for Wrath on him doing EVIL.

5 Wherefore it is necessarv to be subordinate. not only on account of the WRATH: † but also on account of conscience.

6 For on this account also you pay Taxes; because they are God's public Ministers, constantly attending to this very thing.

7 † Render, therefore, to all their DUES: to WHOM TAX is due, TAX; to WHOM CUSTOM, CUS-TOM; to WHOM FEAR. FEAR: to WHOM HONOR, HONOR.

8 Owe Nothing to any one-unless Love to each other; for the who LOVES ANOTHER has fulfilled the Law.

9 Forthis, t"Thoushalt "not commit adultery, "Thou shalt not commit "murder, Thou shalt not "steal, Thou shalt not "covet," and if Any Other Commandment, it it is briefly summed up in This PRECEPT, namely,

<sup>\*</sup> VAT. MANUSCRIPT .- 3. a GOOD Work, but to an EVIL. 4. Good. 7. therefore-omtt. t3, 1 Pet, ii, 14; iii, 13. t5. 1 Pet. ii. 10. t 7. Matt. xxil. 21; Mark xil. 17; Luke xx. 25. 18. Gal. v. 14; Col. iii, 14; 1 Tim. 1. 5; James ii. 8. xx, 13; Deut. v. 17; Matt. xix. 18.

. νται, εν τω Αγαπησεις τον πλησιον σου ως ne head, in this; Thou shalt love the neighbor of thee as

έαυτον. 10 H αγαπη τω πλησιον κακον ουκ thyself. The love to the neighbor evil not

εργαζεται· πληρωμα ουν νομου ή αγαπη. 11 Και works; a fulfilling then of law the love. And

τουτο, ειδοτες τον καιρον, ότι ώρα ήμας ηδε, this, knowing the season, that an hour us arcad, εξ ύπνου εγερθηναι (νυν γαρ εγγυτερον ήμων out of sleep to be aroused; (now for nearer orus

out of sleep to be aroused; (now for nearer orus η σωτηρια, η ότε επιστευσαμεν 12 ή νυξ προεthe salvation, than when we believed; the night is far

κοψεν,  $\mathring{η}$  δε  $\mathring{η}μερα$  ηγγικεν) αποθωμενα ουν advanced, the and day has approached;) we should put off therefore

τα εργα του σκοτους, και ενδυσωμεθα τα όπλα the works of the darkness, and should put on the weapons

του φωτος.  $^{13}$  Ως εν ήμερα, ευσχημονως περιefthe light. As in day, Generally we

πατησωμεν, μη κωμοις και μεθαις, μη κοιταις chould walk, not in revelings and in drinkings, not in whoredoms

και ασελγειαις, μη εριδι και ζηλφ. 14 αλλ and in debaucheries, not in strife and in rage; but

σαρκος προνοιαν μη ποιείσθε εις επισομίας.

desh provision not make you for fusto.

KEΦ. 18. 14.

 $^{1}$  Τον δε ασθενουντα τη πιστει, προσλαμβαThe but weak in the faith, take to your-

νεσθε, μη εις διακρισεις διαλονισμων. 2'Os solves, not for differences of reasonings. Who

μεν πιστευει φανειν καντα· δ δε ασθενων indeed believes to eat all things; the but coobeing weak

λαχανα εσθιει. 3 'Ο εσθιων, τον μη εσθιοντα herbs eats. The one eating, the not one eating

in εξουθενειτω· και ό μη εσθιων, τον εσθιωντα cos despise; and the not enting, the one eating  $\mu$ η κρινετω· ό θεος γαρ αυτον προσελαnot judge; the God for him received to

βετο.  $^4Συτις ειδκρινων αλλοτριον οικεhimself. Thou who art the judging belonging to another household$ 

την: τω ιδιω κυριου στηκει η πιπτει· σταθηservant? to the own lord be stands or he falls; he shall be

σεται δε δυνατος γαρ εστιν δ θεος στησαι made to stand and, able for ia the God to make stand

"NEIGHEOR as thyself."

10 Love to the Nuighbor works no Evil: \$100e, then, is the Fulfilling a too Law.

filling to Lew.

11 And do this, knowing the season, That it is already the Hour for us to wake up from Sieep; fo now is Our salvation nearer than when we illieved.

15 The NIGHT is far advanced, and the DAY has approached; twe should, therefore, lay aside the WORK'S of DARKNESS, and thould put on the Armor of LIGHT.

13 As in the Day, twe should walk becomingly;—t not in Revelries and Carousings; not in Whoredoms and Debaucheries; not in \* Strifes and Enzyrings;

14 but ‡ put you on the \* ANOINTED Jesus, and ‡ make no Provision for the Lusts of the flesh.

## CHAPTER XIV.

1 Now receive to you, selves the WEAK in the FAITH; not, however, for Doubtful Reasonings.

2 One, indeed, believ s he may eat all things; but the WEAK eats Vegetables only.

3 Let not HIM who fats despise HIM wh EATS not; and let not HIM who EATS not condemn HIM who EATS; for God received him.

4 Who art THOU CON-DEMNING the Domestic of Another? To his own Master he stands or falls; and he shall be made to stand, for \*God is able to make him stand.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—13. Strifes and Envyings. one Lobd.

<sup>14.</sup> Anointed Jesus.

<sup>4</sup> 

<sup>† 9.</sup> Lev. xix. 18; Matt. xxii. 39; Mark xii. 31; Gal. v. 14; James ii. 8. † 10. Matt. xxii. 40. † 11. 1 Cor. xv. 34; Eph. v. 14; 1 Thess. v. 5, 6. † 12. Eph. v. 11; Coliii. 8. † 12. Eph. vi. 13; 1 Thess. v. 8. † 13. Phil. iv. 8; 1 Thess. iv. 12; 1 Pet. ii. 12; 1 18. 1 Pet. iv. 3. † 14. Eph. iv. 24; Col. iii. 10. † 14. Gal. v. 16; 1 Pet ii. ii. 1 Rom. xv. 1. 7: 1 Cor. viii. 9, 11: 1x. 22.

• 'Os μεν κρινει ήμερα» παρ' ήμερα», עסדעים. One indeed cateema a day from a day. hum. δε κρινει πασαν ήμεραν έκαστος εν τ 88 the day; Such in another but esteems every 6 Ο φρονων την ιδιώ νοι πληροφορεισθω. own mind let be fully assured. do min.ding the ήμεραν, κυριφ φρονει· \*[και ύκιη φρονων την day, to Lord minds; [and bornet minding the ξμεραν, κυριφ ου φρονει.] Και δ οσθιων, κυριω to Lord not minds.] And he cating, to Lord εσθιει, ευχαριστει γαρ τφ θεφ' και δ μη εσθιων, κυριφ ουκ εσθιει, και ευχωριστει τφ θεφ. to Lord not eats, and he lives thanks to the God. 7 Ουδεις γαρ ήμων έαυτω ζη, και ουδεις έαυτω No one for of you to himself lives, and no one to himself 8 Ear ve yap (when, to kuping εποθνησκει. dies. ζωμεν εαν τε αποθνησκωμεν, τφ κυριφ αποθto the Lord welive: if and we die, Εαν τε ουν ζωμεν, εαν τε αποθνησипоконеи. If both therefore we live, if and we die, 9 Εις τουτο γαρ του κυριου εσμεν. KWHEV. To this for of the Lord we are. Σριστος \* και απεθανε και εξησεν, ίνα και so that both both died and lived, 10 Συ δε, τι κρινεκρων και ζωντων κυριευση. of dead ones and living he might ne lord. Thou but, why judgest veis τον αδελφον σου; η κο συ, το εξουθενεις the brother of thee? or also thou, why settest at nought τον αδελφον σου; παντες γαρ παραστησομεθα shall stand before brother of thee? all for 11 Γεγραπται γαρ' βηματι του Χριστου. It has been written for; Anointed. i ... judgment-seat of the Luco I, says Lord, because to me shall bend every ουν, και πασα γλωσσα εξομολογησεται τω to the tongue shall confess every 12 Αρα \*[ουν] έκαστος ήμων έαυ− repi Usw. each one ofus concerning him-80 [then] God 13 Μηκετι δωσει σφ θεω. του λογον an account shall give to the God. No longer therefore ελληλους κρινωμεν αλλα τουτο κρινατε μαλju ge you each (ther we should judge; but this Λον, το μη τιθεναι προσκομμα τω αδελφω \* [η

that not to place a stumbling-block to the brother

συσυδαλου.

L. raise of fall.]

5 † One indeed esteems one Day better than another Day; but another esteemed Every Day. Let each one be fully assured in his own Mind.

6 HE who MINDS the DAY, minds it for the Lord; and HE who MINDS not the DAY, minds it not for the Lord. And HE who EATS, eats in regard to the Lord, for the gives thanks to GoD; and HE who EATS not, eats not in regard to the Lord, and gives thanks to GoD.

7 For tho one of us lives for Himself, and no one dies for Himself;

8 for both, if we live, we live for the LORD, and if we die, we die for the LORD; whether, therefore, we live, or die, we are the LORD's.

9 † For Christ died and lived for this end, that † he might rule over both the Dead and the Living

10 But thou, why dost thou condemn thy brother? or why dost thou despise thy brother? for we shall all be placed before the TRIBUNAL of CHRIST.

11 For it has been written, ‡ "3 live, says the "Lord, Because to Me "shall bend Every Knee. "and Every Tongue shall "confess to God."

12 ‡ Each one of us, therefore, shall \*give an Account concerning himself to God.

13 No longer, then, we should judge each other; but judge you this rather, † net TO PLACE a Stumbling-block before a BROTHER.

been assured by the Lord

VATICAN MANUSCRIZT.—6. and HE who MINDS not the DAY, minds it not for the Lord—omit. 2. both—omit. 12. then—omit. 12. render an Account. 13. or a cause of tall—omit.

14 Οιδα, και πεπεισμαι εν κιριφ

I know, and have been persuaded in Lord

† 5. Gal. iv. 10; Col. ii. 16. † 6. 1 Cor. x. 31; 1 Tim. iv. 3. † 7. 1 Cor. vi. 19. 20; Col. ii. 20; 1 Thess. v. 10; 1 Pet. iv. 2. † 9. 2 Cor. v 16. † 9. Acts x. 36. † 10. Natt. xxv. 31, 23; Acts x. 43; xvii. 31; 2 Cor. v. 10; Jude 14, 16. † 11. Iss. xlv. 25: Phil. ii. 16. ‡ 3. 1 Matt. xii. 36; Gal. vi. 5; 1 Pot. iv. 5. † 23. 1 Oor viii. 9 18; x. 32.

faith.

Ιησου, ότι ουδεν κοινον δι' αύτου, ει μη τω Jesus, that nothing common through itself, if nottohun λογιζομένω τι κοινον ειναι, εκεινω κοινον. regarding anything common to be, to him common; 15 Ει δε δια βρωμα δ αδελφος σου λυπειται, if but through food the brother of thee is greeved, Μη τω βρωυνκετι κατα αγαπην περιπατεις. no longer according to love dost thou walk. Not with the food ματι σου εκεινον απολλυε, ύπερ ού Χριστος ofthee him do thou destroy, on behalf of whom Anounted απεθανε. 16 Μη βλασφημεισθω ουν ύμων το Not let be evil spoken of therefore of you the died 17 Ου γαρ εστιν ή βασιλεια του θεου αγαθον. Not for is the kingdom of the God good. βρωσις και ποσις, αλλα δικαιοσυνη και ειρηνη righteousness and eating and drinking, but και χαρα εν πνευματι άνιφ. 18 δ γωρ εν τουτφ holy; he for in and joy in spirit this δρυλευων τω Χριστω, ευαρεστώς τω θεω, και doing service for the Anomited, well-pleasing to the God, and δρκιμος τοις ανθρωποις. 19 Αρα ουν τα της So theathe things of the approved by the men. ειρηνης διωκωμεν, και τα της οικοδομης της peace we should pursue, and the things of the building up of that εις αλληλους. 20 Μη ένεκεν βρωυατος καταλυε Not on account ffood for each other. demolish το εργον του θεου. Πουτα μεν καθαρα αλλα the work of the God. All things indeed pure, κακον τω ανθρωπω τω δια προσκουματος εσevil forthe man for that through a stumbling-block 21 Καλον το μη φανειν κρεα, μηδε πιειν PIDVTL. Good the not to eat flesh, nor to drink lug. οινον, μηδε εν 'φ δ αδελφος σου προσκοπτει. wine, nor by which the brother of thee stumbles. 22 X η σκανδαλιζεται, η απθενει. TLATIV or is weakened. is ensnared, Thou faith exeis. κατα σεαυτον εχε ενωπιον του θεου. according to thyself hold it in presence of the God. Μακαριος ό μη κρινων έαυτον εν 'φ δοκιμαζει. Blessed he not judging himself in what h. approves.  $^{23}$  Ο δε διακρινομένος, εαν φα $^{3}$ , κατακέκρι-He but discerning a difference, if he should eat, has been conότι ουκ εκ πιστεως παν δε δ ουκ εκ demned, because not from faith; every thing and which not from πιστεως, αμαρτια εστιν. †

Jesus, ‡That nothing is common of itself; yet ‡te HIM who REGARDS anything to be common, to him it is common.

15 But if, through thy Food, thy BROTHER is grieved, thou walkest no longer according to Love... † Do not, with thy Food, ruin him on whose behalf Christ died.

16 Let not, then, Your good be evil spoken of.

17 For the KINGDOM of God is not Food and Drink, but Righteousness, and Peace, and Joy in a holy Spirit;

18 for HE who in this SERVES the ANOINTED one, is well-pleasing to GoD, and approved by

MEN.

19 ‡ So then we should pursue the THINGS of FEACE, and THINGS for the EDIFICATION of each other.

20 Do not, on account of Food, demolish the WORK of GOD. All things indeed are pure, but Evil to THAT MAN Who EATS so as to cause stumbling.

2 It is good not to EAT thesh, nor to drink Wine, nor to do any thing by which thy BROTHER stumbles, or is ensnared, or is weakened.

22 \* Thou hast Faith; with respect to thyself hold it fast in the presence of God. ‡ Happy is he who does not CONDEMN himself in what he approves!

23 But HE who makes a DISTINCTION, if he should eat, is condemned; hecause it is not from Conviction; and every act which is not from Conviction, is a Sin. †

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 22. The Faith which thou hast, have thou to thyself.

<sup>† 23.</sup> Griesbach inserts here the doxology found Rom. xvi. 25—27; but as it is not authorized by the Vatican MS., nor by the most ancient versions, the Greek text has been transferred to its proper place. It may be proper to observe that Grotius, Hammond, Mill, Wetstein, Mathie, Knatchbull and Clarke approve of its insertion here; while on the other had, Knapp, Estius, Macknight, Bloomfield, Stuart, Lachmann, Tischendorf, &c., do not approve of the transposition.

## KEΦ. ιε'. 15.

1 Οφειλομεν δε ήμεις οί δυνατοι τα ασθενη-Are bound and we the strong ones the infirmities

ματα των αδυνατων βασταζειν, και μη έαυτοις of those without strength to bear, and not ourselves

αρεσκειν <sup>2</sup> έκαστος ήμων τω πλησιον αρεσκετω to please; each one of us to the neighbor let please

ραπται Οἱ ονειδισμοι των ονειδιζοντων σε, been written; The reproaches of those reproaching thee,

γοαφη, εις την ήμετεραν διδασκαλιαν  $*[\pi \rho \sigma]$  ε-written, for the our instruction was [fore]

γραφη· ίνα δια της ὑπομοιης και της παραwritten; so that through the patience and of the conso-

κλησεως των γραφων, την ελπιδα εχωμεν.  $^{5}$  O lation of the writings, the hope we might have. The

 $\delta \epsilon$  θεος της ύπομονης και της παρακλησεως and God of the patience and of the consolation

κατα Χριστον Ιησουν·  $^6$  ίνα δμοθυμαδον  $\epsilon \nu$  according to Anointed Jesus; that with one mind with  $\dot{\epsilon}$   $\nu \iota$  στοματι δοξαζητ $\dot{\epsilon}$  τον  $\theta \dot{\epsilon}$  ον και πατ $\dot{\epsilon}$   $\rho \dot{\epsilon}$  τον one mouth you may glorify the God and father of the

κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου. <sup>7</sup>Διο προσλαμ-Lord of us Jesus Anointed. Wherefore take to yourβανεσθε αλληλους, καθως και δ Χριστος προσselves each other, as also the Anointed took to

 $\epsilon$ λαβετο ύμας εις δοξαν θεου. 8 Λεγω δε, \*[Iη-himself us for glory of God. I say but, [Je-

σουν] Χριστον διακονον γεγενησθαι περιτομης,

 $\dot{v}$ περ αληθείας θεου, εις το βεβαίωσαι τας on behalf of truth of God, in order that to confirm the

 $\epsilon$ παγγελίας των πατερων·  $^{9}$  τα δε  $\epsilon$ θνη  $\tilde{v}$ περ promises of the fathers; the and nations on account of

ελεους δοζασαι τον θεον, καθως γεγραπται<sup>\*</sup> mercy to praise the .God, as it has been written;

 $\begin{array}{ccccc} \Delta\iota\alpha & \tau o \upsilon \tau o & \epsilon \xi o \mu o \lambda o \gamma \eta \sigma o \mu \alpha \iota & \sigma o \iota & \epsilon \upsilon & \epsilon \theta \upsilon \epsilon \sigma \iota, \\ \text{Because of this} & \text{I will confess} & \text{to thee among nations,} \end{array}$ 

#### CHAPTER XV.

I Now twr, the strong, are bound to bear the tin-FIRMITIES of the WEAK, and not to seek to please Ourselves.

2 ‡ Let each one of us please his NEIGHBOR, so far as is GOOD for Edifica-

tion;

3 the foreven the Anointed one sought not to please Himself, but, as it has been written, the "Reproaches of those who reproached thee "fell on me."

4 ‡ For \*what things were before written for OUR Instruction, were written that we through the PATIENCE and \* the CONSOLATION of the SCRIPTURES might possess

the HOPE.

5 ‡ And may the God of that PATIENCE and that CONSOLATION give you the SAME DISPOSITION towards each other, according to the Anointed Jesus;

6 so that with one mind, and with One Mouth, you may glorify the God and Father of our Lord Jesus

Christ.

7 Therefore kindly receive each other, even as the Anointed one also kindly received \* you, to the Glory of God.

8 \* For I affirm, that Jesus ‡ Christ became a Servant of the Circumcision, on account of the Truth of God, in order to CONFIEM the PROMISES of the FATHERS;

9 and that the Gentiles should glorify God on account of Mercy; as it has been written, ‡" Be-" cause of this I will con-" fess to thee among the

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—4. all things whatever were written.
4. fore—omit.
4. through consolation of the scriftures might have the hope of consolation.
7. us. 8. For. 8. Jesus—omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Gal. vi. 1. † 1. Rom. xiv. 1. † 2. 1 Cor. ix. 19, 22; x. 24, 33; xiii. 5; Phil. ii. 4, 5. † 3. Matt. xxvi. 39; John v. 30; vi. 38. † 3. Psa. lxix. 9. † 4. Rom. iv. 23, 24; 1 Cor. ix. 9, 10; x. 11; 2 Tim. iii. 16, 17. † 5. Rom. xii. 16; 1 Cor. i. 10; Phil. iii. 16 † 8. Matt. xv. 24; John i. 11; Acts ui. 25, 26; xiii. 48. † 9. Psa. xvii. 49.

και τω ονοματι σου ψαλω. 10 Και παλιν λεγει and to the name of thee sing praises. And again it says;

Ευφρανθητε εθνη, μετα του λαου αυτου. 11 Και Rejoice you nations, with the people of him.

παλιν. Αινειτε τον κυριον παντα τα εθνη, και again; Praise you the Lord all the nations,

12 Και παλιν επαινεσατε αυτον παντές οί λαοι. extol you him al. the peoples. And again

Ησαιας λεγει. Εσται ή διζα του Ιεσσαι, και ό Leans says; Shall be the root of the and he Jesse,

ανισταμένος αρχειν εθνων, επ' αυτώ εθνη ελπιstanding up to rule nations, or him nations

ουσιν. 13 'Ο δε θεος της ελπιδος πληρωσαι The and God of the hope hone to fill

ύμας πασης χαρας και ειρηνης εν τφ πιστευειν, you ofjoy and of peace in the believing,

\*[εις το περισσευειν, ύμας] εν τη ελπιδι, εν In order that to abound, you] in the

δυναμει πνευματος άγιου. 14 Πεπεισμαι δε, holy. I have been persuaded but,

αδελφοι μου, και αυτος εγω περι ύμων, ότι brethren of me, and myself I concerning you,

και αυτοι μεστοι εστε αγαθωσυνης, πεπληρωalso yourselves full you are of goodness, having been

μενοι πασης γνωσεως, δυναμενοι και αλληλους of knowledge, being able also each other

 $^{15}$  Τολμηροτερον δε εγραψα  $^{\circ}$  το μιν, More boldly but I wrote to you, νουθετειν. to admonish.

αδελφοι, απο μερους, ώς επαναμιμνησκων ύμας, brethren, from of a part, as reminding δια την χαριν την δοθεισαν μοι ύπο του θες υ, through the favor that having been given to me by the God,

16 εις το ειναι με λειτουργον Ιησου Χριστου in order that to be me a public servant of Jesus Anointed

\*[εις τα εθνη,] ιερουργουντα το ευαγγελιον [for the nations,] administering as a priest the glad tidings

του θεου, ίνα γενηται ή προσφορα των εθνων of the God, so that may be the oblation of the nations ευπροσδεκτος, ήγιασμενη εν πνευματι άγιω. well-pleasing, having been sanctified by a spirit holy.

!7 Εχω ουν καυχησιν εν Χριστώ Ιησου I have then a ground for boasting in Anounted Jesus the things

ου κατειργασατο Χριστος δι' εμου, εις ύπαworked out .. nointed through me, 102

προς θεον. 18 ου γαρ τολμησω λαλειν τι THINGS pertaining to Gov. not for I will dare to speak any of those things to God;

sume to speak anything of obe- I what Christ did not work

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-11. let All the PEOPLES praise him. 13. fully establish vou with All Joy.

15. But I have written.

16. might become acceptable. n. 13. that you may ABOUND -omit 14. 15. from God. 16. Anointed Jesus. 14. All KNOWLEDGE 17. CAUSE OF BOASTING.

† 10. Deut. xxxii. 43. † 11. Psa. cxvii. 1. † 12. Isa. xi. 1, 10; Rev. v. 5. xxii. 16. † 13. Rom. xii. 12; xiv. 17. † 14. 2 Pet. i. 12; 2 John ii. 21. † 15. Rom. i 5; xii. 3; Gal. i. 15; Eph. iii. 7, 8. † 16. Rom. xi. 13; Gal. ii. 7—9; 2 Tim. i. 11; Philit 17.

" Nations, and sing to thy " NAME."

10 And again it says. t" Rejoice, you NATIONS, " with his PEOPLE."

11 And again, ‡" Praise "the LORD, All NATIONS; " and \* extol him, All PEO-"PLES."

12 And again Isaiah says, ‡" There shall be "a root of Jesse, even "HE who shall STAND UP "to rule Nations; in him " shall Nations hope."

13 And may the Gop of that HOPE \* fully establish you with ‡ All Joy and Peace in BELIEVING, in order that you may A-BOUND in that HOPE, by the Energy of the holy

Spirit.

14 And I am assured. my Brethren, teven I myself, concerning you, that nou also are full of Goodness, having been filled with \* All KNOWLEDGE, being able also to admonish each other.

15 \* But I have written to you, with more freedom, partly as reminding you, I through THAT FAvon which has been IM-PARTED to me \* from Gon.

16 in order to my BEing ‡a public Servant of the \*Anointed Jesus to the GENTILES, ministering the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD. that the OBLATION of the GENTILES \* might become acceptable, having been sanctified by the holy Spirit.

17 I have, therefore, \* cause of boasting in the Anointed Jesus, as to the

18 For I will not pre-

I should be filled.

κοην εθνων, λογφ και εργω, εν δυναμει σημειων dience of nations, in word and work, by power of signs και τερατων, 19 εν δυναμει πνευματος \*[άγιου·] and ofwonders, by power of spirit [holy;] ώστε με απο Ίερουσαλημ και κυκλφ, μεχριτου Jerusalem and in a circuit, even to the so that me from Ιλλυρικου, πεπληρωκεναι το ευαγγελιον του to have fully set forth the glad tidings of the Χοιστου 20 ούτω δε Φιλοτιμουμενον εναγγελιthus and being ambitious to announce (εσθαι, ουχ όπου ωνομασθη Χριστος, lva μη grad tadings, not where was named Anointed, so that not επ' αλλοτριον θεμελιον οικοδομω. 21 αλλα, Où. another foundation I should build; καθως γεγραπται· Ois ουκ' ανηγγελη TED! as it has been written : To those not it was told corcerning συτου, οψονται και οί ουκ ακηκοασι, συνησουshall see: and those not had heard, a shall under-<sup>22</sup> Διο και ενεκοπτομην τα πολλα Wherefore also I was hindered the things many του ελθειν προς ύμας. 🕮 Νυνι δε μηκετι τοπον Now but no longer a place of the to come to, you, εχων εν τοις κμιμασι τουτοις, επιποθιαν δε having in the regions there, a great desire and εχων του ελθειν προς ύμας απο πολλων ετων. Laving of the to come to you from . many years; <sup>24</sup> ώς εαν πορευωμαι εις την Σπανιαν, ελπιζω the I may go to Spain, I hope διαφορευομενος θεασασθαι ύμας, και ύφ' ύμων passing through \$0 808 you, and by you προπεμφθηναι εκει, εαν ύμων πρωτον απο μερους to be sent on my way there, if of you first from a part εμπλησθω.

25 Νυνι δε πορευομαι εις Ίερουσαλημ, διακο-Now but 1 am going to Jerusalem, minis-26 Ευδοκησαν γαρ Μακεδονια por Tois ayiois. tering to the saints. Were pleased for Macedonia και Αγαία κοινωνίαν τινα ποιησασθαί εις τους and Achaia contribution some to make for των εν Ίερουσαλημ. πτωχους των αγιων of those in poor ones of the smints Jerusalem. 27 Ευδοκησαν γαρ, εαι οφειλεται αυτων εισιν.
They were pleased for, and debtors of them they are. Ε: γαρ τοις πυευματικοίς αυτών εκοινώνησαν If for in the spiritual things of them because sharers τα εθνή, οφειλουσι και εν τοις σαρκικοις λειthe fleshly things to ren- taining to the FLESH. she Gentile, they are bound also in

\* through me, I for the Obedience of the Gentiles. by Word and by Work: by the Power of Signs and Prodigies;

19 by the Energy of the Spirit; so that, from Jerusalem, and in a Circuit as far as ILLYRICUM, I have fully set forth the GLAD TIDINGS of the ANOINTED one.

20 And I was thus ambitious to evangelize where Christ was not named, 1 so that I might not build on Another's Foundation;

21 but as it has been written, ‡" They shall see "to whom nothing was "told concerning him; and " those who had not heard " shall understand."

22 Wherefore, also, ‡ I was \* frequently hindered from coming to you.

23 But now having no longer a Place in these REGIONS, and having for Many Years a Strong desire to COME to you.

24 whenever I may go into SPAIN, I hope, passing through, to see you, and I to be sent forward \* by you there, if first I should be partly satisfied with your society.

25 But now ! I am going to Jerusalem, ministering to the SAINTS.

26 For Macedonia and Achaia twere pleased to make some Contribution for the POOR of THOSE SAINTS who are in Jerusa-

27 They were pleased [I say,] and their Debtors they are; for if the GEN-TILES have ‡ participated in their SPIRITUAL things, they are obligated also to serve them in things per-

TVATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -18. by my Word. udered. 24. from you. Dindered.

<sup>19.</sup> holy-omit,

<sup>22.</sup> frequently

<sup>18.</sup> Rom. i. 5; xvi. 28. 18. Acts xix. 11. 3 Cor. xii. 12. 120. 2 Cor. x. 13. 15. 15. 121. Isa. iii. 15. 122. Rom. i. 13; 1 Thess. ii. 17, 18. 124. Acts xi. 21; xxi. 22; xxiv. 17. 120. 1 Cor. xvi. 1, 2; 2 Cor. viii. 1; ix. 2 14. 27. 1ym. xi. 17. 27. 1 Cor. Jx. 11; Cgl. vi. 6.

τουργησαι αυτοις. <sup>28</sup> Τουτο ουν επιτελεσας, der service to them. This then having finished, και σφραγισαμενος \*[αυτοις] τον καρπον τουfruit this,

τον, απελευσομαι δι' ύμων εις την Σπανιαν.
1 will go through of you into the Spain.

"Oιδα δε, ότι ερχουενος προς ύμας, εν πληρω-I know and, that coming to you, in fullness

· ματι ευλογιας Χριστου ελευσομαι.
of blessing of Anomated 1 will come.

 $^{30}$  Παρακαλω δε ύμας, \*[αδελφοι,] δια του [brethren,] by the

κιριου ήμων Ιηπου Χριστου, και δια της αγα-Lord of us Jesus Anointed, and by the love

πης του πνευματος, συναγωνισασθαι μοι εν ταις of the apprit, to strive together with me in the

προσευχαις ύπερ εμου προς τον θεον. <sup>31</sup> ίνα prayers on behalf of me to the God; that

 $\int v \sigma \theta \omega$  απο των απειθουντων εν τη Ιουδαία, 1 may be delivered from those being disobedient in the Judea,

και ίνα ή διακονια μου, ή εις Ἱερουσαλημ, ευand that the service of me, that for Jerusalem, wellπροσδεκτος γενηται τοις άγιοις 32 ίνα εν χαρα
pleasing may be to the saints; so that with joy

ελθω προς ύμας δια θεληματος θεου, \*[και] μαν come to you through will of God, \*[and] συναναπαυσωμαι ύμιν.]  $^{33}$  Ο δε θεος της ειρη-

may take rest together with you.] The and God of the peace νης μετα παντων ύμων. Αμην. ΚΕΦ. ις'. 16.

with all of you. So be it.

1 Συνιστημι δε ύμιν Φοιβην, την αδελφην ήμων, I recommend and to you Puebe, the sister of us,

ουιταν διακονον της εκκλησιας της εν Κεγχρεbeing a servant of the congregation of that in Cenchrea;

αις είνα αυτην προπδεξησθε εν κυριφ αξιως that her you may receive in Lord worthly των άγιων, και παραστητε αυτη εν 'φ αν ύμων

r ιλλων εγενηθη, και αυτου εμου. <sup>3</sup>Ασπασασof many became, and myself of me. Salute you

θε Πρισκαν και Ακυλαν, τους συνεργους μου εν Prisca and Aquila, the fellow-workers of me in

28 Having, then, completed this, and having secured to them this FLUT, I will go through your country into \*Spain;

29 ‡ and I know that when I come to you, I shall come with the Fullness of the Blessing of

Christ.

30 And I entreat you, Brethren, by our LORD Jesus Christ, and by the LOVE of the SPIRIT, \$\pm\$ to good on my behalf;

31 T that I may be delivered from THOSE that OBEY NOT in JUDEA; and that \*THAT GIFT-BEARING of mine may be acceptable to the SAINTS in

Jerusalem;

32 so that with Joy I may come to you ‡ through the will of \* God, and be refreshed together with you.

33 And the God of PEACE be with you all.

Amen.

#### CHAPTER XVI.

1 I now recommend to you Phebe, our SISTER, being \* also a Servant of the CONGREGATION in ‡ † Cenchrea.

2 that you may receive her in the Lord, in a manner worthy of the SAINTS, and assist her in the Business in which she may have need of you; for she also has been an Assistant of Many, and especially of me.

3 Salute † Priscilla and Aquila my Fellow-Labo-Bers in the Anointed Je-

S11S.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—28. to them—omit. 28. Spain. 30. Brethren—omit. 31. That Gift-bearing of mine may be acceptable to the saints in Jerusalem. 32. the Lord Jesus. And. 32. and may take rest together with you—omit. 1 also a Servant.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Cenchrea was the eastern seaport of Corinth, about nine miles from the city, and stuated on the east side of the isthmus which joined the Morea to Greece. Lecheum was a the west side of the same isthmus, here about six miles wide. It was between these two ports that the Isthmian games were celebrated, to which Paul makes so many allusions.

Χριστφ Ιησου - (οίτινες ύπερ της ψυχης μου Anointed Jesus: (who on behalf of the life wimo τον έαυτων τραχηλον ύπεθηκαν οίς ουκ εγω the of them: elves neck they placed under; to whom not μονος ευχαριστω, αλλα και πασαι αί εκκλησιαι give thanks, but also all the congregations Tay εθνων') S και την κατ' οικον αυτων εκκληof the Geutiles:) also the in house of them enginesσιαν. Ασπασασθε Επαινετον, τον αγαπητον beloved one Salute you Epenetus, . the μου, δε εστιν απαρχη της Ασιας εις Χρισταν. of me, who is a first-fruit of the see Asia ... into Anointed. 6 Ασπασαπθε Μαριαμ, ήτις πολλα εκοπιασεν Satute you Mary, who much labored 7 Ασπασασθε Ανδρονικον και Ιουνιαν, eis huas. ... for , Salutayou ( ) Andronicus and τους συγγενεις μου και συναιχμαλωτους μην.
the relatives of me and \_ fellow-prisoners . d of me. who are noted among the spostles, who και προ εμου γεγονασιν εν Χριπτω, βΑσπαand before me have been fin Anointed. Salute πασθε Αμπλιαν, τον αγαπητον μου εν κυριφ. Salute you Urbanus, she fellow-worker of us in Χριστω, και Σταχυν, τον αγαπητον μου. Anointed, and Stachys, the beloved one of me. 10 Ασπασασθε Απελλην, τον δοκιμον εν Χριστφ. . Apelles, when the approved onein Anointed. Salute you Ασπασασθε τους εκ των Αριστοβουλου. Η ΑσSalate you those from of the Aristobulus. Βαπανασθε Ηρωδιωνα, τον συγγενη μου. ΑσInt. you Herodian. the Arrelative of me. Baπασασθέ τους εκ των Ναρκισσου, τους οντας εν those from of the Narcissus. those being κυριω. 12 Ασπασασθε Τρυφαίναν και Τρυφω-Lord. Salute you Tryphena and Tryphone, σαν, τας κοπιωσας εν κυριώ. Ασπασασθε Περσιδα, την αγαπητην, ήτις πολλα εκοπιασεν εν eis, the TOP : EKNEKTOV KUPIQ. ev kuping, kai the mother of him and of me. Eomar, 14 Ασπασασθε Ασυγκριτον, Φλέγοντα, Phlegon, Asyncritus, Bermas, Salute you Έρμην, και τους συν αυτοις αδελ-Патровач,

4 These persons on behalf of my LIFE, laid down their own Neck; to whom not 3 alone give thanks, but also All the congre-GATIONS of the GENTILES.

5 Salute also tthe con-GREGATION at their House. Salute Epenetus, my BE-LOVED, who is the Firstfruit of †ASIA to Christ.

6 Salute Mary, who labored much for us.

7. Salute Andronicus and Junias, my RELA-TIVES, and Fellow-prisoners, who are highly esteemed among the APOS-TLES, and who twere in Christ before me.

8 Salute \*THAT Amplias who is BELOVED in

the Lord.

9 Salute Urbanus, our Fellow-laborer in Christ, and Stachys, my BELOVED.

10 Salute THAT Apelles who is approved in Christ. Salute THOSE who are of the family of ARISTOBU-LUS.

11 Salute Herodian, my RELATIVE. Salute THOSE of the family of NARCIS-SUS, THOSE BEING in the Lord.

12 Salute Tryphena and Tryphosa, THOSE sisters LABORING in the Lord. Salute Persis, the BE-LOVED, her who labored much in the Lord.

13 Salute THAT Rufus who was tchosen in the Lord, and his mother and

mine.

14 Salute Asyncritus, Phlegon, Hermas, Patrobas, Hermes, and the BRETHREN with them.

with

them brethren.

Hermes, and

Patrobas.

the \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -8. THAT Amplias who is beloved.

<sup>† 5.</sup> The common version reads of Achaia; but the best MSS. have Asia. In 1 Cor. xvi. 15, the house of Stephanas is said to be "the first fruits of Achaia." Sharpe in his Notes on this passage says:- 'This is an important change as helping to prove that the persons here greeted dwelt in Ephesus, where the apostle had numerous friends, and not in Rome, where he was unknown. Thus Prisca and Aquilas in particular dwelt in Ephesus; and it seems not improbable that this chapter, together, perhaps, with xii. 1-xv. 7, formed part of an epistle to the Ephesians; which by a mistake of the editor has been added on at the end of the epistle to the Romans. This remark is not a little supported by those MSS, which say that the epistle now titled as to the Ephesians was written not to that church, but to the Laodiceans."

<sup>; 5. 1</sup> Cor. xvi. 19, Col. iv. 15; Philemon 2.

15 Ασπασασθε Φιλολογον και Ιουλιαν, Philologus and Salute you Julia, Νηρεα και την αδελφην αυτου, και Ολυμπαν, Nereus and the sister Olympas, of him, and 16 Ασπακαι τους συν αυτοις παντας άγιους. and the with them all saints. Salute Ασπαζονσασθε αλληλους εν φιληματι άγιφ. each other with a kins holy. Salute ται ύμας αί εκκλησιαι πασαι του Χριστου.

you the congregations all of the Anointed. 17 Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελφοι, σκοπειν τους I entreat now you, brethren, to watch those τας διχηστασιας και τα σκανδαλα, παρα την the separations and the stumbling-blocks, contrary to the διδαχην ήν ύμεις εμαθετε, ποιουντας και εκteaching which you learned, κλινατε απ' αυτων. 18 are making; and turn αυτων. 18 Οί γαρ τοιουτοι τω from They for such like ones to the them. κυριω ήμων Χριστω ου δουλευουσιν, αλλα τη Lord of us Anounted not are in subjection, but to the έαυτων κοιλια· και δια της χρηστολογιας και of themselves belly; and through the fair speaking and ευλογιας εξαπατωσι τας καρδιας των ακακων. good speaking they deceive the hearts of the simple ones. 19 Η γαρ ύμων ύπακοη εις παντας αφικετο.

The for of you obedience for all went abroad. Xairw our \*[ $\tau$ o]  $\epsilon \phi$   $\psi \mu \nu$   $\theta \epsilon \lambda \omega$   $\delta \epsilon$   $\psi \mu \alpha s$  I rejoice therefore that in respect to you; I wish but you some [indeed] to be interespect to you are pair is some [indeed] to be interespect to the good, disamelies one  $\delta \epsilon$   $\epsilon is$   $\tau$ o  $\kappa \alpha \kappa o \nu$ .  $20^{\circ}$ O  $\delta \epsilon$   $\theta \epsilon o s$   $\tau \eta s$   $\epsilon i \rho \eta \nu \eta s$  but in respect to the evil. The and God of the peace

συντριψει τον σαταναν ύπο τους ποδας ύμων εν the adversary under the feet of you in will crush χαρις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου TaxEL. favor of the Lord ofus Jesus a short time. The \*[Xp1000] 21 Ασπαζονται μeθ' ύμων. Duas [Anounted] with you. Salute you

Timoheos, δ συνεργος μου, και Λουκίος και Τίmothy, the fellow-worker of the, and Lucius and Iασων και Σωσιπατρος, ci συγγενεις μου.  $^{22}$  Ασ-Jason and Sosipater, the relatives of the. Sa-παζομαι ύμας εγω Τερτίος, δ γραψας την

lute you I Tertius, the one having written the επιστολην, εν κυριφ. <sup>23</sup> Ασπαζεται υμας letter, in Lord. Salutes you

Γαιος, δ ξενος μου και της εκκλησιας δλης. tians, the host of me and of the congregation whole.  $A \sigma \pi \alpha$  (εται ύμας Εραστος, δ οικονομος της

Salutes you Erastus, the treasurer of the πολεωs, και Κουαρτος δ αδελφος. \*[24 'H city, and Quartus the brother.

city, and Quartus the brother.

15 Salute Philologus and Julia, Nereus and his sister, and Olympas, and ALL the SAINTS with them.

16 ‡Salute each other with a holy Kiss. All the congregations of the Anointed one salute

you.

17 Now I entreat you, Brethren, to watch Those who are \$\frac{\pmaking Factions and laying snares, contrary to the Teaching which gou have learned, and \$\pmau\$turn away from them.

18 For Such like ones as they are not in subjection to our Anointed Lord, but to their own \$\frac{1}{2}\text{Appetite}; and by Kind and Complimentary words they deceive the HEARTS of the UNSUSPECTING.

19 Your Obedience, indeed, is reported to al. Therefore, I rejoice on your account; but I wish you to be twise with respect to THAT which is GOOD, and HARMLESS with respect to THAT which is EVII.

20 And the GOD of FEACE will soon bruise the ADVERSARY under your FEET. The FAVER of our LORD Jesus Christ be with you.

21 Timothy, my Fel-LOW-LABORER, and \$ Lucius, and \$ Jason, and \$ Sosipater, my RELA-TIVES, salute you.

23 f, Tertius, who wrote this letter, salute you in the Lord.

23 ‡ Gains, the Hospi-Table friend of me and of the whole consegnation, salutes you. ‡ Erastus, the TREASURER of the CITY, salutes you, and our BROTHER Quartus.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-19. that-omit. omit. 24. omit.

<sup>19.</sup> indeed-omit.

<sup>20.</sup> Anointed-

<sup>† 16. 1</sup> Cor. xvi. 20; 2 Cor. xiii. 12; 1 Thess. v. 26; 1 Pet. v. 14.

† 17. Acts xv. 1, 5, 24; 1 Tim. iv. 3.

† 17. 1 Cor. v. 0, 11; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14; 2 Tim. iii. 5; Titus iii. 10; 2 John 10.

† 18. Phil. iii. 19; 1 Tim. vi. 5.

† 21. Acts xvi. 1; Col. i. 1; Phil. ii. 19; 1 Thess. iii. 2; 1 Tim. i. 2; Heb. xiii. 23.

† 24. Acts xvii. 1.

† 25. Acts xvii. 5.

† 27. Acts xvi. 4.

† 28. 1 Cor. i. 14.

† 28. Acts xvi. 19; Tim. iv. 20.

χαρις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου μετα fivor of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed with

 $\pi$ αντων  $\mathring{υ}$ μων.  $\mathbf{A}$ μην.]  $^{25}$   $\mathbf{T}$  $\wp$  δε δυναμεν $\wp$  all of us. So be it.] To him now being able

ύμας στηρίξαι κατα το υαγγελίον μου και you to establish according to the glad tidings of one and

το κηρυγμα Ιησου Χριστου, ατα αποκαλυthe proclaiming of Jesus Anointed, according to a revelation

ψιν μυστηριου χρονοις αιωνιοις σεσιγημενου·
of a secret in times of ages has been concealed;

<sup>26</sup> φανερωθεντος δε νιν, δια τε γραφων προφηhaving been manifested but now, through and writings pro-

 $\tau\iota\kappa\omega\nu$ ,  $\kappa\alpha\tau$ '  $\epsilon\pi\iota\tau\alpha\gamma\eta\nu$   $\tau\sigma\nu$  always  $\theta\epsilon\sigma\nu$ ,  $\epsilon\iota s$  phetic, according to an appointment of the age-lasting God, for

iπακοην πιστεωs, εις παντα τα εθιη γνωρισ- obedience of fath, to all the nations having been

θεντος <sup>27</sup> μονφ σοφφ θεφ, δια Ιησου Χριστου, made known; to only wise God, through Jesus Anointed,

φ η δυξα εις τους αιωνας. Αυην. to him the glory for the ages. So best.

24 \*[The favor of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you all. Amen.]

25 Now to him who is able to establish You according to my GLAD Tile-INGS and the PROCLAMATION of Jesus Christ, agreeably to the Revelation of the Secret, the pt concealed in the Times of the Ages,

26 but tnow having been disclosed; and through the Prophetic Writings, according to the Appointment of the Alonian God, has been made known to Alithe NATIONS, tinorder to the Obedience of Faith;

27 to the Wise God alone, through Jesus Christ, to him be the GLORY for the AGES. Amen.

## \*TO THE ROMANS. WRITTEM FROM CORINTH.

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—Subscription—To the Romans. Written from Corinth.

1 25. Eph. iii. 20; 1 Tress. iii. 13; 2 Tress. ii. 17; iii. 3; Jude 25.

1 25. Eph. i. 0;

1 25. Eph. i. 0;

1 26. Eph. i. 0;

1 26. Eph. i. 0;

1 26. Eph. i. 0;

1 27. August vi. 7; Rom. i. 5; Xv. 18.

1 27. August vi. 7; Rom. i. 5; Xv. 18.

# FIRST TO THE CORINTHIANS.

## КΕФ. α'. 1.

Ι Παυλος, κλητος αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου, called an apostle of Jesus Anointed, δια θεληματος θεου, και Σωσθενης δ αδελφος, through will of God, and Southenes the brother, <sup>2</sup> τη εκκλησια του θεου τη υυση εν Κορινθώ, to the congregation of the God to that being in Counth, ήγιασμένοις εν Χριστω Ιησου, κλητοις άγιοις having been sanctified in Anounted Jesus, called συν πασι τοις επικαλουμένοις το ονομα του all those calling upon the name of the κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου εν παντι τοπω, ofus Jesus Anointed in αυτων \*[τε] και ήμων  $^3$  χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη of them [both] and of us; favor to you and peace απο θεου πατρος ήμων, και κυριου Ιησου Χρισfrom God father of us, and Lord Jesus Anointed. <sup>4</sup> Ευχαριστω τω θεω \*[μου]

I give thanks to the God [of me] παντυτε always περι ύμων, επι τη χαριτι του θεου τη δοconcerning you, for the favor of the God for that havύμιν εν Χριστω Ιησου. 5 ότι εν παντι ing been given to you in Anoiated Jesus; that in everything επλουτισθητε εν αυτώ, εν παντι λογώ και you were enriched in him, in every word and παση γνωσει, 6 (καθως το μαρτυριον του Χριστου εβεβαιώθη εν ύμιν.) <sup>7</sup>ώστε ύμας μη ύστεwas confirmed among you,) so that you not to be

ρεισθαι εν μηδενι χαρισματι, απεκδεχομενους inferior in any one gracious gift, waiting for

την αποκαλυψιν του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισthe revelation of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed; του  $^{8}$  όs και βεβαιωσει ύμας έως τελους ανεγwho also will confirm you to an end irre-

κλητους εν τη ήμερα του κυριου ήμων Ιησου proachable ones in the day of the Lord of us Jesus Χριστου. 

3 Πιστος ὁ θεος, δι' οὐ εκληθητε Anointed. Paithful the God, through whom you were called ets κοινωνιαν του υίου αυτου Ιησου Χριστου, into fellowship of the son of him Jesus Anointed,

του κυριου ήμων. 10 Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελthe Lord of us. lentreat and you, brethen,

φοι, δια του ονοματος του κυριου ήμων Ιγσου through the name of the Lord of us Jesus

### CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, ‡a Constituted Apostle of the \*Anointed Jesus, by the Will of God, and ‡Sosthenes, the BROTHER.

2 to THAT CONGREGATION of GOD which is in Corinth, having been sanctified in the Anointed Jesus, Constituted Holy ones, with ALL THOSS, INVOKING the NAME of our Lord Jesus Christ in Every Place,—theirs and ours;

3 ‡ Favor and Peace be with you from God our Father, and the Lord Je-

sus Christ.

4 I give thanks to GOD always concerning you, for THAT FAVOR of God which has been IM-PARTED to you in the Anointed Jesus;

5 because in every thing you were enriched by him, t in Every Word, and in

All Knowledge,

6 (‡ when the TESTI-MONY of the ANOINTED was confirmed among you.)

7 so that you are not inferior in Any one Gift, twaiting for the REVELATION of our LORD Jesus Christ;

8 who also will confirm you to the End, Irreproachable in the DAY of our LORD Jesus Anointed.

9 ‡ Faithful is God, by whom you were invited into ‡ the Fellowship of his son Jesus Christ, our LORD.

10 Now I entreat you, Brethren, through the NAME of our LOED Jesus

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—Title—FIRST TO THE CORINTHIANS.
2. both—omit.
4. of me—omit.

<sup>1.</sup> Anointed Jesus-

<sup>† 1.</sup> Rom. i. 1. † 1. Acts xviii. 17. † 2. Acts iv. 14, 21; xxii. 16; 2 Tim. ii. 2. † 3. Rom. i. 7; 2 Cor. i. 2; Enh. i. 2; 1 Pet. i. 2. † 4. Rom. i. 8; 1 5. 1 Cor. vii. 8; 2 Cor. viii. 7. † 5. Reb. ii. 3, 4. † 7. IV. iii. 10, Wittes ii. 13; 2 Pet. i i iv. 19. 1 Cor. x. 13; 1 Thess. v. 24; 2 Thess. iii. 3; Heb. x. 23. † 9. John xv. 4; xvii. 14; 4 John i. 3; iv. 13.

 $\epsilon_{i\tau} \in \theta \text{avatos}, \ \epsilon_{i\tau} \in \epsilon_{\nu} \in \sigma \tau \omega \tau a, \ \epsilon_{i\tau} \in \mu \in \lambda \lambda \text{ov} \tau a$  or death, or present things, or being about to be,

παντα ὑιων  $*[\epsilon \sigma \tau_i \nu^*]$   $^{23}$  ὑμεις δε, Χριστου all things of you [15;) you and, of Anointed;

Χριστος δε, θεου. ΚΕΦ. δ΄. 4.  $^{1}$ Ούτως ήμως Αμοιπτεί and, of God.

λογιζεσθω ανθρωπος, ως υπηρετας Χριστου, let regard a man, as assistants of Anomieu,

και οικονομους μυστηριων  $\theta$ εου.  $^2$  Ο  $\delta$ ε λοιand stewards of mysteries of God. What but re-

πον, ζητειται εν τοις οικονομοις, ίνα πιστος τις maining, itis required in the stewards, that faithful one

 $\begin{array}{lll} \epsilon \dot{b} \rho \epsilon \theta \eta, & ^3 \, \mathrm{E} \, \mu o \iota \, \delta \epsilon \, \epsilon \iota s \, & \epsilon \lambda \alpha \chi \iota \sigma \tau o \nu \, \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu, & i \nu \alpha \, \dot{\nu} \phi^{\prime} \\ \mathrm{should} \, \mathrm{be} \, \mathrm{found} \, . & \mathrm{To} \, \mathrm{me} \, \mathrm{but} \, \mathrm{for} & \mathrm{least} \, \mathrm{thing} & \mathrm{it} \, \mathrm{is}, & \mathrm{that} & \mathrm{by} \end{array}$ 

ύμων ανακριθω, η ύπο ανθρωπινης ήμερας· you I should be condemned, or by a human day;

all ouds small do I condemn;  $(oudsev \gamma a \rho \stackrel{\cdot}{\epsilon}_{r} Laubut not even myself do I condemn; (nothing for in myself)$ 

το συνοιδα, αλλ' ουκ εν τουτω δεδικαιωμαι) ό sell am conscious, but not in this I have been justified.) he

δε ανακρινων με, κυριος εστιν.  $^5$  'Ωστε μη προ but condemning me, Lord is. Therefore not before

καιρου τι κρινετε, έως αν ελθη ὁ κυριος, ὁς proper season anything judge you, till may come the Lord, who

και φωτισει τα κρυπτα του σκοτους, και both will bring to light the things hidden of the darkness, and

φανερωσει τας βουλας των καρδιων και τοτε will make manifest the purposes of the hearts, and then

νον και Απολλω δι' ύμας, ίνα εν ήμιν μαθητε and Apollos on account of you, that by us you may learn

 $\dot{v}$ περ του ένος φυσιουσθε κατα του έτερου. on behalf of the one you may be puffed up against the other.

? Tis  $\gamma a \rho$   $\sigma \epsilon$  diamplifies;  $\tau i$   $\delta \epsilon$   $\epsilon \chi \epsilon i s$ ,  $\delta$  out Who for thee distinguishes? what and has thou, which not

 $\epsilon\lambda\alpha\beta\epsilon s\;; \qquad \epsilon\iota\;\delta\epsilon\;\kappa\alpha\iota \quad \epsilon\lambda\alpha\beta\epsilon s\;, \qquad \tau\iota\;\kappa\alpha\nu\chi\alpha\sigma\alpha\iota \\ \epsilon \log\iota \operatorname{distreceive}_{i} \operatorname{if} \text{ and also thou distreceive, why dost thou boast}$ 

 $\dot{\omega}$ s μη λαβων; <sup>8</sup> Ηδη κεκορεσμενοι εστε, ηδη as not having received? Already having been filled you are, already

επλουτησατε, χωρις ήμων εβασιλευσατε και you were rich, without us you reigned; and

Death; whether Thines present, or Things future, —all are yours:

—all are yours;
23 and tyou are Christ's,
and Christ is God's.

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 Let a Man thus esteem us as # Ministers of Christ, and Stewards of the Mysteries of God.

2 But, moreover, it is required in stewards, that every one should be

found faithful.

3 Therefore, to me it is of very little importance that I should be condemned by you, or by a Human Day of Judement; because I do not even condemn Myself;

4 (for I am conscious to myself of Nothing evil; though I am not by this justified;) but he who JUDGES me is the Lord.

5 ‡ Therefore, judge you not Anything before the proper Time, till the Lord come, who ‡ both will bring to light the secrets of Darkness, and will make manifest the Purposes of the Hearts; and ‡ then the Praise will be to each one from God.

6 Now these things,

6 Now these things, Brethren, ‡I figuratively applied to myself and to Apollos on your account; that by us you may ‡learn NOT to think ABOVE what has been written; that no one of you may, on behalf of the ONE, be puffed up against the OTHER.

7 For who distinguishes Thee? and that thou high thou didst not receive? and if thou didst receive, why dost thou boast as not having re-

ceived.

8 You are already filled! you are already enriched! you have reigned without

οφελον γε εβασιλευσατε, ίνα και ήμεις ύμιν I wish indeed you did reign, so that also we with you gn, so that also we with you  $9 \Delta o \kappa \omega \gamma \alpha \rho$ ,  $*[\delta \tau_i] \delta \theta \epsilon \sigma s$  I think for, [that] the God συμβασιλευσωμεν. might reign together. ήμας τους αποστολους εσχατους απεδειξεν, ώς us the apostles last set forth, 2.3 επιθανατίους, ότι θεατρον εγενηθωμέν appointed to death, because a speciacle we were made TW to the κοσμφ και αγγελοις και ανθρωποις. μωρια δια Χριστον, ύμεις δε φρονιμοι εν Χρισfools on account of Anointed, you but wise ones in Anointed; τω ήμεις απθενεις, ύμεις δε ισχυροι ύμεις you but strong ones; weak ones, 11 Αχρι της αυτι ενδοξοι, ήμεις δε ατιμοι. honorable ones, we but ignobe ones. Till the present ώρας και πεινωμεν, και διψωμεν, και γυνιητευhour both we hunger, and we toust, and we are naked, ομεν, και κολαφιζουεθα, και αστατουμεν, 12 και and we are homesess, and we are beaten, κοπιωμέν εργαζομένοι ταις ιδιαις χερσι λοιδοworking with the own hands; welshor ρουμένοι, ευλογουμέν διωκομένοι, ανεχομέθα. we bless; being persecuted, we endure; 13 βλασφημουμενοι, παρακαλουμεν· ώς περικαwe exhort; being blaspaemed, as purgacions θαρματα του κοσμου εγενηθημεν, παντων περιof the world we became, of all things offψημα έως αρτι. 14 Ουκ εντριπων ύμας γραφω scrapings till now. Not shaming 1 write you ταυτα, αλλ' ώς τεκνα μου αναπητα νουθετω. I admonish, these things, but as children of me beloved 15 Εαν γαρ μυριους παιδανωνους ενητε εν Χρισchild-tenuers you may have in Anounted, for myriads τφ, αλλ' ου πολλους πατερας εν γαρ Χριστω in for fatters; Amointed but not many

τφ, αλλ' ου πολλους πατερας: εν γαρ Χριστφ but not many fathers; in for Anointed \*[Iησου] δια του ευαγγελίου εγω ύμας εγεν-(Iesus] through the glad ticings I you be-νησα.

16 Παρακαλω ουν ύμας, μιμηται μου γινεσθε.

17 Δια τουτο επεμψα ύμιν Τιμωθεον, δε εστι Ο recount of this I sent to you Timothy, who is τεκνον μου αγαπητον και πιστον εν κυριφ, δε achild of me beloved and faithful in Lord, who

us! and I wish, indeed, you did reign, that we also might reign with you.

9 For I think God exhibited us the Apostles † last, as ‡ devoted to death; ‡ For we are made a Speciacle to the world, both to Angels and to Men.

10 t TTE are t Fools on account of Christ, but you are wise in Christ; the are weak, but you are strong; you are honorable, but we are 4 disguise d.

11 ‡To the PRESENT Hour we both hunger and thirst, and are in want of clothing; we are buffetted about, and are homeless;

12 and twe labor, working with our own Hands. t Being reviled, we biess; being persecuted, we endured.

dure; 13 being calumniated, we expostulate; twe are become as the Purgeticus of the WOLLD, the Refuse

of all things till now.

14 I do not write these
things to shame yen, but
as my beloved Children I
admonish you.

15 For though you may have Myriads of Leaders in Christ, yet not Many Fathers; for t in Christ E begot you through the GLAD TIDINGS.

16 Therefore, I exhort you, to become ‡ Imitators of me.

στι 17 On this account I sent to you ‡ Timothy, who is my beloved and faithful Child in the Lord,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. That -- omit. 15. Jesus-omit.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Alluding to those last exposed on the theatre, to fight with wild beasts, or with each other; and who were devoted to certain destruction. † 10. The atimoi were held to be out laws, and might be slain as well as ill-treated with impunity. † 13. The words perivathanavata and peripseema are thought to allude to those human expiatory sacrificates which were offered to infernal deities among the Greeks and Romans, selected from the lawest of the people, and loaded with curses, affronts and injuries while on their way to execution.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Rom. viii. 36; 1 Cor. xv. 30, 31; 2 Cor. iv. 11; vi. 9. † 9. Heb. x, 59. † 10
1 Cor. ii. 8. † 10. Acts xvii. 18; xxvi. 23; 1 Cor. i. 18; ii. 14; iii. 18. † 10. 2 Cor. xii. 9. † 11. 2 Cor. iv. 8; xi. 23—27; Phil. iv. 12. † 12. Acts xviii. 3; xx. 3; 23 + 27; Phil. iv. 12. † 12. Acts xviii. 3; xx. 3; 27; Phil. xii. 14; 20; 1 Pet. ii. 23; iii. 9. † 12. Matt. v. 44; Luke xxiii. 34; Acts xvii. 60; Rom. xii. 14; 20; 1 Pet. ii. 23; iii. 9. † 13. Lam. iii. 45. † 15. Acts xvii. 11; 3cmes 4. 18. † 10. 1 Cor. xi. 1; Phil. iii. 17; 1 Thess. 1. 3; 2 Thess. iii. 9. † 17.

ύμας αναμνησει τας οδους μου τας εν Χριστω, ways of me those in you will remind the Anointed, καθως πανταχου εν παση εκκλησια διδασκω. even as every where in every congregation 18 'Ως μη ερχουενου δε μου προς ύμας, εφυσιyou, were puffed coming but of me to As not 19 Έλευσομοι δε ταχεως προς ωθησαν τινες. I will come but some. ύμας, εαν δ κυριος θεληση, και γνωσομαι ου if the Lord should will, and I will know not τον λογον των πεφυσιωμενών, αλλα την δυναthe word of those having been puffed up, but μιν. 20 ου γαρ εν λογφ ή βασιλεια του θεου, not for in word the kingdom of the God, αλλ' εν δυναμει. 21 Τι θελετε: εν βαβδφ ελθω What do you wish? with a rod I should come προς ύμας, η εν αγαπη πνευματι τε πραοτητος; you, or in love in aspirit and of meekness? 1 Ολως ακουεται εν ύμιν πορνεια, Actually is heard among you fornication, και τοιαυτη πορνεια, ήτις ουδε εν τοις εθνεσιν. and such fornication, which not even among the Gentiles, ώστε γυναικα τινα του πατρος εχειν. 2 Και ύμεις one of the father to have. πεφυσιωμενοι εστε; και ουχι μαλλον επενθηhaving been puffed up are? and not lamented, rather εκ μεσου ύμων δ το εργον αρθη σατε, ίνα so that might be removed from midst of you he the work τουτο ποιοσας; <sup>3</sup> Εγω μεν γαρ \*[ώς] απων this having done? [ indeed for [as] being absent this having done? τω σωματι, παρων δε τω πνευματι, ηδη κεκρικα in the body, being present but in the spirit, already have judged ές παρων, τον ουτω τουτο κατεργασμενον, 4 εν as being present, him thus this having practised, τω ονοματι του κυριου ήμων Ιησου \* [Χριστου,] the name of the Lord Jesus [Anointed,] ofus (συναχθεντων ύμων και του εμο**υ πν**ευματος,) (having been assembled of you and of the my spirit,) συν τη δυναμει του κυριου ήμων Ιησου \* Χρισpower of the Lord of us Jesus [Anointed,] with the

του. ] 5 παραδουναι τον τοιουτον τω σατανα εις

ολεθρον της σαρκος, ίνα το πνευμα σωθη εν τη

ήμερα του κυριου \*[Ιησου.] 6Ου καλον το

[Jesus.]

one

that

destruction of the flesh, so that the spirit may be saved in

who will remind you of THOSE WAYS of mine which are in Christ, even as I teach everywhere, ‡ in every Congregation.

18 And some are puffed up, as though I were not

coming to you;

19 but I will come to you soon, tif the Lord will, and I will know, not the word but the Power of Those who are Puffed up.

20 ‡ For the KINGDOM of GOD is not in Word,

but in Power.

21 What do you wish? that I come to you with a Rod, or in Love, and in a Spirit of Meekness.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 Incest is certainly heard of among you, and Such Incest as is not even among the GENTILES, that one has his FATHER'S Wife.

2 And nou have been puffed up, and did not rather lament, so that HE HAVING DONE this WORK might be removed from the midst of you.

3 For E, indeed, theing absent in the BODY, but present in the SPIRIT, have already judged, as if present, him who thus has performed this act;—

4 in the NAME of our LORD Jesus, you being assembled, and MY Spirit, with the POWER of our LORD Jesus,

5 to deliver up THAT PERSON to the ADVERSA-RY, for the † Destruction of the FLESH, that the SPIRIT may be saved in the DAY of the LORD.

Lord

ofthe

day

to deliver up

Not

to the adversary for

good

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. AS-omit.

<sup>4.</sup> Anointed-omit twice.

<sup>5.</sup> Jesus-

<sup>† 5.</sup> Or the infliction of bodily disease. It is evident the apostles had the power to punish offenders miraculously with disease and even death. See Acts v. 1—11: xiii. 9—11; 1 Cor. iv. 21; 2 Cor. x. 6; xiii. 1, 2, 10.

<sup>† 17. 1</sup> Cor. xiv. 33. † 20. 1 Cor. ii. 4; 1 Thess. i. 5. Deut. xxii. 30; xxvii. 20. † 21. 2 Cor. x. 2; xiii. 10. † 21. 2 Cor. x. 2; xiii. 10. † 3. Col. ii. 5. † 3. Col. ii. 5. † 4. Matt. xvi. 19; xviii. 18; John xx. 23; 2 Cor. xiii. 3, ii. 10.

καυχημα ύμων. Ουκ οι ατε, ότι μικρα ζυμη boasting of you. Not know you, that a little leaven δλον το φυραμα ζυμοι; ΓΕκκαθαρατε την whole the

παλαιαν (υμην, ίνα ητε νεον φυραμα, καθως

εστε αζυμοι και γαρ το πασχα ήμων \*[ύπερ you are unleavened; even for the paschallamb of us [on behalf ήμων] ετυθη, Χριστος. 8'Ωστε έυρταζωμεν, of us] was slain. Anointed. Therefore let us keep the feast

μη εν (υμη παλαια, μηδε εν (υμη κακιας και not with leaven old, nor with leaven of vice and

πονηριας, αλλ' εν αζυμοις ειλικρινειας και αληwickcaness, but with unleavened things of sincerity and of

θείας.  $^9$  Εργαψα ύμιν εν τη επιστολη, μη συtruth.  $^{1}$  wrote to you in the letter, not to be ναναμιγνυσθαι πορνοίς.  $^{10}$  \*[Kai] ου παντως

ναναμιγνυσθαι πορνοις. 10 \* [Kai] ου παντως associated with fornicators. [And] not altogether

Tois morpois tou koomou toutou,  $\eta$  tois  $\pi\lambda \in \mathcal{O}v$ -with the formicators of the world this, or with the covetous

εκταις, η άρπαξιν, η ειδωλολατραις επει οφειones, or extortioners, or idolaters; since you are

λετε αρα εκ του κοσμου εξελθειν. 11 Nuvi δε bound indeed from the world to come out. Now but

εγραψα ύμιν, μη συναναμιγνυσθαι, εαν τις, i wrote to you, not to be associated, it any one,

αδελφος ονομαζομενος, η πορνος, η πλεονεκa brother being named, may be a formicator, or a covetous perτης, η ειδωλολατρης, η λοιδορος, η μεθυσος, η

son, or anidolater, or areviler, or adrunkard, or aproxier, or adrunkard, or approximate τω τοιουτω μηδε συνεσθιείν. 12 τι an extortioner; with the such like not even to eat; what

γαρ μοι \*[και] τους εξω κρινειν; Ουχι τους for to me [also] those without to judge? Not those

εσω ύμεις κρινετε; 13 Tous δε εξω δ θεος κριwithin you judge? Those but without the God will

νει: Εξαρατε τον πονηρον εξ ύμων αυτων. judge? Put out the evilone from of yourselves.

## КЕФ. s'. 6.

Τολμα τις ύμων, πραγμα εχων προς τον Dare any one of you, a matter having with the

έτερου, κρινεσθαι επι των αδικων, και ουχι επι other, to be judged by the unjustones, and not by

6 ‡ Your BOASTING is not good. Do you not know That ‡ a Little Leavven ferments the Whole MASS.

7 † Cleanse cut the OLD Leaven, that you may be a New Mass, as you are Unleavened; ‡ for even our PASCHAL LAMB, Christ,

was sacrificed.

8 Therefore, let us ‡keep the festival, not with old Leaven, nor with ± Leaven of Vice and Wickedness, but with the Unleavened principles of Sincerity and Truth.

9 In that LETTER I wrote to you ‡ not to be associated with Fornica-

tors;-

10 in no wise with the FORNICATORS of this WORLD, or with the COVETOUS \*and Extortioners, or Idolaters, since indeed you are bound to come out from the WCRLD;—

11 but now I write to you t not to be associated with any one, named a Brother, if he be a Fornicator, or a Covetous person, or an Idolater, or a Reviler, or a Drunkard, or an Extertioner; with such a person not even to eat.

12 For what is it to me to judge THOSE WITHOUT? Do not pou judge THOSE

WITHIN

13 But those without God will judge. ‡ Put out from among yourselves that EVIL person.

#### CHAPTER VI.

1 Dare any one of you, having an Affair with ANOTHER, be judged by the UNRIGHTEOUS, and not by the SAINTS?

† 7. The Jews were commanded to put away all leaven, before they ate the passover, as being an emblem of wickelness, which sours and corrupts the mind, as leaven does the lump into which it is put, if it remains in it long unbaked.—Macknight.

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—7. on our behalf—omit. Extortioners. 12. also—omit.

<sup>10.</sup> And-omit. 10. and

<sup>2 6. 1</sup> Cor. iii. 21; iv. 10; James iv. 16.

2 6. 1 Cor. xv. 33; Gal. v. 9; 2 Tim. ii. 17.

1 7. Isa. liii. 7; John i. 29; 1 Pet. i. 10; Rev. v. 8, 12.

1 8. Luke xii. 1.

1 9. 2 Cor. vi. 14; Eph. v. 11; 2 Thess. iii. 14.

1 11. Matt. xviii. 17; Rev. xvi. 17; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14; 2 John 10.

1 13. Deut. xvii. 5; xvii. 7; xxi. 22; xxi. 18.

2 2. 24.

των αγιων; <sup>2</sup> Η ουκ οιδατε, δτι οἱ άγιοι τον the saints? Or not knowyou, that the saints the

κοτμον κρινουσι; και ει εν ύμιν κρινεται δ world will judge? and if by you is judged the

κοσμος, αναξιοι εστε κριτηριων ελαχιστων; world, inadequate are you for tribunals smallest?

sour οιδατε, ότι αγγελους κρινουμεν; μητιγε not knowyou, that messengers weshall judge? much morethen

βιωτικα; <sup>4</sup> Βιωτικα μεν ουν κριτηρια εαν things of this life indeed then judgments if

εχητε, τους εξουθενημενους εν τη εκκλησια, for may have, those having been of no account in the congregation,

τουτους καθιζετε: <sup>5</sup> Προς εντροπην διμιν λεγω·
those do you cause to six? For shame to you I speak

ούτως ουκ ένι εν ύμιν σοφος \*[ουδε είς,] os thus not one among you wise [not even one,] who

δυνησεται διακριναι ανα μεσον του αδελφου shall be able to decide between the brethren

αύτου; 6 αλλα αδελφος μετα αδελφου κρινεται, of himself? but a brother with brother is judged,

και τουτο επι επιστων; 7 Ηδη μεν ουν όλως ήτ-

τημα ύμιν εστιν, ότι κριματα εχετε μεθ' έαυτων. fault to you it is, that law-saits you have with yourselves.

Διατι ουχι μαλλον αδικεισθε; διατι ουχι μαλ-Why not rather sufferinjustice? why not rather  $\lambda$ ον αποστερεισθε:  $^8$ Αλλα  $^5$ μεις αδικειτε, και

be defrauded? But you injure, and αποστερειτε, και ταυτα αδελφους. 9 H ουκ defraud, and these things brethren, Or not

οιδατε, ότι αδικοι θεου βασιλειαν ου κληρονοknow you, that unjust ones of God a kingdom not shall in-

μησουσι; Μη πλανασθε ουτε πορνοι, ουτε hert? Not be deceived; neither fornicators, nor

ειδωλολατραι, ουτε μοιχοι, ουτε μαλακοι, idolaters, nor adulterers, nor effeminates,

ουτε αρσενοκοιται,  $^{10}$ ουτε κλεπται, ουτε πλεονnor sodomites, nor thieves, nor eovetous

nor sodomites, nor thieves, nor covetous εκται, ουτε μεθυσοι, ου λοιδοροι, ουχ άρπαγες, persons, nor drunkards, not revilers, not extortioners,

Βασιλειαν θεου ου κληρονομησουσι. 11 Και akingdom of God not shall in berit. And

τωυτα τινες  $ητε^{\cdot}$  αλλα απελουσασθε, αλλα these things some you were; but you washed yourselves, but

2 Do you not know ? That the SAINTS shall judge the WORLD? And if by you the WORLD is judged, are you inadequate to decide trivial Causes?

3 Do you not know That we shall judge Angels? Why not then things pertaining to has life?

4 If then, indeed, you should have Causes as to the things of this life, do you appoint THOSE, the LEAST ESTEEMED in the CONGREGATION?

5 For shame to you, I say it. It is so, that there is not among you a wiso man—not even one—who shall be able to decide between his BRETHREN?

6 but Brother with Brother is judged, and this by Unbelievers?

7 Therefore, indeed, it is now a great Fault in vou, Because you have Law-suits with each other. Why not rather † suffer injustice? why not rather be defrauded?

8 But you injure and defraud—even these things you'do to Brethren.

9 Do you not know, That Unrightenus persons shall not inherit God's Kingdom ? Be not deceived; neither ? Fornicators, nor Idolaters. nor Adulterers, nor Effeminates, nor Sodomites,

10 nor Thieves, nor Covetous persons, nor Drunkards, nor Revilers, nor Extortioners, shall inherit the Kingdom of God.

11 ‡ And such characters were some of you, but you were ‡ washed, but you were separated,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. not even one-omit.

<sup>1 2.</sup> Psa. xlix. 14; Dan. vii. 22; Matt. xix. 28; Luke xxii. 30; Rev. ii. 26; iii. 21; xx. 4; 7. Prov. xx. 22; Matt. v. 39, 40; Luke vi. 20; Rom. xii. 17, 19; 1 These v. 15. 1 Cor. xv. 50; Gal. v. 21; Eph. v. 5: 1 Tim. i. 9; Heb. xii. 14; xiii. 4; Rev. xxii. 15. 11. 1 Cor. 130; Heb. xii. 2; Eph. ii. 2; iv. 22; r. 8; Col iii. 7; Titus iii. 3.

ηγιασθητε, αλλ εδικαιωθητε εν τω ονοματι του you were exparated, but you were justified in the name

κυριου Ιησου, και εν τω πνευματι του θεου and in the God Lood Josus. &DETIS of the

12 Παντα μοι εξεστιν, αλλ' ου παντα வ்யமும். All things to me in lawful. but not all things

συμφερει παντα μοι εξεστιν, αλλ' ουκ εγω as beneficial: all things to me is lawful, Sud

εξουσιασθησομαι ύπο τινος. 13 Τα βρωματα will be brought into subjection by any one. The foods

τη κοιλια, και ή κοιλια τοις Βρωμασιν δ δε and the belly for the for the belly, (oods: the but

θεος και ταυτην και ταυτα καταργησει. To God both this and these will make useless.

δε σωμα ου τη πορνεια, αλλα τω κυριώ, και δ and body notfor the fornication, but for the Lord, and the

κυριος τω σωματι. 14 δ δε θεος και τον κυριον Lord for the body; the and God both the

ηγειρε, και ήμας εξεγερει δια της δυναμεως ms will raise up through the raised up, and

αύτου. <sup>15</sup> Ουκ οιδατε, ότι τα σωματα ύμων of himself. Not knowyou, that the bodies of you

μελη Χριστου εστιν: apas ουν τα μελη members of Anointed is? Having taken away then the members του Χριστου, ποιησω πορνης μελη; Μη γενοι-

of the Anointed, shall I make of an harlot members? Not letit 16 Η ουκ οιδατε, ότι ό κολλωμενος τη

be. Or not know you, that the one being joined to the πορνη, έν σωμα εστιν: (έσυνται γαρ, φησιν. barlot, one body is? (they shall be for,

οί δυο εις σαρκα μιαν.) 17 δ δε κολλωμενος τω the two for fiesh one;) the but one being joined to the

έν πνευμα εστι; 18 Φευγετε την πορ-KUDIW, spirit Flee you Lord, one 10; the for-

velav. Παν αμαρτημα δ εαν ποιηση ανθρωπος, sins All which if may do mication.

εκτος του σωματος εστιν. δ δε ποονευων is; he but committing fornication outside of the body

το ιδιον σωμα αμαρτανει. 19 Η ουκ οιδατε, or not know you, against the own body

δτι το σωμα ύμων ναος του εν ύμιν άγιου πνευthat the body of you a temple of the in you holy

ματος εστιν, ού εχετε απο θεου, και ουκ εστε which you have from God, and not you are

hat you were justified by Jesus, and by the SPIRIT of our Gop.

12 1" All things are allowed to me;"-but all things are not proper. "All things are allowed to me;"-but # will not be brought into subjection by

any one.

13 2 " ALIMENTS for the STOMACH, and the STOMACH for ALIMENTS;" -but God will put an end both to it and them. Now the BODY is not for FORNICATION, but for the LORD; ; and the LORD for the BODY.

And Gop both raised the Lord, and \* will raise up Us, by his

POWER.

15 Do you not know That your Bodies are Members of Christ? Having taken away, then, the MEMBERS of CHRIST, shall I make them members of an Harlot? By no means!

16 What! do you not know That he who adheres to the HARLOT is One Body; (for 1"the Two," it says, "shall be for one Flesh;") 17 1 but that HE who

ADHERES to the LORD is

One Spirit?

18 TFlee from FORNICA-TION! Every Crime which a Man may commit is exterior to the BODY; but the FORNICATOR within his own Body.

19 What! tdo you no know That your BODY is a Temple of that \* holy Spirit in you, which you have from God? # Besides, you are not your

20 1 for you were bought

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. our Load Jesus Christ. holy Spirit.

<sup>14.</sup> raised up Us.

<sup>.19-</sup>

<sup>† 12. 1</sup> Cor. x. 23. † 13. Rom. xiv. 17; Col. ii. 22, 23. † 13. Eph. v. 23. † 15. Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. xii. 27; Eph. iv. 12, 15, 16; v. 30. † 16. Gen. ii. 24; Matt. xix. 5; Eph. v. 3. † 17. John xvii. 21—23; Eph. iv. 4; v. 30. † 18. Rom. vi. 12, 13; Fieb. xiii. 4. † 19. 1 Cor. iii. 16; 2 Cor. vi. 16. † 10. Rom. xiv. 7, 8. † 20. Acts xx. 28; 1 Cor. vii. 23; Gal. iii. 13; Heb. iz. 12; 1 Pet. i. 18, 19. 2 Pet. ii. 1; Rev. v. 9.

έαυτων;  $^{20}$  Ηγορασθητε γαρ τιμης δοξασατε of yourselves? You were bought for a price; glorify you have the God in the body of you.

КΕΦ. ζ'. 7.

1 Περιδε ών εγραψατε \* [μοι, ] καλον αν-Concerning but what things you wrote [to me,] good θρωπφ γυναικος μη άπτεσθαι. 2 δια δε τας a man a woman not to touch; onaccountofbut the πορνειας έκαστος την έαυτου γυναικα εχετω, brnications each man the of himself wife 3 Tn 70και έκαστη τον ιδιον ανδρα εχετω. own busband let have. and each woman the To the wife ναικι ό ανηρ την οφειλην αποδιδοτω όμοιως δε the husband the debt let yender; in like manner and 4 'Η γυνη του ιδιου και ή γυνη τω ανδρι.
also the wife to the husband. The wife of the OWB σωματος ουκ εξουσια(ει, αλλ' δ ανηρ• δμοιως controls. but the husband; in like manner δε και δ ανηρ του ιδιου σωματος ουκ εξουσια(ει. and also the husband the own body not controls, αλλ ή γυνη. 5 Μη αποστερειτε αλληλους, Not do you deprive wafe. each other. μητι αν εκ συμφωνου προς καιρον, ίνα from agreement for a season, so that σχολασητε τη προσευχη και παλιν επι το you may be at leisure for the prayer; and again to the αυτο ητε, ίνα μη πειραζη ύμας δ σατανας same you may be, so that not may tempt you the adversary δια την ακρασιαν \*[ύμων.]
through the incontinence [of you.] 6 Τουτο δε λεγω This but I say κατα συγννωμεν, ου κατ' επιτανην. 7Θελω a concession, not 29 an injunction. I wish γαρ παντας ανθρωπους ειναι ώς και εμαυτον. to be as even for αλλ' έκαστος ιδιον εχει χαρισμα εκ θεου, δς gift from God, one own has 8 Λεγω δε τοις αγαμεν ούτως, ός δε ούτο:.. indeed so, another and so. I say but to the μοις και ταις χηραις. καλον αυτοις, εαν μεινωwidows; good for them, married and to the if they should ώς καγω. 9ει δε ουκ εγκρατευονται, but even I; if not they possess self-control, γαμησατωσαν κρεισσον γαρ εστι γαμησαι, η for it is to have married, then better let them marry; 10 Τοις δε γεγακηκοσι παραγγελπυρουσθαι. To those but having been married I charge to be inflamed. λω, ουκ εγω, αλλ' δ κυριος, γυναικα  $a\pi o$ Lord, but the a wife from ανδρος μη χωρισθηναι, 11 (εαν δε και  $\epsilon \alpha \nu \delta \epsilon \kappa \alpha \iota \qquad \chi \omega \rho \iota \sigma$  (if but even she should be an husband not to be separated,

with a Price; glorify God, then, in your BODY.

#### CHAPTER VII.

1 Now concerning the things of which you wrote;

—; It is well for a Man not to touch a Woman.

2 But on account of FORNICATIONS, let each man have a Wife of HIS OWN, and let each woman have her own Husband.

3 Let the HUSBAND render to the WIFE the conjugal OBLIGATION; and in like manner also, the WIFE to the HUSBAND.

4 The WIFE controls not her own Body, but the HUSBAND; and in like manner also, the HUSBAND controls not his own Body, but the WIFE.

5 t Do not deprive each other, unless by agreement for a Season, that you may have leisure for PRAYER; and again you should REUNITE, so that the ADVERSARY may not tempt you through your INCONTINENCE.

6 But this I say as a Concession—not as an Injunction.

7 For I wish All Men to be even as myself; but each one has his appropriate Gift from God; one, indeed, of one kind, and another of another.

8 To the UNMARRIFD men, however, and to the widows, I say, It is well for them, if they should remain even as X do;

9 that if they do not possess self-control, let them marry; for it is better to have married, than to be inflamed.

10 And to the MARRIED it is not £, but the LORD who commands, that a Wife must not be separated from her Husband;—

11 but, if she should

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. to me-omit. 5. of you-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> ver. 8, 26. † 3. Exod. xxi. 10; 1 Pet. iii. 7. See Exod. xix. 15: 1 Sam. xxi. 4, 5. † 9. 1 Tim. v. 14.

θη. μενετω αγαμος, η τω ανδρι καταλλαseparated, let her remain unmarried, or to the busband let her ore-

γητω·) και ανδρα γυναικα μη αφιεναι. 12 Tois sonciled;) and a husband a wife not to dismiss. To the

δε λοιποις εγω λεγω, ουχ δ κυριος ει τις but remaining things i apeak, not the Lord, it ony

adelpos  $\gamma$  v aima exel amiotov, kai auth ouverbrother  $\gamma$  wite has an unbeliever and she thinks

δοκει οικειν μετ' αυτου, μη αφιετω αυτην·
well to dwell with him, not let him dismiss her;

13 και γυνη ήτις εχει ανδρα απιστον, και αυτος and a wife who has a husband an unbeliever, and he

συνευδοκει οικειν μετ' αυτης, μη αφιετω αυτον.
thinks well to dwell with her, not let her dismiss him.

l4 Ήγιασται γαρ δ ανηρ δ απιστος εν τη γυναιlias been sanctified for the husband the unbelieving in the wife,

αι, και ἡγιασται ἡ γυνη ἡ απιστος εν τω and has been sanctified the wife the unbelieving in the

ανδρι επει αρα τα τεκνα ύμων ακαθαρτ busband; otherwise indeed the children of you unclean

esti,  $\nu u \nu$  de å $\gamma \iota a$  est $\iota \nu$ . Is to de a $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \sigma s$  is, now but holy is. It but the unbelieving

χωριζεται, χωριζεσθω ου δεδουλωται δ αδελwithdraws, let him withdraws; not is enslaved the brother

η ή αδελφη εν τοις τοιουτοις. Εν δε ειρηνη or the sister with the such like. In but peace

κεκληκεν ήμας δ θεος.  $^{16}$  Τι γαρ οιδας, γυναι, has called us the God. How forknowes thou, O wife,

ει τον ανδρα σωσεις: η τι οιδας, ανερ, ει if the husband thoushalt save? or how knowest thou, O husband, if

την γυναικα σωσεις. 17 Ει μη έκαστφ ώς the wife thou shalt save, If not to each as

εμερισεν δ κυριος, έκαστον ώς κεκληκεν δ θεος distributed the Lord, each one even as has called the God

ούτω περιπατειτω. Και ούτως εν ταις εκκληso let him walk. And thus in the congre-

τις εκληθη, μη επισπασθω εν ακρηany one was called not let him be uncircumcised; in uncircum-

Βυστια τις εκληθη, μη περιτεμνεσθω. 19 H telsion any one was called, not let him be circumcised. The

be reparated, let her remain unmarried, or let her be reconciled to her HUSBAND;—and that a Husband do not dismiss his Wife.

12 But to the REMAIN-ING matters I speak, the t Lord does not;—If sny Brother have a Wife, an unbeliever, and she is pleased to dwell with him, let him not dismiss her:

13 and if any Wife have a Husband, an unbeliever, and he is pleased to dwell with her, let her not dismiss \* the Husband.

14 For the UNBELIEV-ING HUSBAND IS SANCTIfied in the believing WIFE, an? the UNBELIEVING WIFE IS SANCTIFIED IN the \*BROTHER; otherwise, indeed 2 your CHILDREN were impure, but now they are holy.

15 But if the UNBE-LIEVER withdraw, let him withdraw; the BROTHER or the FISTER is not enslaved in SUCH cases, but ‡ in Peace God has called us;—

thou, O Wife, whether thou shalt save thy HUS-BAND? or how knowest thou, O Husband, whether thou shalt save thy WIFE?

17 If not, as the LOED has apportuned to each one, even as God has called each one, so let him walk. And I thus in all the CONGREGATIONS I appoint.

18 Was any one called having been circumcised? let him not become uncircumcised; in Uncircumcision \* has any one been called? ‡ let him not be circumcised.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—13. the Husband. one been called.

<sup>14.</sup> ввотнев.

<sup>18.</sup> has any

<sup>+ 12.</sup> These words do not intimate that the apostle was not now under the influence of the divine Spirit; but that there was nothing in the sacred writings which bore directly on this point.—Clarke.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Mal. 11. 15. † 15. Rom. xii. 18: xiv. 19; 1 Cor. xiv. 28: Hob. xii. 14. † 16. 1 Pet. iii. 1. \* 17. 1 Cor. iv. 17; 2 Cor. xi. 28. † 18. Acts xv. 1, 5, 19, 24, 28; Gal. v. 2

σεριτομη ουδεν εστι, και ή ακροβυστια ουδεν sircumciaion nothing isand the uncircumciaton nothing 20 'Екабεστιν, αλλα τησησις εντολων θεου. but keeping of commandments of God.

τος εν τη κλησει η εκληθη, εν ταυτη μενετω. one in the calling in which he was called, in this let humwernain

21 Δουλος εκληθης, μη σοι μηλετω· αλλ' ει A slave wast thou called, not to theelet it be agare; but if και δυνασαι ελευθερος γενεσθαι, μαλλον χρη-

also thew set able to become.

2 'Ο γαρ εν κυριφ κληθεις δουλος, απε-He for in Lord being called a slave,

Acudepos ruplous ettle options \* [ Rai ] & elevelepos beedman of lord to in the manner falso the freeman 23 Tiuns 17:0κληθεις. δυσλος εστι Χριστου. of Anointed. For a price 200 bein cilled, a slave 28 TIVETTE aveowrwy. ρασθητε\* JE77 δουλοι

4 Έκαστος εν ω εκληθη, αδελφοι, εν τουτφ Each one in which he was called, Ship brethren

become you

LEVETW παρα θεω. let him remain with God.

BOL

were bought:

φειδομαι.

25 Περε δε των παρθενων; επιταγην κυριου Concerning and the virgina, a commandment of Lord ουκ εχω: γνωμην δε διδωμι, ώς nhenueros not i have a judgment but I give, as having obtained mercy 26 Νομιζω συν, το...ο ύπο κυριου πιστος ειναι. Loud faithful to be. I declare then. καλον ύπαρχειν δια την ενεστωσαν αναγκην. to be because of the having been present distress, 27 Δεδεότι καλον ανθρωπώ το ούτως ειναfor a man the than to be Art thou hav-YUValke, MY- (ATEL XUOIP λελυσαι to; been bound to a wife, not seek they arelease; hast thou been loosed 2º Ear Se απο γυναικος, μη ζητει γυναικα. a.wife. not seek thou from a wife. 3.0 but και γημης, συχ ημαρτες even thou about the married, not thou didnt sin; if ή παρθένος, συχ ήμαρτε θλιψιν should have married the wrgin, not she sinued; affliction δε τη σαρκι έξουσιν οί τοιουτοι εγω δε ύμφν batin the finit shall kave those such like; I but you

This but I say, Brethren, the season συνεσταλικένος το λοιπον εστιμ iva kat of having been abortened the remainder

is;

19 I CIRCUMCISION IN nothing, and uncrecum-cision is nothing; ; bus Keeping God's Command menis.

20 Let cách one remain in that vocation in which

he was called.

21 Wast thou invited when a Slave? Let it not give thee concern; (but if, indeed, thou art able to become free, prefer it;)

22 for the Slave BEING CALLED by the Lerd, is t the Lord's freedman; in like manner the FREEMAN being called is Christ's Bond-servant.

23 + Have you been bought with a Price? Become not the Slaves of

Men.

24 Brethren, ? let each one remain with God in that vocation in which he was called.

25 And concerning the tvirgins, I have not ta Commandment of the Lord, but I give my Judg. ment, as I having received mercy from the Lord I to be faithful.

26 I declare this to be well, then, on account of PRESENT Distress; Because it is well for Man to be thus:-

27 Art thou bound to a Wife? seek not a Release. Art thou loosed from a Wife? seek not a Wife.

28 But even if those shouldst marry, thou dost not sin; and if a Virgin should marry, she does not sin; but Affliction in the FLESH SUCH will have:however. I spare you

But this I say, Brethren, the TIME bethat boththose ing shortened, it remains

29 Τουτο δε φημι, αδελφοι, ό καιρος

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 72. also-omit. 28. a Virgin.

<sup>† 23.</sup> So rendered interrogatively by Whitby, Wakefield, and Turnoull. word parthenes, a virgin, signifies, in the place, a young unmarried person of either sex as is evident from verses 26, 27, 32-34, and Rev. xiv. 4. 

† 25. See Note on verse 12.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Gal. v. 6; vi. 15. † 19. John xv. 14; 1 John ii. 3; iii. 24. † 22. John viii. 65; Rom. vi. 13; 22; Philemon 16. † 22. 1 Cor. ix. 21; Gal. v. 13; Eph. vi. 6; 1 Pet. ii. 16. † 24. ver. 20. † 25: verse 10; 2 Cor. viii. 8. † 25. 1 Tim. i. 13. † 29. Math. v. 22; Rom. xiii. 11; 1 Pet. iv. 2.

wife.

εχοντες γυναικας, ώς μη εχοντες ωσι. 30 και not having should be; 8.8

οι κλαιοντες, ώς μη κλαιοντες και οί χαιρονand those those weeping, as not weeping; ~~s, ώς μη χαιροντες· και οί αγοραζοντες, ώς

rejoicing; and those μη κατεχοντες. <sup>31</sup> και οί χρωμενοι τφ κοσμφ not possessing: and those using the world

Παραγει γαρ τουτω, ώς μη καταχρωμενοι. Passes by for tnis, 8.8 anusing. not

32 Θελω δε σχημα του κοσμου τουτου. form of the world

'Ο αγαμος μεριμνα ύμας αμεριμνους ειναι. The unmarried caresfor the things you free from auxieties to be. του κυριου, πως αρεσει τω κυριω. 33 δ δε γα-

he but having how he shall please the Lord; μησας μεριμνα τα του κοσμου, πως αρεσει

married cares for the things of the world, how he shall please 34 Μεμερισται ή γυνη και ή παρτη γυναικι. Has been divided the wife and the virgin.

θενος ή αγαμος μεριμνά τα του κυριου, ίνα the unmarried cares for the things of the Lord, so that

ή άγια και σωματι και πνευματι ή δε γαmay be holy both in body and in spirit; the but one \* Ta μ~σασα μεριμνα \* τα του having married cares for [the things of the του κοσμου, πως world,]

35 Τουτο δε προς το ύμων τω ανδοι. she shall please the husband. This and for the of you αυτων συμφερον λεγω ουχ ίνα βροχον ύμιν a snare to you I say; not that

επιβαλω, αλλα προς τα ευσχημον και ευπαρεbut for the decorum and devoted\_ I may throw,

36 Et δ∈ TIS δοον τω κυριω απερισπαστως. If butany one ness to the Lord without solicitude.

επι την παρθενον αυτου νομι(ει, ασχημονειν to behave indecently toward the of himself thinks, virgin

εαν η ύπερακμος, και ούτως οφειλει γινεσif she may be beyond age, and 80 it is fitting to be;

θαι δ θελει ποιειτω, ουχ άμαρτανει γαμειτωwhat he wishes let him do, not he sins:

that both THOSE HAVING Wives, should be as not having them;

30 and THOSE who are WEEPING, as not weeping; and THOSE who are RE-JOICING, as not rejoicing; and THOSE who are BUY-ING, as not possessing;

31 and THOSE who are using this world, as not using it; I for the TSCENE of this WORLD is passing away.

32 But I wish you to be without anxiety. The UNMARRIED man is concerned for the THINGS of the LORD, how \*he may please the LORD;

but HE HAVING MARRIED is anxious about the THINGS of the WORLD. how \*he may please his WIFE, -and is divided.

34 And the UNMARRIED WOMAN, even the VIRGIN, concerned for the THINGS of the LORD, that she may be boly both in \* BODY and in MIND; but SHE HAVING MARRIED IS anxious how \*she may please her HUSBAND.

35 But I say this for YOUR OWN Advantage, not that I may throw ta Snare over you; but for the HONOBABLE and constant attention to the LORD without distraction.

36 But if any one think he acts improperly tin remaining single, if he be past age, and thus it is fitting to be married, let him do what he wishes, he sins let them | not; †let them marry.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. he may please. 33. he may please his wife,-and is divided. And the UNMARRIED WOMAN, even the VIRGIN, is concerned. 34. BODY 34. the THINGS of the WORLD-omit. 34. she may please.

<sup>† 31.</sup> Probably a reference to the shifting scenes in a thease.

† 35. An allusion to a small casting net, something like the lasso of the South Americans, which was in use among the Romans and Persians, to throw on the heads of their adversaries, and thus entangle them.

† 36. Parthenos, commonly translated virgin, has been rendered as meaning also a state of virginity or celibacy.

† 36 Many think—"let him marry"—the true reading, which is supported by many MSS. However, there are different views entertained by critics on the whole of this difficult passage; some referring it to the power of fathers over their daughters; others to the young vomen dedicated to the service of God in the primitive church, who were called virgins; and others again to young men, who had recounsed matrimony, and devoted themselves to the Lord. The latter view has been adopted in the text. in the text.

νων. 37 'Os δε έστηκεν έδραιος εν τη καρδια, Who but he has stood settled in the μη εχων αναγκην, εξουσιαν δε εχει περι του control but has concerning the not having necessity, ιδιου θεληματος, και τουτο κεκρικέν έν τη καρand this has resolved in the δια αυτου του τηρειν την έαυτου παρθενον, of himself the to keep the of himself 38 'Ωστε και δ εκγαμιζων, καλως καλως ποιει. So that even he giving in marriage, well does. και δ μη γαμιζων, κρεισσον ποιει. TOLE! and he not marrying, better does;

does; and he not marrying, better does.

39 Γυνη δεδεται εφ' όπον χρονον ζη δ ανηρ
A wife is bound for so long a time may live the husband

αυτης: εαν δε κοιμηθη ό ανηρ αυτης, ελευof her; if but should tall as leep the husband of her, free

 $\theta$ ερα εστιν  $\psi$   $\theta$ ελει γαμηθηναι, μονον εν she is to whom she wills to be married, only in κυριω.  $^{40}$  Μακαριωτερα  $\delta$ ε εστιν, εαν οδτω

κυριω. Μακαριωτερα δε εστιν, εαν ούτω Lord. Happier but she is, if thus  $\mu$ εινη, κατα την εμην γνωμην δοκω

he should remain according to the my judgment; I think

δε καγω πνευμα θεου εχειν. and even ε spirit of God to have.

# KEФ. $\eta'$ . 8.

1 Περι δε των ειδωλοθυτων, οιδαμεν (ότι Concerning and the things offered to idols, we know; (because παντες γνωσιν εχομεν. ή γνωσις φυσιοι, ή δε all knowledge we have; the knowledge puffs up, the but αγαπη οικοδομει $^{2}$ ει \*[δε] τις δοκει €ιδ€ναι [but] any one thinks to have known builds up: if ουδεπω ουδεν εγνωκε καθως δει γνωsomething, not yet nothing he has known as it behoves to have ναι  $^3$ ει δε τις αγαπά τον θεον, ούτος εγνωσknown; if but any one should love the God, this  $(v\pi)^{\prime} \alpha v \tau o v^{\prime}$ )  $(v\pi)^{\prime} \alpha v \tau o v^{\prime}$ ται acknowledged by  $au\omega\nu$   $\epsilon\iota\delta\omega\lambda o\theta\upsilon\tau\omega\nu$ ,  $o\iota\delta\alpha\mu\epsilon\nu$ ,  $\delta\tau\iota$   $o\upsilon\delta\epsilon\nu$   $\epsilon\iota\delta\omega\lambda o\nu$  of the things offered to idols, we know, that nothing an idol εν κοσμφ, και ότι ουδεις θεος έτερος, ει μη είς. in world, and that no one God other, if not one  $^{5}$  Και γαρ ειπερ εισι λεγομενοι θεοι, ειτε εν Indeed for though they are being called gods, whether in ουρανώ, ειτε επι γης (ώσπερ εισι θεοι πολλοι, heaven, or on earth; (as they are Gods  $\frac{\kappa \alpha i}{m \text{ mod } \text{ mony}_i}$   $\frac{\delta}{\delta}$   $\frac{\epsilon}{m \text{ mony}_i}$   $\frac{\delta}{\delta}$   $\frac{\delta}{\delta}$ God the

37 But he who stands firm in his HEART, not having Necessity, but has Control over his own Will, and has determined this in his HEART, to maintain his Celibacy, \* does well.

38 so that even HE who \* MARRIES, does well; but HE who \* MARRIES NOT, does better.

39 ‡ A Wife is bound as long as her Husband lives; but if \*her Husband be deceased, she is free to be married to whom she pleases;—‡only in the Lord.

40 But she is happier, if she should so remain, according to My Judgment; \* and I am certain that even # have the Spirit of God.

#### CHAPTER VIII.

1 Now concerning the #IDOL-SACRIFICES, "we know," (Because # we all have Knowledge. Knowledge puffs up, but love builds up.

2 ‡ If any one is confident of knowing anything, he knows it \*not yet as he ought to know.

3 But if any one love God, the same has been acknowledged by him.

- 4 Therefore, concerning the EATING of the IDOL-SACRIFICES, we know,) That an ‡ Image is nothing in the World, ‡ and That \* no one is God but one.
- 5 For though there are, indeed, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Gods so called, whether in Heaven of on Earth; (as they are many Gods, and many Lords;)
  - 6 yet to us there is but

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.-37, shall do well. 38. marries his virgin shall do well; and he who marries not, shall do better. 39. the husband. 40. for I am. 2. But-omit. 2. not yet as. 4. no one is God but one. 6. but-omit.

<sup>† 39.</sup> Rom. vii. 2. 2 1. Rom. xiv. 14, 22. 2 1. 1 Cor. x. 19. iv. 6; 1 Tim. ii. 5. † 39. 2 Cor. † 2 1 Cor. x. 19. † 4 Deut. iv. 19. † 5. John x. 34.

<sup>† 39. 2</sup> Cor. vi. 14. † 1. Acts xv. 20, 29; 1 Cor. x. 10. † 2. 1 Cor. xiii. 8, 9, 12; Gal. vi. 3; 1 Tim. vi. 4. † 4. Isa. † 4. Deut. iv. 30; vi. 4; Isa. xliv. 8; Matt. xii. 29; verse 6; Eple 5. John x. 34.

reclining,

πατηρ, εξ ού τα παντα, και ημεις εις αυτον. father, out of whom the all things, and we for him: είς κυριος, Ιησους Χριστος, δι' ού τα Lord, Jesus Anointed, through whom the 7 Aλλ' παντα, και ήμεις δι' αυτου. oukand we through him. But not in πασιν ή γνωσις τινες δε τη συνειδησει του all the knowledge; some but in the conscience of the ειδωλου έως αρτι ώς ειδωλοθυτον εσθιουσι, και idol till now as offered to an idol they eat, ή συνειδησις αυτων, ασθενης ουσα, μολυνεται. weak being, the conscience of them, is defiled. 8 Βρωμα δε ήμας ου παριστησι τω θεω· ουτε not brings near to the God; neither \*[γαρ] εαν φαγωμεν, περισσευομεν ουτε εαν [for] if we should eat, do we abound; nor 15 μη φαγωμεν, ύστερουμεθα. 9 Βλεπετε δε, μηnot we should eat, are we deficient. Look you but, ή εξουσια ύμων αύτη προσκομμα γενηται in any way the liberty of you this a stumbling-block may become 10 Ear yap TIS IN  $\sigma \epsilon$ , TOV τοις απθενουσιν. If for any one may see thee, the to those being weak. εχοντα γνωσιν, εν ειδωλειφ κατακειμενον, ουχι

the conscience of him, weak being, will be built  $\theta\eta\sigma\epsilon\tau\alpha\iota$   $\epsilon\iota s$   $\tau o$   $\tau a$   $\epsilon\iota\delta\omega\lambda o\theta\upsilon\tau a$   $\epsilon\tau\theta\iota\epsilon\iota\nu$ ;  $^{11}$   $\kappa\alpha\iota$  up in order that the things offered to idols to eat? and  $a\pi o\lambda\epsilon\iota\tau\alpha\iota$   $\delta$   $a\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu\omega\nu$   $a\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi os$   $\epsilon\pi\iota$   $\tau\eta$   $\sigma\eta$   $\gamma\nu\omega\sigma\epsilon\iota$  will be destroyed the being weak brother by the thy knowledge,  $\delta\iota^2$   $\delta\nu$   $X\rho\iota\tau\sigma os$   $a\pi\epsilon\theta a\nu\epsilon\nu$ .  $^{12}$   $O\upsilon\tau\omega$   $\delta\epsilon$  on account of whom Anointed died. Thus but

ή συνειδησις αυτου, ασθενους οντος, οικοδομη-

one having knowledge, in an idol-temple

aining against the brethren and smiting αυτων την συνειδησιν ασθενουσαν, εις Χριστον of them the conscience being wear against Anointed μαρτανετε. <sup>13</sup> Διστερ ει βρωμα σκανδαλιζει γου sin. Wherefore if food consares

άμαρτανοντές εις τους αδελφους και τυπτοντές

you sin. Wherefore if food ensuares
τον αδελφον μου, ου μη φαγω κρεα εις τον
the brother of mr, not not I may eat flesh to the
αιωνα, ίνα μη τον αδελφον μου σκανδαλισω.
age, so that not the brother of me I may ensuare.

# KЕФ. $\theta'$ . 9.

1 Ουκ ειμι ελευθερος; ουκ ειμι αποστολος; Not am I a freeman? not am I an apostle? Ουχι Ιησουν \*[Χριστον] τον κυριον \*ημων έω-Not Jeaus [Anointed] the Lord of us have

‡One God, the FATHER, ‡out of whom are ALL things, and we for him; and ‡One Lord, Jesus Christ, ‡ through whom are ALL things, and we through him."

7 But this knowledge is not in all; and some, t with the \*Consciousness of the idol till now eat as of an Idol-Sacrifice; and their conscience, being weak, tis defiled.

8 "And thood does not

8 "And Food does not bring us before God; for \* neither if we should not eat, are we deficient, nor if we should eat, do we abound."

9 But take care lest, in any way, this your RIGHT become ta Signature bling-block to THOSE BE-ING WEAK.

10 For if any ope should see \* THEE who HAST Knowledge, reclining in an Idol's temple, will not \$\frac{1}{2}\the CONSCIENCE of him who is weak be strengthened for the EATING of the IDOL-SACRIFICES?

Il \*And will not the WEAK Brother, on account of whom Christ died, perish by this THY Knowledge?

12 And thus sinning against the BERTHEEN, and smiting Their weak CONSCIENCE, ‡ you sin against Christ.

13 Wherefore \$\(\frac{1}{2}\)if Food ensure my Brother, I will never eat flesh, lest I should ensure my Brother.

#### CHAPTER IX.

1 Am I not a Freeman? † Am I not an Apostle? † Have I not seen Jesus Christ our LORD? Are-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—7. custom of the idol. 8. for—omit. 11 we should not eat, are we deficient, nor if we should eat, do we about d. 10. Him who has Knowledge. 11. For by the knowledge the weak Brother perishes, on account of whom Christ died. 1. Anointed—omit.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Mal. ii. 10; Eph. iv. 6. † 6. Acts xvii. 28; Rom. xi. 36. † 6. John xiii. 13; Acts ii. 36; 1 Cor. xii. 3; Eph. iv. 5; Phil. ii. 11. † 6. Col. ii. 10; Heb. i. 2. † 7. I Cor. x. 28, 20. † 7. Rom. xiv. 14, 23. † 8. Rom. xiv. 17. † 9. Gal. v. † 13. † 9. Rom. xiv. 13, 20. † 10. I Cor. x. 28, 32. † 12. Matt. xav. 40, 45. † 13. Rom. xiv. 21; 2 Cor. xi. 26. † 1. Acts ix. 15; xiii. 2, &c. † 1. Acts ix. 3, 17, &c.

ρακα; ου το εργον μου ύμεις εστε εν κυριφ; seen? not the work of me you are in Lord? Ει αλλοις ουκ ειμι αποστολος, αλλαγε ύμιν if to others not I am an apostle, at all events to you ειμι ή γαρ σφραγις της εμης αποστολης ύμεις lam; the for seal of the my apostleship you εστε εν κυριφ. 3 Ή εμη απολογια τοις εμε The my defence to those me are in Lord. 4 Μη ουκ εχομεν ανακρινουσιν, αύτη εστι. Not not have we condemning. this is. εξουσιαν φαγειν και πιειν; 5 Μη ουκ εχομεν a right to eat and to drink? Not not have we εξουσιαν αδελφην γυναικα περιαγειν, ώς και οί a wife to lead about, as also the aright a sister λοιποι αποστολοι, και οί αδελφοι του κυριου, and the brothers of the Lord, apostles, και Κηφας; 6 Η μονος εγω και Βαρναβας ουκ Or only I and Barnabas nou and Kephas? εχομεν εξουσιαν του μη εργαζεσθαι; 7 Τις of the not aright to work? στρατεύεται ιδιοίς οψωνίως πότε; τις φυτεύει serves in war with his own wages any time? who plants αμπελωνα, και \*[εκ] του καρπου αυτου συκ and [from] of the fruit ofit not  $\epsilon \sigma \theta$ ιει; η τις ποιμαινεί ποιμνην, και εκ του or who tends a flock, and from of the γαλακτος της ποιμνης ουκ εσθιει: 8 Μη not eats? Not ofthe flock milk ανθρωπον ταυτα λαλω; η ουχι και κατα man these things I speak? or not also δ νομος ταυτα λεγει; <sup>9</sup>Εν γαρ τφ Μωυσεως the law these things says? In for the Moses the law these things says? νουω γεγραπται. Ου φιμωσεις βουν αλοωνlaw it has been written; Not thoushalt muzzle an ox threshing. Mη των βοων μελεί τω θεω;  $^{10}$ η δι' Not for the oxen cares the God? or on account of Not for the oxen cares the God? Δι' ήμας γαρ εγραήμας παντως λεγει; us altogether he says? On account of us for it was ότι επ' ελπιδι οφειλει ό αροτριων αροit is right he written, because in hope plowing τριαν και δ αλοων, επ' ελπιδι του μετεχειν. plow; and he threshing, in hope of that to partake. 11 E<sub>l</sub>  $\eta_{\mu\epsilon lS}$   $\dot{\eta}_{\mu\nu}$   $\tau$   $\alpha$   $\pi \nu \epsilon \nu \mu \alpha \tau \iota \kappa \alpha$   $\epsilon \sigma \pi \epsilon \iota \rho \alpha \mu \epsilon \nu$ , 16 we to you the spiritual things sowed,

not pou my work in the Lord?

2 If to others I am not an Apostle, yet certainly I am to you; for you are the seal of \* My APOS-TLESHIP in the Lord.

3 My Defence to THOSE who condemn Me is

4 ‡ Have we not a Right to eat and to drink?

5 Have we not a Right to lead about a Sistera Wife, as the OTHER Apostles, and the BRO-THERS of the LORD, and ‡ Cephas?

6 Or # and Barnabas, thave we alone no Right \* to abstain from labor?

7 ‡ Who serves in war at his Own Expense at any time? Who plants a Vineyard, and does not eat the FRUIT of it? or who tends a Flock, and does not eat of the MILK of the FLOCK?

8 Do I speak These things according to Man? or does not the LAW also say these things?

9 For in the LAW of Moses it has been written, t "Thou shalt not muzzle "the Ox threshing?" Is GOD concerned for OXEN?

10 or does he say it altogether on our account? It was written certainly, on our account; Because it is right for the \$ PLOW-MAN to plow in Hope, and the THRESHER to PARTI-CIPATE in that Hope.

11 If we have sown for you SPIRITUAL things, is it too much if we shall reap your FLESHLY things?

12 If others are partaking of this Right over

If others of the of you

a great thing, if we of you the fleshly things shall reap?

12 Ει αλλοι της ύμων εξουσίας μετεχουσίν, ου

right

purtake,

not

ει ήμεις ύμων τα σαρκικα θερισομέν:

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. My APOSTLESHIP.

<sup>6.</sup> to abstain from labor. 7.

<sup>‡ 5.</sup> Matt. ‡ 6. 2 Thess. ‡ 7. Deut. xx. 6; ‡ 10. 2 Tim. ii.

μαλλον ήμεις; Αλλ' συκ εχρησαμεθα τη εξουrather we! But not weddum the right But we did not use this

σια ταυτη αλλα παυτα στεγουεν, iva μη this; but allthings weendure, so that not

εγκοπην τινα δωμεν τω ευαγγελιω του Χρισhinderance any we may give to the gial tidings of the Anomaed. του. 13 Ουκ οιδατε, ότι οί τα ίερα εργαίο-

Not know you, that those the holy things performing, μενοι, εκ του ίερου εσθιουσιν; οί τω θυσιασ-

from of the temple eat? those to the alter

τηριφ προσεδρευοντες, τφ θυσιαστηριφ συμ-

μεριζονται; <sup>14</sup> Ούτω και ό κυριος διεταξε τοις partakers? Thus also the Lord has opposited for those το ευαγγελίον καταγγελλουσιν, εκ του ευαγ-

the glad unings proclaming, from of the glad

γελιου (ην. 15 Εγω δε ου κεχρημαι ουδενι addings coline. I but not have used not one

τουτων. Ουκ εγραψα δε ταυτα, ίνα ούτω of these things. Not I did write and these things, that thus

γενηται εν εμοι καλον γαρ μοι μαλλον α it may be done to me; well for to me rather

θανειν, η το καυχημα μου ίνα τις κενωση.
die, thanthe boasting of me that any one should make void.

16 Ear yap ευαγγελιζωμαι, ουκ εστι μοι
16 for I may announce glad tidings, not icis to me

καυχημα αναγκη γαρ μοι ετικειται oval accuse of boasting; necessity for to me lies on, woe

γαρ μοι εστιν, εαν μη ευαγγελιζωμαι. 17 Ει for to me is, if not lehould preach glad tidings. If

γαρ έκων τουτο πρασσω, μισθον εχω ει δε tor willing this Ido, a reward I have; if but ακων, οικονομιαν πεπι ... al. 18 Tis unwilling, a stewardship I have been cutruated with. What

ουν μοι εστιν ό μισθος; Ίνα ευαγγελιζομενος then to me is the reward? So that an inducency glad tidings αδαπανον θησω το ευαγγελιον \* Γτου Χρισ-

without expense I will place the glad udings (of the Amounted, του, ] εις το μη καταχρησασθαι τη εξουσια in order that not to fully use the authority

μου εν τφ ευαγγελιφ. 19 Ελευθερος γαρ ών of me in the glad tidings. Free for being

ek Tautor, madir emautor edoudora, ira tous from all, to all myself I was enslaved, that the

πλειονας κευδησω. 20 και εγενομην τοις Ιουδαιmore I might gain; and I became to the Jews

you, ought not we rather? But we did not use this arother; but we endure all things, I that we may not cause any Hindrance to the GLAB TIDINGS of the ANOINTED.

13 the year not know that those who preferent the temple services, cat from the temple?—that those attending to the altar are partakers with the altar?

14 Thus, also, ‡ the LORD has appointed to THOSE who PUBLISH the GLAD TIDINGS, ‡ to live by the GLAD TIDINGS.

15 ‡ But ‡ have not used any of these things; and I did not write these things that thus it should be done to me; ‡ for it is good for me to die, rather than that any one should make my BOASTING void.

16 For if I should evangelize, it is no cause of exutation to me; there are Necessity is laid or. Me; Woe, indeed, there is for me if I should not evangelize.

17 For if I do This voluntarily, ‡ I have a keward; but if ‡ I have been entrusted with a Stewardship reluctantly,

18 what is my Reward then? So that evangelizing, I will establish the GLAD TIDINGS without expense, so as not to USE my entire AUTHORITY in the GLAD TIDINGS.

19 For, being free from all, I enslaved myself to all, that I might gain the more.

δαι- 20 And to the Jews Jews I became as a Jew, that

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. of the Anointed-omit.

<sup>† 12.</sup> Acts xx. 33; verses 15, 18; 2 Cor. xi. 7, 9; xii. 13; 1 Thess. ii. 6. † 12. 2 Cor. xi. 12. ‡ 13. Lev. vi. 16, 26; vii. 6; Num. v. 9, 10; xviii. 8—20; Deut. x. 9; xviii. 1. † 14. Matt. x. 10; Luke x. 7. † 14. Gal. vi. 0; 1 Tim. v. 17. ‡ 15. Acts xviiii. 3, xv. 34, 1 Cor. iv. 12; verse 12; 1 Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 8. ‡ 15. 2 Cor. xi. 10. † 16. Rom. v. 15. ‡ 17. 1 Cor. iv. 1; Gal. it. 7; Phyl. v. 17; Col. v. 25. † 18. 1 Cor. x. 33; 2 Cor. iv. 5; xi. 7. ‡ 20. Acts xvi. 3; xvin. v. 24. 24.

ois ωs Ιουδαίος, ένα Ιουδαίους κερδησω τοις as a Jew, that Jews I might gain; to those

ύπο νομον ώς ύπο νομον, (μη ων αυτος ύπο ander law as under law, (not being myself under

νομον,) iva τους ύπο νομον καρδησω. 21 τοις law,) that those under law I might gain; to those

aromots &s aromos, (my aromos  $\theta \in \emptyset$ , all without law as without law, (not being without law to God but

εννομος Χριστφ,) ένα κερδησω ανομους·
within law to Anointed,) that I might gain lawless ones:

22 εγενομην τοις ασθενεσιν \*[ώς] ασθενης, ίνα I became to the weak [as] weak that

τους ασθενεις κερδησω. τοις πασι γεγονα τα the weak ones I might gain; to thome all I have become the

παντα, iνα παντως τινας σωσω. 23 Τουτο δε all things, that by all means some I may save. This but

ποιω δια το ευαγγελιον, ίνα συγκοινωνος I do or accourt of the gial tidings, that a co-partner

αυτου γενωμαι. 24 Οικ οιδανε, ότι ο εν σταofit I may become. Not know you, that those in race.

διφ τρεχοντες, παντες μεν τοεχουσιν, είς δε course running, all indeed run, co. ont

λαμβανει το βραθειον: Ούτω τρεχετε, ίνα receives the prizer Time run you, that

καταλαβητε. 25 Πας το δ αγωνιζομενος, παντα you may obtain. Evin one but the contending, all things

eyrpatevetal exerval per our, in phactor possesses self-control; they indeed thereon, that a perishable

στεφανον λαβωσιν ήμεις δη αφθερτον. 26 Εγω wreath they may receive; we but, an imperishable.

τοινυν ούτω τοεχω, ώς ουκ αδηλως ούτω therefore thus run, as not uncertainly, thus

πυκτευω, ώς ουκ αερα δερω:  $^{27}$ αλλ $^3$  ύπωπια(ω) I box, as not air besting; but I brow-beat

μου το σωμα και δουλαγωγω, μηπως αλλοις of me the body and lead it captive, lest possibly to others

κηρυξας, αυτος αδοκιμος γενωμαι. having proclaimed, myself without proof should become.

I might gain the Jews; to THOSE UNDER Law, as under Law, (not being myself under Law,) that I might gain THOSE UN-DER Law;

21 to THOSE WITHOUT LAW, as without Law, (yet not being \*without God's Law, but under Christ's law,) that I might gain THOSE WITHOUT LAW.

22 To the WEAK, I became weak, that I might gain the WEAK; to them ALL I have become \* All things, that I might by all means that I save the some.

23 And I do \* all things on account of the elad tidings, that I may become a Joint-partaker of the same.

24 Do you not know, that THOSE RUNNING in a Race-course,—all indeed run, but one receives the PRIZE? Thus rur, that you may obtain.

25 ‡ And EVERY COM-BATANT is † temperate in all things;—then, indeed, that they man receive † a Perishable Crown; but we, ‡ one Imperishable.

26 # therefore so run, as not uncertainty; I so strike, as not beating the Air;

27 that I severely discipline My Body, tand make it subservient; lest possibly, having proclaimed to Others, I myself should the become one unapproved.

VATICA. MALUSCRIFT.—21. withou god's law, but under Christ's law, that I might gain thosh without law. 22. All things. 23. all things.

<sup>1 22.</sup> Some important. ASS., read pants, all instead of times, some, which reading is adopted by Poures. It alefield as agreeing better with chap. x. 33. † 23. Clarke thinks the setting of the latest and pants, and the proposed period of the latest and parts. The training region y is meaning. † 25. The apostic here. Illudes to the course of training owhich each of the set among the Corinthians. The training regulated their diet, their hours of exercise and rest, the restraint of the passions, the kind of exercise, &c. † 25. The crown won by the victor, in the Olympian games was made of the wild olive; in the Pythian games, of larel, in the Numean games, of parsley; and in the Isthmian games, of the pine;—all of which, though evergreens, soon withered.

# KE4. 1. 10.

1 Ου θελω γαρ ύμας αγνοειν, αδελφοι, ότι οί Not I wish for you to beignorant, brethren, that the πατερες ήμων παντες ύπο την νεφελην ησαν, of us all under the cloud Were, και παντες δια της θαλασσης διηλθον, 2 και all through the 608 passed, and mantes eis ton Mondy EBantiganto en th into the Moses were dipped in the sepady has ev ty badavoy, shal martes to and in the Sea. and ile the κυτο βρωμα πνευματικον εφαγον, 4 και παντες foud spiritual did eat, and (επινον auto moua myeunatikoy €πιον° drink spiritual did drink; (they drank γαρ εκ πνευματικής ακολουθούσης πετρας ή following arock; the for from spiritual πετρα ην δ Χριστος.) 5 αλλ' ουκ εν τοις rock was the Anointed;) but not with the πλειοσιν αυτων ευδοκησεν δ θεος κατεστρωθηgreater number of them was well-pleased the God; they were laid pros-6 Ταυτα δε τυποι ήμων σαν γαρ εν τη έρημφ. These things but types trate for in the desert. of us εγενηθησαν, εις το μη ειναι ήμας επιθυμητας were made, in order that not to be 11.8 lusters κακων, καθως κακεινοι επεθυμησαν. 7 Mnoe ofcvilthings, as even they lusted. Nor ειδωλολατραι γινεσθε, καθως τινες αυτων ώς image-worshippers become you, 3.5 some ofthem; νεγραπται· Εκαθισεν δ λαος Φαγειν και πιειν. it has been written; Sat down the people to eat and to drink και ανεστησαν παιζειν. 8 Μηδε πορνευωμεν, Nor should we fornicate, mnd stood up to sport. καθως τινές αυτων επορνευσαν, και επέσον εν some of them foruscated, and fell iz 9 Μηδε εκπειμια ήμερα εικοτιτρεις χιλιαδες. twenty-three thousands. day Nor should pa (when ton Χριστον, καθως \* [Kal] TIVES Tre tempt the Augentea, 33 [also] some αυτων επειρασαν, και ύπο των οφεων απωof them tempted. and by the aerpents Mezs 10 Μηδε γογγυζετε, καθως \*[και] τινες Νου πωτικάτρου, 20 [110] some AOYTO. destroyed.

## CHAPTER X.

1 For I wish you not to be ignorant, Brethren. That our FATHERS were all under the cloup. and all passed through ithe SEA:

2 and that all were immersed into Moses in the CLOUD and in the SEA:

3 and that all ate 1the SAME † spiritual Food.

4 and all drank t the SAME spiritual Drink; for they drank [water] from a Spiritual Rock which followed them; (but the ROCK was the ANOINTED )

5 With the Most of them, however, God was not well-pleased: for they were laid prostrate in the DESERT.

6 Now these things were made †Types for us, in order that we might not be Cravers after Evil things, teven as then craved.

7 Nor become you Image worshippers, some of them; as it has been written, t"The PEO-"PLE † sat down to eat 'and drink, and stood up "to dance "

8 Nor should we practice fornication as some of them committed it, tand fell in One Day twentythree thousand.

9 Nor should we tempt \*the Lord, tas some of them tempted him, and were destroyed by the ser-PENTS.

10 Neithermurmurvou. tas some of them murνογγυσαν, και απωλοντο ύπο του ολο-mured, ‡ and were des-murmured, and were destroyed by the 'des-troyed by the DESTROYER.

ofthem

συτων εγογγυσαν, και απωλοντο ύπο του ολο-

9. also-omit.

10. also-omit.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIET .- Q. the LORD.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Or perhaps to be used in the sense of typical. See Rev. xi. 8. † 6. A type, figure, pattern, or example. The same phrase occurs, 1 Pct. v. 3. † 7. In ancient times the llebrews always sat at meat. Gen. xliji. \$3. It was in later times only, that, in compliance with the manners of the Greeks and Romans, they lay on couches at their meals,-Macknight.

<sup>1 1.</sup> Exod. xiv. 21; xl. 84—38 &c. 1 2. Exod. xiv. 22; Num. xxxiii. 8, &c. 1 2. Exod. xvi 15, 35. 1 4. Exod. xvii. 6. 1 5. Num. xiv. 29, 32, 35; xxvi. 64, 65; Psa. cvi. 26; Heb. iii. 17; Jude 5. 1 6. Num. xi. 4, 35, 34; Psa. cvi. 14. 17. Exod. xxvii. 6. 1 8. Num. xxv. 1, 9; Psa. cvi. 20. 1 9. Evod. xvii. 2, 7, Num. xxi. 4-6 1 10. Exod. xvi. 2; xvii. 2; Num. xiv. 2, 20; xvi. 41.

11 Ταυτα δε παντα τυποι συνεβαι-DOEUTOU-These things and all troyer. types happened νον εκεινοις εγραφη δε προς νουθεσιαν ήμων was written and for admonition of us, to them; ούς τα τελη των αιωνων κατηντησεν. on whom the enda of the ages

12 'Ωστε å δοκων έστανει, βλεπετω MM So that the one thinking to have stood, let him take care lest 13 Πειρασμος ύμας ουκ ειληφεν ει μη A temptation you not has taken if not he should fall. aυθρωπινος πιστος δε δ θεος, ε ουκ εαπει belonging to man; laithful but the God, who not will permit ύμας πειρασθηναι ύπερ ό δυνασθε, αλλα ποιηyou to be tempted above what you are able, but

σει συν τω πειρασμών και την εκβασιν, του the temptation also way out,

ύπενεγκειν. δυνασθαι you may be able to bear up under.

ι Διοπερ, αγαπητοι μου, φευγετε απο της Wherefore, beloved ones of me, flee you the

ειδωλολατοείας. 15 'Ως Φρονιμοίς λεγω, κριimage-worship. As to wise men I speak, judge

16 Το ποτηριού της ευλογιας νατε ύμεις δ φημι. you what I say. The blessing cup ofthe

ό ευλογουμεν, ουχι κοινωνια του αίματος του not a participation of the blood of the

Χριστου εστι; τον αρτον δυ κλωμεν, ουχι κοιthe loaf which we break, a par-

Χριστου ETTIV; veria Tou σωματος TOU of the is it? ticipation of the body Anounted

17 "Οτι είς αρτος, έν σωμα οί πολλοι εσμενο οί Because one loaf, one body the many we are; these YOU TOVIES ER TOU ένος αρτου μετεχομεν.

all from of the one loaf partake. 18 Βλεπετε τον Ισραηλ κατα σαρκα ουχι οί

Israel according to flesh; See you the not those εσθιοντές τας θυσιας κοινώνοι του θυσιαστη-

the sacrifices partakers of the 19 Τι ουν φημι; ότι ειδωλον τι ριου εισι: are? Why then do I say? because an idol anything

εστιν; η ότι ειδωλοθυτον τι εστιν; 20 Αλλ', or because an idol sacrifice anything But.

ά θυει τα εθνη, δαιμονιοις θυει, και ου because what sacrifice the Gentiles, to demons they sacrifice, and not

θεω ου θελω δε ύμας κοινωνους των δαιμονιων to God; not I wish and you partners ofthe demons

11 \* But these things occurred to them typically. and I were written for our Admonition, on whom the FNDS of the AGES \* have come.

12 Wherefore, 1let HIM who is THINKING that he has stood, take care lest he

13 No Trial has assailed You except what belongs to Man; and God is faithful, ‡ who will not permit you to be tried beyond your ability; but with the TRIAL, will also direct the issue, that you may be ABLE to bear it.

14 Wherefore, my Beloved, tflee away from

IMAGE-WORSHIP.

15 I am speaking as to wise men; judge pou what I say.

16 The cup of BLESS-ING, for which we bless God,-is it not a Participation of the BLOOD of the ANOINTED one? The LOAF which we break,is it not a Participation of the BODY of the ANOINTED one?

17 Because there is One Loaf, ‡ we, the MANY, are One Body; for we ALL partake of the ONE Loaf.

18 Look at ISRAEL according to the Flesh; are not THOSE ; who EAT the SACRIFICES Partakers with the ALTAR?

19 Why then do I affirm this? Because \* what 19 sacrificed to an image is anything, or Because ‡ax Image is anything?

20 No; but Because what \* they sacrifice, they sacrifice to Demons. and not to God; and I do not wish you to become Associates of the DEMONS.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—11. But these things occurred to them typically.

11. re come.

19. what is sacrificed to an image is anything, or Because an Image is 20. they sacrifice, they. have come. anything?

<sup>1 13. 2</sup> Pet. ii. 9-11. Rom. xiv. 4; 1 Cor. ix. 10. 1 12. Rom. xi. 20. † 14. vere 7; 2 Cor. vi. 17; 1 John v. 21. † 16. Matr. xxvi. 20—23. 42; 1 Cor. xi. 23, 24. † 17. Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. xii. 27. † 18. † 19. 1 Cor. viii. 4. † 20. Lev. xvii. † ; Deut. xxxii. 17; Psa. cvi. 37. t 18. Lev. iii. 3; vii. 15.

γινεσθαι. 21 Ου δυνασθε ποτηριον κυριου πινειν to become. Not you are able a cup of Lord to drink

και ποτηριον δαιμονιων ου δυνασθε τραπεζης and a cup of demons; not you are able a table

κυριου μετεχειν και τραπεζης δαιμονιων. 22 H of Lord to partake and a table of demons. Or

παρα(ηλουμεν τον κυριον; μη ισχυροτεροι do we provoke to jealousy the Lord? not stronger

αυτου εσμεν; <sup>23</sup> Παντα ε(εστιν, αλλ' ου παντα othim we are? All things it is lawful, but not all things

συμφερει παντα εξεστιν, αλλ' ου παντα οικοare beneficial; all things it is lawful but not all things builds

δομει.  $^{24}$  Μηδεις το έαυτου ζητειτω, αλλα το up. No one that of himself let him seek, but that

του έτερου.  $^{25}$  Παν το εν μακελλφ πωλουμεο, the other. Every thing that in market 10 being sold

νον  $\epsilon \sigma \theta \iota \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ , μηδεν ανακρινοντες, δια την entyou, not asking questions, on account of the

 $\sigma υν ειδησιν^*$  26 του γαρ κυριου  $\dot{}$  γη και το πλη-conscience; of the for Lord the earth and the fulness

ρωμα αυτης. <sup>27</sup> Ει \* [δε] τις καλει ύμας των ofher. If [but] any one inv. ε. you the

απιστων, και  $\theta$ ελετε πορευεσθαι, παν το  $\theta$  undelieving, and you wish to go, everything that

παρατιθεμένον ύμιν εσθιέτε, μηδεν ανακρινον16 being presented to you entyou, bot asking questions,

τες, δια την συνειδησιν. <sup>25</sup> Εαν δε τις  $\dot{v}$ μιν οπ account of the conscience. If byt any one to you

 $\epsilon$ ·πη. Τουτο ειδωλοθυτον εστι: μη εσθιετε, should say. This an idol-sacrifice is; not eat you,

δησιν.  $^{20}$  Συνειδησιν δε λεγω, ουχι την έαυscience. Conscience now 1 say, not that of thy

του, αλλα την του έτερου. Ίνατι γαρ ή ελευ-

 $\theta \in \rho$ .a  $\mu$ ou  $\kappa$  $\rho$ ive $\tau$ ai  $\dot{\upsilon}\pi$ o alans  $\sigma$  $\upsilon$ ve $i\delta\eta\sigma$ e $\omega$ s; dom of the solution by another conscience?

36 Ει εγω χαριτι μετεχω, τι βλασφημουμαι 16 Ι by favor partake, why am I blamed

 $\dot{v}$ περ  $\dot{o}\dot{v}$  εγω ευχαριστω;  $\dot{o}$  Ειτε  $\dot{o}$  εσθίεοπαccount of which  $\dot{o}$  give thanks? Whether then you

 $au\epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon i au\epsilon$  au i au

21 ‡ You cannot drink the Lord's Cup, and ‡ the Cup of Demons; you cannot partake of the Lord's Table, and the Table of Demons.

22 Do we provoke the LORD to jealousy? Are we

stronger than he?

23 ‡"All things are allowed."—But all things are not beneficial. "All things are allowed."—But all things do not confy.

24 ‡ Let no one seek HIS OWN, but that of

ANOTHER.

25 ‡Eat EVERYTHING which is sold in the Market, asking no questions on account of conscience;

26 for t"the EARTH is "the LORD'S, and the FUL-"NESS of it."

27 If any UNBELLEVER invite you, and you wish to go, ‡ eat EVERYTHING which is PRESENTED to you, asking no questions on account of CONSCIENCE.

28 But if any one should say to you, "This is \*an idol-sacrifice;" do not eat, to account of him who informed you, and conscience.

29 Now, I say Conscience, not that of the ownself, but that of the other. ‡ "But why is my Freedom judged by the Conscience of Another?

30 If X partake with Gratitude, why am I defamed on account of that for which X give thanks?"

31 ‡ Therefore, whether you eat, or whether you drink, or do anything, do All for the Glory of God.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. offered in sacrifice.

<sup>† 21 2</sup> Cor. vi. 15, 16. † 21. Deut. xxxii. 38. † 23. 1 Cor vi. 12. † 24. Rom xv. 1, 2; v. 33; 1 Cor. xiii. 5; Phil. ii. 4, 21. † 25. 1 Tim. iv. 4. † 26. Exod. xix. 5; Deut. x. 14; Psa. xxiv. 1; 1 12. † 27. Luke x. 7. † 28. 1 Cor. viii. 10, 12. † 29. Rom. xiv. 16. † 30. Rom. xiv. 6; 1 Tim. iv. 3, 4. † 31. Col. iii. 17; 1 Pet. xiv. 14.

δοξαν θεου ποιειτε.  $^{32}$  Απροσκοποι γινεσθε και Not causes of stumbling become you both g.ory of God do you. Ιουδαιοις και Έλλησι και τη εκκλησια του to Jews and Greeks and to the congregation of the θεου. 33 καθως καγω παντα πασιν αρεσκω, μη even as also I all things all men ζητων το εμαυτου συμφερον, αλλα το των πολteeking that of myself being profitable, but that of the many, λων, ίνα σωθωσι.

that they may be saved.

# ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

1 Μιμηται μου γινεσθε, καθως καγω Χριστου. Imitators of me become you, even as also I of Anointed. <sup>2</sup> Επαινω δε ύμας, \*[αδελφοι,] ότι παντα μου I praise and you, [brethren,] because all things of me μεμνησθε, και καθως παρεδωκα ύμιν τας you have remembered, and as I delivered to you the 3. ραδοσεις κατεχετε. 3 Θελω δε ύμας ειδε-trautions you retain. I wish but you to have knowναι, ότι παντος ανδρος ή κεφαλη ό Χριστος ledge, that of every man the head the Anointed  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota^*$  κεφαλη δε γυναικος, δ ανηρ $^*$  κεφαλη δε is, head but of woman, the man, head but 4 Πας ανηρ προσευχομενος η Χριστου, δ θεος. praying of Anointed, the God. Every man προφητεύων κατα κεφαλης εχών, καταισχύνει Lead having, prophesying upon 5 Πασα δε γυνη προσευτην κεφαλην αύτου. Every but woman the head of himself. praying χομενη η προφητευουσα ανατακαλυπτω τη prophesying uncovered with the or κεφαλη, καταισχυνει την κεφαλην έαυτης έν disgraces the head of herself; one ορ εστι και το αυτο τη εξυρημενη. it is and the same with the having been shaven.

τρ ου κατακαλυπτεται γυνη, και κειρασθω: ει a woman, also let her hair be cut off; if is covered αισχρον γυναικι το κειρασθαι η ξυρασθαι, 'u' a disgrace to a woman the hair to be cut off or to be shaven

7 Ανηρ μεν γαρ ουκ οφειλει πα ακαλυπτειτθω. A man indeed for not it is fitting let her be covered.

κατακαλυπτεσθαι την κεφαλην, εικων και δοξα to be covered the head, alikeness and glory γυνη δε δοξα ανδρος εστιν. θεου ύπαρχωνο awoman but glory of a man βου γαρ εστιν ανηρ εκ γυναικος, αλλα γυνη εξ not for is man from woman, but woman from

32 # Be you inoffensive both to Jews and Greeks, and tto the CHURCH of GoD:

33 even as II also please all men in all things, not seeking MY OWN Advantage, but THAT of the MANY, so that they may be saved.

## CHAPTER XI.

1 Become # Imitators of me, even as I also am of Christ.

- 2 And, Brethren, I praise you, Because you have remembered all My [instructions,] and retain the OBSERVANCES as I delivered them to you.
- S But I wish you to know, That the Anoin-TED IS HEAD of Every Man; and the ! Head of Woman, the MAN; and the Head of the Anointed. GOD.
- 4 Every Man praying or prophesying, having his Head covered, disgraces his HEAD;
- 5 but Every Woman praying or prophesying with her HEAD uncovered. disgraces her HEAD; for it is just the same as if it were SHAVEN.
- 6 For if a Woman be unveiled, \* let her hair also be cut off or shaven; but if it is I Disgraceful to a Woman to have her HAIR CUT OFF, or to be shaven, let her be veiled.
- 7 Now a Man, indeed, ought not to cover the HEAD, he being God's Glorious Likeness; but Woman is Man's Glory;

, for Man is not from Woman, but Woman from Man:

<sup>\*</sup> VATECAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. brethren-omit. shaven.

<sup>6.</sup> let her hair also be cut off or

<sup>† 32.</sup> Rom. xiv. 13; † Cor. viii. 13; 2 Cor. vi. 3. † 32. Acts xx. 28; † Cor. xi. 22; † 33. Rom. xv 2; † Cor. ix. 19, 22. † † 1. 1 Cor. iv. 16; Eph. v. 1; Phil. iii. 17; † Thess. i 6; 2 Thess. iii. 9. † 2. † Cor. iv. 17. † 3. Eph. v. 23. † 3. Gon iii. 16, † Cor. ii. 1, 12; † Pet. iii. 1, 5, 6. † 3. John xiv. 28; † Cor. iii. 23; xv. 27, 23; Phil. ii. 7-9; † 6. Nam. v. 18; Deut xxii. 5. † 8. Gen. ii. 21, 22.

ανορις. Υκαι γαρ ουκ εκτισθη ανηρ δια την not was created man on account of the

10 Δια γυναικα, αλλα γυνη δια τον ανδρα. but woman on account of the man. On account of

τουτο οπειλει ή γυνη εξουσιαν εχειν επι της this it is fitting the woman authority to have OB the

11 Πλην **κεφαλης**, δια τους αγγελους. head, on account of the messengers.

ουτε γυνη χωρις ανδρος, ουτε ανηρ χωρις γυναιneither woman without man, nor man without woman,

κος, εν κυριφ. 12 'Ωσπερ γαρ ή γυνη εκ του for the woman from the As

ανδρος, ούτω και δ ανηρ δια της γυναικος τα man. so also the man through the woman; the

δε παντα εκ του θεου. 13 Εν ύμιν αυτοις κριbut all things out of the God. In yourselves judge

νατε τρεπον εστι γυναικα ακατακαλυπτον τφ you; becoming isit a woman uncovered to the

 $\theta$ ε $\phi$  προσευχεσθαι;  $^{14}$  Η ουδε αυτη ή φυσις  $^{14}$ 

διδασκει ύμας, ότι ανηρ μεν εαν кона, you, that a man indee! if he should wearlong hair,

ατιμια αυτφ εστι; 15 Γυνη δε εαν a disgrace to him it is? A woman and if she should wearlong hair,

δοξα αυτη εστιν; ότι ή κομη αντι περιβολαιου a glury to her it is? because the hair instead of a covering

δεδοται αυτη. 16 Ει δε τις δοκει Φιλογεικος has been given to her. If but any one thinks conte\_tion.

ειναι, ημεις τοιαυτην συνηθειαν ουκ εχών,  $\frac{1}{2}$  we such like custom no.

17 Tows  $\delta \epsilon$ ουδε αί εκκλησιαι του θεου. the corgregations of the God. Tit

παραγγελλω. ουκ επαινω, ότι ουκ εις το κριετannouncing not I praise, because not for the better,

18 Πρωτον τον, αλλ' εις το ηττον συνερχεσθε. but for the worse you come together.

μεν γαρ, συνερχομενον ύμων εν εκκλησια, in ed for, being cometogether of you in an assembly.

ωκουω σχισματα εν ύμιν ύπαρχειν· και μερος divisions among you to be; and of a part

πιστευω. 19 δει γαρ και αίρεσεις εν certain I believe; it is necessary for also heresies among

9 for Man also was not created for the WOMAN, but Woman for the MAN.

10 Therefore the wo-MAN ought I to have + Authority on the HEAD, on account of the ANGELS.

11 However, Ineither is Woman without Man, nor Man without Woman

in the Lord. 12 For as the WOMAN is from the MAN, so also

the MAN is by the Wo-MAN; ‡ but ALL things are from Gon.

13 Judge for Your sclves; is it becoming for a Woman to pray to Gob.

unveiled? 14 Does not NATURE herself teach you, That if a Man indeed should

wear long Hair, it is a disgrace to him?

15 but if a Woman should wear long Hair, it is a Glory to her; Because her HAIR has been given to her instead of a Veil.

16 If, however, ‡any one is disposed to be contentious, twe have no Such Custom, neither have the CONGREGATIONS or God.

17 But in noticing this matter, That you come together not for the BETTER but the WORSE, I do not praise you.

18 For indeed, in the first place, I hear that, on your coming together in the ASSEMBLY, there are Divisions among you; and, as to a certain part I believe it:

19 for it is necessary that there should be Factions among you, ‡ so that

<sup>† 10.</sup> Benson, gives it as his opinion, that because the Hebrew word radid, (which comes from the word radid, to have power.) signifies a veil, the apostle uses the word examin, authority, to denote a veil, because the Hebrew women veiled themselves in presence of the men, in token of their being under their power or authority. The veil used by the Eastern women was so large as to cover a great part of their body. Ruth's veil held six measures of barley. Ruth iii. 15. A veil of this sort, called a plaid, was worn not long ago by the women of Scotland.—Macknight. Power seems to have been the name of the head-dress; so called, perhaps, because, like a diadem or turban, it was sometimes a mark of rank .- Sharpe.

<sup>19.</sup> Gen. ii. 18, 21, 28 10. Gen. xxiv. 65. 11. Gal. iii. 28, 11. 16. 1 Tim. vi. 4. 16-1 Cor vii. 17; xiv. 33. 19. Matt. xviii. 4. Acts xx. 30; 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Pet. ii. 1, 2. 210. Luke ii. 35; 1 John ii. 19. 1 11. Gal. iii. 28. 1 12. Rom. xi. 36. 1 19. Matt. xviii. 4; Luke xvii. 1;

εκαι διαιρεσεις ενεργημακαι δ αι τος κυριος. ofinworkings and the same Lord; varieties and των εισιν, δ δε αυτος θεος, δ ενεργων τα παντα are, the but same God, who is working the allthings εν πασιν. 7 Έκαστω δε διδοται ή φανερωσις To each one but is given the manifestation all. του πνευματος προς το συμφερον 8 ω μεν γαρ of the spirit for the benefit; conceinded for δια του πνευματος διδοται  $\lambda o \gamma o s$ σοφιας. through the is given of wisdom, spirit aword αλλω δε λογος γνωπεως, κατα το αυτο πνευto another and a word of knowledge, according to the same spirit; μα· 9 ετερω δε πιστις, εν τφ αυτφ πνευματι· to another and faith, by the same

αλλφ δε χαρισματα ιαματων, εντφ αυτφ πνευto another and gracious gifts of cures, by the same spurit,

ματι· 10 αλλφ δε ενεργηματα δυναμεων, αλλφ
to another and inworkings of powers, to another

ξε προφητεια, αλλω δε διακριεσεις πνευματων, and prophecy, to another and discernings of spirits,

έτερφ δε γενη γλωσσων, \*[αλλφ δε έρμηto another and kinds of tongues, [to another and an interpreta-

νεια γλωσσων.] <sup>11</sup> Παντα δε ταυτα ενερνει ton oftongues.]

το έν και το αυτο πνευμα, διαιρουν ιδια έκατthat one and the same spirit, distributing particularly to each

au φ καθως βουλεται.  $ext{$^{12}$ Καθαπερ γαρ το σωμα}$  one as it wills.  $ext{Just as}$  for the body

έν εστι, και μελη εχει πολλα, παντα δε τα one is, and members has many, all but the

μελη του σωματος \*[του ένος,] πολλα οντα, members of the body [of the one,] many being,

 $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$  εστι σωμα ούτω και δ Χριστος. <sup>13</sup> Και one is body; thus also the Anointed. Even

γαρ εν ένι πνευματι ήμεις παντες εις έν σωμα for in one spirit we all into one body

εβαπτισθημεν· ειτε Ιουδαιοι, ειτε 'Ελληνες, were dipped; whether Jews, or Greeks,

ειτε δουλοι, ειτε ελευθεροι και παντες \*[εις] whether slaves, or freemen; and all [into]

 $\epsilon \nu$  πνευμα εποτισθημεν. <sup>14</sup> Και γαρ το σωμα one spirit were made to drink. Also for the body

ουκ εστιν έν μελος, αλλα πολλα. 15 Εαν ειπη not is one member, but many. If should say

6 and there are Varieties of Workings, ‡ and \*the SAME God is HE who WORKS ALL things among all.

7 ‡ And to each is given the MANIFESTATION of the SPIRIT for the BENE-FIT of all.

8 For to one is given, through the SPIRIT, ‡ a Word of Wisdom; and to another, ‡ a Word of Knowledge, according to the SAME Spirit;

9 and to another, ‡Faith by the SAME Spirit; and to another, ‡Giits of Cures by the \*SAME Spirit.

10 And to another, \$Operations of Mighty works; and to another, \$Prophecy; and to another, \$Discriminations of Spirits; and to another, \$Different Languages; and to another, Interpretation of Languages.

11 But All these things performs the ONE and the SAME Spirit; distributing to each in particular as it will.

12 ‡ For just as the BODY is one, and has many Members, but All the MEMBERS of the BODY, being many, are One Body; so also the ANOINTED.

13 For, indeed, by One Spirit 1 for were all immersed into One Body.—whether 1 Jews or Greeks, whether Slaves or Freemen; and 1 were all made to drink One Spirit.

14 For the BODY also is not One Member, but many.

15 If the root should

10,

13.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—6. and the same God is HE. and to another, Interpretation of Languages—omit. into-omit.

<sup>9.</sup> the one Spirit.

12. of the one—omit.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Eph. i. 23. † 7. Rom. xii. 6—8; 1 Cor. xiv. 26; Eph. iv. 7; 1 Pet. iv. 10, 11. † 8. 1 Cor. i. 5; xiii. 2; 2 Cor. viii. 7. † 9. 2 Cor. xiii. 2. † 10. Rom. xii. 6. † 11. Rom. xii. 6. † 11. Rom. xii. 6. † 12. Rom. xii. 6. † 13. Rom. xii. 6.

δ πους· 'Οτι ουκ ειμι χειρ, ουκ ειμι εκ του the foot Because not I am ahand, not I am from of the

σωματος ου παρα τουτο ουκ εστιν εκ του σωnot from body: this not is it from of the body?

ματος; 16 Και εαν ειπη το ους. 'Οτι ουκ ειμι And if should say the ear; Because not I am

οφθαλμος, ουκ ειμι εκ του σωματος ου παρα not I am from of the body not

17 E TOUTO OUR ECTIV €K. TOU σωματος: is it from of the

όλον το σωμα οφθαλμος, που ή ακοη; ει όλον where the hearing? if whole the body an eye,

ακοη, που ή οσφρησις; 18 Νυνι δε δ θεος εθετο Now but the God hearing, where the smell? placed

τα μελη, έν έκαστον αυτων εν τω σωματι. the members, one each of them in the

καθως ηθελησεν. 19 Ει δε ην τα παντα έν με-If but was the he would. all one mem-

20 Nuv  $\delta \epsilon \pi o \lambda \lambda \alpha \mu \epsilon \nu \mu \epsilon \lambda \eta$ , λος, που το σωμα; ber. where the body? Now but many indeed members.

21 Ου δυναται δ οφθαλμως ειπειν έν δε σωμα. one but body. Not is able the eye

τη χειρι. Χρειαν σου ουκ εχω. η παλιν ή to the hand; Need of thee not I have; or

κεφαλη τοις ποσι Χρειαν ύμων ουκ εχω. of you not I have. to the feet; Need

22 Αλλα πολλφ μολλον τα δοκουντα μελη του more the seeming members of the much

σωματος ασθενεστερα ύπαρχειν, αναγκαια εστι more feeble to ve, body necessary

<sup>23</sup> και ά δοκουμεν ατιμοτερα ειναι του σωματος, and those we think less honorable to be of the

τουτοις τιμην περισποτεραν περιτιθεμένο και τα to these honor more abundant we place around; and the

ασγημονα ήμων ευσχημοσυνην περισσοτεραν uncomely parts of us comelines: more abundant

εγει· <sup>24</sup>τα δε ευσχημονα ήμων, ου χρειαν εχει. has; the but comely parts need of us, no has.

Αλλ' δ θεος συνεκερασε το σωμα, τφ ύστερουν-But the God combined the body, to the part being in-

τι περισσοτεραν δους τιμην, 25 ένα μη a: that not may be ferior more abundant having given honor,

σχισμα εν τφ σωματι, αλλα το αυτο ύπερ divisions in the but the same on behalf

26 Kat αλληλων μεριμνωσι τα μελη. FITE of each other may be concerned the members. And whether

say-" Because I am not a Hand, I am no part of the BODY,"—is it for this not of the BODY?

16 And if the EAR should say, "Because I am not an Eye, I am not of the BODY,"—is it for this not of the BODY?

17 If the Whole BODY were an Eye, where is the the HEARING? If the Whole Hearing, were where is the SMELL?

18 But now, # God has placed the MEMBERS, each One of them in the BODY, tas he would.

19 And if the WHOLE were One Member, where is the BODY?

20 But now, indeed, there are Many Members, but One Body.

21 The EYE is not able to say to the HAND, "I have no Need of thee:" FEET, "I have no need of you." or again, the HEAD to the

22 But much more necessary are those MEM-BERS of the BODY which are THOUGHT to be more feeble:

23 and those parts of the BODY which we esteem to be less honorable, around them we throw more abundant Honor. and our uncomery parts have more abundant Comeliness:

24 but our comers parts have no Need. Goo, however, put together the BODY, having given \*somewhat more abundantly to THAT part which WAS LACKING,

25 so that there may he no Division in the BODY, but that the MEM-BERS may be concerned EQUALLY for each other:

26 and whether One

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-24. somewhat more abundantly to THAT which WAS LACK! NG.

<sup>1 18.</sup> verse 28. 18. Rom. xii. 3; 1 Cor. iii. 5; verse 11.

πασχει έν μελος, συμπασχει παντα τα μελη· the members; suffers one member, suffers with all ειτε δοξαζεται έν μελος, συγχαιρει παντα τα or is glorified one member, rejoices with all the μελη. 27 Υμεις δε εστε σωμα Χριστου, και members. You but are abody of Anointed, and 28 Και ούς μεν εθετο ὁ θεος μελη εκ μερους. And these indeed placed the God members from parts. εν τη εκκλησια πρωτον αποστολους, δευτερον in the congregation first apostles, προφητας, τριτον διδασκαλους, επειτα δυναafter that third teachers, powprophets. μεις, ειτα χαρισματα ιαματων, αντιληψεις, gracious gifts of cures, helpers, ers. 29 Μη παντες, κυβερνησεις, γενη γλωσσων. kinds of tongues. directors. αποστολοι: μη παντες, προφηται; μη παντες, not all, prophets? not all, διδασκαλοι: Μη παντες, δυναμεις; 30 Μη πανpowers? Not teachers? Not all. τες, χαρισματα εχουσιν ιαματων; μη παντες, gracious gifts have of cures? not all. γλωσσαις λαλουσι; μη παντες διερμηνευουσι; speak? not all interpret? with tongues 31 Ζηλουτε δε τα χαρισματα τα κρειττονα. You earnestly desire but the gracious gifts those Και ετι καθ' ύπερβολην όδον ύμιν δεικνυμι. way to you I point out. a more excellent And yet ΚΕΦ. ιγ'. 13.  $^{1}$  Eav ταις γλωσσαις TWV 1f with the tongues of the ανθρωπων λαλω και των αγγελων, αγαπην δε I speak and of the messengers, but love μη εχω, γεγονα χαλκος ηχων η κυμβαλον not I have, I have become brass sounding or a cymbal 2 Και εαν εχω προφητειαν, και αλαλα(ον. I have if noisy. And ειδω τα μυστηρια παντα και πασαν την γνωσιν, all the knowledge, all and secrets και εαν εχω πασαν την πιστιν, ώστε so that mountains and if I have all the faith, μεθιστανείν, αγαπην δε μη εχω, ουδεν είμι. but not have, nothing love <sup>3</sup> Και εαν ψωμισω παντα τα ύπαρχοντα μου, all the of me, I bestow possessions και εαν παραδω το σωμα μου ίνα κατθησωμαι, and if I should give the body of me so that it should be burned, 4 'H αγαπην δε μη εχω, ουδεν ωφελουμαι. iove but not have, nothing I am profited. The αγαπη μακροθυμει, χρηστευεται ή αγαπη ου is gentle; the love notsuffers long,

[the love]

envies;

Member suffer, All the sympathize; MEMBERS or, whether \*One Member is glorified, All the MEMBERS rejoice with it.

27 Now 1 pou are a Body of Christ, ‡ and

Members in part.

28 And those whom # Gop placed in the con-GREGATION, are first ‡Apostles; second, ‡ Prophets; third, Teachers; next, Powers; then, # Gifts of Cures; # Assistants; ‡ Directors; different Languages.

29 All are not Apostles: all are not Prophets; all are not Teachers; all are

not Powers:

30 all have not Gifts of Cures; all do not speak in different Languages; all do not interpret.

31 ‡ But you earnestly desire the \* MORE EMI. NENT GIFTS; and yet a much more Excellent Way I point out to you.

## CHAPTER XIII.

1 If I should speak in the LANGUAGES OF MEN and of ANGELS, but have not Love, I have become sounding Brass or a noisy Cymbal.

2 And if I have † Prophecy, and know all SECHLIS and All KNOWLEDGE, and if I have All Faith, so as to remove Mountains, but have not Love, I am nothing.

3 # If I distribute all my possessions in feeding the poor, and if I deliver up my BODY to be burned, but have not Love, I am profited noth-

4 ILOVE suffers long and is kind. Love does not envy. Love is not (ηλοι· \*[ή αγαπη] ου περπερευεται, ου φυσιnot is puffed up;

love] not is boastful, not is puffed up;

• VAT. MANUSCRIPT.-26. a Member be. 31. MOBE EMINENT GIFTS. † 27. Rom. xii. 5; Eph. i. 23; iv. 12; v. 23, 30; Col. i. 24. † 27. Eph. v. 30. † 28. h. iv. 11. † 28. Eph. ii. 20; iii. 5. † 28. Acts xiii. 1; Rom. xii. 6. † 28. rse 10. † 28. verse 9. † 28. Num. xii. 7. † 28. Rom. xii. 8; 1 Tim. v. 17; bt. xiii. 17, 24. † 31. 1 Cor. xiv. 1, 39. † 2. 1 Cor. xii. 8 – 10, 28; xiv. 1, &c. See 1t. vii. 22 † 3. Matt. vi. 1, 2. † 4. Prov. x. 12; 1 Pet. iv. 8. verse 10. Heb. xiii. 17, 24. Matt. vii. 22

ουται, δουκ ασχημονει, ου ζητει τα έαυτης, ου not acts unbecomingly, not seeks the things of herself, not

#παροξυνεται, ου λογιζεται το κακον, 6 ου χαιριι is provoked to anger not imputes the evil, not rejoices

€πι τη αδικια, συγχαιρεί δε τη αληθεία, <sup>7</sup> πανin the iniquity, rejoices with but the truth,

τα στεγεί, παντα πιστευεί, παντα ελπίζει, all things believes all things

παντα ύπομενει. 8 ή αγαπη ουδεποτε εκπιπτει. all things endures; the love not at any time falls off;

ειτε δε προφητειαι, καταργηθησονται. ELTE whether but they will be done away; whether prophecies,

γλωσσαι, παυσονται ειτε γνωσις, καταργηθηthey will cease; whether knowledge, it will be done

остан. 9 Εκ μερους γαρ γινωσκομεν, και εκ RWAY Daris for we know, and from

μερους προφητευομέν 10 όταν δε ελθη το when but may come the we prophesy; parts

τελειον, \*[τοτε] το εκ μερούς καταργήθησεται. [then] that from parts will be done away.

11 Ότε ημην νηπιος, ώς νηπιος ελαλουν, ώς When | I was a babe, edad a babe I spoke,

νηπιος εφρονουν, ώς νηπιος ελογιζομην. bre a babe reasoned; a babe I thought, 8.5 since

\* [δε] γεγονα ανηρ, κατηργηκα τα του νηπιου. [but] I have become a man, I have put away thethings of the babe.

12 Βλεπομεν γαρ αρτι δι' εσοπτρου εν αινιγματι, for now through a glass in an enigma,

σοτε δε προσωπον προς προσωπον' αρτι γινωσ-BOW .. to face; Iknow

κω εκ μερους, τοτε δε επιγνωσομαι καθως και then but I shall know fully even as from parts,

επεγνωσθην. . 13 Nuvi δε μενει πιστις, ελπις, famfully known. Now tut abides faith hope,

τα τρια ταυτα μειζων δε τουτων ή αγαπή, 1 Διωκέτε KEΦ. ιδ'. 14. αγαπη. Thy aya-

Pursue you the love; love. πην ζηλουτε δε τα πνευματικά, μαλλον δε samuestly desire but the spirituals rather but

2 'Ο γαρ λαλων γλωσση, ίνα προφητευητε.

The for one speaking with a tongue, ING in a foreign Language, that you may prophety.

5 acts not unbecom. ingly; Iseeks not \* THAT which is not HER OWN: is not provoked to anger: does not impute zvil;

6 I rejoices not with INIQUITY, ; but rejoices

with the TRUIS;

7 covers all things; believes all things: hopes for all things; endures all

things.

8 Love fails not at any time; but if there be "Prophecyings," they will be done away; or if, "Languages," they will cease; or if, "Knowledge," it will be made useless.

9 For Partitively we know, and Partitively we

prophesy;
10 but when the PER-FECT thing comes, THAT which is PARTITIVE will be

done away.

11 When I was a Child. as a Child I talked; as a Child I thought; as a Child I reasoned; but when I became a Man, I put away the MANNERS of the CHILD.

12. For I now we see through a † [dim] Glass obscurely; but then we shall see Face to Face. Now, I know Partitively, but then I shall know fully, even as also I have been fully known.

13 But now these remain,-Faith. THREE Hope, Love ;-but of these the greatest is LOVE.

#### CHAPTER XIV.

1 Ardently pursue Love. and I be emulous of the SPIRITUAL gifts; ; but rather that you may prophesy.

2 For HE who is SPEAK-

10. then-omit.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT,-5. THAT which is not HER OWN.

<sup>† 13.</sup> The scoptron is to be understood of some of those transparent substances, which the ancients, in the then imperfect state of the arts, used in their windows; such as, thin plates of horn, transparent stone, ill-prepared glass, and such like: through which they saw, indeed, the objects without, but obscurely.—Bloomfield.

<sup>1 5. 1</sup> Cor. x.24; Phil. ii. 4. 1 12. 2 Cor. iii. 18; v. 7; Phil. iii. 12.

<sup>2 6.</sup> Psa. x. 8; Rom. i. 32.

ουκ ανθρωποις λαλει, αλλα τω θεω ουδεις γαρ not to men speak, but to the God; no one for

ακουει, πνευματι δε λαλει μυστηρια·  $^3$  δ δε hears, in spirit but he speaks mysteries; the but

προφητευων, ανθρωποις λαλει οικοδομην και one prophesying, to men speaks edification and

παρακλησιν και παραμυθιαν. <sup>4</sup> 'Ο λαλων exhortation and consolation. The one speaking

γλωσση, ξαυτον οικοδομει ό δε προφητευων, thatongue, himself builds up; the but one prophesying,

 $\mathbf{r}$ κκλησιαν οικοδομει.  $\mathbf{r}$ Θελω δε παντας ύμας a congregation builds up.  $\mathbf{r}$  wish and all you

 $au \epsilon v^{m + \epsilon}$  μειζων γαο δ  $au \rho o \phi \eta \tau \epsilon v \omega v$  η δ λαλων prophesy, greater for the one prophesying than the one speaking

γλωσσαις, εκτος ει μη διερμηνευη, ίνα ή εκκληwith tongues, unless if notherhould interpret, so that the congrega-

σια οικοδομην λαβη.  $^6$  Νυνι δε, αδελφοι, εαν tion edification may receive. Now but, brethren, if

ελθω προς ύμας γλωσσαις λαλων, τι ύμας I should come to you with tongues speaking, what you

ωφελησω, εαν μη ὑμιν λαλησω η εν αποκαλυshall I profit, if not to you I shall speak either in a revelation,

ψει, η εν γνωσει, η εν προφητεια, η εν διδαχη; or in knowledge, or in a prophecy, or in teaching?

7'Ομως τα αψυχα φωνην διδοντα, ειτε αυInlike manner thethings without life a sound giving, whether a

λος,  $\epsilon \iota \tau \epsilon \kappa \iota \theta$ αρα,  $\epsilon \alpha \nu$  διαστολην τοις  $\phi \theta \circ \gamma \circ \iota s \mu \eta$  flute, or a harp, if a difference to the rotes not

δω, πωs γνωσθησεται το αυλουμενον η they should give, how shall be known that being played on flute or

το κιθαριζομένου; 8 Και γαρ εαν αδηλον φωνην that being played on hap? Also for if an uncertain sound

σαλπιγξ δφ, τιs παρασκευασεται ειs πολεatrumpet should give, who will prepare himself for battle?

μον: <sup>9</sup> Ούτω και ύμεις δια της γλωσσης εαν

μη ευσημον λογον δωτε, πως γνωσθησεται το not a well-marked word you give, how shall be known that

λαλουμενον, εσεσθε γαρ εις αερα λαλουντες. Laving been spoken? you will be for into air speaking.

10 Tosauta,  $\epsilon$ l tuxol,  $\gamma \epsilon \nu \eta$  φωνων  $\epsilon$ στιν  $\epsilon \nu$  kossomany, if it may be, kinds of voices is in world,

μφ, και ουδεν \*[αυτων] αφωνον. 11 Εαν ουν and no one [of them] unmeaning. If then

is not speaking to Men, but to \*God; for no one listens; but, by the Spirit, he is speaking Mysterious things.

3 He who is PROPHESY-ING, however, speaks to Men for Edification, and Exhortation, and Conso-

lation.

4 The SPEAKER in a foreign Language edifies Himself; but HE who PROPHESIES edifies the

Congregation.

5 I am willing, indeed, for you all to speak in different Languages, but rather that you should prophesy; for greater is he who prophesies, than he who speaks in different Languages; unless, indeed, he should interpret, so that the congregation may receive Edification.

6 And now, Brethren, if I should come to you speaking in various Languages, what shall I profit You, unless I shall speak to You intelligibly, either by ‡ a "Revelation," or by a [word of] "Knowledge." or by a "Prophecy," or by a "Doctrine?"

7 In like manner, IN-ANIMATE THINGS giving a Sound, whether Flute or Harp, if they give no \* Difference of Sound, how will the TUNE on the FLUTE OF HARP be known?

8 For also, if a Trumpet should give an Uncertain Sound, who will prepare himself for Battle?

9 So even not by the TONGUE, if you do not give intelligible Speech, how shall it be known what is spoken? For you will be speaking to the Air.

In world, so many Kinds of Languages in the World, and no one is unmeaning;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. God.

<sup>7.</sup> Difference of Sound.

μη είδω την δυναμιν της φωνης, εσομαί τω bot Iknow the power of the voice, I shall be to the I shall be to the

λαλουντι Βαρβαρος και δ λαλων, εν εμοι βαρene speaking a barbarian; and the one speaking, to me a bar-

12 Ούτω και ύμεις, επει ζηλωται εστε barren. also you. since sealots

πνευματών, προς την οικαδομην 'ης εκκλησιας for the building up of the congregation

ζητειτε ίνα περισσευητε. 13 Διοιτερ δ λαλων seek you that you may abound. Wherei are the one speaking

14 Eav γλωσση, προσευχεσθω ίνα διερμηνευη. in a tongue, that he may interpret. let him pray

γαρ προσευχωμαι γλωσση, το πνευμα μου in a tongue, I pray for the opirit of me

προσευχεται, δ δε νους μου ακαρπος εστι. the but mind of mo unfruitful is.

ουν εστι; Προσευξομαι τω πνευματι, προσευthen isit? I will pray with the spirit, I will

ξομαιδε και τω vot. ψαλω TW but also with the understanding; I will sing praise with the

\* [δε] και τφ ψαλω TVEVUATE voi. I will sing praise [but] also with the understanding.

16 Επει, εαν ευλογησης τη πνευματι, δ αναπλη-Otherwise, ifthou shouldst bless with the spirit, the one filling

ρων των τοπον του ιδιωτου πως ερει το αμην the place of the private person how shall say the co beit

ent thy on euxapioria; eneigh ti heyeis out on the thy thanksgiving? since what thou sayest act οιδε. 17 Συ μεν γαρ καλως ευχαριστεις αλλ'

δ έτερος ουκ οικοδομειται. the other not is built up.

18 Ευγαριστω τω θεω, παντων ύμων μαλλον I give thanks to the God, all ofyou

γλωσσαις, λαλων. 19 αλλ' εν εκκλησια θελω with tongues speaking; but in a congregation I wish

πεντε λογους δια του voos μου λαλησαι, ίνα words through theunderstanding of me to have spoken, that

tal allows κατηχησω, η μυριους λιγους εν

20 Αδελφοι, μη παιδια γινεσθε ταις γλωσση. Brethren, not children become you in the

αλλα τη κακια νηπιαζετε, ταις δε but in the evil be you childlike, in the end prewire mind ,

11 if, then I do not know the MEANING of the LANGUAGE. I shall be to the SPEAKER a Barbarian. and the SPEAKER will be a Barbarian to Me.

12 So also you, since you are Zealots for Spiritual gifts, seek them, that you may abound for the EDIFICATION of the CON-GREGATION.

13 Wherefore, let the SPEAKER in a foreign. Language pray that he may interpret.

14 For if I pray in a foreign Language, my SPIRIT prays, but my UNDERSTANDING is without fruit.

15 How then is it? I will pray in the SPIRIT, but I will pray also with the UNDERSTANDING: I will sing praise in the SPIRIT, but I will sing praise also with the un-DERSTANDING :

16 otherwise, if thou shouldst bless in the SPIRIT, how shall HE who FILLS the PLACE of the PRIVATE person say the "AMEN" to THY ! Thanksgiving: since he knows not what thou art saying.

17 For thou, indeed, givestthankswell, butthe OTHER is not edified.

18 I give thanks to God, speaking in different Languages more than all of you;

19 yet, in a Congrega-tion, I would rather speak Five Words through my UNDERSTANDING, so that I might also instruct Others, than Ten Thousand Words in a foreign Language,

20 Brethren, ‡ become not Little Children in THOUGHT; (in EVIL, however, be infantile;) but in THOUGHT become fully

mature.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. but-omit.

<sup>1 15.</sup> Eph. v. 19; Col. iii, 16. 15. Psa. xlvii. 7. 16. 1 Cor. xi. 24. 120. Psa. oxxxi. 2; Matt. xi. 25; xviii. 3; xlx. 14; Rom. xvi. 16; 1 Cor. iii. 1; Eph. iv. 14; Heb. v. 12, 13; 1 Pet. ii. 2,

aninterpretation

μηνευετω.

Interpret.

done.

 $^{21}$  EV  $\tau \omega$   $\nu \omega \omega \omega \gamma \in \gamma$ φεσι τελειοι γινεσθε.

ands periect ones become you. In the law it has ραπται. Ότι εν έτερογλωσσοις και εν χειλεσιν been written; That by other tongues and by έτεροις λαλησω τω λαω τουτω, και ουδ' ούτως others I will speak to the people this, and not even 22 ' Ωστε αί εισακουσονται μου, λεγει κυριος. So that the will they listen to me, says Lord. γλωσσαι εις σημειος εισιν, ου τοις πιστευουtongues for a sign are, not to those σιν, αλλα τοις απιστοις ή δε προφητεια ου but to the unbeliever; the but prophesying τοις απιστοις, αλλα τοις πιστευουσιν. <sup>23</sup> Εαν but to those believing. to the unbelieving, If \* συν ελθη ή εκκλησια όλη επι το therefore should come [together] the congregation whole to the αυτο, και παντες γλωσσαις λαλωσιν, εισελθωσι and all with tongues should speak, should come in λε ιδιωται, \*[η απιστοι,] ουκ ερουσιν, ότι and unlearned ones, for unbelievers,} not will they say, that 24 Εαν δε παντες προφητευωσιν, μαινεσθε: you are mad? all If but should prophesy, εισελθη δε τις απιστος, η ιδιωτης, ελεγχεται should come in and any one unbelieving, or unlearned, he is convinced ύπο παντων, ανακρινετα**ι ύπο παν**των, <sup>25</sup> τα hers examined pA all κρυπτα της καρδιας αυτου φανερα γινεται και secrets of the heart of him manifest become; and ούτω πεσων επι προσωπον προσκυνησει τω the on & face he will worship θεω, απαγγελλων, ότι δ θεος οντως εν ύμιν that the God really among you God, announcing, 26 Τι ουν εστιν, αδελφοι; 'Όταν συνερ-ETTI. When you may Why then is it, brethren? is. έκαστος \*[ύμων] ψαλμον εχει, διδα- $\chi\eta\sigma\theta\epsilon$ , some together, each one [of you] a psalm χην εχει, γλωσσαν εχει, αποκαλυψιν εχει, has, atongue has, a revelation ing has, εχει παντα προς οικοδομην γινεσέρμηνειαν

21 In the LAW it has written, I " With "Other Languages, and "with the Lips of others "I will speak to this "PEOPLE; and neither " so will the listen to me. " says the Lord."

22 So that the LAN-GUAGES are for a Sign. not to the BELIEVERS. but to the UNBELIEVERS: the PROPHESYING, however, is not for the UN-BELIEVERS, but for the

BELIEVERS.

23 If, therefore, the whole CONGREGATION should come into ONE PLACE, and all should speak in foreign Languages, and there should come in illiterate persons or unbelievers, will they not say, ! That you are insane?

24 But if all should prophesy, and any unbe-heving or illiterate person should enter, he is con-vinced by all, he is exam-

ined by all;

25 the SECRETS of his HEART become manifest; and so falling on his Face, he will worship Goo, announcing ! That God is really among you.

26 Why then is it, Brethren, when you assemble, each one has a Psalm-thas a Discourse \* has a Revelation-has a Language-has an Interpretation? I Let all things be done for Edification.

27 And if any one speak in a foreign Language, let it be by two, or at most three [sentences,] and in succession, and let one interpret;

28 but if there is no Interpreter, let him be silent in the Congregation; and let him speak to Himself and to GoD.

26.

28 Εαν δε μη η διερμηνευτης,

has; all things for building up

27 Ειτα γλωσση τις λαλει, κατα δυο, η

but not may be

το πλειστον τρεις, και ανα μερος και εις διερ-i.e most three, and in succession; and one let

σιγατω εν εκκλησια. έαυτφ δε λαλειτω και bt him be silent in congregation; to himself but let him speak and

If with a tongue any one speaks,

If

by

let be

two, or

ant nterpeter,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. together-omit. 23. or Unbelievers-omit. 26. has a Revelation, has a Language, has an Interpretation. .fron-omit.

<sup>1 25.</sup> Isa. xlv. 14, Zech. viii. 23 t 21. Jea. xxviii. 11, 12. 1 23. Acts ii. 13. 1 26. 1 Cor. xii. 17; 2 Cor. xii. 19; Eph iv 13.

 $τ_{\varphi}$   $\theta$   $\varphi$ .  $^{29}$  Προφηται δε δυο η τρεις λαλειtothe  $\ell$  od. Prophets but two or three let τωσαν, και οί αλλοι διακρινετωσαν· 30 εαν δε and the others discern: if but

also a moral  $\phi\theta\eta$  ka  $\theta\eta\mu\epsilon\nu\omega$ ,  $\delta$  moral or  $\sigma$  to another may be revealed sitting by, the first let be

 $τω_*$  31 Δυνασθε γαρ καθ' ένα παντες προφητευ-

ειν, ενα παντες μανθανωσι, και παντες παρακαmay be may learn, and all

λωνται· 32 και πνευματα προφητων προφηταις comforted; and spirits of prophets to prophets

υποτασσεται. 33 ου γαρ εστιν ακαταστασιας δ are subject; not for is of confusion the

θεος, αλλ' ειρηνης. 'Ως εν πασαις ταις εκκλη-God, but of peace. As in all the congrethe congre-

σιαις των άγιων, 34 αί γυναικες \*[ύμων] εν gations of the saints, the women [of you] in

ταις εκκλησιαις σιγατωσαν ου γαρ επιτετραπthe congregations let be silent; not for it has been

ναι αυταις λαλειν, αλλ' ύποτασσεσθαι, καθως permitted to them to speak, but to be submissive,

και  $\delta$  νομος  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota$ .  $^{35}$  E $\iota$   $\delta \epsilon$   $\tau \iota$   $\mu \alpha \theta \epsilon \iota \nu$   $\theta \epsilon \lambda$  over the law says. If and anything to learn they

σιν. εν οικω τους ιδιους ανδοας επερωτατωσαν' wish, in a house the own husbands let them ask;

αισγρον γαρ εστι γυναιξιν εν εκκλησια λαan indecent thing for it is women in a congregation to

λειν. 36 Η αφ' ύμων δ λογος του θεου εξηλθεν; speak. Or from you the word of the God went out?

η εις ύμας μονους κατηντησεν; 37 Ει τις δοκει did it come? or to you alone If ary one thinks

προφητης ειναι η πνευματικός, επιγινώτκετω a prophet to be or spiritual, let him acknowledge

γραφω ύμιν, ότι κυριου ειπιν εντοthe things I write to you, because of Lord they are command-

λαι· 38 ει δε τις αγνοει, αγνοειτω. 39 Ωστε, ments: if but any one is ignorant, let him be ignorant. So that,

αδελφοι, (ηλουτε το προφητευειν, brethren, be you zealous that to prophesy, και 70 and that

λαλειν γλωσσαις μη κωλυετε· 40 παντα δε with tongues not ninder you; all things but to speak

ευσχημονως και κατα ταξιν γινεσθω. in a becoming manner and according to order let be done.

29 And let two or three Prophets speak, and ‡let the OTHERS judge:

30 but if to another sitting by, there should be a Revelation, let the

FIRST be silent.

31 For you can all prophesy one by one, so that all may learn, and all may be comforted.

32 And the Spiritual gifts of Prophetsare subject

to Prophets:

33 for God is not a God of Confusion, but of Peace. As in All the CONGREGATIONS of the SAINTS.

34 flet your wives be silent in the ASSEMBLIES; for it has not been permitted to them to speak, tbut \* let them be submissive; I even as the LAW also says;

35 and if they wish to learn anything, let them ask their own Husbands at Home: for it is an indecent thing for \*a Woman to speak in the Assembly.

36 Did the WORD of God go out from you, or did it only extend to

you?

37 ‡ If any one assume to be a Prophet, or a Spiritual person, let him acknowledge the things which I write to you, \* That they are Commandments of the Lord;

38 but if any he igna-

rant, let him be ignorant. 39 Wherefore, Brethren, tearnestly desire to PRO-PHESY; and forbid not to \* SPEAK in foreign Languages;

40 tbut let all things be done in a becoming manner, and according to

Order.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—34, you. -omit. 34. let them be submissive. 35. a man to speak. 37. That it is a Commandment of the Lord. 39. speak. Woman to speak.

<sup>29. 1</sup> Cor. xii. 10. \$ 34. 1 Tim. ii. 11, 12. \$ 12. 1 Fitus ii. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 1. \$ 34. Gen. ii \$ 29. 1 Cor. xii. 31; 1 Thess. v. 20. \$ 40. vers 1 34. Gen. iii. 16. 1 40. verse 33.

<sup>\$ 34. 1</sup> Cor. xi. 3; Eph. v. 22; Col. \$ 37. 2 Cor. x. 7; 1 John iv. 3

# ΚΕΦ. ιέ. 15.

Τρωριζω δε ύμιν, αδελφοι, το ευαγγελιον I declare but to you, brethren, the glad tidings

δ ευηγγελισαμην ύμιν, δ και παραλαβετε, which I announced as glad tidings to you, which also you received.

 $\epsilon \nu$  ' $\varphi$  kat  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \eta \kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon$ ,  $2 \delta i$ ' où kat  $\sigma \omega \zeta \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon$ ' in which also you have stood, through which also you are being saved;

(τινι λ.ογω ευηγγελισαμεν ύμιν ει κατεχετε·)
(by a certain word I announced as glad tidings to you if you retain;)

εκτος ει μη εικη επιστευσατε. 3 Παρεδωκα except if not inconsiderately you believed. I delivered

γαρ ύμιν εν πρωτοις ὁ και παρελαβον ότι for to you among first things what also I received; that

Χριστος απεθανεν ύπερ των αμαρτιων ήμων, Anointed died on behalf of the sins of us,

κατα τας γραφας. <sup>4</sup> και ότι εταφη, και ότι according to the writings; and that hewas buried, and that εγηγερται τη τριτη ήμερα, κατα τας γραφας.

he was raised the third day, according to the writings; 5 και ότι ωφθη Κηφα, ειτα τοις δωδεκα. 6 Επει-

and that he was seen by Kisphas, then by the twelve. After that Τα ωφθη επαινω πεντακοσιοις αδελφοις εφαπαξ,

he was seen above by five hundred brethren at once,

εξ ών οί πλειους μενουσιν έως αρτι, τινες δε

out of whom the greater number remain till now, some but και εκοιμηθησαν. <sup>7</sup>Επειτα ωφθη Ιακωβφ<sup>\*</sup> ειτα also have fallen asleep. After that he was seen by James; then

τοις αποστολοις πασιν. <sup>8</sup> Εσχατον δε παντων, by the apostles all. Last and of all.

ώσπερει τω εκτρωματι, ωφθη καμοι.
just as if by the abortion, he was seen also by me.

γαρ ειμι δ ελαχιστος των αποστολων δς ουκ for am the least of the apostles; who not

είμι ίκανος καλεισθαι αποστολος, διοτι εδιωξα am fit to be called an aposite, because I persecuted την εκκλησιαν του θεου.  $^{10}$  Χαριτι δε θεου είμι

the congregation of the God. By favor but of God I am
δ ειμι και ή χαρις αυτου ή εις εμε, ου κενη
what I am; and the favor of him that to me, not vain

εγενηθη, αλλα περισσοτερον αυτων παντων was made, • but more abundantly of them all

εκοπιασα· ουκ εγω δε, αλλ' ή χαρις του θεου llabored; not I but, but the favor of the God

# CHAPTER XV.

1 Now I make known to you, Brethren, the GLAD TIDINGS ‡ which I evangelized to you, and which you received; in whichalsoyouhavestood,

2 and through which you are being saved, if you retain a certain Word I evangelized to you; ‡ unless, indeed, you believed inconsiderately.

3 For I delivered to you among the chief things, twhat also I received, That Christdiedon behalf of our SINS taccording to the SCRIPTURES;

4 and That he was buried; and That he was raised the THIRD Day according to the SCRIP-TURES;

5 and That he was seen t by Cephas; then t by the TWELVE:

6 afterwards, he was seen by more than five hundred Brethrenatonce; of whomthe greater number remain till now, but some have fallen asleep.

7 After that, he was seen by James; then, tby all the APOSTLES;

8 and, tlast of all, he was seen by me also, as if by the one Prematurely BORN:

9 for ¶ am t the LEAST of the APOSTLES, who am not worthy to be called an Apostle, t because I persecuted the CHURCH of GOD.

To But what I am \$1 am \$1 am by the Favor of God; and THAT FAVOR of his towards me was not fruitless; ‡for I labored more abundantly than all of them; ‡yet not \$1,\*but the FAVOR of God with me.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. but the FAVOR of God.

ή συν εμοι.) 11 Ειτε ουν εγω, ειτε εκεινοι, that with me.) Whether therefore 1, ο, they, ούτω κηρυσσομεν, και ούτως επιστευσατε. thus we procisin, and thus you believed:

12 Ει δε Χριστος κηρυσσεται, δτι εκ νεκρων
16 but Anointed is proclaimed, that out of dead ones

εγηγερται, πως λεγουσι τινες εν ύμιτ, ότι has been raised, how say some strong you, that

αναστασις νεκρων ουκ εστιν, 13 Ει δε ανασταaresurrection of dead ones not is? If but a resurrec-

σις νεκρων ουκ εστιν, ουδε Χριστος εγηγερται tion of dead ones not is, noteven Anointed has been raised;

 $^{14}$  ει δε Χριστος ουκ εγηγερται, κενον αρα το if but Anointed not has been raised, void then the κηρυγμα ήμων, κενη \*[δε] και ή πιστις ύμων. preaching of us, void [and] also the faith of you.

Us Ευρισκομεθα δε και ψευδομαρτυρες του θεου·
We are found and even false witnesses of the God;

δτι εμαρτυρησαμεν κατα του θεου, δτι ηγειρε because we testified concerning the God, that heraised up τον Χριστον, δν ουκ ηγειρεν, ειπερ αρα νεκροι τω. Αουίν «d, whom not heraised up, if indeed dead ones ουκ εγειρονται. 16 Ει γαρ νεκροι ουκ εγειρον-

not are raised up.

If for dead ones not are raised
ται, ουδε Χριστος εγηγερται: 17 ει δε Χριστος
up, not even Anointed has been raised; if but Anointed

ουκ εγηγερται, ματαια ή πιστις ύμων ετι εστε not has been raised, deceptive the faith of you; still you are εν ταις άμαρτιαις ύμων 18 αρα και οι κοιμηθεν- la the sins of you; thea also those havin fallen

τες εν Χριστω, απωλοντο. 19 Lt εν τη ζωη aleep in Anointed, permed. It in the life

ταυτη ηλπικοτες εσμεν εν Χριστφ μουου, ελεthis having been hoping we are in Anointed alone, more

eluotepol pautau autram autram  $\epsilon \tau \mu \epsilon \nu$ . So Niul de pitiable of all men we are. Now but

Χριστος ενηγερται εκ νεκρων, απαρνη των Anninted has been raised up out of dead ones, a first-fruit of those

κεκοιμημενων. baving fallen asleep.

 $21 \, \mathrm{E} \pi \epsilon i \delta \eta$  yap  $\delta i^2$  and  $\rho \omega \pi \sigma v$   $\delta$  danatos, kai Since for through a man the death, also

'' ανθρωπου αναστασις νεκρων. <sup>22</sup> 'Ωσπερ through a man a resurrection of dead ones. Ας γαρ εν τω Αδαμ παντες αποθνησκουσιν, ούτω

for in the Adam all die, so και εν τω Χριστω παντες ζωοποιηθησονται.

και εν τω Χριστφ παντες ζωοποιηθησονται also in the Anointed all will be made alive.

11 Whether E, then, or then, thus we preach, and thus you believed.

13 But if it is proclaimed That Christ has been raised from the Dead, how say some among you That there is not a Resurrection of the Dead?

13 But if there is not a Resurrection of the Dead, theither has Christ been

raised;

14 and if Christ has not been raised, void certainly is our PROCLAMATION, and void is your FAITH.

15 And we are found even False witnesses concerning God; \$Because we testified in regard to God, That he raised up the Anointed one; whom he did not raise up, if indeed Dead persons are not raised.

16 For if Dead persons are not raised up, neither has Christ been raised;

has Christ been raised; 17 and if Christ has not been raised, your FAITH \* is deceptive; tyou are still in your SINS;

18 then, also, THOSE HAVING PALLEN ASLEEP in Christ, have perished.

19 ‡ If in this LIFE only we have hope in Christ, we are more pitiable than All Men.

20 But now thrist has been raised from the Dead, ta First-fruit of THOSE HAVING FALLEN ASLEEP.

21 For t since through a Man, there is \* Death, through a Man, also, there is a Resurrection of the Dead;

22 for as by ADAM All die, so by the ANOINTED also, will All be restored to life.

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-14. and-omit.

<sup>17.</sup> is deceptive.

<sup>21.</sup> Death.

<sup>† 13, 1</sup> Thess. iv. 14. † 15. Acts ii. 24, 32; iv. 10, 33; xiii. 80. † 17. Rom. iv. 25 † 19. 2 Tim. iii. 12. † 20. 1 Pet. i. 3. † 20. Acts xivi. 23; verse 23; Col. i. 18. Rev. i. 5. † 21. Rom. v. 12, 17. † 21. John xi 25; Rom. vi. 23.

<sup>23</sup> Έκαστος δε εν τω ιδιώ ταγματι· απαρχη and in the OWB band; a first-fruit Χριστος, επειτα οί του Χριστου, εν τη παρου-Anointed, afterthatthose of the Anointed, in the presence σια αυτου· 24 ειτα το τελος, όταν παραthen the end, when he should have deτην βασιλειαν τω θεω και πατρι, όταν kingdom to the God and livered up the father. when πασαν αρχην και πασαν εξουκαταργηση he should have abrogated all government and all 25 Δει γαρ αυτον βασιλευσιαν και δυναμιν. It behoves for him to reign, rity and power. παντας τους εχθρους ειν, αχρις ού αν θη till he may have placed all the enemies 26 Εσχατος ex 800s τους ποδας αυτου. of him. Last feet under ό θανατος. 27 παντα γαρ ὑπετακαταργειται is rendered powerless the death; all things for he subjected ξεν ύπο τους ποδας αυτου. 'Όταν δε ειπη, of him. but it may be said, When under the feet δτι παντα ύποτετακται, δηλον, ότι εκτος του that all things have been subjected, it is evident, that is excepted the 28 'Οταν δε ύπούποταξαντος αυτώ τα παντα. one having subjected to him the allthings. When but may be -αγη αυτώ τα παντα, τοτε \* [και] αυτος δ vios subjected to him the all things, ther [also] himself the son ύποταγησεται τω ύποταξαντι αυτώ τα παντα, will be subject to the one having subjected to him the all things, ίνα 'η δθεος \*[τα] παντα εν πασιν. <sup>29</sup> Επει so that may be the God [the] all things in ail. Otherwise τι ποιησουσιν οί βαπτιζομένοι ύπερ των νέκwhat shall they do those being dipped en behalf of the dead ρων, ει όλως νεκροι ουκ εγειρονται; τι και if at all dead ones not are raised up? why and 30 Τι και ήμεις κιν-Βαπτιζονται ύπερ αυτων: are they dipped on behalf of them? Why and WB arein δυνευομέν πασαν ώραν; 31 Καθ' ήμεραν αποθevery hourf Every day νησκω, νη την ύμετεραν καυχησιν, ήν εχω εν boasting, which I have in your die. by the Χοιστώ Ιητου τω κυριώ ήμων. 32 Ει κατα

23 But teach one is his own rank; Christ s First-fruit; afterwards, those who are Christ's at his APPEARING.

24 (Then, the END, when he shall give up the KINGDOM to the GOD and Father; when he shall have abrogated All Government and All Authority and Power.

25 For he must reign till he has placed All ENE-MIES under his FEET.

26 Even DEATH, the Last Enemy, I will be rendered

powerless;

27 for the has subjected. All things under his FEFF But when he says that All things are subjected it is manifest that HE is excepted, Who HAS SUBJECTED ALL things to him.

28 ‡ And when he shall have subdued ALL things to him ‡ then the son himself will be subject to the who suldued ALL things to him, that God may be all in All.)

29 † Otherwise, what will THOSE do who are BEING IMMERSED on behalf or the DEAD? If the Dead are not raised at all, why then are they immersed on their behalf?

30 and ‡ why are we in danger I very Hour?

31 I solemnly declare, toy "the BOASTING concerning you, Brethren, which I have in Christ Jesus our LORD, † that I am dong daily.

Anointed

Jesus the

according to

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuschirt.—28. also—omit. Brethren, which.

<sup>28.</sup> the-omit.

<sup>\$1.</sup> Your beasting,

<sup>† 29.</sup> Ctarke, after saying that this is the most difficult passage \_ the New Testament, and quoting Matt. xx. 22, 23; Mark x. 38; and Luke xii. 50, where sufferings and martyrdom are represented by immersion, he sums up the apostle's meaning as follows:—"If there be no resurrection of the dead, those who, in becoming Christians, expose themselves to all manner of privations, crosses, severe sufferings, and a violent dead, can have no reward, nor any motive sufficient to induce them to expose themselves to such miseries. But as they receive baptism as an emblem of death, in voluntarily going ander water; so they receive it as an emblem of the resurrection unto extract life, in coming up out of the water; thus they are baptized for the dead, in perfect fifth of the resurrection. The three following verses seem to confirm this sense."

νθρωπον εθηριομαχησα εν Εφεσω, τι μοι το man I fought with a wild beast in Epheaus, what to me the oφελος; ει νεκοοι ουκ εγειρονται, φαγωμεν και pro it if dead ones not are raised up, we may eat and πιωμεν αυριον γαρ αποθυησκομεν. <sup>33</sup> Μη πλα-we may drink; to-morrow tor we die. Νοι be you γασθε. Φθειο εκσιν πθη χρηστα διμλιαι κακαι.

νασθε. Φθειρ εισιν ηθη χρηστα δμιλιαι κακαι. led astray. Corrupt hab.ts virtuous companionships evil. 34 Εκνηψατε δικαιως, και μη άμαρτανετε· άγνω·

Awake you asit is fit, and not sin you; ignoσιαν γαρ θεου τινές εχουσι προς εντροπην rince for of God some bave; for shame 35 Αλλ' ερει τις Πως εγειρονται ύμιν λεγω. toyou I sneak. But will say some one; How are raised up οι νεκροι; ποιφ δε σωματι ερχονται; <sup>36</sup> Αφbody do they come? O fool. the dead ones? in what and ρον συ δ σπειρεις, ου ζωοποιειται, εαν μη ish one; thou what sowest, not is made alive, if not ish one; thou what sowest, αποθανη· 3ί και δ σπειρεις, ου το σωμα το γενηit should die; and what thou sowest, not that body that going

συμένον σπειρεις, αλλα γυμνον κυκκον, ει to be born thou sowest, but a naked grain, if τυχοι, σιτου, η τινος των λοιπων $^{38}$  δ δε θεος

it may happen, of wheat, or some of the others; the but God αυτω διδωσι σωμα καθως ηθελησε, και έκαστω to it gives a body as het illed, and to each των σπεριατων \*[το] ιδιον σωμα. 39 Ου πασα

of the seeds [the] own body. Νοτ all σαρξ, ή αυτη σωρξ. αλλα αλλη μεν ανθεωπων,

flesh, the same flesh but one indeed of men,
αλλη δε παρξ κτηνων, αλλη δε ιχθυων, αλλη
another and flesh of cattle, another and of fishes, another

δε πτηνων. 40 Και σωματα επουρανία, και and ofurds. And bodies heavenly, and

σωματα επιγεια· αλλ' έτερα μεν ή των επουραbodies earthly; but one indeed that of the heavenων δοξα, έτερα δε ή των επιγειων. 41 Αλλη

Lea glory, another and that of the earthlies. One  $\delta n \xi \alpha \ \eta \lambda \iota o \nu$ , και αλλη  $\delta n \xi \alpha \ \sigma \epsilon \lambda n \nu \eta s$ , και αλλη

glary of sun, and another glary σ. 2000, and another δοξα αστερων αστηρ γαρ αστερος διαφερει εν

gluty of state; a star for from a star differs in δοξη. 42 Ο τω και ή αναστασις των νεκρων.

glory. Thus and the resurrection of the dead ones.

Σπειρεται εν φθορα, εγειρεται εν αφθαρσιά: Itissora in corruption icissaised in incorruption.

43 σπειρετα εν ατιμια, εγειρεται εν δοξη· σπειτιι sown in dishonor, it is raised in glory; tis

ρεται εν ασθενειά, εγειρεται εν δυναμει·
sown in weakness, its raised in power;

32 If, as men do, ; I fought a wild beast at Lphesus, of what benefit is it to me? If the Dead are not raised up, ‡ Let us eat and drink, for to-morrow we die.

33 Be not led astray; t vicious intercourse corrunts virtuous Habits.

34 ‡ Awake to sobriety, as it is fit, and sin not; ‡ for some are Ignorant of God; ‡ for Shame to you I say it.

35 But some one will say, "How are the D:d raised up? and in What Body do they come?"

56 O senseless man! twhat thou sowest is not made alive unless it die;

37 and as to what thou sowest, thou sowest not THAT BODY which will be produced, but a Bare Grain, it may be of Wheat, or of some of the OTHER kinds;

38 but God gives to it a Body, as he designed, and to Each of the SEEDS

its Own Body.

39 All Flesh is not the SAME Flesh; but there is One, indeed of Men; and Another Flesh of Cattle; and Another of Birds, and Another of Fishes.

40 and there are heavenly Bodies, and earthly Bodies; but the GLORY of the HEAVENLY, indeed is One; and of the MARTHLY, Another.

41 There is One Glory of the Sun, and Another Glory of the Moon, and Another Glory of the Stars; for Star differs from Star in Glory.

42 ‡ And thus is the RESURRECTION of the DEAD. It is sown in Corruption, it is raised in Incorruption:

43 tit is sown in Dishonor, it is raised in Glory; it is sown in Weakness, it is raised in Power;

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT. -38. the -omit. 39. of Birds, and another of Fishes.

<sup>† 32. 2</sup> Cor. i. 8. † 32. Isa. xxii. 13; lvi. 12; Eccl. ii. 24; Luke xii. 19. † 33. I Cor. v. 6. † 34. Rom. xiii. 11; Eph. v. 14. † 34. 1 Thesa. iv. 5. † 34. I Cor. vi. 5. † 35. John xii. 24. † 42. Dan. xii. 2; Matt. xiii. 43. † 43. Phil. in. 23.

it is raised

a body

44 σπειρεται σωμα ψυχικον, εγειρεται σωμα

soulical

a body

it is sown

ruption, and the mortal

πνευματικον. Εστι σωμα ψυχικον, και εστι spiritual. a body soulical, and is 45 Ούτω και γεγραπται° \*  $[\sigma\omega\mu\alpha]\pi\nu\epsilon\nu\mu\alpha\tau\iota\kappa\nu$ . [a body] spiritual. So andit has been written; Εγενετο δ πρωτος \*[ανθρωπος] Αδαμ εις ψυχην Was made the first [man] Adam into asoul giving Spirit. ζωσαν· δ εσχατος Αδαμ εις πνευμα ζωοποιουν. The living; the last Adam into aspirit 46 Αλλ' ου πρωτον το πνευματικον, αλλα το But not first the spiritual, but the 47 °Ο πρωτος ψυχικον επειτα το πνευματικον. UAL. soulical; afterwards the spiritual. The first ανθρωπος, εκ γης χοικος ό δευτερος ανθρωπος, man, from earth earthy; the second man, 48 Oios δ χοικος, τοι-**\***[δ κυριος] εξ ουρανου. Heaven. [the Lord] from heaven. Of what kind the earthy, outol και οί χοικοι και οίος δ επουρανιος, τοιουτοι και οί επουρανιοι· 49 και καθως εφορεσlike also the heavenly ones; and even as we bore αμέν την εικονα του χοικου, φορεσομέν και την the image of the earthy, we shall bear also the 50 Τουτο εικονα του επουρανιου. δε φημι, Im ge of the heavenly. This and I say, αδελφοι, ότι σαρξ και αίμα βασιλειαν θεου brethren, that flesh and blood a kingdom of God κληρονομησαι ου δυνανται, ουδε ή φθορα την nor the corruption the to inherit not are able. 51 Ιδου. αφθαρσιαν κληρονομει. μυστηριον shall inherit. Lo, ancorruption CORRUPTION. a mystery ύμιν λεγω. Maytes HEY OU κοιμηθησομεθα· to you I speak; All indeed not we shall be asleep; παντες δε αλλαγησομεθα, <sup>52</sup> εν ατομώ, εν shall all be changed.but we shall be changed, in a moment, in a twink-(Σαλπη οφθαλμου, εν τη εσχατη σαλπιγγι. in the ling of an eye, last trumpet. (It shall πισει γαρ, και οί νεκροι εγερθησονται αφθαρfor, and the dead ones shall be raised sound incor- $53 \Delta \epsilon \iota$ και ήμεις αλλαγησομεθα.) γαρ be changed. ruptible, and we shall be changed.) Itis necessary for το φθαρτον τουτο ενδυσασθαι αφθαρσιαν, και this to be clothed with incorruption, the corruptible 70 θνητον τουτο ενδυσασθα: αθανασιαν. the this to be clothed with immortality. with Immortality. 54 'Οταν δε το φθαρτον τουυο ενδυσηται αφθαρ-When but the corruptible this shall be clothed with incorσιαν, και το θνητον τουτο ενδυσηται αθανασιαν.

44 it is sown an animal Body, it is raised a spiritual Body. \* If there is an animal Body, there is also a spiritual Body.

45 And so it has been written. The FIRST Adam t"became a living Soul;" the LAST Adam, Ia life-

SPIRITUAL. however, was not the first, but the ANIMAL; afterwards, the spirit-

47 The FIRST Man was from the Ground, 1 earthy; the SECOND Man is I from

48 Of what kind the EARTHY one, such also the EARTHY ones; ‡ and of what kind the HEAV-ENLY one, such also the REAVENLY ones:

49 and ‡ even as we bore the LIKENESS of the EARTHY one, I we shall also bear the LIKENESS of

the HEAVENLY one.

50 And I say this, Breth ren, Because ! Flesh and Blood cannot inherit the Kingdom of God; nor shall CORRUPTION inherit IN-

51 Behold! a Secret I disclose to you; ‡ We shall not all sleep, but we

52 in a Moment, in the Twinkling of an Eye, at the LAST Trumpet; ‡ for it will sound, and the DEAD will be raised incorruptible, and we shall

53 For this CORRUPTI-BLE must be clothed with Incorruptibility, and ‡ this MORTAL must be clothed

54 And when this COR-RUPTIBLE shall be clothed with Incorruptibility, and this MORTAL, shall be

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—44. If there is an animal Body, there is also a Spiritual dy. 44. Body—omit. 45. Man—omit. 47. the Lord—omit. Body.

this shall be clothed with immortality,

<sup>† 45.</sup> Gen. ii. 7. Phil. iii. 21; Col. iii. 4. † 45. John v. 21; vi. 83, 89, 40, 54, 57; † 47. Gen. ii. 7; iii. 19. † 49. Phil. iii. 21; † 51. 1 Thess. iv. 15—17. 1 45. Rom. v. 14. 4. † 47. John iii. 31. † 48. Phil. iii. 20, 21. ‡ 50. John iii. 3, 5 John iii. 13, 31. 1 John iii. 2. xxiv. 31; John v. 21; 1 Thess. iv. 16 1 53. 2 Cor. v. 4

KEVOS EV KUDIW.

vain in Lord.

τοτε γενησεται δ λογος δ γεγραμμενος Κατεthen will happen the word that having been written; δ θανατος εις νικος. 55 Που σου, θαναswallowed up the death into victory. 56 Το δε κεντρον του θανατου, ή άμαρτια ή δε The but sting of the death, the sin; the and 57 Τω δε θεφ δυναμις της άμαρτιας, ό νομος.
power of the sin, the law. To the but God χαρις, τφ διδοντι ήμιν, το νικος δια του thanks, to the one having given to us, the victory through the 58 'Ωστε, αδελκυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου. Lord of us Jesus Anointed. Wherefore, φοι μου αγαπητοι, εδοαιοι γινεσθε, αμετακινηren of me beloved, steadfast be you, unmoveable, τυ., περισσευοντές εν το εργώ του κυριου in the work of the Lord abounding παντοτε, είδοτες, ότι δ κοπος ύμων ουκ εστι at all times, knowing, that the labor of you not is

## KEΦ. 15'. 16.

ώσπερ διαταξα ταις εκκλησιαις της Γαλατιας,

Concerning and the collection that for the

1 Περι δε της λογιας της εις τους άγιους,

as I appointed to the congregations of the Galatia, ούτω κα ύμεις ποιησατε. 2 Κατα μιαν σαββα-Every also do. first you των έκαστος ύμων παρ' έαυτω τιθετω, θησαυeach one of you by itself let him place, treasurευοδωται. ίνα μη όταν ριζων, δ.τι αν he may be prospered; so that not ing up, what thing when 3 Отач ελθω, τοτε λογιαι γινωνται. SE I may come, then collections may be made. When and δοκιμασητε, δι' επισπαραγενωμαι, ούς εαν I may arrive, whom if you may arprove, by τολων τουτους πεμψω απενεγκειν την χαριν

Jerusalem; if but it may be worthy of the καμε πορευεσθαι, συν εμοι πορευσονται. to go, with me even me they shall go.

to carry

5 Ελευπομαι δε προς ύμας, όταν Μακεδονιαν I will come but to you, when Macedonia

(Μακεδονιαν γαρ διερχομαί) SIEX OW. I may have passed through; Macedonia for I pass through;)

προς ύμας δε τυχον παραμενω, η και παραyou and it may happen I will remain, or even I shall remain with You, or even

clothed with Immortality, then will THAT WORD be accomplished which HAS BEEN WRITTEN, T"DEATH was swallowed up in Victory!"

55 Where, O Death! is Thy STING? Where, O Hades! is Thy Victory?

56 The STING of DEATH is sin, and the 1 power of SIN is the LAW:

57 t but Thanks to THAT GOD, who GIVES '; the victory, through our LORD, Jesus Christ.

58 ± Wherefore, my beloved Brethren, be you settled, unmoved, abounding in the WORK of the LORD at all times, knowing That your LABOR is not in vain in the Lord.

#### CHAPTER XVI.

I And concerning 1 the COLLECTION which is for the SAINTS; - 28 I directed the CONGREGA-TIONS of GALATIA, so also do nou.

saints,

2 † Every † First day of the Week, let each of you lay something by itself, depositing as he may be prospered, so that when I come Collections may not then be made.

- 3 And when I arrive, the persons whom you may authorize by Tetters, I will send to convey your GIFT to Jerusa.em:
- 4 tand if it be proper that even I should Go, they shall go with me.
- 5 And I will come to you, t when I have passed through Macedonia; for I am coming by Macedonia;
- 6 and, perhaps, I shall

the

 $4 \in av \delta \in '\eta \ a\xi iov \tauov$ 

gift

these I will send

ύμων εις 'Ιερουσαλημ'

<sup>+ 2.</sup> As kata polin signifies every city; and kata meena, every month; and Acts xiv. 23, kata ekkleesian, in every church; so kata mian sabbatoon signifies the first day of every week .- Mack night.

<sup>† 54.</sup> Isa. xxv 8; Heb.ii. 14, 15; Rev. xx. 14. † 57. Rom. vii. 25. † 57. I John v. 4, 5. † 58. 2 † 58. 2 † 58. 2 † 58. 2 † 58. 2 † 58. 2 † 58. 2 † 58. 2 \* 4. 2 Cor. viii. 4, 12; Gal. ii. 10. † 5. Ac 1 56. Rom. iv. 15; v. 15; vii. 5, 13. 1 58. 2 Pet. iii. 14. 1 1. Acts xi. 1 30, 2 Pet. iii. 14. 1 1. Acts xi. il. ii. 10. 2 2. Acts xx. 7. 2 5. Acts xix. 21; 2 Cor. 10.

χειμασω, ίνα ύμεις με προπεμψητε ού εαν πορso that you me may send before where if

7 Ου θελω γαρ ύμας αρτι εν παρο-€υωμαι.

δφ ιδεινο ελπιζω γαρ χρονον τινα επιμειναι I hope for time

8 Επιμενω προς ύμας, εαν ό κυριος επιτρεπη. if the Lord should permit, I shall remain

δε εν Εφεσω έως της πεντηκοστης. <sup>9</sup> θυρα γαρ but in Ephesus til' the pentecost; a door for

μοι ανεφγε μεγαλη και ενεργης, και αντικειμεto me has been opened great and effective, and Cpposers

νοι πολλοι. 10 Εαν δε ελθη Τιμοθεος, βλεand should have come Tunothy,

τετε, ίνα αφοβως γενηται προς ύμας το γαρ γου, that withoutlear he may be to you; the for εργον κυριου εργαζεται ώς \*[και] εγω. 11 μη work of Lord he works 3.9 [even]

ουν αυτον εξουθενηση. Προπεμψατε δε any one therefore him may despue. Send on before and

αυτον εν ειρηνη, ίνα ελθη προς με· εκδεχομαι him in peace, so that he may come to me; Lexpect

ναρ αυτον \*[μετα των αδελφων.] 22 Περι δε [with the brethren Concerning and him Απολλω του αδελφου, πολλα παρεκαλεσα

Apollos the brother, much I entreated μετα των OUTOV. ίνα  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ προς ύμας that he would go to you with the

οδελφων και παντως ουκ ην θελημα, ένα νυν and at all not was will

• Abn. ελευσεται δε, όταν ευκαιρηση. he should go; he will go but, when he may find opportunity. Watch γορειτε, στηκετε εν τη πιστει, ανδριζεσθε,

stand you firm in the faith, be you manly,

εραταιουσθε· 14 παντα ύμων εν αγαπη γινεσθω.
be vou strong:
all things of you in love let be done. \* Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελφοι· οιδατε την

and you, brethrea; you know the I entreat ικιαν Στεφανα, ότι εστιν απαρχη της Αχαιας,

a schold of Stephanas, that it is a fire -truit of the Achaia, και εις διακονιαν τοις άγιοις εταξαν έαυτους.

to the mints they devoted - meelves:

16 ίνα και ύμεις ύποτασσησθε τοις τοιουτοις, you should be submissive to the such like persons

pass the winter, that pon may send Me forward wherever I may go.

7 For I do not wish to see You now in passing, since I hope to remain some Time with you, ‡ if the LORD permit.
8 But I will remain at

Ephesus till the PENTE.

CUST:

9 for ta great and effective Door has been opened to Me; yet there are many Opposers.

10 Now, if Timothy should have come, take care that he may be among you without fear; for the performs the work of the Lord, even as also I do.

11 1 Let no one, therefore, despise him; but send him forward I in Peace, that he may come to me; for I am expecting him with the BRETHEEN.

12 But concerning ‡Apollos, the BROTHER, I entreated him repeatedly that he would come to you with the BRETHREN; but his Inclination was not at all to come at present; he will come, however, when he may find an opportunity.

13 # Watch you! #Stand firm in the FAITH I Be manly ! I Be strong!

14 ± Let all your deeds be done in Love.

15 And I entreat you, Brethren, as you know the FAMILY of Stephanas, That it is I a First-fruit of ACHAIA, and that they have devoted themselves to t Service for the SAINTS.

16 I that nou also be submissive to such, and to Every one who co-OPERATES and labors.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .-- 10. even-omit.

<sup>11.</sup> with the BRETHREN-omit.

<sup>17.</sup> Acts xviii, 21; 1 Cor. iv. 19; James iv. 15.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; Col. fv. 2; Rev. iii. 8.

19. Acts xix. 9.

10. Acts xix. 22; 1 Cor. iv. 17.

11. Tim. iv. 12.

11. Acts xv.

13. 1 Cor. i. 12; iii. 5.

13. Matt. xxiv. 42; xxv. 13; 1 Thess. v. 6. 1 Pet.

18. 13. 1 Cor. xv. 1; Phil. i. 27; iv. 1; 1 Thess. iii. 8; 1 Pet. v. 8.

18. Aph.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; 10.

11. Acts xv.

11. 1 Tim. iv. 12.

11. Acts xv.

11. 1 Cor. xv. 13; 1 Thess. v. 6. 1 Pet.

13. Aph.

14. 1 Cor. xv. 1; 1 Pet. iv. 8.

15. 1 Cor. L. 16.

18. Aph.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; 10.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; 10.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; 10.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; 10.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; 10.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; 10.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; Cor. ii. 12; Cor. iv. 17.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; Cor. iv. 17.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; Cor. ii. 12; Cor. iv. 17.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; Cor. ii. 12; Cor. iv. 17.

19. Acts xiv. 27; 2 Cor. ii. 12; Co

και παντι τφ συνεργουντικοικοπιωντι. 17 Χαιand to every one to the one working with and laboring with. I rejoice ρω δε επι τη παρουσια Στεφανα και Φουρτουνα-but on the grance of Stephanas and Fortunatus του και Αχαικου, ότι το ύμων ύστερημα ούτοι and Achaicus, because the of you want ανεπληρωσαν 18 ανεπαυσαν γαρ το εμον πνευthey refreshed for the my supplied; spirit μα και το ύμων. Επιγινωσκετε ουν τους τοιand that of you. Acknowledge therefore the such 19 Ασπαζονται ύμας αί εκκλησιαι της OUTOUS. like persons. Salute you the congregations of the Αςιας. Ασπαζονται ύμας εν κυριφ πολλα Asia. you in Lord Salute much Ακυλας και Πρισκιλλα, συν τη κατ οικον Priscilla, with the in Aquila and house αυτων εκκλησια. 20 Ασπαζονται ύμας οἱ αδελ-Salute of them congregation. you the brethφοι παντές. Ασπασασθε αλληλους εν φιλη-Salute you each other with a kisa 21 Ο ασπασμος τη εμη χειρι Παυ-MATI ay'ro. The salutation with the my and of Paul. holy. 22 Ει τις ου φιλει τον κυριον \* [Ιησουν Lov. If any one not has afectio. for the Lord [Jesus Xpicto, ητω αναθεμα μαραν αθα. 24 'Η αγαπη μου μετα παντων ύμων εν Χριστω The love of me with all ησου. \*[Αμην.] of you in Anointed Ingov. Jesus. [So be it.]

17 And I rejoice at the presence of Stephanus end Fortunatus and Achaicus, Because these brethren supplied the Want of you;

18 ‡ for they have refreshed MY Spirit and YOURS. ‡ Acknowledge, therefore, SUCH brethrein.

19 The CONGREGATIONS of ASIA salute you. Aquila and \*Priscilla, †together with the CONGREGATION at their House, salute you much in the Lord.

20 All the BRETHELD salute you. ‡ Salute each other with a holy Kiss.

21 ‡ This is the SALU TATION of Paul, with MY OWN Hand.

22 If any on? \*\* fove not the Lord, † let him be accursed. † The Lord comes

23 † The PAVOR of the Load Jesus be with you.

24 My love be with you at in the Anointed losses.

\* FIRST TO THE CORINTHIANS, WRITTEN FROM EPHESUS

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFF.—19. Prisca. 22. Jesus Anointed—omet. 23. Anointed—omet. 24. So be it—omet. Subscription—First to the Coelection, white: from Ephesus.

<sup>1 18.</sup> Col. iv. 8. 1 20. Rom. xvi. 10. 22. Gal i. 8, 9.

<sup>† 18. 1</sup> Theos. v. 12; Phil. il. 29. † 19. Rom. 2 2 5, 15; Phile. 2 † 21. Col. iv. 18, 2 Thess. iii. 17. † 22. Eph. vi. 18 † 23. Rom xvi. 20,

#### CORINTHIANS. SECOND TO THE

## КЕФ. α'. 1.

Παυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου δια of Jesus Anointed through an apostle θεληματος θεου, και Τιμοθεος δ αδελφος, τη of God, and Timothy the brother, to the εκκλησια του θεου τη ουση εν Κορινθώ, συν congregation of the God to that being in Corinth. τοις άγιοις πασι τοις ουσιν εν όλη τη Αχαια. in whole the the saints to all those being Achaia; 2 χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος ήμων, favor to you and peace from God a father of you, 3 Ευλογητος δ θεος και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου. Jesus Anninted. Worthy of praise the God Lord και πατηρ του ευρίου ήμων Ιησου Χρίστου, δ and father of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed, the πατηρ των ο κτιρμων, και θεος πασης παραand God of all comfather of the mercies, 4 δ παρακαλων ήμας επι παση τη κλησεως, the all the one comforting นธ fort. θλιψει ήμων, εις το δυνασθαι ήμας παμακαλειν affliction of us, in order that to be able to comfort us τους εν παση θλιψει, δια της παρακλησεως, ής those in every affliction, by means of the comfort, of which παρακαλουμεθα αυτοι ύπο του θεου· 5 ότι καθως God; because as we are comforted ourselves by the περισσενει τα παθηματα του Χριστου εις ήμας, the sufferings of the Anointed in 115, abounds ούτω δια του Χριστου περισσευει και ή παραabounds also the comso by means of the Anointed ύπ€ο 6 EiT€  $\delta \in \theta \lambda \iota \beta \circ \mu \in \theta \alpha$ , κλησε ήμων. Whether but we are afflicted, on behalf of us. της ύμων παρακλησεως, \*[και σωτηριως.] ειτε [and salvation;] whether comfort, παρακαλουμεθα, ύπερ της ύμων παρακλησεως, on behalfof the of you comfort, we are comforted, TWV UUTWV της ενεργουμένης εν υπομονη in patient endurance of the of that operating παθηματωι, ών και ήμεις πασχομεν. (και ή (and the which also we suffer; ελπις ήμων βεβαια ύπερ δμων.) 7 ειδοτες, ότι stedfast on behalf of you; knowing, hope of us ώσπερ κοινωνοι εστε των παθηματων, ούνω και partakers you are of the sufferings, also 80 8 Ου γαρ θελομεν ύμας αγτης παρακλησεως. Not for we wish you of the νοειν, αδελφοι, ύπερ της θλιψεως ήμων της be ignorant, brethren, concerning the ofus of that affliction

#### CHAPTER I.

Paul, ‡ an Apostic of the \*Anointed Jesus, by the Will of God, and Timothy the BROTHER, to THAT CONGREGATION Of God which is in Corinth. ttogether with all THOSE SAINTS who ARE in the Whole of ACHAIA;

2 ‡ Favor to you, and Peace, from God our Father and the Lord Jesus

Christ.

3 † Blessed be the GoD and Father of our LORB Jesus Christ, THAT FA-THER of MERCIES, and God of All Comfort,

4 who comforts us in All our AFFLICTION, in order that we may be ABLE to comfort THOSE in Every Affliction, through the COMFORT by which we ourselves are comforted by GOD:

5 because t as the sur-FERINGS for the ANOINTED abound in us, so through the ANOINTED, abounds also our comfort.

6 And whether we be afflicted, tit is \* on behalf of THAT COMFORT of YOU, which operates by a Patient endurance of the SAME Sufferings which we also suffer; and our HOPE on your account is firm;

or, whether we be comforted, it is for your Comfort and Salvation, knowing, ‡ That as you are Partakers of the sur-FERINGS, so also of the COMFORT.

For we do not wish you, Brethren, to be ignorant concerning THAT

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—Title—Second to the Corinthians.

1. Anointed Jesus. 6. and salvation—omit. 6. on behalf of that comport of you which operates by a Patient endurance of the same Sufferings which we also suffer; and our hope on your account is firm; or, whether we be comforted, it is for your Comfort and Salvation, know-

<sup>1. 1</sup> Cor. i. 1; Eph. i. 1; Col. i. 1; 1 Tim. i. 1; 2 Tim. f. 1. Phil. i. 1; Col. i. 2; 2 Rom. i. 7; 1 Cor. i. 3; Gal. i. 3; Phil. i. 2; Col. i. 2; 1 Thess. f. 1; 2 Thess. i. 2; Phile. 3. 3. Eph. i. 3; 1 Pet. i. 8. 5. Acts ix. 4; 2 Cor. iv. 10; Col. i. 24. 16. 2 Cor. iv. 15. 17. Rom. viii. 17: 2 Tim. ii. 18.

γενομηνης \* [ήμιν] εν τη Ασια, δτι καθ' ὑπερ-happening (tous) in the Asia, that according to excess βολην εβαρηθημεν ύπερ δυναμιν, ώστε εξαwe were pressed above strength, so that to be we were pressed above strength, so that to be πορηθηναι ήμας και του (ην 9 αλλα αυτοι εν in despair us even of the life; but ourselves in έαυτοις το αποκριμα του θανατου εσχηκαμεν, ourselves the sentence of the death we have, ίνα μη πεποιθοτες ωμεν εφ' έαυτοις, αλλ' επι so that not having trusted we should in ourselves, but in 10 ås €K τω θεώ τω εγειροντι τους νεκρους. who from the God that one raising up the dead ones; τηλικουτου θανατου ερφυσατο ήμας, και φυεται. rescued 119, and doesrescue; so great a death εις όν ηλιπικαμεν, ότι και ετι βυσεται, 11 συνυin whom we have hoped, that even still he will rescue, πουργουντων και ύμων ύπερ ήμων τη δεησει, also you on behalf of us in the prayer, ίνα εκ πολλων προσωπων το εις ήμας χαρισμα the for that from many faces gift 12 'H δια πολλων ευχαριστηθη ύπερ ήμων. through many might be given thanks on behalf of us. The γαρ καυχησις ήμων αύτη εστι, το ματυριον της for bossing of us this is, the testimony of the συνειδηπεως ήμων, ότι εν απλοτητι και ειλικριof us, that in simplicity and sincerity νεια θεου, (ουκ εν σοφια σαρκικη, αλλ' εν χαριbut in of God, (not in wisdom fleshly, τι θεου) ανεστραφημέν εν τω κοσμώ, περισσοin the world, of God) we conducted τερως δε προς ύμας. 13 Ου γαρ αλλα γραφομεν Not for other things we write dantly but to you. ύμιν, αλλ' η ά αναγινωσκετε, \* [η ά αναγινωσ-[orwhat you acknowto you, but what you read, κετε'] ελπιζω δε, ότι \*[και] έως τελους επιγledge,] Thope and, that [even] till end you νωσεσθε, 14 καθως και επεγνωτε ήμας  $\alpha \pi o$ will acknowledge, as also you acknowledged 118 from μερους ότι καυχημα ύμων εσμέν, καθαπέρ και narts; because a boasting of you we are, even as ύμεις ήμων, εν τη ήμερα του κυριου Ιησου. ofus, in the day of the Lord 1011 Jesus. 15 Και ταυτή τη πεποιθήσει εβουλομήν Troos And in this the confidence I wished to ύμας ελθειν προτερον, ίνα δευτεραν χαριν you to come before, so that a second favor εχητε. 16 και δι' ύμων διελθειν εις Μακεδοyou may have, and through you to pass through into Macedo-

νιαν, και παλιν απο Μακεδονιας ελθειν προς

Macedonia

and again from

‡ AFFLICTION of ours which HAPPENED in ASIA, That \* excessively above Strength we were pressed, so that we despaired even of LIFE;

9 but we had the SEN-TENCE of DEATH in ourselves, so that we might ; not trust in ourselves, but in THAT GOD who RAISES UP the DEAD;

10 ‡ who rescued us from so Great a Death, and \*is rescuing; in whom we have hope that he will also yet rescue;

11 you, also, ‡ co-operating by PRAYER on our behalf, so that from Many † Mouths thanks may be given by Many on our behalf, ‡ for Our GIFT.

12 For our BOASTING

12 For our BOASTING is this, the TESTIMONY of our CONSCIENCE, That with \*the greatest Simplicity and †Sincerity, ‡not with fleshly Wisdom, but by the Favor of God, we conducted ourselves in the WORLD; but more especially towards you.

13 For we write no Other things to you, than what you read, or what you acknowledge; and I hope that even to the End you will acknowledge;

14 as also you partially acknowledged us, † That we are your Boast, † as you also will be ours in the DAY of \* the LORD Jesus.

15 And in this CONFIDENCE ‡I was purposing to come to you at first; so that you might have ‡a \*Second Favor;

16 and, by You, to pass through into Macedonia; and from Macedonia ‡to come again to you, and by

to come

to

† 11. Proscopon, like the Latin persona, is a mask with a open mouth rather than a person. The same Greek word occurs in ii. 10, where though we may use the word "person" it means "character."—Sharpe.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—8. to us—omit. S. excessively above strength we were pressed. 10. will rescue. 12. Pureness and godly Sincerity. 13. or what you acknowledge—omit. 13. even—omit. 14. our Lord Jesus. 15. Second Joy.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Acts xix. 23; 1 Cor. xv. 32; xvi. 0. † 0. Jer. xvii. 5, 7. † 10. 2 Pet. ii. 9. † 11. Rom. xv. 30; Phil. i. 10; Philemon 22. † 11. 2 Cor. iv. 15. † 12 2 Cor. ii. 4, 15. v. 2. † 12. 2 Cor. ii. 4, 18. †

ύμας, και ύφ' ύμων προπεμφθηναι εις την Ιουyou, and by you to be sent forward into the δαιαν. 17 Τουτο ουν βουλευομενος, μητι αρα This therefore wishing, not certainly τη «λαφρία εχρησαμην; η ά βουλευομαι, in the lightness of did I use? or the things I purpose. σαρκα βουλευομαι, ίνα η παρ' εμοι το KATA according to flesh do I purpose, that may be with me the ναι ναι, και το ου ου: 18 Πιστος δε δ θεος, yes yes, and the no no? Pathful but the God, δτι δ λογος ήμων δ προς ύμας ουκ εγενετο ofus that to you not that the word. 19 'Ο γαρ του θεου vios Ιησους val kal ov. yes and no. The for of the God gon Χριστος, δ εν υμιν δι' ήμων Knouy Beis. Anointed, that among you by means of us having been preached, εμου και Σιλουανου και Τιμοθεου,) OUK (by means of me and Silvanus and Timothy.) εγενετο ναι και ου, αλλα ναι εν αυτώ γεγονεν, became yes and no, but yes in him has become, 20 (δσαι γαρ επαγγελιαι θεου, εν αυτφ το ναι, (1s many , for . promises of God, in him the yes. και εν αυτώ το αμην,) τω θεώ προς δοξαν . 81 and in him the so best,) to the God for glory on account ύμων. <sup>21</sup> Ο δε βεβαιων ήμας συν ύμιν εις of us. The but ôncestablishing us with you for Χριστον, και χρισας ήμας, θεος. 22 δ και σφρα-Anointed, and having anointed us, God; he and having γισαμενός ήμας, και δους τον αρβαβωνα του sealed us. and having given the pledge ofthe πνευματος εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων. - 23 Εγω δε spirit in the ofus. hearts : but μαρτυρα τον θεον επικαλουμαι επι την εμην e witness the God callupon to the my ψυχην, ότι φειδομενος ύμων ουκετι ηλθον eis soul, that sparing you not yet I came to Κορινθον. 24 ουχ ότι κυριευομεν ύμων της πισnot because we lord it over . you of the Corinth; τεως, αλλα συνεργοι εσμέν της χαρας ύμων τη but fellow-workers we are of the joy of you; in the γαρ πιστει έστηκατε. ΚΕΦ. β. 2. 1 Εκρινα faith you have stood. I decided θε εμαυτώ τουτο, το μη παλιν εν λυπη προς but with myself this, that not again in grief to ύμας ελθειν. 2 Ει γαρ εγω λυπω ύμας, και τις If for I grieve you, indeed who you to come. \*[εστίν] δευφραινων με, ει μη δ λυπουμενος εξ the one gladening me, if not the one being grieved from | Who is GRIEVED by me.

You to be sent forward. into JUDEA.

17 This therefore, being my intention, did I certainly regard it LIGHTLY? or are my purposes formed taccording to the Flesh, that there should be with me both the YES, yes, and the No, no

18 + But God is witness, That THAT WORD of ours which was toward you \* is not yes and no:

19 for that son of Gop. Jesus Christ, who was pro-claimed to You by Us,— by me, and Silvarus, and Timothy, -was not yes and no, but was yes in him.

20 f For whatever be the Promises of God, they are in him YES, \*and in him tAMEN, to the Glory of God through us.

21 NOW HE ESTABLISH-ING us with you in Christ, and thaving anointed us,

IS THAT God

22 who also thas sealed us, and ‡ given the PLEDGE of the SPIRIT in our HEARTS.

23 But 1 I invoke Gon as a Witness to My Soul, t That, sparing you, I have not yet come to

24 not 2 Because we domineer over You through the FAITH, but because we are Associates of your Joy; for I in the FAITH you have stood firm.

# CHAPTER II.

1 But I decided this with myself, \* not to COME again to you, in Grief.

2 For if I grieve you. who indeed could MAKE me GLAD, but the ONE!

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscuter.-18. is not yes and no. \_\_ 20. wherefore also by him anex.

<sup>† 18.</sup> The original phrase, pistos ho theos, is the same form of an oath with The Eternal liveth! that is, "As rectainly as the Eternal God liveth." † 20. Nai, yes, was the world liveth! that is, "As rertainly as the Eternal God liveth." † 20. Nai, yes, was the word used by the Greeks or affirming anything; Amen was the word used by the Hebrews for the same purpose - Macknight.

<sup>117. 2</sup> Cor. x. 2. 20. Rom. xv. 8, 9. 7 21. 1 John it. 20, 27. 7 22. Eph. 1. 13; iv. 80; 2 Tim. ii. 19; Rev. ii. 17. 22. 2 Cor. v. 5; Eph. i. 14. 7 23. Rojs. 19; Gror. xi. 31; Gal. i. 20; Phil. i 8. 7 23. 1 Cor. iv. 21; 2 Cor. ii. 3; xii. 20; xiii. 2 (2. 21; xiii. 20. 21; xiii. 10. 2 24. 1 Cor. xv. 1. 7 1. 1 Cor. i. 23; xii. 20, 21; xiii. 10.

3 Και εγραψα \* [ύμιν] τουτο αυτο, ίνα EHOU: And I wrote [to you] this same thing, so that ελθων λυπην εχω αφ' ών not having come grief I have from of whom it behoves me γαιρειν πεποιθως επι παντας ύμας, ότι ή εμη to rejoice; having confided in all that the my you, <sup>4</sup> Εκ γαρ πολλης Out of for much χαρα παντων ύμων εστιν. joy of all of you at is. λιψεως και συνοχης καρδιας εγραψα ύμιν δια affliction and anguish of beart I wrote to you through πολλων δακρυων, ουχ ίνα λυπηθητε, αλλα την not that you might be grieved, but many tears, γνωτε, ήν εχω περισσοτερως αγαπην ίνα that you might know, which I have more abundantly 5 Ει δε τις λελυπηκεν, ουκ εμε λελυtowards you. If butanyone has been grieved, not me he has πηκεν, αλλ' απο μερους, ίνα μη επιβαρω, gueved, but from parts, that not may bear hard upon, παντας ύμας. 6 Ίκανον τω τοιουτώ ή επιτιμια! you. Sufficient to the such one the censure αίτη ή ὑπο των πλειονων δώστε τουναντιον turs which by the majority; so that on the other hand 

μηπως τη περισσοτερα λυπη καταποθη δ τοιlest by the more abundant grief should be swallowed the such

ουτος. 8 Διο παρακαλω ύμας κυρωσαι εις you to publicly confirm:

μυτον αγαπην. 9 Εις τουτο γορ και εγραψα him love. Inorder to the for also I wrote,

ίνα γνω την δοκιμην ύμων, ει εις παντα that might know the proof of you, if to all things

ύπηκοοι  $\epsilon$ στ $\epsilon$ .  $^{10}$  Ωι δ $\epsilon$  τι χαριζ $\epsilon$ σθ $\epsilon$ , και obedient you are. To whom but anything you freely forgive, also

εγω' και γαρ εγω δ κεχαρισμαι, ει τι κεχα1; even for 1 what have freely forgiven, if anything 1 have 
ρισμαι, δι' ύμας, εν προσωπω Χριστου' 
freely forgiven, on account of you, in presence of Anointed;

11 ίνα μη πλεονεκτηθωμεν ύπο του σατανα ου that not we should be overreached by the adversary; not

γαρ αυτου το νοηματα αγνοουμεν.
for of him the devices we are ignorant.

12 Ελθων δε εις την Τρωαδα εις το ευαγγελιον Having come but to the Troas for the glad tilings

του Χριστου, και θυρας μοι ανεφημένης εν of the Anointed, and adoor to me having been opened by κυριφ, ουκ εσχηκα ανεσιν τω πνευματι μου, τω Lord, not I had rest in the spirit of me, by the

3 I wrote also this very thing, that coming, ‡1 might not have sorrow from those by whom I ought to rejc ce; ‡ having confidence in you all, That My Joy is 'he joy of you all.

4 For out of Much Affliction and Distress of Heart I wrote to you through many Tears; that you should be grieved, but that you might know the LOVE which I have more abundantly towards you.

5 But 1 if any one has caused grief, he has not 1 grieved Me, except from a part; that I may not overcharge you all.

6 Sufficient for such a person is This Prinishment, which was inflicted by the MAJORITY.

7 ‡ So that, ON THE OTHER HAND, you ought to forgive and comfort him, lest such an one should be overwhelmed by EXCESSIVE SOTTOW.

8 Wherefore, I entreat you publicly to confirm your Love towards him.

P Besides, I wrote for this purpose also, that I might know the PROOF of you, whether you are ‡ obedient in all things.

10 But to whom you freely forgive any thing. It do also; for indeed, what I have forgiven, if I have forgiven any thing, is on your account, in the presence of Christ;

11 that we may not be overreached by the AD-VERSARY; for we are not ignorant of His DEVICES.

12 But thaving come to Troas in order to preach the GLAD TIDINGS of the ANOINTED, and ta Door having been opened to me by the Lord, thad no Rest in my spirit, because I

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. to you-omit.

<sup>7.</sup> rather-omit.

<sup>† 3. 2</sup> Cor. xii. 21. † 3. 2 Cor. vii. 16; viii. 22; Gal. v. 10. † 4. 2 Cor. vii. 8, 0, 12. † 5. Gal. iv. 12. † 6. 1 Cor. v. 4, 5; 1 Tim. v. 20. † 7. Cal. † 12. 2 Cor. vii. 15; x. 6. † 12. 4 cts xvi. 8; xx. 6. † 12. 1 Cor. xvi. 4. † 12. 2 Cor. vii. 5, 0.

μη ευρειν με Tιτον τον αδελφον μου  $^{13}$  αλλα  $_{pot}$   $_{bot}$   $_{bot}$   $_{bot}$   $_{bot}$ 

αποταξαμενος αυτοις, εξηλθον εις Μακεδονιαν. having bade farewell to them, I wen out into Macedonia.

To the but God thanks to that always leading to triumph

ήμας εν τφ Χριστφ, και την οσμην της γνωσεως us in the Anointed, and the odor of the ino ed -

αύτου φανερουντι δι' ήμων εν παντι τοπφ. cf himself is manifesting through us in every place.

15 Ότι Χριστου ευωδια εσμεν τω θεω εν τοις
That of Anointed a sweet odor we are to the God in those

σωζομενοις και εν τοις απολλυμενοις. 16 of s being saved and in those perishnug; to the.

μεν, οσμη θανατου εις θανατον οίς δε, οσμη indeed, an odor of death into death; to those but, odor

cons els ζωην. Και προς ταυτα τις ίκανος:
of life into life. And for these things who sufficient?

17 Ου γαρ εσμεν ώς οἱ πολλοι, καπηλευοντες Not for we are like the many, adulterating

τον λογον του θεου· αλλ' ώς εξ ειλικρινειας, αλλ' tue word of the God: but as from sincerity, hut

ώς  $\epsilon \kappa$  θεου, κατενωπιον  $*[\tau o v]$  θεου,  $\epsilon \nu$  Χοισas from God, in presence [of the] God, in Anointed 
τφ λαλουμεν. ΚΕΦ.  $\gamma'$ . 3.  ${}^{1}$  Αργομεθα παλιν

we speak. Do we begin again έαυτους συνιστανειν; η μη χρη(οιην, ώς τινες, oursives to commend? or not we need, as some,

συστατικων επιστολων προς ύμας, η εξ ύμων  $\bullet$  frecommendation letters to you, or from you.

"[σιστατικων;]  $^2$  'Η επιστολη ήμων ύμεις the letter of us you εστε, εγγεγραμμενη εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων, are, having been written in the hearts of you.

γινωσκομενη και αναγινωκομενη ύπο παντων being known and being read by all

ανθρωπων 3 φανερουμενοι, ότι εστε επιστολη men; being manifest, that you are a letter

Χριστου διακονηθεισα υφ' ήμων, εγγεγραμμενη Anointed having been ministered by us, having been written

ου μελανι, αλλα πνευματι θεου ζωντος, ουκ εν tot withink, but by spirit of God living, not on

FOUND not Titus my BRO. THER:

13 but having bid them farewell, I went forth into

Macedonia.

14 Now, thanks be to THAT GOD, who always †LEADS us forth to TEI-UMPH with the ANOINTEE one, and who diffuses by us the FRAGRANCE of the KNOWLEDGE of him, is Every Place.

Every Place.

15 Because we are a Sweet odor of Christ to God, ‡ among THOSE who are BEING SAVED, and ‡ among THOSE who ARE

PERISHING;

16 ‡ to these, indeed, an Odor of Death to Death, and to those, an Odor of Life to Life; and ‡ for these things who is qualified?

17 For we are not like the MANY, † trafficking the WORD of GOD; but really ‡ from sincerity, and as from God, in the presence of God, we speak concerning Christ.

## CHAPTER III.

1 ‡ Are we beginning again to recommend Ourselves? or do we require, as some, ‡ Recommendatory Letters to you, or from you?

2 1 Pou are our LETTER, (written on our HEARTS,) known and being read by

All Men;

3 it being plainly declared that you are a Letter of Christ; delivered by us, \* and written not with Ink, but with the Spirit of the living God, ‡ not on Stone-tablets, but ‡ on

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-17. of the-omit. and written.

1. of recommendation-omit.

3.

<sup>† 14.</sup> An allusion to the custom of the victorious generals, who, in their triumphal processions, carried some of their relations with them in their chariot. The streets through which the processions passed were strewed with flowers, and as Plutarch tells us, the streets were full of incense. † 17. or sophisticating the word of God; referring to the practice of vinters, who adulterate their wines. Dr. Bentley paraphrases it thus,—"which adulterate and negotiate the word of God for their own lucre and advantage."

<sup>† 15. 1</sup> Cor. i. 18. † 15. 2 Cor. iv. 3. † 16. Luke ii. 34; John ix. 89; 1 Pet. ii. 7, 8; 16. 1 Cor. xv. 10; 2 Cor. iii. 5, 6. † 17. 2 Cor. iv. 2; xi. 13; 2 Pet. ii 3. † 17. 2 Cor. i. 12; iv. 2. † 1. 2 Cor. v. 12; xi. 8, 12; xii. 11. † 1. Acts xviii. 27. † 2. Cor. iv. 2. † 3. 1 Cor. ii. 5. † 3. Evod. xxiv. 12; xxxiv. 1. \$ 3. Psa. xi. 5; Jer. xxxi. 35; Ezek. xi., 19; xxxvi. 26; Heb. viii. 10.

πλαξι λιθιναις, αλλα εν πλαξι καρδιας σαρκιναις. tablets of stones, but on tablets of hearts fleshly. 4 Πεποιθησιν δε τοιαυτην εχομεν δια του Χρισ-

Confidence but such we have through the Anointed του προς τον θεον. 5 ουχ ότι ίνανοι εσμεν αφ' towards the God, not because sufficient we are from εαυτων, λογισασθαι τι, ώς εξ έαυτων, αλλ' ourselves, to reason anything, as from ourselves, but ή ίκανοτης ήμων εκ του θεου· 6 δς και ίκανωσεν of us from of the God; who also qualified the sufficiency

ήμας διακούους καινής διαθήκης, ου γραμματος, servants of a new covenant, not of letter, αλλα πνευματος το γαρ γραμμα αποκτεινει, but of spirit; the for letter kills, το δε πνευμα ζωοποιει. 7 Ει δε ή δια: νια του If but the .ervic. the but spirit gives life.

θανατου εν γρα, μασιν, εντετυπωμενη \*[εν] λιθοις, εγενηθη εν δοξη, ώστε μη δυνασθαι stones, was made in glory, so that not to be able ατενισαι τους υίους Ίσραηλ εις το προσωπον of icrael into the to look steadily the

Μωυσεως, δια την δοξαν του προσωπου αυτου, of Moses, on account of the glory of the fea of him,

την καταργουμενην 8π. ς ουχι μαλλον ή διαho. not rather the serpassing away; κονια του πνευματος ευτ. ι εν δοξη; 9 Ει γαρ ή spirit shall be in glory? If for the ofthe

διακονια της κατακρισεως, δοξα τολλώ μαλλον service of the condemnation, glory;

περισσευει ή διακονια τος δικαιοσυνής εν δύξη. abounds the service of the righteousness in glory. 10 Και γαρ ου δεδοξασται το δεδοξασμενον εν

Even for not has been glorified that having been glorified τουτώ τω μ: ει, ένεκεν της ύπερβαλλουσης the respect, on account of the surpassing

11 E SoEns. va. καταργουμενον, δια 70 for that is being annulled, through δοξης πολλω μαλλον το μενον, εν δοξη.

more that remaining, in glory; by much 12 Εχεντες ουν ποιαυτην ελπιδα, πολλη παρ-Having thesefore such a hope,

13 και ου, καθαπερ Μωυσεως φησια χ.ω.ιεθα. we use; and not, 3.9

ετιθει καλυμμα επι το προσωπον έαυτου, προς on the face of himself, for

το μη ατενισαι τους υίους Ισραηλ εις το τελος the not to gaze intently the sons of Israel to the end 14 ('Aλλ' του καταργουμενου. επωρωθη passing away. were blinded

fleshly Tableta of the Heart.

4 And such Confidence towards Gop we have through the ANOINTED;

5 that We are qualified of ourselves to reason any thing as from our selves, but tour QUALIFI-CATION is from GOD;

6 who also qualified us to be ! Servants of a ! New Covenant; not f of the Letter, but of the Spirit; for the LETTER kills, that the SPIRIT makes

alive.

7 Now, if I the DISPEN-SATION of DEATH, tengraved in Letters on Stones, was attended with Glory, \$ so that the sons of Israel were unable to look steadily. into the FACE of Moses, because of THE BRIGHTNESS of his COUNTENANCE ; -- which [dispensation] is PASSING AWAY :-

8 how, rather, shall not the ‡ DISPENSATION of the SPIRIT be attended

with Glory?

9 For if the MINISTRY CONDEMNATION be Glory, much more does the MINISTRY TOF RIGHTEOUS-NESS abound in Glory.

10 For even that having been glorified has not been glorified in this respect, on account of the SURPASS-ING Glory.

11 For if THAT iS BEING ANNULLED through Glory, far superior is this RE-MAINING in Glory.

12 Having therefore

such a Persuasion, 1 we exercise much Confidence; 13 and are not like Mo-

ses, t who put a Veil over his FACE, for the sons of Israel not to GAZE IN-TENTLY to the END of the THAT BEING ABOLISHED.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. in-omit.

<sup>† 5.</sup> John xv. 5; 2 Cor. ii. 16.

† 5. 1 Cor. xv. 10; Phil. ii. 10.

† 5; 2 Cor. v. 18; Eph. iii. 7; Col. i. 25, 29; 1 Tim. i. 11, 12; 2 Tim. i. 11.

\$1; Matt. xxvi. 28; Heb. viii. 6, 8.

† 6. Rom. ii. 27, 29; vii. 6.

20; iv. 15; vii. 9—11; Gal. iii. 10.

† 6. John vi. 63; Rom. viii. 2.

10.

† 7. Evod. xxxiv. 1, 28; Deut. x. 1.

† 7. Evod. xxxiv. 20, 30, 35.

iii. 5.

† 9. Rom. i. 17; iii. 21.

xxxiv. 83, 35.

† 13. Rom. x. 4; Gal. iii. 23. 1 6. 1 Cor. iii. † 6. Jer. xxxi. † 6. Rom. iii. † 7. Rom. vii. † 8. Gal † 13. Exod.

νοηματα αυτων αχρι γαρ της σημερον το αυτο minds of them; till for the to-day the same καλυμμα επι τη αναγνωτει της παλαιας διαθηon the reading of the old covenant. της, μενει, μη ανακαλυπτομενον, ότι εν Χριστω remains, not being discovered, because by Anointed καταργειται 15 αλλ' έως σημερον, ήνικα αναit is taken away; to-day, when but till γινωσκεται Μωυσης, καλυμμα επι την καρδιαν aveil on the Moses, heart 16 'Ηνικα δ' αν επιστρεψη προς αυτων κειται. of them lies. When but it may turn 10 κυριον, περιαιρειται το καλυμμα. 17 °O δε κυριος Lord, is taken from around the veil. The but Lord το πνευμα εστιν ού δε το πνευ... κυριου where and the is; the spirit of Lord spint \*[εκει] ελευθερια.)  $^{18}$  Ήμεις δε παντες ανα-[there] but all freedom.) We having κεκαλυμμενφ προσωπό την δοξαν κυριου κατοin a face the glory of Lord been unveiled π. ριζομενοι, την αυτην εικονα μεταμορφουμεθα ing as in a mirror, the same image we are transformed απο δοξης εις δοξαν, καθαπερ απο κυριου πνευfrom glory to glory, even a, from Lord ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4.  $^{1}$  Δια τουτο εχοντες την ματος On account of this de de g διακονιαν ταυτην, καθως ελεηθημεν, ουκ εκκαthis, even as we received mercy, not κουμέν. 2 αλλ' απειπαμέθα τα κρυπτα της αισwe refused the secrets of the shame. χυνης, μη επιπατουντές εν πανουργια, μηδε in craitiness, nor δολουντες τον λογον του θεου, αλλω τη φανεfalsifying the word of the God, but by the manifesρωσει της αληθειας συνιστωντες έαυτους προς tation of the truth recommending ourselves to πασαν συνειδησιν ανθρωπων, ενωπιον του θε υ. every of men, in presence of the God. 3 Ει δε και εστι κεκαλυμμενον το ευαγγελιον If but even it is having been veiled the glad tidings ήμων, εν τοις απολλυμένοις εστι κεκαλυμμέof us, among those being destroyed it is having been νον  $^4$  εν ois δ θεος του αιωνος τουτου ετυφveiled; in whom the God of the age this blinded λωσε τα νοηματα των απιστων, ELS TO MY of the unbelieving ones, in order that not αυγασα: τον φωτισμον του ευαγγελιου της to see distinctly the effulgence of the glad tidings of the δοξης του Χριστου, ός εστιν εικων του θεου.

14 (But I their MINDS were obtuse; for to TH.S DAY, the SAME Veil r. mains over the READINT of the OLD Covenant; not discovering That it taken away by Christ;

15 but, even to This day, when Moses is read,

a Veil lies on their HEART

16 But twhen it shall turn to the Lord, the veil will be taken from around it.

17 And 1 the LORD is the EPIRIT; and where the SPIRIT of the Lord is, there is Freedom.)

18 But we all beholding the GLORY of the Lord in a Face Unveiled, tara transformed into the SAMB Likeness, from Glory to Glory, as from the Lord, the Spirit.

#### CHAPTER IV.

Therefore, having this MINISTRY, even as we received Mercy, we faint not;

2 but have repudiated the SECRET things of SHAME; not walking Craftiness, ‡ nor falsnying the WORD of GoD; but, by the EXHIBITION of the TRUTH, ‡ approving ourselves to Every Human Conscience in the sight of GOD.

3 (But if, indeed, our GLAD TIDINGS be veiled, they have been veiled to THOSE who are PERISI-

4 to those unbelievers, whose MINDS the God of this AGE blinded, in order that they might not see clearly the EFFULGENCE of the GLAD TIDINGS of the GLORY of the ANOINTED one, I who is the Likeness of God.)

glory of the Amointed one, who is an amage of the God.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. there-omit.

δ Ου γαρ έαυτους κηρυσσομέν, αλλα Χριστον Not for ourselves we proclaim, but Anointed Ιησουν κυριον έαυτους δε, δουλους ύμων δια Jesus a Lord; ourselves and, slaves of you through Ιησουν. 6' Οτι δ θεος δ ειπων εκ σκοτους Because the God that commanding out of darkness φως λαμψαι, δε ελαμψεν εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων, wint to same, who shone in the hearts of us, προς φωτισμον της γνωσεως της δοξης του θεου for allumination of the knowledge of the glory of the God εν προσωπφ \*[Ιησου] Χριστου. <sup>7</sup>Εχομεν δε is face [of Jesus] Audinted. We have but in τον θησαυρον τουτον εν οστ ακινοις σκευεσιν, the treasure this in carthen vessels. ίνα ή ύπερβολη της δυναμεως η του θεου, power may be of the God, so that the superabounding of the και μη εξ ήμων. 8 εν παντι θλιβομενοι, αλλ' ου and not out of us; in everything bein, affected, but bot στενοχωρουμενοι απορουμεν ι, ;λλ' ουκ εξα-being straitened; being perpecte, but not being πορουμενοι. <sup>9</sup>διωκομενοι, αλλ our εγκαταλει-in despair; being persecuted, but not being forsaken; πομενοι καταβαλλομενοι, αλλ' ουκ απολλυμεbeing cast down, but not being desνοι· 10 παντ τε την νεκρωσιν του Ιησου εν τφ always the putting o death of the Jesus in the σωματι περιφεροντες ίνα και ή ζωη του Ιησου body bear-gause, that also the life of the Jesus εν τιο σωμω: ήμων φανερωθη. 11 Aει γαρ n the body of a may be manifested. Always for ήμεις οί ζωντες, εις θανατον παραδιδομεθα δια we the living, to death are delt ered because of Ισουν, ίνα και ή ζωη του Ιησου φανερωξη εν Jesus, that also the life of the Jesus may be manifested in τη θνητη σαρκι ήμων. 12 Ωστε δ θανατες εν So that the death the mortal flesh of us. ημιν ενεργειται, ή δε (ωη εν ύμιν. ΒΕχοντες works, the but life in you. Having δε το αυτο πνευμα της πιστεως, κατα το but the same spirit of the faith, according to that γεγραμιενον Επιστευσα, διο ελαλησα και taving been written; I believed, therefore I spoke; also ημεις πιστευομεν, διο και λαλουμεν· 14 ειδοτες, δτι δ εγειρας τον \*[κυριον] Ιησουν, και Ing, that the one raising up toe [Lord] Jesus, also ήμας δια Ιησου εγερει, και παραστησει συν ns through Jesus will raise up, and will present with ύμιν. 15 Τα γαρ παντα δι' ύμας, ίνα ή χαρις you. The for all taings on account of you, that the favor

5 1 For we do not proclaim Ourselves, but the Anointed Jesus, as Lord: and purselves I your Bondservants on account of Jesus.

6 Because THAT GOD twho COMMANDED the LIGHT to shine out of Darkness, I shone into our HEARTS for illuminating with the KNOWLEDGE of the GLORY of Gop in the face of Jesus Christ.

7 But we have this TREASURE in ‡ Earthen Vessels, in order I that the EXCELLENCE of the POWER may be of GOD, and not from us;

8 theing afflicted in every thing, but not distressed; being perplexed, but not in despair;

9 being persecuted, but not deserted; being throw a down, but not destroyed:

10 talways carrying about in the BODY, the dying state of Jesus, that the LIFE of JESUS may also be manifested in our BODY.

11 For me who are LIV. INO are always delivered up to Death Ion account of Jesus; in order that the LIFE of JESUS also may be manifested in our MORTAL Flesh:

12 so that DEATH is working in us, but LIFE in you.

13 But having \$th: SAME Spirit of FAITH, atcording to that HAVING BEEN WRITTEN; ‡"I be-lieved, therefore I spoke;"

fore we speak;
14 knowing That the
15 knowing UP JESUS,
\* with who RAISED UP JESUS, will also raise Us up \* with Jesus, and will present us with you.

15 For tALL these things are on your account, that

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. Jesus-omit. 14. LORD-omit. 14. with,

πλεονασασα δια των πλειονων, την ευχαριστιαν having abounded through the many, the thanksgiving εις την δοξαν του θεου. TEDITOEVON might superabound to the glory of the God. Wherefore cuk εκκακουμεν αλλ' ει και δ εξω ήμων ανθρω-not we faint: but if even the outward of us man πος διαφθειρεται, αλλ' δ εσωθεν ανακαινουται vet the itward is renewed is wasted. 17 Το γαρ παραυτικα ελαφήμερα και ήμερα. The for momentary by day and by day. ρου της θλιψεως \*[ήμων,] καθ' ὑπερβολην εις ness of the affliction [o. us,] according to an exceeding on ύπερβολην αιωνιον βαρος δοξης κατεργαζεται an exceeding age-lasting weight - rlory works out ήμιν 18 μη σκοπουντων ήμων τα βλεπομενα, of us the things, being seen, for us; not ooking αλλα τα μη βλεπομενα· τα γαρ βλεπομενα, but the things not being seen. the things Con being seen, τα δε μη βλεπομενα, ποοσκαιοα being seen, age-lasting things. transient things; thething: but now ΚΕΦ. ε'. 5. 1 Οίδαμεν γαρ, ότι, εαν ή επι. Weanow fur that, if the earthly YELDS THEY OLKIA TOU OKTYOUS KATE A TY, ULKOofus house state tent shouldbe aken down, a buildδομην εκ θεου εχομεν, οι ιαν αχειροποιητον, from God w have, a house not made by hands, <sup>2</sup> Και γαο τν τουτφ alwrior, Er Tois oupavois. age-lasting, in \$ Even for in beavens. στεναξομεν, το οικητηριον ήμων το έ ουρανου of us th toom heaven ·he bude we groan, 3 Eige Kai €vδuεπενδυσασθαι επιποθουντες. earnoctly lesiring. If at least and having σαμενοι, ου γυμνοι εύρεθησομεθα. 4 Kat yap been invested, not naked one we ha " for . Indeed for β οντες εν τφ σκηνει στεναζομεν βαρουμενοι. those being in the tent groan being oppressed; (φ) 'ω ου θελομεν εκδυσασθαι, αλλ' επενδυin which not we wish to be unclosured, but to be inσασθαι, ίνα καταποθη τι θνητον ύπο της that may be swallow a up too morta! by rested. 5 'Ο δε κατεργασ μενος ήμας εις αυτο LWTIS. The and one having worked out for life. TUUTO θεος δ \* [και] δους ήμιν τον αρβαβωνα God; that [also] having given to us the 6 Θαρφουντες ουν παντοτε, και TOU TVEULLATOS. Being confident therefore always, of the spirit.

ειδυτες, ότι ενδημουντες εν τφ σωματι, εκδη-knowing, that being at home in the body, we are

the abounding FAVOR may overflow, through the THANKSGIVING OF MANY. to the GLORY of GOD.

16 Wherefore, we faint not; but even if our our-WARD Man is wasted. yet \*our TINNER maris renewed Day by Day.

17 Besides, tthe MC. MENTARY LIGHTNESS of the AFFLICTION, works out for us an excessively exceeding aionian Weight

of Glory;

18 I we aiming not at the THINGS which are SERN, but at the THINGS which are not SEEN: for the THINGS which are seen are temporary, but the THINGS which are not sken are aionian.

## CHAPTER V.

1 For we know, That if the TENT of our TEARTHLY Dwelling be taken down, we have a Building from God, a House not made by hands, aionian, in the HEAVENS.

2 For indeed, in this twe are groaning, earnestly desiring to be invested with THAT HABI-TATION of ours which is from Heaven:

3 and surely, having been invested, we shall not be found destitute.

4 For, indeed, THOSE BEING in the TENT are groaning, being oppressed; in which we desire not to be divested, but # invested, that the MORTAL may be absorbed by LIFE.

5 Now HE who has PRO-DUCED us for this same thing is THAT God Who thas given to us the PLEDGE of the SPIRIT.

6 Therefore, being always confident, and knowing That being at home we are in the BODY, we are from

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. OUT INNER. 17. of us-omit. 5. also-omit.

<sup>1 10.</sup> Rom. vii. 22; Eph. iii. 16; Col. iii. 10; 1 Pet. ii. 4.

viii. 18; 1 Pet. i. 2, 6; v. 10.

t 18. Rom. viii. 23; 2 Cor. v. 7; Heb. xi. 1.

t 1. Jeh

v. 19; 2 Cor. iv. 7; 2 Pet. i. 13, 14.

t 2. Rom. viii. 23.

t a. Rom. viii. 23; 2 Cor. i. 22; Eph. i. 14; iv. 30.

uouμεν απο του κυριου 2 (δια πιστεως γαρ tom bome from the Lord, (by means of faith for

περιπατουμεν ου δια ειδους·) 8 θαρβουμεν we are walking, upt by means of aight,). where considers

δε, και ευδοκουμεν μαλλον εκδημησαι εκ του but, also we are well-pleased rather to be from home out of the

σωματος, και ενδημησαί προς τον κυρμον. <sup>9</sup> διο body. wherefore

και Φιλοτιμουμεθα, ειτε ενδημουντες, ειτε also we are very ambitious, whether being at home, or

exδημουντες, ευαρεστοι ζαυτωτειναι. 10 Tous temperous home, well-pleasing to tilling to be. The

 $\gamma$  τρ παντας ημας φανερωθηναί δει εμπροπτος all us to appear it is necessary before

θεν του βηματος του Χρεπτου, ίνα κομισηται
of the tribunal of the Anointed, that may receive

εκαττος τα δια του σωματος, προς ά επε
each one the things through the body, according to what was

pater, eire ayabor, fire karor.

The Elbores συν του φοβον του κύριου, ανθρω-Knowing therefore the fear, of the Lord, men

πους πειθομεν, θε ρ δε πεφανερωμεθα ελπιζω we persuade, to God but we have been ununifested; I hope

δ: και εν ταις συνειδητεσιν ύμων πεφανερωσθαι, and also in the consciences of you to have been manifested.

12 Ου \*[γαρ] παλιν έαυτους συνιστανομεν ύμιν,
Nat · [for] egan ourselves do we recommend to you.
αλλα αφορμην διδοντες ύμιν καυχηματος ύπερ

tut opportunity giving to you of boasting on ημων ίνα εχητε προς τους ενπροσωπο καυχωσιας tus, that you may have for those in face boasting.

μενους, και ου καρδία. <sup>13</sup>Ειτε γαρ εξεπτημεν, and no in heart. Levenis for we are besides ourselves,

Ospe ειτε σωφρονουμεν, ύμιν. H'Η γαρ αγαto God; and if we we of sound must to you The for love

πη του Χριστου συνεχει ήμας, 15 κριναντας οι είνο Αποιατεί σουτείνο του απεθανεν αρα

tais. that if one on behalf viall died, then
of παντες απεθανον και ύπερ παντων απεθαthey all died, and on behalf of all he died.

νεν, ίνα οι ζωντες μηκετι έαυτοις ζωσιν, αλλα that the living polongerto themselves shouldlive, but

το ύπερ αύτων αποθανοντικαι εγερθεντι, to him on babalf of them having died " and having been raised up.

home, away from the LORD;

7 (for t we are walking by Faith, not by Sight;)

8 but we are confident, and ‡ well-pleased rather to be separated from the BODY, and to be at home with the Lord.

9 And therefore we are very ambitious, whether being at home, or being from home, to be acceptable to him.

10 ‡ For we must ALL appear before the TRIBU-NAL of the ANOINTED, ‡so that each one may receive the THINGS through the BODY, according to whatwas performed, whether good or bad.

11 Knowing therefore the Terror of the Lord, we are persuading Men; thut we have been manifested to God; and I hope we have been made manifest also in your consciences.

12 We are not trecommending Ourselves again to you, but are giving you an Opportunity of boasting on our behalf; that you may have something for THOSE who are BOASTING in Appearance, but not in Heart.

13 For even if we were besides ourselves, it was for God; and if we are of sound mind, it is for you.

14 For the LOVE of the Anointed one constrains us.

15 judging this, That tif one died on behalf of all, then they ALL died; and that the died on behalf of all, in order that the LIVING might no longer live for Themselves, but for HIM who DIED and rose again on their behalf.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. For omit.

6 Ωστε ήμεις απο του νυν ουδενα οιδαμεν κατα So that we from the now no one know according to

ταρκα· ει δε και εγνωκαμεν κατα σαρκα flesh; if and even we knew according to flesh

Χριστον, αλλα νυν ουκετι γινωσκομεν. <sup>17</sup> Ω σ-Anointed, but now no longer we know. So

τε ει τις εν Χριστω, καινη κτισις τα αρχαια that if any one in Anointed, new creation; the things old

παρηλθεν, ιδου, γεγονε καινα  ${}^{*}$ [τα παντα.] passed away, lo, has become new [the all things.]  ${}^{*}$ Τα δε παντα εκ του θεου, του καταλλαξαντος

The but all things out of the God, that one having reconciled μας ξαυτφ δια \* [Ιησου] Χριστου, και δοντος us to himselfthrough [Jesus] Anointed, and having given

us to himself through [Jesus] Anointed, and having given

ιιν την διακονιαν της καταλλαγης. 19 Ως

us the service of the reconciliation. Namely

για the service of the reconciliation. Namely για θεος την εν Χριστφ κοσμον καταλλαστων .t God was in Anointed aworld reconciling

έαυτω, μη λογιζομενος αυτοις τα παραπτωματα to himself, not reckoning to them the fault

autwv, kai  $\theta \in \mu \in vos$  ev  $\eta \mu \nu$  tov  $\lambda \circ \gamma \circ \nu \circ \eta s$  of them, and having placed in us the word of the

καταλλαγης, 29 Υπερ Χριστου ουν πρεσβευοreconciliation. Ο behalf of Anointed therefore we are ambasμεν, ώς του θεου παρακαλουντος δι' ήμων·

salors, as if the God beseeching through us;

δεομεθα ὑπερ Χριστου, καταλλαγητε τω θεω. we pray on behalf of Anointed, be you reconciled to the God. 

21 Τον  $*[\gamma \alpha \rho]$  μη γνοντα αμαρτιαν, ὑπερ ἡμων

Him [for] not having known sin, on behalf of us αμαρτιαν εποιησεν, ένα ήμεις γινωμεθα δικαιο-

sin was made, that we might become eighteonsσυνη θεου εν αυτφ. ΚΕΦ. s'. 6. 1 Συνερness of God in him.

γουντες δε και παρακαλουμεν, μη εις κενον together but also we exhort, not in van

την χαριν του θεου δεξασθαι υμας· 2 (λεγει the favor of the God to receive you; (he bays

γαρ. Καιρφ δεκτφ επηκουσα σου και εν ήμερα for, In a season acceptable. Histened to these and in a day

σωτηριας εβοηθησα σοι. Ιδου, νυν καιρος ευof salvation I helped thee. Lo, now a season well-

16 So that we, from this time, respec \$No one on account of rflesh; and even if we esteemed Christ on account of Flesh, yet now we no longer thus regard him.

17 For, if any one be in Christ, he is ta New Creation; the old things have passed away; behold they have become new.

18 But all things are from that God twho has RECONCILED us to himself through Jesus Christ, and has given to us the MINISTRY of the RECONCILIATION:

19 namely, That ‡ God was by Christ reconciling the World to himself, not counting to them their offences; and has deposited with us the WORD of the RECONCILIATION.

20 On behalf of Christ, therefore, we are ‡ ambassadors; as if GoD were inviting through us, we entreat, on behalf of Christ,—be you reconciled to GoD!

21 For \$\frac{1}{2}\$HIM who KNEW no Sin, he made \$\frac{1}{2}\$ a Sineffering on our behalf,
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ that we might become \$\text{God's}\$ Righteousness in him.

### CHAPTER VI.

laborers, we exhort you not to receive the FAVOR of God in vain;

2 (for he says, †"In a Season acceptable, I listened to thee, and in a Day of Salvation I assisted thee." Behold! now is a

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-17. all things-omit.

<sup>18.</sup> Jesus-omit.

<sup>21.</sup> For-

<sup>† 16.</sup> or fleshly descent. See Rom. xi. 14, where Paul styles his countrymen his flesh. Since Christ had died on behalf of ail, the salvation of both Jew and Gentile were alike pecious. † 21. There are many passages in the Old Testament; where amartia, sin, signifies a sin-offering. Hosea iv. 8, "They (the priests) eat up the sin (sin-offerings) at my people." In the New Testament, likewise, the word sin has the same signification. Heb. ix. 20, 28; xiii. 11.—Mackaight.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Gal. v. 6. † 17. Gal. vi. 15. † 17. Epn. ii. 15; Rev. xxi. 5. † 18. Rom. v. 10; Eph. ii. 16; Col. i. 20. † 19. Rom. iii. 24, 25. † 20. Eph. vi. 20. † 21. Eph. iii. 6, 9, 12; Oal. iii. 13; 1 Pet. ii. 22, 24; 1 John iii. 5. † 21. Rom. ii. 17; v. 19; x. 3. † 21. Sax. Alix. 8.

προσδεκτος. σωτηριας.) ιδου. νυν ήμερα 10, of salvation.) accepted, now a day \* Μηδεμιαν εν μηδενι δικοντες προσκοπην, ίνα giving . Noone in any thing offence, se that ή διακογια. 4 αλλ' μωμηθη EV TAVTI not may be blamed the service; but in every thing συνιστωντες έαυτους ώς θεου διακονοι, εν ύποourselves as of God servants, in μονη πολλη εν θλιψεσιι, εν αναγκαις, εν στεtience much in afflictions in necessities, in νοχωριαις, 5 εν πληγαις, εν φυλακαις, εν ακαtreases. stripes, an prisons, in tuταστασ.αις, εν κοποις, εν αγρυπνιαις,  $\epsilon \nu$ labors. watchings, in in in νηστειαις. 6 εν άγνοτητι, εν γνωσει, εν μακροpurity, in knowledge, in long-aufin θυμια, εν χρηστοτητι, εν πνευματι άγιω, εν kındness, in spirit holy, in 7 εν λογω αληθειας, αγαπη ανυποκριτώ,  $\epsilon \nu$ unfeigned, in a word truth. δυναμε: θεου δια των όπλων της δικαιοσυνης power of God; through the arms of the righteousness των δεξιων και αριστερων, <sup>8</sup> δια δοξης και ατιof the rights and oflefts, through glory and μιας, δια δυσφημιας και ευφημιας ώς πλανοι grace, through bad fame and good fame; as και αληθεις. 9 ώς αγνοουμενοι, και επιγινωσκοand true; as being ignorant, and being duly appreμενοι ως αποθνησκοντες, και ιδου (ωμεν ώς and ciated; dying, lo we live; παιδευομενοι, και μη θανατουμενοι· 10 &s λυπουbeing corrected, and not put to death; 881 being μενοι, αει δε χαιροντες ώς πτωχοι, πολλους rejoicing; as poor, grieved, always but many δε πλουτιζοντες ώς μηδεν εχοντες, και παντα as nothing having, and allthings but making rich; κατεχουτες. 11 Το στομα ήμων ανεώγε προς

12 Ου στενοχωρεισθε εν ήμιν στενοχωρεισθε δε Not you are straitened in us; you are straitened but  $\epsilon \nu \tau ois \sigma \pi \alpha \gamma \chi \nu ois \dot{\nu} \mu \alpha \nu$ . <sup>13</sup>  $T \eta \nu \delta \epsilon \alpha \nu \tau \eta \nu \alpha \nu \tau i$ bowels The but same recomof you. μισθιαν, (ώς τεκνοις λεγω,) πλατυνθητε και (as to children I speak,) be enlarged pense,

ύμας, Κορινθιοι, ή καρδια ήμων πεπλατυνται.

The mouth

you, O Corinthians, the heart of us

DILEIS. you.

possessing.

14 Μη γινεσθε έτερο (υγουντες απιστοις· τις be you unequally yoking with unbelievers; what γαρ μετοχη δικαιοσυνη και ανομια; τις δε for participation righteousness and lawlessness? what and

well-accepted Season; behold! now is a Day of Sa. vation;)

3 1 giving No Offence in any thing, that the MINIS-TRATION may not be

blamed:

4 but in everything establishing ourselves 1 as God's Servants, by much patient endurance in Afflictions, in Necessities, in Distresses;

5 Iin Stripes, in Prisons, in Tumults; in Labors, in Watchings, in

Fastings;

6 by Purity, by Knowledge, by Forbearance; by Kindness, by a holy Spirit, by Love undissembled,

7 t by the Word of Truth, by the Power of God; through THOSE ARMS of Righteousness, on the RIGHT hand and Left;

8 through Glory and Disgrace; through Bad fame and Good fame; as Deceivers, and yet true;

9 tas being ignorant, yet being duly appreciated; ‡ as dying, yet behold! we live; as chastised, yet not put to death;

10 as grieving, but always rejoicing; as poor, but enriching many; as having Nothing, yet possessing All things.

11 Our MOUTH is opened toward you, O Corinthians! our HEART has been

enlarged.

12 You are not straitened in us, ‡ but you are contracted in your own TENDER AFFECTIONS.

13 But as a re-payment for the SAME, (11 speak as to Children,) be nou also enlarged.

14 ‡ Be not unequally yoked with Unbelievers; for ‡ What Participation has Righteousness with Iniquity? \* or what Com-

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. or what.

of us has been opened to

has been enlarged.

<sup>‡ 3. 1</sup> Cor. x. 32. ‡ 4. 1 Cor. iv. 1. † 7. 2 Cor. x. 4; Eph. vi. 11, 13; 2 Tim. iv. 7. † Cor. i. 9; iv. 10, 11. ‡ 12. 2 Cor. xii. 15. 7. \$ 5. 2 Cor. xi. 23, \$ 9. 2 Cor. xi. 0. \$ 15. \$ 13. 1 Cor. iv. 14. \$ 14. 1 Kings xviii. 21 1 Cor. x. \$ 12. 1 Cor. xi. 15. 1) Deut. vii. 2, 3; 1 Cor. v. 0; vii. 39.

κοινωνια φωτι προς σκοτος; 15 Tis δε συμφωνηfellowship light with darkness? What and agreement fellowship light with darkness? agreement

σις Χριστφ προς Βελιαρ; η τις μερις πιστφ of an Anointed with Beliar? or what portion to a believer μετα απιστου; 16 τις δε συγκαταθεσις ναφ θεφ

with an unbeliever? what and connection a temple of God μετα ειδωλων: 'Υμεις γαρ ναος θεου εστε ζων-

with You for a temple of God are living; 'Οτι ενοικησω εν τος καθως ειπεν δ θεος. God: That I will indwell among

αυτοις, και εμπεριπατησω και εσομαι αυτων and I will be to them and will walk about in;

 $\theta \epsilon o s$ , και αυτοι  $\epsilon \sigma o \nu \tau \alpha \iota$  μοι  $\lambda \alpha o s$ .  $^{17} \Delta \iota o \epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda$ a God, and they shall be to me apeople. Wherefore come

εκ μεσου αυτων και αφορισθητε, λεγει you out from midst of them and be you separated,

κυριος, και ακαθαρτου μη άπτεσθε· καγω εισδε-Lord, and of an unclean thing not touch you; and I will re-

ξομαι ύμας, <sup>18</sup> και εσομαι ύμιν εις πατερα, και ceive you, and I will be to you for a father, and ύμεις εσεσθε μοι εις υίους και θυγατερας, λεγει

you shall be to me for sons and daughters, Bays 1 Ταυτας КЕФ. ('. 7. κυριου παντοκρατωρ. These Almighty.

ουν εχοντες τας επαγγελιας, αγαπητοι, καθαtherefore having the promises, beloved ones, ρισωμεν έαυτους απο παντος μολυσμου σαρκος

cleanse ourselves from all pollution of flesh και πνευματος, επιτελουντες άγιωσυνην perfecting holiness in and apirit,

2 Χωρησατε ήμας ουδενα ηδικηφεβω θεου. Receive you of God. us; no one

σαμην, ουδενα εφθειραμεν, ουδενα επλεονεκτηjured, no one we corrupted, no one we defrauded.

3 Ου προς κατακρισιν λεγω· προειρηκα σαμεν. Not for condemnation I speak; before I said

γαρ, ότι εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων εστε εις το that in the hearts ofus you are in order that 4 Πολλη μοι παρόησυναποθανειν και συζην.

to die together and to live together. σια προς ύμας, πολλη μοι καυχησις ύπερ ύμων. much with me boasting on behalf of you,

πεπληρωμαι τη παρακλησει, ὑπερπερισσευομαι I have been filled with the consolation, I am overflowing

τη χαρα επι παση τη θλιψει ήι ων. <sup>5</sup> Και γαρ all the affliction of us. Indeed for with the joy in

Communion has Light with Darkness?

15 and What Accordance has Christ with † Beliar? or What Portion has a Believer with an Unbeliever?

16 And What Connection has God's Temple with Idols? # for \* we are a Temple of the living God; as God said, t"I "will dwell among them, "and walk among them; and I will be Their God, "and they shall be to Me "a People."

17 Wherefore, t"depart "from the Midst of them, "and be separated," says the Lord, "and touch not "the impure; and I will

"receive you,

18 # "and I will be to "you for a Father, and "nou shall be to Me for "Sons and Daughters, says "the Lord Almighty."

# CHAPTER VII.

Having, therefore, These PROMISES, Beloved, let us purify ourselves from all Pollution of Flesh and Spirit, per-fecting Holiness in the Fear of God.

2 Receive us; ‡ we have injured No one; we have corrupted No one; we have defrauded No one.

3 I speak not for Condemnation; for I pre-viously said, That it is in our HEARTS to DIE TO-GETHER, and to live together.

4 t Great is my Confidence in regard to you; t great is My Boasting on your behalf; ‡I have been filled with CONSOLATION; I am overflowing with JOY in All our AFFLICTION.

Much with me boldness

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-16. We are.

<sup>†18.</sup> So it is in the Vatican, and the majority of MSS., and in many early ecclesiastical writers. Beliar is from the Syriac, literally signifying that which profits not, but injures, and is rendered in the Peschito-Syriac, by the word Satan.

<sup>† 16. 1</sup> Cor. iii. 16; vi. 19; Eph. ii. 21, 22; Heb. iii. 6. † 16. Exod. xxix. 45; Lev. xxvi. 12; Jer. xxxi. 33; Ezek. xxxvi. 28; Zech. viii. 8. † 17. Isa. lii. 11. † 18. Jer. xxxi. 1, 9. † 1. 1 John iii. 3. † 2. Acts xx. 33; 2 Cor. xii. 17. † 3. 2 Cor. v. 11, 12. † 4. 2 Cor. iii. 12. † 4. 1 Cor. i. 4; 2 Cor. i. 11. † 4. Phil. ii. 17; Col. i. 24

ελθοντων ήμων εις Μακεδονιαν, ουδεμιαν εσχηhaving come of us into Macedonia, not had κεν ανεσιν ή σαρξ ήμων, αλλ' εν παντι θλιβοrest the flesh of us, but in everything being dis-6 Αλλ' εξωθεν μαχαι, εσωθεν φοβοι. fignts, within But tressed; without δ παρακαλων τους ταπεινους, παρεκαλεσεν ήμας comforted the one comforting the lowly ones, δ θεος εν τη παρουσιά Τιτου. 7 ου μονον δε εν the God by the presence of Titus; not only and by τη παρουσιά αυτου, αλλα και εν τη παρακλησει but also by the the presence of him. παρεκληθη εφ' ύμιν, αναγγελλων ήμιν with which he was comforted over you, announcing to us την ύμων επιποθησιν, τον ύμων οδυρμον, τον the of you earnest desire, the of you lamentation, the ύμων ζηλον ύπερ εμου. ώστε με μαλλον ofyou zeal on behalf of me; so that me 8 οτι ει και ελυπησα ύμας εν τη χαρηναι. to have rejoiced. Because if even I grieved you by the επιστολη, ου μεταμελομαι, ει και μετεμελομην. not I do repent, if indeed I did repent; βλεπω γαρ ότι ή επιστολη εκεινη, ει και προς for that the letter that, if even for 9 Νυν χαιρω, ουχ ότι ώραν, ελυπησεν ύμας. Now I rejoice, not because an hour, I grieved you. ελυπηθητε, αλλ' ότι ελυπηθητε εις μετανοιαν.

you were grieved, but because you were grieved in order to reformation; ελυπηθητε γαρ κατα θεον, ίνα εν μηδενι you were grieved for according to God, so that in nothing εξ ήμων. 10 °H γαρ κατα θεον (ημιωθητε The you might suffer loss from for according to God λυπη μετανοιαν εις σωτηριαν αμεταμελητον for not to be repented of reformation salvation κατεργαζεται ή δε του κοσμου λυπη θανατον the but of the world BOTTOW works out; 11 Ιδου κατεργα(εται. yap αυτο τουτο το

Lo for this the thing works out. same θεον λυπηθηναι \* [ ύμας, ] ποσην κατειροιο God to have been greeved [you,] how much itaccording to God to have been grieved γαπατο ύμιν σπουδην αλλα απολογιαν, αλλα worked in you diligence; but a defence, but

αγανακτησιν, αλλα φοβον, αλλα επιποθησιν, indignation, fear, earnest desire, but but αλλα (ηλον, αλλ' εκδικησιν' εν παντι συνεσzeal, but punichment; in every thing you \*[εν] τφ πραγτησατε έαυτους αγνους ειναι proved yourselves pure to be [in] the 12 Αρα ει και εγραψα ύμιν ουχ εινεκεν uati. Therefore if indeed I wrote to you not on account ter. του αδικησαντος, ουδε είνεκεν του αδικηθεν-

• VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—8. repent; and if even I did repent, I see That.
omit. 11. in—omit. 12. nor indeed on H13 account.

† 5. 2 Cor. ii. 13. † 5. 2 Cor. iv. 8. † 6. 2 Cor. i. 10. 2 Sam. xii. 13; Matt. xxvi. 75. † 10. Prov. xvii. 22. t 6. See 2 Cor 1 13 1 6. 2 Cor. i. 4. 1 12. 2 Cor. ii. 4

5 For, indeed, I we having come into Macedonia. our FLESH had No Rest, but twe were distressed in every way; -outwardly Fightings; inwardly Fears.

6 But that ! God who COMFORTS the DISCONSO-LATE, comforted us 1 by the PRESENCE of T.us:

7 and not only by his PRESENCE, but also by the COMFORT With which he was comforted on your account, narrating to us YOUR earnest desire, YOUR Lamentation, YOUR Zea. on my behalf; so that I greatly rejoiced.

8 Because if even I grieved you by the LET-TER, I do not \*repent; and if even I did repent, I see That that LETTER grieved you but for a short

9 I now rejoice, not Because you were grieved, but Because you were grieved in order to Reformation; for you were grieved according to God, so that you might suffer loss from us in nothing.

10 1 For the SORROW according to God produces Reformation for Salvation, not to be repented of; that the sorrow of the WORLD produces Death.

11 For behold this very thing,-to be GRIEVED according to God,-How much Earnestness it produced in you! what an Apology! what Indignation! what Fear! what Earnest desire! what Zeal! what a Punishment! In everything you proved yourselves to be pure in this MATTER.

12 If therefore, indeed, I wrote to you, it was not on HIS account WHG suffered the wrong, \* nor indeed on HIS account of the one having been wronged, nor on account of the one having done | WHO did the WEONG, | but

12 you

τος αλλ' είνεκεν του φανερωθηναι την σπουδην wrong; but on account of the to have been manifested the diligence τιων την ύπερ ύμων προς ύμας, ενωπιων του of us that on behalf of you toward you, in whence of the 13 Δια τουτο παρακεκλημεθα επι τη παρα-God. On account of this we co forted the comκλησει ύμων περισσοτερως δε μαλλον εχαρη-Ofyour more abundantly and rather we reμεν επι τη χαρά Τιτου, δτι αναπεπαυται το juced in the joy of Titus, because has been refreshed the πνευμ**α α**υτου απο παντων ύμων· <sup>14</sup> ότι ει spirit of him from all of you; because if anything αυτφ ύπερ ύμων κεκαυχημαι, ου κατησχυνθην. to him on behalf of you I have boasted, not I was ashamed; αλλ' ώς παντα εν αληθεια ελαλησημεν ύμιν, wespoke but as all things in to you, ούτω και ή καυγησις ήμων ή επι Τιτου, αληθεια also the boasting of us that to Titus, εγενηθη· 15 και τα σπλαγχνα αυτου περισσο-became; and to bowels of him more abunτερως εις ύμως εστιν. . ωμιμνησκομενου την remembering the dantly for ye. παντων ύμων ύπακο~ν, ώς COBOU KAL TONof you obedience, /ith 2.6 fear and trem-16 Χαιρω, ότι εν παντι μου εδεξασθε αυτον. that in every thing L'rojoice, bling you received  $\epsilon \nu \ \delta \mu \iota \nu$ θαρδω I have confidence in you.

# КЕΦ. η'. 8.

Xapiv 1 Γνωριζομεν δε ύμιν, αδελφοι, την We make known but to you, O brethren, the του θεου την δεδομενην εν ταις εκκλησιαις της of the God that having been given by the congregations of the Μακεδονιας δτι εν πολλη δοκιμη θλιψεως ή that in trial of affliction the Macedonia: Saπερισσεια της χαρας αυτων, και ή Kata joy of them, and the in abundance of the drep θους πτωχεια αυτων, επερισσευσεν εις TOV of them. abounded poverty \* \ουτον της απλοτητος αυτων· 3 ότι liberality of them ; because according to of the δυναμ.ν (μαρτυρω) και ύπερ δυναμιν αυθαιρετοι, and beyond power of their own accord, (I testify) power ιετα πολλης παρακλησεως δεομενοι ήμων την earnestentreaty asking much γαριν και την κοινωνιαν της διακονίας της εις favor even the participation of the service 5 Και ου καθως ηλπισαμέν, αλλ Tous aylous. And, not we expected, but the saints.

in order that THAT DILI-GENCE of ours which we have on your behalf might be MANIFESTED toward you in the presence of GOD.

13 On this account \*we were comforted; and in our COMFORT, we rejoiced more abundantly at the JOY of Titus, Because his SPIRIT; was refreshed by you all.

14 Because if I have boasted in any thing to Him on your behalf, I was not ashamed; but as we spoke All things to you in Truth, \* thus also our BOASTING before Titus became a Truth.

15 And his TENDER AF-FECTIONS are overflowing toward you, remembering the OBEDIENCE of you all, how with Fear and Trembling you received 'im.

16 I rejoice That in every thing ‡I have confidence in you.

#### CHAPTER VIII.

1 Now, Brethren, we make you acquainted with THAT GIFT for GOD which has been given by the congregations of Macedonia;

2 That in a Great Trial of Affliction, the Abun-DANCE of their JOY, even in their their there poverty, overflowed in the WEALTH of their LIBERALITY;

3 Because That according to their Ability, I testify, and even beyond their Ability, voluntarily.

4 with Much Entreaty asking us to accept the GIFT, even the 1 JOINT PARTICIPATION OF THAT SERVICE Which is for the SAINTS;

5 and not as we ex-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—13. we were comforted; and in our comfort we rejoiced more abundantly.

14. thus also our boasting before Titus.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Rom. xv. 32. † 15. 2 Con. ii. 0; Phil. ii. 12. † 16. 2 Thess. iii. 4; Philemon. 8, 21. † 2. Mark xii. 44 † 4. Acts xi. 20; xxiv. 17; Rom. xv. 25, 26; 1 Cor. xvi. 4, 5, 4; 2 Cor. ix. 1.

έαυτους εδωκαν πρωτον τω κυριώ, και ήμιν, δια themselves they gave first to the Lord, and tous, through θεληματος θεου. 6εις το παρακαλεσαι ήμας of God; in orderthat tointreat Τιτον, ίνα καθως προενηρξατο, ούτω και επιτε-Titus, that as he before began, so also  $^7$  A $\lambda\lambda$ λεση εις ύμας και την χαριν ταυτην. perfect among you also the gift this. But ώσπερ εν παντι περισσευετε, (πιστει και λυγφ in everything you abound. (in faith and in word και γνωσει και παση σπουδη, και τη εξ ύμων εν and in knowledgeand in all diligence, and in the from of you to ήμιν αγαπή,) ίνα και εν ταυτή τη χαριτι περισlove,) that also in this the favor you may σευητε· 8 ου κατ' επιταγην λεγω, αλλα δια abound; not according to a command I speak, but through της έτερων σπουδης, και το της ύμετερας αγαof the of others diligence, and that of the your πης γνησιον δοκιμαζων. 9 (γινωσκετε γαρ την am proving; (you know for the χαριν του κυριου ήμων Ιησου \*[Χριστου,] ότι favor of the Lord of us Jesus [Anointed,] that 823 ύμας επτωχευσε πλουσιος ων, ίνα ύμεις on account of you he became poor rich being, so that you τη εκεινου πτωχεια πλουτησητε.) 10 και γνωpoverty might become rich;) and an opinμπν εν τουτω διδωμι. Τουτο γαρ ύμιν συμφε-This for to you ion in this I give. is profitρει, οίτινες ου μονον το ποιησαι, αλλα και το not alone the to do. able, who but also the θελειν προενηρξασθε απο περυσι. 11 νυνι δε και before began from last year; now but also το ποιησαι επιτελεσατε, όπως καθαπερ ή προthe promptdo you perfect, that R8 θυμια του θελειν, ούτω και το επιτελεσαι εκ ness of the to will, so also the to finish 12 Ει γαρ ή προθυμια προκειται, TOU EXELV. If for the promptness is placed first, καθο εαν εχή \*[τις,] ευπροσδεκτος, ου according to what may have [any one,] acceptable, not ουκ εχει. 13 Ου γαρ, ίνα αλλοις Not for, that to others secording to what not he has. ανεσις, ύμιν δε θλιψις, αλλ' εξ ισοτητος εν τω rest, to you but affliction, but out of an equality; in the νυν καιρώ το ύμων περισσευμα εις το εκεινών present season the to you abundance for the of them ίστερημα, 14 ίνα και το εκεινων περισσευμα so that also the of them abundance γενηται εις το ύμων ύστερημα, όπως γενηται may be for the of you want, so that may be

pected, but they gave Themselves first to the LORD, and to us, through the Will of God:

6 so that twe DESIRED Titus, that as he had previously began so also he would finish this GIFT

among you.

7 But as tyou abound in every thing,-in Faith, and in Word, and in Knowledge, and in All Earnestness, and in Your Love to us, see that you abound in This FREE GIFT

8 ‡ I do not speak this by Commandment, but through the EARNESTNESS of OTHERS, I am testing also the REALITY of YOUR

Love.

9 For you know the FAVOR of our LORD Jesus, † That, being rich, yet on your account he was made poor, so that, by HIS Poverty, nou might be enriched.

10 And ; in this I give an Opinion; for this is beneficial for you, who, previously began not only to Do, but also to be WIL-LING, # since the last Year.

11 At present, therefore. finish the DOING also, that according to the PROMPTI-TUDE to WILL, so also may be the accomplishment, according to ABIL-

12 # For if READINESS OF MIND be present, one is acceptable according to what he may have, and not according to what he has not.

15 Not, however, that to others may be relief,

and to you distress,

14 but an Equality; at THIS Time let YOUR Abundance be for THEIR Deficiency, so that also THEIR Abundance may be for YOUR Deficiency; so that there may be an Equality.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. Anointed-omit.

<sup>12.</sup> any one-omit.

<sup>† 6.</sup> verse 17; 2 Cor. xii. 8. † 7. 1 Cor. i. 5; xit. 8. Matt. vi. 120; Lude iv. 58; Phil. ii. 6, 7. † 10. 1 Cor. 12. Mark xii. 43, 44; Luke xal. 40 1 8. 1 Cor. vii. 7. 1 9 25. 1 10. 2 Cor. iz. 2 1 10. 1 Cor. vii. 25.

ισοτης. 15 καθως γεγραπται. Ο το πολυ, ουκ n equality; even as it has been written; He the much, επλεονασε και ό το ολιγον, ουκ ηλαττονησε. had over; and he the little, not had lack.

16 Χαρις δε τω θεω τω διδοντι την αυτην σπου-Thanks but to the God to that having given the same carnestδην ύπερ ύμων εν τη καρδια Τιτου· <sup>17</sup> ότι την ness on behalf of you in the heart of Titus; because the μεν παρακλησιν εδεξατο σπουδαιοτέρος δε indeed exhortation he received; but more earnest ύπαρχων, αυθαιρετος εξηελθε προs ύμας. being, of his own accord he went out to you.

18 Συνεπεμψαμεν δε μετ' αυτου τον αδελφον, We sent together and with him the brother, δ επαινος εν τω ευαγγελιω δια πασων of whom the praise των εκκλησιων. 19 ου μονον δε, αλλα και χειnot only and, but also having of the congregations; ροτονηθεις ύπο των εκκλησιων συνεκδημος been voted by the congregations a fellow-traveler ήμων συν τη χαριτι ταυτη, τη διακονουμενη of us with the gift this, that being administered ύφ ήμων \* [ autou ] TOOS THY του κυοιου by UN for the [same] the Lord δοξαν και προθυμιαν ήμων. 20 στελλομενοι and readiness of mind of us; avoiding τουτο, μη τις ήμας μωμησηται εν τη αδροτητι this, not any one us should blame in the abundance ταυτη τη διακονουμενη ύφ' ήμων· 21 προνοουμεthis the being served us; we are purpos\_ by νοι γαρ καλα ου μονον ενωπιον κυριου, αλλα ing for good things not only in presence of Lord, but

και ενωπιον ανθρωπων. 22 Συνεπεμψαμεν δε Wesenttogether and in presence of men. αυτοις τον αδελφον ήμων, όν εδοκιμασαμεν εν with them the brother of us, whom we proved πολλοις πολλακις σπουδαιον οντα, νυνι δε πολυ diligent being, now but much many things many times σπουδαιοτερον, πεποιθησει πολλη τη εις ύμας.

more diligent, confidence great in that for you.  $^{23}$  Eite  $\dot{v}\pi\epsilon\rho$  Titov, ... in  $\omega$  vos  $\epsilon\mu$ os kai  $\epsilon$ is  $\dot{v}\mu$ as my and for you And if on behalf of Titus, partner συνεργος ειτε αδελφοι μων, αποστολοι εκa fellow-laborer; and if brethren of us, apostles κλησιων, δοξα Χριστου. 24 Την ουν ενδειξιν congregations, glory of Anointed. The therefore proof της αγαπης ύμων, και ήμων καυχησεως ύπερ of the love of you, and of us boasting on behalf ύμων, εις αυτους ενδειξασθε εις προσωπον των ot you, for them point you out in face of the εκκλησιων.

congregations.

15 even as it has been written, ‡" HE who had "MUCH, had no surplus; "and HE who had LITTLE, "had no deficiency."

16 But Thanks be to THAT GOD who has PUT into the HEART of Titus, the Same Earnestness on

your behalf;

17 t because he received, indeed, the EXHORTATION; but being very earnest, he went away of his own accord to you.

18 And we sent with him tthe BROTHER, whose PRAISE by the GLAD TID-INGS is throughout all of the CONGREGATIONS;

19 and not only so, but t also he has been voted by the congregations our Fellow-traveler with this GIFT, which is BEING DIS-PENSED by us for the Glory of the LORD, and of our Earnestness;

20 avoiding this, that no one should blame Us in this ABUNDANCE which IS BEING DISPENSED by

us.

21 ffor we are purposing excellent things, not only in the presence of the Lord, but also in the pres-

ence of Men.

22 And we have sent with them our BROTHER, (whom we have often found diligent in many things, but now much more diligent,) because of THAT great Confidence reposed in you.

23 And if any inquire respecting Titus, he is my Partner and Fellow-laborer for you; or concerning our Brethren, they are the Delegates of the CONCRE. GATIONS, and the ! Glery

of Christ.

24 Show, therefore, to them the PROOF of your LOVE, and of Our # Boasting on your behalf, before the congregations.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. Same-omit.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Exod. xvi. 18. † 17. verse 6. † 18. 2 Cor. xii. 18. † 19. 4. † 19. 2 Cor. iv. 15. † 21. Rom. xii. 17; Phil. iv. 8; 1 Pet. ii. 12. Phil. ii. 25. † 24. 2 Cor. vii. 14; 14. 2 1 19. 1 Cor. xvi.

# KE $\Phi$ , $\theta'$ , $\theta$ ,

1 Περι μεν γαρ της διακονίας της εις τους Concerning indeed for the service of that for the avious περισσον μοι εστι το γραφείν ύμιν.

saints superfluous forme it is the to write to you. 2 Οιδα γαρ την προθυμιαν ύμων, ήν ύπερ ύμων I know for the readmers of mind of you, which on benalf of you καυχωμαι Μακεδοσιν, ότι Αχαια παρεσκευασam boasting to Macedonians, because Achaia has been prepared ται απο περυσι και δ εξ ύμων ζηλυς ηρεθισε from last year; and the from of you zeal stirred up τους πλειονας.  ${}^3$  Επεμψα δε τους αδελφους, ίνα I sent but the brethren, so that the many. μη το καυχημα ήμων το ύπερ ύμων κενωθη εν not the boasting of us that on behalf of you should be vain in τω μερει τουτω ίνα, καθως ελεγον, περεσκευthe respect this; so that, as I said, having been  $a\sigma\mu\epsilon\nu oi$   $\eta\tau\epsilon^*$   $\mu\eta\tau\omega s$   $\epsilon\alpha\nu$   $\epsilon\lambda\theta\omega\sigma i$   $\sigma\nu\nu$   $\epsilon\mu oi$  prepared may be; lest perhaps if should come with me Μακεδονες, και εύρωσιν ύμας απαρασκευαστους, Macedonians, and find you unprepared, καταισχυνθωμεν ήμεις (ίνα μη λεγωμεν ύμεις) should be ashamed we (that not we may say you) εν τη ύποστασει ταυτη. 5 Αναγκαιον συν EV TH in the confident expectation this. Necessary therefore ηγησαμεν παρακαλεσαι τους αδελφους, ίνα προto exhort the brethren, that they Ithought ελθωσιν εις ύμας, και προκαταρτισωσι την and would make ready before the would go before to you, προκατηγγελμενην ευλογιαν ύμων, ταυτην of you, thus pre-announced blessing έτοιμην ειναι ούτως ώς ευλογιαν, και μη ώς ready to be thus as a blessing, and not as πλεονεξίαν. Τουτο δε, δ σπειρων φειδομενως, This but, theonesowing an exaction. sparingly, Φειδομενως και  $θερισει^*$  και δ σπειρων  $επ^*$  sparingly also shailreap; and the one sowing in ευλογιαις, επ' ευλογιαις και θερισει. 7 Έκασblessings, in blessings also shallreap. τος καθως προαιρειται τη καρδια. μη εκ λυπης, he purposes in the heart; not from grief, η εξ αναγκης ίλαρον γαρ δοτην αγαπα δ θεος. or from necessity; a cheerful for giver loves the God. 8 Δυνατος δε δ θεος πασαν χαριν περισσευσαι Poweri 1 b: tthe God every favor to make abound εις ύμας, ίνα εν παντοτε πασαν αυταρκειαν to you that in everything always all-sufficiency εχοντες, περισσευητε εις παν εργον αγαθον. having, Tou may abound in every work good; θκαθως γεγραπται Εσκορπισεν, εδωκε τοις even as it lias bean written; He has dispersed, he gave to the

πενησιν. ή δικαισσυνη αυτου μενει εις τον αιω-

poor ones; the righteousness of him abides for the

#### CHAPTER IX.

1 For, indeed, concerning THAT SERVICE which is for the SAINTS it is superfluous for me to WRITE

to you; 2 for I know t your PROMPTITUDE, ‡ of which I am boasting on your behalf to the Macedonians, That | Achaia was prepared last Year, and YOUR Zeal has excited MANY.

S & But I sent the BRE-THREN, lest THAT BOAST-ING of ours on your behalf should be vain in this RESPECT; in order that you may be prepared:

4 lest, perhaps, if the Macedonians should come with me, and find you unprepared, we, not to say nou, should be ashamed in this CONFIDENT LX.

PECTATION.

5 I thought it necessary, therefore, to exhort the BRETHREN, to go on hefore to you, and to first make ready this PREVI-OUSLY ANNOUNCED GIFT of yours, that thus it may be ready as a Gift, and not as an Extortion.

6 But this I say, \$ HE who sows sparingly, will also reap sparingly; and HE who sows bountifully, will reap also bountifully;

7 even as each one purposes in his HEART, I not from Grief, or from Necessity; for t God loves a Cheerful Giver.

8 # And God is able to make Every Favor abound to you, so that always having All Sufficiency in every thing, you may abound in Every good Work.

9 as it has been written. t" He has dispersed, he has given to the POOR; "his RIGHTEOUSNESS re-"mains for the AGE."

<sup>11.</sup> Acts xi. 29; Rom. xv. 26; 1 Cor. xvi. 1; 2 Cor. viii. 4; Gal. ii. 10. 12 2 Cor. viii. 10. 13. 2 Cor. viii. 24. 12. 2 Cor. viii. 10. 13. 2 Cor. viii. 6, 17, 18, 22. 16. Prov. xi. 24; xix. 17; xxii. 0; Gal. vi. 7, 0. 27. Deut. xv. 7. 17. Exod. xxv. 2, xxv. 7; Prov. xi. 25; Rom. xii. 8; 2 Cor. viii. 12. 18. Prov. xi. 24, 25; xxviii. 27: Phil. iv. 19. 19. Psa. xi. 2, v.

free gift.

10 'Ο δε επιχορηγων σπερμα τω σπει-The and one supplying seed to the опе ροντι και αρτον εις βρωσιν, χορηγησει και bread for sowing and food, will supply and πληθυνει τον σπορον ύμων, και αυξησει τα will multiply the sowing of you, and will increase the γεννηματα της δικαιοσυνης ύμων 11 εν παντι in everything products of the righteousness of you; πλουτιζομενοι εις πασαν απλοτηπα, ήτις κατερbeing enriched for all liberality, which works γαζεται δι' ἡμων ευχαριστιαν τω θεω· 12 ότι through us thanksgiving to the God; because ή διακονια της λειτουργιας ταυτης ου μονον the dispensing of the public service this not εστι προσαναπληρουσα τα ύστερηματα των abundantly supplying the wants of the άγιων, αλλα και περισσευουσα δια πολλων saints, but also is abounding through many ευχαριστιών τω θεω. 13 δια της δοκιμης της thanksgivings to the God; on account of the proof of the διανονίας ταυτης δοξαξοντές τον θέον επι τη this they are glorifying the God at the <mark>ὑποταγη της ὁμ</mark>ολογιας ὑμων εις το ευαγγελιον subjection of the profession of you to the glad tidings του Χριστου, και απλοτητι της κοινωνίας εις of the Anointed one, and liberality of the contribution for αυτους και εις παντας, 14 και αυτων δεησει and for all, and of them by prayer <del>ύπερ ύμων, επιποθουντων ύμας, δια την ύπερ</del>on behalf of you, ardently .ving you, because of the surβαλλουσαν χαριν του θεου εφ' ύμιν. 15 Xapis P.ssing Thanks \* [ \$ = ] TO DEO ETL TH ανεκδιηνητω αυτου [but] to the God for the inexpressible or him 8mm 12.

# КЕФ. с. 10.

\* Αυτος δε εγω Παυλος παρακαλω ύμας δια Paul beseech youonaccount της πραστητος και επιεικειας του Χριστου, ός of the meekness and gentleness of the Anointed, who προσωσον μεν ταπεινος εν ύμιν, απων face indeed humble among you, being absent δε θαρόω εις ύμας. 2 δεομαι δε, το μη παρων but am bold toward you; I pray but, that not being present θαρόησαι τη πεποιθησει, 'η λογιζομαι τολμηto be bold with the confidence, with which I reckon to have darσαι επι τινας τους λογιζομενους ήμας ές ng toward some those reckoning us as according to σαρκα περιπατουντας. 3 Εν σαρκι γαρ περικα-In flesh for walking. walk.

10 And HE ‡ who SUPPLIES Seed to the SOWER, and Bread for Food, will multiply your sowing, and increase the PRODUCTS of your ‡RIGHTEOUSNESS;

11 you being enriched m everything for All Liberality, ‡ which produces through us Thanksgiving

\* to GoD;

12 because the DISPENSING of this PUBLIC SERVICE, not only is \(^1\) amply supplying the WANTS of the SAINTS, but also is abounding through the Thanksgiving of Many \* to God:

13 for they are glorifying God on account of the proof of this ministration in your avowed subjection to the GLAD TIDINGS of the Anointed one, and the Liberality of the tontribution to them and for all:

14 and by Their Prayer on your behalf, ardently loving you on account of the SURPASSING ‡ Favor of GOD bestowed upon you.

15 Thanks to God ‡ for his inexpressible free Gift!

#### CHAPTER X.

1 Now ‡F, (the same Paul, ‡ who, in Appearance, indeed, am humble among you, but being absent am bold \*toward you,) exhort you by the Meekness and Gentleness of the ANOINTED one;

2 and I pray that I may not be bold, being present, with the CONFIDENCE which I presume of daring to display toward some who regard us as walking according to the Flesh.

3 For though we are

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-11. of God.
1. on account of you.

<sup>12.</sup> to the Anointed.

<sup>15.</sup> but-omit.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Isa. lv. 10. † 10. Hoshea x. 12; Matt. vi. 1. † 12. 2 Cor. i. 11; iv. 15. † 12. 2 Cor. viii. 1. † 13. Matt. v. 16. † 13. Heb. xiii. 16 † 14. 2 Cor. viii. 1. † 15. James i. 17. † 1. Rom. xii. 1. † 1. verse 10; 2 Cor. xii. 5, 7, 9, 5 2. Cor. iv. 21; 2 Cor. xii. 4.

τουντες, ου κατα σαρκα στρατευομεθα, 4 (τα not according to slesh warring, (the

γαρ όπλα της στρατειας ήμων ου σαρκικα, αλλα for arms of the warfare of us not neshly, δυνατα τω θεω προς καθειρεσιν οχυρωματων,)

powerful in the God for a casting down of fortresses,)

5 λογισμους καθαιρουντές και παν ύψωμα επαιcasting down and every height raising

ρομένον κατα της γνωσέως του θέου, και αιχ-itselfup against the knowledge of the God, and leadμαλωτιζοντες παν νοημα εις την ύπακοην του every mind into the obedience of the

Χριστου, <sup>6</sup> και εν έτοιμη εχουτες εκδικησαι Anointed, and in preparation having to punish

πασαν παρακοην, όταν πληρωθη ύμων ή ύπαdisobedience, when may be fulfilled of you the obe- $7 T\alpha$ κατα προσωπον βλεπετε; Ει τις kon. dience. The things according to face do you see? If any one

πεποιθεν έαυτω Χριστου ειναι, τουτο λογιζεσθω has persuaded himself of Anointed to be, this let him consider παλιν αφ' έαυτου ότι καθως αυτος Χριστου,

again from himself that even as he of Anointed, ούτω και ήμεις. <sup>8</sup> Εαν τε γαρ και περιπσοτερον If indeed for even more abundantly

καυχησωμαι περι της concerning the εξουσιας. I should boast authority ήμων, ής εδωκεν δ κυριος \*[ήμιν,] εις οικοδο-

of us, which gave the Lord [to us,] for μην και ουκ εις καθειρεσιν ύμων, ουκ αισχυνηand not for casting down of you, not

9 Ίνα μη δοξω ώς αν εκφοβειν ύμας θησομαι. So that not I may seem as I would terrily you ashamed.

των επιστολων. 10 (δτι αί μεν επιστολαι, (because theindeed letters, by means of the letters,

φησι, βαρειαι και ισχυραι ή δε παρουσια του he says, weighty and powerful; the but presence of the

σωματος ασθενης, και δ λογος εξουθενημενος.) weak, and the word having been despised;) body

11 τουτο λογιζεσθω ή τοιουτος, ότι οίοι εσμεν this let consider the such an one, that such ones we are

τω λογω δι' επιστολων αποντές, τοιουτοι και by theword through letters being absent, such like ones also

παρουτες τω εργω. 12 Ου γαρ τολμωμεν εγκριto rank

ναι η συγκριναι έαυτους τισι των έαυτους συor to compare ourselves with some of those themselves com-

walking in the Flesh, we are not warring according to the Flesh.

4 I since the ARMS tof our WARFARE are not of Flesh, but I DIVINELY powerful for the Demolition of Fortresses;

5 I demolishing Reasonings, and Every Height rearing itself up against the KNOWLEDGE of GOD. and leading captive Every Mind to the OBEDIENCE of the ANOINTED ONE:

6 and theing prepared to punish All Disobedience, when I Your OBE-DIENCE may be completed.

7 Do you look on THINGS according to Appearance? 11f any one seems to trust in himself That he is of Christ, let him consider this again from himself, That as he is of Christ, so also are we. 8 For if indeed I should

boast somewhat more abundantly 1 of our AU-THORITY, which the LOLD gave for your Building up, and not for your overthrowing, \$1 shall not be ashamed;

9 so that I may not seem as if I would terrily

you by LETTERS;

10 because "the LET-TERS," says he, "are weighty and powerful; but the BODILY PRES-ENCE is weak, and I SPEECH contemptible."

11 Let such a one con" sider this, That such as we are in WORD through Letters, being absent, such also will we be in WORK, being present.

12 # For \* we dare not rank or compare ourselves with some of those who COMMEND Themselves;

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. seems to trust in himself. I dare not.

S. to us-omit.

<sup>12.</sup> 

<sup>1 4.</sup> Eph. vl. 13; 1 Thess. v. 8.

22; 1 Cor. ii. 5; 2 Cor. vi. 7; xiii. 3, 4.

1 5. 1 Cor. i. 19; iii. 19.

1 6. 2 Cor. xii. 2;

1 7. John vi. 24; 2 Cor. vi. 18.

1 7. 1 Cor. xii. 3, 4.

1 8. 2 Cor. xiii. 10.

1 8. 2 Cor. vii. 14; xii. 6.

1 Cor. ii. 3, 4; verse 1; 2 Cor. xii. 5, 7, 0; Gal. iv. 13.

1 10. 1 Cor. i. 17; ii. 1, 4; 2 John xii. 6.

1 12. 2 Cor. iii. 1; v. 12.

νιστανοντων αλλα αυτοι εν έαυτοις έαυτους they by themselves themselves mending; bus μετρουντες, και συγκρινοντες έαυτους έαυτοις, measuring, and comparing themselves with themselves, 13 Ήμεις δε ουχιεις τα αμεου συνιουσιν. We and not for the things unnot are intelligent. τρα καυχησωμεθα, αλλα κατα το μετρον του measured we will boast, but according to the measure of the κανονος, ού εμερισεν ήμιν ό θεος μετρου, εφιrule, of which distributed to us the God of measure, 14 Ου γαρ, ώς μη εφικκεπθαι αχρι και ύμων. to even you. Not for, as not reachνουμενοι εις ύμας, ύπερεκτεινομέν έαυτους. we overstretch ing to you, (αχρι γαρ και ύμων εφθασαμεν εν τω ευαγγελιω you we came in the glad tidings for even του Χριστου.) 15 ουκ εις τα αμέτρα καυγωμέof the Anointed.) not forthethings unmeasured boasting νοι εν αλλοτριοις κοποις, ελπιδα δε εχοντες, a hope; but having, others labors, αυξαναμένης της πιστέως ύμων, εν ύμιν μέγαbeing increased of the faith of you, by you to be λυνθηναι κατα τον κανονα ήμων εις περισyou into superabunaccording to the rule 16 εις τα ύπερεκεινα ύμων ευαγγελισασ- $\sigma \in \iota \alpha \nu$ . to the parts beyond of you to announce glad dance. ουκ εν αλλοτριώ κανονι εις τα έτοιμα Hat. not by rule for the things ready tidings; another 17 'Ο δε καυχωμένος, εν κυριφ καυχησασθαι. The but one boasting, in to boast. 18 Ου γαρ δ καυχασθω. έαυτον συνιστων. let him boast. Not for he Limself commending, εκεινος εστι δοκιμος, αλλ' όν δ κυριος συνιστηapproved, but whom the Lord com-TIV. mends.

КЕФ. 1а'. 11.

1 Οφελον ανειχεσθε μου μικρον τη αφροσυνη. wish you would bear with me a little in the foolishness. αλλα και ανεχεσθε μου. 2 Ζελω γαρ ύμας θεου even you do bear with me. I am zealous for you of God ζηλφ. ήρμοσαμην γαρ ύμας ένι ανδρι, παρθενον with a zeal; I espoused for you to one husband, a virgin άγνην παραστησαι τω Χριστω. 3 φοβουμαι δε, pure to present to the Anointed; but I fear μηπως ώς ὁ όφις Ευαν εξηπατησεν εν τη πανdeceived by the lest as the serpent Eve ουργια αύτου, \*[ούτω] φθαρη τα νοηματα [so] should be corrupted the minds of himself,

these. measuring Themselves by themselves, and comparing themselves with themselves, are not intelligent.

13 I But we will not boast respecting UNMEAS-URED Things; but according to the MEASURE of the RULE which the GOD of Measure assigned to us, to reach even to you.

14 For we do not, as not reaching to You, overstretch ourselves; (# for we came even to You with the GLAD TIDINGS of the

ANOINTED;)

15 not boasting with reference to UNMEASURED Things, in t the Labors of Others; but having a Hope, your FAITH being increased, to be enlarged among you, according to our RULE, for a superabundance;

16 to announce glad tidings in parts BEYOND you; not to boast concerning Things PREPARED by Another's Rule.

17 ‡ But HE who BOASTS, let him boast in the Lord:

18 for inot the one com-MENDING Himself is approved, but t whom the LORD commends.

# CHAPTER XI.

1 I wish you would bear with me \*some little in imy FOOLISHNESS; and indeed you do bear with me.

2 For I am ardently devoted to you with a godly Zeal; ‡ because I betrothed you for one Husband .- a chaste Virgin ‡ to present to the ANOINTED;

3 but I am afraid, lest, as I the SERPENT deceived Eve by his craft, your MINDS : may be corrupted

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. some little in my foolishness.

3. so-omit:

<sup>† 13.</sup> verse 15. † 14. 1 Cor. iii. 5, 10; iv. 15; ix. 1. † 15. Rom. xv. 20. † 17. Isa. lxv. 16; Jer. ix. 24; 1 Cor. i. 31. † 18. Prov. xxvii. 2. † 18. Rom. ii. 26; 1 Cor. iv. 5. † 1. verse 16; 2 Cor. v. 13. † 2. 1 Cor. iv. 15. † 2. Col. i. 3, 2, 3. Gen. iii. 4; John viii. 44. † 3. Eph. vi. 24; Col. ii. 4, 8, 18; 1 Tim. i. 3; iv. 1; Hetxiii. 9; 2 Pet. iii. 17.

ύμων απο της απλοτητίς της εις τον Χριστον, of you from the simplicity of that into the Anointed.

 $^4$  Et  $\mu \epsilon \nu$  yap  $\delta$   $\epsilon \rho \chi$  omerons and  $\delta$  In the one coming another Jesus proclaims

σει όν ουκ εκηρυξαμεν, η πνευμα έτερον λαμwhom not we proclaimed, or a spirit another you

βανετε δ ουκ ελαβετε, η ευαγγελίον έτερον δ receive which not you received, or glad tidings otherwhich

our edekas $\theta$ e, kalws aveixes $\theta$ e. <sup>5</sup> Λογιζομαι not you embraced, well you might bear. <sup>1</sup> I reckon

γαρ μηδεν ὑστερηκεναι των ὑπερλιαν αποστοfor nothing to have been behind those in the highest degree apos-

 $\lambda\omega\nu$ . <sup>6</sup> Et  $\delta\varepsilon$  kat the the table  $\tau\omega$   $\lambda \delta\gamma\omega$ , and  $\delta\omega$  out  $\tau\eta$  thes. If but even a simple person in the word, yet not in the

 $\gamma \nu \omega \sigma \epsilon \iota$ : αλλ'  $\epsilon \nu$  παντι φανερωθέντες  $\epsilon \nu$  πασιν anowledge; but in everything having been manifested in all things

εις ύμας, <sup>7</sup> Η άμαρτιαν εποιησα, εμαυτον among you. Or sin did I commit, myself

ταπεινων, ίνα ύμεις ύψωθητε: ότι δωρεαν το humbling, so that you might be exalted? because freely the

του  $\theta$ εου ευαγγελιον ευηγγελισαμην  $\dot{\nu}$ μιν; of the God glad tidings I announced to you?

β Αλλας εκκλησίας εσυλησα, λαβων οψωνίον Other congregations I robbed, having taken wages προς την ύμων διακονίαν· και παρων προς ύμας

for the of you service; and being present with you και υστερηθεις, ου κατεναρκησα ουδενος and having been in want, not did I lazily burden any one;

9 (το γαρ ύστερημα μου προσανεπληρωσαν of the for want of me supplied before the

αδελφοι ελθοντες απο Μακεδονιας) και εν brethren having come from Macedonia;) and in

παντι αβαρη ύμιν εμαυτον ετηρησα, και everything unburdensome to you myself I kept, and τηρησω.  $^{10}$  Εστιν αληθεία Χριστου εν εμοι,

τηρησω. 10 Εστιν αληθεία Χριστου εν εμοι, will keep. It is a truth of Anointed in me,

ότι ή καυχησις αύτη ου φραγησεται εις εμε εν shatthe boasting this not shall be stopped concerning me in τοις κλιμασι της Αχαίας.  $\frac{11}{4} \Delta \iota \alpha \tau \iota \tau \star \left[ \frac{\delta \tau}{\delta \tau} \right] \text{ ouk}$  the regions of the Achaia. Why? [because] not αγαπω ύμας;  $\frac{\delta \tau}{\delta \tau} = \frac{12}{4} \cdot \frac{\delta \tau}{\delta \tau} = \frac{12}{4} \cdot \frac{\delta$ 

llove you? The God knows. What but I do, even ποιησω, ένα εκκοψω την αφορμην των θελοντων

I will do, so that I may cutoff the opportunity of those wishing αφορμην, ίνα εν 'φ καυχωνται, ευρεθωσι

an opportunity, so that in what they boast, they may be found

from \*THAT SIMPLICITY
and THAT PURENESS which
is in the Anointed.

4 For if HE who is COM-ING proclaims Another Jesus, whom we did not preach; or you receive a different Spirit which you did not receive; or ‡ other Glad tidings which you did not embrace, you might well bear with it.

5 \* And 1 reckon myself in Nothing to have been behind those VLLY EMINENT Apostles.

6 But even if ‡I am a simple person in spelen, yet not ‡in Knowledge; but in every way ‡we have by all things been manifested among you.

7 Did I commit Sin tin humbling Myself that nou might be exalted? or Because I gratuitously announced to you the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD?

8 I stripped Other Congregations, taking Wages for serving You; and being present with you, and in want, I I did not meommode any one;

9 for the BRETHREN having come from Macedonia supplied beforehand my Deficiency; and in everything I kept, and will keep Myself from being a burden to you.

10 \$ It is a Truth of Christ by me, \$ that this very BOASTING shall not be silenced concerning me in the REGIONS of ACHAIA.

11 Why? # Because I love you not? God knows.
12 But what I am doing,

I even will do, that I may cut off the opportunity from THOSE DESIRING an Opportunity; so that in what they boast, they may be found even as wr.

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-3. THAT SIMPLICITY and THAT PUBLANSS WHICH is in the Anointed.

5. And I reckon. 11. because—omit.

 $^{13}$  Oi yap τοιουτοι ψευδαποσThe for such one false apostles καθως και ήμεις. we. τολοι εργαται δολιοι, μετασχηματιζομενοι εις workers deceitful. transforming themselves into

14 Kar ov αποστολους Χριστου. θαυμαστον. of Anointed. And not it is wonderful; αυτος γαρ δ σατανας μετασχηματίζεται εις himself for the adversary is transformed into

αγγελον φωτος· 15 ου μεγα ουν, ει και οίδιακο-

not great therefore, if also the servants & messenger oflight: νοι αυτου μετασχηματιζονται ώς διακονοι δικαιare transformed as servants ofright-

οσυνης. ών το τελος εσται κατα τα εργα counters, efwhom the end shall be according to the works QUTON.

of them.

16 Παλιν λεγω, μη τις με δοξη αφρονα I say, not any one me should think unwise ειναι ει δε μηγε, καν ώς αφρονα δεξασθε to be; if but otherwise, even as unwise do you receive με, ίνα καγω μικρον τι καυχησωμαι. me, so that even I alittle somewhat may boast. λαλω, ου λαλω κατα κυριον, αλλ' ώς εν αφ-I speak, not I speak according to Lord, but as in foolροσυνη, εν ταυτη τη ύποστασει της καυχη-18 Επει πολλοι καυχωνται κατα την σεωs. ing. Since many boast according to the 19 'Ηδεως γαρ ανεσαρκα, καγω καυχησομαι. also I will boast. Willingly for

χεσθε των αφρονων, φρονιμοι οντες· 20 ανεχεσbear with the unwise, wise ones being; you bear θε γαρ, ει τις ύμας καταδουλοι, ει τις κατεσ-for, if any one you enslaves, if any one entsyou

θιει, ει τις λαμβανει, ει τις επαιρεται, ει τις if any one takes you. if any oneraises himselfup, if any one δερει. 21 Κατα ατιμιαι ύμας εις προσωπον on beats. VOL face According to dishonor

λεγω, ώς ότι ήμεις ησθενησαμεν εν 'ω δ' αι I speak, as that we were weak; in what but τολμα, (εν αφροσυνη λεγω,) τολμω

any one may be bold, (in foolishness I speak,) 22 Έβραιοι εισι; καγω. Ισραηλιται καγω. Hebrews are they? also I; also I. Israelites

εισι; καγω σπερμα Αβρααμ εισι; καγω. are they? also I; of Abraam are they? seed also I;

<sup>23</sup> διακονοι Χριστου εισι; (παραφρονων λαλω,)
screats of Anointed are they? (being a very fool I apeak,)

δπερ εγω· εν κοποις περισσοτερως, εν πληγαις above I; in labors more abundant, in strines

13 For such ! False apostles, tdeceitful Workmen, are transforming themselves into Apostles of Christ.

14 And it is not surprising, for the ADVERSARY himself transforms himselfintoan Angelof Light.

15 It is therefore no great wonder, if his ser-VANTS also transform themselves as 1Servants of Righteousness; tWhose END will be according to their works.

16 Again ‡ I say, Let noone think Me a Simpleton; but if otherwise, then receive me as a Simpleton, so that I also may boast a little.

17 What I speak ‡ in CONFIDENCE BOASTING, I do not speak according to the Lord, but as in Folly.

18 tSince many boast according to the Flesh, I also will boast.

19 t For being wise yourselves, you readily bear with the UNWISE.

20 For you endure tif one enslave you; if one eat you up; if one take from you; if one raise himself up; if one beats You in the Face.

2I As concerning Reproach, I say ! That we were weak; yet tin what any one is daring, (I speak foolishly,) I also am daring.

22 Are they Hebrews? tso am I. Are they Israelites? so am ¶. Are they the Seed of Abraham? so am ¶.

23 Are they Servants of Christ? (I speak as being beside myself,) I am superior; tin Labors exceedingly abundant, in

<sup>13.</sup> Acts xv. 24; Rom. xvl. 18; Gal. 1. 7; vi. 12; Phil. i. 15; 2 Pet. ii. 1; 1 John iv. 1; 7; 1i. 2, 13. 2 Cor. ii. 17; Phil. iil. 2; Titus 1. 0, 11. 15. 2. Cor. iii. 9. 16. Phil. iii. 19. 16. verse 1; 2 Cor. xii. 6, 11. 17. 2 Cor. ix. 4. 18. Phil. 3, 4. 19. 1 Cor. iv. 10. 120. Gal. ii. 4; iv. 9. 121. 2 Cor. x. 10. 121. : 15. Phil. iii. 19. 119. 1 Cor. iv. 10. 1 23. 1 Cor. xv. 10. 1 22. Acts xxii. 3; Rom. xi. 1; Phil. iii. 5. Phil. iii. 4.

ύπερβαλλοντως, εν φυλακαις περισσοτερως, εν above measure, in prisons more frequently, in θανατοις πολλακις. 24 (ύπο Ιουδαιων πεντακις often; Jews deaths (by five times τεσσαρακοντα παρα μιαν ελαβον, <sup>25</sup> τρις ερδαβexcept one I received, thrice I was δισθην. άπαξ ελιθασθην, τρις εναυαγησα, I was stoued, thrice I was shipwrecked, beaten with rods, once νυχθημερον εν τω βυθω πεποιηκα:) 26 δδοιποa night and day in the deep I have passed;) in jourριαις πολλακις κινδυνοις ποταμων, κινδυνοις of rivers, in dangers often; in dangers ληστων, κινδυνοις εκ γενους, κινδυνοις εξ εθof robbers, in dangers from kindred, in dangers from Genνων, κινδυνοις εν πολει, κινδυνοις εν ερημια, tiles, in dangers in city, in dangers in κινδυνοις εν θαλασση, κινδυνοις εν ψευδαδελin dangers among false-brethin dangers at sea, φοις. 27 \*[εν] κοπω και μοχθω, εν αγρυπνιαις ren; [in] labor and t.il, in watchings πολλακις, εν λιμω και διψει, εν νηστειαις πολoften, in hunger and hirst, in fastings often λακις, εν ψυχει και γυμνοτητι 28 Χωρις των cold and nakednes Besides the παρεκτος, ή επισυστασις μου ή καθ' ήμεραν, ή outward things, the crowding of me that every day, the μεριμνα πασων των εκκλησιων. 29 Τις ασθενει. of all of the c ngregations. Who is weak, και ουκ ασθενω; τις σκανδαλιζεται, και ουκ and not I am weak? who is made to stumble, and εγω πυρουμαι; <sup>30</sup> Ει καυχασθαι δει,

burn? 
If to boast is necessary to boast in necessary, the things της ασθενείας \*[μου] καυγησομαί.
of the weakness [of me] I will boast. 31'O BEDS και πατηρ του κυριου ήμων Ιησου \* [Χριστου] and father of the Lord of us Jesus [Anoin'ed] οιδεν, δ ών ευλονητος εις τους αιωνας, ότι ου know; hebeing blessed for the that not nges, ψευδομαι. 32 εν Δαμασκφ δ εθναρχης Αρετα του I utterfalsehood; in Damascus the ethnarch Aretas fine Βασιλεως εφρουρει την Δαμασκηνων πολιν. guarded the Damascenes πιασαι με \* [θελων·] 33 και δια θυριδος εν σαρ-to seise me [wishing;] and through an opening in a rope γανη εχαλασθην δια του τειχους, και εξεφυ-I was owered through the wall, and escaped γον τας χειρας αυτου. ΚΕΦ. ιβ. 12. 1 Kav-

hands

the

of him.

\* Prisons frequently, ‡in Scourges to excess, ‡in Deaths often.

24 Five times I received, by the Jews, ‡ forty stripes

less one:

25 three times I was theaten with rods; tonce I was stoned; three times t I was shipwrecked; a night and day I have spent

in the DEEP.

26 During frequent Journeys, in Dangers from Rivers; in Dangers from Robbers; ‡ in Dangers from Kindred; ‡ in Dangers from Gentiles; in Dangers in Cities; in Dangers in the Desert; in Dangers at Sea; in Dangers at Sea; in Dangers and The Company of the Company

27 in Labor and Toil; in frequent Watchings; in Hunger and Thirst; in frequent Fastings; in Cold and Nakedness.

28 Besides these outward troubles, the anxious care for all the congregations, which is growding me every day.

29 I Who is weak, and I am not weak? Who is mad to Stumble, and I do

not burn?

30 If it is necessary to boast, ‡ I will boast of the THINGS which concern my WEAKNESS.

31 ‡ GOD, even the Father of our LORD Jesus, HK ‡ who is the BLESSED ONE for the AGFS, knows That I do not falsify.

32 ‡ In Damascus, the ETHNARCH of Aretas, the KING, guarded the CITY of the DAMASCENES, wishing

to seize me;

33 but I was through an Opening lowered down the WALL in a Rope-basket, and escaped from his hands.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—23. Prisons frequently, in Scourges to excess, in Deaths often.
30. of me—omit. 31. Anointed—omit. 32. wishing—omit.

t 23. Acts ix. 16; xx. 23; xxi. 11; 2 Cor. vi. 4, 5.

2 23. 1 Cor. xv. 30—32; 2 Cor. i. 9, 125; Acts xvi. 22.

2 25. Acts xvi. 10, 125, Acts xvi. 23; xiii. 50; xii. 5; xxi. 3; xxii. 10, 11 xxv. 3.

2 26. Acts xiv. 6; xiv. 23; xiii. 50; xiv. 5; xxi. 3; xxii. 10, 11 xxv. 3.

2 29. 1 Cor. vii. 13; ix. 23.

1 27. Acts xx. 31; 2 Cor. vi. 5.

1 27. Cor. vi. 12; xiii. 10, 11 xxv. 3.

2 31. Rom i. 2.

2 31. Rom i. 2.

2 32. Acts ix. 12; Xxii. 12; Xxi

χασθαι δη ου boast indeed not \*[ 401.] ελευσομαι συμφερει I will come is profitable flor me; αποκαλυψεις KUDLOV. οπτασιας και vau eis of Lord. for and revelations 2 Οιδα ανθρωπον εν Χριστώ, προ ετών δεκατεσin Anointed, above years fourteen. σαρων, (ειτε εν σωματι, ουκ οιδα· ειτε εκτος not I know; without (whether with a body, \*[του] σωματος, ουκ οιδα· ό θεος οιδεν·) αρπαnot I know; the God knows;) having [the] τον τοιουτον έως τριτου ουρανου. third heaven. been snatched away the such a one to 3 Και οιδα τον τοιουτον ανθρωπον,  $\{\epsilon \iota \tau \epsilon \in \epsilon \nu\}$ (whether in such a man. And I know the σωματι, ειτε εκτος του σωματος, ουκ οιδα δ without the body, not I know; the or  $\theta \in os \ oi\delta \in v^{*})^{4} \delta \tau \iota$ εις τον παραδειήρπαγη that he was snatched away into the paradise, αρδητα ά ουκ σον, και ηκουσεν δηματα, indescribable things spoken, which not heard 5 'Υπερ του τοιανθρωπω λαλησαι. €EOV being possible for a man to speak. Concerning the ουτου καυχησομαι ύπερ δε εμαυτου ου καυχη-I will boast; on behalf but I will of myself not σομαι, ει μη εν ταις ασθενειαις \* [μου.] 6 Eav the weaknesses fof me. ] If If not in γαρ θελησω καυχησασθαι, ουκ εσομαι αφρων. to boast, not I shall be unwise: for I should desire γαρ ερω· φειδομαι δε, μη τις εις for I will say; If recar but, lest any one to αληθειαν γαρ εμε λογισηται ύπερ δ βλεπει με, η ακουει me should impute beyond what he sees me, or hears anything 7 Και τη ύπερβολη των αποκαλυψεων εξ εμου. And by the transcendancy of the from of me. ίνα μη ύπεραιρωμαι, εδοθη μοι σκολοψ τη that not I should be over-elated, was given to me athorn in the σαρκι, αγγελος σαταν, ίνα με κολαφιζη, ίνα μη flesh, a messenger adversary, that me it might buffet, that not ύπεραιρωμαι. 8 Υπερ τουτου τρις τον κυριον might be over-elated. Concerning this thrice the Lord εμου· 9 και  $\alpha\pi$ παρεκαλεσα, ίνα αποστη I entreated, that it might be removed from ειρηκε μοι. Αρκει σοι ή χαρις μου. ή γαρ δυναhe said to me, Isenough for thee the favor of me; the for power. 'Ηδιστα μις \*[μου] εν ασθενειά τελειουται. weakness is perfected. Most gladly [of me] in μαλλου καυχησομαι εν ταις ασθενειαις I will besst in the rather weaknesses \* [μου, ] ίνα ετισκηνωση επ' εμε ή δυναμις του forme, so that may dwell upon me the power of the may abide upon Me.

#### CHAPTER XII.

1 Is it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I wiil come even to Visions and Revelations of the Lord.

2 I know a Man, ‡in Christ, who above fourteen Yearssince-(whetherwith a Body, I know not; or without a Body, I know not; God kncws;)-such a one ‡ suddenly conveyed away to the Third Heaven.

3 And I know this VERY Man, (whether with a Body, or without the BODY, I know not; God knows;)

4 That he was suddenly conveyed away into I PARA-DISE, and heard indescribable things spoken, which it is not possible for a Man to relate.

5 Respecting such a person I will boast; ; but respecting myself I will not boast, unless in my WEAK-NESSES.

6 For ‡if I should desire to boast, I shall not be Unwise; for I will speak the Truth; but I forbear, lest any one should impute to Mi more than what he sees me to be, or what he hears from me.

7 And in order that I might not be unduly elated by the TRANSCENDANCY of the REVELATIONS, Ia Thorn in the FLESH Was given to me-tan Angeladversary-that it might afflict me; so that I should not be too much exalted.

8 Concerning this, 1 entreated the Lord three times, that it might be removed from me;

9 but he said to me, "My FAVOR is sufficient for thee; for POWER is perfected in Weakness." Most gladly, then, I will boast rather in WEAKNESSES, so that the POWER of the ANOINTED

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I varican Manuscrift.-1. 1s it necessary to boast? I varican Manuscrift.-1. I varican Manuscrift.-1. I varican Manuscrift.-1. I varican Manuscrift.-1. I varican Manuscrift come even to Visions and Revelations of the Lord. 1. for me-omit. 9. of me-omit. -omit. 5. of me-omit. 9. of me-omit.

<sup>† 2.</sup> Rom. xvi. 7; 2 Cor. v. 17; Gal. i. 22. Luke xxiii. 43. † 5. 2 Cor. xi. 30. 13, 14. † 7. Job ii. 7; Luke xiii. 16. iv 13, 14.

<sup>1 2.</sup> Acts xxii. 17. See Acts xiv. 19, 20, 1 6. 2 Cor. x. 8; xi. 16. 17. Gal. 38. See Deut. iii. 23-27; Matt. xxvi. 44.

Χριστου. 10 Διο ευδοκω εν ασθενειαις, εν Anointed. Wherefore I am well-pleased with weaknowses, with ύβρεσιν, εν αναγκαις, εν διωγμοις, εν στενοinsults, with necessities, with persecutions, with χωοιαις ὑπερ Χριστου όταν γαρ ασθενω, τοτε on behalf of Anointed; when for I may be weak, then δυνατος ειμι. 11 Γεγονα αφρωνο ύμεις με ηναγ-I have become unwise; you me have strong I am. κασατε. Εγω γαρ ωφειλον ὑφ' ὑμων συνιστασ-constrained. I for ought by you to be comθαι· ουδεν γαρ ύστερησα των ύπερλιαν αποσmended; nothing for I was behind those in highest degree aposτολων, ει και ουδεν ειμι. 12 Τα μεν σημεια του tles, if even nothing I am. The indeed signs of the αποστολου κατειργασθη εν ύμιν εν παση ύποwere worked out among you in all paμονη, εν σημειοις και τερασι και δυναμεσι. itence, in signs and proligies and powers.

13 Τι γαρ εστιν δ ηττηθητε ύπερ τας λοιπας What for is it which you were inferior beyond the other εκκλησιας, ει μη ότι αυτος εγω ου κατεναρκηcongregations, if not that myself I not σα ύμων; Χαρισασθε μοι την αδικιαν ταυτην. some to you? Forgive to me the injustice 14 Iδου, τριτον τουτο έτοιμως εχω ελθειν προς Lo, a third time this in readiness I am to come to ύμας, και ου καταναρκησω \*[ύμων] ου γαρ you, and not I will burden [you,] not for (ητω τα ύμων, αλλ' ύμας. Ου γαρ οφειλει Not for it is fitting [ seek thethings of you, but you. τα τεκνα τοις γονευσι θησαυριζειν, αλλ' οί γοthe children for the parents to treasure up, but the parνεις τοις τεκνοις. 15 Εγω δε ήδιστα δαπανησω ents for the children. L but most gladly will spend και εκδαπανηθησομαι έπερ των ψυχων ύμων. and will be utterly spent on behalf of the souls of you; ει και περισυστερως ύμως αγαπων, ήττον αγαif even more abundantly you loving, less πωμαι. 16 Ευτω δε· εγω ου κατεβαρησα ύμας· loved. Letit be so but; I not did burden you; αλλ' ύπαρχων πανου, γος, δολφ ύμας ελαβον-but being crafty, with guile you I took. 17 Μη τινα ών απεσταλκα προς ύμας, δι' αυτου Not any one of whom I have sent to you, through him επλεονεκτησα όμως ; <sup>18</sup> Παρεκαλεσα Τιτον, και I overreached you I exhorted Titus, and συναπεστειλα τον αδελφον μητι  $\epsilon$ πλεονεκτηI sent with the brother; not overreached overreached σεν ύμας Τιτος; ου τφ αυτφ πνευματι περιεyou Titue? notin the same spirit

πατησαμέν; ου τοις αυτοις ιχνέσι; 19 Παλιν not in the same steps? walked? Again

10 Wherefore, ‡I am contented with Weaknesses, with Insults, with Necessities, with Persecutions, with Distresses on account of Christ; Isince when I am weak, then I am strong.

11 Have I become ta Simpleton? Dou have constrained Me; for I ought to be commended by You; I for in nothing I was inferior to those VERY EMINENT Apostles-even if I am nobody.

12 The signs of the APOSTLE, surely, were performed among you with All Patience, by Signs and Prodigies and Powers.

13 # For in what is it that you were inferior to the OTHER Congregations, unless That # I myself was not a burden to you? Forgive me this INJUSTICE!

14 # Behold, this third time I hold myself ready. to come to you, and I will not be burdensome; #bccause I seek not your Property, but you; # for the CHILDREN are not obliged to treasure up for the PA-RENTS, but the PARENTS for the CHILDREN.

15 And ‡I most gladly will spend and be utterly spent ton behalf of your souls: even if the more abundantly loving You, the less I be loved.

16 Be it so then, # # did not burden you; but, [it is said,] "being cunning, I took You by Artifice." 17 ‡ Did I defraud you

Ly any of those whom I

sent to you?

18 II requested Titus, and I sent the BROTHER with him. Did Titus defraud you? Did we not walk in the SAME Spirit .-in the very SAME Steps?

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. you-omit.

<sup>† 10</sup> Rom. : . 3; 2 Cor. vii. 4. † 10. 2 Cor. xiii. 4. † 11. 2 Cor. xi. 1, 16, 17; 1 11. 2 Cor. xi. 5. † 12. Rom. xv. 18, 19; 1 Cor. ix. 2; 2 Cor. viv. 2; viv. z; xi. 6. † 18, 1 Cor. xi. 7. † 18, 1 Cor. xi. 19; 2 Cor. xi. 6. † 14. 2 Cor. xiii. 1. † 14. Acts xx. 33; 1 Cor. x. 33. † 14. 1 Cor. iv. 14, 15. † 15. 1 Thess. ii. 8; Phil. ii. 17. † 15. John x. 11. 2 Cor. vii. 24; 2 Tim. ii. 10. † 16. 2 Cor. xi. 9. † 17. 2 Cor. vii. 2. † 18. 2 Cor. viii. 4. 2 Cor. viii. 4. 16. 2 Cor. viii. 4. 17. † 18. 2 Cor. viii. 6. 2 Cor. viii. 6. 16. 2 Cor. viii. 6. 2 Co

δοκειτε, ότι ύμιν απολογουμεθα; Κατενωπιον do you think, that to you we applogize? In presence

του θεου, εν Χριστφ, λαλουμεν in Anounted, of the God. we speak

ταδε παντα, αγαπητοι, ύπερ της ύμων οικοbut alltnings, beloved ones, on behalf of the you

20 Φοβουμαι γαρ, μηπως ελθων ουχ I am afraid for, lest perhaps having come not Souns. ing up.

οίους θελω εύρω ύμας, καγω εύρεθω ύμιν such ones! wish Ishould find you, and I should be found by you

ου θελετε μηπως ερεις, ζηλοι, θυμοι, such a one not you wish; lest perhaps strites, jealousies, augers, εριθειαι, καταλαλιαι, ψιθυρισμοι, φυσιωσεις,

puffings up, contentions, evil-speakings, whisperings, ακαταστασιαι. 21 μη παλιν ελθοντα με ταπει-

lest again having come me should νωση δ θεος μου προς ήμας, και πενθησω πολhumble the God of me before you, and I should lament over many

λους των προημαρτηκοτων, και μη μετανοησανof those having previously sinued, and rot having reformed

των επι τη ακαθαρσια και πορνεια και ασελγεια, in respect to the impurity and fornication and lewdness,

ΚΕΦ. ιγ'. 13. 1 Τριτον τουτο ∈πραξαν. which they practiced. Third time this

ερχομαι πρυς ύμας επι στοματος δυο μαρτυyou; in mouth oftwo Lcome 2 Προειρων και τριων σταθησεται παν δημα.

nesses and of three shall be established every (ώς παρων,) το δευτερηκα και προλεγω, (ως παρων,) το said before and I tell beforehand, (as being present,) the και προλεγω,

ρον, (και απων νυν,) τοις προημαρτηκοσι και (and being absent now,) to those having previously sinned and

ότι €αν  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega$ λοιποις πασιν, TOLS that if I should come to the others to all to the

3 Επει δοκιμην ζητειτε παλιν, ου φεισομαι. not I will spare. Since a proof you seek

του εν εμοι λαλουντος Χριστου, (ός εις ύμας of the in me speakin, Anointed, (who towards you speaking ουκ ασθενει, αλλα δυνατει εν ύμιν. 4 και γαρ ει

even for but is powerful in is weak, you; εσταυρωθη εξ ασθενειας, αλλα ζη εκ δυνα-hewa crucine from wakness, yet helives from power

μεως θεου και γαρ ήμεις ασθενουμεν εν αυτω, are weak with of God; also for we him,

αλλα (ησομεθα συν αυτφ εκ δυναμεως θεου but we shall live with him from power of God

\*[ $\epsilon$ is  $\delta$  $\mu$ as·])  $\delta$   $\epsilon$ autous  $\pi$  $\epsilon$ ipa $\delta$  $\epsilon$  $\tau$  $\epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon$ i  $\epsilon$  $\sigma$  $\tau$  $\epsilon$   $\epsilon$  $\tau$ [towards you;]) yourselves try you, if you are in

19 1 Again, do you think That we are apologizing to Goo twe speak by Christ; but ALL things, O beloved, for your Edification.
20 For I am afraid, lest

perhaps, having come, I may find you such as I do not wish; and I I may be found by you such as you do not wish ;-lest there be Strifes, \* Jealousies, angry Feuds, Contentions, Evilspeakings, secret Slanders, proud Swellings, Disturbances;-

21 lest, having come again, my God I may humble me before you; and I should lament for MANY of those twho had PRE-VIOUSLY SINNED, and have not reformed from the IM-PUBITY, and I Fornication, and Licentiousness which

they practised.

### CHAPTER XIII.

1 ‡ This third time I come to you; thy the Mouth of Two Witnesses, or three, Every Fact shall be established.

2 II have said before. and I say beforehand, (as when present the SECON time, though now absent,) to THOSE I who had PRE-VIOUSLY SINNED, and to all the OTHERS, That if I come AGAIN, II will not spare.

3 Since you seek a Proof of the ANOINTED I SPEAK-ING by me; (he is not weak towards You, but is powerful among you;

4 # for though, indeed, he was crucified from Weakness, yet he lives from God's Power; and though we are weak with him, ye. we shall live with him from God's Power.)

I try yourselves.

<sup>4.</sup> towards you-omit. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20. Jealousy.

<sup>19.</sup> Rom, ix. 1; 2 Cor, xi. 31. iii. 2, 10. 1. 2 Cor, xi. 14. 1. 2 Cor, xii. 14. 1. Num, xxxv. 30; Deut, xvii. 6; Matt. 20. x. 28. 1. 2 Cor, xi. 21. 2. 2 Cor, xi. 21. 1 19. 2 Cor. v. 12. 19. Rom, ix. 1; 2 Cor. xi. 31. 10 Cor. iv. 21; 2 Cor. x. 2; xiii. 2, 10. 12. 2 Cor. it. 12. 2 Cor. it. 12. 1 Cor. xii. 14. xviii. 2 John viii. 17; Heb. x. 28. 12. 2 Cor. x. 2. 2 Cor. x. 2. 2 Cor. x. 3. Matt. x. 20: 1 Cor. v. 4; 2 Cor. ii. 10. 3. 1 or x. x. 1 19. º Cor. v. 12.

τη πιστει· έαυτους δοκιμαζετε. Η ουκ επιγιthe faith; yourselves prove you. Or not do you  $\nu\omega\sigma\kappa\epsilon\tau\epsilon \ \dot{\epsilon}$ αυτους, ότι Ιησους Χριστος  $\epsilon\nu$  ύμιν you know yourselves, that Jesus Anointed in \*[εστιν:] ει μητι αδοκιμοι εστε.  $^7$ Ελπιζω δε if not without proof you are. I hope but ότι γνωσεσθε, ότι ήμεις ουκ εσμεν αδυκιμοι. that you will know, that we not are without proof.  $^{7}$  Ευχομαι δε προς τον  $\frac{\theta \in \text{ov}}{\text{God}}$ , μη ποιησαι ύμας  $_{\text{I wish}}$  but to the  $_{\text{God}}$ , not to do you κακον μηδεν ουχ ίνα ήμεις δοκιμοι φανωμεν, evil nothing; not that we approved ones may appear, αλλ' ίνα ύμεις το καλον ποιητε, ήμεις δε ώς but that you the good may do, we but as αδοκιμοι ωμεν. <sup>8</sup>Ου γαρ δυναμεθα τι κατα without proof may be. Not for we have power any against της αληθείας, αλλ΄ ύπερ της αληθείας. 9 Xaitruth, but on behalf of the truth. ρομέν γαρ, όταν ήμεις ασθενωμέν, ύμεις δε when we may be weak, you for, rejoice δυνατοι ητε τουτο  $*[\delta \epsilon]$  και  $\epsilon$ υχομεθα, την strong ones may be; this [but] even we wish, the ύμων καταρτισιν. 10 Δια τουτο ταυτα απων of you restoration. On account of this these things being absent γραφω, ίνα παρων μη αποτομως χρησωμαι, I write, so that being present not severity 1 may use, κατα την εξουσιαν, ην εδωκε μοι δ κυριος according to the authority, which gave to me the Lord εις οικοδομην, και ουκ εις καθαιοεσιν. 11 Λοιπον.

Lastly, for building up, and not for pulling down. αδελφοι, χαιρετε, καταρτιζεσθε, παρακαλεισθε, brethren, rejoice you, be you restored, be you comforted, το αυτο φρονειτε, ειρηνευετε και δ θεος της the same think you, be you at peace; and the God of the αγαπης και ειρηνης εσται μεθ' ύμων. 42 Ασπαlove and peace shall be with you. σασθε αλληλους εν άγιω φιληματι ασπα(ονται

you each other with a holy kiss; salute ύμας οί άγιοι παντες. 13 Η χαρις του κυριου you the saints all. The favor of the Lord you the saints all.

Ιηπου \* [Χριστου,] και ή αγαπη του θεου, και [Anounted,] and the love of the God, and Jesus ή κοινωνία του άγιου πνευματος μετα παντων

the joint participation of the holy apirit with ύμων.

of you.

. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. is-omit. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -5. is—omit. 7. we wish. 9. but—omit. 14. Anointed—omit. Subscription—Second to the Corinthians, written from Philippi. 

\* SECOND TO THE CORINTHIANS, WRITTEN FROM PHILIPPI.

whether you are in the FAITH: prove Yourselves. Or do you not know yourselves, I That Jesus Christ is among you !- except you are without proof.

6 But I hope That you will know That we are not

without proof.

7 And \*I wish before God. that you may do nothing Evil; not that we may appear approved, but that nou may do what is Good, though indeed we may be without proof;

8 for we have no power at all against the TRUTH, but on behalf of the TRUTH.

9 We rejoice, indeed, twhen we are weak, and nou are strong; and this we wish, Your complete restoration.

10 1 On this account, being absent, I write these things, so that, being present, # I may not use Severity, 1 according to the AUTHORITY which the LORD gave to me for Building up, and not for Pulling down.

11 Finally, Brethren, rejoice! Be you fully restored; be admonished; tmind the SAME thing; cultivate peace; and the GOD of LOVE and Peace shall be with you.

12 I Salute each other

with a Holy Kiss.

13 All the SAINTS salute you.

14 The I FAVOR of the LORD Jesus, and the LOVE of God, and the Joint PARTICIPATION of the HOLY Spirit be with you

#### [ΠΑΥΛΟΥ ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] ΠΡΟΣ ΓΑΛΑΤΑΣ: 7. TO [OF PAUL AN EPISTER]

#### GALATIANS. THE

## KEØ. a'. 1.

1 Παυλος, αποστολος ουκ απ' ανθρωπων ουδε an apostlo not from men, BUF δι' ανθρωπου, αλλα δια Ιησου Χριστου και but through Jesus Anointed : and through aman. θεου πατρος του εγειραντος αυτον εκ νεκρων. God a father of the having raised. him out of dead ones: 2 και οί συν εμοι παντες αδελφοι, ταις εκκληand those with mo all brethren, to the congreσιαις της Γαλατίας. 3 χαρις υμίν και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος, και κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισof us Jesus Anointed, from God afather, and Lord του, 4 του δοντος έαυτον περι των άμαρτιων fof the having given himself concerning the . sine ήμων, όπως εξεληται ήμας εκ του ενεστωτος of us, in order that he mi, ht rescue us out of the having been present αιωνος πονηρου, κατα το θελημα του θεου και of evil, according to the will of the God and πατρος ήμων, 5 ώ ή δοξα εις τους αιωνας των of us, to whom the glory, for the age of the 6 Θαυμαζω, ότι ούτω ταχεως I wonder, because so quickly so beit. μετατιθεσθε απο του καλεσαντος ύμας εν you are being changed from the one having called you χαριτι Χριστου εις έτερον ευαγγελιον 7 δ ουκ glad tidings; which not favor of Anointed to other εστιν αλλο. ει μη τινες εισιν οί ταρασσοντες other; if not some are who are troubling ύμας, και θελοντες μεταστρεψαι το ευαγγελιον wishing to turn about the glad tidings 8 Αλλα και εαν ήμεις η αγγελος тои Хрістои. But even if we or a messenger of the Anointed .. εξ ουραιου ευαγγελιζηται ύμιν, 🕒 παρ' from 'heaven should announce glad tidings to you, contrary to δ ευηγγελισαμεθα ύμιν, αναθεμα εστω. to you, accursed let him be. what we announced προειρηκαμεν, και αρτι παλιν λεγω· ει τις leay; if any one we before said, even now again ύμας ευαγγελι(εται παρ' δ παρελαβετε, you addresses with good tidings contrary to what you received, 10 Αρτι γαρ ανθρωπους πειθω, Nam for men do I obey,

#### CHAPTER 1.

l Paul, an Apostle,— (\* not from Men nor by a Man, but ! by Jesus Christ, and THAT God the Father t who raised him from the Dead.)-- 1

2 and ALL the Brethren twho are with me, tto the CONGREGATIONS of

GALATIA;

3 Travor to you and Peace from God the Father. and THAT Lord of ours, Jesus Christ:

4 1 who GAVE himself on account of our sins. in order that he might rescue us I from the PRES-ENT evil Age, according to the WILL of our God and Father;

5 to whom he the GLOBY for the AGES of the

AGES. Amen.

6 I am astonished That you have so quickly turned away from HIM who CALLED you by the Favor of Christ, to other Glad. Tidings:

7 I not that there are any other; but there are CERTAIN persons : who are TROUBLING you, and wishing to subvert the GLAD TIDINGS of the

ANOINTED.

8 But even if the, or an Angel from Heaven, should announce glad tidings to You different from what we announced to you, let him be accursed.

9 As we before said, even now again I say,-If any one announces glad tidings to You different from what you received, let him be accursed.

10 For do I now obey Men, or GoD? or do I

αναθεμα εστω.

accursed let him be.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MABUSCRIPT .- Title-To THE GALATIANS:

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{1.94}\$. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. \$\f John xvii. 14, 15. 1.8. 1 Cor. zvi. 22.

GALATIANS. Chap. 1: 11.] η τον θεον; η ζητω ανθρωποις αρεσκειν; ει οτ the God? or do lacek men to please? if
\*[γαρ] ετι ανθρωποις ηρεσκον, Χριστου δουλος
(for) still men I pleased, of Anointed a slave 11 Γνωριζω δε ύμιν, αδελφοι, το OUK ON HUND. not labould be. I make known but to you, brethren, the ευαγγελιον το ευαγγελισθεν υπ' εμου, ότι glad tidings the having become by me, that ουκ εστι κατα ανθρωπον· 12 ουδε γαρ εγω not is according to man; neither for παρα ανθρωπου παρελαβον αυτο δυτε εδιδαχθην, from mag received it not was traught, αλλα δι' αποκαλυψεως Ιηπου Χριστου. 13 Ηκουbut through a revelation . of Jesus Anointed. σατε γαρ την εμην αναστροφην ποτε εν τω heard for the my conduct formerly when in the Ιουδαισμω, ότι καθ' ὑπερβολην εδιωκον την Jewish religion, that exceedingly I persecuted Jewish religion, that exceedingly I persecuted the εκκλησιαν του θεου, και επορθουν αυτην congregation of the God, and ravaged her; and προεκοπτον εν τφ Ιουδαισμφ ύπερ πολλους made progress in the Jewish religion beyond many συνηλικ: ωτας εν τφ γενει μου, περισσοτερως of the same age among the race of me, more carneally (ηλωτης ύπαρχων των πατρικων μου παραδο-a realot being of the fathers of the traditions, σεων. 15 Ότε δε ευδοκησεν \*[δ θεος,] δ αφο-When but it pleased (the God,) that having ρίσας με εκ κοιλίας μητρος μου, και καλεσας set apart me from womb of mother, of me, and having called δια της χαριτος αύτου, 16 αποκαλυψαι τον υίον through the favor of himself, to reveal the son the αύτου εν εμοι, ίνα ευαγγελιζωμαί αυτον εν afhimself to me, so that I might announce him to τοις εθνεσιν" ευθεως, ου προσανεθεμην σαρκι the nations; immediately, not I consulted with flesh και αίματι, 17 ουδε ανηλθον εις Ίεροσολυμά and blood,

nor I went up to Jerusalem προς τους προ εμου αποστολους, αλλ' απηλθον to those before me apostles, but I went εις Αραβιαν, και παλιν ὑπεστρεψα εις Δαμασκον. fute Arabia, and again ; returned to 18 Επειτα μετα ετη τριά ανηλθον εις 'Ιεροσολυ-

Then after years three I went up to . Jerusalem, μα, ίστορησαι Πετρον, και επεμεινα προς αυτον Peter, and I remained with him ημερας δεκαπεντε· 19 έτερον δε των αποστολων other but of the days fifteen; apostles

ουκ είδον, ει μη Ιακωβύν τον αδελφον του not I saw, if not James! the brether of the κυριου. <sup>20</sup> ('A δε γραφω ύμιν, ίδου ενωπιον Lord. (What now I write to you, lo in presence

1 seek to please Men? for if I still pleased Men, I should not be a Servant of Christ.

Il But I make known to you, Brethren, That those GLAD tidings which were ANNOUNCED by me; that they are not according to Man :

12 for ! I neither re-ceived nor Tearned them from a Man, 1 but through a Revelation from Jesus Christ.

13 For you heard of MY Conduct formerly in JUDA. 18M, That I Exceedingly persecuted the congrega-TION of Gop, and I laid it

14 and made proficiency in Judaism beyond Many of the same age among my own BACE, I being an excessive Zealot for tthe TRADITIONS Of DY F THERS.

15 But when it pleased THAT GOD who SET me APART from my Birth, and CALLED nie by his FAVOR,

16 to reveal his Son to me, I that I might announce him to the NA. diately consult with ! Flesh and Blood : -.

17 nor did I go up to Jerusalem to Those who were Apostles before me. but I went away into Arabia, and returned again. to Damascus.

18. Then, after three Years, I went up to Jeru-salem to visit "Cephas, and remained with him fifteen Days ;;

19 and I saw no other. of the APOSTLES excent † 1 James, the BROTHER of the LORD ...

20 (Now, the things I

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. For .- omit, 15. the Gop-omit. 18. Cephas. † 10. The Hebrews called all near relations brothers. This James was the son of Alpheus by Mary the sister of our Lord's mother.—Macknight.

του θεου, ότι ου ψευδομαι.)  $^{21}$  Επειτα ηλθον of the God, that not lam speaking falsely.) Then I went

εις τα κλιματα της Συρίας και της Κιλικίας and of the into the regions of the Syria Cilicia:

22 Ημην δε αγνοουμένος τω προσωπώ ταις εκ-I was but being unknown by the to the conface

κλησιαις της Ιουδαιας ταις εν Χριστω. 23 μονον those in Anointed; gregations of the Judea

δε ακουρντες ησαν 'Οτι δ διωκων ήμας ποτε, hearing they were; That the one persecuting us once.

νυν ευαγγελιζεται την πιστιν ήν ποτε €#00° now proclaims as glad tidings the faith which once he was laying

θει 24 και εδοξαζον εν εμοι τον θεον. ΚΕΦ. β'. Waste; and they were glorifying in me the

2. Επειτα δια δεκατεσσαρων ετων παλιν ανεagain I went Then through fourteen years

βην εις Ίεροσολυμα μετα Βαρναβα, συμπαραhaving taken as Jerusalem with Barnabas,

λαβων και Τιτον. 2 Ανεβην δε κατα αποκαλυa companion also Titus. I went up but according to a revela-

ψιν, και ανεθεμην αυτοις το ευαγγελιον δ κηtion, and submitted to them the glad tidings which

ρυσσω εν τοις εθνεσι· κατ' ιδιαν δε τοις δοκουpublish among the Gentiles; by one's self but to those appearing

σι, μηπως εις κενον τρεχω, η εδραμον.

3 Αλλ' ουδε Τιτος δ συν εμοι, Έλλην ων,
But not even Tites he with me, a Greek being,

 $^4\Delta\iota\alpha$  $\pi \in \rho_i \tau u n \theta n \nu \alpha i$ .  $n \nu \alpha \gamma \kappa \alpha \sigma \theta n$ was under a necessity to be circumeised. On account of but the

παρεισακτους ψευδαδελφους (οίτινες παρεισfalse brethren; stole secretly introduced

ηλθον κατασκοπησαι την ελευθεριαν ήμων ήν to have spied out the freedom of us which

εχομεν εν Χριστφ Ιησου, ίνα ήμας καταδου-we hold iz Anointed Jesus, so that us they might

λωσωνται·) 5 οίς ουδε προς ώραν ειξαμεν τη to whom not even for an hour we yielded by the enslave:)

ύποταγη, ίνα ή αληθεια του ευαγγελιου διαsubmission, in order that the truth of the glad tidings might

am writing to you, behold, in the presence of GoD. ‡ I do not falsely affirm.

21 After that I went into the ‡ regions of Syria and of Cilicia;

22 but I was unknown personally to THOSE CON-GREGATIONS OF JUDEA which are in Christ:

23 they only having heard. That "HE who was once PERSECUTING us, is now announcing as glad tidings the FAITH which he formerly laid waste."

24 And they glorified

God on my account.

#### CHAPTER II.

1 Then within † Fourteen Years I went up again to Jerusalem with Barnabas, taking Titus also with me.

2 Now I went up according to a Revelation, and submitted to them the GLAD TIDINGS which I publish among the NA-TIONS; but privately to THOSE in HIGH REPUTE, lest perhaps for a vain thing I may run, or might have run.

S \* But not even Titus. δε τους my associate, though a Greek, was under a necessity to be circumcised,

4 on account even of the FALSE BRETHREN SECRETLY INTRODUCED; (who crept in to spy out our ! FREEDOM which we possess in the Anointed Jesus, ‡ so that they might enslave us:)

5 to whom not even for an Hour did we yield by SUBMISSION; in order that the TRUTH of the GLAD

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 3. But not even Titus, my associate, though a Greek.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Some think that the time specified in this verse, was when the apostle went to Jerusalem about the question of circumcision, Acts xv. 4, &c. There is a difficulty in determining the exact chronology of this visito Jerusalem, though this was probably the time, as the anostle says he went up by revelation, and therefore it must have been on important business. Some contend, however, that the journey alluded to was the one mentioned in Acts xi. 27, when the congregation at Antioch sent Barnabas and Sall with relief tor the poor Christians in Judea, but this would not allow sufficient time for the fourteen serve mentioned. wears mentioned.

<sup>† 20.</sup> Rom ix. 1. † 21. Acts ix. 30. † 4. Acts xv. 1, 24; 2 Cor. xi. 36. Qal. v. i, 23. † 4. 2 Cor. xi. 20; Gal. iv. 3, 9. † 5. verse 14.

MELVY TOOS VHAS. From butofthose appearing with you. gemain throughout with you.

TI, ποτε ησαν, ουδεν TWV FIVAL δποιοι to be something, of what sort once they were, nothing μοι διαφερει (προσωπον θεος ανθρωπου ου to me it brings; (a face God of a man not

λαμβανει ) εμοι γαρ οί OUDER δοκουντες to me for those appearing somewhat nothing accepts;)

προσανεθεντο, 7 αλλα τουναντιον, ιδοντες, ότι but on the contrary, seeing, that . communicated.

το ευαγγελιών της ακροβυσπεπιστευμαι I have been entrusted with the glad tidings of the uncircumτιας, καθως Πετρος της περιτομης, 8 δ γαρ Peter of the circumcision, he for cision, even as

€v€pynoas Πετρω εις αποστολην THIS having inwardly wrought in Peter an apostleship of the for περιτομης,  $\epsilon \nu \eta \rho \gamma \eta \sigma \epsilon$   $\epsilon \alpha \epsilon \mu o \epsilon \epsilon \tau \alpha \epsilon \theta \nu \eta$ ,

circumcision, inwardly wrought also in me for the gentiles,)

9 και γνοντες την χαριν την δοθεισαν μοι, and having perceived the favor that having been given to me,

Ιακωβος και Κηφας και Ιωαννης, οί δοκουντες! James and Kephas and John, those seeming

στυλοι ειναι, δεξιας εδωκαν εμοι και Βαρναβα pillars to be, right hands they gave to me and Barnahas κοινωνιας, ίνα ήμεις μεν εις τα έθνη, αυτοι δε

of fellowship, that we indeed for the gentiles, they but  $\epsilon$ ις την περιτομην·  $^{10}$ μονον των πτωχων ίνα

for the circumcision; only of the poor ones μνημονευωμεν ό και εσπουδασα αυτο τουτο we should be mindful; which also I strove earnestly same thing this

11 'Οτε δε ηλθε Πετρος εις Αντιο-When but came Peter Antioch, to have done. to

χειαν, καπα προσωπον αυτφ αντεστην, ότι before face to him I opposed, because

 $^{12}$   $\Pi \rho o$   $\tau o v$   $\gamma \alpha \rho$   $\epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \iota v$   $\theta \epsilon v$  Before of the furto have come κατεγνωσμένος ην. having been blamed he was.

τινας απο Ιακωβου, μετα των εθνων συνησθιεν. with the Gentiles he was eating; some from James,

ότε δε ηλθον, ύπεστελλε και αφωριζεν έαυthen but they came, he was withdrawing and was separating

13 Ka1 τον, φοβουμένος τους εκ περιτομης. fearing those of circumcision. self, And

συνυπεκοιθησαν αυτω και οί λοιποι Ιουδαιοι with him also the other dissembled

ώστε και Βαρναβας συναπηχθη αυτων τη ύποκso that even Barnabas was led astray of them by the hypoc-

ρισει. 14 Αλλ' ότε ειδον, ότι ουκ ορθοποδουσι But when I saw, that not they walk straight Elby.

6 Απο δε των δοκουν- TIDINGS might remain

6 But from THOSE of REPUTATION, whatever they were formerly is of no consequence to me; (‡ God does not accept a Man for Personal appearance;) for to Me, THOSE of REPUTA. TION communicated noth-

7 But on the CONTRARY, James and Cephas and John,-THOSE SEEMING to be Pillars,- perceiving That I I was entrusted with the GLAD TIDINGS for the UNCIRCUMCISION. even as Peter was for the CIRCUMCISION:

8 (for HE who OPERA-TED in Peter for the Apostleship of the CIRCUMCI-SION, coperated in me also for the GENTILES :)

9 tand acknowledging THAT COMMISSION GIVEN to me, gave to me and Barnabas the Right hands of Fellowship, in order that we should be for the GEN-TILES, and then for the CIRCUMCISION;

10 only urging that we should be mindful of the POOR,- + which very thing I was even ardently hasten-

ing to perform.

11 But when \* Cephas came to Antioch, I opposed Him Face to face, Because he was blameable.

12 For before certain persons CAME from James, he ate together with the GENTILES; but when they came he withdrew and separated himself, being afraid of THOSE belonging to the Circumcision.

13 And the OTHER Jews also dissembled with him, so that even Barnabas was led astray by Their HYPOC RIST.

14 But when I saw That they walked not straight

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. Cephas.

<sup>† 6,</sup> Acts x. 34; Rom. ii. 11.

† Tim. i. 11.

† 7. I Thess. ii. 4.

† 8. Acts xii

† 8. Acts xii

† 8. Acts xii

† 8. Acts xii

† 9. Rom.

Eph. iii. 8.

† 10. See 1 Cor. xvi. 1; 2 Cor. viii, ix. Acts xiii. 40; Rom. 1.5; xi. 13; 1 Tim. ii. 7;
 Acts ix. 15; xiii. 2; xxii. 21; xxvi. 17, 18;
 Rom. i. 5; xii. 3, 6; xv. 15; 1 Cor. xv. 10;

of the God;

Χριστος δωρεαν απεθανεν. Anointed without cause

died.

την αληθειαν του ευαγγελιου, ειπον truth of the glad tidings, I said τω Πετρω εμπροσθεν παντων. Ει συ, Ιουδαιος to the Peter in presence of all; If thon, ύπαρχων, εθνικως ζης και ουκ Ιουδαικως, like Gentiles thou livest and not like Jews. being. -5 'Hµ €13 πως τα εθνη αναγκαζεις Ιουδαιζειν. how the Gentiles dost thou compel to Judaize, We φυσει Ιουδαιοι, και ουκ εξ εθνιν αμαρτωλοι° by nature Jews, and not of Gentiles sinners; 16 ειδοτε**ς δε, οτι ου δικαιουται ανθρωπος εξ** knowing and, that not by is metified εργων νομου, εαν μη δια πιστεως Ιησου Χρισworks of law, if not on account of faith of Jesus Anointed; του και ήμεις εις Χριστον Ιησουν επιστευσαbelieved, and we into Anomited Jesus μεν, ίνα δικαιωθωμεν εκ πιστεως Χριστου, και so that we may be justified by faith of Anointed, and ουκ εξ εργων νομου διοτι εξ εργων νομου ου not by works oflaw; because by works of law not 17 Ει δε ζητουντες δικαιωθηπεται παπα σοςξ. will be justified all flesh. If but seeking δικαιωθηναι εν Χριστφ εύοεθημεν και QUTOL to have been instifled in Agointed we were found even we ourselves άμαρτωλοι, αρα Χριστος άμαρτιας διακονος; then Abounted ofun 18 Ει γαρ α κατελυσα, Mn YEVOLTO. ταυτα If for what I pull down, these things Not letit be. καλικ οικοδομώ, παραβατην εμαυτύν συνίσ-I build. myself Leona transgressor 19 Εγω γαρ δια νομου νομω απεθανον τανω. for on account of law by law stitute. 20 Χριστω συνεσταυρωμαι. ίνα θεω ζησω. to that by God I may live. With Anointed I have been crucified; ίω δε, ουκετι εγω, (η δε εν εμοι Χριστος δ live but, nolonger I, lives but in me Anointed; the δε νυν ζω εν σαρκι, εν πιστει ζω τη του υίου by faith I live in the of that ton but now I live in flesh, του θεου, του αγαπησαντος με και παραδοντος of the God, of that having loved me and having delivered up έαυτον ὑπερ εμου.

himself in behalf of me.

Not I set aside the favor του θεου ει γαρ δια νομου δικαιοσυνη, αρα if for through law

with respect to 1 the TRUTH of the GLAD TID-INGS, I said to \* Cephas in the presence of all; "If thou, being a Jew, livest like the Gentiles. and not like the Jews, how is it that thou dost compel the GENTILES to Judaize? 15 Eur are Jews by

Natural birth, and not I Sinners of the Gentiles: 16 and tknowing That a Man is not justified by Works of Law, except on account of Faith of \*Christ Jesus, even we

have believed into \* Jesus Christ, so that we may be justified by Faith of Christ, and not by Works of Law ; Because 2 by Works of Law will no Flesh be justified." 17 But if seeking to be

justified by Christ, even we ourselves are found Sinners, is Christ then a Servant of Sin? By no means.

18 For if rebuild those very things I pulled down, I constitute Myself a

Transgressor.

19 Besides, # I through
Law I died by Law, so that I might thive by God.

20 L bave been I crucified together with Christ; still I live, yet no longer H, but Christ lives in me; for that life which I now live in the Flesh, ‡I am living \* by THAT Faith of the son of God, I who LOVED me even to delivering himself up on my behalf.

21 I do not set aside the FAVOR of GOD; I for if through Law I have Righteousness, then Christ died

unnecessarily.

then

CHAPTER III. 1 O Thoughtless Gala-

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. Cephas. 16. Christ Jesus. 16. Jesus Christ. 10. by THAT Faith of THAT GOD and Christ, who LOVED me.

justification,

KEΦ. γ'. 3. 1Ω

ανοητοι, Γαλαται, τις ύμας εβασκανε; οίς you . deluded? to whom thoughtless, Galatians, who κατ' οφθαλμους Ιησους Χριστος προεγραφη Jesus Anointed was before set forth with respect to eyes \*[εν ὑμιν] εσταυρωμενος. <sup>2</sup>Τουτο μονον θελω [among you] having been crucified. This thing only I wish αφ' ύμων· εξ εργων νομου το πνευto have learned from you; on account of works of law the spirit 3 Oùc ελαβετε, η εξ ακοης πιστεως;
did you receive, or on account of a hearing of faith? μα ελαβετε, η So

τως ανοητοι εστε; εναρξαμενοι πνευματι, νυν thoughtless are you? having begun in spirit, σαρκι επιτελεισθε; 4 Τοσαυτα επαθετε in flesh are you being made perfect? So many things you suffered ειγε και εικη. <sup>5</sup> 'Ο ουν επιχοwithout cause? if indeed even without cause. He then supply, ρηγων ύμιν το πνευμα, και ενεργων δυναμεις εν ing to you the spirit, and working miracles among €Ě εργων νομου, η εĔ you, on account of works of law, or on account of obedience πιστεως; 6 καθως Αβρααμ επιστευσε τω θεω, of faith? even as Abraam believed in the God,

και ελογισθη αυτφ εις δικαιοσυνην. 7 Γινωσand it was counted to him for righteousness. Know you κετε αρα, ότι οί εκ πιστεως, ούτοι εισιν υίοι certainly, that those of faith, these Αβρααμ. <sup>8</sup> Προίδουσα δε ή γραφη, ότι εκ πισ-of Abraam. Having before seen and the writing, that by faith

τεως δικαιοι τα εθνη δ θεος, προευηγγελισατο justifies the nations the God, before announced glad tidings

τφ Αβρααμ. Ότι ενευλογηθησονται εν o the Abraam; shall be blessed in thee παντα τα  $\epsilon\theta\nu\eta$ . 9'  $\Omega\sigma\tau\epsilon$  of  $\epsilon\kappa$  πιστ $\epsilon\omega s$ ,  $\epsilon\nu\lambda o$ all the nations. So that those of faith, are

10 'Οσοι γαρ γευνται συν τω πιστω Αβοααμ. b'essed with the believing Abraam. As many as for

εξ εργων νομου εισιν, ύπο καταραν εισιν γεγof law are, under a curse they are; it has ραπται γαρ. 'Οτι επικαταρατος πας ός υυκ εμbeen written for; That accursed every one who not con-

μενει εν πασι τοις γεγραμμενοις εν τφ βιβλιφ unues in all things those having been written in the

11 Οτι δε εν του νομου, του ποιησαι αυτα. of the law, of the to have done them. That but By

νομω ουδεις δικαιουται παρα τφ θεφ, δηλον. no one is justified before the God,

ότι δδικαιος εκ πιστεως, ζησεται· 12 δ δε because the just by faith, shall live; the but

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. among you-omit.

† 1. Gal. v. 7. † 2. Acts viii. 15; Eph. i. 13. † 3. Gal. iv. 9. † 5. 2 Cor jii. 8. † 6. Gen. xv. 6; Rom. iv. 3, 9, 21, 22; James ii. 23. † 7. John. viii. 23 † 8. Gen. xii. 3; xviii. 18; xxii. 18; Acts jii. 35. † 10. Deut. † 11. Gal. ii. 16. † 11. Gal. ii. 16. † 11. Gal. ii. 16.

tians! ‡ who has deluded You, before whose Eyes Jesus Christ was previously represented as having been crucified.

2 This only I desire to learn from you :- 1 Did you receive the SPIRIT on account of Works of Law. or on account of Obedience of Faith?

3 Are you so thought-less? # Having begun in Spirit, are you now being made perfect in Flesh?

4 Have you suffered so Much for nothing? if indeed it is for nothing.

5 THE then SUPPLYING to you the SPIRIT, and performing Miracles among you, does he these on account of Works of Law, or on account of Obedience of Faith P

6 even as Abraham t"be-"lieved Gop, and it was "counted to him for Right-"eousness;"

7 Know you, certainly, That THOSE of Faith, these are Sons of Abraham.

8 And the SCRIPTURE, having foreseen That God would justify the NATIONS by Faith, previously announced glad tidings to ABRAHAM, That ‡"In thee "shall All the NATIONS be "blessed."

9 THOSE of Faith, therefore, are blessed with BE-LIEVING Abraham.

10 For as many as are of Works of Law are under a Curse; for it has been written, † "Accursed is "every one who continues "not in All those THINGS "HAVING BEEN WRITTEN "in the BOOK of the LAW "to do them."

11 Besides, That no one Tis justified by Law be-fore God is clear; Because, # "The RIGHTEOUS "by Faith, shall live."

νομος ουκ εστιν εκ πιστεως αλλ' δ ποιησαςι but the one having done of faith; 13 Χριστος ήμας (ησεται εν αυτοις. these things, shall live by them. Anointed εξηγορασεν εκ της καταρας του νομου, γενομεbought off from the curse of the law, having beνος ύπερ ήμων καταρα· (γεγραπται γαρ· Επιome on behalf of us a curse; (it has been written for; Acκαταρατος πας δ κρεμαμένος επι ξυλου.) every one he cursed being hung on a tree;) 14 ίνα εις τα εθνη ή ευλογια του Αβρααμ γενηso that for the nations the blessing of the Abraam ται  $\epsilon \nu$  Χριστφ Ιησου, ένα την επαγγελιαν του be in Anomated Jesus, that the annunciation of the 15 Αδελπνευματος λαβωμεν δια της πιστεως. Brethren, spirit we might receive through the faith. φοι, κατα ανθρωπον λεγω. όμως ανθρωπου according to man I speak; though of a man κεκυρωμενην διαθηκην ουδεις αθετει η επιδιατασhaving been ratified a covenant no one sets aside or σεται. <sup>16</sup> Τω δε Αβρααμ ερρηθησαν αί επαγγε-To the now Atraam were spoken the Ου λεγει Και λιαι, και τω σπερματι αυτου. Not he says, ses, even for the seed of him. And τοις σπερμασιν, ώς επι πολλων, αλλ' ώς €0 as concerning many, but as concerning ένος. Και τφ σπερματι σου, ός εστι Χριστος. one; And to the seed of thee; who is Anointed. 17 Τουτο δε λεγω· διαθηκην προκεκυρνωμενην This but I say; a covenant previously ratified ύπο του θεου \*[εις Χριστον,] ὁ μετα τετρακο-by the God [concerning Anointed,] that after four hunσια και τριακοντα ετη γεγονως νομος ουκ ακυthirty years having become alaw not dred and ροι, εις το καταργησαι την επαγγελιαν. 18 ει nuls, so as the to have canceled the promise; γαρ εκ νομου ή κληρονομια, ουκετι εξ επαγγεfor by law the inheritance, no longer by promise; λιας τω δε Αβρααμ δι' επαγγελιας κεχαρισto the but Abraam through has freely promise 19 Τι ουν δ νομος, Των παραβαται δ θεος. The given the God. Why then the law? transgresσεων χαριν  $\epsilon \tau \epsilon \theta \eta$ , (αχρις ου  $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ sions on account of it was appointed, (to which time should have come το σπερμα, ώ επηγγελται,) διαταγεις the seed, to whom it has been promised,) having been instituted 20 °O δε St αγγελων, εν χειρι μεσιτου.
by means o :messengers, in hand of a mediator. The but μεσιτης ένος ουκ εστιν ό δε θεος εις εστιν.

12 Now the LAW is not of Faith; but ‡ "HE HAV"ING DONE these things "shall live by them."

13 † Christ has redeemed Us from the CURSE of the LAW, having become a Curse on our behalf; (for it has been written, † "EVERY ONE who is "HANGED on a Tree is ac-"cursed;")

14 tso that the BLESS-ING of ABRAHAM might be for the NATIONS, by Christ Jesus; and that through the FAITH we might receive the ANNUNCIATION

of the spirit.

15 Brethren, I speak according to man;—no one sets aside or superadds conditions to ‡a ratified Compact, though human.

16 Now to ABBAHAM were the PROMISES Spokes. even for his SEED. He does not say, "And to the SEEDs," as concerning many, but as concerning one; "And to thy "SEED,"—who is Christ.

17 Now this I affirm, that a Covenant-engagement previously ratified by God, the Law, tissued Four hundred and Thirty Years afterwards does not annul, to as to invalidate the PROMISE;

18 for if the INHERITANCE be by LAW, it is no longer by Promise; but God graciously gave it to Abraham by Promise.

19 Why then the LAW? It was appointed on account of TRANSGRESSIONS, till the SEED should come to whom the promise related; thaving been instituted by means of Angels, in the hand of ta Mediator.

20 Of one party, however, he is not the MEDIA-TOR; I but GOD is one.

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- concerning Anointed -omit.

heis; the but God

mediator of one not

one

ει Ο ουν νομος κατα των επαγγελιων \* του | The then law contrary to the promises Tofthe Ει γαρ εδοθη νομος δ θεου; Μη γενοιτο. for was given a law that God?] Not let it be. If δυναμενος ζωοποιησαι, οντως αν εκ νομου ην ή iaw was the being able to have made alive, truly by δικαιοσυνη· <sup>92</sup> αλλα συνεκλεισεν ή γραφη τα righteousness; but shut up together the scripture the παντα ύπο άμαρτιαν, ίνα ή επαγγελια εκ sin, in order that the all things under promise πιστεως Ιησου Χριστου δοθη τοις πιστευουσι. of Jesus Anointed might be given to the believers.

23 Προ του δε ελθειν την πιστιν, ύπο νομον Before the but to have come the faith. under law

εφρουρουμεθα συγκεκλεισμενοι εις την μελλουwe were guarded being shut up together for the

24 'Ωστε δ νομος σαν πιστιν αποκαλυφθηναι. about faith to have been revealed. So that the law

παιδαγωγος ήμων γεγονεν, εις Χριστον, ίνα εκ a child-leader of us has become, to Anointed, that

πιστεως δικαιωθωμεν. 25 ελθουσης δε της πισfaith we might be justified; having come but the faith, 26 Havτεως, ουκετι ύπο παιδαγωγον εσμεν. no longer under a child-leader we are. All

τες γαρ υίοι θεου εστε δια της πιστεως εν for sons of God you are through the

Χριστφ Ιησου. 27 δσοι γαρ εις Χριστον εβαπ-Anointed Jesus; as many as for into Anointed were τισθητε, Χριστον ενεδυσασθε. 28 Ουκ ενε Ιου-

Anointed you were clothed. Notthereis δαιος, ουδε Έλλην ουκ ενι δουλος, ουδε ελευ-

nor a Greek; not there is a slave, nor  $\theta \in pos$  our  $\epsilon vi$  apo $\epsilon v$  kai  $\theta \eta \lambda v$   $\pi a v \tau \epsilon s$  yap and Female; for you all freeman, not there is male and female; all

ύμεις εις εστε εν Χριστφ Ιησου. 29 ει δε ύμεις you one are in Anointed Jesus; if bnt you

Χριστου, αρα του Αβρααμ σπερμα εστε, \*[και] of Anointed, certainly of the Abrasm seed you are, [and]

KOT' επαγγελιαν κληρονομοι. ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4. according to promise

εφ' δσον χρονον 1 Λεγω δε, δ εληρονομος I say now, for as long as a time the heir

νηπιος εστεν, ουδεν διαφερει δουλου, κυριος achild is, nothing he differs lord

21 Is the LAW then contrary to the PROMISES? By no means; for if a Law were given which was able to make alive, certainly BIGHTEOUSNESS would come from that Law;

22 but the SCRIPTURE has shut up together ALL. under Sin, ‡ in order that the PROMISE by Faith of Jesus Christ might be given to the BELIEVERS.

23 And before the com-ING of that FAITH, we were guarded under Law, being shut up together for the FAITH BEING ABOUT to be revealed.

24 So that the LAW has become our † Pedagogue to lead to Christ, I that we might be justified by Faith.

25 But the FAITH having come, we are no longer under a Pedagogue;

26 since you are all I Sons of God, through the FAITH, by Christ Jesus.

27 Besides, I as many of you as were immersed into Christ, were clothed with Christ.

28 ‡ In him there is not Jew nor Greek; there is not a Slave nor a Freeman; there is not Male for are tone in Christ Jesus;

29 and if you belong to Christ, certainly you are ABRAHAM'S Seed, ‡and Heirs according to Promise.

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 Now I say, for as long a Time as the HEIR is a Child, he differs in nothing from a Slave, Lord of all though he be:

a slave.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. of God-omit.

<sup>29.</sup> and-omit.

<sup>7 24. &</sup>quot;Paidagoogos, from pais, a child, and agoogos, a leader, which among the Greeks properly signified a servant whose business it was constantly to attend on his young master, to watch over his behavior, and particularly to lead (agein) him to and from school, and the place of exercise. These paidagoogoi were generally slaves, imperious and severa and so better corresponded to the Jewish teachers and Jewish law, to which the term is applied by Paul."—Parkhurst.

<sup>‡ 26.</sup> John i ‡ 28. Rom. x. 12; 1 29. Rom. viii. 17;

παντων ων° <sup>2</sup>αλλα ύπο, επιτροπους εστι και οιof all being; but under guardians it is and stew-

kovoμους, αχρι της προθεσμίας του πατρος. ards, till the before-appointed of the father.

δο δίτω και ήμεις, ότε ημεν νηπιοι, ύπο τα so also we, when we were children, under the στοιχεια του κοσμου ημεν δεδουλωμενοι.  $^4$  ότε

radiments of the world we were having been enslaved; when  $\delta \epsilon \, \eta \, \lambda \, \theta \epsilon \, \tau \sigma \, \pi \lambda \eta \rho \omega \mu \alpha \, \tau \sigma \upsilon \, \chi \rho \rho \nu \sigma \upsilon$ ,  $\epsilon \xi \alpha \pi \epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon \iota \lambda \epsilon \nu$ 

int came the fulness of the time, sent forth

δ θεος τον υίον αύτου, γενομενον εκ γυναικος,
the God the son of himself, having been born from a woman,

the God the son of himself, having been not from a woman, γενομενον ὑπο νομον, δίνα τους ὑπο νομον having been born under law, in order that those under law

εξαγοραση, ίνα την υίοθεσιαν απολαβωμεν. he might buy off, that the sonship we might receive. 6 Οτι δε εστε υίοι, εξαπεστειλεν \* [δ θεος] Because and you are sons, he sent forth [the God] το πνευμα του υίου αύτον εις τας καρδιας ήμων, the spirit of the son of himself into the hearts of us,

κρα (ον\* Αββα, δ πατηρ.

crying; Abba, the father.

δυυλος, αλλ' vios\* ει δε vios, και κληρονομος
a slave, but a son; if but a son, also an heir

a slave, but a son; if but a son, also an heir  $\theta \in \mathcal{O} \times \left[\delta \iota \alpha \times \rho \iota \sigma \tau \circ \upsilon\right]$  8 All  $\alpha \tau \circ \tau \in \mu \in \nu$ , our of God [through Anointed.] But then indeed, not  $\epsilon \iota \delta \circ \tau \in \theta \in \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \delta \circ \upsilon \lambda \epsilon \upsilon \sigma \sigma \tau \in \tau \circ \iota$  but then indeed, not knowing God, you were enslaved to those by nature not being  $\theta \in \iota \circ \iota$  yuu  $\theta \in \iota \circ \iota$  you were enslaved to those by nature not being  $\theta \in \iota \circ \iota$  yuu  $\theta \in \iota$  yuu  $\theta \in$ 

κισθενη και πτωχα στοιχεια, οίς παλιν ανωθεν weak and poor rudiments, to which again as at first δουλευειν θελετε; 10 Ήμερας παρατηρεισθε be in subjection you wish? Days you watch narrowly?

και μηνας και καιρους και ενιαυτους; 11 Φοβουand moons and seasons and years? I am

μαι ύμας, μηπως εικη κεκοπιακα εις ύμας. afraid you, lest perhaps in vain Habored hard for you.

12 Γινεσθε ώς εγω, ότι καγω ώς ύμεις αδελ-Become you as I, for even I as you, breth-

φοι, δεομαι ύμων ουδεν με ηδικησατε. <sup>13</sup> Otren, Lentreat you; nothing me you wronged. You

δατε δε, ότι δι' απθενιαν της σαρκος ευαγγε-

2 but is under Guardians and Stewards, till \* THAT period PREDETERMINED of the FATHER.

3 Thus we also, when we were Children, twere enslaved under the RUDI-MENTS of the WORLD.

4 But t when the COM-PLETION of the TIME arrived, GOD sent forth his son, thaving been produced from a Woman, born under Law,

5 in order that he might redeem THOSE under Law, that we might receive the

SONSHIP.

6 And Because you are Sons, he sent forth the SPIRIT of his son inteour HEARTS, exclaiming, Abba! Father!

7 So that thou art no longer a Slave, but a Son, ‡and if a Son, also an

Heir \* of God.

8 But at that time, indeed, not knowing God, tyou were enslaved to THOSE by Nature who ARE not Gods;

9 now, however, having acknowledged God, (or rather having been acknowledged by God,) ‡ how is it you are returning again to ‡ the weak and Poor Rudiments, to which again, as at first, you wish to be in subjection?

10 ‡ Are you observing Days, and Moons, and Seasons, and Years?

11 I am afraid for you, lest ‡ perhaps I may have labored for you in vain.

12 Brethren, I entreat you to be as I am, For I am as pout were; you injured Me in nothing;

13 And you know that through Weakness of the FLESH I ORIGINALLY an-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—2. That predetermined of the father. 6. God- 4. through Anointed—omit. 7. through God.

<sup>† 3.</sup> verse 9; Gal. v. 1; Col. ii. 8, 20; Heb. ix. 10. † 4. Gen. xlix. 10; Dan. ix. ...dark i. 15. † 4. Gen. iii. 15; Isa. vii. 14; Matt. i. 23. † 4. Luke ii. 27. † 5. Gal. iii. 13; 1 Pet. i. 18, 19. † 5. John i. 12; Gal. iii. 26; Eph. i. 5. † 6. Rom. viii. 15, 17; Gal. iii. 29. † 8. Rom. i. 25; 1 Cor. xii. 2. † 9. Gal. iii. 3; Col ii. 20. † 9. Rom. viii. 3; Heb. vii. 18. † 10. Rom. xiv. 5; Col. ii. 16. † 11. Gal. ii 2; v. 2, 4; 1 Thess iii. 5. † 13. 1 Cor. ii. 3; 2 Cor. xi. 30; xii. 7, 9.

λισαμην ύμιν το προτερον, <sup>14</sup> και τον πειρασμον glad tidings to you the formerly. and the temptation

μου τον εν τη σαρκι μου ουκ εξουθενησατε ουδε of me that in the flesh of me not you despised

 $\epsilon$ ξεπτυσατε· αλλ' ώς αγγελον θεου εδαξασθε did you spit out; but as a messenger of God you received

15 Tis ovv ην δ μακα-What then was the benedicμε, ως Χριστου Ιησουν. ne, even as Anointed

ρισμος ύμων; μαρτυρω γαρ ύμιν, ότι, ει δυνα-I testify for to you, that, if tion of you?

τον, τους οφθαλμους ύμων εξορυξαντες αν εδωthe of you having dug out would you

16 Ωστε εχθρος ύμων γεγονα αλη-KETE HOL. rive to me. So that an enemy of you have I become speak-

θευων ύμιν: 17 Ζηλουσιν ύμας ου καλως. ing truth to you? They show affection towards you not honorably;

αλλα εκκλεισαι ύμας θελουσιν, ίνα αυτους (ηbut to have shut out you they wish, so that them

18 Καλον δε \*[το] (πλουσθαι εν may ardently love. Honorable but [the] to be ardently devoted in

καλω παντοτε, και μη μονον εν τω παρειναι a good thing at all times, and not only in the to be present με προς ύμας. 19 Τεκνια μου, ούς παλιν ωδινω, me with you. Olittle children of me, whom again I am bearing,

αχρις ού μορφωθη Χριστος εν ύμιν 20 ηθελον till may have been formed Anointed in you, I could wish

δε παρειναι προς ύμας αρτι, και αλλαξαι την but to be present with you now, and to change the Φωνην μου ότι απορουμοι εν ύμιν.  $^{21}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\tau\epsilon$ 

tone of me; because I am perplexed with you. Speak you

μοι, οί ύπο νομον θελοντες ειναι, τον νομον to me, those under desiring to be. the

,υκ ακουετε; <sup>22</sup> Γεγραπται γαρ, ότι Αβρααμ act do you hear? It has been written for, that Abraam

δυο υίους εσχενο ένα εκ της παιδισκης, και two sons had, one from the bond-woman,

ένα εκ της ελευθερας. 23 Αλλ' δ \* [ μεν ] εκ της But that [indeed[ from the one from the

παιδισκης, κατα σαρκα γεγενηται. δ δε εκ bond-woman, according to flesh has been born; that but from

της ελευθερας, δια της επαγγελιας. the free-woman, through the Which things promise.

αλληγορουμενα αύται γαρ εισι δυο is being adapted to another meaning; these for are two

ξιαθηκαι μια μεν απο ορους Σινι, εις δουλειαν covenants, one indeed from mount Sinai, for servitude

nounced glad tidings to vou:

14 and \* THAT TRIAL of mine which was in my FLESH, you did not d spise; nor did you reject me, but received me fasa Messenger of God, Teven as Carist Jesus.

15 \* What then were your BENEDICTIONS! for I bear you witness. That. if possible, you would have dug out your EYES, and given them to me.

16 So that I have become your Enemy, thy

telling you the truth!

17 They love you ardently, not honorably; but they desire \* to exclude us, so that you may love Them ardently.

18 Now, it is honorable to be ardently devoted towards a good cause, at all times; and not only during my PRESENCE with you,

19 Omy Little children! twhom I am bearing again, till Christ be formed in vou;

20 and I could wish to be present with you now, and to change my TONE; Because I am perplexed concerning you.

21 Tell me, you whe are DESIRING to be under Law, do you not bear the LAWP

22 For it has been written, That Abraham had Two Sons; I one from the BOND-WOMAN, and tone from the FREE-WOMAN.

23 Now, the one from the BOND-WOMAN was naturally produced; Thut the other from the FREE-WOMAN was through the PROMISE.

24 Which things are allegorical; for these represent Two Covenants; one indeed from Mount Sinai,

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—14. Your TRIAL which was in my FLESH.

15.

18. the—omit.

23. indeed—omit. 15. Where

<sup>1 16.</sup> Gal., i. 5, 14 

γεννωσα, ήτις εστιν Αγαρ. 25 το γαρ Αγαρ, bringing forth, which is Agar; the for Agar,

Σινα ορος εστι εν τη Αραβια, συστοιχοι δε τη Sinaiamountain it is in the Arabia, it corresponds and to the

νυν 'Ιερουσαλημ, δουλευει γαρ μετα των τεκpresent Jerusalem, she is in bondage for with the children

νων αύτης  $^{26}$  ή δε ανω Ἱερουσαλημ, ελευθερα of herself; the but above Jerusalem, a free-woman

εστιν, ήτις εστι μητηρ ήμων· <sup>27</sup> γεγραπται γαρ· is, who is a mother of us; it has been written for;

Ευφρανθητι στειρα  $\mathring{\eta}$  ου τικτουσα,  $\mathring{\rho}\eta$ ξον και Be thou made glad O barren who not is bearing, burst thou forthand

Εσησον ή ουκ ωδινουσα· ότι πολλα τα τεκνα shoutthou who not is bringing to birth; because many the children

της  $\epsilon$ ρημου μαλλον η της  $\epsilon$ χουσης τον ανδρα. of the deserted one more than of the one having the husband.

 $^{23}$  Hueis  $\delta \epsilon$ , adeadoi, kata Idaak, etayyelias We now, brethren, like Isaac, of a promise

 $extbf{ extit{ extit{\extit{\extit{ extit{ extit{ extit{ extit{ extit{ extit{ extit{\extit{\extit{\extit{ extit{ extit{\extit{\extit{\extit{\extit{ extit{\extit$ 

γεννηθεις εδιωκε τον κατα πνευμα, ούτω και being born persecuted hum according to spirit, so also

νυν.  $^{30}$  Αλλα τι λεγει ή γραφη; Εκβαλε την now. But what says the writing? Cast out the

παιδισκην και τον υίον αυτης ου γαρ μη κληbond-woman and the son ofher; not for not should

ρονομηση ὁ υίος της παιδισκης μετα του υίου inherit the son of the bond-woman with the son

της ελευθερας.  $^{31}$  Αρα, αδελφοι, ουκ εσμεν of the free-woman. Then, brethren, not we are

παιδισκης τεκνα, αλλα της ελευθερας. ΚΕΦ. ot bond-woman children, but of the free-woman.

 $\epsilon'$ . 5.  ${}^1$  T $\eta$   $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon v \theta \epsilon \rho \iota \alpha$   $\eta$   $\eta \mu \alpha s$   $\chi \rho \iota \sigma \tau o s$  In the freedom with which us Anointed

ηλευθερωσε, στηκετε, και μη παλιν ζυγφ δουmade free, stand you firm, and not again in a yoke of

λειας ενεχεσθε. <sup>2</sup> Ιδε, εγω, Παυλος λεγω ύμιν, bondage beyou held fast. Lo, l, Paul say to you,

breeding children for Servitude;—that is Hagar.

25 Now † HAGAR signifies Sinai—(a Mountain in ARABIA,)—and it corresponds to the PRESENT Jerusalem, for she is in bondage with her CHILDREN.

26 But the EXALTER Jerusalem represents the Free-woman, who is our

Mother.

27 For it has been written, ‡ "Rejoice, O Barren "woman, who dost not "BRING FORTH! Burst "forth and shout, THOU "who art not in LABOR, "For many more are the "CHILDRENOT the DESER-"TED one, than of HER "having the HUSBAND."

28 Now \*pou, Brethren, like Isaac, are ‡Children

of a Promise.

29 But just as then, the one BORN according to Flesh, persecuted HIM born according to Spirit; so also now.

30 But what says the scripture? t" Cast out "the Bond-woman and "her son; for the son "of the Bond-woman "should not be an heir "with the son of the free-"woman."

31 \* Wherefore, Brethren, we are not Children of a Bond-woman, ‡ but of the free-woman.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 ‡ In the FREEDOM with which Christ made Us free, therefore, stand you firm, and do not again be held fast in ‡ a Yoke of Servitude.

2 Behold! # Paul say to

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-28. Now not Brethren. are not.

<sup>31.</sup> Wherefore, Brethren, we

<sup>† 25.</sup> Grotius says, Sinai is called Hagar or Agar syneedochially, because in that mountain there was a city which bare Hagar's name. By Plny, it is called Agar; and by Dio, Agara; and its inhabitants were called Hagarenes. Psa. Ixxxiii. 6. The later Greek witters likewise call them Agareni. Whitby thinks the allusior is taken from the meaning of, hagar, which in the Hebrew language signifies a rock; for so Sinai is sometimes called, Exod. xxxiii. 22.—Macknight. In Arabic it means a rock, or rocky mountain, and as Sinai is remarkably such, it might be called to agar, the rock.—Bloomfield.

<sup>† 27.</sup> Isa. liv. 1. † 28. Acts iii. 25; Rom. ix. 8; Gal. iii. 29. † 29. Gen. xxi. 9. † 30. Gal. iii. 8; 22. † 30. Gen. xxi. 10, 12. † 30. John viii. 35. † 31. John viii. 32; Rom. vi. 18; 1 Pet. ii. 16. † 1. Acts xy.

δτι εαν περιτεμνησθε. Χριστ's ύμις ουδεν ωφε- you, ! That if you should that feircumensed you should be, Anomited you nothing

λησει· <sup>8</sup>μαρτυρομαι δε παλιν παντι ανθρωπφ Dront; - testily but again to every

περιτεμνομενω, ότι οφειλετης σστιν όλον τον a debtor being circumcised, that heis whole the

\* [ TOU ] 4 Κατηργηθητε γομον ποιησαι. απο law to have done. You are see free from [the]

X SITTOU DITIVES EN VOLLO δικαιουσθε. THIS are justifying yourselves; Augusted whoever by law

5 'Ημεις γαρ πνευματι εκ εαριτος εξεπεσατε. you fell off. We for in spirit from

τιστεως ελπιδ: δικαιοσυνης απεκδεγομεθα. faith ahope ofrighteougness we wall we.

6 Εν γαρ Χριστω \* [Ιησου] ουτε εεριτομη το lu for Anointed (Jesus) neither circumcision anything ισχυει, ουτε ακροβυστια αλλα πιστις δι' αγα-

not uncircumcision; bus faith through love πης ενεργουμενη. ΤΕτρεχετε καλως who you working. You were running well; who you as 'A 8' μ 7 Ετρεχετε καλως τις ύμας

ενεκοψε \*[τη] αληθεια με πειθεσθαι. 8 'H hindered [in the] truth not to cofinde. The

9 Мікра πεισμονη ουκ εκ του καλουντος ύμας. persuanon not from the one calling A little you. 10 Εγω πεποιθα

ζυμη δλον το φυραμα ζυμοι. leaven whole the it leavens. I have confidence mass ύμας \*[εν κυριω,] ότι ουδεν αλλο φρο-

[in Lord, ] that no one other thing you νησετε· δ δε ταρασσων ύμας βαστασει το κρι-

will mind; the but one troubling you shall bear the judgμι, όστις αν η. 11 Εγω δε, αδελφοι, ει περιment, whoever he may be. I but, bretbren, : eircum-

ετι κηρυσσω, τι ετι διωκ μαι; αρα TOUND stale I publish. why still am I persecuted? then

70 σκανδαλον του σταυρου. κατηργηται has been abolished the stumbling-block of the cross.

1 † Οφελον και αποκοψονται οί αναστατουντες I wish even they shall be cut off those

13 Ύμεις γαρ επ' ελευθερια εκληθητε, žμας. for to freedom were invited,

αδελφοι μονον μη την ελευθεριαν εις αφορμην only not the for an occasion prethren; freedom

be circumcised, Christ will be of no benefit to you.

3 And I testify again to Every circumcised Man, That he is bound to perform the Whole LAW.

4 # Whoever of you are justifying yourselves by Law, are separated from Christ; ‡ you are fallen off from the FAVOR.

5 IHe, however, are waiting, in Spirit, for thope of Righteousnes

from Faith.

6 For, 1 in Christ Jesu neither Circumcision nor Uncircumcision avails anvthing, but \$ Faith operating in us by Love.

You were running well; who hindered You from confiding in the

Truth?

8 This PERSUASION is not from THIM INVITING you

9 1 A Little Leaven ferments the Whole MASS.

10 II have confidence respecting you, That you will not regard any other thing; but IHE who TROUBLES you, whoever he be, # shall bear the JUDGMENT.

11 # And F, Brethren, if I still proclaim Circumcision, why am I still per-secuted? Has, indeed, SCANDAL of the cross been removed?

12 † I wish it was;but those who are sub-VERTING you shall be cut

13 Now, Brethren, gou were invited to Freedon.; only take care lest this FREEDOM become an Oc-

" VATICAN Mss. - 4. the omit. 6. Jesus - omit. 7. in the -omit. 10. in Lord-omit.

<sup>† 12.</sup> Parkhorst says "after all, it may be doubted whether the Greek language will ad mit of ophelon being construed with a future verb; \* \* oner do I know that any one instance of such a construction has been yet produced from any approved Greek writer. And the uncouthness of the phraseology in Gal. v. 12, is farther increased by the insertion of the particle kai before apokopsontai." Bengelus in Guonfen, reads as follows; "Is then the scandal of the cross taken away? I wish it was. And they shall be cut off that troubly you." This rendering has been adopted.

<sup>\$ 3.</sup> Acts xv. 1. \$ \$ 3. Gal. iii. 10. \$ \$ 4. Rom. ix. 31, 32; Gal. ii. 21. \$ \$ 1. Heb. xii. 15. \$ \$ 5. Rom. viii. 24, 25; 2 Tim. iv. 8. \$ \$ 6. 1 Cor. vii. 10; Gal. iii. 2; \$ \$ 7. 15; Col. iii. 11. \$ \$ 6. 1 Thess. i. 3; Janes ii. 18, 20, 22. \$ \$ 8. Gal. i. 6. \$ \$ 1 Cor. v. 6; xv. 33. \$ \$ 10. 2 Cor. ii. 3; viii. 22. \$ \$ 10. Gal. i. 7. \$ \$ 10. 2 Cor. ii. 2; viii. 2; \$ \$ 13. 1 Cor. viii. 9; 1 Pet. ii. 16; Ju less.

τη σαρκι, αλλα δια της αγαπης δουλευετε αλ- casion for the FLESH; but but through the love be you subservient Andois. 14 Ο γαρ πας νομος εν ενι λογώ πλη-The for whole law in one word is fully mch other, ρουται, εν τω. Αγαπησεις τον πλησιον σου ώς set forth, in this; Thou shalt love the neighbor of three as 35 E. δε αλληλους 'FAUTON. δακνετε Kal but thyself. each other you bite and κατεσθιετε, βλεπετε, μη ύπο αλληλων αναλωyou devour, take you care, lest by each other you may be OnTE. consumed.

16 Λεγω δε πνευματι περιπαιείτε, και επίθυleay but; by spirit walk you. and a desire " Ή γαρ γαρξ μιαν σαρκος ου μη τελεσητε. officsh not not you should fulfil. The for flesh επιθυμει κατα του πνευματος, το δε πνευμα desires against the apirit, ofthe and κατα της σαρκος ταυτα δε αλληλοις αντικειagainst the flesh; these and to each other are opposed, ται, ίνα μη, ά αν θελητε, ταυτα ποιητε. so that not, the things you would wish, these you should do. 18 Ει δε πνευματι αγεσθε, ουκ εστε ύπο νομον, If but by spirit you be led, not you are under law. 19 Φανερα δε εστι τα εργα της σαρκος άτινα Manifest but it is the works of the flesh; which things εστι πορνεια, ακαθαρσια, ασελγια, 20 ειδωλολαit is formication. impurity, debauchery, τρεια, φαρμακεια, εχθραι, ερεις, (ηλοι, θυμοι. enmities, quarrels, jealousies, reseatments, εριθειαι, διχοστασιαι, αίρεσεις, 21 φθονοι, \* [φοfactions secis, envyings, Imurbrawlings, κωμοι, και τα δμοια τουτοις. νοι, ] μεθαι, drunkennesses, revellings, and the things like to them; προλεγω ύμιν, καθως \*[και] προειπον, which things I tell before to you, even as [also] I said before, ότι οί τα τοιαυτα πρασσοντες βασιλε αν θεου

γρηστοτης, αγαθωσυνη, πιστις, πραστης, εγfidelity, kindness, goodness, meekness, selfκρατεια. <sup>23</sup> κατα των τοιουτων ουκ εστι νομος. against the such like not is a law. <sup>24</sup> Οί δε του Χριστου, την σαρκα εσταυρωσαν

ου κληρονομησουσιν. 22 'Ο δε καρπος του πνευ-

ματος εστιν αγαπη, χαρα, ειρηνη, μακροθυμια,

The but

joy, peace,

fruit of the

a kingdom of God

forbearance,

Those but of the Anointed, the flesh eruc: fied

to ! through LOVE be you subservient to each other.

14 For t the WHOLE Law is fully set forth in this Single Precept; "Thou shalt love th "NEIGHBOR as thyself."

15 But if you bite and devour each other, heware lest you be consumed by

each other.

16 Now I say, \$ Walk by the Spirit, and fulfil not the Desire of the

Flesh.

17 For the riggs desires the contrary of the SPIRIT, and the SPIRIT the contrary of the FLESH: \* for these are opposed to each ether; I so that you do not perform the THINGS which you wish.

18 But Tif you be led by Spirit, you are not under

Law.

19 Now t the works of the FLESH are manifestly these; -- Fornication, Impurity, Debanchery,

20 Idolatry, Sorcery, Enmities, Quarrels, \* Jealousies, Resentments, Altercations, Factions, Sects,

21 Envyings, Inebrieties, Revellings, and THINGS SIMILAR to these; respecting which I tell you before, even as I previously told you, ! That THOSE who PRACTISE SUCH THINGS shall not inherit God's Kingdom.

22 But the FRUIT of the SPIRIT is Love, Joy, Peace, Forbearance, \*Kindness, I Goodness, Fidelity, Meekness, Self-control;

23 Tagainst such LIKE THINGS there is no Law.

24 And THOSE who belong to \* Christ Jesus, have crucified the FLESH,

that they the these things practising

love,

shall inherit.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. for these, 21. also-omit. 24. Christ Jesus.

<sup>10.</sup> Jealousy.

<sup>21.</sup> murder-omit

<sup>† 13. 1</sup> Cor. ix. 19; Gal. vi. 2. † 14. Matt. vii. 12, xxii. 40; James ii. 8. † 14. Lev. xix. 19; Matt. xxii. 39; Rom. xiii. 8, 9. † 16. Rom. vi. 12; viii. 1, 4, 12; xiii. 14: verse 25; 1 Pet. ii. 11. † 17. Rom. vii. 23; viii. 6, 7. † 17. Rom vii. 15, 19. † 18. Rom. vi. 14; viii. 2. † 19. 1 Cor. iii. 3; Eph. v. 3; Col. iii. 5; James iii. 14, 15; † 21. 1 Cor. vi. 9; Eph. v. 5; Col. iii. 6; Rev. xxii. 15. † 22. John xv. 2; Eph. v. 9. † 22. Col. iii. 12; James iii. 17. † 22. Rom. xv. 14. † 23. 1 Tim. i. 6.

συν τοις παθημασι και ταις επιθυμιαις. 25 ει if with the passions and the desizes; (ωμεν πνευματι, πνευματι KOLL στοιχωμεν. we should walk. welive by sp. rit, by spillt also 16 Μη γινωμεθα κενοδεξοι, αλληλους προκα-Not we should become vain-glorious, each other promking, λουμενοι, αλληλοις φθονουντες. ΚΕΦ. .. 6.

with each other envying.

Αδελφοι, εαν και προληφθη ανθρωπος εν

Brethren, if, even should be surprised a man in

ινι παραπτωματι, ύμεις οι τνευματικοι καταρσ fault, γου the spiritual cnes do you
τ. ζετε τον τοιουτον εν πνευματι πραστητος:
πιμετε the such like with a spirit of meckness;
σκοπων σεαυτον, μη και συ πειρασθης. <sup>2</sup> Αλληwat thing thyself, lest also thou shouldst be tempted. Of each

λων τα βαρη βασταζετε, και ούτως αναπληρωother the burdens bearyou, and thus fulfil you

σα, ε τον νομον του Χριστου, <sup>3</sup>Ει γαρ δοκει the law of the Azointed. If for thinks

τις ειναι τι, μηδεν ων, ξαυτον φρεναπατα any one to be something, nothing being, himself he deceives το δε εργον ξαυτου δοκιμαζετω \*[ἐκαστος,]

the but work of himself let him try [each one,] και τοτε εις έαυτον μονον το καυχημα έξει, και and then in himself alone the boartinghe will have, and our εις τον έτερον ξάκαστος γαρ το ίδιον φορnot in the other; each one for the his own bur-

τιον βαστασει. 6 Κοινωνειτω δε δ κατηχουden will bear. Let him communicate but the one being

μενος τον λογον, τω κατηχουντι, εν πασιν

taught the word, to the one teaching, in all

αγαθοις. 7 Μη πλανασθε θεος ου μυκτηριζεται.

cood thing. Not do you mistake; God not is to be mocked at.

Ο ναρ ταν σπειρη ανθρωπος, τουτο και θερισει.

That for if may row a man, this also he will reap;

 $^{S}$  ότι δ σπειρων εις την σαρκα έαυτου, εκ της because the one sowing for the flesh of himself, from the σαρκος θιρισει φθοραν δ δε σπειρων εις το

genh be will reap corruption; the but one sowing for the πρευμα, εκ του πνευματος θερισει ζωην αιωνιον. spirit, from of the spirit he will reap life age-lasting.

Pro δε καλον ποιουντες μη εκκακωμεν καιρω The but good doing not we should fag; in ascason

γαο ιδιφ θεοισομεν, μη εκλυομενοι. 10 Αρα for its own we shall map, not fainting. So

our, is kaipor exomer, epya(wheha to ayahov faen, as opportunity we save, we should work the good

with the PASSIONS and DESIRES.

25 ‡ If we live by Spirit, we should also walk by Spirit.

26 ‡ We should not become Vain-glorious, provoking each other, envying each other.

#### CHAPTER VI.

1 Brethren, tif a Man should be surprised by some Fault, do You, the SPIRITUAL, reinstate SUCH person with a Spirit of Meekness; twatching thyself, lest thou also shouldst be tempted.

2 ‡ Bear you each other's BURDENS, and thus fulfil the LAW of the ANOINTED

one.

3 For ‡ if any one think he is something, being nothing, he deceives himself;

4 but flet him try his own work, and then he will have BOASTING in himself alone, and not in ANOTHER;

5 for teach one shall bear his own Burden.

6 thet the person BE-ING TAUGHT the WORD, communicate to the IN-STRUCTOR in All Good things.

7 Do not mistake; ‡ God is not to be derided. ‡ For whatever a Man may sow, this also he will reap;

8 the because the one sow-ING for his FLESH, will from the FLESH reap Corruption; but the one sow-ING for the SPIRIT, will from the SPIRIT reap aionian Life.

9 Therefore, twe should not flag in Doing well; for we shall reap, at the proper season, tif we do not relax.

10 So then, as we have Opportunity, 1 we should

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-4. each one-omit.

<sup>1 25.</sup> Rom. viii. 4, 5; cersc 16. 1 26. Phil. ii. 3. 1 1. Heb. xii. 15; James v. 10. 1 1. Cor. x. 12. 2 2. Rom. xv. 1. 1 2. John xiii. 14, 15, 34; 1 John iv. 21. 3. Rom. xii. 3. 1 4. 2 Cor. xiii. 5. 1 5. 1 Cor. iii. 3. 6. Rom. xv. 27; 1 Cor. ix. 11, 14. 1 7. Joh xiii. 9. 1 7. Luke xvi. 25; Rom. ii. 6; 2 Cor. ix. 6; 3. Joh. iv. 8; Prov. xi. 18; xxii. 8; Hosea viii. 7; x. 12; Rom. viii. 13; James ii. 18; 9. 2 Thess. iii. 13; 1 Cor. xv. 53. 1 9. Heb. x. 36; Rev. ii. 10. 1 Thess. v. 13

ματος ύμων; αδελφοι.

of you, brethren.

προς παντας, μαλιστα δε προς τους οικειους all, especially but to the family-members 10 11 Ιδετε, πηλικοις δμιν γραμμασιν THE THOTEOS. fasth You see, how many things to you in letters εγραψα τη εμη χειρι. 12 'Οσοι θελουσιν ευwote with the my hand As many as wish προσωπησαι εν σαρκι, appear fair flesh. ούτοι αναγκοζουσιν these constrain ύμας περιτεμνεσθαι· μονον, ίνα μη τφ σταυρφ only, you to be circumcised; that not for the cross 13 Ουδε γαρ οί περιτου Χριστου διωκωνται. of the Anointed they should be persecuted. Not even for those being τεμνομένοι αυτοι νομον φυλασσουσιν αλλα themselves alaw arcumcised. do they keep; bug θελουσιν ύμας περιτεμνεσθαι, ίνα εν τη ύμεθελουσιν ύμας περιτεμεταίνες, so that in the they wish you to be circumcised, so that in the they wish you to be circumcised. 14 Εμοι δε μη γενοιτερά σαρκι καυχησωνται. For me but not, it may be flesh they might boast το καυχασθαι, ει μη εν τω σταυρω του κυριου to boast, of not in the cross of the Lord ημων Ιησου Χριστου δι' ού εμοι κοσμος Anouated: throughwhich to me Jesus 6. f 11 B a world εσταυρωται, καγω \* τω κοσμφ. \*[Ev] and [ [to the] vas been crucified, world [In] γαρ \* [Χριστου Ιησου] ουτε περιτομη τι εστιν, for [Anuinted Jesus] neither circumcision anything is, 16 Ka1 ουτε ακροβυστια, αλλα καινη κτισις. but perther uncircumcision, a new creation And όσοι τω κανονι τουτω στοιχησουσιν, ειρηνη will walk, as manyas by the rule this peace επ' αυτους και ελεος, και επι τον Ισραηλ του on the Israel of the θεου. 17 Του λοιπου, κοπους μοι μηδεις παρε-God. Of the remaining, troubles to me noone let χετω εγω γαρ τα στιγματα του \*[κυριου] Ιηfor the brand-marks of the [Lord] 18 'H. xapis σου εν τω σωματι μου βασταζω. sus in the The favor body of me bear. του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου μετα του πνευof the Lord ofus Jesus Anointed with the spirit

do GOOD to all, but espeenally to the TMEMBERS of the FAMILY of the FAITH.

11 You see how many things in a Letter, I have written to you with my

own Hand.

12 As many as wish to appear fair in the Flesh, these constrain you to be circumeised, only that they may not be \(\frac{1}{2}\) persecuted for the cross of \(\frac{1}{2}\) the Anointed Jesus.

13 For not even the crn-; cumcised themselves keep the Law, but they wish You to be circumcised, so that they may boast in

Your Flesh.

14 ‡ But it is not for Me to boast, except in the cross of our Lord Jesus Christ, through which the World has been ‡crucified to Me, and £ to the World.

15 ‡ For neither is Circumcision anything, nor Uncircumcision, ½ but a

New Creation.

16 And as many as will walk they this Rule, Peace and Mercy be on them, I and on the Israel of God.

17 Finally, let no one cause me Trouble; ‡ for I bear in my Body the † BRAND-MARKS of JESUS.

18 The FAVOR of our LORD Josus Christ be with your spirit, Brethren, Amen.

# \*TO THE GALATIANS. WRITTEN FROM ROME.

Αμην.

So beit.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—12. the Anointed Jesus. 14. to the—nmit. 15. in—omit. 15. Anointed Jesus—omit. 17. Lord—omit. Subscription—To the Galatians. Whitten from Rome.

<sup>† 17&#</sup>x27; The apostle calls the scars he received from stripes, chains, etc., in the service of Christ, (compare 2 Cor. xi. 23, etc.,) the marks of the Lord Jesus, by a beautiful allusion to the tismala with which servants and soldiers were sometimes marked to show to whom they belonged. See Raphelius, Wolfus, and Wetstern, on the place, Dauberg and Vitringa on Rev. vii. 3; xiii. 16, 17, and Lowth on Isa. xliv. 5—Parkhurst.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Eph. ii. 19. † 12. efiap. v. 11. † 14. Phif. iii. 8, 7, 8. † 14. Rom. ii. 6; Gal. ii. 20. † 15. Gal. v. 6; Col. iii. 11. † 15. 2 Cor. v. 17. † 16. Phil. iii. 16. † 16. Rom. ii. 29; iv. 12: ix. 6—8; Gal. (ii. 7, 9, 9; Phil. iii. 3. † 17. 2 Cor. † 18. Phil. iii. 3. † 18. Phil. iii.

# EPHESIANS.

# КЕΦ. α'. 1.

1 Παυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου δια Paul, of Jesus an apostle Anointed through θεληματος θεου, τοις άγιοις τοις ουσιν εν Εφεwill ef God, to the saints to those being in Epheσφ και πιστοις εν Χριστφ Ιησου. 2 χαρις ύμιν aus even to believers in Anointed Jesus; favor to you και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος ήμων, και κυριου and peace from God a father of us, and Lord 3 Ευλογητος δ θεος \* [ Kal Ιησου Χριστου. Worthy of praise the Anointed. God fand πατηρ] του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, δ ευλογησας ήμας εν παση ευλογια πνευματική having blessed us with every blessing spiritual $\epsilon \nu$  Tois  $\epsilon \pi$ oupaviois  $\epsilon \nu$  Xpi $\sigma \tau \phi$ .  $\epsilon$  ka $\theta \omega s$   $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \xi - \epsilon$  the heavenlies in Anointed; even as he chose ατο ήμας εν αυτφ προ καταβολης κοσμου, ειναι us in him before a casting down of a world, to have ήμας άγιους και αμωμους κατενωπιον αύτου. and blameless ones holy ones of him; in sight δ εν αγαπη ήμας εις υίοθεσιαν δια προορισας love having previously marked out us for somehip through Ιησου Χριστου εις αυτον, κατα την ευδοκιαν Jesus Anointed for himself, according to the good pleasure του  $\theta \in \lambda \eta \mu a \tau o s$  αύτου,  $\delta \epsilon i s$   $\epsilon \pi \alpha i \nu o \nu$  δοξης της of himself, for a praise of glory of the of the will γαριτος αύτου, εν ή εχαριτωσεν ήμας εν τφ favor of himself, with which he favored in the 11.8 7 εν ψ εχομεν την απολυτρωσιν ηγαπημενω,

one having been beloved, by whom we have the

δια του αίματος αυτου, την αφεσωτων παραπof him, the forgiveness of the through the blood τωματων, κατα τον πλουτον της χαριτος αυτου,

wealth of the tavor

according to the

8 ής επερισσευσεν εις ήμας εν παση σοφια και which he caused to abound towards us in all wisdom φρονησει, 9 γνωρισας ήμιν το μυστηριον τον satelligonce, having made known to us the secret

θεληματος αύτου κατα την ευδοκιαν αύτου, ην of himself according to the good pleasure of himself, which

προεθετο / εν αυτω, 10 εις οικονομιαν του πληhebefore purposed in himself, for an administration of the

#### CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, an Apostle of \*Christ Jesus, through God's Will, to THOSE SAINTS who are in Ephesus, even to Believers in Christ Jesus;

2 ! Favor to you, and Peace from God our Father, and from the Lord

Jesus Christ.

3 ! Blessed be THAT God of our Lord Jesus Christ, who has BLESSED us with Every spiritual Blessing in the HEAVEN-LIES, by Christ:

4 even as the chose us in him beforethe Foundation of the World, I that we might be holy and blameless in his presence;

5 having in Love previouslymarked usouttfor Sonship through \*Christ Jesus for himself, according to the GOOD PLEASURE

of his WILL, 6 to the Praise of his GloriousBeneficence with which he graciously favored us in t the BELOVED

one;

7 t by whom, through his blood, we possess the REDEMPTION - the FOR-GIVENESS Of OFFENCESaccording to the OPULENCE of his FAVOR,

8 which he caused to overflow towards us. in All Wisdom and Intelli-

9 thaving made known to us the SECRET of his WILL, according to his OWN BENEVOLENT DEsign, which he previously purposed in himself,

10 in regard to an Administration of the FUL-

2. and

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-To THE EPHESIANS. , 1. Christ Jesus. 5. Christ Jesus.

<sup>‡ 3. 2</sup> Cor. i. 3; 1 Pet. i. 3. ‡ 4. Eph ii. Tather—omit.

1. 2 Cor. i. 1.

1. 2 Cor. i. 1.

1. 2 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3.

1. 2 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3.

1. 2 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3.

1. 2 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3.

1. 2 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3.

1. 2 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3.

1. 2 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3.

1. 3 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3.

1. 4 Eph ii. 3.

1. 5 John i. 12; Rom. viii. 15; 2 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3.

1. 2 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3.

1. 3 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3.

1. 4 Eph ii. 3.

1. 5 John i. 12; Rom. viii. 15; 2 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3.

1. 4 Eph ii. 3.

1. 5 John i. 12; Rom. viii. 15; 2 Cor. i. 3; I Pet. i. 3. 17. Acts xx 28: Rom. vi. 18; Gal. iv. 5; 1 John iii. 1 46. Matt iii. lii. 24; Col. i. 14; Heb. ix. 12; 1 Pet. i. 18; Rev. v. 8. 19. Rom. xvi. 25; Eph. iii 4, 9; Col. i. 26.

οωματος των καιρων, ανακεφαλαιωσασθαι TO of the seasons, to reduce under one head thethings παντα εν τω Χριστω, τα εν τοις συρνοις και all in the Anointed, the things in the heavens and τα επιτης γης, εν αυτω, 11 εν φ και εκ-hethings on the earth, in him, by whom also we ληρωθημεν, προορισθεντες κατα προobtained a portion, having been previously marked out according to, θεσιν του τα παντα ενεργουντος κατα την design of the the things all operating according to the , ουλην του θεληματος αύτου, 12 εις το ειναι of himself, in order that tobe counsel of the will ήμας εις επαινον \* [της ] δοξης αυτου, τους προus for a praise [of the] glory of him, those having ηλπικοτας εν τω Χριστω. 13 εν ά και ύμεις been before hopers in the Anointed; in whom also (μκουσαντες τοι λογον της αληθειας, το ευαγ-(having heard the word of the truth, the γελιον της σωτηριας ύμων,) εν φ κα πιστευ-tidings eithe salvation of you,) in whom also having σαντές εσφραγισθητε τω πνευματι της επαγγεbelieved you were sealed with the spirit of the λιας τω άγιω, 14 ός εστιν αρβαβων της κληρο-with the holy, which is apledge of the inheriνημιας ήμων εις απολυτρωσιντης περιποιησεως. efus in a redemption of the possession, εις επαινον της δοξης αυτου. 15 Δια τουτο for a praise of the glory of him. On account of this καγω ακουσας την καθ' ύμας πιστιν εν τω κυin the Lord of his GLORY. even I having heard the in you faith ριώ Ιησου, και την αγαπην την εις παντας τους and the love that for Jesus, all the άγιους, 16 ου παυομαι ευχαριστων ύπερ ύμων, not I cease giving thanks on behalf of you, \*[ύμων] ποιουμενος επι των προσευa remembrance [of you] in the making χων μου· 17 ίνα δ θεος του κυριου ἡμων Ιησου of me; that the God of the Lord of us Χριστου, δ πατηρ της δοξης, δωη ύμιν πνευμα Anointed, the father of the glory, may give to you a spirit σοφιας και αποκαλυψεως εν επιγνωσει αυτου·
of wisdom and of revelation in full knowledge of him; <sup>18</sup> Πεφωτισμένους τους οφθαλμους της καρδιας

Having been enlightened the

NESS of the APPOINTER TIMES, \$ to re-unite ALL things under one head, even under the ANOINTED one; -the THINGS in the HEAVENS, and the THINGS on the EARTH, -under him.

11 tby whom also we obtained an inheritance, having been previously marked out according to a design of HIM who is OPERATING ALL things agreeably to the counser. of his own WILL;

12 tin order that we might BE for a Praise of his Glory, we who had a prior hope in the ANOINT-

ED one:

13 by whom also, nou, (having heard tthe WORD of the TRUTH, the GLAD TIDINGS of your SALVA. TION,) by whom [I say,] you also having believed were sealed with the spi-RIT of the PROMISE,-the HOLY Spirit,-

14 twhich is a Pledge of our Inheritance in ta Redemption of the PURCHASE, to the Praise

15 On this account, I, indeed, thaving heard of YOUR Faith in the LORD Jesus, and THAT LOVE which you have for All the SAINTS.

16 t do not omit giving thanks on your behalf, making a Remembrance of you in my PRAYERS;

17 That the God of our LORD Jesus Christ, the GLOBIOUS FATHER, 1 may give you a Spirit of Wisdom and Revelation in the full Knowledge of him.

18 the EYES of your HEART having been enlightened, that you may KNOW what is I the HOPE of his invitation, what of the the GLORIOUS WEALTH of

" VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. of the -omit. 15. of you-omit. 18. and-omit.

of the

heart

eyes

ύμων, εις το ειδεναι ύμας, τις εστιν η ελπις of you, for the to know you, what is the hope

της κλησεως αυτου, \*[και] τις δ πλουτος της of the calling of you, [and] what the wealth of the

<sup>† 10.</sup> John xi. 52; Eph. ii. 14—17. Titus iii. 7; James ii. 5; 1 Pet. i. 4. † 12. verse 6, 14. † 13. Acts xix. 4—7. † 14. Eph. iv. 30. † 15. Col. i. 4; Philemon 5. † 16. Rom. 1. 9; Phil. i. 3, 4; Col. i. 3; 1 Thess. i. 2; 2 Thess. i. 3. † 17. Col. i. 9. † 18. Eph. iv. 30.

δοξης της κληρονομίας αυτου ev τοις άγιλις, glory of the inneritance or him in the holyones, 19 και τι το ύπερβαλλον μεγεθος της δυναμεως greatness of the and what the surpassing power αυτου εις ήμας, τους πιστευοντας κατα την of num towards us, those believing according to the ενεργειαν του κρατους της ισχυος αυτου, <sup>20</sup> ήν operation of the strength of the might of him, -hich τνηργησεν εν τω Χριστω, εγειρας αυτον εκ he exerted in the Anounted, having raised up him out of νεκρων· και εκαθισεν εν δεξια αύτου εν τοις eadones, and seated at right of himself in the emotions,  $^{21}$   $\dot{v}\pi\epsilon\rho a\nu\omega$   $\pi a\sigma\eta s$   $a\rho\chi\eta s$  kai  $\epsilon\xi ov$ far above every government and authorσιας και δυναμεως και κυριοτητος, και παντος sty and power and lordship, and every ονομι. τος ονομαζομενου ου μονον εν τφ αιωνι name being named not only in the -ουτφ, αλλα και εν τω μελλοντι· 22 και παντα but also in the one about coming; and all things ιπεταξεν ύπο τους ποδας αυτου και αυτον placed under the feet of him, and εδωκε κεφαλην ύπερ παντα τη εκκλησιώ.

· egave a head over all things for the congregation,
· 3 ήτις εστι το σωμα αυτου, το πληριμα του
which is the body of him, the completeness o him
τα παντα εν πασι πληρου ενου ΚΕΦ. β'.

the things all with all things is filling,

2. <sup>1</sup> και ύμας οντας νεκρους τοις παραπτωμασι
and you being deadones in the faults

και ταις αμαρτιαις <sup>2</sup> (εν αις ποτε περιεπατηand the sins; (in which once you walked

σατε κατα τον αιωνα του κοσμου τουτου, κατα according to the age of the world this, according to του αρχοντα της εξουσίας του αερος, του πνευ-

of that now operating in the sons of the aπειθείας: <sup>3</sup> εν οίς και ήμεις παντες ανεστρα-disobedience; among whom also we all lived

φημεν ποτε εν ταις επιθυμιαις της σαρκος ήμων, once in the desires of the fiesh of us.

**motouv** au is au of the au of the

διανοιων, και ημεν τεκνα φυσει οργης, ώς και thoughts, and we were children by nature of wrath, as also

of  $\lambda$ oixoi.  $^4\delta$  de  $\theta$ eos,  $\pi\lambda$ ouvios  $\omega\nu$  e $\nu$  e $\lambda$ eel, the others; the but God, rich being in mercy. but  $\tau\eta\nu$   $\tau$ o $\lambda\lambda\eta\nu$   $\tau$ 0 and  $\tau$ 0 and

his INHERITANCE among the SAINTS.

19 and what the SUR-PASSING Greatness of his POWER towards us who BELIEVE, ‡ according to the ENEEGY of his MIGHTY STRENGTH,

20 which he exerted in the Anointed one, ‡ having raised him from the Dead, and \* having ‡ seated him at his own Right hand in the Heavens.

21 % far above Every Authority, and Government, and Power, and Lordship, and Every Name being named, not only in this, but also in the FU-

TURE AGE;
22 and tsubjected All
things under his free;
and constituted Him ta
thead over all things for
that CONGREGATION,

23 twhich is his BODY, the FULL DEVOLOPMENT of HIM who is Filling ALL things with all.

### CHAPTER II

1 And you, 1 being dead in OFFENCES .nd \* SINS,

2 (in which you tence walked according to the AGE of this world, according to the truller of the Authority of the AIR, of that spirit now operating in the sons of Dis-Obedience,

3 tamong whom, also, we all once lived in the DESIRES of our FLESH, performing the WISHES of the FLESH and of the THOUGHTS; and were by Nature Children of Wruth, even as the OTHERS;

4 but God, \$\frac{1}{2} being rich in Mercy, on account of his GREAT Love with which he loved us,)

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—20. having seated him at his own Right hand in the HEAV-ENS, far above Every Authority, and Government. 1. your LUSTS, in which.

<sup>1 19.</sup> Eph. iii. 7; Col. i. 29; ii. 12.
1 20. Acts ii. 24, 33, 20. Psa. cx. 1; Acts vii. 55, 56; Col. iii. 1; Aeb. i. 3; x. 12.
1 21. Phil. ii. 9, 10; Col. ii. 10; Heb. i. 4.
1 22. Psa. viii. 6; Matt xxviii. 18; 1 Cor. xv. 27; Heb. ii. 8.
1 22. Eph. iv. 18; 16; Col. ii. 18; Heb. ii. 7.
1 23. Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. xi. 12, 27; Eph. iv. 12; v. 23, 30; Col. ii. 18, 24.
1 23. Col. iii. 7.
1 2. Eph. vi. 12.
2 3. Titus iii. 3; 1 Pet. iv. 3.
3 3. Gal. v. 19
4 4. Rom. x. 12; Gal. i. 7.

ήμας ) 5 και οντας ήμας νεκρυυς τοις παραπτωand being dead ones in the us faults

συνε (ωοποιησε τω Χριστω. (χαριτι he quickened together with the Anointed; (by favor

εττε σεσωσμενοι) 6 και συνηγειρε, και συνεyou are having been saved;) and raised up togethe , and καθισε εν τοις επουρανιοις εν Χριστω Ιησου. together in the heavenlies by Arointed Jesus;

ινα ενδειξηται εν τοις αιωσι τοις επερχομενοις that he may point out in the ages those

τεν ὑπερβαλλοντα πλουτον της χαριτος αὑτου, the surpassing wealth of the favor of humself, ω χρηστοτητι εφ' ήμας εν Χριστφ Ιησου. kindness towards us in Anointed

8 Τη γαρ χαριτι εστε σεσωσμενοι δια \* [της] favor you are having been saved through [the]

πιστοιος και τουτο ουκ εξ ύμων θεου το faith; and this not from you; of God the δωρον, "ουκ εξ εργων" ίνα μη τις καυχησηται.

not from works; so that not any one should boast. 10 Αυτου γαρ εσμεν ποιημα κτισθεντες εν Χρισ-Of him for we are a work having been formed in Anointed

τω Ιησου επι εργοις αγαθοις, οίς προητοιμασεν good, in which before prepared for works

11 A10 δ θεος ίνα εν αυτοις περιπατησωμεν. we should walk. the God that in them Therefore μνημονευετε, ότι ύμεις ποτε τα εθνη εν σαρκι, that you once the gentiles in

(οί λεγομενοι ακροβυστια ύπο της λεγομενης ( hose being called undiremusion by that being called περιτομης  $\epsilon \nu$  σαρκι χειροποιητου,)  $^{12}$  ότι  $^{12}$  ητ $\epsilon$ 

done by hand,) in flesh that you were 🆫 [εν] τω καιρω εκεινω, χωρις Χριστου, απηλ-

vithout Anointed, [in] the season that, having λοτριωμένοι της πολιτείλς του Ισραηλ, KCLL

from the commonwea 's of the Israel, ξενοι των διαθηκων της επαγγελιας, ελπιδα strangers from the covenants of the promise, a hope

μη εχοντες, και αθεοι, εν τφ κοσμφ. 13 νυνι δε, not having, and godless ones, in the now but, world;

εν Χριστφ Ιησου, ύμεις οί ποτε οντις μακραν, in Anointed Jesus, you those once being far off,

εγγυς εγενηθητε εν τφ αίματι του Χριστου. near were made by the blood of the Anointed.

14 Αυτος γαρ εστιν ή ειρηνη ήμεν, δ ποιησας for is the peace of us, the one having made the HAVING MADE BOTH

5 twe also being dead \* in OFFENCES, ; he made alive together by the ANOINTED one-(by Favor you have been saved)-

6 and raised us up together, and seated us together in the HEAVENLIES.

by Christ Jesus,

7 in order that he might exhibit, in THOSE AGES which are APPROACHING. the SURPASSING Wealth of his favor, by \$ Kindness towards us in Christ Jesus.

8 ‡ By that FAVOR, indeed, you have been saved. through the FAITH; and this is not from you; tit is God's GIFT:

9 I not from Works, so that no one may boast:

10 for we are ! His Work, having been formed in Christ Jesus for good Works, for which God before prepared us, that we might walk in them.

11 Therefore, tremember, that you, once GEN-TILES in Flesh, (BEING CALLED the Uncircumci. sion by THAT which IS TERMED the Circumcision done by the hand in the Flesh;)

12 ‡ That you were, at that TIME, without an Anointed one, Aliens from the POLITY of ISRAEL, and Strangers from the cov-ENANTS of the PROMISE: not possessing a Hope, and ‡Godless in tne WORLD.

13 But new, in Christ Jesus, pou, who formerly WERE I far off, are made near by the BLOOD of the ANOINTED one.

14 For the isour PEACE.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 5. in OFFENCES and LUSTS, he made alive together in the 8. the-omit. 13. in-omit. Anointed one.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{2}\$. Rom. v. 6, 8, 10; verse 1. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Rom vi. 4, 5; Col. ii. 12, 13; iii. 1, 3. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Titus iii. 4. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Rom. iii. 24; 2 Tim. i. 9. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. \$

τα αμφοτερα έν, και το μεσοτοιχον του the things both one, and the middle wall of the φραγμου λυσας,  $^{.5}$ την εχθραν εν τη σαρκι fence having broken up, the enuity; by the flesh autou τον νομον των εντολην εν δογμασι of himself the law of the commandments in ordinances

καταργησας· ίνα τους δυο κτιση εν έαυτφ having made powerless, so that the two he might form in himself

εις ένα καινον ανθρωπον ποιων ειρηνην. 16 και toto one new man, making peace; and

αποκαταλλαξη τους αμφοτερους εν ένι σωματι he might reconcile the both in one body

το θεφ δια του σταυρου, αποκτεινας την to the God through the cross, having killed the

σατο είρηνην ύμιν τοις μακραν και τοις εγγυς, tidings peace to you to those far off and to those near,  $18 \, \delta \tau \iota \, \delta \iota^2 \,$  αυτου  $\epsilon \chi o \mu \epsilon \nu \, \tau \eta \nu \,$  προσαγωγην οί because through him we have the access the

αμφοτεροι εν ένι πνευματι προς τον πατερα.

13 Apa ouv ouketi este ξενοί και παροίκοι, αλλα so then no longer you are strangers and sojourners, but

συμπολιται των άγιων και οικειοι του θεου, fellow-citizens of the holy ones and family-members of the God, 20 εποικοδομηθεντες επι τω θεμελιώ των αποσ-

having been built on the foundation of the aposτολων και προφητων, οντος ακρογωνιαιου αυτου
tes and prophets, being a corner-foundation of it

γου Χριστου· 21 εν ώ πασα \* [ή] οικοδομη housed; on which all the building

υπαρμολογουμενη αυξει εις ναον άγιον εν της fitly compacted together grows up into a temple holy in κιριών <sup>22</sup> εν ώ και ύμεις συνοικοδομεισθε, εις Lord; en which also you are built up together, for

κατοικητηριον του θεου εν πνευματι. ΚΕΦ.

. 3. Toυτου χειριν εγω Παυλος, δ δεσμιος Forthis case I Paul, the prisoner

του Χριστου Ιησου ύπερ διων των εθνων sizes Anointed Jesus because of you of the Gentiles;

<sup>2</sup>ειγε ηκουσατε την οικονομιαν της χαριτος if indeed you heard the administration of the favor

things one; and having removed the ENMITY, the MIDDLE WALL of the PAR-TITION;

15 Thaving by his FLESH annulled the LAW of the COMMANDMENTS concerning Ordinances, that he might form the Two in himself into Tone Ne.2 Man,—making Peace;

16 and night preconcile BOTH in One Body to God, through the CROSS, paying destroyed the ENMITY

by it.

17 And having come, he announced as glad tidings Peace to you the FAR-OFF, and \* Peace to us, the NEAR:

NEAR; 18 Because, through him, we BOTH have the INTRODUCTION to the FATHER, with One Spirit.

19 So then you are no longer Strangers and Sojourners, but \*you are ‡ Fellow-citizens with the \$AINTS, and of the ‡ Family of GoD;

20 having been built on the FOUNDATION of \$ the APOSTLES and Prophets, \* Christ Jesus being \$ a Foundation corner-stone

ofit;

21 on which All the BUILDING being fitly compacted together, increases into ‡ a holy Temple for the Lord;

22 ton whom you are also built up together, for a Spiritual Habitation of \* God.

### CHAPTER III.

1 For This Cause E, Paul, am the PRISONER of the Anointed Jesus on account of tyou of the GENTILES;

2 (since indeed, you heard the ADMINISTRA-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-17. Peace to the NEAR. 20. Christ Jesus. 22. the Anointed.

<sup>10.</sup> you are Fellow-citizens.

 <sup>15.</sup> Col. ii. 14, 20.
 15. 2 Cor. v. 17; Gal. vi. 15; Eph. iv. 24.
 16. Rom. vi. 6; viii. 8; Col. ii. 14.
 18. Eph. iii. 12.
 19. Phil. iii. 20; Hely xii. 29, 23.
 19. Gal. vi. 10.
 120. Matt. xvi. 18.
 120. Matt. xvi. 18.
 120. Ia. axviii. 10.
 120. Ia. axviii. 10.</td

τευ θεου της δοθεισης μοι εις ύμας,  $3*[\delta \tau \iota]$  of the God of that having been given to me for you, [because] αποκαλυψιν εγνωρισθη μοι το μυστηaccording to a revelation he made known to me the secret: ριον· (καθως προεγραψα εν ολιγώ, 4 προς ό δυ-I wrote before in brief. by which you νασθε αναγινωσκοντες νοησαι την συνεσιν μου to perceive the intelligence of me εν τω μυστηριώ του Χριστου·) 5 δ έτεραις γεsecret of the Anointed;) which in other genνεαις ουκ εγνωρισθη τοις υίοις των ανθρωπων, erations not was made known to the sons of the ώς νυν απεκαλυφθη τοις άγιοις \* [αποστολοις] as now it was revealed to the holy ones '[apostles] αυτου και προφηταις εν πνευματι<sup>, 6</sup> ειναι τα of him and f prophete 65spirit; to be the εθνη συγκληρονομα και συσσωμα και σεμμετο-Centiles joint-heiro and a joint-body and joint-partakers χα της επαγγελιας \*[αυτου] εν \*[τω] Χριστω, [of him] in [the] Anointed, του ευαγγελιου· τύ εγενομην διακονος δια glad tidings; of which I became ascrvant της δωρεαν της χαριτος του θεου, της according to the gift ofthe favor of the God, of that μοι κατα την ενεργειαν της δυνα-

having been given to me according to the operation of the power μεως ταυτου. 8 εμοι τω ελαχιστοτερώ παντων of him; to me the far inferior

άγιων εδοθη ή χαρις αύτη, εν τοις εθνεσιν holy ones was given the favor this, among the nations

ευαγγελισασθαι τον ανεξιχνιαστον πλουτον to announce glad tidings the unsearchable wealth

του Χρ'στου, 9 καί φωτισαι παντας, τις ή οικοof the ...nointed, and to enlighten all, what the adminiswhat the adminisνομια του μυστηριου του αποκεκρυμικένου απο of that having been hidden tration of the secret from

των αιωνων εν τω θεω, τω τα παντα κτισανages - in the God, in that the all things 10 ίνα γνωρισθη • νυν ταις αρχαις και created; so that might be made known now to the governments and Tais ekoudiais er Tois emoupariois, dia Ths

in the heavenlies, through the to the authorities εκκλησιας, ή πολυποικιλος σοφια του θεου. congregation, the manifold wisdom of the God;

11 κατα προθεσιν των αιωνων, ή εποιησεν εν according to a plan of the ages, which he formed in of the AGES, which he

TION OF THAT FAVOR OF GOD having been GIVEN me for you;

3 That ‡ by Revelation ‡ he made known to me the SECRET .- as I wrote briefly before,

4 by reading which, you can perceive my INTEL-LIGENCE in the SECRET of the ANOINTED one .-

5 I which in Other Generations was not made known to the sons of MEN. tas it has now been revealed to his HOLY Apostles and Prophets by the Spirit;

6 that the GENTILES are # Fellow-heirs, and #a Joint- body, and # Co-partners of \* the PROMISE in Christ Jesus, through the

GLAD TIDINGS;

7 tof-which I became Servant, faccording to THAT GRACIOUS GIFT Of GOD, which was IMPARTED to me by the ENERGY of his POWER;

8 to me. 7 the VERY LOWEST of All Saints, was this favor given, to ar nounce among the NA. TIONS the glad tidings, the BOUNDLESS WEALT of the ANOINTED one;

9 even to enlighten Ali as to what is the ADMINIS-TRATION of THAT SE-CRET, which has been CON. CEALED from the AGES, by THAT GOD Who CREATEL ALL things;

10 tin order that now may be made known to the GOVERNMENTS and the AUTHORITIES in the HEAV-ENLIES, through the con-GREGATION, the MUCIA DIVERSIFIED Wisdom GOD,

11 according to a Plan

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT -3. because—omit. 5. apostles—omit. 6. of him—it. 6. the fromisk in Christ Jesus through the GLAD TIDINGS. omit.

<sup>† 3.</sup> Gal. i. 12. † 3. Rom. xvi. 25; Col. i. 26, 27. † 4. 1 Cor. iv. 1; Eph. vi. 19. † 5. Acts x. 28; verse 0. † 5. Eph. ii. 20. † 6. Gal. iii. 28, 29; Eph. ii. 14. † 7. Rom. xv. 16; Col. i. 23, 25. † 7. Rom. 1. 5. † 8. 1 Cor. xv. 7; 1 Tim. i. 13, 15. † 8. Gal. ii. 16; ii. 8; 1 Tim. ii. 7; 2 Tim. i. 11. † 9. verse 3; Eph. i. 0. † 10. 1 Pet. i. 12. † 10. Rom. viii. 28; Eph. i. 21; Col. i 16; 1 Pet. iii. 27

Χριστω Ιησου τω κυριω ήμων 12 εν ώ εχομεν ofus; by whom we have Auginted Jesus the Lord την παρδησιαν και την προσαγωγην εν πεποιthe freedom of speech and the with access

θησει, δια της πιστεως αυτου. 13 Διο αιτουμαι sence, through the faith of him. Therefore

μη εκκακειν εν ταις θλιψεσι μου ύπερ ύμων, hot to faint in the afflictions of me on behalf of you,

14 Τουτου χαριν καμπτω ήτις εστι δοξα ύμων. For this glory of you. cause

τα γονατα μου προς τον πατερα \*[του κυριου the knees of me to the father fof the Lord the knees of me to the

ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, ] 15 εξ ου πασα πατρια εν of us Jesus Anointed, ] from whom whole family in

ουρανοις και επι γης ονομαζεται, 16 ίνα δωη so that he may give heavens and on earth is named,

ύμιν κατα τον πλουτον της δοξης αύτου, δυναwealth of the glory of himself, to you according to the μει κραταιωθηναι δια του πνευματος αύτου,

power to be strengthened through the spirit of himself, εις τον εσω ανθρωπον. 17 κατοικησαι τον Χρισ-

in the within man; to have dwelt the Anointed τον δια της πιστεως εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων, 18 εν through the faith in the hearts of you,

αγαπη ερδιζωμενοι και τεθεμελιωμενοι ίνα εξισlove having been rooted and having been founded so that you καταλαβεσθαι συν πασι TOIS

may be fully able to understand with all the άγιοις, τι το πλατος και μηκος και βαθος και holy ones, what the breadth and length and depth and

ύψος, 19 γνωναι τε την ύπερβαλλουσαν THS height, to have known even the surpassing ofthe

γυωπεως αγαπην του Χριστου. ίνα πληρωθητε of the Anointed; love that you may be filled up 20 Τφ δε δυνα- $\epsilon$ is  $\pi$ a $\nu$  το  $\pi$ ληρωμα του  $\theta$  $\epsilon$ ου. fulness of the God. To the now one be-

ύπερ παντα ποιησαι ύπερεκπερισσου ing powerful above all to have done far exceeding

αιτουμεθα η νοουμεν, κατα την δυναwhat things we ask or we think, according to the power μιν την ενεργουμενην εν ήμιν, 21 αυτφ ή δοξα to him the glory operating in us,

εν τη εκκλησια εν Χριστω Ιησου, εις πασας τας in the congregation by Anointed Jesus, to all

γενεας του αιωνος των αιωνων. Αμην. generations of the age of the ages; So be it. formed for \* the ANOINTEB Jesus our LORD;

12 by whom we have this freedom of speech and \* Access with Confidence, through the FAITH of him.

13 therefore, I ask that I may not faint in these my AFFLICTIONS on vour behalf, t which are vour Glory.)

14 For This Cause, 1 bend my KNEES to the FATHER,

15 from whom t the Whole Family in the Heavens and on Earth is named.

16 that he may give you taccording to his GLORI-OUS WEALTH, I to be Powerfully strengthened through his SPIRIT in the INNER Man;

17 that the ANOINTED one, through the FAITH. may dwellin your HEARTS; that t being rooted in Lov. and well-established.

18 you tmay be fully able to understand with All the SAINTS, what is the BREADTH and Length, and \* Depth and Height,

19 to know even that which SURPASSES KNOW-LEDGE,-the LOVE of the ANOINTED one; so that \* you may be filled ‡ with All the FULNESS of GOD.

20 I Now to HIM who is above all things, BEING MIGHTY to effect far heyond what we ask or think, ‡ according to THAT POWER OPERATING in us,

21 to him be the GLORY in the congregation, by Christ Jesus, to All the GENERATIONS of the AGE of the AGES. Amen.

12. Access,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-11. the ANOINTED Jesus our Lord.

14. of our Lord Jesus Christ-omit. 18. and Height and Depth.

<sup>19.</sup> All the FULNESS of Gop might be fulfilled. † 12. Eph. ii. 18; Heb. iv. 16. † 13. Acts xiv. 22; Phil. i. 14. † 13. 2 Cor. i. 6. † 15. Eph. i. 10; Phil. ii. 9—11. † 16. Rom. ix. 23; Eph. i. 7; Phil. iv. 10; Col. i. 27. † 16. Eph. vi. 123. † 17. Col. i. 23; ii. 7. † 18. Eph. i. 18. Eph. i. 18. Eph. i. 23; Col. ii. 9, 10. † 20. Rom. xvi. 25; Jude 24 † 20. verse 7; Col. i. 29. † 21. Rom. xi. 36; xvi. 27; Heb. xiii. 21.

### КЕФ. δ'. 4.

1 Παρακαλω συν έμας, εγω δ δεσμιος texhort therefore you, I the prisoner  $\epsilon \nu$ in

ท์ร κυριώ, αξιώς περιπατησαι της κλησεώς of the calling with which Lord, worthily to walk

εκληθητε, 2 μετα πασης ταπεινοφροσυνης και ou were called, humility with all

μακροθυμιας ανεγομενοι μετα mpaothtos, with patience; bearing with

αλληλων εν αγαπη, 3 σπουδαζοντες τηρειν την using diligence each other in love. to keep

ένητητα του πνευματος εν τω συνδεσμω της by the uniting bond of the oneness of the spirit

4 Έν σωμα και έν πνευμα, καθως και One body and one spirit, even as also

εκληθητε εν μια ελπιδι της κλησεως ύμων hope of the calling you were called in one of you; 5 είς κυριος, μια πιστις, έν βαπτισμα, 6 είς θεος dipping, one God one Lord. one th, one

και πατηρ παντων, ό επι παντων και δια πανand father of all. he over all and through 7 Ένι δε έκαστο των και εν πασιν \*[ἡμιν.] To one but each one Ell [to us.]

δωρεας του Χριστου. 8 (Διο λεγει Αναβας (Therefore it says; Having ascended ύψος ηχμαλωτευσεν αιχμαλωσιαν, he captivated captivity, and on bigh

<sup>9</sup> Το δε, ανεβη, εδωκε δοματα τοις ανθρωποις. ne gave gifts to the men. This but, he ascended,

auι εστιν, ει μη ότι και κατεβη εις τα κατω-what is it, if not that also he descended into the lower

10 °O τερα μερη της γης; катаваs, αυτος parts of the earth? The enchaving descended, he

εστικαι δ αναβας ύπερανω παντω**ν των** is also the one having ascended far above all of the

ουρανων, ίνα πληρωση τα παντα.) 11 Και αυτος heavens, so that he mightfill the all things.)

εδωκε τους μεν αποστολους, τους δε προφητας, the and prophets, the indeed apostles,

τους δε ευαγγελιστας, τους δε ποιμενας και the and shepherds evangelists,

1 ιδασκαλους, 12 προς τον καταρτισμον των the complete qualification of the teachers,

### CHAPTER IV.

1 I exhort you, therefore. I. I the PRISONER for the Lord, tto walk worthily of the CALLING with which

you were called, 2 ‡with All Humility and Gentleness; with Patience, sustaining each other in Love;

3 using diligence to preserve the UNITY of the SPIRIT tby the UNITING BOND OF PEACE;

4 there being One ‡Body and One ‡Spirit as also you were called in One ! Hope of your CALL

One # Lord, Que Faith, One I Immersion;

6 1 One God and Father of all, HE who is over all. and ‡through all, and in

7 But to I each one of us was given Favor according to the MEASURE of the FREE GIFT of the ANOINT-

8 Therefore it is said. the Having ascended on high, he tled a multi-tude of Captives, and " gave Gifts to MEN.

9 (But THIS, ‡"HE ASCENDED," what is it, unless That he also \* descended first into the LOWER Parts of the EARTH?

10 The one HAVING DESCENDED, the is the one HAVING ASCENDED far above All of the HEAV-ENS, I so that he may fulfil ALL things.)

11 # And he gave indeed the APOSTLES, and the PROPHETS, and the EVAN-GELISTS, and SHEPHERDS and Teachers.

12 for the COMPLETE QUALIFICATION of the

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 6. us-omit. 7. the-omit. 9. descended first.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{2}\$1. Eph. iii. 1. \$\frac{1}{2}\$1. Phil. i. 27; Col. i. 10; 1 Thess. ii. 12. \$\frac{1}{2}\$2. Acts xx. 19; \$\frac{1}{2}\$3l. v. 22, 23; Col. iii. 12, 13; \$\frac{1}{3}\$. Col. iii. 14. \$\frac{1}{4}\$. Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. xii. 12, 13; Eph. ii. 16. \$\frac{1}{4}\$4. 1 Cor. xii. 4, 11. \$\frac{1}{4}\$. Eph. i. 18. \$\frac{1}{5}\$5. 1 Cor. i. 13; viii. 6; xii. 5; 2 Cor. xi. 4. \$\frac{1}{5}\$5. Jude 3. \$\frac{1}{5}\$5. Mark xvi. 15, 16; Gal. iii. 27. Rom. xii. 36, 2; 1 Cor. xii. 11. \$\frac{1}{5}\$8. Psa. Lyviii 13. \$\frac{1}{5}\$8. Judges v. 12; Col. ii. 15. \$\frac{1}{5}\$0. John iii. 13; vi. 33, 62. \$\frac{1}{3}\$10. Acts i. 9, 11. \$\frac{1}{5}\$10. Acts ii. 35. \$\frac{1}{3}\$11. 1 Cor. xii. 28. \$\frac{1}{2}\$2. 1 Cor. xii. 7

έγιων εις εργον διακονίας, εις οικοδομην του why ones for a work of service, for a building up of the συματος του Χριστου. 13 μεχρι καταντησωμεν body of the Anointed; till we may attain οί παντες εις την ένοτητα της πιστεως και της the all to the unity of the faith and of the επιγνωσεως του υίου του θεους εις ανδρα τεknowledge of the son of the God, so aman perλειον, εις μετρον ήλικιας του πληρωματος του fect, to a measure of stature of the fulness of the Χριστου· 14 ίνα μηκετι ωμεν νηπιο., κλυδωνι-Anointed; so that no longer we may be babes, being ζομένοι και περιφερομένοι παντι ανέμφ της tossed and being whirled about with every wind of the διδασκαλιας, εν τη κυβεια των ανθρωπων, εν teaching, in the trickery of the men, by

πανουργία προς την μεθοδειαν της πλανης:
cunning with the method of the deceit; 5 αληθευοντες δε εν αγαπη, αυξησωμεν εις being truthful but in love, we may grow into αυτον τα παντα, δς εστιν ή κεφαλη, \*[δ] hum the all things, who is the head, [the] Χριστος. 16 εξ ού παν το σωμα, (συ αρμολογουμένον και συμβιβαζομένον δια πασης άφης together and being compacted by means of every joint

της επιχορηγιας κατ' ενεργειαν,) εν μετρφ ένος έκαστου μερους την αυξησιν του σωματος cfone of each part the growth of the body

ποιειται, εις οικοδομην έαυτου εν αγαπη. makes, for a building up cfitself in love.

17 Τουτο ουν λεγω, και μαρτυρομαι εν κυριφ, This then I say, and testify in Lord. μηκετι ύμας περιπατειν, καθως και τα \* [λοιπα] no longer you to walk, as also the [others] εθνη περιπατει εν ματαιοτητι του νοος αύτων, vanity of the mind of them, Centiles walks in 18 εσκοτισμένοι τη διανοία, οντές απηλλοτρίωhaving been darkened in the understanding, being alienated

μενοι της ζωης του θεου, δια την αγυσιαν την from the life of the God, through the ignorance that

ουσαν εν αυτοις, δια την πωρωσιν της καρδιας being in them, through the stupidity of the heart αυτων 19 οίτινες απηλγηκοτες, έαυτους παρεwho having become callous, themselves gave δωκαν τη ασελγεια εις εργασιαν ακαθαρσιας over to the lewdness for awork of impurity πασης εν πλευνεξια. 20 Υμεις δε ουχ ούτως You but not thus

all with eagerness. εμαθετε τον Χριστον, 21 είγε αυτον ηκουσατε if indeed him you heard learned the Anointed,

SAINTS for the Work of Service, Iin order to the Building up of the BODY of the Anointed one;

13 till we ALL attain to the UNITY of the FAITH. and of the KNOWLEDGE of the son of God, to 18 ful! grown Man, to the Measure of the full Stature of the Anointed one:

14 so that we may be Infants no longer, tossed and whirled about with Every Wind of that TEACH-ING which is in the TRICK-ERY Of MEN, 1 by Cunning craftiness in SYSTEMATIC DECEPTION ;

15 but being truthful in Love, twe may grow up in ALL things into him, twho is the HEAD, -the ANOINTED one;

16 from whom the Whole Body, being fitly joined and united, by means of Lvery Assisting Joint, according to the proportionate Energy of Each single Part, effects the GROWTH of the BODY for the Building up of itself in Love.

17 This, therefore, I say, and testify in the Lord, that you no longer walk, \* even as the GEN TILES walk, in the Vanity

of their MIND, 18 thaving been dark-ened in the UNDERSTAND-ING, \$ being alienated from the LIFE of GOD, through THAT IGNORANCE Which is in them, because of the STUPIDITY of their HEART;

19 who, being without feeling, 1 gave themselves up to LEWDNESS, for the Practise of all Impurity with Eagerness.

.20 But you have not thus learned the ANOINT-ED one:

21 tifindeed you heard

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. the-omit. 17. OTHERS-omit. the GENTILES Walk.

<sup>17.</sup> even as

<sup>† 12. 1</sup> Cor. xiv. 20. † 13. Col. ii. 2. † 13. 1 Cor. xiv. 20; Col. i. 28. † 14. Rom. xvi. 18. † 15. Eph. i. 22; ii. 21. † 15. Col. i. 18. † 16. Col. ii. 19. † 17. Rom. i. 24. † 18. Acts xxvi. 18. † 18. Gal. iv. 8; Eph. i. 12; 1 Thess. iv. 5. † 19. 1 Pet. iv ▼ † 21. Eph. i. 13.

ται εν αυτώ εδιδαχθητε, καθώς εστιν αληθεια and by him were taught. as in truth εν τω Ιησου· <sup>22</sup> αποθεσθαι ύμας, κατα την in the Jesus; to put from you, according to the  $\pi$ ροτεραν αναστροφην, τον  $\pi$ αλαιον ανθρωπον, former course of life, the old man, τον φθειρομενον κατα τας επιθυμιας της being corrupt according to the inordinate desires of the απατης. 23 ανανεουσθαι δε τω πνευματι του νοος deceit, to be renewed and in the spirit of the mind deceit, to be renewed and in the spirit of the mind  $\delta\mu\omega\nu$ ,  $^{24}$  kai  $\epsilon\nu\delta\nu\sigma\alpha\sigma\theta$ ai  $\tau$ o $\nu$  kaivo $\nu$  a $\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi$ o $\nu$ , and be you clothed with the new man, τον κατα θεον κτισθεντα εν δικαιοσυνή και that according to God having been created in righteousness and δσιοτητι της αληθείας. 25 Διο αποθεμένοι το holiness of the truth. Therefore putting away the ψευδος, λαλειτε αληθειαν, έκαστος μετα του speak you truth, each one πλησιον αύτου ότι εσμεν αλληλων μελη, neighbor of himself; because we are of each other members, <sup>26</sup> Οργιζεσθε και μη άμαρτανετε· δ ήλιος μη Be you angry and not do you sin; the sun επιδευετω επι \* [τω] παροργισμώ ύμων· <sup>27</sup> μητε [the] wrath of you; not even 28 °Ο κλεπτων μηδιδοτε τοπον τφ διαβολφ. The one stealing give you a place for the accuser. no κετι κλεπτετω, μαλλονδε κοπιατω εργαζομενος let him steal, rather but let him toil working το αγαθον ταις χερσιν, ένα εχη μεταδιδοναι the goodthing with the hands, so that he may have to give <sup>29</sup> Πας λογος σαπρος εκ τφ χρειαν εχοντι. to the one want having. Every word rotten out of του στοματος ύμων μη εκπορευεσθω, αλλ', ει of you not let go forth, τις αγαθος προς οικοδομην της χρειας, ίνα anything good for a building up of the use, that χαριν τοις ακουουσι· 30 και μη λυπειτε and not it may give benefit to those hearing; grieve you το πνευμα το  $\mathring{\Sigma}$ γιον του θεου, εν  $\mathring{\psi}$  εσφραγισthe spirit the holy of the God, by which you were you were θητε εις ήμεραν απολυτρωσεως. 31 Πασα πικof redemption. bitsealed for a day A11 ρια και θυμος και οργη και κραυγη και βλασterness and anger and wrath and clamor and evilφημια αρθετω αφ' ύμων, συν παση Kakla. speaking let be taken from you, with all malice;  $\frac{2}{2}$  γινεσθε \* [δε] εις αλληλους χρηστοι, become you [and] towards each other kind ones, **€**υσtender πλαγχνοι, χαριζομενοι έαυτοις, καθως και δ showing favor to others, also the bearted ones, even as θεος εν Χριστω εχαρισατο ύμιν. KE $\Phi$ .  $\epsilon'$ . 5.

God in Anointed showed favor to you.

Him, and were taught by him, as the Truth is in JESUS;

22 tto put off, according to the former Course of life, that old Man, corrupted by deceitful desires;

23 and to the renewed in the SPIRIT of your

24 and t be you clothed with THAT NEW Man, who, according to God, has been FORMED in Righteousness and Holiness of the TEUTH.

25 Therefore, leaving off FALSEHOOD, ‡ speak you Truth each one with his NEIGHBOR, Because we are Members of each other.

26 ‡ When angry. do

26 ‡When angry, do not sin; let not the sun set on your Wrath;

27 nor give an Opportunity for the ACCUSER.

28 Let the THIEF steal no more; † but rather let him toil, working THAT which is GOOD with his HANDS, so that he may have something to give to him who is in WANT.

29 ‡ Let No corrupt Word proceed from your MOUTH, but rather what is good for the USE of Building up, so that it ma confer a Benefit on the HEAREES;

30 and grieve not the HOLY SPIRIT of GOD, ‡ by which you were sealed for ‡ a Day of Redemption.

‡ a Day of Redemption.

\$1 ‡ Let All Bitterness,
and Anger, and Wrath,
and Clanor, and ‡ Evilspeaking, be taken away
from you, together with
All Malice;

32 and the kind towards each other, compassionate, the thermal to the showing favor to others, even as God by Christ showed favor to \*you.

\* Vatican Manuscrift.—26. the—omit.

1 22. Col. ii. 11.

1 22. Eph. ii. 2, 3.

1 22. Rom. vi. 6.

1 23. Rom. xii. 2; Col. iii. 10.

1 24. Rom. vi. 4; 2 Cor. v. 17; Gal. vi. 15; Col. iii. 0.

1 25. Col. iii. 9.

1 26. Psa, xxxvii. 8.

1 28. Acts xx. 35; 1 Thess. iv. 11; 2 Thess. iii. 8, 11, 12.

1 29. Matt. xii. 36; Eph. v. 4; Col. iii. 8.

1 30. Eph. i. 13.

1 30. Luke xxi. 28; Rom. viii. 28.

2 31. Titus iii. 2; James iv. 11; 1 Pet. ii. 1.

2 32. Matt. vi. 14; Mark xi. 25.

Ι Γινεσθε ουν μιμηται του θεου, ώς τεκνα αγα-Become you therefore imitators of the God, as children

πητα $^{2}$  και περιπατείτε εν αγαπη, καθώς και walk you in love. even as

δ Χριστος ηγαπησεν ήμας, και παρεδωκεν έαυthe Anounted loved us, and delivered up

τον ύπερ ήμων προσφοραν και θυσιαν, τφ θεφ self on behalf of us an offering and a sacrifice, to the God

3 Πορνεια δε και πασα ακα-€is oouns evwbias. for an odor of a sweet smell. Fornication but and all

θυρσια η πλεονεξια μηδε ονομαζεσθω εν ύμιν, purity or unbridled lust not even let it be named among you,

(καθως πρεπει άγιοις,) 4 και αισχροτης, και it becomes holy ones.) indecency, also

μωρολογια η ευτραπελία, τα ουκ ανηκοντα. loose jesting, the things not loolish talking, or

5 Τουτο γαρ ιστε πλλα μαλλον ευχαριστια. rather thankegiving. This for you know

γινωσκουτες, ότι πας πορνος η ακαθαρτος η that every fornicator or impure person or

πλεονεκτης, ός εστιν ειδωλολατρης, ουκ εχει lascivious person, who is an idol-worshipper, has

κληρονομιαν εν τη βασιλειά του Χριστου και an inheritance in the kingdom of the Anointed one and

6 Μηδεις ύμας απατατω κενοις λογοις. you let deceive with empty words; of God.

ταυτα γαρ ερχεται ή οργη του θεου on account of these things for comes the wrath of the God επι τους υίους της απειθειας. 7Μη ουν γινεσθε Not therefore become you on the sons of the disobedience.

8 Ητε γαρ ποτε σκοτος, συμμετοχοι αυτων. You were indeed once of them. νυν δε φως εν κυριώ ώς τεκνα φωτος περιπαnow but light in Lord: as children oflight

τειτε. 9 (δ γαρ καρπος του φωτος εν παση αγα-(the for fruit of the light in all goodθωσυνη και αληθεια.) 10 δοκιμαζοντές τι εστιν

searching out and truth.) what is ευαρεστον τω κυριω. 11 και μη συγκοινωνειτε well-pleasing to the Lord; and not be you joint-partakers

τοις εργοις τοις ακαργοις του σκοτους, μαλλον with the works with those unfruitful of the darkness,

### CHAPTER V.

Become therefore f Imitators of God, as beloved Children:

2 and twalk in Love, even as the Anointed one loved us, and delivered himself up on \* our behalf an Offering and a Sacrifics to Gop for an + Odor of a Sweet smell.

3 Now let not : Fornication, and All Impurity. or unbridled Lust, be even named among you, (as becomes Hol, persons;)

4 also ‡ Indecency, and Foolish talking or loose Jesting: THINGS not CON-SISTENT; but what is more becoming, Thanks-

giving.
5 For This you know, That no Fornicator, or Impur: person, or man of unbridled Lust, who is an Idolater, has an Inheritance in the KINGDOM of the ANOINTED, and of God.

6 Let no one deceive you with empty Words; for on account of these things I the WRATH of GOD comes on the sons of Dis-OBEDIENCE.

7 Therefore, do not become their Associates.

8 You were, indeed, formerly Darkness, but you are now I Light in the Lord; walk as ! Children of Light:

9 (since the FRUIT of the LIGHT is in All Goodness, and Righteousness,

and Truth;)

10 t searching out what is well-pleasing to the Lord.

11 And do not be 1 copartners with the UN-FRUITFUL WORKS OF DARK-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. your behalf.

<sup>† 2.</sup> In the highly figurative language of the Hebrews, smelling is used to denote the perception of a moral quality in another; thus God is said to "smell a sweet odor" from sacrifice, to signify that he perceived with pleasure the good disposition which the offerer expressed by such an act of worship.—Macknight.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Matt. v. 45, 48. Luke vi. 36. † 2. John xiii. 34; xv. 12; 1 Thess. iv. 9; 1 John ii. 11, 25; iv. 21. † 2. Gal. i. 4; ii. 20. † 3. 1 Cor. vi. 18; 2 Cor. xii. 21; Col. iii. 5; 1 Thess. iv. 3. † 4. Matt. xii. 35; Eph. iv. 29. † 5. 1 Cor. vi. 9, 10; Gal. v. 19—21; Pev. xxii. 15. † 6. Rom. i. 18. † 8. Acts xxvi. 18. † 8. John viii. 12. † 3. Luke xvi. 8; John xii. 36. † 10. Rom. xii. 2; Phil. i. 10; 1 Thess. v. 21. † 11- 1 Cor. v. 9, 11; 2 Cor. vi. 14; 2 Thess. iii. d, 14.

δε και ελεγχετε.  $^{12}$  Τα γαρ κρυφη γινομενα but even do you reprove. The things for in secret being done 13 Τα δε ύπ' αυτων, αισχρον εστι και λεγειν. The but indecent it is even ταντα, ελεγχομενα ύπο του φωτος, φανεροιται. all things, being exposed by the are manifested; light, 14 A10 παν γαρ το φανερουμένον, φως έστι. everything for that is being manifested, light 1s. Λεγει Εγειρε δ καθευδων, και αναστα εκ it says; Awake thou the one sleeping, and arise thou out of των νεκρων, και επιφαυσει σοι δ Χριστος. the dead ones, and will shine on thee the Anointed.

15 Βλεπετε ουν, πως ακριβως περ.πατείες.
See you then, how accurately you walk,

μη ώς ασοφοι, αλλ' ώς σοφοι· 16 εξαγοραζομενοι not as unwise ones, but as wise ones; buying for yourselves τον καιρον, ότι αί ήμεραι πονηραι εισι. 17 Δια the season, because the days evil are. Because of

τουτο μη γινεσθε αφρονές, αλλα συνιέντες τι this not become you simple ones, but understanding what 18 Και μη μεθυσκεσθε το θελημα του κυριου. And not the will of the Lord. εν ώ εστιν ασωτια, αλλα πληρουσθε olvw, be vou filled in which is profligacy, but with wine, εν πνευματι, 19 λαλουντες έαυτοις ψαλμοις και to others in psalms speaking with spirit,

ύμνοις και φδαις \*[πνευματικαις,] αδοντες και hymns and songs [spiritual,] ψαλλοντες εν τη καρδια ύμων τω κυριω. 20 ευmaking music in the heart of you to the Lord;

χαριστουντες παντοτε ύπερ παντων, εν ονοματι at all times on behalf of all, in name ing thanks

του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, τφ θεφ και Anointed, to the God and the Lord of us Jesus

πατρι· 21 ύποτασσομενοι αλληλοις εν φοβω father; submitting yourselves to each other in  $\mathbf{X}$ οιστου $\cdot$   $^{22}$ α $\mathbf{i}$  γυναικ $\epsilon$ s τοις ιδιοις ανδρασιν to the the wives own \*[ύποτασσεσθε,] ώς τω κυριω. 23 ότι ανηρ εστι (be you submissive,] as to the Lord; because a husband is

κεφαλη της γυναικος, ώς και δ Χριστος κεφαλη a head of the wife, as even the Anointed a head wife,

της εκκλησιας αυτος \*[εστι] σωτηρ του σωμα-[is] a preserver o the body. of the congregation; he

τος. <sup>24</sup> Αλλ<sup>3</sup> \* [ωσπερ] ή εκκλησια υποτασσεται But [even as] the congregation is subjected

NESS, but rather even reprove them.

12 # For the THINGS BEING DONE by them in secret, it is indecent ever to mention.

13 I But ALL things being reproved are manifested by the LIGHT; for it is Light which makes every thing manifest.

14 Therefore it says. t" Awake, O SLEEPER! and arise from the DEAD. and the ANOINTED one will shinc upon thee."

15 Therefore, take heed diligently how you walk, not like Ignorant persons, but as Wise men:

16 securing the SEASON for yourselves, Because the DAY: are evil.

17 Therefore be not

inconsiderate, but \* understand what is the WILL of the LORD.

18 And ‡ be not drunk with Wine, by which comes Debauchery; but be filled with Spirit;

19 speaking to one another, in Psalms and Hymns and Spiritual Songs, singing and making music in your HEART to the LORD:

20 I giving thanks at all times on account of all things to the GoD and Father tin the Name of our LORD \* Jesus Christ.

21 † Be submissive to each other in the fear of Chris.

22 1 Wives, he submissive to your own Husbands, as to the LORD;

23 for a # Husband is the WIFE's Head, even as the ANOINTED one is Head of the congregation; he is a Preserver of the BODY.

24 But even as the CONGREGATION is sub-

<sup>77.</sup> \* Vatican Manuscript.—17. understand you what the will of our Lord is. or itual—omit. 20. Christ Jesus. 22. be you submissive—omit. 2 23. is-omit. spiritual-omit. 24. even as-omit.

<sup>† 12</sup> Rom. i. 24, 26. 1 Cor. xv. 34; 1 Thess. v. 6. 2 18. Prov. xx. 1; xxiii. 29. 2 19. Heb. xiii. 15. 2 11. Phil. ii. 3; 1 Pet. v. 5. 2 12. Phil. ii. 3; 1 Pet. v. 5. 2 22. Eph. ii. 22; iv. 15; Col. ii. 16.

τω Χριστω, ούτω και αἱ γυναικες τοις \*[ιδιοις] to he Anointed, thus also the wives to the [own] ανδρασιν εν παντι. 25 Οἱ ανδρες, αγαπατε τας husbands in everything. The husband, love you the γυναικας \*[έαυτων,] καθως και ὁ Χριστος ηγαwives [οίγουτεείνες,] even as also the Anointed loved πησε την εκκλησιαν, και έαυτον παρεδωκεν the congregation, and himself delivered up ύπερ αύτης, 26 ίνα αυτην άγιαση, καθαρισας on behalf of her, so that her he might sanctify, having cleaned καθαρισας τφ λουτρώ του ύδατος εν δηματι 27 ίνα παρασin the bath of the water by aword; that might τηση αυτος έαυτω ενδοξον της εκκλησιαν, place beside he himself glorious the congregation, μη εχουσαν σπιλον η ρυτίδα η τι των τοιουποί having a spot or blemish or any of the such like των, αλλ ίνα η άγια και αμωμος.  $^{28}$  Ούτως things, but that she might be holy and blameless. Thus οφειλουσιν οί ανδρες αγαπαν τας έαυτων γυναιare obligated the husbands to love the of themselves wives, κας, ως τα έαυτων σωματα. Ο αγαπων την as the of themselves bodies. He loving the έαυτου γυναικα, έαυτον αγαπα· 29 ουδεις γαρ of himself wife, himself loves, no one for ποτε την έαυτου σαρκα εμισησες, αλλ' εκτρε··
ever the of himself flesh hated, but nourishes φει και θαλπει αυτην· καθως και δ Χριστος την and cherishes her; as even the Anointed th: εκκλησιαν 30 ότι μελη εσμεν του σωματος congregation; because members we are of the body αυτου, \* [εκ της σαρκος αυτου, και εκ των [out of the flesh of him, and out of the οπτεων αυτου.] 31 Αντι τουτου καταλειψει On account of this shall leave bones of him.] ανθρωπος τον πατερα αύτου και την μητερα, the father of himself and the mother, a man και προσκολληθησεται προς την γυναικα αύτου, shall be closely joined to the wife of himself, και εσονται οί δυο εις σαρκα μιαν. 32 Το μυστηand will be the two into flesh one. ριον τουτο μεγα εστιν' εγω δε λεγω εις Χρισthis great is: I but speak about Anointed, του, και εις τηυ εκκλησιαν. <sup>33</sup> Πλην και ύμεις But also you ρίκαθ' ένα, έκαστος την έαυτου γυναικα ούτως the every one, each one the of himself wife thus αγαπατω ώς έαυτον· ή δε γννη ίνα φοβηται let love as himself; the and wife so that she may reverence ΚΕΦ. s'. 6. <sup>1</sup> Τα τεκνα, ὑπακουτον ανδρα. he husband. The children, be you subετε τοις γονευσιν ύμων \*[εν κυριω·] τουτο your PARENTS; i ect to the parents of you [in Lord;] this thing a just precept,—

Jected to the ANGINTED one, so also the wives to their HUSBANDS in everything.

25 I HUSBANDS, love your wives, even as the ANOINTED one loved the CONGREGATION, and I delivered Himself up on her

26 so that, having purified her in \$\pm\$the BATH of WATER, he might sanctify

Her t by the Word; 27 I that he might place the CONGREGATION by his own side, glorious, having no Spot or Blemish, or Any such THING, but

that she might be holy and blameless. 28 Thus \* also ought the HUSBANDS to love THEIR OWN Wives, as THEIROWN Bodies, HE who LOVES

self:

29 for no one ever hated HIS OWN Flesh, but nourishes and cherishes it, even as the Anointed one the CONGREGATION;

HIS OWN Wife loves Him-

30 because I we are Members of his BODY.

31 t" On this account "shall a Man leave \* Father "and Mother, and shall be "united to his WIFE, and "the Two shall become "one Flesh."

32 This is a great se-CRET; but I am speaking concerning Christ and the

CONGREGATION.

33 But, indeed, let each each one of You, INDIVI-DUALLY, so love HIS OWN Wife as himself that even the WIFE may treverence her HUSBAND.

### CHAPTER VI.

CHILDREN, tobey your PARENTS; for this is

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—24. OWN—omit. 25. of yourselves—omit. 28. also. 30. of his flesh, and of his bones—omit. 31. Father and Mother. 1. in the Lord—omit.

<sup>† 25.</sup> Col. iii. 19; 1 Pet. iii. 7. † 25. Acts xx. 28; Gal. i. ii. 5; Titus iii. 5. † 20. John xv. 3; xvii. 17. † 30. Gen. ii. 23; Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. vi. 15; xii. 27. † 3. rk x. 7. 8. † 31. 1 Cor. vi. 16. † 33. 1 Pet. iii. 6. Col. iii. 20. 1 25. Acts xx. 28; Gal. i. 4; ii. 20. 2 26. John n xv. 3; xvii. 17. 27. 2 Cor. xi. 2; Col. i. 22. 1. 15; xii. 27. 1 31. Gen. ii. 24; Ma't xix. 5; 6. 1 33. 1 Pet. iii. 6. 21. Prov. xxiii. 22.

γαρ εστι δικαιον. <sup>2</sup>Τιμα τον πατερα σου και is just. Honor the father of thee and  $\mu\eta\tau\epsilon\rho\alpha$  ( $\dot{\eta}\tau\iota s$  \*  $[\epsilon\sigma\tau\iota\nu]$   $\epsilon\nu\tau\sigma\lambda\eta$   $\pi\rho\omega\tau\eta$ , mother (which Tnv (which [is] a commandment the επαγγελια) 3 ίνα ευ σοι γενηται, και  $\in \nu$ that well with thee it may be, a promise;) with μακροχρονιος επι της γης. 4 Kat oi on and the the land; thou mayest be long-lived πατερες, μη παροργιζετε τε τεκνα ύμων, αλλ' not irritate you f'e children of you, but εκτρεφετε αυτα εν παιδεια και νουθεσια κυριου. bring you up them in discipline and instruction of Lord, 5 Οί δουλοι, ύπακουετε τοις κυριοις κατα σαρκα, The slaves, be you submissive to the lords according to flesh, μετα φοβου και τρομου, εν απλοτητι της καρ-with fear and trembling, in simplicity of the heart διας ύμων, ώς τω Χριστω. 6 μη κατ' οφθαλμοοί you, as to the Anointed; not by δουλειαν ως ανθρωπαρεσκοι, αλλ eye-service ώς δουλοι men-pleasers, but \*[του] Χριστου, ποιουντες το θελημα του θεου [of the] Anointed, doing the will of the God εκ ψυχης, 7 μετ' ευνοιας δουλευοντες, ως τω from soul, with good-will serving, as to the κυριω και ουκ ανθρωποις. 8 ειδοτες, ότι δ εαν knowing, that whatever to men; Lord and not τι έκαστος ποιηση αγαθον, τουτο κομιειται he will receive may do good thing, this any each one παρα κυριου, ειτε δουλος, ειτε ελευθερος. 9 Και from Lord, whether a slave, or a freeman. οί κυριοι, το αυτα ποιειτε προς αυτους, ανιεντες the lords, the same things do you to them, την οπειλην· ειδοτες, ότι και ύμων αυτων δ the threat; knowing, that also of you of them the κυριος εστιν εν ουρανοις, και προσωποληψια lord is in h
ουκ εστι παρ' αυτω. heavens, and respect of persons not is with

10 Το λοιπον, \*[αδελφοι μου,] ενδυναμουσθε of me, | strengthen yourselves [brethren εν κυριώ και εν τω κρατει της ισχυος αυτου. n Lord and in the power of the might of him. 11 Ενδυσασθε την πανοπλιαν του θεου, προς το Put you on the complete armor of the God, for that δυνασθαι ύμας στηναι προς τας μεθοδειας του you to stand against the crafty ways of the to enable διαβολου· 12 ότι ουκ εστιν ήμιν ή παλη προς to us the contest because not is with αίμα και σαρκα, αλλα προς τας αρχας, προς τας with the governments, with the but blood and εξουσιας, προς τους κοσμοκρατορας του σκοworld-rulers ofthe with the authorities,

2 1" Honor thy FATHER "and MOTHER," (which is the first Commandment with a Promise.)

3 "that it may be well "with thee, and that thou "mayest be long-lived in

"the LAND."

4 And, ‡FATHERS, d not irritate your CHIL-DREN, but ‡ bring them up in the Discipline and Instruction of the Lord.

5 ‡ BOND-SERVANTS, be subject to your MASTERS, according to the Flesh, with Fear and Trembling, in the Integrity of your HEART, as to the ANOINTED;

6 not with Eye-service as Men-pleasers, but as Bond-servants of Christ, doing the WILL of GOD

from the Soul,

7 doing service with Good-will, as if to the LORD, and not to \* Men;

8 ‡ knowing That whatever good any one may do, this he will receive from the Lord,—whether a Slave or a Freeman.

9 And, ‡MASTERS, do the SAME things to them, ‡ forbearing to THREATEN; knowing That \* both Their and ‡ Your MASTER is in the Heavens; and ‡ there is no Partiality of persons with him.

10 Finally, strengthen yourselves in the Lord, and tin his MIGHTY

POWER.

11 ‡Put on the com-PLETE ARMOB of GOD, that you may be ABLE to stand against the CRAFTY WAYS of the ENEMY;

12 because our CONis  $\tau \alpha s$  flict is not with \$28002 and flesh, but with \$26002 and Flesh, but with \$2600 GOVERNMENTS, with the dark-AUTHORITIES, with \$2600

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—2. is—omit. 6. of the—omit. 7. Man. 9. both Their and Your master is in the Heavens. 10. my Brethren—omit.

rous τουτου, προς τα πνευματικά της πονηριας, with the spiritual things of the evil one, 13 Δια τουτο αναλαβετε EV TOIS EMOUDAVIOIS. Because of this take you up m the heavenlies. την πανοπλιαν του θεου, ίνα δυνηθητε ανιστηthe complete armor of the God, so that you may be able to stand ναι εν τη ήμερα τη πονηρα, και άπαντα κατερevil, and all things having against in the day the 14 Στητε ουν περιζωσαμενοι γασαμενοι στηναι. to stand, Stand you therefore having girded worked out την οσφυν ύμων εν αληθεια, και ενδυσαμενοι of you with truth, and having put on the loins τον θωρακα της δικαιοσυνης, 15 και ύποδησαμεand having shod the breastplate of the righteousness, νοι τους ποδας εν έτοιμασια του ευαγγελιου glad tidings feet with a preparation of the 16 επι πασιν αναλαβοντες τον 775 €LONVNS° the of the peace; besides all having taken up θυρεον της πιστεως, εν ώ δυνησεσθε παντα by which you will be able shield of the faith, τα βελη του πονηρου \* [τα] πεπυρωμενα σβεσαι. the darts of the evil one [the | having been kindled to quench; 17 και την περικεφαλαιαν του σωτηριου δεξασθε, of the salvation take you, also the helmet και την μαχαιραν του πνευματος, δ εστι δημα eword with spirit, which is and the θεοι. 18 ξω πασης προσευχής και δεησεως of God; by means of every prayer and supplication προσευγομένοι εν παντι καιρώ εν πνευματι. και in every season in spirit; and praying εις αυτο \*[τουτο] αγρυπνουντες εν παση προσ-[this] watching MILP καρτερησει και δεησει περι παντων των άγιων, severance and supplication for all of the holy ones, 19 και ύπερ εμου, ίνα μοι δοθη λογος εν ανοιand on behali of me, that to me may be given a word in ξει του στοματος μου, εν παρδησια γνωρισαι το ing of the mouth of me, with boldness to make known the \*[του ευαγγελιου,] 20 ύπερ MUGTHOLOV

POTENTATES OF this DARK-NESS, with the SPIRITUAL THINGS OF WICKEDNESS IN the HEAVENLIES.

13 † On account of this, take up the † COMPLETE ARMOR of GOD, that you may be able to resist in the EVIL DAY, and having achieved Every thing, to stand.

14 Stand, then, † having your loins girded around with Truth, and † having put on the BREASTPLATE of RIGHTEOUSNESS:

15 and thaving your FEET shod with the Preparation of the GLAD FIL-INGS of PEACE;

16 besides ail, having taken up the shield of the Faith, by which you will be able to extinguish All the burning DARTS of the WICKED one;

17 I take also the HPL-MET OF SALVATION, and Title SWORD of the SPIRIT, which is God's Word;

18 ‡ praying at every Season, † with All Prayer and Supplication in Spirit, and ‡ keeping watch for this with All Perseverance and ‡ Entreaty for Als SAINTS;

19 tand on my behalf, that Eloquence may be given to me, in opening my MOUTH with boldness, to make known the SECRET of the GLAD TIDINGS.

20 (on account of which ‡ I execute an Embassy in ‡ a Chain,) that ‡ I may

[of the

lam on an embassy in a chain, that

secret

πρεσβευω

18. this-omit.

it I may speak

19. of the GLAD

glad tidings, ] on account of which

εν άλυσει, ίνα \*[εν] αυτώ παρδη-

[in]

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-16. the-omit. TIDINGS-omit. 20. in-omit.

<sup>† 13.</sup> The Grecian armor consisted of two sorts,—Defensive and Offensive armor. The apostle selects from these the following, which he calls the panoply, or complete armor of God;—1. The Gradle, or Military Belt, used to brace the armor tipit to the body, and cover the two parts of the breastplate where they joined; and to support daggers, snort swords, &c. 2. The Breastplate consisted of two parts,—one reaching from the neck to the navel, and the other hanging from thence to the knees. 8. The Greaves, made of gold, silver, brass, or iron, designed to defend the front of the legs and feet. 4. The Helmet, made of various metals, and used to protect the head. 5. The Swield, sometimes round and sometimes square, was made of strong thick leather or hides; sometimes of wood covered with brass or iron. 6. The Sword as an offensive weapon. He who had these was completely armed for combat.

† 18. As it was customary for the Grecians to offer prayers to their gods before engaging in battle, so the apostle exherts Christian warriors to pray with all prayer, in every season, always depending on the Captain of their salvation.

<sup>2</sup> Cor. x. 4. ‡ 14. Isa. xi. 5; Luke xii. 35; 1 Pet. i. 13. ‡ 14. Isa. lix. 17; 2 Cor. vi. 7; 1 Thess. v. 8. ‡ 15. Isa. lii. 7; Rom. x. 15. ‡ 16. 1 John v. 4; 2 17. Isa. lix. 17; 1 Thess. v. 8. ‡ 17. Isa. liv. 12; Revi. 16; ii. 16; xix. 15. ‡ 1. Luke xvii. 1; Rom. xii. 12; Col. iv. 2; 1 Thess. v. 17. ‡ 18. Matt. xxvi. 41; M. ik. xii. 33. ‡ 18. Eph. i. 16; Phil. 4. ‡ 1 Tim. ii. 1. † 19. Acts iv. 29; Col. iv. 5; 2 Thess. iii. 1. ‡ 20. 3 Cor. v. 20. ‡ 20. Acts xxvii. 29; xxviii. 20; Phil. i. 7, 13, 14. ‡ 20. Acts xxvii. 51

Of us

Jesus

σιασωμαι, ώς δει με λαλησαι.  $^{21}$  Ίνα δε ειδηboldly, as it behoves me to speak. That but may

τε και ύμεις τα κατ' εμε, τι πρασσω, παντα knowalso you the things concerning me, what I am doing, all things ύμιν γνωρισει Τυχικος ὁ αγαπητος αδελφος και to you will make known Tychicus the beloved brother and

The solution of the server of

ήμων, και παρακαλεση τας καρδιας ύμων.
us, and he might comfort the hearts of you.

23 Ειρηνη τοις αδελφοις και αγαπη μετα πισ-Peace to the brethren and love with faith

τεως απο θεου πατρος και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου.
from God a father and Lord Jesus Anointed.

<sup>24</sup> Ή χαρις μετα παντων των αγαπωντων τον The favor with all of the ones loving the κυριον ἡμων Ιησουν Χριστον εν αφθαρσια.

speak boldly concerning it, as it becomes me.

21 But that you also may know the THINGS concerning me, and what I am doing, Tychicus, the BELOVED Brother and Faithful Servant in the Lord, will make All things known to you;

22 twhom I have sent to you for this very purpose, that you may know the THINGS concerning us, and that he may comfort your HEARTS.

23 † Peace to the BRETH-REN, and Love with Faith, from God the Father, and the Lord Jesus Christ.

24 The FAVOR be with all who temperature Love our Lord Jesus Christ.

\*TO THE EPHESIANS. WRITTEN FROM ROME.

Anomted with incoruptness.

# [ΠΑΥΛΟΥ ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] ΠΡΟΣ ΦΙΛΙΠΠΗΣΙΟΥΣ.

## PHILIPPIANS.

### КЕФ. α'. 1.

Ι Παυλος και Τιμοθέος, δουλοι Ιησου Χριστου, and Timothy, bondmen of Jesus Anointed, πασι τοις άγιοις εν Χριστω Ιησου, τοις ουσιν to all the holy ones in Anounted Jesus, to those being εν Φιλιπποις, συν επισκοποις και διακονοις. in Philippi, with overseers and servants; 2 χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη από θεου πατρος ήμων, favor to you and peace from God a father 3 Ευχαριστω τω και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου. Anointed. Jesus I give thanks to the θεφ μου επι παση τη μνεια ύμων, 4 παντοτε the remembrance of you, God of me on every εν παση δεησει μου ύπερ παντων ύμων, μετα in every prayer of me on behalf of all of you. χαρας την δεησιν πο-ουμενος <sup>5</sup> επι τη κοινωνια joy the prayer making in respect to the fellowship ύμων εις το ευαγγελιον, απο πρωτης ήμερας of you for the glad tidings, from first αχρι του νυν 6 πεποιθως αυτο τουτο, ότι δ till the now; having been persuaded same this thing, that the εναρζαμενος εν ύμιν εργον αγαθον, επιτελεσει one having begun in you a work good, will complete αχρις ήμερας Ιησου Χριστου. 7 καθως εστι till a day of Jesus Anointed; itis δικαιον εμοι τουτο φρονειν ύπερ παντων ύμων, for me this to think concerning all το εχειν με εν τη καρδια ύμας, εν τε 310 because the to have me in the hearts of you, in both τοις δεσμοις μου και τη απολογια και βεβα:ωand bonds of me and in the defence confirmaσει του ευαγγελιου, συγκοινωνους μου της you of the glad tidings, joint-contributors of me of the χαριτος παντας ύμας οντας. 8 μαρτυς γαρ μου all of you being; a witness for of me \*[ $\epsilon\sigma\tau\iota\nu$ ]  $\delta$   $\theta\epsilon\sigma s$ .  $\dot{\omega}s$   $\epsilon\pi\iota\pi\sigma\theta\omega$   $\pi\alpha\nu\tau\alpha s$   $\dot{\nu}\mu\alpha s$   $\epsilon\nu$  in the God, how I long after all of you in

σπλωγχνοις Χριστου Ιησου. 9 Και τουτο προσof Amointed Jesus. this bowels Aud ευχομαι, ίνα ή αγαπη ύμων ετι μαλλον και

that the love of you yet more μαλλον περισσευη εν επιγνωσει και παση may abound in knowledge in all

10 εις το δοκιμαζειν ύμας τα διααισθησει perception; the to examine

### CHAPTER I.

Paul and Timothy Bondmen of \* Christ Jesus. to all THOSE SAINTS I'm Christ Jesus, who ARE at Philippi, with the Over-seers and Assistants;

2 # Favor to you, and Peace from God our Father, and our Lord Jesus

Christ.

3 I give thanks to my GOD ON EVERY REMEM-

BRANCE of you,
4 (always, in Ever)

Prayer of mine, making SUPPLICATION on behalf of you all with Joy,)

5 t on account of your PARTICIPATION in the GLAD TIDINGS, from the FIRST Day till Now;

6 having this same confidence, That HE who COMMENCED ia Work among yot, will continue to complete it till the Day of \*Christ Jesus;

7 as it is right for me to think This respecting vei. all, Because you HAI me in your HEART, both in t my BONDS, and in the DEFENCE and CONFIRMA-TION of the GLAD TID. INGS, you all being joint. contributors to me of the GIFT.

8 For ! God is my Witness how I long after you all with the tender Sympathies of Christ Jesus.

9 And This I pray, that your Love may yet abound more and more in Knowledge, and in all Perception,

10 in order that you may EXAMINE the DIF-FERENCES of THINGS; you the things dif- and that you t may be

1. Christ Jesus,

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-To THE PHILIPPIANS. the FIRST Day. 6. Christ Jesus. 8. is-omit.

φεροντα, ένα ητε ειλικρινεις και απροσκοποι fering, so that you may be sincere ones and inoffensive ones εις ήμεραν Χριστου, <sup>11</sup> πεπληρωμενοι καρπον of Anointed, having been filled fruit for a day δικαιοσυνης \*[τον] δια Ιησου Χριστου, of righteousness [that] through Jesus Anointed, 213 to 12 Γινωσκειν δε ύμας δοξαν και επαινον θεου. glory and praise of God. To know but you κατ βουλομαι, αδελφοι, ότι τα εμε μαλbrethren, that the things relating to me λον εις προκοπην τον ευαγγελιου εληλυθεν. for advancement of the glad tidings happened; 13 ώστε τους δεσμους μου πανερους εν Χριστφ so that the bonds of me appear in Anointed γενεπθαι εν όλω τω πραιτωριώ και τοις λοιποις to have become before all in the judgment hall and to the others πασι. 14 και τους πλειονας των αδελφων εν the greater number of the and brethren κυριω, πεποιθοτας τοις δεσμοις μου, περισσο-Lord, having been assured by the bonds of me. more abunτερως τολμαν αφοβως τον λογον λαλειν. dantly are bold fearlessly the word to speak. 15 Τινες μεν και δια φθονον και εριν, τινες δε Some indeed even through envy and strife. και δι' ευδοκιαν τον Χριστον κηρυσσουσιν. also through good-will the Anointed they openly proclaim. 16 Οί μεν εξ αγαπης, ειδοτες, ότι εις απολογιαν These indeed from love. knowing, that for του ευαγγελιου κειμαι. 17 οί δε εξ εριθειας, of the glad tidings I am placed; those but from \* τον Χριστον καταγγελλουσιν ουχ αγνως. no: [the] Anointed are announcing purely, οιομένοι θλιψιν επιφερείν τοις δεσμοίς μου. to superadd to the bonds of me. affliction thinking 18 Τι γαρ: πλην παντι τροπφ, ειτε προφαπει

way, whether in pretence Still in every ειτε αληθεια, Χριστος καταγγελλεται Anointed is synounced; and in or in truth, 19 Οιδα τουτφ χαιρω, αλλα και χαρησομαι. Irejoice, but also I will rejoice. Iknow his

η ω, ότι τουτο μοι αποβησεται εις σωτηριαν της ύμων, δεησεως, και επιχορηγιας του

though the of you, entreaty, and asupply of the

πνευματος Ιησου Χριστου, 20 κατα την αποκαapirit of Jesus Anointed, according to the eager of Jesus Anointed, eager

sincere and inoffensive in the Day of Christ:

11 having been filled with t the Fruit of Righte. ousness through Jesus. Christ, to the Glory and Praise of God.

12 Now I wish you to know, Brethren, That the THINGS which have befallen me resulted rather for the Advancement of the GLAD TIDINGS;

13 so that my BONDS for Christ have become manifest in All the † PRE-TORIUM, and in all OTHER

places:

14 and the GREATER NUMBER of the BRETH-REN in the Lord, having been made confident by my BONDS, have much more abundant courage to speak the \* WORD of God without fear.

15 Some, indeed, proclaim the ANOINTED one even through Envy and t Strife, and some also through Good-will.

16 THESE, indeed, out of Love, knowing That I am placed for the Defence of the GLAD TID-

INGS; 17 but THOSE out of Contention are announcing Christ, not purely, thinking \* to superadd Affliction to my BONDS.

18 What then? \* Be-cause, in Every Way, whether in Pretence or in Truth, Christ is announced, even in this I rejoice, yea, and will rejoice.

19 \* And I know That this will result in My Deliverance, through YOUR Entreaty, and the Supply of the SPIRIT of Jesus Christ,

20 according to my EARNEST EXPECTATION

17. to raise 14. word of God. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—11. that—omit.
Affliction. 18. Because in Every Way. ap Affliction.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Or, in all the Pretorium Camp. It was either within or near to this fortress that the Apostle dwelt in his own hired house. It was large enough to have many such houses within it for shops and taverns used by the soldiers, beside the barracks used by the soldiers themselves. See Note on Acts xxviii. 16.—Skarpe.

<sup>† 11.</sup> John xv. 4, 5; Eph. ii. 10; Col. i. 6. † 11 Phil, ii. 3. † 10. verse 7. – † 19. 2 Cor. i. 11. t 11. John zv. 8; Eph. i. 12, 14.

ραδοκιαν και ελπιδα μου, ότι εν ουδενι αισχυνexpectation and hope of me, that in nothing I shall be υπσομαι, αλλ' εν παση παρήησια, ως παντυτε, I shall be ashauled, but with all confidence, as always, και νυν μεγαλυνθησεται Χριστος εν τις σωματι will be magnified Anounted in the body δια ζωης ειτε δια θανατου. 21 Εμοι of me, whether by means oflife or by means of death. For me το ζην, Χριστος, και το αποθανειν, κερand the therefore the to live, Anomted, δος. 22 Ει δε το (ην εν σαρκι, τουτο μοι καρπος If but the to live in flesh, this to me a fruit εργου, και τι αιρησομαι, ου γνωριζω· 23 συνεof work, and what I shall choose, not I know; I am hard χομαι δε εκ των δυο, την επιθυμιαν εχων ε... pressed but by the two, the earnest desire baving for το αναλυσαι, και συν Χριστφ ειναι πολλω the to be loosed again, and with Anointed to be; γαρ μαλλον κρεισσον. 24 το δε επιμενειν εν τη the but to remain in the better; σαρκι, αναγκαιοτερον δι' ύμας. 25 Kal TOUTO flesh, more necessary on account of you. And οιδα, ότι μενω καισυμπαραπεποιθως having been persuaded I know, because I shall remain and I shall conμενω πασιν ύμιν εις την ύμων προσκοπην και tinue with all you for the of you progresa χαραν της πιστεως 26 ίνα το καυχημα ύμων of the faith; that the boasting of you περισσευή εν Χριστω Ιησου εν εμοι, δια της me, through the may abound by Anointed Jesus in εμης παρουσιας παλιν προς ύμας. 27 Μονον you. again with ιξιως του ευαγγελιου του Χριστου πολιτευεσθε. worthily of the glad tidings or the Anointed act you as citizens, ίνα, ειτε ελθων και ιδων ύμας, ειτε απων, o that, whether having come and having seen you, or being absent, ακουσω τα περι ύμων, ότι στηκετε εν ένι I may hear the things concerning you, that you stand firm in one πνευματι, μια ψυχη συναθλουντες τη πιστει with one soul co-operating vigorously for the faith του ευαγγελιου, 28 και μη πτυρομενοι ε υηδενι and not being terrified in anything of the glad tidings,

δπο των αντικειμενων ήτις εστιν αυτοις ενδει-

which

18

and Hope, †That in nothing I shall be ashamed; but twith All Confidence, as at all times, also now Christ will be magnified in my RODY, whether by Life cr by Death.

by Death.
21 Therefore, for Me to Live is for Christ, and

to DIE, Gain.

22 But if to LIVE in the Flesh, this is to me a Fruit of Labor; and what I should choose I do not

exactly know.

23 I am indeed, hard pressed by the Two things;
—(I have an EARNEST DESIDER for title RETURNING, and their with Christ, since it is very much to be peferred;)—

24 but to be referred;

24 but to LIMAIN in the FLESH is more requisite

on your account.

25 ‡ And fully believing this, I know That I shall remain and continue with you all, for Your Progress and Joy in the FAITH;

26 that your BOASTING may abound, by Christ Jesus, in me, through Mar Presence with you agair

27 Only thehave yourselves worthily of the GLAD TIDINGS of the ANOINTED one, so that whether coming and seeing you, or being absent, I may hear concerning your AFFAIRS, that you the time in One Spirit, with One Soul twigorously cooperating for the FAITH of the GLAD TIBINGS;

anything fied in anything by the ενδειatoken them a clear Indication of

to them

21

opposing;

by those

<sup>† 23.</sup> To analysai, the lossing again or the returning, being what Paul carnestly desired, could not be death or dissolution, as implied by the word depart in the common version, because it seemed a matter of indifference to him, which of the two—life or death—he should choose; but he longed for the analysa, which was a third thing, and very much to be preferred to either of the other two things alluded to. The word analyse occurs in Luke xii. 80, and is there rendered return;—"Be you like men waiting for their master, when he will return," &c. Jesus had taught his disciples that he would come again, or return, John xiv. 8, 18; thus, also, the angels said to them at his ascension, Acts i. 11. Paul believed this doctrine and taught it to others, and was looking for and waiting for the Savier from heaven, Phil. iii. 20; 1 Thess. i. 10; iv. 16, 17, when his mortal body would put on immortality, and so he would "ever be with the Lord."

and this

ξις απωλειας, ύμιν δε σωτηριας και τουτο απο

θεου 29 ότι ύμιν εγανισθη το ύπερ Χριστου, ου

of destruction, to you bus of salvation;

God; because to you it was given that on behalf of Anointed, not μονον το εις αυτον πιστευειν, αλλα και το only that into to believe. also that him πασχειν 30 τον αυτον αγωνα αυτου count: on behalf of him to suffer; the same conflict εχοντες, οίον ιδετε αν εμοι, και νυν ακουετε εν and now you hear in having, alike thing you saw in . ing me. KE $\Phi$ ,  $\beta'$ , 2, 1 Ει τις ουν παρακλησις If any therefore εν Χριστω, ει τι παραμυθιον αγαπης, EL TIS in Anointed, if any soothing of love. if any κοινωνια πνευματος, ει τις σπλαγχνα και οικif any bowels fellowship of spirit, τιομοι 2 πληρωσατε μου την χαραν, .να το Compassions, ofme the passions; fulfil you 101. so that the φρονητε, την αυτην αγαπη. εχοντες, αυτο same thing you may think, the same iove το έν φρονουντες 3 μηδεν κατα united ones in soul, the one thing minding; nothing εριθειαν η κενοδοξιαν, αλλα τη ταπεινυφροσυνη strife or vain-glory, but in the low mess of mind αλληλους ήγουμενοι ύπερεχοντας ξαυτων 4 μη yourselves; esteeming exceeding yourselves; not ξαυτων ξκαστος σκοπουντες, αλλα και the things of yourselves cach one regarding, 5 Τουτο \* [γαρ] Φροέτερων έκαστοι. OTHERS. This [for] the things of others every one. νεισθω εν ύμιν δ και εν Χριστφ Ιησου, 6 ός εν in Christ Jesus, by you which also in Anointed μορφη θεου ύπαρχων, ουχ άρπαγμον ήγησατο a form of God being, not ausurpation meditated το ειναι ισα θεω, 7 αλλ' ξαυτον εκενωσε to BE like God. moothe tobe like to God, but himself emptied, φην δουλου λαβων, εν δμοιωματι ανθρωπων form of a slave having taken, in a likeness of men γενομενος, <sup>8</sup> και σχηματι εύρεθεις ώς ανθρωπος. having been formed, and in condition being found as

Destruction, but to you al Salvation, and this from God.

29 Because to you it was graciously given ou BEHALF of Christ, not only to BELIEVE into Him, but also to SUFFER on His ac-

30 thaving the SAME Conflict which you saw in me, and now hear concern-

### CHAPTER II.

1 1f, therefore, there be Any Comfort in Christ, if Any Soothing of Love, if Any Participation of Spirit, tif Any Sympathies and

2 complete My Joy. that you may think the SAME thing, having the SAME Love, united in soul, minding the ONE thing:

3 Idoing nothing from Party-spirit, or Vain-glory but in THUMILITY esteeming others as excelling

4 not each one regarding HIS OWN interests, but each one also those of

5 ‡ Let this disposition be in \* you, which was also

6 who, though being in God's Form, yet did not meditate + a Usurpation meditate † a

7 but divested Himself, taking a Bondman's Form, I having been made in the Likeness of Men;

8 and being in condition as a Man, he humbled himself, t becoming obedient unto Death, even the Death of the Cross.

9 And therefore God

of a death even of a cross.

εταπεινωσεν έαυτον, γενομενος ύπηκοος μεχρι

himself, having become obedieut

humbled

death.

till

9 Διο και δ

Therefore also the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. for -omit. 5. us.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Harpagmon being a word of very rare occurrence, a great variety of translations have been given. The following may serve as examples:—"Who—did not think it a matter to be earnestly desired."—Clarke. "Did not earnestly affect."—Cyprian. "Did not think of eagerly retaining."—Wakefeld. "Did not regard——as an object of solicitous desire."—Stuari. "Thought not——a thing to be seized."—Sharpe. "Did not eagerly grasp."—Kneeland. "Did not violently strive."—Dickinson. "Did not meditate a usurpation."—Turnbull.

<sup>‡ 1.</sup> Col. iii. 12. 1 3. Rom. xii. 10. 1 8. Matt xxvi. 39, 42; John x. 18; Heb. v. 2; xii. 3. Heb. 11. 14, 17.

θεος αυτον επερυψωσε, και εχαρισατο αυτος God him supremely exalted, and freely granted to him ονομα το ύπερ παν ονομα: 10 ενα εν το ονοματια name that above every name; so that in the name Ιησου παν γουν ναμέν, επουρανίων και επιγείων οί Jesus every knee should brud of heavenhies and of earthhes και καταχθονίων, 11 και νοσα γλοσσα εξομολομασό συμδειγουμαίουε, από ενεν tongue should γησηται, ότι κυριος ίησους χριστος, εις δοξαν ευτες, that a Lord Jesus Anomited, for glory θεου πατρος. of God a father.

12 'Ωστε, αναπητοι μου, καθ'ν: ταντοτε ύπη-So that, beloved ones of me, .. a.ways κουσατε, μη ώς εν τη παρουσια μου μονον, in the ouly, obeyed, not 8.8 presence o. me αλλα νυν πολλφ μαλλον εν τη αποισια μου, in the Blore ausen.e Lt me: much μετα φοβον και τρομού την ξαυτών σω ηρια:
with fear and tremoling the of yourselves salvator κατεργαζεσθε  $^{13}$  δθεος γαρ εστιν δ ενεργων εν working on the God for it is the one working in ύμιν και το θελειν και το ενεργείν, ύπερ της ευyou both the to will and the to work, on account of the good 14 Παντα ποιειτε γωρις γογγυσμων και pleasure. All things do you without murmurings and διαλογισμων. 15 iva γενησθε αμεμπτοι και ακεραιοι, τεκνα θεου αμωμητα εν μετώ γενεας σκοones, children of God irreproachable in midstofageneration perλιας και διεστραμμενης εν οίς φαινεσθε ώς φωσverse and having been misguided; to which you appear as τηρες εν κοσμφ, 16 λογον (ωης επεχοντες εις for καυχημα εμοι εις ήμεραν Χριστου, ότι ουκ εις aboast to me in a day of Anointed, that not in κενον εδραμον, ουδε εις κενον εκοπιασα. 17 Αλλ' nor in valu I toiled. ει και σπενδομαι επι τη θυσια και λειτουργια if even I am poured out on the sacrifice and public service της πιστεως ύμων, χαιρω και συγχαιρω πασιν ύμιν. 18 το δ' αυτο και ύμεις χαιρετε, και συγχαιyou; the and same also you be you glad, and ρετε μοι. 19 Ελπιζω δε εν κυριν Ιησου, Τιμοθεον I hope but in Lord Jesus, you with me. Timothy

tsupremely exalted Him, and tfreely granted to him THAT Name which is above Every Name;

10 tin order that in the NAME of Jesus Every Knee should bend, of these on heaven, and of those on earth, and of those beneath:

11 and ‡ Every Tongue confess That Jesus Christ is Lord, for the Glory of God the Father.

12 So that, my Beloved, as you always obeyed, not only as in my PRESENCE, but now much more in my ARSENCE, work out Your own Salvation with Fear and Trembling.

13 for # God is He who is working effectually among you, both to will and to Perform, on account of his benevo-

LSNCE.

14 Do All things without Murmurings and Dis-

putings;

15 that you may be blameless and inoffensive, irreproachable ‡ Children of God, in the Midst of a crooked and misguided Generation, among whom tyou appear as † Luminaries in the World;

16 exhibiting the Word of Life; for my Exultation in the Day of Christ, That I did not run in vain, nor labored in vain.

17 But even \$\frac{1}{2}\$ if I \$\dagger\$ be poured a libation on the SACRIFICE and public Service of your FAITH, am glad, and rejoice with your all.

you all;

18 and for THIS be YOU also glad, and rejoice with mc.

19 But I hope in the Lord Jesus to send Tim-

<sup>† 15.</sup> Phosteres is the name given to the sun and moon in the Septuagint. Gen. i. 16. † 17. An allusson to the wine and oil poured on the meat-offerings to render them acceptable to God, Evod. xxix. 49. 41. Paul was most willing to pour out the costly libation of his own blood on the offering of the fith of the Gentiles, (Rom. xv. 16,) to render it more firm, and of consequence more pleasing to the Deity.

ταχεως πεμψαι ύμιν, ίνα καγω ευψυχω, shortly to send to you, that also I may be animated, περι ύμων. 20 Ουδενα γαρ PUOUS

having ascertained the things concerning you. εχω ισοψυχον, δστις γνησιως τα περι δμων

have like-souled, who really the things concerning you μεριμνησει. 21 οί παντες γαρ τα ξαυτων (η-

all for the things of themselves are  $^{22}$  Tnv  $\delta\epsilon$ τουσιν, ου τα Ιησου Χριστου.

not the things of Jesus Anointed. The δοκιμην αυτου γινωσκετε, ότι, ώς πατρι τεκνον, proof of him you know, that, as with a father a child.

συν εμοι εδουλευσεν εις το ευαγγελιον. 23 Τουhe served for the glad tidings.

τον μεν ουν ελπιζω πεμψαι, ώς αν απιδω indeed therefore I hope to send, as I would riew attentively

τα περι εμε, εξαυτης  $2^4$  πεποιθα δε εν the thing concerning me, immediately; having confidence and in κυριω. δτι και αυτος ταχεως ελευσομαι.

Lord, that even myself shortly <sup>25</sup> Αναγκαιον δε ήγησαμεν, Επαφροδιτον τον

Necessary but I esteemed, Epaphroditus the

αδελφον και συνεργον και συστρατιωτην μου.
brother and fellow-worker and fellow-soldier of me, ύμων δε αποστολον, και λειτουργον της χρειας

e'you but an apostle, and public servant of the πεμψαι προς ύμας· <sup>26</sup> επειδη επιποθων of me, to have sent to you;

ην παντας ύμας, και αδημονων, διοτι ηκουσατε he was all you, and being depressed, because you heard

δτι ησθενησε.  $^{27}$  Και γαρ ησθενησε παραπληthat he was sick. Indeed for he was sick near

σιον θανατώ, αγγ, φ θεος απτον ηγεύαεν, ουκ but the God him pitied;

αυτον δε μονον, αλλα και εμε, ίνα μη λυπην him and only, me, so that not but asso

28 Σπουδαιοτερως ουν επεμψα  $\epsilon \pi \iota \lambda \upsilon \pi \eta \nu \sigma \chi \omega$ . on sorrow I should have. More speedily therefore I sent

αυτον, ίνα ιδοντες αυτον παλιν, χαρητε, καγω that seeing him again, you may rejoice, and I

αλυποτέρος ω. <sup>29</sup> Προσδέχεσθε ουν αυτον εν Receive you therefore him less sorrowful may be.

κυριφ μετα πασης χαρας, και τους τοιουτους Lord with and the such like ones joy,

εντιμους εχετε· 30 δτι δια το εργον \*[του] inhonor hold you; because on account of the work

Χριστου μεχρι θανατου ήγγισε, παραβολευσαhaving risked he was near,

othy to you shortly, that # also may be animated when I ascertain how THINGS are with you.

20 For I have No one like disposed, who will really care about your

AFFAIRS;

21 for ALL tare seeking THEIR OWN things, not the THINGS of \* Christ Jesus.

22 But of him you know the PROOF, That as a Child with a Father, he served with me for the GLAD TIDINGS.

23 Mim, therefore, I hope to send immediately, whenever I see distinctly through the THINGS con-

cerning me;
24 and thaving confidence in the Lord, That I also myself will come shortly.

25 I esteemed it necessary, however, to send to you ! Epaphroditus, the BROTHER, and my Fellowworkman and Fellow-soldier, but ! Your Apostle, and !a Minister for mv

26 Isince he was longing after you all, and was much depressed because you heard That he was sick.

27 For indeed he was sick, near to Death; but God pitied him; and not him only, but me also, so that I might not have Sor row upon Sorrow.

28 I have sent him. therefore, the more speedily, that seeing him again you may rejoice, and that I may be the less sorrow-

29 Receive him, then, in the Lord, with All Joy, and I hold SUCH LIKE persons in honor.

30 Because on account of the work of Christ he was near to Death, having

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. Christ Jesus.

<sup>30.</sup> of the-omit. 

<sup>1 21. 1</sup> Cor. x. 24. 33; xiii. 5; 2 Tim. iv. 10, 16, 1.2. 1 24. Phil. 1. 25; Philemon 22. 1 25. 2 Cor. xi. 9. 1 26. Phil. i. 8. 1 26.

μενος τη ψυχη, ίνα αναπληρωση το ύμων ύστεso that he might fill up the of you

ρημα της προς με λειτουργιας. ΚΕΦ.  $\gamma'$ . 3.

Το λοιπον, αδελφοι μου χαιρετε εν κυριώ.
The thing remaining, brethren of me rejoice you in Lord;

αυτα γραφειν ύμιν, εμοι μεν ουκοκνηρον, the things same to write to you, to me indeed not tedious,

ύμιν δε ασφαλές. 2 Βλεπέτε τους κυνας, βλεor you but safe. See you the dogs.

πετε τους κανους εργατας, βλεπετε την καταworkers. the see you

3 Hueis γαρ εσμεν ή περιτουη, οί We for we are the circumciation, who

πνευματι θεω λατρευοντες, και καυγωμενοι εν God are serving, and boasting

Χριστω Ιησου, και ουκ εν σαρκι πεποιθοτες. and not in flesh having been trusting;

\* καιπερ εγω εχων πεποιθησιν και εν σαρκι. Ει L having confidence also in flesh.

τις δοκει αλλος πεποιθεναι εν σαρκι, εγω μαλany thinks other to have confidence in fiesh,

λον. 5 περιτομη οκταημέρος, εκ γενους Ισραηλ, with a circumcision eighth-day, from race of Israel,

φυλης Βενιαμιν Έβραιος εξ Έβραιων, κατα of tribe of Benjamin a Habrew from Hebrews, according to

νομον Φαρισαιος, 6 κατα ζηλον διωκων την according to zeal persecuting the

εκκλησιαν, κατα δικαιοσυνην την εν νομω congregation, according to righteousness that

γενομενος αμεμπτος. <sup>7</sup>Αλλ' άτινα ην μοι baving come blameless. But what things was to me

κερδη, ταυτα ήγημαι δια τον Χριστον gain, these things I have esteemed on account of the Anointed

ζημιαν. 8 Αλλα μεν ουν και ήγουμαι παντα But indeed then even Lesteem all things

(ημιαν ειναι δια το ύπερεχοι της γνωσεως aloss to be on account of the excellency of the knowledge

Χριστου Ιησου του κυριου μου, (813 δν τα of Anounted Jesus the Lord of me, (on account of whom the

παντα ε(ημιωθην, και ήγουμαι σκυβαλα ειναι, all things I suffered loss, and I esteem worthless things to be,

ίνα Χριστον κερδησω, <sup>9</sup> και εύρεθω εν αυτω, μη so that Anomted I may gain, and may be found in him,

hazarded his LIFE, that the might fill up the remainder of Your MINIS-TRATION to Me.

### CHAPTER III.

1 FINALLY, my Brethren, trejoice in the Lord. To write the SAME things to you is not irksome to Me, but for you it is safe.

2 1 Beware of the Dogs! Beware of the TEVIL Workers! Beware of the

TEXCISION!

3 For we are I the CIR-CUMCISION, twe who are SERVING God in Spirit, and 1 boasting in Christ Jesus, but who have no confidence in Flesh.

4 Though indeed # I have had Confidence also in Flesh; if some other person think to have confidence in Flesh, E had

more.

5 With a Circumcision the eighth-day; from the Race of Israel; from the Tribe of Benjamin; a Hebrew from Hebrews; according to Law, a Phari-

see;
6 with respect to zeal, ta persecutor of the con. GREGATION; as to THAT Righteousness which came by Law, I was irreproach-

able.

7 But whatever things were Gain to me, These I have, on account of the ANOINTED one, esteemed

as a Loss.

8 But then, indeed, I even esteem all things to be a Loss, on account of the ! EXCELLENCY of the the KNOWLEDGE of ANGINTED Jesus LORD; (on whose account I suffered the loss of ALL things, and consider them to be vile refuse, so that I may gain Christ.

9 and may be found in

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. the Anointed.

<sup>1 30. 1</sup> Cor. xvi. 17; Phil, iv. 10. 1 2. Isa. Ivi. 10; Gal. v. 15. 2 3. Rom. 11, 20; Cal. it. † 1. 2 Cor. xiii. 11; Phil. iv. 4; 1 Thess. v. 10 † 2. 2 Cor. xi. 13. † 2. Rom. ii. 281 Gal. v. 2-† 3. John iv. 23, 24; Rom. vii. 6. † 3. Gal. vi. 14. 23. Rom. ii. 29; Col. ii. 11. 24. 2 Cor. xi. 18, 21. 1 6. Acts viii. 3; ix. 1. 1 8. John xvii. 3: 1 Cor. ii. 2:

εχων εμην δικαιοσυνην την εκ νομου, αλλατην holding my righteousness that from of law, but that

δια πιστεως Χριστου, την εκ θεου δικαιοσυνην hrough faith of Anointed, that from God a righteousness

τη πιστει.) 10 του γνωναι αυτον, και την on account of the faith;) of the to know him, and the

δυναμιν της αναστασεως αυτου, και την κοινωof him, and the power of the resurrection

νιαν των παθηματων αυτου, συμμορφουμενος ship of the sufferings of him, being conformed το θανατώ αυτου, 11 ειπως καταντησώ εις την

to the death of himself, if possibly I may attain to εξαναστασιν των νεκρων. 12 Ουχ ότι ηδη ελα-

βον, η ηδη τετελειωμαι διωκω δε, ει και καταceived, or already have been perfected; I pursue but, if indeed I may

 $\lambda \alpha \beta \omega$ ,  $\epsilon \phi^{2}$  &  $\kappa \alpha \iota \kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon \lambda \eta \phi \theta \eta \nu \delta \pi \sigma$  X  $\rho \iota \sigma \tau \sigma \upsilon$ .

The say hold, in respect to which also I was laid hold of by Anointed.

13 Αδελφοι, εγω εμαυτον ου λογιζομαι κατειλη-Brethren, I myself not teckon to have laid

φεναι 14 έν δε, τα μεν οπισω επιλανθανομεhold; one but, the things even behind forgetting,

νος, τοις δε εμπροσθεν επεκτεινομενος, κατα stretching out to, according to the things but before

σκοπην διωκω επι το βραβειον της ανω κληprize of the above callmark I pursue towards the σεως του θεου εν Χριστω Ιησου, 15 'Ο τοι ουν

ing of the God in Anointed Jesus. As many as then -- λ τισι, τουτο φρονωμεν και ει τι έτερως and if in anything differently

φρονειτε, και τουτο δ θεος ύμιν αποκαλυψει. You think, even this thing the God to you will reveal;

16 πλην εις δ εφθασαμέν, τω αυτώ στοιχείν. but to what we attained, by the same to walk in line.

Συμμιμηται μου γινεσθε, αδελφοι, και σκο-Joint-imitators of me become you, brethren, and watch

πειτε τους ούτω περιπατουντας, καθως εχετε vou those thus walking,

τυπον ήμας. 18 Πολλοι γαρ περιπατουσιν, ούς a pattern us. Many for walk, whom

πολλακις ελεγον ύμιν, νυν δε και κλαιων λεγω, I said to you, now and even weering I say,

τους  $\epsilon \chi$ θρους του σταυρου του Χριστου\*  $\frac{19}{2}$  ών the enemies of the cross of the Anointe'; of whom

το τελος απωλεια, ών ὁ θεος ή κολια, και ή the end destruction, of whom the God the belly, and the GOD is the STOMACH, and

him, not clinging to THAT Righteousness of # Mine own, which is from Law. through the Faith of Christ,-the RIGHTEOUS-NESS from God on account of the FAITH ;)

10 to KNOW him, and the POWER of his RESUR-RECTION, and the TFEL. LOWSHIP of his SUFFER. INGS, being conformed to

his DEATH:

Il if possibly I may attain to the RESURRECTION from among the DEAD.

12 Not that I have already treceived it, or have been already perfected; but I pursue, if indeed I may lay hold on that for which also I was laid hold

on by Christ.
13 Brethren, I do not reckon Myself to have attained it; but one thing I do;-teven forgetting the THINGS BEHIND, Tand stretching forth towards the THINGS BEFORE,

14 #1 press along the Line, towards the PRIZE of the HIGH Calling of God by Christ Jesus.

15 As many, therefore, as are perfect, should be of this mind; and if in any thing you think differently, GoD will also reveal This to you.

16 But to what we have attained, ‡let us walk by

the SAME line.

17 Brethren, Thecome Joint-Imitators of me, and watch THOSE who are thus WALKING, as you have us for a Pattern.

18 (For often I told you, and now even weeping I say, many walk as the ENEMIES of the CROSS of

Anointed one; 19 ‡ whose End will be DESTRUCTION, I whose

δυξα εν τη αισχυνη αυτων, οί τα επιγεια φροshame of them, who the things on earth are 20 Ημων γαρ το πολιτευμα εν ουραglory in the VOUVTES. Of us for the commonwealth in minding. νοις ύπαρχει, εξ ού και σωτηρα απεκδεχομεθα ens begins, out of which also a savior we look for κυριον Ιησουν Χριστον, 21 δς μετασχηματισει Lord Jesus Anointed, who will transform το σωμα της ταπεινωσεως ήμων συμμορφον τω the body of the humiliation of us of like form with the σωματι της δοξης αυτου, κατα την ενεργειαν body of the glory of him, according to the operation του δυνασθαι αυτον και ύποταξαι έαυτω of the to be able him even to place under himself the things 1 'Ωστε, αδελφοι μου КЕФ.  $\delta'$ . 4. all. Therefore, brethren of me αγαπητοι και επιποθητοι, χαρα και στεφανος beloved ones and ones longed for, joy and crown 2 Evμου, ούτω στηκετε εν κυριώ, αγαπητοι. of me, thus stand you firm in Lord, O beloved ones. Eugοδιαν παρακαλω, και Συντυχην παρακαλω, το dia I exhort, and Syntyche I exhort, the 3 val  $\epsilon \rho \omega \tau \omega$  και  $\sigma \epsilon$ , Φρονειν εν κυριω. same thing to mind in Lord; lask also thee yes συζυγε γνησιε, συλλαμβανου αυταις, αίτινες εν yoke-fellow O true, help thou these women, τφ ευαγγελιφ συνηθλ: σαν μοι, μετα και Κληthe glad tidings co-operated carnestry with me, with and μεντος και των λοιπων συνεργων μου, ών τα ment . and the remaining fellow-workers of me, of whom the ονοματα εν βιβλώ (ωης.

ονοματα εν βιβλώ ζωης.
names in book of life.

<sup>4</sup>Χαιρετε εν κυριώ παντοτε παλιν ερώ, χαιρετε.
Rejoice you in Lord alwaya again Isay, rejoice you.

To επιεικες ύμων γνωσθητω πασιν ανθρωποις. The gentleness of you let be known to all men.

O κυριος εγγυς:  $^6$  μηδεν μεριμνατε, αλλ' εν πανThe Lord near; nothing be you over-careful, but in every-

: τη προσευχη και τη δεησει μετα ευχαριστιας thing by the prayer and by the supplication with thanksgiving τα αιτηματα ύμων γνωριζεσθω προς τον θεον

the requests of you let be made known to the God; και ή ειρηνη του θεου ή ὑπερεχουσα παντα νουν, and the peace of the God that survassing all conception,

φρουρησει τας καρδιας ύμων και τα νοηματα will guard the hearts of you and the minds

υμων εν Χριστω Ιησου.<sup>8</sup>Το λοιπον, αδελφοι, οίγου in Anointed Jesus

The remaining, brethren,

their GLORY in their SHAME; THEY who are engrossed with EARTHLY things.)

20 For ‡ Our FOLITY begins in the Heavens, ‡ from whence also ‡ we are expecting a Savior, the Lord

Jesus Christ;

21 the who will transform the Body of our humiliation into a conformity with his GLORIOUS BODY, according to the ENERGY by which he is able teven to subject All things to himself.

### CHAPTER IV.

1 So then, Brethren, my beloved and much desired, ‡ my Joy and Crown, stand you thus firm in the Lord, O my beloved!

2 1 exhort Euodia, and I exhort Syntyche, to be of the SAME mind in the

Lord.

3 And I entreat thee also, \*True Yoke-fellow, assist those women, twhc carnestly co-operated with me in the GLAD TIDINGS, and with Clement, and my OTHER Co-laborers, Whose NAMES are in the Book of Life.

4 ‡ Be joyful in the Lord at all times; I say again,

Be joyful!

5 Let your GENTLENESS be known to All Men. the Lord is near.

6 ‡ Be not anxious about Anything; but in everything let your PETITIONS be made known to GoD, by PRAYER and SUPPLICA-TION with Thanksgiving;

7 and THAT FEACE of GOD which surpasses All Conception, shall guard your HEARTS and your MINDS by Christ Jesus.

8 FINALLY, Brethren

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. True Yoke-fellow.

έσα εστιν αληθη, όσα σεμνα, όσα δικαια, true, whatthings honorable, what things just,

αγνα, όσα προσφιλη, όσα ευφημα, ε: what things pure, what things amiable, what things of good report, if

τις αρετή και ει τις επαίνος, ταυτα any virtue and if any praise, these things attentively consider;

και εμαθετε και παρελαβετε, και ηκουwhat things also you learned and you received,

σατε και ειδετε εν εμοι, ταυτα πρασσετε. me, these things perform you; and you saw in

και δ θεος της ειρηνης εσται μεθ' ύμων. and the God of he peace shall be with

1' Εχαρην δε εν κυριφ μεγαλως, ότι ηδη ποτε I rejoiced and in Lord greatly, because now at length

ανεθαλετε το ύπερ εμου φρονειν εφ' ή και on which also yoursevived the on behalf of me to think;

δε. 11 Ουγ ότι εφρονειτε, ηκαιρεισθεYou were thinking, were without opportunity but,

ύστερησιν λεγω° εγω γαρ εμαθον, εν ag want I speak; I for learned, in respecting

12 Οιδα και ταπειειμι, αυταρκης ειναι. what things I am, contented to be. I know both to be

νουσθαι, οιδα και περισσευειν εν παντι και broughtlow, I know and to abound, in everything and

εν πασι μεμυημαι, και χορταζεσθαι και πειin all things I have been initiated, both to be well-fed and to be

ντν, και περισσευειν και ύστερεισθαι· 13 παντα and to be in need; hungry, both to abound ισχυω εν τφ ενδυναμουντι με. 14 Πλην καλως

I am strong in the one strengthening me. εποιησατε, συγκοινωνησαντες μου τη θλιψει. having jointly sympathized with me in the affliction.

15 Οιδατε δε και ύμεις, Φιλιππησιοι, ότι εν αρ-You know and also you, O Philippians, that in a begin-

 $\chi \gamma$  του ευαγγελιου, ότε εξηλθον απο Μακεδο-ning of the glad tidings, when I went out from Macedo-

νιας, ουδεμια μοι εκκλητια εκοινωνησεν εις no one with me congregation communicated nia

λογον δοσεως και ληψεως, ει μη δμεις μονοι·
an account of giving and receiving, if not you only;

<sup>16</sup> ότι και εν Θεσσαλονική και άπαξ και δις εις Thessalonica even once and again for that and in

την χρειαν μοι επεμψατε. 17 Ουχ ότι επιζηthe need to me you sent. Not because I earnestly the need to me you sent.

τω το δομα, αλλ' επιζητω τον καρπον τον seek the gift, but I earnestly seek the fruit that

whatever things are true, whatever things are honorable, whatever things are just, whatever things are pure, whatever things are amiable, ‡ whatever things are reputable, if there be Any Virtue, and if rny Praise, attentively consider These things;

9 and twhat you learned and received, and heard and saw in me, these things practise; and the GOD of PEACE will be with

10 But I rejoiced in the Lord greatly, Because now at length your REGARD has revived on My behalf; for whom indeed you did have regard, but had no opportunity.
11 Not That I speak

concerning Want; for 1 have learned in whatever condition I I am to be con-

tented.

12 II know both what it is to be abased, and I know what it is to abound; in every place and in all conditions, I have been disciplined, both to be well fed and to syffer hunger. both to abound and to be destitute.

13 I am strong to endure All things with THIM who strengthens me.

14 You did well, how. ever, tin sympathizing with My Affliction.

15 And nou know also, O Philippians, That in the Beginning of the GLAD TIDIGNS, when I departed from Macedonia, ‡ No Congregation communicated with Me in the Matter of Giving and Receiving, except nou alone;

16 and that to Thessa lonica, you sent once. and a second time also, for my

NEED;

17 not Because I earnestly seek the GIFT, but that I earnestly seek THAT

But

<sup>‡ 8. 1</sup> Thess. v. 22.
2 Cor. xiii. 11; 1 Thess. v. 23; Heb. xiii. 20.
11; 2 Cor vi. 10; xi. 27.
11; 2 Cor vi. 10; xi. 27.
15. 2 Cor. xii. 9.
17. Rom. xv. 33; xvi. 30; 1 Cor. xiv. 33; 1 Cor. xiv. 33; 1 Cor. xiv. 30; 1 Cor. xiv. 33; 1 Cor. xiv. 30; 1 Cor. x 1 12. 1 Cor. iv 1 14. Phil. i. 7

18 Απεχω πλεοναζοντα εις λογον ύμων. δe 'r an account of you. I have in full but increasing παντα, και περισσευω· πεπληρωμαι, δεξαμενος! all things, and abound; I am tilled, having received παρα Επαφροδιτου τα παρ' ύμων, οσμην ευω-Epaphroditus the things from you, a smell of good 19 'O διας, θυσιαν δεκτην, ευαρεστον τω θεω. odor, a sacrifice acceptable, well-pleasing to the God. The δε θεος μου πληρωσει πασαν χρειαν ύμων κατα and God of me will fill up every want of you according to τον πλουτον αύτου εν δοξη, εν Χριστφ Ιησου the wealth of himself in glory, in Anointed 20 Τω δε θεω και πατρι ήμων ή δοξα εις τους To the now God and father of us the glory for the 21 Ασπασασθε αιωνας των αιωνων. Aunv. ages ofthe 8215. So be it. Salute you παντα άγιον εν Χριστω Ιησου. Ασπαζονται every holy one in Audinted Jesus. Salute ύμας οί συν εμοι αδελφοι. 22 ασπαζονται ύμας you those with me brethren; Salute you παντες οί άγιοι, μαλιστα δε οί εκ της Καισαthe holy ones, especially but those from of the Cesar's The favor of the Lord \* [ ήμων ] pos oikias. household. [ofus

all

FRUIT which ABOUNDS to your Account.

18 But I have in full all things, and abound. I am fully satisfied, having received ‡ from Epaphroditus your PRESENTS,—‡ a Fragrant Odor, ‡ an acceptable Sacrifice, well-pleasing to God.

19 And my God twill fully supply All your Need, taccording to his Glorious WEALTH by Christ Jesus.

20 \$ Now to our God and Father be the GLORY for the AGES of the AGES. Amen!

2I Salute Every Saint in Christ Jesus. The BRETH-REN ‡ who are with Me salute you.

22 All the SAINTS salute you, but especially those from CLSAR'S Household.

23 ‡ The FAVOR of the LORD Jesus Christ be with you all.

### TO THE PHILIPPIANS. WRITTEN FROM ROME.

of you.

\*[Aunv.]

[So beit.]

Ιησου Χριστου μετα παντων ύμων.

Jesus Anointed with

23. So be it-omit.

Subscription

1 18. 2 Cor. ix. 12. 20. Rom. xvi. 27

1 19. Psa. xxii. 1 21. 3al. i. 2

### \*TO THE COLOSSIANS

### KEΦ. α'. 1.

<sup>1</sup> Παυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου δια Paul, an apostle of Jesus Anointed through  $\theta$ εληματος  $\theta$ εου, και Τιμοθεος  $\delta$  αδελφος,  $\frac{2}{2}$  τοις will of  $\theta$ ead, and Timothy the brother, to those εν Κολοσσαις άγιοις και πιστοις αδελφοις εν in Colosse to holy ones and to faithful ones brethren in Χριστω· χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος Anointed; favor to you and peace from God a father ημων. <sup>3</sup> Ευχαριστουμεν τω θεω [και] πατρι of us. We give thanks to the God [and] father του κυριου ήμων Ιησου \*[Χριστου] παντοτ of the Lord of us Jesus [Anointed] always, περι ύμων προσευχομενοι, 4 ακουσαντες τη concerning you praying, having heard the πιστιν ύμων εν Χριστω Ιησου, και την αγαπη faith of you in Anointed Jesus, and the love την εις παντας τους άγιους, δία την ελπιδα that for all the holyones, through the hope την αποκειμένην ύμιν εν τοις ουρανοις, ή that being laid up for you in the heavens, which προηκουσατε εν τ $\phi$  λογ $\phi$  της αληθείας του you before heard in the word of the truth of the ευαγγελίου, <sup>6</sup> του παροντος εις ύμας, καθως και glad tidings, of that being present among you, as also ει ταντι τφ κοσμφ, και εστι καρποφορουμενον in all the world, and is bringing forth fruit και αυξανομενον, καθως και εν ύμιν, αφ' ής also in you, from which and growing, 3.5 ήμερας ηκουσατε και επεγνωτε την χεριν του day you heard and acknowledged the favor of the θεου εν αληθεια. 7 καθως \*[και] εμαθετε απο you learned from [even] truth: 28 Επωφρα του αγαπητου συνδουλου ήμων, ός εσ-Eparhras the beloved fellow-servant of us, who is τι πιστος ύπερ ύμων διακονος του Χριστου. feithful on behalf of you a servant of the Anointed; 8 δ και δηλωσας ήμιν την ύμων αγαπην εν πνευwho also having related to us the of you love <sup>9</sup> Δια τουτο και ήμεις, αφ' ής ήμερας cause of this also we, from which day Because of this also ηκουσαμεν, ου παυομεθα ύπερ ύμων προσευχοwe heard, not we cease on behalf of you praying, μενοι, \*[και αιτουμενοι,] ίνα πληρωθητε την asking,] that you may be filled the and επιγνωσιν του θεληματος αυτου εν παση σοφια xact knowledge of the will of him in all wisdom και συνεσει πνευματικη· 10 περιπατησαι αξιως

#### CHAPTER 1.

1 Paul, ‡ an Apostle of \* Christ Jesus, by the Will of God, and Timothy, the BROTHER,

2 to the THOLY and Faithful Brethrenin Christ at Colosse, ‡ Favor and Peace to you from God our

Father.

3 ‡ Having heard of your FAITH in Christ Jesus, and ‡THAT LOVE which you have for all the SAINTS,

4 twe give thanks to God, the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, at all times when we pray for you;

5 on account of THAT HOPE which is IBRING PRESERVED for you in the HEAVENS; O. which you previously heard in the WORD of the TRUTH of those GLAD TIDINGS,

6 which are PRESENT among you, † as also in All the world; and are bringing forth fruit and increasing; even as among you, from the Day you heard and acknowledged the FAVOR of GOD in Truth;

7 as you learned from Epoperas, our beloved Fellow-servant, who is on your behalf a faithful Servant of the Anointed one;

8 who also RELATED to us YOUR ‡ Love in Spirit.

9 Because of this also, we, from the Day we heard it, do not cease praying on your behalf, I that you may be filled, I as to the EXACT KNOWLEDGE of his WILL, with All Spiritual Wisdom and Understanding;

10 t to walk worthily of

and understanding spiritual;

to walk

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—Title—To THE COLOSSIANS. and—omit. 3. Anointed—omit. 7. even—omit.

<sup>1.</sup> Christ Jesus. 3. 9. and asking—omit.

του κυριου εις πασαν αρεσκειαν, εν παντι εργιο of the Lord to all in every pleasing, work αγαθώ καρποφορουντές και αυξανομένοι τη good bringing forth fruit and in the growing επιγνωσει του θεου. 11 εν παση δυναμει δυναwith exact knowledge of the God, all strength being μουμένοι κατα το κρατος της δοξης αυτου. strengthened according to the power of the glory of him, εις πασαν ίπομονην και μακροθυμιαν LETA patience and for endurance with Yapas.

Joy, 12 ευχαριστουντές τφ πατρι τφ ίκονωποντι giving thanks to the father to that having fitted ήμας εις την μεριδα του κληρου των άγιων εν us for the portion of the inheritance of the holy ones in τω φωτι· 13 δς ερβυσατο ήμας εκ της εξουσιας the light; who delivered us from the authority του σκοτους, και μετεστήσεν εις την βασιof the darkness, and cansed a change of sides for the kingλειαν του υίου της αγακης αύτου 14 εν ώ εχοom of the son of the love of himself; in whom μεν την απολυτρωσιν, την αφεσιν των άμαρhave the redemption, the forgiveness of the sins, τιων. 15 δε εστιν εικών του θεου του αρρατου, who is abkeness of the God of that unscen,

στοτοκος πασης κτισεως· 16 ότι εν αυτώ εκlest-born of every creature: because in him were τισθή τα παντά, τα εν τοις ουράνοις και erested the things all, the things in the heavens and επιτης γης, τα δρατα και τα the things on the earth, the things seen and the things unρατα, είτε θρονοι, είτε κύριστητες, είτε αρχαί, whether thrones, or lordah:ps or goveraments, ειτε εξουσιαι τα παντα δι' αυτου και σις or authorities; the things all on account of him and for αυτον εκτισται· 17 και αυτος εστι προ παντων. him have been created; and he is in advance of all, τα παντα εν αυτφ συνεστηκε. 18 και ali him has been placed together; and in and the things αυτος εστιν ή κεφαλή του σωματός, της εκκλήis the Lead of the body, of the congredias. Os eater apxn. Aportitores ex two vekgation, who is a beginning, first-born out of the dead εν πασιν αυτος πρωτευων pwv, iva YEVITAL ones, so that he might become among all bimsolf pre-eminent; 19 ύτι εν αυτω ευδοκησε παν το πληρωμα κατοι-Because in himit was thought good all the fulness 20 10-

the Lord, Pleasing him in All things; ‡ bringing forth frait by Every good Work, and increasing in the EXACT KNOWLEDGE of God;

Il f being strengthened with All Strength according to his GLORIOUS POW-IR, for all Patience and Endurance with Joy;

· 12 †giving thanks \*at the same time to that PATHER who CALLED and QUALIFIED us for the PORTION of the SAINTS' ‡ INHERITANCE in the LIGHT;

13 who delivered us from the dominion of darkness, and tchanged us for the kingdom of the son of his love:

14 thy whom we have the REDEMPTION, the FOR-GIVENESS of SINS.

15 He is to Likeness of the invisible God, t Pirst-born of All Creation;

16 ‡ Because in him were created ALL things, —those in the HEAVENS, and those on the EARTH; the VISIBLE and the IN-VISIBLE, whether Thrones, or Lordships, or Governments, or Authorities; ALL things have been created through Him and for Him;

17 and he precedes all things, and in him all things have been perma-

nently placed.

18 \$ irrisalso the HEAD of the BODY of the CONGREGATION; who is the Beginning, \$ the First-born from the Dead, that he might become Pre-connent among all.

19 Because ‡ in him it was thought good that the Whole FULNESS should dwell;

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. at the same time to that partien who called, and qualified us.

<sup>1 10.</sup> John xv. 16; 2 Cor. ix. 8; Phil. i. 11; Heb. xiii. 21. 2 11. Eph. iii. 16; vi. 10. 12; Eph. v. 20; Col. iii. 15. 12. Acts xxvl. 18; Eph. i. 11. 3 13. Eph. vi. 12; Pet. i. 0. 3 13. 1 Thess. ii. 13; 2 Pet. i. 11. 14. Eph. i. 7, 3 15. 2 Cor. iv. 4; Heb. i. 3. 15. Rev. iii. 14. 2 10. John i. 3; 1 Cor. viii. 0; Eph. iii. 0; Eph. ii. 0; Eph. iii. 0;

κησαι, 20 και δι' αυτου αποκαταλλαξαι τα habit, and by means of him to reconcile the things παντα εις αυτον, ειρηνοποιησας δια του αίμα-all to hm, having made peace by means of the blood 70\$  $\tau$ 00  $\sigma$  $\tau$ 00 $\rho$ 00  $\sigma$ 00,  $\pi$ 00,  $\pi$ 00  $\pi$ τα επί της γης, είτε τα εν τοις ουρανοις.
the things on the earth, or the things in the heavens. <sup>21</sup> Και ύμας, ποτε οντας απηλλοτριωμενους και Even you, once being εχθρουs τη διανοια εν τοις εργοιs τοις πονηροις, enemies in the mind by the works those wicked, νυνι δε αποκατηλλαξεν  $^{22}εν$  τω σωματι της now indeed he reconciled in the body of the δια του θανατου, παραστησαι σαρκος αύτου flesh of himself by means of the death, to present ύμας άγιους και αμωμους και ανεγκλητους κατεyou holy ones and blameless ones and irreproachable ones in presνωπιον αυτου $^{\circ}$  23 ειγε επιμενετε τη πιστει τεθε-ence of him; if indeed you continue in the faith having μελιωμενοι και εδραιοι, και μη μετακινουμενοι been grounded and settled ones, and not being moved away απο της ελπιδος του ευαγγελιου ού ηκουσατε, from the hope of the glad tidings of which you heard, κηρυχθεντος εν παση \* [τη] κτισει τη aving been published in all [the] creation that of that having been published in all ύπο τον ουρανον· ού εγενομην εγω Παυλος under the heaven; of which became Paul  $^{24}$  Nuv  $\chi$ airw  $\epsilon \nu$   $\tau$ ois  $\pi a \theta \eta \mu a \sigma \iota \nu$  Now I rejoice in the sufferings διακονος. a servant. ύπερ ύμων, και αντ**ά**ναπληρω τα ύστερηματα on behalf of you, and I fill up the wants των θλιψεων του Χριστου εν τη σαρκι μου of the afflictions of the Anointed one in the flesh of me ύπερ του σωματος αυτου, δ εστιν ή εκκληon behalf of the body of him, which is the congreσια. 25 ής εγενομην εγω διακονος κατα την gation; of which became ľ a servant according to the τικονομιαν του θεου την δοθεισαν μοι εις ύμας, stewardship of the God that having been given to me for you, Απρωσαι τον λογον του θεου, 26 το μυστηριον to fully set forth the word of the God, the secret το αποκεκρυμμένον από των αιώνων και από των that having been hid from the ages and from the νενεων, νυνι δε εφανερωθη τοις άγιοις αυτου. generations, now but was manifested to the holy ones of him; 27 of s  $\eta\theta\epsilon\lambda\eta\sigma\epsilon\nu$   $\delta$   $\theta\epsilon\sigma s$   $\gamma\nu\omega\rho$   $t\sigma\alpha t$ ,  $\tau$  ts  $\delta$   $\pi\lambda\sigma\sigma t\sigma t$  to whom wished the God to make known, what the wealth της δοξης του μυστηριου τουτου εν τοις εθνεof the glory of the secret of this among the naσιν, ός εστι Χριστος εν ύμιν, ή ελπις της δοξης. tions, who e Anointed in you, the hope of the glory;

20 and through Him to reconcile ‡ALL things for him, ‡having made peace by means of the BLOOD of his CROSS, whether the THINGS on the EARTH, or the THINGS in the HEAVENS.

21 And You, ‡formerly being Aliens and Enemies in MIND by WICKED WORKS, \* he has even now reconciled

22 ‡ in the BODY of his FLESH, through DEATH, to present you holy, and blameless, and irreproach-

able before him;

23 if indeed you continue in the FAITH, founded and established, and not removed from the HOPE of THOSE GLAD TIDINGS, which you heard, which were PROCLAIMED to EVERY Creature under HEAVEN, and of which the Paul became a Servant

24 ‡ I am now rejoicing in the SUFFERINGS on your account, and I ambiling up the REMAINDER of the AFFLICTIONS of the ANOINTED one, in my FLESH, on behalf of his BODY, which is the CONGREGATION:

25 of which I became a Servant, according to that stewardship of God which was given to me for you, fully to declare the word of God.—

26 the SECRET which was CONCEALED from AGES and from GENERATIONS, thut now is manifested to his SAINTS:

27 to whom God wished to make known, what is the GLORIOUS WEALTH of this SECRET among the NATIONS, which is Christ in you, the HOPE of GLORY;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-20. by means of him—omit. 21, but now are you reconciled, in the gopy of his flesh through death, that you should be presented holy. 23. the—omit.

<sup>1 20.</sup> Eph. i. 10.
1 20. Eph. ii. 14—16.
2 21. Eph. ii. 15, 16.
2 22. Eph. ii. 15, 16.
2 23. Rom. x. 18.
2 24. Rom. x. 18.
2 25. Rom. x. 18.
2 26. Rom. xvi. 25; 1 Cor. ix. 17; Gal. ii. 7; Eph. iii. 2.
2 26. Rom. xvi. 25; 1 Cor. ix. 17; Eph. iii. 9.
2 26. Matt. xiii. 11; 2 Tim. i. 10.
2 27. Rom. ix. 23; Eph. i. 7; iii. 8.

28 δν ήμεις καταγγελλομεν, νουθετουντες παντα whom we announce, admonishing every ανθρωπον, και διδασκοντες παντα ανθρωπον εν man, and teaching every man with παση σοφια, ίνα παραστησωμεν παντα ανθρω-all wisdom, so that we may present every man πον τελειον εν Χριστφ 29 εις δ και κοπιω, perfect in Anointed; for which also I labor,

αγωνιζομένος κατα την ενεργείαν αυτου την ardently contending according to the strong working of him that  $\epsilon \nu \epsilon \rho \gamma o \nu \mu \epsilon \nu \eta \nu \epsilon \nu \epsilon \rho \gamma o \nu \mu \epsilon \nu \epsilon \nu \delta \nu \nu \alpha \mu \epsilon \iota$ . ΚΕΦ. β'. 2.

working strongly in me in power.

1 Θελω γαρ ύμας ειδεναι, ήλικον αγωνα εχω I wish for you to know, how great a conflict I have περι ύμων και των εν Λαοδικεια, και όποι concerning you and those in Landicea, and asmany as ουχ έωρακασι το προσωπον μου εν σαρκι· 2 ίνα not lave seen the face of me in flesh; so that παρακ' ηθωτιν αί καρδιαι αυτων, συμβιβασθενmay be comforted the hearts of them, being knit together τες εν αγαπη και εις παντα πλουτον της πληin love and for all wealth of the γοφοριας της συνεσεως, εις επιγνωσιν του priviction of the understanding, in order to an exact knowledge of the μυστηριου του θεου. 3 εν ώ εισι παντες οί θηaccret of the God; in which are all the treas-Faupoi the God; in which are all the treasfaupoi the wisdom and of the knowledge stored pupo. This [but] I say, that not any one you παραλογιζηται εν πιθανολογια. Ει γαρ και may deceive with plausible speech. If for even τη σαρκι απειμι, αλλα τω πνευματι συν υμιν in the fle.h I am absent, still in the spirit with you ειμι, γαιρων και βλεπων ύμων την ταξιν, και

the stability of the in Anointed faith of you. 6 Ως ουν παρελαβετε τον Χριστον Ιησουν As therefore you received the Audinted Jesus τον κυριον, εν αυτώ περιπατειτε, ? ερβιζωμενοι the Lord, in him walk you, haring been rooted και εποικοδομουμενοι εν αυτφ, και βεβαιο - νοι and being built up in bim, and being est \*[εν] τη πιστει, καθως εδιδαχθητε, περισσευ-[in] the faith, as you were taught, abounding οντες εν αυτη εν ευχαριστια. 8 Βλεπετε, μη in it with thankagiving. See you, not ύμας εσται δ συλαγωγων δια της φιλοany one you shall be the making a prey by means of the philoσοφιας και κενης απατης, κατα την παραδοσιν

am, rejoicing and beholding of you the order,

το στερεωμα της εις Χριστον πιστεως ύμων.

των ανθρωπων, κατα τα στοιχεια του κοσμου, of the men, according to the elements of the world,

sophy and empty deceit, according to the

28 whom we announce, admonishing Every Man, and teaching Every Man with All Wisdom, that we may 1 present Every Man perfect in Christ;

29 for which I also labor, ardently contending, according to THAT ENERGY of his which operates

in me with Power.

### CHAPTER IL.

1 For I wish you know how Great a ! Struegle I have about you an! THOSE in Laodicea, and a many as have not seen many as have not se

2 se that their HEART: may be comforted, beinclosely united in Love, and in All the Wealth of the FULL ASSURANCE of the UNDERSTANDING in order to an exact I Knowledge of \*the SECRET of God;

3 fin which are stored All the TREASURES of WIS-DOM and Knowledge.

4 And this I say, that no one 1 may deceive You with Persuasive speech

5 for though I am essent in the FLESH, yet I am with you in the SPIRIT, rejoicing and beholding through the STABILITY of your FAITH in Christ.

6 ‡ As therefore you received the ANOINTED Jr sus the LORD, walk you in Him;

rooted and built up in a.m., and ‡established by the FAITH, even as you were taught, abounding in it with Thanksgiving.

8 Take care that no one make a prey of You through PHILOSOPHY and Empty Deceit, according to I the TRADITION of MEN, according to the ELEMENTS

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-2 the SECRET of the God Christ; in whom are hid. 3. of the-omit. 4. but-omit. 7. in-omit.

και ου κατα Χριστον. and not according to Anointed.

9 °Οτι εν αυτώ κατοικει Because in him dwells

 $\theta \in \sigma \tau \eta \tau \sigma s \sigma \omega \mu \alpha \tau \iota \kappa \omega s$ παν το πληρωμα της Deity bodily. fulness of the

10 κάι εστε εν αυτώ πεπληρωμενοι ; εστιν ή and you are by him having been filled; who is the κεφαλη πασης αρχης και εξουσιας. 11 εν ώ και

of all government and authority; in whom also  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \epsilon \tau \mu n \theta n \tau \epsilon$ περιτομη αχειροποιητω,  $\epsilon \nu$ 

you were circumcised with a circumcision not done by hand, in τη απεκδυσει του σωματος της σαρκος, εν τη putting off of the body of the flesh, in the

περιτομη του Χριστου, 12 συνταφεντες αυτώ εν troumcision of the Anointed, having been buried with him by

το βαπτισματι εν ώ και συνηργερθητε δια in which also you were raised by means of

της πιστεως της ενεργείας του θεου του εγείthe faith of the strong working of the God of that

ραντος αυτον εκ νεκρων· 13 και ύμας, νεκρους having raised him out of dead ones; and you,

ούτας \*[εν] τοις παραπτωμασι και τη ακροβυσ-[in] the faults and by the uncircumciτια της σαρκος ύμων, συνεζωοποιησε συν αυτω.

sion of the flesh of you, he made alive together with χαρισαμενος ήμιν παντα τα παραπτωματα:

all having freely forgiven us the 14 εξαλειψας το καθ' ήμων χειρογραφον τοις

having blotted out that against us written by hand δογμασιν, ό ην ύπεναντιον ήμιν, και αυτο ordinances, which was contrary to us, and it he has re-

κεν εκ του μεσου, προσηλωσας αυτο τω noved out of the midst, having nailed

τταυρφ. 15 απεκδυσαμενος τας αρχας και τας having stripped off the sovernments and e

εξουσιας, εδειγματισεν εν παρόησια, θειαμβευpuoli ly, having triumphed he made a show by 16 Μη ου: τις ύμας Jas autous EV autw.

in ıt. Not therefore any one you κρινετω εν βρωσει η εν ποσει, η εν μερει έορ-letjudge in food or in drink, or in respect of a

της, η νουμηνιας, η σαββατων. 17 ά εστι σκια least, or of a new moon, or of sabbaths; which are a shadow

των μελλοντων, το δε σωμα Χριστου. 18 Μηof the things about coming, the but body of Anointed.

δεις ύμας καταβραβευετω, θελων εν ταπεινοφone you let deprive of the prize, wishing by humility of

ροσυνη και θρησκεια των αγγελων, ά \*[μη] and a religious worship of the messengers, whatthings [not] into things which he has mind

of the WORLD, and not according to Christ.

9 Because tin him dwells All the FULNESS of the DEITY bodily:

10 ‡ and you are replen-ished by IIim, ‡ who is the HEAD of All Government

and Authority;

11 by whom also you were t circumcised with a Circumcision not done by hand, in the PUTTING OFF of the BODY of the FLESH, by the CIRCUMCISION of the ANOINTED:

12 thaving been buried with him by IMMERSION, in which also you were raised with him, through the BELIEF of the ENER-GY OF THAT GOD WIM RAISED him from the

DEAD. 13 ‡ And You, being dead by the TRESPASSES, even by the UNCIRCUMCI-SION of your FLESH, he made alive together with him, having freely pardoned All our OFFENCES;

14 ‡ having blotted out what was WRITTEN HAND in ORDINANCES weich was AGAINST us, and has removed it from the MIDST, having nailed it to the cross;

15 thaving stripped the GOVERNMENTS and AU-THORITIES, he made a public exhibition of them, triumphing over them by

16 Let no one, therefore, trule You in Food, or in Drink, or in respect of a Festival, or of a Newmoon, or of Sabbaths,

17 \* twhich are Shadows of the FUTURE things; but the BODY is Christ's.

18 1 Let no one wishing it deprive You of the prize, by Humility and a Wor-ship of the ANGELS, prying

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. in-omit. 17. which is a Shadow.

<sup>‡ 9.</sup> John i. 14; Col. i. 19. ‡ 10. John i. 16. ‡ 10. Eph. i. 20, 21; 1 Pet iii. 22; 11. Deut. x. 16; xxx. 6; Jcr. iv. 4; Rom. ii. 29; Phil. iii. 3. ‡ 12. Rom. vi. 4. ‡ 12. Eph. i. 19; iii. 7. ‡ 13. Eph. it. 1, 5, 6, 11. ‡ 14. Eph. ii. 15, 16. Fom. xiv. 3; x. 13. ‡ 17. Heb viii. 5; ix. 9; x. 12. 1 18. verse 4.

εμβατευων, εικη φυσιουμενος ύπο prying into, without cause being puffed up by του νοος της σαριος αύτου, 19 και ου κρατων the mind of the flesh of himself, and not holding firmly την κεφαλην, εξ ού παν το σωμα, δια TWV from whom all the body, by means of the αφων και συνδεσμων επιχορηγουμενον και συμjoints and ligaments being served 20 E β: βαζομενον, αυξει την αυξησιν του θεου. grows the growth of the God. If compacted, απεθανετε συν Χριστφ απο των στοιχειών του with Anointed from the elements. δογματικοσμου, τι ώς ζωντες εν κοσμφ world, why as living in world do you impose on your-( $\epsilon\sigma\theta\epsilon^*$  21  $\mu\eta$   $\alpha\psi\eta$ ,  $\mu\eta\delta\epsilon$   $\gamma\epsilon\nu$ -selves ordinances; not thou shouldst have touched, nor thou shouldst μηδε  $\theta i \gamma \eta s$ : on,  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ have tasted, nor thou shouldst have handled? which things is παντα εις φθοραν τη αποχρησει,) κατα τα for corruption in the using,) according to the ενταλματα και διδασκαλιας των ανθρωπων. commands and teachings ofthe men; εστι λογον μεν εχοντα σοφιας εν is a wordy show indeed having of wisdom in εθελοθρησκεια και ταπεινοφροσυνη \* [και] αφειself-devised worship and humility [and] non-indulδια σωματος, ουκ εν τιμη τινι, προς πλησμονην gence of body, not in honor any, for a filling up της σαρκος. • of the flesh.

### КЕФ. γ'. 3.

<sup>1</sup>Ει ουν συνηρθητε τω Χριστω, τα ανω
If then you were raised with the Anointed, the things above ζητειτε, ου δ Χριστος εστιν εν δεξια του θεου neek you, where the Anointed is at right of the καθημένος. 2 τα ανω φρονείτε, μη τα sitting; the things above mind you, not the things on 3 Απεθανετε γαρ, και ή ζωη ύμων THS YMS. the earth. You died for, and the life συν τφ Χριστφ εν τω θεω. 4 όταν κεκρυπται has been hidden with the Anointed by the God; δ Χριστος φανερωθη, ή ζωη ήμων, τοτε και the Audinted may appear, the life of us, then also ύμεις συν χυτω φανερωθησεσθε εν δοξη.
you with him shall appear in glory. ρωπατε ουν τα μελη \*[ύμων,] τα επι της γης, to death therefore the members  $[c_1, you,]$  those on the earth, πορνειαν, ακαθαρσιαν, παθως, επιθυμιαν κακην, fornication, impurity, passion, desire

not seen, being without cause puffed up by the MIND of his FLESH;

19 and not holding firmly the HEAD, from whom the Whole BODY, being supplied and compacted together by means of the Joints and Ligaments, grows with the increase of God.

20 If ‡you died with Christ from the ELEMENTS of the WORLD, ‡why, as living in the World, do you subject yourselves to ordinances;—

21 ‡ ("Eat not," "taste not," "handle not;"—

22 all which things are consumed in the using;) taccording to the com-MANDMENTS and Teachings of men?

23 twhich ordinances, having a Wordy show of Wisdom in Self-devised worship and Humility, by a Non-indulgence of the Body, not in any Honor, are only for a Gratification of the Flesh.

#### CHAPTER III.

1 If, then, ‡you were raised with the ANOINTED one, seek the THINGS above, where ‡the ANOINTED one is sitting at the Right hand of God.

2 Mind the THINGS above, not the THINGS on

the EARTH.

3 ‡ For you died, and ‡your LIFE has been hidden with the ANOINTED one by GOD.

4 ‡ When the Anointed one, ‡our life, shall be manifested, then nou also will be manifested ‡ with Him in Glory.

5 Put to death, therefore, THOSE MEMBERS on the EARTH; Fornication, Impurity, Passion, evil De-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. and -- omit. 5. of you-omit.

<sup>† 19.</sup> Eph. iv. 15, 16. † 20. Rom. vi. 3, 5; vii. 4, 6; Gal. ii. 10; Eph. ii. 15. † 20. Gal. iv. 3, 9. † 21. 1 Tim. iv. 3. † 22. Isa. xxix. 13; Matt. xv. 9; Titus. i. 14. 1 23, 1 Tim. iv. 8. † 1. Rom. vi. 5; Eph. ii. 6; Col. ii. 12. † 1. Rom. vii. 24; Eph. i. 20. † 3. Rom. vi. 2. † 3. 2 Cor. v. 7. † 4. 1 John iii. 3. † 4. John xi. 25; xiv. 6. † 4. 1 Cor. xv. 43; Phil. iii. 21. † 5. Rom. viii. 13; Gal. v. 24.

COLOSSIANS.

και την πλεονεξιαν, ήτις εστιν ειδωλολατρεια and the coveteousness, which is idol-worship; 6δι' ά ερχεται ή οργη του θεου \* [επι τουν υίουν της απειθειας] 7 εν οίς και ύμεις the sons of the disobedience.] in which things also you περιεπατησατε ποτε, ότε εξητε εν αυτοις wathed once, when you were living among them; νυνι δε αποθεσθε και ύμεις τα παντα, οργην, now but put of slso you the things all, anger, θυμαν, κακιαν, βλασφημιαν, αισχρολογίαν εκ wrath, malice, eil-speaking, 6ithy words out of του στοματος ύμων 9 μη ψευδεσθε εις the mouth οίγου; not creak you falsely to αλληλους απεκδυσαμενοι τον παλαιον αυθρωειακό other; having stripped off the old man πον συν ταις πραξεσιν αυτου, 10 και ενδυσαμενοι with the practice of him, and having put on τον νεον, τον ανακαινουμενον εις επιγνωσιν the new, that being renewed by exact knowledge κατ εικονα του κτισαντος αυτον 11 δπου αccording to an image of the one having created him; where ουκ ενι Έλλην και Ιουδαίος περιτομη και ακροποι exists Greek and Jew; circumcision and uncir. Βυστια βρραρος, χωυθης δουλος, ελευθερος cumcision; barbarian, Scythian; slave, freeman; αλλα τα παντα και εν πασι Χριστος. 12 Ευσυα του διε εκλεκτοι του θοου άγιοι του the bid harded our, δς εκλεκτοι του θοου άγιοι του clothed therefore, as gehoven ones of the God holy ones

\*[και] ηγαπημενοι, σπλαγχνα οικτιρμου, land] beloved ones, bowels of mercy, χρηστοτητα, ταπεινοφροσυνην, πραστητα, kindness, humility, meekness,

kindness, humility,
μακροθυμιαν· 13 (ανεχομενοι' αλληλων- και
ριπεπτεσιμανιας: (bearing with cach other, and
χαριζομενοι έαυτοις, εαν τις προς τινα εχη
freely forgiving each other, it any one for something schould have
μομφην· καθως και ὁ Χριστος εχαρισατο
α cause of complaint; as even the Anointed freely forgave
ύμιν, ούτω και ύμεις·) 14 επι πασι δε τουτοις
γου, so also you; besides all and these
την αγαπην, ήτις εστι συνδεσμος της τελειοthe love, which is aboud folthe completeτητος· 15 και ή ειρηνη του Χριστου βραβευετω
pens; and the peace of the Anointed one let preside

ness; and the peace of the Anointed one let preside εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων, εις ήν και εκληθητε εν in the hearts of you, for which also you were called in

\*[ένι] σωματι και ευχαρ στοι γινεσθε, [one] body; and thankfulones become you,

Τhe word of the Anointed ενοικειτω εν υμιν

πλουσιως εν παση σοφια διδασκοντες, και

richly: in all wisdom teaching, and

sire, and INORDINATE LUST, which is Idol-worship;

6 ton account of which things the WRATH of GOD is coming.

7 t In which also you formally walked, when you lived in these things.

8 †But now do you put off also ALL these; Anger, Wrath. Malice. Evil speaking, Vile words out of your mourts.

9 ‡Do not speak falsely to each other, having put off the OLD Man with his

PRACTICES;

10 and having put on that NEW one, IBEING RENEWED by Knowledge, according to a Likeness of HIM who CREATED him.

11 In which state there are not tGreek and Jew, Circumcision and Uncircumcision; Barbarian, Scythian, bondman, freeman; but Christ is All things, and in all.

12 Beclothed, therefore, as Chosen ones of God, beloved Saints, with ‡ Bowels of Mercy, Kindness, Humility, Meekness, Patient endurance:

13 ‡ bearing with each other, and freely forgiving each other, if any one for some things may have a Cause of complaint; even as the \*Lord forgave you, so also do you forgive.

14 And besides all these things, put on thove; "it is the BOND of the COMPLETENESS.

15 And tlet the PEACE of the ANGINTED preside in your HEARTS for which you were also called in One Body; and be thankful.

16 Let the WORD of the ANOINTED dwell in you richly; teaching and admonishing each other in

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—6. on the sons of DISOBEDIENCE—omit.

13. LORD. 14. it is the BOND. 15. one—omit.

<sup>12.</sup> and-omit.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{2}\$ for Rom. i. 18; Eph. v. 6, \$\frac{1}{2}\$, Rom. vi. 19, 20; Titus iii. 3. \$\frac{1}{2}\$, Reph. iv. 25. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 10. Rom. xii. 2 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 11. Gal. iii. 28; v. 6, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 12. Gal. v. 22; Phil. ii. 1. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 13 Eph. iv. 2, 32. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 14, John xiii. 34; Rom. xiii, 8; 1 Cor. xiii; Eph. v. 2. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 15. Rom. xiv. 17; Phil. iv. 7.

ουρανοις.

heavens.

νουθετουντες έαυτους ψαλμοις \*[και] ύμνοις admonishing each other in psalms [and] in hymns \* [και] φδαις πνευματικαις, εν χαριτι αδοντες [and] in songs spiritual, with favor singing εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων  $\tau \varphi$  θε $\omega$ . 17 και παν δ, n the hearts of you to the God; and every thing, ποιητε, εν λογφ η εν εργφ, παντα εν whatever you may do, in word or in work, ονυματι κυριου Ιησου, ευχαριστουντες τω θεω name of hord Jesus, giving thanks

[και] πατρι δι' αυτου. 18 Αί γυναικες, ύπο(and) father through him. The wives, subτασσεσθε τοις ανδρασιν, ώς ανηκεν εν κυριφ. mit yourselves to the husbands, as it has been proper in Lord. 19 Οί ανδρες, αγαπατε τας γυναικας, και μη The husbands, love you the wives, and not 20 Τα τεκνα, ύπακου-be you empittered against them. The children, be you ετε τοι γονευσι κατα παντα τουτο γαρεστιν subject to the parents in all things; this for ευαρεστον εν κυριώ.  $^{21}$  Oί πατερες, μη ερεθι-22 Oi (ετε τα τεκνα ύμων, ίνα μη αθυμωσιν. provoke the children of you, so that not they may be discouraged. The δουλοι, ύπακουετε κατα παντα τοις κατα σαρκα staves, be you subject in all things to the according to flesh κυριοις, μη εν οφθαλμοδουλειαις, ώς ανθεωπαlords, not with service of eyes, 2.3 men-pleasρεσκοι, αλλ' εν άπλοτητι καρδιας, φοβουμενοι ers. but in sincerity of heart, τον κυριον· 23 \* [και παν ό,] τι εαν ποιητε, the Lord; [and everything,] whatever you may do, εκ ψυχης εργαζεσθε, ως τφ κυριφ \*[και] ουκ from soul work you, as to the Lord [and] not 24 Ειδοτες, ότι απο κυριου αποληανθρωποις. Knowing, that from Lord to men. you will ψεσθε την ανταποδοσιν της κληρονομιας, τω recompense of the inheritance, receive the the 25 °O \*[γαρ] κυριφ Χριστφ δουλευετε. SE Lord Anointed you serve. [for] but αδικων κομιειται ό ηδικησε και ουκ εστι doing wrong will receive back what he did wrong; and not is προσωποληψια. ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4. 1 Οί κυριοι, το respect of persons. The lords, the δικαιον και την ισοτητα τοις δουλοις παρεand the equal to the alaves render χεσθε, ειδοτες, ότι και ύμεις εχετε κυριον εν knowing, that also you have a Lord in

All Wisdom; ‡in Psalms, in Hymns, in spiritual Songs, singing with \* GRATITUDE in your HEARTS to GOD.

17 ‡ And everything, whatever you may do, in Word or in Work, do all in the Name of the Lord Jesus, ‡ giving thanks to God the Father through him-

18 ‡ Wives, submit yourselves to your HUS-BANDS, as is proper in the Lord.

19 THUSBANDS, love your wives, and do not behave harshly to them.

20 CHILDREN, obey your PARENTS in all things; for this is well-pleasing in the Lord.

21 ‡ FATHERS, do not provoke your CHILDREN, that they may not be dis-

couraged.

22 ‡ BOND-SERVANTS, obey in all things your MASTERS according to the Flesh; not with Eye-service as Men-pleasers, but in Sincerity of Heart, fearing the LORD.

23 ‡ Whatever you may do, work it from the soul, as for the LORD, and not

for Men;

24 \* knowing that from the Lord you will receive the RECOM ENSE of the INHERITANCE: for \* you serve Christ the LORD.

25 \* For he who acts unjustly, will receive back for the injustice he committed; ‡ and without any Partiality.

### CHAPTER IV.

1 MASTERS, Trender to your BOND-STRVANTS THAT which is fust and THAT which is full; knowing that you also have a Master in the Heavens.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—16. and—omit twice. 23. and every thing—omit. 23. and—omit. 24. 10r—omit. 25. For he who.

<sup>† 17. 1</sup> Cor. x. 31. † 17. Rom. i. 8; Eph. v. 20; Col. i. 12; ii. 7; 1 Thess. v. 18; Heb. xiii. 15. † 18. Eph. v. 22; Titus ii. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 1. † 19. Eph. v. 25; 28; 1 Pet. iii. 7. † 20. Eph. vi. 1. † 21. Eph. vi. 4. † 22. Eph. vi. 5; 1 Tim. vi. 1 Titus ii. 9; 1 Pet. ii. 18. \* 23. Eph. vi. 6, 7. † 24. Eph. vi. 8. † 24. 1 Cor. vii. 23 † 25. Rom. ii. 11; Eph. vi. 9, 1 Pet. i. 17.

#### \* FIRST THE THESSALONICANS.

### КЕФ, α', 1.

<sup>1</sup> Παυλος και Σιλουανος και Τιμοθεος, τη Paul and Silvanus and Timothy, to the εκκλησια Θεσσαλονικεων εν θεω πατρι και congregation of Thessalonicans in God a father and κυρίω Ιηπου Χριστω. Χαρις υμιν και ειρηνη Lord Jesus Auointed; favor to you and peace Γάπο θεου πατρος ήμων, και κυριου Ιησου Γfrom God a father of us, and Lord Jesus <sup>2</sup> Ευχαριστουμέν τω θέω παντοτέ We give thanks to the God always Χριστου.] Anointed. περι παντων ύμων, μνειαν ύμων ποιουμενοι concerning all of you, a remembrance of you making  $\epsilon$ πι των προσευχων ήμων,  $^3$  αδιαλειπτως μνηin the prayers of us, unceasingly recolμονευμοντες ύμων του εργου της πιστεως, και of you of the work of the faith, του κοπου της αγαπης, και της ύπομονης της of the labor of the love, and of the patient endurance of the ελπιδος του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, εμhope of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed, προσθεν του θεου και πατρος  $\mathring{\eta}$ μαν.  $^4$  είδοτες, presence of the God and father of us; knowing, αδελφοι ηγαπημενοι ύπο  $\theta$ εου, την εκλογην brethren beloved by God, the election  $\dot{v}\mu\omega v$ .  $^{5}$  ότι το ευαγγελιον  $\dot{\eta}\mu\omega v$  ουκ εγενηθη olyou; because the glad tidings of us not came εις ύμας εν λογφ μονον, αλλα και εν δυναμει, to you in word only, but also in power, και εν πνευματι άγιω, και \*[εν] πληροφορια even with spirit holy, and [with] confirmation πολλη· καθως οιδατε οίοι εγενηθημεν εν ύμιν. as you know what we were among you δι' ύμας. 6 Και ύμεις μιαηται ήνως εγε-on account of you. And you imitators of us beνηθητε και του κυριου, δεξαμενοι τον λογον εν cume and of the Lord, having received the word in θλιψει πολλη μετα χαρας πνευματος άγιου actiction much with joy of spirit holy; affliction much ωστε γενεσθαι ύμας τυπους πασι τοις πιστευso that to have become you patterns to all to those  $^{8}$  A $\phi$ ουσιν εν τη Μακεδονια και τη Αχαια. ng in the Macedonia and in the Achaia. From υμων γαρ εξηχηται ό λογος του κυριου ου you for has been sounded forth the word of the Lord not μονον εν τη Μακεδονια και Αχαια, αλλα \* [και] only in the Macedonia and Achaia, but [also] only in the Macedonia and Achaia, but εν παντι τοπφ ή πιστις ύμων ή προς τον θεον n every place the faith of you that towards the God εζεληλυθεν· ώστε μη χρείαν ήμας εχειν λαλειν has gone forth; so that not necessary us to have to speak

### CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, and ‡ Sylvanus, and Timothy, to the con-GREGATION of Thessalonicans in God the Father and the Lord Jesus Christ:

Favor to you and peace. 2 ‡We give thanks to GoD at all times respecting you all, making a Remembrance of you in our PRAYERS:

3 Inever forgetting in the Presence of our God and Father, Your # OPER-

ATIVE FAITH, and \$LA-BORIOUS LOVE, and PA-TIENT HOPE OF OUR LORD Jesus Christ:

4 knowing, Brethren beloved by God, your ! ELECTION :

5 because four GLAD TIDINGS came to you not in Word only, but also in Power, even with the holy Spirit, and abundant Confirmation; as you know what we were among you on your account.

6 And t nou became Imitators of us, and of the LORD, having embraced the would in much Affliction with Joy of holy

Spirit;

7 so that you became \*a Pattern to ALL the BE-LIEVERS IN MACEDONIA and ACHAIA.

8 Indeed, not only has the WORD of the LORD been sounded forth from you through MACEDONIA and Achaia; but ‡in Every Place THAT FAITH of yours towards Gon has gone forth, so that it is unnecessary for us to sav anything.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-FIRST TO THE THESSALONICANS. our Father, and the Lord Jesus Christ-omit. 5. with-omit. 8. also-omit.

<sup>1.</sup> from God 7. a Pattern.

<sup>† 1. 2</sup> Cor. i. 19; 2 Thess. i. 1; 1 Pet. v. 12. † 2. Rom. i. 8; Eph. i. 16; Philemon 4. † 3. 1 Thess. ii. 13. † 3. Gal. v. 6; James ii. 17. † 2. Rom. xvi. 6; Heb. vi. 10. † 4. Col. iii. 12; 2 Thess. ii. 13. † 2. Mark xvi. 20; 1 Cor. i. 4. † 6. 1 Cor. iv. 5; xi. 1; Phil. iii. 17; 1 Thess. ii. 14; 2 Thess. iii. 9. † 8. Rom. i. 8; 2 Thess. i. 4.

9 Αυτοι γαρ περι ήμων απαγγελλου-TL. anything. Themselves for concerning us declare, σιν, όποιαν εισοδον εσχομεν προς ύμας, και what kind introduction we had to and vou, πως επεστρεψατε ποος τον θεον απο των είδωto how you turned the God from the 10 και λων, δουλευειν θεω (ωντι και αληθινώ, God living and and αναμενειν τον υίον αυτου εκ των ουρανων, όν to wait for the son of him from the heavens, whom ηγειρεν εκ των νεκρων, Ιησουν, τον δυομενον the one delivering heraised out of the dead ones, Jesus, ήμας απο της οργης της ερχομενης. ΚΕΦ. β'. 2. us from the wrath of that coming. Aυτοι γαρ οιδατε, αδελφοι, την εισοδον Yourselves for you know, brethren, the introduction the introduction ήμων την προς ύμας, ότι ου κενη γεγονεν of us that to you, because not in vain it has been; ύβρισθεντες, <sup>2</sup>αλλα προπαθοντές και but having previously suffered and having been injuriously treated καθως οιδατε, εν Φιλιπποις, επαρδησιασαμεθα as you know, in Philippi, we were emboldened εν τω θεω ήμων λαλησαι προς ύμας το ευαγγεby the God ofus to speak to you the glad tid-3 'Η γαρ παραλιον του θεου εν πολλω αγωνι. ings of the God with much striving. The for exhorκλησις ήμων ουκ εκ πλανης, ουδε εξ ακαθαρnor from of us not from error, σιας, ουτε εν δολω. 4 αλλα καθως δεδοκιμασμεθα nor in deceit; but as we have been approved ύπο του θεου πιστευθηναι το ευαγγελιον, ούτω by the God to be entrusted with the glad tidings, λαλουμεν, ουχ ώς ανθρωποις αρεσκοντες, αλλα not as men pleasing, we speak, \*[τω] θεω τω δοκιμαζοντι τας καρδιας ήμων.

(the] God that one trying the hearts of us. 5 Ουτε γαρ ποτε εν λογφ κολακειας εγενηθημεν, Neither for any time with a word of flattery ουτε εν προφασει πλεονεξιας, nor with a pretence of covetousness, as you know; θεος μαρτυς. 6 ουτε ζητουντες εξ ανθρωπων God a witness; nor seeking from men

9 For they themselves declare concerning \* us, What Introduction we had to you, ‡ and how you turned to the DEITY, from IDOLS, to serve the living and true God :

10 and 1 to wait for his SON from the HEAVENS. whom he raised from the DEAD, even THAT Jesus who is DELIVERING ES from THAT WRATH which

IS COMING.

### CHAPTER II.

1 fror you know, Brethren, THAT INTRO-DUCTION of ours which we had to you, That it was not in vain;

2 but having previously suffered, and been injuriously treated, as you know, t at Philippi, we were entboldened by our GoD # to speak to you the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD, with Much Earnestness:

3 TFor our EXHORTA-TION was not from Error. nor from Impurity, nor in

4 but as we have been approved by GoD to be entrusted with the GLAD TIDINGS, so we speak; not as pleasing Men, but THAT God who TRIES our HEARTS.

5 ‡ For we never came with a Word of flattery, as you know, nor with Pretext of Covetousness. (God is a Witness!)

6 I nor did we seek Honor from Men, neither from you nor from others, (though, as Apostles of Christ, we are empowered to have influence;)

7 but we were gentle in the midst of you; even as a Nursing-mother would cherish HER OWN Children.

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. you. 4. the-omit.

αν τροφης θαλπη τα έαυτης τεκνα, 8 ούτως,

δοξαν, ουτε αφ' ύμων ουτε απ' αλλων (δυνα-

μενοι εν βαρει ειναι, ώς Χριστου αποστολοι.)

gentle in midst

7 αλλ' εγενηθημεν ηπιοι εν μεσφ ύμων.

would cherish a nursing-mother the of herseif ohildren,

able with a weight to be, as of Anointed

nor from

glory, neither from you

we were

others;

of you.

(being

As

ύμειρομενοι ύμων, ευδοκουμεν μεταδουναι ύμιν being very desirous of you, we were well-pleased to have imparted to you ou μονον το ευαγγελίον του θεου, αλλα και τας not only the glad tidings of the God, but also the έαυτων ψυχας, διοτι αγαπητοι ήμιν γεγενησθε. οίγουκείνει lives, because beloved ones to us you have become. 9 Μνημονευετε γαρ, αδελφοι, τον κοπον ήμων You remember for, brethren, the labor of us

You remember for, brethren, the labor of us kal to  $\nu$  mockey. Unktos kal heres ergaçomenol and the toil; night and day working pos to  $\nu$  method and the toil; night and day working pos to  $\nu$  method and the toil; night and day working pos to  $\nu$  method and to  $\nu$  working for the not to burden any one of you, we published to you the glad tidings of the God. You martures kal  $\nu$  deos, as dikalas kal directions and the God, how piously and justly and amembrates but to to some the glad tidings of the God. You martures  $\nu$  mittenses and the God, how piously and justly and amembrates  $\nu$  with you the believers we were;

11 καθαπερ οιδαπε, ώς ένα έκαστον ύμων, ώς as also you know, how one each οίγου, as πατηρ τεκνα έαυτου, παρακαλουντες ύμας και ε tather children of himself, exhorting you and παραμυθουμενοι, 12 και μαρτυρουμενοι εις παραμυθοταίς, and testifying in order that περιπατησαι ύμας αξιως του θεου, του καλουν-

to walk you worthly of the God, of the one car τος ύμας εις την έαυτου βασιλεια και δοξαν.

ing you for the of himself kingdom and glory.

13 Δια τουτο και ήμεις ευγαριστουμε τουτο και ήμεις ευχαριστουμεν τω On account of this also we give thanks to the θεφ αδιαλειπτως, ότι παραλαβοντες λογον God unceasingly, because receiving a word akons  $\pi \alpha \rho'$  have tou  $\theta \epsilon o \upsilon$ ,  $\epsilon \delta \epsilon \xi \alpha \sigma \theta \epsilon$ , ou  $\lambda o \gamma o \nu$  of hearing from us of the God, you received, not a word ανθρωπωι, αλλα, καθως εστιν αληθως, λογον of men, but, as it is truly, a word θεου, ός και ενεργειται εν ύμιν τοις πιστευουof God, which also inworks in you the believing BELIEVERS. σιν. 14 Υμεις γαρ μιμηται εγενηθητε, αδελfor imitators ones. You became, brethφοι, των εκκλητιών του θεού των ουσών εν τη ren, of the congregations of the God of those being in the Ιουδαια εν Χριστώ Ιησου, ότι τα αυτα επα-Judea in Anointed Jesus, because the things same you θετε και ύμεις ύπο των ιδιων συμφυλετων, suffered also you by the own countrymen, καθως και αυτοι ύπο των Ιουδαιων· 15 των και of those also as also they by the Jews; τον κυριον αποκτειναντων Ιησουν και τους προhaving killed Jesus and the prophφητας, και ήμας εκδιωξαντων, και θεφ μη αρεσpersecuted, and God not and us pleasκοντων, και πασιν ανθρωποις εναντιων· 16 κωng, and to all contrary; for.

8 Thus yearning over you, we were content, not only ito have imparted to you the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD, but also four own Lives, because you had become endeared to us.

9 For you remember, Brethren, our LABOR and FATIGUE; tworking Night and Day, tso as not to BURDEN any one of you, we published to you the GLAD TIDINGS of God.

10 Dou and God are Witnesses, thow piously and righteously, and blamelessly, we were with YOU, the BELLEVERS;

YOU, the BELIEVERS; 11 as you know how we exhorted and comforted you, as a Father each One of his own Children,—

12 and warned you \$t^G WALK worthily of THAT GOD \$\frac{1}{2}\$ who is INVITING you into HIS OWN Glorious Kingdom.

13 \*And on this account also, for give thanks to God unceasingly, Because receiving from us the Divine Message, you chraced ‡ not Men's Word but as it is truly, God's Word, and which works powerfully in You, the Believers.

14 For you, Brethren, became Imitators of THOSE CONGREGATIONS OF GOD which ARE in JUDEA in Christ Jesus; Because 1 you also suffered the Same things from your own Countrymen, 1 even as then did from THOSE JEWS.

15 who also \*KILLED the LORD Jesus and the PROPHETS, and persecuted Us; and who please not God, and are hostile to All Men;

### VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. And on this account.

† 8. Rom. i. 11; xv. 20. † 8. 2 Cor. xii. 15. † 9. Acts xx. 34; † Cor. iv. 12: 2 Cor. xi. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 8. † 9. 2 Cor. xii. 13, 14. † 10. 2 Cor. vii. 2, 2 Thess. iii. 7: 12: 2 Thess. ii. 14; 2 Tim. i. 9. † 13. Matt. x 40; Gal. iv. 14; 2 Pet. iii. 2. † 14. Acts xvii. 5. 13. † 14. Heb. x. \$3, 34. † 15. Acts ii. 23, vii. 52.

λυοντων ήμας τοις εθνεσι λαλησαι ίνα σωθωus to the Gentiles to speak that they might bidding εις το αναπληρωσαι αύτων τες άμαρτιας OLV. be saved, in order that to have filled up of themselves the ; Eφθασε δε επ' autous ή οργη εις always. 17 Ήμεις δε, αδελφοι, απορφανισθεντες TEXOS. We but, brethren, having been bereaved an end. αφ' ύμων προς καιρον ώρας, προσωπφ, ου καρ-from you for a season anhour, in face, not n δια, περισσοτερως εσπουδασαμεν το προσωπον bear, ποι earnestly we endeavoid the face υμων ιδειν εν πολλη επιθυμία. 18 Διο ηθεληύμων ιδειν εν πολλη επιθυμια. of you to see with much desire. Therefore we washed σαμεν ελθειν προς ύμας, (εγω μεν Παυλος,) to come to you, (I indeed Paul,) και άπαξ και δις και ενεκοψεν ήμας ό σατανας. even once and twice; and thwarted us the adversary. 19 Τις γαρ ήμων ελπις η χαρα η στεφανος καυ-What for ofus hope or loy or crown τησεως, η ουχι και ύμεις, εμπροσθεν του κυριου beasting or not also you, in presence of the Lord ήμων Ιησου \*[Χριστου] εν τη αυτου παρουσια; [Anointed] in the ofhirm ofus Jesus coming: 20 ύμεις γαρ εστε ή δοξα ήμων και ή χαρα. you for are the glory of " and the joy. КЕФ. √. 3. 1 Διο μηκετι στεγοντες, ευδο-Wherefore no longer holding out, 2 Kal κησαμέν καταλειφθηναι εν Αθηναις μονοι, to be left in Athena alone, . thought well and επεμψαμεν Τιμοθεον, τον αδελφον ήμων και we sent Timothy, the brother of us and συνεργον του θεου εν τφ ευαγγελιφ του Χρισ-Tellow-worker of the God in the glad tidings of the Acointed, του, εις το στηριξαι ύμας και παραμαλεσαι in order that to confirm you and to exhort \*[ύμας] ύπερ της πίστεως ύμων, <sup>3</sup>τω μη-(you) in behalfof the . faith that of you, δενα σαινεσθαι εν ταις θλιψέσι ταυταις (αυτοι one to be shaken by the afflictions these; (yourselve, γαρ οιδατε, ότι εις τουτο κειμεθα. 4 και γαρ for you know, that for this 're are-placed; indeed for δτε προς ύμας μεν, προελεγομεν ύμιν, ότι μελwhen with you we were, we previously said to you, that λομεν θλιβεσθαι, καθως και εγενετο και οιδατε.) are about to be afflicted, even as also it happened and you know;) τουτό καγω μηκετι στεγων, επεμψα also I no longer holding out, on account of this I sent els το γνωναι την πιστιν ύμων, μηπως επεί-in order that to know the faith of you, lest perhaps tempt-

ρασεν ύμας δ πειραζων, και εις κενον γενηται

you the tempter,

16 1 hindering us from speaking to the GENTILES that they may be saved; so as tto FILL UP Their sins always; but now tin the End, VENGEANCE has come apon them.

17 But me, Brethren, having been bereaved of you for a short Season, in-Presence, not in Heart. more extrestly endeavored Ito see your FACE with

Much Desire.

18 We would therefore have come to you, (even E Paul.) once and also a second time, but I the AD-VERSARY thwarted us.

19 For what . is Our Hope, or Joy, or Crown of Exultation? Or tare not pou also, before our Load-Jesus at mis Appearing?

20 Pou are, indeed, our

GLORY and JOY.

### CHAPTER III.

1 When, therefore, we could no longer refrain, twe thought well to be. left in Athens alone;

2 and we sent ! Timothy, ur BROTHER, and Goa's Co-laborer in the GLAD TIDINGS of the Anointed one, to conon behalf of your FAITH;

3 that no one might be SHAKEN by these AF. FLICTIONS: for you your selves know ! That we are liable to this

4 I and indeed, when wewere with you, we previously nformed you That we were about to be afflicted; even as it also happened,

and you know.

5 On this account also, being no longer able to en-dure, E sent to ASCERTAIN \* Your FAITH, Tlest perhaps the TEMPTER had tempted you, and our TOIL

and in vain should occome

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. Anointed-omit. 2. you-omit. 5. Your PAITH. † 10. Acts xvii. 5, 13; xviii. 12; xix. 9. 6, 14. † 17. 1 Thess. iii. 10. Phil. ii. 16; iv. 1. † 1. Acts xvii. 15. 3. Eph. iii. 13.

<sup>6</sup> Apre δε, «Neuros Timoθεου should have become in Just now but, having come. Timothy vain. o komos nuov. the toil of us. προς ήμας αφ' ύμων, και ευαγγελισαμενου you, and having brought glad tidings to us from ημιν την πιστιν και την αγαπην ύμων, και ότι cous the faith and the love of you, and because εχετε μνειαν ήμων αγαθην παντοτε, επιποyou have remembrance of us good always, θουντες ήμας ιδειν, καθαπερ και ήμεις ύμας. us to see, even as also & we you. 7 δια τουτο παρεκληθημεν, αδελφοι, εφ' ύμιν Chrough this wawere comforted, brethren, over you επι παση τη Ολιψει και αναγκη ήμων, δια in a all the affliction and distress of us, on account της υμων πιστεως. δότι νυν ζωμεν, εαν υμεις of the of you faith; because now we live, it you 9 Tiva yap evxapiatian What for gratitude TTHENTE EN KUDIQ. etand firm in. Lord. δυναμεθα τφ θεφ ανταποδουναι περι δμων, επι are we able to the God to return concerning you for many 77 Xapa h Xaiponev & buas all the loy with which w revision on account of you ύμας εμπροσθεν του θεου ήμων; 10 νικτος και ήμερας merekmeriagov deomevolet to their hump to δπερεκπερισσου δεομενοι ει προσωπον, και καταρτισαι τα ύστερηματα εης and to supply the things wanting 11 Αυτος δε δ θεος και πατηρ **ΜΙ**στεως ὑμων. Himself but the God Pren of you. ήμων, και δ κυριος ήμων Ιησους \* [Χριστος]
of us, and the Lord of us Jesus [Anointed] κατευθυναι την όδον ήμων πρυς υμας. 12 ύμας may direct the way of us to you, you δε δ κυριος πλεονασαι και περισσευσαι τη αγαbut the Lord esuse to be full and to overflow with the love πη εις αλληλους και εις παντας, καθαπερ και ) also το each other and to all, even as also ημείς εις ύμων τας in order that to be astablished of you to you; ααρδιας αμεμπτους εν άγιωσυνη εμπροσθεν του in holinest hearts blameless in presence of the θεου και πατρος ήμων, εν τη παρουσια του God even a father of us, at the κυριου ημων Ιησου \*[Χριστου] coming of the μετα παντων Lord of us Jesus [Ausinted] with των άγιων αυτου. of the holy ones of himself.

#### KED. 8'. 4.

1 Λοιπον \*[ουν,] αδελφοι, ερωτωμεν ύμας Finally [therefore,] brethren, we entreat you και παρακαλουμεν εν κυριφ Ιησου, καθως παρε-Jesus, VOU POwe exhort in Lord 8.3 and

6 †But just now, Timothy having come to us from you, and having brought us glad tidings of your FAITH and LOVE, and That you have always a kind Remembrance of us, longing to see Us, teven as we also You;

7 onthis account, Brethren, I we were comforted over you, in All our \*DIS-TRESS and Affliction, by means of your Faith.

8 Because we now live. since you 1 stand firm in the Lord.

9 For †What Gratitude can we return to Gob concerning you, for All the Joy with which we rejoice on your account in the presence of our GoD;

10 Night and Day most abundantlytentreatingto SEE Your FACE, and 1 to supply the Deficiencies of your faith?

11 But may God Himself, even our Father, and our Lord Jesus, directour way to you;

12 and may the LORD teause you to be full and to overflow with flove to eachother, and to alleven, as we also to you;

13 so as to † establish your hearts blameless in holiness before God, even our Father, at the coming of our Lord Jesus, twith All his SAINTS.

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 \*Finally, Brethren, we entreat you, and we exhort in the Lord Jesus, \*thatas you received from

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. DISTRESS and Affliction. 11. Anointed-omit. 1. that as you re-1. therefore omit. 1. FINALLY. 13, Anointed-oneit. ceived from as new it behoves you to walk and please God, even as also you walk, you may abound more.

<sup>‡ 6.</sup> Acts xviii. 1, 5. i. 8; Phil. i. 10; 1 Thess. v. 23; 2 Thess. ii. 17; 1 John iii. 20, 21. Jude 14.

λαβετε παρ' ήμων το πως δει ύμας περιπατειν rived from us the howitbehoves you to walk και αρεσκειν  $\theta$ εω, ίνα περισσευητε μαλλον and to please God, so that you may abound more; <sup>2</sup> οιδατε γαρ, τινας παραγγελίας εδωκαμεν ύμιν you know for, what commands we gave to you Note Tou κυριου Ιησου. <sup>3</sup>Τουτο γαρ εστι θελ make the Lord Jesus. is for is was μα του θεου, δ άγιασμος ύμων απεχεσθαι ύμας of the God, the sanctification of you; to abstain you απο της πορνειας. 4 ειδεναι έκαστον ύμων το from the fornication; to have known each one of you the έαυτου σκευος κτασθαι εν άγιασμο και τιμη, of himself vessel to possess in sanctification and 5 μη εν παθει επιθυμιας, καθαπερ και τα εθνη not in passion of mordinate desire, as even he Gentiles τα μη είδοτα τον θεον. 6 το μη ὑπερβαινειν those not knowing the God; that not to overstep και πλεονεκτειν εν τω πραγματι τον αδελφον to cheat in the matter the brother αύτου διοτι εκδικος \*[δ] κυριος περι παι των of himself; because an avenger [the] Lord concerning τουτων, καθως και προειπομέν ύμιν και διεthere things, as also we before said to you and μαρτυμαμεθα. 7 Ου γαρ εκαλεσεν ήμος δ θεος testified. Not for did call us the God επι ακαθαρσια, αλλ' εν άγιασμω. 8 Toryapour but in sanctification. impurity, Therefore δ αθετων, ουκ ανθρωπον αθετει, αλλα τον theonesetting aside, not man sets aside, but θεον, τον και δοντα το πνενμα αίτου το άγιον God, that also having given the spirit of himself the helv εις ήμας. 9 Περι δε της φιλαδελφιας, ου χρειαν us. Concerning but the brotherly love, no εγετε γραφειν υμιν συτοι γαρ ύμεις θεοδιδακ-you have to write to you; yourselves for you God-taught τοι εστε εις το αγαπαν αλληλους· 10 και γαρ are into the tolove each other: else for παιειτε αυτο εις παντας τους αδελφους τους εν all i\* to the brethren όλη τη Μακεδονια. Παρακαλουμέν ε ύμας, whole the Macedonia. We exhort but you, αδελφοι, περισσευειν μαλλον. 11 και φιλοτιmores brethien, to abound and to strive με σθοι ήσυχαζειν, και πρασσειν τα ιδια, και

us ‡ now it behoves you to walk and ‡ to please God, so that you may abound more.

2 For you know What Commandments we gave you by the LORD Jesus.

3 For this is ‡ God's Will, your sanctification; ‡ that you abstain from formication;

4 that each of you know how to possess his own Vessel in Sanctification and Honor:

5 not in Passion of Lust, teven as those Gentiles who know not

God;

6 that none overstep the bounds and cheat his become by the PRAC-TICE; because the Lord is tan Avenger for all these things, as we before said to you, and fully testified.

7 For God did not call us for Impurity, ‡ but in

Sanctification.

8 Therefore, ‡ ne who REJECTS, rejects not Man, but THAT GOD ‡ who also imparted his HOLY SPIRIT for \* you.

9 But concerning BROTHEFLY LOVE, \*we have no Need to write to you, for pay yourselves are drawned there.

each other;

10 ‡ for you also do a
\* even towards All THOSE
BRETHREN IN All MACEBONIA. But we exhort
you, Brethren, ‡ to abound
yet more,

Il and earnestly strive to be quiet, and to mind your own affairs, and ‡to work with your HANDS, as we commanded You;

12 ‡so that you may walk becomingly towards

εργοζεσθαι ταις \* [εδιαις] χερσιν ύμων, καθως

υμιν παρηγγειλαμεν· 12 ίνα περιπατητε ευσχη-

we commanded, so that you may walk

hande

and

to be quiet,

to work with the own

earnestly.

to do the things your own, and

ofyou,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-6. the-omit. 8. you, write to you. 19. even towards. 11. own-omit.

<sup>9.</sup> we have no Need te

<sup>1.</sup> Phil. i. 27, Col. ii. 6.
1. Eph. v. 27.
1. Cor. vi. 15. 18; Eph. v. 3; Col. iii. 5.
1. Rom. vi. 19; 1 Cor. vi. 15. 18.
1. Eph. v. 7.
1. Cor. vi. 15. 18; Eph. v. 3; Col. iii. 5.
1. Cor. vi. 19; 1 Cor. vi. 15, 18.
1. Eph. v. 7.
1. Cor. vi. 10; vii. 40; 1. Heb. v. 14.
1. Por i. 4. 18.
1. Cor. vii. 10; vii. 40; 1 John vii. 2.
1. John viii. 34; xv. 19; Eph. v. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 8; 1 John vii. 11, 23; tv. 21.
1. Cor. viii. 24; 1 Fet. i. 16.
1. Eph. v. 28; 2 Thess. vii. 7, 8, 12.
1. Rom. xii. 2; Eph. v. 17.
1. Eph. v. 27.
1. Eph. v. 27.
1. Eph. v. 28; 2 Thess. vii. 7, 8, 12.
1. Rom. xii. 2; Eph. v. 17.
1. Eph. v. 27.
1. E

και μηδενος χρειαν μονως προς τους εξω, in ly towards those outside, εγητε. 13 Ου δελομεν δε ύμας αγνυειν, αδελ-Not we wish but your to be ignorant, brethφοι, περι των κεκοιμημενων, ίνα μη λυπησθε, ren, concerning those having fallen asleep, so that not you may grieve, καθως και οί λοιποι οί μη εχοντες ελπιδα. 14 Ει even the others those not having a hope. γαρ πιστευομεν, ότι Ιησους απεθανε και ανεσwe believe. that Jesus died and Brose. τη, ούτω και δ θεος τους κοιμηθεντας δια του so also the God those having slept through the Ιησου, αξει συν αυτφ. 15 Τουτο γαρ ύμιν λεγοwho fell ASLEEP. This for to you we may Jesus, will lead out with him. μεν εν λογφ κυριου, δτι ήμεις οι ζωντες οι say by word of Lord, that we the living ones those περιλειπομενοι εις την παρουσιαν του κυριου, to the coming ofthe Lord, being left over 16 OTI κοιμηθεντας. μη φθασωμεν τους my THOSP Who fell ASLLEP. nut not may precede those having slept. Because αυτος δ κυριος εν κελευσματι, εν φωνη αρχαγhouself the Lord with a command, with avoice of a chief γελου, και εν σαλπιγγι θεου καταβησεται απ messenger, and with a trumpet of God will come down ουρανου, και οί νεκροι εν Χριστω αναστησονται beaven, and thedeadones in Anointed will be raised πρωτον. 17 επειτα ήμεις οί ζωντες οί περιλειποafterwards we the living ones those being left μενοι, άμα συν αυτοις άρπαγησομεθα εννεφεever, at the same time with them shall be caught away in clouds λαις εις απαντησιν του κυριου εις αερα και a meeting of the Lord into air; and 18 Ωστε ούτω παντοτε συν κυριφ εσομεθα. with Lord shall we be. Therefore always 80 παρακαλειτε αλληλους εν τοις λογοις τουτοις. comfort you each other in the words these. KΕΦ.  $\epsilon'$ . 5. 1 Περι δε των χρονων και των Concerning but the times and the καιρων, αδελφοι, ου χρειαν εχετε ύμιν γραφεσseasons, brethren, no need you have to you to be writθαι 2 αυτοι γαρ ακ, ιτως οιδατε, ότι \* [ή] ήμερα ten; yourselves for accuratery you know, that [the] day

3 Όταν λεγωσιν. Ειρηνη και ασφαλεια. τοτε When they may say; Peace and safety; αιφνιδιος αυτοις εφισταται ολεθρος, ώσπ ρ ή is at hand destruction, just as the sudden to them

κυριου, ώς κλεπτης εν νυκτι, ούτως ερχεται.

night,

.n

τη εν γαστρι εχουση και ου μη εκφυγωand not not can they esbirth-pang to herin womb having;

THOSE WITHOUT, and may have Need of nothing.

13 And we do not wish you to be ignorant, Brethren, concerning THOSE HAVING FALLEN ASLEEP, so that you may not grieve as THOSE OTHERS I who HAVE not a Hope.

14 For I since we believe That Jesus died and arose: so also fwe believe that Gop, through JESUS, I will lead forth with him THOSE

15 For this we affirm to you, by the Lord's Word, that we, the LIVING, who are LEFT OVER to the COMING of the \*Lord, will by no means precede

16 Because the Lord himself will come down from Heaven with a Shout. with an Archangel's Voice, and with ! God's Trumpet; and the DEAD in Christ will be raised first ;

17 then we, the living, I who are LEFT OVER, shall at the same time with them, be caught away in Clouds, fora Meeting of the Lord in the Air; and I so we shall be always \* with the Lord.

18 Therefore, comfort each other with these WORDS.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 But concerning tthe TIMES and the SEASONS. Brethren, you do not need to be written to;

2 for you yourselves know accurately, i That the Lord's Day is coming like a Thief at Night.

3 When they may say, "Peace and Safety," then 1 sudden Destruction impends over them, just as LABOR-PANGS ON HER Who is pregnant, and they shall by no means escape.

of Lord, as - a thief

comes.

80

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. JESUS.

<sup>17.</sup> in the Lord.

<sup>2.</sup> the-omit.

<sup>1 15. 1</sup> Cor xv. 51. 1 16. 1 Cor. 1 1. Matt. 1 8. Luke

4 Υμεις δε, αδελφοι, ουκ εστε εν σκοτει, TIV. You but, brethren, not are in darkness, eape. ίνα ή ήμερα ύμας ώς κλεπτης καταλαβη. that the day you as a thief should come upon;

<sup>5</sup> παντες γαρ ύμεις υίοι φωτος εστε και υίοι for you sons of light are and ημερας ουκ ετιιέν νυκτος, ουδε σκοτους. 6 Αρα of day; not we are of night, nor of darkness. So our  $\mu\eta$  καθευωδίτεν, ως \*[και] οί λοιποι, αλλα then not we may sleep, as [even] the others, but  $\gamma\rho\eta\gamma \rho\rho\omega u\epsilon\nu$  και  $\nu\eta\phi\omega\mu\epsilon\nu$ .  $^7$  οί  $\gamma\alpha\rho$  καθευδονweshould watch and weshould not drink; those for τες, νυκτος καθευδουσι και οί μεθυσκομενοι, of night they sleep; and those getting drunk, νυκτος μεθυουσιν. 8' Ημεις δε, ήμερας οντες, of might they get dunk. We but, of day being, νηφωμέν, ενδυσαμένοι θωρακά πιστέως και αγαshould not drink, baving put on a breastplate of faith πης, και περικεφαλαιαν, ελπιδα σωτηριας. love, and a helmet, ahope of salvation; θύτι ουκ εθετο ήμας δ θεος εις οργην, αλλ' because not did set us the God for wrath, but εις περιποιησιν σωτηριας δια του κυριου ήμων for attaining of salvation by means of the Lord ofus Inσου \*[Xοιστου,] 19 του αποθανοντος
Jesus [Auginted,] of that having died ημων ίνα, ειτε γρηγορωμεν ειτε καθευδωμεν, of us; so that, whether we may be awake or we may be sleep άμα συν αυτφ (ησωμεν. 11 Διο παρακαλειτε Wherefore comfort you logether with him we may live. αλληλους, και οικοδομειτε είς τον ένα, καθως build you up one the other, each other, and 12 Ερωτωμέν δε ύμας, αδελφοι, KAL TOLELTE. Weentreat but you, even you do. ε δεναι τους κοπιωντας εν ύμιν, και προισταμεto know those toiling among you, presiding νους ύμων εν κυριώ, και νουθετουντας ύμας, over you in Lord, and admonishing you, 1? και ήγεισθαι αυτους ύπερεκπερισσου εν αγαand to esteem them superabundantly love,

δια το εργον αυτων ειρηνευετε εν έαυon account of the work of them; be you at peace among yourτοις. 14 Παρακαλουμεν δε ύμας, αδελφοι, νου-Weexhort but you, brethren. θετειτε τους ατακτους, παραμυθεισθε τους ελιmouish you the disorderly ones, encourage you desγοψυχους, αντεχεσθε των ασθενων, μακροθυ-ponding ones, holdyou on to the feeble ones, be you long-

15 'Ορατε, μη τις κακον μειτε προς παντας. suffering towards See you, 20 one

4 But rou, Brethren. are not in Darkness, that the DAY should come upon You like a Thief;

5 for pou are all I Sons of Light, and Sons of Day. We are not of Night, nor

of Darkness.

6 ! So then, we should not sleep, as the OTHERS: but we should the vigilant and temperate.

7 For TTHOSE who SLEEP, sleep by Night; and the DRUNKARDS Drink by Night.

8 But me, being of the Day, should be vigilant, thaving put on a Breastplate of Faith and Love, and for a Helmet, the Hope of Salvation:

9 Because 1Gon did not set us apart for Wrath, but I for attaining Salvation, through THAT LORD

of ours, Jesus,

10 twho DIED on our behalf, so that whether we may be watching or sleeping, we may live together with Him.

Il Therefore, consolu each other, and edify one the OTHER, as also you de.

12 But we entreat you, Brethren, I to acknowledge THOSE who TOIL among you, both presiding over you in the Lord, and admonishing you;

13 and to esteem them very highly in Love, on account of their work. Cultivate peace among yourselves.

14 And we exhort you, Brethren, ‡ admonish the DISORDERLY, tencourage the TIMID, tassist the FEEBLE, be torbearing towards all.

15 ! See that no one

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MARCECRIPT .- 6. even-omit. 9 Anointed-omit.

<sup>1 4.</sup> Rom. xiii. 12, 13; 1 John ii. 8. 15. Eph. v. 8. 16. Matt. xxv. 5. 26. Matt. xxiv. 42; xxv. 13; Rom. xiii. 11-13; 1 Pet. v. 8. 17. Luke xxi. 84, 26; Rom. xiii. 17; 1 Cor. xv. 34; Eph. v. 14. 17. Acts ii. 15. 28. Eph. vi. 14, 16, 17. 19. Rom. xiv. 22; 1 Thess. ii. 10; 1 Pet. ii. 8; Jude 4. 29. 2 Thess. ii. 13, 14. 1 10. Rom. xiv. 8, 9; 2 Cor. v. 15. 11. 1 Thess. iv. 18. 12. 1 Cor. xvi. 18; Ph. t. ii. 20; 1 Tim. v. 17; Heb. xiii. 7, 17. 14. 2 Thess. iii. 11, 12. 14. Heb. xii. 12. 14. Rom. xiv. 1; xv. 1; Gal. vi. 1, 2. 14. Gal. v. 22; Eph iv. 2; Col. iii. 19. 12. Lev. xix. 18; Prov. xx. 22; xxiv. 20; Matt. v. 39, 44; Rom. xii. 17; 1 Cor. vi. 7 1 Pet. iii. 9.

you.

αντι κακου τινι αποδφε αλλα παντοτ∈ το n place of e-il to say one should render; but always the αναθον διωκετε και εις αλληλους και εις πανgood pursue you both towards each other and towards all. 16 Παντοτε χαιρετε. 17 Αδιαλειπτως προσ-Always rejoice you. Unceasingly brav ευχεσθε 18 εν παντι ευχαριστειτε τουτο γα, you; in everything give you thanks; θελημα θεου εν Χριστου Ιησου εις ύμας. of God in Anointed Jesus concerning you. The ενευμα μη σβεννυτε· 20 προφητειας μη εξουθ -not quenc. you; prophecies not disregard νείτε· 21 παντα δε δοκιμαίετε· το καλον κατεtry you; the good thing hold all things but χετε 22 απο παντος ειδους πονηρου απεχεσ ε. form ofevil do you abstain. you fast; from every 23 Auros δε δ θεος της ειρηνης άγιασαι ύμας Himself but the God of the peace may sanctify you δλοτελεις και δλοκληρον ύμων το πνευμα καand whol of you the spirit ή ψυχη και το σωμα αμ τ ττως εν τη παρουσια and the b.dy blamelese in the he life presence κυριοι ήμων Ιη ου Χριστου τηρηθείη. TOU of the Lord Jesus Anointed may be preserved. Oi He 24 Πιστος δ καλων δμας, δς και ποιησει. 20 Αδελ-Faithful the one calling you, who also will persorm Breth-26 Ασ εσασθ€ φοι, προσευχεσθε πιρι ήμων. OF us. Roy cheles ren, prayyou αδελφους παντάς εν φιληματι άγιω. TOUS all brethren with a Pise bo. .. the 27 Όρκ. ω ύμης του κυριον, αναγνό θηναι την you the Lord. to he reed the 23 'H επιστολην πασι τοις \*[άγι ιις] αδελ φοις. to all the [holy] brethren. The me ~ χαρις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χαιστου Lord Jesus Anointed with favor of the of us EMMY.

render Evil for Evil to Any one but always pursue the GOOD, both towards each other and towards al...

16 ‡ Rejoice always.
17 ‡ Pray unceasingly.
18 ‡ In everything give

thanks; for this is God's Will, by Christ J:sus, concerning you.

19 ‡ Quench not the

SFIRIT.

20 ‡ Do not disregard Prophecies;

21 but 1 examine all things. ‡ Hold fast the GOOD.

22 Abstain from Every form of Evil.

23 And may the Gor of PEACE Himself sanctify you entirely; and may your Whole person—the spirit, and the soul, and the BOPY,—the preserved dameless ather preserved.

o: cur Lord Jesus hrist. 24 ‡ Faithful she who calls you, who also will

perform.
25 Brethren, pray
\*also for us.

26 \$ Salute all the

BRETHREN with a holy Kiss.

27 I adjure you by the LORD, to read the LEI-

TER to All the BRETHREN.

28 The FAVOR of our
LORD Jesus Christ be with
you. \* \*

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript. - 25. also. 27. holy -omit. 28. Subscription - First to the Thessalonicans. Written from Athens.

<sup>† 28.</sup> From facts and circumstances related in the history of ane Acts, it appears that this First Epistle was written, not from Athens, as the interpolated postscript at the end of the Epistle hears, but from Corinth; and that not long-after the publication of Claudius's plot against the Jews, which happened in the 12th year of his reign, answering to A. D. 51.—Mackaicht.

<sup>† 16. 2</sup> Cor. vi. 10; Phil. iv. 4 † 17. Luke xviii. 1; xxi. 36; Rom. xii. 12; Eph. vi. 5; Col. iv. 2; 1 Pct. iv. 7. † 18. Eph. v. 20; Col. iii. 17. † 19. Eph. iv. 30; 20. 1 Cor. xiv. 1, 39. † 21. 1 Cor. ii. 11, 15; 1 John iv. 1. † 21. Phil. iv. 8 † 23. † Cor. i. 9; x. 13; 2 Thess. iii. 1. † 25. Col. iv. 3; 2 Thess. iii. 1. † 26. Rom. xvi. 5; 2 Thess. iii. 18. † 28. Rom. xvi. 20, 24. † 28. Rom. xvi. 20, 24.

# [ MAYAOY] MPOS GESSAAONIKEIS [ EMISTOAH] AETTEPA. | OF PAUL] TO THESSALONICANS [AN EPISTLE] SECOND.

# \* SECOND TO THE THESSALONICANS.

# ΚΕΦ. α'. 1. <sup>1</sup> Παυλος και Σιλουανος και Τιμοθέος, τη εκ-

Paul and Silvanus and Timothy, to the conκλησια Θεσσαλονικεων εν θεφ πατρι ήμων και gregation of Thessalonicans in God a father of us κυριφ Ίησου Χριστφ. Σαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη Lord Jesus Anointed; favor to you and peace απο θεου πατρος \*[ημων,] και κυριου Ιησου trom God afather (of us.) and Lord Jesus 3 Ευγαριστειν οφειλομέν τω θέω Χριστου. To give thanks we are bound to the Anointed. God παντοτε περι ύμων, αδελφοι, καθως niways concerning you, brethren, as as proper επτιν, ότι ύπεραυζανει ή πιστις ύμων, και πλεονit is, because is growing fast the faith of you, and abounds αζει ή αγαπη ένος έκαστου παντων ύμων εις the love of one of each of all of you for αλληλους  $^4$  ώστε ήμας αυτους εν ύμιν καυχασeach other; so that  $^{\rm us}$  ourselves in you to boast θαι εν ταις εκκλησιαις του θεου, ύπερ της among the congregations of the God, on account of the ύπομονης ύμων και πιστεως, εν πασι τοις διωγpatience of you and offaith, in all μοις ύμων και ταις θλιψεσιν, αίς ανεγεσθε. cutions of you and the afflictions, which you endure; 5 ενδειγμα της δικαιας κρισεως του θεου, εις το atoken of the righteous judgment of the God, for that καταξιωθηναι ύμας της βασιλειας του θεου, to be deemed worthy you of the kingdom of the God, to be decement  $\hat{\eta}_i$ s kal  $\pi \alpha \sigma \chi \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ . Eige dikatov maps  $\hat{\eta}_i$  if indeed a just thing with 6 Ειπερ δικαιον παρα θεω, ανταποδουναι τοις θλιβουσιν ύμας θλιψιν, God, to give in return to those afflicting you 7 και ύμιν τοις θλιβομενοις ανεσιν μεθ' ήμων, εν and to you to those being afflicted a relaxation with 118, τη αποκαλυψει του κυριου Ιησου απ' ουρανου, of the Lord revelation Jesus from μετ' αγγελων δυναμεως αύτου, εν πυρι φλοwith messengers of power of hunself, in a fire of γος, διδοντος εκδικησιτ τοις μη ειδοσι θεον, flame, executing retributive justice to those not knowing God, και τοις μη ύπακουουσι τφ ευαγγελιώ του and to those not being obedient to the glad tidings of the κυρίου ήμων Ιησου \*[Χριστου·] 9 οίτινες δικην Lord of us Jesus [Anointed,] who a just penalty

# CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, and ‡Sylvanus, and Timothy, to the CON-GREGATION of Thessalonicans ‡in God our Father and the Lord Jesus Christ:

2 ‡ Favor to you and Peace, from God the Father and the Lord Jesus

Christ.

3 ‡ We are bound to give thanks to God always concerning you, Brethren, as it is proper, Because your FAITH is growing exceedingly, and the Love of each One of you All is abounding towards each other:

4 so that twe ourselves boast in You among the congregations of God, ton account of your patience and Faith, tin All your Persecutions and the affilictions which you endure;

5 ‡ a Token of the RIGHTEOUS Judgment of God, for you to be promed which also you suffer.

6 ‡ If indeed it is just with God to repay Afflic tion to THOSE who AF-

FLICT you,

7 so also to you the Ag-FLICTED, \$a Rest together with us, at \$the REVELA-TION of the LORD Jesus from Heaven with the Angels of his Power,

8 ‡ in a Flame of Fire, dispensing Retributive justice ‡ to THOSE not AC-KNOWLEDGING God, and ‡ to THOSE not BEING OBEDIENT to the GLAD TIDINGS of our LOED JCsus:

9 ‡ who shall pay a just

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT. Title—Second to the Thessalonicans. 2. of us-omit. 8. Anointed—omit.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{1}.2 \text{ Cor. i. 19.} \\ \frac{1}{2}.1.1 \text{ Thess. i. 1.} \\ \frac{1}{2}.2.1 \text{ Cor. i. 3.} \\ \frac{1}{2}.3.1 \text{ Thess. ii. 19.} \\ \frac{2}{2}.3.1 \text{ Thess.} \\ \frac{2}{2}.3 \tex

τισουσιν, όλεθρον αιωνιον, απο προσωπου του shall pay, destruction age-asing, from face of the κυριου και απο της δυξης της ισχυος αυτου, Lord and from the glory of the strength of ταν ελθη ενδοξασθηναι εν τοις when he may come to be glorified in the o bim, άνιοις holy ones αύτου και θαυματθηναι εν πασι τ'οις πιστευσαof himself and to be admired in all those having believed, σιν, (ότι επιστευθη το μαρτυριον ήμων εφ' (because was believed the testimony of us to ύμας,) εν τη ημερα εκεινη. 11 Ets & και προσyou,) in the day that. ευχομεθα παντοτε περι ύμων, ίνα ύμας αξιω-pray always concerning you, that you may be της κλησεως δ θεος ήμων, και counted worthy of the calling the God of us, and πασαν ευδοκιαν αγαθωσυνης every good intention of good news 2001 πληρωση πασαν

may fillup every good intention of κουdinas and εργον πιστεως εν δυναμει\* 1 πως ενδυξασθη το work of faith in power; so that may be glorified the ovoμα του κυριου ήμων Ιησου \*[Xριστου] εν name of the Lord of us Jesus [Anointed] in υμιν, και υμεις εν αυτο, κατα την χαριν του you, and you in him, according to the favor of the θεου ήμων και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου. God of us and Lord Jesus Anointed.

# КЕФ. β'. 2.

<sup>1</sup> Ερωτωμεν δε ύμας, αδελφοι, ύπερ της We entreat and you, brethren, concerning the παρουσίας του κυριου [ [ ημων ] ] Ιησου Χριστου, presence of the Lurd [ofus] Jesus Anointed, και ημων επισυναγωγης επ' αυτον,  $^2$  εις το μη and ofus assembling to him, in order that not ταχεως σαλευθηναι ύμας απο του νοος, μητε quickly to be shaken you from the mind, norθροεισθαι μητε δια πνευματος, μητε δια λογου, to be alarmed neither by a spirit, not by a word, μητε δι' επιστολης ως δι' ήμων, ως ότι nor by a letter as by means of us, as that eveστηκεν ή ήμερα του κυριου. 3 Μη τις ύμας has come close the day of the Lord. No one you εξαπατηση κατα μηδενα τροπον ότι, εαν μη should delude by any turn; because, if not ελθη ή αποστασια πρωτον, και αποκαλυφθη may come the falling away first, and may be revealed ό ανθρωπος της άμαρτιας, ό υίος της απωλειας, the man of the sin, the son of the destruction, 4 δ αντικειμένος και ύπεραιρομένος επι παντα he opposing and lifting up himself above λεγομενον θεον η σεβασμα, ώστε αυτον εις τον being called a god or an august object, so that him into the ναον το θεου καθισκι, αποδεικνυντα έαυτον, temple of the God to be seated, openly showing himself, ότι εστι θεος. 5 Ου μνημονευετε, OTI ETI that still remember you, Not a god.

penalty,—aionion Destruction from the Face of the LORD, and from the GLORY of his STRENGTH;

10 twhen he shall come to be glorified in his saints, and to be admired in All those who believe, in that DAY; Because our Testimon to you was believed.

11 For which also we pray always concerning you, that our God in y steem You worthy of the Calling, and may complete Every Desire of Goodness, and ‡ Work of Faith with Power;

13 tso that the NAME of our LORD Jesus may be glorified in you, and you in him, according to the FAVOR of our God, and Lord Jesus Christ.

#### CHAPTER II.

1 But we entreat you, Brethren, concerning 7 the COMING of the LORD Jesus Christ, and Our ‡ Assembling to him,

2 that you be not quickly AGITATED in MIND, nor alarmed, neither by a Spirit, nor by a Discourse nor by a Letter as from us, as though the DAY of the LORD was present.

3 † Let no one delude You by any means, Because ‡ the APOSTACY must come first, and there must be revealed ‡ THAT MAN OF SIN, THAT SON O. DESTRUCTION,

4 the opponent, who indeed thirth himself above everything called Divinity or Majesty; so as to seat himself in the TEMPLE of God, exhibiting himself That he is a God.

5 Do you not remember

ων προς ύμας, ταυτα ελεγον ύμιν; <sup>6</sup> και νυν being with you, these things I said to you? and now το κατέχον οιδατέ, εις το αποκαλυφθηναι the restraining thing you know, in order that to be revealed αυτον εν τις έαυτου καιρφ. <sup>7</sup>Το γαρ μυστηριον hun in the offiniself season. The for secretting ηδη ενεργειται της ανομιας, μονον δ κατεγων already works of the lawlessness, only the one restraining αρτι έως εκ μεσου γενηται. 8 και τοτε αποκαnow till out of midst it may be; and then will be reλυφθησεται δ ανομος· δν δκυριος \* [Iησους] vealed the lawless one; whom the Lord [Jesus] αναλωσει τω πνευματι του στοματος αύτου. will consume with the breath of the mouth of himself, και καταργησει τη επιφανεια της παρουσιας and will make powerless by the appearing of the presence αύτου θού εστιν ή παρουσια, κατ' ενεργειαν of hunself of whom is the presence, according to an energy του σατανα, εν παση δυναμε. και σημειοις και power and of theadversary, with all signs and τεραπι ψευδους, 10 και εν παση απατη \* [της] wonders offdschood, and with every deception [of the] αδικιας, \*[εν] τοις απολουμένοις ανθ ών την inequity. [in] those perishing; because as the αγαπην της αληθείας ουκ εδεξαντο είς το love of the truth not they received in order that σωθηναι αυτους. 11 Και δια τουτο πεμθει And because of this willsend to be saved them. αυτοις δ θεος ενεργειαν πλανης, εις το πιστευto them the God a strong working of decent, in order that to believe σαι αυτους τω ψευδει· 12 ίνα κριθωσι παντες οί

them the falsehood; so that may be judged all those un πιστευσαντες τη αληθεια, αλλ' ευδοκησαντες \*[εν] τη αδικια. 13 Hμεις δε οφειλομεν (in) the iniquity. We but are bound ευχαριστειν τω θεω παντοτε περι ύμων,

to give thanks to the God always concerning you, αδελφοι ηγαπημενοι ύπο κυριου, ότι είλατο because chose brethren being beloved by Lord, ύμας ὁ θεος απ' αογης εις σωτηριαν εν άγιyou the God from a beginning for salvation in sanctiασμφ πνευματος και πιστει αληθειας. 14 εις δ Scation of spirit and belief of truth; into which

εκαλεπεν ύμας δια του ευαγγελιου ήμων, FLS he called you by means of the glad tidings of us, for

περιποιησιν δοξης του κυριου ήμων Ιησου obtaining glory ofthe Lord ofus Jesus

Χριστου. Anointed.

> .15 Αρα ουν, αδελφοι, στηκετε, και κρατειτε stand you, and hold you fast tstand firm, and retain So then, brethren,

That while I was with you, I said these things to you?

6 and now you know WHAT RESTRAINS, IN OFder to his EEING BENFAL-ED in HIS OWN Scasen.

7 For tthe SECRET of LAWLESSNESS is already working, till only the ONE RESTRAINING for the presect shall be out of the way:

S and then will be revealed the LAWLESS ONE: (‡ whom the Lord Jesus will consume with Ithe BREATH of his MOUTH, and annihilate by the AP-PEARING of his PRES-ENCE;)

9 Whose coming is according to the Energy of the ADVERSARY, with A' Power, and 1 Signs, \_\_\_ Wonders of Falsehood,

10 and with Every Deception of Iniquity to THOSE who are PERISH-ING, because they admitted not the LOVE of the TRUTH in order that they might be saved.

11 # And on this account God \* will send to then an Energy of Delusion, a to their BELIEVING Fre FALSEHOOD;

12 in order that Ail THOSE may be judged way BELIEVED not the TRUTH, tbut approved the INI-QUITY.

13 But I we are bound to give thanks to GoD al ways for you, Brethren beloved by the Lord, Because # Gop \* chose you a Firstfruit for Salvation, ‡in Sanctification of Spirit and Belief of Truth ;

14 to which he called you by our GLAD TIDINGS, for the obtaining of the Glory of our LORD Jesus Christ.

15 So then, Brethren,

Valican Manuscript.—8, Jesus—omit.
 10. of the—omit.
 sends them.
 12. in—omit.
 13. chose you a First-fruit. 10. of the-omit. 19. 1n-omit. 11. sends them.

τας παραδοσεις, ας εδιδαχθητε, είτε δια the traditions, which you were taught, λογου είτε δι² επιστολης ήμων.  $^{16}$  Αυτος δε a word or by a letter of us. Himself but δ κυριος ήμων Ιησους Χριστος, και ό θεος the Lord of us Jesus Anointed, and the God \*[και] πατηρ ήμων ό αγαπησας ήμας και δους [and] father of us he having loved us and having given παρακλησιν αιωνιαν και ελπίδα αγαθην εν χωαιοποιοιατίου age-lasting and a hope good by fapirt,  $^{17}$  παρακαλεσαι ύμων τας καρδιας, και στηνον, may comfort of you the hearts, and may είζαι \*[ύμας] εν παντι λογφ και εργφ αγαθφ. establish [you] in every word and work good.

# KEΦ. $\gamma'$ . 3.

To  $\lambda o\iota\pi o\nu$ ,  $\pi\rho o\sigma\epsilon v\chi\epsilon\sigma\theta\epsilon$ ,  $\alpha\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi o\iota$ ,  $\pi\epsilon\iota$  for the remainder, prayyou, brethren, for μεν απο των ατοπων και πονηρων ανθρωπων· ου livered from the out of place and evil men; not 3 Πιστος δε εστιν δ γαρ παντων ή πιστις. Faithful but is the for of all the faith. κυριος, ός στηριξει ύμας και φυλαξει απο του Lord, who will establish you and will guard from the πονηρου.  ${}^4$  Πεποιθαμεν δε εν κυριφ εφ υμας, evil one. We have considence but in Lord concerning you,  $\delta \tau_l$  ά παραγγελλομεν  ${}^*$  [  $\dot{\nu}$ μιν, ] και ποιbecause the things we announce to you, both you είτε και ποιησετε.  $^{5}$  Ο δε κυρίος κατευθυναι do and will do. The but Lord may direct do and will do. ύμων τας καρδιας εις την αγαπην του θεου, και εις of you the hearts into the love of the God, and into την ὑπομονην του Χριστου.  $^6$  Παραγγελλομεν δε the patience of the Anointed. We give orders but ύμιν, αδελφοι, εν ονοματι του κυριου  $*[\mathring{\eta}\mu\omega\nu]$  tyou, brethren, in name of the Lord [of us] Ιησου Χριστου, στελλεσθαι ύμας απο παντος to withdraw you from of Jesus Anointed, every αδελφου ατακτως περιπατουντος, και μη brother disorderly walking, and not according to την παραδοσιν, ην παρελαβοσαν παρ the tradition, which they received from ήμων. U3.  $^7$  Αυτοι γαρ οιδατε, πως δει μιμεισθαι ήμας: Yourselves for know, how it behoves to imitate us; ότι ουκ ητακτησαμέν εν ὑμιν,  $^8$ ουδε δωρέαν because not we were disorderly among you, neither gratuitously αρτον εφαγομέν παρα τινος, αλλ' εν κοπφ και bread did we eat from any one, but in toil

the instructions you were taught, whether by our Word or Letter.

16 But may our Lord, \*Christ Jesus himself, and THAT GOD our FATHEE, twho Loved us, and gave us, by Favor, atonian Consolation, and ta good

17 console Your HEARTS, tand establish you in Every good \* Work and

Word.

#### CHAPTER III.

1 FINALLY, Brethren, that the word of the Lord may run and be glorified, even as among you;

2 and that we may be delivered from PERVERSE and Vicious Men; for not all have the FAITH.

3 But ‡ Faithful is the LORD, who will establish and ‡ guard you from the EVIL ORE.

4 And twe have confidence in the Lord concerning you, Because the things we command, \*you both are doing, and will do.

5 And may the Lord direct Your HEARTS into the LOVE of GOD, and into the PATIENCE of the ANOINTED one.

6 Now we charge you, Brethren, in the Name of the LORD Jesus Christ, \$\pm\$ to withdraw from Every Brother who walks out of order, and not according to the INSTRUCTION which \* you received from us.

7 For you yourselves know thow you ought to imitate us; Because we were not disorderly among you.

8 nor did we eat Bread for nothing from any one, but in Toil and Weariness,

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—16. Christ Jesus.
17. Work and Word.
4. to you—omit.
4. you both did, and are doing, and will
6. you received.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{2}\$ 15. 1 Cor. xi. 2; 2 Thess. iii. 6. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 16. 1 John iv. 10; Rev. 1. 5. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 16. 1 Pet. i. 3. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 17. 1 Cor. i. 8; 1 Thess. iii. 13; 1 Pet. v. 10. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 1. Eph. vi. 19; Col. iv. 8; 1 Thess. v. 25. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2 Rom. xv. 31. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 3. 1 Cor. i. 9; 1 Thess. v. 24. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 3. John xvii. 15. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2 Cor. vii. 16; Gal. v. 10. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 6. Rom. xvi. 17; 1 Tim. vi. 5; 2 John 10. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 7. 1 Cor iv. 16; xi. 1; 1 Thess. i. 6. 7.

μοχθφ, νυκτα και ήμεραν εργαζομενοι, προς το weariness, night and day working, in order that
μη επιβαρησαι τινα ύμων. Ουχ ότι ουκ
not to burden any of you. Not because not εγομεν εξουσιαν, αλλ' ίνα έαυτους τυπον δωwe have authority, but that ourselves a pattern we might μεν ύμιν εις το μιμεισθαι ήμας. 10 Και γαρ, give to you for the to imitate us. Indeed for, ότε ημεν προς ύμας, τουτο παραγγελλομεν when we were with you, this we announced when we were with you, ύμιν, ότι ει τις ου θελει εργαζεσθαι, μηδε to you, that if any one not wishes to work, neither  $\epsilon \sigma \theta i \epsilon \tau \omega$ . <sup>11</sup> Ακουομέν γαρ τινάς περιπατούντας let him eat. We hear for some are walking εν ύμιν ατακτως, μηδεν εργαζομενους, αλλα αποπργού out of order, making working, but περιεργαζομενους. 12 Τοις δε τοιουτοις παραγ-To the now such like we combeing above work. γελλομεν και παρακαλουμεν δια του κυριου wand we exhort through the Lord \*[ήμων] Ιησου Χριστου, ίνα μετα ήσυχιας [of us] Jesus Anointed, that with quietness εργαζομενοι, τον έαυτων αρτον εσθιωσιν. working, the ofthemselves bread they may eat.

13 Υμεις δε, αδελφοι, μη εκκακησητε καλοποιthe of themselves bread they may eat. You but, brethren, not should be remiss 14 Ει δε τις ουχ ύπακουει τφ λογφ OUPTES. If but any one not hearkens to the word well. δια της επιστολης, τουτον σημειουσof us by means of the letter, him point you  $\theta \epsilon^*$  [και] μη συναναμιγνυσθε αυτφ, ένα εντραeut; [and] not mixyou together with him, so that he may πη. 1 και μη ώς εχθρον ηγεισθε, αλλα νουbe put to shame; and not as an enemy regardyou, but ad-θετειτε ως αδελφον. <sup>16</sup> Αυτος δε ό κυριος της monish you as a brother. Himself but the Lord of the ειρηνης δωη ύμιν την ειρηνην διαπαντος εν peace may give to you the peace always in παντι τροπώ. δ κυριος μετα παντων ύμων. 17 Ο The every way; the Lord with all ofyqu. ασπασμος τη εμη χειρι Παυλου, δ εστι σημειον salutation by the my hand of Prul, which is a sign εν παση επιστολη· ούτω γραφω· 18 ή χαρ's του in every letter; thus I write; the favor of the κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου μετα παντων ύμων. Lord of us Jesus Anointed with all of you. \* [ Aµην. ]

I working Night and Day, so as not to BURDEN any of vou:

9 1 Not Because we have no Authority, but that we might give Ourselves a Pattern for you to IMITATE

10 For also, when we were with you, This we commanded you, That if any one is not willing to

work, neither let him eat. 11 For we hear of some among you, twalking out of order, not working, but being above work.

12 Now such we charge and exhort thy the Lord Jesus Christ, I that, working with Quietness, they may eat THEIR OWN Bread.

13 But pou, Brethren, tshould not be remiss in doing well.

14 But if any one obey not our WORD by this LETTER, point him out, and t do not associate with him, so that he may be put to shame:

15 tand regard him not as an Enemy, ‡ but admonish him as a Brother.

16 1 Now may the LORD of PEACE himself give you PEACE always in every way. The LORD be with you all.

17 The SALUTATION of Paul, with MY OWN Hand, which is a Sign in Every Epistle; thus I write.

18 The FAVOR of our LORD Jesus Christ be with you all. \*

[So be it.]

n the Lord Jesus Christ. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. of us-omit. 74. 18. So be it-omit. and-omit. Subscription-SECOND TO THE THESSALONICANS. WRITTEN PROM ATHENS.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Acts xviii. 3; xx. 34; 2 Cor. xi. 0; 1 Thess. ii. 9. † 9. 1 Cor. ix. 6; 1 Thess. ii. 6 † 10. Gen. iii. 19; 1 Thess. iv. 11. † 11. 1 Tim. v. 13; 1 Pet. iv. 15. † 12. Eph. iv. ?8. † 13. Gal. vi. 9. † 14. Matt. xviii. 17; 1 Cor. v. 9, 11. † 15. Lev. xix. 17; 1 Thess. v. 14. † 15. Tiuss iii. 10. † 16. Rom. xv. 33; xvi. 20; 1 Cor. xiv. 33; 2 Cor xiii. 11; 1 Thess. v. 23. † 17. 1 Cor. xvi. 21; Col. iv. 18. † 18. Rom. xvi. 24.

# КЕФ. а'. 1.

1 Παυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου, κατ' an apostle of Jesus Anointed, according to επιταγην θεου, σωτηρος ήμων, και Χριστου an appointment of God, a savior of us, and Anointed Jesus, of the τεκνώ εν πιστει χαρις, ελεος, ειρηνη απο θεου child in faith; favor, mercy, peace from God πατρος \*[ήμων,] και Χριστου Ιησου του κυριου [of us,] and Anointed Jesus the ήμων. of us.

3 Καθως παρεκαλεσα σε προσμειναι εν Εφεσφ, in Ephesus, thee to remain I entreated πορευομένος εις Μακεδονιαν, ίνα παραγγειλης Macedonia, that thou mayest charge departing for 4 μηδε προσεχειν τισι μη έτεροδιδασκαλειν, to hold to other to teach, Bor ' not μυθοις και γενεαλογιαις απεραντοις, αίτινες which fables and genealogies endless, (ητησεις παρεχουσι μαλλον η οικονομιαν θεου occasion rather than an administration of God disputes την εν πιστει. 5 (το δε τελος της παραγγελιας (the now end of the commandment that by faith; εστιν αγαπη εκ καθαρας καρδιας και συνειδηlove out of a pure heart and conscience σεως αγαθης και πιστεως ανυποκριτου. 6 ών good and faith unfeigned; which τινες αστοχησαντες, εξετραπησαν εις ματαιοturned aside to foolish some having missed, λογιαν, 7 θελοντες ειναι νομοδιδασκαλοι, μη wishing to be law-teachers, not talking, ά λεγουσι, μητε μητε περι POOUVTES understanding neither the things they say, nor concerning διαβεβαιουνται. 8 Οιδαμεν  $\delta \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota$ TIVOR certain things they positively affirm. Weknow but, that καλος δ νομος, εαν τις αυτφ νομιμως χρηται, good the law, if one it lawfully  $9 \epsilon i \delta \omega s \tau o v \tau o$ , ότι δικαιώ νομος ου κειται, knowing this, that for a just one a law not is laid down, δ€ ανυποτακτοις. ασεβεσι каг ανομοις for lawless ones but and for unruly ones, for ungodly ones άμαρτωλοις, ανοσιοις каг  $\beta \in \beta n \lambda o is$ . KOLL for impious ones and for profane ones, and και μητραλφαις, ανδροφονοις, πατραλωαις for smiters of fathers and for smiters of mothers, for man-killers, 10 πορνοις, αρσενοκοιταις, ανδραποδισταις, for fornicators, for sodomites, for man-stealers,

CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, an Apostle of Jesus Christ, Jaccording to an Appointment of God our Savior, and of Christ Jesus our HOPE,

2 to ! Timothy, a Genuine Child in Faith ;- Favor Mercy, Peace, from God the Father, and Christ Je-

sus our LORD.

3 Remain still in Ephesus, as I entreated thee. twhen departing for Macedonia, so that thou mayest charge some not I to teach

differently,
4 nor to hold to Fable and interminable Genealo. gies, 1 which occasion Dis putes, rather than THAT \*EDIFICATION of God by

Faith.

5 (Now t the END of the COMMANDMENT is Love, from a Pure Heart, and a good Conscience, and an undissembled Faith;

6 which some having missed, turned aside to

Foolish talking;

7 desiring to be Law-expositors, neither under-standing what they are saying, nor certain things about which they positively affirm.

8 We know indeed That Ithe LAW is excellent if

one use it lawfully; 9 I knowing this, That a Law is not enacted for a Righteous man, but for the Lawless and Unruly, for the Ungodly and Sinners, for the Impious and Profane, for Smiters of fathers and Smiters of mothers, for Assassins,

10 for Fornicators, for Sodomites, for Man-stealers, for Liars, for Perjurers, and if there be any for liars, for oath-breakers, and if anything other to the being other thing that is opposed

ψευσταις, επιορκοις, και ει τι έτερον τη ύγιαι-

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIFT .- Title-THE FIRST OF TIMOTHY. 4. EDIFICATION.

<sup>2</sup> of us-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Acts ix. 15; Gal. i, 1, 11. † 3. Acts xx. 1, 3; Phil. ii. 24. † 5. Rom. xiii. 8—10; Gal. v. 14. Gal. iii. 19; v 23.

αιωνων αμην.)

νουση διδασκαλια αντικειται, 11 κατα το εναγaccording to the glad teaching 1s opposed, γελιον της δυξης του μακαριου θεου, δ επισtidings of the glory of the blessed God, which was enτευθην εγω· 12 \* [και] χαριν εχω τφ ενδυναμω-[and] give thanks I to the one having trusted with I; σαντι με Χριστφ Ιησου τφ κυριφ ήμων, ότι empowered me Anointed Jesus the Lord of us, because πιστον με ήγησατο, θεμενος εις διακονιαν, placing faithful me he regarded, into service. 13 τον προτερον οντα βλασφημον και διωκτην him formerly being a defamer and a persecutor και ύβριστην αλλ' ηλεηθην, δτι αγνοων and a violent person; but I received mercy, because being ignorant εποιησα εν απιστια, 14 ύπερεπλεονασε δε ή in unbelief. superabounded but the χαρις του κυριου ήμων μετα πιστεως και αγαfavor of the Lord of us with faith and love 15 Πιστος δ λογος, πης της εν Χριστω Ιησου. of that in Anounted Jesus. True the word, και πασης αποδοχης αξιος, ότι Χριστος Ιησους reception worthy, that Anointed ηλθεν εις τον κοσμον άμαρτωλους σωσαι, ών came into the world sinners to save, of whom πρωτος ειμι εγω· 16 αλλα δια τουτο ηλεηθην, first am I; but through this I received mercy, ίνα εν εμοι πρωτφ ενδειξηται Ιησους Χριστος that in me first might show forth Jesus Apointed την πασαν μακροθυμιαν, προς ύποτυπωσιν των all forbearance, for an example of those μελλοντων πιστευειν επ' αυτώ εις ζωην αιωνιον. being about to believe on him for life age-lasting; 17 τω δε βασιλει των αιωνων, αφθαρτώ, αορατώ, to the now king of the ages, incorruptible, invisible, μονώ θεώ, τιμη και δοξα εις τους αιώνας των God, honor and glory for the

so be it.) ages; 18 Ταυτην την παραγγελιαν παρατιθεμαι σοι, the charge I commit tothen τεκνον Τιμοθεε, κατα τας προαγουσας επι σε child O Timothy, according to the preceding in respect to thee προφητειας ίνα στρατευή εν αυταις την καλην prophecies that thou mayest war by them the στρατειαν,  $^{19}$ εχων πιστιν και αγαθην συνείδη  $^{-}$  marfare, holding faith and good a conscia consciσιν, ήν τινες απωσαμενοι, περι την πιστιν ence, which some having thrust away, concerning the faith

to the WHOLESOME Doc-

11 according to the GLAD TIDINGS of the GLORY of the BLESSED GOD, twith which I was entrusted.

12 I give thanks to him who empowered me, Christ Jesus our LORD, Because he deemed Me faithful, ‡ putting into Service

13 him twho was PRE-VIOUSLY a Defamer, and a Persecutor, and a Violent man; but I received mercy, t Because being ignorant I acted in Unbelief.

14 ‡ But the FAVOR of our LORD superabounded, with THAT Faith and Love which are in Christ Jesus.

15 True is the WORD, and worthy of All Reception, That † Christ Jesus came into the WORLD to save Sinners, of whom first am £.

16 But on this account \$\foats1\$ received mercy, that in me, first, \* Christ Jesus might exhibit ALL Forbearance for an Example of THOSE BEING ABOUT to believe on him in order to aionian Life.

17 ‡ Now to the KING of the AGES, the Incorruptible, the Invisible, the Only God, be Honor and Glory for the AGES of the AGES. Amen.)

Amen.)

18 This CHARGE ‡ I commit to thee, O Child Timothy, according to the PRECEDING PROPHECIES concerning thee, that by them thou mayest carry on 1 the GOOD Contest;

19 retaining Faith and a Good Conscience, which some having thrust away, concerning the FAITH \* suffered Shipwreck;

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.-12. And-omit. Shipwreck.

<sup>, 16.</sup> Christ Jesus. 19. suffered

t 10. 1 Tim. vi. 3; 2 Tim. iv. 3; Titus i. 9; ii. 1.
t. 25; 1 Thess. ii. 4; 1 Tim. ii. 7; 2 Tim. i. 11; Titus i. 3
t. 26. i. 25. t. 13. Acts viii. 3; ix. 1; 1 Cor. xv. 9; Phil. iii. 6.
t. 13. Luke xxiii. 3;
t. 14. Cor. xv. 10.
t. 15. Matt. ix. 13; Matt. ii. 7; Luke v. 32; xix. 10; Rom. v. 8; 1 John ii. 5.
t. 10. 2 Cor. iv. 1.
t. 15. Matt. ix. 13; Matt. ii. 7; Luke v. 32; xix. 10; Rom. v. 8; 1 John iii. 5.
t. 10. 2 Cor. iv. 1.
t. 17. Luke v. 32; xix. 10; Rom. v. 8; 1 John iii. 5.
t. 10. 2 Cor. iv. 1.
t. 17. Tim. vi. 15, 16.
t. 18. 1 Tim. vi. 13, 14, 20; 2 Tim. ii. 2.
t. 18. 1 Tim. vi. 12;

evauayησαν  $^{20}$  ών εστιν Τμεναιος και  $A\lambda$ εξ-were shipwreck; of whom is Hymenius and Alexανδρος, ούς παρεδωκα τω σατανα, ίνα παιδευ-ander, whom I delivered up to the adversary, so that they might μη βλασφημειν. be taught not to revile.

# КЕФ. β'. 2.

1 Παρακαλω ουν πρωτον παντων ποιεισθαι I exhort therefore first of adl to make δεησεις, προσευχας, εντευξεις, ευχαριστιας intercessions, thanksgivings supplications, prayers, επεριεατίους, prayers, intercessions, thanksgyings  $\dot{\nu}\pi\epsilon\rho$  παντων ανθρωπων:  $^2$   $\dot{\nu}\pi\epsilon\rho$  βασιλεων, και in behalf of things, and παντων των εν  $\dot{\nu}\pi\epsilon\rhoοχη$  οντων:  $\dot{\nu}$ α  $\dot{\eta}$ ρεμον of all of those in high station being; so that a tranquil και ήσυχιον βιον διαγωμεν εν παση ευσεβεια and quiet life we may lead in all piety life we may lead in π. Τουτο \*[γαρ] καλον και αποκαι σεμνοτητι. and seriousness. acδεκτον ενωπιον του σωτηρος ημων θεου, 4 δs ceptable in presence of the preserver of us God, who ceptable in presence that  $\mu$  in  $\mu$ μεσιτης θεου και ανθρωπων, ανθρωπος Χριστος mediator of God and of men, a man Anointed mediator of the state of the ετεθην εγω κηρυξ και αποστολος, (αληθειαν was placed I a herald and an apostle, (truth  $\lambda$ εγω, ου ψευδομαι,) διδασκαλος εθνων εν πισ-I speak, not I speak falsely,) a teacher of nations in faith

τει και αληθεια. and in truth.

8 Βουλομαι ουν προσευχεσθαι τους ανδρας εν I direct therefore to pray the men παντι τοπφ, επαιροντας δσιους χειρας χωρις place, lifting up holy hands without 9 'Ωσαυτως \* [και τας] οργης και διαλογισμου. wrath and disputing. In the same way [and the] γυναικας εν καταστολη κοσμιφ, μετα αιδους in becoming. with και σωφροσυνης, κοσμειν έαυτας, μη εν πλεγand soundness of mind, to adorn themselves, not with wreaths, μασιν, η χρυσφ, η μαργαριταις, η ίματισμφ gold, or pearls, a garment πολυτελει, 10 αλλ', (δ πρεπει γυναιξιν επαγbut, (which is becoming for women underexpensive.

20 of whom are ! Hymenius and Alexander; whom I tdelivered up to the ADVERSARY, that they may be taught not to blaspheme.

#### CHAPTER II.

1 I exhort, therefore, first of all, to make Sup-plications, Prayers, Inter-cessions, and Thanksgivings in behalf of All Men;

2 tin behalf of Kings, and ALL who ARE in High station, so that we may lead a Tranquil and Quiet. Life in All Piety and Seri-

ousness.

3 This is good and ‡acceptable before God, our

SAVIOR,

4 t who desires All Men to be saved, I and to come to an accurate Knowledge of the Truth.

5 1 For God is One, and there is t One Mediator of God and Men, that Man,

Christ Jesus,

6 t who GAVE himself a Ransom in behalf of all, the TESTIMONY in its own Seasons :-

7 t for which I was appointed a Herald and an Apostle, (I speak Truth, I do not falsify,) a Teacher of Nations in \*Faith and Truth.

8 1 appoint, therefore, the MEN to pray in every place, lifting up Holy Hands without Wrath and

Disputing.
9 In like manner, the women, also, in t becom-ing Attire, with Modesty and soberness of mind, not decorating themselves with Wreaths, or Gold, or Pearls, or expensive Cloth-

10 but with good Works, which become Women un-

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. for-omit. 9. and the-omit. Spirit and Truth.

<sup>1 6.</sup> the TESTIMONY-omit.

<sup>† 20. 2</sup> Tim. ii. 17, 14. † 3. Rom. xii. 2; 1 Tim. v. 4. iii. 9. † 4. John xvii. 3; 2 Tim. ii. 25. † 5. Heb. viii. 6; ix, 15. Eph. 11. 7, 8; 2 Tim. i. 11. † 20. 1 Cor. v. 5. † 4. Ezek. xviii. 23; John iil. 16, 17; Titus ii. 12; 2 Pet † 5. Rom. iii. 20, 30; x. 12; Gal. iii. 20 † 6. Matt. xx. 28; Mark x. 45; Eph. i. 7; Titus ii. 14. † 9. 1 Pet. iii. 3, 4.

γελομεναις θεοσεβειαν, δι' εργων αγαtaking worship of God, by means of works good.

θων. <sup>11</sup> Γυνη εν ήσυχια μανθανετω εν παση 
Ανομαν in quietness let learn with all 
υποταγη. <sup>12</sup> Γυναικι δε διδασκειν ουκ επιτρεπω, 
submission. Α woman but to teach not [permit, 
ουδε αυθεντειν ανδρος, αλλ' ειναι εν ήσυχια. 
πος το απομαν αυτικοτίτη ονετ α man, but to be in silence.

<sup>13</sup> Αδαμ γαρ πρωτος επλασθη, ειτα Ευα. <sup>14</sup> Και 
Adam for first was formed, them Eve. And

Adam for first was formed, them Eve. And Αδαμ ουκ ηπατηθη ή δε γυνη απατηθείσα, εν Adam not was deceived, the but woman having been deceived, in παραβασεί γεγονε 15 σωθησεταί δε δια της transgression became; she will be preserved but through the τεκνογονίας, εαν μεινωσίν εν πίστει και αγαπη child-bearing, if they abide in faith and love και άγιασμω μετα σωφροσύνης.

holiness with sobriety of mind.

# KEΦ. $\gamma'$ . 3.

<sup>1</sup> Πιστος δ λογος: Ει τις επισκοπης ορεγεται,
True the word; If any one an oversight longs after. καλου εργου επιθυμει. 2 Δει ουν τον επισκοexcellent a work he desires. It behoves then the που ανεπιληπτον ειναι, μιας γυναικος ανδρα, unblamable to be, of one wife a husband, νηφαλιον, σωφρονα, κοσμιον, φιλοξενον, διδακorderly, sedate, hospitable, vigilant, τικον. 3 μη παροινον, μη πληκτην, αλλ' επιειnot a wine drinker, not astriker, teach; but genκη, αμαχον, αφιλαργυρον. 4 του ιδιου οικου tle, not quarrelsome, nota lover of money; of the own καλως προισταμενον, τεκνα εχοντα εν ύποταγη presiding, children having in subjection μετα πασης σεμνοτητος. 5 (ει δε τις του ιδιου dignity; with (if but any one of the own οικου προστηναι ουκ οιδε, πως εκκλησιας θεου house to preside not knows, how a congregation of God

επιμελησεται; βμηνεοφυτον, ίναμη τυφωeill he take care of?) not a new convert, so that not being

<math>θειs ειs κριμα εμπεσητου διαβολου. γδει δεguffed up into a judgment he may fall of the accuser; it behoves but

αυτον και μαρτυριαν καλην εχειν απο των εξωhim also a testimony good to have from those out-

θεν, lναμηεις ονειδισμον εμπεση και παγιδα side, so that not into reproach he may fall and a share

του διαβολου.

\* ALEXANDEIAN MANUSCRIPT.-14. wholly deceived.

dertaking the worship of

11 Let a Woman learn in Quietness with All Submission;

12 for ‡ I lo not permit a Woman to teach, ‡ or to assume authority over a Man, but to be quiet;

13 for ‡ Adam was formed first, and then Eve.

14 And ‡ Adam was not deceived; but the woman having been \* deceived, became a Transgressor;

15 but she shall be preserved throughout CHILD-BEARING, if they abide in Faith, and Love, and Holiness, with Sobriety of mind.

#### CHAPTER III.

1 This saying is True, If any one longs after an Overseer's office, he desires an Excellent Work.

2 † The OVERSEER then must be irreproachable, a Husband of One Wife, vigilant, sedate, orderly, hospitable, † fit to teach;

3 ‡ not a wine-drinker, no striker, but gentle, not quarrelsome, ‡ not a lover of money;

4 presiding well over his own Family, thaving the Children in Subjection with All Dignity;

5 (but if any one knows not how to preside over his own Family, how can he take care of a Congrega tion of God?)

6 Not a New convert, lest being puffed up, he may incur the Judgment of the ENEMY.

7 And he must even have a good Testimony from THOSE WITHOUT, that he may not fall into reproach and ‡ a Snare of the ENEMY.

8 Διακονους ώσαυτως σεμνους, μη διλογους, Servants in like manner dignified, not two-worded, μη οινφ πολλφ προσεχοντας, μη αισχροκερnot towine much being addicted, not eager for base δεις, 9 εχοντας το μυστηριον της πιστεως εν holding the secret of the faith 10 Και ούτοι δε δοκιμαζεσκαθαρα συνειδησει. a pure conscience. Also these but let be proved θωσαν πρωτον, ειτα διακονειτωσαν, ανεγκλητοι then let serve. unblamable 11 Γυναικας ώσαυτως σεμνας, μη δια-OVTES. being. Women in like manner serious, not ac-12 Διακοβολους, νηφαλιους, πιστας εν πασι. faithful in all things. cusers. vigilant. Servants νοι εστωσαν μιας γυναικος ανδρες. **ΤΕΚΥω**Υ ofone wife a husband. let be children 13 Of καλως προισταμένοι και των ιδιών οικών. Those presiding over and of the own houses. γαρ καλως διακονησαντες, βαθμον έαυτοις having served, a standing for themselves bonor\_ λον περιποιουνται, και πολλην παρδησιαν εν and confidence able they acquire, much 14 Ταυτα σοι γραπιστει τη εν Χριστω Ιησου. faith in that in Anointed Jesus. These things to thee  $\phi\omega$ ,  $\epsilon\lambda\pi\iota\langle\omega\nu$   $\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon\iota\nu$   $\pi\rho\sigma\sigma$   $\sigma\epsilon$   $\tau\alpha\chi\iota\sigma\nu$ .  $^{15}\epsilon\alpha\nu$   $\delta\epsilon$ write, hoping to come to thee very soon; if but ειδης, Βραδυνω, ίνα πως  $\delta \epsilon i = \epsilon \nu o i \kappa \omega \theta \epsilon o \nu$ I should delay, that thou mayest know, how it beneves in a house of God αναστρεφεσθαι, ήτις εστιν εκκλησια θεου ζωνto conduct thyself, which is a congregation of God  $^{16}$  Στυλος και εδραιωμα της αληθείας και TOS. A pillar basis ofthe ing. and truth and δμολογουμένως μέγα έστι το της ευσέβειας the ofthe great is μυστηριον: \*'Os εφανερωθη εν σαρκι, εδικαιωθη secret; Who was manifested in flesh, was justified  $\pi \nu \epsilon \nu \mu \alpha \tau \iota$ ,  $\omega \phi \theta \eta$   $\alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \rho \iota \iota s$ ,  $\epsilon \kappa \eta \rho \iota \chi \theta \eta$ was seen by messengers, was proclaimed among εθνεσιν, επιστευθη εν κοσμφ, ανεληφθη εν was believed among a world, nations, was taken up δοξη. glory.

# КЕФ. а'. 4.

<sup>1</sup> To  $\delta \epsilon$   $\pi \nu \epsilon \nu \mu \alpha$   $\delta \eta \tau \omega s$   $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota$   $\epsilon \nu$   $\delta \sigma \tau \epsilon \rho o \iota s$ The but spirit expressly says, that in subsequent καιροις αποστησονται τινές της πιστέως, προσsome from the faith, seasons will fall away διδασκαλιαις τχοντες πνευμασι πλανοις και and hering to spirite wandering to teachings

8 † Assistants in like manner ought to be serious, not deceitful in speech. t not being addicted to much Wine, not eager for base gain:

9 holding the SECRET of the FAITH with a Pure

Conscience.

10 But let These also be proved first, then let them serve, being unblamable.

11 ILet the Women in like manner be serious, not accusers, vigilant, faithful in all things.

12 Let Assistants be Husbands of One Wife, presiding well over their

OWN Families.

13 For THOSE HAVING SERVED well, acquire for themselves an honorable Station, and Much Confidence in THAT Faith which is in Christ Jesus.

14 These things I write to Thee, hoping to come to

thee very soon;

15 but if I should delay, so that thou mayest know how to conduct thyself in # God's House, which is a Congregation of the living God.

16 † A Pillar and Foundation of the TRUTH, and confessedly great, is the SECRET of PIETY; 1\* He who was manifested in Flesh, was justified in Spirit, was seen by Messengers, was proclaimed among Nations, was believed on in the World, was taken up in Glory.

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 But the SPIRIT I expressly says, That in subsequent Seasons, some wil apostatize from the FAITH, giving heed to # deceitful Spirits, and # to Teachings of Demons;

<sup>•</sup> ALEX. Ms.—It is doubtful whether this word was originally  $O\Sigma$  who, or  $\Theta\Sigma$  God.

<sup>† 16.</sup> This is according to the pointing of Griesbach. Nearly all the ancient MSS., and all the versions have "He who," instead of "God," in this passage. This has been adopted, The latter reading, however, is also according to the analogy of the faith, and well supported.

Rev. ix. 20.

δαιμονιων,  $^2$  εν ὑποκρισει ψευδολογων, κεκαυστάστοπος, by hypocrisy of false-speakers, having τηριασμενων την ιδιαν συνειδησιν,  $^3$  κωλυοντων been cauterized the own conscience, forbidding γαμειν, απεχεσθαι Αρωματων, ά δ θεος εκτιto marry, to abstain . from foods, which the God created

σεν εις μεταληψιν μετα ευχαριστίας τοις πισfor apartaking of with thanksgiving by the faithful

τοις και επεγνωκοσι την αληθείαν. 

\*\*Oτι παν

ones and they have known the truth. 

Because every

κτισμα θεου καλον, και ουδεν αποβλητον, μετα creature of God good, and nothing cast away, with

ευχαριστιας λαμβανομένον δάγιαζεται γαρ δια thanksgiving being received; it is sanctified forthrough λογου θεου και εντευξεως. 6Ταυτα ὑποτιθεμε-

a word of God and of prayer. These things aetting forth

νος τοις αδελφοις, καλος εση διακονος Ιησου

to the brethren, good thou will be a servant of Jesus

Χριστου, εντρεφομενος τοις λογοις της πιστεως Anointed, being nourished with the words of the faith

και της καλης διδασκαλιας, ή παρηκολουθηand of the good teaching, which thou hast closely 
κας.  $^7$  Tous δε βεβηλους και γραωδεις μυθους 
followed. The but profane and old women fables 
παραυτούς γυμγαζε δε σεσυτού πους ευσεβειαν

παραιτου γυμναζε δε σεαυτον προς ευσεβειαν, do thou avoid; discipline but thyself for piety. 

8 H γαρ σωματικη γυμνασια προς ολιγον εστιν 
The for bodily discipline for allitle it is

τοφελιμος ή δε ευσεβεια προς παντα ωφελιμος profitable; the but piety for all things profitable

εστιν, επαγγελιαν εχουσα ζωης της νυν και it is, a promise having of life of the now and this μελλουσης.  $^9$  Πιστος  $\delta$  λογος και πασης

of that about coming. True the word and of all αποδοχης αξιος. 10 Eις τουτο γαρ \*[και] acceptance worthy. In order to this for [also]

κοπιωμεν και υνειδιζομεθα, ότι ηλπικαμεν επι we toil and are reproached, because we have hoped in

θεψ ζωντι, δς εστι σωτηρ παντων ανθρωπων, God living, who is a preserver of all men,

μαλιστα πιστων. 11 Παραγγελλε ταυτα και especially of believers. Do thou enjoin these things and

διδασκε.  $^{12}$  Μηδεις σου της νεοτητος καταφροdo thou teach. No one thee the youth let despise,

νειτω, αλλατυπος γινου των πιστων εν λογφ, but a pattern become thou of the believers in word,

εν αναστροφή, εν αγαπή, εν πιστει, εν άγνεια.  $\alpha$  conduct, in love, in faith, in purity. 2 [misled] by the ‡ Hypocrisy of false teachers; whose own ‡ Conscience has been seared;

3 forbidding marriage, and the use of Foods which God created in order to be partaken of with Thanksgiving by the BELIEVERS, even by those who have recognized this TRUTH;—

4 That ‡ Everything Created by God † is good, and nothing is to be rejected, being received with Thanksgiving;

5 since it is sanctified through the Command of God, and by Prayer.

6 Setting forth These things before the BRETH-BEN, thou wilt be a Good Servant of \*Christ Jesus, timbued with the WORDS of the FAITH, and the GOOD Teaching which thou hast closely followed.

7 But ‡ avoid PROFANE and Silly Fables, and train

thyself for Piety;

8 for BODILY Training is profitable for a little; that PIETY is profitable for all things, thaving a Promise of the PRESENT Life, and of THAT which is FUTURE.

9 This saying is True, and worthy of All Recep-

10 For on this account, we toil and \* are reproached, Because we hope in the living God, ‡ who is a Preserver of All Men, especially of Believers.

11 These things enjoin

and teach.

12 Let no one despise
Thy YOUTH; but thecome
a Pattern of the BELIEVERS, in Word, in Conduct,
in Love, in Faith, in Purity.

<sup>\*</sup> Alexandbian Manuscript.—6. Christ Jesus, estly strive.

<sup>10.</sup> also-omit. 10. earn-

<sup>† 4.</sup> for this purpose, or for food, or for being partaken of-ver. 3.

13 Έως ερχομαι, προσέχε τη αναγνωσει, τη attend thou to the reading, to the I come, παρακλησει, τη διδασκαλια. 14 Mn αμελει Not be thou neglectful to the teaching. του εν σοι χαρισματος, ὁ εδοθη σοι δια of the in thee endowment, watch was given to thee through prophφητειας, μετα επιθεσεως των χειρων του πρεσlaying on of the hands of the <sup>15</sup> Ταυτα μελέτα, εν τουτοις ισθι· Βυτεριου. ship. These things do thou care for, in these things be thou; ίνα σου ή προκοπη φανερα  $\eta \in \mathcal{V} \pi \alpha \sigma \iota \mathcal{V}$ . so that of thee the progress manifest may be in all things.  $^{16}$  Επεχε σεαυτ $\omega$ , και τη διδασκαλι $\alpha$ · επιμενε Attend thou to thyself, and to the teaching; continue thou autois τουτο γαρ ποιων, και σεαυτον σωσεις in them; this for doing, both thyself thou wilt save for και τους ακουοντας σου. and those hearing thee.

KEΦ,  $\epsilon'$ , 5. 1 Πρεσβυτερώ μη επιπληξης, αλλα παρακα-An elderly man not thou mayest chide, but λει ώς πατερα νεωτερους, ώς αδελφους. a father; younger men, πρεσβυτερας, ώς μητερας νεωτερας, ώς αδελmothers; younger women, as 2.8 φας, εν παση άγνεια. 3 Χηρας τιμα, τας οντως Widows honor, those really purity. ters, in all  $^4$  Ει δε τις χηρα τεκνα η εκγονα εχει, Ynpas. If but any widow children or grandchildren has, μανθανετωσαν πρωτον τον ιδιον οικον ευσεβειν, the own house to be dutiful, let them be taught first και αμοιβας αποδιδοναι τοις προγονοις τουτο to the progenitors; and a recompense to render 5 'H γαρ εστιν αποδεκτον ενωπιον του θεου. in presence of the God. acceptable for δε οντως χηρα και μεμονωμενη ηλπικεν επι τον but really a widow and having been left alone he hoped in  $\theta \in \mathcal{OV}$ , και προσμένει ταις δέησεσι και ταις προσ-God, and continues in the supplications and in the ευχαις νυκτος και ήμερας. 6 ή δε σπαταλωσα, she but luxuriously, day; night and ζωσα τεθνηκε. 7 Και ταυτα παραγγελλε, ίνα has died. And these things enjoin, so that ανεπιληπτοι ωσιν. 8 Ει δε τις των ιδιων, και unblamable ones they may be. If butany one for those of own, and μαλιστα των οικειων, ου προνοει, την πιστιν especially of the household, not provides, the

13 Till I come, attend to the READING, to the EXHORTING, to the TEACH-ING.

14 TNeglect not that ENDOWMENT in thee, which was imparted to thee through Prophecy, with Imposition of the HANDS of the ELLERSHIP.

15 Make These things thy care; be occupied in them; so that Thy PRO-GRESS may be manifest in

all things.

16 ‡ Attend to thyself and to the TEACHING; continue in them; for by doing this thou wilt save both Thyself, and ‡ THOSE who HEAR thee.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 Chide ‡ not an Elderly man, but exhort him as a Father; Younger men, as Brothers:

2 Elderly women as Mothers, Younger women as Sisters, in all Purity.

3 Support THOSE Widows who are really Wid-

4 But if Any Widow has Children or Grand-children, let these be taught first to be dutiful to their OWN Family, ‡ and to render proper returns to their PROGENITORS; for this is acceptable in the sight of God.

5 ‡ Now SHE who is really a widow, and having been left alone, hopes in God, and continues in SUPPLICATIONS and PRAYERS Night and Day;

6 But tshe, living in self-indulgence, is

dead.

7 ‡ And enjoin these things, so that they may be unblamable.

8 But if any one provide not for his own relatives, ‡ and especially for \* his Family, he has denied the

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. his Family.

<sup>† 14. 2</sup> Tim, i. 6. † 16. Acts xx. 28. † 16. James v. 20. † 4. Gen. xlv. 10, 11; Matt. xv. 4; Eph. vi. 1, 2. † 5. 1 Cor. vi. 32. † 7. 1 Tim. i. 3: iv. 11; vi. 17. † 8. Isa. lviii. 7; Gal. vi. 10,

9 Xnpa ηρνηται, και εστιν απιστου χειρων. and is an unbeliever A widow καταλεγεσθω μπ ελαττον ετων εξηκοντα γεγοhaving less of years sixty. let be enrolled not νυια, ένος ανδρος γυνη, 10 εν εργοις καλοις μαρbecome, of one husband a wife, being by works τυρουμενη' ει ετεκνοτροφησεν, ει εξενοδοχηattested; if she reared a family, if she received σεν, ει άγιων ποδας ενιψεν, ει θλιβομενοις strangers, if of holy ones feet she washed, if afflicted ones επηρκεσεν, ει παντιεργώ αγαθώ επηκολουθησε.

if every work good she closely followed. she relieved. 11 Νεωτερας δε χηρας παραιτου όταν γαρκατασwhen for they may Younger but widows reject;

τρηνιασωσι του Χριστου, γαμειν θελουσιν·

לדו דחף הסשדחף הוסדוע крица, having condemnation, because the hrat ηθετησαν. 13 άμα δε και αργαι μανθανουσι

they violated; at the same time and also idle ones they learn περιερχομενοι τας οικιας ου μονον δε αργαι, to go about the houses; not only but idle ones,

αλλα και φλυαροι και περιεργοι, λαλουσαι but also praters and busybodies, speaking the things

μη δεοντα. 14 Βουλομαι ουν νεωτερας γαμειν, I wish therefore younger ones to marry, act proper, τεκνογονειν, οικοδεσποτειν, μηδεμιαν αφοραην

to keep house, opportunit, διδονα: τφ αντικειμενφ λοιδοριας χαριν. 15 Ηδη of reproach on account. Already to give to the oppozent

γας τινες εξετραπησαν οπισω του σατανα. 16 Ει turned aside after the adversary.

τις [πιστος η] πιστη εχει χηρας, επαρκειτω any [believing man or] believing woman has widows, let such support

αυταις, και μη βαρεισθω ή εκκλησια, ίνα ταις them, and not let burden the congregation, so that those

17 Οἱ καλως προεστωοντως χηραις επαρκεση. widows may be relieved. The well

τες πρεσβυτεροι διπλης τιμης αξιουσθωσαν. double honor let be esteemed worthy;

μαλιστα οί κοπιωντες εν λογφ και διδασκαλκα. especially those toiling in word and

18 Λεγει γαρ ή γραφη. Βουν αλοωντα ου φιμωfor the writing; Anox treading not thou shalt

σεις και αξιος δεργατης του μισθου αύτου. muzzle; and; worthy the laborer of the hire of himself.

FAITH, and is worse than an Unbeliever.

9 Let not a Widow be enrolled less than sixty Years old, thaving been a Wife of One Husband,

10 well reputed for good Works; whether she has reared a family, or tentertained strangers, or twashed the Saints' Feet, or relieved the Afflicted, or closely followed Every good Work.

11 But reject Younger Widows, for when they become wanton against the ANOINTED one. they wish to marry:

12 incurring Condemnation, Because they have violated their FIRST Fideli-

13 ‡And at the same time also, they learn to be idlers, gadding about to the HOUSES; and not only idlers, but also Praters and Busybodies, speaking IM-PROPER THINGS.

14 ‡ i desire, therefore, the Younger Widows to marry to bear children, to keep house, to give No Opportunity to the OPPO-NENT for reproach;

15 since some have already turned aside after the ADVERSARY.

16 If any believer of either sex have Widows, let such support them, and let not the CONGREGATION be burdened, so that it may relieve trhose who are BEALLY Widows.

17 Let the ELDERS who PRESIDE well the esteemed worthy of Double Honor, especially THOSE who TOIL in Word and Teaching:

18 for the SCRIPTURE says, ‡"Thou shalt not "muzzle an Ox threshing;" and, t"The LABORER is of himself. worthy of his REWARD."

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. believing man, or-omit.

<sup>2 9. 1</sup> Tim. iii. 2. 2 10. Acts xvi. 15; Heb. xiii. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 9. 2 10. John xiii. 5, 24. 1 Tim. vi. 1; Titus ii. 8, 1 10. verses 3, 5. 1 17. Rom. xiii. 8; 1 Cor. ix. 10, 14; Gal. vi. 0; Phil. ii. 29; 1 Thess. v. 12; 18; Heb. xiii. 7, 17. 2 17. Acts xxviii. 10 1 18. Deut xxv. 4; 1 Cor. ix. 6, 18. Lev. xix. 18; Deut. xxiv. 14, 15; Matt. x. 10; Luke x. 7.

19 Κατα πρεσβυτερου κατηγοριαν μη παραδελεgainst an elder an accusation not do thou χου, εκτος ει μη επι δυο η τριων μαρτυρων. receive, without if not by two or three witnesses.  $^{20} \text{Tous } \frac{\lambda \mu \alpha \rho \tau \alpha \nu \sigma \tau}{\lambda \mu \alpha \rho \tau \alpha \nu \sigma \tau} + \frac{\lambda \epsilon \gamma \chi \epsilon}{\lambda \epsilon \gamma \kappa \tau},$  The sinning ones, in presence of all reprove thou, iva και οί λοιποι φοβον εχωσι. so that also the remainder fear may have.

 $^{21}$  Διαμαρτυρομαι ενωπιον του θεου και \* [κυ-I solemnly enjoin in presence of the God and [Lord? οιου Ιησου Χριστου και των εκλεκτων αγγε-Jesus Anointed and of the chosen λων, ίνα ταυτα φυλαξης χωρις προκριματος sengers, that these things thou mayest keep without prejudice μηδεν ποιων κατα προσκλισιν. 22 Xeipas nothing doing by partiality. Hands ταχεως μηδενι επιτιθει μηδε κοινωνει άμαρτιαις hastily to no one do thou put and not do thou share in sine αλλοτριαις. Σεαυτον άγνον τηρει. 23 Μηκετι with others. Thyself pure do thou keep. Nolonger ύδυοποτει, αλλ' οινφ ολιγφ χρω be thou a water-drinker, but wine alittle do thou use on acccount of τον στομαχον  $*[\sigma o v]$  και τας πυκνας σου the stomach [of thee] and the frequent of thee  $a\sigma\theta$ ενειας.  $^{24}$  Τινων ανθρωπων αἱ ἁμαρτιαι weaknesses. Ofsome men the sins προδηλοι εισι, προαγουσαι εις κρισινο τισι δε previously manifest are, beforeleading to judgment; in some but και επακυλουθουσιν. 25 'Ωσαυτως και τα καλα indeed they follow after. In like manner also the good εργα προδηλα εστι και τα αλλως εχοντα, works previously manifest are; and the things otherwise κρυβηναι ου δυναται. to be hidden not are able.

# КЕФ. s'. 6.

1 'Οσοι εισιν ύπο ζυγον δουλοι, τους ιδιους Απαιμας αγοκε slaves, the own δεσποτας πασης τιμης αξιους ἡγεισθωσαν, ίνα masters of all honor worthy let them esteem, that μη το ονομα του θεου και ἡ διδασκαλια βλασποτ the name of the God and the teaching may be φημηται. 2 Οίδε πιστους εχοντες δεσποτας, τeviled. Those and believing having masters, μη καταφρονειτωσαν, ότι αδελφοι εισιν αλλα not let them disregard, because brethren they are; but μαλλον δουλευετωσαν, ότι πιστοι εισι και rather let them serve, because believing ones they are and αγαπητοι οί της ευεργεσιας αντιλαμβανομενοι. beloved ones who of the well-doing are recipients. Ταυτα διδασκε, και παρακαλει. 3 Ει τις These things do thou teach, and do thou exhort. If any one

έτεροδιδασκαλει, και μη προσερχεται ύγιαιteach differently, and not assents to being 19 Against an Elder receive not an Accusation. in any case, without Two or Three Witnesses.

20 \* But those who sin reprove before all, so that the REST also may

fear.

21 ‡ I solemnly enjoin thee in the presence of God and of \* Christ Jesus, and of the CHOSEN Messengers, that thou keep These things without prejudice, doing Nothing by Partiality.

22 ‡ Lay Hands hastily on no one, ‡ and be not a partaker in Others' Sins:

keep Thyself pure.

23 (Be no longer a Water-drinker, but use a little Wine on account of thy STOMACH, and thy FREQUENT Weaknesses.)

24 ‡The SINS of some Men are previously manifest, leading on to Judgment; but in some, indeed, they follow after.

25 \* And so good deeds also are previously manifest, and those which are otherwise cannot be concealed.

#### CHAPTER VI.

1 Let as many ‡ Bondservants as are under a Yoke, esteem their own Masters as worthy of All Honor; ‡ that the NAME of God and the TEACHING may not be reviled.

2 And let not those having Believing Masters disregard them, ‡ Because they are Brethren; but rather serve, Because they are Believers and Beloved, who are recipients of the benefit. ‡ These things teach and exhort.

3 If any one t teach differently, and assent not to

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIFT.—20. But THOSE. 21. Lord—omit. 21. Christ Jesus. 23. of thee—omit. 25. And so good deeds also.

νουσ: λογοις τοις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου sound in words in those of the Lord of us Jesus Χριστου, και τη κατ' ευσεβιαν διδασκαλια. and to that according to piety teaching: 4 τετυφωται, μηδεν επισταμενος, αλλα νοσων he is puffed up, nothing being versed in, but being sick περι ζητησεις και λογομαχίας, εξ ων γινεται about questions and strifes of words, out of which arises φθονος, ερις, βλασφημιαι, ύπονοιαι πονηραι, strife, evil-speakings, suspicions 5 διαπαρατριβαι διεφθαρμενών ανθρωπών τον wranglings having been corrupted of men the νουν, και απεστερημενων της αληθειας, νομιζονy - supposmind, and having been devoid of the truth, των πορισμον ειναι την ευσεβειαν. ing gain to be the piety. [Withdraw € Εστι δε \* >pισμος τασο απο των τοιουτων.] It is but thyself from of the such ones.] gain μεγας ή ευσεβεια μετα αυταρκειας. i Ouder Nothing γαρ εισηνεγκαμεν εις τον κοσμον \*[δηλον,] world; for we brought into the [evident] 8 Εχοντες δε δτι ουδε εξενεγκειν τι δυναμεθα. Having that neither to carrry outanything are we able. and διατροφας και σκεπασματα, τουτοις αμκεσθηand coverings, with these things we shall be 9 Οί δε βουλομενοι πλουτειν, εμπιπσομεθα. Those but to be rich, satisfied. wishing τουσιν εις πειρασμον και παγιδα, και επιθυμιας into a temptation and a snare, and desires πολλας ανογτους και βλαβερας, αίτινες βυθιζουσι του ανθρωπους εις ολεθρού και απωλειαν. the men into destruction and rain. 10 'Ριζα γαρ παυτων των κακων εστιν ή φιλαρ-Arout for of all of the evils is the γυρια: ής τινες ορεγομενοι απεπλανηθησαν απο money; which some longing after wandered της πιστεως, και έαυτους περιεπειραν οδυναις the faith, and themselves pierced around with sorrows 11  $\sum_{\nu} \delta \epsilon$ ,  $\omega$   $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi \epsilon * [\tau \sigma \sigma] \beta \epsilon \sigma \sigma$ , πολλαις. Thou but, O man [of the] God, many. ταυτα φευγε διωκε δε δικαιοσυνην, ευσεthese things fee, pursue thou and righteousness, piety, βειαν, πιστιν, αγαπην, ύπομονην, πραστητα· patience, meekness; faith, love, 12 αγωνιζου τον καλον αγωνα της πιστεως, επιcontest thou the good contest of the faith, dothou εκληθης, λαβου της αιωνιου ζωης, εις ήν for which thou wast called out, lay hold of the age-lasting life, και ωμολογησας την καλην δμολογιαν ενωπιον and thou didst confess the good confession in presence 13 Παραγγελλω σοι ενωπολλων μαρτυρων. of many witnesses. I charge thee πιον του θεου, του ζωοποιουντος τα παντα,

presence of the God, of that

THOSE Sound Words of our LORD Jesus Christ, and to that TEACHING which is according to Piety,

4 he is puffed up, being master of Nothing, but is distracted about t Questions and Verbal contentions, out of which arise Envy, Strife, Revilings, evil Suspicions,

5 Wranglings of Men corrupted in MIND, and destitute of the TRUTH, supposing PIETY to be

GAIN.

6 But TPIETY with a Competency is great Gain.
7 For we brought Nothing into the world, and it is evident that we are not able to carry anything out;

3 and Thaving supplies of Food and Clothing, with These let us be satisfied.

9 But \$\pmoleon those wishing to be rich fall into a Temptation, and a Snare, and into many foolish and injurious Desires, which sink Men into Destruction and utter Ruin;

10 ffor a Root of All kinds of Evil is the LOVE OF MONEY; which some longing after, wandered from the FAITH, and pierced Themselves around with many Sorrows.

11 ‡ But thou, O Man of God! fleefrom these things, and pursue Righteousness, Piety, Faith, Patience, Love, Meekness.

12 ‡ Maintain the GOOD Contest of the FAITH; † lay hold of AIONIAN Life, for which thou wast called out, and didst confess the GOOD Confession in the presence of Many Witnesses.

13 I charge thee in the presence of THAT GOD who ; makes alive ALL things,

\* ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—5. From such withdraw thyself—omit. 7. evident -omit. 11. of the—omit.

making alive the things

<sup>1 4 1</sup> Tim.i. 4; 2 Tim. ii. 23; Titus iii. 9.

Psa. xxxvii. 16; Prov. xv. 10.

1 8. Heb. xiii. 5.

1 9. Prov. xv. 27; Matt. xiii. 22;

1 2 Tim. ii. 22,

1 12 Tim. ii. 12; 14; verse 19.

1 3. John v. 24

και Χριστου Ιησου, του μαρτυρησαντος επι and Anointed Jesus, of that one testifying before 34 TT-Ποντιου Πιλατου την καλην δμολογια» Pilate the good confession, ρησαι σε την εντολην ασπιλον, ανεπιληπτον, keep thee the commandment spotless, blameless, μεχρι της επιφανειας του κυριου ήμων Ιησου till the appearance of the Lord of us Jesus 15 ήν καιροις ιδιοις δειξει ό μακαριος Χριστου, 15 ην καιροις totols verges of blessed Anointed, which in seasons own he will show the blessed και μονος δυναστης, δ βασιλευς των βασιλευand only Potentate, the king of those being οντων και κυριος των κυριευοντων, 16 δ μονος kings and Lord of those being lords, the only Lord of those being lords, εχων αθανασιαν, φως οικων απροσιτον, δυ ειδεν one having deathlessness, light dwelling in inaccessible, whom saw ουδεις ανθρωπων, ουδε ιδειν δυναται ή τιμη of men, is able; to whom honor No one nor to see και κρατος αιωνιον· αμην.
and might age-lasting; so be it.

Το Tois πλουσιοίς εν τω νυν αίωνι, παραγτοτικός πεί οπει in the present age, do thon γελλε μη ψηλοφρονειν, μηδε ηλπικεναί επι charge not to be high-minded, nor to have confidence in πλουτου αδηλοτητι, αλλ' εν τω θεω  ${}^*$ [τω wealth uncertain, but in the God [the [ωντι,] τω παρεχοντι ήμιν παντα πλουσιως εις απολαυσιν  ${}^{18}$  αγαθοεργειν, πλουτειν εν εργοις enjoyment; to work good, to be rich in works καλοις, ευμεταδοτους ειναι, κοινωνικους,  ${}^{19}$  αποσοσο, liberal ones to be, communicative ones, treasθησαυριζοντας έαυτοις θεμελιον καλον εις το uring up  ${}^{1}$  for themselves a foundation good for the μελλον, iνα επιλαβωνται της οντως [ωης.

<sup>20</sup> Ω Τιμοθεε, την παραθηκην φυλαξον, εκο Timothy, the trust guard thou, avoidτρεπομενος τας βεβηλους κενοφωνίας και αντιing the profane empty sounds and oppogeσεις της ψευδωνυμου γνωσεως. <sup>21</sup> ήν τινες
nitions of the falsely-named knowledge; which some
επαγγελλομενοι, περι την πιστιν ηστοχησαν.
having professed, conserving the faith missed the mark

'H xapis µετα σου.
The favor with thee.

and THAT Christ Jesus. twho TESTIFIED to Pontius Pilate the GOOD Confession:

14 that thou keep the COMMANDMENT, being spotless, blameless, ‡ till the APPEARANCE of our LORD Jesus Christ;

15 which in his own Season THAT BLESSED and only Potentate will exhibit,—‡ the King of Kings, and Lord of Lords.—

16 the only one rossessing Immortality, inhabiting Light inaccessible; twhom no one of Men has seen, nor is able to see; to whom be Honor and Mightaionian. Amen.

17 Charge THOSE RICH in the PRESENT Age not to be high-minded, nor t to confide in Wealth tso uncertain, but in THAT GOD two INPARTS to US ALL things richly for Enjoyment:—

18 to do good, to be rich in good Works, to be liberal, willing to bestow;

19 treasuring up for themselvesagoodFoundation for the FUTURE, that they may lay hold of that which is REALLY Life.

20 O Timothy! †guard THAT INTRUSTED to thee, † turning away from the PROFANE, Empty Sounds, and Contradictions of that FALSELY-NAMED KNOW-LEDGE,

21 which some, having professed, terred concerning the FAITH. FAVOR be with \* thee.

21. you.

Subscription

<sup>\*</sup> Alexandrian Manuscript.—17. the living—omit.
—The First to Timothy—Written from Laddicea.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Matt. xxvii. 11; John xviii. 37.

† 15. Rev. xvii. 24; xix. 16.

† 16. 1 Tim. i. 17.

† 16. Exod. xxxiii. 20; John vi. 46.

† 17. Joh xxxi. 28; Psg. lii. 7; lxii. 10; Mark x. 24; Lufte xii. 21.

† 17. Acts xiv. 17; xvii. 25.

† 18. Luke xii. 21; James ii. 5.

† 19. Matt. vi. 20; Xix. 22; Luke xii. 35; xvi. 9.

† 20. 2 Tim. 14; Titus i. 9; Rev. iii. 5.

† 20. 1 Tim. 14. 6; iv. 7; 2 Tim. ii. 14, 10, 22; Thusl. 14; iii. 9.

† 21. 1 Tim. i. 6; 2 Tim. ii. 18.

# [ΠΑΥΛΟΥ] ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΜΟΘΕΟΝ [ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] ΔΕΥΥΈΡΑ. OF PAUL [AN EPISTLE]

# SECOND TO TIMOTHY.

# КЕФ. а'. 1.

Ι Παυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου δια an apostle of Jesus Anointed through θεληματος θεου, κατ' επαγγελιαν (ωης της εν will of God according to a promise c. life of that by Χριστφ Ιησοι, <sup>2</sup> Τιμοθεφ αγαπητφ τεκνφ χα-Anomied Jesus, to Timothy beloved a child, fac. hife of that by ρις, ελεος, ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος, και Χριστου vor mercy, prace from God afather, and Anointed Ιησου του κυριου ήμων. Jesus the Lord o: us.

3 Χαριν εχω τφ θεψ, ψ λατρευω απο προ-Grantude I have to the God to whom I offer homage from anγονων εν καθαρα συνειδησει, ώς αδιαλειπτον cestors with pure conscience, εχω την περι σου μνειαν εν ταις δεησεσι μου I have the concerning thee remembrance in the prayers of me νυκτος και ήμερας, 4 επιποθων σε ιδειν, μεμνηlonging thee to see, night and day rememveries our two dakperwe, iva xapas nanpwow owner of these the tears, so that juy i may be filled with. δ ύπομνησιν λαμβανών της εν σοι ανυποκριτου taking of the in thee unfeigned a remembrance TIGTEWS, TIS EVOKTOE TOWTOV EV TH μαμμη dwest first in the granumother which σου Λωιδι, και τη μητρι σου Ευνικη, πεπεισμαι of thee Lois. and in the mother of thee Eunire, I have confidence Se, St. Kal ev Tol. Oh' hv altiav 6 Δι' ην αιτιαν αναμιμenorm of analymptiv to cupiona tou deou,  $\delta$  thee to bindle up the frequity of the God, which ESTIP EN GOL SIA THE ETIBEGEWS TWY XELPWY s in thee through the putting on of the μον 7 ου γαρ εδωκεν ήμιν δ θεος πνευμα δειof me. not for gave to us the God a spirit λιας, αλλα δυναμεως και αγαπης και σωφρονισand oflove rimidity, but of power and 8 Μη ουν επαισχυνθης το μαρτυριον wou. Not therefore thou may est be ashaused of the testimony mand του κυριου ήμων, μηδε εμε τον δεσμιον αντου. por me the ofthe Lord ofus, prisoner of him; αλλα συγκακοπαθησον τφ ευαγγελιφ κατα but participate in suffering evils for the glad tidings according to δυναμιν θεου, 9 του σωσαντος ήμας και καλεπαντας κλησει άγια, ου κατα τα εργα ήμων, of us, called with a calling holy, not according to the works

#### CHAPTER 1

1 Paul, ‡ an Apostle of Jesus Christ, by the Will of God, on account of the Promise of THAT Life which is by Christ Jesus, 2 to Timothy, a Be-

loved Child; Favor, Mercy, Peace, from God the Father, and from Christ Je-

sus our LORD.

3 1 am thankful to Gop. (I whom from my Ancestors I religiously serve with a Pure Conscience,) as I have an unceasing REMEMBRANCE of thee in my PRAYERS, Night and Day;

4 1 longing to see Thee, (being mindful of Thy TEARS,) so that I may be

filled with Joy;

5 having a Recollection also of the UNFEIGNED batth which is in thee, which first dwelt in thy GRANDMOTHER Lois, and in thy MOTHER Lunice, and I am persuaded that it dwells also in thee.

6 For this reason I remind thee t to kindle up the FREE GIFT of \* GOD, which is in thee, through the imposition of my

HANDS.

7 For I God did not give to us a Cowardly Spirit, but one of Power, and of Love, and of a Sound mind.

8 Therefore 1 be not ashamed of the TESTIme this PRISONER; but jointly suffer evil for the GLAD TIDINGS, according to the Power of THAT God,

9 I who SAVED us, and t called us with a holy Invitation, ‡ not according to our works, but according

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-THE SECOND TO TIMOTHY. 6. the ANOINTED.

<sup>1 1. 2</sup> Cor. i. 1.

1 3. Acts xxii. 3; xxiii. 1; xxiv. 14; xxvii. 23; Rom. i. 9; Gal. i. 14.

1 5. 1 Tim. i. 5.

1 5. Acts xxii. 1; 15. 1 Tim. ii. 6; Rev. i. 2.

1 8. Rom. i. 16.

1 8. 1 Tim. ii. 6; Rev. i. 2.

1 8. Eph. iii. 1; Phil. i. 7.

1 Tim. i. 1; Titus iii. 4.

ιδιαν προθεσιν και χαριν την own purpose and favor that αλλα κατ' but according to own δοθεισαν ήμιν εν Χριστφ Ιησου προ χρουων having been given to us in Anointed Jesus before times αιωνιων, 10 φανερωθεισαν δε νυν δια της επιave-lasting, having been manifested but now through the φανειας του σωτηρος ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, pearance of the savior of us Jesus Anointed, καταργησαντος μεν τον θανατον, φωτισαντος irving rendered powerlass indeed the death, having illuminated ε ε ζωην και αφθαρσιαν δια του ευαγγελιου, and incc publity by means of the glad cidings,

In the and the product of heads of the state  $\pi$  and the product of the state  $\pi$  and the product of the state  $\pi$  and  $\pi$  an γαρ ι πεπιστευκα, και πεπεισμαι, ότι δυναfor in whom I have be wed, and I have confided in, because powerτος εστι την παμαθηκην μου φυλαξαι εις εκεινην of me to guard to ful he is the trust την ημεραν.

the day.

13 Υποτυπωσιν εχε ύγιαινοντων λογων, words, of which An outline held thou of sound

παρ' εμου ηκουσας, εν πιστει και αγαπη τη εν from me thou didst hear, in faith and love in that in Χριστω Ιησου. 14 την καλην παραθηκην φυλαtrust the good Anointed Jesus; δια πνευματος άγιου, του ενοικουντος εν holy, of that dwelling guard through spirit

กนเข.

118. 15 Οιδας τουτο, δτι απεστραφησαν με παντες all me turned away Thou knowest this, that οί εν τη Ασια, ών εστι Φυγελλος και Έρμοthose in the Asia, of whom is Phygellus Hermo. and νενης. 16 Λωη ελεος δ κυριος τφ Ονηπιφορου May grant mercy the Lord to the of Onesiphorus οικφ. ότι πολλακις με ανεψυξε, και την άλυσιν house; because often me herefreshed, and the μου ουκ επησχυνθη, 17 αλλα γενομενος εν o/me not he was ashamed, but having been in Pωμη, σπουδαιοτερον εξητησε με, και εύρε Rome, very diligently be sought me, and found, 18 (δωη αυτφ δ κυριος εύρειν ελεος παρα κυριου may grant to him the Lord to find mercy from Edeow εν εκεινη τη ήμερα.) και  $\epsilon \nu$ δσα and what things in Ephesus in that the day;) διηκονησε, βελτιον συ γινωσκεις. Luowest. very well thou he served,

to his Own Purpose, and THAT FAVOR which was BESTOWED on us in Christ Jesus, I before the aionian Times:

10 but tis now manfested through the ARPEAR-ANCE Of our SAVIOR \* Christ Jesus, twho has indeed rendered DEATH powerless, and who has il-lustrated Life and Incorruptibility by the GLAD TIDINGS:

11 # for which I was appointed a Herald, and an Apostle, and a Teacher of

Nations;

12 I for Which Cause I also suffer These things; but I am not ashamed; and I know in whom I have believed and have confided, For he is able to guard my ENTRUSTED CHARGE till That DAY.

13 Retain ‡ an Outlin of Wholesome Words, which thou didst near from me, in THAT Faith and Love which are in Christ Jesus.

14 1 Guard the GOOD Entrusted charge, through THAT holy Spirit which DWELLS in us.

15 Thou knowest this, That All THOSE in ASIA turned away from me; of whom are Phygellus and Hermogenes.

16 May the LORD grant Mercy to the FAMILY of ONLSIPHORUS, --- Because he ofte refreshed Me, and t was not ashamed of my CHAIN;

17 but being in Rome he searched for me very diligently, and found me.

18 (May the Lord grant to him I to find Mercy from the Lord in That DAY!) id how many things he rved me in Ephesus, thou knowest very well.

<sup>·</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. Christ Jesus.

<sup>11.</sup> of nations-omit.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Rom. xvi. 25; Eph. i. 4; iii. 11; Titus i. 2; 1 Pet. i. 20. † 10. Rom. xvi. 26; Eph. ii. 9. † 10. 1 Cor. xv. 54, 55; Heb ii. 14. † 11. Acts ix. 15; Eph. iii. 7, 8; 1 Tim. ii. 7. † 13. Rom. vi. 17. † 14. 1 Tim. vi. 20. † 13. Tim. iv. 19. † 16. 2 Tim. iv. 19. † 16. Acts xxviii. 20; Eph. vi. 20. † 3. Matt. xxv. 34—40.

# КЕФ. В'. 2.

ενδυναμου εν τη 1 Συ ουν, τεκνον μου, in the Thou therefore, child of me, bestrong χαριτι τη εν Χριστφ Ιησου· 2 και ά nkovfavor in that in Anointed Jesus: and the things thou didst σας παρ' εμου δια πολλων μαρτυρων, ταυτα hear from me through many witnesses, these things παραθου πιστοις ανθρωποις, οίτινες ίκανοι εσονentrust thou to faithful men, who competent shall 3 Συ ουν κακοπαθηται και έτερους διδαξαι. Thou therefore be also others' to teach. endure evil σον ως καλος στρατιωτης Ιησου Χριστου. a soldier of Jeaus Anointed.

good 4 Ουδεις στρατευομενος εμπλεκεται ταις του No one serving as a soldier involves himself with the of the βιου πραγματειαις, ίνα τφ στρατολογησαντι

so that the one having enlisted occupations, αρεση. <sup>5</sup> Εαν δε \*[και] αθληTIS, OU OTEhe may please. If but [also] may contend any one, not φανουται, εαν μη νομιμως αθληση. 6 Тор коif not lawfully he may have contended. The toil-

πιωντα γεωργον δει πρωτον των καρπων μεταhusbandmanitbehoves first of the fruits to par-

λαμβανειν. 7 NOEL. ά δωη γαρ λεγω° Consider thou, the things I say; may give for σοι δ κυριος συνεσιν εν πασι. 8 Μινημονευε Ιη-

to thee the Lord understanding in all things. Do thou remember Jeσουν Χριστον εγηγερμενον εκ νεκρων, εκ Anointed having been raised out of dead ones, from σπερματος Δαυίδ, κατα το ευαγγελιον μου·
seed of David, according to the glad tidings of me;

9 εν ψ κακοπαθω μεχρι δεσμω, ως κακουργος. in which I suffer evil even to chains, 8.8 all '  $\delta$  loyos tov  $\theta \epsilon$  ov ov  $\delta \epsilon \delta \epsilon$  tal.  $^{10}$   $\Delta \iota a$  but the word of the God not is chained. On account of

τουτο παντα ύπομενω δια τους εκλεκτους, all things I undergo on account of the

να και αυτοι σωτηρίας τυχωσι της εν Χριστω salvation may obtain of that in Anointed

Ιησου, μετα δοξης αιωνιου. 11 Πιστος δ λογος. with glory age-lasting. True the word; ει γαρ συναπεθανομεν, και συ(ησομεν· 12 ει

we died with, ύπομενομεν, και συμβασιλευσομεν ει αρνουwe endure patiently, also we shall reign with; if

for

# CHAPTER II.

1 Thou, therefore, my Child, te Strong in THAT FAVOR which is in Christ Jesus.

2 1 And the things which thou didst hear from me through Many Witnesses. These tentrust to Faithful Men, who will be t competent also to instruct others.

3 Do thou, therefore, \*endure with me hardship, ‡ as a Good Soldier of

Christ Jesus.

4 1 No one serving as a soldier embarresses himself with the OCCUPA-TIONS of LIFE, in order that he may please HIM who ENCISTED him.

5 And if any one contend in the games, he is not crowned, unless he

contend lawfully.

6 The TOILING HUS-BANDMAN ought first to partake of the FRUITS.

7 Think of what I say; \*for the LORD will give thee Understanding in all things.

Remember Jesus Christ of the ‡ Seed of David, Thas been raised from the Dead, according to my GLAD TIDINGS;

9 in which I endure hardship, ‡ even to Chains, as a Malefactor; ‡ but the word of God is not

chained.

10 Therefore # I undergo All things on account of the CHOSEN people, so that then also may obtain THAT Salvation which is in Christ Jesus with Glory aionian.

11 True is the WORD; ! For if we died with him, we shall also live with

him; 12 tif we endure pawe with him, if we disown

also we shall live with;

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—3. endure with me hardship, as a Good Soldier of Christ us. 5, also—omit. 7. for the Lord will give thee.

<sup>† 2. 2</sup> Tim. i. 13; iii. 10, 14. † 2. 1 Tim. i. 18. † 2 † 3. 1 Tim. i. 18. † 4. 1 Cor. ix. 25. † 6. 1 Cor. ix. 10. Acts ii. 30; xiii. 23. † 8. 1 Cor. xv. 1, 4, 20. † 9. Acts xxviii. 31; Eph. vi. 10, 20; Phil. i. 13, 14. † 13. 11. 2 Cor. iv. 8. † 12. Rom. viii. 17; 1 Pet. iv. 13. 

 $\mu$ εθα, κακεινος αρνησεται ήμας.  $^{13}$ ει απιστου- him, he also will disown faithless, also he will deny us; if deny, μεν, εκεινος πιστος μενει αρνησασθαι έαυτον himself faithful remains; to denv ου δυναται.

not he is able. 14 Ταυτα ύπομιμνησκε, διαμαρτυρομενος ενω-These things do thou put in mind, earnestly testifying in presπιον του κυριου, μη λογομαχειν, εις ουδεν not to dispute about words, for nothing of the Lord, χρησιμον, επι καταστροπη των ακουοντων. useful. to a subversion ofthose 15 Σπουδασον σεαυτον δοκιμον παραστησαι τφ to present to the Be thou diligent thyself approved DEW.  $\epsilon \rho \gamma \alpha \tau \eta \nu$ ανεπαισχυντον, ορθοτομουντα God, aworkman unashamed, cutting straight τον λογον της αληθειας. 16 Tas δε βεβηλους The but word of the profane truth. κενοφωνιας περιιστασο· επι πλειον γαρ προκοempty sounds do thou avoid; to more for they will ψουσιν ασεβειας, 17 και δ λογος αυτων ώς γαγand the word of them as a morγραινα νομην έξει ών εστιν Υμεναιος και to ying sore pasture will have; of whom is Hymeneus and Φιλητος, 18 οίτινες περι την αληθειαν ηστοwho concerning the truth missed χησαν, λεγοντες την αναστασιν ηδη γεγονε-the mark, saying the resurrection already to have hapthe resurrection already to have hap-19 0 Ααι, και ανατρεπουσι την τινων πιστιν. the of some faith. rened, and overturn ιεντοι στερεος θεμελιος του θεου έστηκεν, firm foundation of the God stands. εγων την σφραγιδα ταυτην. Εγνω κυριος τους having the seal this; Knew Lord the οντας αύτου και Αποστητω απο αδικιας πας from injustice every one being of himself; and; Let depart 20 Εν μεγαλη δε δ ονομα (ων το ονομα κυριου. who is naming the name of Lord. great οικια ουκ εστι μονον σκευη χρυσα και αργυρα, ahouse not is only vessels golden andmade of silver, αλλα και ξυλινα και οστρακινα και ά μεν εις but also wooden and earthen; and some indeed for τιμην, ά δε εις ατιμιαν. <sup>21</sup> Εαν ουν τις εκκα-

έαυτον απο τουτων, εσται σκευος εις well cleanse himself from these, he will be a vessel

us;

13 tif we are faithless, he remains faithful; \* for the cannot deny Himself.

14 Remind them of These things, ‡ solemnly charging them in the presence of the LORD, I not to contend about words for Nothing Useful, to the Subversion of the HEAR-

15 Be diligent to present Thyself to \* Gop, an approved Workman, irre-proachable, rightly treating the WORD of TRUTH.

16 ‡ But PROFANE, Empty Declamations resist; for they will further promote Impiety;

17 and the WORD of those [men] will eat like a Mortifying sore; of whom are ! Hymenius and Phile-

tus; who ! missed the mark with respect to the TRUTH, I saying that the RESURRECTION has already happened; and they are perverting the FAITH of SOME.

19 However, the FIRM Foundation of God stands, having this † INSCRIPTION, "The Lord Tknows THOSE who ARE his;" and, "Let EVERY ONE Who NAMES the NAME of the Lord depart from Iniquity."

20 But in a Great House there are not only golden and silver Vessels, but also wooden and earthen ones: t some for Honor, and some for Dishonor.

21 If, then, any one entirely purify himself from these things, he will be a

honor, some and for dishonor.

If therefore any one should

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. for he cannot.

<sup>15.</sup> the Anointed one.

<sup>† 19.</sup> Literally, a Seal, on which inscriptions were frequently engraved. Doddridge remarks, "The expression is here used with poculiar propriety, in allusion to the custom of engraving upon some stones laid in the foundations of buildings the names of the persons by whom, and the purposes for which, the structure is raised: and nothing can have a greater tendency to encourage the hope, and at the same time to engage the obedience of Christians, than this double inscription.

<sup>9. † 14. 1</sup> Tim. v. 21; vi. 13; 2 Tim. † 16. 1 Tim. iv. 7; vi. 20; Titus i. 14, † 18. 1 Cor. xv. 12. † 19. John x † 13. Rom. iii. 3; ix. 6. iv. 1. † 14. 1 Tim. i. 4; vi. 4; Titus iii. 9, 11. † 17. 1 Tim. i. 20. † 18. 1 Tim. vi. 21. † 20. Rom. ix. 21.

τιμην, ήγιασμενον, \*[και] ευχρηστον τω δεσ-honor, having been cleaused, [and] of good use to the masποτη, εις παν εργον αγαθον ήτοιμασμενον. 22 Tas δε νεωτερικας επιθυμιας φευγε· διωκε δε desires flee thou; pursue thou but The now youthful δικαιοσυνην, πιστιν, αγαπην, ειρηνην μετα των love, peace with those righteousness, faith, επικαλουμενων τον κυριον εν καθαρας καρδιας. calling on the Lord out of pure a heart. 23 Τας δε μωρας και απαιδευτους ζητησεις πα-The but foolish and uninstructive questions ραιτου, ειδως, δτι γεννωσι μαχας· 24 δουλον δε thou avoid, knowing, that they beget contests; a bondman but κυριου ου δει μαχεσθαι, αλλ' ηπιον ειναι προς of Lord notithehoves to quarrel, but gentle to be to of Lord notithehoves to quarter,
παντας, διδακτικον, ανεξικακον, <sup>25</sup> εν πραοτητι
παντας, διδακτικον, ανεξικακον, in meekness παιδευοντα τους αντιδιατιθεμενους μηποτε δφ admonishing those being opposed; perhaps may give autois  $\delta$   $\theta \epsilon os$   $\mu \epsilon \tau a \nu o i a \nu \epsilon i s$   $\epsilon \pi i \gamma \nu \omega \sigma i \nu$   $a \lambda \eta \theta \epsilon i a s$ , to them the God a change of mind to a knowledge of truth, 26 και ανανηψωτιν εκ της του διαβολου παγιand they may be recovered from the of the accuser δος ε(ωγρημενοι ύπ' αυτου εις το εκεινου θεhaving been taken alive by him for the ofhim λημα.

# КЕФ. γ'. 3.

1 Τουτο δε γινωσκε, ότι εν εσχαταις ήμεραις
This but know thou, that in latter days days <sup>2</sup> Εσονται γαρ οί ενστησονται καιροι χαλεποι. Willbe for the will be present seasons trying. ανθρωποι φιλαυτοι, φιλαργυροι, ala(oves, self-lovers, money-lovers, boasters, ύπερηφανοι, βλασφημοι, γονευσιν aneideis, revilers, to parents disobedient haughty ones, 3 αστοργαι, αχαριστοι, ανοσιοι, <sup>3</sup>αστοργοι, ασπονδοι unthankful ones, unboly ones, void of natural affection, implacable, ασπονδοι, διαβολοι, ακρατεις, ανημεροι, αφιλαγαθοι, accusers, without self-control, fierce ones, without love to good men. \* προδοται, προπετεις, τετυφωμενοι, φιληδονοι betrayers, rash ones, having been puffed up, pleasure-lovers μαλλον η φιλοθεοι. δ εχοντες μορφωσιν ευσεrather than God-livers; having a form β:ιας, την δε δυναμιν αυτης ηρνημενοι. Kai piety, the but power of her having devied. 6 Εκ τουτων γαρ εισιν οί τουτους αποτρέπου. turn away from. Out of these for are those ενδυνοντες εις τας οικιας και αιχμαλωτιζοντες entering into the houses and leading captive '

Vessel for Honor, sanctified, of good use to the MASTER, † prepared for Every good Work.

22 Now flee from YOUTHFUL DESIRES; but pursue Righteousness, Fidelity, Love, Peace, with \* All THOSE who ‡ INVOKE the LORD from a Pure Heart.

23 ‡ Reject also FOOL-ISH and uninstructive Questions, knowing That they produce Contentions;

24 and ‡ a Servant of the Lord must not be cententious, but be Gentle towards all, fit to teach, patient under evil:

25 tin meekness correcting the OPPOSERS; perhaps GOD may give them a change of mind in order \*to a Knowledge of the Truth;

26 and that they may be recovered from the snark of the ENEMY, who have been entrapped by him for his Pleasure.

# CHAPTER III.

l But \* know This, † That in latter Days trying Seasons will come;

2 for the MEN will be Self-lovers, Money-lovers, Boasters, Haughty, Blasphemers, Disobedient to Parents, Ungrateful, Unbolv.

holy, 3 Without natural affection, Implacable, Accusers, Without self-control, Ferocious Haters of good men,

4 Treacherous, Rash, Self-conceited, Lovers of pleasure rather than Lovers of God;

5 having a Form of Piety, \$\pmu\$ but having denied its POWER; \$\pmu\$ from These also turn away.

6 For tof these are those entering the houses, and leading cap.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.-21. and-omit. 2, know you This.

<sup>25.</sup> to come to a Knowledge.

<sup>† 21. 2</sup> Tim. iii. 17; Titus iii. 1. † 22. Acts ix. 14; 1 Cor. i. 2. † 23. Titus iii. 9. † 24. I Tim. iii. 2, 3. † 25. Gal. vl. 1; 1 Tim. vi. 11; 1 Pet. iii. 15. † 26. 1 Tim. iii. 7. † 1. 1 Tim. vl. 2; Tim. vl. 3; 2 Pet. iii. 3. † 5. 1 Tim. vl. 8; Titus i. 16. † 5. 2 Thess. iii. 6; 1 Tim. vl. 5: † 6. Matt. xxiii. 14; Titus i. 11.

γυναικαρια σεσωρευμενα άμαρτιαις, αγομενα with sins, little women having been laden being led away ποικιλαις, 7 παντοτε μανθανοντα,  $\epsilon \pi \iota \theta \nu \mu \iota \alpha \iota s$ by inordinate desires various, always και μηδεποτε εις επιγνωσιν αληθειας ελθειν inte aknowledge of truth to come never 8 Ον τροπον δε Ιαννης και Ιαμβρης δυναμενα. way but Jannes and Jambres are able. Which αντεστησαν Μωυσει, ούτω και ούτοι ανθισταν-Moses, so also these are opposed ται τη αληθεια, ανθρωποι κατεφθαρμενοι τον to the truth, men having corrupted 9 AAA? νουν, αδοκιμοι περι την  $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ . oυ mind, disapproved ones concerning the faith. But not ποοκοψουσιν επι πλειον ή γαρ ανοια αυτων εκmore; the for folly they shall proceed to of them very δηλος εσται πασιν, ώς και ή εκεινων εγενετο. plain shall be to all, as also that of those 10 Συ δε παρηκολουθηκας μου τη διδασκαλια, Thou but hast closely followed of me the τη αγωγη, τη προθεσει, τη πιστει, τη μακροθυ-the conduct, the purpose, the fidelity, the forbearμια, \*[τη αγαπη,] τη ὑπομονη, 11 τοις διωγance, [the love,] the patience, the perseperseμοι εγενετο εν μοις, τοιε παθημασιν, ρία cutions, the what things to me happened aufferings, Αντιοχεια, εν Ικονιώ, εν Λυστροις οίους διωγ-Antioch, in Iconium, in Lystra; what perse-

μους ύπηνεγκα, και εκ παντων με ερφυσατο δ and out of all me delivered the cutions I endured, 12 Και παντες δε οί θελοντες ευσεβως KUDIOS. Indeed all butthose wishing piously Lord. 13 Πονη-(ην εν Χριστφ Ιησου, διωχθησονται. to live in Anointed Jesus, will be persecuted. ροι δε ανθρωποι και γοητες προκοψουσιν επι το and jugglers will progress but men χειρον, πλανωντες και πλανωμενοι.  $^{14} \Sigma v \delta \epsilon$ being deceived. deceiving and . Thou but worse, HEVE EV OIS εμαθες και επιστωθης, ειδωs, abide in the things thou didst learn and wast convinced of, knowing,

παρα τινος εμαθες, 15 και ότι απο βρεφους from whom thou didat learn, and that from a babe τα ίερα γραμματα οιδας, τα δυναμενα σε σοφιthe holy writings thou knowest, those being able thee tomake σαι εις σωτηριαν, δια πιστεως της εν Χριστφ wise for salvation, through faith of that in Anointed

Ιησου. 16 Πασα γραφη θεοπνευστος και ωφελι-Jesus, All writing inspired of God and profit-

SUMPLE WOMEN, laden with Sins, being led away by various \* Inordinate desires,

7 always learning, and never able ‡ to come to a Knowledge of Truth.

8 Now in the manner that ‡Jannes and Jambres opposed Moses, so also are these opposed to the TRUTH; Men corrupted in MIND, disapproved concerning the FAITH.

9 But they shall not proceed further; for their \*roolishness shall be very plain to all, ‡as Theirs also became.

10 ‡ But thou hast closely followed my TEACH-ING, my CONDUCT, my INTENTION, my FIDELITY, my FORBEABANCE, my LOVE, my PATIENCE,

11 my PERSECUTIONS, my SUFFERINGS; What happened to me ‡in Antioch, ‡in Iconium, ‡in Lystra; What Persecutions I endured; and yet from all ‡the LORD delivered Me.

12 And indeed ‡ALL who WISH to live piously in Christ Jesus will be persecuted.

13 ‡ But Evil Men and Imposters will make progress for the worse, deceiving and being deceived.

14 But tdo thou continue in the things which thou didst learn, and wast convinced of, knowing by whom thou hast been instructed;

15 and That from a Child thou hast known those hold Scriptures, which are able to make Thee wise for Salvation, through that Faith which is in Christ Jesus.

16 ‡ All Scripture, divinely inspired, is indeed

9. UNDER-

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDBIAN MANUSCRIPT.—6. Inordinate desires and Pleasures. standing. 10. Love—omit.

<sup>† 7, 1</sup> Tim. ii. 4. † 8. Exod. vii. 11. † 9. Exod. vii. 12; viii. 18; ix. 11. † 10. Phil. ii. 22; 1 Tim. iv. 6. † 11. Acts xiii. 45, 50. † 11. Acts xiv. 2, 5. † 11. Acts xiv. 19. † 12. Acts xiv. 22; 13. 2 Thess. ii. 11; 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Tim. ii. 16. † 14. 2 Tim. i. 18; ii. 2. † 15. John v. 39. † 16. 2 Pet. i. 20, 24.

μος προς διδασκαλίαν, προς ελεγχον, προς able for teaching, for proof, for επανορθωσιν, προς παιδείαν την εν δικαιοσυνη correction, for training up that in righteousness; 17 (να αρτίος η δ του θεου ανθρωπος, προς παν so that complete may be the of the God man, for every εργον αγαθον εξηρτισμένος.

ωνικ good having been thoroughly fitted.

# ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4. <sup>1</sup> Διαμαρτυρομαι ενωπιον του θεου, και Ιησου

I solemnly charge in presence of the God, and Jesus Χριστου του μελλοντος κρινειν ζωντας και Anointed of that one being about to judge living ones and νεκρους, και την επιφανείαν αύτου και την dead ones, and the appearing of himself and the βασιλειαν αύτου 2 κηρυξον τον λογον, επιστηθι kingdom of himself; publish thou the word, be thou urgent analows,  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \xi o \nu$ ,  $\epsilon \pi \iota \tau \iota \mu \eta \sigma o \nu$ , unseasonably, confute thou, rebuke thou, ensonably unseasonably, παρακαλεσον εν παση μακροθυμια και διδαχη. exhort thou with all long-suffering and teaching. 3 Εσται γαρ καιρος, ότε της ύγιαινουσης διδασ-Will be for a season, when of the wholesome καλιας ουκ ανεξονται, αλλα κατα τας ιδιας not they will endure, but according to the own επιθυμιας έαυτοις επισωρευσουσι διδασκαλους, desires of themselves they will heap up teachers, κυηθομενοι την ακοην. 4 και απο μεν της αληtickling the ear; and from indeed of the truth θειας την ακοην αποστρεψουσιν, επι δε τους
the hearing they will turn away, to but the μυθους εκτραπησονται. <sup>5</sup> Συ δε νηφε εν παfables they will be turned aside. Thou but be sober in all σι, κακοπαθησον, εργον ποιητον ευαγγελισthings, suffer thou evil, work do thou of a Droclaimer of glad του, την διακονιαν σου πληροφορησον. tidings, the service of thee do thou fully perform.
γαρ ηδη σπενδομαι, και δ καιρος το γαρ ηδη σπενδομαι, και δ καιρος της εμης for already ambeing poured out, and the season of the of my αναλυσεως εφεστηκε τον αγωνα τον καλον has come near; the contest the ηγωνισμαι, τον δρομον τετελεκα, την πιστιν I have contested, the race I have finished, the faith τετηρηκα· 8 λοιπον αποκειται μοι δ της δικαιο-I have guarded; remaining is laid up for me the of the righteousσυνης στεφανος, όν αποδωσει μοι δ κυριος εν which will give to me the Lord crown, εκεινη τη ήμερα, δ δικαιος κριτης, ου μονον δε that the day, the righteous judge, not only but εμοι, αλλα και πασι τοις ηγαπηκοσι την επιbut also to all to those having loved the φανειαν αυτου. of him. pearance

profitable for Teaching, for Conviction, for Correction, for THAT Discipline which is in Righteousness:

17 so that the MAN of God may be complete, thoroughly fitted for Ev-

ery good Work.

### CHAPTER IV.

1 I adjure thee before THAT GOD and \* Christ Jesus 2 who is ABOUT to judge the Living and the Dead, and by his APPEAR-ING and by his KINGDOM,

2 proclaim the WORD, be urgent seasonably, unseasonably, confute, rebuke, exhort, with All Long-suffering and Teach-

ng.

3 ‡ For there will be a Time when they will not endure WHOLESOME Instruction, but will accumulate Teachers for Themselves, according to their own Inordinate desires, tickling their EAR,

4 and they will indeed turn away from the HEAR-ING of the TRUTH, and ‡be turned aside to FABLES.

5 But be thou sober in all things; ‡ suffer \* bad treatment; perform ‡ an Evangelist's Work; fully accomplish thy service.

6 For ‡ I am already being poured out, and the TIME of \*my DISSOLUTION

has come near.

7 I have maintained \*the GOOD CONTEST. I have finished the RACE, I have guarded the FAITH;

8 it remains that there is laid up for me tthe CROWN of RIGHTEOUSNESS which the LORD, the RIGHTEOUS Judge, will give me tin That DAY, and not only to me, but also to All THOSE who have LOVED his APPEAR-ANCE.

<sup>•</sup> Alexandrian Manuscrift.—1. Christ Jesus.
6. my dissolution.
5. bad treatment, as a Good Soldier of Christ Jesus; perform.
7. the good Contest.

<sup>† 17. 2</sup> Tim. i. 21. † 1. Acts x. 42. † 3. 2 Tim. ii. 1. † 4. 1 Tim. i. 4; iv 7; Titus i. 14. † 5. 2 Tim. i. 8; ii. 3. † 5. Acts xxi. 8; Eph. iv. 11. † 6. Philit. 17. † 7. 1 Cor. ix. 24, 25; Phil. iii. 14. † 8. James i. 12; 1 Pet. v. 4; Rev. ii. 18.

 $^{9}$  Σπουδασον ελθειν προς με ταχεως.  $^{10}$  Δη-Earnestly endeavor to come to me soon. Deμας γαρ με εγκατελιπεν, αγαπησας τον νυν mas for me forsook, having loved the present αιωνα, και επορευθη εις Θεσσαλονικην Κρησage, and went to Thessalonica; κης εις Γαλατιαν, Τιτος εις Δαλματιαν. 11 Λουcens to Galatia, Titus to Dalmatia; κας εστι μονος μετ' εμου. Μαρκον αναλάβων Mark having taken up with me; αγε μετα σεαυτου' εστι γαρ μοι ευχρηστος do thoubring with thyself; he is for to me very useful 12 Τυχικον δε απεστειλα εις Εφε- $\epsilon$ is  $\delta$ iakoviav. Tychicus but I sent to Epheservice. The cloak, which lieft in Troas σov. παρα Καρπώ, ερχομένος φέρε, και τα βιβλία, with Carpus, coming bring thou, and the written rolls, μαλιστα τας μεμβρανας. <sup>14</sup> Αλεξανδρος ό χαλespecially the parchments. Alexander the copperκευς πολλα μοι κακα ενεδειξατο αποδωη αυτφ smith many to me evilthing openly showed; may give to him δ κυριος κατα τα εργα ... υτου 15 δν και συ the Lord according to the works of him; whom also nou φυλασσου, λιαν γαρ ανθεστηκε τοις ήμετεροις beware, greatly for he has opposed the our λογοις. 16 Εν τη πρωτη μου απολογια ουδεις In the Grst of me defence no one μοι συμπαρεγενετο, αλλα παντες με εγκατελιby me stood, but all me forsook.  $\pi \sigma \nu^*$  ( $\mu \eta$  autois  $\lambda \circ \gamma \circ \sigma \theta \in \eta^*$ ) 17  $\delta \delta \epsilon$  kupios  $\mu \omega$ (not to them may it be imputed,) the but Lord by in-

παρεστη, και ενεδυναμωσε με, ίνα δι' εμου το strengthened me, so that through me the κηρυγμα πληροφορηθη, και ακουση παντα  $\sim$  α proclamation might be fully established, and might hear all the εθνη και ερδυσθην εκ στολατος λεοντος. nations; and I was delivered out of mouth of a lion; 18 \* [και] δυσεται με δ κυριος απο παντος εργου

[and] will deliver me the Lord from every πονηρου, και σωσει εις την βασιλειαν αύτου and will save for the kingdom of himself την επουρανιον: ώ ή δοξα εις τους αιωνας των the heavenly; to whom the glory for the ages

αιωνων αμην. ages; so be it.

of Onestphorus house.

19 Ασπασαι Πρισκαν και Ακυλαν, και τον Prisca and Aquila, and the 20 Εραστος εμεινέν εν Κορ-Ονησιφορου οικον. Erastus remained in

9 Do thy best to come to me soon;

10 for Demas forsook Me, thaving loved the PRESENT Age, and went to Thessalonica, Crescens to Galatia, Titus to \* Dalma-

11 Luke alone is with me. Take up Mark, and bring him with thee; for he is very useful to Me for Service.

12 But I sent Tychicus

to Ephesus.

13 When thou comest, bring the †BAG which I left at Troas with Carpus; also the BOOKS, and especially the PARCHMENTS.

14 f Alexander the COP-PERSMITH, did many Evil things to Me; the Lord \* will reward him according to his works;

15 of whom do thou also beware, for he has very much opposed our

Words.

work

Cor- 1

16 In my FIRST Defence no one \* came to Me, but all forsook me; (\* may it not be imputed to them!)

17 I but the LORD \* was present, and strengthened me, I so that through me the PROCLAMATION might be fully established, and All the NATIONS might hear; and I was delivered tout of the Lion's Mouth.

18 The LORD will deliver me from Every evil Work, and preserve me for his HEAVENLY KINGDOM; to \* whom be the GLORY for the AGES of the AGES. Amen.

19 Salute 1 Prisca and Aquila, and the FAMILY of ONESIPHORUS.

20 1 Erastus remained at

16. came 18. to him.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. Dermatia. 14. will reward. to Me. 17. was present, and. 18. and-omit.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Pheloneen means either a bag or a cloak. According so the Syriac it is a bag or wrapper in which books were kept.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Col. iv. 15; Philemon 24. † 10. 1 John ii. 15. 1. 20. † 14. 2 Sam. iii. 39; Psa. xxviii. 4; Rev. xviii. 6. vii. 60. † 17. Matt. x. 19; Acts xxiii. 11; xxvii. 23. 18; Eph. iii. 8. † 17. Psa. vii. 91. 2 Pt. ii. 9. † 20. acts XIX. 27; kom. xvi. 23. 1 14. Acts xix. 33; 1 Tim. 1 16. 2 Tim. i. 15; Acta 17. Acts ix. 15; xxvi. 17 1 19. Acts xviii. 2; Rom. xvi. 3

ε-θω. Τροφιμον δε απελιπον εν Μιλητω ασθε- Corinth, but I left  $\ddagger$  Trginth; Trophinus but I left in Miletus being νουντα. Σπουδασον προ χειμωνος ελθειν, sick. Earnestly endeavor before winter to come. Ασπαζεται σε Ευβουλος, και Πουδης, και Λινος, Salutes thee Eubulus, and Pudens, and Linus, και Κλαυδια, και οἱ αδελφοι παντες. 22 Ο and Claudia, and the brethren all. The kuplos Indoors \* [Xpittos] meta to mueumatos . Lord Jesus [Anointed] with the spirit 'Η χαρις μεθ' ύμων. σου. of thee. The favor with you.

phimus sick at " Miletus.

21 1 Do thy best to come before Winter. Eubulus, and Pudens, and Linus, and Claudia, and all the BRETHREN salute thee.

22 The Lord Jesus be with thy SPIRIT. FAVER be with thee. 3

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIFT .- 20. Melotus. 22. Anointed-omit. Subscrip tion-SECOND TO TIMOTHY-WM.TTEN . BOM LAODICEA. 1 20. Acts xx. 4; xxi. 29 1 21. verse 9. 1 22. Gal. vi. 18: Philemon 25.

4 iva  $\sigma\omega\phi\rho o\nu\iota (\omega\sigma\iota \quad \tau\alpha s \quad \nu\epsilon\alpha s, \quad \phi\iota\lambda\alpha\nu\delta\rho o\nu s$  so that they may wisely influence the young women, husband-lovers ειναι, φιλοτεκνους, 5 σωφρονας, άγνας, οικουchildren-lovers, prudent ones, pure ones, ρους, αγαθας, ύποτασσομενας τοις ιδιοις ανδραkeepers, good ones, being submissive to the own husbands. σιν, ίνα μη δ λογος του θεου βλασφημηται. of the God may be evil spoken of. not the word 6 Τους νεωτερους ώσαυτως παρακαλει σωφρονειν. The younger men in like manner do thou exhort to be prudent; 7 περι παντα σεαυτον παρεχομένος τυπον καconcerning all things thyself exhibiting λων εργων, εν τη διδασκαλια αδιαφθοριαν, σεμgood works, in the teaching seriincorruptuess, νοτητα, <sup>8</sup> λογον ύγιη, ακαταγνωστον· ίνα δ εξ speech sound, not to be condemned; so that he from εναντιας εντραπη, μηδεν εχων περι ήμων λεof opposition may be as named, nothing having concerning us 9 Δουλους, ιδιοις δεσποταις ύπογειν φαυλον. Slaves. to own masters τασσεσθαι, εν πασιν ευαρεστους ειναι, μη αντιin all things well-pleasing to be, not contraλεγοντας, 10 μη νοσφιζομενους, αλλα πιστιν fidelity purloining, but dicting, not πασαν ενδεικνυμενους αγαθην ίνα την διδασshowing good; so that the entire καλιαν του σωτηρος ήμων θεου κοσμωσιν εν of us of God they may adorn of the savior 11 Επεφανη γαρ ή χαρις του θεου \*[ή] πασιν. Shone forth for the favor of the God all things. σωτηριος πασιν ανθρωποις, 12 παιδευουσα ήμας, men, admonishing 125, saving ίνα αρνησαμενοι την ασεβειαν και τας κοσμιworldly so that having renounced the impiety and κας επιθυμιας, σωφρονως και δικαιως και ευprudently and righteously and  $\sigma$ εβως ζησωμεν εν τω νυν αιωνι·  $^{13}$  προσδεχοously we may live in the present age; waiting μενοι την μακαριαν ελπιδα και επιφανειαν της blessed hope bas appearing of the for the δοξης του μεγαλου θεου και σωτηρος ήμων God and glory of the great savior of us Ιησου Χριστου· 14 δς εδωκεν έαυτον ύπερ ήμων, himself on behalf of us, who gave ίνα λυτρωσηται ήμας απο πασης ανομιας, και so that he might redeem from all lawlessness, 118 and λαον περιουσιν, (ηλωτην έαυτω καθαριση might purify for himself a people peculiar, zealous

4 in order that they may wisely influence the Young women to be affectionate to their busbands and children;

5 prudent, chaste, domestic, good, ‡ submissive to their Own Husbands, so that the word of God may not be reviled.

6 The Younger MEN, in like manner, exhort to

be prudent;

7 tas to all things exhibiting Thyself a Pattern of Good Works, Uncorruptedness in the TEACHING, Seriousness.

8 ‡ Sound Speech not to be condemned, ‡ so that HE who is of the Opposition may be ashamed, having Nothing evil to say concerning us,

9 Let TROND-SERVANTS be submissive to their Own Masters; tin all things to be well-pleasing; not con-

tradicting;

10 not secretly stealing, but showing All good Fidelity; ‡ so that they may adorn \* THAT DOCTRINE of God our SAVIOE in all things.

11 For the Saving FAvor of God is manifested

for All Men,

12 teaching us, ‡ that renouncing implety and ‡ worldly Desires, we should live prudently, righteously, and piously in the PRESENT Age,

13 \* waiting for the blessed Hope, even the appearing of the glory of our great God and Savior

Jesus Christ;

14 who gave himself on our behalf, that he might redeem us from All Lawlessness, and ‡ cleanse for himself a peculiar People, devoted to Good Works.

\* ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. THAT DOCTRINE of God. 11. that-omit.

καλων εργων. 15 Ταυτα λαλει και παρακαλει και ελεγχε μετα πασης επιταγης μηδεις σου and reprove thou with all strictness; no one of thee περιφρονειτω. let disregard.

# КЕФ. γ'. 3.

1 Ύπομιμνησκε αυτους αρχαις και εξουσιαις Do thou remind them to governments and authorities ύποτασσεσθαι, πειθαρχειν, προς to be submissive, to obey rulers, as to παν εργον every good αγαθον έτοιμους ειναι, "μηδενα βλασφημειν. ready to be, work no one to speak evil of, αμαχους ειναι, επιεικεις, πασαν ενδεικνυμενους not qurrelsome to be, gentle, showing 3 Ημεν γαρ πραοτητα προς παντας ανθρωπους. to all mildness Were for men. ποτε και ήμεις ανοητοι, απειθεις, πλανωμενοι, we senseless ones, disobedient ones, erring ones, δουλευοντες επιθυμιαις και ήδοναις ποικιλας. being enslaved to inordinate desires and pleasures εν κακια και φθονφ διαγοντες, στυγητοι, μισmalice and envy passing through, odious ones, 4 'Οτε δε ή χρηστοτης και OUVTES allnhous. When but the each other. kindness ή φιλανθρωπια επεφανή του σωτήρος ήμων love to man shone forth of the preserver ofus θεου,  $^5$  ουκ εξ εργων των εν δικαιοσυνη ων οι God, not from of works of those in righteousness which εποιησαμεν ήμεις, αλλα κατα τον αύτου ελεον we, but according to the of himself mercy εσωσεν ήμας, δια λουτρου παλιγγενεσιας, και us, through a bath of a new birth, ανακαινωσεως πνευματος άγιου, 6 ού EEEXELV of spirit holy, of which he poured out εφ' ήμας πλουσιως, δια Ιησου Χριστου του σωrichly, through Jesus Anointed the on us τηρος ήμων, 7 ίνα δικαιωθεντες τη εκεινου so that having been justified by the of us, of him χαριτι, κληρονομοι γενωμεθα кат we might become according to a hope heirs 8 Πιστος δ λογος και (wns alwriou. of life age-lasting. True the word; and respecting τουτων βουλομαι σε διαβεβαιουσθαι, ίνα φρονthese things I wish thee to affirm strongly, so that they may τι (ωσι καλων εργων προιστασθαι οι πεπιστευbe careful of good works to excel those having beκοτες \*[τψ] θεψ. Ταυτα εστι τα καλα και [in the] God. These is the things good , and

15 \* Teach these things, and ‡exhort and reprove with All Strictness; let no one disregard Thee.

# CHAPTER III.

1 And remind them to be submissive to Governments and Authorities, to obey rulers, \*and to be tready for Every good Work;

2 to revile No one, t not to be quarrelsome; to be t mild, showing Entire Gentleness to All

Men ;

3 For twe ourselves, also, were formerly senseless, disobedient, erring, being in bondage to various Inordinate desires and Pleasures, living in Malice and Envy, detestable, hating each other.

4 But when the GOOD-NESS and the PHILAN-THROPY of God four SA-

VIOR, appeared,

5 he saved us, ‡not on account of Those Works in Righteousness which we did, but according to his own Mercy, ‡through \*the BATH of Regeneration, and a Renovation of the Holy Spirit,

6 I which he poured out on us richly through Jesus

Christ our SAVIOR;

7 tso that having been justified by His FAVOR, twe might become Heirs taccording to a Hope of aionian Life.

8 This DOCTRINE is True; and respecting these things I wish thee to fully establish them; so that Those having believed in God may be careful to excel in Good Works. These things are Those which are \*good and profitable to men.

<sup>\*</sup> Alexandrian Manuscrift.—15. Teach.
1. And remind.
1. and to be ready.
5. the parts of.
8. the—omit.
8. good and profitable.
1. I Tim. iv. 12.
2. 1. Rom. xiii. 1: 1 Pet. ii 13.
3. 1. Col. i 10: 2 Tim. ii.

<sup>† 15. 1</sup> Tim. iv. 12. † 1. Rom. xiii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 13. † 1. Col. i. 10; 2 Tim. ii. 21; Heb. xiii. 21. † 2. Eph. iv. 31. † 2. 2 Tim. ii. 24, 25. † 2. Phil. iv. 5. † 3. 1 Cor. vi. 11; Eph. ii. 1; Col. i. 21; iii. 7; 1 Pet. iv. 3. † 4. Titus ii. 11. † 4. 1 Tim. ii. 3. † 5. Rom. iii. 20; ix. 11; xi. 6; Gal. ii. 16; Eph. ii. 48, 0; 2 Tim. i. 9. † 5. John iii. 3, 5; Eph. v. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 21. † 6. Acts ii. 33; x. 45. † 7. Rom. iii. 24; Gal. ii. 16. † 7. Rom. viii. 23, 24. † 7. Titus i. 2. † 8. verses 1, 14.

ωφελιμα τοις ανθρωποις 9 μωρας δε ξητησεις ρτοπιταλία το τhe men; foolish but questions και <math>γενεαλογιας και ερεις και μαχας νομικας and genealogies and strifes and fightings about

περιιστασο εισι γαρ ανωφελεις και ματαιοι. law; they are for unprofitable and vain.

10 Αίρετικον ανθρωπον μετα μιαν και δευτεραν Α factious man after a first and second νουθεσιαν παραιτου 11 είδως, ότι εξεστραπται admonition do thou reject; knowing, that has been perverted δ τοιουτος, και άμαρτανει, ών αυτοκατακριτος. Lesuch a one, and sins, being self-condemned.

12 Όταν πεμψω Αρτεμαν προς σε η Τυχικον,
When I shall send Artemas to thee or Tychicus, σπουδασον ελθειν προς με εις Νικοπολιν εκει earneatly endeavor to come to me to Nicopolis; there 13 Σηναν την νομιγας κεκρικα παραχειμ' σαι. Zenas the lawfor I have decided to winte .. κον και Απολλω σπουδαιως προπεμψον, ίνα μηsend on before, so that nothyer and Apollos diligently 14 Μανθανετωσαν δε και οί  $\delta \epsilon \nu$  autois  $\lambda \epsilon i \pi \eta$ . Let learn and also the ing to them may be lacking. ημετεροι καλων εργων προιστασθαι εις τας to excel for the of good works αναγκαιας χρειας, ίνα μη ωσιν ακαρποι. 15 Ασ-

pressing wants, so that not they may be unfruitful. Saπαζονται σε οί μετ' εμου παντες αππασαι τους
lute thee those with me all; salute thou those

φιλουντας ήμας εν πιστει. Ύ χαρις μετα loving w in faith. The favor with

παντων ύμων, all of you.

9 But avoid Foolish Questions, and ‡Genealogies, and Disputes, and Contentions about the Law; for they are ‡unprofitable and Vain-

10 ‡ Reject a Factious Man, ‡ after a First and Second Admonition;

11 knowing that SUCH A ONE has been perverted, and sins, ‡ being self-condemned.

12 When I shall send Artemas to thee, or ‡Tychicus, earnestly endeavor to come to me at Nicopolis; for I have decided to pass the winter there.

13 Send forward Zenas the LAWYER, and ‡ Apollos, with careful attention, so that they may not lack anything;

14 and let our [brethren] also learn \$\pm\$ to stand foremost in Good Works for these PRESSING Occasions, \$\pm\$ that they may not be unfruitful.

15 All who are with me, salute thee. Salute THOSE who LOVE us in the Faith. Favor be with you all!

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—Subscription—To TITUS—WRITTEN FROM NICOPOLIS.

† 9. 1 Tim. i. 4; 2 Tim. ii. 23; Titus i. 14.

† 7; Rom. xvi. 17; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14; 2 Tim. iii. 5; 2 John 10.

† 11. Acts xiii. 46.

† 12. Acts xx. 4; 2 Tim. iv. 12.

† 14. Rom. xv. 28; Phil. i 11; iv. 17; Col. i. 10; 2 Pet. i. 8.

# [ [ MAYACY EMIXTOAH] MPOX DIAHMONA.

# \*TO PHILEMON.

# КЕФ. α'. 1.

 $^{1}$  Παυλος, δεσμιος Χριστου Ιησου, και Γιμο-Paul, a prisoner of Anointed Jesus, and Timo-θεος δ αδελφος, Φιλημονι τφ αγαπητφ και συν-κητ the brother, to Philemon the beloved one and fellow-eργφ ήμων,  $^{2}$  και Απφια τη αγαπητη, και Αρworker of us, and to Apphia the beloved one, and Ατχιππφ τφ συστρατιωτη ήμων, και τη κατ chippus the fellow-soldier of us, and to the in οικον σου εκκλησια  $^{3}$  χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη louse of thee congregation; favor to you and peace απο θεου πατρας ήμων, και κυριου Ιησου Χρισfrom God a father of us, and Lord Jesus Anointed του.

4 Ευχαριστω τω θεω μου παντοτε, μνειαν I give thanks to the God of me always, a remembrance σου ποιουμένος επ: των προσευχων μου, 5 ακουof thee making in the prayers of me, ων σου την αγαπην και την πιστιν, ήν εχεις the faith, which thou hast love and προς τον κυριον Ιησουν και εις παντας τους the Lord Jesus and for all άγιους. 6 όπους ή κοινωνία της πιστέως σου halv ones; that the fellowship of the faith ενεργης γενηται, εν επιγνωσει παντος αγαθου active may become, by a knowledge of every good του εν ήμιν, εις Χριστον \*[Ιησουν.] - Χαραν of the in us, in regard to Anointed [Jesus.] Joy γαρ εχομεν πολλην και παρακλησιν επι τη for we have much and consolation in the αγαπη σου, ότι τα σπλαγχνα των άγιων αναof thee, because the bowels of the holy ones love πεπαυται δια σου, αδελφε.  $^8$  Διο heen refreshed through thee, O brother. Therefore 8 410 πολλην εν Χριστφ παρδησιαν εχων επιτασσειν σοι το in Anointed boldness having to enjoin thee the ανηκον, 9 δια την αγαπην μαλλον παρακαλω. becoming thing, through the I beseech; love rather τοιουτος ων, ώς Παυλος πρεσβυτης, νυνι δε και auch a one being, as Paul an old man, now but also δεσμιος Ιησου Χριστου·  $^{10}$  παρακαλω σε περι  $^{10}$  παρακαλω σε περι  $^{10}$  παρακαλω σε  $περι <math>^{10}$  με  $^{10}$  με

### CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, ‡a Prisoner for Christ Jesus, and Timothy the BROTHER, to Philemon, the BELOVED one, and our ‡ Fellow-laborer,—

2 and to Apphia, the sister, and to 1 Archippus, our FELLOW-SOLDIER; and the 1 CONGREGATION in thy

House.

- 3 ‡ Favor to you, and Peace from God our Father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ;
- 4 I give thanks to my God always, making Mention of thee in my PRAY-ERS,
- 5 (thearing of Thy LOVE and FAITH, which thou hast toward the LORD Jesus, and for All the SAINTS,)
- 6 that the FELLOWSHIP of thy FAITH may become efficient, \$\pm\$ by a Knowledge of Every Good thing in us, in regard to Christ.
- 7 \*For we have much Joy and Consolation over Thy LOVE, O Brother! Because the TENDER SYMPATHIES of the SAINTS thave been refreshed through thee.
- 8 Therefore, ‡ having much confidence in Christ to enjoin on thee WHAT is BECOMING,
- 9 on account of \*that Love I rather entreat; being such a one, as Paul † an old man, and now also ‡ a Prisoner for \*Christ Jesus,
  - 10 I entreat thee res-

Alexandbian Manuscrift.—Title—To Philemon.
 Jesus—omit.
 For I have.
 NECESSITY I rather entreat.
 Christ Jesus.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Benson following Theophylect says, that presbutees, translated an old man in this place, has the signification of presbeutees, an ambassador; and in support of his opinion he cries some passages from the LXX, and from the Apocrypha.—Macknight. Dr. Adam Clarke also inclines to the same view.

του εμου τεκνου, όν εγεννησα εν τοις δεσμοις of the of me child, whom I begot in the bonds  $\[ \[ \mu o \nu, \] \]$  Ονησιμον,  $\[ \]$  τον ποτε σοι αχρηστον,  $\[ \]$  (of me, ) One simus, that formerly to thee unprofitable,

νυνι δε σοι και εμοι ευχρηστον, δν ανεπεμψα· now but to thee and to me profitable, whom I sent back;

προσλαδου. 13 'Ον εγω εβουλομην προς εμαυdo thou receive. When I was wishing for myτον κατεχειν, ίνα ὑπερ σου μοι διακονη εν

self to retain, so that on behalf of thee to me he might serve in τοις δεσμοις του ευαγγελίου. 14 χωρις δε της the bonds of the glad tidings; without but of the

σης γνωμης ουδεν ηθελησα ποιησαι, ίνα μη ώς thy consent nothing I wished to do, so that not as

κατα αναγκην το αγαθον σου η, αλλα according to constraint the good of the emight b, but κατα έκουσιον.  $^{15}$  Ταχα γαρ δια τουτο according to willingness. Perhaps for on account of this  $\epsilon$ χωρισθη προς ώραν, ένα αιωνιον αυτον απε-

the was separated for an hour, so that an age him thou might  $\chi \eta s$ . 16 ουκετι ώs δουλον, αλλ' ὑπερ δου-

est receive; no longer as a slave, but above a λον, αδελφον αγαπητον, μαλιστα εμοι, ποσφ slave, a brother beloved, especially to me, by how much δε μαλλον σοι, και εν σαρκι και εν κυριφ. <sup>17</sup> Ει

but more to thee, both in flesh and in Lord. If

ουν με εχεις κοινωνον, προσλαβου αυτον &s
then me thou holdest a partner, receive thou him as

εμε.  $^{18}$ Ει δε τι ηδικησεσε, η οφειλει, τουτο me. If butanything hewronged thee, or owes, this

εμοι ελλογει. <sup>19</sup> Εγω Παυλος εργραψα τη to me put thou on account. I Paul wrote with the

 $\epsilon \mu \eta$  χειρι,  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$  αποτισω ένα  $\mu \eta$  λεγω σοι, my hand, I will pay off, so that not I may say to thee, δτι και σεαυτον  $\mu$ οι προσοφείλεις. <sup>20</sup> Nαι, that even thyself to me thou owest. Yes, αδελφε,  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$  σου οναιμην  $\epsilon \nu$  κυριφ αναπαυ-

Obrother, I of thee should be profited in Lord, refresh σον μου τα σπλαγχνα εν Χριστω. <sup>21</sup> Πεποιθωs thou of me the bowels in Anointed. Having confidence

thou of me the bowels in Anointed. Having confidence τη ὑπακοη σου εγραψα σοι, ειδως, ότι και in the obedience of thee I wrote to thee, knowing, that even

 $\hat{v}\pi\epsilon\rho$   $\delta$   $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$   $\pi$ oin $\sigma\epsilon$ is. beyond what I may say thou wilt do.

22 'Αμα δε και έτοιμαζε μοι ξενιαν' ελπιζω At the same time but also prepare thou for me a lodging; I hope

pecting MY Child, ‡ whom I begot in my BONDS, THAT ‡ Onesimus,

11 who formerly was UNPROFITABLE to Thee, but is now profitable to Thee and to Me;
12 whom I have sent

12 whom I have sent \* back to thee; and do thou receive Him, that is,

MYSELF.

13 Whom I was wishing to retain for Myself, \$50 that on thy behalf he might serve me in these BONDS for the GLAD TID-INGS:

14 but I desired to do Nothing without THY Consent, that thy GOOD deed might not be as from Constraint, but Voluntary. 15 thr perhaps on this

15 ‡ For perhaps on this account he was separated for a little time, in order that thou mightest receive

Him for an Age;

16 no longer as a Bondman, but above a Bondman,—‡a beloved Brother, especially to me, but how much more to thee, ‡both in the Flesh, and in the Lord!

17 If, then, thou regardest Me as ‡ a Partner, receive him as me.

18 But if he injured thee in anything, or is indebted, place this to my account:

place this to my account; 19 (I Paul write with MY OWN hand,) I will pay it off; that I may not say to thee, That to me thou owest even thyself.

20 Yes, Brother, may E derive profit from Thee in the Lord; Trefresh My TENDER SYMPATHIES in Christ.

21 \$\foathamal{T}\$Having confidence in thy COMPLIANCE, I write to thee, being assured That thou wilt even do beyond what I request.

22 But at the same time, also, prepare for me a

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—10. of me—omit. that is.

<sup>12.</sup> again to thee. Receive Him,

<sup>† 10. 1</sup> Cor. iv. 15; Gal. iv. 19. † 10. Col. iv. 9. † 13. 1 Cor. xvi. 17; Phil. ii. 80 † 14. 2 Cor. ix. 7. † 15. See Gen. xlv. 5, 8. † 16. Math. xxiii. 8; 1 Tim. vi. 2 † 16. Col. iii. 22. † 17. 2 Cor. viii. 23. † 20. verse 7. † 21. 2 Cor. vii. 16.

γαρ, ότι δια των προσέυχων ύμων χαρισθηποfor, that through the prayers σίνου I shall be imμαι ύμιν. <sup>23</sup> Ασπαζεται σε Επαφρας, ό συναιχparted to you. Salutes thee Epaphens, the fellowμαλωτος μου εν Χριστω Ιησου, <sup>24</sup> Μαρκου, Αρισεπρίνε of me in Αποίπτε Jesus, Ματκ, Ατίσταρχος, Απμας, Λουκας, οί συνεργοι μου. <sup>25</sup> 'Η
ταγελώς, Deman, Luke, the fellow-workers of me. The
χαρις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου μετα του
favor of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed with the
Tνευματος ύμων,

I.odging, for \$1 hope That \$through your PRAYERS I shall be imparted to you.

23 † Epaphras, my FEL-LOW-CAPTIVE in Christ Jesus, salutes thee;

24 also † Mark, † Aristarchus, † Demas, † Luke, my FELLOW-LABORERS.

25 The FAVOR of our LORD Jesus Christ be with your spirit.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- The Subscription to this Epistle has been cut off.

<sup>1 22.</sup> Phil. 1, 25; ii. 24. 1 22. 2 Cor. i. 11. 1 23. Col. 1.7; iv. 12. 1 24. Acts xii. 12, 25. 1 24. Acts xii. 29; xxvii. 2; Col. 1v. 19. 1 24. Col. 1v. 12. 1 25. 2 Tim. iv. 22.

# ΠΡΟΣ ΕΒΡΑΙΟΥΣ [ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ.]

## \*TO THE HEBREWS.

#### КΕΦ, α', 1.

1 Πολυμερως και πολυτροπως παλαι δ θεος In many parts and in many ways long ago the God λαλησας τοις πατρασιν εν τοις προφηταις, επ' prophets, aaving spoken to the fathers by the εσχατου των ήμερων τουτων ελαλησεν ήμιν εν to us by ofthe days of these spoke last  $(\delta i)$ υίω, 2 δυ εθηκε κληρονομον παντων, a son, whom he appointed an heir of all things, (on account of και τους αιωνας εποιησεν,)  $^3$  δς (ων απαυhe made,) who (being an effulwhom also the ages γασμα της δοξης και χαρακτηρ της ύποστασεως gence of the glory and an exact impress of the τα παντα τφ δηματιτης αυτου, φερων τε of him, sustaining and the things all word of the by the \* [ 813 έαυτου] καθαρισμον δυναμεως αύτου.) of himself,) through himself] a purification ποιησαμενος των αμαρτιων \*[ἡμων,] εκαθισεν εν sat down ofthe sins of us, having made δεξια της μεγαλωσυνης εν ύψηλοις. 4 τοσουτω in high places; by so much majesty κρειττων γενομενος \*[των] αγγελων, δσω διαgreater having become of the messengers, by so much more φορωτερον παρ<sup>3</sup> αυτους κεκληρονομηκεν ονομα. 5 Τινι γαρ ειπε ποτε των αγγελων Yios μου ει To which for did he say ever of the messengers; A son of meart συ, εγω σημερον γεγεννηκα σε; και παλιν have begotten thee? and to-day theu. Εγω εσομαι αυτφ εις πατερα, και αυτος εσται ho shall be will be to him for a father, and μοι εις υίον; δόταν δε παλιν εισαγαγη τον when but again he may lead in tae to me for ason? Kai πρωτοτοκον εις την οικουμένην, λέγε: And into the habitable, he says; first-born προσκυνησατωσαν αυτφ παντες αγγελοι θεου. messengers of God. all him let worship μεν αγγελους λεγει· TOUS Και προς He And concerning indeed the messengers he says; αύτου πνευματα, αγγελους ποιων of himself spirits, making messengers και τους λειτουργους αύτου πυρος φλογα. a flame; public servants offire of himself δε τον υίον. Ο θρονος σου ό θεος εις 8 mpos son; The throne of thee the God concerning but the

#### CHAPTER I.

1 God having anciently spoken, ‡ in many portions and by various methods, to the FATHERS by the PROPHETS.

2 in the last of these DAYS \$ spoke to us by a Son, † whom he appointed Heir of all things, on account of whom also he constituted the AGES;

3 twho, being an Effulgence of his GLORY, and an exact Impress of his SUBSTANCE, and \*making manifest ALL things by the WORD of his POWER, thaving made a Purification for SINS, that down at the Right hand of the MAJESTY in high places;

4 having become as much superior to Angels, as he has inherited a more Excellent Name than

they.

5 For to which of the ANGELS did he ever say, to thou art my Son, To-day & have begotten "thee?" And again, the "will be to him for a "Father, and he shall be "to me for a Son?"

6 And when again he shall introduce the first born into the Habitable, he says, t"And let All "God's Angels worship him."

7 And with respect to the ANGELS, indeed he says, ‡"It is HE who "MAKES his ANGELS "Winds, and his MINIS-"TERING SERVANTS IN "Flame of Fire."

for the Throne, O God,

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—Title—To THE HEBERWS.
things by.
3. through himself—omit.
3. of us—omit.
4. of the—omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Num. xii. 6, 8. † 2. John i. 17; xv. 15; Heb. ii. 3. † 2. Psa. ii. 8; Matt-xxi. 38; John iii. 35; Rom. viii. 17. † 3. John i. 14; xiv. 9; 2 Cor. iv. 4; Col. i. 15. † 3. Heb. vii. 27; ix. 12, 14, 17. † 3. Psa. cx. 1; Eph. i. 20; Heb. viii. 1; x. 12; xil. 2; Pet. iii. 22. † 4. Eph. i. 21; Phil. ii. 9, 10. † 5. Psa. i. 1, 7; Acts xii. 33; Heb. v. 5. † 5. 2 Sam. vii. 14; 1 Chron. xxii. 10; xxviii. 6; Psa. lxxxix. 26, 27. 16. Rom. viii. 29; Col. i. 18; Rev. i. 5. † 6. Psa. xcvii. 7. † 7. Psa. civ. 4. 18. Psa. xv. 6, 7.

( P 7 : 9.] HEBREWS. 1 Chap. 21 3. " is for the AGE; "and τον αιωνα \*[του αιωνος.] βαβδος ευθυτητος ή " the SCRITTE Of BECTI-[of the da age;] of rectitude the a sceptre βαβδος της βασιλείας σου. 9 Ηγαπησας δικαι-sceptre of the kingdom of thee. Thou didstlove right-" thy KINGDOM. 9 " Thou didst love " Righteousness, and hate οσυνην, και εμισησας ανομιαν. δια τουτο pousness, and thou didnt hate lawlessness; on account of this " Lawlessness; therefore, " thy GoD t anointed thee, expire σε δ θεος σου, ελαίον αγαλλιασεως appinted thre the God of thee, oil of extremejoy. "O Gop, with the oil of " Exultation beyond thy жара тоих истохоих σои. 10 Kai: Zu кат' " ASSOCIATES." 10 Also, : "Thou, O
"Lord, at First didst luy
"the foundation of the beyond the . associates of thee. And; Thou αρχας, κυριέ, την γην εθεμελιωσας, και εργα a beginning, O Lord, the earth didst form, and works " EARTH; and the HEAτων χειρων σου εισιν οί ουρανοι. 11 Αυτοι απο-" VENS are Works of thy "HANDS; '11 ; "then shall perish, of the hands of thee are the heavens. They shall λουνται, συ δε διαμενεις και παντες ως iμα-"but thou remainest; "and they all shall be-"come old like a Garτιον παλαιωθησονται, 12 και ώσει περιβολαιον " ment; and like, an upper garment shall become old, 12 " and like a Mantle έλιξεις αυτους, και αλλαγησονται συ δε δ "thou wilt fold them no: , and they shall be changed; thou but the Shou wilt fold them, " like a Garment also "they shall be changed: αυτος ει, και τα ετη σου ουκ εκλειψουσι. "but thou art the SAME, will fail, same art, and the years of thee not " and thy YEARS shall not 13 Προς τινα δε των αγγελων ειρηκε ποτε Κα-" fail." To which but of the messengers did he say every .. Do : 13 But to which of the ANGELS did he ever sav. θου εκ δεξιων μου, έως αν θω τους εχθρους t" Sit thou at my Right hand, till I put thine till I may place the right of me, enemies 14 Ουχι παντες σου ύποποδιον των ποδων σου: " ENEMIES underneath thy o'thee ontstol for the feet of thee? Not all " FEET ?!" 14 : Are they not all εισι λειτουργικα πνευματα, εις διακονιαν αποσ-Ministering Spirits, scnt are public serving spirits, for service forth for Service, on account of THOSE BEING TOUS μελλοντας κληρονοτελλομένα Sia on account of . those ABOUT to inherit Salvaseut forth beingabout ΚΕΦ. β'. 2. 1 Δια tion? MEIN GOTHPIAN: TOUTO CHAPTER IL salvation ? On account of this δει περισσοτερως ήμας προσεχειν τοις ακουσ-

1 On this account it hehoves us to attend more earnestly to the THINGS HEARD, lest we should ever let them glide away. 2 For if the WORD

I spoken through Angels was firm, and 2 Every De-viation and Disobedienes received a Just Retribution ;

'S I how shall we escape.

δι' αγγελων λαληθεις λογος εγενετο βεβαι-Through memengers having been spoken word WAS firm

us

Ing been heard, lest perhaps we should glide away,

μηποτε παραρδυωμεν. Ει γαο δ

& t behoves more earnestly

BEITI,

ος, και πασα παραβασις και παρακοη ελαβεν deviation and every and imperfect bearing received

ενδικον μισθαποδοσιαν. 3 πως ήμεις εκφευξοreinbution; a just how shall es-

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. of the AGE-omit. 8. and the scerres of sectious to the Sceptre of his Kingdom. 12. like a Garment also they shall be changed.

to agreed to the things hav-

If for the

† 9. Isa. lxi. 1; Luke iv. 18; John x. 36; Acts iv. 27; x. 38. † 10. Psn. cii. 23. 21. Isa. xxxiv. 4; ii. 6; Matt. xviv. 35; 1 Pet. iii. 7, 10; Rev. xx. 11. † 13. Psn. cx. 1 g Matt. xxii. 43; Acts ii. 34, 35; Heb. x. 12. † 14. Psn. xxxiv. 7; xci. 11; ciii. 20; 21. 14. James ii. 5. † 2. Deut. xxxiii. 2; Acts vii. 53. † 2. Num. xv. 30, 31; Deut. xxii. 24; xvii. 2, 6. 13; xxvii. 26. † 3. Heb. x. 28, 29; xii. 35.

μεθα τηλικαυτης αμελησαντες σωτηρ**ι**ας; ήτις having disregarded a salvation ? so great αρχην λαβουσα λαλεισθαι δια του κυριου, a beginning having received to be spoken through the Lord. ύπο των ακουσαντων εις ήμας εβεβαιώθη. by those having heard for was confirmed, 4 συνεπιμαρτυρουντος του θεου σημειοις τε κα! co-attesting God by signs both and the τερασι, και ποικιλαις δυναμεσι, και πνευμ**ατο** by prodigies, and by various powers, and of spara άγιου μερισμοις, κατα την αύτου θελησιν. holy by distributions, according to the of himself 5 Ου γαρ αγγελοις ὑπεταξε την οικουμενην την Not for to messengers he did subject the habitable that that 6 Διεμαρτυμελλουσαν, περι ής λαλουμεν. about coming, concerning which we speak. Testified ρατο δε που τις, λεγων. Τι εστιν ανθρωπος, but somewhere one, saying; What is

ότι μιμνησκη αυτου· η υίος ανθρωπου, ότι that thou dost remember him; or a son 7 Ηλαττωσας αυτον βραχυ επισκεπτη αυτον; Thoudidst make less him a little while thoudost observe him?

τι παρ' αγγελους. δοξη και τιμη εστεφανωmessengers; with glory and with honor

σας αυτον· 8 παντα έπεταξας ύποκατω των all things thou didst place under Εν γαρ τω ύποταξαι \* [αυτω] ποδων αυτου. In for the to be subjected [to him] of him. παντα, ουδεν αφηκεν αυτφ ανυποτακthe things. all, nothing is left to him unsubjectνυν  $\delta \epsilon$  ουπω  $\delta \rho \omega \mu \epsilon \nu$  αυτ $\phi$  τα παντα

now but not yet we see to him the things all 9 Τον δε βραχυ τι παρ' αγγεὑποτεταγμενα. The but a short time than having been placed. messen-

λους ηλαττωμένον βλεπομέν Ιησουν δια gers having been made less we see Jesus on account of the παθημα του θανατου δοξη και τιμη εστεφαsuffering of the death with glory and with honor having been νωμενον· όπως χαριτι θεου ύπερ παντος γευ-erowned; so that by favor of God on behalf of all he

10 Επρεπε γαρ αυτώ, δι' δν σηται θανατου. It was fitting besides for him, for whom might taste of death.

δι' ού τα παντα, πολλους παντα και and through whom the things all, the things all many

υίους εις δοξαν αγαγοντα τον αρχηγον της leading the of the sons into prince glory

σωτηριας αυτων δια παθηματων τελειωσαι. salvation ofthem through sufferings to perfect.

having disregarded great a Salvation? which beginning to be spoken The LORD, was ton-armed for Us by THOSE who HEARD him :

4 # GOD co-attesting t both b. Signs and Wonlers and various Mighty works, and ! Distributions of hely Spirit, according

to HIs Will?

5 For to Angels he did not subject the FUTURE HABITABLE, concerning which we speak.

6 But one somewhere testified, saying, I" What "is a Man That thou dost "remember him? or a "Son of Man, That thou "dost regard hin?

7 "Thou didst make " him for a little while in-"ferior to Angels; thou "didst crown him with "Glory and Honor;

8 "thou didst subject "All things under his "FEET:"-for in JECTING ALL THINGS, he left Nothing unsubjected to Him; but, at present, we do not see that ALL things have actually been placed under Him.

9 But we behold JESUS on account of the SUFFER-ING of DEATH Crowned with Glory and Honor, THAVING BEEN MADE for a little while INFERIOR to Angels, so that, by God's Favor, ; he might taste of Death on behalf of every one.

10 For it was becoming him, ‡ on account of whom are ALL things, through whom are ALL things, in conducting things, in conducting Many Sons to Glory, ‡ to perfect the IPRINCE of their SALVATION through Sufferings.

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. to him-omit.

<sup>† 3.</sup> Matt. iv. 17; Mark i. 14. † 3. Luke i. 2. † 4. Mark xvi. 20; Acts xiv. 3; xix. 11; Rom. xv. 18, 10; 1 Cor. ii. 4. † 4. Acts ii. 22, 43. † 4. 1 Cor. xii. 4, 7, 11. † 5. Heb. vi. 5; 2 Pet. iii. 13. † 6. Psa. viii. 4. † 9. Acts ii. 33. † 9. Phil. ii. 7-9. † 9. Rom. v. 18; viii. 32; 2 Cor. v. 15; 1 Tim. ii. 6; 1 John ii. 2. † 10. Rom. xi. 36. † 10. Luke xiii. 32; Heb. v. 9. † 10. Acts iii. 15; v. 31; Heb. xii. 3.

11 Ο τε γαρ άγιαζων και οἱ άγιαζομενοι, εξ He both for sauctifying and those being sauctified, out of ένος παντες δι' ήν αιτιαν ουκ επαισχυνεται one all; for which cause not he is ashamed αδελφους αυτους καλειν, 12 λεγων Απαγγελω them to call. saying; l will announce το ονομα σου τοις αδελφοις μου, εν μεσφ εκ-13 Και παλιν. Εγω εσοκλησιας ύμνησω σε. congregation I will praise thee. And will again; μαι πεποιθως επ' αυτώ. και παλιν. Ιδου εγω, bim; Ĭ, be having trusted in and again; Lo 14 Επει ουν και τα παιδια ά μοι εδωκεν ό θεος. and the children which to me gave the God. Since then τα παιδια κεκοινωνηκε σαρκος και αίματος, και the children have been sharers of flesh and blood. also αυτος παραπλησιως μετεσχε των αυτων, ίνα partook of the of them, so that in like manner του θανατου καταργηση TOV 70 he might make powerless him by means of the death κρατος εχοντα του θανατου, τουτ' EGTL TOV strength having of the death, that is the διαβολον, 15 και απαλλαξη τουτους δσοι Φοβω them as many as by fear and might set free accuser. θανατου δια παντος του ζην ενοχοι ησαν δουof death through all of the life held in were λειας. 16 Ου γαρ δηπου αγγελων επιλαμβανε-Not for in any manner of messengers he takes hold, ται, αλλα σπερματος Αβρααμ επιλαμβανεται. he takes hold. of Abraam

ofseed 17 Οθεν ωφειλε κατα παντα τοις αδελφοις lience he was obliged in all things to the brethren δμοιωθηναι, ίνα ελεημων γενηται και πιστος to be made like, so that merciful he might be and faithful αργιέρευς τα προς τον θέον, εις το ίλασκεσθαι high-priest thethings as to the God, in order to the to expiate 18 Εν ώ γαρ πεπονθεν τας αμαρτίας του λαου. By what for he has suffered sins of the people. αυτος πειρασθεις, δυναται τοις πειραζομενοις humself having been tried, he is able to those being tried Bondnoai. to render aid.

### КЕФ. γ'. 3.

1 'Οθεν, αδελφοι άγιοι, κληυεως επουρανιου Whence, brethren holy, of a calling heavenly μετοχοις κατανοησατε τον αποστολον και αρpartakers do you attentively regard the apostle and high-

Il For the sanc-TIFIEE and the SANCTI-FIED are from one; for Which Cruse he is not tashamed to call Them Brethren;

12 saying, ‡"I will
"announce thy NAME to
"my BRETHREN; in the
"Midst of the Congre"gation I will praise thee."

13 And again, ‡ " I will "confide in him." And again, ‡ "Behold, £ and "the CHILDREN whom ‡ "God gave Me."

14 Since, then, the CHILDREN have one common nature of \*Blood and Flesh, he talso, in like manner, partook of these; tin order that, by means of his DEATH, he might vanquish HIM POSSESSING the POWER of DEATH—that is, the ENEMY—

15 and might liberate those who, the Fear of Death, were throughout their Whole LIFE held in

Slavery.

16 † Besides, he does not in any way take hold of Angels, but he takes hold of the Seed of Abraham;

17 hence, he was obliged to be assimilated to his BRETHEEN in all things, so that he might be ‡a Merciful and Faithful High priest as to things relating to GOD, in order to ENPIATE the SINS of the PEOPLE.

18 For by what he has suffered, having been tried, the is able to assist THOSE who are TRIED.

#### CHAPTER III.

1 Therefore, holy Brethren, Associates of a heavenly ‡ Calling, attentively regard Jesus, ‡the Apos-

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. Blood and Flesh.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Or, "For truly it," i. e. the fear of death, or death itself, "does not lay hold of" or seize on "angels, but of the seed of Abraham it does lay hold."—Theolog. Rep. and Kneeland.

<sup>11.</sup> Heb. x. 10, 14
11. Matt. xxviii. 10; John xx. 17; Rom. viii. 20.
12. Psa. xxii. 22, 25.
13. Psa. xviii. 2; Isa. xii. 2..
14. John x. 20; xvii. 6, 9, 11, 12.
1 Cor. xv. 54, 55; Col. ii. 15; 2 Tim. i. 10.
15. Luke i. 74; Rom. viii. 15; 2 Tim. i. 7.
17. Heb. iv. 15; v. 1, 2.
1; Reb. vii. 25.
1; Rom. i. 7; 1 Cor. i. 2; Eph. iv.
1; Phil. iii. 14; 2 Thess. i. 11; 2 Tim. i. 0; 2 Pet. i. 10.
1 Rom. xv. 8; Heb. ii. 17, etc.

χιερεα της δμολογιας ήμων, Ιησουν 2πιστιν priest of the profession of us, Jesus; faithful οντα τ $\varphi$  ποιησιανι. As even Mosts being to the one having appointed him, as even Mosts being to the one having appointed him,  $\frac{3}{11}$  Πλειονος γαρ ούτος chia [whole] the house of him. Of more for καθ δοξης παρα Μωυσην ηξιωται, δσον glory than Moses has been esteemed worthy, so far as πλειονα τιμην εχει του οικου δ κατασκευασας honor he has of the house the one having built 4 (Πας γαρ οικος κατασκευαζεται ύπο QUTOV. (Every for house is built τινος· δ δε \*[τα] παντα κατασκευασας, θεος.) some one; he but [the things] all having built, God.) 5 Και Μωυσης μεν πιστος εν όλφ τω οίκω And Moses indeed faithful in whole to the house autou, is  $\theta \in \mu \pi \omega \nu$ , is  $\mu \alpha \rho \tau \nu \rho \iota \sigma \nu \lambda \alpha \lambda \eta \theta \eta$  of him, as a servant, for a testimony of the things going σομενων. 6 Χριστος δε, ώς υίος επι τον οικον to be speken: Anounted but, as a son over the αυτου ού οικος εσμεν ήμεις, εανπερ την παρof him; of whom a house are we, ifindeed the conδησιαν και το καυχημα της ελπιδος \*[μεχρι fidence and the boasting of the hope [till fidence and τελουs βεβαιαν] κατασχωμεν. τελουs βεβαιαν] κατασχωμεν. Therefore, καθως 2.8 λεγει το πνευμα το αγιον. Σημερον, εαν της says the spirit the holy, To-day, if the φωνης αυτου ακουσητε, 8μη σκληρυνητε τας voice of him you will hear, not you should harden the καρδιας ύμων, ώς εν τφ παραπικρασμφ, κατα hearts of you, as in the bitter provocation, in την ήμεραν του πειρασμού εν τη ερημώ, <sup>9</sup>ου the day of the temptation in the desert, not επειρασαν \* [με] οί πατερες ύμων, εδοκιμασαν of you, tempted [me] the fathers \*[με,] και ειδον τα εργα μου, τεσσαρακοντα and saw the works of me, forty eth.  $^{10}$  dio  $\pi po\sigma\omega\chi\theta$ ioa the  $\gamma eveq$  ekeivh, kai years, therefore I was provoked with the generation that, and

ειπον. Αει πλανωντα τη καρδια, αυτοι δε ουκ said; Always hey wander in the heart, they but not τας όδους μου. 11 ώς ωμοσα εν τη so I swore in the they acknowledged the ways me, οργή μου. Ει εισελευσονται εις την καταπαυσιν wrath of me; If they shall enter into the μου. 12 Βλεπετε, αδελφοι, μηποτε εσται εν

of me, Take you heed, brethren, lest ever shall be τινι ύμων καρδια πονηρα απιστιας, εντφ αποσ-

of unbelief, in the to fall God; evil any one of you a heart

TLE and High-priest of our CONFESSION ;

2 who is Faithful to HIM Who APPOINTED him, even as 1 Moses was in his HOUSE.

3 For he has been esteemed worthy of More Glory than Moses, as much as the BUILDER has More Honor than the House it self.

4 (For every House is built by some one; but THE HAVING BUILT all things is God.)

5 And Moses, indeed, was faithful in his Whole

HOUSE, as ‡a Servant, ‡ for a Testimony of the THINGS to be SPOKEN; 6 but Christ as a Son over his HOUSE, 1 Whose House we are, if we should hold fast the confi-DENCE and the EXULTA-

TION of the HOPE. 7 Therefore, as HOLY SPIRIT says, I" To-"day, if you will hear his

" VOICE,

8 "harden not your " HEARTS, as in the BIT-"TER PROVOCATION, in " the DAY of the TRIAL in "the DESERT;

9 "where your FA-"THERS tried, proved, and "saw my works Forty

" Years.

10 "Therefore, I was "provoked with \* that "GENERATION, and said, "'They always err in " 'HEART;' but then did "not acknowledge my " WAYS;

11 "so I swore in my " INDIGNATION- If they " 'shall enter my REST!"

12 Beware, Brethren, lest there should ever be in any one of you an evil, Disbelieving Heart, by APOS-TATIZING from the living

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—2. Whole—omit. 4. the things—e End—omit. 9. me—omit twice. 10. this generation. 4. the things-omit. 6. Firm to the End-omit.

<sup>† 2.</sup> Num. xii. 7; verse 5 xii. 7; Deut. iii. 24; Josh. i. tii. 16; vi. 19; 2 Cor. vi. 16; Col. 1. 23; Heb. x. 85. † 4. Eph. ii. 10; iii. 9. † 5. Ex viii. 31, † 5. Deut. xviii. 15, 18, 19. h. ii. 21, 22; 1 Tim. iii. 15; 1 Pet. ii. 5. 7. Psa. 2cv. 7—11. 1 5. Exod. xiv. 31; Num # 6. Rom. v. 1:

τηναι απο θεου ζωντος· 13 αλλα παρακαλειτε away from God living; but do you exhort έαυτους καθ' έκαστην ήμεραν, αχρις ού yourselves in each day, till of which το σημερον καλειται, ίνα μη σκληρυνθη εξ the to-day it is called, so that not may be hardened from ύμων τις απατή της άμαρτιας. 14 Μετοχοι of you any one by a delusion of the ain. Partakers γαρ του Χριστου γεγοναμέν, εανπέρ την αρfor of the Anounted we have become, if perhaps the beginχην της ύποστασεως μεχρι τελους βεβαιαν ming of the confidence till an end κατασχωμεν. 15 Εν τω λεγεσθαι. Σημερον, we hold fast. In respect to the to be said; To-day. εαν της φωνης αυτου ακουσητε· μη σκληρυνηif the voice of him you may hear; not harden you τε τας καρδιας ύμων, ώς εν τω παραπικραπμώ. the hearts of you, as in the bitter provocation. 16 Τινές γαρ ακουσαντές παρεπικράναν; αλλ' Some for having heard did provoke? but ου παντες οί εξελθοντες εξ Αιγυπτου δια Μουthose having come outfrom Egypt by means of Mo-17 Τισι δε προσωχθισε τεσσαρακοντα With whom but was he vexed

ετη; ουχι τοις άμαρτησασιν; ών τα κωλα years? not with those having sinned? of whom the members επεσεν εν τη ερημφ.  $^{18}$ Τισι δε ωμοσε μη εισεfell in the desert. Το whom but did heave a not to enter the rest of himself, if not the rois απειθησασι;  $^{19}$  Και βλεπομεν, δτι ουκ to those having disbelieved? And we see, that not

they were able to enter because of unbelief.
δ'. 4. <sup>1</sup> Φοβηθωμεν ουν, μηποτε, καταλειποWe may fear then, lest ever, being

ηδυνηθησαν εισελθειν

813

απιστιαν.

KEΦ.

We may fear then, lest ever, being μενης επαγγελιας εισελθειν εις την καταπαυleft a promise to enter into the σιν αυτου, δοκη τις εξ ύμων ύστερηκεναι,

of him, should seem any one from of you to have failed.

2 Και γαρ εσμέν ευγγγελισμένοι, καθαπέρ Also for we are having been addressed with giad tidings, even as

κακεινοι αλλ' ουκ ωφελησεν δ λογος της also they; but not did profit the word of the ακοης εκεινους, μη συγκεκραμενος τη πιστει hearing them, not having been mixed with the faith

τοις ακουσασίν.  $^3$ Εισερχομέθα γαρ εις την induse hearing. We enter for into the

καταπαυσιν οί πιστευσαντες, καθως ειρηκεν·
rest those baying believed, as he has said;
\*Ορομοστα εν στο ορομοστα μουν Ει ευσολευσουστα

'Ως ωμοσα εν τη οργη μου. Ει εισελευσοντας so I swore in the wrath of me; If they shall enter

eis the katamaudiv  $\mu$ ou. Kaitoi  $\tau \omega \nu$  e $\rho \gamma \omega \nu$  amo into the rest of me; namely from the works from

13 but exhort each other every Day, while it is called TO-DAY, so that no one among you may be harlened by a Delusion of SIN;

12 for we have become Associates of the ANOINT-LD, \$ if indeed we hold fast the BEGINNING of our CONFIDENCE firm to the End.

15 With regard to the DECLARATION—;"To-day, "if you should hear his "voice, harden not your "HEARTS, as in the BIT-

"TER PROVOCATION;"—
16 ‡for who, having heard, did provoke? Did not ALL those who CAME out from Egypt under Moses?

17 And with whom was he displeased Forty Years? Was it not with THOSE who SINNED?—; Whose CORPSES fell in the DES-ERT?

18 And ‡ to whom did he swear that they should not enter his REST, if not to the DISBELIEVING?

19 ‡ And we see That they were not able to enter because of Unbelief.

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 Therefore, twe may be afraid, lest at any time a Promise to enter his REST, being left, any one among you should seem to come short of it.

2 For we also have been evangelized even as then were; but the word of the report did not profit them, not being mingled with pairh in the hear-ers.

3 ‡ We, however, HAV-ING BELIEVED, enter the REST; according as he has said, ‡ "So I swore in my "INDIGNATION—' If they "'shall enter my rest;'" namely, from the works

<sup>† 14.</sup> verse 6. † 15. verse 7. † 16. Num. xiv. 2, 4, 11, 34, 30; Deut. i. 34, 30, 35 † 17. Num. xiv. 22, 29, etc.; xxvi. 65; Psa. cvi. 26; 1 Cor. x. 5: Ju. e 5. † 18. Num. xiv. 50; Deut. i. 34, 35. † 19. Ileb. iv. 6. † 1. Heb. xii. 15. † 3. Psa. xvv. 11; Heb. iii. 14.

καταβολης κοσμου γενηθεντων. 4 Ειρηκε yap a laying down of a world having been done It has been spoken for σερι της έβδομης ούτω. Και κατε-HOU somewhere concerning the seventh thus, And παυσεν ὁ θεος εν τη ήμερα τη έβδομη απο πανthe God on the day the seventh from all
των των εργων αύτου. 5 και εν τουτφ παλιν of the works of himself; and in this Ει εισελευσονται εις την καταπαυσιν дои. If they shall enter into the rest of me. 6 Επει ουν απολειπεται τινας ELTEX DELY ELS Since them it is left some ioto to enter αυτην, και οί προτερον ευαγγελισθεντες ουκ her, and those formerly having received glod tutings not εισηλθον δι' απειθείαν παλιν τινα δρίζει entered on account of unbelief, again certain be deduces ίμεραν, Σημερον, εν Δαυίδ, λεγων, μετά τοσουτον χρονον (καθως ειρηται) Σημερον, εαν tong aume, (as it has been said.) To-day, if της φωνης αυτου ακουσητε, μη σκληρυνητε τας the voice of him you may hear, not harden you καρδιας ύμων. <sup>8</sup>Ει γαρ αυτους Ιητους κατε-TRUE EV, OUR AV MEPL ANNS ENANCE HETA FOREST. BOL WOuld concerning another have spoken after ταυτα ήμερας. 9 Αρα απολειπεται σαββατισ-Therefore remains fb1a of a day. a keeping of a μος τω λαω του θεου. 10 'Ο γαρ εισελθων The for onebaring entered eabbath for the people of the God. EIS THE KATAMAUGIE AUTOU, KAI AUTOS KATEMAUinto the rest of him, also himself caused to σεν απο των εργων αύτου, ώσπερ απο των ιδιων rest from the works of himself, like as from the own 11 Σπουδασωμεν & BEDS. OUN ELGENGEIN ELS the God. We should earnestly endeavor therefore to enter into εκεινην την καταπαυσιν, ίνα μη εν τφ αυτφ so that not by the same that the rest, τις υποδειγματι πεση της απειθειας. 12 Ζων may fall of the unbelief. any one example Living γαρ δ λογος του θεου, και ενεργης, και τομωτεfor the word of the God, and energetic, and more cutpos υπερ πασαν μαχαιραν διστομον, και διικ-ting beyond every award two-mouthed, even cut νουμένος αχρι μερισμού ψυχης \* [τε] και πνευting through to adivision of life [both] and 01 ματος, αρμων τε και μυελων, και κριτικός ενθυbreath, ofjoints both and of marrows, and able to judge of ungewr kat errotor kapdias. 13 kat our egt Heart; thoughts and ofintentions of heart; and not is κτισις αφανης ενωπιον αυτου, παντα δε γυμνα concealed in his sight, a creature out of eight in presence of him, all things but naked

done at the Foundation of the World.

4 For it has been somewhere spoken concerning the SEVENTH day, thus, t " And God rested on the "SEVENTH day from all his " works "

5 And again, in this manner, "If they shall "enter my REST."

6 Since, then, it is left for some to enter, ; and THOSE who formerly recerved glad tidings did not enter on account of Unbelief .-

7 he again defines a certain Day, " To day," saying by David, after So long a Time, (as "it has been said before,) \$ "To-day,
"if you will hear his
"voice, harden not your: " HEARTS."

8 For if Joshua caused Them to rest, he would not, subsequently, spoken of Another Day.

9 Therefore, a Sabbathrest remains for the PEO. PLE of GOD.

10 For HR HAVING EN. TERED his REST, will also himself rest from his works, like as GoD from HIS OWN.

11 Let us earnestly endeavor, therefore, to enter That REST, that no one may fall ; by the SAME Example of UNBELIEF.

12 For the WORD of Gop is ! living, and energetic, and I more cutting than Any two-edged Sword, cutting through even to a Separation of Life and Breath, and of Joints and Marrow, fand able to judge the Thoughts and Intentions of the

13 t and no Creature is but all things are naked

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. it has been said before. ' 12. both-omit.

<sup>† 4.</sup> Gen. ii. 2; Exod. xx. 11; xxxi: 17. Heb. iii. 7. 4. 5. 1 Pet. 1. 23. † 12. Isa. xlix. 2; Jer. xxiii. 20; 3 Cor. xo. 4. 5. 1 Pet. 1. 23. † 12. Eph. vi. 17; Rev. 1. 16; ii. 16. † 13. Psa. xxxiii. 13, 14; xc. 8; cxxxix. 11. 12.

και τετραγηλισμένα τοις οφθαλμοις αυτου. and having been laid open tothe eyes of him. προς δυ ήμιν δ λογος.

win whom forus the

14 Εχοντες ουν αρχιερεα μεγαν, διεληλυθοτα having therefore a migh-priest great, having posed through τους ουρανους, Ιησουν τον υίον του θεου, κρα-Leavens, son of the Got, we should Jesus the 15 Ου γαρ εχυμεν αρτωμεν της δμολογιας. Not for we have lay word of the profession. χ: ερεα μη δυναμενον συμπαθησαι ταις απθεhigh-prestnot being acie to suffer with the weakνειαις ήμων, πεπειρασμενον δε κατα παντα having been tempted but 12 all tougs of us. καθ' δμοιότητα, χωρις άμαρτιας. 16 Προσερχω-Weshould acc rding to alskeness, apart from 830. μεθα ουν μετα παρόηπιας τω θρονώ της χαριcome therefore with con- ence to the throne of the favor, τος, ίνα λαβωμεν ελεον, και χαριν \*[εύρωμεν]
so tust we may receive mercy, and favor [we may find] εις ευκαιρον βοηθειαν. ΚΕΦ. ε'. 5. for seasonable Le.y. Every γαρ αρχιερευς εξ ανθρωπων λαμβανομενος, for high-priest from men having been taken, ύπερ ανθρωπων καθισπαται τα TOOS TOV on tehalf of men is placed over the things relating to the θεον, ίνα προσφερη δωρα τε και θυσιας ύπερ God, so that he may offer gifts both and sacrifices on benalf αμαρτιών. 2 μετριοπαθείν δυναμενός τοις αγνόουof sine; to suffer in a measure being able with the ignorant σι και πλανωμένοις, επει και αυτος περικειται ones and erring ones, since also himself surrounds 3 και δια ταυτην οφειλει, καθως Infirmity; anterelar. and on account of this it is fitting, περι του λαου, ούτω και περι έαυτου προσconcerning the people, so also concerning hunself 20 Φερειν ύπερ αμαρτιών. 4 Kai ουγ EQUTE on benaif of mas. And not to himself λαμβανει την τιμην, αλλα καλουμενος takes the Lodor, but be being carled 715 ύπο του θεου, καθαπερ και Ααρων. 5 0 07 10 Kal even Aaron. Thus and the God, as δ Χριστος ουχ έαυτον εδοξασε γενηθηναι αρχιεthe Asomted not himself did glorify to become a uighρεα, αλλ' δ λαλησας προς αυτον. Tios μου ει pricet, but the one having spoken to him; Ason of me are συ, εγω σημερον γεγεννηκα σε. 6 καθως και εν to-day have begotten thee, as also in έτερφ λεγει. Συ ίερευς εις τον αιώνα, κατα place he says, ‡" Είρου another he says; Thou a priest for the age, according to

and texposed to his ETES. WLOSE WORD 18 addressed

14 Having, therefore, ta great High-priest, 1 who has passed through the HEAVENS, Jesus, the SON of God, twe should firmly retain the CONFESSION.

15 For 1 we have not a High-priest unable to sympathize With WEAKNESSES; but one thaving been tried in all respects like ourselves. t apart from Sin.

16 1 We should therefore, approach with Confidence to the THRONE of FAVOR, that we may receive Mercy and Favor for

seasonable help.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 For Every High-priest having been taken from Men is appointed in behalf of Men, over THINGS relating to GoD, I that he may offer both Gifts and Sacrifices for Sins,

2 being able to deal gently with the IGNORANT and Erring, since he himself is also surrounded by

3 and 1 on this account. as for the PROPLE, so also for himself, he is obliged to offer \* for Sins.

4 # And no one takes the HONOR on Himself, but he BEING CALLED by God, even as ! Aaron was.

5 f And thus the ANOINTED one did not gianty himself to become a High-priest; but HE who SPIKK concerning him, : "Theu art my Son, "To-day have & begotten "thee."

6 as also in another 'art a Priest for the AGE,

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. we may find-omit.

<sup>3.</sup> concerning Sins.

<sup>2 13.</sup> Job xxvi. 6; xxxiv. 21; Prov. xv. 11. 2 14. Heb. iii. 1. 2 14. Heb. vii. 26; ix. 12, 24. 14. Heb. x; 23. 2 15. Heb. ii. 18. 2 15. Luke xxiv. xx. 2 2 Cor. v. 21; Heb. vii. 26; 1 Pot. ii. 22; 1 John iii. 5. 2 16. Eph. ii. 18; iii. 12; heb. x; 19, 21, 22. 2 1. Heb. vii. 3, 4; ix. 9; x. 11. 2 3. Lev. v. 3; ix. 7; xvi. 6, 15. 17; vii. 27. 2 4. 2 Chron. xxvi. 18; John iii. 27. 2 4. Exod. xxviii. 18. 2 5. John viii. 54. 2 5. Psa. ii. 7; Heb. i. 5. 2 6. Psa. cx. 4: Heb. vii. 17, 21.

Chap. 5: 7.7 7 'Os εν ταις ήμεραις την ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ. of Melchizedek. Who in the the order davs της σαρκος αύτου, δεησεις τε και ίκετηριας both and supplications of himself, prayers προς τον δυναμένον σω(ειν αυτον εκ θανατου, being able to deliver him out of death, μετα κραυγης ισχυρας και δακρυων προσενεγhaving offered, a cry strong and tears κας, και εισακουσθεις απο της ευλαβειας, 8 (καιand having been heard from the piety, (though περ ων υίος,) εμαθεν, αφ' επαθε.  $\omega \nu$ Tnv learned, from what things he suffered, the being a son,) ύπακοην<sup>, 9</sup>και τελειωθεις εγενετο τοις ύπαand having been perfected he became to those obeyκουουσιν αυτφ πασιν αιτιος σωτηριας αιωνιου, ing him to all a cause of salvation age-lasting, 10 προσαγορευθεις ύπο του θεου αρχιερευς the God ahigh-priest according to having been declared by order of Melchizedek.

την ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ. 11 Περι ού πολυς Concerning whom great ήμιν ό λογος και δυσερμηνευτος λεγειν, επει to us the word and hard to be explained to say, γεγονατε ταις ακοαις. 12 Και γαρ οφεινωθροι sluggish ones you have become in the hearing. being Even for

διδασκαλοι δια τον LOVTES FLVAL χρονον, to be teachers on account of the time, obligated

παλιν χρειαν εχετε του διδασκειν ύμας, τινα need you have of the to teach you, certain τα στοιχεια της αρχης των λογιων του θεου. elements of the beginning of the oracles of the God; και γεγουατε χρειαν εχουτες γαλακτος, και ου and you have become need having of milk, and not 13 Πας γαρ δ μετεχων γαλακστερεας τροφης. Every one for the partaking of milk,

of solid food. τος, απειρος λογου δικαιοσυνης. νηπιος γαρ unskilled of a word of righteousness; a babe for

εστι· 14 τελειων δε εστι ή στερεα τροφη, των heis; for perfect ones but is the food, for those solid δια την έξιν τα αισθητηρια γεγυμνασμενα the habit the - perceptions having been exercised εχοντων προς διακρισιν καλου τε και κακου.

for a discrimination of good both and having КЕФ. s'. 6.  $^{1}\Delta\iota o$ αφεντες τον της αρχης Therefore leaving the of the beginning

του Χριστου λογον, επι την τελειοτητα φερωword, towards the perfection weshould of the Anointed μεθα· μη παλιν θεμελιον καταβαλλομενοι μεταprogress; not again a foundation laying down for re-

νοιας απο νεκρων εργων, και πιστεως επι θεον, formation from dead works, and of faith in

" according to the ORDER " of Melchizedek."

7 He (who in the DAYS of his FLESH, having ‡ of-fered up both Prayers and Supplications, ‡ Crying aloud with Tears to HIM who was ABLE to deliver him out of Death, and was heard for his DEVOTION.)

8 1 though, being a Son, learned I OBEDIENCE from what he suffered:

9 and thaving been perfected, became a Cause of aionian Salvation to all THOSE who OBEY him:

10 having been declared by God, a High-priest, taccording to the ORDER

of Melchizedek;

11 concerning whom in Our DISCOURSE ‡ we have Much to say, and of difficult interpretation, since you have become sluggish HEARERS.

12 For even when you ought, by this TIME, to be Teachers, you again have Need of one to TEACH you certain # FIRST ELEMENTS of the ORACLES of GOD; and have become such as have Need of # Milk, and not of Solid Food.

13 EVERY ONE, how-ever, PARTAKING of Milk, is unskilled in the Word of Righteousness; for he is

; an Infant;

14 but the SOLID Food is for Adults-for THOSE possessing FACULTIES HA-BITUALLY EXERCISED #for the discrimination both of Good and Evil.

#### CHAPTER VI.

1 Therefore, 1 leaving the FIRST principles of the DOCTRINE of the ANOINT-ED one, we should progress towards MATURITY; not again laying down a Founfor Reformation dation God, from T Works

ii. 10; xi. 40. 12. Heb. vi. 1. 1 Pet. ii. 2. 1. Heb. ix. 14

<sup>2</sup> βαπτισμων διδαχης, επιθεσεως τε χειρων, of dippings teaching, of laying on and of bands,

αναστασεως τε νεκρων, και κριματος αιωνιου. of a resurrection and of dead ones, and of a judgment age-lasting.

3 Και τουτο ποιησομέν, εανπέρ επιτρέπη ὁ θέος.
And this we will do, if may permit the God.

<sup>4</sup> Αδυνατον γαρ, τους άπεξ φωτισθεντας, γευ-Impossible for, those once having been enlightened, hav-

σαμενους τε της δωρεας της επουρανίου, και mg tasted and of the gift of the heavenly, and

μετοχους γενηθεντας πνευματος άγιου, 5 και partakers having begome of spirit holy, and

καλον γευσαμενους θεου ρημα, δυναμεις τε good having tasted of God word, powers and μελλοντος σιώνος. 6 και παραπεσοντας, παλιν

μελλουτος αιωνος, <sup>6</sup> και παραπεσοντας, παλιν about coming of an age, and having fallen away, again ανακαινιζειν εις μετανοιαν, ανασταυρουντας

έαυτοις του υίου του θεου και παραδειγματι-

for themselves the son of the God and exposing to (nutas.  ${}^7\Gamma\eta$  yap  $\mathring{\eta}$  noiou  $\sigma a$   $\tau o \nu \in \pi^*$  auths shame. Earth for that having drank the on her

πολλακις ερχομενον ύετον, και τικτουσα βοταoften coming rain, and producing her-

νην ευθετον εκεινοις, δι' ούς και γεωργειται, bage useful to them, for whom also it is tilled,

μεταλαμβανει ευλογιας απο του θεου. 8 εκφεreceives ablessing from the God, produc-

ρουσα δε ακανθας και τοιβολους, αδοκιμος και ing but thorus and thistles, rejected and

καταρας εγγυς, ης το τελος εις καυσιν.
a curse near, of which the end for burning.

 $^9$  Πετεισμεθα δε περι ύμων, αγαπητοι, τα Having been persuaded but concerning you, beloved ones, the things

κρειττονα και εχομενα σωτηριας, ει και ούτω
better and being possessed of salvation, thougheven thus

λαλουμεν.  $^{10}$  Ου γαρ αδικος δ θεος, επιλαθεσwe speak. Not for unjust the God, to be for-

θαι του εργου ύμων και της αγαπης, ής ενεδειgerfulofthe work of you and of the love, which you

 $\xi$ ασθ $\epsilon$  εις το ονομα αυτου, διακονησαντ $\epsilon$ ς τοις manifested for the name of him, having ministered to the

άγιοις και διακονουντες. <sup>11</sup> Επιθυμουμεν δε, boly ones and are ministering. We desire but,

έκαστον ύμων την αυτην ενδεικνυσθαι σπουδην each of you the same to show difigence

προς την πληροφοριαν της ελπίδος αρχι τελους:
for the full assurance of the hope till an end;

Death, and of Faith in God:

2 \* of the ‡ Doctrine of Immersions, and of the ‡ Imposition of Hands, and of ‡ the Resurrection of the Dead, and of ‡ the aionian Judgment.

3 And This we will do, tif Gop should permit.

4 For those tonce en-LIGHTENED, and having tasted the HEAVENLY GIFT, and thecame Partakers of holy Spirit,

5 and having tasted the Good Word of God and the Powers of ‡the Coming

Age,

6 and having fallen away, ‡it is impossible to renew again to Reformation, ‡ they having re-crucified and are exposing to contempt the son of God.

7 For That Land HAV-ING IMBIBED the RAIN frequently FALLING on it, and producing Vegetation useful to those for whom also it is cultivated, receives a Blessing from GOD;

S that that yielding Thorns and Thistles is disapproved, and near to a Curse; the END of which is for burning.

9 But respecting you, Beloved, we confidently hope for BETTER things, even those connected with Salvation, though even thus

we speak.

10 For God is not unjust, so as to be forgetful of ‡ your work, and the Love which you manifested for his NAME, ‡ having served the SAINTS and are

serving.

11 But we earnestly desire each one of you to show the SAME Diligence for the FULL COMPLETION of the HOPE to the End;

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. of-omit.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{2}\$ 2. Acts xix. 4, 5.

Acts xxiv. 25; Rom. ii. 16.

4. Gal. iii. 2, 5; Heb. ii. 4.

Pet. ii. 20, 21; 1 John v. 16.

10. Rom. xv. 25; 2 Cor. viii. 4; ix. 1, 12; 2 Tim. i. 18.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2. Acts xviii. 31, 22.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2. Acts xviii. 11; 1 Cor. iv. 10.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4. Heb. x. 32;

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 10. Matt. xii. 31, 82; Heb. x. 20;

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 10. I Thess. 1. 3:

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 10. I Col. ii. 2.

12 ίνα μη νωθροι γενησθε, μιμηταιδε των so that not sluggish ones you may become, imitators but of those through πιστεως και μακροθυμιας κληρονομουντων τας are inheriting and long endurance 13 Τφ γαρ Αβρααμ επαγγειλαμεTo the for Abraam having promised επαγγελιας. promises. having promised νος δ θεος, επει κατ' ουδενος ειχε μειζονος he had no one greater the God. since by ομοσαι, ωμοσε καθ' έαυτου, 14 λεγων. Η μην himself, saying; heswore by ευλογων ευλογησω σε, και πληθυνων πληθυνω I will bless thee, and multiplying I will multiply 15 Και ούτω μακροθυμησας επετυχε της σe. having waited long he obtained the And 80 16 Ανθρωποι \* [μεν] γαρ κατα επαγγελιας. [indeed] Men for by promise. του μειζονος ομνυουσι, και πασης αυτοις αντιswear, and all to them contragreater 17 Ev & λογιας περας εις βεβαιωσιν ό όρκος. In which diction an end for confirmation the oath. περισσοτερον βουλομενος δ θεος επιδείξαι τοις the God to show to the more abundantly wishing κληρονομοις της επαγγελιας το αμεταθετον της promise theunchangeablenessofthe βουλης αύτου, εμεσιτευσεν όρκω, 18 ίνα δια δυο purpose of himself, interposed with an oath, so that by two πραγματων αμεταθετων, εν οίς αδυνατον ψευtransactions unalterable, in which ampossible to deσασθαι θεον, ισχυραν παρακλησιν εχωμεν God, strong consolation we might have those καταφυγοντες κρατησαι της προκειμένης ελπιhaving fled away to lay hold of the being placed before hope; δος. 19 τν ώς αγκυραν εχομεν της ψυχης ασφαwe have of the life which as an anchor sure λη τε και βεβαιαν, και εισερχομένην εις το into the both and and entering firm, εσωτερον του καταπετασματος, <sup>20</sup> όπου προδροwithin the vail. a foreύπερ ήμων εισηλθεν Ιησους, κατα την MOS runner on behalf of us Jesus, according to the entered ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ αρχιερευς γενομενος εις τον order of Meichisedek a high-priest having become for the 1 Ουτος γαρ ὁ Μελχισε-КΕΦ. ζ'. 7. αιωνα. for the Melchize-This age. δεκ, βασιλευς Σαλημ, ίερευς του θεου του ύψισof Salem, priest of the God of the most του, (δ συναντησας Αβρααμ ὑποστρεφοντι απο high, (the one having met Abraam returning from της κοπης των βασιλέων και ευλογησας αυτον, him,

12 in order that you may not become sluggish, but Imitators of THOSE who through Faith and Patient endurance ARE INHERIT-ING the PROMISES.

13 For God having promised ABRAHAM, since he could swear by no one greater, the swore by him-

self.

saying, 14 " Surely. "blessing I will bless "thee, and multiplying I " will multiply thee;"

15 and so, having waited long, he obtained the

PROMISE.

16 For Men swear by the GREATER, and the OATH for Confirmation terminates Every Dispute among them.

17 Therefore God, wishing to show more abundantly to the HEIRS of the PROMISE the IMMU-TABILITY of his PURPOSE, interposed with an Oath;

18 so that by Two unalterable Things, in which it is impossible for God to deceive, WE might have Strong Consolation, HAV-ING FLED AWAY to lay hold of the PROPOSED HOPE,

19 which we have as an Anchor of the LIFE, both sure and firm, and ‡ entering the † place WITHIN

the VAIL,

20 twhere Jesus, a Forerunner on our behalf, entered, ‡ having become a High priest for the AGE, according to the ORDER of Melchizedek.

#### CHAPTER VII.

l For This person' MELCHIZEDEK, King of Salem, Priest of the Most HIGH GOD, (HE WHO MET Abraham returning from the DEFEAT of the KINGS, and blessed him.

the smiting of the

and having blessed

kings \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. indeed-omit.

<sup>† 10.</sup> The word place is supplied. The Apostle evidently alludes to "the holy place within the vail." See Lev. xvi. 2.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Gen. xxii. 16, 17; Psa. cv. 9; Luke i. 73. † 16. Exed. xxii. 11. † 17 xi. 9. † 17. Rom. xi. 29. † 19. Lev. xvi. 2, 15; Heb. ix. 7. † 20. Heb. iii. 1; v. 6, 10; vii, 17. † 1. Gen. xiv. 18, &c. 1 17. Heb. 1 20. Heb. iv.

KGH δεκατην απο παντων €UEDIOC2 to whom also a tenth from divided Αβραπμ.) πρωτον μεν έρμηνευομενος βασιλευς aret indeed being translated δικαιοσυνης, επειτα δε και βασιλευς Σαλημ. (δ of righte ousness, then and also aking of Salem, (which  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ ,  $\beta a \sigma \iota \lambda \epsilon \nu s \epsilon \iota \rho \eta \nu \eta s$ ,)  $^3 a \pi a \tau \omega \rho$ , is, a king of peace,) without a father, without a mother, αγενεαλογητος, μητε αρχην ήμερων μητε ζώης without a genealogy, neither a beginning of days nor τελος εχων, αφωμοιωμενος δε το νίω του θεου, an end baving, having been made like but to the son of the God. HEVEL LEPEUS ELS TO BLAVEKES. + DEWPELTE DE. remains a pricet for the continuance. Consideryon but,

πηλικος ούτος, ή και δεκατην Αβρααμ εδωκεν how great this, to whom even a tenth Abraam er two appolition, & matriapxns.
oni of the abolice spotts, the patriarch. 6 Kat oi And those μεν εκ των υίων Λευι την ίερατειαν λαμβαindeed from the sens of Levi the priesthood receiv-

νοντες, εντολην εχουσι αποδεκατουν τον λαον a commandment bave to titho the people κατα του νομον, τουτ' εστι, τους αδελφους

this according to the law, the is, brethren αύτων, καιπερ εξεληλυθοτες εκ της οσφυος though baving come out of the

Αβρααμ. 6 δ δε μη γενεαλογουμένος εξ αυτών, of Abrasm; he but not denving an origin from them,

δεδεκατώκε <sup>#</sup>[τον] Αβρααμ, και τον εχοντα τας has tithed [the] Abraham, and the one having the

7 Χωρις δε πασης αντιεπαγγελιας ευλογηκε. promises he has blessed. Without but all coutra-

λογιας, τον ελαττον ύπο του κρειττονος ευλο-Liction, the less by the greater to blessed. vertal. 8 Και ώδε μεν δεκατας αποθνησκοντες

And here indeed tithes

ανθρωποι λαμβανουσιν εκει δε, μαρτυρουμενος receives there but, being testified ότι ζη. <sup>9</sup> Και, ως έπος ειπειν, δια Γ. βρααμ και shathelives. And, co a word to speak, through Abraham even Λευι δ δεκατας λαμβανων δεδεκατωται. 10 ετι Lori the tithes receiving has been timed; yet γαρ εν τη οσφυι του πατρος ην, ότε συνητησεν for in the loins of the father howes, when met αυτφ δ Μελχισεδεκ. 

11 Ει μεν ουν τελειωσις εin the Methatedek. If indeed then perfection If indeed then perfection kim the Melchiredek. δια της Λευιτικης ιερωσυνης ην (δ λαος γαρ through the Levilles! priesthood was, (the people for

en' auth νενομοθετητο.) τις ετι χρεια, κατα ceived the law,) What Need with her law indirectored;) what yet ased, socoiding to was there yet for Another

2 to whom also Abraham divided a Tenth part of all;) being translated, in-deed, first, King of Right-courness, and then also, King of Salem, that is, King of Peace.

3 + Without father, without mother, without genealogy, having neither a Beginning of Days, nor an End of Life; but having been made like to the son of Gop, remains a Priest PERPETUALLY.

4 But consider how great this person was, ; to whom even Abraham, tho PATRIABCH, gave a Tenth part of the spoils.

5 And indeed ! THESE of the soxs of Levi, who RECEIVE the PRIESTHOOD. have a Commandment by the LAW to tithe the PEO-PLE, that is, their BRUTH-BEN, though they have come out of the LOINS of Abraham:

6 but HE whose PEDI. GREE IS NOT DERIVED from them, has tithed Abraham, I and has blessed THIM Who HAD the PROM-ISES.

7 And, beyond All Dispute, the INVERIOR is blessed by the superior.

8 And here, indeed, Men receive Tithes who die; but there, one of whom it is affirmed That he lives.

9 And, (so to speak,) even THAT Levi, who receives Tithes, has been tithed through Abraham;

10 for he was yet in the LOINS of his FATHER, when MELCHIZEDEK met

11 f If, then, Perfection were through the LEVITI-CAL Priesthood, (for with it the PEOPLE had re-

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- C. the-omfi.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Of whose father, mother, pedigree, birth, and death we have no account. - Wakefield; who prefers this intelligible though free translation of the original to what must appear a strange paradoxical account to common readers. - Inproved Ver.

<sup>1 5.</sup> Num. xviii. 21, 28. 7 6. Gen. 2 2 11. Gal. ii. 21; versco 18, 19: Heb. viii. 7. 4 Gen. xiv. 20. iv. 13; Gal. iii. 16.

την ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ έτερον ανιστασθαι ίερεα, the order of Melchiredek another to arise a priest, και ου κατα την ταξιν Ααρων λεγεσθαι; and not according to the order of Aaron to be named?  $^{12} \text{ Mετατιθεμενης γαρ της ίερωσυνης, εξ αναγ-}_{\text{Being changed}} \text{ for the priesthood, from necessity}$ 

κης \* [και νομου] μεταθεσις γινεται. 15 Εφ' όν α cocurs. Concerning whom γαρ λεγεται ταυτα, φυλης έτερας μετεσχηκεν, for 18 spoken these things, of a tribe another has been a partaker, αφ' ης ουδεις προσεσχηκε τω θυσιαστηριω trom which no one has attended to the altar;

καταδηλον εστιν, ει κατα \*[την] δμοιοτητα
evident itis, if according to [the]

Μελχισεδεκ ανισταται ίερευς έτερος, 16 δς ου of Melchizedek arises a priest another, who not κατα νομον εντολης σαρκινης γεγονεν, αλλα according to a law of a commandment fleshly has become, but

κατα δυναμιν ζωης ακαταλυτου.  $^{17}$  Μαρτυρει according to a power of life enduring. It testifies  $\gamma \alpha \rho$ .  $^{\circ}$  Ότι συ έερευς εις τον αιώνα κατα την for, That thou a priest for the age according to the  $\tau \alpha$  (iv  $M \in \lambda \chi$  i σεδεκ.  $^{18}$   $A\theta \in \tau \eta \sigma$  is  $\mu \epsilon \nu$   $\gamma \alpha \rho$   $\gamma$  i νεcorder of M elchizedek. An abrogation indeed for takes

ται προαγουσης εντολης, δια το αυτης ασplace of a preceding commandment, on account of the her weak-

θενες και ανωφελες·
ness and unprofitableness;

so much

19 (ουδεν γαρ ετελειωσεν δ νομος.) ETTELTA-(nothing for perfected the law;) after inγωγη δε κρειττονος ελπιδος, δι' ής εγγιζοtroduction but of a better hope, through which we draw <sup>20</sup> Και καθ' δσον ου χωρις δρκωμομεν τω θεω. And in as much as not without swearing; near to the God. σιας: (οί μεν γαρ χωρις όρκωμοσιας εστιν ίε-heyindeed for without swearing are priest, ρεις γεγονοτες. 21 δ δε μετα δρκωμοσιας, δια having become; he but with swearing, through του λεγοντος προς αυτον. Ωμοσε κυριος, και ου the one saying to him; Swore a Lord, and not μεταμεληθεσεται Συ ίερευς εις τον will change: Thou a priest for the αιωνα age will change; 22 ката Μελχισεδεκ:]) \* κατα την ταξιν of Melchizedek; ?) [according to the order τοσουτον κρειττονος διαθηκης γεγονεν εγγυος

Priest to arise according to the ORDER of Melchizedek, and not to be named according to the ORDER of Aaron?

12 For the PRIESTHOON being changed, of Necessity, a change of Law also

occurs.

13 For he concerning whom these things are spoken has partaken of another Tribe, from which no one has attended at the ALTAR;

14 for it is very plain that tour LORD has sprung from Judah, re specting Which Tribe Moses spoke Nothing concerning criesthood.

15 And it is yet more plainly manifest, if another Priest arises according to the Likeness of Melchizedek:

16 who has become so, not according to a fleshly Command, but according to the Power of an imperishable Life.

17 For \*it is testified, "Thou art a Priest for "the AGE, according to "ORDER Of Melchizedek."

18 For indeed an Abrogation of the Preceding Commandment takes place, on account of its \$ being WEAK and Unavailing;

19 for the ‡LAW perfected Nothing; but is an Introduction of ‡a Better Hope, through which we draw near to GoD.

20 And inasmuch as it

was not without an Oath,—
21 for then, indeed, have become Priests, without an Oath; but HE with an Oath, through HIM who says to him, ‡ "The Lord "swore, and will not "change, 'Thou art a "' Priest for the AGE.'"—

of Melchizedek;]) by 22 but by so much has διαθηκης γεγονεν εγγυος a covenant has become a surety Better Covenant.

• VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—12. also of Law—omit. 15. the—omit. 17. it is testified. 21. according to the order of Melchizedek—omit.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Isa, xi, 1; Matt, i, 3; Luke iii, 33; Rom, i, 3; Rev, v, 5. Heb, v, 6, 10; vi, 20. † 18. Rom, viii, 3; Gal, iv, 9. † 19. Acts xiii, 39; Rom, iii, 20, 21, 28; viii, 3; Gal, ii, 16; Heb, ix, 9. † 10. Heb, vi, 18; viii, 6. † 21. Psa, cx, 4

Ingous. 23 Και οί μεν, πλειονές εισι γεγονότες Jesus. And they indeed, many are having become ίερεις, δια το θανατφ κωλευεσθαι παραμενειν. priests, on account of the death to be hindered to continue; 24 & SE, δια το μενειν αυτον εις τον αιωνα, he but, on account of the to continue him for the age, απαραβατον εχει την iερωσυνην  $5 \delta \theta$ εν και unchangeable he has the priesthood; hence and σω(ειν εις το παντελες δυναται τους προσερχοdrawing to save for the completely is able those μενους δι' αυτου τω θεω, παντοτε near through him to the God, always living, το εντυγχανειν ύπερ αυτων. 26 Τοιουτος in behalf of them. interpose γαρ ήμιν επρεπεν αρχιερευς, όσιος, ακακος, for tous was proper a high-priest, holy, free from sin, holy, free trom sin, αμιαντος, κεχωρισμένος από των άμαρτωλων, unstained, having been reparated from the sinuers, και ύψηλοτερος των ουρανων γενομενος. 27 δς and more exalted of the heavens having become; who ουκ εχει καθ' ήμεραν αναγκην, ώσπερ οί αρχιεnecessity, as the not has every day highρεις, προτερον ύπερ των ιδιων άμαρτιων θυσιας briests, first on behalf of the own 81118 sacrifices αναφερείν, επείτα των του λαου τουτο γαρ then for those of the people; tais for 27 'O voεποιησεν εφαπαξ, έαυτον ανενεγκας. at once, himself having offered. The law μος γαρ ανθρωπους καθιστησιν αρχιερεις, εχονappoints high-pitests, having τας ασθενειαν ό λογος δε της δρκωμοσιας της weakness; the word but of the swearing of that μετα τον νομον, υίον εις τον αιωνα τελειωμενον. after the law, a son for the age having been perfected. ΚΕΦ. η'. 8. ΙΚεφαλαιον δε επι τοις λεγομένοις, A head thing but to those being spoken, τοιουτον εχομεν αρχιερεα, ός εκαθισεν ενδεξια we have a high-priest, who sat down at right του θρονου της μεγαλωσυνης εν τοις ουρανοις, of the throne of the majesty in the heavens, ετων άγιων λειτουργος, και της σκηνης της of the holy things a public servant, and of the tabernacle of the αληθινης, ήν επηξεν δ κυριος, \*[και] OUK which fixed the Lord, trie, [and] not 3 Πας γαρ αρχιέρευς εις το προσανθρωπος. Every for high-priest in order to the 10 φερειν δωρα τε και θυσιας καθισταται όθεν gifts both and sacrifices is appointed; hence

23 And, indeed, THOSE having become Priests are many, on account of being HINDERED by Death to continue;

24 but HE, on account of his CONTINUING for the AGE, possesses the PRIEST-HOOD which changes not;

25 and, hence, he is able save COMPLETELY THOSE DRAWING NEAR to God through him, always living to INTERPOSE on their behalf.

26 For such a Highpriest \* also was proper for Us,-tholy, harmless, undefiled, separated from SINNERS, and having become 1 more exalted than the HEAVENS .-

27 one who has not daily Necessity, like the migh PRIESTS, ‡ first, to offer Sacrifices for their OWN Sins, then for THOSE of the PEOPLE; for ! This he did once for all, having offered Himself.

28 For the LAW appoints † Men High-priests, having Weakness; but the WORD of THAT OATH, which was after the LAW, a Son, twho has been perfected for the

#### CHAPTER VIIL

1 The chief thing, however, among those we are discussing is, that we have Such a High-priest, ‡ who sat down at the Right hand of the THRONE of the MAJESTY in the HEAVENS:

2 a Minister of I the HOLIES, and of the TRUE TABERNACLE, which the LORD fixed, not Man.

3 For ‡ Every Highpriest is appointed to or-FER both Gifts and Sacrifices; hence Iit was necessary for this one also to have something which he necessary, to have something also this which he might offer might offer.

αναγκαιον, εχειν τι και τουτον δ προσενεή-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26. also was proper. 2. and-omit.

<sup>2 25.</sup> Rom. viii. 34; 1 Tim. ii. 5; Heb. ix. 24; 1 John ii. 1. 2 26. Heb. iv. 15. 1 26 Eph. i. 20; iv. 10; Heb. viii. 1. 2 27. Lev. ix. 7; xvi. 6; Heb. v 3; ix. 7. 1 27 Lev. xvi. 15. 2 27. Rom. vi. 10; Heb. ix. 12; 28; x. 12. 28; x. 12. 28. Heb. v. 1, 2 2 28. Heb. ii. 10; v. 9. 11. Eph. i. 20; Col. iii. 1; Heb. i. 3; x. 12; xii. 2. 1 2 3 Heb. ix. 8, 12, 24. 2 3. Heb. ix. 11. 2 3. Heb. v. 1. 2 3. Eph. v. 2; Heb. ix. 14

κη. <sup>4</sup> Ειμεν γαρ ην επιγης, ουδ' αν ην ίερευς,
If indeed for he was on earth, not even could he be a priest, υντων \*[των ίερεων] των προσφεροντων κατα being [of the priests] those offering according to τον νομον τα δωρα. 5 (οίτινες ύποδειγματι και law the gifts; (who in an example the των επουρανιών, καθως λατρευουσι σκια in a shadow of the heavenue. serve evenas κεχρηματισται Μωυσης, μελλων επιτελειν την had been divinely warned Moses, being about to finish the σκηνην 'Ορα γαρ, φησι, ποιησης παντα tabernacle; See thou for, he says, thou may est make all things tabernacle: See thou for, τον τυπον τον δειχθεντα σοι εν τφ KATA according to the pattern that having been shown to thee in the ορει.) 6 νυνι δε διαφορωτερας τετευχε λειτουρmount;) now but more excellent he has obtained a service γιας, δσω και κρειττονος εστι διαθηκης μεσιby as much also of a better he is covenant a mediaτης, ήτις επι κρειττοσιν επαγγελιαις νενομοwhich on better promises has been 7 Ει γαρ ή πρωτη εκεινη ην αμεμπ- $\theta \in \tau \eta \tau \alpha \iota$ . If for the anstituted. first that Was faultless, 8 Mεμτος, ουκ αν δευτερας ε(ητειτο τοπος. be seeking a place. Findnot would a second φομένος γαρ αυτοις λέγει. Ιδου, ήμεραι έρχον-Lo, for to them he says; days are comται, λεγει κυριος, και συντελεσω επι τον οικον says a Lord, and I will finish with the house Ισραηλ και επι τον οικον Ιουδα διαθηκην καινην. with the house of Judah a covenant laraei and 9 ου κατα την διαθηκην ήν εποιησα τοις πατραnot according to the covenant which I made with the fathers σιν αυτων, εν ήμερα επιλαβομενου μου της a day having laid hold of me of the of them, in χειρος αυτων, εξαγαγειν αυτους εκ γης Αιγυπto lead out them out of land of Egypt. του ότ αυτοι ουκ ενεμειναν εν τη because they not did abide in the διαθηκη covenant καγώ ημελησα αυτών, λεγει μου, KUDIOS. of me, and i cared not for them, a Lord. 10 Ότι αύτη ή διαθηκη ήν διαθησομαι τω οικώ For this the covenant which I will covenant with the house Ισραηλ μετα τας ήμερας εκεινας, λεγει κυριος, after the those, days says of Israel διδους νομους μου εις την διανοιαν αυτων, και of me into the mind of them, and laws επι καρδιας αυτων επιγραψω αυτους και εσομαι of them I will write them; and I will be αυτοις εις θεον, και αυτοι εσονται μοι εις λαον. shall be to me for a people. they to them for a God, and

4 \* If then, indeed, he were on Earth, he could not be a Priest, there being THOSE who OFFER GIFTS according to the LAW;

5 (who perform divine service for a Symbol and ‡ Shadow of the HEAVEN-LIES; even as Moses, when about to construct the tabernacle, was divincly admonished; for, ‡ "See," says he, "that thou make "all things according to "THAT PATTERN shown to "thee on the MOUNT;)"

6 but now the has obtained a Superior Service, even by so much as he is the Mediator of a Better Covenant, which has been instituted on Better Promises.

7 ‡ For if that FIRST one were faultless, a Place would not be sought for a Second.

8 But finding fault, he says to them, ‡" Behold! "Days are coming, says "the Lord, when I will "complete a new Covenant with the HOUSE of "Israel and the HOUSE of "Judah:

9 "not according to the "COVENANT which I "made with their FATH-"ERS, in the Day when I "took them by the HAND "to lead them out of the "Land of Egypt;—Be-"cause they did not abide "in my COVENANT, I "also slighted them, says "the Lord.

"also slighted them, says
"the Lord.
10 "For ‡ this is the
"covenant which I will
"covenant with the House
"of Israel; After those
"days, says the Lord, I
"will put my Laws into
"their MIND, and on their
"\*Heart will I inscribe
"them; and ‡ I will be
"to them for a God, and
"then shall be to me for a
"People.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-4. If then.

<sup>4.</sup> the PRIESTS-omit.

<sup>10.</sup> Heart.

<sup>15.</sup> Col. ii. 17; Heb. ix. 23; x. 1. 4; Acts vii. 44. 16. 2 Cor. iii. 6, 8, 9; Heb. vii. 22. 17. Heb. vii. 11, 18. 10. Heb. x. 10. 10. Zech. viii. 8.

Chap. 8: 11.1 21 Kai ou μη διδαξωσιν έκαστος τον πολιτην And not not they may teach each one the fellow-citizen And not not they may teach each one αύτου, και έκαστος τον αδελφον αύτου, λεγων. of himself, and each one the brother of himself, saying; Γνωθι τον κυριον ότι παντες ειδησουσι με, απο μικρου \*[αυτων] έως μεγαλου αυτων. from least of them. 12 'Οτι ίλεως εσομαι ταις αδικιαις αυτων, και Because merciful I will be to the unrighteousnesses of them, and των άμαρτιων αυτων \*[και των ανομιων αυτων] of the sins [and of the iniquities of them] of them 13 Εν τω λεγειν καινην. ου μη μνησθω ετι. By the to say not not I will remember more. πεπαλαιωκε την πρωτην το δε παλαιουμενον Gret; that but becoming old he has declared old the και γηρασκου, εγγυς αφανισμου, ΚΕΦ. θ'. 9. and advancing in age, near disappearing. <sup>1</sup> Ειχε μεν ουν \*[και] ή πρωτη δικαιωματα λα-Had indeed then (both) the first ordinances of 2 באחשח מפף τρειας, το, τε άγιον κοσμικον. the, and holy de furniture Atabernacle for κατεσκευασθη ή πρωτη, εν ή ή TE λυχνια the first, in which indeed both a lamp-stand και ή τραπεζα και ή προθεσις των αρτων, ήτις and the table and the setting forth of the loaves, .. which

λεγεται άγια. 3 μετα δε το δευτερον καταπετασμα σκηνη, ή λεγομενη άγια άγιων 4\* [χρυa tabernacie, that being named holies of holies, [a goldσουν] εχουσα \*[θυμιατηριον, και] την κιβωτον [center, and] the της διαθηκης περικεκαλυμμενην παντοθεν χρυof the covenant having been covered on all sides σιω, εν ή σταμνος χρυση εχουσα το μαννα, gold, in which a pot golden having και ή βαβδος Ααρων ή βλαστησασα, and the red and the of Asron that having budded, πλακες της διαθηκης. 5 ύπερανω δε αυτης Χερtablets of the covenant; but her above chernουβιμ δοξης κατασκία (οντα το ίλαστηριον.

ων δυκ εστι νυν λεγειν κατα μερος. concerning which things not it is now to speak

overshadowing

bia

ofglory

11 "And they shall " not teach each one his " FELLOW-CITIZEN, and of each one his BROTHER, " saying, 'Know you tha " LORD; Because all " shall know me, from the " least even to the greatest

12 "For I will be merci-"ful to their UNRIGHTE-"OUSNESS, and their sins will I remember "

" more."

13 I By SAYING "New." he has rendered the FIRST one old; now, THAT which is DECAYING and growing old is near vanishing away.

#### CHAPTER IX

1 Then, indeed, the rinsr one had Ordinances of Worship, and I the SANCTUARY furnished:

2 ffor a Tabernacle was prepared—the riket—t in which were both tho LAMP-STAND, and the TABLE, and the LOAVES of the PRESENCE, " + and the GOLDEN Allar of incense; this is named, "The HOLY place."

S 1 And behind the sec-ond Vail, That (Taber-nacle which is NAMED, The HOLY of the HO-

LIES;"

4 having the ARK of the COVENANT, covered on all sides with Gold, in which was ta golden Vase containing the MANNA, and the BOD of Aaron which BLOSSOMED, and the TAB-LETS of the COVENANT;

5 and above it were the Cherabs of Glory, overshadowing the MERCY-SEAT : concerning which things it is not necessary now to speak particularly.

mercy-sect;

the

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—11. of them—omit. both—omit. 2. and the couden Altar of incense. 12. and their iniquities—omit.
3. The noty of the noties. 1. both-omit. 4. and GULDEN Censer-omit.

<sup>† 2.</sup> The reading of the Vatican MS. has been adopted as giving a solution of an acknow. ledged difficulty, and as perfectly harmonizing with the Mosaic account.

t 11. Isa, liv. 13; John vi. 45; 1 John li. 27. 2 12. Rom. xi. 27; Heb. x. 17. 2 13
2 Cor. v. 17. 1 1. Exod. xxv. 8. 1 2. Exod. xxvi. 1. 1 2. Exod. xxvi. 3.
xl. 4. 2 2. Exod. xxv. 31. 1 2. Exod. xxv. 33, 30; Lev. xxiv. 5, 6. 1 2. Exod. xxv. 10;
xxvi. 33. 1 4. Exod. xvi. 33, 34. 1 4. Num. xvii. 10. 2 4. Exod. xxv. 10;
xxvi. 35; xl. 20; Peut. x. 2, 5; 1 Kings viii. 0, 21; 2 Chron. v. 10. 2 6. Exod. xxv. 10;
22; Lev. xvi. 2; 1 Kings viii. 6, 7. 2 Cor. v. 17.

<sup>6</sup> Τουτων δε ούτω κατεσκευασμενών, εις μεν την having been prepared, into indeed the Of these now thus πρωτην σκηνην διαπαντος εισιασιν οί ίερεις, first tabernacle always goes in the priests, τας λατρειας επιτελουντες. 7 εις δε την δευτεinto but the services performing; second ραν άπαξ του ενιαυτου μονος δ αρχιερευς, ου once of the year alone the high-priest, χωρις αίματος, δ προσφερει ύπερ έαυτου και which he offers on behalf of himself των του λαου αγνοηματων. 8 τουτο δηλουντος this for the of the people ignerances; showing του πνευματος του άγιου, μηπω πεφανερωσθαι of the holy, not yet to have been manifested spirit την των αγιων όδον, ετι της πρωτης σκηνης the of the holies way, while of the first tabernacleεχουσης στασιν. 9 ήτις παραβολη εις τον καιhaving a standing; which a parable for the καθ' δν δωρα τε και τον ενεστηκοτα, that having been present, according to which gifts both and θυσιαι προσφερονται μη δυναμεναι ката are offered not ' being able according to συνειδησιν τελειωσαι τον λατρευοντα, 10 μονον the one serving, to perfect only επι βρωμασι και πομασι, και διαφοροις βαπτισdrinks, and and various dippings, μοις, δικαιωμασι σαρκος, μεχρι καιρου διορθω-

σεως επικειμένα.

righteousnesses of flesh,

is being imposed. 11 Χριστος δε παραγενομένος, αρχιέρευς των Anointed but having come, a high-priest of the μελλοντων αγαθων, δια της μειζονος και τεfuture good things, by means of the greater and more χειροποιητου.  $(\tau o \nu \tau)$ λειοτερας σκηνης, ου made by hand, tabernacle, not (that εστιν, ου ταυτης της κτισεως,) 12 ουδε Si not of this creation.) not indeed by means of the αίματος τραγων και μοσχων, δια δε του blood of goats and young bullocks, by means of but of the ιδιου αίματος, εισηλθεν εφαπαξ εις τα άγια, entered once for all into the holies, blood, αιωνιαν λυτρωσιν εύραμενος. 13 Et γαρ TO age-lasting redemption having found. If for the αίμα ταυρων και τραγων, και σποδος δαμαλεως of bulls and of goats, and ashes of a heifer οαντιζουσα τους κεκοινωμενους, άγιαζει προς polluted ones, the cleanses for sprinkling την της σαρκος καθαροτητα. 14 ποσώ μαλλον purification; how much more the of the fiesh

tıli

a season

of correc-

6 Now these things having been thus prepared. the PRIESTS performing SERVICES enter the FIRST Tabernacle, at all times:

7 but into the SECOND. the HIGH-PRIEST alone. once † ANNUALLY, -- not without Blood, which the offers on benalf of himself. and the SINS OF IGNO-BANCE of the PEOPLE; 8 the HOLY SPIRIT

showing This, that the WAY into the HOLIES has not yet been brought to view, while the FIRST Tabernacle has a Standing;

9 (which was a Figurative representation for THAT SEASON which was then PRESENT;) according to which both Gifts and Sacrifices are which are not able to perfect the worshipper as to the Conscience:

10 being imposed (together with † Meats and Drinks and † Various Immersions,-\* fleshly 10rdinances,) only till a Period of Emendation.

11 But Christ having become a High priest of the FUTURE GOOD things, t by means of the GREATER and More perfect Tabernacle, not made by hands, that is, not of This CREA-TION :

12 he entered, once for all, into the HOLY places, not indeed by means of the Blood of Goats and of Bullocks, but tby means of his own Blood, thaving found Aionian Redemption.

13 For if t the BLOOD of \* Goats and of Bulls, and the Asnes of a Heifer, sprinkling the POLLUTED. cleanses for the PURIFICA-TION of the FLESH;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. and.

<sup>13.</sup> Goats and of Bulls.

<sup>+ 7.</sup> Or, on one day annually, that is, on the day of atonement. See Lev. xvi.

<sup>† 6.</sup> Num. xxviii, 3; Dan. viii, 11.
† 7. Heb. v. 3; vii, 27.
† 8. Heb. x. 19, 20.
† 10. Eph. ii, 18, 19; x. 1, 11.
riv. 7.
† 10. Eph. ii, 15; Col. ii, 20; Heb. vii, 16.
† 11. Heb. x. 1.
† 12. Eph. i. 7; Col. i. 14;
† Pet. 1, 19.
† 13. Lev. xvi. 14, 16.
† 13. Num. xix. 2, 17.

το αίμα του Χοιστου, δε δια πνευματος αιωthe blood of the Anointed one, who by means of a spirit age-

νιου έαυτον προσηνεγκεν αμωμον τω θεω, καθαlasting himself offered spotless to the God, shal

ριει την συνειδησιν ύμων απο νεκρων εργων, cleansetho conscience of you from of death works,

εις το λατρευειν θεω ζωντι. Sia living. for the to serve God And on account of

TOUTO διαθηκης καινης μεσιτης εστιν, ύπως of a covenant a mediator so that

θανατου γενομενου, εις απολυτρωσιν των επof a death having taken place, for a redemption of the under

τη πρωτη διαθηκη παραβασεων, την επαγγεfirst the covenant transcressions. promise

λιαν λαβωσιν οί κεκλημενοι της αιωνιου κληmight receive those having been called of the age-lasting inherit-

16 'Οπου γαρ διαθηκη, θανατον αναγpovoulas. Where for a covenant, death 17 διαθηκη γαρ διαθεμενου. κη φερεσθαι του

sary to be produced of that having been appointed; a covenant for

επι νεκροις βεβαια, επει μηποτε ισχυει ότε, (η 18 'Οθεν ουδ' ή πρωτη χωρις διαθεμενος.

that having been appointed. Hence not even the first without 19 Λαληθεισης αίματος €γκ€καινισται. γαρ

llaving spoken blood has been dedicated. for εντολης ката νομον ύπο Μωυπεως Tagns by commandment according to law Muses every

παντιτφ λαφ, λαβων το αίμα των μοσχων to all the people, having taken the blood of the young bullocks

και τραγων μετα ύδατος και εριου κοκκινου και and of goats with water and wool

ύσσωπου, αυτό τε το βιβλιον και πάντα τον itself both the book and all the

λαον ερβαντισε, 20 λεγων. Τουτο το αίμα της people he sprinkled, saying, This the blood of the

διαθηκης, ής ενετειλατο προς ύμας δ BEOS. covenant, which enjoined OB you the God;

21 και την σκηνην δε και παντα τα σκευη της also the tabernacle and and all the vessels ofthe

λειτουργιας τω αίματι δμοιως ερραντισε. public service with the blood in like manger he sprinkled.

22 Και σχεδον εν αίματι παντα καθαριζεται And almost blood by all things are cleansed

14 how much more tshall the BLOOD of the ANOINTED onc, through an aionian Spirit, offered Himself spotless to God, tcleanse your conscience from Works of Death, for the SERVICE of the living \* God? †

15 And on this account. the is Mediator of a new Covenant, ‡ so that Death having taken place for a kedemption of the TRANS-GRESSIONS against the FIRST Covenant, THOSE having been INVITED might receive the PROM-ISE of the AIONIAN Inheritance.

16 For where a Covenant exists, the Death of that which has RATIFIED it is necessary to be produced;

17 because t a Covenant is firm over dead victims. since it is never valid when that which RATIFIES it is

alive.

18 # Hence not even the FIRST has been instituted

without Blood.

19 For Every Commandment in \* the LAW having been spoken by Moses to All the PEOPLE, taking the BLOOD of \$ BULLOCKS and of \* GOATS, I with Water, and scarlet Wool, and Hyssop, he sprinkled both the BOOK itself, and All the PEOPLE,

20 saying, ‡ "This is the "BLOOD of the COVENANT " which God enjoined on

" you."

21 And he in like manner tsprinkled with the BLOOD, the TABERNACLE also, and All the UTENSILS of the Public SERVICE.

22 And, according to the LAW, almost all things are

14. and true Gop.

19. the LAW.

<sup>\*</sup> Alexandrian Manuschift .- 14. our. 19. GOATS.

<sup>† 14.</sup> From this verse to the end of the book the Vatican MS. is defective, and the various readings are copied from Dr. Woide's Collation of the Alexandrian Manuscript.

<sup>1 14. 1</sup> Pet. i. 10; 1 John i. 7; Rev. 1. 5.

eb. i. 3; x. 22.

1 15. Heb. vii. 22; viii. 6; xii. 24.

† 15. Rem.

† 16. Lev. xiv. 4, 7, 40, 51, 52.

† 20. Lev. xiv. 14, 15, 18;

† 21. Exod. xxix. 12, 30; Lev. viii. 15, 19; xvi. 14—10. † 15. Rom. iii. 25; v. 6; † 19. Exod. xxiv. 5, † 20. Exod. xxiv. 8; Heb. i. 3; x. 22. 1 Pet. iii. 18. Matt. xxvi. 28

to be

to

Chap. 9: 23.7 τον νομον, και χωρις αίματεκχυσιας ου according to the law. and without blood-shedding  $^{23}$  Avaykh our ta  $\mu\epsilon\nu$   $^{\circ}\nu\pi\sigma^{-}$  Anecessity then the indeed copies γινεται αφεσις. takes place forgiveness. δειγματα των εν τοις ουρανοις, τουτοις καθαheavens. by these of those in the ρι(εσθαι αυτα δε τα επουρανία κρείττοσι cleansed; themselves but the things heavenly 24 Ου γαρ εις χειροποιη-Not for into made by hands θυσιαις παρα ταυτας. escrinces than the ie. τα άγια εισηλθεν δ Χριστος, αντιτυπα των entered the Anointed, representations of the αληθινων, αλλ' εις αυτον τον ουρανον, νυν εμbut into itself the heaven, now φανισθηναι τω προσωπώ του θε νυ ύπερ ήμων. in the presence of the God on behalf of us. 25 Ουδ', ίνα πολλακις προσφερη έαυτον, ώσπερ Not indeed, that often he should offer himself, even as 🜢 αρχιερευς εισερχεται εις τα άγια κατ' ενιαυthe high-priest goes into the holles every year τον εν αίματι αλλοτριφ· 26 (επει εδει other: (since it was necessary him with blood

πολλακις παθείν απο καταβολης κοσμού) νυν often to have suffered from a laying down of a world;) now

δε απαξ επι συντελεια των αιωνων, εις αθετηbut once for all at of the ages, an end for a remoσιν άμαρτιας δια της θυσιας αύτου πεφανεof sin by means of the sacrifice of himself he has been 27 Και καθ' δσον αποκειται τοις ανθρω-

manifested. And it awaits the men ποις άπαξ αποθανειν, μετα δε τουτο κρισις. this a udgment; once to die, after but

28 ούτω και δ Χριστος άπαξ προσενεχθεις εις το so also the Anointed once for all having been offered for the πολλων ανενεγκειν άμαρτιας, εκ δευτερου χω-

sin, to carry away a second time withmany ρις άμαρτιας οφθησεται, τοις αυτον απεκδεχοsin will be seen. by those him expecting

 $^{1}\Sigma\kappa\iota\sigma\nu$ μενοις εις σωτηριαν. КЕФ. 1. 10. for salvation. Ashadow

αυτην την εικονα των πραγματων, κατ' ενιαυ-

the image of the things, every year τον ταις αυταις θυσιαις ας προσφερουσιν εις

by the same sacrifices which they offer for

purified by Blood, and without an Effusion of Blood no Forgiveness takes

23 It was necessary then, indeed, for the COPIES of the THINGS in the HEAVENS to be cleansed by These, but the HEAVENLY things themselves with Better Sacrifices than these.

24 For the Anointed one did not enter Holy places made by hands, the Antit pes of the TRUK ones, but into HEAVEN itself, I to appear now in the PRESENCE of GOD on our behalf.

25 Not indeed that he should present himself often, even as the HIGH-PRIEST who enters the HOLY places Annually with Other Blood;

26 (since, in that case, he must have suffered often from the Foundation of the World; but now tonce for all, at a # Completion of the AGES, he has been manifested for a Removal of \* Sin by the SACRIFICE of himself.

27 ‡ And as it awaits MEN to die once, but after this ta Judgment:

28 so also the ANOINTED one, having been once for all offered for t the MANY, to bear away Sin, will appear a Second time without a Sin-offering, to THOSE who are ‡ EXPECT-ING Him, in order to \* Salvation.

#### CHAPTER X.

1 Moreover, the LAW having ta Shadow of the Truture Good things. not the Very IMAGE of the THINGS, is by t no means able with the SAME Annual Sacrifices which they offer

28. Salvation by

26. SIN.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 24. the-omit. Faith.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{2}\$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{Lev. xvii. 11.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{34. Heb. viii. 5.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{4. Heb. vii. 20.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{4. Heb. viii. 25.} \text{1 John ii. 1.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{26. Heb. vii. 27.} \text{verse 12.} \text{x. 10; 1 Pet. iii. 18.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{26. 1 Cor. x. 11; Gal. iv. 4; Eph. i. 10.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{27. Gen. iii. 19, Eccl. iii. 20.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{27. 2 Cor. v. 10.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{28. Matt. xxvi. 28; Rom. v. 15.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{28. Titus ii. 13; 2 Pet. v. 12.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{1. Col. ii. 17; Heb. viii. 5; ix. 23.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{1. Heb. ix. 11.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{48.} \$\text{11. Heb. ix. 11.} \$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{48.} \$\text{48.} \$\text{48.}

το διηνεκες, ουδεποτε δυναται τους προσερχοthe continuance, never is able the ones drawing μενους τελειωσαι. Επει ουν ων Otherwise not would 2 Επει ουκ αν επαυσαντο they cease προσφερομεναι, δια το μηδεμιαν EYELV ETL to be offered, because that no one to have longer συνειδησιν άμαρτιων τους λατρευοντας, άπαξ a consciousness of sins those publicly serving, once κεκαθαρμενους; 3 αλλ' εν αυταις αναμνησις having been cleaused? but in these a remembrance 4 Αδυνατον γαρ αίμα άμαρτιων κατ' ενιαυτον. every year. Impossible for blood 5 A10 ταυρων και τραγων αφαιρειν άμαρτιας. of bulls and of goats to take away Therefore εισερχομένος εις τον κοσμον, λεγει Θυσιαν into the world, hesays; coming Sacrifice και προσφοράν ουκ ηθελήσας, σωμά δε κάτηρand offering not thou didn't desire, a body but thou didn't τισω μοι· 6 δλοκαυτωματα και τερι αμαρτιας provide for me; whole burnt offerings even for ein . ουκ ευδοκησας. 7 Τοτε ειπον Ιδου ήκω, (εν not thou didst delight in. Then I said; Lo I come, (in Βιβλιου κεφαλιδι γεγραπται περι εμου,) of a book it has been written concerning me,) του ποιησαι, δ θεος, το θελημα σου. 8 AVWTEthe God, the of the to do, will of thee. Above οον λεγων. Ότι θυσιαν και προσφοραί και όλο-That a sacrifice and offering and whele καυτωματα και περι άμαρτιας ουκ ηθελησας, for sin not thou didst desire, burnt offerings even ουδε ευδοκησας (αίτινες κατα \* [τον] vouov nor didat delight in; (which according to [the] law προσφερονται.) 9 τυτε ειρηκεν. Ιδου, ήκω του are offered;) then he said; Le, I come of the ποιησαι το θελημα σου. Αναιρει το πρωτον, to do the will of thee. He takes tway the first, 10 Εν ώ θεληματι ίνα το δευτερον στηση. so that the second he may establish. By which ήγιασμενοι εσμεν δια της προσφορας του having been sanctified we are through the offering ofthe Η Και πας σωματος Ιησου Χριστου εφαπαξ. of Jesus Anointed once for all. And every μεν ίερευς έστηκε καθ' ήμεραν λειτουργων, και indeed priest has stood every day publicly serving, and τας αυτας πολλακις προσφερων θυσιας, αίτινες offering sacrifices, often which. 12 Avουδεποτε δυναντι περιελειν άμαρτιας. are able to take away Bin.

CONTINUALLY, to perfect THOSE Who DRAW NEAR.

2 Otherwise, would they not cease being offered? because THOSE SERVING, having been once cleansed. would no longer HAVE any Consciousness of Sins.

3 I But in these there is an Annual Remembrance

of Sins:

4 for tit is impossible for the Blood of Bulls and of Goats to take away Sin.

5 Therefore, entering the WORLD, he says, thou didst not desire, "but a Body didst thou " provide for me;

6 " in Whole burnt of-"ferings, even for Sin, " thou didst not delight;

7 "then I said, 'Behold, " I come, O God, to PER-"FORM thy WILL!" In "the volume of the Bock "it has been written con-" cerning me."

8 Having said above, \* " Sacrifice and Offering "and Whole burnt offerings, "even for Sin, thou didst "not desire, nor didst de-"light in," (which are offered according to Law;)

9 then he said, "Behold, "I come to PERFORM thy "WILL!" He takes away the FIRST, that he may cstablish the SECOND;

10 t by Which Will we have been sanctified through the CEFERING of the Bony of Jesus Christ once for all.

11 And indeed every \* Priest has # daily stood publicly serving and offering frequently the SAME Sacrifices, which are never able to take away Sin;

12 but the, having ofτος δε μιαν ύπερ αμαρτιων προσενεγκας θυσιάν, fered One Enduring Sacbut one on behalf of eine having offered a sacrifice, rifice on behalf of Sins, sat

ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. Sacrifices and Offerings and. 11. High-priest.

<sup>8.</sup> the-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> verse 14. † 3. Lev. xvi. 21; Heb. ix. 7. † 4. Micah vi. 6, 7; Heb. ix. 13 verse 11. † 5. Psa. xl. 6; l. 8; Isa. i. 11; Jer. vi. 20; Amos v. 21, 22. † 10. John xvii. 10; Heb. xiii. 12. † 10. Heb. ix. 12. † 11. Num. xxviii. 3; Col. iii. 1. : 4. Micah vi. 6, 7; Heb. ix. 13; 1 10. John

εις το διηνεκες εκαθισεν εν δεξια του θεου, tor the continuance sat down at right of the God,

13 το λοιπον εκδεχομενος έως τεθωσιν οί thenceforth waiting till may be placed the

εγθροι αυτου ύποποδιον των ποδων αυτου. a footstool for the enemies of him feet of him.

14 Μια γαρ προσφορά τετελειωκέν εις το διηνε-By one for offering he has perfected for the continu-

45 Μαρτυρει δε ήμιν κες τους άγια(ομενους. being sanctified. ance those Testifies but to us

και το πνευμα το άγιον. Μετα γαρ το προειspirit the holy. After for that also the to have

ρηκεναι 16 αύτη ή διαθηκη, ήν διαθησομαι προς this the covenant, which I will ratify

αυτους μετα τας ήμερας εκεινας λεγει κυριος. after the days those; says a Lord;

Διδους νομους μου επι καρδιας αυτων, και επι laws of me in of them, and on hearts των διανοιών αυτών επιγραψώ αυτους. 17 και minds ofthem I will write them.

των αμαρτιων αύτων και των ανομιων αυτων ου of them and of the iniquities of them not of the sins

μη μνησθω ετι. 18 Όπου δε αφεσις τουτων, Where now for givenesss of these, not I may remember more.

ουκετι προσφορα περι άμαρτιας, <sup>19</sup> Εχοντες offering for no longer Having ουν, αδελφοι, παρδησιαν εις την εισοδον των

therefore, brethren, contidence for the entrance of the άγιων εν τφ αίματι Ιησου, <sup>20</sup> ήν ενεκαινισεν by the blood of Jesus, which he consecrated

ήμιν όδον προσφατον και forus away recently killed and yet ζωσαν, δια TOU through the living,

καταπετασματος, (τουτ' εστι, της σαςκος (that 18, the

αύτου,)  $^{21}$  και ί $\epsilon$ ρ $\epsilon$ α μ $\epsilon$ γαν  $\epsilon$ πι τον οικον του of himself,) and a priest great over the house of the

θεου Σπροσερχωμεθα μετα αληθινης καρδιας let us approach God; with a true

εν πληροφορια πιστεως, ερβαντισμενοι τας καρin full conviction of faith, having been sprinkled the hearts

διας απο συνειδησεως πονηρας. 23 και λελουμεa consciousness of evil; and having been

σωμα ύδατι καθαρώ, κατεχωμεν την VOL TO body in water hathed the we should hold fast the pure,

όμολογιαν της ελπιδος ακλινη. (πιστος γαρ δ confession of the hope without declining; (faithful for the

down at the Right hand of GoD:

13 HENCEFORTH waiting I till his ENEMIES may be placed UNDERNEATH his feft.

14 For by One Offering the has PERMANENTLY perfected THOSE BEING

SANCTIFIED. 15 Moreover, the HOLY SPIRIT also testifies [this] to us, for after it HAD \* SAID,

16 ‡"This is the COVE-" NANT which I will cove-"nant with them; After "those DAYS, says the "Lord, I will put my "Laws in their Hearts, "and on their \* MINDS " will I inscribe them ;"

17 [it adds,] "and their "sins and iniquities I " will remember no more."

18 Now where there is a Forgiveness of these, an Offering for Sin is no longer needed.

19 Having, therefore, Brethren, ‡ Confidence respecting the ENTRANCE of the HOLIES, by the BLOOD of Jesus.

20 which ! Way he consecrated for us, through the VAIL, (that is, his FLESH, recently killed and yet is living;)

21 and having ‡a great Priest over I the HOUSE of GOD;

22 ‡ we should approach with a True Heart, ‡in Full conviction of Faith, our HEARTS having been sprinkled from a Consciousness of evil.

23 t The BODY, also having been bathed in pure Water, twe should firmly hold the confession of the HOPE, without declining; (for I HE is Faithful who PROMISED;)

16. MIND.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. SAID, This is.

<sup>13.</sup> Psa. cx. 1; Acts ii. 35; 1 Cor. vv. 25; Heb. ii. 13.

1 16. Jer. xxxi. 33, 34; Heb. viii. 10, 12.

1 19. Rom. v. 2; Eph. ii. 18, iii. 22.

1 19. Heb. ix. 8, 12.

1 20. Heb. iv. 16.

1 22. Eph. iii. 12; James i. 6; 1 John iii. 21.

1 23. Eph. v. 26; Titus iii. 5.

1 23. Heb. iv. 14.

1 23. 1 Cor. i. 9; x. 13; 1 Thess. v. 24; 2 Thess. iii. 2; Heb. xi. 14.

one having promised;) for an excitement of love and of good works, leaving off by much ημεραν. day.

επαγγειλαμενος.) 24 και κατα σωμεν αλληλους and we should bear in mind each other εις παροξυσμον αγαπης και καλων εργων, 25 μη

εγκαταλειποντες την εισυναγωγην έαυτων. the assembling together of ourselves,

καθως εθος τισιν, αλλα παρακαλουντες. Kal

as a custom with source but exhorting; and τοσουτώ μαλλον, όσω βλεπετε εγγιζουσαν την more, by so much you see drawing near the 26 Έκουσιως γαρ άμαρτανοντων ήμων Voluntarily for sinning cius

μετα το λαβειν την επιγνωσιν της αληθειας. after the to have received the knowledge of the

ουκετι περι άμαρτιων απολειπεται θυσια. 27 Φο-1s left no longer respecting sins a sacritice; (naos. βερα δε τις εκδοχη κρισεως, και πυρος

ful but some expectation of judgment, and of a fire of indignation, εσθιειν μελλοντος τους ύπεναντιους. 28 Αθετηto eat up being about the opponents. Having vio-

σας τις νομον Μωυσεως, χωρις οικτιριιών επι without mercies lated any one alaw of Moses,

δυσιν η τρισι μαρτυσιν αποθνησκει 2' ποσω, witnesses two or three dies; by how much, δοκειτε, χειρονος αξιωθησεται τιμωριας δ τον worse will he be deserving punishment he the υίον του θεου καταπατησας, και το αίμα της

son of the God having trampledon, and the blood of the διαθηκης κοινον ήγησαμενος, \* [εν φ ήγιασcovenant a common thing having esteemed, [by which he was sano-

θη,] και το πνευμα της χαριτος ενυβρίσας; tified,] and the spirit of the favor having insulted? 30 Οιδαμέν γαρ τον ειποντα. Εμοι εκδικηνις,

for the one saying; To : . e vengeance, εγω ανταποδωσω, λεγει κυρις και παλιν.

Lord: 1 will repay, says 31 Φοβερον το Κυριος κρινει τον λαον αύτου Lord will judge the people of ince... A fearful thing the

-μπεσειν εις χειρας θεου ζων: Js. 32 Αναμιμνησto fall into hands of God living Remembe, you μεσθε δε τας προτερον ήμερως, εν πίς φωτισ-

days, ... which having been but the former θεντες πολλην αθλησιν ύπει εινατε παθηματων.

enlightened a great contest you endured of sufferings; 38 τουτο μεν, ονειδισμοις τε και θλιψεσι θεατριthis indeed, by reproaches both and by afflictions being made

ζομενοι τουτο δε, κοινωνοι των ούτως αναστρεa spectacle; this but, partners of those thus being over.

25 an. .. ould bear each other in mind, for an Incitement of Love and

Goo! Works; 25 ; not forsaking the ASSEMBLING of ourselves together, as is a Castom with some; but exhorting to it, and tso much the more as you see t the DAY drawing near.

26 For tif we should voiuntarily sin fafter HAVING RECEIVED the KNOW-LEDGE of the TRUTH, there is no longer a Sacrifice left for Sins.

27 but some Terrible Expectation of Judgment, even of a thery Indignation which is about to consume the OPPONENTS.

28 ‡ Any one having violated a Law of Moses dies without Mercy, 1 by Two or Three Witnesses:

29 thow much Worse Punishment do you think will HE deserve, HAVING TRAMPLED on the son of God, and esteemed as a common thing the BLOOD of the COVENANT by which he was sanctified, I and insulted the SPIRIT of VA. VOR?

30 For we know HIM who says, ‡ "Retribution "is Mine; \* will repay," says the Lord. And again, ; "The Lord will judge his " PEOPLE."

31 IIt is a fearful thing to FALL into the HANDS of the living God.

32 But remember the FORMER Days, in which I having been enlightened you sustained ta Great Contest of Sufferings;

33 partly, indeed, by being made I a public spec-tacle both to Reproaches and to Afflictions; and partly, by ; having become Joint-participators with

ALEXANDEIAN MANUSCRIPT.—29. by which he was sanctified—omit.

φομενων γενηθεντες. 34 Και γαρ τοις δεσμιοις And for with the prisoners having become. turned συνεπαθησατε, και την αρπαγην των ὑπαργον-

you sympathised, and the seizure of the goods των ύμων μετα χαρας προσεδεξασθε, γινωσκον-

you submitted to, joy τες εχειν έαυτοις κρειττονα ύπαρξιν \* Γεν ουρα-

to have for yourselves better property [in heav-35 Μη αποβαλητε ουν την νοις και μενουσαν. abiding. Not do you cast away therefore the

παρδησιαν ύμων, ήτις εχει μισθαποδοσιαν μεγαof you, which has confidence a reward

36 Υπομονης γαρ εχετε χρειαν ίνα το Of patience for you have need; so that the

hetaελημα του hetaεου ποιησαντες, κομισησhetaε την of the God having done, you may receive the

37 Ετι γαρ μικρον όπον όπον, ό επαγγελιαν. for a little while very very, the 38 'O δε διερχομενος ήξει και ου χρονιει.

the coming one will come and not will delay. The but just καιος εκ πιστεως (ησεται και εαν ύποστειληfaith shall live; and if he should draw

39 'Hueis ται, ουκ ευδοκει ή ψυχη μου εν αυτφ. delights the soul of me in him. back, not

δε ουκ εσμεν ύποστολης, εις απωλειαν αλλα but not are for shrinking back, to destruction; but

πιστεως, εις περιποιησιν ψυχης. to for faith. asaving

## KEΦ, ια', 11.

Εστι δε πιστις, ελπιζομενων ύποστασις, faith, of things being hoped for a basta.

ραγματων ελεγχος ου βλεπομενων. <sup>2</sup> Εν ταυa conviction not being seen. this

τη γαρ εμαρτυρηθησαν οί πρεσβυτεροι.  $3 \Pi \iota \sigma$ were attested the for In

τει νοουμεν κατηρτισθαι τους αιωνας δηματι faith we perceive to have been adjusted the by a word ages

 $\theta$ εου, εις το μη εκ φαινομενών τα βλεποof God, in order that not out of things appearing the things being

those who are similarly treated.

34 For indeed you sympathized with \* the PRIS-ONERS, 2 and submitted to the SEIZURE of your POS-SESSIONS with Joy, knowing that you have for yourselves a Better and an enduring Possession.

35 Therefore, cast not away your CONFIDENCE, twhich has a Great Re-

ward.

S6 For you have Need of Patience, so that having done the WILL of Gon, Iyou may receive the PROMISE.

37 For 1 yet a very little while indeed, I the COM-ING one will come and will not delay my tour

"one by Faith shall live; "and if he should shrink "back my sour does not "delight in him."

39 But me are not " those Ishrinking back into destruction; but of Faith in order to a Preservation of Life.

#### CHAPTER XI.

1 But Faith is a Basis of things hoped for, a Conviction 1 of things unseer. 2 For t by this the AN.

CIENTS were attested.

3 In Faith we perceive that the † AGES have been so thoroughly adjusted by God's Command, that not from THINGS then MANI FEST \* the THINGS now SEEN have come to pass.

 ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—34. me in my BONDS. 34. in Heavens-omi'. 38. my RIGHTBOUS one. 3. THAT which is sken did not arise.

<sup>† 3.</sup> The original word has been literally rendered, both in this place, and in Heb. i.? as best agreeing with the argument of the writer. In fact aisones, properly signifies, agest or periods of time, and as justly observed by Wakefield, Sykes, Kneetand, and Improved Version, "there is no instance in the New Testament where more than this seems to be meant by the word," and therefore ought to be so rendered in this passage. Faith being defined ir ver. 1, as "a basis of things hoped for, and a conviction of things unseen," must necessarily have a connection with God's word or promise to be fulfilled at some future period of time, and therefore precludes the idea contained in ver. 3 of the Common Version, that the Apostle was referring to the past creation of the vorlds, or the material universe. To understand the works of creation does not belong to faith. Faith in this place refers to what was to be developed in future aisones, or ages, in conformity to God's promises, and is amply illustrated in the remaining portion of the chapter.

<sup>\$ 35.</sup> Matt. v. 12. \$ 36. Col iii. 24; 1 Pet. i. 9. \$ 1 37. Hab. 11 3, 4. \$ 38. Rom. i. 17; Gal. iii. 11. \$ 1. Rom. v. ii. 24, 25; 2 Cor. iv. 18; v. 7. \$ 2. verse 39. † 34. Acts v. 41. xviii. 8; 2 Pet. iii. 9. 2 Pet. ii. 20, 21. 1 87. Luke

μενα γεγονεναι.  ${}^4$ Πιστει πλειονα θυσιαν Αβελ seen to have happened. In faith more secrifice Abel παρα Καιν προσηνεγκε τω θεω, δι' ns Euapthan Cain offered to the God, through which he was τυρηθη ειναι δικαιος, μαρτυρουντος επι τοις attested to be righteous, testifying on δωροις αυτου του θεου· και δι' αυτης αποθα-gits of him of the God; and through her having νων ετι λαλει. 5 Πιστει Ενωχ μετετεθη, του died yet speaks. In faith Enoch was translated, of the μη ιδειν θανατον και ουχ εύρισκετο, διοτι not to see death: and not he was found, because μετεθηκεν αυτον δ θεος· προ γαρ της μεταθε-translated him the God; before for the translaσεως \*[αυτου] μεμαρτυρηται ευηρεστηκεναι τφ [of him] he had obtained testimony to have well pleased the tion 6 Χωρις δε πιστεως αδυνατον ευαρεστη-CEW. God. Without but faith impossible to have pleased; σαι πιστευσαι γαρ δει τον προσερχομένον for itis necessary the to believe one coming near

τφ θεφ, ότι εστι, και τοις εκζητουσιν αυτον to the God, because he is, and to those seeking 7 Πιστει χρηματισθεις μισθαποδοτης γινεται. a rewarder he becomes. In faith being divinely warned

Νωε περι των μηδεπω βλεπομενων, ευλαβη-Noe concerning the not yet things being seen, having been piθεις κατεσκευασε κιβωτον εις σωτηριαν του ously afraid built an ark for a preservation of the οίκου αύτου· δι' ής κατεκρινε τον κοσμον,

και της κατα πιστιν δικαιοσυνης εγενετο κληand of the according to faith righteousness became an

8 Πιστει καλουμένος Αβρααμ ύπη-In faith being called heir. Abraam

κουσεν εξελθειν εις τον τοπον, όν ημελλε λαμobedient to go forth into the place, which he was about to reβανειν εις κληρονομιαν, και εξηλθε, μη επισfor an inheritance, and he went forth, not knowing

9 Πιστει παρφκησεν εις ταμένος που έρχεται. where he was going. In faith he sojourned in

\*[την] γην της επαγγελιας ως αλλοτριαν, εν [the] land of the promise as a stranger, in σκεναις κατοικήσας, μετα Ισαακ και Ιακώβ των with isaac and Jacob of the having dwelt,

συγκληρονομών της επαγγελίας της αυτης. ofthe promise of the

10 εξεδεχετο γαρ την τους θεμελιους εχουσαν was waiting for that the foundations having πολιν, ής τεχνιτης και δημιουργος δ θεος. city, of which a designer and architect the God.

11 Πιστει και αυτη Σαρρα δυναμιν εις καταβο-In faith also herself Sarah power for

4 In Faith ! Abel offered to God a Better Sacrifice than Cain, by means of which he was attested to be righteous, GoD testifying on his GIFTs; and through it, having died, the still speaks.

5 In Faith ‡Enoch was translated so as not to SEE. Death; and he was not found, because God translated him; for, before his TRANSLATION, he had been attested to have been well-

pleasing to Gop.

6 But without Faith it is impossible to have pleased; for it is necessary for HIM Who COMES NEAR to Gop to believe That he exists, and that to THOSE who SEEK him he becomes

a Rewarder.

7 In Faith : Noah, having been divinely admonished concerning THINGS not then SEEN, moved with pious fear, tbuilt an Ark for the Preservation of his FAMILY; through which he condemned the world, and became an Heir of the RIGHTEOUS-NESS according to Faith.

8 In Faith ! Abraham was obedient, \* HE BEING CALLED to go forth into the PLACE which he was in future to receive for an Inheritance; and he went forth, not knowing where

he was going.

9 In Faith he sojourned in the LAND of the PROM-ISE, as a Stranger, having dwelt in Tents 1 with Isaac and Jacob, I the co-HEIRS of the SAME PROM-

10 for he was expecting t that CITY having the FOUNDATIONS, ‡ of which God is the Designer and Architect.

11 In Faith, also, ‡Saa laying | rah herself received Power

<sup>·</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- S. him-omit. to a Place. 9. the-omit.

<sup>8.</sup> HE BEING CALLED to go out in-

<sup>1 4.</sup> Gen. iv. 4. ‡ 4. Gen. iv. 10; Matt. xxiii. 35; Heb. xii. 22. ‡ 5. Gen. v. 22, 24. 
2 7. Gen. vi. 13. 32. ‡ 7. 1 Pet. iii. 20. ‡ 7. Rom. iii. 22; iv. 13; Phil. iii. 9. 
3 Gen. xii. 1, 4; Acts vii. 2—4. ‡ 9. Gen. xii. 8; xiii. 3, 18; xviii. 1, 9. ‡ 9. Heb. vi. 77. 
2 10. Heb. xii. 22; xiii. 14. ‡ 10. Heb. iii. 4. ‡ 11. Gen. xvii. 10; xviii. 11, 14; xxii. 21.

λην σπερματος ελαβε, και παρα καιρον ήλικιας, of seed received, even beyond a proper time of life,

επει πιστον ήγησατο τον επαγγειλαμενον. since faithful she regarded one promising.

12 Διο και αφ' ένος εγεννηθησαν, και ταυτα Therefore even from one were born. and these things νενεκαωμενου, καθως τα αστρα του ουρανου τφ having been dead, like the stars of the heaven for the

πληθει, και ως ή αμμος ή παρα το χειλος της multitude, and like the sand that by the shore of the

θαλασσης ή αναριθμητος. 13 Κατα πιστιν απεsea the innumerable. In

θανον ούτοι παντες, μη λαβοντες τας επαγγεthese not having received the all, promises,

λιας, αλλα πορρωθεν αυτας ιδοντες και ασπαbut far distant them having seen and having

σαμενοι, και δμολογησαντες, ότι ξενοι και and having confessed, that strangers and παρεπιδημοι εισιν επι της γης. 14 Οί γαρ τοι-

Those for soiourners they are on the earth. such

αυτα λεγοντες εμφανιζουσιν ότι πατριδα επιζηthings saying make known that a country they

15 Και ει μεν εκεινης εμνημονευον αφ TOUTL. seek. And ifindeed that they remembered from  $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta o \nu$ , 715 ELYOV QV καιρον ανακαμψαι.

which they came forth, they would have had a season to have returned; 16 νυν δε κρειττονος ορεγονται, τουτ' εστιν, now but a better they long after, this

€πουρανιου. Διο ουκ επαισχυνεται αυτους δ Therefore not heavenly. is ashamed of them the

θεος, θεος επικαλεισθαι αυτων ήτοιμασε γαρ God, a God to be called of them; he prepared for

17 Πιστει προσενηνοχεν Αβρασμ αυτοις πολιν. for them a city. In faith offered up Abraam τον Ισαακ πειραζομένος, και τον

μονογενη Isaac being tried, and the only-begotten προσφερεν ó

τας επαγγελιας αναδεξαμενος, he the was offering up promises having received,

 $^{18}$  προς δν ελαληθη· Ότι εν Ισαακ κληρησεται to whom it was said; That in Isaac shall be called.

σοι σπερμα· 19 λογισαμενος, ότι και εκ νεκρωι to thee a seed . inferring, that even out of dead ones

εγερείν δυνατος δ θεος. δθεν αυτον και εν παρto raise up is able the God; whence him also in a sim

αβολω εκομισατο.  $^{20}$   $\Pi_i \sigma \tau \epsilon_i \quad \pi \epsilon \rho_i$ μελλονilitude he recovered. In faith concerning things being ευλογησεν Ισαακ τον Ιακωβ και τον

about to come blessed Isaac the Jacob and the for Conception, even beyond the proper period of Life, since she regarded HIM faithful who PROM-

12 Therefore also \* were born from tone, who even as to these things had become lifeless, [a posterity] tlike the Stars of Heaven for MULTITUDE, and like THAT SAND on the SHORE of the SEA, INNUMERABLE.

13 All these died in Faith. tnot having received the PROMISED blessings, but I having seen and saluted them from a Distance, and ‡ having confessed That they were Strangers and Sojourners on the LAND.

14 For THOSE Who SAY Such things I make known that they are seeking a Country.

15 And if indeed they were mindful of that from which they came forth, they would have had an Opportunity to have returned:

16 but now they long for a better, that is, a heavenly [country.] There-fore GoD is not ashamed of them to be called their God: for the is preparing for them a City.

17 In Faith t Abraham. being tried, offered up ISAAC; and HE who had RECEIVED the PROMISES was offering up his only-BEGOTTEN.

18 to whom it was said, " For in Isaac shall Thy "Seed be called;"

19 inferring that God tis able even to raise up from the dead; whence also, in a Similitude, he recovered Him.

20 \* In Faith also concerning future things, ‡ Isaac blessed Jacob and Esau.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. were made.

<sup>20.</sup> In Faith also. \$\frac{1}{1}\$. Rom. ix. 21; Heb. x. 23. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Rom. iv. 19. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Gen. xxii. 17; Rom. ix. 18-\$\frac{1}{2}\$. 13. ver 39. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 13. John viii. 50. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 13. Gen. xxiii. 4; xivii. 9; 1 Chron. xxii. 15; cxix. 19; 1 Pet. i. 17; ii. 11. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 4. Heb. xiii. 14. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 16. Exod. iii. 6, 15; Matta xxii. 32; Acts viii. 32. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 18. Gen. xxii. 12; Rom. ix. 7. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 18. Gen. xxii. 12; Rom. ix. 7. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 19. Rom. iv. 17, 19, 21. : 20. Gen. xxvii. 27, 29.

21 Πιστει Ιακωβ αποθνησκων έκαστον Hoav. In faith Jacob dying των υίων Ιωσηφ ευλογησε και προσεκυνησεν of the sons of Joseph blessed; and bowed down 22 Πιστει Ιωεπι το αρκον της βαβδου αύτου. top of the staff of himself. In faith σηφ τελευτων της εξοδου TWY VIWV περι ending concerning the going out of the sons Ισραηλ εμνημονεύσε, και περι των οστεων and concerning the reminded. bones αύτου ενετειλατο. 23 Πιστει Μωυσης γεννηof himself gave charge. In faith Монев being θεις εκρυβη τριμηνον ύπο των πατερων αύτου, born was hidden three months by the parente of himself, διοτι ειδον αστειον το παιδιον και ουκ εφοβηbecause they saw beautiful the babe; and not they did 24 Πιστει θησαν το διαταγμα του βασιλεως. fear the mandate of the king. In raith Μωυπης μεγας γενομενος ηρνησατο λεγεπθαι Moses great bosing become refused to be called υίος θυγατρος Φαραω, 20 μαλλον έλομενος συγa son of a daughter of Pharach, rather chousing \$0 sufκακουχεισθαι τφ λαφ του θεου, η προσκαιρον terevilwith the people of the God, than lora season εχειν αμαρτιας απολαυσιν. 26 μειζονα πλουτον enjoyment, greater ηνηπαμενού των Αιγυπτου θησαυρών τον ονειbaving sonarded of the Egypt treasures the δισμού τον Χριστου απεβλεπε γαρ εις την proach σ'e incented; he looked away for towards the 2. Πιστει κατελιπεν Αιγυπτον, μισθαποδοσιαν. in faith 'sc left Egypt, reward. μη δυβηθεις του θυμον του βασιλεως τον γαρ not Scario, who wrath of the king the for αορατου ώς δρων εκαρτερησε. 28 Πιστει πεunseen no so main; he was strong. Intach ποιηκέ το πασχω και την προσχυσιν του αίμαhas took the passover and the pouring on ofthe τος, ίνα μη δολοθρευων τα πρωτοτοκα, θιγη so that not the one destroying the first-borns, might touch αυτων. 29 Πιστει διεβησαν την ερυθραν θαλασ-

of them. In faith they passed through the red σαν ώς δια ξη, ας ής πειραν λαβοντες οί Αι-

as through adry place; which a trial attempting the Egypγυπτιοι, κατεποθησαν. <sup>30</sup> Πιστει Ta TEIXT

were swallowed up. In faith the walls

21 In Faith Jacob, dying, ‡ blessed each of the sons of Joseph; † the bowed down also on the TOP of his STAFF.

22 In Faith 1 Joseph, at the close of life, reminded the sons of Isracl concerning the DEPART-URE, ‡and gave orders about his BONES.

23 In Faith # Moses, being borr, was hidden three Months by his PARENTS, because they saw the CHILD was Beautiful; and they did not fear ttl.e EDICT of the MING.

24 In Faith 1 Moses, having become mature, refused to be called a Son of Pharaoh s Daughter;

25 I choosing rather to suffer evil with the PEOPLE o. God, than to have a Transient Enjoyment of Sin;

26 having regarded t the REPROACH of the ANOINT-ED Greater Wealth than the PREASURES of Egypt. for he looked off towards the REWARD.

27 In Faith the left Egypt, not fearing the wrath of the King; for he was strong as seeing the INVISIBLE one.

28 In Faith the appointed the PASSOVER, and hu ASPERSION of the BLOOD, so that the DFS-TROYER of the FIRST-BORNS might not touch them.

29 In Faith t they passed through the Red Sea as through a dry place; which the EGYPTIANS attempting, were swallowe.!

30 In Faith the WALLS

<sup>† 21.</sup> Or, according to Sampson, this sentence may be translated—"and rendered worship (to God.) on account of the height of his (Joseph's, ensign." He contends that rabdos, a rod, also means ensign, because according to Lev. wit, twelve rods were to be horne by the twelve princes of Israel with the names of the tribes written thereon, as ensigns. Akrom means top, summit, height; and pri with an accusative he would render, on account of, or in respect to. The patriarch Jacob, then, "worshipped God on account of the height of Joseph's power." when he with prophetic vision saw the future greatness of Ephraim and Manasseh. The reader is left to choose which rendering he prefers.

Ίεριχω επεσε, κυκλωθεντα επι επτα ήμερας.
of Jericho fell, having been encompassed for seven days. 31 Πιστει 'Ρααβ ή πορνη ου συναπωλετο τοις Rahab the harlot not was destroyed with those απειθησασι, δεξαμενη τους κατασκοπους μετ' unbelieving, having received having 32 Kai Ti ETi \ \(\text{\center}\) \(\text{\center}\); spies Επιλειψει γαρ €LONVIS. peace. And what further may I say? Willfail for με διηγουμενον ὁ χρονος περι Γεδεων, Βαρακ me relating the time concerning Gideon, Barak  $*[\tau \epsilon \kappa \alpha i]$  Σαμψων,  $*[\kappa \alpha i]$  Ιεφθαε, Δαυίδ τε calso and] Samson, [and] Jepthah, David also και Σαμουηλ, και των προφητων. 33 οί who by means of Samuel, and the prophets; πιστεως κατηγωνισαντο βασιλειας, ειργασαντο subdued kingdoms, performed επαγγελιων, €Φραξαν δικαιοσυνη, επετυχον obtained promises, closed up righteousness, στοματα λεοντων, 34 εσβεσαν δυναμιν πυρος, of lions, quenched power of fire, εφυγον στοματα μαχαιρας, ενεδυναμωθησαν of sword, were made strong escaped mouths απο ασθενειας, εγενηθησαν ισχυροι εν πολεμφ, mighty ones in became εκλιναν αλλοτριων 35 ελαβον νταρεμβολας of foreigners; received camps everturned αύτων γυναικές εξ αναστασέως τους νέκρους the dead ones of themselves; women from a resurrection προσδεξαμενοι αλλοι δε ετυμπανισθησαν, oυ were beaten to death, others but not την απολυτρωσιν, ίνα κρειττονος αναστασεως redemption, so that a better resurrection 36 Ετεροι δε εμπαιγμων και μαστιτυχωσιν. they might obtain. Others but of mockings and of scourge, γων πειραν ελαβον, ετι δε δεσμων και φυλακη**ς**. a trial received, further but of bonds and of imprisonment;  $^{37}$  ελιθασθησαν, επρισθησαν, επειρασθησαν, εν they were stoned, they were sawn asunder, they were tempted, by φονώ μαχαιρας απεθανον περιηλθον εν μηλω-

they went about in they died; sheepdaughter of sword ταις, εν αιγειοις δερμασιν, ύστερουμενοι, θλιskins, being in want, okins, in goat βομενοι, κακουχουμενοι, 33 (ών ουκ ην αξιος δ ing afflicted, being ill-treated, (of whom not was worthy the ing afflicted, being ill-treated, κοσμος,) εν ερημιαις πλανωμενοι και ορεσι, και deserts wandering and in mountains, and in 39 Και ούτοι σπηλαιοις και ταις οπαις της γης. and in the holes of the earth. in caves παντες μαρτυρηθεντες δια της πιστεως, ουκ not having been attested by means of the

of Jericho fell down, having been encompassed Seven Days.

31 In Faith † Rahab, the HARLOT, did not perish with the UNBELIEVERS, † having received the SPIES in Peace.

32 And why should I say more? for the TIME will fail me to discourse concerning † Gideon, † Barak, † Samson, † Jepthah; † David also, and † Samuel, and the PROPHETS;

33 who by means of Faith subdued Kingdoms, performed Righteousness. tobtained Promises, 1 shut

Lions' Mouths.

34 I quenched the Power of Fire, tescaped the Edges of the Sword, I from Weakness were made strong, toverturned the Camps of Foriegners.

35 + 1 Women received their DEAD by a Resurrection; but others were beaten to death, not accepting the DELIVERANCE [offered,] in order that they might obtain a Better Resurrection.

36 And others received a Trial of Mockings and Scourges, and also tof Bonds and Imprisonment.

37 ! They were stoned, sawn asunder, † tempted; they died by slaughter of the Sword; they went about in Sheep-skins and in Goat-skins, being des-titute, afflicted, ill-treated;

38 (of whom the WORLD was not worthy;) wandering in Deserts, and in Mountains, ‡ and in Caverns, and in the HOLES of the EARTH.

39 And all these having been attested by means of

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. also and-omit. 32. and -omit.

<sup>† 35.</sup> For Women, is a reading of the Syriac. † 37. Some would read here epeira-theesan, peirced through, instead of the textual reading. See Wakefield and Newcome. † 31. Josh. vi. 23; James ii. 25. † 31. Josh. i. 1. † 32. Judges vi. 11. † 32. Judges vi. 6. † 32. Judges xiii. 26. † 32. Judges xi. 1; xii. 7. † 32. † Sam. xvi. 1, 13; xvii. 45. † 132. † Sam. i. 20; xii. 20. † 33. 2 Sam. vii. 11. 33. Judges xiv. 5, 6; † Sam. xvii. 34, 35; Dan. vi. 22. † 34. Dan. iii. 25. † 34. 1 Sam. xx. 1; † Kings xix. 3; 2 Kings vi. 16. † 34. 2 Kings xx. 7. † 34. Judges xiv. 8, 15; † Sam. xiv. 13. † 1 Kings xiv. 13. † 1 Kings xiv. 2; 2 Kings vi. 25. † 35. december 25. † 36. Jer. 4x. 2; xxvii. 15. † 37. † Kings xxi. 13; 2 Chron. xxiv. 21. † 38. † Kings xviii. 4; xix. 9.

εκομισαντο την επαγγελιαν, 40 του θεου περι ήμων κρειττον τι προβλεψαμενου, ίνα μη a better thing having foreseen, so that γωρις ήμων τελειωθωσι. apart from us they might be made perfect.

#### КЕФ. 1В'. 12.

1 Τοιγαρουν και ήμεις, τοσουτον εχοντες having we, περικειμενον ήμιν νεφος μαρτυρων, ογιεον αποθεμενοι παντα, και την ευπεριστατον άμαρτιαν, ing laid aside every, and the close-girding ύπομονης τρεχωμέν τον προκειμένον by means of patient endurance we should run the being laid out ήμιν αγωνα· αφορωντες εις τον της πιστεως for us course; looking away to the of the faith αρχηγον και τελειωτην Ιησουν, ός αντι της leader and perfecter Jesus, who in return for the προκειμενης αύτω χαρας, ύπεμεινε σταυρον, being placed before him joy, endured a cross, αισχυνης καταφρονησας, εν δεξια τε του θρονου shame disregarding, at right and of the throne του θεου κεκαθικεν. <sup>3</sup> Αναλογισασθε γαρ τον of the God has sat down. Attentively consideryou for the τοιαυτην ύπομεμενηκοτα ύπο των άμαρτωλων sinners one having endured from the εις αύτον αντιλογιαν, ίνα μη Kaunte. towards himself opposition, so that not you may be wearied, ταις ψυχαις ύμων εκλυομενοι. <sup>4</sup> Ούπω μεχρις in the souls of you being discouraged. Not yet even to αίματος αντικατε τητε προς την άμαρτιαν ανyou resisted with the sin conταγωνιζομένοι<sup>5</sup> και εκλελησθε της παρακλη-tending against; and you have forgotten the exhortation, σεως, ήτις ύμιν ώς υίοις διαλεγεται Υιε μου, which with you as with sone reasons; O son of me, μη ολιγωρει παιδειας κυριου, μηδε εκλυου not do thou slight discipline of Lord, neither be thou discouraged ύπ' αυτου ελεγχομενος. 6 δν γαρ αγαπα κυριος, being reproved; whom for loves ty him Lord, μαστιγοι δε παντα υίον δν παραπαιδευει· he disciplines; he scourges and every son whom he reδεχεται. 7Ει παιδειαν ύπομενετε, ώς υίοις 11 discipline you endure, as with sons ύμιν προσφερεται δ θεος· τις γαρ εστιν vios, deals the God; with you any for ia son, έν ου παιδευει πατηρ: <sup>8</sup>Ει δε χωρις εστε whom not disciplines af ther? If but without you are παιδείας, ής ; ε- χι εγονασι παντες, αρα discipline, of which part k is have become all, certainly νοθοι εστε και συχ νίοι <sup>3</sup> Ειτα τους μεν then truly you are those indeed ous, and not Sons.

the FAITH, did not obtain the PROMISED blessing.

40 God having foreseen t something better con-cerning Us, so that not apart from Us I they might be made perfect.

#### CHAPTER XII.

1 Therefore also we, having Such a Cloud of Witnesses surrounding us, tlaving aside every Encumbrance, and the CLOSE-GIRDING Sin, I should run t with Patience the Course MARKED OUT for us,

2 looking away to the LEADER and Perfecter of the FAITH, Jesus, 1 who for the Joy set before him. endured the Cross, disregarding the Shame, and I has sat down at the Right hand of the THEONE of

3 For consider HIM attentively who has ENDURED Such Opposition from SINNERS, so that you may not be wearied, being discouraged in your souls,

4 I You did not vet resist' to Blood, contending

against SIN.

5 And have you forgotten the EXHORTATION which reasons with you as with Sons? : " My Son, " slight not the Discipline " of the Lord, neither be "discouraged when re-" proved by him;

6 " for I whom the Lord " loves, he disciplines, and "he scourges Every Son whom he receives."

7 IIf you endure Discipline, GoD deals with you as with Sons; for is there any Son whom a Father does not discipline?

8 But if you are without Discipline, 1 of which all have become Partakers, then truly you are Spuri-

<sup>1 40.</sup> Heb. vii. 22; viii. 6.
1 40. Heb. v. 9; xii. 23; Rev. vi. 11.
2 1. Col. iii.
3 1 Pet. n. 1.
1 1. 1 Cor. ix. 24; Phil. iii. 13, 14.
1 2. Luke xxiv. 26; Phil. ii. 8; 1 Pet. t. 11.
1 2. Psa. cx. 1; Heb. t. 3, 13; viii. 1; 1 Pet. iii. 22.
1 3. Matt. x. 24, 25; John xv. 20.
1 4. Heb. x. 32—40.
1 5. Prov. ni. 11.
1 6. Psa. xciv. 12; cxix. 75; Prov. iii. 19; James n. 12; Rev. iii. 19.
1 7. Prov. xiii 24; xix. 18; xxiii. 13.

της σαρκος ήμων πατερας ειχομεν παιδευτας, we have disciplinarians. of us fathers of the flesh και ενετρεπομεθα· ου πολλω μαλλον ύποταγηshall we be suband we reverenced; not by much more σομεθα τω πατρι των πνευματων, και (ησομεν ; and . we shall live ; spirits, missive to the father of the 10 Οί μεν γαρ προς ολιγας ήμερας, κατα το days, according to that They indeed for for a few δοκουν αυτοις, επαιδευον ό δε επι το συμφερον. seeming right to them, disciplined; he but for that being profitable, το μεταλαβειν της άγιοτητος aurou. n order that to partake holiness of him. of the 11 Πασα δε παιδεια προς μεν το παρον ου δοκει but discipline as to indeed that being present not seems χαρας ειναι, αλλα λυπης. ύστερον δε καρπον afterwards but frait but of grief; of joy to be, Si' **ειρηνικον** αυτην γεγυμνασμενοις TOIS having been trained peaceful to those through her αποδιδωσι δικαιοσυνης. 12 Διο τας παρειμένης of righteousness. Therefore the having been weart. χειρας και τα παραλελυμενα γονατα ανορθωknees do you brace and the having been enfeebled σατε· 13 και τροχιας ορθας ποιησατε τοις ποσιν level do you make for the leet paths and up; Latin ύμων, ένα μη το χωλον εκτραπη, of you, so that not the lame may be turned out, may be healed 14 Ειρηνην διωκέτε μέτα παντων, δε μαλλον. Peace do you pursue with but rather. και τον άγιασμον, ού χωρις ουδεις οψεται τον which without no one shall see the holiness, and the 15 Επισκοπουντες, μη τις ύστερων απο Looking carefully, lest any one falling back from KUDIOV. Lord. της χαριτος του θεου. μη τις ρίζα πικριας ανα of the God, lest any root of bitterness upward the favor φυουσα ενοχλη, και δια ταυτης μιανθωσι may disturb, and by means of this may be polluted springing πολλοι. 16 μη τις πορνος, η βεβηλος ώς Ησαυ, lest any fornicator, or profane person like many: δς αντι βρωσεως μιας απεδοτο τα προτωτοκια birthrights who on account of eating of one sold the αύτου. 17 Ιστε γαρ, ότι και μετεπειτα θελων of himself. You know for, that even afterwards wishing απεδοκιμασθη. κληρονομησαι την ευλογιαν,

9 Have we then, indeed' received discipline from our NATURAL FATHERS, and we reverenced them; shall we not much rather be submissive to tthe FATHER of SPIRITS, and

10 For THEY, indeed, for a Few Days disciplined us, according as it SEEMED RIGHT to them; but HE for our ADVANTAGE, ; in order that we may PAR-TAKE of his HOLINESS.

11 But All Discipline, indeed, as it respects the PRESENT, seems not to be of Joy, but of Grief; yet afterwards it returns the peaceful Fruit of Righteousness to THOSE who have been TRAINED by it.

12 Therefore, I brace up the WEARIED HANDS, and the ENFEEBLED Knees;

13 ‡ and make level Paths for your FEET, so that ‡ the LAME may not be turned aside, but rather be healed.

14 Pursue Peace with all, and that HOLINESS twithout which no one shall see the LORD;

15 | looking carefully, lest any one fall back from the FAVOR of GOD; ‡lest any Root of Bitterness springing up may disturb you, and through it \* Many be poisoned;

16 flest there be any Fornicator, or Profane person, like Esau, ‡ who for one Meal sold his BIRTH-

RIGHT.

17 For you know That twhen, afterwards, inherit the wished to he was BLESSING, fused; for he found no Place for a Change of mind, though he sought it earnestly with Tears.

18 For you have not ap-

\* ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. MANY.

the

blessing,

γαρ τοπον ουκ εύρε, καιπερ μετα

not he found, though with

he was rejected;

you have

17. (jen. xxvil. 34, 36, 38.

for a chnage of mind for a place

δακρυων εκζητησας αυτην.

tears having earnestly sought her.

to taherit

*uetavoias* 

<sup>† 19.</sup> Num. xvi. 22; xxvii. 16; Isa. xlii. 5; lvii. 16; Zech. xii. 1 xix. 2; 1 Pet. i. 15, 16. † 13. Prov. iv. 26, 27. † 13. Gal. vi. 1. † 14. Psa. xxxviv. 14; Rom. xii. 18; xiv. 9; † 15. Gal. v. 4. † 16. Eph. v. 3; Col. iii. 5; 1 Thess. iv. 3. † 16. Gen. xxv. 33.

ληλυθατε ψηλαμφωμενω \*[ ορει, ] και κεκαυapproached being touched [a mountain,] and having been

μενώ πυρι, και γνοφώ, και σκοτώ, και θυελλη, burnt with fire, and to a thick cloud, and to darkness, and to tempest,

19 και σαλπιγγος ηχώ, και φωνη δηματων ής and ora trumpet to asound, and to a voice of words of which

οί ακουσαντες παρητησαντο, μη προστεθηναι those having heard entreated, not to be added

αυτοις λογον. 50 (ουκ εφερον γαρ το διαστελ-(not they endured for that to them a word;

λομενον Καν θηριον θιγη του ορους, λιθοβοjoined; If even a wild-beast may touch the mountain,

ληθησεται 21 και, Γούτω φοβερον ην το φανταand, [80 feariul was that be stoned: being

COMEVOV, Μωυσης ειπεν. Εκφοβος ειμι και Affrighted lam Moses said: and

εντρομος.) 22 αλλα προσεληλυθατε Σιων ορει. tremble.) you have approached Sion amountain, και πολει θεου ζωυτος, Ίερουσαλημ επουρανιφ. and to a city of God living, Jerusalem

και μυριασιν, αγγελων 3 πανηγυρει και εκκληand to myriads, of messengers an entire assembly; and to a congre-

σια πρωτοτοκών, απογεγραμμενών εν ουρανοις. having been enrolled in heavens; gation of first-borns,

και κριτη θεω παντων και πνευμασι δικαιων and to a judge God of all; and to spirits of just ones

τετελειωμενων 24 και διαθηκης νεας μεσιτη, having been perfected; and of a covenant new to a mediator,

Ιπσου· και αίματι βαντισμου, κρειττον λα-Jesus; and to blood of sprinkling, a better thing speakλουντι παρα του Αβελ. 25 Βλεπετε, μη παροι-Beware you, not you should than the Abel.

τησησθε τον λαλουντα. Ει γαρ εκεινοι ουκ the onespeaking. If for those

εφυγον, τον επι γης παραιτησαμενοι χρηματιζοντα, πολλφ μαλλον ήμεις οί τον απ' ουρανων

monishing, by how much more we who him from heavens αποστρεφομενοι 26 ού ή φωνη την γην εσαare turning away from; of whom the voice the earth shook

λευσε τοτε νυν δε επηγγελται, λεγων Ετι then; now but it has been announced, saying; Yet

απαξ εγω σειω ου μονον την γην, αλλα και τον onceforall I shake not only the earth, but also the

ουρανον. 27 Το δε, ετι άπαξ δηλοι των σαλευ-The but, yet once for all denotes of the things beheaven.

proached to a # Mountain. touched and scorched with Fire, and to a thick Cloud. and to Darkness, and to Tempest,

19 and to a Sound of a Trumpet, and to a Voice of Commands, the HEAREBS of which tentreated that not another Word should be added to them:

20 (for they could not endure the INJUNCTION. : "If even a Beast should "touch the MOUNTAIN it "shall be stoned :"

21 fand so terrible was the SCENE, that Moses said, "I exceedingly fear

"and tremble.")

22 But you have approached to Zion, a Mountain and City of the living God-t the heavenly Jernsalem and to Myriads of Angels.—

23 a full Assembly; and to a Congr gation of ! Firstborns, I having been enrolled in the Heavens; and to a Judge who is God of all: and to Spirits of the Righteons made perfect:

24 and to ta Mediator of a new Covenant-Jesus: and to a I Blood of Sprinkling speaking something Better than I ABEL.

25 Beware, lest you should reject HIM who now speaks; I for if those did not escape who rejected HIM who ADMON-ISHED them on Earth, how much less we, who TURN AWAY from HIM who admonishes us from Heaven;

26 ‡ whose voice then shook the EARTH; but now it has been nounced, saying, ‡" Yet "once for all # will shake " not only the EARTH, but "the HEAVEN also."

27 Now THIS, "Yet once "for all," denotes the

<sup>·</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. a Mountain-omit.

<sup>26.</sup> will shake.

<sup>1 18.</sup> Exod. xix. 12, 18, 19; xx. 18; Deut. iv. 11; v. 22. 19. Exod. xix. 10; Deut. v. 5, 25; xviii. 10. 20. Exod. xix. 13. 1 21. Exod. xix. 10. 22. Gal iv. 26; Rev. iii. 12; xxi. 2, 10. 1 23. James i. 18; Rev. xiv. 4. 1 23. Luke x. 20; Phil. iv. 3; Rev. xiii. 8. 1 24. Heb. viii. 6: ix. 15. 1 24. 1 Pet. i. 2. 1 24. Gen iv. 16; Heb. xi. 4. 2 25. Heb. ii. 2, 3; iii. 17; x. 28, 29. 2 26. Exod. xix. 18.

ομενων την μεταθεσιν, ώς πεποιημενων, \*[ίνα] as of things having been made, [so that ing shaken the removal. 28 Διο βασιλειαν μεινη τα μη σαλευομενα. may remain the not things being shaken.] Therefore a kingdom ασαλευτον παραλαμβανοντες, εχωμεν χαριν, may we holdfast favor, receiving, unshak**en** ής λατρευωμεν ευαρεστως τω θεω, acceptably to the God, by means of which we may serve μετα αιδους και ευλαβειας. <sup>29</sup> Και γαρ δ θεος Even for the piety. with reverence and ήμων πυρ' καταναλισκον. consuming. ofus afire

КЕФ. ιγ'. 13. 1 'Η φιλαδελφια μενετω. <sup>2</sup> Της φιλοξενιας brotherly love let continue. Of the kindness to strangers ελαθον μη επιλανθανεσθε. δια ταυτης γαρ for without knowing through this be you neglectful; 3 Μιμνησκεσθε ξενισαντες αγγελους. TIVES Be you mindful messengers. some having entertained των δεσμιων, ώς συνδεδεμενοι. των κακουas if having been bound together; of those being illof the prisoners, ώς και αυτοι οντές εν σωματι. χουμενων, also yourselves being treated. 2. <sup>4</sup> Τιμιος δ γαμος εν πασι, και ή κοιτη αμιαντος: Honorable the marriage among all, and the bed πορνους δε και μοιχους κρινει ό θεος. 5 Αφιλαρfornicators but and adulterers will judge the God. Not a love παρουσιν. γυρος δ τροπος αρκουμενοι τοις of money the turn of mind; being satisfied with the things being present; αυτος γαρ ειρηκεν. Ου μη σε ανω, ουδ' ου μη Not not thee may I leave, not even not for has said; 6 ώστε θαρβουντας ήμας λεσε εγκαταλιπω. so that being confident thee may I formake; γειν Κυριος εμοι βοηθος, και ου φοβηθησομαι. A Lord for me a helper, and not τι ποιησει μοι ανθρωπος; 7 Μνημονευετε των what shall do to me a man? Remember you of those ί,γουμενων ύμων, οίτινες ελαλησαν ύμιν τον to you the spoke leading of you, who λογον του θεου· ών αναθεωρουντες την εκβαword of the God; of whom viewing attentively the σιν της αναστροφης, μιμεισθε την πιστιν. imltate you sult of the mode of life, the 8 Ιησους Χριστος χθες και σημερον δ αυτος, και Anointed yesterday and to-day the same, and εις τους αιωνας. 9 Διδαχαις ποικιλαις και ξεfor the ages. By teachings various

TREMOVAL of the THINGS SHAKEN, as of things made, so that the THINGS not SHAKEN may remain.

28 Therefore, receiving an unshaken Kingdom, may we hold fast the Favor, through which we may serve God acceptably with Reverence and Piety.

29 For even tour God is a consuming Fire.

#### CHAPTER XIII.

l Let ‡ BROTHERLY-LOVE continue.

2 ‡Be not neglectful of Hospitality; for through this ‡some unconsciously entertained Angels.

S The mindful of the PRISONERS, as if bound with them; and of THOSE ILL-TREATED, as being your selves also in the Body.

Body.

4 Let MARRIAGE be honorable among all, and the BED be unpolluted ‡\* for Fornicators and Adulterers God will judge.

5 Be not of an avaricious disposition; the satisfied with PRESENT THINGS, for he himself has said,—t"No, I will not "leave Thee; no, no, I "will not forsake Thee."

6 So that, taking courage, we may say, I The "Lord is My Helper, and I "will not fear; what can "Man do to me?"

7 ‡ Remember your LEADERS,—those who spoke to you the wORD of GOD; and viewing attentively the RESULT of their CONDUCT, imitate their FAITH.

8 Jesus Christ, Yesterday and To-day is the SAME, and for the ACDS

kai  $\xi \in -$  9 ‡ Be not you therefore led away by various and

\* Alexandrian Manuscrift.—27. so that the things not shaken may remain—omit.
4. for Fornicators.

<sup>4.</sup> for Fornicators.

1 27. Heb. i. 10—12; 2 Pet. iii. 10.

2 29. Exod. xxiv. 17; Deut. iv. 24; ix. 3. Psa. 1.

3; xcvii. 3; Isa. 1xvi. 15; 2 Thess. i. 8; Heb. x. 27.

1 1. Rom. xii. 10; 1 Thess. iv. 9;

1 Pet. i. 22; 2 Pet. i. 7.

2 2. Matt. xxv. 35; Rom. xii. 13; 1 Thm. iii. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 9;

2 3. Gen. xviii. 8; xix. 2.

3 3. Col. iv. 18.

4 4. 1 Cor. vi. 9; Gal. v. 10; Col. ii. 5, 6,

5 5. Matt. vi. 25, 34; Phil. iv. 11, 13; 1 Tim. vi. 6, 8.

1 5. Gen. xxviii. 15; Deut. xxxi

6, 8; Josh. i. 5; Psa. xxxvii. 25.

1 6. Psa. xxvii. 1; lvi. 4, 11, 12; cxviii. 6.

1 7. verse 17.

4 8; 1 John iv. 1.

ναις μη παραφερεσθε· καλον γαρ χαριτι βεβαι-not beyouled away; good for by favor to be eaουσθαι την καρδιαν, ου βρωμασιν, εν ois ουκ not by provisions by which not tablished the heart, 10 Εχομέν ωφεληθησαν οί περιπατησαντες. were profited those having walked about. Ουσιαστηριον, εξ ού φαγειν ουκ εχουσιν εξουan altar, from which to eat not they have authorized of  $\tau\eta$  skyny latered volumes. It 'We yap eight rity thoseinthe tabernacle serving. Ofwhom for is φερεται (ωων το αίμα \* [περι άμαρτιας] εις τα brought animals the blood [concerning sin] into the άγια δια του αρχιερεως, τουτων τα σωματα holies by means of the high-priest, of these the bodies 12 A10 Kal κατακαιεται εξω της παρεμβολης, are burned outside of the camp. Therefore also δια του ιδιου αίματος ιητους, ίνα άγιαση Jesus, so that he might sanctify through the own blood 13 Tolvuv τον λαον, εξω της πυλης επαθε. the people, outside of the Now then suffered. gate εξερχωμεθα προς αυτον εξω της παρεμβολης, him outside of the let us go forth to τον ονειδισμον αυτου φεροντες 14 ου γαρ εχοnot for the reproach for him bearing; μελλουμεν ώδε μενουσαν πολιν, αλλα την abiding have here a city, but the one being about to 15 Δι' αυτου ουν αναφερωσαν επι(ητουμεν. Through him therefore come we seek. may we μεν θυσιαν αινεσεως διαπαντος τω θεω, τουτ' offer a sacrifice of praise continually to the God, this εστι, καρπον χειλεων δμολογουντων τω ονοfruit •flips ascribing praise to the name 16 Της δε ευποιιας και κοινωνιας MATI QUTOUS Of the but doing good and fellowship μη επιλανθανεπθε τοιαυταις γαρ θυπιαις ευσwith such 800 acrif.ces not be you neglectful; 17 Πειθεσθε τοις ήγουμενος ρεστειται δ θεος. weil-pleased the God. Be you obelient to those ύμων, και ύπεικετε αυτοι γαρ αγρυπνουσιν and be you subject; they for watch ύπερ των ψυχων ύμων, ώς λογον αποδωσοντες• on behalf of the souls of you, as an account going to render; ίνα μετα χαρας τουτο ποιωσι, και μη στεναthis they may do, and not joy (οντες αλυσιτελες γαρ ύμιν τουτο. 18 Προσdisastrous for to you this. Light ευχεσθε περι ήμων πεποιθαμεν γαρ, ότι καλην συνειδησιν εχομεν, εν πασι καλως θελοντες

Chap. 18: 10.7

foreign Doctrines; for it is an Excellent thing for the HEART to be established by Favor; ‡ not by Aliments, in which THOSE were not profited who WALKED in them.

10 the have an Altar from which THOSE who SERVE in the TABERNACLE have no Right to eat.

11 For the Bodies of those Animals, whose Blood is brought into the HOLY PLACES by the HIGH-PRIEST, are burned outside of the CAMP.

12 Therefore, Jesus also, that he might sanctify the PEOPLE through his own Blood, ‡ suffered outside of the GATE.

13 Let us, then, now go forth to him outside of the CAMP, ‡ bearing REPROACH for him;

14 for we have not here an Abiding City, but we are seeking for the FUTURE one.

15 Through him, therefore, let us offer a Sacrifice of Praise to God continually, that is, the Fruit of Lips celebrating his NAME.

16 ‡ But do not forget to be BENEFICENT and to Distribute; for ‡ with Such Sacrifices God is well-pleased.

weit-pleased.

17 ‡ Obey your LEADEES, and be submissive, for ‡ then keep watch on your behalf, as going to render an Account; so that they may do this with Joy, and not with groanings; for this would be unprofitable to you.

18 ‡ Pray for us; for we have confidence, Because we have ‡a Good Conscience, wishing to conduct ourselves well among all;

we have, in all things

conscience

wishing

well

<sup>·</sup> ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. concerning Sin-omit.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Rom. xiv. 17; Col. ii. 16; 1 Tim. iv. 3. † 10. 1 Cor. ix. 13; x. 18. † 11. Exod. xxix. 14; Lev. iv. 11, 12, 21; vi. 30; ix. 11; xvi. 27; Num. xix. 3. † 12. John xix. 17, 18; Acts vii. 58 † 13. Heb. xi. 26; 1 Pet. iv. 14. † 14. Micah ii. 10; Phil. iii. 20; Heb. xi. 10, 16; xii. 22. † 15. Eph. v. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 5. † 15. Lev. vii. 12; Psa. 1. 14, 23; lxix. 30, 31; cvii. 22; cxvi. 17. † 16. Rom. xii. 18. † 10. 2 Cor. ix. 12; Phil. iv. 18; Heb. vi. 10. † 17. Phil. ii. 20; 1 Thess. v. 12; 1 Tim. v. 17; verse 7. † 17. Ezek. iii. 17; xxxiil. 2, 7; Acts xx. 26, 28. † 18. Rom. xv. 30; Eph. vi. 90; Cot. iv. 3; 1 Thess. v. 25; 2 Thess. iii. 1. † 18. Acts xxlii. 1; xxiv. 16; 2 Cor. i. 12.

favor with

all

αναστρεφεσθαι: 19 περισσοτερως δε παρακαλω to conduct ourselves; more carnestly but Ichtreat ίνα ταχιον αποκατασταθω τουτο ποιησαι, so that more quickly I may be restored this to do, 20 'Ο δε θεος της ειρηνης, δ αναγαγων บแบ. The now God of the peace, the one having led up of vou. εκ νεκρων τον ποιμενα των προβατων τον shepherd of the sheep the out of dead ones the μεγαν εν αίματι διαθηκης αιωνιου, τον κυριον great by blood of a covenant age-lasting, the Lord ήμων Ιησουν, <sup>21</sup> καταρτισαι ύμας εν παντι εργφ knit together you in every work Jesus, ofus αγαθώ, εις το ποιησαι το θελημα αυτου· ποιων good, in order the to do the will of him; doing εν ύμιν το ευαρεστον ενωπιον αύτου, in you the well-pleasing thing in presence of hin. self, through Ιησου Χριστου· & ή δυξα εις τους αιωνας Jesus Anointed; to whom the glory for the των αιωνων αμην. of the ages; so be it.

<sup>22</sup> Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελφοι, ανεχεσθε του brethren, bear you with the lentreat now you, λογου της παρακλησεως και γαρ δια βραχεων word of the exhortation; indeed for in few words επεστειλα ύμιν. <sup>23</sup> Γινωσκετε τον αδελφον Τι-I sent to you. You know the brother Timthe μοθεον απολελυμενον, μεθ' ο5,  $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ ταχιον having been sent away, with whom, if quickly ερχηται, οψομαι ύμας. <sup>24</sup> Ασπασασθε παντας Sa'nte you he comes, I shall see you. الع τους ήγουμενους ύμων, και παντως τους άγιους. of you, and all the holyones. leaders 25 'H Ασπαζονται ύμας οἱ απο της Ιταλιας. you those from the The Italy. χαρις μετα παντων ύμων: αμην

of you; so beit.

19 that more especially I entreat you to do This, so that I may more speedily be restored to you.

20 Now may that God of PEACE, twho BEOUGHT UP from the Dead that shepherd of the Sheep, (become GREAT by the Blood of an aionian Covenant,) even our LORD Jesus.

21 ‡knit you together in Every Good \* Work, m order to Do his will; ‡producing in you THAT which is WELL-PLEASING in his presence, through Jesus Christ; ‡to whom be the GLORY for the AGES of the AGES.

22 Now I entreat you, Brethren, bear the WORD of EXHORTATION; for indeed, I sent it to you in brief.

23 You know that \$\precest\$ BROTHER Timothy has been sent away, with whom if he arrive soon, I shall see you.

24 Salute all your LEADERS, and All the SAINTS. THOSE from ITALY salute you.

25 the ravor be with you all. Amen.

<sup>\*</sup> ALEXANDBIAN MANUSCRIFT.—21. Work and Word, to do his will, producing in you by Him that.

Subscription—To the Hebbews—written from Rome.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Philemon 22. † 20. Rom. xv. 33; 1 Thess. v. 23. † 20. Acts ii. 24, 82; Rom. iv. 24; viii. 11; 1 Cor. vi. 14; xv. 15; 2 Cor. iv. 14; Gal. i. 1; Col. ii. 12. † 20. Isa. xl. 11; Ezek. xxxiv. 23; xxxvii. 24; John x. 11; 1 Pet. ii. 25; v. 4. † 20. Zech. ix. 11; 12eb. x. 22. † 21. 2 Thess. ii. 17; 1 Pet. vi. 0. † 21. Phil. ii. 13. † 21. Gal. i. 15; 2 Tim. iv. 18; Rev. i. 6. † 23. 1 Thess. iii. 2. † 24. verse 7, 17. † 25. Titus iii. 5.

## \* THE EPISTLE OF JAMES.

#### КЕФ. α'. 1.

1 Ιακωβος, θεου και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου James, of God and of Lord Jesus Anointed δουλος, ταις δωδεκα φυλαις ταις εν TH tribes to those in the a bond-servant, to the twelve 2 Πασαν χαραν ήγησασθε, διασπορα, χαιρειν. dispersion, health. All joy do you esteem, αδελφοι μου, όταν πειρασμοις περιπεσητε ποιbrethren of me, when temptations you may fall into κιλοις. 3 γινωσκοντες, ότι το δοκιμιον ύμων that the proof knowing, ofyou rious; 4 'H δ€ της πιστεως κατεργαζεται ύπομονην. The but of the faith works out patience. ύπομονη εργον τελειον εχετω, ίνα ητε τελειpatience work perfect let have, so that you may be perfect οι και δλοκληροι, εν μηδενι λειπομενοι. ones and complete ones, in nothing being destitute. δε τις ύμων λειπεται σοφιας, αιτειτω παρα but anyone of you is destitute of wisdom, rethim ask from του διδοντος θεου πασιν άπλως, και μη ονειδιof the one giving of God to all liberally, and not censur-(οντος και δοθησεται αυτφ. Αιτειτω δε εν ing: and it will be giver to him. Let him ask but in ALTEITW DE EV πιστει, μηδεν διακρινομένος. δ γαρ διακρινομεone hesitatfaith, not healtating; the for νος εοικε κλυδωνι θαλασσης ανεμιζομενο και ing islike to a wave of sea being wind-agitated διπιζομενφ. 7 Μη γαρ οιεσθω ό ανθρωπος εκει-Not for let think the man that, being tossed. ε Ανηρ νος, ότι ληψεται τι παρατου κυριου. that he shall receive anything from the Lord. Aman διψυχος, ακαταστατος εν πασαις ταις όδοις of double-soul, unstable in all the ways αύτου. 9 Καυχασθω δε δ αδελφος δ ταπεινος let boast but the brother the humble of himself. εν τω ύψει αύτοι 10 δ δε πλουσιος, εν τη in the humiliation of humsel; the but rich, ταπεινωσι αύτου ότι ώς ανθος χιρτου παρεhe will λευσιται. 11 Ανετειλε γαρ δ ήλιος συν τφ for the sun Rose with the καιτωνι, και εξηρα) ε τον χορτον, και το ανθος scorching heat, and withered the grass, and the flower αυτου εξεπεσε, και ή ευπρεπεια του προσωπου fell off, and the beauty of the faco ofit αυτου απωλέτοι ούτω και δ πλουσιος εν ταις also t e rich man perished; thus iu 12 Makapios μαγανθη τεται. TODELCUS αύτου of himself wi . fade away. Blessed Ways

#### CHAPTER I.

1 ‡James, ‡a Bondservant of God and of the Lord Jesus Christ, ‡to THOSE TWELVE Tribes in ‡the DISPERSION, greeting.

2 ‡ Esteem it All Joy, my Brethren, ‡ when you fall into various Trials;

3 ‡ knowing That the PROOF of your FAITH produces Patience.

4 But let PATIENCE have a perfect Work, so that you may be perfect and complete, deficient in Nothing.

5 ‡ And if any one of you be deficient in Wisdom, let him ‡ ask it from God, who imparts liberally to all, and does not censure; and ‡ it will be

given to him.

6 † But let him ask in Faith, not hesitating; for he who hesitates is like a Wave of the Sea, agitated

and tossed by the wind.
7 Forslet not that MAN
think That he shall receive
anything from the LORD,—

8 ta Man of two-souls, unstable in All his ways.

9 But let the HUMBLE BROTHER glory in his EX-ALTATION;

10 and the RICH in his HUMILIATION; Because tas a Flower of Grass, he will pass away.

11 For the SUN rose with SCORCHING HEAT, and withered the GRASS, and its FLOWER fell off, and the BEAUTY of its APPEARANCE perished; thus also will the RICH man fade in his WAYS.

VATICAN MANUSCRIP! - Title-THE EPISTLE OF JAMES.

<sup>1 1.</sup> Acts xii. 17; xv. 19; G d. i. 10; ii. 9; Jude 1. 11. Titus i. 1. 11. Acts xxvi. 7. 1. Deut. 3 xx i. 29; John vii. 35; Acts ii. 5; 1 Pet. i. 1. 12; Matt. v. 12; Acts v. 41; Heb. x. 34; f Fet. iv. 13, 16. 12. 1 Pet. i. 6. 13. Rom. v. 3. 15. 1 Acts xiv. 13; xv. 7; xvi. 3. 15. Matt. vii. 7; xxi. 22; Mark xi. 24; 1 Luke xi. 6; John xiv. 13; xv. 7; xvi. 3. 15. John v. 14. 16. Mark xi. 24; 1 Tim. ii. 8. 18. Janes iv. 8. 10. Job xiv. 2; Psa. xxvii. 7 xc. 5, 6; cii. 11; ciii. 15; Isa. xl. 6; ICor. vii. 31; James iv. 14; 1 Pet. 1. 24; 1 John ii. 17.

ανηρ, ός ύπομενει πειρασμον ότι δοκιμος γενοman. who bears up under temptation; because approved having μενος ληψεται τον στεφανον της Swys, by life, which ofthe become he will receive the crown επηγγειλατο δ κυριος τοις αγαπωσιν αυτον.
promised the Lord to those loving him. 'Οτι απο 13 Μηδεις πειραζομενος λεγετω. No one being tempted let say; That from θεου πειραζομαι· δ γαρ θεος απειραστος εστι of God I am tempted; the for God not tempted κακων, πειραζει δε αυτος ουδενα. 14 Εκαστος of evils, tempts and he no one. Each one δε πειραζεται, ύπο της ιδιας επιθυμιας εξελκοbut is tempted, by the own inordinate desire being μενος και δελεαζομενος. <sup>15</sup> ειτα ή επιθυμια drawn out and being entrapped; then the inordinate desire συλλαβουσα τικτει άμαρτιων ή δε άμαρτια the but having conceived brings forth sin; 16 Μη πλααποτελεσθεισα αποκυει θανατον. Not be you having been perfected brings forth death. 17 Πασα δοσις νασθε, αδελφοι μου αγαπητοι. led astray, brethren of me beloved ones. gift Every αγαθη, και παν δωρημα τελειον, ανωθεν εστι perfect, from above is and every gift καταβαινον απο του πατρος των φωτων, παρ father of the coming down from of the lights. with ουκ ενι παραλλαγη, η τροπης αποσκιασμα. change, or of turning a shade; whom not one 18 βουληθεις απεκυησεν ήμας λογφ αληθειας, us by a word of truth, he begou το ειναι ήμας απαρχην τινα των αύτου us first-fruit a kind of the of himself in order that to be  $^{19}$   $\Omega \sigma \tau \epsilon$ , a  $\delta \epsilon \lambda \phi o \iota \mu o v$  a  $\gamma a \pi \eta \tau o \iota$ , Therefore, brethren of me beloved ones, κτισματων. creatures. εστω πας ανθρωπος ταχυς εις το ακουσαι, man quick in order that to have heard, let be every βραδυς εις το λαλησαι, βραδυς εις οργην. slow in order that to have spoken, slow in order to wrath. 🧐 Οργη γαρ ανδρος δικαιοσυνην θεου ου κατερ-Wrath for of man righteousness of God not 21 Διο αποθεμενοι πασαν δυπαριαν γα(εται.

12 ! Happy the Man who endures Trial; Because having become an approved person, he will receive the crown of LIFE, ; which \* the LORD promised to THOSE who LOVE him.

13 Let no one, when tempted, say, "I am tempted by God;" for God is incapable of being tempted by Evil things, and he tempts no one;

14 but each one is tempted by his own Inondinate desire, being drawn

out and allured.

15 Then INORDINATE DESIRE having conceived: produces Sin; and sin being perfected I brings forth . Death.

I6 Do not be led astray, my beloved Brethren.

17 # Every good Gift and Every perfect Gift is from above, coming down from the FATHER of LIGHTS, with whom there is No Change, or the least Variation.

18 ! Having willed it, he begot us by the Word of Truth, ‡in order that we might BE a ‡Firstfruit of HIS Creatures.

19 Therefore, my beloved Brethren, ‡let Every Man be quick to HEAP, slow to SPEAK, slow to Anger;

20 for Man's Anger doe! not work out God's Righte-

ousness.

filthiness

and

of word,

21 Therefore, ‡ discarding All Impurity and Overflowing of Malice, embrace with Meekness THAT IM-PLANTED Word twhich is ABLE to save your souls.

22 But 1 become Doers of the Word, and not Hearers only, deceiving yourselves. yourselves.

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. he promised.

Therefore putting away

word,

hearers.

και περισσειαν κακιας, εν πραυτητι δεξασθε and superabundance of badness, in meckness receive you

τον εμφυτον λογον, τον δυναμενον σωσαι τας

Become you but doers

μη μονον ακροαται, παραλογιζομενοι έαυτους.

that being able

22 Γινεσθε δε ποιηται λογου, και

deceiving

out.

the implanted

ψυχας ύμων.

all

<sup>† 12.</sup> Job v. 17; Prov. iii, 11, 12; Heb. xii. 5; Rev. iii. 19. † 12. 1 Cor. ix. 25; 2 Tim. iv. 8; James ii. 5; 1 Pet. v. 4; Rev. ii. 10. † 12. Matt. x. 22; xix. 28, 29; James ii. 5. † 15. Job xv. 35; Psa. vii. 14. † 15. Rom. vi. 21, 23. † 17. John iii. 27; 1 Cor. iv. 7; 17. Num. xxiii. 19; 1 Sam. xv. 29; Mal. iii. 6; Rom. xi. 29. † 18. John i. 18; iii. 3; 1 Cor. iv. 15; 1 Pet. i. 23. † 18. Eph. i. 12. † 18. Jer. ii. 3; Rev. xiv. 4. † 19. Eccl. v. 1, 2; Prov. x. 19; xvii. 27. † 21. Col. iii. 8; 1 Pet. ii. 1. † 21. Acts xiii. 26; Rom. i. 16; 1 Cor. xv. 2; Eph. i. 13; Titus ii. 11; Heb. ii. 3; 1 Pet. i. 9. † 22. Matt. vii. 21; Luke vi. 46; Rom. ii. 3

blessed

23 Ότι ει τις ακροατης λογου εστι και ου ποιη-Because if anyone a hearer of word is and not a doer, της, ούτος εοικεν ανδρι κατανοούντι το προσωthis islike a man viewing the face ΤΟΥ ΤΟΥ ΥΕΡΕΘΙΟΣ ΑΙΤΟΙΙ ΕΥ ΕΓΙΟΙΤΟΙ 24 Κατε-

τον της γενεσεως αύτου εν εσοπτρω. <sup>24</sup> κατεof the birth of himself in a mirror; he νοησε γαρ έαυτον, και απεληλυθε, και ευθεως

viewed for himself, and went away, and immodiately επελαθετο όποιος ην. 25 Ο δε παρακυψας εις forgot what sort h. vas. He buthaving looked intently into νομον τελειον τον της ελευθερίας και παραμειalaw perfect that of the freedom and having convas, \*[ούτος] ουκ ακροατής επιλησμονης γενοtinued, [this] not a hearer of forgetfulness having μενος, αλλα ποιητης εργου, ούτος μακαριος εν

become, but a doer of work, this

\[ \tau\eta \tau(\tau\tau) \tau(\tau) \tau(

<sup>26</sup> Ει τις δοκει θρησκος ειναι, μη χαλιναγωIf any one thinks religious to be, not bridling
γων γλωσσαν αύτου, αλλ' απατων καρδιαν
tongue of himself, but deceiving heart

αύτου, τουτου ματαιος ή θρησκεια. <sup>27</sup> Θρησκεια of himself, of this vain the religion. Religion

καθαρα και αμιαντος παρα τω θεω και πατρι, pure and undefiled with the God and father, αύτη εστιν, επισκεπτεσθαι ορφανους και χηρας this is, to oversee or phans and widows  $\epsilon \nu$  τη θλιψει αυτων, ασπιλον έαυτον τηρειν απο του κοσμου. ΚΕΦ. β΄. 2.  $^1$  Αδελφοι μου, μη the world. Εν προσωποληψιαις εχετε την πιστιν του κυριου

ήμων Ιησου Χριστου της δοξης. <sup>2</sup> Εαν γαρ of the glory. It for εισελθη εις την συναγωγην διμων ανηρ χρυσοπαια με into the syuagogue of you a man having gold δακτυλιος εν εσθητι λαμπρα, εισελθη δε και rings on his suggest in a robe splendid, may enter and also

with a respect of persons do you hold the faith of the Lord

πτωχος εν δυπαρα εσθητι,  $^3$  και επιβλεψητε επι αροστικα in dirty clothing, and you should look on τον φορουντα την εσθητα την λαμπραν, και

the one-wearing the robe the spiendid, and  $\epsilon \iota \pi \eta \tau \epsilon$ . So  $\kappa \alpha \theta \circ \upsilon$   $\delta \epsilon \kappa \alpha \lambda \omega s$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \iota \tau \omega$   $\pi \tau \omega \chi \omega$  you should say; Thou sit here honorably, and to the poor man  $\epsilon \iota \pi \eta \tau \epsilon$ . So  $\sigma \tau \eta \theta \iota$   $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota$ ,  $\eta$   $\kappa \alpha \theta \circ \upsilon$  \* [ $\delta \delta \epsilon$ ]  $\dot{\upsilon} \pi \sigma$  you should say; Thou stand there, or sit thou [here] under  $\tau \circ \dot{\upsilon} \pi \sigma \pi \circ \delta \iota \circ \upsilon$   $\mu \circ \upsilon$   $\delta \iota \epsilon \kappa \rho \iota \iota \eta \tau \epsilon$ 

the footstool of me; [and] not did you make a difference

εν εαυτοις, και εγενεσθε κρισαι διαλογισμων
among yoursolves, and became judges reasonings

23 For tif any one oc a Hearer of the Word, and not a Doer, he resembles a Man Viewing his NATU-BAL FACE in a Mirror;

24 for he viewed himself, and went away, and immediately forgot what kind of person he was.

25 But the who looks
INTENTLY into THAT
which is the perfect Law
of FREEDOM, and continues in it, not becoming
a forgetful Hearer, but a
Doer of its Work, this
man will be blessed in his
DEED.

26 If any one think to be religious, who does not trestrain his Tongue, but deludes his own Heart, this man's RELIGION is

vain.

### CHAPTER II.

1 My Brethren! do not hold the faith of Jesus Christ, our \$\frac{1}{3}GLORIOUS LORD, with \$\frac{1}{4}a\$ Respect of persons.

2 For if a Man enter your synagogue, having gold rings on his fingers, in a splendid Robe, and there enter also a Poorman in Dirty Clothing;

3 and you look on the one WEARING the SPLEN-DID BOBE, and say, "Sit thou here in an honorable place;" and say to the POOR man, "Stand \*thou; or sit there on my FOOT-STOOL;"

4 do you not make disfinctions among yourselves, and become Judges from evil Reasonings?

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—25. this—omit. there on my poorstool. 4. and—omit.

<sup>3.</sup> here—onsit, 3. thou; or sit

<sup>† 23.</sup> Luke vi. 47. See James ii. 14. † 25. 2 Cor. iii. 18. † 25. James ii. 12. † 25. John xiii. 17. † 26 Psa. xxxiv. 13; xxxix. 1; 1 Pet. iii. 10. † 27. Isa. i. 16, 17; Iviii. 6, 7; Matt. xxv. 36. † 27. Rom. xii. 2; James iv. 4; 1 John v. 18. † 1. Cor. ii. 8. † 1. Leev. xik. 15; Deut. i. 17; xvi. 10; Prov. xxiv. 23; xxviii. 91; Matt. xxii. 16; verse 9; Jude 16.

πονηρων; 5 Ακουσατε, αδελφοι μου αγαπητοι, Hear you, brethren of me beloved ones, of evil things; ουχ δ θεος εξελεξατο τους πτωχους του κοσμου not the God the poor of the world chose πλουσιους εν πιστει και κληρονομους της βασιof the king\_ rich ones in faith and heirs λειας, ής επηγγειλατο τοις αγαπωσιν αυτον; dom, which he promised to those loving 6 Υμεις δε ητιμασατε τον πτωχον. Ουχ οί Not dishonored the poor. the πλουσιοι καταδυναστευουσιν ύμων, και αυτοι domineer over they you, and rich ones έλκουσιν ύμας εις κριτηρία; 7 Ουκ αυτοι βλασyou into courts of justice? Not they revile φημουσι το καλον ονομα το επικληθεν εφ' the honorable name that having been named on 8 Ει μεντοι νομον τελειτε βασιλικον, ύμας: you? If indeed a law you keep royal, την γραφην. Αγαπησεις τον πλησιον ката according to the writing; Thousbalt love the neighbor σου ως σεαυτον, καλως ποιειτε. 9 ει δε προσωweil youdo; if but of thee as thyself, YOU Teποληπτειτε, αμαρτιαν εργαζεσθε, ελεγχομενοι sin you work, being convicted spect persons, 10 'Οστις γαρ ύπο του νομου ώς παραβαται. under the law 8.9 transgressors. Whoever for όλον τον νομον τηρησει, πταισει δε εν ένι, law keeps, shall fail but in one, 11 'Ο γαρ ειπων' γεγούε παυτών ενοχος. Mn The for one having said; Not has become of all guilty. EITE Kai Mn φονευσης. μοιχευσης, thou mayest commitadultery, said also; Not thou mayest murder ει δε ου μοιχευσεις, φονευσεις δε, 7520if now not thou commit adultery, thou dost murder but, thou hast beνας παραβατης νομου. 12 Ούτω λαλειτε και of law. Thus speak you an come a transgressor ούτω ποιειτε, ώς δια νομου ελευθεριας thus do you, as by means of a law offreedom 13 'Η γαρ κρισις ανιλεως μελλοντες κρινεσθαι. The for judgment merciless being about to be judged. τω μη ποιησαντι ελεος κατακαυχαται ελεος glories over for him not having practised mercy; κρισεωs. judgment.

14 Tι \*[το] οφελος, αδελφοι μου, εαν πιστιν What [the] profit, brethren of me, if faith  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \eta$  τις εχειν,  $\epsilon \rho \gamma \alpha$  δε μη  $\epsilon \chi \eta$ ; μη δυναται may say any one to have, works but not may have? not is able  $\eta$  πιστις σωσαι αυτον;  $^{15}$  Eαν δε αδελφος  $\eta$  the faith teave him? If but a brother or

5 Hearken, my beloved Brethren! ‡ Has not God chosen the Pook of the WORLD, ‡ rich in Faith, and Heirs of the KING-DOM ‡ which he promised to THOSE who LOVE him?

6 But tou dishonored the POOR. Do not the RICH domineer over you, and to then not drag you into Courts of Justice?

7 Do then not revile THAT HONORABLE Name which has been NAMED on

you?

8 If indeed you keep a royal Law according to the SCEIPTURE, T' Thou shalt "love thy NEIGHBOR as "as thyself," you do well, 9 but if you respect

9 but if you respect persons, you commit Sin, being convicted under the LAW as Transgressors.

10 For whoever shall keep the Whole LAW, but shall fail in one point, has become ‡ guilty of all.

11 For HE who SAID, t"Thou shalt not com"mit adultery," said also, "Thou shalt do no
"murder." Now if thou
dost not commit adultery,
but dost nurder, thou
hast become a Transgressor of Law.

12 Thus speak, and thus act, as being about to be judged by ‡a Law of Free-

dom;

13 for \$JUDGMENT is merciless for him who has not PRACTISED Mercy; Mercy triumphs over Judgment.

14 † What Advantage, my Brethren, has any one, though he say he has Faith, but have not Works? This FAITH is not able to save him.

15 Now suppose

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. the -- omit.

<sup>† 5.</sup> John vii. 48; 1 Cor. i. 26, 28. 
† 5. Luke xii. 21; 1 Tim. vi. 18; Rev. ii. 9. 
† 5. Exod. xx. 6; 1 Sam. ii. 30; Prov. viii. 17; Matt. v. 3; Luke vi. 20; xii. 32; 1 Cor i. 0; 
† Tim. iv 8; James i. 12. 
† 6. 1 Cor. xi. 22. 
† 6. Acts xii. 50; xvii. 6; xviii. 12; 
James v. 6. 
† 8. Lev. xix. 18; Matt. xxii. 30; Rom. xiii. 8, 9; Gal. v. 14; vi. 2. 
† 10. Deut. xxvii. 26; Matt. v. 10; Gal. iii. 10. 
† 11. Exod. xx. 18, 14. 
† 12. James i. 25. 
† 13. Job. xxii. 6; Prov. xxi. 18; Matt. vi. 15; xviii. 35; xxv. 41, 42; Luke xvi. 25. 
† 14. Matt. vii. 26; James i. 23.

αδελφη γυμνοι ύπαρχωσι, και λειπομενοι ωσι assister naked ones should be, and wanting may be της εφημερου τροφης, 16 ειπη δε το αυτοις εξ of the daily (ood, may say and any one to them from ύμων Υπαγετε εν ειρηνη, θερμαινεσθε και οίγου; Go you away in peace, be you warmed and χορταζεσθε μη δωτε δε αυτοις τα επιτηδεια be you filled, not you may give but to them the things necessary του σωματος, τι \*[το] οφελος;  $^{17}$  Ούτω και  $\mathring{\eta}$  of the body, what [the] profit? Thus also the πιστις, εαν μη εχη εργα, νεκρα εστι καθ' faith, if notit may have works, dead it is by εαντην.  $^{18}$  Αλλ' ερει τις Συ πιστιν εχεις, itself. But will say some one; Thou faith hast, καγω εργα εχω $^{\circ}$  δειξον μοι την πιστιν συν and I works have; show to me the faith of thee χωρις των εργων \*[σου,] καγω δειξω σοι εκ χωρις των εργων [ουν,] καγω σειζω συι εκ without the works [of thee,] and I will show to thee by  $\tau$ ων εργων μου την πιστιν \* [μου,]  $^{19}$  Συ  $\pi$ υ the works of me the faith [of me.] τευεις, ότι δ θεος εις εστι' καλως ποιεις και lievest, that the God one is; well thou doest; even τα δαιμονια πιστευουσι, και φρισσουσι. 20 €-Wishest the demons believe, and shudder. λεις δε γνωναι, ω ανθρωπε κενε, ότι  $\mathring{\eta}$  πιστις thou but to know, O man vain, that the faith χωρις των εργων νεκρα εστιν · 21 Αβρααμ δ πατηρ without the works dead is? Abraam the father ήμων ουκ εξ εργων εδικαιωθη, ανενεγκας Ισαακ of us not by works was made righteous, having brought up Isaac τον υίον αύτου επι το θυσιαστηριον; <sup>22</sup> Βλεπεις, the son of himself to the altar? Seest thou, the son of himself to the altare  $\delta \tau i$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\pi i \sigma \tau i s$   $\sigma \nu \eta \rho \gamma \epsilon i$   $\tau o i s$   $\epsilon \rho \gamma o i s$  autov, kal that the faith worked with the works of him, and that the faith worked with the  $\epsilon \tau i s \lambda i \omega \theta \eta$ ;  $\epsilon \tau i s \lambda i \omega \theta \eta$ ;  $\epsilon\kappa$   $\tau\omega\nu$   $\epsilon\rho\gamma\omega\nu$   $\dot{\eta}$   $\pi\iota\sigma\tau\iota s$   $\epsilon\tau\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\iota\omega\theta\eta$ ;  $^{23}$  Kat by the works the faith was perfected? επληρωθη ή γραφη ή λεγουσα Επιστευσε δε was fulfilled the writing that saying; Believed but Αβρααμ τφ θεφ, και ελογισθη αυτφ εις δικ. 1.0- Abrain lie God, and it was counted to bin for righteσυνην και φιλος θεου εκληθη. 24 Opare, ότι ousness, and a friend of God he was called. Do you see, that εξ εργων δικαιουται ανθρωπος, και ουκ εκ πισby works is made righteons a man, and not by faith τεως μονον: Ομοιως δε και Ρααβ ή πορνη alone? In like manuer and also he had the harlot

ουκ εξ εργων εδικαιωθη, ύποδεξαμενη τους αγnot by works was justified, having received the mes γελους, και έτερα ύδιο εκβαλουσα; <sup>26</sup> Ωσπερ ocugers, and by another way having sent out? the mes\_ iyap το σωμα χωρις πνευματος VERPOV [for] the body without " breath dead

εστιν, ούτω και ή πιστις χωρις των EPYWV so also the faith without , he works

νεκρα εστι. dead

Brother, or a Sister, be naked, and in want of DAILY Food,

16 and tary one of you should say to them. "Go in Peace; be warned and be filled;" but do not give them the THINGS NECESSARY for the BODY.

what Advantage is it?
17 Thus also the FAITH. if it has not Works, being by itself, is dead.

18 But some one will say, "Thou hast Faith, and I have Works; show me thy Faith, without Works, and # will show \* Thee my FAITH by

19 Thou believest That there is \* One God; thou dost well; the DEMONS also believe, and tremble.

20 But dost thou wish to know, O vain Man. That FAITH without works is \* dead?

21 Was not Abraham DUE FATHER justified by Works, twhen he brough: ur Isaac his son to the ALTARP

22 Thou seest ! Tha. the FAITH co-operated with his works; and that the FAITH was made comclete by the WORKS;

23 and THAT SCRIPTURE was verified, which says. t 'And Abraham believed God, and it was counted to him for Righteonsness;' and he was called t 'a Friend of God.'"

24 You see That a Man is justified by Works, and not by Faith alone.

25 And in like manner a.so ; was not Rahab the HARLOT justified by Works when she entertained the MESSINGERS, and sent them out by Another Road?

26 As the BODY without Breath is dead, so also the PAITH, without works, is dead.

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—16. the—omit. 18. of thee—omit. 19. One God. 20. Unproductive? 26. For—omit. 19. One God. 20. Unproductive? 26. For—omit. 19. Line 19. Mark viii. 29; Mark i. 24; v. 7; Luke iv. 34; Acts xv. 7; xix. 15. 121. Gen. xxii. 9, 12. 122. Heb. xi 17. 123. Gen. xv. 9 kom. iv. 5; Gal. iii. 6. 123. 2 Chron. xx. 7; Isa. xli. 8. 125. Josh. ii. 1; Heb. xi. 5]

driven, are turned about by

# КЕФ. γ'. 3.

1 Μη πολλοι διδασκαλοι γινεσθε, αδελφοι
Not many teachers become you, brethren
μου, ειδοτες, ότι μειζον κριμα ληψομεθα.
of me, knowing, that greater condemnation we shall receive.
2 Πολλα γαρ πτωιομεν άπαντες ει τις εν λογω

Many for we stumble all; if any one in word ου πταιει, ούτος τελειος ανηρ, δυνατος χαλιναnot stumbles, this a perfect man, able to bridle 3 Ιδε, των ίππων γωγησαι και όλον το σωμα. also whole the body. Lo, of the horses τους χαλινους εις τα στοματα βαλλομεν TOOS into the mouths we put in order το πειθεσθαι αυτους ήμιν, και όλον το σωμα that to make obedient them to us, and whole the body <sup>4</sup> Ιδου, και τα πλοια, τηλι-Lo, also the ships, so αυτων μεταγομεν. of them we turn about. καυτα οντα, και ύπο σκληρων ανεμων ελαυνοgreat being, and by violent winds being μενα, μεταγεται ύπο ελαχιστου πηδαλιου, όπου

αν  $\mathring{\eta}$  δρμη του ευθυνοντος βουληται.  $^5$ Ούτω the will of the one steering pleases. Thus και  $\mathring{\eta}$  γλωσσα μικρον μελος εστι, και μεγαλαυ-also the tongue a little member is, and greatly boastq. Σει. Ιδου, ολιγον πυρ  $\mathring{\eta}$ λικην  $\mathring{\upsilon}$ λην αναπτει. Lo, a little fire how great a mass of fuel kindles.

a very small helm,

6 Kai η γλωσσα πυρ, ὁ κοσμος της αδικίας:

And the longue afre, the world of the wickedness;

[oύτως] η γλωσσα καθισταταί εν τοις μελε[thus] the tongue is placed among the mem-

[thus] the tongue is placed among the memotiv  $\dot{\eta}$ μων,  $\dot{\eta}$  σπιλουσα όλον το σωμα, και φλοθετε οf us, that spotting whole the body, and setting γιζουσα τον τροχον της γενεσεως, και φλογιζονοπίτε the wheel of the nature, and being set on μενη ὑπο της γεεννης. 7 Πασα γαρ φυσις fire by the gehenna. Every for species θηριων τε και πετεινων, έρπετων τε και ενασογωί de beasts both and of birds, of reptiles both and of

λιων, δαμαζεται και δεδαμασται τη φυσει things in the sea, is subdued and has been subdued by the nature τη ανθρωπινή. 8 την δε γλωσσαν ουδεις δυνα-by that belonging to man; the but tongue no one is ται ανθρωπων δαμασαι ακατασχετον κακον, able of men to subdue; an unruly evil,

able of men to subdue; an unruly evil,

μεστη ιου θανατηφορου.

full of poison death-producing.

By her we bless

μεν τον θεον και πατερα, και εν αυτη καταρωthe God and father, and by her we curse μεθα τους ανθρωπους τους καθ' δμοιωσιν θεου

μεθα τους ανθρωπους τους καθ ομοίωσιν θεου
the men those according to a likenesis of God
νεγονοτας: 10 εκ του αυτου στοματος εξεργεται

γεγονοτας<sup>10</sup> εκ του αυτου στοματος εξερχεται having been made; out of the same mouth goes forth

### CHAPTER III.

1 ‡ Do not Many of you become. Teachers, my Brethren, ‡ knowing That we shall receive a Severer Judgment.

2 For in many things we all are faulty. ‡ If any one does not err in Word, the is a Perfect Man, able to control the Whole BODY.

S Behold! twe place BITS into the MOUTH of the HORSES to make them OBEDIENT to us, and we direct their Whole BODY.

4 Behold! the SHIPS also, though \* SO GREAT, and driven by violent Winds, yet they are directed by a very Small Rudder, wherever the WILL of the PILOT chooses.

wherever

5 Thus also the TONGUE is a Small Member, and boasts the Behold! How Large a Mass of fuel \*a Little Fire kindles!

6 (And the tongue is a Fire,—the world of wickedness;) thus is That Tongue rendered among our Members, which the the Whole Body, and sets on fire the wheel of nature, and is set on fire by General Parks.

7 For Every Species both of Wild beasts and of Birds, both of Reptiles and of Fishes, is subdued, and has been subdued by the HUMAN BACE;

8 but the TONGUE of men No one is able to subdue—an Irrestrainable Evil, ‡full of death-producing Poison.

9 By it we \*bless the God and Father; and by it we curse Those Men twho have been Made according to God's Likeness;

10 out of the SAME Mouth proceeds a Bless-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-4. SO GREAT. 5. How great a Fire it kindles. bless the Lord and Father.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Matt. xxiii. 8, 14; Rom. ii. 20, 21; 1 Pet. v. 3. † 1. Luke vi. 37. † 2. Psa. xxiv. 13; James i. 26; 1 Pet. 1ii. 10. † 3. Matt. xii. 37. † 3. Psa. xxxii. 2 † 5. Prov. xii. 18; xv. 2. † 5. Psa. xii. 3; lxxiii. 8, 9. † 6. Prov. xvi. 27. † 6. Matt. xv. 11, 18—20; Mark vii. 15, 20, 23. † 8. Psa. cxl. 2. † 9. Gen. i. 26; v. 1; 11. 6.

Oυ χρη, αδελφοι μου, Not ought, brethren of me, ευλογια και καταρα. cursing. blessing and ταυτα ούτω γινεσθαι. 11 Μητι ή πηγη εκ της these things so to be. Not the fountain out of the αυτης όπης βρυει το T'AUKU KAL TO TIKSOV; sweet and the batter? same opening send forth the 12 Μη δυναται, αδελφοι μου, συκη ελαιας ποιτbrethren of me, afig tree olives is able, ton . ούτως ουτε άλυκον *ται*, η αμπελος συκα; thus neither duce, or a vine figs? salt γλυκυ πριησαι ύδωρ. 13 Τις σοφος και επιστηdiscreet sweet to make water. Any one wise and μων εν ύμιν; δειξατω εκ της καλης αναστροamong you? let him show out of the honorable conduct φης τα εργα αύτου εν πραυτητι σοφιας· 14 σι the works of himself with meekness of wisdom; δε (ηλον πικρον εχετε και εριθειαν εν τη καρbut rivalry bitter you have and strife in the heart δια ύμων, μη κατακαυχασθε και ψευδεσθε not do you boast and do you speak faisely of you. της αληθειας; 15 Ουκ εστιν αύτη ή Not concerning the truth? is this the σοφια ανωθεν κατερχομενη, αλλ' ETITY ELOS. but wisdom from above coming down, , earthly, ψυχικη, δαιμονιώδης. 16 Όπου γαρ ζηλος και demoniacal. Where for rivalry ετιθεια, εκει ακαταστασια και παν φαυλον strife, there disorder and every foul 17 'Η δε ανωθεν σοφια πρωτον μεν πραγμα. The but from above wisdom first indeed άγνη εστιν, επειτα ειρηνικη, επιεικης, ευπειpure itis, e gentle, then peaceable, easily μεστη ελεους και καρπων αγαθων. persuaded, full of mercy and of fruits good, αδιακριτος \*[και] ανυποκριτος. 18 Καρπος δε without partiality [and] without hypocrisy. Fruit and δικαιοσυνης εν ειρηνή σπειρεται τοις ποιουσιν of righteousness in peace is sown by those making ειρηνην, ΚΕΦ, δ', 4, 1 Ποθεν πολεμοιKal Whence peace. WAIS and μαχαι εν ύμιν; Ουκ εντευθεν, εκ των ήδονων fightingsamongyou? Not hence, from the pleasures ύμων των στρατευομενών εν τοις μελεσιν ύμων; warring in the members of you? of you of those 2 Επιθυμειτε, και ουκ εχετε φονευετε και ζη-You strongly desire, and not you have; you murder and are λουτε, και ου δυνασθε επιτυχειν μαχεσθε και sealous, and not you are able to obtain; you fight and

ing and a Curse. Mv Brethren, these things ought not so to be.

11 Does a FOUNTAIN send forth from the SAME Opening sweet and BIT.

TER Water?

12 Can a Fig-tree, my Brethren, produce Olives; or a Vine, Figs? \* Neither can a Salt spring produce Sweet Water.

13 # Is any one wise and discreet among you? let him show by HONORABLE Conduct his WORKS with Meekness of Wisdom.

14 But if you have I bitter Rivalry and Strife in your HEARTS, I do you not boast, and speak falsely concerning the TRUTH?

15 ITHIS is not the which WISDOM comes down from above; but is earthly, animal, demonia-

16 For twhere Rivalry and Strife are, there Dis-order is, and Every Vilc

Deed.

27 But the WISDOM from above, is indeed, first pure, then peaceable, gentle, easily persuaded, full of herey and of good Fruits, without partiality, I without hypocrisy.

13 1 Now the Fruit of Righteousness is sown in Peace by THOSE who PRACTISE Peace.

#### CHAPTER IV. :

1 Whence Wars and \* Contentions among you? Do they not come hence, from THOSE LUSTS of yours I which WAR in your MEMBERS?

2 You strongly desire, and have not; you kill, and are envious, and arc not able to obtain; you fight and war. You have not, because you do not ASK;

τολεμειτε, ουκ εχετε, δια το μη αιτειτθαι you war, not you have, because the not to ask

17. and-omit

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. Neither can Salt Water yield Sweet. 2. whence Contentions.

<sup>† 13.</sup> Gal. vi. 4. † 14. Rom. xiii. 13. † 14. Rom. ii. 17, 23. † 15. James f. 17; Phil. iii. 19. † 16. 1 Cor. iii. 3; Gal. 5, 20. † 17. 1 Cor. ii. 0, 7. † 17. 1 Cor. ii. 0, 7. † 17. 1 Cor. ii. 0, 19; Phil. ii. 19; Phil. ii. 11; Pet. i. 22; ii. 1; 1 John iil. 18. † 18. Prov. xi. 18; Hoshea x. 12; Matt. 3. 9; Phil. i. 11; Heb. xii. 11. † 1. Rom. vii. 23; Gal. v. 17; Pet. ii. 11.

ύμας. 3 αιτειτε, και ου λαμβανετε, διοτι κακως you ask, and not you receive, αιτεισθε, ίνα εν ταις ήδοναις ύμων δαπανησηso that in the pleasures of you you may waste. you ask. 4\*[Mοιχοι και] μοιχαλιδες, ουκ οιδατε, [Adulterers and] not know you. adulteresses, ότι ή φιλια του κοσμου εχθρα του θεου εστιν; that the friendship of the world enmity of the God ός αν ουν βουληθη φιλος ειναι του κοσμου, whoevertherefore may wish a friend to be of the world, εχθρος του θεου καθισταται. 5 Η δοκειτε, ότι or think you, that an enemy of the God is rendered. κενως ή γραφη λεγει; Προς φθονον επιποθει vainly the writing speaks? Το envy strongly inclined το πνευμα δ κατφκησεν εν ήμιν; 6 Mei Cova Se in us? Greater the spirit which dwelt διδωσι χαριν. διο λεγει. 'Ο θεος ύπερηφανοις it gives favor; therefore it says; The God to haughty once ταπεινος δε διδωσι χαριν. CYTITCOGETAL, sets himself in opposition, to lowly ones but he gives 7 Υποτανητε ουν τω θεω.  $\alpha v \tau \iota \sigma \tau \eta \tau \in \tau \omega$ be opposed to the Beyou subject therefore to the God; διαβολφ, και φευξεται αφ' ύμων. 8 εγγισατε τω θεω, και εγγιει ύμιν καθαρισατε χειρας, to the God, and he will draw near to you; cleanseyou άμαρτωλοι, και άγνισατε καρδιας, διψυχοι. hearts, two-souled ones and

purify you sinners, 9 Ταλαιπωρησατε και πενθησατε και κλαυσατε: and mourn you and weep you; Lament you δ γελως ύμων εις πενθος μεταστραφητω, και ή and the let be turned, thelaughter of you into mourning 10 Γαπεινωθητε ενωπιον χαρα εις κατηφειαν. sadness. Be you humbled in presence into 107 του κυριου, και ύψωσει ύμας. <sup>11</sup> Мл катала-Not speak 70u and he will lift up you. λειτε αλληλων, αδελφοι δ καταλαλων αδελbrethren; The one speaming ovil of a mo evil of each other, φου, και κρινων τον αδελφον αύτου, καταλαλει brother of himself, speaks eri ther, and judging the νομου, και κρινει νομον, ει δε νομον κρινεις, oflaw, and judges law, if but law thou judgest 12 E 15 ουκ ει ποιητης νομου, ελλα κριτης. lut ajudge. not thou art a doer of law, εστιν \* [δ] νομοθετης και κριτης, δ δυναμενος judge, the one being able [the] lawgiver and σωσαι και απολεσαι συ δε τις ει ός κρινεις to save and to destroy; thou but who art thou who judgest

3 tyou ask and do not receive, the cause you ask wickedly, so that you may waste it on your LUSTS.

4 Adulteresses! do you not know That I the FRIENDSHIP of the WORLD is Enmity against God? I Whoever. therefore, wishes to be a Friend of the WORLD, is rendered an Enemy of God.

That the SCRIPTURE SPEAKS falsely? Does the SPIRIT that dwells in us strongly incline to Envy?

6 Indeed, it bestows Superior Favor; therefore it is said, † "God sets him-"self in opposition to the "Haughty, but gives Fa-"yor to the Lowly."

7 Beyou subject therefore, to Gop. ‡Stand opposed to the ENEMY, and he will flee from you.

8 †Draw near to God, and he will draw near to you †Cleanse yourhands, Sinners! and †purify your Hearts, †men of Twosouls!

9 ‡Lament, and mourn, and weep; let your LAUGHTER be turned into Mourning, and your Joy into Sadness.

10 Be humbled in the presence of the Lord, and he will lift you up.

11 † Speak not against each other, Brethren. He who speaks against a Brother, \*or † judges his brother, \*or † judges his brother, speaks against the Law, and judges the Law. But if thou judgest the Law, thou art not a Doer of the Law, but a Judge.

12 There is One Lawgiver and Judge the who is able to save and to destroy; thut who art thou,

τον ετερον; " Αγε νυν οι λεγοντες Σημερον Come new those saying; the (ther To-day

και αυρίον πορευσωμεθα εις τηνδε την πολιν. And to-morrow we may go inte this the

και ποιησωμέν έκοι ενιαυτού ένα, και εμπορέυand wo may stay there ayear one. and may trade,

τωμεθα, και κερδησωμεν· 14 οίτινες ουκ επισand may acquire gain; who mat BZ0 80-

τασθε το της αυριον (ποια \*[γαρ ή] quainted with that of the morrow; (what [for the] [ior the]

ύμων; ατμις γαρ εστιν "[ή] προς ελιγον φαινο-obyou? avapor for itio [that] for Little appearing. 25 AUTL TOU μενη, επειτα δε αφανι (ομενη·) then and not appearing;) instead of the

λεγειν ύμας. Εαν δ κυριος θεληση και ζησωμεν, to say you; It the Lord may be willing and we may live.

και ποιησωμέν τουτο η εκεινο. 16 νυν δε καυnow but and we may do this or that:

χασθε εν ταις αλαζονειαις ύμων. Πασα καυχη-boast in the proud speeches oryou. All boasting σις τοιαυτη πονηρα εστιν. 17 Ειδοτι ουν καλον Knowing therefore right auch evil is.

ποιειν, και μη ποιουντι άμαρτια αυτώ εστιν. doing sin to him it is. to do, and not

# ΚΕΦ, ε', 5.1 Αγε νυν οί πλουσιοι, κλαυσατε ολολυζον-

Come now the rich ones, weep you crying aloud τες επι ταις ταλαιπωριαις ύμων ταις επεργοof you these over the miseries coming. 2'Ο πλουτος ύμων σεσηπε, και τα L SPOIS. of you has decayed, and wealth 328 ίματια ύμων σητοβρωτα γεγονεν. <sup>3</sup>ξ χρυσος garments of you moth-eaten have become; the gold ύμων και δ αργυρος κατιωται, και δ ιος αυτων of you and the silver have become rusty, and the rust of them εις μαρτυριον ύμιν εσται, και φαγεται τας σαρ-

for a witness to you will be, and will ead κας ύμων ώς πυρ. εθησαυρισατε εν εσχαταις dies of you as fire; you laid up treasure in 41δου, δ μισθος των εργατων των

nuepais.

Lo, the reward of the laborers of those αμησαντών τας χωρας  $\mathring{v}$ μων,  $\mathring{\delta}$  απεστερημενος he ingreaped the fields of του, that having been withheld

24' ύμων, κραζει και αί βοαι των θερισαντών by you, cries out; and the loud cries of the reapers

σαβαωθ εισεληλυθασιν. τα ωτα κυριου into the ears of Lord ofarmics have entered.

\*THOU who art JUDGING thy NEIGHBOR?

13 Come now, YOU who say, "To-day and To-morrow let us go into Such a CITY, and continue there one Year, and Trade, and make gain!"

14 (who know not WHAT will become of your Life on the Morrow; t for \*you are a Vapor, for a little while APPEARING, and then disappearing;)

15 instead of which you ought to say, t"If the LORD be willing, we \*shall both live and do this or that."

16 But now you boast

him it is Sin.

in your PROUD SPEECHES. tAll such Boasting is evil. 17 t He therefore who knows how to do Right, and does not perform it, to

### CHAPTER V.

1 † Come now you RICH, weep and lament over THOSE MISERIES Of yours which are PROACHING.

2 Your RICH stores have decayed, and I your GAR-MENTS have become motheaten.

- 3 Your GOLD and SIL-VER have become rusted; and the RUST of them will befora Testimony against you, and consume your BODIES like Fire. ! You have laid up treasures for the Last Days.
- 4 Behold! THAT HIRE, which you FRAUDULENT-LY WITHHELD from THOSE LABORERS Who HARVEST-ED YOUR FIELDS, cries out: and t the LOUD CRIES of the REAPERS have entered the EARS of the Lord of Armies.

14, for the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12, THOU Who are JUDGING thy NEIGHBOR? 15. shall both live. 14. you are. 14, that-omit.

<sup>1 13.</sup> Prov. xxvii, 1; Luke xii, 18. i 24; 1 John ii. 17. 11. Prov. xi. 28; Luke vi. 24; 1 Tim. vi. 9. 3. Rom. ii. 5. Deut, xxiv. 15.

5 Ετρυφητατε επι της γης, και ισπαταλησάτε. You lived luxuriously on the earth, and were wanton;

εθρεψατε τας καρδιας ύμων \*[ως] εν ήμερα τυ πουτικέ the hearts οίνου [as] in a day σγαγης.  $^{6}$  Κατεδικασατε, εφονευσατε τον διoislaghter. You condemned, you murdered the just καιοι- ουκ αντιτασσεται ύμιν. one: not he opposes you.

7 Μακροθυμησατε ... ουν, αδελφοι έως T715 till à then, brethren, the Le you patient Ιδου, δ γεςγίγος εκδεπαρουσιας του κυριου. presence of the Lord. Lo, the husbas lman χεται τον τιμιον καρπον της γης, μακροθυμων pects the precious fruit of the earth, I aving patience επ' αυτφ έως αν λαβη \*[ύετον] πρωιμον και for it til hemayreceive [rain] early and οψιμον ημακροθυμησατε και ύμεις, στηριξατε latter. also establish be patient you,

τας καρδιας ύμων, ότι ή παρουσία του κυριου the hearts οί you, because the presence of the Lord ηγγικε.  ${}^9$  Μη στεναζετε κατ' αλληλων, αδελbas eperoached. Not murmur you against each other, breth- φοι, ίνα μη κριθητε ίδου, δ κριτης προ των ren, so that not you may be judged, lo, the judge before the  $\theta$ υρων έστηκεν.  $\theta$ 0 Υποδείγμα λαβετε, αδελφοι doors has been standing. Απ example take you, brethren  $\pi$ [μου,] της κακοπαθείας και της μακροθυμίας,

τους προφητας, οί ελαλησαν τφ ονοματι κυριου the prophets, who spoke in the name of Lord

[ofme,] of the suffering evil and of the

11 ίδου, μακαριζομεν τους ὑπομενοντας την Lo, we call happy those patiently enduring; the ὑπομονην Ιωβ ηκουσατε, και το τελος κυριου patience of Job you heard, and the end of Lord ειδετε, ὑτι πολυσπλαγχύος εστιν ὁ κυριος και

ror other any oath; let be but of you the yes, vat, και το ου, ου ίνα μη ὑπο κρισιν πεσητε.

yes, and the no, no; so that not under judgment you may fail.

13 Κακοπαθει τις εν ύμιν, προσευχεσθω, ευθυμει Suffers evil any one among you, let him prey, is cheerful

τις, ψαλλετω. 14 Ασθενει τις εν ύμιν, any one, let him sing. Is sick any one among you,

'5 Nou have lived luxuriously on the LAND, and been heentious; you have nourished your HEARTS in a Day of Slaughter:

6 † You have condemned,—you have murdured the BIGHTEOUS one; he does not oppose

7 Wait patiently, therefore, Brethren, till the COMING of the LORD. Behold I the HUSBAND-MAN expects the PEECIOUS Fruit of the EARTH, waiting patiently for it,

till he receive the early and latter harvest.

8 Be nou also patient; establish your HEARTS, 1 Because the COMING of

the LORD has approached.

9 † Murmur not against each other, Brethren, that you be not judged; behold! Tthe JUDGE is standing before the DOORS.

10 ‡ Ås an Example of SUFFERING EVIL and of PATIENCE, my Brethren, take the PROPHETS who spoke in the NAME of the

Lord.

11 Behold! twe call those happy who patiently endure. You have heard of the patience of Job. and you have seen the tend of the Lord; Because the Lord merciful.

12 But above all things, my Brethren, t swear not; not here by the Heaven, nor the Eabth, nor any other Oath; but let your yes be Yes, and your No. No; so that you may not fall under Judgment.

13 If any one among you suffers evil, let him pray; if any one is cheerful, ‡ let him sing praises;

14 if any one among you

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCHIPT .- 5. as-omit.

<sup>7.</sup> rain-omit.

<sup>10.</sup> of me-omit.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Job xxi. 13: Amos vi. 1, 4; Luke xvi. 19, 25; 1 Tim. v. 0. † 0. Acts iii. 14, 1 7, 50. † 8. Phil. iv. 5; Heb. x. 25, 37; 1 Pet. iv. 7. † 9. James iv. 11. Matt. v. 12; Heb. xl. 35. † 11. Matt. v. 12; Heb. xl. 35. † 11. Matt. v. 12; 11. Job i. 21, 22; ii. 10. † 11. Job xli. 10. † 11. Num. xiv. 18; Psa. ciii 12. Matt. v. 34 † 13. Eph. v. 10; Col. iii. 10.

προσκαλεσασθω τους πρεσβυτερους της εκκληlet him call for the eiders of the congreσιας, και προσευξασθωσαν επ' αυτον, αλειψανgation, and let them pray over him, having anointed
τες \*[αυτον] ελαιφ, εν τω ονοματι του κυριου.
with oil, in the name withe Lord,

115 Και ή ευχη της πιστέως σωσει τον καμνοντα, And the prayer of the faith shallsave the one being sick, και εγερεί αυτον δ κυριος καν άμαρτιας η and will raise up him the Lord; and; sins may be 16 Εξομολοπεποιηκως, αφεθησεται αυτφ. having been done, they shall be forgiven him. Confess γεισθε αλληλοις τα παραπτωματα, και ευχεσ-VOM to each other the faults. and θε ύπερ αλληλων, όπως ιαθητε πολυισχυει you on behalf of each other, so that you may be healed; greatly prevails δεησις δικαιου ενεργουμενη. 17 Ηλιας ανθρωπος ην δμοιοπαθης ήμιν, και προσευχη προσηυξατο was oflike infirmities with us, . and a prayer he prayed του μη βρεξαι και ουκ εβρεξεν επι της γης of the not to rain; and not it rained on the earth on the earth EVIAUTOUS TPEIS KAI HAVAS ÉÉ. 13 Kal παλιν three and months siz; bas again προσηυξατο, και δ ουρανος ύετον εδωκε, και ή and the heaven rain and the he prayed, gave, ' 19 Αδελφοι, γη εβλαστησε τον καρπον αύτης. earth put forth the fruit of herself. Brethren, εαν τις ενύμιν πλανηθη από της αληθείας, και If any one among you may wander from the truth. TIS αυτον, 20 γινωπκετω, any one him, 21 lethim know, επιστρεψη OTI O may turn back any one him, that the επιστρεψας άμαρτωλον εκ πλανης όδου αυτου, one having turned a sinner out of a wandering way of him, σωπει ψυχην εκ θανατου, και καλυψει πληθός

is sick, let him call for the ELDERS of the CONGREGA-TION, and let them pray over him, thaving anointed him with Oil in the NAME of the LORD:

15 and the PRAYER of FAITH shall save the sick person, and the Lond will raise him up, 1 and if ho have commuted Sins, they shall be forgiven him.

16 Confess "therefore your sins to each other, and pray for each other, so that you may be healed. ? The Earnest Supplication of a Righteous man is very powerful.

17 Elijah was a Man of thike infirmity with us; and the prayed in Prayer that it might not RAIN; tand it did not rain on that LAND for three Years and six Months.

18 And again the prayed, and the HEAVEN gave Rain, and the EARTH put forth her FRUIT.

19 \* My Brethren, tif any one among you wander from the TRUTH, and some one turn him back;

κ πλανης όδου αυτου, of him, of him, who turns back a Sinner from his Path of Error, twill save \*his Soul from Death, and twill cover a Multitude of Sins. \*

militare asoul from death,

σμαρτιών.

of sins.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—15. him—omit. 10. therefore your sins. 10. my
Brethren. 20. know you, That. 20. a Soul from its Death. Subscription—
OF JAMES.

# TETPOΥ [ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] ΠΡΩΤΗ OF PETER [AN EPISTLE] FIRST.

# \*FIRST OF PETER.

### КΕФ. α'. 1.

Ι Πετρος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου, εκλεκof Jesus Anointed, an apostle to chosen τοις παρεπιδημοις διασπορας Ποντου, Γαλατιας, sojourners of a dispersion of Pontus, of Galatia, Καππαδοκιας, Ασιας και Βιθυνιας, 2 κατα προγof Asia and of Bithynia, according to foreof Cappadocia, νωσιν θεου πατρος, εν άγιασμώ πνευματος, εις knowledge of God a father, in sanctification of spirit, ύπακοην και βαντισμον αίματος Ιησου Χριστου. sprinkling of blood of Jesus and Anointed; 3 Ευλογηχαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη πληθυνθειη. favor to you and peace may be multiplied. Blessed τος δ θεος και πατηρ του κυριου ήμων Ιησου and father of the Lord Χριστου, δ κατα το πολυ αύτου ελεος ανα-Anointed, that according to the great of himself mercy having γεννησας ήμας εις ελπιδα (ωσαν δι' ανασταa hope begotten to of life through a resurrecus σεως Ιησου Χριστου εκ νεκρων, 4 εις κληρονοtion of Jesus Anointed out of dead ones, to an inheriμιαν αφθαρτον και αμιαντον και αμαραντον, tance incorruptible and undefiled and unfading, 5 TOUS EV τετηρημενην εν ουρανοις εις ύμας, 5 τους εν having beeen kept in heavens for you, those by δυναμει θεου φρουρουμενους δια πιστεως εις power of God being guarded through faith for σωτηριαν ετοιμην αποκαλυφθηναι εν καιρώ a salvation ready to be revealed εσχατω 6 εν ώ αγαλλιασθε, ολίγον αρτι (ει in which rejoice you, alittle while now δεον εστι) λυπηθεντες εν ποικιλοις πειρασμοις, necessaryitis) having been distressed by manifold 7 ίνα το δοκιμιον ύμων της πιστεως πολυ τιμοso that the proof of you of the faith much τερον χρυσιου του απολλυμενου, δια πυρος precious of gold of that perishing, by means of fire δε δοκιμαζομενου, εύρεθη εις απαινον και τιμην being proved, may be found to praise and και δοξαν, εν αποκαλυψει Ιησου Χριστου. 8 δν of Jesus Anointed; whom and glory, at a revelation ουκ ειδοτες αγαπατε, εις όν, αρτι μη δρωντες, on whom, now not you love, looking, π:στευοντες δε, αγαλλιασθε χαρα ανεκλαλητφ but, you rejoice with a joy unspeakable

#### CHAPTER I.

1 Peter, an Apostle of Jesus Christ, to the Sojourners of the Dispersion, of Pontus, Galatia, Cappadocia, Asia and Bithynia,

2 tehosen, according to the Foreknowledge of God the Father, in t Sanctification of Spirit, in order to Obedience and a Sprinkling of the Blood of Jesus Christ; may Favor and Peace be multiplied to you.

3 Blessed be THAT GOD and Father of our LORD Jesus Christ, who according to his GREAT Mercy, thas begotten us again to a living Hope, through the Resurrection of Jesus Christ from the Dead,

4 to an Inheritance incorruptible, and undefiled, and unfading, ‡ preserved in the Heavens for you,

5 twho are GUARDED by the Power of God, through Faith, for a Salvation prepared to be revealed in the last Time.

6 ‡ In which be you glad, though now ‡ for a little while, (since it is necessary,) ‡ you are distressed by various Trials,

7 so that the PROOF of Your FAITH, being much more precious than THAT Gold which PERISHES, though proved by Fire, t may be found to Praise and \*Glory and Honor, at the Revelation of Jesus Christ;

8 whom, not having seen, you love; ‡ on whom, not now looking, but believing, you rejoice with Joy inexpressible and glorious.

7. Glory and Honor.

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-FIRST OF PETER.

<sup>† 1.</sup> John vii. 35, Acts ii. 5, 9, 10; James i. 1 Rom. viii. 20; xi. 2. † 2. 2 Thess. ii. 13. † 3. Jöhn iii. 3, 5; James i. 8. † 3. John xi. 3, 5; James i. 8. † 3. John xi. 3, 5; James i. 8. † 3. John xi. 3, 10, 11, 12, 16; Jude I. † 6. 2 Cor. iv. 7; † Pet. v. 19; † 6. 3 Cor. iv. 7; † Pet. v. 19; † 7. James i. 3, 12; † Pet. iv. 12. † 7. James i. 3, 12; † Pet. iv. 12. † 7. James i. 3, 12; † Pet. iv. 12. † 7. James i. 3, 12; † Pet. iv. 12. † 7. James i. 3, 12; † Pet. iv. 12. † 7. James i. 3, 12; † Pet. iv. 12. † 7. James i. 3, 12; † 7. James i. 3, 12;

και δεδοξασμενη, 9κομιζομενοι το τελος της obtaining the end of the and having been glorified, 10 Περι πιστεως \*[ύμων,] σωτηριαν ψυχων. [of you,] a salvation of souls. Concerning ής σωτηριας εξείητησαν και εξηρευνησαν προwhich salvation sought out and examined closely prophφηται, οί περι της εις ύμας χαριτος προφηfavor ets, those concerning the for you τευσαντες· 11 ερευνωντες, εις τινα η ποιον examining, to what things or what καιρον εδηλου το εν αυτοις πνευμα \* [Χριστου,] season did point the in them spirit [of Anounted,] προμαρτυρομένον τα εις Χριστον παθηματα, και testifying before the for Anointed sufferinge, τας μετά ταυτα δοξας. 12 οίς απεκαλυφοη, δτι the after these things glories; to whom it was revealed, that νυχ εαυτοις, ύμιν δε διηκονουν αυτα, not forthemselves, for you but they ministered these things, which things νυν ανηγγελη ύμιν δια των ευαγγελισαμενων now were told to you through those having announced glad tidings ύμας εν πνευματι άγιω αποσταλεντι απ' ουραyou with spirit holy having been sent from ά επιθυμουσιν αγγελοι παρακυvou, els ven, into which things earnestly desire messengers to look at-

tentirely. 13 Διο αναζωσαμενοι τας οσφυας της δια-Therefore having girded up the loins of the minds νοιας ύμων, νηφοντες, τελειως ελπισατε επι of you, being vigilant, perfectly do you hope for την φερομενην ύμιν χαριν εν αποκαλυψει Ιησου the being brought to you gift in a revelation of Jesus Χοιστου. 14 ώς τεκνα ύπακοης, μη συσχηματι-Anointed; as children of obedience, not conforming ζομενοι τοις προτερον εν τη αγνοια ύμων επιyourselves to the former in the ignorance of you lusts, θυμιαις, 15 αλλα κατα τον καλεσαντα ύμας but according to the one having called you άγιον, και αυτοι άγιοι εν παση αναστροφη also yourselves holy ones in all γενηθητε: 16 διοτι γεγραπται 'Αγιοι γενεσθε, become you, because it has been written; Holyones become you, ύτι εγω άγιος \*[ειμι.] 17 Και ει πατερα επικαλ-because! holy [am.] And if a father you call εισθε τον απροσωποληπτως κρινοντα κατα το on him without respect of persons judging according to the έκαστου εργον, εν φοβιο τον της παροικίας of each work, in fear the of the sojourning ύμων χρονον αναστραφητε· 18 ειδοτες, ότι ου κοwing, that not

9 obtaining the ISSUL of the FAITH,—even your Salvation.

10 t Concerning Which Salvation Those Prophets, who Prophets concerning the FAVOR towards you, sought out and investigated,

The examining closely to what things, or What kind of Season, the sphar which was in them was pointing out, when it previously testified the SUF-FERINGS for Christ, and after these the GLORKES:

12 to whom it was revealed, That ‡not for vealed, That ‡not for you, they ministered those things, which now were declared to you through THOSE WHO EVANGELIZED you with ‡holy Spirit sent from Heaven; into which things ‡Angels earnestly desire † to look.

desire † to look.

13 Therefore, † having girded up the loins of your mind, and being † vigilant, do you hope perfectly for the GIFT to be BROUGHT to you ‡ at the Revelation of Jesus Christ.

14 As obedient Children, ‡ do not conform yourselves to the FORMER Lusts ‡ in your IGNOR-ANCE;

15 ‡ but as HE who CALLED you is holy, do gou also become holy in All your Conduct;

16 For it has been written, ‡ \* "You shall be holy, "because # am holy."

rata to ding to the apolician to the that Father who timperstance tially Judges according to the work of each one, that not Journing in Fear;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-C. of you-omit. shall be hely.

16. am-omit.

<sup>11.</sup> of Anointed—omit. 16. you

<sup>† 12.</sup> In parakupsai there is supposed to be an allusion to the Cherubim, which were placed in the inner tabernacle with their faces turned down towards the mercy seat.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{2}\$ \text{ Rom. vi. 22.} \tag{2}\$ \tag{10. Matt. xiii. 17; Luke x. 23.} \tag{2}\$ \tag{11. 1 Pet. iii. 10; 2 Pet. i. 21.} \tag{12. Heb. xi. 13, 39, 40.} \tag{12. Acts ii. 4; Heb. ii. 4.} \tag{12. Exod. xxv. :0.} \tag{13. Luke xvii. 35; Eph. vi. 14.} \tag{13. Luke xxii. 34.} \tag{13. Luke xxii. 38; 1 Cor. i. 7; 2 Thess. i 7.} \tag{14. Rom. xii. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 2.} \tag{14. Acts xvii. 30; 1 Thess. iv. 5.} \tag{15. Heb. xii. 14; 2 Pet. iii. 11.} \tag{17. Acts x. 34; Rom. ii. 11.} \tag{17. Heb. xii. 25.} \tag{17. Heb. xii. 26.} \tag{17. Deut. x. 14; 2 Pet. iii. 11.} \tag{18. Deut. x. 14; 2 Pet. iii. 11.} \tag{18. Deut. x. 14; 2 Pet

φθαρτοις, αργυριφ η χρυσιφ, ελυτρωθητε by corruptible things, by silver or by gold, you were bought off εκ της ματαιας ύμων αναστροφης πατροπαραfrom the foolish of you conduct handed down from your δοτου, <sup>19</sup> αλλα τιμιφ αίματι, ώς αμνου αμωμου but with precious blood, as of a lamb

και ασπιλου, Χριστου· <sup>20</sup> προεγνωσμενου μεν and unblemished, of Anointed; having been foreknown indeed προ καταβολης κοσμου, φανερωθεντος  $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \pi$  before alaying down of a world, having been manifested but in ύμας, 21 τους Si'

εσχατων των χρονων times on account of you, thosethrough of the αυτου πιστευοντας εις θεον, τον εγειραντα having believed in God, that one having raised up

αυτον εκ νεκρων και δοξαν αυτώ δοντα, ώστε him out of dead ones and glory to him having given, so that την πιστιν ύμων και ελπιδα ειναι εις θεον.

the faith of you and hope to be in God.

22 Τας ψυχας ύμων ήγνικοτες εν τη ύπακοη of you having been purified in the obedience της αληθείας \* [δια πνευματος] εις φιλαδελof the truth [through spirit] to brotherly-kindφιαν ανυποκριτον, εκ \* [καθαρας] καρδιας αλληness unfeigued, out of [a pure] heart each λους αγαπησατε εκτενως· 23 αναγεγεννημενοι love you intensely, having been begotten again ουκ εκ σπορας φθαρτης, αλλα αφθαρτου, corruptible, but incorruptible, through seed 24 ALOTE ζωντος λογου θεου και MEVOVTOS. and word living of God remaining. Because πασα σαρξ ώς χορτος, και πασα δοξα αυτης ώς all flesh like grass, and all glory of her like ανθος χορτου εξηρανθη δ χορτος και το ανθος a flower of grass; withered the grass and the flower \*[auτου] έξεπεσε $^{\circ}$  25 το δε ρημα κυριου μενει [ofit] felloff; the but word of Lord abides

ets τον αιωνα· τουτο δε εστι το  $\beta\eta\mu$ α το ευαγιο the age; this now is the word that having γελισθεν εις ύμας. ΚΕΦ. β'. 2.  $^{1}$ Αποθεμενοι been announced to you. Having put away

ουν πασαν κακιαν και παντα δολον και ύποtherefore all malice and a11 guile and hy\_

κρισεις και φθονους και πασας καταλαλιας, pocrisies and envies and all evil-speakings,

2 ώς αρτιγεννητα βρεφη, το λογικον αδολον new-born babes, the rational sincere

γαλα απιποθησατε, ένα εν αυτφ αυξηθητε είς milk earnestly desire you, so that by it you may grow to

18 knowing ! That you were redeemed from your FOOLISH Conduct, transmitted from your fathers, not by corruptible things, by Silver or Gold,

19 but t by the Precious Blood of Christ, as of ta spotless and unblemished

Lamb:

20 foreknown, indeed. before the Foundation of the World, but manifested in these Last TIMES on YOUR account.

21 who through Him \*are FAITHFUL to THAT God who RAISED him from the Dead, and I gave Him Glory; so that your FAITH and Hope are towards God.

22 ‡ Having purified your LIVES by the OBE-DIENCE of the TRUTH, to unfeigned # Brotherly love, love each other from the Heart, intensely:

23 thaving been regenerated, not from corruptible, but from incorruptible Seed, through the living and enduring Word of God. 24 t" For All Flesh is "as Grass, and all its "Glory as the Flower of "Grass. The GRASS with-"ers, and the FLOWER

" falls off : 25 "but the WORD of "the Lord continues to "the AGE." Now this is THAT WORD which has been ANNOUNCED as glad

tidings to you.

#### CHAPTER II.

1 ! Having put away, therefore, All Malice, and All Deceit, and Hypocrisies, and Envyings, and All Evil speakings,

2 as New-born Infants, earnestly desire the PURE TRATIONAL Milk, so that you may grow by it to Salvation.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. are FAITHFUL to THAT God. 22. through Spirit-omit. 22. a Pure-omit. 24. of it-omit.

<sup>† 18. 1</sup> Cor. vi. 20; vii. 23. † 19. Acts xx. 28; Eph. i. 7; Heb. ix. 12; Rev. v. 9. † 19 Isa, Iiii. 7; John i. 29, 36; 1 Cor. v. 7. † 20. Rom. iii. 25; Eph. ii. 9; Titus i. 2. † 21. Matt. xxviii. 18; Phil. ii. 9; Heb. ii. 9. † 22. Acts xv. 9. † 22. Rom. xii. 9, 10; Heb. xiii. 1. † 23. John i. 13; iii. 5. † 23. James i. 18. † 24. Psa. ciii. 15; Isa. xl. 6; H. 12; James i. 10. † 1. Eph. iv. 22, 25, 31; Col. iii. 8; Heb. xii. 1; James i. 21; v. 9. † 3. 1 Cor. iii. 2; Heb. v. 12; 13.

σωτηριαν· 3ει\*[περ]εγευσασθε, ότι χρηστοςaalvation; if[indeed] that you tasted, 4 Προς δυ προσερχομενοι, λιθου Ó KUDIOS. he Lord To whom drawing near, a stone ζωντα, ύπο ανθρωπων μεν αποδεδοκιμασμενον. men indeed being rejected, living, by παρα δε Jεω εκλεκτον, εντιμον, 5 και αυτοι ως with but God cnosen, honorable, and yourselves as λιθοι ζωντες οικοδομεισθε, οίκος πνευματικος, stones living be you built up, a house spiritual ίερατευμα άγιον, ανενεγκαι πνευματικας θυσιας, apriesthood holy, to offer sacrifices. spiritual ευπροσδεκτους \*[τω] θεω δια Ιησου Χριστου.
well-pleasing [to the] God through Jesus Anointed. 6 Διοτι περιεχει εν \* [τη] γραφη· Ιδου, τιθημι εν Because it is contained in [the] writing; Lo, I place ia Σιων λιθον ακρογωνιαιον, εκλεκτον, εντιμον. Sien astone corner-foundation, chosen. honorable; και ό πιστευων επ' αυτφ, ου μη καταισχυνθη. and the one believing on it, not not may be ashamed. ταιν ουν ή τιμητοις πιστευουσιν απειθουσι To you therefore the honor to those believing; to disbelieving ones δε, λιθον όν απεδοκιμασαν οί οίκοδομουντες, but, a stone which rejected those ούτος εγενηθη εις κεφαλην γωνιας, και λιθος this became for ahead of a corner, and a stone προσκομματος, και πετρα σκανδαλου. 8 οί of stumtling. and a rock of offence. προσκοπτουσι, τω λογω απειθουντες, εις δ και to the word being disobedient, for which even ετεθησαν. 9 τμεις δε, γενος εκλεκτον, βασιthey were appointed. You but, a race cho: cn, λειον ίερατευμα, εθνος άγιον, λαος εις περι-royal priesthood, anation holy, a people for a purποιησιν, όπως τας αρετας εξαγγειλητε του εκ so that the virtues you may declare of the out of σκοτους ύμας καλεπαντος εις το θαυμαστον darkness you one having called into the wonderful αύτου φως· 10 οί ποτε ου λαος, νυν δε λαος of himself light; those once not a people, now but a people θεου οί ουκ ηλεημενοι, νυν δε ελεηθενof God; those not having obtained mercy, now but having obtained 11 Αγαπητοι, παρακαλω ώς παροικους και Beloved ones, l'entreat as strangers παρεπιδημους, απεχεσθαι των σαρκικων επιθυ-

S since you have tasted the Kindpess of the Lord.

4 Drawing near to him, the living Stone, rejected indeed by Men, but by God chosen, honorable,

5 be now yourselves also built up, as living Stones, a spiritual House for a holy Priesthood, to offer a spiritual Sacrifices, well-pleasing to God through Jesus Christ;

6 because it is contained in the Scripture, † "Be"hold, I place in Zion \*a
"Foundation-corner Stone,
"Chosen, honorable; and
"HE who CONFIDES in it
"shall not be ashamed."

7 The HONOR, therefore, is for the Bellevers; but to the \*disbelieving, this Stone which the BUILDERS rejected, was made into the Head of a Corner,—

8 teven a Stone of Stumbling, and a Rock of Offence; and t\*being unbelievers, they stumble at the WORD, to which also they were appointed.

9 But nou are a thosen Race, ta Royal Priesthood, a holy Nation, ta People for a purpose; that you may declare the PERFECTIONS OF HIM who CALLED YOU from t Darkness into His WONDERFUL Light:

10 ‡ who once were not a People, but now are God's People; who had not obtained mercy, but now have obtained mercy.

11 Beloved! I entreat you, ‡ as Strangers and Sojourners, ‡ to abstain from FLESHLY Lusts, which ‡ wage war against the LIFE;

against the

to abstain from the fleshly

μιων, αίτινες στρατευονται κατα της ψυχης.

sojourners,

lusts,

life;

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—3. indeed—omit. 5. for a holy. 6. to 6. the—omit. 6. a chosen Stone, a Foundation-corner, honorable. 7. dis 8. being unbelievers.

to the—omit.
 disbelieving.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{2}\$. Psa. xxxiv. 8; Heb. vi. 5.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$. Heb. iii. 6.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$. 5. Heb. iii. 6.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$. 5. Form. xii. 1; Heb. xiii. 15, 16, \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 6. Lea. xxviii. 16; Rom. ix. 33.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$. 8. Isa. viii. 14; Luke ii. 34; Rom. ix. 33.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$. 8. 1 Thess. v. 9; Jude 4.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$. 9. Acts xv. 14.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$. 9. Acts xv. 14.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$. 10. Acts xv. 18; Eph. v. 6; Col. i. 18.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$. 10. Rom. ix. 25.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$. 11. Rom. xiii. 14.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$. 11. James iv. 1.

12 την αναστροφην ύμων εν τοις εθνεσιν \*[εχονthe conduct of you among the Gentiles [hav-τες] καλην ίνα εν ψ καταλαλουσιν ύμων ως ing] upright; so that in what they speak against you κακοποιων, εκ των καλων εργων, εποπτευσανworks. having looked from the good τες, δαξασωσι τον θεον εν ήμερα επισκοπης. on, they may glorify the God in a day of inspection.

13 "Υποταγητε \* [ουν] παση ανθρωπινή κτισει
Beyou subject [therefore] to every human creation creation

τον κυριον ειτε βασιλει, ώς ύπερεχονon account of the Lord; whether to a king, as being pre-emiτι 14 ειτε ήγεμοσιν, ώς δί αυτου πεμποor to governors, as by means of him μενοις εις εκδικησιν κακοποιων, επαινον δε of evil-doers, praise for punishment αγαθοποιων. 15 (ότι ούτως εστι το θελημα του of good-doers; (because thus it is the will θεου, αγαθοποιουντας φιμουν την των αφρονων to muzzle the of the unwise well-doing ανθρωπων αγνωσιαν.) 16 ώς ελευθεροι, και μη

ignorance;) 21.8 freemen, and not ώς επικαλυμμα εχοντές της κακιας την ελευθεas a covering having of the badness the 17 Παντας τιμηριαν, αλλ' ώς δουλοι θεου. of God. All do you slaves την αδελφοτητα αγαπατε τον θεον σατε. brotherhood do you love; the the 18 Oi φυβεισθε τον βασιλεα τιματε. OLK 6king do you honor. The household lo you fear; the ύπρτασσομενοι εν παντι φοβφ τοις δεσfear being submissive with all to the mas. ποταις, ου μονον τοις αγαθοις και επιεικεσιν. not only to the good ones and gentle ones, αλλα και τοις σκολιοις. 19 Τουτο γαρ χαρις,

δια συνειδησιν θεου ύποφερει τις λυπας, of through a conscience of God bears up under any one griefs, 20 Ποιον γαρ κλεος, ει άμαρπαπχων αδικως. What for credit, if sinning suffering unjustly. τανοντες και κολαφιζομενοι ύπομενειτε; αλλ

but also to the perverse ones.

being beaten you shall endure? ει αγαθοποιουντες και πασχοντες ύπομενειτε, and suffering you shall endure, doing good

21 Εις τουτο γαρ εκλητουτο χαρις παρα θεφ. To this for you were this pleasing with God.

ing with God. 21 For ‡to this you

12 thaving your con-DUCT upright among the GENTILES, so that in what they may speak against you as Evil-doers, from the GOOD Works which they behold, they may glo-rify God in a Day of Inspection.

13 # Be you subject to Every Human † Creation on account of the Lord: whether to the King, as

supreme, 14 or to Governors, as sent by him I for the Punishment of Evil-doers, and the Praise of Well-doers;

15 (for thus is the WILL of Gon, that by doing good you may silence the IGNORANCE OF INCONSID-ERATE Men:)

16 as I Freeman, and yet not using this FEEEDOM as a Covering of Wickedness; but as I God's Bond-

17 the respectful to All; tlove the BROTHERHOOD: fear GoD; honor the KING.

18 Let HOUSEHOLD ; SERVANTS be subject with All Fear to their MASTERS; not only to the GOOD and Gentle, but also to the PERVERSE.

19 For this is # Wellpleasing, if any one through a Consciousness of God sustains Sorrows, suffering

unjustly.

20 For ! What Credit is it, if when you sin, and are beaten, you endure it? but if, when you do good, and suffer, you shall hear it patiently, this is Well-pleas-

This

for

pleasing

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 12. having-omit.

<sup>13.</sup> therefore-omit.

<sup>† 13.</sup> or Creature. Some render ktisei ordinance, institution, establishment, government, authority. The Syriac has it as follows—"Be you submissive to all the sons of men;" which Parkhurst says is probably the sense of Peter's injunction, as enforced by exhortations to various classes in the following part of his letter; and which he closes by giving a general rule in chap. v. 5, "yea, all of you be subject to each other."

<sup>† 12.</sup> Rom. xii. 17; 2 Cor. viii. 21; Phil. ii. 15; Titus ii. 8; 1 Pet. iii. 16. † 12. Matt. v. 16. † 13. Matt. xxii. 21; Rom. xiii. 1; Titus iii. 1. † 14. Rom. xiii. 4; 14. Rom. xiii. 3. † 16. I Cor. vii. 22. † 17. Rom. xii. 4. 10; Phil. ii. 3. † 17. Heb. xxii. 1; 1 Pet. i. 22. † 17. Matt. xxii. 21; Rom. xii. 7; 18. Eph. vi. 5; Col. iii. 22; 1 Tim. vi. 1; Titus ii. 9. † 19. Matt. v. 10; Rom. xiii. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 14. † 20. 1 Pet. iv. 14, 15. † 21. Acts xiv. 22; 1 Thess. iii. 3; 2 Tim. iii. 19

θητε ότι και Χριστος επαθεν ύπερ ύμων, colled; because even Anointed suffered on behalf of you, ίμιν ύπολιμπανων ύπογραμμον, ίνα επακολουto you leaving behind an example, so that you may θησητε τοις ιχνεσιν αυτου. Είναμαρτιαν ουκ follow in the steps of him; who sin not εποιησεν, ουδε εύρεθη δολος εν τφ στοματι nor was found guile in the mouth αυτου 23 ός λοιδορουμένος ουκ αντελοιδορει, of him: who being reviled not reviled again, πασχων ουκ ηπειλει, παρεδιδου δε τφ κριsuffering not he threatened, delivered himself up but to the one νοντι δικαιως: <sup>24</sup> ός τας αμαρτιας ήμων αυτος judging righteously; who the sins of us himself ανηνεγκεν εν τω σωματι αύτου επι το ξυλον, carried up in the body of himself to the ίνα ταις άμαρτιαις απογενομενοι, τη δικαιοσυνη having died, to the righteousness that to the sins «we may live; of whom by the scars [of him] you were healed. <sup>25</sup> Ητε \*[γαρ] ώς προβατα πλανωμενα· αλλ' [for] sheep going astray; but You were 3.8 επεστραφητε νυν επι τον ποιμενα και επισκοhave turned back now to the shepherd and guar-1º Ouotws πον των ψυχων ύμων, ΚΕΦ. γ'. 3. dian of the lives of you. In like manner \*[αί] γυναικες, ύποτασσομεναι τοις ιδιοις wives, submitting yourselves to the ανδρασιν, ίνα \*[και] ει τινες απειθουσι τω husbands, so that [even] if some are disobedient to the δια της των γυναικων αναστροφης through the of the wives conduct λογω, wives word, ανευ λογου κερδηθησωνται, εποπτευσαντες they may be gained, having seen without a word 3 ' Q v την εν φοβω άγνην αναστροφην ύμων. ofyou. Ofwhom the in fear pure conduct επτω ουχ δ εξωθεν, εμπλοκης τριχων και of braiding the outside, of hairs not and περιθεσεως χρυσιων η ενδυσεως ίματιων, κοσplacing around of golden chains or wearing of clothes, adornμος. 4 αλλ' δ κρυπτος της καρδιας ανθρωπος, εν but the hidden of the heart man, with τφ αφθαρτφ του πράξος και ήσυχιου πνευμαthe incorruptible of the meek and quiet spirit, τος, δ εστιν ενωπιον του θεου πολυτελες. which is in presence of the God very precious. <sup>5</sup> Ούτω γαρ ποτε και αί άγιαι γυναικες, αί ελ- sight of God. Thus for formerly also the holy women, those ho-

were called; Because even : Christ suffered on your hehalf, I leaving you a Copy, so that you may follow in his FOOTSTEPS;

22 twho committed no Sin; neither was Deceit found in his MOUTH;

23 twho being reviled, did not revile in return; suffering, he did not threaten; but delivered himself up to HIM who JUDGES righteously;

24 t who carried up our sins himself in his own BODY to the TREE, ‡ that we, having died to sins, may live to RIGHTROUS-NESS: I by whose SCARS you were healed.

25 You I were like Sheep going astray, but have now turned back to the shep-HEED and Guardian of

your LIVES.

#### CHAPTER III.

1 In like manner, 1 let Wives be subject to their own Husbands, so that if some are disobedient to the WORD, I \* they may with-ont a Word be gained through the CONDUCT of their WIVES:

2 having seen your Conduct CHASTE with Fear.

3 ‡ Whose Decoration, let it not be that EXTERNAL one, of Braiding the Hair, and Putting on of Gold chains, or Wearing of Apparel;

4 but decorate 1 the HIDDEN Man of the HEART with WHAT is IN-CORRUPTIBLE,—a \* MEFK and Quiet Spirit, which is very precious in the

5 For thus formerly also πιζουσαι επι τον θεον, κοσμουν έαυτας, ύποτασ- THOSE HOLY Women, who ping in the God, adorned themselves, submit- hoped in God, adorned

. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 24. of him-omit. 25. for-omit. 1. the-omit. 1. they shall without. 5. God. 1. even-omit.

<sup>† 21. 1</sup> Pet. iii. 18. † 21. John xiii. 15; Phil. ii. 5; 1 John ii. 6. † 22. Işa. liii. 9; Luke xxiii. 21; John viii. 40; 2 Cor. v. 21. Heb. iv. 15. † 23. Isa. liii. 7; Matt. viii. 15; Heb. xxi. 35; John viii. 48; 45; Heb. xxi. 3. † 24. Isa. liii. 4—9, 11; Matt. viii. 15; Heb. xx. 28. 24. Rom. vi. 2, 11; vii. 6. † 24. Isa. liii. 5; † 25. Isa. liii. 6. † 25. John x. 11, 14, 16; Heb. xiii. 20; 1 Pet. v. 4. † 1. 1 Cor. xiv. 34; Eph. v. 22; Col. iii. Is, Titus ii. 5. † 1. 1 Cor. viii. 16. † 3. 1 Tim. ii. 9; Titus ii. 3. † 4. Psa. xlv. 15; Rom. ii. 20; vii. 22; 2 Cor. iv. 10.

σομεναι τοις ιδιοις ανδρασιν. ώς Σαρρα ύπηhusbands; as to the own Sarah hearκουσε τω Αβρααμ, κυριον αυτον καλουσα, ής kened to the Abraham, lord him calling, of her εγενηθητε τεκνα, αγαθοποιουσαι και μη φοβουyou became children, doing good and not fearing μεναι μηδεμιαν πτοησιν. <sup>7\*</sup>[Oί] ανδρες όμοιως, not one terror. [The] husbands in lite manner, συνοικουντες κατα γνωσιν ώς ασθενεστερφ dwelling with according to knowledge as a weaker

σκευει τφ γυναικειφ, απονεμοντες τιμην ως vessel with the female, betowing hoper και συγκληρονομοι χαριτος ζωης, εις το μη also being joint-heirs of gracious gift of life, in order that not εγκοπτεσθαι τας προσευχας ύμων.

o behindered the of you. prayers

8 Το δε τελυς, παντες δμοφρονες, συμπαθεις, The but end, all of like mind, sympathizing ones, φιλαδελφοι, ευσπλαγχνοι, ταπεινοφρόνες, compassionate ones, humble-minded ones, lovers of brethren, compassionate ones, 9 μη αποδιδοντες κακον αντι κακου, η λοιδοριαν returning evilon account of evil. or reviling not

αντι λοιδοριας τουναντιον δε ευλογουντες. on account of reviling; on the contrary but invoking blessings; \* [ειδοτες, | ότι εις τουτο εκληθητε, ίνα ευλο-[knowing,] that for this youwere called, so that a bless-10 Ο γαρ θελων ζωην γιαν κληρονομησητε. ing you may tunerit. The for one wishing life αγαπαν, και ιδειν ήμερας αγαθας, παυσατω την to love, and to see days good, let him restrain the γλωτσαν \* [αύτου] χειλη απο απο κακου, και from evil, and tongue [of himself] lips \*[αύτου] του μη λαλησαι δολου. 11 εκκλι[ofhimself] of the not to speak deceit; let him νατω απο κακου, και ποιησατω αγαθον. ζητηturn away from evil, and let him do good; σατω ειρηνην, και διωξατω αυτην. 12 'Οτι οί and let him pursue her. Because the him seek peace, οφθαλμοι κυριου επι δικαιους, και ωτα αυτου of Lord on just ones, and ears ofhim εις δεησιν αυτων πρωσωπον δε κυριου επι

but towards prayer of them; face of Lord against ποιουντας κακα. <sup>13</sup> Και τις δ κακωσων έμας evil. And who the one will be injuring you

those doing ετι. εαν του αγαθου μιμηται γενησθε; 14 Αλλ' ει εαν του αγαθου μιμηται γενησθε; Βut if και πασχοιτε δια δικαιοσυνην, μακαριοι. Tov

even you suffer because of righteousness, happy ones. The  $\delta \epsilon$   $\phi \circ \beta \circ \nu$   $\alpha \upsilon \tau \omega \nu$   $\mu \eta$   $\phi \circ \beta \eta \theta \eta \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\mu \eta \delta \epsilon$  but fear of them act do you fear, neither ταραχθηshould you be

themselves, being subject to their own Husbands:

6 as Sarah obeyed A-BRAHAM, ‡ calling Him Lord; Whose Children you are become, doing good, and not fearing Any Terror.

7 ‡ In like manner, Husbands, dwell according to Knowledge with the FEMALE. as the | Weaker Vessel, bestowing Honor. as being also Joint-heirs of the Gracious gift of Life, I'n order that your PRAY-ERS may not be HIN-DERED.

8 FINALLY, the all of nke mind, sympathizing, ! loving as brethren, ! compassionate, humble;

U fnot returning Evil for Evil, nor Reviling for Reviling; but, on the contrary, invoking blessings: Because for this you were called, that you may mherit a Blessing.

10 " For the WISHING "to enjoy Life, and to see " good Days, ‡let him re-"strain his TONGUE from "Evil, and his Lips from "SPEAKING Deceit;

11 "let him I turn away "from Evil, and do Good; "Tlet him seek Peace, and " pursue it;

12 " for the EYES of the "Lord are on the Righte-"ous, and ‡ his Ears to-"wards their Prayer; but "the Face of the Lord 13 " against Evil-doers."

13 I And who is HE that will INJURE you, if you become \*Imitators of the

GOOD one?

14 † But even if you suffer on account of Righteousness, you are blessed. And fear not with their FEAE, nor be alarmed;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. the-omit. 13. zealous of. omit twice.

<sup>9.</sup> knowing-omit.

<sup>10.</sup> of himself-

<sup>† 6.</sup> Gen. xviii. 12. † 7. 1 Cor. vii. 3; Eph. v. 25; Col. iii. 19. † 7. 1 Cor. xii. 25; 1 Thess. iv. 4. † 7. Job xlii. 8. † 8. Rom. xii. 16; xy. 5; Phill. iii. 16. 8. Rom. xii. 10; Heb. xiii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 17. † 8. Col. iii. 12; Eph. 17. 32. † 9. Prov. xvii. 13; xx. 22; Matt. v. 39; Rom. xii. 14, 17. † 10. Psa. xxxiv. 12. † 10. James i. 26; 1 Pet. ii. 1, 22. † 11. Psa. xxxvii. 27; Isa. i. 16, 17. † 11. Rom. xii. i8. † 12. John 1x. 31; James v. 16. † 13. Prov. xvii. 7; Rom. viii 28. † 14. Matt. v. 10-12.

troubled; Lord but the God do you sanctify in the καρδιαις ύμων ετοιμοι δε αει προς απολογιαν prepared and always with hearts of you; a defence παντιτω αιτουντι ύμας λογον περιτης εν ύμιν to all to the one asking you an account concerning the in you ελπιδος, μετα πραυτητος και φοβου. 16 συνειmeekness and with fear; δησιν εχοντες αγαθην, ίνα εν ή καταλαλωgood, so that in what they may speak science having σιν ύμων \* [ώς κακοποιων,] καταισχυνθωσιν οί against you [as of evil-doers,] they may be ashamed those ύμων την αγαθην εν Χριστω empea (ovres ofyou the good in Anointed slandering 17 Κρειττον γαρ αγαθοποιουντας, αναστροφην. for conduct. Better doing good, ει θελοι το θελημα του θεου, πασχειν, η κακοwill of the God, to suffer, or doing if may will the ποιουντας. 18 ότι και Χριστος άπαξ περι άμαρbecause even Anointed once concerning τιων επαθε, δικαιος ύπερ αδικων, ίνα ήμας suffered, a just one on behalf of unjust ones, so that u. προσαγαγή τω θεω, θανατωθεις μεν σαρκι, ζωοhe might lead to the God, being put to death indeed in flesh, being ποιηθεις δε πνευματι. 19 εν ώ και τοις εν made alive but in spirit; by which also to those in φυλακη πνευμασι πορευθεις εκηρυξεν, 20 απειθηspirits having gone he published, σασι ποτε, ότε απεξεδεχετο ή του θεου μακροdisobeyed once, when was waiting the of the God patience, εν ήμεραις Νωε, κατασκευαζομενης θυμια, days of Noe, being prepared κιβωτου, εις ην ολιγαι (τουτ' εστιν οκτω) an ark, in which a few (this is eight) ψυχαι διεσωθησαν δι' ύδατος. 21 δ και ήμας lives were carried safely through water; which also us αντιτυπον νυν σω(ει βαπτισμα, (ου σαρκος representation now saves a dipping, (not αποθεσις φυπου, αλλα συνειδησεως ayabns a putting away of filth, but a conscience good δι' αναστασεως Ιησου  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \rho \omega \tau \eta \mu \alpha \epsilon \iota s \theta \epsilon o \nu$ , seeking after towards God,) through resurrection ofJenus Χριστου<sup>22</sup> ός εστιν εν δεξια \* [του] θεου, πορ-Anoisted; who is at right [of the] God, having ευθεις εις ουρανον, ύπαταγεντων αυτφ αγγελων gone into heaven, having been subjected to him messengers και εξουσιων και δυναμεων.

 $\tau \epsilon$  15 κυριον δε τον θεον αγιασατε εν ταις

15 but sanctify the \*ANOINTED Lord in your HEARTS, and the always prepared with a Defence for EVERY ONE DEMANDING an Account of the HOPE that is in you; but with Meekness and Fear;

16 thaving a good Conscience, that in what they may speak against you, THEY may beashamed, who SLANDER YOUR GOOD Conduct in Christ.

17 For it is better, if the WILL of GOD permit, to suffer for Doing good, than

for Doing evil.

18 Because Christ even tonce suffered on account of Sins.—the Righteons tor the Unrighteous,—that he might lead Us to God, the being indeed put to death in the Flesh, but made alive by the Spirit;

19 by which also the preached to the spirits

tin Prison,

20 who formerly disobeyed, ‡ when the PATTIENCE of GOD was waiting in the Days of Noah, while ‡ an Ark was being prepared, ‡ in which a few, that is, Eight Persons, were carried safely through the Water.

21 And Immersion, ‡a Representation of this, now ‡saves Us; (not a Putting away of the Filth of the Flesh, ‡but the seeking of a good Conscience towards God.) ‡through the Resurrection of Jesus Christ;

22 who, having gone to Heaven, ‡ is at the Right hand of God, ‡ Angels and Authorities and Powers having been subjected to him.

and authorities and powers.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. ANOINTED LOrd. 22. of the-omit.

<sup>16.</sup> as of Evil-doers-omit.

<sup>† 10. &</sup>quot;Having gone and preached" is used pleonastically for "he preached." Elsner has produced examples, in proof, from the Scriptures, and from Demosthenes. See Mackinght.

<sup>† 15.</sup> Acts iv. 8; Col. iv. 6; 2 Tim. ii. 25. † 16. Heb. xiii. 18. † 16. Titus ii. 8; 1 Pet. ii. 12. † 18. Rom. v. 6; Heb. ix. 26, 28; 1 Pet. ii. 21; iv. 1. † 18. 2 Cor. xiii. 4; 18. Col. i. 21, 2. † 18. Rom. i. 4; viii. 11. † 10. Isa. Iii. 7; xiix. 9; Ixi. † 20. Gen. vii. 3, 5, 13. † 20. Heb. xi. 7. † 20. Gen. vii. 7; viii. 18; 2 Pet. ii. 5; 21. Eph. v. 26. † 21. Acts ii. 38; xxii. 16. † 21. Rom. x. 10. † 21. 1 Pet. i. 3. † 22. Isa. cx. 1; Rom. viii. 34; Eph. i. 20, Col. iii. 1; Heb. 1. 8. † 22. Rom. viii. 5; Cor. xv. 24; Eph. i. 21.

# КЕФ. δ'. 4.

1 Χριστου ουν παθοντος \* [ ύπερ ήμων ] παρκι Anomated then having suffered fon behalf of us ? in flesh, και ύμεις την αυτην εννοιαν δπλιπασθε, (δτι and you the same thought arm yourselves, (because δ παθων \*[εν] σαρκι, πεπαυται αμαρτιας,)
theomehaving suffered in) firsh, has ceased from sim. το μηκετι ανθρωπων επιθυμιαις, αλλα in order that no longer of men to desire, but θεληματι θεου τον επιλοιπον εν σαρκι βιωσαι 10 to will of God the remaining flesh tolive  $^3$  Αρκετος γαρ  $^*$  [  $^n$ μιν]  $^\delta$  παρεληλυθως Sufficient for [for us] the having passed by χρονον. time. \*[του βιου] το θελημα των εθνων XPOVOS [of the life] the will of the gentiles κατεργασασθαι, πεπορευμένους εν ασελγειαις, having walked in licentiousness, to have wrought, επιθυμιαις, οινοφλυγιαις, κωμοις, ποτοις, και suppordinate desires, in excesses of wine, in revellings, in drinkings, and αθεμιτοις ειδωλολατρειαις. 4 εν ο ξενιζονται, in which they are surprised, idola nes; in unlawful μη συντρεχοντων ίμων εις την αυτην της running with of you to the the ατωτιας αναχυσιν, βλασφημουντες. 5 οί αποshall speaking evil; they of profligacy excess, δωσουσι λογον τω έτοιμως εχοντικριναι ζωνan account to him in readiness having to judge living τας και νεκρους. 6 Eis τουτο γαρ και νεκροις the and dead ones. In order to this for also to dead ones 6 Εις τουτο γαρ και νεκροις κριθωσι  $\mu \in \nu$ ευηγγελισθη, ίνα

was glad tidings announced, so that they might be judged indeed accord-

τα ανθρωπους σαρκι ζωσι δε κατα θεον in flesh they might live but according to God men

7  $\text{Martwr} \stackrel{*}{\leftarrow} [\delta \epsilon] \tau_0 \tau \epsilon \lambda_0 s \eta \gamma \gamma \iota \kappa \epsilon^*$ All things [but] the end has approached; πνευματι. in spirit.

σωφρονησατε ουν, και νηψατε εις τας προσbe you of same mind therefore, and be you vigilant in the

8 Προ παντων δε την εις έαυτους euxas. Above all things but the among yourselves

αγαπην εκτενη εχουτες ότι \* [ ή ] αγαπη καλυhaving; because [the] love fervent ψει πληθος άμαρτιων· 9 φιλοξενοι εις αλληλους,

hospitable ones towards each other, covera multitude of sins;

10 εκαστος καθως ανευ γογγυσμων· ελαβε each one received

## CHAPTER IV.

1 thrist then having suffered in the Flesh, arm yourselves also with the SAME Mind, (for the HAV-ING SUFFERED in Flesh has ceased from \* Sins:)

2 so as no longer tto LIVE the REMAINING Time in the Flesh according to the Lusts of Men, but according to the Will of

God.

S For the TIME which has PASSED AWAY 18 sufficient to have performed the WILL of the GENTILES, having walked in Licentiousness, Inordinate Desires, Excesses in Wine, Dissolute Revels, Intemperate Banquets, and Lawless Idolatries;

4 in which they are greatly surprised that you do not run with them the SAME Dissolute course of PROFLIGACY, blasphem-

ing;

5 who shall give an Account to HIM ! who is PRE-PARED to judge the Living

and the Dead.

6 For to this purpose were glad tidings announced also to the Dead, so that indeed they might be judged, in Flesh, according to Men, but, in Spirit, according to God.

7 I But the END of all things has approached; The you, therefore, of a sober mind, and he atten-

tive to Prayers.

8 ‡ Above all things have fervent LOVE among yoursclves; Because ‡ Love \* covers a Multitude of

9 # Be hospitable to each other, ‡ without Murmur-

ings.

10 ‡As each one has

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. on behalf of us-omit. 3. for us-omit. 3. of LIFE-omit. 7. but -omit. covers.

1. Sins. 1. in-omit. . the -omit.

<sup>† 1. 1</sup> Pet. iii. 18. † 1. Rom. vi. 2, 7; Gal. v. 24; Col. iii. 3, 5. † 2. Gal. ii. 20; 1 Pet. i. 14. † 2. John i. 13; Rom. vi. 11; 2 Cor. v. 15; James i. 18. † 3. Eph. ii. 2; iv. 17; 1 Thess. iv. 5. † 5. Acts x. 42; xvii. 31. † 7. Matt. xxiv. 13, 14; Rom. xii. 12; Phil. iv. 5; Heb. x. 25. † 7. Matt. xxvi. 41; Luke xxi. 34; 1 Pet. v. 8. † 8. dames v. 20. † 9. Rom. xii. 13; Heb. xiii. 2. † 9. 2 Cor. ix. 7; Phil. ii. 14. † 10. Rom. xii. 6; 1 Cor. iv. 7

mprous one and

χαρισμα, εις έαυτους αυτο διακονουντες, ώς received a Free gift, so καλοι οικονομοι ποικιλης χαριτος θεου. 11 Ει good atewards of manifold favor of God. 11 τις λαλει, ως λογια θεου ει τις διακονει, ως εξ any one speaks, as ordeles of God; if any one serves, as from ισχυος ής χορηγει δ θεος ίνα εν πασι δοξαζηstrength which supplies the God; so that in allthings may be gloται δ θεος δια Ιησου Χριστου, ώ επτιν ή rified the God through Jesus Anomited, to whom is the δοξα και το κρατος εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. glory and the might for the ages of the ages; αμην. so be it.

12 Αγαπητοι, μη ξενιζεσθε τη εν ύμιν not be you surprised with the among you Beloved ones. πυρωσει προς πειρασμον ύμιν γινομενη, ώς burning for becoming, a trial to you ύμιν συμβαινοντες. 13 αλλα καθο EEVOU of a strange thing to you befalling; but according to κοινωνειτε τοις του Χριστου παθημασι, χαιρεyou pantake in the of the Anointed aufferings, rejoice τε, ίνα και εν τη αποκαλυψει της δοξης αυτου you, so that also in the revelation of the glory of him χαρητε αγαλλιωμενοι. 14 Ει ονειδι(εσθε εν If you are reproached in you may rejoice exulting. υνοματι Χριστου, μακαριοι ότι το της δυζης name of Anointed, happy ones; because the of the glory και το του θεου πνευμα εφ' ύμας αναπαυεται. and the of the God spirit on you \* [κατα μεν αυτους βλασφημειται, κατα δε [according to inneed them he is evil spoken of, according to but 15 Μη γαρ τις ύμων πασύμας δοξαζεται.] you he is glorified.] Not for any one of you let γ τω ώς φονευς η κλεπτης η κακοποιος, η ώς suffer as a murderer or a thief or an evil-doer, or as αλλοτριοεπισκοπος. 16 ει δε ώς Χριστιανος, πη a meddling person; if but as a Christian, aut αιτχυνεσθω, δυξαζετω δε τον θεον εν το μερει let him be ashamed, let him glorify but the God in the respect 17 'Οτι δ καιρος του αρξασθαι το κριμα TOUTW. to this. Because the reason for the to begin the judgment ατο του οικου του θεου ει δε πρωτον αφ' ήμων, from the house of the God; if but first from ofus, τι το τελος των απειθουντων τω του θεου ευαγwant the end of those being disobedient to the of the God glad γελιω: 18 και ει δ δικαιος μολις σωζεται, δ and if the just one scarcely is safe, the 'idings? απεβης και αμαρτωλος που φανειται; 19 ώστε

minister it among yourselves, as # Good Stewards of the Manifold Favor of

God. 11 IIf any one speak. let it be as the Oracles of God; tif any one serve, let it be as from the Strength which Gop supplies; so that in all things GOD may be glorified through Jesus Christ; t whose is the GLORY and the POWER for the AGES of

12 Beloved, be not surprised at I the FIRE among you, occurring to you for a Trial, as though some strange thing was befal-

the AGES. Amen.

ing you; 13 but as ‡you partake of the SUFFERINGS of the Anointed one, rejoice; so that at the REVELATION of his GLORY, you may rejoice exultingly.

14 If you are re-preached in the Name of Christ, happy are you; Because the SPIRIT of GLORY and THAT of GOD rests or.

15 For t let none of you suffer as a Murderer, or a Thief, or an Evil-doer, or as

a Meddling person; 16 but if as a Christian, let him not be ashamed, t but let him glorify God \*in this NAME.

17 Because the SEASON is coming for I the JUDG-MENT to BEGIN from the HOUSE of GOD; and if it begin first from us, ‡ what the END of THOSE who are disobedient to the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD?

18 And if the RIGHTEous person scarcely is safe, where will the IMPIOUS and the Sinner appear?

19 Therefore, let even

therefore

sinner where will appear?

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. indeed according to them he is evil spoken of, but according to you he is glorified-omit. 16. in this NAME.

<sup>10.</sup> Matt. xxiv. 45; xxv. 14; Titus i. 7. 11. Jer. xxiii. 23. 11. Rom. xii. 6-8; 1 Cor. iii. 10. 11. Eph. v. 20: 1 Pet. ii. 5. 11. 1 Tim. vi. 16; 1 Pet. v. 11; Rvv. i. 6. 1 12. 1 Cor. iii. 13; 1 Pet. j. 7. 18. Rom. viii. 17; 2 Cor. i. 7; iv. 10; 1 tot. iii. 10; 1 Pet. v. 1, 10. 114. Matt. v. 11; dayassi. 12; 1 Pet. iii. 14. 115. 114. Matt. ii. 15. 115. Acts v. 41. 117. Mat. iii. 5. 17. Luke x. 12, 14.

και οἱ πασχοντες κατα το θελημα του θεου, also those suffering according to the will of the God,  $*[\omega_S]$  πιστ $\varphi$  κτιση παρατιθεσθωσαν τας ψυχας [as] to a faithful creator let commit the lives  $*[\epsilon \alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu]$  εν αγαθοποιια. [of themselves] in doing good.

# КЕФ. €'. 5.

1 Πρεσβυτερους \*[τους] εν ύμεν παρακαλω, δ [the] among you l'exhort, the συμπρεσβυτερος και μυρτυς των του Χριστου fellow-elder and witness of those of the Anointed παθηματων, δ και της μελλουσης αποκαλυπsufferings, the and of the being about to be revealed σεσθαι δοξης κοινωνος. <sup>2</sup> ποιμανατε το εν ύμιν do you feed the among you ποιμνιον του θεου, \*[επισκοπουντες] μη αναγ-flock of the God, [overseeing,] not by conκαστως, αλλ' έκουσιως μηδε αισχροκερδως, nor for base gain, but voluntarily; straint. αλλα προθυμως. 3 \* [μηδ' ως κατακυριευοντες being lords nor as promptly; των κληρων, αλλα τυποι γινομενοι του ποιμflock;] of the of the heritages, Jut patterns being νιου· 4 και φανερωθεντος του αρχιποιμένος, and having been manifested of the chief shepherd,. κομιεισθε τον άμαραντινον της δοξης στεφανον. you will obtain the unfading of the glory crown. νεωτεροι ύποταγητε πρεσβυτεροις° 5 'Ομοιως In like manner younger ones be you subject to seniors; παντες δε αλληλοις \*[ὑποταστομενοι,] $\tau n \nu$ but to each other [being subject,] the ταπεινοφροσυνην εγκομβωσασθε ότι δ θεος be you clothed with; because the ύπερηφανοις αντιτατσεται, ταπεινοις δε διδωσι to haughty ones 1811 opposition, to lowly ones but he gives 6 Ταπεινωθητε ουν ύπο την κραταιαν χαριν. Be you humbled therefore under the mighty χειρα του θεου, ίνα ύμας ύψωση εν καιρφ· 7 πασαν την μεριμναν ύμων επιρβιψαντες επ' all the anxious care of you having cast all the anxious care στος ύμων. <sup>8</sup>Νηψατε, αυτον, ότι αυτω μελει περι ύμων. <sup>8</sup>Νηψατε, Βε you sober, on γρηγορησατε ό αντιδικος ύμων διαβολος, ώς like beyou watchful; the opponent of you - an accuser, λεων ωρυσμένος, περιπατεί, ζητων τίνα κατα-

THOSE who are SUFFERING according to the WILL of GoD, † commit their LIVES in doing good to a Faithful Creator.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 The Elders, \*therefore, who are among you I exhort, who am a co-LOBE, and ‡a Witness of the SUFFERINGS of the ANOINTED one, and ‡a PARTAKER of that GLORY which is GOING to be revealed:

2 tend the FLOCK of GOD which is with you, overseeing not by constraint, but voluntarily; t neither for base gain, but readily;

3 \* [neither as theing lords of the HERITAGES, but being the Patterns to the

FLOCK;

4 and when the ‡ CHIEF SHEPHERD is manifested, you will obtain the UN-FADING ‡ CROWN OF GLORY.

5 In like manner, let the Younger persons be subject to the Seniors; and tall of you submit to each other, and be clothed with HUMILITY; Because throughty, that he bestows Favor on the Humble.

6 ‡Be you humbled, therefore, under the MIGHTY Hand of GOD, that he may exalt You in due Time:

7 thaving cast All your ANXIETY on him, Because he cares for you.

8 ‡ Be sober, be vigilant; your OPPONENT, the Enemy, like a roaring Lion, is walking about, \* seeking to devour;

a lion

roaring,

19. of themselves—omit. 1. the—omit. 3.—omit. 5. being subject—omit.

walks about, seeking whom he may

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—19. as—omit.
1. therefore. 2. overseeing—omit.
S. seeking to devour.

<sup>† 19.</sup> Psa. xxxi. 5; Luke xxiii 46. † 1. Luke xxiv. 48; Acts i. 8, 22; v. 32; x. 39. † 1. Rom. viii. 17; Rev. i. 9. † 2. John xxi. 15—17; Acts xx. 28. † 3. 1 Tim. iv. 12; Titus ii. 7. † 4. 1 Cor. ix. 25; 2 Tim. iv. 8; James i. 12. † 5. Rom. xii. 10; Epn. v. 21; Phil. ii. 8. † 5. James iv. 6. † 5. Isa. lvii. 15; Ixvi. 2. † 6. James iv. 10. † 7. Psa. xxxvii. 5; Iv. 22; Matt. vi. 25; Luke xii. 11, 22; Heb. xiii. 5. † 8. Luke xxi. 34, 36; 1 Thess. v. 6.

9 ώ αντιστητε στερεοι τη πιστει, guin down; to whom be you opposed steadfast ones in the faith. ειδοτες, τα αυτα των παθηματών τη εν κοσμω knowing, the same kinds of the sufferings by the in world  $\alpha\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi\sigma\tau\eta\tau\iota \epsilon\pi\iota\tau\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\iota\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ . αδελφοτητι επιτελεισθαι. The and God brotherhood to be fully endured. ofall χαριτος δ καλεσας ήμας εις την αιωνιον αύτου favor that one having called us into the are-lasting of himself favor that one having called us into the \*-2-lasting of himself δοξαν εν Χριστφ \* [Ιησου,] ολ. γον παθοντας, κίστη by Anointed [Jesus] ... little having-suffered, αυτος καταρτισαι \* [νμας,] στηριξει, σθενω-himself to complete [γου,] he will confirm, he will στει, \*  $\{ θεμελιωσει. \}$  11 Aυτφ \* [ηδοξα, και] strengthen, (he will establish.] Το him [the glory, and] το κρατος εις τους αιωνας \* [των αιωνων ] αμην. the power for the ages [of the ages;] so be it. 12 A1a Σιλουανου ύμιν του πιστου αδελφου, By means of Silvanus to you of the faithful a brother, ώς λογιζομαι, δι' ολιγων εργραψα, παρακαλων as I think, in a few I have written, exhorting και επιμαρτυρων ταυτην ειναι αληθη χαριν του and strongly testifying this to be true favor of tae θεου, εις ήν έστηκατε. 13 Ασπαζεται ύμας ή you she in which you have stood. Salutes εν Βαβυλωνι συνεκλεκτη, και Μαρκος δ υίσς in Babylon chosen jointly, and Mark the son 14 Ασπασασθε αλληλους εν φιληματι цои. Salute you each other with akies Ειρηνη ύμιν πασι τοις εν Χριστφ αγαπης. oflove. Pace to you to all those in Anointed \*[ Ιησου.] [Jesus.]

9 to whom be opposed, standing firm in the FAITH; throwing that the SAME SUFFERINGS are fully endured by Your Brotherhood in the World,

10 And THAT GOD of All Favor, Twho has CALLED 'you to His AIONIAN Glory, by \* the ANOINTED one, when you have suffered a short time, \* will himself t complete, confirm, strengthen you.

II To him be the GLORY and the POWER for the AGES. Amen.

12 By ‡Silvanus, a FAITHFUL Brother to you, (as I think,) I have ‡ written briefly, exhorting and strongly testifying that this is the True Favor of God in which \* you stand 13 That CO-ELECT

13 THAT CO-ELECT † Congregation in Babylon salutes you, and ‡ Mark my son.

14 ‡ Salute each other with a Kiss of Love. ‡ Peace be to You All in Christ Jesus. ▼

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—10. you. 10. the Anointed one. 10. Jesus—omif. 10. will himself. 10. you—omit. 10. he will establish—omif. 11. the clour and—omit. 11. of the acrs—omit. 12, you should stard. 14. Jesus—omit. Subscription—First of Peres.

<sup>† 13.</sup> The word Congregation is supplied by the Syriac, Vulgate, and by other ancient versions. Grotius approves the addition, and Beza observes that Peter omitted the word exclesia as is often done with regard to words in cor mon use. But Mill and Wall think the translation should be, "She who is in Babylon," and that the apostle meant his own wife, or some honorable woman in that city. Lardner says, it is not probable that Peter would send a salutation to the Christians of so many countries, from a woman not named.—Macknight.

<sup>1 9.</sup> Eph. vi. 11, 13; James iv. 7.
1 0. Acts xiv. 22; 1 Thess. iii. 3.
1 10.
1 Cor. i. 9; 1 Tim. vi. 12.
1 10. Heb. xnf. 21; Jude 24.
1 11. 1 Pet. iv. 11; Rev. i. 6,
1 12. P Cor. i. 19.
1 12. P Cor. i. 19.
2 13. Acts xii. 12, 25.
2 14. Eph. vi. 23.
3 14. Eph. vi. 23.

# 

# \*SECOND OF PETER.

## КΕΦ. α'. 1.

1 Συμεων Πετρος, δουλος και αποστολος Ιη-Peter, a bondman and an apostle σου Χριστου, τοις ισοτιμον ήμιν λαχουσι πισ-Jesus Anointed, to those equally precious to us having obtained faith τιν εν δικαιοσυνη του θεου ήμων και σωτηρος by righteousness of the God of us and of a savior Ιησου Χριστου 2 χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη πλη-Jesus Anointed; favor to you and peace may be θυνθειη εν επιγνωσει του θεου, και Ιησου του multiplied by a knowledge of the God, and of Jesus the 3 Ως παντα ήμιν της θειας δυνακυριου ήμων. Lord of us. As all to us of the divine power μεως αυτου τα προς ζωην και ευσεβειαν of him the things in respect to life and δεδωρημενης, δια της επιγνωσεως του καλεhaving been granted, through the knowledge of the one havσαντος ήμας δια δοξης και αρετης. 4 (δι' us by means of glory and virtue; (through ing called ών το μεγιστα ήμιν και τιμια επαγγελματα greatest to us and precious whichthe δεδωρηται, ένα δια τουτων γενησθε θειας have been given, so that through these you might become of a divine κοινωνοι φυσεως αποφυγοντές της εν κοπμώ, nature having fled away from the in εν επιθυμια φθορας) <math>δ και αυτο τουτο δεvery this thing and also by inordinate desire corruption;) σπουδην πασαν παρεισενεγκαντες: επιχορηγηall having brought in beside; do you superdiligence σατε εν τη πιστει ύμων της αρετην, εν δε τη of you the fortitude, to the faith αρετή την γνωσιν, ε εν δε τη γνωσει την εγκραformule the knowledge, to and the knowledge the self-con\_ τειαν, εν δε τη εγκρατεια την ύπομον ιν, εν δε to and the self-control the patiened; τη ύπομονη την ευσεβειαν, 7 εν δε 🦡 εστεβεια to and the the patience the plety, την φιλαδελφιαν, εν δε τη φιλαδελφια την the brotherly-kindness, to and the brotherly-kindness the  $^8$  Tavta  $\gamma$ ap  $\delta\mu\nu$   $\delta\pi$ ap $\chi$ ovta These things for to you belonging αγαπην. Kal πλεοναζοντα, ουκ αργους ουδε ακαρπους καθισabounding, not idle ones nor unfruitful ones they make τησιν εις την του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου you in the of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed

#### CHAPTER I.

1 Simon Peter, a Bondservant and an Apostle of Jesus Christ, to THOSE who have OBTAINED \$\frac{1}{2}\text{an}\text{ Equally precious Faith}\text{ with us, by the Righteousness of our God and Savior Jesus Christ;

2 ‡ may Favor and Peace be multiplied to You by a Knowledge of GoD and of

Jesus our Lord;

3 even as his divine Power has granted to us All THINGS relating to Life and Piety, ‡through the KNOWLEDGE of HIM ‡who CALLED us † by Glory and Virtue;

4 ton account of which VERY GREAT and Precious Promises have been bestowed on us, so that through these you might become the Partakers of a Divine Nature, thaving fled away from the CORBUPTION that is in \*the WORLD through Lust;

5 and for this very thing also, ‡ using all Diligence, superadd to your FAITH FORTITUDE, and to FOR-TITUDE KNOWLEDGE,

6 and to knowledge self-control, and to self-control patience, and to patience piety,

7 and to PIETY BROTHERLY-KINDNESS, and to BROTHERLY-KINDNESS LOVE.

8 For these things being in You and abounding, they will not permit you to be inactive in unfruitful in the KNOWLEDGE of our LORD Jesus Christ;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-Second of Peter.

<sup>4.</sup> the world.

<sup>† 3.</sup> by a Glorious Kindness.—Wakefield. By his own illustrious perfections.—Dickenson. A different reading, and from the authorities by which it is supported appearing to be a genuine one is as follows;—"by his own glory and power," or "by his own glorious power."

επιγνωσιν<sup>9</sup> ς γαρ μη παρεστι ταυτα, τυφknowledge; to whom for not is present these things, blind λος εστι, μυωπαίων, ληθην λαβων του is, being short-sighted, a forgetfulness having received of the

καθαρισμου των παλαι αύτου άμαρτηματων. purification of the old of himself sins.  $10^{\circ}$   $\Delta$ 10 μαλλον, αδελφοι, σπουδασατε βεβαιαν Therefore rather, brethren, do you earnestly strive sure ύμων την κλησιν και εκλογην ποιειτθαι· ταυτα of you the calling and election to make; these things γαρ ποιουντες ου μη πταισητε ποτε. 11 Ούτω for doing not not you may fall at any time. γαρ πλουσιως επιχορηγηθησεται ύμιν ή εισοfor richly will be furnished to you the δος εις την αιωνιον βασιλειαν του κυριου ήμων trance into the age-lasting kingdom of the Lord ofus 12 Διο ουκ αμεκαι σωτηρος Ιησου Χριστου. Therefore not I will and Savior Jesus Anointed. λησω αει ύμας ύπομιμνησκειν περι τουτων, neglect always you to remind concerning these things, καιπερ ειδοτας, και εστηριγμένους εν τη παρουalthough knowing, and being established in the present ση αληθεια. 13 Δικαιον δε ήγουμαι, εφ' όσον

trath. Right and (think, in as much as ειμι εν τουτφ τφ σκηνωματι, διεγειρειν ύμας εν l'am in this the tabernacle, to stir up you by ύπομνησει· 14 ειδως, ότι ταχινη εστιν ή αποa reminding; knowing, that near at hand it is the laying θεσις του σκηνωματος μου, καθως και δ κυριος tabernacle of me, as even the Lord aside of the 15 Σπουήμων Ιησους Χριστος ηδηλωσε μοι.

Not for having been cunningly devised tales having followed σαντες εγνωρισαμεν ύμιν την του κυριου ήμων we made known to you the of the Lord of us Ιησου Χριστου δυναμιν και παρουσιαν, αλλ' Anointed power and presence, but εποπται γενηθεντες της εκεινου μεγαλειοτητος. lookers on having become of the of that 17 Λαβων γαρ παρα θεου πατρος τιμην και Having received for from God a father hour and δοξαν, φωνης ενεχθεισης αυτω τοιασδε ύπο glory, from a voice having been brought to him of this kind . by της μεγαλοπρεπους δοξης. Ούτος επτιν δ vios the magnificent glory; This is the 80B 18 Ka1 μου δ αγαπητος, εις δυ εγω ευδοκησα. beloved, in w.om [ am delighted. And of me the

ταυτην την φωνην ήμεις ηκουσαμεν εξ ουρανου this the voice we heard from heaven

9 for he who is not possessed of these things 1 to blind, closing his eyes, having become forgetful of the Purification of his old Sins.

10 Therefore, Brethren, more earnestly endeavor to make Your CALLING and Election sure; since by doing These things you will never fall;

11 for thus richly will be furnished to you the EN-TRANCE into the AIONIAN Kingdom of our LOBD and Savior Jesus Christ.

12 Therefore ‡ I will
\* not neglect always to remind You of these things,
‡ although you know and
are established in the
PRESENT Truth.

13 And I think it right, ‡ as long as I am in This TABERNACLE, to excite you by Remembrance;

14 ‡knowing That the LAYING ASIDE of my TABERNACLE IS at hand, even as ‡our LORD Jesus Christ declared to me.

15 Now I will also endeavor always to have you, after MY Departure, to make MENTION of these things.

16 For we have not been following ‡ Cunningly devised Tales, in making known to you the POWER and Appearance of our LORD Jesus Christ, but ‡ were Beholders of THAT Greatness.

17 For having received from God the Father Honer and Glory, a Voice of this kind was brought to him by the MAGNIFICENT Glory—‡"This is my \*son, "the BELOVED, in whom "I delight."

18 And This VOICE which was brought from

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. be ready always.

<sup>17.</sup> my son, my beloved.

<sup>19. 1</sup> John ii. 9, 11. 19. Eph. v. 26; Heb. ix. 14; 1 John i. 7. 12. Rom. xv. 14, 15; Phil. iii. 1; 2 Pet. iii. 1; 1 John ii. 21; Jude 5. 2 Pet. iii. 17; 1 13. 2 Cor. v. 1, 4. 14. 2 Tha. iv. 6. 2 14. John xxi. 18, 10. 16, 1 Cor. i. 17; ii. 1, 4; 2 Cor. ii 17; iv. 2. 10. 1 Cor. i. 17; ii. 1, 4; 2 Cor. ii 17; iv. 2. 10. 1 Cor. i. 17; ii. 1, 4; 2 Cor. ii 17; iv. 2. 10. Matt. xvii. 1, 2; Mark ii. 2, John xxi. 18, 10. 14; 1 John ii. 17; xvii. 5; Mark i. 11; 1x. 7; Luke iii. 22; ix. 35.

ενειχθεισαν συν αυτφ οντες εν \*[τφ] ορει τφ having been brought with him being in [the] mountain the άγιω, 19 και εχομεν βεβαιοτερον τον προφητικον λογον· ώ καλως ποιειτε προσεχοντες, word; to which well taking heed, you do ώς λυχνώ φαινοντι εν αυχμηρώς τοπώ, έως ού as to a lamp shining in a filthy place, till of which ήμερα διαυγαση, και φωσφορος ανατειλη εν a day may shine through, and bringing light may arise τας καρδιαις ύμων. 20 τουτο πρωτον γινωσκονhearts of you; knowing, τες, ότι πασα προφητεια γραφης, ιδιας επιλυthat all prophecy of a writing, of its own σεως ου γινεται. <sup>21</sup>Ου γαρ θεληματι ανθρω-ing not itis. Not for by will of man που ηνεχθη ποτε προφητεια, αλλ' ύπο πνευμαwas brought at any time prophecy, but by spirit τος άγιου φερομενοι ελαλησαν \*[άγιοι] θεου being moved spoke ανθρωποι. men.

### KE $\Phi$ . $\beta'$ . 2.

1 Εγενοντο δε και ψευδοπροφηται εν τφ λαφ, Were but even false prophets among the people, ώς και εν ύμιν εσονται ψευδοδιδασκαλοι, οίτινες as also amongyou will be false teachers, παρεισαξουσιν αίρεσεις απωλειας, και τον αγο-will privately introduce heresies of destruction, even the having ραπαντα αυτους δεσποτην αρνουμενοι, επαγονthem sovereign Lord denying, bringing τες έαυτοις ταχινην απωλειαν·  $^{2}$  (και πολλοι on themselves swift destruction; bev many ασελγειαις, €ξακολουθησουσιν αυτων Tais impure practices, will follow of them the ούς ή όδος της αληθειας βλασφημηθηon account of whom the way of the truth will be evilspoken 3 και εν πλεονεξια πλαστοις λογοις σεται.) and by covetousness of:) deceitful ύμας εμπορευσονται· οίς το κριμα εκωαλαι ουκ you they will make gain of; to whom the judgment of old 4 E 1 αργει, και ή απωλεια αυτων ου νυσταζει. lingers, and the destruction of them not slumbers. γαρ δ θεος αγγελων άμαρτησαντων ουκ εφειfor the God messengers having sinned not spared, σατο, αλλα σειραις ζοφου ταρταρωσας but with chains of thick darkness having confined in Tartarus παρεδωκεν εις κρισιν τηρουμενους. <sup>5</sup> και αρχαιand he delivered up for a judgment being kept; ofold ου κοσμου ουκ εφεισατο, αλλ' ογδοον Νωε διbut eighth Noah a world not he spared, of

Heaven for heard, being with him on the HOLY Mountain.

19 And we have the PROPHETIC Werd more confirmed, to which you do well, taking heed, (as to ‡ a Lamp shining in a Dark Place, till the Day dawn, and the Lighthringer may arise,) in your HEARTS;

20 This first ascertaining, That All Prophecy of Scripture is not of its own

Solution;

21 for not at any time was ‡Prophecy brought by the Will of Man, ‡but \* Men from God spoke, being moved by holy Spirit.

### CHAPTER II.

1 But there were even False Prophets among the PEOPLE, as also there will be False teachers among you, who will privately introduce destructive Heresies, even then, then, thoughn on themselves Swift Destruction.

2 And many will follow Their Impurities; on account of whom the WAY of TRUTH will be reviled;

3 and ‡ with Covetousness they ‡ will make gain of You with Decentual Words; whose JUDGMENT of old does not linger, and their DESTRUCTION does not slumber.

4 For if God did not spare the Angels who sinned, but having confined them in Tartarus with Chains of Thick darkness, delivered them over into custody for Judgment;

5 and did not spare the Old World, but kept in safety Noah, the Eighth

καιοσυνης κηρυκα εφυλαξε κατακλυσμον κοσa deluge righteousness a herald he kept safe toa μφ ασεβων επαξας. 6 και πολεις Σοδομων world of impious ones having brought; and cities of Sodom και Γομορράς τεφρωσας \*[καταστροφη] κατεand Gomorrah having reduced to ashes [to an overthrow] he conκρινέν, ύποδειγμα μελλοντων ασεβείν τεθείan example future to be impious having 7 και δικαιον Λωτ καταπονουμένον Lot bren placed; and just being wearied ύπο της των αθεσμων εν ασελγεια αναστροφης by the of the lawless ones in lewdness of behavior ερδυσατο 8 (βλεμματι γαρ και ακοη δ δικαι-(in seeing for and in hearing the just one, be rescued: os, εγκατοικων εν αυτοις, ήμεραν εξ ήμερας by dweiling among them, day day ψυχην δικαιαν ανομοις εργοις εβασανι(εν.) soul righteous with lawless deeds was tormeuted:) 9 οιδε κυριος ευσεβεις εκ πειρασμου ρυεσθαι, αδικους δε εις ήμεραν κρισεως κολαζομενους unjust ones but for a day of judgment being tut off τηρειν 10 μαλιστα δε τους οπισω σαρκος εν to be kept; especially but those after flesh in επιθυμια μιασμου πορευομενους, και κυριοτητος of pollution and lordanip going, Τολμηται, αυθαδεις, καταφρονουντας. SoEas Daring, self-willed, of dignities despising. ου τρεμουσι βλασφημουντες· 11 δπου αγγελοι not they are afraid speaking evil; where measurgers ισχυι και δυναμει μειζονές οντές, ου φερουσι being, bring instrength and power greater not κατ' αυτων παρα κυριω βλασφημον KDLTLV. against them from judgment; Lord a railing  $1^{2}$  ούτοι δε, ώς αλογα (ωα, φυσικα, γεγενηthese but, like irrational animals, natural, having been μενα εις άλωσιν και φθοραν, εν ois aymade for capture and slaughter, in which things they do νοουσι βλασφημουντες, εν τη φθορά αυτων not understand reviling, in the corruption of them καταφθαρησονται, 13 κομιουμένοι μισθον αδιthey will be destroyed, receiving a reward of unήδονην ήγουμενοι την εν ήμερα τουrighteousness; a pleasure esteeming the in day luxφην, σπιλοι και μωμοι, εντρυφωντες εν Tais spots and revelling the stains. in απαταις αύτων, συνευωχουμενοι ύμιν, 14 οφθαλdeceptions of themselves, feasting together with you, μους εχοντες μεστους μοιχαλιδος και ακαταfull ofan adulteress and unre\_ having παυστους άμαρτιας, δελεαζοντες ψυχας αστη-

from sine

alluring

ta Herald of Righteousness, bringing ta Deluge on a World of Impious men:

6 and condemned the Cities of Sodom and Gomorrah, reducing them to ashes, making them an Example for the impious hereafter:

7 tbut rescued Righteous Lot, being grievously harassed with the lewd conduct of the LAW-

LESS;

8 (for that RIGHTEOUS man dwelling among them, was Daily tormenting his righteous Soul, by sceing and hearing their Lawless Deeds;)

9 the Lord knows how to rescue the Prous out of Trial, and to keep the Unrighteous for a Day of Judgment to be cut off:

10 but more especially THOSE who go after the Flesh in the Lust of Pollution, and who despise Dominion; daring, self-willed, they are not afraid to revile Dignities,

11 where the Angels who are greater in Strength and Power do not bring against them a Reviling Judgment from the Lord;

12 but these, ‡ like natural Irrational Animals, made for capture and slaughter, reviling things which they do not understand, will be destroyed by their own CORRUPTION,

13 \*receiving ; a Reward of Unrighteousness.
They esteem ; LUXUBLOUS
FESTIVITY by Day a Pleasure; ; Spots and Blemishes, revelling in their
\*LOVE-FEASTS, ; while
feasting together with
you;

14 having Eyes full of an Adulteress, and unrestrained from Sin, alluring

souls

un-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—6. to an Overthrow—omit.
they have a Reward of Unrighteousness.

13. being Unrighteous.

<sup>† 5. 1</sup> Pet. iii. 19. † 5. 2 Pet. iii. 6. † 6. Gen. xix. 24; Deut. xxix. 23; Jude 7. † 6. Num. xxvi. 10. † 7. Gen. xix. 16. † 9. Psa. xxiv. 17, 10; 1 Cor. x. 15. † 10. Jude 4, 7, 8, 10, 16. † 12. Jer. xii. 3; Jude 19. † 13. Phil. iii. 19. † 18. Rom. xiii. 13. † 13. Jude 12. † 18. 1 Cor. xi, 20, 21.

ρικτους, καρδιαν γεγυμνασμενην πλεονεξιας stable, a heart having been trained for covetousness

εχοντες, καταρας τεκνα, 15 καταλιποντες ευθειhaving, of a curse children, having left a straight

αν όδον,  $\epsilon$ πλανηθησαν,  $\epsilon$ ξακολουθησαντ $\epsilon$ s τη having followed in the

όδω του Βαλααμ του Βοσορ, ός μισθον αδιway of the Balaam of the Bosor, who a reward of unrighte-

κιας ηγαπησεν,  $^{16}$  ελεγξιν δε εσχεν ιδιας παραousness loved, a reproof but he had of his own trans-

νομιας ὑποζυγιον αφωνον,  $\epsilon \nu$  ανθρωπου φωνη gression; a beast of burden dumb, with of man a voice

φθεγξαμενον, εκωλυσε την του προφητου having spoken, restrained the of the prophet

παραφρονίαν. <sup>17</sup> Ούτοι είσι πηγαι ανυδροί, και These are fountains without water, and

όμιχλαι ύπο λαιλαπος ελαυνομεναι οίς δ fogs by a whirlwind being driven; for which the ζοφος του σκοτους \*[εις αιωνα] τετηρηται.

δελεαζουσιν εν επιθυμιαις σαρκος, ασελγειαις, they allure by lusts of flesh, by impurities, τους δλιγως αποφυγοντας τους εν πλανη ανασthose scarcely having fled away from those in error liv

τρεφομενους· 19 ελευθεριαν αυτοις επαγγελλοing; freedom to them promising,

μενοι, αυτοι δουλοι ὑπαρχοντες της φθορας· themselves slaves being of the corruption:

κοτμου εν επιγνωσει του κυριου και σωτηρος world by a knowledge of the Lord and savior Ιησου Χριστου, τουτοις δε παλιν εμπλακεντες

Jesus Anointed, with these and again having been entangled ηττωνται, γεγονεν αυτοις τα εσχατα χειρονα they are overcome, has become to them the things last worse

των πρωτων. <sup>21</sup> Κρειττον γαρ ην αυτοις, μη for it was for them, not

 $\epsilon\pi\epsilon\gamma\nu\omega\kappa\epsilon\nu$  at  $\tau\eta\nu$   $\delta\delta\sigma\nu$   $\tau\etas$   $\delta$  ikato $\sigma$  $\nu\nu\eta s$ ,  $\eta$   $\epsilon\pi$  $i\gamma$ to have known the way of the righteousness, than having

νουσιν επιστρεψαι εκ της παραδοθεισης autois known to have turned back from the having been delivered to them.

unstable Souls; † having a Heart exercised in Lasciviousness; Children of a Curse:

15 having forsaken the Right Path, they wandered; having followed the WAY of ‡ BALAAM, the son of \* BEOR, they loved the Reward of Unrighteousness:

16 but he had a Reproof for His Transgression; a dumb Beast, speaking with a \*Man's Voice restrained the MADNESS of the PROPHET.

17 ‡These are Fountains without water, and Fogs driven along by a Whirlwind, for whom the GLOOM OF DARKNESS is

reserved.

18 For t speaking extravagant words of Vanity, they allure by Sensual Lusts and Impure practises, t these who had scarcely fled AWAX from Those Living in Error:

19 promising ‡ Freedom to them, being themselves ‡ Slaves of CORRUPTION; for by what any one has been overcome, to this also he has been enslaved.

20 For tif, having fled away from the POLLUtions of the world, by the Knowledge of our LORD and Savior Jesus Christ, and having been again entangled they are overcome by the A, the LAST state with them has become worse than the FIRST.

21 For tit were better for them not to have known the WAY of RIGHT-EOUSNESS, than having known it, to have turned back from the HOLY Commandment DELIVERED to them

22 But it has happened

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. BEOR, they loved the Reward of Unrighteousness. 16. Men's. 19. for an Age-omit. 22. but-omit.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Jude 11. † 15. Num. xxii. 5, 7, 21, 23, 28; Jude 11. † 17. Jude 12, 15. † 18. 2 Pet. i. 4. † 19. Gal. v. 18; 1 Pet. ii. 16. † 19. John vii. 34; Rom. vi. 16. † 20. Matt. xii. 45; Luke xi. 26; Heb. vi. 4; x. 26, 27. † 21. Luke xii. 47, 48; John ix. 41, 20, 23.

της αληθους παροιμίας Κυων επιστρεψας επι of the true proverb, Adog having turned back to το ιδιον εξεραμα και 'Υς λουσαμενη, εις the own vomit; and, A hoghaving been washed, to the own vomit; κυλισμα βορβορου. a rolling-place of mire.

# КЕФ. γ'. 3.

<sup>1</sup> Ταυτην ηδη, αγαπητοι, δευτεραν ύμιν This now, beloved ones, second to you γραφω επιστολην, εν αίς διεγειρω ύμων εν lwrite aletter, in which I strrup of you by  $\dot{\nu}$  τομνησει την ειλικρινη διανοιαν  $\dot{\nu}$  μνησθηναι are membrance the sincere mind; to be mindful των προειρημενων δηματων ύπο των άγιων of the having been spoken before words by the holy προφητων, και της των αποστολων ήμων ενprophets, and of the of the aposiles of us comτολης του κυρίου και σωτηρός τουτο πρωmandment of the Lord and savior; this first τον γινωσκοντες, ότι ελευσονται επ' εσχατου knowing, that willcome in last των ήμερων εν εμπαιγμονή εμπαικται, κατα τας of the days with scotling scotlers, according to the iSias επιθυμίας αύτων πορευομένοι, 4 και λεγονουν lusts of themselves walking, and saying; Tes. How estiv  $\hat{\eta}$  emagnerias  $\hat{\eta}$  the promise of the presence αυτου; αφ' ής γαρ οἱ πατερες εκοιμηθησαν, of him? from of which for the fathers fell asleep, παντα ούτω διαμενει απ' αρχης κτισεως.
Althings thus femains from abeginning of creation. 3 Λανθανει γαρ αυτους τουτο θελοντας, ότι ουρα-It escapes notice for them this being willing, that heavνοι ησαν εκπαλαι, και γη εξ ύδατος και δι' συνεστωσα, τω του θεου λογω, water having been placed together, by the of the God word, ι ζί ων ό τοτε κοσμος ύδατι καταby means of which things the then world by water having κλυσθεις απωλετο· οί ζε νυν ουρανοι και ή γη HEAVENS and the EARTH, been deluged was destroyed; the but now heavens and the earth by the \* SAME Word, are το αυτου λογφ τεθησαυρισμένοι είσι, πυρι treasured up, being kept bythe him word having been treasured up are, for fire to a Day of Judgeτηρουμένοι εις ήμεραν κρισέως και απωλείας ment and Destruction of being kept to a day of judgment and destruction των ασεβων ανθρωπων. <sup>8</sup> Έν δε τουτο μη λανθανετω ύμας, αγαπητοι, ότι μις ήμερα παρα That One Day with the letescape you, beloved ones, that one day with Lord is as a Thousand κυριφ ώς χιλια ετη, και χιλια ετη ώς ήμερα Four is as a Thousand Lord as a thousand years, and a thousand years as a day Years as one Day Oυ βραδυνει \*[δ] κυριος της επαγγε-Not issless (the) Lord of the promise, one. ώς τινες βραδυτητα ήγουνται αλλα some regard Slowness, but as some slowness account; but

to them according to the TRUE Proverb; "The Dog returned to his own Vomit; and the washed Hog to Rolling in Mire."

### CHAPTER III.

1 This Second Epistle. Reloved, I now write to you, in both of which ! I stir up Your SINCERE Minds by Remembrance:

2 to recollect the worns PREVIOUSLY SPOKEN by the HOLY Prophets, and of the COMMANDMENT of our LORD and Savior, by

the APOSTLES;
3 ‡ knowing This first,
That in the Last of the DAYS Scoffers will come with scotting, ‡ walking after their own Lusis.

4 and saving, ‡ " Where is the PROMISE of his PRESENCE? for from the time the FATHERS fell asleep, all things continue in this way from the Beginning of the Creation."

5 For this purposely escapes them, That the Heavens were of old, and the Earth out of Water and by means of Water subsists, ‡ by the WORD of Gon;

6 1 by which the THEN WORLD was destroyed by a Deluge of Water.

7 But the present IMPIOUS Men.

8 But let not this One thing escape You, B. loved, Years as one Day.

9 !The Lord of the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. SAME WORD.

<sup>9.</sup> the-omit.

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{\psi}{2} \text{ 22. Prov. xxvi. 11.} \quad \text{1. 2 Pet. i. 13.} \quad \text{1. 2 Pet. ii. 10.} \quad \text{1. 4. Isa. v. 19; Jer. xvii. 15; Ezck. xvi. 2; 27; Matt. xxiv. 43; Luke xii. 45.} \quad \text{1. 5. Psa. xxiv. 2; cxxxvi. 6.} \quad \text{1. 5. Gen. i. 6, 0; Psa. xxxiii. 6.} \quad \text{1. 6. Gen. vii. 11-23; ii. 5.} \quad \text{1. 8. Psa. xc. 4.} \quad \text{1. 9. Heb. ii. 3; Heb. x. 67.} \quad \text{1. 2 Pet. ii. 10.} \quad \text{1. 2 Pet. ii. 10.} \quad \text{1. 4. Isa. v. 19; Jer. xvii. 15; Ezck. xvi. 15. Psa. xxiv. 2; cxxxvi. 6.} \quad \quad \text{1. 2 Pet. ii. 10.} \quad \text{1. 2 Pet. ii. 10.} \quad \text{1. 4. Isa. v. 19; Jer. xvii. 15; Ezck. xvi. 15. Psa. xxiv. 2. Psa. xxiv. 2. Psa. xviv. 3. Psa. xviv. 2. Psa. xviv. 3. Psa. xviv. 2. Psa. xviv. 3. Psa

Of these things therefore

μακροθυμει εις ήμας μη βουλομενος τινας αποis long-suffering towards us not desiring some

λεσθαι, αλλα παντας εις μετανοιαν χωρησαι. perish. but all for a reformation

10 Ήξει δε ή ήμερα κυριου ώς κλεπτης, εν ή Will come but the day of Lord as a thief, in which οί ουρανοι βοιζηδον παρελευσονται, στοιχεια

the heavens with arushing sound will pass away, elements

δε καυσουμενα λυθησονται, και γη και τα εν and burning intensely will be dissolved, and earth and all in and burning intensely will be dissolved, 11 Τουτων αυτη εργα κατακαησεται.  $\alpha u v$ 

works will be burned up. δει ύπαρχειν παντων λυομενων, ποταπους being dissolved, what ones it behoves to be 211

\*[ύμας] εν άγιαις αναστοφαις και ευσεβειαις: in holy conduct and

12 προσδοκωντας και σπευδοντας την παρουσιαν and hastening the presence looking for δι' ήν ουρανοι πυρουτης του θεου ήμερας, day, on account of which heavens being on of the of the God

μενοι ληθησονται, και στοιχεια καυσουμενα will be dissolved, and elements burning intensely

13 Καινους δε ουρανους και γην καιτηκεται. and earth New but heavens melts.

νην κατα το επαγγελμα αυτου προσδοκωμεν. ofhim we look for, according to the promise

14 Διο, αγαπητοι, εν οίς δικαιοσυνη κατοικει. Therefore, beloved ones, in which righteousness dwells. ταυτα προσδοκωντες, σπουδασατε ασπιλοι και these things looking for, do you diligently endeavor spotless and

ομωμητοι αυτφ ευρεθηναι εν ειρηνη, 15 και την blameless by him to be found in peace, and the του κυριου ήμων μακροθυμιαν, σωτηριαν ήγεισθε.

of the Lord of us long-suffering, salvation do you reckon; καθως και ὁ αγαπητος ἡμων αδελφος Παυλος: brother of us as also the beloved

την αυτώ δοθεισαν σοφιαν εγραψεν according to the to him having been given wisdom wrote ύμιν, 16 ώς και εν πασαις \*[ταις] επιστολαις, all [the]

as also in to you, λαλων εν αυταις περι τουτων εν οίς εστι δυσspeaking in them concerning these; in which is hardly τινα, ά οί αμαθεις και αστηρικunderstood some things, which those unlearned and

τοι στεβλουσιν, ώς και τας λοιπας γραφας, προς as also the remaining writings,

17 'Υμεις ουν, αγατην ιδιαν αύτων απωλειαν. the own of themselves destruction. You therefore. he-

is patient towards us, not wishing that any one should perish, ‡ but that all should come to Reformation.

10 But the DAY of the Lord will come as a Thief. in which the HEAVENS shall pass away with a rushing sound, and the Elements burning intensely shall be dissolved, and the Earth and the WORKS in it shall be \* burned up.

11 All These things, \* therefore, being dissolved, what persons ought we to be I in Holy Conduct and

Piety ?\_\_\_

12 texpecting and hastening the PRESENCE of the DAY of GOD, on account of which the Heavens being on fire will t be dissolved, and the Elements | burning intensely will melt.

13 But we, according to his PROMISE, are looking for ! New Heavens and a new Earth, in which dwells Righteousness.

14 Therefore, Beloved, looking for These things. diligently endeavor to be found by him in Peace, spotless and blameless;

15 and reckon 1 the PATIENCE of our LORD as Salvation; even as our BELOVED Brother Paul. according to the WISDOM IMPARTED to him, wrote to you;

16 as also in All his Epistles, ‡speaking in them concerning these things; in which some things are hard to be understood; which the un-INSTRUCTED and Unstable pervert, as also the OTHER Scriptures, to Their own Destruction.

17 Do nou therefore Be-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. discovered. the-omit.

<sup>11.</sup> thus.

<sup>11.</sup> you-omit.

<sup>16.</sup> 

<sup>† 9.</sup> Isa. xxx. 18; 1 Pet. iii. 20. † 9. Rom. ii. 4; 1 Tim. ii. 4. † 10. Matt. xxiv. 43; Luke xii. 39; 1 Thess. v. 2; Rev. iii. 3; xvi. 15. † 11. 1 Pet. i. 15. † 12. 1 Cor. i. 7; Titus ii. 13. † 12. Psa. l. 3; Isa. xxxiv. 4. † 12. Micah i. 4. † 13. Isa. 1 Ixv. 17; Ixvi. 22; Rev. xxi 1, 27. † 14. 1 Cor. i. 8; xv. 55; Phil. i. 10; 1 Thess. iii. 15; v. 23. † 15. Rom. ii. 4; 1 Pet. iii. 20. † 16. Rom. viii. 10; 1 Cor. xv. 24; 1 Thess. iv. 15.

to a day of an age;

πητοι, προγινωσκοντες, φυλασσεσθε, ίνα μη loved, theing forewarned, towed ones, knowing before, beyon on guard, so that not  $\tau \eta$  των αθεσμων πλανη συναπαχθεντες, εκπερογ theofthe lawless ones deceit having been led away, you may σητε του ιδιου στηριγμου  $\frac{1}{2}$  αυξανετε δε εν should fall from your own should fall from your own grow you but in stability; fall from the ewn stability; χαριτι και γνωσει του κυριου ημων και σωτηfavor and knowledge of the Lord of and savier and Knowledge of our ros Ιησου Χριστου. Αυτφ γ λοξα και νυ. και Lord and Savier Jesus Anomoted. folim the stor both now and Christ. ‡ To him he the εις ημεραν αιωνος. \*[αμην.]

[so be is.]

: GLORY both now and for (the Day of the Aze. \*

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. so be it-omit.

Subscription-Second of l'STER.

J 18

# \*FIRST OF JOHN.

# КΕΦ. α'. 1.

1 'Ο ην απ' αρχης, δ ακηκοαμεν, δ έωρακα-What was from a beginning, what we have heard, what we have μεν τοις οφθαλμοις  $\tilde{\eta}$ μων,  $\delta$  εθεασαμεθα, και seen with the eyes of us, what we gazed on, and seen with the αί χειρες ήμων εψηλαφησαν, περι του λογου felt, concerning the the hands word της (ωης. 2 (και ή ζωη εφανερωθη, και έωρακα-of the life; (and the life was manifested, and we have εέν, και μαρτυρουμέν, και απαγγελλομέν ύμιν seen, and we bear testimony, and we declare to you την ζωην την αιωνιον, ήτις ήν προς τον πατερα, the life the age-lasting, which was with the father, και εφανερωθη ήμιν.) δ δ εωρακαμεν και ακη-and was manifested to us,) what we have seen and we κοαμεν, απαγγελλομεν ύμιν, ίνα και ύμεις κοιhave heard, we declare to you, so that also you felνωνιαν  $\epsilon \chi \eta \tau \epsilon \mu \epsilon \theta^{\circ}$  ήμων και ή κοινωνια δε ή lorship may have with us; indeed the fellowship and the ήμετερα μετα του πατρος και μετα του υίου our with the father and with the son αυτοι Ιησου Χριστου. <sup>4</sup> Και ταυτα γραφομεν And those things of him Jesus Anointed. we write \*[δμιν,] ίνα ἡ χαρα ύμων ἡ πεπληρωμενη.

[to you,] so that the joy of you may be complete.

5 Και αύτη εστιν ἡ αγγελια, ἡν ακηκοαμεν απ'

And this is the message, which we have heard from αυτου και αναγγελλομεν ύμιν, ότι ὁ θεος ώως to you, that the God light him and announce εστι, και σκοτια εν αυτφ ουκ εστιν ουδεμια. and darkness in him not is 6 Εαν ειπωμεν, ότι κοινωνιαν εχομεν μετ' αυτου

If we should say, that fellowship we have with him και εν τω σκοτει περιπατωμεν, ψευδομεθα, και and in the darkness we should walk, we speak falsely, and ου ποιουμεν την αληθειαν. <sup>7</sup> εαν δε εν τφ φωτι not we do the truth; if but in the light περιπατωμεν, ωs αυτος εστιν εν τφ φωτι, κοιas he is in the light, we should walk, νωνιαν εχομεν μετ αλληλων, και το αίμα Ιησου lowship we have with each other, and the blood of Jesus \*[Xριστου] του νίου αυτου καθαριζει ήμας απο [Anointed] the son of him cleanses us from

8 κων ειπωμεν, ότι άμαρτιαν πασης αμαρτιας. It we should say, that sin. ουκ εχομεν, έαυτους πλανωμεν, και  $\hat{\eta}$  αληθεία not we have, ourselves we deceive, and the truth mot we have, ourselves

9 Εαν δμολογωμεν τας OUK ETTIV EV nuiv. weconfess the in us.

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-FIRST OF JOHN.

#### CHAPTER I.

- 1 ! What was from the Beginning, what we have heard, what we have seen with our EYES, I what we beheld and tour HANDS felt, concerning the WORD of LIFE ;-
- 2 and the LIFE was made manifest, and \* what we have seen, we also testify, and declare to you the AIONIAN LIFE, Twhich was with the FATHER, and was manifested to us :-
- 3 ‡ what we have seen and heard, we declare to you, that nou also may have Fellowship with us; and indeed four fellow-SHIP is with the FATHER, and with his son Jesus Christ.
- 4 And these things \* we write to you, ‡ that your JOY may be complete.
- 5 ‡ And this is the MES-SAGE which we have heard from him, and announce to you, That # GoD is Light, and with him there is no Darkness.
- 6 IIf we say That we have Fellowship with him, and walk in DARKNESS, we speak falsely, and perform not the TRUTH:
- 7 but if we walk in the LIGHT, as he is in the LIGHT, we have Fellowship with each other, and 1 the BLOOD of Jesus, his son, cleanses us from All Sin
- 8 # If we say That we have not Sin, we deceive Ourselves, and Ithe TRUTH is not in us.
  - 9 ‡ If we confess our

<sup>4.</sup> We. 2. what we have seen. 7. Anointed-omit. 4. to you-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> John i. 1; 1 John ii. 18. † 1. John i. 14; 2 Pet. i. 16. † 1. Luke xxiv. 39; John xx. 27. † 2. John i. 4; xi. 25; xiv. 6. † 2. John i. 1, 2. † 3. Acts.iv. 20. † 3. John xvii. 21; 1 Cor. i. 9; 1 John ii. 24. † 2. John xv. 11; xvi. 24; 2 John iz. 5. 1 John iii. 11. † 5. John ii. 9; viii. 12; ix. 5; xii. 35, 36. † 6. 2 Cor. vi. 14; 1 John ii. 4. † 7. Eph. i. 7; Heb. ix. 14; 1 Pet. i. 10. † 8. James iii. 2. † 8. 1 John ii. 4. † 9. Psa. xxxii. 5; Prov. xxviii. 13.

αμαρτιας ήμων, πιστος εστι και δικαιος, ένα sins of us, faithful he is and just, so that αφη ήμιν τας άμαρτιας, και καθαριση ήμας be may forgive to us the sins, and he may cleamse us απο πασης αδικιας. 10 Εαν ειπωμεν, ότι ουχ from all unrighteousness. 11 we should ay, that not ήμαρτηκαμεν, ψευστην ποιουμεν αυτον, και δ we have sinned, a liar we make him, and the

λογος αυτου ουκ εστιν εν ήμιν. word of him not is in us.

## КЕФ. β'. 2.

1 Τεκνια μου, ταυτα γραφω ύμιν, ίνα μη Dear chaldren of me, these things I write to you, so that not αμαρτητε και εαν τις αμαρτη, παρακλητον you may sin; and if any one should sin, a helper εχομεν προς τον πατερα, Ιησουν Χριστον δικαιwe have with the father, Jesus Anointed ον 2 και αυτος ίλασμος εστι περι των άμαρone; and he a propitiation is on account of the sins τιων ήμων, ου περι των ήμετερων δε μονον, of us, not on account of the ours but only, αλλα και περι όλου του κοσμου. 3 Και εν also on account of whole of the world. τουτφ γινωσκομεν, ότι εγνωκαμεν αυτον, εαν that we have known him, we know, if 4'Ο λεγων Εγτας εντολας αυτου τηρωμεν. The one saying; the commandment of him we keep. αυτον, και τας εντολας αυτου μη τηhave known him, and the commandments of him not keepρων, ψευστης εστι, και εν τουτώ ή αληθεια ουκ aliar he is, and in this one the truth εστιν. 5 Os δ' αν τηρη αυτου τον λογον,
Who but markeep of him the word, Who but may keep is. of him αληθως εν τουτφ ή αγαπη του θεου τετελειωin this one the love of the God has been perται. Εν τουτω γινωσκομεν, ότι εν αυτφ εσμεν. we know, feeted. By this that in him 6 Ο λεγων εν αυτώ μενειν, οφειλει, καθως The one saying in him to avide, is bound, εκεινος περιεπατησε, και αυτος \* [ούτως] περιlie walked. also himself [thus] πατοιν.

λγαπητοι, ουκ εντολην καινην γραφω ύμιν, Deloved ones, not a commandment new 1 write to you, all  $\lambda$  εντολην παλαιαν,  $\hat{\eta}\nu$  είχετε  $\alpha\pi^2$  αρχης.  $\hat{\eta}$  ευτολη  $\hat{\eta}$  παλαια, εστιν  $\hat{\sigma}$  λογος  $\hat{\sigma}\nu$  ηκουthe commandment the old, is the word which you σατε  $\hat{\kappa}$   $\alpha\pi^2$  αρχης.  $\hat{\kappa}$  Παλιν εντολην καινην heard [from a beginning.] Again a commandment new γραφω  $\hat{\nu}$ μιν,  $\hat{\sigma}$  εστιν  $\hat{\sigma}$  αληθες εν αυτο και εν 1 write to you, which is true in him and in  $\hat{\nu}$ μιν.  $\hat{\sigma}$  τι  $\hat{\tau}$  η σκοτια παραγεται, και το φως το you; because the darkness is passing away, and the hight the

sins, he is faithful and just to forgive our sins, and to cleanse us from All Unrighteousness.

10 If we say That we have not sinned, we make him a Liar, and his word

is not in us.

### CHAPTER II.

1 My Dear Children? These things I write to you that you may not sin; and if any one should sin, twe have an Advocate with the FATHER, Jesus Christ, the Righteous one;

2 and the is a Propitiation on account of our sins, and not on account of ours only, but talso on account of the Whole WORLD.

3 And by this we know That we have known him, if we keep his COMMAND-MENTS.

4 THE who SAYS, "I have known him," and keeps not his commandments, tis a Liar, and the TRUTH is not in this man;

5 but the who keeps His word, truly in this man the Love of God has been made perfect. By this we know That we are in Him.

6 ‡Hr who says he abides in Him, ‡ought himself also to walk, as he walked.

7 Beloved! ‡I am not writing a new Commandment to you, but an old Commandment, ‡which you had from the Beginning. The OLD COMMANDMENT is the WOND which you heard.

8 Again, ‡a new Commandment I am writing to you, which is true in him and in you; ‡ Because the DARKNESS is passing

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-6. thus-omit. 7. from a Beginning-omit.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Psa. li.2. † 1. Rom. viii. 34; 1 Tim. i1. 5; Heb. vii. 25; ix. 24. † 2. Rom. i1. 25; 2 Cor. v. 18; 1 John i. 7; iv. 10. † 2. John i. 29; iv. 42; xi. 51, 52; 1 John iv. 14. † 4. 1 John i. 6; iv. 20. † 4. 1 John i. 8. † 5. John xiv. 24, 23. † 5. 1 John iv. 12, 13. † 6. Matt. xi. 29; John xiii. 15; 1 Pet. ii. 21. † 7. 2 John xi. 17. 1 John iii. 11. † 8. John xiii. 34; xv. 12. † 8. Rom. xiii. 12; kph. v. 3; 1 Thess. v. 6. 8.

Passes away,

9 Ο λεγων εν τω φωτι αληθινον ηδη φαινει. The one saving in the light now shines. ειναι, και τον αδελφον αύτου μισων, εν τη obe, and the brother of himself hating, in the 10 'Ο αγαπων τον ETTIV EWS ADTI. OKOTIC. till now. The one loving garkness heis αδελφον αύτου, εν τω φωτι μενει, και σκανδα-brother of himself, in the light abides, and a stumblingλον εν αυτω ουκ εστιν. 11 δ δε μισων τον αδελφον the but one hatin ; the block in him not is: αύτου, εντη σκοτια εστι, και εντη σκοτια περι-18, and in the darkness walks, of himself, in the darkness πατει, και ουκ οιδε που ύπαγει, ότι ή σκοτια ετυφ and not knows where he goes, because the darkness blinded λωσε τους οφθαλμους αυτου. 12 Γραφω ύμιν, τεκeyes I write to you O dear of him. ότι αφεωνται ύμιν αί άμαρτιαι δια το children, because are forgiven to you the through the sins 13 Γραφω ύμιν, πατερες, ότι εγονομα αυτου, I write to you, Ofathers, because you name of him. νωκατε τον απ' αρχης γραφω ύμιν, νεανισκοι, have known him from a beginning; I write to you, O young man, νενικηκατε τον πονηρον γραφω ύμιν, because you have overcome the evil one I write to you, 14 Εγραπαιδια, ότι εγνωκατε τον πατερα. children, because you have known the f wrote ψα ύμιν, πατερες, ότι εγνωκατε τον απ' αρχης. to you. O fathers, because you have known him from a beginning Εγραψα ύμιν, νεανισκοι, ότι ισχυροι εστε, και I wrote to you, O young men, because strong ones youare, δ λογος \*[του θεου] εν υμιν μενει, και νενικηthe word [of the God] in won abides, and you have the word [of the God] 15 Μη αγαπατε τον κοσμον, κατε τον πονηρον. Not do you love the world, overcomethe evilone. μηδε τα εν τω κοσμφ. Εαν τις αγαπα τον If any one should love the nor the things in the world. κοσμον, ουκ εστιν ή αγαπη του πατρος εν αυτω. world, not is the love of the father in him; 16 ότι παν το εν τφ κοσμφ, ή επιθυμια της because all that in the world, the lust σαρκος, και ή επιθυμια των οφθαλμων, και ή and the ofthe and the lust «αλαζονεια του βιου, ουκ εστιν εκ του πατρος, is from the father, of the life, not , pomp 17 Kai δ κοσμος αλλ' εκ του κοσμου εστι. And the world world is. from the παραγεται, και ή επιθυμια αυτου ό δε ποιων

away, and the TRUE LIGHT now shines.

9 THE who says he is in the LIGHT, and hates his brother, is in the DARKNESS till now.

10 He who Loves his BROTHER, abides in the LIGHT, and there is no Stumbling-block to him.

11 But HE who HATES his brother is in the DARKNESS, and twalks in the DARKNESS, and does not know where he is going, Because the DARK-NESS has blinded his EYES.

12 Dear children! I write to you, Because tyour sins are forgiven you through his NAME.

13 Fathers! I write to vou. Because vou have known HIM from the Beginning. Young men! I write to you, Because you have overcome the EVIL one. Children! \*I have writtentoyou becauseyou have known the FATHER.

14 Fathers! I have written to you, Because you have known HIM from the Beginning. Young men! I have written to you, Becausetyouarestrong, and the word of God abides in You, and you have overcome the EVIL one.

15 ! Love not the WORLD, nor the THINGS in the WORLD. IIf any one love the WORLD, the LOVE of the FATHER is not in him;

16 Because EVERY thing in the WORLD, -the DE-SIRE of the FLESH, and the DESIRE of the EYES, and the POMP of LIFE, is not from the FATHER, but is from the world.

17 And t the world is passing away, and its DE-SIRE; but HE who DOES the WILL of GoD abides

for the AGE.

lust

το θελημα του θεου, μενει εις τον αιωνα.

and the

The will of the God, abides for the

ofit;

the but one doing

<sup>·</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. I have written. 14. of God-omit.

<sup>† 8.</sup> John i. 9; viii. 12; xli. 35. † 0. 1 Cor. xiii. 2; 2 Pet. i. 9; 1 John iii. 14, 15. † 10. 2 Pet. i. 10. † 11. John xii. 35. † 12. Luke xxiv. 47; Acts iv. 22; x. 43; xiii. 38. † 14. Eph. vi. 11. † 15. Rom. xii. 2. † 15. Matt. vi. 24; Gal. i. 10; Eph. vi. 11. † 15. Rom. xii. 2. † 15. Mat † 17<u>.</u> 1 Cor. <u>yii. 31</u>; James i. 10; iv. 14; 1 Pet. i. 24 James iv. 4.

18 Παιδια, εσχατη ώρα εστι και καθως ηκου-Children, last hour it is; and as you σατε, ότι δ αντιχριστος ερχεται, και νυν αντιthat the antichrist is coming, even now antiχοιστοι πολλοι γεγονασιν όθεν γινωσκομεν, shrists many have become; whence we know, ότι εσχατη ώρα εστιν. <sup>19</sup>Εξ ήμων εξηλθον, that last hour itis. Prom ofus they went out, that last hour it is. From of us they went out, all  $\lambda$  our  $\eta \sigma a \nu \in \xi \eta \mu \omega \nu$ . Et  $\gamma a \rho \eta \sigma a \nu \in \xi \eta \mu \omega \nu$ , but not they were of us, if for they were of us,  $\mu \in \mu \in \nu \eta \kappa \in \iota \sigma a \nu = \iota \omega$  but so that they might  $0 \omega \sigma \iota \nu$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota$  our  $\epsilon \iota \sigma \iota$   $\pi a \nu \tau \epsilon s$   $\epsilon \xi \eta \mu \omega \nu$ . And be unanifested, that not they are  $\delta \iota$  all of us. And ύμεις χρισμα εχετε από του άγιου, και οιδατε you an anoming have from the holy, and you know παντα. 21 Ουκ εγραψα ύμιν, ότι ουκ οιδιατε all things. Not I wrote at to you, because not you know την αληθείαν, αλλ' ότι οιδατε αυτήν, και ότι the cruth, but because you know her, and because TOUS OUR ETTLY & XPLOTOS; OUTOS ETTLY & aptiχριστος, δ-αρνουμένος τον πατέρα και τον the one denying the father 21 Has & approuperos roy vior, oude roy Liov. sub. Everyone the denying the con materia the πατερα εχει δ δμολογών τον υίους και τον father has; the one confessing the son, жатера ехеі. father

Dac. 24 Tuess Flour & & nkovoate d'a ap. beard from a beεν δμιν μενετω ear ep טענט ענו-27750 γησός, la you letanide; is in you should νη δ απ' αρχης ηκουσατε, και ύμεις εν τω abide what from a beginning you heard, also you in the view και \* [εν] τφ πατρι μενειτε. 35 Και αύτη via και \*[εν] τω πατρι μενειτε.
ton and [in] the father will abide. And this εστιν ή επαγγελια, ήν αυτος επηγγειλατο εστιν ή επαγγελία, ην the promised is the promise which he promise πρινιν, την ζωην την αιωνίου. 20 Ταυτα εγραψα the age-lasting. These things I wrote ύμιν περι των πλανωντων ύμας. 27 Kai vµeis le you concerning those deceiving you. And you το χρισμα δ ελαβετε απ' αυτου, εν υμιν the anointing which received from him, in you peivel, Rai ou Apriciv exere, iva ris δίδασκη sbides. and not need you have, so that any one may teach buas αλλ' \*[ωs] το αυτο χρισμα διδαπκει ύμας the same anointing teaches you 18 Children! it is the Last Hour; and as you heard That the ANTI-CHRIST is coming, teven now many have become Antichrists; whence we know that it is the Last Hour.

19 They went out from Us, but they were not of us; for if they had been of Us, they would have remained with us; but it was ‡ that they might be made manifest That they are not all of us.

20 And ‡ you have an Anointing from the HOLY one; \*you all know it.

2i Thave not written to you Because you do not know the TRUTH, but Because you know it, and Because No Lie is from the TRUTH.

22 t Who is the LIAR but HE who DENIES That Jesus is the ANOINTED one? This is the ANTI-CHRIST, HE WHO DENIES the FACHER and the SON.

23 ‡No one who denies the son has the father; HE who confesses the son has the father also.

24 Let that which you heard from the Beginning abide in You. If what you heard from the Beginning abide in You, tyou also shall abide in the son and in the FATHER.

25 ‡ And this is the PROMISE which he promised \*us,—AIONIAN LIFE.

26 I have written these things to you teoncerning THOSE who DECKIVE you.

27 But the \*ANOINTING
which you received from
himabidesin you, and you
have no need that any one
should teach you; but the
same Anointing teaches

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript.—20. you all know it.

-omit. 25. you. 27. FREE GIFT. 24. therefor—omit. 24. in

27. as—omit.

<sup>‡ 18. 2</sup> Thess. ii. 3; 2 Pet. ii. 1; 1 John iv. 3. ‡ 18. 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Tim. iii. 1. ‡ 19. 1 Cor. xi. 19. ‡ 20. 2 Cor. i. 21; Heb j. 9; verse 27. ‡ 22. 1 John iv. 3; 2 John 7. ‡ 25. John xvii. 3; 1 John i. 2; v. 11. ‡ 26. 1 John iii. ‡ 27. John xiv. 26; xvi. 13.

παντων, και αληθες εστι, και ουκ ιστι concerning all things, and true is. and not ψευδος και καθως εδιδαξεν ύμας, μενειτε εν it taught you, do you abide in a lie; and 8.9 28 Και νυν, τεκνια, μενετε εν αυτφ And now, dear children, do you abide in him; μενετε εν αυτω. αυτω. ίνα δταν φανερωθη, εχωμεν παρβησιαν, και μη so that when he may appear, we may have boldness, αισγυνθωμεν απ' αυτου, εντη παρουσια αυτου. we may be put to shame from him, in the presence of him. 29 Εαν ειδητε, ότι δικαιος εστι, γινωσκετε, ότι

If you may know, that righteous he is, you know, δ ποιων την δικαιοσυνην, εξ αυτου by every one the doing the righteousness, γεγεννηται. ΚΕΦ. γ'. 3. 1 Ιδετε, 1 Ιδετε, ποταπην See you, what has been begotten. αγαπην δεδωκεν ήμιν ό πατηρ, ίνα τεκνα θεου love has given to us the father, so that children of God τουτο δ κοσμος ου κληθωμεν. Δια not

we should be called. On account of this world the γινωσκει ήμας, ότι ουκ εγνω αυτον.

 $^2$  Αγαπητοι, νυν τει να  $\theta$ εου εσμεν, και  $\theta$ υπω Beloved ones, now chil lren of God we are, and not yet τι εσομέθα· οιδαμέν \*[δε,] ότι εφανερωθη, was it brought to light, what we shall be; we know [but,] that εαν φανερωθη, δμοιοι αυτφ εσομεθα. ότι οψοif he should appear, like to him we shall be; because we μεθα αυτον, καθως εστι. <sup>3</sup> Και πας ὁ εχων as he is. And every one the having shall see him, την ελπιδα ταυτην επ' αυτφ, άγνιζει έαυτον, the hope this in him, purifies 4 Πας δ ποιων την καθως εκεινος άγνος εστι. as he pure is. Every one the doing the άμαρτιαν, και την ανομιαν ποιει· και ή άμαρτια also the lawlessuess does; and the sin

5 Και οίδατε, ότι εκεινος εφαεστιν ή ανομια. And you know, that he is the lawlessness. νερωθη, ίνα τας άμαρτιας \* [ήμων] apn. [of us] he might take away; sins manifested, so that the 6 Has & €v και άμαρτια εν αυτφ ουκ εστι. Every one the in in him not sin αυτφ μενών, ουχ άμαρτανει. πας δ άμαρταevery one the sinning, sins; atiding, not νων, ουχ έωρακεν αυτον, ουδε εγνωκεν αυτον. has known

has seen him, nor  $7 \, \mathbf{T} \in \mathcal{K} \mathcal{V}(\alpha)$ ,  $\mu \eta \delta \in \mathcal{S}$   $\pi \lambda \alpha \nu \alpha \tau \omega$   $\delta \mu \alpha s$   $\delta \pi \delta \omega \nu \tau \eta \nu$ Dear children, no one let deceive you; the one doing the δικαιοσυνην, δικαιος εστι, καθως εκεινος δικαιος righteousness, righteous is, 2.5 he

you concerning all things and is true, and is not a Lie; and as it taught you. abide in him.

28 And now, Dear children, abide in him, so that t when he shall appear we may have Confidence, t and not be put to shame by him, in his PRESENCE.

29 Ilf you know That he is Righteous, you know That TEVERY ONE PRAC-TISING RIGHTEOUSNESS has been begotten by him.

## CHAPTER III.

1 See What Love the FATHER has given us, that I we should be called Children of \* God! On this account the WORLD does not know us, # Because it did not know him.

2 Beloved! tnow are we Children of God, and it has not yet been seen what we shall be. We know. however, That if he should appear, twe shall be like him, Because twe shall see him as he is.

3 And EVERY ONE HAV-ING this HOPE in him purifies himself, as he is pure.

4 EVERY ONE who PRACTISES SIN, also practises iniquity; and Isin is INIQUITY.

5 And you know That he was manifested that the might take away sins; fand in Him there is no Sin.

EVERY ONE ABIDES in Him does not sin; I EVERY ONE who sins has not seen him, nor known him.

7 Dear children! let no one deceive you. ‡ HE who PRACTISES RIGHTEOUS-NESS, is Righteous, even righteous as he is Righteous.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 1. God, and such we are. -omit.

<sup>2.</sup> but-omit 5 of us

<sup>† 28. 1</sup> John iii. 2. † 28. 1 John iv. 17. † 20. Acts xxii. 14. † 20. 1 John iii. 7, 10. † 1. John i. 12. † 1. John xv. 18, 19; xvi. 3; xvii. 25. † 2. Rom. viii. 15; Gal. iii. 20; iv. 6. † 2. Rom. viii. 29; 1 Cor. xv. 49; Phil. iii. 21; Col. iii. 4; 2 Pet. i. 4. † 2. Joh xix. 26; Psa. xvi. 11; Mart. v. 8. † 4. Rom. iv. 15; 1 John v. 17. † 5. Isa. Iiii. 5, 6, 11; 1 Tim. i. 15; Heb. i. 3; ix. 26; 1 Pet. ii. 24. † 5. 2 Cor. v. 21; Heb. iv. 15; ix. 28; 1 Pet. ii. 22. † 6. 1 John ii. 4; iv. 8: 3 John 11. † 7. Ezek. xviii. 5-9; Rom ii. 13; 1 John ii. 20.

 $\epsilon$ στιν. <sup>8</sup> Ο ποιων την άμαρτιαν,  $\epsilon$ κ του διαβοis. The one doing the sin, from the accuser λου εστιν ότι απ' αρχης όδιαβολος άμαρτα-is; because from a beginning the accuser sins. Els τουτο εφανερωθη ο vios του θεου, For this was manifested the son of the God, vel. λυση τα εργα του διαβολου. so that he might destroy the works of the accuser. Every one δ γεγεννημενος εκ του θεου, άμαρτιαν ου ποιει, Every one the having been begotten of the God, sin not ότι σπερμα αυτου εν αυτφ μενει και ου δυναται because seed of him in him abides; and not is able

άμαρτανειν, δτι εκ του θεου γεγεννηται. 10 Ev

to sin, because by the God he has been begotten. τουτω φανερα εστι τα τεκνα του θεου this manifest is the children of the God Kai τα τεκνα του διαβολου. Πας ὁ μη ποιων the children of the accuser. Every one the not doing δικαιοσυνην, ουκ εστιν εκ του θεου, και ὁ μη righteousness, not is of the αναπων τον αδελφον αύτου. 11 Ότι αύτη εστιν αγαπων τον αδελφον σίπωε βecause this is ή αγγελια, ήν ηκουσατε απ' αρχης, ίνα αγαπωμεν αλληλους. 12 ου καθως Καιν εκ του should love each other; not as Cain of the πονηρου ην, και εσφαξε τον αδελφον αύτου. evilone was, and killed the brother of himself; και χαριν τινος εσφαξεν αυτον: ότι τα εργα and on account of what killed he him? because the works αυτου πονηρα ην, τα δε του αδελφου αυτοι διevil was, those but of the brother of him right-

Kala.

 $^{13}$  M $\eta$  davma  $\xi \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ , a  $\delta \epsilon \lambda \phi o \iota$   $^{*}$   $[\mu o v,]$   $\epsilon \iota$   $\mu \iota \sigma \epsilon \iota$  Not do you wonder, brethren forme. If hates  $\dot{\nu}\mu$  as  $\delta$  koo $\mu$ os.  $^{14}$   $^{\circ}$  H $\mu$ e $\iota$ s o $\iota$   $\delta$  americant  $\epsilon$  you the world. We know, that we have βηκαμεν εκ του θανατου εις την ζωην, ότι αγαpassed over from the death into the life, because we make  $\nu$  to brether. The not loving the abether, in the not loving the brother, abides in the death. Every one the μισων τον αδελφον αύτου, ανθρωποκτονος εστι hating the brother of himself, a man-killer is; και οιδατε, ότι πας ανθρωποκτονος ουκ εχει and we know, that every man-killer not has ξωην αιωνιον εν αύτφ μενουσαν.  $^{16}$  Εν τουτφ life age-lasting in him abiding. By this εγνωκαμεν την αγαπην, ότι εκεινος ύπερ we have known the love, because he on behauf 16 Ev τουτφ ήμων την ψυχην αύτου εθηκε και ήμεις οφει of us the life of himselflaid down; and we ought behalf; and we ought to λομεν ύπερ των αδελφων τας ψυχας τιθεναι. on behalf of the brethren the ives to lay down. the BRETHREN.

8 THE Who PRACTISES SIN is of the ENEMY; For the ENEMY has been sinning from the Beginning. For this was the son of God manifested, that he might destroy the WORKS of the ENEMY.

9 No one who has been BEGOTTEN by GOD practises Sin; Because This Seed abides in IIIm; and he cannot sin, Because he has been begotten by God.

10 By this are the CHILDREN of GOD discovered, and the CHIL-DREN of the ENEMY; ‡ NO ONE who does not PRAC-TISE Righteousness is of God, and NO ONE who does not LOVE his BRO-THER.

11 For this is the MES-SAGE which you heard from the Beginning; ! That we should love each

12 not as Cain, who was of the EVIL one, and killed his BROTHER. And or account of what did he kill him? Because his WORKS were evil, and his BROTHER'S righteous.

13 Wonder not, Brethren, if the WORLD hate

you.

14 THe know That we have passed over from DEATH to LIFE, Because we love the BRETHREN. HE who LOVES not, abides in DEATH.

15 I EVERY ONE who HATES his BROTHER IS a Murderer; and you know That I No Murderer has nionian Life abiding in Him.

16 ‡ By this we have known Love, Because t, e land down his LIFE on Our lay down our LIVES for

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. of me-omit. 14. BROTHER-omit.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Mait. xiii. 38; John viii. 44. † 8. Gen. iii. 15; Luke x. 18; John xvi. 11; Heb. ii. 14. † 9. 1 Pet. i. 23. † 10. 1 John ii. 29. † 11. John xiii. 34; xv. 12; ver. 23; 1 John iv. 7. 21; 2 John 5. † 12. Gen. iv. 4, 8; Heb. xi. 4; Jude 11. † 13. John xv. 18, 19; xvii. 14; 2 Tim. iii. 12. † 15. Matt. v. 21, 22; 1 John iv. 20. † 15. Gal. v. 21; Rev. xxi. 8. † 16. John iii. 16; xv. 13; Rom. v. 8; Eph. v. 2, 25; 1 John iv. 9, 11.

17 'Ος δ' αν εχη τον βιον του κοσμου, και θεω-Who but may have the substance of the world, and may ρη τον αδελφον αύτου χρειαν εχοντα, και see the brother of himself need having, and κλειση τα σπλαγχνα αύτου απ' αυτου, πως ή may close the bowels of himself from him, how the αγαπη του θεου μενει εν αυτφ; 18 Τεκνια of the God abides in him? Dear children [of me,] not we should love in word nor in the tongue, [of me,] not we should love in word nor in the tongue,  $\alpha \lambda \lambda^2 \in \nu \in \rho \gamma \varphi$  και  $\alpha \lambda \eta \theta \in \alpha$ . [And] by this  $\gamma \iota \nu \omega \sigma \kappa \rho \mu \epsilon \nu$ ,  $\delta \tau \iota \in \kappa \tau \eta s$   $\alpha \lambda \eta \theta \epsilon \iota \alpha s \in \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu$ , και we know, that of the truth we are, and  $\epsilon \mu \pi \rho o \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu$  αυτου  $\pi \epsilon \iota \sigma o \mu \epsilon \nu$  τας καρδιας  $\mathring{\eta} \mu \omega \nu$ , in presence of him we shall assure the hearts of us, 20 ότι, εαν καταγινωσκη ήμων ή καρδια, ότι because, if should condemn us the heart, that because, if chould condemn us the heart, that  $\mu\in l \langle \omega \nu \rangle$  for  $\nu$   $\delta$  hear  $\tau$   $\tau$   $\delta$  hear  $\tau$   $\tau$   $\delta$  hear  $\tau$   $\tau$   $\delta$  hear  $\tau$   $\tau$   $\delta$  hear  $\tau$  hear  $\tau$  hear  $\tau$  hear  $\tau$  hear  $\tau$   $\delta$  hear  $\tau$  he  $\tau$  hear  $\tau$  hear we receive from him, because the commandments of him τηρουμεν, και τα αρεστα ενωπιον αυτου ποιand the things pleasing in presence of him we keep, 23 Και αύτη εστιν ή εντολη αυτου, ίνα OULLEV. is the commandment of him, that And this πιστευσωμεν τω ονοματι του υίου αυτου Ιησου we should believe in the name of the son of him Jesus Χριστου, και ωρω. Anointed, and should love each other, Δυμένου 24 Και δ τηρών τας εν-Χριστου, και αγαπωμεν αλληλους, καθως εδωgave commandment to us. And the one keeping the comτολας αυτου,  $\epsilon \nu$  αυτ $\omega$  μ $\epsilon \nu \epsilon i$ , και αυτος  $\epsilon \nu$  mandments of him, in him abides, and he in αυτφ· και εν τουτφ γινωσκομεν, ότι μενει εν him; and by this we know, that he abides in ήμιν, εκ του πνευματος, ού ήμιν εδωκεν. ns, from the spirit, of which to us he gave.

# КЕФ. δ'. 4.

<sup>1</sup> Αγαπητοι, μη παντι πνευματι πιστευετε, Belovedones, not every spirit do you believe, αλλα δοκιμαζετε τα πνευματα, ει εκ του θεου but do you prove the spirits, if from of the God εστιν δτι πολλοι ψευδοπροφηται εξεληλυθασιν is; because many false-prophets have gone out

17 But twhoever has the Goods of the World, and may see his BROTHER have Need, and may shut up his COMPASSIONS from him, thow abides the LOVE of GOD in him?

18 Dear children! twe should not love in Word nor in TONGUE, but in Work and in Truth.

19 By this we \*know that we are of the TRUTH, and shall assure our \*HEARTS in His presence;

20 ‡ Because if our HEART condemn us, God is greater than our HEART, and knows all things.

21 ‡Beloved! if the HEART does not condemn, ‡we have Confidence towards God,

22 and twhatever we may ask we receive from him, Because we keep his COMMANDMENTS, tand do what is Pleasing in His sight.

23 ‡And this is his COMMANDMENT, That we should believe in the NAME of his son Jesus Christ, and ‡love each other, as he gave us Commandment.

24 And THE WHO KEEPS his COMMANDMENTS Tables in Him, and he in him, and by this we know That he abides in us, by the SPIRIT which he gave Us.

### CHAPTER IV.

1 Beloved! ‡ believe not Every Spirit, but ‡ prove the SPIRITS whether they are from God; Because ‡ Many False-prophets have gone out into the world.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—18. of me—omit. 19. And—omit. 19. shall know. 19. heart. 21. of us—omit. 21. us—omit.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Deut. xv. 7; Luke iii. 11. † 17. 1 John iv. 20. † 18. Ezek. xxxiii. 31; Rom. xii. 9; Eph. iv. 15; James ii. 15. † 19. John xviii. 37; 1 John i. 8. † 20. 1 Cor. iv. 4. † 21. Job xxii. 26. † 21. Heb. x. 22; 1 John ii. 28; iv. 17. † 22. Psa. 7xxiv. 15; cxlv. 18, 19; Prov. xv. 20; Jer. xxix. 12; Matt. xii. 8; xxi. 22; Mark xi. 24; John xiv. 13; xv. 7; xvi. 28, 24; James v. 17; 1 John v. 14. † 22. John viii. 29; 1x. 36. † 23. John xvi. 27. † 21. Matt. xxiv. 4. † 1. 1 Cor. xiv. 20; 1 Thess. v. 21; Rev. ii. 2 † 1. Matt. xxiv. 5, 24; Acts xx. 30; 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Pet. ii. 1; 1 John ii. 18; 2 John 7.

2 Εν τουτώ γινωσκέτε το ELS TOV KOGHOV. into the world. By this you know the παν πνευμα δ δμολογει του θεου πνευμα of the God; every spirit which confesses Ιησουν Χριστον εν σαρκι εληλυθοτα, εκ του Anointed in flesh having come, from of the θεου εστι. 3 Και παν πνευμα δ μη δμολογει And every spirit who not confesses τον Ιησουν, εκ του θεου ουκ εστι και τουτο the Jesus, from the God not is; and this  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \tau \sigma \tau \sigma \upsilon \alpha \nu \tau \iota \chi \rho \iota \sigma \tau \sigma \upsilon$ ,  $\delta \alpha \kappa \eta \kappa \sigma \alpha \tau \epsilon \delta \tau \iota \epsilon \rho \chi \epsilon$ is that of the antichrist, which you heard that ται, και νυν εν τφ κοσμφ εστιν ηδη. 4 Υμεις comes, and now in the world is already. You εκ του θεου εστε, τεκνια, και νενικηκατε of the God are, dearchildren, and have overcome αυτους ότι μειζων εστιν δ εν ύμιν, η δ εν τφ them; because greater is he in you, than he in the κοσμφ. 5 Αυτοι εκ του κοσμου εισι. They from the world are; on account of τουτο εκ τοι κοσμου λαλουσι, και δ κοσμος this of the world they speak, and the world 6 Hμεις εκ του θεου εσμεν δ
We of the God are; the αυτων ακουει. them hears. γινωσκων τον θεον, ακουει ήμων ός ουκ εστιν us; who not is one knowing the God, hears εκ του θεου, ουκ ακουει ήμων. Εκ τουτου of the God, not hears us. By this γινωσκομέν το πνευμα της αληθείας και το we know the spirit of the truth and the πνευμα της πλανης.

spirit of the error. 7 Αγαπητοι, αγαπωμεν αλληλους δτι ή Beloved ones, we should love each other; because the aya $\pi\eta$  er tou  $\theta$ eou e $\sigma$ ti, kai  $\pi$ as  $\delta$  aya $\pi\omega\nu$ , love of the God is, and every one the loving, εκ του θεου γεγεννηται, και γινωσκει τον θεον. hy the God has been begotten, and knows the God; βό μη αγαπων, ουκ εγνω τον θεον, ότι δ θεος he not loving, not knew the God, because the God 9 Εν τουτω εφανερωθη ή αγαπη αναπη εστιν. In this was manifested the love 18. του θεου εν ήμιν, ότι τον υίον αύτου τον μονοof the God to us, because the son of himself the onlyγενη απεσταλκεν δ θεος εις τον κοσμον, ίνα begotten sent forth the God into the world, so that ζησωμεν δί' 10 Εν τουτφ εστιν ή αυτου. In this we might live through him. is the αγαπη, ουχ ότι ήμεις ηγαπησαμεν τον θεον, love, not that we loved the God, αλλ' ότι αυτος ηγαπησεν ήμας, και απεστειλε but that he loved and sent forth us, τον υίον αύτου ίλασμον περι των άμαρτιων son of himself a propitiation respecting the sins

2 By this you know the SPIRIT of God,—; Every Spirit which confesses Jesus Christ \*to have come in the Flesh, is from God;

3 and ‡Every Spirit which does not confess Jrsus, is not from God. And this is the [SPIRIT] of the Antichrist, which you heard That it is coming, and now it is in the WORLD already.

- 4 † Dou are of God, Dear children! and have overcome them; Because greater is HE who is in you, than ‡ HE who is in the WORLD.
- 5 \$ They are of the WORLD; on this account they speak of the WORLD, and the WORLD hears them.
- 6 THe are of God; Ink who knows God, hears us; he who is not of God does not hear us. By this we know the spirit of truth and the spirit of error.
- 7 ‡ Beloved! we should love each other; Because LOVE is from GOD; and EVERY ONE who LOVES has been begotten by GOD, and knows GOD.
- 8 Hr who does not LOVE, ‡does not know God; Because ‡GoD is Love.
- 9 ‡By this the LOVE of GOD to us was manifested, that GOD sent forth his ONLY-BEGOTTEN SON into the WORLD, that ‡we might live through him.
- 10 In this is LOVE; not That we \* have loved GOD, but That he loved us, and sent forth his son as a ‡ Propitiation for our SINS.

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. to have come.

<sup>10.</sup> have loved.

<sup>† 2. 1</sup> Cor. xii. 3; 1 John v. 1. † 3. 1 John ii. 18, 22; 2 John 7. † 4. 1 John v. 4. † 4. John xii. 31; xiv. 30; xvi. 11; 1 Cor. ii. 12; Eph. ii. 2; vi. 12. † 5. John iii. 31; xv. 10; xvii. 14. † 6. John viii. 47; x. 27; 1 Cor. xiv. 37; 2 Cor. x. 7. † 5. John xii. 19; John xiv. 17. † 7. 1 John ii. 10, 11, 23. † 8. 1 John ii. 4; iii. 6. † 8. ver. 16. † 9. John iii. 16; Rom. v. 8; viii. 32; 1 John iii. 2. † 9. 1 John v. 11. † 10. John xv. 16; Rom. v. 8, 10; Titus iii. 4. † 10. 1 John ii. 2.

ήμων. 11 Αγαπητοι, ει ούτως ὁ θεος ηγαπησεν Beloved ones, if thus the God loved of us. ήμας, και ήμεις οφειλομέν αλληλούς αγαπαν. us, also we ought each other to love. Θεον ουδεις πωποτε τεθεαται.  $^{12}$  Εαν αγαπω-God no one at any time has seen. If we love μεν αλληλους, ό θεος εν ήμιν μενει, και ή each other, the God in us abides, and the αγαπη αυτου τετελειωμενη εστιν εν ήμιν. 13 Εν love of him having been perfected it is in us. τουτω γινωσκομεν, ότι εν αυτω μενομεν, και this we know, that in him we abide, and αυτος εν ήμιν, ότι εκ του πνευματος αύτου he in us, because out of the spirit of himself δεδωκεν ήμιν. 14 Και ήμεις τεθεαμεθα και he has given us. And we have seen and he has given us. And we have the hard the hard the hard the part of the we testify, that the father sent forth the son  $\sigma \omega \tau \eta \rho \alpha \tau \sigma \nu \kappa \sigma \mu \sigma \nu$ , that world. Who ever may confess, that Ιησους εστιν δ υίος του θεου, δ θεος εν αυτω Jesus is the sor of the God, the God in him  $\mu \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota$ ,  $\kappa a \iota a \nu \tau o s \epsilon \nu \tau \phi \theta \epsilon \phi$ . The Kai  $\eta \mu \epsilon \iota s \epsilon \gamma$ -abides, and he in the God. And we have σωκαμεν και πεπιστευκαμεν την αγαπην, ήν and we have believed the love, which εχει δ θεος εν ημιν. Ο θεος αγαπη εστι, και has the God in us. The God love  $\cdot$ , and δ μενων εν τη αγαπη, εν τω θεω μενει, και δ theone abiding in the love, in the God abides, and the θεως εν αυτώ. <sup>17</sup>Εν τουτώ τετελειωται η God in him. By this has been perfected the αγαπη  $\mu \in \theta'$  ή $\mu$ ων, ίνα παρήησιαν  $\in \chi$ ω $\mu$ εν  $\in v$  τη love with us, so that boldness we may have in the ήμερα της κρισεως, ότι καθως εκεινος εστι, και day of the judgment, because as he is, also ήμεις εσμεν εν τω κοσμώ πουτώ. 18 Φοβος ουκ we are in the world this. Fear not  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu \ \epsilon \nu \ \tau \eta \ a \gamma a \pi \eta, \ a \lambda \lambda, \ \dot{\eta} \ \tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \iota a \ a \gamma a \pi \eta \ \epsilon \xi \omega$ is in the love, but the perfect love outside Βαλλει τον φοβον ότι ό φοβος κολασιν εχει casts the fear; because the fear a restraint has; δ δε φοβουμενος ου τετελειωται εν τη αγαπη. the but one fearing not has been perfected in the love. 19 'Ημεις αγαπωμεν \* [αυτον, ] ότι αυτος πρωτος
We love [him,] because he first

ηγαπησεν ημας. 20 Εαν τις ειπη· Οτι αγαπω loved us. If any one may say; That flove us. τον θεον, και τον αδελφον αύτου μιση, ψευσthe God, and the brother of himself he may hate,

The estimates the for not one loving the brother autou, by έωρακε, τον  $\theta$ εον, by oux έωρακε, of himself, whom he has seen, the God, whom not he has seen,

11 Beloved! 11f GoD so loved us, we also ought to love each other.

12 [Though] tno one has seen God at any time. [yet,] if we love each other, God dwells in Us; and this LOVE has been perfected in us.

13 ‡By this we know That we abide in Him, and he in Us, Because he has imparted to us of his SPIRIT.

14 And twe have seen and testify That ‡the FATHER sent forth the son as a Savior of the WORLD.

15 ! Whoever may confess That \* Jesus is the son of God, God abides in Him, and he in God.

16 And we have known and believed the LOVE which God has for us. ‡GoD is LOVE; and ‡HE who ABIDES in LOVE, abides in God, and God \* abides in Him.

17 By this has LOVE been perfected with us, that twe may have Confidence in the DAY of JUDGMENT; Because as he is we also are in this WORLD.

18 There is no Fear in LOVE, but PERFECT Love casts out FEAR; Because FEAR has Restraint; and HE who FEARS ; has not been perfected in LOVE.

19 THe love, Because he first loved us.

20 ‡ If any one say, "I love God," and yet hate his BROTHER, he is a Liar; for HE who does not LOVE his BEOTHER, whom he has seen, \*is not able to

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. Jesus Christ. 16. abides in Him. 20. is not able.

<sup>19.</sup> him-

\* [πως] ίνναται αγαπαν; 21 Και ταυτην την tolove? this is he able And the  $\alpha\pi$ εντολην εχομεν αυτου, ίνα δ αγαπων him, commandment we have from that the oneloving τον θεον αγαπα και τον αδελφον αύτου. the God should love also the brother

### ΚΕΦ. $\epsilon'$ . 5.

- Πας δ πιστευων, ότι Ιησους εστιν δ Χρισ-Every one the beheving, that Jesus is the Anounted, τος, εκ του θεου γεγεννηται και πας δ αγαby the God has been begotten; and every one the lov-πων τον γεννησαντα, αγαπα \*[και] τον γεγεν-ing the one having begot, love [also] the one having 2 Εν τουτώ γινωσκομέν, νημενον εξ αυτου. him. By this we know, been begotten by ότι αγαπωμέν τα τέκνα του θέου, όταν τον welove the children of the God. when the  $\theta$ εον αγαπωμέν και τας εντολας αυτου τηρωμέν. God we may love and the commandments of him we may keep. <sup>8</sup> Αύτη γαρ εστιν ή αγαπη του θεου, ίνα τας of the God, This for is the love that the er Toxas αυτου τηρωμεν. Kal αί commandments of him we may keep; and the commandments αυτου βαρειαι ουκ εισιν, 4 ότι παν το γεγεννημενον εκ του θεου, νικά τον κοσμον και begotten by the God, overcomes the world; aud αύτη εστιν ή νικη ή νικησασα τον κοσμον, ή is the victory that having overcome the the world, 5 TIS ECTIV 3 πιστις ήμων. νικων TOV KOTfaith ofus. Who is the one overcoming the world μον, ει μη δ πιστευων, ότι Ιησους εστιν δ υίος if not the one believing, that Jesus is the son του θεου: 6 Ο΄ τος εστιν ό ελθων of the God? 1415 is the one having come by means of ύδατος και αίματος, Ιησους \*[ό] Χριστος· ουκ and blood, Jesus [the] Anounted; not ύδατι μονον, αλλ' εν τφ ύδατι και by the by the only, but water water and τφ αίματι TUEVUA ETTI μαρ-Kal To TO blood; and the Jinica is the the one πνευμα εστιν ή αληθεια. τυρουν, δτι TO testifying, because the spirit is the truth. 7 'Οτι τρεις εισιν οί μαρτυρουντες. 8 το πνευμα, Because three are those testifying; the

love God twhom he has

21 And we have ‡ This COMMANDMENT from him, That HE who LOVES GOD should love his BROTHER also.

#### CHAPTER V.

1 ‡ EVERY ONE WHO BE-LIEVES That Jesus is the ANOINTED one, has been begotten by GoD; ‡and EVERY ONE WHO LOVES the BEGETTER, loves the one BEGOTTEN by him.

2 By this we know That we love the CHIL-DREN of GOD, when we love GOD and \* practise his COMMANDMENTS.

3 ; For this is the LOVE of GOD, that we keep his COMMANDMENTS; and this COMMANDMENTS are not burdensome:

4 TBecause ALL that has been BEGOTTEN by GOD overcomes the WORLD; and this is THAT VICTORY which OVERCOMES the WORLD,—our FAITH.

5 \* And who is HE that OVERCOMES the WORLD, but \$11E who BELLEVES That Jesus is the SON of GOD.

6 This is HE who CAME by Water and Blood,—Jesus the Anointed one; not by the WATER only, but by the BLOOD; and the SPIRIT IS THAT Which TESTIFIES, Because the SPIRIT is the TRUTH.

7 † For there are THEKE which TESTIFY;

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -20. how-omit. 1. also-omit. 2. practise. And who. 6. the-omit. 6, by.

<sup>† 7.</sup> The received text reads, "For there are three who bear witness in heaven, the Fater, the Word, and the hoty Spirit, and these three are one. And there are three that bear witness in earth" This text concerning the heavenly witnesses is not contained in any of the Greek ecclesiastical writers, nor by any of the early Latin fathers, even when the subjects upon which they treat would naturally have led them to appeal to its authority. It is therefore evidently spurious; and was first cited (though not as it now reads) by Virgilius Tapsensis, a Latin writer of no credit, in the latter end of the fifth century; but by whom forged, is of no great moment, as its design must be obvious to all.—Improved Version.

και το ύδωρ, και το αίμα· και οί τρεις εις το έν and the water, and the blood; and the three for the one 9 Ει την μαρτυριαν των ανθρωπων λαμ-ELTIV. If the testimony of the men Wereβανομεν, ή μαρτυρια του θεου μειζων εστιν·
ceive, the testimony of the God greater is; ότι αύτη εστιν ή μαρτυρια του θεου, ήν μεμαρτυbecause this is the testimony of the God, which he has testi-ρηκε περι του νίου αύτου. 10 °Ο πιστευων εις τον fied concerning the son of himself. The one believing into the υίον του θεου, εχει την μαρτυριαν εν έαυτφ. ln son of the God, has the testimony himself; πιστευων τω θεω, ψειστην πεποιηκεν the not one believing the God, a liar has made αυτον, ότι ου πεπιστευκέν εις την μαρτυριαν, because not he has believed in the ήν μεμαρτυρηκεν ό θεος περι του υίου αύτου. which has testified the God concerning the son of himself. 11 Και αύτη εστιν ή μαρτυρια, ότι ζωην αιωνιον is the testimony, because life age-lasting Aud this εδωκεν ήμιν δ θεος, και αύτη ή ζωη εν τφ υίφ gave to us the God, and this the life in the son 12 Ο εγων τον υίον, εχει την GUTON EGTIV. The one having the is. son, has ofhim ζωην· δ μη εχων τον υίον του θεου, την ζωην life; the not one having the son of the God, the 13 Ταυτα εγραψα ύμιν, ίνα ειδη-These things I wrote to you, so that you may ουκ εχει. not has. τε, ότι ζωην αιωνιον εχετε οί πιστευοντες age-lasting you have those believing life 14 Και αύτη εις το ονομα του υίου του θεου. into the name of the sen of the God. And this εστιν ή παρδησια ήν εχομεν προς αυτον, ότι the boldness which we have towards him, τι αιτωμέθα κατα το θελημα αυτου, if anything we may ask according to the will of him. ακουει ήμων· 15 και εαν οιδαμεν, ότι ακουει we know, that he hears and if he hears us: ήμων, δ αν αιτωμεθα, οιδαμεν, ότι εχομεν τα whatever we may ask, we know, that we have the αιτηματα ά ητηκαμέν παρ' αυτου. <sup>16</sup> Εαν which we have asked from him. τον αδελφον αύτου άμαρτανονιδη any one should see the brother of himself sinning τα αμαρτιαν μη προς θανατον, αιτησει, και  $a = a \sin n \cot t \cos death$ , he shall ask, and δωσει αυτφ ζωην, τοις αμαρτανουσι μη προς he will give to him life, for those sinning not to Εστιν άμαρτια προς θανατον. ου death; not a sin to Itis περι εκεινης λεγω ίνα ερωτηση. All concerning that that he should ask. Isay

8 the SPIRIT, and the WATER, and the BLOOD; and the THREE are for ONE.

9 If we receive the Testimony of Men, the Testimony of God is greater; that is the Testimony of God \* that he has testified concerning his son.

10 (HE who BELIEVES into the SON of GOD, ‡ has the TESTIMONY in himself; HE who does not BELIEVE GOD, ‡ has made him a Liar; Because he has not believed in the TESTIMONY which GOD has testified concerning his SON.)

11 ‡And this is the TESTIMONY, That GOD has given to us aionian Life, and ‡This LIFE is in his SON.

12 THE WHO HAS the SON has the LIFE; HE who has not the SON has not the LIFE.

13 ‡ These things I have written to you, that you who believe on the Name of the son of God may know that you have aionian Life.

14 And this is the CON-FIDENCE which we have towards him, That ‡if we ask Any thing according to his WILL, he hears us.

15 And if we know That he hears us, whatever we ask, we know That we have the petitions which we have asked from him.

16 If any one see his BROTHER sinning a Sin, not to Death, let him ask, and the will give him Life for those who sin not to Death. there is a Sin to Death; I do not say that he should ask concerning THAT.

17 ‡ All Unnighteous-

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. That.

<sup>† 9.</sup> John viii. 17, 18. † 9. Matt. iii. 16, 17; xvii. 5. † 10. Rom. viii. 16; Gal. iv. 0. † 10. John iii. 33; v. 38. † 11. John i. 4; Col. iii. 4: 1 John iv. 0. † 12. John iii. 30; v. 24. † 13. John xx. 31. † 14. 1 John ii. 22. † 16. James v. 14, 15, † 16. Matt. xii. 31, 32; Mark iii. 29; Luke xii. 10; Heb. vi. 4, 0; x. 26. † 17. 1 John iii. 4.

άμαρτια εστι και εστιν άμαρτια ου sin sin; and it is a sin not αδικια adikia μμαν is; and it is arrighteousness sin is; and it is προς θανατον. 18 Οιδαμεν, ότι πας δγεγενπρος θανατον. We know, that every one the having νημενος εκ του θεου, ουχ άμαρτανει αλλ been begotten by the God, not sins; δ γεννηθεις εκ του θεου, τηρε: έαυτον, the one having been begotten by the God, keeps binnelf, και ό πονηρος ουχ άπτεται αυτου. 19 Οιδαμεν, δτι εκ του θεου επμεν, και δ κοσμος όλος εν that from the God we are, and the world whole in τω πονηρα κειται. 20 Kat οιδαμεν, δτι δ vios the evilone lies. And we know that the on του θεου ήκει, και δεδωκεν ήμιν διανοιαν, ίνα of the God is come, and has given to us an understanding, 40 that γινωσκωμεν τον αληθινον και εσμεν εν τω we might know the true one and reare in the αληθινώ, εν τω υίω αυτου Ίησου Χριστω. Ού-This true one, in the son offim Jesus Anointed. τος εστιν ὁ αληθινος θεος και ἡ ζωη αιωνιος.
is the true God and the life are-lasting 21 Τεκνια, φυλαξατε έαυτους απο τως ειοωλων. Dear children, do you keep you selves from the

ness is Sin: but them is a Sin not to Death.

18 We know That EVERY ONE 1 who has been BLGOT-TEN by Gop does not sin: but the one BEGOTTEN by Gon tguards \* himsel? and the EVIL one does not lay hold of him.

19 We know That we are from God, and that the whole world hes under the EVIL one.

20 And we know that the son of Goo has come, and thas given us Discernment, that we might know the TRUE one; and we are in the TRUE one,-by his son Jesus Christ, This is the TRUE God, and I the aionian LIFE.

21 Dear children! ‡keep yourselves from IDOLS. \*

idols.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. him.

Subscription-FIRST OF JOHN.

<sup>1 18. 1</sup> Pet. 4 23; 1 John iii. 9. ke xxiv. 45. 1 20. John vvil. 8. 1 121. 1 Cor. 1 21. 1 Cor. x. 14. 19. Gal. 1.4. Luke xxiv. 45. 25 \*

#### \*SECOND OF JOHN.

1 Ο πρεσβυτερος εκλεκτη Κυρια, και τοις elder to a chosen lady, and to the τεκνοις αυτης, ούς εγω αγαπω εν αλη $\theta$ εια, children of her, whom I love in truth, (και ουκ εγω μονος, αλλα και παντες οί εγνω-(and not I only, but also all those know- $\kappa o au \in \tau \eta \nu$  a  $\lambda \eta \theta \epsilon (a \nu, \gamma)$  or account of the truth that μενουσαν εν ἡμιν, και <math>μεθ' ἡμων εσται ε.s τον abiding in us, and with us shall be for the Χριστου του νίου του πατρος,  $\epsilon \nu$  αληθεία και anointed the son of the father, in truth and αγαπη. <sup>4</sup> Εχαρην λιαν, ότι εύρηκα εκ των love. I rejoiced greatly, because I have found of the τεκνων σου περιπατουντας εν αληθεια, καθως children of thee walking in truth,  $\epsilon \nu \tau \alpha \lambda \eta \nu$   $\epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta \delta \mu \epsilon \nu$   $\tau \alpha \rho \alpha$   $\tau \tau \alpha \nu$  a commandment we received from [the] a commandment we received from [the] father.

5 Και νυν ερωτω σε, Κυρια, ουχ ως εντολην
And now I entreat thee, lady. γραφων σοι καινην, αλλα ήν ειχομεν απ' writing to thee new, but which we had from αρχης, ίνα αγαπωμεν αλληλους. 6 Και αύτη <sup>6</sup> Και αύτη beginning, that we should love each other. εστιν ή αγαπη, ίνα περιπατωμεν κατα τας is the love, that we should walk according to the Αύτη εστιν ή εντολη, €ντολας αυτου. commandments of him. This is the commandment. καθως ηκουσατε απ' αρχης, ένα εν αυτη περιas you heard from beginning, that in it you πατητε. 7 Ότι πολλοι πλανοι εισηλθον εις should walk. Because many deceivers entered τον κοσμον, οί μη δμολογουντες Ιησουν Χριστον the world, who not confessing Jesus Anointed ερχομενον εν σαρκι ούτος εστιν ό πλανος και coming in flesh; this is the deceiver and 8 Βλεπετε έαυτους, ίνα δ αντιχριστος. μη See you yourselves, that not the antichrist. απολεσωμεν ά ειργασαμεθα, αλλα μισθον but we may lose the things we performed, a reward πληρη απολαβωμεν. 9 Πας δ παραβαινων, we may receive. Every one the transgressing, και μη μενων εν τη διδαχη του Χριστου, θεον and not abiding in the teaching of the Anointed, God

1 The ELDER to the Chosen Cyria, and to her CHILDREN ; whom I love in Truth; (and not only I. but also All THOSE who have known the TRUTH.)

2 on account of THAT TRUTH which ABIDES in us, and shall be with us to

the AGE.

3 # Favor, Mercy, and Peace from God the Father, and from Jesus Christ the son of the FA-THER, shall be with you in Truth and Love.

4 I rejoiced greatly That I found some of thy CHIL-DREN ; walking in Truth, as we received a Command. ment from the FATHER.

5 And now I entreat thee, Cyria, ‡ not as writing to thee a New Commandment, but that which we had from the Beginning, that we should love each other.

6 ! And this is LOVE, that we should walk according to his COMMANDMENTS. \* This COMMANDMENT is, as you heard from the Beginning, that you should

walk in it.

7 1 For Many Deceivers \*went forth into the WORLD,-THOSE who do not CONFESS Jesus Christ did come in the Flesh. This is the DECEIVER and the ANTICHRIST.

8 # Look to yourselves, that \* you may not lose the things we performed, but that \* you may receive

a full Reward.

9 # EVERY ONE who \* GOES BEYOND, and does not abide in the DOCTRINE of the Anointed one, has

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. - Title-SECOND OF JOHN. 3. Lord-omit. ANDMENT is. 7. Went forth, 8. you may not lose. 9. GOES BEYOND. 4. the-omit. 6. This COMMANDMENT is. 8. you may

ουκ εχει ὁ μενων εν τω διδαχη \* [του Χρισnot has; the one abiding in the teaching [of the Anomated,]
του,] ούτος και τον πατερα και τον υίον εχει.

this both the father and the son has.

10 Et tis  $\epsilon \rho \chi \epsilon \tau a \iota \pi \rho o s \ \dot{\nu} \mu a s$ , kai  $\tau a \upsilon \tau \eta \nu$  the strange out to you, and this the  $\delta \iota \delta a \chi \eta \nu$  ou  $\phi \epsilon \rho \epsilon \iota$ ,  $\mu \eta$   $\lambda a \iota \beta a \nu \epsilon \tau \epsilon$  autov eist teaching not brings, not do you recive him into olkiau, kai  $\chi a \iota \rho \epsilon \iota \nu$  autow  $\mu \eta$   $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ . It o  $\gamma a \rho$  house, and health him not say you. The for  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$  autow  $\chi a \iota \gamma \epsilon \iota \nu$ , koundle to is  $\epsilon \rho \gamma o \iota s$  autov energy ing to him health, partakes in the works of him to is  $\tau o \iota \gamma \eta \rho o \iota s$ .

in the evilones.  $^{12}$   $\Pi$   $o\lambda\lambda\alpha$   $\epsilon\chi\omega\nu$   $\dot{\nu}\mu\nu\nu$   $\gamma\rho\alpha\phi\epsilon\nu$ , our  $\eta\kappa\sigma\lambda\eta\theta\eta\nu$   $\dot{\nu}$  Many things having to you to write, not I wished  $\delta\iota\alpha$   $\chi\alpha\rho\tau\nu\nu$   $\kappa\alpha\iota$   $\mu\epsilon\lambda\alpha\nu\sigma$ s'  $\epsilon\lambda\pi\iota\zeta\omega$   $\gamma\alpha\rho$   $\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$  by means of paper and of ink; I hope for to come  $\pi\rho\sigma$ s  $\dot{\nu}\mu\alpha$ s,  $\kappa\alpha\iota$   $d\nu\alpha$   $d\nu\alpha$ s,  $d\nu\alpha$   $d\nu\alpha$ s,  $d\nu\alpha$ s,

 $\sigma \in \tau a \ \tau \in \kappa \nu a \ \tau \eta s \ a \delta \in \lambda \phi \eta s \ \sigma o v \ \tau \eta s \ \epsilon \kappa \lambda \epsilon \kappa \tau \eta s$ . thee the children of the sister of thee the chosen one.

not Go Ar who abides in the DOCTRINE, has both the FATHER and the son.

10 If any one come to you and bring not this DOCTEINE, do not receive him into your House, \*nor † wish Him success;

ll for Hr who WISHES him success partakes in his EVIL WORKS.

12 ‡ Having Many things to write to You, I did not wish to do it by Paper and Ink; \*but I hope to be with you, and to talk, Mouth to Mouth, ‡ so that \* our JoY may be complete.

13 The CHILDREN of thy CHOSEN SISTER Salute thee. \*

12. but I hope to be with

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—0. of the Anointed—omit.
you. 12. your. Subscription—Second of John.

<sup>† 10.</sup> Chairein was a form of salutation, expressive of friendly feeling. The Greeks ususally began their letters with it. See Acts 27. 23; James i. 1.

<sup>1 10.</sup> Rom. xvi. 17; 1 Cor. v. 11; xvi. 22; Gal. i. 8, 9; 2 Tim. iii. 5; Titusiii. 10. 3 John 13. 1 12. John xvii. 13: 1 John i. 4. 13: 1 Pet. v. 13.

### IMANNOY [ETIZTOAH] TPITH. [AN EPISTLE]

#### JOHN. \*THIRD OF

αγαπω εν αληθεια. 2 Αγαπητε, περι παντων O beloved one, concerning all things love in truth. ευχομαι σε ευοδουσθαι και ύγιαινειν, καθως and to be in health, even as to prosper I wish thee 3 Εχαρην γαρ λιαν, ευοδουται σου ή ψυχη. for thee the life. I rejoiced greatly ερχομενων αδελφων και μαρτυρουντων σου τη brethren and testifying of thee in the αληθεια, καθώς συ εν αληθεια  $\pi \in OLT \alpha T \in LS$ . even as thou in walkest. truth truth. 4 Μειζοτεραν τουτων ουκ εχω χαραν, ίνα ακουω of these not I have joy, that I hear τα εμα τεκνα εν αληθεια περιπατουντα. 5 Αγαwalking. O bethe my children in truth ό εαν πιστον TOLELS εργαση ELS loved one, faithfully thou doest whatever thou mayest work for τους αδελφους και εις τους ζενους, 6 οί εμαρτυbrethren and for the strangers, these bore teaρησαν σου τη αγαπη ενωπιον εκκλησιας· ούς timony of thee to the love in presence of congregation; whom καλως ποιησεις προπεμψας αξιως του θεου. thou wilt do having sent forward worthily of the God. 7 Υπερ γαρ του ονοματος εξηλθον, μηδεν λαμ-On behalf for of the name they went forth, nothing Βανοντος απο των εθνων. 8 Ήμεις ουν οφειλοfrom the Gentiles. We therefore ought ceiving μεν απολαμβανειν τους τοιουτους, ίνα συνεργοι to receive the such like ones, that so-workers 9 Εγραψα τη εκκλησια· γινωμεθα τη αληθεια. we may become in the truth. I wrote to the congregation; αλλ' δ φιλοπρωτεύων αυτών Διοτρέφης ουκ but the oneloving to be first Diotrephes of them not  $10 \Delta \iota \alpha$  τουτο,  $\epsilon \alpha \nu$   $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega$ , επιδεχεται ήμας. 118-On account of this, I come, ύπομνησω αυτου τα εργα à  $\pi oiei$ ,  $\lambda o \gamma ois$ I will remember of him the works which he does, with words πονηροις Φλυαρων ήμας και μη αρκουμένος επι prating agninst us; and not being satisfied τουτοις, ουτε αυτος επιδεχεται τους αδελφους, the these things, not even he receives και τους βουλομενους κωλυει, και εκ της εκhe forbids, and out of the conwishing and those O beloved one, not do thou imitate κλησιας εκβαλλει. he casts.

1 The ELDER to Gaius, the BELOVED, : whom I love in the Truth.

2 Beloved! I desire concerning all things that thou mayest prosper and be in health, even as Thy

SOUL prospers.

3 For I rejoiced greatly when the Brethren came and testified to thy TRUTH. even as thou walkest \* in the TRUTH.

4 I have no greater \* Joy than in these things, that I hear of IMY Children walking \* in the TRUTH.

5 Beloved! thou doest faithfully what thou performest for the BRETHREN. and \* this to Strangers;

6 who testified of Thy LOVE in the presence of the Congregation; whom thou wilt do well to send forward worthily of GoD;

7 for on behalf of his NAME they went forth, Ireceiving nothing from the

GENTILES.

8 ULLe. therefore, ought to \* entertain such, that we may become Co-workers for the TRUTH.

9 I wrote \* something to the CONGREGATION, but Diotrephes, who Loves to BE FIRST among them, does not receive us.

10 Therefore, if I come, will remember His works which he does, prating against us with Evil Words; and not being satisfied with these things, he does not even receive the BRETHREN, and forbids and casts out of the CONGREGATION WISHING to do it.

11 Beloved! # do not thou imitate THAT which is EVIL, but THAT which of is GOOD. ! HE who DOES

theevilthing, but the good thing. The onedoing good,

το κακον, αλλα το αγαθον.

'Ο αγαθοποιων, εκ

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-THIRD OF JOHN. Pleasure. 4. in the TRUTH. 5. this to Strangers. something.

<sup>3.</sup> in the TRUTH. 8. entertain.

<sup>† 1. 2</sup> John 1. † 3. 2 John 4. † 4. 1 Cor. iv. 15; Philemon 10. † 15, 15. † 11. Psa. xxxvii. 37; Isa. i. 16, 17; 1 Pet. iii. 11. † 1 ‡ 11. 1 John ii. 29 ix. 12, 15. iii. g, 9.

by

του θεου εστιν. δ κακοποιων, ουχ έωρακε τον is; the one doing evil, not hasseen the 18 Δημητριφ μεμαρτυρηται ύπο παντων, Ocov. Demetrius has been testified to by και ὑπ' αυτης της αληθειας και ήμεις δε μαρand by herself the truth; also we and tesτυρουμεν, και οιδατε, δτι ή μαρτυρια ήμων tify, and you know, that the testimony of us tify, αληθης εστι.

13 Πολλα είχον γραφείν, αλλ' ου
taie is. Many things I had to write, but not θελω δια μελανος και καλαμου σοι γραψαι.
I wish by means of ink and pen to thee to write; 14 ελπιζω δε ευθεως ιδειν σε, και στομα προς I hope but immediately to see thee, and mouth to 15 Ειρηνη σοι. Ασπαζονται στομα λαλησομέν. mouth we willapeak. Peace to thee. Salute σε οἱ φιλοι ασπαζου τους φιλους κατ ονομα. thee the friends; do thou salute the friends

GOOD is of GOD; HE who DOES EVIL has not seen Gop.

12 †Testimony is borne to Demetrius by all, even by the TRUTH Herself: and we also testify, tand \*thou knowest That our TESTIMONY is true.

13 II had Many things \*to write, but I do not wish to write them to thee with Ink and Pen:

14 but I hope to see thee immediately, and we will speak Mouth to Mouth. Peace be to thee! The FRIENDS salute thee. Salute the FRIENDS by Name.

name.

Sub-

13. to write to thee, but.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. thou knowest. scription-THIRD OF JOHN.

<sup>1 12, 1</sup> Tim, iii, T.

<sup>1 12.</sup> John xxi. 24. 1 13. 2 John 12.

# ΙΟΥΔΑ [ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ.] OF JUDA [AN EPISTLE,]

# \*OF JUDAS.

1 Ιουδας, Ιησου Χριστου δουλος, αδελφος δε Judas, of Jesus Anointed a bond-servant, a brother and Ιακωβου, τοις εν θεω πατρι ήγιασμενοις και Ιηof James, to those in God a father sanctined ones and of σου Χριστφ τετηρημενοις κλητοις. 2 ελεος ύμιν σου Χριστφ τετηρημενοις τους, Jesus Anointed preserved ones called ones; mercy to you πληθυνθειη. 3 Αγαπητοι, and peace and love may be multiplied. Beloved ones, πασαν σπουδην ποιουμενος γραφειν ύμιν, περι to write to you, concerning making της κοινης σωτηρίας αναγκην εσχον γραψαί the common salvation a necessity I had to have written ύμιν παρακαλων επαγωνιζεσθαι τη άπαξ παραto you exhorting to earnestly contend for the once having τοις άγιοις πιστει. <sup>4</sup> Παρεισεδυσαν ζοθειση been delivered to the saints faith. Privily entered γαρ τινες ανθρωτει, οί παλαι προγεγραμμε-for some men, those of old having been previously deeis του το κριμα, ασεβείς, την του for this the judgment, impious ones, the of the ugnated for θεου ήμων χαριν μετατιθεντες εις ασελγειαν, changing into licentiousness, ofus favor και τον μονον δετποτην και κυριον ήμων Ιησουν and the only sovereign and Lord of us Jesus ε Υπομνησαι δε ύμας Χριστον αρνουμενοι. To remind but you der ging. Anointed ειθυτας ύμας άπαξ τουτο, ότι ό βουλομαι, knowing you once this, because the I wish, κυριος, λεον εκ γης Αιγυπτου σωσας, το δευ-Lord, people out of land of Egypt having saved, the second τερον τους μη πιστευσαντας απωλεσεν. 6 αγthose not having believed he destroyed; mes\_ γελους τε τους μη επρησαντας την ξαυτων sengers and those not having kept the oftheniselves αρχην, αλλα απολιποντας το ιδιον οικητηριον, having left the own principality, but κις κρισιν μεγαλης ήμερας, δεσμοις αιδιοις ύπο for a judgment of a great day, with chains perpetual under τετηρηκεν. 7 ώς Σοδομα και Γομορόα, (οφον as Sodom and Gomorrah, thick darkness have been kept; και αί περι αυτας πολεις, τον όμοιον τουτοις and the about them cities, the like to them τροπον εκπορνευσασαι, και απελθουσαι οπισω manner having committed fornication, and having gone away after σαρκος έτερας, προκεινται δειγμα, πυρος αιωof another, are placed before an example, of fire age-

1 Judas, a Bond-serva. of Jesus Christ, and \$\frac{1}{2}\text{ Bro}\$ ther of James, to Those who are \*Beloved by God the Father, even the called ones who are \$\frac{1}{2}\text{ preserved by Jesus Christ;}

2 may Mercy and T Peace and Love be multiplied to

you.

8 Beloved, making All Haste to write to you concerning \* our ‡ common Salvation, I had a necessity to write to you, exhorting you ‡ to earnestly contend for the FAITH which was once DELIVERED to the SAINTS.

4 ‡ For Some Men have come in privily, who of old were PREVIOUSLY DESIGNATED for This JUDGMENT, impious, ‡ changing the FAVOR of our GOD into Licentiousness, ‡ denying the ONLY Sovereign, and our LORD Jesus Christ.

5 But I wish to remind you, though you once knew \* this, That ‡ the Lord having saved the People out of the Land of E; ppt, afterwards ‡ destroyed Those who did not believe;

6 and THOSE Angels who KEFT not THEIR own Principality, but left their own Habitation, the has kept in perpetual Chains, under Thick Darkness, for the Judgment of the Great Day;

7 tas Sodom and Gomorrah, and the CITIES about them, which in a LIKE Manner to these, committed Fornication, and went after strange Flesh, are placed as an Example, enduring the re-

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift.—Title—Of Judas. 1. deloved by God. 2. our common Salvation. 5. all things, That Jesus, having saved.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Luke vi. 16; Acts i. 13. † 1. John xvii. 11, 12, 15. † 2. 1 Pet. i. 2; 2 Pet. i. 2; 3. Titus i. 4. † 3. Phil. i. 27; 1 Tim. i. 18; vi. 12; 2 Tim. i. 13; iv. 7. † 4. Gal. i. 1. 15. Itus ii. 12. † 4. 2 Pet. ii. 10; Titus ii. 11; Heb. xii. 15. † 4. Titus i. 16; 15. Num. xiv. 20; 27; xxvi. 54; Pes. cvi. 55; Heb. iii. 17, 19. † 6. 2 Pet. ii. 4. † 7. Gen. xix. 24, Deut. xxix. 23; 2 Pet. ii. 6.

11 the error

ύπεχουσαι. <sup>8</sup> Όμοιως μεντοι δικην lasting retributive justice are undergoing. In like manner truly και ούτοι ενυπνιαζομενοι σαρκα μεν μιαινουσι, also these dreaming ones also indeed they pollute, κυριοτητα δε αθετουσι, δοξας δε βλασφημουσιν. lordships and they set aside, glories and they revile. 9 Ο δε Μιχαηλ ό αρχαγγελος, ότε τω διαβολω

The but Michael the chief messenger, when with the accuser διακρινομένος διέλεγετο περι του Μωσέως contending he reasoned about the of Moses σωματος, ουκ ετολμησε κρισιν επενεγκειν hedared ajudgment to bring against not βλασφημίας, αλλ' είπεν. Επιτιμησαί σοι κυρίος.

ofrevilling, but he said; Mayrebuke thee Lord. 10 Ούτοι δε, όσα μεν ουκ οιδασι, βλασφη-These but, what thingsindeed not they know, they reμουσιν όσα δε φυσικως, ως τα αλογα (ωα, vile; what things but naturally, as their rational animals. etistavtai, ev toutois  $\phi\theta$ eisovtai. they know, in these things they are corrupt. αυτοις, ότι τη όδω του Καιν επορευθησαν, και to them, because in the way of the Kain they went, and τη πλανη του Βαλααμ μισθου εξεχυθησαν, και of the Balanm reward they rushed,

τη αντιλογια του Κορε απωλοντο.

in the contradiction of the Kore they destroyed themselves. 12 Ούτοι εισιν εν ταις αγαπαις ύμων σπιλαδες, These are in the love-feasts of you hidden rocks, συνευωχομενοι αφοβως, έαυτους ποιμα:νοντες. feasting together without fear, themselves νεφελαι ανυδροι, ύπο ανεμων παραφερομεναι. clouds without water, by winds being swept along; δενδρα φθινοπωρινα, ακαρπα, δις αποθανοντα, autumnal, unfruitful, twice having died, εκριζωθεντα. 13 κυματα αγρια θαλασσης, επαhaving been rooted, WAVES wild of sea, foamφριζοντα τας έαυτων αισχυνας αστερες πλαing out the of themselves shame; stars wanνηται, οίς \*[6] (οφος \*[του] dering, for which [the] gloom [of the] σκοτους ELS for darkness 14 Προεφητευσε δε και τουαιωνα τετηρηται. Prophesied and also an age has been kept. these τοις έβδομος απο Αδαμ Ενωχ, λεγων. ISou, seventh from Adam Enoch, saying; ηλθε κυριος εν άγιαις μυριατιν αύτου, 15 ποιηcame a Lord with holy myriads of himself, to exeσαι κρισιν κατα παντων, και εξελεγξαι παντας cute judgment against all, and convict all τους απεβεις \* [αυτων] περι παντων TWV [of them] concerning all ofthe the impious ones εργων ασεβειας αυτων ών ησεβησαν, Kal of impiety works

tributive justice of an aionian Fire.

8 : In like manner indeed These Dreamers also pollute the Flesh, and despise Lordships, and revile Dignities.

9 \* But ! MICHAEL. the ARCHANGEL, when contending with the EN-EMY he reasoned about the BODY of Moses, ‡ did not presume to bring against him a reviling Judgment, but said, ‡"The "Lord rebuke thee."

10 \$Yet these blaspheme what indeed they do not understand, but what they know naturally as IRRA-TIONAL Animals, in These things they are corrupt.

11 Alas for them! Because they went in the WAY of CAIN, and trushed into the ERROR of BALAAM for a Reward, and destroved themselves in I the REBELLION OF KORAH.

12 These are HIDDEN ROCKS in your \$ LOVE-FEASTS, feasting together without fear, feeding Themselves; Clouds without water, being swept along by Winds; bare being swept autumnal Trees, unfruitful for two seasons, dead, rooted un:

13 wild Waves of the Sea, foaming out THEIR own Shame; wandering Stars, ‡ for which has been kept the GLOOM of DARK-NESS for the Age.

14 And ‡ Enoch also, the Seventh from Adam prophesied of these, saying, "Behold, the Lord" came with his Holy My-" riads,

15 " to execute Judg-"ment against all, and to " convict ALL the IMPIOUS " of All their WORKS of of them which they did impiously, and "Implety which they im-

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-9. When Michael, the ARCHANGEL, then contending.

<sup>† 9. 2</sup> Pet. ii. 10. † 9. Dan. x. 13; xii. 1; Rev. xii. 7. † 9. 2 Pet. ii. 11. † 9. Zech. iii. 2. † 10. 2 Pet. ii. 12. † 11. Gen. iv 5; 1 John iii. 12. † 11. Num. xxii. 7; 21; 2 Pet. ii. 15. † 11. Num. xxii. 7, 21; 2 Pet. ii. 17. † 14. Gen. vi. 18. † 14. Deut. xxxiii. 2; 2 Pet. ii. 17. † 14. Gen. vi. 18. † 14. Deut. xxxiii. 2; Dan. vii. 18. Zech. xiv. 5; Matt. xxv. 31; 2 Thess. i. 7, Kev. i. 7.

των σκληρων, ών ελαλησαν περι παντων concerning all of the hard things, spoke 16 Ούτοι εισι κατ' αυτου άμαρτωλοι ασεβεις. impious. These sinners γογγυσται, μεμψιμοιροι, κατα τας επιθυμιας complainers, according to the murmurers, αύτων πορευομενοι· και το στομα αυτων λαλει of themselves walking; and the mouth of them speaks θαυμαζοντες πρωσωπα, ωφελειας ύπερογκα, swelling words, admiring swelling words, μνησθητε των χαριν. <sup>17</sup> τμεις δε, αγαπητοι, μνησθητε των χου but, beloved ones, do you remember the ρηματων των προειρημενων ύπο των αποστοwords of those having been before spoken by the 18 ότι λων του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου. Lord of us Jesus Anointed; that tles of the ελεγον ύμιν, ότι εν εσχατφ χρονφ εσονται they and to you, that in last time will be εμπαικται, κατα τας έαυτων επιθυμιας πορευaccording to the of themselves lusts 19 Ούτοι εισιν οί αποδιοομενοι των ασεβειων. ing the impious. These are they marking ριζοντες \* [έαυτους,] ψυχικοι, πνευμα μη εχονout boundaries [themselves,] southeal ones, a spirit not hav-These are they marking τες. 20 Υμεις δε αγαπητοι, τη άγιωτατη ύμων You but beloved ones, in the most holy πιστει εποικοδομουντες έαυτους, εν πνευματι faith building up yourselves, in spirit γιω προσευχομενοι, <sup>21</sup> ξαυτους εν αγαπη θεου yourselves, in faith yourselves in love praying, τηρησατε, προσδεχομενοι το ελεος του κυριου do you keep, looking for Lord the mercy of the ήμων Ιησου Χριστου εις ζωην αιωνιον. ofus Jesus Anointed for life age-lasting. And of us Jesus Anomies  $\hat{c}$  is  $\hat{c}$  is  $\hat{c}$  is  $\hat{c}$  is  $\hat{c}$  is  $\hat{c}$  in  $\hat{c}$  in fear some but in fear σωζετε, εκ του πυρος αρπαζοντες μισουντες snatching; do you save, out of the fire και τον απο της σαρκος εσπιλωμενον χιτωνα. even the from the flesh having been spotted garment.  $^{24}$  Τω δε δυναμενώ φυλαξαι ύμας απταιστους, To the now one being powerful to guard you from stumbling, και στησαι κατενωπιον της δοξης αύτου αμωand to place in presence . of the glory of himself blameμους εν αγαλλιασει, <sup>25</sup> μονφ θεω σωτηρι ήμων, less with exceeding joy, to only God a savior of us, less with exceeding joy, δια Ιησου Χριστου του κυριου ήμων δοξα \* [και] through Jesus Anointed of the Lord of us glory [and] μεγαλωσυνη, κρατος και εξουσια, και νυν και

εις παντας τους αιωνας αμην. for ages;

" piously did, and of All "t the HARSH words which "impious Sinners spoke " against him."

16 These are Murmurers, Fault-finders, walking according to their own LUSTS; and their MOUTH speaks boastful words, admiring men's persons for the sake of Gain.

17 But do gou, Beloved, remember Those WORDS which were PRE-VIOUSLY SPOKEN by the APOSTLES of our LORD Je-

sus Christ;

18 That they said to you, That in the Last Time I there will be Mockers, walking according to THEIR OWN IMPIOUS LUSTS.

19 These are THEY who SEPARATE, † Sensual, not having the Spirit.

20 But pou, Beloved, I building up yourselves on Your MOST HOLY Faith, praying with holy Spirit,

21 keep yourselves in the Love of God, # looking for the MERCY of our LORD Jesus Christ to aionian Life.

22 And, making a difference, Some indeed do you

23 but Others save by Fear, snatching them out of the FIRE, hating even the GARMENT SPOTTED by the FLESH.

24 I Now to HIM who is ABLE to guard you from falling, and to place you t blameless in the presence of his GLORY, with great

25 tto God alone, our Savior, through Jesus Christ our LORD, be Glory, Majesty, Power, and Authority, \*both now, and throughout ALL the AGES. Amen.

strength and

authority, both now

25. and-omit. 25. before

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—19. themselves—omit. Subscription-OF JUDAS. every AGE, and now.

<sup>† 15. 1</sup> Sam. ii. 3; Psa. xxxi. 18; xciv. 4; Mal. iii. 13. † 16. 2 Pet. ii. 18. † 16. Prov. xxi. 28; James ii. 1, 9. † 17. 2 Pet. iii. 2. † 18. 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Tim. iii. 1; iv. 3; 2 Pet. ii. 1; iii. 3. † 19. 1 Cor. iii. 14; James iii. 15. † 20. Col. ii. 7; 1 Tim. i. 4. † 21. Titus ii. 13. † 23. Rev. iii. 4. † 24. Rom. xvi. 25; 1 9h. iii. 20 † 24. Col. i. 22. † 25. Rom. xvi. 27; 1 Tim. i. 17; ii. 3.

# ΑΠΟΚΑΛΥΨΙΣ.

# THE APOCALYPSE.

### КΕФ. α'. 1.

1 Αποκαλυψις Ιησου Χριστου, ήν εδωκεν αυτω A revelation of Jesus Anointed, which gave to him δ θεος, δειξαι τοις δουλοις αύτου SEL the God, to point out to the bond-servants of himself the things it behoves γενεσθαι εν ταχαι, και εσημανεν αποστειλας to have done with speed, and he signified του αγγελου αύτου τω δουλω αύτου by means of the messenger of himself to the bond-aervantof himself Twanvn. 2 os εμαρτυρησε τον λογον του θεου, to John; who testified the word of the God, και την μαρτυριαν Ιησου Χριστου, όσα ειδε. and the testimony of Jesus Anointed, what things he saw. 3 Μακαριος δ αναγινωσκων, και οί ακουοντες Blessed the one reading, and those hearing

τους λογους της προφητειας, και τηρουντες the words of the prophecy, and keeping strictly τα εν αυτη γεγραμμενα ό γαρ καιρος thethings in 1t having been written; the for season εγγυς.

near.

4 Ιωαννης ταις έπτα εκκλησιαις ταις εν τη to the seven congregations to those in the Ασια χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο δ to you and peace from the one existing favor και δ ερχομενος και απο των ην and the one who was and the one coming; and from επτα πνευματων, α † [επτιν] ενωπιον seven spirits, which [ia] in presence in presence of the θρονου αυτου. 5 και απο Ιησου Χριστου, δ μαρthrone of him; and from Jesus Anointed, the witτυς δ πιστος, δ πρωτοτοκος των νεκρων, και δ ness the faithful, the first-born of the dead ones, and the πρχων των βασιλέων της γης τω αγαπωντι ofthe kings of the earth; to the oneloving prince ήμας και λουσαντι ήμας απο των άμαρτιων ήμων and having washed us from the Sins ofus εν τφ αίματι αύτου, 6 και εποιησεν ήμας βασι-in the blood of himself, and made us a kinga kingλειαν, ίερεις τψ θεώ και πατρι αύτου, αυτψ ή

### CHAPTER I.

- 1 A Revelation of Jesus Christ, which God gave to him, to point out to his SERVANTS the things it is necessary to have done speedily; and which he signified, ‡ having sent by his Angel, to his SERVANT John,
- 2 twho testified the word of God, and the testimony of J. sus Christ \* whatever things the saw.
- 3 Blessed is HE who READS, and THOSE who HEAR the WORDS of the PROPHECY, and ‡observe the THINGS which have been WRITTEN in it; for ‡the TIME is near.
- 4 John to those seven Congregations in Asia; Favor and Peace to you from \* God, the one \* who is, and the one who is conting; and from \* the seven Spirits which are before his theone;
- 5 and from Jesus Christ, the FAITHFUL WITNESS, the CHIEF-BORN of the DEAD, and the PRINCE of the KINGS of the earth. To HIM who LOVES us, tand i freed us from our SINS by his own BLOOD,
- 6 and made † for us a Kingdom,—Priests for his God and Father; ‡ to Him

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Revelation is not found in the Vat. Ms., 1200, therefore the Various Readings, are taken from Dr. Birch's Collation of the Vat. Ms., 1100, of the eleventh century. Where these readings acree with the three oldest Uncial MSS. they are respectively marked as follows:—A.—Colex Alexandrinus, probably of the fifth century: B.—Colex Vaticanus, written about the end of the seventh century or beginning of the eighth: C.—Colex Ephrami Rescriptus, No. 9, probably of the fifth century. A few corroborative Readings, otherwise marked D.—Colex Sinaiticus, will be given from the very ancient Uncial, discovered by Dr. Tischendorf, probably of the same date as Vat. Ms., 1209.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—No title is given in this MS.; C. has Revelation of John. The Greek word "Apc "ypse" has been adopted for the title. 2. whatever things he saw (a b.) 4. Od, the one who is (b.)

<sup>† 4.</sup> estin, is—omitted by B C. † 5. So reads A C and some other MSS, and versions. † 6. heemin, for us.—A.; heemoon, of us.—C.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Rev. xxii. 16. † 2. Rev. vi. 9; xii. 17. † 2. 1 John i. 1. † 3. Rev. xxii. 7; † 3. Rev. xxii. 19. † 4. Exod, iii. 14; verse 8. † 4. Zech, iii. 15; iv. 10; Rev. iii. 1; iv. 5; v. 0. † 5. 1 Cor. xv. 20; Col. i. 18. † 5. Rev. xvi. 14: xix. 16. † 5. 1 John i. 7. † 6. 1 Tim. vi. 10; Heb. xiii. 21; 1 Pet. iv. 11; Rev. v 11.

δοξα και το κρατος  $\epsilon$ is τους αιωνας των αιωνων-glory and the strength for the ages of the ages;  $\alpha\mu\eta\nu$ .

so be it. 7 ίδου, ερχεται μετα των νεφελων, και οψεclouds, and shall Lo, he comes with the ται αυτον πας οφθαλμος, και οίτινες αυτον and those who see him every eye, εξεκεντησαν και κοψονται επ' αυτον πασαι αί pierced; and shall mourn over him all <sup>8</sup>Εγω ειμι το Α φυλαι της γης ναι, αμην. tribes of the earth; yes, so beit. και το  $\Omega$ , λεγει κυριος  $\delta$  θεος,  $\delta$  ων και and the Omega, says Lord the God, the one existing and ό ην και ό ερχομενος, ό παντοκρατωρ. the one who was and the one coming, the almighty.

9 Εγω Ιωαννης, δ αξελφος ύμων, και συγκοι-John, the brother of you, and co-partνωνος εν τη θλιψει και βασιλεια και υπομονη nor in the affliction and kingdom and patience Ι ησου Χριστου, εγενομην εν τη νησω τη καλουwas in the island that being of Jesus Anointed, τον λογον του θεου,μενφ Πατμφ, δια Patmos, on account of the word of the God. cilled  $\kappa \alpha i$  \*  $[\delta i\alpha]$   $\tau \eta \nu$   $\mu \alpha \rho \tau \nu \rho i \alpha \nu$   $[\chi \rho i \sigma - \chi \sigma \nu]$ and [on account of] the testimony of Jesus 10 Εγενομην εν πνευματι εν τη κυριακη TOU. I was in spirit in the Lord's e'.} ήμερα και γκουσα οπισω μου φωνην μεγα-day; and I heard behind of me a voice loud loud λην ως σαλπιγγος, 11 λεγουσης Ο βλεπεις as of a trumpet, saying; What thou seest γραψον εις βιβλιον, και πεμιγον ταις έπτα εκdo thou write for a scroll, and send to the seven conκλησιαις, εις Εφισον, και εις Σμυρναν, και εις and to gregations, to Ephesus, and to Smyrna, Περγαμον, και εις Θυατειρα, και εις Σαρδεις, and to Sardis, and to Thyatira, Pergamos, Φιλαδελφειαν, και εις Λαοδικειαν. KGI EIS Philadelphia, and to Laodicea. 10

12 Και επεστρεψα βλεπειν την φωνην ήτις And I turned to see the voice which ελαλησε μετ' εμου και επιστρεψας ειδον έπτα spoke with me; and having turned I saw seven λυχνιας χρυσας, 13 και εν μεσφ των \*[έπτα] lampstands golden, and in midst of the seven] λυχνιων όμοιον υίτο ανθρωπου, ενδεδυμενον lampstands like to a son of man, having on agarment ποδηρη, και περιεξωσμενον προς τοις εακλημείος τοις ξωνην χρυσην. 14 ή δε κεφαλη αυτου breasts a girdle golden; the but head of him κιι αι τριχες, λευκαι ώς εριον λευκον, ώς χιτεν' and the hairs, white as wool white, as snow;

be the GLORY and the MIGHT for the AGES of the AGES. Amen.

7 Behold! the is coming with the CLOUDS, and Every Eye shall see him, and those who pierced flim; and All the TRIBES of the LAND shall mourn over him. Yes, Amen.

8 to H am the Alpha and the Omega," says the Lord God, to the one who is, and the one who was, and the one who is coming—the Omnipotent."

9 I John, your BROTHER and Co-partner in the AFFLICTION, and Kingdom, and Patient waiting for Jesus, was in THAT ISLAND which is CALLED Patinos, Ion account of the WORD of God, and the Testimony of Jesus.

10 ‡ I was in Spirit on the Lord's Day; and I heard behind me a loud Voice as of a Trumpet,

11 saying, "What thou seest write in a Scroll, and send to THOSE SEVEN Congregations;—to Ephesus, and to Smyrna, and to Pergamos, and to Thyatira, and to Sardis, and to Philadelphia, and to Laodicea."

12 And I turned to see the VOICE which \*was speaking with me; and having turned I saw t Seven golden Lampstands,

13 and in the Midst of the Lampstands tone like to a Son of Man, tinvested with a garment to the foot, and girded about at the BREASTS with a golden Girdle;

14 and his HEAD and HAIRS white as white

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1100.—9. Christ Jesus (B.) Jesus (D.) 9. on account of—omit (Ac.) 9. Anointed—omit (Ac.) 12. was speaking (Bc.) 13. seven—omit (Ac.)

και οἱ οφθαλμοι αυτου ὡς φλοξ πυρος· 15 και οί and the eyes of him as a flame of fire; and the ποδες αυτου όμοιοι χαλκολιβανώ, ώς εν καμινώ feet of him like to fine white brass, as in a furnace και ή φωνη αυτου δις φωνη and the voice of him as avoice MEMUDWILEVOL. having been set on fire; ύδατων πολλων. 16 και εχων εν τη δεξια αύτου and having in the right of himself many; χειρι αστερας έπτα και εκ του στοματος and out of the hand stars seven; αυτου βομφαια διστομος οξεια εκπορευομενη. wat η οψις αυτου, ως ο ηλιος φαινεί εν τη and the appearance of him, as the sun shines in the 17 Και ότε ειδον αυτον επεσα δυναμει αύτου. power of himself. And when I saw him I fell προς τους ποδας αυτου, ώς νεκρος και εθηκε την at the feet of him, as dead; and he placed the δεξιαν αύτου επ' εμε, λεγων. Μη φοβου. εγω right of himself on me, saying; Not do then fear; 1 ειμι δ πρωτος και δ εσχατος, 18 και δ ζων και απι the living one: even am the first and the last, and the living one; even εγενομην νεκρος, και ιδου ζων ειμι εις Tous
Iwas dead, and lo living I am for the αιωνας των αιωνων και εχω τας κλεις του ages of the ages; and I have the keys of the θανατου και του όδου. 19 Γραζον ουν α death and of the unseen. Write thou therefore the things ειδες, και ά εισι, και ά μελλει γινεσθαι thou sawest, even the things are, and the things about to occur μετα ταυτα· <sup>20</sup> το μυστηριον των έπτα αστεafter these; the secret of the seven ρων ών ειδες επι της δεξιας μου, και τας which theu sawest on the right of me, and the έπτα λυχνιας τας χρυσας. Οί έπτα αστερες, αγγελοι των έπτα εκκλησιων εισι και αί λυχmessengers of the seven congregations are; and 'le lampνιαι αί επτα, επτα εκκλησιαι εισι. stands the seven, seven congregations are.

### КЕФ. В'. 2.

 $^1$ T $\phi$  appends  $\tau\eta s$   $\epsilon \nu$   $^{2}$ E $\phi \epsilon \sigma \phi$   $\epsilon \kappa \kappa \lambda \eta \sigma \iota \alpha s$   $\gamma \rho \alpha$ -By the messenger of the in Ephesus congregation dothou ψον Ταδε λεγει ό κρατων τους έπτα αστερας write; These things says the one holding the seven ευ τη δεξια αύτου, δ περιπατων εν μεσφ των in the right of himself, the one walking in midst of the έπτα λυχνιών των χρυσών. Ε οιδα τα εργα σου. seven lampstands the golden. I know the works of thee, και τον κοπον \*[σου,] και την ὑπομονη σου,

Wool, as Snow; and this EVES as a Flame of Fire: 15 fand his FEET like

to fine Brass glowing with fire, as in a curnace; and this VOICE as the Voice of

many Waters; 16 ‡ and having in his RIGHT Hand seven Stars; tand out of his MOUTH proceeding a sharp twoedged broad Sword; and this APPEARANCE as the sum shines in STRENGTH.

17 And twhen I saw him, I fell at his FEET as dead; but the placed his RIGHT hand on me, saying, "Fear not; IH am the + FIRST and the LAST,

18 and the LIVING ONE: I was even dead, but, behold, I am living for the AGES of the AGES; and I have the KEYS of DEATH and of WADES.

19 Write therefore the things thou sawest, even those which are, and the things which are about to transpire after these.

20 As for the SECRET of the seven Stars which thou sawest in my RIGHT hand, and the SEVEN GOLDEN Lampstands; the SEVEN Stars are I Messengers of the SEVEN Congregations, and ‡ the SEVEN LAMPSTANDS are Seven Congregations.

### CHAPTER II.

1 By the MESSENGER of the CONGREGATION in Ephesus, write; These things says Inz who HOLDS the SEVEN Stars in his right hand, the who walks in the Midst of the SEVEN GOLDEN Lampstands;

2 I I know thy WORKS, and thy TOIL, and thy PATIENT ENDURANCE,

<sup>2.</sup> thy-is omitted by A c. † 17. FIRST-BORN (A.)

<sup>† 14.</sup> Dan. x. 6; Rev. ii. 18. † 15. Ezek. i. 7. † 15. Ezek. xliii. 2; Rev. xiv. 2; xix. 6. x 16. verse 20. † 16. Rev. ii. 12, 16; xix. 15, 21. † 16. Acts xxvi. 13; Rev. x. 1. † 17. Ezek. i. 28. † 17. Dan. viii. 18; x. 10. † 17. Is xli. 4; xliv. 6; xlviii. 12; verse 11; Rev. ii. 8; xxii. 13. † 18. Rev. iv. 9; v. 14. † Nev. ii. 1, &c. † 19. Rev. iv. 1, &c. † 20. Mal. ii. 7; Rev. ii. 1, &c. † 20. Ze. . † 20. Ze. . † 11. Rev. i. 16, 20. † 11. Rev. i. 13. † 2. Psa. i. 6; ver. 6. 13, 19, &c.

και ότι ου δυνη βαστασαι κακους και επειand that not thou artable to bear with bad ones; and thou hast ρασας τους λεγοντας έαυτους αποστολους ειναι. to be, those declaring themselves apostles και ουκ εισι και εύρες αυτους ψευδεις. 3 και and not they are; and thou hast found them liars: ύπομονην εχεις, και εβαστασας δια patient endurance thou hast, and thou hast suffered on account of the ονομα μου, και ουκ εκοπιασας.
name of me, and not thou hast wearied. <sup>4</sup>  $A\lambda\lambda$ '  $\epsilon\chi\omega$ But I have κατα σου, ότι την αγαπην σου την πρωτην against thee, because the love of thee the 5 Μνημονευε ουν ποθεν πεπτωκας, thou hast relaxed. Do thou remember therefore whence thou hast fallen, και μετανοησον, και τα πρωτα εργα ποιησον and change thy mind, and the first works do thou; ει δε μη, ερχομαι σοι  $\dagger$  [ταχν,] και κινησω την if but not, lam coming to thee [speedily,] and I will remove the λυχνιαν σου εκ του τοπου αύτης, εαν μη fampstand of thee out of the place of itself, if not μετανοησης. 6 Αλλα τουτο εχεις, ότι μισεις thou dost change thy mind. But this thou hast, that thou hatest τα εργα των Νικολαιτων, α καγω μισω. the works of the Nikolaitans, which I also hate. εχων ους, ακουτατω τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις one having an ear, let him hear what the spirit says to the εκκλησιαις. Τφ νικωντι δωσω αυτω φαγειν congregationf; To the one overcoming I will give to him to eat εκ του ξυλου της ζωης, δ εστιν εν τφ παραfrom the wood of the life, which is in the δεισφ του θεου † [μου.] of the God

8 Και τω αγγελω της εν Σμυρνη εκκλησιας And by the measenger of the in Smyrna congregation Ταδε λεγει ό πρωτος και ό εσχαdo thou write; These things says the first and the last, τος, ός εγενετο νεκρυς, και είησεν. 9 οιδα σου I know of thee and lived; who became dead, † [τα εργα, και] την θλιψιν, και την πτωχειαν, [the works, and] the affliction, and the poverty, (αλλα πλουσιος ει,) και την βλασφημιαν εκ των λεγοντων Ιουδαιους ειναι έαυτους, και ουκ to be themselves, and not Jews those declaring 10 Μηδεν εισιν, αλλα συναγωγη του σατανα. an assembly of the adversary. Not μελλεις πασχειν ιδου, μελλει à fear thou the things thou art about to suffer; lo, is about βαλειν ὁ διαβολος εξ ύμων εις φυλακην, ίνα to cast the accuser from of you into prison, so that

and that thou art not able to endure wicked men; and thou hast tried THOSE who DECLARE themselves to be Apostles, but are not, and hast found them Liars;

3 and thou hast patiently endured and hast suffered on account of my NAME, ‡ and † thou hast

thee, That thou hast re-

not been weary.
4 But I have this against

laxed thy FIRST LOVE.

5 Remember, therefore, whence thou hast fallen and reform, and do the FIRST Works; but if not, I am coming to thee, and I will remove thy LAMP-STAND out of its PLACE, unless thou reform.

6 But This thou hast, That thou hatest the works of the NICOLAL-TANS, which I also hate."

7 (‡ Let him who has an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CONGERGATIONS.) "To the CONQUEROR will I give to eat of the the twood of the LIFE, which is in the PARADISE of God.

8 And by the MESSENGER of the CONGREGA-TION in Smyrna write; These things says the friest and the LAST, who was dead, and lived:

9 I know Thy AFFLICTION and POVERTY, (but thou art ‡rich;) and 1 know the BLASPHEMY of †THOSE DECLARING themselves to be Jews, and are not, but ‡an Assembly of the ADVERSARY.

Not 10 ‡ Fear not the things which thou art about to suffer; behold, the ENEto that of you into Prison, that

<sup>† 3.</sup> thou hast not been weary (a c.) 5. speedily—is omitted by (a c.) 7. Wood is the primary signification of xulon, and may here denote, as in Rev. xxii. 2, an aggregation of dendra, or trees, commonly called a wood, or forest; a xulon of life, occupying a place on both sides of the river. 7. my—is omitted by (a c.) 8. FIRST-BORN (A.) 9. thy WORKS, and—is omitted by (A c.)

<sup>† 2. 1</sup> John iv. 1. † 3. Gal, vi. 9; Heb. xii. 3, 5. † 6. verse 15. † 7. Matt. xi. 15; xiii. 9, 45; verses 11, 17, 29; Rev. iii. 6, 13, 22; xiii. 9. † 7. Rev. xxii. 3, 14. † 7. Gen. ii. 9. † 8. Rev. i. 8, 17, 18. † 9. Luke xii. 21; 1 Tim. vi. 18; James ii. 5. † 9. Rev. iii. 9; † 10. Matt. x. 22.

πειρασθητε και έξετε θλιψιν ήμερων δεκα. you may be tried; and you shall have affliction days ten. Γινου πιστος αχρι θανατου, και δωσω σοι τον Be thou faithful till death, and I will give to thee the στεφανον της ζωης. 11 'O εχων ους, ακουcrown of the life. The one having an ear, let him σατω τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις. 'Ο hear what the spirit says to the congregations; The ου μη αδικηθη εκ του θανατου του one overcoming not not he may be hurt by the death δευτεμου.

second. 12 Και τω αγγελώ της εν Περγαμώ εκκλησιας And by the messenger of the in Pergamos congregation Ταδε λεγειδ εχων την δομφαιαν do thou write; These things says the one having the broad sword 13 οιδα † [τα εργα την διστομον την οξειαν that two-mouthed the snarp; Ilmoow [the works σου, και που κατοικεις, όπου δ θρονός του of thee, and ] where thou dwellest, where the throne of the σατανα' και κρατεις το ονομα μου, και ουκ adversary; and thou holdest fast the name of me, and not την πιστιν μου, \*[και] εν ταις ήμε-the faith of me, [even] in those days thou didst deay the faith of me, ραις \*[εν] αίς Αντιπας δ μαρτυς μου ὁ πιστος, [in] which Antipas the witness of methe faithful, δς απεκτανθη παρ' ύμιν, όπου ὁ σατανας κατοιwho was killed among you, where the adversary dwells. κει. 14 Αλλ' εχω κατα σου ολιγα, + STL But I have against thee a few things, [because] εχεις εκει κρατουντας την διδαχην Βαλααμ, thou hast there some holding the teaching of Balaam, ός εδιδασκε τω Βαλακ βαλειν σκανδαλον ενω the Balak to cast a stumbling-block who instructed πιον των υίων Ισραηλ, φαγειν ειδωλοθυτα και fore the sons of Israel, to eat idolfsacrifices and πορνευσαι. 15 Ούτως εχεις και συ κρατουντας So hast also thou some holding to fornicate. \*[των] Νικολαιτων δμοιως. την διδαχην [ofthe] teaching Nikolaitans in like manner Μετανοησον ουν ει δε μη, ερχομαι σοι Change thy mind therefore; if but not, I am coming to thee 16 Μετανοησον ουν. ταχυ, και πολεμησω μετ' αυτων εν τη δομφαια quickly, and I will war with them by the broadsword 17 'Ο εχων ούς, ακουτου στοματος μου. of the mouth of me. The one having an ear, let him σατω τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις. Τφ spirit says to the congregations; To the hear what the δωσω αυτώ του μαννα του κεκρυμone overcoming I will give to him [of] the manna of that having been · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 13. even-omit.

you may be tried, and you shall have Affliction ten Days. I Be thou faithful till Death, and I will give to thee I the CROWN of LIFE."

11 (I Let HIM Who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT Says to the con-GREGATIONS.) "The con-QUEROR shall not be injured ; by the SECOND

DEATH.

12 And by the MESSEN-GER of the CONGREGATION in Pergamos write; These things says the who HAS the SHARP TWO-EDGED BROAD SWORD;

13 I know where thou dwellest,-1 where THRONE of the ADVER-SARY is; and yet thou firmly retainest my NAME; and thou didst not deny my FAITH even in the DAYS in which Antipas was my WITNESS, † n.y FAITHFUL one, who was killed among you, where the ADVERSARY dwells.

14 But I have a few things against thee; thou hast there those holding the TEACHING of Balaam. who instructed Balak to cast a Stumbling block before the sons of Israel, \* both tto eat Idol-sacrifices, and to fornicate.

15 So in like manner thou hast also those holding the TEACHING of the

\* Nicolaitans.

16 Reform, therefore: but if not, I am coming to thre speedily, and ‡will fight with them with the BROAD SWORD of BIY MOUTH."

17 (! Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CON-GREGATIONS.) "To the conqueror I will give THAT MANNA which has

<sup>13.</sup> in-omit. 14. both. 17. of-omit. 15. of the-omit.

<sup>+ 13.</sup> thy works, and—is omitted by (A c.) because—is omitted by (A.) 13. my-is added by (A C.)

μενου, και δωσω αυτώ ψηφον λευκην, και επι hidden, and I will give to him a pebble white, and on την ψηφον ονομα καινον γεγραμμενον, δ ουδεις the pebble anane new having been written, which no one other ει μη δ λαμβανων.

λιονε if not the one receiving.

18 Και τω αγγελώ της εν Θυατειροις εκκλη-And by the messenger of the in Thyatira Ταδε λεγει δ υίος του θεου, σιας γραψον. Thesethings says the son of the God, gation write; δ εχων τους οφθαλμους αύτου ώς Φλογα eyes of himself as a flame the one having the πυρος, και οί ποδες αυτου όμοιοι χαλκολιβανφ. offire, and the feet of him like to fine white brass; 19 οιδα σου τα εργα, και την αγαπην, και την I know of thee the works, and the love, and the πιστιν, και την διακονιαν, και την ύπομονην and the patient endurance faith, and the service, σου, και τα εργα σου τα εσχατα πλειονα των of thee, and the works of thee the last more of the πρωτων. 10 Αλλ' εχω κατα σου, δτι But I have against thee, because thoulettest alone την γυναικα † σου Ιεζαβελ, ή λεγουσα έαυτην [of thee] Jezebel, the one calling the wife herself προφητιν, και διδασκει και πλανά τους εμους a prophetess, and she teaches and seduces the my δουλους, πορνευσαι και φαγειν ειδωλοθυτα. bond-servants, to fornicate to eat idol-sacrifices. and

21 Και εδωκα αυτη χρονον ίνα μετανοηση, και And I gave to her time so that she might reform, and ου θελει μετανοησαι εκ της πορνείας αύτης not she wills to reform from the formication of herself;

22 ιδου, βαλλω αυτην εις κλινην, και τους μοι-I cast her into a bed, and those μετ' χευοντας αυτης εις θλιψιν μεγαλην, mitting adultery with ber into affliction great, εαν μη μετανοησωσεν εκ των εργων αυτης, if not they should reform from the works of her, <sup>23</sup> και τα τεκνα αυτης αποκτενω εν θανατφ· και and the children of her I will kill with death; and

γνωσονται πασαι αί εκκλησιαι, ότι εγυ ειμι ό shall know all the congregations, that am the ερευνων νεφρους και καρδιας και δωσω ύμιν one searching reins and hearts; and I will give to you 24 'Υμιν δε τα εργα ύμων. ката to each one according to the works of you. To you but λεγω, τοις λοιποις τοις εν Θυατειροις, όσοι I say, to the remaining ones to those in Thyatira, as many as

ουκ εχουσι την διδαχην ταυτην, οίτινες ουκ not hold the teaching this, who not εγνωσαν τα βαθεα του σατανα (ώς λεγουσιν)

knew the depths of the adversary (as they say;) Ou  $\beta \alpha \lambda \omega \in \phi^2$   $\dot{\psi} \mu \alpha s$   $\alpha \lambda \lambda o$   $\beta \alpha \rho o s$ .  $^{25} \pi \lambda \eta \nu$   $\dot{\delta}$ 

Not I will lay on you other burden; but wha

been concealed; and I will give to him a white Pebble, and on the Pebble a new Name engraved, which no one knows but He who receives it:

18 And by the Messen-Ger of the Congregation in Thyatira write; These things says that son of God, who has this eyes as a Flame of Fire, and his feet like to fine Brass;

19 I know Thy Works, and Love, and faith, and service, and fattent endurance, and thy Last works to be more than the first.

20 But I have this against thee, Because thou lettest alone the woman the teaches and seduces My Servants, to fornicate, and to eat idol-sacrifices.

21 And I gave her time, so that she might reform; but she is not disposed to reform from her fornica-

TION.

22 Behold! \*I will cast her, and those committing adultery with her into a Bed,—into great Affliction; unless they reform from her works.

23 And I will kill her CHILDREN with Death; and All the CONGREGATIONS shall know That ‡ f am HE who SEARCHES Reins and Hearts; ‡ and I will give to you, to each one, according to your WORKS.

24 But I say to you,—
to the REST in Thyatira,
as many as have not this
TEACHING, who knew not
the DEPTHS of the ADVERSARY, (as they say;) † I
lay on you no Other Burden;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 22. I will cast (A B.)

f 20. sou—thy, is omitted by c. very many MSS., and most of the versions.

24. Balloo
I lay, A c, and many MSS.

<sup>† 17.</sup> Rev. iii. 12; xix. 12. † 18. Rev. i. 14, 15. † 20. 1 Kings xvi. 31; xxi. 25; 2 Kings ix. 7. † 20. Acts xv. 20, 20; verse 14. † 23. 1 Sam. xvi. 7; 1 Chron. xxviii. 9; xxix. 17; 2 Chron. vi. 20; Psa. vii. 9; Jer. xi. 20; xvii. 10; xx. 12; Rom. viii. 27. Psa. lrii. 12; Matt. xvi. 27; Rom. ii. 6; xiv. 12; 2 Cor. v. 10; Gal. vi. 5; Rev. xx. 12.

26 Kai 8 εχετε, κρατησατε αχρις ού αν ήξω. hold fast till of which I may have come. And the και δ τηρων αχρι τελους τα εργα one overcoming, and the one keeping till an end the works μου, δωσω αυτώ εξουσιαν επι των εθνων. 27 και of me, I will give to him authority over the nations; ποιμανει αυτους εν βαβδώ σιδηρα, ώς τα σκευη he shall rule them with a rod made of iron, as the vessels τα κεραμικά συντριβεται, ώς καγω ειληφα those earthen ones it is breaking together, as also I received παρα του πατρος μου 28 και δωσω αυτφ τον from of the father of me; and I will give to him the αστερα τον πρωινον. 29 'Ο εχων ους, ακουthe morning. The one having an ear, let him σατω τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις.

КЕФ. γ'. 3.

hear what the spirit says to the congregations.

1 Και τω αγγελώ της εν Σαρδεσιν εκκλεσιας And by the messenger of the in Sardis congregation γραψον. Ταδε λεγει δ εχων τα έπτα πνευ-These things says the one having the seven ματα του θεου, και τους έπτα αστερας. Οιδα stars, of the God, and the seven Iknow σου τα εργα, ότι ονομα εχεις ότι (ης, και that a name thou hast that thou livest, and of thee the works, 2 Γινου γρηγορων, και στηρισον VEKDOS dead thou art. Become thou vigitant, and strengthen λοιπα ά εμελλον αποθανειν ου γαρ the things remaining which were about to die; not for εύρηκα σου τα εργα πεπληρωμενα ενωπιον I have found of thee the works having been completed in presence 3 Μνημονευε ουν πως του θεου μου. Remember thou therefore how thou hast reof the God of me. φας \* [και ηκούσας, και τηρει,] και μετανοηceived [and thou didst hear, and observe.] and σον. Εαν ουν μη γρηγορησης, If therefore not thou shouldest have watched, I may have come επι σε ώς κλεπτης, και ου μη yvws

et i  $\sigma \in \dot{\omega}s$   $\kappa\lambda \in \pi \tau \eta s$ ,  $\kappa\alpha i$  ou  $\mu\eta$   $\gamma \nu \dot{\omega}s$  on thee as a thirf, and not not then may est have known  $\pi \sigma i \alpha \nu \dot{\omega} \rho \alpha \nu \dot{\eta} \xi \omega \in \pi i \ \sigma \epsilon$ . A  $\lambda\lambda^{2} \in \chi \epsilon i s$  what hour I may have come on thee. But thou hast

ολιγα ονοματα εν Σαρδεσιν, α ουκ εμυλυναν seem names in Sardis, which not soiled

τα ίματια αύτων και περιπατηπουσι μετ' εμου
the garments of themselves; and they shall walk with me

25 but what you have, hold fast till I \* may have come.

26 And HE who CON-QUERS, even HE who ; KEEPS my WORKS to an End, ‡I will give to him Authority over the NA-TIONS;

27 and he shall rule them with an Iron Sceptre; (as the EARTHEN VESSELS it is breaking them together;) as also I have received from my FATHER.

28 And I will give to him the morning star."

29 (Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CONGREGATIONS.)

#### CHAPTER III.

1 "And by the MESSEN-"
GER of the CONGREGATION
in Sardis write; There
things says the who has
the seven Spirits of God,
and the seven Stars; the
know Thy works, That
the u hast a Name \* That
thou livest, and thou art
dead.

2 Become vigilant, and \*strengthen the remaining THINGS which were about to die; for I have not found. Thy works fully performed in the presence of my God.

3 ‡ Remember, therefore, how thou hast received and heard, and observent, and ‡ reform. ‡ If, therefore, thou should not watch, I may have come † [on thee] as a Thief, and thou mayest by no means know at what Hour I may have come on thee.

4 But thou hast a Few Names in Sardis, which have not soiled their GAR-MENTS; and they shall walk with me in \*white

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—65. shall open. 1. and livest (B.)
the remaining things. 3. and thou hast heard, and observe—omit (B.)

<sup>+ 3.</sup> on thee is omitted by (A c.)

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{25}\$. Rev.iii.11. \$\frac{1}{20}\$. John vi. 20; 1 John iii. 23. \$\frac{1}{25}\$. Matt. xix. 28; Luke xxii. 29, 30; 1 Cor. vi. 3; Rev.iii 21; xx. 4. \$\frac{1}{27}\$. Psn. ii. 8, 0; xliz. 14; Dan. vi. ...; Rev. xii. 6; xix. 15. \$\frac{1}{25}\$. 2 Pot. i. 10; Rev. xxii. 16. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 1. Rev. i. 4, 10; iv. 5; v. 6. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 1. Rev. ii. 2. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 3. 1 Thus. vi. 20; 2 Tim. i. 13; verse 11. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 8. verse 19. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Matt. xxiv. 43; xxv. 13; 1 Thess. v. 2. \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 4. Rev. iv. 4; vi. 11; vii. 9, 13.

5 '0 εν λευκοις, ότι άξιοι εισιν. νικων. The one overcoming, in white (robes,) because worthy they are. ούτος περιβαλειται εν ίματιοις λευκοις και ου this shallinves himself with garments white; and not μη εξαλειψω το ονομα αυτου εκ της βιβλου not I will blot out the name of him out of the scroll της ζωης, και δμολογησω το ονομα αυτου ενωof the life, and I will confess the name of him πιον του πατρος μου, και ενωπιον των αγγεpresence of the father of me, and in presence of the messenλων αυτου. 6 'Ο εχων ους, ακουσατω τι το gers of him. The one having at ear, let him bear what the πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις. spirit says to the congregations.

7 Και τω αγγελώ της εν Φιλαδελφεια εκκλη-And by the messenger of the in Philadelphia σιας γραψον. Ταδε λεγει δ άγιος, δ αληwrite; These things says the holy one, the true θινος, δ εχων την κλειν του Δαυιδ. δ ανοιγων, the one having the key of the David; the one opening, και ουδεις κλειει και κλειει, και ουδεις ανοιand no one shuts; and shuts, and no one opens; γει· 8 οιδα σου τα εργα· ιδου, δεδωκα ενωπιον I know of thee the works; lo, I have placed before σου θυραν ανεώγμενην, ήν ουδεις δυναται κλειthee adoor having been opened, which no one is able σαι αυτην ότι μικραν εχεις δυναμιν, και ετηshut her; because a little thou hast power, and οησας μου τον λογον, και ουκ ηρνησω το ονομα word, and notthou didstdenythe name hast kept of me the 9 Ιδου, διδωμι εκ της συναγωγης του I give out of the assembly ofthe σατανα των λεγοντων έαυτους Ιουδαιους ειναι, adversary those saying themselves Jews και ουκ εισιν, αλλα ψευδονται ιδου, ποιησω but speak falsely; lo, I will make and not they are, but και προσκυνησωσιν ενωαυτους, ίνα ήξωσι them, so that they may have come and may have prostrated beπιου των ποδων σου, και γνωσιν, OTI feet of thee, and they may have known, that fore the \* $[\epsilon\gamma\omega]$  ηγαπησα σε·  $^{10}$  δτι ετηρησας TOV loved thee; because thou hast kept the λογον της ύπομονης μου, καγω σε τηρησω εκ word of the patience of me, also I thee will keep from της ώρας του πειρασμού της μελλούσης ερχέσshe hour of the trial of that being about to come θαι επι της οικουμένης όλης, πειρασαι τους habitable whole, to try those the 11 Ερχομαι ταχυ. κατοικουντας επι της γης.

the earth.

(robes;) Because they are

worthy. CONQUEROR shall \* thus the clothed in white Garments; and I will by no means blot out his NAME from the 1 BOOK of LIFE, and I I will confess his NANE in the presence of my FATHER. and in the presence of his ANGELS."

6 (Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the con-

GREGATIONS.)

7 "And by the MESSEN. GER of the CONGREGATION in Philadelphia write: These things says I the HOLY one, the TRUE, HE who HAS the KEY of DAVID. THE who opens and no one \* shall shut, and shuts and no one opens;

8 II know Thy WORKS: behold! I have placed before thee tan opened Door, which no one is able to shut; Because thou hast a Little Power, and hast kept My word, and didst

not deny my NAME.

9 Behold! I am giving up ITHOSE from the As-SEMBLY of the ADVER-SARY, Who DECLARE themselves to be Jews, and are not, but speak falsely; behold! II will make them to come and pay homage before thy FEET, and to know That # loved thee.

10 Because thou hast kept the WORD of my PA-TIENT ENDURANCE, # Halso will keep Thee from THAT HOUR OF TRIAL which is ABOUT to come on the whole HABITA-BLE, to try THOSE who DWELL on the EARTH.

11 I am coming speedily; # hold fast what thou

I come speeduly;

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 5. thus be clothed, (A.C.) 7. shall shut; and 9. £-omit (B.) he who shuts and no one shall open.

<sup>† 5.</sup> Rev. xix. 8. † 5. Phil. iv. 3, Rev. xiii. 8. † 5. Matt. x. \$

† 7. Acts iii. 14. † 7. 1 John v. 20; verse 14; Rev. i. 5; vi. 10; xix. 11. xxil. 22; Luke i. 32; Rev. i. 18. † 7. Matt. xvi. 10. † 8. verse 1 xvi. 9; 2 Cor. ii. 12. † 9. Rev. ii. 0. † 9. Isa. xlix. 23; lx. 14. 11. 9. † 10. Luke ii. 1. † 11. Phil. iv. 5; Rev. xxii. 7, 12, 20. 3; Rev. ii. 25. 2 5. Matt. x. 32; Luke xii. S. 2 7. Isa. 2 8. 1 Cor. 1 10. 2 Pet. 1 11. verse

κρατει δ εχεις, ίνα μηδεις λαβη τον boldthou fast what thou hast, so that no one may have taken the TOV στεφανον σου. 13 Ο νικαν, ποιησω αυτον crown of thee. Theone overcoming, I will make him στυλον εν τω ναφ του θεου μου, και εξω ου apillar in the temple of the God of me, and outside not apillar in the temple of the God of the same of the God of the same for the same of the God of the same for the same of the God of the same for the city του θεου μου, ] της καινης Ίερουσαλημ, ή καταof the God of me, ] of the new Jerusalem, that coming βαινουσα εκ του ουρανου απο του θεου μου, και down out of the heaven from the God of the, and το ονομα \*[μου] το καίνον. 13 Ο εχων ους, the name [of me] the new. The one having an ear, ακουτατώ τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις. let him near what the spirit says to the congregations.

14 Και τω αγγελώ της εν Λαοδικεια εκκλη-And by the messenger of the in Laudicea congregaσιας γραψον Ταδε λεγει δ Αμην, δ μαρτυς
tion write; These things says the Amen, the witness ο πιστος και αληθινος, ή αργη της κτισεως the faithful and true, the beginning of the creation του θεου. 15 οιδα σου τα εργα, ότι ουτε ψυχρος I know of thee the works, that neither cold ουτε ζεστος οφελον ψυχρος ής, η ζεσthouart, nor hot; I wish cold thouwert, or hot. τος. 16 Ούτως, ότι χλιαρος ει, και ουτε Thus, because lukewarm thouart, and neither

 $\int$ εστος ουτε ψυχρος, μελλω σε εμεσαι εκ του hot nor cold, I am about thee to vomit out of the στοματος μου. <sup>°</sup>Οτι λεγεις<sup>\*</sup> <sup>17</sup> ότι πλουσιος mouth of me. Because thousagest; that rich

ειμι, και πεπλουτηκα, και ουδένος χρειαν εχω, I am, and have been enriched, and not any need I have, και ουκ οιδας, ότι συ ει ό ταλαιπωρος και ό and notthou knowest, that thou art the wretched one and the eλεεινος, και πτωχος και τυφλος και γυμνος·
ntitable one, and poor and blind and naked; 18 συμβουλευω σοι αγορασαι παρ' εμου χρυσιον I counsel thee to have bought from of me gold

πεπυρωμενον εκ πυρος, ίνα πλυυτησης. having been burnt by fire, so that thou mayest have been rich; και ίματια λευκα, ίνα περιβαλη, so that thou mightest have been clothed and garments white, και μη φανερωθη ή αισχυνη της γυμνοτητος and not might have appeared the shame of the nakedness

σου και κολλουριον, εγχρισαι τους οφθαλμους of thee; and eye-salve, to have rubbed in the

βλεπης. 19 Εγω όπους εαν φιλω, σου, ίνα I as many as if I may love, of thee, so that thou may est see.

hast, so that no one may

take thy Crown.
12 The CONQUEROR, I will make him ta Pillar in the TEMPLE of my God. and he shall never go out more; and I I will write on him the NAME of my GOD, and the NAME of the CITY of my God, the t NEW Jerusalem, -that COMING DOWN out of the MEAVEN from my GoD; and ‡ my NEW NAME."

13 (Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CON-

GREGATIONS.)

14 "And by the MESSEN-GER of the CONGREGATION in Laodicea write; These things says the AMEN. the FAITHFUL and true WITNESS, the BEGIN-NING of the CREATION of

God; 15 I know Thy works That thou art neither cold nor het; I wish thou wert

cold o. hot.

16 Thus Because thou art lukewarm, and neither hot nor cold, I am about to vomit Thee out of my

17 Because thou sayest t' I am rich, and have become wealthy, and have Need of Nothing;' and knowest not that thou art the WRETCHED and the pitiable one,-even \* poor, and blind, and naked;

18 I counsel thee 1 to buy from me Gold which has been refined by Fire, that thou mayest be rich: and I white Garments, that thou mayest be clothed, and the SHAME of thy NAKEDNESS may not be manifested; and Eyesalve to anoint thine EYES, that thou mayest see.

19 E, tas many as I

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 12. the city of my God-omit. 17. POOR.

<sup>12.</sup> my-omit.

ελεγχω και παιδευω. (ηλωσον ουν και μετα-I prove , and admonish; be thou zealous therefore and reνοησον. <sup>20</sup> Ιδου, έστηκα επι την θυραν, και I have stood at the door, κρουω εαν τις ακουση της φωνης μου, και i knock; if any one may have heard the voice of me, and ανοιξη την θυραν, εισελευσομαι προς αυτον, may have opened the door, I will go in to και δειπνησω μετ' αυτου, και αυτος μετ' and sup with him, and he with εμου. me. \* [μετ' δωσω αυτφ καθισαι νικων, The one overcoming, I will give to him to have sat εμου] εν τφ θρονφ μου, ως καγω ενικησα, και in the throne of me, as also I overcame, and εκαθισα μετα του πατρος μου εν τφ θρονφ am sat down with the father of me in the throne 22 'Ο εχων ous, ακουσατω τι αυτου. The one having an ear, let him hear what the πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις. spirit says to the congregations.

### ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4.

1 Μετα ταυτα ειδον, και ιδου, θυρα ανεώ-After these things Isaw, and lo, a door having γμενη εν τφ ουρανφ, και ή φωνη ή πρωτη, been opened in the heaven, and the voice the first, ίν ηκουσα ώς σαλπιγγος λαλουσης μετ' εμου, which I heard as of a trumpet talking with  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$ . Aναβα  $\dot{\omega} \delta \epsilon$ , και  $\delta \epsilon \iota \xi \omega$  σοι  $\dot{\omega}$  signify; Comethou up here, and I will show to thee the things  $\delta \epsilon \iota$   $\gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha \iota$   $\mu \epsilon \tau \alpha$   $\tau \alpha \nu \tau \alpha$ .  $^2$  Kαι  $\epsilon \upsilon \theta \epsilon \omega s$  it behaves to have done after these things. And immediately εγενομην εν πνευματι και ιδου, θρονος εκειτο I was in spirit; and lo, a throne was placed έν τω ουρανώ, και επι του θρονου καθημενος. in the heaven, and on the throne one sitting; Βκαι δ καθημένος δμοιος δρασει λιθφ ιασπιδι and the one sitting like in appearance to a stone a jasper και σαρδιφ. και τοις κυκλοθεν του θρονου όμοιος and a sardius; and a rainbow round about the throne όρασει σμαραγδινφ. <sup>4</sup> Και κυκλοθεν του θρονου Inappearance to an emerald. And round about the throne in appearance to an emerald. θρονοι εικοσιτεσσαρες και επι τους θρονους and on the twenty-four; εικοσιτεσσαρας πρεσβυτερας καθημενους, περιsitting, twenty-four elders βεβλημενους εν ίματιοις λευκοις, και επι τας been clothed with garments white, and on the 5 Ka1 €K κεφαλας αυτων στεφανους χρυσους. And from of them crowns golden. του θρονου εκπορευοντοι αστραπαι και φωναι proceed lightnings and voices the throne

love, reprove and admonish; be zealous, therefore, and reform.

20 Behold! I have stood at the DOOR, and I knock; if any one may have heard my voice, and opened the DOOR, iI \*will enter in to him, and feast with him, and he with me.

21 The conqueror, ‡ I will give to him to sit down with me in my Throne, as H also conquered, and sat down with my FATHER in his THRONE."

22 (Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CONGREGATIONS.)

#### CHAPTER IV.

1 After these things I saw, and behold! a Door opened in the HEAVEN, and the FIRST VOICE which I heard, was as of a Trumpet speaking with me;—saying, t"Ascend hither, and I will show thee what \*must occur after these things."

2 Immediately ‡I was in Spirit; and behold! ‡a Throne was placed in the HEAVEN, and on \*the THEONE one sitting.

3 And the one SITTING was like in appearance to a Jasper-stone, and a Sardius; ‡ and a Rainbow encircled the THRONE,—\*similar in appearance to an Emerald.

4 ‡ And circling the THRONE were twenty-four Thrones; and on the THRONES twenty-four Elder sitting, ‡ having been clothed with white Garments, and on their HEADS Golden Crowns.

5 And from the THRONE proceed ‡ Lightnings and Voices and Thunders;

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—20. will both enter. 21. with me—omit. 1. must occur. Immediately after These things I was in Spirit. 2. the throws one sitting, to look upon like a Jasper-stone. 3. like to a Vision of Emeralds, (b.)

<sup>† 20.</sup> Luke xiii. 87. † 20. John xiv. 23. † 21. Matt. xix. 28; Luke xxii. 80: 1 Cor. vi. 2; 2 Tim. ii. 12; Rev. ii. 26, 27. † 1. Rev. i. 10. † 1. Rev. xi. 13. 12. Rev. i. 10; xvii. 8; xxi. 10. † 2. Isa. vi. 1; Jer. xvii. 12; Ezek, i. 26; x. 1; Dan. vii. 0. † 3. Ezek, i. 28. † 4. Rev. xi. 16. † 4. Rev. iii. 4, 5, &c. † 5. Rev. viii. 5; xvi. 18.

και βρονται και έπτα λαμπαδες πυρος καιομεthunders; and seven lamps of fire burnand ναι ενωπιον του θρονου, αί εισι \* [τα] έπτα ing in presence of the throne, which are [the] seven πνευματα του θεου. 6 και ενωπιον του θρονου spirits of the God; and in piesence of the throne ώς θαλασσα ύαλινη, όμοια κρυσταλλώ και εν as a sea made of glass, like crystal; μεσω του θρονου και κυκλώ του θρονου τεσσαρα midst of the throne and in a circle of the throne γεμοντα οφθαλμων εμπροσθεν και υπισliving ones being full ofeyes before and be-0 Ev. 7 \* [Kai] το (ωον το πρωτον δμοιον the living one the first [And] λεοντι, και το δευτερον ζωον δμοιον μοσχω, to alion, and the second living one like to a young bullock,  $\kappa \alpha \iota$   $\tau \sigma \tau \rho \iota \tau \sigma \nu$  ( $\omega \sigma \nu \varepsilon \chi \sigma \nu$  [ $\tau \sigma$ ]  $\pi \rho \sigma \sigma \omega \pi \sigma \nu \sigma \nu$  and the third living one had [the] face of θρωπου, και το τεταρτον ζωον δμοιον αετω a man, and the fourth living one like to an eagle πετρμενω. 8 Και τα τεσταρα (ωα, έν καθ' έν And the four living ones, one by one flying. αυτων εχον ανα πτερυγας έξ, κυκλοθεν και six, round about and of them had aprece Wings εσωθεν γεμουσιν οφθαλμων και αναπαυσιν they are full of eyes; and rest ουκ εχουσιν ήμερας και νυκτος, λεγοντες·
not they have ofday and ofnight, saying; Αγιος, άγιος, άγιος κυριος δ θεος δ παντοκρα-Lord the God the Holy, holy, holy aimighty, τωρ, δ ην και δ ερχομενος. και δ  $\omega \nu$ the one who was and the one existing and the one coming. 9 Και όταν δωσουσι τα (ωα δοξαν και τιμην And when shall give the living ones glory and και ευχαριστιαν τω καθημενώ επι του θρονου, thanks to the onesitting on the throne, (with eis tous alwas two alwow,  $10\pi\epsilon$ ages, to the oneliving for the ages of the σουνται οί εικοσιτεσσαρες πρεσβυτεροι ενωπιον fall down the twenty-four elders in passence του καθημενου επι του θρονου, και προσκυνηof the one sitting on the throne, and they shall do σουσι τφ (ωντι εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων, homage to the one living for the ages of the ages, και βαλουσι τους στεφανους αύτων ενωπιον and they shall cast the crowns of themselves in presence λεγοντες. 11 αξιος ει, κυριε, του θρονου, of the throne, saying; worthy thou art, O Lord, λαβειν την δοξαν και την τιμην και την δυνα-

to receive the glory and the honor and the

and before the THRONB were burning ‡ Seven Lamps of Fire, which are the ‡ SEVEN Spirits of God;

6 and before \*the THEONE as it were ‡ a glassy Sea, like Crystal; ‡ and in the Midst of the THEONE, and around the THEONE, Four Living ones, being full of Eyes before and behind.

7 ‡ And the FIRST LIV-ING ONE resembled a Lion, and the SECOND Living one resembled a Steer, and the THIRD Living one † having the FACE as of a Man, and the FOURTH Living one was like to a flying Eagle.

8 And the FOUR Living ones, † having \* each of them † six Wings apiece, round about and within are full of Eyes; and they have no rest Day and Night, saying, † tholy, holy, \* holy, † Lord God, the Omnipotent! the one who was, and the one who is, and the one who is coming."

9 And when the LIVING ONES shall give Glory and Honor and Thanks to the ONE SITTING ON the THRONE, tO HIM TWHO LIVES for the AGES of the AGES,

10 the TWENTY-FOUR Elders will fall down before the one sitting on the THRONE, and will do homage to HIM who LIVES for the AGES of the AGES, tand they will cast their CROWNS before the THRONE, saying,

11 t"Thou art worthy"
\*†O LORD, even our God,
to receive the GLORY, and
the HONOE, and the POW-

power;

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—5. the—omit, 6. his throne as. 7. And —omit. 7. the—omit (s.) 8. every one of them (s.) 8. holy, holy, holy, holy, Lord God. 11. O, Lord even our God, the holy one, to receive (s.)

<sup>† 7.</sup> having, (A.B.)

S. having, (A.)

8. six Wings apiece, round about and within are full of Eyes (A.B.)

8. Holy—three times in A and most MSS., nine times in B.

11. the Lobb, even our God, (A.B.)

<sup>† 5.</sup> Exod. xxxvii. 23; 2 Chron. iv. 20; Ezek. l. 12; Zech. iv. 2. † 5. Rev. i. 4; iii. 1; v. 6; f. Exod. xxxviii. 8; Fev. xv. 2. † 6. Lack. i. 5. † 7. Num. ii. 2; Ezek. i. 10; x. 4. † 8. Isa. vi. 3. † 8. Rev. i. 18; v. 14; xv. 7. † 10 Rev. v. 5. † 10. verse 4. † 11. Rev. v. 12.

μινο ότι συ εκτισας τα παντα, και δια  $\tau o$ because thou didst create the all things, and on account of the θελημα σου ησαν, και εκτισθησαν.
will of thee they were, and were created.

### KEΦ. $\epsilon'$ . 5.

1 Και ειδον επι την δεξιαν του καθημενου  $\in \pi \iota$ And I saw on the right of the one sitting en του θρονου βιβλιον γεγραμμενον εσωθεν Kal a scroll having been written within and the throne οπισθεν, κατεσφραγισμενον σφραγισιν έπτα: at the back. having been sealed up with seals 2 Και ειδον αγγελον ισχυρον, κηρυσσοντα εν And I have a messenger strong, φωνη μεγαλη. Τις εστιν αξιος ανοιξαι το βιβανοίες great; Who is worthy to open the acroll, a voice great; Who is worthy to open the acroll, a voice great; Who is worthy to open the acroll, a voice great; Who is worthy to open the acroll, a voice great is a supervisor of the contract of And I saw a messsenger strong, publishing with λιον, και λυσαι τας σφραγιδας αυτου;
and to loose the seals of it? ουδεις ηδυνατο εν τφ ουρανώ, ουδε επι της γης, no one was able in the heaven, nor on the earth, υδε ύποκατω της γης, ανοιξαιτο βιβλιον, ουδε <sup>4</sup> Και εγω εκλαιον πολλα, ότι And I was weeping much, because βλεπειν αυτο. to see it. ουδεις αξιος εύρεθη ανοιζαι το βιβλιον, ουτε no one worthy was found to open the scroll, nor 5 Και είς εκ των πρεσβυτερων βλεπειν αυτο. elders And one of the it. λεγει μοι Μη κλαιε ιδου, ενικησεν ὁ λεων ὁ says to me; Notdo thouweep; lo, prevailed the lionthat εκ της φυλης Ιουδα, ή ριζα Δαυιδ, ανοιξαι το of the tribe of Judah, the root of David, to open the 6 Kat βιβλιον και τας έπτα σφραγιδας αυτου. scroll and the seven seals ofit. And (ωων, και εν μεσφ των πρεσβυτερων, αρνιον living ones, and in midst of the elders, a young lamb ως εσφαγμενον, εχον κερατα having been standing as having been slaughtered, it had horns έπτα, και οφθαλμους έπτα, οἱ εισι τα έπτα seven, and eyes seven, they are the seven  $\pi\nu$  ευματα του θεου  $[\tau a]$  απεσταλμενα εις spirits of the God [those] having been sent forth into  $\pi$ ασαν την γην. 7 Και ηλθε και ειληφε \*  $[\tau o]$  all the earth. And hecame and took the al! the earth. βιβλιον εκ της δεξιας του καθημενου επι του scroll from the right of the one sitting on θρονου. throne.

<sup>8</sup> Και ότε ελαβε το βιβλιου, τα τεσσαρα And when he took the scroll, the four  $\zeta$ ωα και οί εικοσιτεσσαρες πρεσβυτεροι επεliving ones and the twenty-four elders

FR; Because THOU didst create ALL things, and on account of thy WILL they were, † and were created."

### CHAPTER V.

1 And I saw on the RIGHT OF HIM SITTING ON the THRONE, ta Scroll, having been written with-in and \* outside, ‡ firmly sealed with seven Seals.

2 And I saw a strong Angel publishing with a loud Voice, "Who is worthy to open the SCROLL, and to break its

3 And no one was able in the \* HEAVEN, nor on the EARTH, nor under the EARTH, to open the SCROLL, nor to see it.

4 And I went much, Because no one was found worthy to open the SCROLL, nor to see it.

5 And one of the ELD-ERS says to me, "Do not weep; behold, THAT LION has overcome which is of the TRIBE of Judah, I the ROOT of David. \* HE is also OPENING the SCROLL, and tits seven Seals."

6 And I saw in the Midst of the THRONE, and of the FOUR Living ones, and in the Midst of the ELDERS, ‡a little Lamb standing, as if killed, having seven Horns and the tseven Spirits of God sent forth into All the EARTH.

7 And he came and took the SCROLL from the RIGHT hand of the ONE SITTING ON THRONE.

8 And when he took the scroll, the Four Living ones and the TWENfell TY-FOUR Elders fell down

<sup>3.</sup> HEAVEN above, nor. \* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 1. outside (B.) 7. the scroll-omit (A.) 6. those-omit (B.) HE is also OPENING, (B.)

<sup>† 11.</sup> and were created, omitted by A. 6. SEVEN omitted by A.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Ezek. ii. 9, 10. † 1. Isa. xxix. 11; Danix. 4. † 3. verse 13; † 5. Gen. xlix. 9, 10; lieb. vii. 14. † 5. Isa. xi. 1, 10; Rom. xv. 12; Rev. xxii. 16. verse 1; Rev. vi. 1. † 6. Isa. liii. 7; John i. 29, 36; 1 Pct. i. 19; Rev. xiii. 8; verse 9, 12 f 6. Zech. iii. 9; iv. 10. † 6. Rev. iv. 5. ; 7. Rev. iv. 2. † 8. Rev. iv. 8, W

σον ενωπιον του αρνιου, εχοντες έκαστος κιθαdown in presence of the lamb, having each one harps, ρας, και φιαλας χρυσας γεμουσας θυμιαματων, golden and bowls being full of odors, αί εισιν \*[αί] προσευχαι των άγιων.
which are [the] prayers of the holy ones. 9 Kai And αδουσιν φδην καινην, λεγοντες Αξιος ει λαthey sung a song new, saying; Worthy thou art to βειν το βιβλιον, και ανοιξαι τας σφραγιδας receive the scroll, and to open the αυτου ότι εσφαγης, και ηγορασας τω θεω ofit; because thou wast slain, and didst buy back for the God † [ήμας] εν τω αίματι σου εκ πασης φυλης και with the blood of thee out of every tribe γλωσσης και λαου και εθνους, 10 και εποιησας tongue and people and nation, and thou didst make αυτους τω θεω ήμων βασιλεις και ίερεις, και them to the God of us kings and priests, and 11 Και ειδον, και βασιλευσουσιν επι της γης. they shall reign on the earth. And Isaw, and ηκουσα φωνην αγγελων πολλων κυκλω του I heard avoice of messengers many in a circle of the θρονου και των ξωων και των πρεσβυτερων. elders; throne and of the living ones and of the και ην δ αριθμος αυτων μυριαδες μυριαδων, και and was the number of them myriads of myriads, and χιλιαδες χιλιαδων. 12 λεγοντες φωνη μεγαλη·
thousands of thousands; saying with a voice great; Λξιον εστι το αρνιον το εσφαγμενον λαβειν την Worthy is the lamb that having been killed to receive the δυναμιν και πλουτον και σοφιαν και ισχυν και wealth and wisdom and strength power and 13 Kai may τιμην και δοξαν και ευλογιαν. honor and glory and blessing. And every δ εστιν εν τω ουρανω, και επι της γης, ereated thing which is in the heaven, and on the earth, και ύποκατω της γης, και επι της θαλασσης the earth, under and the OB ά εστι, και τα εν αυτοις παντα, ηκουσα which is, and the things in them all, I heard λεγοντας. Τω καθημενώ επι του θρονου και τω saying; To the one sitting on the throne and to the αρνιω ή ευλογια και ή τιμη και ή δοξα και το lamb the blessing and the honor and the glory and the 14 Каз та κρατος εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. ages of the might for the And the ages. τεσσαρα ζωα ελεγον. Αμην. και οί πρεσβυτεροι four living ones said; So beit; and the

επεσαν και προσεκυνησαν. fell down and did homage.

before the LAMB, having each \*a # Harp and golden Bowls full of incense, which are # the Prayers of the SAINTS.

9 And they sung a new Song, saving, t"Thou art worthy to take the SCROLL, and to open its SEALS; t Because thou wast killed, and t didst redeem f[us] to God, with thy Blood, to the thy Blood, and Tongue, and People, and Nation;

10 and thou didst make them to our God † a Royalty and a Priesthood, and they shall reign on the

EARTH."

11 And I saw, and I heard \*a Voice of many Angels in a Circle of the THRONE, and of the LIVING ONES and the number of them was ## Myriads of Myriads, and Thousands of Thousands,

12 saying with a lond Voice, ‡ "Worthy is that Lamb which was killed to receive the Power, and \*Wealth, and Wisdom, and Strength, and Honor, and Glory, and Blessing."

13 ‡ And Every Created thing which is in the MEAVEN, and on the EARTH, and under the EARTH, and on the SEA, and \* All THINGS in them, All I heard saying, "To HIM who SITS on the THRONE, and to the LAME, be ‡ the BLESSING, and the HONOR, and the GLORY, and the MIGHT, for the AGES of the \* AGES."

14 ‡ And the Four Living ones said, \*" AMEN." And the ELDERS fell down

and did homage.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT, No. 1160.—S. a Harp (AB.)

S. the—omit.

1. as a Voice.

12. the wealth.

13. All Things in them, All I heard.

3. ages. Amen.

14. Amen.

<sup>† 9.</sup> ws is omitted by A. and the Codex Sinaiticus D, and both read "to our God." 10. a Royalty and a Priesthood, (A.D.)

<sup>† 8.</sup> Rev. xiv. 2; xv. 2. † 8. Psa. cxli. 2; Rev. viii. 3, 4. † 9. Psa. xl. 3; Rev. xiv. 5. † 9. Rev. iv. 11. † 9. Acts xx. 28; Rom. iii. 24; 1 Cor. vi. 20; vii. 23; Eph. i. 7; Col. i. 14; Heb. 1x. 12; 1 Pet. i. 18, 19; 2 Pet. ii. 1; 1 John i. 7; Rev. xiv. 4. † 9. Dan. iv. 1; vi. 22; Rev. vii. 9; xi. 9; xiv. 6. † 10. Exod. xix. 6; 1 Pet. ii. 5, 9; Rev. i. 5; xx. 6; xxil. 5. † 11. Psa. lxviii. 17; Dan. vii. 10; Heb. xil. 22. † 12. Rev. iv. 11. † 13. Phil. 11. 10. † 13. 1 Chron. xxix. 11; Rom. ix. 5; xvi. 27; 1 Tim. vi. 10; 1 Pet. iv. 11, v. 11; Rev. 1. 6.

### КЕФ. s'. 6.

1 Και ειδον ότε ηνοιξε το αρνιον μιαν εκ των And I saw when opened the lamb one of the έπτα σχραγιδων, και ηκουσα ένος εκ των τεσand I beard one of the seals, σαρων ζωων λεγοντος, ώς Φωνη βροντης. living ones saying, a voice of thunder: 28 Ερχου †και ιδε. 2 Και \*[ειδον, ιδου και And lo Come thou and see thou. [I saw, andl ίππος λευκος, και δ καθημενος επ' αυτον εχων him having a horse white, and the one sitting on και εξηλθε τοξον και εδοθη αυτώ στεφανος, a bow; and was given to him a crown, and hecameout νικων, και ίνα νικηση. conquering, and that he might conquer. <sup>3</sup> Και ότε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την δευτεραν,

great.

σαρων ζωων λεγουσαν· Χοινιξ σιτου δηναριου, living ones saying; A small measure of wheat for a denarius, και τρεις χοινικες κριθης δηναριου· και το ελαιand three small measures of barley for a denarius; and the

αύτου. 6 Και ηκουσα φωνην εν μεσφ των τεσ-

of himself. And I heard avoice in midst of the

ον και τον οινον μη αδικησης.
and the wine not thou may est hurt.

asword

was given to him

7 Και ότε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την τεταρτην, And when he opened the seal the fourth, ηκουσα του τεταρτου (ωου λεγοντος Ερχου I heard the fourth living one saying; Come thou fraι ιδε. 8 Και \* [ειδον, και] ιδου ίππος χλω-and see theu. And [I saw, and] lo a horse pale, ρας, και δ καθημενος επανω αυτου, ονομα αυτω and the one sitting on him, a name to him δ Θανατος και δ όδης ηκολουθει \* [μετ] the Death; and the unseen followed [with]

#### CHAPTER VI.

1 And ‡I saw \* when the LAMB opened one of the SEVEN Seals, and I heard ‡ one of the FOUR Living ones saying, as with a Voice of Thunder, "Come."

2 And †I saw, and behold! ‡a white Horse, and HE who SAT on him having a Bow; and a Crown was given to him; and he came out conquering, and that he might conquer.

3 And when he opened the SECOND SEAL, I heard the SECOND Living one

saying, "Come."

A TAnd there came out Another, a red Horse; and to the ONE SITTING on him was it given to take PEACE from the EARTH, and that they should kill each other; and there was given to him a great Sword.

5 And when he opened the THIRD SEAL, I heard the THIRD Living one saying, "Come." And † I saw, and behold! ‡a black Horse, and HE who SAT on him having a Balance

in his HAND.

6 And I heard a Voice in the Midst of the FOUR Living ones, saying, "† A Chenix of Wheat for a Denarius, and Three Chenices of Barley for a Denarius; and the OIL and the WINE thou must not injure."

7 And when he opened the FOURTH SEAL, I heard the FOURTH Living one

saying, "Come."

8 And † I saw, and behold! ‡a pale Horse, and one was SITTING on him, whose NAME was DEATH, and HADES followed after

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—1. That. 2. I saw, and—omit (B.) 4. and—omit (B.) 5. I saw, and—omit (B.) 8. I saw, and—omit. 8. with—omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> and see is omitted by A. c. after "Come;" also in verses 3, 5 and 7. 2. I saw, and (A.c.) 5. I saw, and (A.c.) 6. The word chenix denotes a measure containing one wine quart, and a twelfth part of a quart. S. I saw, and (A.c.)

<sup>† 1.</sup> Rev. v.5-9. † 1. Rev. iv.7. † 2. Zech. vi.3; Rev. xix.11. † 4. Zech. vi.2. † 5. Zech. vi.3. † 8. Zech. vi.3.

αυτου· και εδοθη αυτω εξουσια επι το τεταρτον him; and there was given and was given to him authority over the fourth part της γης, αποκτειναι εν βομφαιά και εν λιμφ of the earth, to kill with sword and with famine και εν θανατω, και ύπο των θηριων της γης. and with death, and by the wild beasts of the earth.

9 Και ότε ηνοιξε την πεμπτην σφραγιδα, And when he opened the fifth seal. ειδον ύποκατω του θυσιαστηριού τας ψυχας altar souls δια τον λογον του θεου, TWV εσφαγμενων of those having been killed because of the word of the God, και δια την μαρτυριαν ήν ειχον. 10 και εκραξαν and because of the testimony which they held; and they cried φωνη μεγαλη, λεγοντες Έως πωτε, δ δεσποwith a voice great, saying; How long, the της δ άγιος και αληθινος, ου κρινεις και εκδιnot thou judgest and avengreign the holy one and true one, κεις το αίμα ήμων απο των κατοικουντων επι est the blood ofus from those dwelling της γης, 11 Και εδοθη αυτοις στολη λευκη, και the earth? And was given to them arobe white, and ερβεθη αυτοις, ίνα αναπαυσωνται ετι χρονον, it was said to them, that they should rest yet a time, έως πληρωσωσι και οί συνδουλοι αυτων και οί till should be completed also the fellow-slaves of them and the αδελφοι αυτων, οί μελλοντες αποκτειννεσθαιώς brethren of them, those being about to be killed KAL QUTOL. even they.

12 Και ειδον ότε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την I saw when he opened the seal the έκτην, και σεισμος μεγας εγενετο, και δ ήλιος sixth, and an earthquake great was, and the sun μεγας εγενετο ώς σακκος τριγινος, και ή σεληblack became as sackcloth of hair, and the moon νη όλη εγενετο ώς αίμα, 13 και οί αστερες του whole became as blood, and the Stars of the ουρανου επεσαν εις την γην, ώς συκη βαλλει fell to the earth, as a fig-tree τους όλυνθους αύτης ύπο ανεμου μεγαλου σειοthe untimely figs of herself by a wind great μενη, 14 και δ ουρανος απεχωρισθη ώς βιβλιον and the heaven was separated from as a scroll ειλισσομένον, και παν ορος και νησος εκ των being rolled up, and every mountain and island out of the τοπων αύτων εκινηθησαν· 15 καιοί βασιλεις της places of themselves were moved; and the kings ofthe

to him Authority over the FOURTH part of the EARTH, to kill ! with Sword, and with Famine, and with Death, and I by the WILD BEASTS of the EARTH.

9 And when he opened the FIFTH SEAL, I saw under the \$ ALTAR I the PERSONS of those who HAD been KILLED because of t the WCRD of Gop, and because of I the TESTI-MONY \* which they held.

10 And they cried with a loud Voice, saying, "How long, O SOVEREIGN LORD! the HOLY one and true! # dost thou not judge and take vengeance for our blood from those who DWELL on the EARTH ?"

11 And there was given to them † severally 1 a white Robe; and it was told them I to rest yet for a Time, till both their FEL-LOW-SERVANTS and their BRETHREN, who were about to be killed even as then, should be completed.

12 And I saw when he opened the SIXTH SEAL, fand there was a great Earthquake, and the suv become black as Sackcloth of Hair, and the entire MOON became as BLOOD;

13 1 and the STARS of the HEAVEN fell to the EARTH, as a Fig tree drops its UNTIMELY FIGS, being shaken by a Great Wind.

14 # And the HEAVEN was separated from its place, being rolled up as a Scroll; and Every Moun-tain and Island were out of moved their PLACES.

15 And the KINGS of

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 9. of the LAMB which (B.)

<sup>† 11.</sup> severally a white Robe, (A c.)

<sup>† 8.</sup> Lev. xxvi. 22. † 0. Rev. viii. 8; ix. 13; xiv. 18.
† 9. Rev. i 9. † 9. 2 Tim. i. 8; Rev. xii. 17; xix. 10. † 10.
† 11. Rev. iii. 4, 5; vii. 9, 14. † 11. Heb. xi. 40; Rev. xiv. 18.
† 12. Joel ii. 10, 31; iii. 15; Matt. xxiv. 20; Acts ii. 20. † 13.
† 14. Psa. cii. 20; Isa. xxxiv. 4; Heb. i. 12, 13. † 14. Jer. iii. 1 8. Ezek. xiv. 21. t 9. Rev. xx. 4. Rev. xi. 18; xix. 2. 1 12. Rev. xvi. 18. Rev. viii. 10; ix. 1. 23. Av. 24; Rev. xvi. 20.

γης και οί μεγιστανες και οί χιλιαρχοι και οί earth and the great ones and the commanders and the πλουσιοι και δ ισχυροι, και πας δουλος και and the strong ones, and every bondman \*[ mas] ελευθερος εκρυψαν έαυτους εις τα the freeman hid themselves in [every] σπηλαια και εις τας πετρας των ορεων, 16 και and in the rocks of the mountains, λεγουσι τοις ορεσι και ταις πετραις. Πεσετε they say to the mountains and to the rocks; Fall you ήμας, και κρυψατε ήμας απο προσωπου του us, and hide you us from face on καθημένου επί του θρόνου, και από της οργης one sitting on the throne, and from the wrath του αρνίου 17 ότι ηλθέν  $\mathring{\eta}$  ήμερα  $\mathring{\eta}$  μεγαλη of the lamb; because came the day the great της οργης αυτου και τις δυναται σταθηναι; of the wrath of him; and who is able to stand?

### КΕΦ. ζ'. 7.

1 Και μετα ταυτα ειδον τεσσαρας αγγελους four And after these things I saw messengers έστωτας επι τας τεσσαρας γωνιας της γης, on the four corners of the earth, ιρατουντας τους τεσσαρας ανεμους της γης, of the earth. four winds the ίνα μη πνεη ανεμος επι της γης, μητε επι so that not might blow a wind on the earth, nor on 2 Kai της θαλλασης, μητε επι παν δενδρον. sea, nor on any tree. And ειδον αλλον αγγελον αναβαινοντα απο ανατο-I saw another messenger rising up from arising λης ήλιου, ηχοντα σφραγίδα θέου ζωντος και of sun, having a seal of God living; and εκραξε φωνη μεγαλη τοις τεσσαρσιν αγγελοις, he cried with a voice great to the four messengers, οίς εδοθη αυτοις αδικησαι την γην και την to whomit was given for them to injure the earth and the θαλασσαν, <sup>3</sup>λεγων Μη αδικησητε την γην, sea, saying; Not do you injure the earth, μητε την θαλασσαν, μητε τα δενδρα, αχρις ού nor the sea, nor the trees, till σφραγισωμεν τους δουλους του θεου ήμων επι we have sealed the bond-servants of the God of us on των μετωπων αυτων. foreheads of them.

4 Και ηκουσα τον αριθμον των εσφραγισμε-And I heard the number of those having been νων, \*[έκατον τεσσαρακοντα τεσσαρες χιλιαforty four thouscaled, [one hundred δες εσφραγισμενοι ] εκ πασης φυλης υίων Ισραηλ.

tribe of sons of Israel; sands having been sealed] out of every

the EARTH, and the GREAT MEN, and the COMMAND-ERS, and the RICH, and the STRONG, and Every Bondman and Freeman, hid themselves in the CAVES and in the ROCKS of the MOUNTAINS:

16 tand they say to the MOUNTAINS and to the ROCKS, "Fall on us, and hide us from the Face of HIM who SITS on the THRONE, and from the WRATH of the LAMB;

17 t because the GREAT DAY of this WRATH has come, ‡ and who is able 😭 \* stand?"

#### CHAPTER VII.

- 1 + After this I saw Four Angels standing on the Four Corners of the EARTH, restraining the FOUR Winds of the EARTH, so that no Wind might blow on the EARTH, nor on the SEA, nor on Any Tree.
- 2 And I saw Another Angel ascending from the Sun-rising, having the \* Seal of the living God; and he cried with a loud Voice to the FOUR Angels, to whom it was given to injure the EARTH and the
- 3 saving, ‡"Injure not the EARTH, nor the SEA, nor the TREES, till we have I sealed the BOND-SER-VANTS of our GoD ton their \* FOREHEADS.
- 4 † And | I heard the NUMBER of the SEALED, ta Hundred and forty-four Thousand sealed, out of Every Tribe of the Sons of Israel.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—15. Every—omit (A B C.) 17. be saved.
Seals. 3. FOREHEAD. 4. a Hundred and forty-four Thousand having been 2. Seals. 3. FOREHEAD. sealed—omit.

<sup>+ 17.</sup> their (c.)

1. After this I saw, (A B C.)

4. And I heard the number of the SEALED,—omitted by A; but—a Hundred and forty-four I housand sealed—retained by A B C.

<sup>† 16.</sup> Hoshea x. 8; Luke xxii. 30; Rev. ix. 6. † 17. Isa. xiii. 6; Zeph. i. 14; Rev. xvi. 14; 17. Psa. Ixxvi. 7. † 1. Dan. vii. 2. † 1. Rev. ix. 4. † 3. Rev. vi. 0; ix. 4. † 3. Ezek. ix. 4; Rev. xiv. 1. † 3. Rev. xxii. 4. † 4. Rev. ix. 10. † 4. Rev. xiv. 1.

εκ φυλης Ιουδα,  $i\beta'$  χιλιαδες εσφραγισμενοι:

eut of tribe of Judah, twelve thousands having been sealed;

εκ φυλης Poυβην,  $i\beta'$  χιλιαδες [aving been sealed;]νοι:

εκ φυλης Γαδ,  $i\beta'$  χιλιαδες [aving been sealed;]νοι [aving been sealed;]νοι [aving been sealed;]νοι [aving been sealed;]γοι [aving been sealed;]ent of tribe of Gad, twelve thousands [having been mealed;] out of tribe of Aser, twelve thousands [having been yiσμενοι'] εκ φυλης Νεφθαλειμ, ιβ΄ χιλιαδες sealed;] out of tribe of Naphtali, twelve thousands [having been sealed;] out of tribe of Naphtali, twelve thousands [having been sealed;] out of tribe of Manassea, twelve χιλιαδες \*[εσφραγισμενοι'] τεκ φυλης Σιμεων thousands [having been sealed;] out of tribe of Simeon 1β΄ χιλιαδες \*[εσφραγισμενοι'] εκ φυλης twelve thousands [having been sealed;] out of tribe of Simeon 1β΄ χιλιαδες \*[εσφραγισμενοι'] εκ φυλης twelve thousands [having been sealed;] out of tribe Λευι, ιβ' χιλιαδες \* [εσφραγισμενοι'] εκ φυλης of Levi, twelve thousands [having been sealed;] out of tribe c(Lexi, twelve thousands [having been sealed;] out of tribe [Iσαχαρ,  $\iota β'$  χιλιαδές \* [εσφρογισμένοι·] \* εκ [Inaving been sealed;] out of ψυλης Ζαβουλων,  $\iota β'$  χιλιαδές \* [εσφραγισμένοι·] εκ φυλης Ιωσηφ,  $\iota β'$  χιλιαδές \* [εσφραγισμένοι·] εκ φυλης Ιωσηφ,  $\iota β'$  χιλιαδές \* [εσφραγισμένοι·] εκ φυλης Βενιαμιν,  $\iota β'$  χιλιαδές been sealed;] out of tribe of Joseph, twelve thousands [Inaving γισμένοι·] εκ φυλης Βενιαμιν,  $\iota β'$  χιλιαδές been sealed;] out of tribe of Benjamin, twelve thousands εσφραγισμενοι. having been sealed. 9 Μετα ταυτα είδον, και ίδου οχλος πολυς, After these things I saw, and lo acrowd great, όν αριθμησαι \*[αυτον] ουδεις ηδυνατο, εκ which to have numbered [him] no one was able, out of παντος εθνους και φυλων και λαων και γλωσevery nation and of tribes and of peoples and of tongues, σων, έστωτες ενωπιον του θρονου και ενωπιον

stanling in presence of the throne and in presence του αρνιου, περιβεβλημενους στολας λευκας, of the lamb, having been clothed robes white, και φοινικές εν ταις χερσιν αυτων· 10 και κραand palms is the hands of them; and they ζουσι φωνη μεγαλη, λεγοντες. Ή σωτηρια τω ery with avoice great, saying; The salvation to the θεω ήμων τω καθημενώ επι του θρονου, και τω Ged of us to that one sitting on the throne, and to the αρνιφ. 1. Και παντες οἱ αγγελοι ἐστηκεσαν lamb And all the messengers stood κικλφ του θρονου και των πρεσβυτερων και in a chicle on the throne and of the elders and τω: τεσσαρων ζωων, και επεσον ενωπιον του of the loar living ones, and fell down before the θρονου επι τα προσωπα αύτων, και προσεκυνηthrone on the faces of themselves, and worshipped throne on the faces of themselves, and worshippen  $\sigma \alpha \nu \tau \varphi \theta \epsilon \varphi$ ,  $^{12}\lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu \tau \epsilon s$ . Amply  $^{6}$  eulogia kat saying; So be it; the blessing and ή δοξα και ή σοφια και ή ευχαριστια και ή the glery and the wisdom and the thanksgiving and the

5 Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Judah; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Reuben; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Gad;

6 Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Asher; Twelve thousand out of the Tribe of Naphtali; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Manasseh;

7 Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Simeon; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Levi; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Issachar;

8 Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Zebulun; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Joseph; Twelve Thousand sealed out of the Tribe of Benjamin.

9 After these things I saw, and behold! a great Crowd, which no one could have numbered, out of Every Nation, and of all Tribes, and Peoples, and Languages, standing befere the THEONE, and in the presence of the LAMB, invested with white Robes, and Palm-branches in their HANDS;

10 and they cry with a loud Voice, saying, ‡ "The SALVATION [be ascribed] to THAT GOD of ours ‡ who sics on the THRONE, and to the LAMB."

11 ‡ And All the ANGELS stood around the THEORE, and the FLUERS, and the FOUR Living ones, and they fell down on their FACES before the THEORE, and worshipped God,

12 tsaying, "Amen! the BLENSING, and the GLORY, and the WISDOM, and the THANKSGIVING,

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.-5-3. having been sealed-omit (A. B C.)

<sup>† 0.</sup> Rev. v. 9. † 9. Rev. iii. 5, 18; iv. 4; vi. 11; verse 14. † 10. Psa. iii. 8; iv. 4; lii. 11; Jer. iii. 23; Hoshca xiii. 4; Rev. xix. 1. † 10. Rev. v. 13. † 12. Rev. v. 13. 14

τιμη και ή δυναμις και ή ισχυς τω θεω ήμων honor and the power and the strength to the God of us εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων † [αμην.] for the ages of the ages; [so be it.]

13 Και απεκριθη είς εκ των πρεσβυτερων, And answered one of the elder,  $\lambda$ εγων μοι. Ούτοι οἱ περιβεβλημενοι τας στοsaying to me; These the ones having been clothed the robes  $\lambda$ ας τας  $\lambda$ ευκας, τινας είσι, και ποθεν η $\lambda$ θον; the white, who are they, and whence came they?

14 Και ειρηκα αυτώ. Κυριε μου, συ οιδας.
And I said to him; Olord of me, thou knowest. ειπε μοι. Ούτοι εισιν οί ερχομενοι εκ της θλιhe said to me; These are they coming out of the afflicψεως της μεγαλης, και επλυναν τας στολας tion the great, and washed the αύτων, και ελευκαναν αυτας εν τω αίματι of themselves, and whitened them in the blood του αρνιου.  $^{15}$   $\Delta$ ια τουτο εισιν ενωπιον του of the lamb. On account of this they are in presence of the θρονου του θεου, και λατρευουσιν αυτφ ήμερας throne of the God, and publicly serve him και νυκτος εν τω ναω αυτου και δ καθημενος and night in the temple of him; and the one sitting επι του θρονου, σκηνωσει επ' αυτους. on the throne, pitches his tent over them.  $\pi \epsilon_{i\nu} \alpha \sigma_{i\nu} \sigma_{i\nu} \epsilon_{\tau i}$ ,  $\sigma_{i\nu} \delta_{\tau} \delta_{i\nu} \delta_{\tau} \sigma_{i\nu} \delta_{\tau} \delta_{\tau i}$ ουδε they will hunger more, neither will they thirst [more,] μη πεση επ' αυτους ό ήλιος, ουδε παν καυμα·
hot may fall on them the sun, nor any heat; 17 ότι το αρνιον το ανα μεσον του θρονου ποι-because the lamb that in the midst of the throne will μανει αυτους, και όδηγησει αυτους επι ζωης to of life and will lead them them, πηγας ύδατων και εξαλειψει δ θεος παν δακfountains of waters; and will wipe away the God every

ρνον εκ των οφθαλμων αυτων. from the eyes of them.

### КЕФ. η'. 8.

1 Και ότε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την έβδομην, And when he opened the seal the seventh,

εγενετο σιγη εν τφ ουρανφ ως ήμιωριον. 2 Και was silence in the heaven about half an hour. And

was allence in the neaven about hall all noir. And  $\epsilon \iota \delta o \nu \tau o u s$   $\epsilon \pi \tau \alpha \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda o u s$ , of  $\epsilon \nu \omega \pi \iota o \nu \tau o u \theta \epsilon o u$  is any the seven messengers, who in presence of the God  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \eta \kappa \alpha \sigma \iota^* \kappa \alpha \iota \epsilon \delta o \theta \eta \sigma \alpha \nu \alpha u \tau o \iota s$   $\epsilon \pi \tau \alpha \sigma \alpha \lambda \pi \iota \gamma \gamma \epsilon s$ . have stood; and were given to them seven trumpets.

 $^3$  Και αλλος αγγελος ηλθε, και εσταθη επι το And another messenger came, and stood at the θυσιαστηριον, εχων λιβανωτον χρυσουν· και

dugitact ηρίον, εχων Λίβανωτον χρυσούν και altar, having a censer golden; and

and the HONOR, and the POWER, and the STRENGTH, be to our God for the AGES of the AGES."

13 And one of the ELD-ERS answered, saying to me, "These who have been INVESTED with WHITE # ROBES, who are they? and whence did they come?"

14 And I said to him.
"My Lord, thou knowest."
And he said to me,
to These are THOSE COMING OUT of the GREAT AFFLICTION, and they
washed their ROBES, and
whitened them in the
BLOOD of the LAMB.

15 On this account they are before the THEONE of God, and publicly serve him Day and Night in his TEMPLE; and HE who SITS on the THEONE ‡ will tabernacle over them.

16 They will hunger no more, neither will they thirst any more; I nor will the SUN fall on them, nor Any Heat.

17 Because THAT LAMB which is in the Midst of the THRONE 1 will tend them, and will lead them to Fountains of Waters of Life; ‡ and God will wipe away Every Tear from their EVES."

#### CHAPTER VIII.

1 And twhen he opened the SEVENTH SEAL, there was Silence in the HEAV-EN about Half an Hour.

2 And I saw the SEVEN ANGELS ‡ who stand in the presence of GOD, and Seven Trumpets were given to them.

3 And Another Angel came and stood by the ALTAR, having a golder Censer; and to him much

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .-- 16. more-omit.

<sup>† 12.</sup> So be it-omitted by c.

<sup>† 18.</sup> verse 9. † 14. Rev. vi. 9; xvii. 5. † 14. Isa, i. 18; Heb. ix. 14; 1 John f. 7; Rev. i. 5. See Zech. iii. 3-5. † 15. Isa, iv. 5, 7; Rev. xxi. 8. † 16. Isa, xlix. 10. † 17. Psa, xxii. 1; xxxvi. 8; John x. 11, 14. † 17. Isa, xxv. 8; Rev. xxi. 4. † 1. Rev. vi. 1. ‡ 2. Luke f. 10.

BEIGHOS.

an earthquake.

εδοθη αυτώ θυμιαματα πολλα, ίνα δωση Tais was given to him incenses many, so that he might give for the προσευχαις των άγιων παντων επι το θυσιαστηprayers of the holy ones of all on the ριον το χρυσουν το ενωπιον του θρονου. 4 Kai golden that in presence of the throne. And ανεβη ό καπνος των θυμιαματών ταις προσευwent up the smoke of the incenses with the prayers χαις των άγιων εκ χειρος του αγγελου, ενωπιον of the holy ones from hand of the messenger, in presence του θεου. 5 Και ειληφεν δ αγγελος τον λιβαν-And took the messenger the censer, of the God. ωτον, και εγεμισεν αυτον εκ του πυρος του him from the filled fine of the θυσιαστηριου, και εβαλεν εις την γην. and cast into the earth; εγενοντο φωναι και βρονται και αστραπαι και thunders and lightnings voices and

6 Και οί έπτα αγγελοι, οί εχοντες τας έπτα And the seven messengers, those having the seven σαλπιγγας, ήτοιμασαν έαυτους, ίνα σαλπισωσι. trumpets, prepared themselves, so that they might sound. Και ό πρωτος εσαλπισε, και εγενετο χαλαζα first sounded, and And the Was και πυρ' μεμιγμενα εν αίματι, και εβληθη εις and fire having been mingled with blood, and they were cast into την γην' και το τριτον της γης κατακαη, και the earth; and the third of the earth was burnt up, and το τριτον των δενδρων κατεκαη, και πας χορτος the third of the trees was burnt up, and all γλωρος κατεκαη.

green was burnt up.

8 Και δ δευτερος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και ώς And the second messenger sounded, and as it were opos μεγα \* [πυρι] καιομενον εβληθη εις την amountain great [with fire] burning was cast into the θαλασσαν και εγενετο το τριτον των θαλασand became the third of the σης, αίμα· 9 και απεθανε το τριτον των κτισμα-

and died the third of the creatures των \* [των] εν τη θαλασση, τα εχοντα ψυχας. [of those] in the sea, things having souls;

και το τριτων των πλοιων διεφθαρη. and the third of the ships was destroyed.

10 Και δ τριτος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και επεσεν And the third messenger sounded, and εκ του ουρανου αστηρ μεγας καιομένος ώς λαμfrom the heaven a star great burning like πας, και επεσεν επι το τριτον των ποταμων, and it fell on the third of the rivers. 11 Και το ονόμα και επι τας πηγας των ύδατων. and on the fountains of the waters. And the name

Incense was given, that he should give it for the PRAYERS of all the SAINTS ON ! THAT GOLDEN ALTAR which is before the THRONE.

4 And the smoke of the PERFUMES went up for the PRAYERS of the SAINTS out of the Hand of the ANGEL. in the presence of GoD.

5 And the ANGEL took the CENSEE, and filled it from the FIRE of the AL-TAB, and threw it on the EARTH; and I there were \* † Thunders and Lightnings and Voices and an Earthquake.

6 And THOSE SEVEN Angels HAVING the SEV-EN Trumpets prepared themselves that they might

sound them.

7 And the FIRST sounded his trumpet, ‡ and thero was Hail and Fire mingled with Blood, and they were thrown ton the EARTH; and the THIRD of the EARTH was burnt up. and the THIRD of the TREES was burnt up, and All green Grass was burnt up.

8 And the SECOND Angel sounded his trumpet, t and as it were a great burning Mountain was cast into the SEA; and the THIRD of the SEA became Blood:

9 ‡ and the THIRD of the CREATURES which were in the SEA, THINGS having Life, died; and the THIRD of the ships were

destroyed.

10 And the THIRD Angel sounded his trumpet. I and a great Star, burning as a torch, fell from HEAVEN, ; and it fell on the THIRD of the RIVERS, and on the FOUNTAINS of the WATERS.

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 5. Thunders and Voices and (B.) 8. with Fire 9. of those-omit, -omit (B.)

<sup>† 5.</sup> Thunders and Lightnings and Voices, (A.)

<sup>† 3.</sup> Exod. xxx. 1; Rev. vi. 9. † 4. Psa. cxli. 2; Luke i. 10. † 7. Ezek. xxxviii. 2. † 7. Rev. xvi. 3. † 7. Isa. ji. 1°, 18. Ezek. xvi. 3. † 10. Isa. xiv. 12; Rev. ix. 1 (10. Rev. xvi. 3. † 10. Rev. xvi. 3. † 10. Rev. xvi. 3. : 3. Rev. v. 8. t 5. Rev. xvi. 18., Rev. ix. 4. 1 9. Rev. xvi. 3. xiv. 19.

του αστερος λεγετμι δ Αψινθος και γινεται το is called the Wormwood; and became the τριτον των ύδατων εις αψινθον και πολλοι των third of the waters into wormwood; and many ανθρωπων απεθανον εκ των ύδατων, ότι επικwaters, because the men died of ρανθησαν.

were made bitter. 12 Και δ τεταρτος αγγελος εσαλπισε, Kal sounded, and And the fourth messenger επληγη το τριτον του ήλιου και το τριτον της third of the sun and the third of the was amitten the σεληνης και το τριτον των αστερων, ίνα σκοmoon and the third of the stars, so that might be τισθη το τριτον αυτων, και ή ήμερα μη φαινη day not might shine darkened the third of them, and the το τριτον αύτης, και ή νυξ όμοιως. 13 Και ει-the third of herself, and the night in like manner. And I δον, και ηκουσα ένος αετου πετομενου εν μεlaw, and I heard one eagle flying in mid-Ovai, σουρανηματι, λεγοντες φωνη μεγαλη. Woe, saying with a voice great; ουαι, ουαι τοις κατοικουσιν επι της γης, εκ των dwelling on the earth, from the woe to those λοιπων φωνων της σαλπιγγος των τριων αγγεof the three messenremaining sounds of the trumpet

λων των μελλοντων σαλπι(ειν. gers of those being about to sound.

they should injure the

### KE $\Phi$ . $\theta'$ . 9.

1 Και δ πεμπτος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και ειδον and I saw And the fifth messenger sounded, αστερα εκ του ουρανου πεπτωκοτα εις την γην, a star from the heaven having fallen to the earth, και εδοθη αυτώ ή κλεις του φρεατος της αβυσand was given to him the key of the pit ofthe deep; σου 2\* [και ηνοιξε το φρεαρ της αβυσσου.] [and he opened the pit of the Και ανεβη καπνος εκ του φρεατος ώς καπνος And went up a smoke out of the pit 2.8 a smoke καμινου μεγαλης, και εσκοτισθη 5 ήλιος και δ of a furnace great, and was darkened the sun and the <sup>3</sup> Και εκ του απρ εκ του καπνου του φρεατος. air by the smoke of the pit. And out of the καπνου εξηλθον ακριδες εις την γην, και εδοθη smoke went forth locusts into the earth, and was given \*[εξουσιαν] αυταις εξουσια ώς εχουσιν [authority] authority having the 85 σκορπιοι της γης  $^4$  και ερδεθη αυταις, ίνα μη and it was said to them, scorpions of the earth; that not τον χορτον της γης, ουδε πανre the grass of the earth, nor any αδικησωσι

11 And the NAME of the STAR is called WORM-WOOD; and the THIRD of the WATERS became Wormwood; and many of the MEN died Because of bitterness of the WATERS.

12 And the FOURTH Angel sounded his trumpet, and the THIRD of the sun was smitten, and the THIRD of the MOON, and the THIRD of the STARS: so that the THIRD of them might be darkened, \* and the DAY might not shine the THIRD of it, and the NIGHT in like manner.

13 And I saw, and ‡ I heard an Eagle flying in Mid-heaven, saying with a lond Voice, ‡" Woe! Woe! Woe! to THOSE who DWELL on the EARTH, the from REMAINING Blasts of the TRUMPET of THOSE THREE Angels who are ABOUT to sound."

#### CHAPTER IX.

1 And the FIFTH Angel sounded his trumpet, tand I saw a Star having tallen from the HEAVEN to the EARTH; and there was given to him the KEY of the PIT of the ABYSS.

2 And he opened the PIT of the ABYSS, and a Smoke | ascended out of the PIT, as a Smoke of a \* great Furnace; and the sun and the AIR were darkened by the SMOKE of the PIT.

3 And from the SMOKE went out ! Locusts on the EARTH; and there was given them Power, ; as the SCORPIONS of the EARTH have Power.

4 And it was said to them that they should not injure I the GRASS of the EARTH, nor Any Green

<sup>•</sup> Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—12. and the third of them appeared not; the day and the night likewise (b.)
2. And he opened the fit of the abyss—omit (b.)
3. Authority—omit.

<sup>† 11.</sup> Exod. xv. 23; Jer. ix. 15; xxiii. 15. † 12. Isa. xiii. 10; Amos viii. 9. † 13. Rev. xiv. 6; xix. 17. † 13. Rev. ix. 14. † 1. Rev. viii. 10. † 12. Joel ii. 2, 10. † 3. Exod. x. 4; Judges vii. 12. † 3. ver. 10. † 4. Rev. vi. 6; vii. 3. † 4. Rev. viii. 7.

γλωρον, ουδε παν δενδρον, ει μη τους ανθρωgreen thing nor any tree, if not the men πους οίτινες ουκ εχουσι την σφραγιδα του those who not have the seal of the θεου επι των μετωπων αύτων και εδοθη God on the foreheads of themselves; and it was given αυταις ίνα μη αποκτεινωσιν αυτους, αλλ' ίνα to them that not they might kill them, but that βασανισθωσι μηνας πεντε· και δ βασανισμος they might torment mouths five, and the torment αυτων ώς βατανισμος σκορπιου, όταν παιση a torment of a scorpion, when it may strike or them as 6 Και εν ταις ημεραις εκειναις ζηανθοωπον. And in the days those shall τησουσιν οί ανθρωποι τον θανατον, και ου μη seek the men the death, and not not εύρησουσιν αυτον και επιθυμησουσιν αποθαhim; and they shal desire 7 Kai νειν, και Φευξεται απ' αυτων δ θανατος. die, and shall flee away from them the death. τα δμοιωματα των ακριδων δμοια ίπποις ητοιforms of the locusts like to horses having μασμενοις εις πολεμον και επι τας κεφαλας been prepared for war; and on the heads αυτων ώς στεφανοι χρυσοι, και τα προσωπα of them assumere crowns golden, and the αυτων ώς προσωπα ανθρωπων, 8 και είχον τριorthem as taces ormen, and they had hairs χαι ώς τριχας γυναικων, και οί οδοντες αυτων as hair, of women, and the teeth ofthem ως λεοντων ησαν, <sup>9</sup>και ειχον θωρακας ώς \* [θωραas of hons were, and they had breastplates as [breastκας] σιδηρους, και ή φωνη των πτερυγων αυτων plates, iron, and the sound of the wings ώς φωνη αρματων ίππων πολλων τρεχοντων as asound of chariots of borses many rushing πολεμον. 10 Και εχουσιν ουρας battle. And they have tails δμοιας into battle. like σκορπιαις, και κεντρα ην εν τοις ουραις αυτων. to corpions, and stings was n the tails και ή εξουσια αυτων αδικησαι τους ανθρωπους παι the authority of them to more the men μηνας πεντε. 

11 Εχουσαν εφ αυτων βασιλεα months ove. They have over themselves a king τον αγγελον της αβυσσου ονομα αυτώ Έβραthe messenger of the deep, aname to him n lleιστι, Αβαδδων, και εν τη Έλληνικη ομομα εχει brew, of Abaddon, and in the Greek aname he has Απυλλυων. <sup>1?</sup> Η ουαι ή μια απηλθεν· ιδου, ο Αροιγου. The woe the one passed away; lo, εργονται ετι δυο ουαι μετα ταυτα.

comes more two woes after these.

13 Και δ έκτος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και ηκουσα sounded has trumpet, and

thing, nor Any Tree, but the MEN who have not the SEAL of GOD on their FOREHEADS.

- 5 And it was said to them that they should not kill them, \$ but that they should be tormented five Months; and their TOR-MENT was as the Torment of a Scorpion when it stings a Man.
- 6 And in those DAYS MEN Ishall seek DEATH and fnot find it: and shall desire to die, and DEATH will fly from them.
- 7 And the forms of the LOCUSTS were like Horses prepared for War: tand on their HEADS were as it were golden Crowns, and their FACES were as the Faces of Men.
- 8 And they had Hair as the Hair of Women, and their TEETH were as Lion's teeth.

9 And they had Breast' plates, as iron Breastplates, and the SOUND of their WINGS was as I the Sound of \* Chariots of many Horses rushing to Battle.

10 And they have Tails like Scorpions, and \*Stings; and in their TAILS Was their POWER to injure MEN five Months.

11 They have \* over them a King, the ANGEL of the ABYSS; whose NAME in Hebrew is Abaddon; and in the GREEK he has the name Apoliyon.

12 ‡ONE WOE is past; behold! \* Iwo Woes more are coming after these things.

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuscript, No 1160 -9 as Breastplates-omit 9. many Chariots rushing to Battle. 10. the Stings in their tables had Power to INJURE MEN (B.)

11. for a King over them an Angel of. (a.) 12 Two Woes more are coming (B.) And after these things, the SIXTH Angel also sounded (D.)

<sup>† 6.</sup> not find it (A.)

<sup>17</sup> Joel 11. 4. 19 Joel 11 5-7

φωνην μιαν εκ των τεσσαρων κερατων του θυ- I heard a Voice from the four horns of the al- | FOUR Horns of the voice one from the σιαστηριου του χρυσου του ενωπιον του θεου, of the golden of that in presence of the God, 14 λεγουσαν τω έκτω αγγελω δ εχων την σαλsaying to the sixth messenger the one having the trumπιγγα. Λυσον τους τεσσαρας αγγελους τους Loose thou the four messengers those δεδεμενους επι τω ποταμώ τω μεγαλφ Ev-having been bound by the river the great Euφρατη. 15 Και ελυθησαν οί τεσσαρες αγγελοι And were loosed the four messengers οί ήτοιμασμενοι εις την ώραν και ήμεραν και those having been prepared for the hour and a day and μηνα και ενιαυτον, ίνα αποκτεινωσι το τριτον amonth and a year, so that they should a...

απουτά απουτά μος των στρατευarmies

απθρωτών. 16 Και ὁ αριθμος των στρατευarmies And the number of the men. ματων του ίππικ υ, δυο μυριαδες μυριαδων. of the cavalry, two myriads of myriads; ηκουσα τον αριθμον αυτων. 17 Και ούτως είδον lbeard the number of them. And thus is aw τους ίππους εν τη ορασει και τους καθημενους επ' the horse, in the vision and those sitting on αυτων, εχοντας θωρακας πυρινους και ὑακινθιthem, having b.eastplates fiery and hyacinνους και θειωδεις και αί κεφαλαι των ίππων ώς the audbrimstone-like, and the heads of the horses as κεφαλαι λεοντων, και εκ των στοματων αυτων oflions, and out of the mouths ofthem 18 ATO εκπορευεται πυρ και καπνος και θειον. goes out fire and smoke and brimstone. By του τριων πληγων τουτων απεκτανθησαν το the three plagues these were killed τριτον των ανθρωπων, εκ του πυρος κα: του third of the men, by the fire and the καπνοι και του θεινώ του εκπορευομένου εκ των smoke and the brimstone that going forth out of the στοματων αυτων 19 ή γαρ εξουσια των ίππων mouths of them. The for authority of the horses εν τφ στοματι αυτων εστι, και εν ταις ουραις in the mouth of them is, and in the tails αυτων αί γαρ ουραι αυτων δμοιαι • φεσιν, εχουof them; the for tails of them like serpents, havσαι κεφαλας και εν αυταις αδικουσι. 20 Και οί
ing heads; and with them they injure. And the λοιποι των ανθρωπων οί ουκ απεκτανθησαν remaining ones of the men who not were killed  $\epsilon \nu$  tais  $\pi \lambda \eta \gamma a$ is tautais, ou  $\mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \nu o \eta \sigma a \nu$   $\epsilon \kappa$  by the plagues these, not reformed from των εογων των χειρων αύτων, ίνα μη προσκυthe works of the hands of themselves, so that not they might

GOLDEN ALTAR which is before God,

14 saying to the SIXTH Angel who had the TRUM-PET, "Unbind THOSE FOUR Angels who have been BOUND tat the GREAT RIVER Euphrates."

15 And THOSE FOUR Angels were unbound, who had been PREPARED for the HOUR, and Day, and Month, and Year, so that they might kill the THIRD of the MEN.

16 And the NUMBER of the ARMIES of the CAVAL-RY was Two Myriads of Myriads; (# I heard the NUMBER of them.)

17 And thus I saw the HORSES in the VISION, and THOSE who SAT on them. having Breastplates fiery and Hyacinthine and Sulphur-like; I and the HEADS of the HORSES were as the Heads of Lions, and out of their moutus proceed Fire and Smoke and Sulphur.

18 By these THREE Plagues were killed the THIRD of the MEN, -by THAT FIRE and THAT SMOKE and THAT SUL-PHUR which PROCEED out of their MOUTHS.

19 For the Power of the HORSES is in their MOUTH and in their TAILS; for their TAILS are like Serpents, having Heads, and with them they injure.

20 And the REST of the MEN who were not killed by these PLAGUES # did not reform from the WORKS of their HANDS, νησωσι τα δαιμονια, και τα ειδωλα τα χρυσα that they should not woridols the golden ones ship the t DEMONS, and the και τα αργυρα και \*[ra χαλκα] και τα λιθινα ! IDOLS of GOLD and of [the copper ones] and the stone ones SILVER and of BRASS and

and the

demons,

worship the

and the silver ones and

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT No. 1100 .- 20. and BRASS-omit.

<sup>† 13.</sup> FOUR omitted by A.

<sup>† 14</sup> Rev xvi. 12. † 19. Isa. ix. 15 1 16. Rev. vii. 4. 1 20. Deut xxxi. 20. t 17. 1 Chron. xii. 8; Isa. v. 28, 29, t 20. Lev. xvii. 7; Deut. xxxii. 17; Psa. cvi. 37, 1 Cor. x. 20. 1 20. Psa. cxv. 4; cxxxv. 15; Dan. v 23.

τ ξυλινα, α ουτε βλεπειν, δυναται ουτε the wooden ones, which neither to see. are able nor ακουειν, ουτε περιπατειν. 21 και ου μετενοησαν to hear, nor to walk; and not reformed εκ των φονων αύτων, ουτε εκ των φαρμακειων from the murders of themselves, nor from the sorceries αὐτων, ουτε εκ της πορνειας αὐτων, ουτε εκ of themselves, nor from the fornication on themselves, nor from των κλεμματων αὐτων.

### КЕФ. *i*. 10.

 $^1$  Και είδον  $^*$  [αλλον] αγγελον ισχυρον καταAnd 1 saw [another] messenger strong coming βαινοντα εκ του ουρανου, περιβεβλημενον down from the heaven, having been clothed with νεφελήν, και ή ιρις επι της κεφαλης αυτου, and therainbow on the head of him, και το προσωπον αυτου ώς δ ήλιος, και οί ποδες and the face of him as the sun, and the feet αυτου ως στυλοι πυρος. "και εχων εν τη χειρι or him as pillars of fire; and having in the hand αύτου βιβλαριδιον ανεώγμενον και εθηκε τον of himself a ettle scroll having been opened; and heplaced the ποδα αύτου τον δεξιον επι της θαλασσης, τον foot of humself the right on the sea, δε ευωνυμον επι της γης. 3 και εκραξε φωνη and he cred with avoice μεγαλη ώσπερ λεων μυκαται. Και ότε εκραξεν, great even as a lion roars. And when he cried, ελαλησαν αί έπτα βρονται τας έαυτων φωνας. spoke the seven thunders the of themselves voices. 4 Και ότε ελαληταν αί έπτα βρονται, εμελλον And when spoke the seven thunders, I was about γραφείν και ηκουσα φωνην εκ του ουρανου write; and I heard a voice from the heaven λεγουσαν Σφραγισον ά ελαλησαν αί έπτα eaving: Seal thou up what spoke the seven Βρονται, και μη ταυτα γραψης. 5 Kai δ tunaders, and not these things thou mayest write. And the αγγέλος, όν είδον έστωτα επί της θαλασσης measurer, whom I saw standing on the sea και επι της γης, ηρε την χειρα αύτου την  $\delta$  ind on the land, lifted up the naud of himself the  $\delta$  εξιαν εις τον ουρανον,  $\delta$  και ωμοσεν εν δεξιαν εις τον ουρανον, right towards the heaven. and he swore by The Court els Tous alwas Two alwww, is the oneliving for the ages of the ages, who εκτισε τον ουρανον και τα εν αυτφ, και την created the heaven and the things n it, and the γην και τα εν αυτη, \* [και την θαλασσαν και earth and thethings in her, land the sea and τα - αυτη,] ότι χρονος ουκετι εσται the things in her,] because time not yet shall be αλλα εν ταις ήμεραις της φωνης του έβδομου but in the days of the voice of the seventh

of wood, which can neither see, nor hear, nor walk;

21 nor did they reform from their MURDERS, ‡ nor from their SORCERIES, nor from their FORNICATION, nor from their THEFTS.

#### CHAPTER X.

- i And I saw Another strong Angel come down from HEAVEN, invested with a Cloud; ‡ and the BAINBOW was over his HEAD, and ‡ his FACE was as the SUN, and his FEET as Piliars of Fire;
- 2 and having in his HAND \*a Little scroll opened; and he placed his RIGHT FOOT on the SEA, and the LEFT on the LAND,

S and cried with a loud Voice, as a Lion roars; and when he cried ‡the seven Thunders uttered THEIR Voices.

- 4 And when the SEVEN Thunders spoke, I was about to write; and I heard a Voice from Heaven, saying, ‡"Seal the things which the SEVEN Thunders spoke, and write Them not."
- 5 And the ANGEL whom I saw standing on the SEA and on the LAND, \$ raised his RIGHT HAND towards HEAVEN,
- 6 and swore by HIM
  who LIVES for the AGES
  of the AGES, t who created
  the HEAVEN, and the
  THINGS IN It, and the
  KARTH, and the THINGS IN
  It, and the SEA, and the
  THINGS IN It, "That the
  TIME shall be no longer
  [delayed;]

7 but tin the DAYS of the BLAST of the SEVENTH

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.-1. Another-omit (B.) and the SEA, and the THINGS in it-omit.

<sup>2.</sup> a Scroll.

<sup>† 21.</sup> Rev. xxii. 15. † '. Ezek. i. 28. † 1. Matt. xxii. 2; Rev. 1. 16. † : Rev. xxii. 5. † 4. Dan xiii. 26; xii. 4, 9. † 5. Exed. vi. 8; Dan. xii. 7. Neh. ix. 6; Rev. iv. 11; xiv. 7. † 5. Dan. xii. 7; Rev. xxi. 17. \* † 7. Rev. xxi. 15.

αγγελου, όταν μελλη σαλπιζειν, και ετελεσθη measenger, when he may be about to sound, and be unished το μυστηριον του θεου, ώς ενηγγελισε the series of the God, as be announced glad tidings τους έαυτου δουλους τους προφητας, the of namel bond-servants the prophets.

και ή φωνη ήν ηκουσα εκ του ουρανου, Από the roice which I heard from the heaveng παλιν λαλουσαμετ εμου, και λεγουσα παπό λαρεί το βιβλαριδιον το ηνεφημενον εν τη take thou the little scroll that baving been opened in the χειρι του αγγελου. Του έστωτος επι της θαλημαίος οι τhe messenger of the one standing on the land. And I went to ασσης και επι της γης. Και απέλθον προς and on the land. And I went to τον αγγελου, λεγων παυτό, δουναιμοι το βιβλαριδιον. Και λεγει μοι Λαβε και καταφαγε ecroll. Από με πικρανει σου την κοιλιαν, αλλ εν τη it, από και πικρανει σου την κοιλιαν, αλλ εν τη it, από πικρανει σου την κοιλιαν, αλλ εν τη it, από πικρανει σου την κοιλιαν, αλλ εν τη τις από παι πικρανει σου την κοιλιαν, αλλ εν τη τις από το βιβλαριδιον εκ της χειρος του αγγειτού the little scroll out of the hand of the messen λου, και κατεφαγον αυτο και ην εν τω στομασες, and ate it, γλυκυ και ότε εφαγον αυτο, εί me as honey, sweet, and when I ate

τι μου ώς μελι, γλυκυ και ότε εφαγον αυτο, είπε as honey, sweet, and when late state επικρανθη δ κολιαμου. Il Και λεγειμοι Δει κεί made buter the belly of me. And he says to me, It behoves σε παλιν προφητευσαι επι λαοις και εθνεσι και τhes sgain to propness to peoples and mations and γλωσσαις και βασιλευσι πολλοις.

tougues and bings many.

## KED. 1a'. 11.

ι Και εδοθη μοι καλαμος δμοιος βαβδώ, λε-And was given to me a reed like to a rod. your Except, kat metrongov tor valv tou beou, fug. Bise thou, and measure thou the temple of the God, and the paltar, and those worshipping εν αυτών <sup>2</sup> και την αυλην την εξωθεν του ναου in it, and the court that outside of the temple εκβαλε εξω και μη αυτην μετρησης, ότι εδοdo thousast out and not her thou mayest measure, because it was יוסחעפש בוטין פוטין and the city the holy given to the Dations; and the city πατησουσι μηνας τεσσαρακοντα δυο. 3 Kas δωσω τοις δυσι μαρτυσι μου, και προφητευ-4 will give to the two witnesses of me, and they shall pro-

Angel, when he may be about to sound, and the SECRET of GoD should be completed, as he announced its glad tidings to \*his SERVANTS the PROPHETS.

8 And the voice which I heard from Heaven, was again speaking with me, and saying, "Go, take that LITTLE SCROLL which is opened in the Hand of that angel who is standing on the SEA and on the Land."

9 And I went to the AN-GEL, telling him to give me the LITTLE SCROLL. And he says to me, "Take, and eat it, and it will make Thy BELLY bitter, but in thy MOUTH it will be sweet as Honey."

10 And I took \*the LITTLE SCROLL from the HAND of the ANGEL, and did eat it; tand it was in my MOUTH sweet as Honey; and when I ate it tmy BELLY was embittered.

11 And \*they say to me,
"Thou must prophesy
again concerning Peoples,
and \*concerning Nations,
and Languages, and many
Kings,"

#### CHAPTER XI.

1 And ta Reed was given melikea Rod,—saying, t'rRise, and measure the TEMPLE of GOD, and the ALTAR, and THOSE who WORSHIP in it.

2 But \$ THAT COURT which is \*OUTSIDE the TEMPLE cast out, and do notmeasureit; Becauseit was given to the NATIONS; and the HOLY CITY \$ shall they tread \$ forty-two Months.

3 And I will endow my Two Witnesses, and they

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—7. his servants the prophets.

9, to him—

omit,
10, the scroll,
11, they say to me (a b.)
11, concerning.

<sup>\$ 8.</sup> verse 4. \$ 10. Ezek, ii, 10. \$ 2. Ezek, xi, 17, 20.

σουσιν ήμερας χιλιας διακοσιας έξηκοντα, περιdays a thousand two hundred sixty, phery having Βεβλημενοι σακκους. Ούτοι εισιν al δυο been clothed with sackcloth. These are the two ελαιαι και αί δυο λυχνιαι αί ενωπιον του κυριου ohve-trees and the two lamp-etands those in presence of the Lord The The ectwies. & Kai et tie autous Dedet And if any one them : of the earth standing. αδικησαι, πυρ εκπορενεται εκ του στοματος fire out of the the mouth .. proceeds αυτων, και κατεσθιει τους εχθρους αυτων και of them, and eats up the enemies of them; and ει τις αυτούς θελει αδικησαι, ούτω δει αυτον Stany one them , wills to injure, . thus it behoves him αποκτανθηναι.

to be killed,

These bare the heaven authority to authority 3σαι, ίνα μη ύειος βρεχη τως ήμερας της προσαι, τνα μη σετος ρεχή τως ηρεριας της προσφαικός στος του του του του του του εξουσίαν εχουσίν επι των phecy of them and authority they have over the υδατων, στρεφείν αυτα εις αίμα, και παταξαί waters, to turn them into blood, and to omice την γην, δσακις εαν θελησωσι, εν παση πληthe earth, as often as if they should will, with every g plague. γη 1 Και όταν \* τελεσωσι την μαστυρίαν when they may nish the testimony & And αύτων. Το θηριον το ανα αίνον εκ της αβυσ-6. themselves, the wild beast that rising up out of the . deep σου ποιησει μετ αυτων πολεμου, και νικησει with them was, and will conquer 8 Και το πτωμο αυτους, και αποκτενει αυτους. And the dead body them and will kill them. A αυτων εις της πλατειάς πολεως της μεγαλης, o them into the street ofthe city great ητις καλειται πνευματικώς Σοδομα και Αιγυπ-which is ralled spiritually Sodom and Egypt, os, δπου και δ κυ ιος αυτ ν εσταυσωθη. 9 Και where also the Lord of them was crucified. βλεπουσιν εκ των λα ν και φυλων και γλωσ-they look of the records and of tribes and ... of σων και εθνων το πτωμα αυτων ήμερας τρεις tongues and of nations the dead body of them days ται ημισυ, και τα πτωματα αυτων ουκ αφησουand a half, and the dead bodies, of them -not will suffer σι τεθηναι εις μνημα. to be put into a tomb.

And those dwelling on the earth rejoice επ' αυτοις, και ευφρανθησονται, και δωρα πεμever them and will be glad, and gifte will be glad, and gifte will be will be glad, and gifte will be universally and glad to each other, because these the two prophets

shall prophesy a thousand two hundred and sixty Days, clothed in Sackcloth,

4 These are 1 THOSE Two Olive trees, and THOSE TWO Lumpstands which STAND in the presence of the Lord of the

5 And if any one desire to injure Them, 1 Fire procceds out of their MOUTH. and devours their ERE. MIES; ; and if any one desire to injure Them. thus must be be killed.

6 These thave Authority to shut HEAVEN, so that it may not rain in the DAYS of Their PROPHECY; and they ! have Authority over the WATERS to turn them into Blood, and to smite the EARTH with Every Plague, as often as they choose.

7 And when they Ishall have completed their TES-TIMONY, THAT WILD BEAST ASCENDING Louis of the ABYSS ! will make War with them, and will conquer them, and kill them.

8 And their DRAD BODY shall be on the STREET of I the GREAT'CITY, which is called, spiritually, Sodom and Egypt, ; where also their LORD was crucified.

9 1 And some of the PEOPLES, and Languages and Nations, see their DEAD BODY three Days and a half, fand do not permit their DEAD BODIES to be put into a Tomb.

10 And TROSE who DWELL on the EARTH rejoice over them, and will exult 1 and \* send GIFTS to each other; 1 Because these Two Prophets tor-

<sup>.</sup> Vatican Manuscript, No. 1100 .- 10 give gipts (B.)

<sup>14.</sup> Psa lii 8; Jer xi. 16; Zech. iv. 3, 11, 14.

15. Zek zlii 3; Hoshea vi 5.

15. Num. xvi. 20.

16. 1 Kings i. 10, 12; Jer. l. 10, v.

17. Rev ix. 2

17. Dan. vli. 21. Zech. xiv 2.

18. Rev. xiv. 6, xvii 1 5.

21. Rev xiv. 12; Rev xviii. 24.

21. Rev xiv. 2, xviii. 24.

21. Rev xiv. 19, 22.

21. Rev xiv. 19, 22. (XVI 10

11 Και μετα τας τρεις ήμερας και ήμισυ, πνευμα And after the three days and a half, breath ζωης εκ του θεου εισηλθεν εν αυτοις και εστηof life from the God entered in them; and they σαν εκι τους ποδας εύτων, και φοβος μεγας the feet of thomselves, and fear great 12 Kai επεσεν επι τους θεωρουντας αυτους. on those beholding them. And ηκουσαν φωνην μεγαλην εκ του ουρανου, λεγουthey heard a voice great from the heaven, saying σαν αυτοις. Αναβητε ώδε. Και ανεβησαν εις to them; Come up hither; And they went up to τον ουρανον εν τη νεφελη και εθεωρησαν the heaven in the cloud; and beheld αυτους οἱ εχθροι αὐτων.  $^{13}$  Και εν εκεινη τη them the enemies of themselves. And in that the ώρα εγενετο σεισμος μεγας, και το δεκατον hour was an earthquake great, and the tenth της πολεως επεσε, και απεκτανθησαν εν τω of the city fell, and were killed in the σεισμω ονοματα ανθρωπων χιλ αδες έπτα· και
arthquake names of men thousands seven; and οί λοιποι εμφοβοι εγενοντο, και εδωκαν δοξαν theremaining ones afraid became, and they gave glory του θεω του ουρανυυ. 14 H ουαι ή δευτερα to the God of the heaven. The woe the second απηλθεν ιδου, ή ουαι ή τριτη ερχεται ταχυ. passed away; lo, the woe the third comes speculy. 15 Και δ έβδημος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και εγε-

And the seventh messenger sounded, and were νοντο φωναι μεγαλαι εν τφ ουρανφ, λεγοντες. voices great in the heaven, saying; Εγενετο ή βασιλεια του κοσμου, του κυριου Became the kingdom of the world, of the Lord ήμων και του Χριστου αυτου, και βασιλευσει of us and of the Anomited of him, and he will reign εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. 16 Και οι εικοσι-And the twentyfor the ages of the ages. τεσσαρες πρεσβυτεροι οί ενωπιον του θεου elders those in presence of the God καθημενοι επι τους θρονους α των, επεσαν επι sitting on the thrones of themselves, fell on

τα προσωπα αύτων, και προσεκυνησαν τφ θεφ, the faces of themselves, and worshipped the God, 17 λεγοντες Ευχαριστουμέν σοι, κυριε δ θέος δ thanks to thee, O Lord saying; We give thanks to thee, O Lord the God the GOD, the OMNIPOTENT.

παντοκρατωρ, δ ων και δ ην, ότι ειλη- thou who ART, and almighty, the one existing and who was, because thou hast THOU who WAST; Because

φας την δυναμιν σου την μεγαλην, και εβασιtaken the power of thee the great, and reigned. 18 Και τα εθνη ωργισθησαν, και ηλθεν λευσας.

were angry, And the nations

mented THOSE Who DWELL on the EARTH.

11 After \* the THREE Days and a Half, ‡ the \* Breath of Life from God entered them, and they stood on their FEET; and great \* Fear fell on THOSE who saw them.

12 And †they heard a loud Voice saying to them, "Come up hither." ‡ And they ascended to HEAVEN in the CLOUD; and their ENEMIES heheld them.

13 And in That \* HOUR there was a great Earthquake, tand the TENTH of the CITY fell, and by the EARTHQUAKE were destroyed seven Thousand Names of Men: and the REST became afraid, 1 and they gave Glory to the God of HEAVEN.

14 The SECOND WOE is past; behold! the THIRD WOE is coming speedily.

15 I And the SEVENTH Angel sounded his Trumpet; and I there were loud Voices in HEAVEN, saying, "The KINGDOM of the WORLD has become our LORD'S and his CHRIST'S, and the shall reign for the AGES of the \* AGES."

16 And THIOSE TWEN-TY-FOUR Elders who SIT in the presence of GoD on their THEONES, fell on their FACES, and worshipped God,

17 saying, "We give thou hast taken thy GREAT POWER, and I reigned.

18 And the NATIONS and came were enraged, and thy

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—11. Three Days and a Half.
from out of life entered. 11. Fear was on them. 13. Day (B.)
15. Ages. Amen.

<sup>† 12.</sup> I heard, B. with many MSS. and versions.

ή οργη σου, και δ καιρος των νεκρων, κριθηναι εhewrath of thee, and the season of the dead ones, to be judged και δουναι σου μισθον τοις δουλοις σου τοις and to give the reward to the bond-sequents of thee the προφηταις και τοις αγιοις και τοις φοβουμενοις propher. and to the holy ones and to those fearing

το ονομα σου τοις μικροις τοι τοις μεγαλοις, the name of these the small ones and the great ones, και διαφθείραι τους διαφθείριτας την γην. and to destroy those destroying the earth,

19 Και ηνοιγη δ ναος του θε υ εν τφ ουρανφ, And was opened the temple of the God in the heaven, και ωφθη ή κιβωτος της διαθηκης \* [του] κυριου and was seen the ark of the covenant [of the] Lord εν τφ ναφ αυτου και εγενοντο αστραπαι και in the temple of him; and were hightnings and φωναι και βρονται \* [και σεισμος] και χαλαζα vices and thunders [and anearthquake] and hail μεγαλη. great.

### КЕФ. ιβ'. 12.

That σημείον μεγα ωφθη εντώ ουρανώς γυνη and a sign great was seen in the heaven; a woman terils ebahhevy τον ήλιον, και ή σεληνη ύποωνιας been clothed with the sun, and the moon underkatw των ποδων αυτης, και επι της κεφαλης meath the feet other, and on the head αυτης στεφανος αστερων δωδεκα,  $^2$  και εν γαστόρητε α crown οίκαις τωνς, and in womb τρι εχουσα κραζει ωδινουσα και βασανιζομενη

having she cries out travailing and being pained τεκειν. δε και φφθη αλλο σημειον εν τω ουρανω, to bring forth. And was seen another sign in the heaven, και ιδου δρακων μεγας πυρόος, εχων κεφαλας and lo adragon great fery-red, having heads έπτα και κερατα δεκα, και επι τας κεφαλας seven and horns ten, and on the heads αυτου έπτα διαδηματα. 4 και ή ουρα αυτου συρει of him seven diadems; and the tail of him draws το τριτον των αστερων του ουρανου, και εβαλεν the third of the stars of the heaven, and cast αυτους εις την γην. Και δ δρακων έστηκεν them into the earth. And the dragon stood

της μελλουσης τεκειν, in presence of the woman of that being about to bring forth, fiva όταν τεκη, το τεκνον αυτης κατασο that when she might bring forth, the child of her he might φαγη. 

δ Και ετεκεν υίον αρρενα, ός μελλει ετιμο. And she brought forth aton a male, who is about ποιμαινειν παντα τα εθνη εν δαβδω σιδηρα και to rule all the nations with a rod made of iron; and

ήρπασθη το τεκνον αυτης προς τον θεον και

WRATH came, ‡ and the DLADINTED TIME of the DEAD to be judged, and to give the REWARD to thy SERVANTS the PROPHETS, and to the SAINTS, and to THOSE Who FEAR thy NAME, the ‡ LITTLE and the GREAT, and ‡ to destroy THOSE Who DESTROY the EARTH."

19 And the TEMPLE of GOD was opened in the HEAVEN, and there was seen the ARK of the Lord's COVENANT in his TEMPLE; and there came Lightnings, and Voices, and Thunders, and an Earthquake, and great Hail.

#### CHAPTER XII.

1 And a great Sign was seen in Heaven; a Woman invested with the sun, and the moon under her feet, and on her head a Crown of Twelve Stars;

2 and being pregnant, she \* cried out, ‡ travailing and being pained to bring

IOTTE.

3 And Another Sign was seen in Heaven; and behold! ‡a great fiery-red Dragon, ‡having seven Heads and ten Horns, and on ‡ his HEADS Seven Diadems.

4 And this tall draws the third tof the stars of heaven, and teast them to the earth, and the dragon stood before that woman who was about to bring forth, so that when she should bring forth he might devour her CHILD.

5 And she brought forth a Son, twho is to rule All the NATIONS with an iron Sceptre; and her CHILD was snatched away to GOD, even to his THRONE.

<sup>•</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1100.—19. of the—omit (B.)
—omit (B.) 2. cried (B c.)

<sup>19.</sup> and an Earthquake

<sup>† 18.</sup> Dan. vii. 9 10; Rev. vi. 10. † 18. Rev. xix. 5; xx. 12. † 18. Rev. xiii. 10 xviii. 6. † 19. Rev. xv. 5. † 19. Rev. viii. 5; xvi. 18; xvi. 21. † 2. Isa' lxvi. 7; Gal. iv. 10. † 3. Rev. xvii. 3. † 3. Rev. xvii. 9, 10. † 3. Rev. xviii. 12. † 4. Rev. xvii. 9, 10. † 5. Psa. ii. 9; Rev. ii. 7; xix. 15.

the messengers

προς του θρουου αυτου. 6 Και ή γυνη εφυγευ to the throne of him. And the woman field εις την ερημον, όπου εχει εκει τοπον ήποιμασ-into the desert, where she has there a place having been μενον απο του θεου, ίνα εκει τρεφωσιν αυτην prepared by the God, so that there they might nourish her ήμερας χιλιας διακοσιας έξηκοντα.

days athousand two hundred sixty. 7 Και εγενετο πολεμος εν τω ουρανω δ Μι-And was a war in the heaven; the Miχαηλ και οἱ αγγελοι αυτου του πολεμησαι μετα chael and the messengers of him of the to have fought with του δρακοντος, και ό δρακων επολεμησε και οί dragon, and the dragon fought αγγελοι αυτου,  $^8$  και ουκ ισχυσεν, ουδε τοπος messengers of him, and not were strong, neither a place εύρεθη αυτων ετι εν τ $\varphi$  ουραν $\varphi$ .  ${}^9$  Και εβληθη was found of them longer in the heaven. And was east ό δρακων ό μεγας, ό οφις ό αρχαιος, ό καλουthe dragon the great, the serpent the old, the one being μενος διαβολος, και \*[δ] σατανας, δ πλανων and [the] adversary, that one deceiving accuser, την οικουμενην όλην, εβληθη εις την γην, και the habitable whole, was east into the earth, and ayyelot autou  $\mu \in T^*$  autou  $\in \beta \lambda \eta \theta \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$ .
messengers of him with him were cast.

10 Και ήκουσα φωνην μεγαλην εν τω ουρανω, And I heard a voice great in the heaven, λεγουσαν Αρτι εγενετο ή σωτηρια και ή δυναsaying; Now came the salvation and the power μις και ή βασιλεια του θεου ήμων, και ή εξου-

and the kingdom of the God of us, and the authorσια του Χριστου αυτου ότι κατεβληθη ό κατηity of the Anounted of him; because was cast down the accuγωρ των αδελφων ήμων, δ κατηγορων αυτων ser of the brethren of us, the one accusing them ενωπιον του θεου ήμων ήμερας και νυκτος. 11 και In presence of the God of us day and night; and autor ενικησαν αυτον δια το αίμα του αρνιου, overcame him through the blood of the lamb, και δια τον λογον της μαρτυριας αύτων και and through the word of the testimony of themselves; and ουκ ηγαπησαν την ψυχην αύτων αχρι θανατου. life of themselves till not they loved the death. 12 Δια τουτο ευφραινεσθε \*[οί] ουρανοικαι οί

[the] heavens and those Because of this rejoice you εν αυτοις σκηνουντες. Ουαι τη γη και τη in them tabernacling; Woe to the earth and to the θαλασση, ότι κατεβη δ διαβολος προς ύρας,

because went down the accuser to εχων θυμον μεγαν, είδως, ότι ολιγον καιρον having wrath great, knowing, that alittle season 13 Και ότε ειδεν ό δρακων, ότι εβληθη EXEL. And when saw the dragon, that he was cast

εις την γην, εδιωξε την γυναικα ήτις ετεκε τον outo the earth, he pursued the woman who brought forth the

6 And the WOMAN fled into the DESERT, where she has a Place prepared by God, that there they may nourish her ta thousand two hundred and sixty

7 And there was a War in HEAVEN; MICHAEL and his ANGELS fighting t with the DRAGON. And the DRAGON fought and

his ANGELS.

8 and were not strong, neither was their Place found any longer in HEAV-

9 And THAT GREAT DRAGON was cast out, THAT OLD SERPENT which is called the Enemy, even THAT ADVERSARY who is DECFIVING the whole HABITABLE; he was cast to the EARTH, and his ANGELS were cast with him.

10 And I heard a loud Voice in HEAVEN saying, t" Now is come the SAL-VATION, and the POWER, and the KINGDOM of our God, and the AUTHORITY of his ANOINTED one, Because THAT ACCUSER of our BRETHREN, who ACcused them before our God Day and Night, has been cast out.

11 ‡ And they conquered him through the BLOOD of the LAMB, and through the WORD of their TESTI-MONY; and they loved not their LIFE to Death.

12 Therefore, rejoice, Heavens! and THOSE who TABERNACLE in them. ! Woe to the EARTH and to the SEA! Because the ENE-MY is gone down to you, having great Wrath, knowing That he has a Short Season."

13 And when the DRAGon saw That he was cast to the EARTH, he pursued the woman who brought forth the MALE child.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 9. the-omit (B.)

<sup>† 6.</sup> Rev. xi. 3. † 7. Dan. x. 13, 21; xii. 1. Rev. xx. 3. † 10. Rev. xi. 15; xix. 1. † 12. Psa. xcvi. 10; Isa. xhx. 13; Rev. xviii. 20.

<sup>12.</sup> the-omit (B C.)

<sup>† 7.</sup> verse 3; Rev. xx. 2. † 11. Rom. viii. 33, 34, 37; xvi. 26, † 12. Rev. viii. 13; xi. 10.

And were given to the woman we wings SODEFU. male. γες του αετου του μεγαλου, ένα πετηται εις withe eagle the great, wo that she might my into την ερημον εις τον τοπον ωύκης, όπου τρεφεται the desert into the place of herself, whereshes mourished there assessed and ecasons and half of a source, and there assessed and ecasons and half of a source, from προσωπου του ρφεως.

15 Και εβαλεν δ σφις face of the serpent.

And cast the serpent εκ του στοματος αύτου οπισω της γυναικος out of the mouth of hunself after the woman ύδωρ ως πυταμον, ένα αυτην ποταμοφορητον arives, so that her borne along by ariver 16 Και εβοηθησεν ή γη τη γυναικι, water as ποιηση. he might cause. And helped the earth the woman, και ηνοιξεν \* [η γη] το στομα αύτης, και κατεand opened [the earth] the mouth otherself, and drank πιε τον ποταμον, όν εβαλεν δ δρακων εκ του up the river, which cast the dragos out of the στοματος αυτου. 17 Και ωργισθη δ δρακων επι mouth of himself. And was enraged the dragon against τη γυναικι, και απηλθε ποιησαι πολεμον μετα the woman, and wentaway to make war with των λοιπων του σπερματος αυτης, των τηthe remaining ones of the seed of her, of those keepρουντων τας εντολας του θεου, και εχοντων the commandments of the God, and την μαρτυριαν Ιησου. testimony of Jesus.

18 Και εσταθην επι την αμμο» της δακασσης.

And i was placed on the sand of the sea;

ΚΕΦ. εγ'. 13. 

1 και είδον εκ της θαλασσης

and I saw out of the sea

θηριον αναβαινον, εχον κερατα δεκα και κεφαa will beast coming up, having horns ten and heads λας έπτα, και επι των κερατων αυτου δεκα διαseven, and on the horns of him ten δημανα, και επι τας κεφαλας αυτου ονοματα and on the heads of him βλασφημίας. <sup>2</sup> Και το θηριον δ ειδου, ην of blaspiemy. And the wild beast which I saw, was δμοιον παρδαλει, και οί ποδες αυτου ώς αρκου, like to alropard, and the feet of him as of a bear, και το στομα αυτου ές στομα λεοντος. Και and the mouth of him me amouth of alion, εδωκεν αυτω δ δρακων την δυναμιν αύτου, και gave to him the dragon the power of himself, and TOν Ιρονον αυτου, και εξουσιαν μεγαλην. Και the throne of himself, and authority great. And μιαν εκ των ιεεφαλων αυτου ώς εσφαγμενην εις one of the heads or Lim as if having been slain to θανατον και ή πληγη του θανατου αυτου εθεand the stroke of the death of him Was

14 And there were given to the woman of the Two Wings of the GREAT EAGLE, that she might fly tinto the DESERT, into her PLACE, \* that she should be nourched there ta Season, and based on, from the Face of the SERPENT.

15 And the SERPENT cast out of his mouth after the woman, Water tas a River, that he might cause her to be carried away by

the stream.

16 And the EARTH helped the WOMAN; and the EARTH opened her MOUTH, and drank up the RIVER which the DRAGON cast out of his MOUTH.

17 And the Dragon was enraged against the woman, tar went away to make War grainst that remainder of her seed, twho keep the commandments of God, and have the testimony of Jesus.

#### CHAPTER XIII.

I And †I was placed on the SAND of the SEA. And I saw ‡a Wild beast ascending from the SEA, ‡having ten Horns and seven Heads, and on his HORNS TEN Diadems, and on his HEADS Names of Blasphemy.

2 † And the BEAST which I saw was like a Leopard, and this FEET as a Bear's, and his MOUTH as a Lion's Mouth; and the DRAGON gave him his POWER, tand his THRONE, tand great Au-

thority.

3 And one of his HEADS was as if mortally wounded; and yet his MORTAL WOUND was healed. And

16.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT, No. 1100.-14. so that she should be nourished there.

<sup>† 14.</sup> the wwo Wings, (Ac.) 1. he was placed, (Ac.)

 <sup>1 14.</sup> Rev. xvii. 3.
 † 14. Dan. vii. 25; xii. 7.
 † 15. Isa. lix. 10.
 † 17. Gen.

 111. 15; Rev. xii. 7; xuii. 7.
 † 17. Rev. xiv. 12.
 † 17. 1 Cor. ii. 1; 1 John v. 10;

 1 1 17. Rev. xiv. 12.
 † 1. Dan. vii. 2, 7.
 † 1. Rev. xii. 3; xvii. 3, 0, 12.

 2 2. Dan. vii. 4-6.
 † 2. Rev. xii. 9.
 † 2. Rev. xvi. 10.
 † 2. Rev. xvi. 4.

ραπευθη. Και εθαυμασεν όλη ή γη οπισώ του healed. \* And wondered whole the earth after the Cπριου, 4 και προσεκυνησαν τω δρακοντι, δτι mild beast, and they did homage to the dragon, because εθωκε την εξουσιών τω θηριω, και προσεκυνησαν he gave the authority to the wild beast, and they did homage τφ θηριφ, λεγοντες Tis όμοιος τφ θηριφ; to the wild beast, saying; Who like to the wild beast? και τις δυιαται πολεμησαι μετ' αυτου ; ε 5 Kar and who is able to make war with him? And εδοθη αυτώ στομα λαλουν μεγαλα και βλασφήεδοθη αυτώ στομα λαλουν μεγαλι και ελιανης και given to him a mouth speaking great things and blasphenies; and was given to him authority to act months treσσαρακοντα δυο. Και ηνοιξε το στομα farty two. And he opened the mouth

αύτου εις βλασφημιαν προς τον . θεον, βλασautov ets βλασφημιαν προς του τουν, ματο στήμετε for blashemy against the God, to blashemy against the God, to blashems the confirm, and the tabernacle autou, \*[και] τους εν τφ ουρανώ, σκηνουντας.

of him, [and] those in the heaven tabernacling.

7 Και εδοθη αυτφ πολεμον ποιησαι μετα των And it was given to him war to make z with the άγιων, και νικησαι αυτους και εδοθη ζαυτφ holy ones, and to overcome them; and was given to him holy ones, and to overcome them; and was find γλωσς τουσια επι παπαν φυλην και λαον και γλωσauthority over every tribe and people and tongue
σαν και εθνος. δ Καιν προσκυνησουσιν αυτον
και εθνος. Δυα will worship him, σαν και εθνος.

παντες οί κατοικουντες επι τής γης, ών αυ all those dwelling on the earth, of whom not wv ov γεγραπται το ονομα εν τω βιβλιω της ζωης του has been written the name in the acroll of the life of the αρνιου του εσφαγμενου, απο καταβολης κοσμου. lamb of that having beeen killed, from a casting down of a world. 9 Ει τις εχει ους, ακουσατω. 10 Ει τις αιχ'It anyone has an ear, lethim hear., It any one; capμαλωσιαν συναγει, εις αιχμαλωσίαν ύπαγει ει captivity he shall be led; if leads together, into τις εν μαχαιρα αποκτενει, δει αυτον εν μα-any one with a sword will kill, it is necessary him with ν, a ' Ωδε εστιν ή ύπομονη χαιρα αποκτανθηναι. Here is the patient endurance sword to be killed. και ή πιστις των άγιων.

and the faith of the hulyones. 11 Kat είδον αλλο θηριον αναβαίνον εκ της And I saw another wild beast coming up out of the γης, και είχε κερατα \* [δυο] όμοια αρνιφ, και earth, and he had borns \* [ιπο] like alamb, and 12 Και την εξουσιαν του ελαλει ώς δρακων. And the; authority of the he spoke as a dragon. πρωτού θηριού πασαν ποιεί ενωπιον αυτού και wild beast all he does in presence of him; and

the Whole EARTH I wondered after the BEAST.

4 and they worshipped the DRAGON, Because he gave the AUTHORITY to the BEAST: and they worshipped the BEAST, say-ing, ‡" Who is like the REAST? and who is able to make war with him?"

5 And there was given to him In Mouth speaking great and blasphemous things; and Authority was given him to act 1 forty-

two Months. :

/6 And he opened his mouth in Blasphemies against Gop, to bluspheme his name and his Taber-NACLE, and THOSE Who TABERNACLE IN HEAVEN.

7 And it was given him to make war with the SAINTS, and to overcome them, and ‡ Authority was given him over Every Tribe and People and Language and Nation.

8 And ALL who DWELL on the EARTH shall worship him, : Whose NAME has not been written ffrom the FOUNDATION of the World in the scrott of the LIFE OF THAT LAMB who was KILLED.

9 11f any one has an;

Ear, let him hear.

10 If any one is for Captivity, into Captivity he goes away; tif any one will kill with the Sword, with the Sword must he be killed. There is the PAthe FAITH of the SAINTS.

Il And I saw Another Wild beast tascending from the EARTH; and he had two Horns like a Lamb, and he spoke as a

Dragon.

12 And all the AUTHOR-ITY of the FIRST Beast he executés in his presence,

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. No. 1160 .- 6. and-omit.

<sup>11.</sup> two-omit. † 10. may lead into Captivity, if any one will kill, (s c.)

<sup>13.</sup> Rev. xvil. 8. 14. Rev. xviii. 18. 15. Dan. vii. 8, 11, 25; xl, 36. 17. Dan. vii. 21; xi. 7; xii. 17. 17. Rev. xi. 18; xvii. 15. 18. Exod. xxxii. 32; Dan. xii. 1; Phil. iv. 3; Rev. iii. 5; xx. 12, 15; xxi. 27. 28. Hev. xvii. 8, 2 19. Rev. ii. 7. 10. Matt. xxvi. 52. 10. Rev. xiv. 19. 3. 10. Rev. xiv. · liev. xi. 7.

ποιει την γην και τους εν αυτη κατοικουντας he makes the earth and those in her dwelling ίνα προσκυνησωσι το θηριον το πρωτον, that they should worship the wild beast the first, ofwhom εθεραπευθη ή πληγη του θανατον αυτου. 13 και of him: was healed the stroke of the death ποιει σημεια μεγαλα, και πυρ ένα εκ του ουραhe makes signs great, and fire so that out of the heaven νου καταβη εις την γην, ενωπιον των ανθρωit may come down into the earth, in presence of the 14 Και πλανα τους κατοικουντας επι της And he deceives those dwelling δια τα σημεια ά εδοθη αυτφ ποιησαι 7775, earth, by means of the signs which it was given to him to do ενωπιον του θηριου λεγων τοις κατοικουσιν in presence of the wild heast; saying to those dwelling επι της γης, ποιησαι εικονα τφ θηριω, δ εχει on the earth, to make an image to the wild beast, which has την πληγην της μαχαιρας και είησε. the stroke of the sword and lived. εδοθη αυτφ δουναι πνευματη εικονι του θηριου, 1: was given to him to give breath to the image of the wild beaut, ίνα και λαληση ή εικων του θηριου, και so that both should speak the image of the wild beast, and ποιηση, όσοι αν μη προσκυνησωσι τη εικονι should cause, as many as not would do homage to the image 16 Και ποιει παντου θηριου ίνα αποκτανθωσι. of the wild beast that they should be killed. And he causes all τας, τους μικρους και τους μεγαλους, και τους little ones and the great ones, and πλουσιους και τους πτωχους, και τους ελευrich ones and the poor ones, and the freeθερους και τους δουλους, ίνα δωσιν αυτοις and the bondmen, that they should give to them χαραγμα επι της χειρος αυτων της δεξιας, η επι το μετωπον αυτων· 17 και ίνα μη τις δυνηand that no one may be on the forehead ofth m; ται αγορασαι η πωλησαι, ει μη δ εχων το χαif not the one having the mark to buy or to sell, ραγμα, \*[το ονομα του θηριου,] η τον αριθμον (the name of the wild beast.] or the number του ονοματος αυτου. 18 'Ωδε ή σοφια εστιν' δ Here the wisdom of the name of him. εχων νουν, ψηφισατω τον αριθμον του θηριου. one having a mind, let him compute the number of the wild beast; αριθμος γαρ ανθρωπου εστι, \*[και] δ αριθμος αριθμος (and the number

and makes the EARTH and THE SE who DWELL in it to worship the FIRST BELST, twhose MORTAL WOUND was healed.

13 And the does great Signs, tso that even Fire he makes to come down from HEAVEN to the EARTH in presence of MEN.

14 And the deceives \*THOSE who DWELL on the EARTH to the SIGNS which it was given him to do in the presence of the BEAST, telling THOSE Tho DWELL on the BARTH to make an Image to the BEAST, who has \*the WOUND of the SWOND, and hved.

15 And it was given him to give Breath to the IM-AGE of the BLAST that the IMAGE of the BLAST should both spead, ‡ and cause † that as many as would not worship the IMAGE of the BEAST should be killed.

13 And he causes all, the IIITLE and the GREAT, and the RICH and the POOL, and the FREE-MEN and the BONDMEN, that they should give themselves \*a Mark on their RIGHT HAND, or on their FOREHEAD;

17 [and] so that no one may be able to buy or sell unless he who has the MABK,—‡ the NAME of the BEAS', ‡ or the NUMBE... of his NAME.

\_8 ‡ Here is WISDOM. Let HIM who HAS Understanding compute the NUMBER of the BEAST; for \*it is a Man's Number; and his NUMBER is 666.

αυτου χξέ.

oflum

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—14. mine who bwell. 14. a Wound, and lived from the Sword, (b.) 16. Mort.s (n.) 17. the mame of the brast—omit. 18. and—omit (b.) 18. his number, 660, is a Man's Number.

<sup>† 15.</sup> that, added by A. 17. and, omitted by c.

### KEΦ. 18', 14.

1 Και ειδον, και ιδου το αρνιου έστηκος επε And I saw, and So the lamb having been standing on το ορος Σιων, και μετ' αυτου έκατον τεσσαand with a hundred the mount Sion. ρακουτανεσσαρες χιλιαδες, εχουσαι το ονομα thousands, having the four αυτου και το ονομα του πατρος αυτου γεγραμ-of him and the name of the figher of him having been μενον επι των μετωπων αύτων. <sup>2</sup> Και ηκουσα foreheads of themselves. And I heard bratten on the φωνην εκ του ουρανου ώς φωνην ύδατων πολvoice out of the heaven λων, και ώς φωνην βροντης μεγαλης και ή ofthunder great: and an & voice φωνη ήν ηκουσα, ώς κιθαρφδων καθαριζοντων voice which I heard, as of barpers harping εν ταις κιθαραις αύτων. <sup>3</sup> Και αδουσιν φδην they sing on the harps of themselves. And asong καινην ενωπιον του θρονου, και ενωπιον των new in presence of the throne, and in presence of the in presence of the throne, τεσσαρων ζωων, και των πρεσβυτερων και four living ones, and of the ουδεις ηδυνατο μαθειν την φδην, ει μη αί έκαno one was able to learn the song, if not the hunτον τεσσαρακοντατεσσαρες χιλιαδες, οί ηγοthousands, those having forty-four dred 4 % OUTOL ELTIPO OL

ουδεις ηδυνατο μαθείν την φόην, ει μη αι έκαπο οπε was able to learn the song, if not the hunτον τεσσαρακοντατεσσαρες χιλιαδες, οἱ ηγοδιεσ forty-four thousands, those having
ρασμενοι απο της γης.

μετα γυναικων ουκ εμολυνθησαν παρθενοι γας
τωτιν οὐτοι εισιν οἱ ακολουθουντες τω αρυιω
το του αν ὑπαγη οὐτοι ηγορασθησαν απο των
wherever he may go; these were bought from
the cuνθρωπων απαρχη τω θεω και τω αρνιω
και α απει-fruit to the God and to the lamb;

men a finet-fruit to the God and to the lattic; and it the mouth of them not was found falsehood; without

mot yap etot.

6 Kat είδον \*[αλλον] αγγελον πετομενον εν And I saw [another] messenger flying in εχοντα ευαγγελιον αιωνιον μεσουρανηματι, glad tidings having age-lasting mid-heaven, ευαγγελισαι τους καθημενους επι της γης, και on the earth, aitting to proclaim those επι παν εθνος και φυλην και γλωσσαν και λαον. to every nation and tribe and tongue and people; λεγων εν φωνη μεγαλη. Φοβηθητε τον θεον saying with a voice great; Pear you the Sow

CHAPTER XIV.

1 And Isaw, and behold, the Lamb standing on the Mount Zion, and with him ta Hundred and Forty-four Thousand [persons,] thaving his NAMB and the NAME of his FATHER written on their FOREHEADS.

2 And I heard & Voice from HEAVEN, tas the Sound of many Waters, and as the Sound of great Thunder; and the Voice which I heard was as that tof Harpers playing on

their HARPS;

3 and ‡ they sing a new Song in the presence of the THRONE, and in the presence of the FOUR Living ones, and the ELDERS; and no one was able to learn the SONG except the HUNDRED FORTY-FOUR Thousand,—THOSE who were REDEEMED \*from the EARTH.

4 These are those who were not defiled with women; for ther are Virgins. These are THOSE who FOLLOW the LAMB wherever he goes. These were #REDEEMED \*from MEN, †a First-fruitto God and to the LAMB.

and to the LAME.

5 And tin their mouth was found no Falsehood; for they are thlameless.

6 And I saw an Angel thying in Mid-heaven, having aionian Glad tidings to announce to those who dwell on the EARTH, even to Every Nation, and Tribe, and Language, and People.—

to every mation and tribe and tongue and people;

γ saying with a lond

λεγων εν φωνη μεγαλη. Φοβηθητε τον θεον
ενημεία δοτε αυτφ δοξαν, ότι ηλθεν ή ώρα της
και δοτε αυτφ δοξαν, δοτι ηλθεν ή ώρα της
and give you to him glory, because is come the hour of the

<sup>•</sup> Varican Manuscriff, No. 1160.—3. on the habit. were not defiled with women; for they are Virgins—omit (b.) 6. Another—omit (b.) 7. the Lord, and give (b.)

<sup>4.</sup> These are those who
4. by Jesus from (s.)

<sup>† 1.</sup> Rev. v. 5. † 1. Rev. vii. 4. † 1. Rev. vii. 3; xiii. 16. † 2. Rev. l. 15; xix. 6. † 2. Rev. v. 8. † 3. Rev. v. 9; xv. 3. † 4. 2 Cor. xi. 5. † 4. Rev. iii. 4; vii. 15, 17; xvii. 14. † 4. Rev. v. 9. † 4. James I. 18. † 5. Eph. v. 27; Jude 24. † 6. Rev. viii. 13. † 7. Rev. xi 18; xv. 4. † 7. Neb. ix. 6; Psa. xxxii. 6; cxxiv. 8; cxliv. 5. 6; Acts xiv. 15; xvii. 24.

κρισεως αυτου και προσκυνησατε τω ποιησανjudgment of him; and worship you the one having τι τον ουρανον και την γην και την θαλασσαν made the heaven and the earth and the και πηγας ύδατων. and fountains of waters.

8 Και αλλος αγγελος ηκολουθησε, λεγων.

And another measurer followed, saying; Επεσεν, \*[επεσε] Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη· ότι εκ leisfallen, [isfallen] Babylon the great; because of του οινοθ του θυμου της πορνειας αύτης πεποπαντα εθνη. given to drink all nations.

9 Και αλλος αγγελος τριτος ηκολουθησεν another messenger third followed αυτοις, λέγων εν φωνη μεγαλη. Ει τις προσ-them, saying with a voice great; If any one worκυνει το θηριον και την εικονα αυτου, και λαμships - the wild beast and the image of him, and reβανει χαραγμα επι του μετωπου αύτου, η επι ceives a mark on the torehead of himself, or on THV Xelpa autov. 10 Kas autos mietal ek tov the hand of himself, even he shalldrink of the οινου του θυμου του θεου, του κεκερασμενου wine of the wrath of the God, of that having been mingled ακρατου εν τω ποτηριω της οργης αυτου, και unmixed in the cup of the anger of him, and βασανισθησεται εν πυρι και θειω ενωπιον των he shall be tormented with fire and brimstone in presence of the αγιων αγγελων και ενωπιον του αρνιου. 11 Και holy messengers and in presence of the lamb. δ καπνος του βατανισμου αυτων εις αιωνας the smoke of the torment of them for ages αιωνων αναβαινει\* και ουκ εχουσιν αναπαυσιν ofages rises up; and not they have rest ήμερας και νυκτος οί προσκυνουντές το θηριον day and night those worshipping the wild-beast και την εικονα αυτου, και ει τις λαμβανει το and the image of him, and if any one receives χαραγμα του ονοματος αυτου. 12'Ωδε ύπομοof him. Here patient endurmark of the name υη των άγιων εστικ, οί τηρουντές τας εντολας

ance of the holy ones is, those keeping the commandments του θέου, και την πιστιν Ιησου. 13 Και ηκουσα and the faith of Jesus. And Iheard of the God. φωνης εκ του ουρανου, λεγουσης. Γραψον. Μα-Write thou; Blessed a voice out of the beaven saying; καριοι οί νεκροι οί εν κυριώ αποθνησκοντες απ' ones the dead ones those in Lard dying αρτί ναι, λεγεί το πνευμα, ίνα αναπαυσωνται henceforth; yes, says the spirit, so that they may rest

worship nim who MADE the HEAVEN, and, the FARTH, and the sea, and the Fountains of Waters."

- 8 And Another, \* a Second Angelfollowed, saving. t" Fallen is Babylon I the GREAT, twho has given All the NATIONS to drink of the WINE of the WEATH Of her FORNICATION."
- 9 And Another a Third Angel followed them, saying with a loud Voice, BEAST and his IMAGE, and receive a Mark on his FOREHEAD, or on his HAND.

10 even he 2 shall drink of THAT WINE of the WRATH of Gon, which is MINGLED undiluted in tthe CUP of his INDIG-NATION; and the shall be tormented with ! Fire and Sulphur in the presence of the BOLY Angels, and in the presence of the LAMB.

- 11 And the SMOKE of their TORMENT rises up for Ages of Ages; and THEY have no Rest Day and Night, who worship the BEAST and his IMAGE. and if any one receive the MARK of his NAME.
- 12 ! Here is \* the PA-TIENCE of the SAINTS .-TTHOSE who KEEP the COMMANDMENTS of GOD, and the FAITH of Jesus."
- 13 And I heard a Voice from HEAVEN, saying, "Write-From this time t blessed are those dead, twho DIE in the Lord; Yes, says the 'spirit, that they may rest from

<sup>\*</sup> Varican Manuschier, No. 1190.-8. a Second Angel, saying, (s.c.) Fallen is Baby-n the great, (s.c.) 8. is fallen—omit. 8. he. Fornication. 12. the lon the GREAT, (B.C.) PATIENCE (ABC.)

<sup>+ 8.</sup> who, according to a c. 8. the NATIONS, A B C.

<sup>2 8.</sup> Isn. xxi. 0; Jer. D. 8; Rev. xviii. 2. 18. Jer. H. 7; Rev. xi. 8; xvi. 10; xvii. 2, b; xviii. 3, 10, 18, 21; xix. 2. 19. Rev. xiii. 14—16. 10. Psa. lxxv. 8; Isa. li. 17; Jer. xxv. 10. Rev. xviii. 6. 10. Rev. xvi. 10. 10. Rev. xx. 10. 11. Isa. xxiv. 10; Rev. xix. 3. 12. Rev. xix. 10. 13. Rev. xii. 17. Lec. liv. 1, 2; Rev. xx. 6. 13. 1 Ccr. xv. 18; 1 Thess. iv. 16. 18. 2 Thess. i. 7, lieb. fv. 0, 10; Rev. vi. 11.

εκ των κοπων αύτων τα δε εργα αυτων ακοfrom the labors of themselves; the but works of them λουθει μετ' αυτων.

lows with them.

14 Και ειδον, και ιδου νεφελη λευκη, και επι And Isaw, and lo a cloud white, την νεφελην καθημενον δμοιον υίφ ανθρωπου, like ason of man. the , cloud sitting εχων επι της κεφαλης αύτου στεφανον χρυhaving on the head of himself a crown goldσουν, και εν τη χειρι αύτου δρεπανον \* σεν.]

en, and in the hand of himself a sickle [sharp.] having on the head 15 Και αλλος αγγελος εξηλθενεκ του ναου, κρα-

And another messenger came forth out of the temple, CIVζων εν φωνη μεγαλη τω καθημενω επί της tag with avoice great to the one sitting on the tog with a voice great to the openiting on the vechengs. Πεμψον το δρεπανον σου, και θεριcloud; Send thou the sickle of thee, and reap νεφελης. Πεμψον το sickle of thee, and reap cloud; Send thou the sickle of thee, and reap σον, ότι ηλθεν ή ώρα (του) θερισαι, ότι εξηthou, because is come the hour [of the], to reap, because is thou, because This γης, 16 Και εβαλεν ό

the harvest of the earth, And. cast καθημενος επι την νεφελην το δρεπανον αύτου one sitting on the cloud the sickle gof himself

επι την γην και εθερισθη ή γη.

the earth; and was reaped the earth.

17 Και αλλος αγγελος εξηλθεν εκ του νᾶου And another messenger came forth out of the temple σου εν τω ουρανω, εχων και αυτος δρεπανον of that in the heaven, having also himself a sickle 18 Και αλλος αγγελος εξηλθεν εκ του And another messenger came forth out of the

θυσιαστηριου, εχων εξουσιαν επι του πυρος·
altar, having authority over the fire; και εφωνησε κραυγη μεγαλη τφ εχοντι το δρέgreat to the one having the sickle and he called with a cry πανον το οξυ, λεγων. Πεμψον σου το δρεπανον the sharp, saying; Send thou of thee the sickle

πο οξυ, και τρυγησον τους βοτρυας της αμπεthe the sharp, and cut off thou clusters of the λου της γης, ότι ηκμασαν αί σταφυλαι αυτης: of the earth, because are ripened the grapes 39 και εβαλεν δ αγγελος το δρεπανον αύτου εις

and cast the messenger the of himself into sickle την γην, και ετρυγησε την αμπελου της γης, και εβαλεν εις την ληνον του θυμου του θέου east into the wine-press of the wrath of the and 20 Και επατηθη ή ληνος εξωθεν τον μεγαν. And was trodden the wine-press outside great. της πολεως, και εξηλθεν αίμα εκ της ληνού and came forth blood out of the wine-press city, αχρι των χάλινων των ίππων απο σταδιων even to the ofthe bridles horses from furlongs . χιλιων έξακοσιων.

a thousand six hundred. . VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 14. sharp-omit, 18. the GRAPE of the EARTH is fully ripe (D.)

+ 13. for (a c.)

their LABORS: + for their works follow after them.

14 And I saw, and behold! a white Cloud, and on the cLOUD one sitting, tlike a Son of Man, thaving on his HEAD a golden Crown, and in his HAND a sharp Sickle.

15 And Another Angel tcame forth out of the TEMPLE, crying with a Loud Voice to the one sir-TING on the CLOUD. t" Send thy SICKLE, and reap; Because the Hour to reap is come; Because the HARVEST tof the

16 And EE who SAT on the CLOUD cast his sickle on the EARTH, and the EARTH was reaped.

17 And Another Angel came forth out of THAT which is in TEMPLE HEAVEN; he also having a sharp Sickle.

18 And Another Angel came forth out of the AL-TAR, having Authority over the FIRE, and he called with a loud cry to the one having the SHARP SICKLE, saying, 1" Send Thy SHARP SICKLE, and cut off the CLUSTERS of the VINE of the EARTH: Because \* her GRAPES are fully ripe.

. 19 And the Angel cast his SICKLE to the EARTH, and gathered the fruit of the VINK of the EARTH, and cast it unto I the GREAT WINE-PRESS of the WEATH of GOD.

20 And I the WINE-PRESS was trodden toutside of the CITY; and Blood came forth out of the WINE-PRESS, I even to the BRIDLES of the BORses, a thousand six hundred Furlongs off.

15. of the-omit (A B.)

<sup>1 14.</sup> Ezek. i. 26; Dan. vil. 13; Rev. i. 15. 14. Rev. vil. 2. \$ 15. Rev. xvi. 17. \$ 15. Joel iii. 13; Matt. xiii. 39. \$ 1 15. Jer. II. 23; Rev. xiii. 19. \$ 1 18. Joel Iii. 13. \$ 19. Rev. xix. 15. \$ 20. Isa. Ixiii. 3; Lam. i. 15. \$ 20. Hcb. xiii. 12; Rev. xi. 8. 1 20. Rev. xix. 14.

### КЕФ. 16', 15.

1 Και ειδον αλλο σημειον εν τφ ουρανφ μεγα And I saw another sign in the heaven και θαυμαστον, αγγελους έπτα, εχοντας πληand wonderful, messengers seven, having γας έπτα τας εσχατας, ότι εν αυταις ετελεσθη seven the lastones, because in them was finished δ θυμος του θεου. <sup>2</sup> Και ειδον ως θαλασσαν the wrath of the God. And I saw ύαλινην μεμιγμενην πυρι, και τους νικωντας εκ glassy having been mingled with fire, and those being conquerors of του θηριου και εκ της εικονος αυτου, και εκ του the wild-beast and of the image of him, and of the αριθμού του ονοματός αυτού, έστωτας επίτην number of the name of him, standing on the θαλασσαν την υαλινην εχοντας κιθαρας του sea the glassy baving harps of the 3 Και αδουσι την φδην Μωυσεως δουλου Beou. And they sing the song of Moses abond-servant God. του θεου, και την φδην του αρνιου, λεγοντες. of the God, and the soug of the lamb, Μεγαλα και θαυμαστα τα εργα σου, κυριε δ wonderful the works of thee, O Lord the and Great  $heta\epsilon$ ος  $\delta$  παντοκρατωρ, δικαιαι και αληhetaιναι αί God the almighty, just and true the 4 TIS OF MI όδοι σου, ό βασιλευς των εθνων. ways of thee, the king of the nations; who not not φοβηθη \* [σε,] κυριε, και δοξαση το ονομα σου; may fear [thee,] O Lord, and may florify the name of thee? έτι μονος όσιος ότι παντα \* [τα εθνη] ήξυνσι because alone bountiful; because all [the nations] shall come και προσκυνησουσιν ενωπιον σου ότι τα δι shall worship in presence of thee; because the rightκαιωματα σου εφανερωθησαν.

cous acts of thee were manifested.  $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$  and came out the seven messengers those having the επτα πληγας \* [εκ του ναου,] ενδεδυμενοι λι. ον seven plagues [out of the temple,] having been clothed linen καθαρον λαμπρον, και περιεζωσμενοι περι τα pure bright, and having been girt round about the στηθη ζωνας χρυσας. 7 Και έν εκ των τε σα girdles golden. And one of the ρων ζωων εδωκε τοις έπτα αγγελοις έπτα φιαliving ones gave to the seven messengers seven bowls

Las χρυσας, γεμουσας του <sup>\*</sup>υμου του θεου του SEVEN Angels Seven golden, being full of the wrath of the Gold of the en Bowls full of the wrath

#### CHAPTER XV.

1 And II saw Another Sign in HEAVEN, great and wonderful, Iseven Angels having the seven LAST Plagues; Because by them the WRATH of GOD was to be completed.

2 And I saw as it wer ta glassy Sea mingled with Fire, and the CON-QUERORS of the " BEAST, and of his IMAGE, and the NUMBER of his NAME, standing on the GLASSI SEA, I having Harps of

3 And they sing the song of Moses the Sorvant of GOD, and the sona of the LAMB, saying, "Great and wonderful are thy wonks, O Lore. GOD, the OMNIPOTENT: righteous and true are thy ways, O king of the NATIONS!

4 1 Who shall not fear, O Lord, and glorify thy NAME? Since thou alone are bountiful; For ‡All the NATIONS shall come an worship in thy presnc ; Because thy BIGHT-EOUS ACTS were made manifest."

5 And after these things I aw, and I the TEMPLE of the TABERNACLE of the TESTIMONY in HEAVEN was opened.

6 And THUSL SEVEN Angels having the seven Plagues came out of the TEMPLE, I clothed with pure bright † Linen, and encircled about the DREASTS with golden Girdles.

7 1 And one of the FOUR Living ones gave to the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 2. IMAGE, and of the BEAST, and of the NUMBER (E.) 4. thee-omit (B.) 4. the NATIONS-omit (B.) 5. And-omit. 6. out of the AUMPLE-omit (B.)

<sup>+ 6.</sup> Lithon, a stone, is the reading of A c.

<sup>† 1.</sup> Rev. xii. 1, 3. † 1. Rev. xvi. 1; xxi. 0. † 1. Rev. xiv. 6. † 2. Rev. xiii. 15—17. † 2. Rev. v. 8; xiv. 2. † 3. Exod. xv. 1; Deut. xxxi. 30; Rev. xiv. 3. † 3. Deut. xxxii. 4; Psa cxi. 2; cxxxiix. 14. † 2. Exod. xv. 14—16; Jer. x. 7. † 4. Jsa. kvi. xxi. 2. † 5. Rev. xi. 19. See Num. i. 50. † 6. Exod. xxvii. 6, 8; Ezek. xliv. 17, 18; Rev. i. 13. † 7. Rev. iv. 6 : 3. Exod. av.

ζωντος εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. 8 Και εγεoneliving for the ages of the ages. And was μισθη δ ναος καπνου εκ της δοξης του θεου και full the temple of smoke from the glory of the God and εκ της δυναμεως αυτου και ουδεις ηδυνατο from the power of him; and no one was able  $\epsilon$ ισελθειν εις τον ναον, αχρι τελεσθωσιν αί to enter into the temple, till should be finished the έπτα πληγαι των έπτα αγγελωι. seven plagues of the seven messengers.

# КЕФ. is', 16.

1 Και ηκουσα φωνης μεγαλης εκ του ναου, And I heard a voice great out of the temple, λεγουσης τοις έπτα αγγελοις Υπαγετε και saying to the seven messengers; Go you forth and εκχεατε τας έπτα φιαλας του θυμου του θεου do you pour out the seven bowls of the wrath of the ELS THU YHV. into the earth.

 $^2$  Kai  $\alpha\pi\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$   $\delta$   $\pi\rho\omega\tau\sigma$ s, kai  $\epsilon\xi\epsilon\chi\epsilon\epsilon$   $\tau\eta\nu$ And wentforth the first, and poured out the φιαλην αύτου επι την γην και εγενετο έλκος bowl of himself on the land; and was anulcer κακον και πονηρον εις τους ανθρωπους τους bad and evil on the men those εχοντας το χαραγμα του θησιου, και having the mark of the wild-beast, and TOUS προσκυνουντας τη εικονι αυτου.

doing reverence to the image of him.

3 Kai  $\delta$   $\delta \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon \rho o s$   $\dagger [\alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda o s]$   $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \chi \epsilon \epsilon \tau \eta \nu$ And the second [messenger] poured out the φιαλην αύτου εις την θαλασσαν και εγενετο bowl of himself into the sea; and it became αίμα ως νεκρου, και πασα ψυχη \*[(ωης] απεblood as of a dead one, and every soul [oflife] died θανέν εν τη θαλασση.

in the sca. ' 4 Και δ τριτος εξεχεε την φιαλην αύτου εις And the third poured out the bowl of himself into τους ποταμους και εις τας πηγας των ύδατων. the rivers and into the fountains of the waters; και εγενετο αίμα.  $^5$  Και ηκουσα του αγγελου and it became blood. And I heard the messenger theorem bothe waters saying; Righteous art thou, the one existing και δ ην, δ όσιος, ότι ταυτα εκρινας judged These. and who was, the bountiful one, because these things thou hast judged; <sup>6</sup> ότι αίμα άγιων και προφητων εξεχεαν, και out the Blood of ‡ Saint's because blood of holy ones and of prophets they poured out, and and of Prophets, ‡ thou αίμα αυτους εδωκας πιειν· αξιοι εισι. 7 Kai gavest them also Blood to blood to them thou gavest to drink; worthy they are.

of THAT GOD Who LIVES for the AGES of the AGES.

8 And the TEMPLE was full of \* Smoke ; from the GLORY of GOD, and from his POWER; and no one was able to enter the TEM-PLE, till the SEVEN Plagues of the SEVEN And gels were completed.

### CHAPTER XVI.

1 And I heard a great Voice tout of the TEMPLE, saying to the SEVEN Angels, "Go forth, and pour out the SEVEN Bowls t of the WRATH of GOD into the EARTH."

2 And the FIRST went forth, and poured out his BOWL ton the LAND; and there came an evil and malignant Ulcer on THOSE MEN ! HAVING the MARK of the BEAST, and on THOSE WORSHIPPING his

3 And the SECOND poured out his BOWL tinto the SEA; and tit became Blood, as of one Dead; tand Every living Soul died,-THOSE in the SEA.

And the THIRD poured out his BOWL finto the RIVERS, and †[into] the FOUNTAINS of WA-TERS; ‡ and they became Blood.

5 And I heard the AN-GEL of the WATERS saving. t" Righteous art thou, the ONE who Is, and who WAS,-the BOUNTIFUL one: Because thou hast

6 Because they poured And drink; they deserve it."

6

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .-- 8. the SMOKE (B.) and-omit.

<sup>3.</sup> of life-omit.

<sup>† 1.</sup> out of the TEMPLE, omitted by B. 3. messenger, omitted by A c. 4. into. omitted by A C.

<sup>† 8.</sup> Exod, xl. 34; 1 Kings viii. 10; 2 Chron. v. 14; Isa. vi. 4.

1. Rev. xv. 1.

† 1. Rev. xiv. 10; xv. 7.

† 2. Rev. viii. 7.

† 3. Rev. viii. 8.

† 3. Exod. vii. 17, 20.

† 4. Rev. viii. 10.

† 5. Rev. i. 4, 8; iv. 8; xi. 17.

† 6. Matt. xxiii. 34, 35; Rev. xiii. 15.

† 6. Isa. xlix. 26.

ηκουσα του θυσιαστηριου λεγοντος Nai, κυριε l heard the altar saying; Wes, O Lord  $\delta$  θεος  $\delta$  παντοκρατωρ, αληθιναι και δικαιαι αί the God the almighty. true and righteous the κρισεις σου.

judgments of thee.

S Και δ τεταρτος εξεχεε την φιαλην αύτου And the fourth poured out the bowl of himself επι τον ήλιον και εδοθη αυτφ καυματισαι the sun; and was given to hun to burn τους ανθοωπους εν πυρι. 9 Και εκαυματισθη-And the men in fire. were burned σαν οί ανθρωποικαυμα μεγα, και εβλασφημησαν the men heat great, and they blasphemed το ονομα του θεου του εχοντος εξουπιαν επι the name of the God of that having authority over τας πληγας ταυ τας. και ου μετενοησαν δουναι the plagues these; and sor they reformed to give αυτφ δυξαν. to him glory.

επι τον θρονον του θηριου. Και εγενετο ή on the throne of the wild-beast, And became the βασιλεία αυτου εσκοτωμένη και εμασσώντο kingdom of him darkened; and they bit τας γλωσσας αύτων εκ του πονου, του πονου, εβλασφημησαν τον θεον του ουρανου εκ των they blasphemed the God of the heaven because of the πονων αύτων και εκ των έλκων αύτων και pains of themselves and because of the ulcers of themselves; and ου μετενοησαν εκ των εργων αύτων. they reformed from the works of themselves.

 $^{12}$  Και ὁ έκτος εξεχεε την φιαλην αύτου επι And the sixth poured out the bowl of himself on τον πυταμον τον μεγαν Ευφρατην και εξηρανthe river the great Euphrates; and was dried θη το ύδωρ αυτου, ίνα έτοιμασθη ή όδος των θη το ύδωρ αυτου, ινα ετοιματού, η up the water of it, so that might be prepared the way of the βασιλεων των απο ανατολων ήλιου. kings of those from nsings of a sun. ειδον εκ του στοματος του δρακοντος και EK I saw out of the mouth of the dragon and out of του στοματος του θηριου και εκ του στοματος mouth of the wild-beast and out of the mouth του φευδοπροφητου πνευματα τρια ακαθαρτα of the false-prophet spirits three unclean ώς βατραχοι 14 (εισι γαρ πνευματα δαιμωfrogs; (they are for spirits of deσημεια) ά εκπορευεται επι VIWV TOLOUVTA to which go forth working signs;) τους βασιλεις της οικουμένης όλης, συναγαof the habitable whole, to gather the kings

7 And I heard the ALTAR saying, "Yes, 10 Lord God, the omnifotent, true and righteous are thy Judgments."

- 8 And the FOURTH poured out his BOWL ton the sun; tand to him it was given to burn MEN with Fire.
- 9 And MEN were burned with great Ileat, and \*they ‡ blasphemed †the NAME of THAT GOD who HAS Authority over these PLAGUES; and ‡they reformed not ‡ to give him Glory.
- 10 And the FIFTH poured out his BOWL I on the THRONE of the BEAST; I and his KINGDOM was darkened; and they bit their TONGUES because of the PAIN,
- 11 and blasphemed the GOD of HEAVEN on account of their PAINS and their ‡ULCERS; and they reformed not from their WORKS.
- 12 And the SIXTH poured out his BOWL on the GREAT RIVER, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{the EUPHRATES}; and its water was dried up, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{so}\$ that the way of Those Kings who are from the Sun-rising might be prepared.
- 13 And I saw out of the MOUTH of the PDRAGON, and out of the MOUTH of the BEAST, and out of the MOUTH of the FRALSE PROPHET, three impure Spirits, as Frogs.
- 14 For they are Spirits of Demons, ‡ working Signs, which go forth to the KINGS of the whole HABITABLE, to gather

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1100 .- 9. MEN blasphemed (B.)

<sup>† 9.</sup> In presence of that God, (A.) 12. the Eufhbates, (A c.)

<sup>† 7.</sup> Rev. xv. 3. † 7. Rev. xiii. 10; xiv. 10; xix. 2. † 8. Rev. viii. 12. † 8. Rev. xii. 17, 18; xiv. 18. † 9. verses 11, 21. † 9. Rev. ix. 20. † 9. Rev. xii. 13; xiv. 7. † 10. Rev. xiii. 2. † 10. Rev. ix. 2. † 11. verse 2. † 12. rev. xi. 14. See Jer. l. 88; 1i. 36. † 12. Isa. xii. 2, 25. † 13. Rev. xii. 20, xx. 10. † 14. 2 Thess. ii. 9; Rev. xii. 13, 14; xix. 20.

γειν αυτους εις τον πολεμον της ήμερας εκειtogether them for the war of the day of that νης της μεγαλης του θεου του παντοκρατορος. of the great of the God of the almighty.

 $^{15} \underbrace{(1\delta ov, \ \epsilon \rho \chi o \mu at \ \acute{w}s \ \kappa \lambda \epsilon \pi \tau \eta s^{*} \ \mu \alpha \kappa a \rho to s \ \acute{\delta}}_{(Lo, \ 1 \ come \ as \ a \ thief;} \mu \alpha \kappa a \rho to s \ \acute{\delta} \gamma \rho \eta - o n e$ γορων, και τηρων τα ίματια αύτου, ίνα μη watching, and keeping the garments of himself, so that not γυμνος περιπατη, και βλεπωσι την ασχημοσυnaked he may walk, and they may see the νην αυτου.) 16 Και συνηγαγεν αυτους εις τον of him.) And he gathered together them into the

τοπον καλουμενον Έβραιστι Αρμαγεδον. place that being called in Hebrew Armagedon. 

<sup>17</sup> Και  $\delta$   $\epsilon$ βδομος  $\epsilon$ ξεχε $\epsilon$  την φιαλην αύτου And the seventh poured out the bowl of himself επι τον αερα· και εξηλθε φωνη μεγαλη απο on the air; and cameforth avoice great from του ναου του ουρανου, απο του θρονου, λεγουthe temple of the heaven, from the throne, σα· Γεγονε. 18 Και εγενοντο αστραπαι και ing; It has been done. And were lightnings and φωναι και βρονται, και σεισμος \*[εγενετο] voices and thunders, and an earthquake [was] μεγας, olos ουκ εγενετο αφ' ου οί ανθρωποι great, such not was from of which the men εγενοντο επι της γης, τηλικουτος σεισμος were on the earth, so great an earthquake ούτω μεγας.  $^{19}$  Και εγενετο  $\mathring{\eta}$  πολις  $\mathring{\eta}$  μεγαλη so great. And was the city the great εις τρια μερη, και αί πολεις των εθνων επεσον. into three parts, and the cities of the nations και Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη εμνησθη ενωπιον του and Babylon the great was remembered before the  $\theta$ εου, δουναι αυτή το ποτηριον του οινου του God, to give to her the cup of the wine of the θυμου της οργης αύτου<sup>20</sup> και πασα νησος εφυ-wrath of the anger of himself; and every island fled γε, και ορη ουχ εύρεθησαν· 21 και χαλαζα and away, and mountains not were found; hail ιεγαλη ώς ταλαντιαια καταβαινει εκ του ουραgreat as if weighing a talent comes down out of the heaven νου επι τους ανθρωπους και εβλασφημησαν

on the men; and blasphemed οί ανθρωποι τον θεον εκ της πληγης της the men the God on account of the plague of the χαλαζης, ότι μεγαλη εστιν  $\mathring{\eta}$  πληγη αυτης hail, because great is the plague of her

σφοδρα. exceedingly.

them together for tthe WAR of that GREAT DAY of the OMNIPOTENT GOD.

15 ‡ (Behold! I am coming as a Thief; blessed is HE who WATCHES and keeps his GARMENTS, I so that he may not walk naked, and they should see hls shame.)

16 And the gathered them together into THAT PLACE which is CALLED in Hebrew \* Armagedon.

17 And the SEVENTH poured out his BOWL on the AIR; and there came forth a †loud Voice from the TEMPLE tof HEAVEN, from the THEONE, saying, ‡" It is done."

18 And there were Lightnings, and Voices, tand Thunders, tand there was a great Earthquake; ‡ such as was not since ta Man was on the FARTH, such an Earthquake,-so great.

19 And the GREAT CITY became Three Parts. and the CITIES of the NA-TIONS fell down; and Babylon the GREAT ‡ was remembered before God, I to have given her the cup of the WINE of the INDIG-NATION of his WRATH.

20 And ‡Every Island fled, and no Mountains were found.

21 ‡ And a great Hai!, as if weighing a talent, comes down from HEA-VEN on MEN; and #MEN blasphemed Gon on account of the PLAGUE of the HAIL, Because the PLAGUE of it is exceedingly great.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.-16. Magedon (B.) 18. was-omit.

<sup>† 17.</sup> loud, omitted by B. 17. of HEAVEN, omitted by B. 18. a Man, (A.) 18. and Thunders omitted by B.

# КЕФ. (С'! 17.

Ι Και ηλύεν είς εκ των έπτα αγγελων των And came one of the seven messengers of those εχυντων τας έπτα φιαλας, και ελαλησε μετ' having the seven bowls, and spoke εμου, λεγων. Δευρο, δειξω σοι το κριμα της me, saying; Come hi her, I will show to thee the judgment of the πορνης της μεγαλης, της καθημένης επι των hatot the great, of that sitting on the  $\upsilon\delta\alpha\tau\omega\nu$   $\tau\omega\nu$   $\tau\omega\lambda\omega\nu$ .  $^2\mu\epsilon\theta$ ,  $^3\eta s$   $\epsilon\pi\sigma\rho\nu\epsilon\nu\sigma\sigma\nu$  water the many; with whom committed fornication οι βασιλεις της γης, και εμεθυσθησαν οί κατοιthe kings of the earth, and were made drunk those inhabit-κουντές την γην \* [έκ του οινου της πορνείας ing the earth (with the wine of the fornication 3 Και απηνεγκε με εις ερημον εν And he carried away me into a desert in αυτης.] of her.] ι· και ειδον γυναικα καθημενην επι πνευματι. spirit, θηριον κοκκινον, γεμον ονοματων βλασφημιας, a wild-heast scarlet, being full of names of blaspliemy, εχον κεφαλας έπτα και κερατα δεκα. 4 Και ή And the having heads seven and horns ten. γυνη ην περιβεβλημενη πορφυρουν και κοκκιwoman was having been clothed purple and scarlet, νον, και κεχρυσωμενη χρυσιφ και λιθφ τιμιφ and having been gilded with gold and a stone precious και μαργαριταις, εχουσα χρυσουν ποτηριον εν pearls, golden having a cup in τη χειρι αύτης γεμον βδελυγματων, και τα the hand of herself being full of about nations, and the ακαθαρτα της πορνείας αύτης, δκαι επι uncleannesses of the fornication of herself, and on ETL TO μετωπον αύτης ονομα γεγραμμενον. Μυστηριον. forehead of herself a name having been written; Mystery; Baβυλων ή μεγαλη, ή μητηρ των πορνων και Balvolon the great, the mother of the harlots and των βδελυγματων της γης.  $^6$  Και είδον την of the abominations of the earth. And I saw the γυναικα μεθυουσαν εκ του αίματος των άγιων, drunken with the blood of the holy ones, και εκ του αίματος των μαρτυρων Ιησου. Kai and with the blood of the witnesses of Jesus. And εθαυμασα, ιδων αυτην θαυμα μεγα. I wondered, having seen her a wonder great.

7 Και είπε μοι δ αγγελος. Διατι εθαυμασας:
And said to me the messenger; Why didst thou wonder?
εγω σοι ερω το μυστηριον της γυναικος, και
1 to thee will tell the secret of the woman, and
του θηριου του βασταζοντος αυτην, του εχονof the will-beast of that bearing her, of that having
τας τας έπτα κεφαλας και τα δεκα κερατα.
the seven heads and the ten horse.

CHAPTER XVII.

1 And tone of those seven Angels having the seven Bowls came and spoke with me, saying, "Come, t I will show thee the JUDGMENT of that GREAT HARLOT, two sits on t Many Waters;

2 twith whom the KINGS of the EARTH committed fornication, and the INHABITANTS of the EARTH were made drunk with the WINE of her FOR-

NICATION."

S And he conducted me, in Spirit, ‡ into a Desert; and I saw a Woman sitting ‡ on a \*scarlet Beast, full of ‡ Blasphemous Names, having seven Heads and ten Horns.

4 And the WOMAN \* was clothed in Purple and Scarlet, \* and adorned with Gold and precious Stone and Pearls, \* having in her HAND a golden Cup, \* full of Abominations, and the IMPURITIES of \* her FORNICATION:

5 and on her forehead a Name written, ; "Mystery, Babylon the Great, ; the mother of the har-Lots and of the Abomi-NATIONS of the EARTH."

6 And I saw the wo-MAN drunk twith the BLOOD of the SAINTS, and with the BLOOD of the WITNESSES of Jesus; and having seen her, I wondered with great Wonder.

7 And the ANGEL said to me, "Why didst thou wonder? I will tell thee the SECRET of the WOMAN, and of THAT BEAST BEARING her,—THAT HAVING the SEVEN Heads and the TEN Horns.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.-2. with the wine of her fornication-omit.

8. the fornication of the eabth (b.)

<sup>+ 1.</sup> many Waters, (A.)

<sup>† 1.</sup> Rev. xxi. 9. † 1. Rev. xvi. 19; xviii. 16, 17, 10. † 1. Nahum iii. 4; Rev. xxix. 2. † 2. Jer. li. 13; ver. 15. † 2. Rev. xviii. 3. † 2. Jer. li. 7; Rev. xii. 1. † 2. Rev. xviii. 12, 10. † 4. Dan. xi. 38. † 4. Jer. li. 7; Rev. xviii. 6. † 4. Rev. xv. xv. (1. 7; Rev. xviii. 6. † 4. Rev. xvii. 10; xii. 11. † 5. Rev. xviii. 10; xii. 2. † 6. Rev. xviii. 15; xvi. 6; ... † 6. Rev. vi. 9, 10; xii. 11.

<sup>8</sup> Το θηριον δ ειδες, ήν, και ουκ εστι, και The wild-beast which thou sawest, was, and not is, μελλει αναβαινειν εκ της αβυσσου, και εις απω-.s about to come up out of the abyss, and into λειαν ύπαγειν και θαυμασονται οί κατοικουντες and will wonder those dwelling truction to go; επιτης γης, ών ου γεγραπταιτα ονοματα επι the earth, of whom not has been written the το βιβλιον της ζωης απο καταβολης κοσμου, the scroll of the life from a casting down of a world, βλεποντων το θηριον ότι ήν, και ουκ εστι, beholding the wild-beast becausehe was, and not 9 'Ωδε δ νους δ εχων σοφιαν. και παρεσται. Here the mind the one having wisdom. and will be present. Αί έπτα κεφαλαι, έπτα ορη εισιν, όπου ή γυνη The seven heads, seven mountains are, where the woman καθηται επ' αυτων. 10 Και βασιλεις έπτα kings 8118 on them. And  $\epsilon \iota \sigma \iota \nu^{\circ}$  of  $\pi \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon \in \epsilon \pi \epsilon \sigma \alpha \nu$ ,  $\delta \epsilon is \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ ,  $\delta \alpha \lambda \lambda \sigma s$ are; the five felt the one is the other ουπω ηλθε, και όταν ελθη, ολιγον αυτον δει not yet is come, and when he may have come, alittle him it behoves μειναι. 11 Και το θης ιον, δ ην, και ουκ εστι, And the wild-beast, which was, and not και αυτος ογδοος εστι, και εκ των έπτα εστι, even he eighth is, and out of the seven και εις απωλειαν ύπαγει. 12 Και τα δεκα κερα-And the ten and into destruction gues. horns ά είδες, δεκα βασιλείς είσιν, οίτινες which thou sawest, ten kings are, βασιλειαν ουπω ελαβον, αλλ' εξουσιαν ώς βασιa kingdom not yet received, but authority as kings λεις μιαν ώραν λαμβανουσι μετα του θηριου. hour they receive with the wild-beast. 13 Ούτοι μιαν εχουσι γνωμην, και την δυναμιν These one have purpose, and the power και την εξουσιαν έαυτων τω θηριω διδοασιν. and the authority of themselves to the wild-beast they give. 14 Ούτοι μετα του αρνιου πολεμησουσι και το These with the lamb and the will make war; αρνιον νικησει αυτους, ότι κυριος κυριων εστι lamb will overcome them, because a Lord offords heis και βασιλευς βασιλεων και οί μετ' αυτου, a King of kings; and those with 15 Και λεγει κλητοι και εκλεκτοι και πιστοι. called ones and chosen ones and faithful ones. And he says μοι Τα ύδατα ά ειδες, ού ή πορνη καθηto me; The waters which thou sawest, where the harlot ται, λαοι και οχλοι εισι, και εθνη και γλωσσαι. peoples and crowds are, and nations and

8 The BEAST which thou sawest, was, and is not, and tis about to ascend out of the ABYSS, and to to ascend out of the ABYSS, and to go into Destruction; and THOSE who DWELL On the EARTH (tof of whom \*the NAME has not been written on the SCHOLL of the LIFE from the Foundation of the World,) twill wonder, seeing the BEAST, Because he was, and is not, and shall be present.

9 ‡ Here is that MIND which has Wisdom. ‡The SEVEN Heads are seven Mountains, on which

the WOMAN sits.

10 And the Kings are seven; the FIVE are fallen, the ONE is, the other is not yet come; and when he may have come, he must remain a little while.

11 And the BEAST, which was, and is not, he is both an Eighth and is of the SEVEN, ‡ and goes into Destruction.

La. And the TEN Horns which thou sawest are Ten Kings, who have not t[yet] received a Kingdom; but they receive Authority, as Kings, One Hour with the BEAST.

13 These have One Purpose, and they give their POWER and † Authority to

the BEAST.

14 These will make war with the LAME, and the LAME will conquer them, († Because he is Lord of Lords, and King of Kings,) ‡ and Those who are with him are CALLED, and chosen, and faithful.

15 And he says to me, The WATERS which thou sawest, where the HARLOT sits, are Peoples, and Crowds, and Nations, and Languages.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 8. the NAME, (A.B.)

<sup>† 12.</sup> yet, omitted by A. 13. Authority, (A. B.)

<sup>6</sup> Ка*і* та бека керата а ειδες, και το θη-And the ten horus which thou sawest, and the wildοιον, ούτοι μισησουσι την πορνην, και ηρημωbeast, these willhate the harlot, and having made μενην ποιησουσιν αυτην \*[και γυμνην,] και her (even naked,] and lesolate will make τας σαρκας αυτης φαγονται, και αυτην καταflesh ofher will eat, and her καυσουσιν εν πυρι.  $17^{\circ}$ Ο γαρ θεος εδωκεν εις ourn with fre. The for God gave into τας καρδιας αυτων, πυιησαι \* [την] γνωμην the hearts of them, to have done [the] purpose αυτου, και ποιησαι γνωμην μιαν, και δουναιτην ofhim, and to have done purpose one, and to give the Βασιλειαν αύτων τω θηριω, αχρι τελεσθησονkingdom of themselves to the wild-heast, till shall be finished ται οί λογοι του θεου. 18 Και ή γυνη ήν

the words of the God. And the woman which δες, εστιν ή πολις ή μεγαλη ή εχουσα βασιenwest, is the city the great that having λειαν επι των βασιλεων της γης. ship over the kings of the earth.

# КЕФ. 17', 18.

1 \* [ Και ] μετα ταυτα ειδον αλλον αγγελον And] after these things I saw another messenger καταβαινοντα εκ του ουρανου, εχοντα εξουσιαν coming down from the heaven, having authority με γαλην και ή γη εφωτισθη εκ της δοξης great; and the earth was illuminated from the glory 2 Και εκραξεν εν ισχυρα φωνη, λεγων. QUTOU. And he cried out with a strong voice, saying; \*[επεσε.] Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη, και [is fallen,] Babylon the great, and of him. and εγενετο κατοικητηριον δαιμονων, και φυλακη ofdemons, a habitation and a haunt is become παντος πνευματος ακαθαρτου, και φυλακη πανspirit impure, and a haunt ofevery 3 871 τος ορνεου ακαθαρτου και μεμισημενου·
every bird unciran and having been hated, because εκ του οινου του θυμου της πορνειας αυτης wrath of the fornication by the wine of the παντα τα εθνη, και οί βαπιλεις της has been drunken all the nations, and the kings of the γης μετ' αυτης επορνευσαν, και οί εμποροι της and the merchants of the earth with her fornicated, THIS EK THE SUVALLEWS TOU OTPHVOUS AUTHS EMearth by the power of the luxures ofher were λουτησαν. enriched.

4 Και ηκουσα αλλην φωνην εκ του ουρανου, And I heard another voice from the heaven.

16 And the TEN Horns which thou sawest, and the BEAST, these will hate the HARLOT, and will make her desolate ‡ and naked, and will eat her PLESH, and ! burn Her with Fire.

17 For Gop inclined their HEARTS to do his PURPOSE, even to execute one Purpose, and to give their KINGDOM to the BEAST, I till the WORDS of God shall be completed.

18 And the WOMAN, whom thou sawest, tis THAT GREAT CITY, ! which holds sovereignty over the KINGS of the EARTH."

#### CHAPTER XVIII.

- 1 # After these things I saw Another Angel coming down from HEAVEN, having great Authority; t and the EARTH was illumined with his GLORY.
- 2 And he cried with a strong Voice, saying, "Fallen! fallen! is Babylon the GREAT! and t is become a Habitation of Demons, and a Haunt of Every impure Spirit, and ta Haunt of Every unclean and hated Bird:
- S because + [of the WINE] of the WRATH of her FORNICATION All the NATIONS have † fallen. and the KINGS of the EARTH committed fornication with her, and the MFECHANTS of the EARTH were enriched by the POWER of her LUXURIES."
- 4 And I heard Another Voice from HEAVEN, say-

17. the-omit. 1.

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 16. and naked-omit. 2. is fallen-omit (B.) And-omit (A. B.)

<sup>3.</sup> fallen, (ABC.) + 3. of the wine, cmitted by A c.

<sup>10.</sup> Jer. l. 41, 42; Rev. xviii. 16.

110. Ezek. xvii. 37—44; Rev. xviii. 16.

1111. 12. 13. Rev. xii. 4.

1112. 14. Rev. xvii. 1.

112. 15. Rev. xii. 4.

113. Rev. xvii. 1.

114. Ezek. xiii. 2.

115. Ezek. xvii. 16.

115. Rev. xvii. 16.

116. Ezek. xvii. 16.

117. Rev. xv. 7.

118. Rev. xvii. 16.

119. Rev. xvi. 17.

119. Ezek. xvii. 12.

119. Ezek. xvii. 12.

119. Rev. xvii. 16.

110. Ezek. xvii. 37—44; Rev. xviii. 16.

110. Ezek. xvii. 37—44; Rev. xvii. 37—44; Rev. xvii. 16.

110. Ezek. xvii. 37—44; Rev. xvii. 37—44; R Rev. xvin. 8.

λεγουσαν Εξελθετε εξ αυτης, δ λαος μου, ενα saying; Come you out from her, the people of me, so that μη συγκοινωνησητε ταις άμαρτιαις αυτης, και not you may participate with the sins of her, and κε των πληγων αυτης ένα μη λαβητε· δότι not you may participate with the sins from the plagues of her so that not you may receive; because εκολληθησαν αυτης αί άμαρτιαι αγρι του ουραadhered together of her the sins even to the heaven, νου, και εμνημονευσεν ὁ θεος τα αδικηματα
and remembered the God the unjustacts 6 Αποδοτε αυτη, ώς και αυτη απεκωκε, autys. Give you to her, as also she και διπλωσατε †[αυτη] διπλα κατα τα and double you [to her] double according to the τργα αυτης εν τω ποτηριω ω εκερασε, κεραworks of her; in the cup which shemixed, do you σατε αυτη διπλουν  $^{7}$  όσα εδοξασεν έαυτην double; how much she glorified herself και εστρηνιασε, τοσουτον δοτε αυτη βασανισand lived luxuriously, so much give you to her torment μον και πενθος. Ότι εν τη καρδια αύτης and mourning. Because in the heart of herself λεγει Καθημαι βασιλισσα, και χηρα ουκ ειμι, λεγει Καυημαι μου aqueen, and a widow not see says; I sit aqueen, δου 8 δια τουτο εν μια και πενθος ου μη ιδω· 8 δια τουτο εν and mourning not not imay see; on account of this in ήμερα ήξουσιν αί πληγαι αυτης, θανατος \* [και]
day will come the plagues of her, death [and] [and] πενθος και λιμος· και εν πυρι κατακαυθησεται·
mourning and famine; and with fire will be burntup; ότι ισχυρος κυριος δ θεος δ κρινας αυτην. because strong Lord the God the one having judged her. 9 Και κλαυσονται και κοψονται επ' αυτη οί And shallweep and shallwail over her the βασιλεις της γης, οί μετ' αυτης πορνευσαντες kings of the earth, those with her having fornicated και στρηνιασαντες, όταν βλεπωσι τον καπνον and having lived luxuriously, when they may see the της πυρωσεως αυτης, 10 απο μακροθεν εστηκοτον φοβον του βασανισμου αυτης, on account of the fear of the torment ofher,  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma_0 \nu \tau \epsilon s^*$  Oval,  $\star \begin{bmatrix} oval, \\ [woe, ] \end{bmatrix} \dot{\eta} \pi_0 \lambda_l s \mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha \lambda \eta$ , Basaying; Woe, the city great, Basaying; βυλων ἡ πολις ἡ ισχυρα, ότι μια ώρα ηλθενbylon the city the strong, because in one hour came 11 Και οί εμποροι της γης κλαιή κρισις σου. the judgment of thee. And the merchants of the earth weep ουσι και πενθουσιν επ' αυτη, ότι τον γομον and mourn over her, because the cargo

ing, ‡"Come out from her, my people, so that you may have no fellowship with her sins, and that you receive not of her PLAGUES.

5 ‡ because her sins were builded together even to HEAVEN, and ‡ GOD remembered \*her UNRIGH-

TEOUS ACTS.

6 ‡ Render to her as she also rendered, and repay double according to her works; ‡ in the cur which she mixed, ‡ mix to

her double;

7 ‡ as much as she glorified herself, and lived luxuriously, So much Torment and Mourning give to her. Because she says in her HEART, 'I sit a ‡ Queen, and am not a Widow, and shall by no means see Mourning.'

8 Therefore in ‡One Day will her PLAGUES come—Death and Mourning and Famine; and she will be burnt up with Fire; ‡Because \*strong is THAT Lord who has

JUDGED her.

9 And those kines of the earth, who with her committed fornication and lived luxuriously, twill mourn and lament over her, twhen they see the SMOKE of her burning.

10 standing at a distance on account of the FEAR of her TORMENT, saying, 1' Alas! alas! the GREAT CITY Babylon, the STEONG CITY! I Because in One Hour came thy JUDGMENT.'

11 And the MER-CHANTS of the MART'S weep and mourn over her,

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.-5. her for her unrighteous acts. 8. and—omit. 8 strong is that Lord. 10. Woe—omit.

<sup>† 6.</sup> to her, omitted by A B C.

<sup>1 4. 18</sup>a. xlviii. 20; lii. 11; Jer. 1. 8; li. 6, 45; 2 Cor. vi. 17.

1 5. Gen. xviii. 90, 21;

1 7. I. 9. Jonah i. 2.

2 5. Rev. xvi. 19.

2 6. Rev. xvii. 8; Jer. 1. 15, 29; 11.

2 6. Rev. xvii. 10.

1 7. Ezek. xxvii. 2.

1 7. I. 18a. xlvii. 7, 8; Zeph. it. 15.

1 8. Isa. xlvii 9; verse 10.

1 8. Rev. xvii. 16.

1 8. Jer. 1. 34; Rev. xi. 17.

2 9. Ezek. xxvii. 16, 17; Rev. xvii. 18.

1 9. Jer. 1. 46.

2 10. Rev. xvii. 18.

1 10. Rev. xvii. 18.

1 11. Ezek. xxvii. 27-36; verse 3.

αυτων ουδεις αγοραζει ουκετι: 12 γομον χρυσου of them no one buys any more; cargo of gold και αργυμου, και λιθου τιμιου και μαργαριτου, and of silver, and of stone of value and και βυσσινού και πορφυράς, και σηρικού και and of fine cotton and of purple, and of silk and κοκκινου και παν ξυλον θυινον, και παν σκευος of scarlet; and all wood aromatic, and every vessel ελεφαντινον, και παν σκευος εκ ξυλου τιμιωand every vessel of wood τατου και χαλκου και σιδηρου και μαρμαρου·
precious and of copper and of iron and of marble: 13 και κιναμωμον, και αμωμον, και θυμιαματα, and cinnamon, and amornum, and odors, και μυρον, και λιβανον, \*[και οινον,] και ελαι-and cintment, and frankincense, [and wine,] and cil, υν, και σεμιδαλιν, και σιτον, και κτηνη, και and finest flour, and wheat, and cattle, and προβατα· και ίππων, και δεδων, και σωματων·
sheep; and of horses, and of chariots, and of bodies; και ψυχας ανθρωπων. 14 Και ή δπωρα της επιand lives of men. And the fruit season of the earnυυμιας της ψυχης σου απηλθεν απο σου, και est desire of the soul of thee went away from thee, παντα τα λιπαρα και τα λαμπρα απωλέτο all the dainty things and the splendid things perished ato σου, και ουκετι ου μη εύρησης αυτα. from thee, and no longer not not thou may est find them. εύρησης αυτα. 15 Οί εμποροι τουτων οί πλουτησαντες απ' The merchants of these things those having been enriched from αυτης, απο μακροθεν στησονται, her, from at a distance shall stand. δια τον shall stand, because of the her, Φοβον του βασανισμου αυτης, κλαιοντες και fear of the torment of her, weeping and πενθουντες, 16 \* [και] λεγοντες Oυαι, \* [oυαι] mourning, [and] saying, Woe, [woe;] and ή πολις ή μεγαλη, ή περιβεβλημενη βυσσινον the city the great, that having been clothed fine cotton και πορφυρουν και κοκκινον, και κεχρυσωμενη purple and scarlet, and being gilded εν χρυσιώ και λιθώ τιμιώ και μαργαριταις. ότι with gold and stone precious and pearls; because 17 Kat μια ώρα ηρημωθη ό τοσουτος πλουτος. in one hour is laid waste the so great wealth And πας κυβερνητης, και πας δ επιτοπον πλεων, and every one who to a place sailing, every pilot, και ναυται, και όσοι την θαλασσαν εργαζονand sailors, and as many as the sea work, ται, απο μακροθεν εστησαν, <sup>18</sup> και εκραζον βλεfrom at a distance stood, and cried out ποντες τον καπνον της πυρωσεως αυτης, λεholding the smoke of the burning of her, , sayγοντες· \*[Tis όμοια τη πολει τη μεγαλη; 19 και city is like to the GREAT (What like to the city to the great?

Because no one buys their MERCHANDISE any more;

12 the Mcrchandise of Gold, and of Silver, and of precious Stone, and of Pearl, and of Fine linen, and of Purple, and of Silk, and of Scarlet; and All aromatic Wood, and All Furniture of Ivory, and All Furniture of most precious Wood, and of Copper, and of Iron, and of Marble;

13 and Cinnamon, and Amomum, and Incense, and Ointment, and Frankincense, and Wine, and Finest flour, and Wheat, and \*Cattle, and Sheep, and of Herses, and of Chariots. and of Bodies, and ! Lives of Men.

14 And the FRUIT SEA-SON of thy SOUL'S ARDENT DESIRE is gone away from thee, and All the DAINTY and SPLENDID THINGS are lost to thee, and never † shall they find them.

15 I THOSE MERCHANTS of these things who were enriched by her, will stand at a distance, because or the FEAR of her TORMENT. \* weeping and mourning,

16 saying, Alas! alas! THAT GREAT CITY, twhich was CLOTHED with Fine linen, and Purple, and Scarlet, and adorned with Gold, and precious Stone, and Pearls!

17 ! Because in One Hour SUCH GREAT Wealth is laid waste." And Every Pilot, and Every Voyager, and Mariner, and as many as work on the SEA, stood at a distance,

18 ‡ and cried out, beholding the SMOKE of her BURNING, saying, 1" What and CITY!"

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—13. and Wine—omit (B.)

13. Sheep, and Cat16. wine—omit (B.)

16. wine—omit (B.) tle, (B.) 15. both weeping. 10. and -omit (A. B.) 10. wee-omit (B.) 18, 19, 22, 23, are omissions probably made through the carelessness of the transcriber. They are found in A B C.

<sup>† 13.</sup> an odoriferous shrub. 14. shall they find, (A c.)

<sup>1 15.</sup> verses 3, 11.

εβαλον χουν επι τας κεφαλας αύτων, και εκρα-they cast dust on the heads of themselves, and cried ζον κλαιοντες και πενθουντες, λεγοντες.] Ουαι, out weeping and mourning, saying; Woe. \*[oval]  $\mathring{\eta}$  πολις  $\mathring{\eta}$   $\mu$ εγαλη, εν  $\mathring{\eta}$  επλουτησαν [woe,] the city the great, by which were enriched παντες οί εχοντες πλοια εν τη θαλασση εκ της all those having ships on the sea by the τιμιοτητος αυτης, ότι μια ώρα ηρημωθη. prectousness of her, because in one hour she was made desolate. <sup>20</sup> Ευφραινου επ' αυτη, ουρανε, και οί άγιοι και O heaven, and the holy ones and Rejoice thou over her, οί αποστολοι και οί προφηται, ότι εκρινεν the apostles and the prophets, because judged 21 Και ηρεν είς δ θεος το κριμα δμων εξ αντης. the God the judgment of you on her. And took up one αγγελος ισχυρος λιθον ώς μυλον μεγαν, και and strong a stone as a millstone great, εβαλεν εις την θαλασσαν, λεγων. Ούτως δρμηcast into the sea, saying; Thus ματι βληθησεται Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη πολις, και violence shall be cast down Babylon the great city, ου μη εύρεθη ετι. 22 Και φωνη κιθαρωδων And a voice not not may be found any more. και μουσικών και αυλητών και σαλπιστών ου μη and of musicians and of flute-players and of trumpeters not not ακουσθη εν σοι ετι, και πας τεχνιτης πασης may be heard in thee longer, and every τεχνης ου μη εύρεθη εν σοι ετι, \*[και φωνη art not not may be found in thee longer, land a sound μυλου ου μη ακουσθη εν σοι ετι, ] και φως of a millatone not not may be beard in thee longer.] and a light λυχνου ου μη φανη εν σοι ετι, 23 \* [και φωνη not not may shine in thee longer, oflamp [and a voice νυμφιου και νυμφης ου μη ακουσθη εν σοι ετι of bridegroom and of bride not not may be heard in thee longer; ότι οί εμποροι σου ησαν οί μεγιστανες της because | the merchants of thee were the great ones γης, ότι εν τη φαρμακεια σου επλανηθησαν earth, because by the magical arts of thee were deceived 24 Και εν αυτη αίματα προφηπαντα τα εθνη. all the nations. And in thee bloods of proph-

КЕФ. ιθ'. 19.

μενων επι της γης.

zilled on the earth.

any Art, omitted by A.

των και άγιων εύρεθη, και παντων των εσφαγets and of holy oneswas found, even of all of those having been

1 Μετα ταυτα ηκουσα ως φωνην \*[μεγαλην] After these things I heard as a voice [great]

19 And they cast Dust on their HEADS, and cried. tweeping and mourning, saying, "Alas! alas! saying, THAT GREAT CITY, by which were enriched out of her WEALTH ALL those HAVING the ships on the seal Because in One Hour she was desolated."

20 ‡ Exult over her, O Heaven! and you SAINTS, and you APOSTLES, and you PROPHETS; Because GOD judged your JUDG-

MENT on her.

21 And one strong Angel took up a Stone like a great Millstone, and threw it into the SEA, saying, ‡"Thus with Violence shall Babylon, the GREAT City, be thrown down, and I shall by no means be found any more.

22 ‡ And Voice of Harpers, and of Musicians, and of Flute-players, and of Trumpeters, shall be heard in thee no longer; and no Artisan t of any Art shall be found in thee any more; and Sound of Millstone shall be heard in thee no longer:

23 and # Light of Lamp shall shine no more in thee; and: Voice of Bride-groom and of Bride shall be heard no more in thee: Because thy MERCHANTS were the GREAT ONES of the EARTH- Because by thy SORCERIES All the NA-TIONS were deceived."

24 And ‡ in her the † Blood of Prophets and of Saints was found, even of ALL those Thaving been KILLED on the EARTH.

#### CHAPTER XIX.

1 After these things † I heard a loud Voice as of a

\* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 19. woe-omit. 1. great-omit. 22 23-om. † 19. Weeping and Mourning, omitted by A. 19. † y Art, omitted by A. 24. Blood, (Ac.) bloods, (E.) 19. the ships, (A B C.)

<sup>\$\</sup>frac{1}{2}\$ 19. Josh. vii. 6; \$1 Sam. iv. 12; \$Job ii. 12; \$Ezek. xxvii. 30. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 19. verse 8. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 20. Luke xi. 40, 50; \$xix. 2. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 12. Jer. li. 64. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 12. Rev. xii. 8; \$xvi. 20. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 22. Isa. xxiv. 8; \$Jer. vii. 34; \$xvi. 9; \$xxv. 10; \$Ezek. xxvi. 13. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 23. Jer. xxv. 10. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 23. Jer. xvii. 34; \$xvi. 9; \$xxviii. 11. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 23. Jer. xvii. 6. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 24. Rev. xvii. 6. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 24. Jer. I I. Rev. x1. 15.

σχλου πολλου εν τω ουρανω, λεγοντων Αλληof a growd large in the heaven, saying; Praise λουια ή σωτηρια και ή δοξα και ή δυναμις του the Lord; the salvation and the glory and the power of the θεου ήμων 2 δτι αληθιναι και δικαιαι αι κριof us; because true and righteons the judgσεις αυτου· ότι εκρινε την πορνην την μεγαments of him; because he judged the harlot the great, λην, ητις εφθειρε την γην εν τη πορνεια αὐτης, which corrupted the earth with the fernication of herself, και εξεδικησε το αίμα των δουλων αὐτου εκ and avenged the blood of the bond-cervants of himself from 3 Και δευτερον ειρηκαν Αλληxelpos autys. And a second time they have said; λουια και δ καπνος αυτης αναβαινει εις τους ofher the Lord; and the smoke nses up for the 4 Και επεσον οί πρεσβυτε-GIGUAS TWV GIGVOV. ages of the ages. And felidown the poi of eikooireorapes, kai та теогара olders twenty-four, and the four living ones, και προσεκυνησαν τφ θεφ τφ καθημενώ επι and did homage to the God to the one citting on θρονου, λεγοντες Αμην αλληλουια. shrone, saying; So best; praise the Lord. TOU the δ Και φωνη εκ του θρονου εξηλθε, λεγουσα: And avoice from the throne cameforth, Αινείτε τον θεον ήμων παντές οί δουλοι αυτου, Praiseyou the God ofus all the bond-servants of him. και οί φοβουμενοι αυτον οί μικροι και the little ones and the and those fearing him μεγαλοι. great ones.

Και ηκουσα ώς φωνην οχλου πολλου, και And I heard as a voice of a crowd great, and ώς φωνην ύδατων πολλων, και ώς φωνην βροντων ισχυρων, λεγοντες: Αλληλουια: ότι εβαdara atrong, saying; Praise the Lord; because reign-σιλευσε κυριος ό θεος ήμων, ό παντοκρατωρ, ed Lord the God of us, the almighty.

Ταιρουίεν και συγαλλισμέδα, και δρομέν στον

- Χαιρωμεν και αγαλλιωμεθα, και δωμεν την We should rejoice and we should exult, and we should give the δοξαν αυτώ ότι ηλθεν ό γαμος του αρνιου, και giory to him; because came the marriage of the lamb, ή γυνη αυτου ήτοιμασεν έαυτην 8 και εδοθη the wife ofhim prepared herself, and it was given αυτη, ίνα περιβαληται βυσσινον λαμπρον to her, so that she might be clothed with fine cotton bright (Το γαρ βυσσινον, τα δικαιωкат кадаров. righteous (The for fine cotton, the 9 Kat άγιων.) HOTE ECTL TWV YEAR! HOI.

great Crowd in HEAVEN, saying, "Hallelujah! the SALVATION and the GLORY and the POWER of our God:

2 Because true and righteous are his JUDG-MENTS; Because he judged the GREAT HARLOT, who corrupted the EARTH with her FORNICATION, and tavenged the BLOOD of his SERVANTS [shed] by her Hands."

3 And a Second time they said, "Hallelujah!" And ther smoke rises up for the AGRS of the AGRS.

4 And the TWENTY-FOUR ELDERS and the FOUR Living onesfell down and worshipped THAT GOD who SITS on the THRONE, taying, "Amen! Hallelujah!"

5 And a Voice came forth from the THRONE, saying, t"Praise our God, all his SERVANTS and THOSE Who FEAR him, the LITTLE and the GREAT."

6 ‡ And I heard as it were a Voice of a great Crowd, and as the Soundof many Waters, and as a NoiseofmightyThunders, saying, "Hallelujah; Because † our Lord God, the OMNIPOTENT, reigned!

7 We may rejoice and exult and give the GLORY to him; Because \$\frac{1}{2}\$ the MARRIAGE of the LAMB came, and his WIFE prepared herself."

8 † And it was given her that she should be clothed with Fine linen, bright † and pure; † for the FINE LINEN represents the RIGHTEOUS ACTS of the SAINTS.

9 And he says to me.

ofthe

agta

fo.

holy ones.)

he says to me;

And

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, -6. Lord -omit.

<sup>† 6,</sup> our, omitted by A. 8 and, omitted by A.

<sup>11.</sup> Rev. iv. 11; vii. 10, 12; xii. 10. 12. Rev. xv. 3; xv., 7. 12. Deut. xxxii. 45; Rev. vi. 10; xviii. 20. 13. Isa. xxxiv. 10; Rev. xiv; xviii. 9, 18. 14. Rev. 10; 4, 6, 10; v. 14. 14. 1 Chron. xvi 36; Neh, v. 13; viii. 6; Rev. v. 14. 15. Psa. cxxxiv. 1, &c. 15. Rev. xi. 18; xx. 12. 16. Rev. xi. 15, 17; xii. 10; xxi. 22. 17. Matt xxii, 2; xxv. 10; 2 Cor. xi. 2; Eph v. 32; Rev. xxi. 2, 9. 18. Psa. xlv. 13, 14; Ezek. xvi. 10; Rev. iii. 18. 18. Psa. cxxxli. 6.

Γραψον Μακαριοι οί εις το δειπνον του αμου Write thou; Blessed ones those into the supper of the marriage του αρνιου κεκλημενοι. Και λεγει μο. Ούτοι of the lamb having been called. And hesays to me; These οί λογοι αληθινοι εισι του θεου. 10 Και επεσον the words true are of the God. εμπροσθεν των ποδων αυτου προσκυνησαι αυτφ. feet of him to worship 'Ορα μη· συνδουλος the feet of him before him; και λεγει μοι See and he says to me; not; a fellow-bondservant of thee ειμι, και των αδελφων σου των εχοντων την I am, and of the brethren of thee of those baving μαρτυριαν του Ιησου τφ θεφ προσκυνησον. testimony of the Jesus; to the God do thou give worship. ('Η γαρ μαρτυρια † [του] Ιησου, εστι το πνευμα (The for testimony [of the] Jesus, is the spirit της προφητειας.) of the prophecy.)

11 Και είδον τον ουρανον ανεφημένον, και Από Ι saw the heaven having been opened, and είδου ίππος λευκος, και δ καθημένος επ' αυτον, 'ο a horse white, and the one sitting on him, καλουμένος πιστος και αληθίνος, και εν δικαιο-being called faithful and true, and in righteousσυνη κρινει και πολεμει 12 οί δε οφθαλμοι ness he judges and makes war; the but eyes αυτον \*[&s] φλοξ πυρος, και επι την κεφαλην of him [as] a flame of fire, and on the head αυτου διαδηματα πολλα εχων ονομα γεγραμοτ him diadems many; having a name having been cut in diadems many; having a name having been μενον δ ουδεις οιδεν, ει μη αυτος 13 και περι-written which no one knows, it not himself; and having βεβλημενος ίματιον βεβαμμένον αίματι και been clothed with a mantle having been dipped in blood; and καλειται το ονομα αυτού 'Ο λογος του θεου. is called the name of him; The word of the God. And the armies those in the heaven fol-

λουθει αυτ $\varphi$  εφ'  $i\pi\pi$ οις λευκοις, ενδεδυμενοι lowed him on horses white, having been clothed with βυσσινον λευκον καθαρον. 

15 Και εκ του στο-fine cotton white clean. And out of the mouth ματος αυτου εκπορευεται ρομφαια οξεία, ίνα εν οf him goes forth a broad-sword sharp, so that with αυτη παταξη τα εθνη, και αυτος ποιμανει her he may smite the nations, and he shall tend αυτους εν ραβδ $\varphi$  σιδηρα και αυτος πατει την them with arod iron; and he treads the ληνον του οινου του θυμου της οργης του θεου

ληνον του οινου του θυμου της οργης του θεου wine-press of the wine of the wrath of the anger of the God του παντοκρατορος.  $^{16} \text{Kat } \epsilon \chi \epsilon \tau \tau \tau \delta \mu \alpha \tau \iota \nu$  of the almighty one. And he has on the mantle

\* Varican Manuschiff, No. 1160.—12. as—omit (A.) Name written (B.) 15. two-edged (B.) "Write;—; Blessed are THOSE who have been IN-VITED to the MARRIAGE-SUPPER of the LAMB. He also said to me, ; "These are the true WORDS of GOD."

10 And ‡I fell before his feet to worship him. And he says to me, ‡"See; no! I am a Fellow-servant with thee, and of THOSE BRETHREN with thee ‡ who have the TESTIMONY of JESUS; WOTSHIP GOD." (For the TESTIMONY of JESUS is the SPIRIT Of this PROPHECY.)

11 ‡ And I saw HEAVEN opened, and behold, ‡ a white Horse; and HE who SAT on him was †[called] ‡ Faithful and True, and ‡ in Righteousness he judges and makes war.

12 ‡ And his EYES were as a Flame of Fire, and ‡ on his HEAD were many Diadems; ‡ having \*a Name written which no one knows except himself.

13 I And he was invested with a Mantle dipped in Blood; and his NAME is called, I The WORD of GOD.

14 And THOSE AR-MIES IN HEAVEN followed him on white Horses, ‡ clothed in white pure Fine linen.

15 And tout of his MOUTH proceeds a sharp \*two-edged Broadsword, so that with it he may smite the NATIONS; and the shall rule them with an Iron Sceptre; and the treads the WINEPRESS of the WINE of the INDIGNATION of the WRATH of God, the Omnipotent.

16 And he has on his
12. Names written, and a

<sup>† 10.</sup> of the, omitted by A. B. 11. called, omitted by A.

<sup>† 9.</sup> Matt. xxii. 2, 3; Luke xiv. 15, 16.

xxii. 5.

10. Acts x. 26; xiv. 14, 15; Rev. xxii. 9.

11. Rev. xxii. 9.

11. Rev. xxii. 9.

11. Rev. xxii. 14.

11. Rev. xxii. 15.

11. Rev. xxii. 17.

11. Rev. xxii. 15.

11. Rev. xxi

και επι τον μηρον αύτου ονομα γεγραμμενον and on the thigh of himself a name having been written; Βασιλευς βασιλεων και κυριος κυριων.

King ofkings and Lord oflords. 17 Και ειδον ένα αγγελον έστωτα εν τφ ήλιφ. And I saw one messenger standing in the sun; και εκραξε φωνη μεγαλη, λεγων πασι τοις and he cried with a voice great, saying to all to the τοις πετομένοις εν μεσουρανηματι. ODVELOS to those flying in mid-heaven;  $\Delta \epsilon \upsilon \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\sigma \upsilon \upsilon \alpha \chi \theta \eta \tau \epsilon$   $\epsilon \iota s$   $\tau o$   $\delta \epsilon \iota \pi \upsilon \upsilon \upsilon$   $\tau o$   $\mu \epsilon \gamma a$   $\tau o \upsilon$  Come you, be you assembled for the supper the great of the θεου, 18 ίνα φαγητε σαρκας βασιλεων και σαρ-God, so that you may eat ficeh of kings and flesh of kings and flesh κας χιλιαρχων και σαρκας ισχυρων, και σαρκας of commanders and flesh of strong ones, and flesh ίππων και των καθημενών επ' αυτών, Kal sitting of horses and of those on them, and σαρκας παντων ελευθερων τε και δουλων, both and bondmen, of all freemen 19 Και ειδον το θηριον μικρων και μεγαλων. little ones and great ones. And I saw the wild-beast και τους βασιλεις της γης και τα στρατευματα kings of the earth and the αυτων συνηγμενα, ποιησαι πολεμον μετα του of them having been assembled, to make war with the καθημενου επι του ίππου και μετα του στρατευone sitting on the horse and with the ματος αυτου. 20 Και επιασθη το θηριον, και δ And was caught the wild-beast, and the MET αυτου ψευδοιροφητης δ ποιητας the one having done the with him false-prophet σημεία ενωπίον αυτου, εν οίς επλανησε τους signs in presence of him, by which hedeceived those λαβοντας το χαραγμα του θηριου, και τους having received the mark of the wild-beast, and those προσκουουντας τη εικονι αυτου ζωντες εβληdoing homage to the image fluin; living were θηπαν οί δυο εις την λιμνην του πυρος την east the two into the lake of the fire that  $\kappa \alpha_i o \mu \epsilon \nu \eta \nu \epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon_i \phi$ . The lake of  $\lambda o_i \pi o_i$  a  $\pi \epsilon \kappa \tau \alpha \nu$ with brimstone. And the remaining ones θησαν εν τη δομφαια του καθημενου επι του killed with the broadsword of the one sitting on the ίππου, τη εξελθουση εκ του στοματος αυτου. horse, with the one going forth out of the mouth και παντα τα ορνεα εχορτασθησαν €K TWV were filled all the with the

КЕФ. к'. 20.

1 Και είδον αγγελον καταβαινοντα εκ του And I saw a messenger coming down out of the

MANTLE and on his THIGH a Name written, ‡ King of Kings, and Lord of Lords.

17 And I saw an Angel standing in the SUN; and he cried with a loud Voice, saying \$\pm\$ to All Those BIEDS which FLY in Midheaven, \$\pm\$ "Come, assemble yourselves to the GREAT SUPPER of GOD;

18 that you may eat Flesh of Kings, and Flesh of Commanders, and Flesh of Powerful men, and Flesh of Horses, and Flesh of THOSE who SIT on them, and Flesh of All, both Freemen and Bondmen, both Little and Great."

19 \$ And I saw the BEAST, and the KINGS of the EARTH, and † their ARMIES, assembled together to make War with HIM who SITS on the HORSE, and with his ARMY.

20 t And the BEAST was captured, and HE who him.-THAT was with FALSE-PROPHET who PER-FORMED the SIGNS in his presence, with which he deceived THOSE who received the MARK of the BEAST, and I THOSE who his IMAGE : WORSHIP t these Two were cast alive into THAT LAKE of FIRE I which BURNS with Sulphur.

21 And the rest twere killed with That Broadswerd of Him who sits on the Horse, which went forth out of his mouth; tand All the birds twere satisfied with

their FLESH.

CHAPTER XX.

1 And I saw an Angel coming down from HEA-

σαρκών αυτών.

flesh of them.

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- one-omit (B.)

<sup>† 19.</sup> his armies, (A.)

<sup>† 16.</sup> Dan ii. 47; 1 Tim. vt. 15; Rev. xvii. 14. † 17. verse 21. † 17. Ezek. xxxix. 17. † 18. Ezek. xxxix. 18, 20. † 19. Rev. xvi. 10; xvii. 13, 14. † 20. Rev. xvi. 13, 14. † 20. Rev. xvi. 13, 14. † 20. Rev. xvi. 10; xxi. 8. † 21. verse 15. † 21. verse 15. † 21. verse 15. † 21. verse 17. 130 † 21. Rev. xvii. 16.

ουρανου, εχοντα την κλειν της αβυσσου, και having the key of the deep, and 2 Kai άλυσιν μεγαλην επι την χειρα αύτου. great on the hand of himself. And a chain εκρατησε τον δρακοντα, τον οφιν τον αρχαιον, dragon, the serpent the the δς εστι διαβολος και σατανας, και εδησεν αυτον an accuser and an adversary, and he bound χιλια· ετη, 3 και εβαλεν αυτον εις την αβχεα athousand years, and he cast him into the σον, και εκλεισε και εσφραγισεν επανω αυτου, sealed and shut up and over him, ετι τα εθνη, αχρι τελεσθη ίνα μη πλανα so that not he might deceive longer the nations, till might be ended τα χιλια ετη· \*[και] μετα ταυτα δει αυτον the thousand years; [and] after these it behoves him λυθηναι μικρον χρονον. to be loosed a little time.

4 Και ειδον θρονους· και εκαθισαν επ' αυτους, And I saw thrones; and they sat on them, και κριμα εδοθη αυτοις και τας ψυχας των and judgment was given to them; and the souls of those δια την μαρτυριαν Ιησου πεπελεκισμενων having been cut with an axe because of the testimony of Jesus \*[ $\kappa$ ai] δια τον λογον του θ $\epsilon$ ου,  $\kappa$ ai οἱτιν $\epsilon$ s and because of the word of the God, and who ου προσεκυνησαν το θηριον ουτε τη FIKOVI worshipped the wild-beast nor the not αυτου, και ουκ ελαβον το χαραγμα επι το received the mark On the and not kal €(nμετωπον και επι την χειρα αύτων·
forehead and on the hand of themselves hand of themselves; they σαν, και εβασιλευσαν μετα του Χριστου τα the Anointed one the they reigned with lived, and χιλια ετη. 5 \* [οί δε λοιποι των νεκρων ουκ thousand years, [the butremaining ones of the lead ones not Αύτη ε(ησαν αχρι τελεσθη τα χιλια ετη.) lived till should be ended the thousand years. This ή αναστασις ή πρωτη. 6 Μακαριος και άγιος the resurrection the first. Blessed and holy δ εχων μερος εν τη αναστασειτη πρωτη· επι the one having aportion in the resurrection the first; over τουτων δ δευτερος θανατος ουκ εχει εξουσιαν, such ones the second death not has authority, αλλ' εσονται ίερεις του θεου και του Χριστοι, but they shall be priests of the God and of the Anomted one, και βασιλευσουσι μετ' αυτου χιλια ετη. 7 Kai they shall reign with him a thousand years . And

VEN, thaving the KEY of the ABYSS, and a great Chain on his HAND.

2 And he seized the DRAGON,—the OLD SER-PINT, who is an Enemy \* and the ADVERSARY, and bound him a Thousand Years.

3 and cast him into the BYSS, and shut up and tsealed over him, tso that he might deceive the NATIONS no more, till the THCUSAND Years should be ended; after these he must be loosed a Short Time.

4 And I saw ! Thrones. (and they sat on them, and !Judgment was given them,) and the PERSONS of THOSE who had been BEHEADED because of the TESTIMONY of Jesus, and because of the WORD of God,-even those t who did not worship the BEAST, inor his IMAGE, and did not receive the MARK on their FOREHEAD, and on their MAND; and they lived and treigned with the Anointed one † the THOUSAND Years.

5 † But the REST of the DEAD d'd not live till the THOUSAND Years were ended. This is the † FIRST RESURRECTION.

6 \* Blessed and holy is HE who HAS a Portion in the FIRST RESURBECTION; over these the SECOND Death has no Authority, but they shall be Priests of God and of the ANOINTED, tand shall reign \* with him a Thousand Years.

7 And \*when the

<sup>\*</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIFT, No. 1160.—2. even that Adversary who decrives the whole mabitable, and bound him. (b) 3. and—omit (a. b.) 4. and—omit. 5. But the rest of the dead did not live till the thousand Years were ended—omit. These words were probably omitted by oversight in Val. MS., as they are found in a b c.—though not in the Syriac.

6. Both blessed and holy.

6. after these things a Thousand Years.

7. after.

<sup>7.</sup> alter.
† 2. the adversary, (A.B.)
4. a Thousand Years, (A.)
5. And, (B.) but omitted by A.
5. And the best of the men lived not (B.)
6. First—probably in dignity or importance.

<sup>1 1.</sup> Rev. 1. 18; 1x. 1. 1 2. Rev. xii. 9. 1 3. Dan. vi. 17. 1 8. Rev. xvi. 14, 16; verse 8. 1 4. Dan. vii. 9, 22, 27; Matt. xix. 28; Luke xxii. 30. 1 4. I Cor. vi. 2, 3. 1 4. Rev. vii. 1 4. Rev. xiii. 15, 16. 1 4. Rom. viii. 17; 2 Tim. i 12; Rev. v. 10. 6. Rev. ii. 11; xxi. 8. 1 4 Lsa. lxi. 6 1 Pet. ii. 9; Rev. i. 6; v. 10. 1 6. verse 4.

ύταν τελεσθη τα χιλια ετη, λυθησεται δ σατανας εκ της φυλακης αύτου. 8 και εξελευadversary out of the prison of bimself; and heshall σεται πλανησαι τα εθνη τα εν ταις τεσσαρσι go forth to deceive the nations those in the γωνιαις της γης, τον Γωγ και τον Μαγωγ, corners of the earth, the Gog and the Magog, συναγαγείν αυτους εις πολεμον, ών δ αριθμος to assemble them for war, of whom the number αυτων ώς ή αμμος της θαλασσης. 9 Και ανεpithem as the sand of the And they sea. βησαν επι το πλατος της γης, και εκυκλωσαν wentup on the breadth of the earth, and encircled την παρεμβολην των άγιων, και την πολιν την eamp of the holy ones, and the city the ηγαπημενην και κατεβη πυρ εκ του ουρανου beloved, and came down fire out of the henven απο του θεου, και κατεφαγεν αυτους· 10 και δ from the God, and ateup them: διαβολος δ πλανων αυτους, εβληθη εις την accuser the one deceiving them, into the was cast λιμνην του πυρος και θειου, δπου και το θη-'ake of the fire and of brimstone, where both the wildοιον και δ ψευδοπροφητης και βασανισθησονbeast and the false-prophet; and they will be tormented ται ήμερας και νυκτος εις τους αιωνας των and night for the of the day ages αιωνων.

accs. 11 Και ειδου θρουον μεγαν λευκον, και τον And I saw a throne great white, and the καθημενον επ' αυτον, ού απο προσωπου εφυone atting on him, of whom from face γεν ή γη και δ ουρανος, και τοπος ουχ εύρεθη the earth and the heaven, and a place not was found αυτοις. 12 Και ειδον τους νεκρους, μικρους και And I saw the dead ones, little ones and μεγαλους, έστωτας ενωπιον του θρονου, και great ones, having stood in presence of the throne, and Βιβλια ηνοιχθησαν και αλλο βιβλιον ηνεφχθη, books . were opened, and another book was opened, δ εστι της ζωης και εκριθησαν οί νεκροι εκ life; and were judged the dead ones out of ofthe γεγραμμενων εν τοις βιβλισ:ς, κατα the things having been written in the books, according to 13 Και εδωκεν ή θαλασσα τους τα εργα αυτων. And gave up the sea the works of them. the νεμρους τους εν αυτη, \*[και δ θανατος και δ and the dead ones those in her, [and the death άδης εδωκαν τους νεκρους τους εν αυτοις και the dead ones those in them; invisible gave up

THOUSAND Years may be completed, the ADVER-SARY will be loosed out of his PRISON,

8 and will go forth tto deceive THOSE NATIONS which are in the FOUR Corners of the EARTH, : Gog and Magog, I to assemble them together for War; whose NUMBER is as the SAND of the SEA.

9 # And they went up on the BREADTH of the EARTH, and encircled the CAMP of the SAINTS, and the BELOVED CITY: and Fire came down out of HEAVEN + from God, and consumed them.

10 TAND THAT ENEMY who deceived them was cast into the LAKE of FIRE and Sulphur, ‡ where both the BEAST and FALSE-PROPHET [were cast,] and they will be tormented Day and Night for the AGES of the AGES.

11 And I saw a great white Throne, and one SITTING on it, from Whose Face the EARTH and the HEAVEN fled away, fand no Place was found for them.

12 And I saw the DEAD, the #GREAT and the LITTLE, standing before the THRONE; I and Books were opened; and Another ! Book was opened, which is the book of the LIFE; and the DEAD were judged from the THINGS which had been written in the BOOKS, I according to their WORKS.

13 And the SEA gave up THOSE DEAD which were in it; and DEATH and HADES gave up the DEAD and which were in them; and

<sup>.</sup> VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 13. and DEATH and HADES gave up the DEAD which were in them; and they were judged each one according to their works—omit. It is thought these words were omitted by the copyist, as they are found in A B C.

t 9. from Gos, omitted by A. 12. the GREAT and the LITTLE, (A.)

<sup>\$ 8.</sup> Rev. xvi 

ekpiθησαν έκαστος κατα τα εργα αὐτων.] were judged each one according to the works of themselves.] Η Και δ θανατος και δ άδης εβληθησαν εις λαι το την λιμνην του πυρος οὐτος δ θανατος δ δευτεthe lake of the fire; this the death the second pos εστι.  $^{15}$  Και ει τις ουχ εὐρεθη εν τη βιβιία. Απα if any one not was found in the book λω της ζωης γεγραμμενος, εβληθη εις την of the life having been written, was cast into the λιμνην του πυρος. Lake of the fire.

#### КЕФ. ка'. 21.

1 Και ειδον ουρανον καινον και γην καινην. δ And I saw a heaven new and earth new; the γαρ πρωτος ουρανος και ή πρωτη γη απηλθον, for first heaven and the first earth were gone, και ή θαλασσα ουκ εστιν ετι.  $^2$  Και την πολιν earth not is longer. and the sea And the city την έγιαν, 'Ιερουσαλημ καινην ειδον καταβαιthe holy, Jerusalem new I saw coming νουσαν εκ του ουρανου, απο του θεου ήτοιμασdown out of the heaven, from the God having been μενην ώς νυμφην κεκοσμημενην τω ανδρι a bride baving been accorned for the busband prepared as αύτης. <sup>3</sup> Και ηκουσα φωνης μεγαλης εκ του great out of the And I heard a voice ουρανου, λεγουσης Ιδου, ή σκηνη του θεου Lo, the tabernacle of the God saying; μετα των ανθρωπων, και σκηνωσει μετ αυτων, with the men, and he will tabernacle with them, και αυτοι λαος αυτου εσονται, και αυτος δ θεος and they apeople of him shall be, and humself the God  $\mu\epsilon\tau'$  autwo  $\epsilon\sigma\tau\alpha i$ ,  $*[\theta\epsilon\sigma s \, \mu\tau\omega\nu]^4 \, \kappa\alpha i \, \epsilon\xi\alpha$  with them will be, [a God of them;] and he will λειψει παν δακρυον απο των οφθαλμων αυτων, wipe away every tear from the eyes of them, και δ θανατος ουκ εσται ετι, ουτε πενθος ουτε and the death not shall be longer, neither mourning nor κραυγή ουτε πονος ουκ εσται ετι ότι τα πρωerying nor pain not shall be longer; because the 5 \* [ Και ] ειπεν δ καθημενος επι τα απηλθον. said the one sitting things passed away. [And] τφ θρονφ. Ιδου, καινα παντα ποιω. Και λεγει new all things I make. the throne; Lo, And hesays \*[μοι:] Γραψον· ότι ούτοι οί λογοι πιστοι και [to me; ] Write thou; because these the words faithful ones and αληθινοι εισι. 6 Και ειπε μοι Γεγονε. And he said to me; It has been done. I true ones

they were judged each one according to their works.

14 And ‡ DEATH and HADES were cast into the LAKE of FIRE. ‡ This is the SECOND DEATH—\* the LAKE of FIRE.

15 And if any one was not found written in the BOOK of the LIFE, the was cast into the LAKE of FIRE.

#### CHAPTER XXI.

1 And I saw a new Heaven and a new Earth; for the FORMER Heaven and the FORMER Earth were gone, and the SEA is no more.

2 And the HOLY CITY, a new Jerusalem, I saw coming down out of HEAVEN, from GOD, prepared ‡as a Bride adorned for her HUS-BAND.

3 And I heard a loud Voice out of the †THEONF, Eaving, "Behold! the TABLEWACLE of GOD is with MEN, and he will tabernacie with them, and then shall be his † People, and GOD himself will be with them—their GOD.

4 ‡ And † he will wip away every Tear from their EYES; ‡ and DEATH will be no more, ‡ nor Mourning, nor Crying; neither will there be any more Pain; † Because the FOR-MERITHINGS passed away."

5 And THE who SITS on the THRONE said, Thehold! I make All things new." And he says, "Write; Because These words are faithful and true."

6 And he said to me, \*† "They have been done.

6. I am become AL-

Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—14. the lake of fire, (ab.)
—omit (a.b.) 5. And—omit. 5. to me—omit (ab.)
pha and Omega, both the beginning, (b.)

<sup>† 3.</sup> THEONE, (A.) 3. Peoples, (A.) 4. God, (A.) by A. 6. They have been done, (A.)

<sup>4.</sup> Because, omitted

<sup>114. 1</sup> Cor. xv. 20, 54, 55.

1 14. verse 6; Rev. xxi. 8.

1 1. 1sa. 1xv. 17; 1xvi. 22; 2 Pet. iii. 13.

1 1. Rev. xx. 11.

1 2. Isa. 1ii. 1; Gat.

1 2. Isa. 1ii. 1; Gat.

1 3. Cor. xi. 2.

2 3. Lev. xxvi. 11, 12; Ezek. xliii. 7; 2 Cor. vi. 16; Rev. vii. 16, 12; Lev. xxvi. 11, 12; Ezek. xliii. 7; 2 Cor. vi. 16; Rev. vii. 16, 12; Lev. vii. 16; Lev. vii. 16, 12; Lev. viii. 16, 12; Lev. viii. 16, 12; Lev. viii. 16, 12; Lev. vi

 $\epsilon_{i}\mu$ . το A και το  $\Omega$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$  αρχη και το τελος. am the Alpha and the Omega, the beginning and the end. Εγω τω διψωντι δωσω εκ της πηγης του
I to the one thirsting will give from of the fountain of the ύδατος της ζωης δωρεαν. 7 δ νικων gratis; water of the life the one overcoming shall inνομησει ταυτα, και εσομαι αυτφ θεος, και these things, and I will be to him a God, and autos εσται μοι δ vios. 8 Tois δε δείλοις και he shallbe to me the son. To the but cowards and απιστοις, και εβδελυγμενοις, και φονευσι και faithless ones, and abominable ones, and murderers πορνοις, και φαρμακοις και ειδωλολατραις, και fornicators, and sorcerers and idolaters, πασι τοις ψευδεσι, το μερος αυτων εν τη λιμνη all the liars, the portion of them in the lake τη καιομένη πυρι και θειώ, δ εστιν δ θανατος in that burning with fire and brimstone, which is the death & SEUTEDOS.

the second.

9 Και ηλθε είς των έπτα αγγελων των εχον-And came one of the seven messengers of those having των τας έπτα φιαλας τας γεμουσας των έπτα bowls those the seven being full of the seven πληγων των εσχατων, και ελαλησε μετ' ещои, the last ones, and talked with me. λεγων Δευρο, δειξω σοι την νυμφην saying, Come thou, I will show to thee the bride TOU of the 10 Και απηνεγκε με εν αρνιου την γυναικα. is the sife. And he  $\pi \nu \epsilon \nu \mu \alpha \tau i \epsilon \pi$  opos  $\mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha \kappa \alpha i$ And he bore away me in ύψηλον, Kal to a mountain great and high, and εδειξε μοι την πολιν την άγιαν 'Ιερουσαλημ, he showed me the city the holy Jerusalem, καταβαινουσαν εκ του ουρανου απο του θεου, conding down out of the heaven from the God, 11 εχουσαν την δοξαν του θεου. δ φωστηρ the glory of the God; the luminary αυτης όμοιος λιθφ τιμιωτατφ, ώς λιθφ ιασπιδι of her like to a stone most precious, as to a stone jasper κρυσταλλιζοντι·  $^{12}$  εχουσα τειχος μεγα κο Kal being crystalline; having a wall great and ύψηλον, εχουσα πυλωνας δωδεκα, και επι τοις high, having gates twelve, and at the πυλωσιν αγγελους δωδεκα, και ονοματα επιgates messengers twelve, and names γεγραμμενα, ά εστιτων δωδεκα φυλων \* [των]
been written, which is the twelve tribes (of the [of the] 13 Απο ανατολων, πυλωνες τρεις. υίων Ισραηλ. sons of largel. From east, gates three; απο Βορόα, πυλωνες τρεις απο Νοτου, πυλωνες from North, gates three; from South,

E am the ALPHA and the OMEGA, the BEGINNING and the END. To the THIRSTY one I I will freely give WATER from the FOUNTAIN OF LIFE.

The CONQUEROR \*shall inherit these things; and # I will be to Hin a God, and he shall be to Me

8 1 But as for the cow-ARDS, and Unbelievers. and the \* Abominable, and Murderers, and Fornica-tors, and Sorcerers, and Idolaters, and All LIARS, -their PORTION [will be] in THAT LAKE which BURNS with Fire and Sulphur which is the SECONE DEATH."

9 And one of THOSA SEVEN Angels, who HAP THOSE SEVEN Bowls PULA of THOSE SEVEN LAST Plagues, came and take' with me, saying, "Come, ! will show thee tth. \*BRIDE, the WIFE Of the LAMB."

10 And he bore ms away tin Spirit to a gread and high Mountain, and showed me the For CITY, Jerusalem, comini down out of HEAVEN for a GoD, 11 1 thaving the CLCR'

of GOD; It'S LUMINARY W? like a most precious Store as a cry talline Jasper.

12 It had a Wall gree; and high; it had ttweh. Gates, and at the GATF'; twelve Angels, and Name inscribed, which are \* th Names of the TWELTA Tribes of the Sons of la

13 on the East three Gates; \* and on the North three Gates; and on tho

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 7. I will give to him, (B.) 8. Sinners, and 12. the Names of, (L.) 9. WOMAN, the BRIDE of the LAMS, (B.) 12. the Names of, (L.) 13. and on the West three Gates, and on the North three Abominable, (B.)
12. of the—omit (A. B.) Gates, and on the South three Gates.

<sup>† 11.</sup> having the GLOBY of God, omitted by A.

<sup>16.</sup> Rev. i. 8; xxii. 13. 7. Zech. viii. 8; Heb. viii. 10. i. 9; Heb. xii. 14; Rev. xxii. 15. 9. Rev. xix. 7; verse 2. 11. Rev. xxii. 5; verse 2.

<sup>2 6.</sup> Isa. xii. 8; lv. 1; John iv. 10, 14; vii. 37; Rev. xxii. 17, 18. 1 Cor. vi. 0, 10; Gal. v. 10-21; Eph. v. 5; 1 Tini. 18. Rev. xx. 14, 15. 20. Rev. xv. 1, 0, 7; 10. Rev. i. 10; xvii. 3. 210. Ezek. xlviii; verse p

14 Kar 70 τρεις απο δυσμων, πυλωνες τρεις. three; from three. And the west, gates τειχος της πολεως εχον θεμελιους δωδεκα, και wall of the city had foundations twelve. and επ' αυτων δωδεκα ονοματα των δωδεκα αποστοtwelve them twelve names of the apos-15 Και δ λαλων μετ' λων του αρν:ου. €µov, And the one talking with me. tles of the lamb. ειχε μετρον καλαμον χρυσουν, ίνα μετρηση had a measure a reed golden, so that he might measure την πολιν, και τους πυλωνας αυτης, \*[και το and the gates of her, [and the city, τειχος αυτης.] 16 Kai n σολις τετραγωνος wall of her.] And the city four-angled κειται, και το μηκος αυτης όσον και το πλατος. is placed, and the length of heras much as even the breadth. Και εμετρησε την πολιν τω καλαμώ επι στα-And he measured the city with the reed to διους δωδεκα χιλιαδων' το μηκος και το πλατος though twelve thousands; the reuse 17 \* [Kai εμετρη-και το ύψος αυτης ισα εστι. [And hemeasured] thousands; the length and the breadth σε το τειχος αυτης έκατον τεσσαρακοντατεσofher one hundred the wall forty-four σαρων πηχων, μετρον ανθρωπου, δ εστιν αγγεa measure of a man, which is of a mescubits, 18 Kan ην ή ενδομησις του TELYOUS λου. building And was the of the wall sen ger. \*[αυτης, ιασπις· και ή πολις χρυσιον καθαρον gold and the city [of her, jasper; pure οί θεμελιοι του δμοια ύαλω καθαρω. And the foundations of the pure. like to glass τειχους | της πολεως παντι λιθφ τιμιφ κεκοσcity with every stone precious having been of the walll μημενοι όθεμελιος όπρωπος, ίασπις όδευadorned; the foundation the first, jasper; the χαλκηδων δ δ TPITOS, TEPOS. σαπφειρυς. sapphire; the third, chalcedonys the τεταρτος, σμαραγδος· 20 δ πεμπτος, σαρδονυξ· the fifth, sardonyx; fourth, emerald: δ έκτος, σαρδιος δ έβδομος, χρυσολιθος δ seventh, the chrysolyte; the the sixth, sardius; βηρυλλος δ εννατος, τοπαζιον δ ογδοος. the minth, the beryl; topaz: eighth, δεκατος, χρυσοπρασος· δ ένδεκατος, ὑακινθος· the eleventh, hyacinth; tenth, chrysoprasus; 21 Ka1 δωδεκατος, αμεθυστος. οĭ δωδεκα twelfth. amethyst. And the twelve πυλωνες, δωδεκα μαργαριται ανα είς έκαστος in gates, twelve pearls; one of each των πυλωνων ην εξ ένος μαργαριτου. Και ή And the was of one pearl. πλατεια της πολεως, χρυσιον καθαρον ώς ὑαλος

South three Gates; and on the West three Gates.

14 And the WALL of the CITY had twelve Foundations, and ‡ on them Twelve Names of the TWELVE Apostles of the LAMB.

15 And he who spoke with me, thad a Measure, a golden Reed, that he might measure the city, and its GATES and its WALLS.

16 And the CITY lies quadrangular, and its LENGTH is as much even as its BREADTH. And he measured the CITY with the BEED to twelve \* thousand Furlongs; the LENGTH and the BREADTH and the HEIGHT of it are equal.

17 And he measured its WALL, a Hundred and Forty-four Cubits,—the Man's Measure, that is, the Angel's.

18 And the BUILDING of its WALL was Jusper; and the CITY was pure Gold, like pure Glass.

19 ‡ And the FOUNDA-TIONS of the CITY WALL were decorated with Every precious stone. The FIRST FOUNDATION, Jasper; the SECOND, Sapphire; the THIRD, Chalcedony; the FOURTH, Emerald:

20 the FIFTH, Sardonyx; the SIXTH, Sardius; the SEVENTH, Chrysolyte; the EIGHTH, Beryl; the NINTH, Topaz; the TENTH, Chrysoprasus; the FLEVENTH, Hyacinth; the TWELFTH, Amethyst.

21 And the TWELVE Gates were Twelve Pearls, Each one of the GATES severally was of One Pearl. t And the BROAD PLACE of the CITY was Gold, pure as transparent Glass.

as glass

pure

gold

broad place of the city,

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—15. and its wall—omit (b.) 16. times twelve Thousand. 17. and he measured—omit (b.) ...8, 19. of it was Jasper, and the city was pure Gold, like pure Glass. And the foundations of the wall—omit. These words were probably omitted by the copyist, ...s they are found in a bo.

<sup>† 14.</sup> Matt. xvi. 18; Gal. ii. 9; Eph. ii. 20. † 19. Isa. hv. 11. † 21. Rev. xxi. 2.

διαυγης. 22 Και ναον ουκ ειδον εν αυτη· δ γαρ fransparent. And a temple not I saw in her; the for κυριος δ θεος δ παντοκρατωρ ναος αυτης εστι, Lord the God the almighty a temple of her και το αρνιον. <sup>23</sup> Και ή πολις ου χρειαν εχει και το αρνιον. And the city not need has του ήλιου ουδε της σεληνης, ίνα φαινωσιν of the sun nor of the moon, so that they may shine αυτη ή γαρ δοξα του θεου εφωτισεν αυτην, inher; the for glory of the God enlightened και δ λυχνος αυτης το αρνιον. 24 Kai περιπαand the lamp other the And lamb. shall τησουσι τα εθνη δια φωτος TOU QUTTS. the nations by means of the light of her. Και οί βασιλεις της γης φερουσι την δοξαν και And the kings of the earth bring the glury and την τιμην αύτων εις αυτην. 25 και οί πυλωνες the honor of themselves into her; and the gates αυτης ου μη κλεισθωσιν ήμερας (νυξ γαρ ουκ of her not not may be shut day; (night for not εσται  $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota$  ) 26 και οισουσι την δοξαν και την and they shall bring the will be there; ) glory and the Kar TIMMY TWY EDVWY EIS QUITTY. ov  $\mu\eta$ honor of the nations into her. And not not εισελθη εις αυτην παν κοινον, και ποιουν βδεmay enter into her every thing common, and doing λυγμα και ψευδος ει μη οί γεγραμμενοι εν τφ bomination and a falsehood; if not these having been written in the βιβλιφ της ζωης του αρν.ου.

scroll of the of life of the lamb.

## ΚΕΦ. κβ'. 22.

1 Και εδείξε μοι ποταμον ύδατος ζωης \* [λαμ-And he showed to me a river of water of life [bright] προν] ώς κρυσταλλον, εκπορευομένον εκ του a crystal. proceeding out of the θρονου του θεου και του αρνιου. 2 Εν μεσφ της throne of the God and of the lamb. In midst of the πλατείας αυτης και του ποταμού εντευθέν και broad place of her and of the river on this side and εντευθεν ξυλον ζωης, ποιουν καρπους δωδεκα, on that side a wood of life, bearing fruits twelve, on this side and μηνα έκαστον αποδιδουν του καρπου according to month each one yielding the Cruit αύτου και τα φυλλα του ξυλου εις θεραπι. αν ofitself; and the leaves of the wood for 3 Και παν καταθεμα ουκ εσται ετι των εθνων. of the nations. And every curse not shall belonger; και δ θρονος του θεου και του αρνιου εν αυτη and the throne of the God and of the lamb in επται, και οι δουλοι αυτου λατρευπουπιν αυτ.φ. shall be, and the bond-servants of him shall publicly serve bim;

22 And I saw no Temple in it; for the LORD GOD, the OMNIPOTENT, is the TEMPLE of it, and the LAMB.

23 And the CITY has no Need of the SUN, nor othe moon, that they might \*give light to it; for the GLORY of GOD enlightened it, and its LAMP is the LAMB.

24 And the nations will walk by means of its Light, and the kings of the Earth \* bring their GLOBY into it:

25 and tits GATES shall not be shut by Day; for there will be no Night there:

26 and they shall bring the GLORY and the HONOR of the NATIONS \* into it.

27 ‡ And nothing common, and that practises Abomination and False-hood may by any means enter it; but THOSE ENBOLLED in ‡ the BOOK of LIFE of the LAMB.

#### CHAPTER XXII.

1 And he showed me ta River of Water of Life, bright as Crystal, proceeding from the THEONE of GOL and the LAMB.

2 In the Midst of its BROAD PLACE, and of the RIVER, on this side and on that, was ta twood of Lafe, bearing twelve Pruits, yielding for each Month its own fruit; and the LEAVES of the WOOD were the HEALING of the NATIONS.

S And there will be no more any Accursed thing; and the THEONE of Goland of the LAME will bold; and of the SEVANTS will serve him;

<sup>\*</sup> Varicas Manuscriff, No. 1160.—23. give light; for the close itself of God, (b.)

24. bring for him the glory and Honor of the narious into it, (b.)

25. to enter into it, (b.)

<sup>+ 2.</sup> See Note on Rev. ii. 7.

<sup>† 22.</sup> John iv. 23.

Isa. lx. 3, 5, 11; lxvi. 12.

† 25. Isa. lx. 11.

† 25. Isa. lx. 12.

† 27. Isa. xxv. 8; lin. 1; lx. 27; leev. xxii. 14, 15.

xx. 12.

† 1. Ezek. xlvii. 1; Zech. xiv. 8.

† 2. Bev. xxi. 24.

† 2. Ezek. xlvii. 12; Rev. xxi. 24.

† 3. Zech. xiv. 11.

† 3. Ezek. xlvii. 12; Rev. xxi. 24.

† 3. Zech. xiv. 11.

\* και οψονται το προσωπον αυτου, και το ονομα and they shall see the face of him, and the name 5 Kai vuξ ουκ αυτου επι των μετωπων αυτων. of him on the foreheads of them. And night not εσται ετι· και ου χρεια λυχνου και φωτος shall be longer; and no need of lamp and of light Fig. 1. Secause Lord the God will shine [out] them; και βαπιλευσουσιν εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. they shall reign for the ages of the ages.

6 Και ειπε μοι Ούτοι οι λογοι πιστοι και And he said to me; These the words faithful ones and αληθινοι και κυριος δ θεος των πνευματων Lord the God of the and spirits των προφητων απεστειλε τον αγγελον αύτου of the prophets the messenger of himself sent δειξαι τοις δουλοις αύτου. ά δει γενεσto show to the bond-servants of himself, the things it behaves to have θαι εν ταχει. Τκαι ιδου, ερχομαι ταχυ μακαdone with speed. And lo, Lcome ereadily; 'lessed ριος δ τηρων τους λογουι της προφητειας του words of the prophecy theone keeping the words of the prophecy of the Βιβλιου τουτου. <sup>8</sup>Και εγω ξωαννης ο ακοίων And 5 oha the one hearing scroll this και βλεπων ταυτα· και ότε ηκουσα και εβλεψα, επεσον προσκυνησαι εμπροσθεν των ποδων I fell down before the to worship feet του αγγελου του δεικνυοντος μοι ταυτα. of the messenger the one showing to me these things. λεγει μοι 'Ορα μη' συνδουλος σου ειμι, και he says to me; See not; a fellow-bondservant of thee I am, and των αδελφων σου των προφητων, και των τηof the brethren of thee of the prophets, and of those keepρουντων τους λογους του βιβλιου τουτου τω of the scroll this; to the the words inz 10 Και λεγειμοι. Μη σφρα- $\theta \in \omega$  προσκυνηπον. And he says to me; Notthou may-God give thou reverence. γισης τους λογους του προφητείας του βιβιλου words of the prophecy of the est seal the τουτου· δ καιρος εγγυς εστιν. 11 'Ο αδικων

this; the season near The one acting unjustly is. αδικησατω ετι, και δ ρυπαρος ρυπαρευθητω ετι· let him be unjustetill, and the filthy one let him be filthy still. και δ δικαιος δικαιοσυνην ποιησατω ετι, και δ and the righteous one righteousness let him do still, and the

άγιος ώγιασθητω ετι. holy one let him be holy still.

Rev. i. 3. Rev. x. 4. 1 12. verse 7.

12 Ιδου, ερχομαι ταχυ, και δ μισθος μου μετ I come speedily, and the reward of me εμου, αποδουναι έκαστφ ώς το εργον αυτου me. to give back to each one as the work of him

4 and twill see his FACE; and this NAME will be on their FORK-HEADS.

5 # And Night will be no more; and no need of Lamp and Sun-Light; Because the 1 Lord God will shine on them; and they will reign for the AGES of the AGES.

6 And he \*said to me) t"These words are faithful and true: and the Lord God of the spirits of the PROPHETS I sent his AN-GEL to show to his SER-VANTS what it is necessary to have done speedily.

7 And tbehold! I am coming speedily; # blessed is HE who KEEPS the WORDS of the PROPHECY

of this BOOK."

8 And E John am HE who HEARD and SAW these things. And when I heard and \* saw, # I fell down to worship before the FEET. f THAT ANGEL WhO SHOWED me these things.

9 And he says to me, t"See; no; I am a Fellow-servant with thee, and with thy BRETHREN the PROPHETS, and with THOSE who KFEP the words of this Book; worship Gon."

10 1 And he says to me, "Scal not the words of the PROPHECY of this BOOK; + for the TIME is near.

11 ! Let the UNJUST one, act unjustly still; and let the FILTHY, be filthy still; and let the RIGHTEous, work righteousness still; and let the HOLY, b: holy still.

12 Behold! ! I am coming speedily; I and my REWARD is with me, to give to each one as his WORK tis.

5. on-emit (B.)

<sup>\*</sup> Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—5. of sun—omit (b.) sys to me, (b.)
\* 10. for, (a.)
\* 12. is, (a.) 

<sup>† 4.</sup> Rev. iii. 13; xiv. 1. † 5. Rev. xxi. 28, 95. † 5. Psa. † 5. Dan. vii. 27; Rom. v. 17; 2 Tim. ii. 12; Rev. iii. 21. † 6. Rev. i. 1. † 7. Rev. iii. 11; verses 10, 12; 20. † 7. 1. 0, 10. † 9. Rev. xix. 10. † 10. Dan. viii. 26; xil. 4. 12. Rev. ii. 3. † 11. Exod. iii. 26; Dan. xii. 10. † 2 Tim. iii. 13. † 4. Matt. v. 8. xxxvi. 9; lxxxiy. 11. ev. xix. 9; xxi. 5. † 8. Rev. i. 9, 10. † 10. flev. i. 3. † 12. Rev. xx. 12.

13 Έγα το Α και το Ω, δπρωτος και ECTAL. the Alpha and the Omega, the first and shall be. δ εσχατος, ή αρχη και το τελος. 14 Макаthe beginning and the end. the last, Biersed ριοι οί ποιουντές τας εντολας αυτο", ίνα those doing the commandments of him, so that εσται ή εξουσια αυτων επι το ξυλον της (ωης, shall be the authority of them over the wood of the life, τοις πυλωσιν εισελθωσιν εις την πολιν. and by the they may enter into the gates CHIV. 15 Εξω οί κυνες και οί φαρμακοι και οί πυρνοι Outside the dogs and the sorcerers and theformcators και οί φονεις και οί ειδωλολατραι, και was o and the murderers and the idolaters, and every one the Φιλων και ποιων ψευδος. 16 Εγω Ιησους επεμenclosing and doing falschood. Jesus ψα τον αγγελον μου μαρτυρησαι ύμιν ταυτα επι

the messenger of me to testily to you these things to ταις εκκλησιαις. εγω ειμι ή βιζα και το γενος the congregations; I am the root and the offspring Δαυιδ, δ αστηρ δ λαμπρος δ πρωινος. 17 Ka1 of David, the star the bright the morning. And το πνευμα και ή νυμφη λεγουσιν. Ερχου. και δ the spirit and the bride Come thou; and the вчу; ακουων ειπατω. Ερχου και δ διψων ερχεσone hearing let him say; Come thou; and the one thirsting θω, δ θελων λαβετω ύδωρ ζωης δωρεαν. Water some, the one willing let him take oflife gratis.

18 Μαρτυρω εγω παντι τω ακουοντι τους to all to the one hearing the λογους της προφητειας του βιβλιου τουτου words of the prophecy of the this; scroll Εαν τις επιθη επ' αυτα, επιθησει δ θεος επ' if any one may add to them, will add the God to αυτον τας πληγας τας γεγραμμένας εν τφ the βιβλιφ τουτφ. 19 και εαν τις αφελη απο των shis; scroll and if any one may take away from the Λογων του βιβλιου της προφητειας ταυτης, words of the scroll of the prophecy αφελει ό θεος το μερος αυτου απο του ξυλου της will take the God the portion of him from the wood of the ζωης, και εκ της πολεως της άγιας, των γεγthe holy, and out of the city of those having 20 AEYEL Ó ραμμενών εν τω βιβλιω τουτω. scroll this. Hesays the been written in the μαρτυρων ταυτα. Ναι ερχημαι ταχυ. Αμην, So be it, one testifying these things, Yes I come speedily. εργου, κυριε Ιησου. comethou, O Lord Jesus.

The favor of the Lord Jesus [[Amointed]]
μετα παντων † [των άγιων.]
with all (of the holy ones.]

13 ‡ H am the ALPHA and the OMEGA, the FIRST and the LAST, the BEGIM NING and the END.

14 Blessed are THOSE who twash their ROBLS, so that their RIGHT may be \$\pm\$ to the wood of the LIFE, and they may enterby the GATES into the CITY.

15 ‡Without are the DOGS, and the SORCEREES, and the FORNICATORS, and the MURDERERS, and the IDOLATERS, and EVERY ONE who LOVES and practises Falsehood.

16 I Jesus sent my Angel to testify to you these things in the congelgations. I fam the boot and the offspring of David, the bright morning star.

17 And the SPIRIT and the BRIDE say, 'Come!' and let HIM who HEARS say, 'Come!' And let HIM who is THIRSTY come, —let him who WISHESTAKE freely of the Water of Life."

18 It testify to Every one who heaes the words of the prophecy of this book, If any one add to them, God will add to him those plagues written in this book;

19 and if any one take away from the words of the book of this prophecy, God will take away his part from the wood of the life, tand out of the holy city,—which have been written of in this book.

20 He who TESTIFIES these things says, "Yes, I am coming speedily." Amen! Come! Lord Jesus.

21 The FAVOR of the LORD Jesus be with All.

<sup>† 14</sup> WASH their BOBES, (AD.) 21. Anointed omitted by A. Subscription—Apocalypse of John, (A.)

<sup>21.</sup> of the

<sup>; 13.</sup> Rev. i. 8, 11. ; 14. Rev. ii. 7. ; 18 Deut. iv. 2; xii. 32; Prov. xxx. 6. ; 20. verse 12,

<sup>1 15.</sup> Gal. v. 19-21. 1 19. verses 2, 14.

<sup>10.</sup> Rev. v. 5.



# ALPHABETICAL APPENDIX

OF THE

GEOGRAPHICAL AND PROPER NAMES, WEIGHTS, MEASURES, COINS, PRECIOUS STONES, APOSTOLIC WORDS AND PHRASES. &c.,

CONTAINED IN THE

# BOOKS OF THE NEW TESTAMENT.

AARON, [a teacher, lofty,] the first high priest of the Jews; the son of Amram, of the tribe of Levi, and brother of Moses and Mirium; appointed by God, Heb. v. 4; vii. 11.
AARON'S ROD that blossomed, Heb. ix. 4.

ARRON'S ROD that bossomed, Reb. 1x. 4. See the account, Num. xvii.
ABADDON, Ithe Destroyer, king of the locusts, and angel of the abyss, Rev. ix. 11.
ABEL, [canty], the second son of Adam and Eve. His history, Gen. iv. 2—11; his faith, Heb. xi. 4, his blood, Luke xi. 51; Heb. xi. 24; called "righteous" by Jesus, Matt.

ABILENE, [the father of mourning.) a Province of Coolo-Syria, between Literus and

Anti-Libanus.

ABOMINATION OF DESCLATION. (Matt. xxiv. 15; Dan. ix. 27; xii. 11,) provably refers to the ensigns or banners of the Roman continuation.

fers to the ensigns or banners of the Roman army, with the idolatrous, and, therefore, abominable images on them.

ABRAHAM, [father of a multitude,] was the son of Terah, Gen. xi. 27; the teath from Shem, in the line of Heber, and born at Ur, a city of Chaldea, A. M. 2008. His history occupies a large portion of the book of Genesis, and is intimately connected with both the Jewish and Christian instictions. Called "the friend of God," James il. 25, and "heir of the world," Rom.iv. 13; and because he believed God, and received the promises, he has been constituted a father promises, he has been constituted a father to all believers, whether Jew or Gentile. See Rom iv. 11-16.

ABRAHAM'S BUSOM.—An allusion to the

posture in which the dews and other eastern nations placed themselves at table. John reclined on the bosom of Jesus at supper; hence Abraham's bosom denotes both honor and felicity, Luke x i. 22.

ABYSS, a very deep pit, referring often to that vast body of water which in Jewish opinion was 'aid up in some cavernous re-ceptacle within the earth. It refers some-times to the dark sepulchres of the east, which, hewn out in the rock, and descending far beneath the surface, formed a kind of under-world, Rom. x. 7. Also an Apocaof under-world, Rom. x. 7. Also an Apoca-lyptic symbol of the abode and doom of those powers which are hostile to Christ and his church.

and his church.
ACELDAMA, [the field of blood,] a piece of
ground south of Jerusalem, on the other
side of the brook Siloam; also called the
Potter's field, Matt. xxvii. 8; Acts i. 18, 19.
ACTIAIA, [grac], trouble,] a Province of Peloponnesus; also, a Province including all
the south part of Greece.
ACHAICUS, a native of Achaia, 1 Cor. xvi. 17.
ACTS OF APOSTLES—written by Luke as a
continuation of his history of the life etc.

continuation of his history of the life, etc., of Jesus: and relates chiefly the actions and sufferings of Peter, John, Paul and Barnzbas, in connection with the history of the Church for about 30 years, or to about A. D. 63. The chief design of the writer appears to have been to give an account of the introduction of Christianity to the Gentiles; hence we find the calling of the Gentiles, the conversion of Saul, and his labors as the apostle of the Gentiles, more minutely related than anything else. book may be considered as a connecting link between the previous histories and the apostolic letters, and a key necessary for the right understanding of them. In this book we read how the Church was first formed and set in order, and find the true model, after which every congregation ought to be constructed.

ADAM. (serthy.) the first man, and father of the human race, Gen. i. 26. The name is sometimes given to man in general.

sometimes given to man in general.

—, SECOAD—Christ so called, 1 Cor. xv.

22, 45—47.

ADOPTION, or Sonship, from humatheric occurs only in Ronn. viii. 15, 23; ix. 4; Gal. iv.

5; Eph. 1. 5.

ADRAMITTIUM, [the court of death,] now
Edgemit, a scaport of Asia Minor, in Mysia,

70, miles north of Snuyra, Acts xxvii y

70 miles north of Smyrna, Acts xxvii. 2.

ADRIA, a name of the Adriatic sea, or Gult of Venice. See Acts xxvii. 27. ADVERSARY, (see Satan,) one of the em-ynatical and distinguishing names of Sa-

pratical and distinguishing names of Satan; and so applied to his agents.

ADVOCATE, one that pleads the cause of another. It is one of the official titles of Jesus Christ, the Righteous one, (1 John it. 1.) and it import may be learned from John xvii; Rom. viii. 34; Heb. vii. 25.

ACALLY In Incompany of the office of the plants of the father 1 and the control of the control of

AGABUS, a locust, a reast of a father, a prophet who foretold a famine which came to pass in the fourth year of Claudius Cesar, A. D. 43; Acts xi. 28; and who met Paul at Cesarea, and warned him of what he would have to suffer, if he went to Jerusalem,

Acts xxi. 10.

AGE, aicon, an indefinite period of time, past, present or future. This is the proper trans-lation of aioon, which in the common version is often improperly rendered world, always, and forever. The word occurs about 100 times, in its singular and plural forms. The adjective form of the same word, woonlos, is found about 75 times and is applied to zee, life, 45 times; to fire, 3 times; to glory, 2 times, &c. Eternal or everlasing, as generally understood, is an improper translation of aiconics; in fact, we have no proper equivalent in the English language. Being an adjective and derived from the noun, gioon, age, it cannot properly go beyond its

meaning.
AGRIPPA, [cousing pain at his birth,] King, and Tetrarch under Claudius Cesar, Acts

xvv. 13-27; xxvi.

AIR, or ATMOSPHERE, frequently a symbol of government. See Eph. ii. 2; Rev. ix. 2;

ALABASTER-BOX, made of Alabaster, a bright white fossil, resembling marble in

which precious perfumes are enclosed. Matt. xxvi. 7. "Breaking of the box," is knocking off the seal, and not breaking the

knocking off the seal, and not breaking the vessel, Mark xiv. 3.

ALLXANDER, [the helper of men,] one of that name mentioned in Mark xv. 21; Acts iv. 6; xix. 33; 1 Tim. i. 20; 2 Tim. iv. 14.

ALEXANDRIA, a celebrated city and seaport of Egypt, founded by Alexander the Great, about B. C. 333, and situated between the Mediterranean Sea and Lake Marcotis. A library of 700,000 volumes was burned here by the Saracens in the seventh century. Acts vi. 9; xviii. 24; xxvii. 6.
ALLEGORY, a symbolical discourse, nearly

resembling a parable or fable, generally used among oriental nations to illustrate some principle or doctrine. See John x:

some principle or doctrine. See John x; xv; Gal. iv. 24.
ALLELUIA, or HALLELUIAH, [Praise you the Lord.] A common exclamation of joy and praise in the Jewish worship. The saints' song at the fall of Antichrist, Rev. xix. 1—6.
ALMIGHTY, able to do all things; an attribute of Deity; also of the glorified Jesus, Rev. i. 3; iv. 8, &c.
ALPHA and OMEGA, the first and last letters of the Greek alphabet; both applied to Christ Rev. i. 3; xxi. 6.

ters of the Greek alphabet; both applied to Christ, Rev. 1.8; xxi. 6.

ALPHEUS, [thousand, chief,] the father of James and Jude, Matt. x. 8; Luke vi. 15; xxi. 18. Supposed to be Cleopus, John xix. 25; Acts. 15.— The father of Levi, or Matthew, Mark ii. 14.

ALTAR, a sort of elevated hearth on which to offer specifical to Gold. The Christian

to offer sacrifices to God. The Christian altar referred to, Heb. xiii. 10.

attar reierred to, field Atta 10.

AMBASSADOR, one who holds a commission and carries a message immediately from the person of a prince. Applied exclusively to the Apostles, 2 Cor. v. 20; Eph. vi. 20.

AMETHYST.—See Parcious STONES.

AMETHYST.—See PRECIOUS STONES.
AMPHIPOLIS, now called Emboli; a city
lying between Macedon and Thrace, 4s
miles E by N. of Thessalouica, Acts xvii 1.
AMPLIAS (large, an individual highly esteemed by Paul, Rom. xvi. 8.
ANANIAS | the cloud of the Lord, and SAPPHIRA, [that tells, their sin and punishment Acts y 1—19.

ment. Acts v. 1-11.

- high priest, mentioned Acts xxiii.

ANATHEMA MARANATHA, a Syriac exclamation, signifying, Accursed, our Lord comes. This language must not be regarded as an imprecation, but as a predic-tion of what would certainly come to pass. In devoting any person to destruction, or in pronouncing an anathema, they sometimes added, "The Lord will put this sentence in execution when he comes." Hence originated the Anathena Maranatha, will be accursed when the Lord comes."

ANCHOR, "cast out at the stern." A

Acts xxvii. 29. This is not usual in modern navigation, but was done by the ancients,

and is still done by the Egyptians.

ANDREW, [a stout and strong man,] an apostle of Jesus Christ, a native of Bethsaida, and brother of Peter. John i. 40; Matt.

IV. 18.
ANDRONICUS, [a man excelling others,]

ANDRONCOS, [a man excerting others,]
Rom. xvi. 7.
ANGEL. This word, both in the Greek and
Hebrew languages, signifies a messenger.
It denotes office, and not the nature of the
agent. The word occurs 183 times in the
New Testament, and is applied to celestial
bennes, to men, good and bad; to the
winds, fire, pestilence, and every creature

which God employs as his special agent; and also to the agents of every creature. and also to the agents of every creature:
The New Testament authors speak of angels of congregations, angels of little children, the angel of Peter, and an angel of Satan. In all versions the word unggelos is occasionally rendered by the term messenger, and frequently by the word angel, which is, indeed, now naturalized and Adopted inic our language.

ANNA, [gravious.] a prophetess and widow, of the tribe of Asher. Luke ii. 30—38.

ANNAS. lone who answers.] an hich wriest of

ANNAS, [one who answers,] an high priest of the Jews, Luke iii, 2; John xviii. 13, 24;

Acts iv. 6.

ANOINTED, The—the English translation of the Greek term, ho Christos, and is given of the Greek term, no taristos, and is given to Jesus, 6od's Son, on account of his being anointed with the Holy Spirit, to the sacred offices of Prophet, Priest, and King. See Psa. ii. 6; xlv. 7; lxxix. 20; cx. 4; lsa.lx. 1; Luke iii. 22; iv. 18; Acts x. 88.

ANOINTING, a Jewish ceremony, by which persons and things under the law, were consecrated, or set apart for the service of God, anointing them with oil or ointment of a peculiar composition, prescribed in Exod. xxx. 23—33, the common use of which was expressly forbidden. Priests and kings was expressly forbidden. Priests and kings were anointed with it, probably typical of the anointing of Messiah and his associates with the Holy Spirit. Samuel anointed Saul, (1 Sam. x. 1), and David, (1 Sam. xvi. 13,) and on this account they were called the Lord's anointed ones; 1 Sam. xxiv. 6, 10; 2 Sam. xxiii. 1. The reception of the Holy Spirit by believers is called an anointing, 1 Cor. i. 21; 1 John ii. 27.
ANTICHRIST, a word only found in John's epistles. It occurs five times, 1 John ii. 18, 22; iv. 3; 2 John 7. It signifies, against Christ, and is defined by John to be any one who denies the Father and the Son, or that

who denies the Father and the Son, or that who denies the Fauner and the flesh.

Jesus Christ has not come in the flesh.

Two cities

ANTIOCH, [speedy as a chariot.] NATIOCH, repectly as a charact. Two cities and this name are mentioned in Scripture; 1. The capital of Syria, on the river Orontes, 18 miles from its mouth. It was built by Seleucus Nicanor, about 300 years B. C., and named after his father Antiochus. It is now called Antachia. Here the disciples of Christ were first styled Christians, Acts xi. 20. 2. Antioch, now Akshehr, a town of Asia Minor, in Pisidia, 180 miles W. by N.

of Tarsus.

ANTIPAS, [against all,] Antipas Herod, the son of Herod the Great, who beheaded John the Immerser, Matt. xiv. 3, 4; Mark vi. 17, and the Immerser, Matt. xiv. 3, 4; Mark vi. 17, and the individual decomposition of the second seco 18; Luke iii. 19, 20, and who ridiculed Jesus, by enrobing him in mock roya ty. Luke xxiii. 11.—Also, the faithful martyr mentioned Rev. ii. 13.

ANTIPATRIS, [against the father,] a town of Palestine, 25 miles W. S. W. of Samaria, named in honor of Antipater, the father of Herod.

APOLLONIA, [destruction,] a town of Macedonia, 30 miles E. by S. of Thessalonica.

Acts xvii.1.

APOLLOS, [one who aestroys,] a Jew of Alex-APOLIOS, jone who descroys, it sew of the andria, described as an evoquent man, and mighty in the Scriptures. Acts xvii. 24. APOLLYON, (a descroyer,) answering to the Hebrew name Abaddin. Rev.ix.11. APOSTLE, apostolo, so one sent by another. The word is found over Sottines in the New Tortsweet at this avoid a Lean Code.

Testament. It is applied to Jesus, as God's Apostle, John vii. 18; Heb. iii. 1: to the Twelve, the intimate companions of Jesus

as his Apostles; and to those persons sent out by congregations, such as, Barnabas,

Churches.
APPHIA, (that produces,) Philemon 2.
APPHI FOLL M, a town of Italy, near the modern town of Piperno, on the road to Naples, about 40 miles S. E. of Rome. Acts xxviii. 15.

AQUILA, [an eagle,] a tent-maker, mentioned Acts xviii. 23, with whom Paul wrought

and lodged.

ARABIA, [evening, wild, and desert,] a country in Asia, two age east of the Red Sea, and south of Palestine and Syria, extending 1500 miles from north to south, and 1200 from east to west. It was divided into 1. Arabia Felix, or the Happy, in the south, which is very fertile; 2. Arabia Petrea, or which is very letting; I. Arabia, I. Arabia, the Rocky, in the north-west, including Idumea; and 3. Arabia Deserta, or the Desert, in the north and north-east. The Ismaeliteschiefly peopled this region. Mentioned historically, 1 Kings x. 1-5; 2 Chron ix. 1-14; Gal. i. 17; prophetically, Isc. xxi.

Great. Matt. ii. 22.
ARCHIPPUS, [governor of horses,] a minister or servant of the Lord, and mentioned

Col. iv. 17; Philemon 2.

AREOPAGITE, a title of the judges of the supreme tribunal of Athens, (Acts xvii. 34,)

and derived from

and derived from AEEOPAGUS, (the kill of Mars.) which signifies either the court of Athens itself, or the hill on which it was held. Acts xvii. 19. ARETAS, [one that pleases,] a king of Arabia, Acts iv. 23; 2 Cor. xi. 32, 33.
ARIMATHEA, [a lon, dead to the Lord,] or RAMAH, a town of Judea, supposed to be the modern Ramla, a town about 30 miles. N. W. of Lowes-jum on the read to Jonna.

W. of Jerusalem, on the road to Joppa.

N. W. of Jerusalem, on the road to Joppa. ARISTARCHUS, [a goodprince,] Paul's companion and fellow-prisoner, Acts xiz. 20; xx. 4; xxvii. 2; Col. iv. 10; Philemon 24. AIRK, (Noah's,) described, Gen. vi. 14—16; and alluded to, 1 Pet. iii. 21. ARK OF THE COVENANT, for the preservation of the tables of the law, &c., its history, Exod. xxv. 10—21; xxxvii. 1—9; Josh. ii. 15—17; 1 Sam. iv. 11; v. 6; vii. 1, 2; 2 Sam. vi.; xv. 24—29; 2 Chron. v. 2, 13, 14 alluded to, Heb. ix. 4. The Ark and its contents were lost by the Babylonish captivity. ARMAGEDDON, [mountain of destruction,] a place in Samaria, east of Cesarea; the mountain of Megeddon, or Megiddo, a city at the foot of Mount Carmel, and noted for

mountain of Megeddon, or Megiddo, a city at the foot of Mount Carmel, and noted for scenes of carnage. The Canaanites and Philistines, Jews and Egyptians, Chal-deans and Persians, Greeks and Romaos, Mostems and Christians, of almost everyage and nation, have encamped around Megiddo, because of its commanding position, its abundant supply of water and rich pastures. In the Apocalypse this place is referred to, probably as a symbolical name lor great slaughter, key, xvi 16. hMOR, weapons or instrume; is of defence. The Christian's armor described, Eph. vi.

, 13 &c At. IEMAS, Imhole, smund. | a disciple sent by Paul into Crete, instead of Titus, Titus iii.

ANCENSION OF CHRIST, account of, Mark xvi 19. Luke xxi 50, 51. Acts i 1-12.

acoustion of political dignity, hev. xt. 12.

Sylvanus, Timothy, &c., as Apostles of ASIA, [muddy, bogyy,] in the New Testa ment, sometimes means Asia Minor, which includes the provinces of Bithynia, Pontuc, facilitate the provinces to the state of the facilitate of the fac of which Ephesus was the chiefcity. was not known to the ancie . tsas one of the four grand divisions of the globe.

ASSOS, [approaching,] a scaport of Asia Minor, in Mysia, 32 miles W. of Adramyt-tium, now called Betram. Acts xx. 13, ASYNCRITES, [incomparable,] a disciple ac

Rome. Rom. xvi. 14.
ATHENS, (without increase, of Minerva,) the principal city of ancient Greece, situated on the Saronic Gulf, 46 miles E. of Corinth, and 800 S. W. of Constantinople. It was for a long time the most celebrated school in the world for learning, arts, and sei-

m the world for learning, arts, and sciences. Acts xvii. 15—34.

ATONEMENT, from katallagee, reconciliation, is found once thus rendered in the Common Version, Rom. v. 11, and evidently has the original and old Enguish ense of at-one-ment attached to it. The means by which two enemies were reconconciled or made at-one, or their state of

conciled or made at-me, or their state of harmony, was an at-one-ment.

ATTALIA, [that increases,] a seaport of Asia Minor, in Pamphylm, on a Bay of the Mediterranean; now called Satalia.

AUGUSTUS, (venerable,] the nephew and successor of Julius Cesar, and emperor of Rome at the time of our Savior's birth. Lie appropriated the avaculment. Luke ii. appointed the enrollment. Luke ii. 1. AZOR, [a helper,] the son of Eliakim, Matt

i. 13.

AZOTUS, [pillage.] or Ashdod, now Ezdoud, a town of Palestine, in the country of the Philistines, 20 miles S. by W. of Joppa.

BABYLON, [confusion,] capital of Babylonia, or Chaldea, situated on the Euphrates. It was one of the most renowned cities on the globe. Its wals were 60 miles in cir-cuit, and were reckoned one of the seven wonders of the world. The ruins of this city are now seen about 60 miles south of Bagdad.

BABYLON, (Mystical,) Rev. xiv. 8; xvi. 19.

xvii.; xviii.
BALAAM, [the old age, or ancient of the people,] a prophet of the city of Bosor, on the Euphrates; his history, Num. xxii.—xxiv, xxxi.8; Josh. xiii. 22; his sin mentioned, Deut. xxiii. 4; Jude 11; 2 Pet. ii. 15; Rev.

BAPTIZE, bapto, baptizo. Bapto occurs 3 times, Luke xvi. 24; John Xiii. 26; Rev. xix. 13, and is always translated dip in the common version. Baptizo occurs 79 times; of these, 77 times it is not translated at all, but the common and division and division with Mark vii. but transferred; and twice, viz., Mark vii.
4; Luke vi. 58, it is translated wash, without regard to the manner in which it was done. All lexicographers translate it by the word immerse, dip, or plunge not one by sprinkle or pour. No translator has ever ventured to render these words by aprentie or pour in any version. In the Septuagint version we have pour, dip, and sprinkle, co-curring in Lew xiv. 15, 16, "tie shall pour the oil, he shall dip his finger in it, and he shall sprinkle the oil". Here we have then. to pour: raine, to sprinkle; and bapto, to div.

BAPTISM, baptisma, baptismus These words are never translated aprinkling or pouring in any version. baptisma occurs 22 times.

and buntion-us 4 times.

lire" is an emblem of destruction. Com-jace Mal, iv. with Matt. iii, 10—12.

— IN The HOLY SPIRT. Prom-ised by Jesus, Acts i. 3; fulfilled on the day of Pentecost, Acts ii; also in the house of Cornelius, Acts xi. 16, 17. These super-natural gifts, both external and internal, and possessed by the Apostles and the instituties of both Jews and Gentiles, were so overwhelming, as to be figuratively called an immersion in the Holy Spirit.

BARABBAS, [son of shame, confusion,] a noted criminal at Jerusalem. Matt. xxvii. 16-21; Mark xv. 6-11; Luke xxiii. 18-25; John

xviii. 40. BARACHIAS, [who blesses God,] the father

BARACHIAS, [who blesses God.] the father of 'Achariah, mentioned Matt. xxiii. 35. B.M.:.JESUS, [son of Jesus.] in Arabic his name was Elymas. See Elymas. BAR.JONAH, the son of a dove, or of Jonah.] a Syriac designation of Peter. Matt. xvi. 17; John i. 42; xxi. 15—17. See Peter. BARNABAS, [son of exhortation,] a disciple of Jesus, and Paul's companion in labors; mentioned Acts in 38. 37. xi 99-30. xii.

mentioned Acts iv. 36, 37; xi. 22-30; xii. 25; travels with Paul, Acts xiii-xv. 35; separates from him, Acts xv. 36—39; his erroy alluded to, Gal. ii. 1—13. BARSABAS, [son of rest,] Joseph Barsabas, surnamed Justus, one of the first disciples,

Acts i. 23; xv. 22.

BARTHOLOMEW, [a son that suspends the waters,] one of the twelve aposties, probably the same as Nathaniel. Matt. x. 3;

by the same as Nathaniel. Acts. 13.
Mark iii. 18.; Luke vi. 14; Actsi. 13.
BARTIMEUS, [son of the honorable,] mentionel Matt. xx. 29-33; Mark x. 46-52.
BEDS. Mr. Hanway describes the beds of Persia as consisting "only of two cetton quilts, one of which is folded double and which is routed double and serves as a mattress, the other as a covering, with a large flat pillow for the head." Was not the bed of the paralytic of this description? Luke iv. 19; Mark it. 4-1; "Arise, take up thy bed," that is, thy mattress—the quilt spread under thee. Bed is a symbol of great tribulation and readers. a symbol of great tribulation and anguish.

Rev. 1. 22.
BELIZEBUB, or BAALZBBUB, [god of the fly,] an idol of the Ekronites, 2 Kingsi. 3. In the Greek New Testament it is spelled Beelzeboul, which means dang-god; the change of sound being perhaps introduced by the Jews for the purpose of throwing contempt on heathen divinities. The chief or prince of demons is called thus in Matt.

xii 24, Luke xi. 15.
BENJAMIN. (son of my right hand,] Jacob's
youngest son. The tribe of Benjamin continued steady in its attachment to Judah

three steady in its attachment to Judah when the ten tribes revolted, and formed part of the kingdom. Paul was of this title, Phil. iii. 5. IslieA., [heavy, weighty,] a town of Macegonia now called Verea; Acts xvii. 10, 15. hk.NNCE, [one that orings victory,] daughter of Agrippa, surnamed the Great, and where it young Agrippa. Aug of the Lews.

sister to young Agrippa, king of the Jews.

Act 11v. 23.

1 th YL — bee Precious Stones.

1 th YL — bee Precious Stones.

1 th YL — bee Precious Stones.

1 th HAFAR'A, [house of passage.] a town on the east side of the Jordan, where it was supposed to be fordable. John 1. 28.

11 HARY. [house of song, of affiction.] a viliage situated at the foot of Mount Olivet, 2

mile. E. of Jerusalem, on the road to Jerupalem

1 h. 1 FESDA, [house of mercy,] a pool of wa-ter E. of Jerusalem, and N. of the temple, and the temple,

BAPTISM BY FIRE. To be "immersed in fire" is an emblem of destruction. Com-tare Mal, iv. with Matt. iii, 10-12. place of David and Jesus. It was styled Bethlehem of Judah, or Bethlehem Ephratah. (Micah v. 2,) to distinguish it from another Bethlehem in Zebulon, near Nazareth, Josh. xix. 15.

BLIHPAGE, [a place of figs,] a village on Mount Olivet, near Bethany, and nearly 2

Mount Olivet, near Bethany, and nearly a miles E. of Jerusalem.
BETHSAIDA, [a house of fruits,] a town of Galilee, on the west coast of the lake of Tiberias, S. W. of Capernaum; the birthplace of Philip, and residence of Andrew and Peter, John i. 41; a woe was pronounced against it by Jesus, Matt. xi. 21, and it was one of the first places ravaged by the Romans. mans.

Blici nRIGHT, the particular privileges en-joyed in most countries by the first-born son. With the Hebrews he was peculiarly son. With the residence was becutarly the Lord's, Exod. xxii. 29; had a double share of his father's inheritance, Deut. xxi. 17; had dominion over his brethren, Gen. xxvii. 29; and succeeded his father in the kingdom or high priesthood. Esau, sold his birthright to Jacob, Gen. xxv. 31; Heb. xii. 16, 17. Reuben forfeited his on account of his incest, Gen. xlix. 2, 3; so his tribe alof his incest, cen. XILI. 2, 5; 80 his type always remained in obscurity, while his younger brothers shared the privileges—Levi had the priesthood; Judah the royalty; and Joseph the double portion.
BISHOP, episkopos, Overseer; synonymous with Elder, and Shepherd. See Elder.
BIT if YNIA, [violent precipitation,] a country of Asia Mijner bounded on the north by the

of Asia Minor, bounded on the north by the Euxine or Rlack Sea.

BLACK, or BLACKNESS, in prophecy is generally symbolical of affliction, disease, and

erally symbolical of amiculon, disease, and distress. See Job xxx. 30; Jer. iv. 28; viii. 21; xiv. 2; Lam. iv. 8; v.10; Joel ii. 3; Nahum ii. 10.
BLASCHEMY, Blasphemia, speaking against, whether God or man be the object. The word occurs 19 times in the New Testandorf. Under the law blasphemia, speaking against. word occurs 19 times in the New Testament. Under the law blasphemy against God was punishable with death, Lev. xxiv. 15, 16, 25; and Jesus declares blasphemy against the Holy Spirit unpardonable, Matt. xii. 31; Mark iii. 28, 29; Luke xii. 10. BLASTUS, [that buds and brings forth,] Chamberlain to Herod, Acts xii. 20.

Chamberian to Herod, Acts xii. 20.
BLEMISH, no animal having any was to be, sacrificed, Lev. xxii. 19; Deut. xv. 21; xvii. 1; Mal.i. 3,14. Christ without blemish, 1 Pet. i. 10; and Christians to be so, Eph. v. 27.
BLINDNESS, instances of, Gen. xix. 11; Syrians, 2 Kings vi. 18; Paud, Acts ix. 8-18; Elymas, xiii. 11; blindness cured, Matt. ix. 27; xii. 22; xx. 30.-34; Mark viii. 22; xx. 40.51; Luke iv. 18; vii. 21; John ix. 1. A symbol of tenorance. symbol of ignorance.

BLOOD, not to be eaten, Gen. ix. 4: forbidden under the law, Lev. iii. 17: vii. 80: xvii. 10, 14: xix. 20: forbidden to Christians, Acts xv. 29. The blood is the life of the animal, and unwholesome for food: besides, the fat and blood were God's partot every sacrifice. Blood is frequently a symbol of war, carnage, and slaughter, Iso. xxxiv. 3; Ezek. xiv. 19. Rev. xiv. 90. To turn waters into blood is to embroil na-

BLOOD OF CHRIST, redemption through it, Eph. 1. 7. Col. 1. 14: Rev. v. 9; sanctines too through it, Heb. x. 29; eleanses from sin. i John 1. 7: Rev. 1. 6: the wine of the Lord's Supper called his blood, and the Lipod of the New Covenant, Mark. XIVL 36:

Mark xiv. 24: Luke xxii. 20; 1 Cor. xi. 25; also called the bood of the everlasting covenant. Heb, xiii, 20.

BOANERGES, (sons of thunder,) a ...ame to James and John, Mark iii. 17.

BODY, either natural or spiritual, Man's body, in its present state, is called natural, in distinction from the spiritual body raised up at the resurrection. The term is used in Scripture to denote an organized system of any kind. We also read of the body of ein. which is to be put off when immersed into the death of Christ. This is to be remembered in order to understand much of the figurative language of Paul much of the figurative taliguage of Paul relative to Christian experience and sanctification. The Christian's body is to be kept pure, Rom. xii. 1; I Cor. vi. 13; I Thess. iv. 4; to be changed at the resurrection, I Cor. vi. 24; to be changed at the resurrection, I Cor. vi. 42-51, Phil. iii. 21; I John iii. 2. The Christian Church is called the body of Christ, Rom. xii 4.5, 1 Cor. x. 17; xii. 12-27, &c. All Christians are members of this body; and to it be ong all the Apostles, Prophe's, arvangelists, Teachers, gifts, miracles, and honors bestowed by its head after his glorifigation. Jesus is the head of the body, and neation. Jesus is the nead of the body, and as the head is giorified, so will all the numbers be glorified with him. In the Lord's Supper, the bread is called the body of his body, which is brownen in remembrance of him

Various materials were formerly used in making books. Plates of lead and copper, the barks of trees, bricks stone, and wood, were the first matters employed to engrave such things and monuments upon as men were willing to have transmitted to posterity. Hesiod's works were written on lead; the Roman laws on brass; God's on stone; and Solon's on planks of wood. When these were last used, they were generally covered with a thin coat of wax, for ease both in writing and in blotting out, which explains the expression of David when he prays that his sins may be blotted out as a cloud, that is, the record of them. Palm leaves, being more convenient as to bulk and portableness, were afterwards made into books, and are still so used in India. Then the thin inner bark of trees, especially the elm; hence the Latin word liber (the inner bark of a tree,) means also a book. Afterwards the Papyrus, or "paper reed," was used. Isa. xix.7. Parchment was afterwards invented in Pergamos. Books of these two last substances were rolled on sticks like cloth, and hence the word rotume, from the Latin word, rolvo, to roll. Books thus rolled might have several seals, so that a person might break one and read till he came to another; whereas, if one of our books had several seals, all would be broken if one was. See Rev. v.

"Book of Life, '-an allusion to the registers kept in ancient cities of all the names of regular citizens. Phil. iv. 3. Honorable persons, not citizens, were sometimes en-tered here, which was giving the freedom of the city. Vagabonds and disorderly persons had their names erased. Rev. mi. b. See Exod. xxxii. 32, Rev. xm. S; xxi. 27;

xx11. 19. BOOKS, mentioned, but now extant; of the wars of the Lord, Num. xx1. 14, of Jasper Josh. x 13; 2 5.4m. 1; 18; of Samuel conterning the kingdom, 1 Sam x 25, of Stomon, 1 Kings 1v. 52, 53, of the chronacles of David, 1 Chron. xxvii. 24; of the acts of belower, the Christian's calling.

1 Kings xi 41; of Nathan, Namuel, and G.d. 1 Chron. xxix. 20; of Ahigh the Shilonda 2 Chron. ix. 20; of the visions of lello. 2 Chron. ix. 20; of Shemasch, 2 Chron. xii. 15; of Jehu, 2 Chron. xx. 34; of the sayings of the Seers, 2 Chron, xxxiii. 10; Paul's epis-

t. to the Landiceans, Col. iv. 16.
BOSOR, [taking away,] the father of Balaam,
2 Pet. ii. 15; also called Beor, Num. xxii. 5.

BOTTLES were anciently made of leather. the places where the legs were, being tied up, formed a convenient bottle. As these grew tender by using, new wine, which had not done termenting, could not be safely put in them. Matt. ix. 17. See Josh. ix. 4. BOWELS, a word used formerly, as we now use the word keart; that is to represent

pity, compassion, &c. The Hebrews understood the viscera were the seat of the intellect and of the tenderest passions

BREAD is a word used in Scripture for food in general. As bread was usually made by the Jews in thin cakes, it was not cut but

broken, which gave rise to the phrase.— BREAKING OF BREAD, which sometimes means the partaking of a meal, as in Luke means the partaking of a meal, as in Ln'se xiv. 35; Acts il. 40; xx.11; xxvii. 35; Also, to what is emphatically styled, "the breaking of the load," in the Lord's Supper, as mentioned in Acts il. 42. See also Mc't. xxvi. 10; Mark xiv. 22; Lukexxii. 19; \$\Pi^\*\text{cs} xx. 0; 1 Cor. x. 10; xi. 23.
BREASTPLATE. A part of the Christ. armor. See Eph. vi. 14; 1 Thess. v. 8. Also, a part of the high-priest's holy appace, consisting of a niece of golden emberiday.

consisting of a piece of golden embroidery. about ten inches square, which on special occasions he wore on his breast. It was set with twelve precious stones, each bear ing the name of one of the tribes of Israel See Exod. xii. 4; xxviii. 15—30; xxxix. 8—21. BRETHREN (in Christ,) to forgive each

other, Matt. v. 18, 23, 24; xviii. 21, 22; Gal. vi. 1; 2 Thess. iii. 13—15; to confess there faults, and pray for each other, James v.

10: to love each other, Rom, Mr. 10: 1 Thess. iv. 9, 10; Heb. xii. 1. BRIDE, a newly married woman. The congregation of Christis espoused to him now. and will become his bride in the future age, sharing his nature, soyal dignity, and dominion. Psa. xlv. 10-15; 2 Cor. x1. 2; Rev. xix. 7-9. The heavenly Jerusalem so called, Rev. xxi. 9.
BRIDEGROOM, a newly married man. Christ so called, Matt. xx. 15; Luke v. 34.

See also Matt. xxv. 1-13.

Secanso mat. Inv. 1-15.

BRIMSTONE AND PIRE, employed to execute God's wrath, Gen. xix. 24: Luke xvii. 20: Psa. xi. 0: Ezek. xxxiii. 22. A symbol of destruction, Deut. xxix. 23: Job xviii. 15: Rev. xix. 20, &c.

CAIAPHAS, [a searcher,] a high-priest of the Jews, and son-in-law to Annas: men-

tioned John xi. 40, 50; xyin, 13, 14, 4 AIN, [possession,] the first-born son of Adam: his history, Gen. 12.: alluded to, 1 John iii. 12: Jude II.

CALL, to invite, from kaleoo, to call, which occurs about 150 times, and proskaleou, to

call to one, about 30 times.
CALLED, kleetos, derived from the above, occurs it times, and is applied to all who

CALVARY, or GOLGOTHA, [the place of a skull,] a little hill north-west of Jerusalem, on the north side of Mount Zion, so called probably from some imagined resemblance to the form of a man's head, or, as some think, because it was a place for the execution of criminals. It is memorable as the place of our Lord's crucifixion. Luke

XX111. 33. CA.IEL, [carrier,] a beast of burden very common in the East, where it is called "the land-ship," and 'the carrier of the desert." It was to the Hebrews an unclean desert." It was to the Hebrews at inflexan animal. See Lev. Xi. 4. Camels' Hair is woven into cloth; the coarse part into coarse cloth, such as John the Immersor wore, (See Matt. iii. 4; Matt. xi. 8;) or sackcloth, (Itev. vi. 12;) and the finest parts into beautiful shawls, &c. The proverb alluded to in Matt. xxiii. 24, illustrations of the Pharisees. by the ting the hypocrisy of the Pharisees, by the custom of passing wine through a strainer, should be read as follows: "You blind ruides! which strain out a gnat, and swallow a camel." The expression, "It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a need e," etc., Matt. xix. 24, is also found in need, etc., Mats. MAY 23, is also found in the Koran; and a similar one in the Tal-bud, respecting an elephant's going through a needle's eye. This may be a pro-verb to describe an impossibility; or it may be an allusion to the difficult task of a camel passing through a door not over three feet high, on its knees. This feat camels are sometimes taught to accomplish, but it was considered a great diffi-

JANA, [zeal, possession,] a town in Galilee, about sixteen miles N. W. of Tiberias, and six N. E. of Nazareth. The birth-place of Nathaniel, and now called Kana-el-Jelil. Dr. Ciarke observed among the ruins large stone vessels, capable of holding many gallons, similar to those mentioned in the

lons, similar to those mentioned in the narrative of the marriage, at which Jesus performed his first miracle. John ii. 1-11. CA:AAN, [merchant, trader.] the Scripture name of what is now called Palestine, or the Holy Land, Its name is derived from Canaan, the son of Ham, and grandson of Noah, whose posterity settled here, and remained for about seven hundred years. remained for about seven hundred years. Becoming enormously corrupt, they were devoted to destruction, and their land given to Israel. Its conquest is recorded in the book of Joshua, &c., after which it was called "the land of Israel." Its boundaries as generally laid down, are Lebanon on the north, Arabia on the east, Idured on the auth and the Aleist. mea on the south, and the Mediterranean mea on the south, and the inciterranean on the west. Under David and Solomon, its extent was greatly increased, by the conquest of Ammen, Moab, Edom, &c. I Kings iv. 21—24. It was a most beautiful and fertile country, and the Jews multiplied in it to an astonishing degree. The Jordan in it to an astonishing degree. The Jordan runs scuthward through it, and forms the lakes of Merom and Tiberias, and finally empties itself into the Lake Asphaltites. This country was included in the promise made to Abraham and his seed, the Christ, Jen 21, 7, 211, 14-17; zv. 13-21; zvii. 5; Gal in 16-18, its boundaries described, fixed zvii 3; Num. xxxiv. 1-12, Josh. 1. 8 4. cohquered by Josh. 21, 4. c.; its borders not conquered, Josh. 21, 1; the reason given, Judges ii. 3. Known by various manus. Canaga. Gen. 2, 15-20; zi. 31, 1000 et from the law of t

quently; Land of Judah, after the revolt of

the ten tribes; Holy Land. Zech. ii. 12; and Palestine, Exod. xv. 14.

CANDACE, [who possesses contrition.] the name of an Ethiopian queen, Acts viii. 27.

CANDLESTICK, or LAMPSTAND, made of pure gold, stood in the tabernacle on the left hand of one entering the Holy Place. It was constructed to afford seven lights, to which allusion is made in Rev. i. 12, 13,

CAPERNAUM, [the field of repentance, city of comfort, a city on the sea of Galilee, 60 miles north of Jerusalem, and celebrated in the Gospels as the place where Jesus in the Gospels as the place where Jesus principally resided during the time of his ministry, and did many of his miracles, See Matt. iv. 12—15; ix. 1; xi. 20—24; xvn. 23; Mark i. 21—35; ii. 1; John vi. 17, 50. CAPPAIOCIA, [a sphere,] a large province in the interior of Asia Minor, on the Pontus, separated from Phrygia by the river Halys; mentioned Acts ii. 0; 1 Pct. i. 1. CASTOR and POLLUX, twin sons of Jupickaral weedings of separate according to

ter, and guardians of seamen, according to

ter, and guardians of seamen, according to heathen mythology; used as a figure head on an Lgyptian ship. Acts xxviii. 11.

CAPIIVITY. God often punished the vices and infidelity of his people by the different captivities into which they were permitted to fall. The Assyrian captivity, mentioned, 2 Kings xviii. 9—12: the Babyloman, Jer. xxv. 12; and the Roman captivity prophesied of by Jesus, Luke xxi. 24. Christ is said to have "led captivity captive," (Eph. iv. 4.) or a multitude of captives. The allusion is to public triumphs, when captives were led in chains behind the cars of victors; even kings and great men who had tors; even kings and great men who had captivated others; a custom not only of the Romans but eastern nations in the remo-test times. The phrase imports a conquest over enemies.

CEDRON, or Kidbon, a small brook, rising near Jerusalem, passing through the vai-ley of Jehoshaphat, and flowing into the Dead Sea. It is a rapid torrent after rains, but dry or nearly so, in the midst of summer. 2 Sam. xv. 23; Jer. xxxi. 40: John xviii. 1.

xviii.1.

CENCHREA, a port of Corinth, now called Kikries, whence Paul sailed for Epnesus, Acts xviii. 18. It was a place of some commercial note, and the seak of an early church, Rem. xvi. 1.

CENTURION, a Roman commander of a hundred soldiers, Matt. viii. 5-18; xxvii. 54; Luke vii. 2-10; xiii. 47; Acts x. 27, 40.

CEPHAS, [a rock, or stone,] a Syriac name given by Jesus to Simon. John i. 42; rendered by the Greeks. Petros and by the

given by Jesus to Simon. John i. 42; rendered by the Greeks, Petros. and by the Latins, Petrus. See Petr.

CESAR, [one cut ont.] a title given to all the Roman emperors till the destruction of that empire. The emperors alluded to by this title in the New Testament, are Augustus, luke ii. 1; Thorius, Luke ii. 1; xx. 22; Claudus, Acts xi. 28; and Nero, Acts xv. 8; Phil. iv. 22. Caligula, who succeeded Tiberius, is not mentioned.

CESAREA, often cailed Cesarea of Palestine, stuated on the coast of the Mediterranean

ESAREA, often called Cesarea of Palestine, stuated on the coast of the Mediterranean sea, between Joppa and Tyre, built by Herod the Great, and deducated to Augustus Cesar. It was the seat of the Roman governors of Palestine. Cornelius resided here, Acts x.; xi. 1—8; also Philip the Evangethist, Acts vin. 40; xxi. 5; and here Paul made one of his noblest defences, Acts xxv. -xxvii. 1.

CESAREA FHILIPPI, a town three or four miles east of Dan, near the eastern source

of the Jordan; anciently called Paneas, | CHILDREN "of the bridechamber." A senow Banais. It was enlarged and embellished by Philip the tetrarch; and called Cesarea in honor of Tiberias Cesar: and the name of Philippi was added to distinguish if from Cesarea on the Mediterranean Mentioned Matt. xvi, 13: Mark viii, 27. EHALCEDONY. See Precious Stones.

CHARGE of Jesus to the apostles, Matt. x. 1, &c.: to the seventy, Luke x. 1-12; to Peter, John xxi. 15-19; to the apostles before his ascension, Matt. xxviii. 18-20; Mark xvi. 15. 16; of Paul to the elders of Ephesus, Acta xx. 17-35.

Charges with them. Acts xxi. 24. It was meritorious among the Jews to contribute to the expenses of sacrifices and offerings, which those who had taken the vow of N zaritism were to offer when the time of the yow was to be accomplished; whoever paid a part of these expenses were reputed to putake in the merits of him who fulfilled

the vow. CHARLAN, or HARAN, now Heren, a town of Mesopotamia, 70 miles from the Euphra-tes, Eomiles E. N. E. of Antoch. Acts vii. 4.

CHASTITY, recommended, Col. iii, 5; I Thess.iv. 3; 1 Tim. v. 2; Titusii. 5; an example of it in Joseph, Gen. xxxix. 7; in

example of it in Joseph, Gen. xxxix. 7; in Job, xxxi. 1-11.
CHERUB, plural Cherubim, first mentioned Gen. iii. 24; thought by some to be an order of celestial beings, but never clearly and certainly applied to angelic nature. They were probably symbolical representations of the redeemed, and often referred to in the Old Testament, and in the book of Reservice. The cherubim are represented. velation. The cherubim are represented as living creatures, Ezek. 1; x; Rev. iv; or as images wrought in tapestry, gold, or wood, Exod. xxxvi. 35; xxxvi. 7; Ezek. xli. 26, as having a plurality of faces, Exod. xxv. 20; Ezek. x. 14; xli. 18; and wings, 1 Kings vi 27; Ezek. i. 6; Rev. iv. 8. A cherub presents the highest earthly forms and powers of creation in harmonious and perfect union, being a winged figure, like a man in form, full of eyes, and with a fourfold head—of a man, a hon, an ox, and an eagle. The cherubs placed in the holy of holies, overshadowed the mercy-seat, and were made of the same mass of pure beaten gold, Exod. xxv. 19; Solomon's cherubs described, 2 Kings vi. 23-30; viii. 6. It is probable that the scraphim of Isaiah, (chap. vi.) the cherubim of Ezekiel, (chap. i.) and the lwing creatures of John. (Rev. iv.) are identical, only differing in name. It is thought by some that the Ezyptian sphinxes and the winged bulls lately disinterred by Layard at Ninevah, were imitations of the liebrew cherubs.

CHIEF CAPTAIN of the Band; an officer at the head of a detachment of soldiers be-longing to the Roman legion, which was lodged in the adjacent castle, and stationed on feast days near the temple to prevent disorder. The Roman garrison was sta-

tioned in the castle of Antonia.

C. HLDREN, to be instructed, Gen. xviii.19; Peut. 1v. 9; vi. 6; xi. 18; Psa. lxxviii.5. Deut. 1v. 9; vi. 6; xi. 18; Psa. 1xxviii. 5. Eph. vi. 4; theirduly, to parents, Lev. xi. 5; Prov. i. 8; vi. 20; xiii. 1; xv. 5; xxiii. 22; Eph. vi. 1; Col. iii. 20; example of Jssus, Luke ii. 51; to honor and maintain their parents, Exod. xx. 12; Deut. v. 16; Eph. vi. 2, 3; smiting of parents punishable with death, Exod. xxi. 15, Lev. x. 9, Deut. xxi. 18. Jesus calls his disciples children, John vii. 33. Christians called so by the aposexiii 33, Christians called so by the apos-ties, Gal iv. 19; I John it 1.

lect number of guests, who were the con-stant attendants on the bridegroom during the marriage feast. Matt iz. 15.

"of the promise." the seed of Abra-

"of the promise." the seed of Abraham according to the faith, on whorn the premised blessings would be bestowed, Rom. ix. 8; Gal. iv. 28.

"of the prophets,"—their disciples, pupils, followers, Acts iii, 25.
"of the resurrection," Luke xx. 36.
A term equivalent to "the raised up. CHIANEROTH, Lake of, the same as Gennesareth,—which see.

CHIOS, lopen or opening, an island of the Egean sea, over against Smyrna, now called Scio. Acts xx. 15.

called Scio. Acts XX, 10.
CHLOE, [green kerb.] a Corinthian convert,
mentioned 1 Cor. i. 11.
CHORAZIN, (the secret.) a town of Galilec,
at the north end of the Lake of Tiberias, a
little to the east of Capernaum; one of the principal scenes of Christ's ministry. Matt.

principal scenes of Const's ministry. Matt. 1.21; Luke x. 13. CHOSEN, ektektos, elect, chosen. This word is found 23 times. It is translated in the common version, elect, 16 times, and chosen. 7 times. The passage, "For many are called, but few chosen," Matt. xx. 6, probably alludes to the choice of Roman soldiers, from the citizens of Rome. All were liable to serve, but some only were selected.

CHRIST. (See Anointed.) A Greek word answering to the Hebrew word, Messiah and sign fying the anointed or consecrated one, the Messiah—three terms of summar import. John i. 41. The name Christ is an import. John 1. 41. The name Carist is an official title, and is not a mere appellative, to distinguish our Lord from other persons named Jesus. The force of many passages of Seripture is greatly weakened by overlooking this. In the apostolical epistles, however, CHRIST IS sometimes used as a proper name instead of JESUS.

Christs, False. Our Savior predicted that many false Messiahs would come, Matt. xxiv. 24, and his word has been abundant. ly fulfilled. One named Coziba lived in the second century, and had many followers, and occasioned the death of more than half a million of Jews. Others have continued

to appear, even down to modern times.
CHRISTIAN, Christianos, is found only 3
times in the New Testament—Acts x1. 26:
xvi. 28: 1 Pet. jv. 10. and was aname given at Antioch to those who believed Jesus to be the Messiah.

De the Messias.
CHRYSOPHRASUS.
CHRYSOPHRASUS.
CHURCH, See Congregation.
CILICIA, [which rolls or overturns,] a country in the south of Asia Miner, at the east of the Mediteranean Sea: its capital was

Tarsus. Acts xxi. 39.
CIRCUMCISION, a cutting around, because in this rite the foreskin was cut away. This rite was given to Abraham as a sign of that covenant which God had entered into with him, that out of his loins should proceed the Messiah. To be spiritually circumc.sed, or to be the spiritual seed of Abraham, is to have the thing signified by that ceremony, and to perform all those duties which circumcision was designed to en-force,—namely, to believe in the Messiah, to put off the old man, and to serve him as new creatures, which is signified by our acceptance of the ordinances of the gospel, and submission to them. Phil. in. 3.

CITY, Bubylon, the Great City, Rev. xi. 8:

xiv. 8; xvi. 19: xvii. 18: xviii. 10, 16, 19, 21: Jerusalem, the Great City, Rev. xxi. 10: the Holy City, Rev. xi. 2: xxi. 19. A city is the symbol of a corporate body, under one and the same police.

CLAUDA, [a lamentable voice,] a small island near the S. W. shore of Crete, approached by Paul in his voyage to Jerusa-

prozehed by Paul in his voyage to Jerusaiem, Acta xxvii. 10. It is now called Gozzo,
and is occupied by about thirty families.
CLAUDIA, (lame, a Christian woman, probably a convert of Paul, 2 Tim. iv. 21.
CLAUDIUS. Sec Crsan.

LYSIAS, the Roman tribune,
mentioned Acts xxi. 33; xxii. 24; xxiii. 26.
CLEAN and UNCLEAN, terms sneed in a ceremonial sense; applied to certain aniamls,
and to men in certain eases by the law of and to men in certain cases, by the law of Moses, Lev. xi; xv; Num. xix; Deut. xiv. A distinction between clean and unclean animals existed before the deluge, Gen. vii. 2. The Mosaic law was not merely abitrary, but grounded on reasons connected with animal sacrifices, with health, with the separation of the Jews from other nations, and their practise of moral purity, Lev. xi. 43-45; xx. 24-26; Deut. xiv. 2, 3, 21. The ritual law was still observed in the time of Christ, but under the Gospel is annulled. CLEMENT, [mild, gold, merciful,] mentioned

Phil.iv. 3. CLEOPAS, [the whole glory,] the husband of Mary, John xix. 25, called also Alpheus,— which see. The one mentioned in Luke

which see. The one mentohed in Blake xxiv. 18, was probably a different person. CLOUD, an emblem of prosperity and glory. To rule on clouds, is to rule and conquer. When no storm accompanies, or no attribute is attached to it, a cloud is the em-hlem of majesty and glory. By Daniel it is said, "One like the son of man came with the clouds of heaven;" to which our with the clouds of heaven;" to which our Lord adds, as explanatory of the symbol, "with power and great glory," Matt. ziv, 30. Clouds are symbolical of armies and 30. Clouds are symbolical of armies and multitudes, probably by their grand and majestic movements. They betokened the presence of Jehovah, as on mount Sina; Loud, xi. 9; in the temple, 1 Kings viii. 10; in the cloudy pillar, and on the mount of transfiguration. They are found in many representations of the majesty of God, Psa. xviii. 11, 12; xevii. 2; and of Christ, Rev. xviii. 11, 12; xevii. 2; and of Christ, Rev.

riv. 14-16. "of witnesses," Heb. xii. 1; alludes to the spectators in the Olympic games, and transferred by a strong figure to patri-archs, prophets, worthes, God, and angels, the spectators of the Christian race. ZLOVEN TONGUIS, Acts ii. 3. An em-blem of the various languages in which the

apostles were to preach the gospel. They were like flames of fire parted, and these parted flames looked like tongues; so a flame of fire is, with the Jews, called a tongue of fire.

CNIDUS, [dedicated to Venus,] a city and promontory of Asia Minor, Acts xxvii. 7. EOAL, usually in Scripture, charcoal, or the

embers of fire. From recent disclosures, it is probable that mineral coal was used anciently in Syria. It is now procured in Lebanon, and a mine is worked at Cornale,

banon, and a mine is worked at cornaic, eight miles from Beirut.

EOAT. The Jews wore two principal garments; the interior is called the coat, or tunic, Matt. v. 40. It was made of linen, and encircled the whole body, extending down to the knees. It reached up to the neck, with long or short sleeves. Over this well as to console, was worn the mantle or clock. The coat COMMON, profane, ceremonially unclean.

was sometimes woven like a stocking into its proper shape and size without any seam. Exod. xxxix. 27; John xix. 23 Such coats are still worn by Arabs, and are con-

sidered of great value. COCK-CROWING. In Matt. xxvi. 34, our Lord is represented as saying, that "before the cock crow," Peter should deny him thrice; so Luke xxii. 34; John xiii. 39. Bux according to Mark xiv. 30, he says, "before the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice." These passages may be reconciled by observing that ancient Greek and Latin authors mention two cock-crowngs, one or which was soon after midnight, the other about three o'clock in the morning; and this about three octoes in the morning; anathms latter, being most noticed by men as the signal of their approaching labors, was called by way of eminence, "the cock-crowing and to this alone, Matthew, giving the general sense of our Savior's warning to l'eter refers; but Mark more accurately recording his very words, mentions the two cock-crowings.

COHORT, a company of soldiers which guarded a Roman governor or magistrate.

when he went into any province. COLLECTION for poor believers, Acts xi. 29: Rom. xv. 26-28; 1 Cor. xvi. 1; 2 Cor. viii 1-4;

1-4; ix. 1. COLOSSE, [punishment, correction,] a city of Phrygia, situated on a hill near the junc. tion of the Lycus with the Meander, and not far from the cities Hierapolis and Laodicea, Col. ii. 1; vi. 13, 15. With these cities it was destroyed by an earthquake in the tenth year of Nero, about A. D. 65, while Paul was yet living. It was soon rebuilt.

It is now called Chonos.

COLOSSIANS, Epistle to, written by Pam, from Rome, A. D. 62, during his imprisonment in that city, to the congregation at This congregation was probably Colosse. gathered by this apostie, as well as the one in Laodicea, though some ascribe it to Epaphras. See Acts xvi. 6; xviii. 23. Some think this epistle was written at the same time, and sent by the same bearer, as the one to the Ephesians. It is certainly gevoted to the development of the same grand secret,-viz., the call of the Gentiles to a secret,—VIZ., the call of the Gentles to a participation in the hope of the glad tidings, and to guard the Colossians, whether Jews or Greeks, against Judaizing and philoso-phizing teachers. Whoever would under-stand this epistle and that to the Ephe-

Stand this episte and that to the Episesians, must read them together.
OLT, "the feal of an ass." The direction given by Jesus to two of his disciples in Matt. xii. 2, 3, to bring him the co.t they would find tied in the village, that he might ride thereon into Jerusalem, according to the prophete vidently implies a previous understanding or acquaintaince with the owners of him; for he adds, "if any one ask why you loose him, you shall answer, Because the Master needs him," Luke xiz. 81. Accordingly, "as they were loosing the colt, the owners said to them, Why loose you the colt? They answered, The Master needs him," (ver. 33, 34), "AND THEX," (the owners.) "let them go," Mark xi. 6. COMFORTER, parakletos, advocate, monitor, helper, comforter. The original word only occurs five times, John xiv. 16, 26; xv. 26; xvi. 7, 1 John ii. l. Comforter is toe the prophet evidently implies a previous un-

26; xvi. 7; I John ii. I. Comforter is the most remote meaning of the word, and does not adequately describe the office of the Paraclete; it was to help and direct as

The Greek term koines, properly signifies what belongs to all, but the Heitenists applied it to what was profane, i. e. not holy, and therefore of common or promiseuous use, Mark vii. 2, 5; Acts x. 14, 15; Rom. xiv-

14. COMMON, "had all things common, Acts ii. 44. A community of goods was practised at all the Jewish feasts at Jerusaiom, and no man's house was his own. So when the Spirit was poured out, on account of the detention at Jerusalem, there was a kind of community for the time being, that none might suffer from want; but the subsequent contributions of the saints show that there was not an equality of property, Acts xi.

23; I Cor. xvi. 1.
CONCLSION, [cutting,] a term of reproach, applied to certain Judaizing teachers at Philippi, as mere cutters of the flesh; in contrast with the true circumcision, those who were created anew in Christ Jesus unto righteousness and true holiness, Phil.

iii. 2. CONGREGATION, ekklesia, occurs 114 times, and is derived from ekkuleon, I call out. is an assembly of the called. The whole community of professing Christians make the one body or congregation of the Lord; and those meeting in one place constitute the Christian congregation in that place.

CONSCIENCE, occurs in the common version 30 times, and once in the plural form, 2 Cor. v. 11, for which we have in the original, suneidesis, compounded of sun, together, and eideo, to see or know, -in Latin conscio; whence comes conscience, the power of judging ourselves, and the relations in which we stand to our Creator and to our fellow-creatures. The conscience is said to fellow-creatures. The conscience is said to be used when knowledge is limited, pure when free from accusation, and evil when polluted with guilt. We have a good conscience mentioned, 1 Tim. i. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 21; pure, 1 Tim. iii. 9; clear or road of offence, Acts xxiv. 16; weak, 1 Cor. viii. 7; depted, Titus i. 15; Heb. x. 22; seared, 1 Tim. iiv. 2.

CONTENTMENT recommended, Prov. xxx.

20. Ille viii & 1 Tim. viii. instrument

CONTENT MENT recommended, Prov. xxx. 8 9; Heb. xiii. 5; 1 Tun. vi. 6; instances of, Gen xxxiii. 9; 2 Sam. xix. 85—37; 2 Kings iv. 18; Phil. iv. 11.

CONVERSATION, edifying, recommended. Matt. xii. 35; xxiv. 13—32; Col. ii. 15; iv. 0; 1 Thess. iv. 18; v. 11; vain and sinful to be avoided. Matt. xii. 36; Eph. iv. 29; v. 3—7; Col. iii. 8, 9; 2 Pet. ii. 7, 8.

COOS, a small island in the Mediterranean vers the south-west point of As a Minor.

near the south-west point of As a Minor. Acts xxi. I. Hippocrates, the famous physician and Appellos, the eminent painter, were natives of this island. It is now called Stanchio.

COPPLE, a metal, known and wrought be-fore the flood, Gen. iv. 22. Where the word brass occurs in the common version, it

should be rendered copper.
CORBAN, a sacred gift, Matt. xv. 5; xxiii. 18. The Pharisees taught that a man might escape all obligations to support his indi-gent parents, by saying of his property, "Be it corban." In this case, if he did not "Be it coroan." In this case, it he did not give his property at that time to the temple ne was bound to do so at his death, though his parents should thus be left destitute. Thus did they "make void the law" of honoring their father and their mother, "through their traditions." Mark mother, "through their traditions." Mark vii. 11-13. CORINTH, fished is satisfied, deauty, I'n con-brated city of firence, in the worth part of

the Peloponesus, on the isthmus of Corinth; 45 miles W. N. W. of Athens. It was celebrated for wealth, commerce, arts, and

celebrated for wealth, commerce, arts, real magnificence. Paul preached here for two years. Acts xviii. 1.
CORINTHIANS. The two epistles under this name were written by Paul to the Christians at Corinth, where he had preached with great success. Acts xviii. The first epistle written from Ephesus was in rep.y to intelligence received from Corinth, through the family of Chiee, 1 Cer. ill and by a letter from the congress. inth, through the fainty of thee, I Certil, I, and by a letter from the congregation, asking advice, vii. 1. His chief design appears to have been to support his own authority, dignity, and reputation; to vindicate himself from the calumnies of the factious; and to diminish the credit and influence of their aspiring leaders, by exhibiting their errors. He reproves the congregation for certain immoralities found amongst them, but which were chargeable to their factious lenders. He then treats successively of lawsuits amongst Christians; on single and married life; on eating meats offered to idols, on his call, mission, right, and authority as an apostle, &c.; and meets several errors and sins prevalent in the congrega-tion by timely instructions as to disputes among brethren, decorum in public assemblies, the Lord's Supper, spiritual gifts, the resurrection of helicyers: gives direction for collections for the poor saints in Jerusales. salem, and closes with friendly exhorta-

Paul, having tested his power in Corinth by the first letter, and hearing of its success from Titus, he takes courage, writes a second letter, speaks more boldly of him-self, and deals more severely and sharply with his opponents. In this he aims at the extermination of the faction which he had attacked and weakened in his first let-ter. He makes good all his claims to the respect, veneration, and submission of the Corinthans; strips his antagonists of every pretext; and by the most pathetic re-cital of his own history, and erhortations to unity and peace, closes his communications to this large and eminent congrega-

CORNELIUS, [of a horn,] a piers Roman centurion, stationed at Cesarer in Palestine, to whom leter was sent from Joppa, a distance of \$5 miles, to tell him "words whereby he might be saved," and en whom and his friends, the miraculous gots of the Spirit were poured out, to the as inishment of Peter and his companions. Acts x. Cornelius, though a Gentile, was probably

a proselyte to the Jewish religion at the time of Peter's vision.

CONNER-STONE, a massive stone, usually distinct from the foundation, Jer. h. 16; and so placed at the corner of the building

and so placed at the corner of the building as to bind together the two walls meeting upon it. Such a stone is found at Baalbek, twenty-eight feet long, six and a half feet wide, and four feet thick.

COUNCIL, a tribunal frequently mentioned in the New Testament. The Great Council so called, did not consist of the 72 clears who ware, registally as pointed to asset Money. who were riginally a pointed to assist Moses in the civil administration of the government, but was instituted in the time of the Maccabees. It consisted of chief pricets, elders, (who were, perhaps, the heads of the tribes or families,) and scribes, amounting in the whole to 72 persons, and is called by Jewish writers, the Sanhedrins

This council possessed extensive authority, taking cognizance not only of rengious matters, but of appeals from inferior courts of justice, and of the general affairs of the kingdom. After Judea became a Roman or justice, and of the general mans of the kingdom. After Judea became a Roman province, the council was deprived of the power of inflictung capital punishments, for which reason they delivered our Savior to Plate, demanding his death.

COVENANT, deatheckee, institution, arrangement, constitution, covenant, occurs in the More Tectamout 33, times, Gids.

rangement, constitution, covenant, occurs in the New Testament 33 times. God's promise to Noah is called a covenant, Gen. ix. 9-17. God's covenant with Abraham, xvii. 2-9. The Smante law was another covenant, mentioned Heb. viii. 6. 8, lo. ToveTOUSNESS, an eager, unreasonable desire of gain; a longing after the goods of another. It is called addatry, Col. in. 5. Forbidden, Exod. xx. 17; Deut. v. 21; Rom. vii. 7, xiii. 0: crasured, Prov. xxii. 7; Luke xii. 15: Heb. xiii. 5: threathings against it, vii. 7, XIII. 9; consurea, Frov. XXII. 7; Luke Xii. 15; Heb. xii. 15; threatnings against it, Isa. Ivii. 17; Jer. vi. 12, 13; Micahii. 1, 2; Hab. ii. 9, 11; Rom. i. 18, 29; 1 Cor. vi. 10; Eph. v. 5; Col. iii f; 1 Tim. vi. 9, 10. CRESCENS, [gr.wing, thereasing,] a person mentioned 2 Fim. iv. 10.

mentione 7 1111.10.10.
GRETANS, inhabitants of Crete, Titus i. 12.
CRETE, [fleshin] an island at the mouth
of the Agean sea, between Rhodes and
Peloponnesus. Acts xxvii. 7. It is now called Candia.

CRISPUS, !curled,] the chief of the Jewish

synagogue at Corinth, who was converted to Christianity by Paul, Acts xviii. 6; and baptized by him, I Cor. i.14.
Cl. OSS, a kind of gibbet made of pieces of wood placed transversely, whether crossing at right angles, one at the top of the other, T, or below the top, t, or diagonally, X, on which criminals were executed. To be on which criminals were executed. To be crucified was deemed the strongest mark of infamy, and was inflicted on the viest slave, and the most atrocious transgressors. Deut. xxi. 23; Gal. iii. 13. It is used metonymically for the doctrines of the gospel, Gal. ii. 20; vi. 14. Trouble for the sake

pel, Gal. ii. 20; vi. 14. Trouble for the sake of religion, Mark viii. 34; Matt. xvi. 24. CROWN, a head ornament, worn in the East as a mark of dignity and honor. Those used in the games were made of parsley, pine, flowers, &c. 2 Tim. iv. 7, 8. Those terkings, of gold, adorned with gems. 2 Chron. angs, or gond, adorned with geins. 2 Chron. xiii. 11; 2 Sam. i. 10; xii. 30. Metaphori cally, that is called a crown which gives glory or dignity. Thus Jehovah is said to be a crown of glory to Judah, Isa. Ixii. S. Christ is said to have a "crown of gold," and "many crowns," Rev. xix 12, meaning his future inoffilial, grandays, and and many crowns; Nev. 31x 12, meaning his future ineffable grandeur and sovereignty. Crown of life, a triumphant immortality, James I. 1; kev. ii. 10; iii. 1; of righteousness, 2 Tim. iv. 8, of glory, 1 Fet v. 4, also incorruptible, 1 Cor. ix. 25. CRUCIFY, to put to leath by the cross. Figuratically, it means to subdue our evil presented.

watnely, it means to subdue our evil pro-

pensitiies

CRUCIFIXION, HOUR OF.—Mark xv. 25, states it to be the third, and John xix. 14, Hour or.-Mark xv. 25, the sixth hour. This apparent contradiction is supposed to have arisen from contion is supposed to have arisen from con-founding the letter gamma with the let-ter sigma which were used as numerals in ancient MSS. Therefore it ought to be the third hour which answers to our nine o clock in the morning. Acts ii, 15. Of this of nion are Griesbach, Semler, Rosenmuler, Hoddridge, Whitby, Bengel, Erasmus, &c. Another method of solving the difficulty, and mobally the best one is that John and prohably the best one, is, that John writing in Asia, adopted the Roman method of reckoning time, which was the same as ours

as cons.

CRYSTAL, a hard, transparent, and color-less fossil, of a regularly angular form. The word translated crystal in Ezek. i. 22, is rendered frost in Gen. xxxi. 40; Job xxxvii. 10, and Jer. xxvvi. 30; and ice in Job vi. 16, xxvviii. 29, and Psa, cxlvii. 17. The word primarily denotes ice, and is given to this substance from its resemblance to it. The firmament above the cherubim, the sea of glass, the river of life, and the light of the new Jerusalem, are compared to crystal,

new Jerusaiem, are compared to crystal, for their purity, clearness and splendor. Ezek, i. 22; Rev. iv. 6; xxii. 1. CUBIT, a measure used among the ancients, about 18 inches long. A cubit was originally the distance from the cloow to the example of the compared to crystal, and tremity of the middle finger, which is the fourth part of a well-proportioned man's stature. The sacred cubit was nearly 23

CUMMIN, a plant of an oily and spicy quality, somewhat resembling fennel, Isa. xxviii. z5; Matt. xxiii. 23.
CUP. This word is taken in Scripture both

in a proper and in a figurative sense. its proper sense, See Gen. xl. 13; xliv. 2; 1 Kings vii. 28. In a figurative sense, as an Things vil. 25. In angurative sense, as an emblem of prosperity, See Psa. xi. 6; xvi. 5; xxii. 5; and of Divine judements and man's misery, Isa. li. 17, 22; Psa. lxxv. 8; Rev. xiv. 9, 10, &c. "Cup of blessing." I Cor. x. 16; "Cup of salvation," Psa. cxvi. 13; a "cup of cold water,"—a valuable gits

in a hot climate, where water is scarce. Matt. x. 42; Markix. 41. CURSE, after the fall, Gen. iii. 14-19; of Cain, iv. 11; subjoined to the law, Deut. xxvii. 13-36; of the Israelites, if disobedient, Lev. xxvii. 14-59; Deut. xxviii. 15, &c.; remarkable instances of cursing, Gen. ix. 25; 2 Kings ii. 23; Psa. cix. 6, &c.; Jer. xvii. 18; for bidden under the gospel dispensation, Matt. v. 44; Rom. xii. 14; James iii. 10. Learned commentators aver that wherever the Hebrew word so translated occurs in connection with the name of God it should be rendered bless. It is actually often so rendered in our Bible, as Gen. xxxiii. 11; Judges i. 15; 1 Sam. xxv. 27; xxviii.11; Judges i.15; 1 Sam. xxv. 41; 2 Kings v.15. CYPRUS, [fair, fairness,] a large and popular to the control of the cont

between Cilicia and Syria, and so called perween Chiefa and Syria, and so called from the Cypress trees with which it abounded. Barnabas and Mnason were natives of it, Acts iv, 36; xxi. 16; the gospel preached there, Acts xi. 16; visited by Paul and Barnabas, A. D. 44, Acts xiii. 4-13. See also Acts xv. 30; xxvii. 4. CYREN E, [a wall, coldness,] a city of Lybia an Africa, west of Egypt. Matt. xxvii. 3.26 Acts ii. 1; xi. 10.

Acts ii. 1: xi. 10.

CYRENIUS, [one who governs,] a governor of Syria. Luke ii. 2.

DALMANUTHA, [bucket, branch,] a town of Palestine, on the S. E. part of the lake of Tiberias, near Magdala. Mark via. 10. DALMATIA, [decentful lamps,] the southern part of Illyricum, on the gulf of Venice. 2 Tim. iv. 10.

2 1 m. 19. 10.
DAMARIS, [little woman,] an Athenian lady, who was converted by Paul, Acts xvii. 34.
DAMASCENES, [of Damascus,] 2 Cor. xi. 32.
DAMASCUS, [similitude of burning.] the most ancient city on record, and long the capital of Syria: first mentioned in Gen.

ziv. 15: xv. 2: and now probably the oldest city on the globe. It is about 100 miles from Jerusalem, and contains at the present time some 80.000 inhabitants. A street is still found here called "Straight," running a mile or more into the city from the

eastern gate. Acts ix. 11.

DANIEL, [judgment of God,] called Belte-shazzar by the Chaldeans, a prophet des-oended from the royal family of David, who oenice from the royal family of David, Who was carried captive to Babyion when very young, in the fourth year of Jehoiakim, king of Judah, B. C. 596. Daniel rose by his wisdom to eminence and honor, and served in the courts of Nebuchadnezzar, and Belshazzar, kings of Bab ylon, and afand beishazzar, kings of Bab ylon, and arterwards under Darius the Mede, and Cyrus the Persian. His great enumence may be inferred from Ezek, xiv. 13, 14: xxviii. 2, 3, as well as from consulting his own narrative. The book which bears his name, distinctly forecells the time of Messiah's first advent; and under the emblem of a great image, and of four beasts, the successive rise and fall of the four great universal monarchies of Babylon, Persia, Greece, and Rome, after which, the kingdom of Messiah, like the stone from the mountain, stah, like the stone from the mountain, shall fill the whole aarth, and have no successor. The prophecies contained in the latter part of the book extend from the days of Daniel to the resurrection of the dead. Christ testifies to the genuineness and authenticity of the book. Matt. xxiv. 15: of which there is the strongest evidence, both internal and external

DARKNESS, upernatural, Exod. x. 21-23: Luke xxiii. 44, 45. Also, a symbol of igno-rance and of affliction.

DAVID. |beloved| king of Israel, prophet and pmalmist. He was youngest son of Jesse, of the tribe of Judah, born in Bethlehem. B C. 1085: and one of the most relehem. B C. 1085: and one of the most remarkable men in either sacred or secular history. His life is fully recorded in 1 Sam. xvi. to 1 Kings ii. The phrase, "a man after God's own heart," does not refer to ei her his private or personal moral conduct, but to his public official acts.

AV. The sacred writers generally divide the day into twelve hours. The sixth hour the ways the page.

DAY. always ends at noon throughout the year; and the twelfth hour is the last hour before sunset. But in summer, all the hours of the day were longer than in winter, while those of night were shorter. Day in pro-phetic style, "I have given you a day for a year," is the rule: one revolution of the earth on its axis for a revolution in its orbit. Day is also used for an appointed seaton, lea. xxxiv. 8: and for an enlight-ched state, I Thess. v. 5. "Last day," re-fers to the time of judgment: and "last days," to the time of Messiah's reign, Isa. ii. 2: Micahiv. 1. DEACON, duakonos, minister, servant, oc-surs 31 times, and is applied to both males and formles, where has user it was to conve

and females, whose business it was to serve

The whole congregation in any capacity.

DEAD SEA, SEA OF SODOM, SALT SEA, or LAKE ASPADITES, a salt lake in Palestine, 70 miles long, and 10 to 15 broad. It occupies the spot where the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah are supposed to have stood. The water is clear and limpid, but very salt

and bitter, and of greater specific gravity than that of any other lake that is known. DEAD PERSONS, insensible, and know not anything, Job iii. 18; xiv. 21; Psa. vi. 5; 1xxviii. 10-12; cxv. 17; cxlvii. 4; Eccl. ix. 5 xii. 7; Isa xxxviii. 18; small be laised.

Job xix. 26, 27; Psa. xlix. 50; John v. 25; Rev. xx. 12. Instances of the dead raised,

Job xix. 26, 27; Psa. xlix. 50; John v. 25; Rev. xx. 12. Instances of the dead raised, by Elijah, 1 Kingx xvii. 17-23; by Elisha, 2 Kings iv. 18-37; by his bones, xiii. 21; by Jesus, Matt. ix. 25; Markv. 41, 42; Luke vii. 15; viii. 54, 55; John xi. 1-41; by Poter, Acts ix. 40, 41; by Paul, xx. 10-12.

DEATH, how it came into the world, Gen. ii. 17; iii. 16; Rem. v. 12; vi. 25; 1 Cor. xv. 21. Natural death is a ceasing abe, or a destruction of animal life, and is certain Job xiv; Psa. xlix. 6-20; lxxxix. 22; Ecd. viii. 8; ix. 4; called a sleep to believers, John xi. 11-14; Acts vii. 60; xiii. 36; 1 Cor. xv. 18, 51; 1 Thess. iv. 13-6. is expressive of alienation from God, and exposure to his wrath, John v. 24; Eph. ii. 1-5; Col. ii. 13; 1 John iii. 14; second death mentioned, Rev. ii. 11; xx. 6, 14; xxi. 8.

DEBTS to be faithfully paid, Psa. xxxvii. 21; Prov. iii. 27, 28; to be avoided, Rom. Rom. xiii. 8; used figuratively for our sins, Matt. vii. 21; a parable on the subject, Matt. viii. 21.

Matt. vi. 12; a parable on the subject, Matt. xviii. 21-35.

DECAPOLIS, [ten cities,] a district of country comprising ten cities, lying chicfly to the east of the Jordan, and the lake of Tiberes.

bernas.
DELUGE. See FLOOD.
DEMAS, [popular,] a fellow-laborer with
Paul at Thessalonica, who afterwards deserted him, Col. iv. 14; 2 Tim. iv. 10;
Philemon 24.
DEMITTHUS, belonging to com.] a silversmith of Ephesus, and an idolater for gain,
Aut. viv. 24 Also, a disciple mentioned

Acts xix. 24. Also a disciple mentioned

3 John 12.

DEMON, from damoon and damonion, defined by lexicons to be a heathen god, deity, tutelary genius, evil spirit. Plato derives the word from daeemoon, knowing; Euschi-us, from deimannoo, to be terrified; and fro-clus, from danoo, to distribute. By ancient the then writers, the word demon, by itself, occurs usually in a good sense. Philo affirms that Moses calls those angels whom the philosophers call demons, and they are only different names that imply one and the same substance. In later times the word was used in a bad sense. Josephus and the New Testament writers use it in this manner. Some suppose demons to be fallen angels, others the spirits of bad men; inten angers, others the spirits of pad men; both theories, however, are without foundation. The possessions of the New Testament are always attributed to them; never to the ho diabolus. The word demonecurs about 60 times in the New Testament, Whatever may be the correct idea with the control of the correct idea. with regard to the demons, as Dr. George Campbell well observes: "They are exhibited as the causes of the most direful calampossess—dumbness, deafness, madness, palsy, epilepsy, and the like. The descripthes to the ulmappy persons madness, palsy, epilepsy, and the like. The descriptive titles given them always denote some ill quality or other. And again, "When I find mention made of the number of denote the manual processing their actions." mons in particular possessions, their ac-tions so particularly distinguished from the actions of the man possessed, conversations held by the former in regard to the disposal of them after their expulsion, and accounts given how they were actually disposed of-when I find desires and passions ascribed particularly to them, and simili-tudes from the conduct which they usually observe, it is impossible for me to deny their existence.

DEMONIACS, demonized persons, or those who were supposed to have a demon or

demons, occupying them, suspending the faculties of their minds, and governing the members of their bodies, so that what was said and done by them was ascribed to the indwelling demon.

DENARIUS, the principal silver coin of the Romans, and in value worth from 15 to 17 cents, according to the coinage. A denarius was the day-wages of a laborer in Pales-

us was the day-wages of a more in Palestine. Matt. xx. 2, 9. ERBE. [asting,] a small town of Lycaonia, in Asia Minor, to which Paul and Barnalass fied from Lystra, A. D. 41, Acts xiv. 20. It lay at the foot of the Taurus mountains on

the north, 10 or 20 miles east of Lystra.

DESERTS, applied to hilly regions, &c.,
thinly inhabited, Luke i. 80, Matt, iii. 1;
and the word so translated in our Bibles often means no more than the common uncultivated grounds in the neighborhood of towns on which the inhabitants grazed their domestic cattle.

DEVIL, from diabolos, occurs some 30 times, and means a slanderer, traducer, false accuser. Paul uses the word in the plural number three times—1 Tim. iii. 11; 2 Tim. iii. 3; Titus ii. 3—and applies it to both males and females.

DIADEM, a royal head dress, rather different from the crown, and worn by quoens. A prince sometimes puts on several d.a.dems. Ptolemy having conquered Syria, entered Antioch in triumph, with the diadems of Asia and Egypt on his head. John saw on Christ's head "many diadems," Rev.

saw on Christ's nead many diadems, Nev. 11, 3; 11, 11, 11, 12. DIAMOND. See Priectous Stones. DIANA, or Arramus, [luminous, perfect,] a celebrated goddess of the Komans and Greeks, and one of their twelve superior detites. She was like the Syrian goddess Ashtaroth, and appears to have been worshipped at Ephesus with impure rites and magical mysteries. Acts xix. 19. The temmagical mysteries. Acts xix. 19. The temple of Diana was the pride and glory of Ephesus. It was 425 feet long, and 230 broad, and had 127 columns of wh te marble, each 60 feet high. It was 220 years in building, and was one of the seven wonders of the world.

DIDYMUS, (a twin,) the surname of Thomas, John xxi. 2.
DIONYSUUS, (arinely touched,) a member of the Areopagus at Athens, and a convert of the Areoparus at Alberts, and a convert of Paul, Acts xvii. 84, and burnt as a martyr, A. D. 95. Being at Heliopolts in Egypt, at the time of Christ's death, on observing the supernatural darkness he exclaimed, "Lither the God of nature suffers, or sym-

DIOTREPHES, [nourished of Jupiter,]
mentioned 3 John 9.
DIP, to immerse. The people of the Easteat
with their fingers instead of knives and forks, and therefore dip their hand in the dish. For fluid substances they have spoons. John xii. 26.

spoons. John xii. 26.
DISCIPLE, a learner, or follower of another,
John ix. 28. It signifies in the New 'Icstament, a follower of Christ, &c., or a convert to his gospel. John xx. 13; Acts vi. I.
DISPENSATION, oikmomia, economy, administration of affairs,—from oikos, ahouse, nemos, to administer—economy,
the management of a family; hence arrepresent dispensation or administration. rangement, dispensation, or administration,

bread to dogs," Matt. xv. 26. The bad pre-perties of dogs are obstinacy, barking, cru-elty, biting, insatiable gluttony, filthiness in lust, vomiting and returning to their vomit. Hence the name is given to cavilling, unprincipled teachers, Phil. iii. 2: and to such as are excluded from the holy

and to such as are excluded from the holy city, Rev. xxii. 15.

DOOk, the symbol of opportunity, way of access or introduction. John x. 7.

DORCAS in Greek the same as Tabitha in Syriac, that is, gazelle, the name of a pious and charitable women at Joppa, whom Penderd Activity 80. ter raised from the dead, Acts ix. 36-42.

DRACHMA, a silver coin common among the Greeks, which was also current among the Jews, in value about 16 cents, or 8d.

DRAGON, signifies either a large fish, as the whale, or a crocodile, or great serpent. In whale, or a crocodile, or great serpent. In some places, it evidently means the deadly poisonous lizard called Gecho by the East Indians. By the Egyptians, Persians, and Indians the dragon is regarded as the established emblem of a monarch. Sometimes it is used for monarchical despotism in general. The Roman government, both in its pagan and papal forms, as a persecuting power, is represented by this symbol. DRLSS, injunctions concerning it, Deut. xxii. 5; Isa. iii. 16, &c; 1 Tım. ii. 9; 1 Pet.

DRINK, to swallow liquids. As the allot-ments of God's providence were often re-presented among the lews by a cup, so to receive good or evil at the hand of God is represented by drinking its contents, John xviii. 11. To "cat the flesh and drink the blood of the son of man," is to imbibe, that is, cordially to receive and obey his precepts, John vi. 53; to partake of bread and wine, the symbols of his body and blood, in the ordinance of his own appointment, Matt. xxvi. 26; to become one with him in principle, feeling, and action. As a cordial desire and love of divine truth is often represented as thirsting, so drinking is used

represented as thursing, so drinking is used to express the actual reception of the Gospel and its benefits. John iv. 14; vii. 37. DrUNKENNESS, excludes from the kingdom of God, 1 Cor, vi. 10; Gal. v. 21; ezzaples, Gen. ix. 21; xix. 33, 35; 1 Sam. 25, 36; 1 Kings xvi. 9; xx. 16.

DRUSLLLA, [watered by the dew,] the third daughter of Agrippa the Great. She first married Azizus, king of the Emesenes, but soon left him, to marry Claudius Felix. Acts xxiv. 24.

soon left him, to marry Claudius Felix. Acts xxiv. 24.

DUST. "To lick the dust," Psa. lxxii. 9, is expressive of profound submission; to throw "dust into the air," Acts xxii. 23, expresses contempt and malice, and is still an Arab practice; to "throw dust on the head" is a sign of grief and mourning, Rev. xviii. 10; and "to wipe off the dust" from angle fort was expressive of entire renumone's feet was expressive of entire renunciation, Matt. x. 14; Acts xiii. 51.

EARNEST, arraboon, a pledge; a small part of the price of a thing, paid in hand, to confirm an agreement. The word is used three times in the New Testament, but always in a figurative sense. In 2 Cor. i. 22 it is applied to the gifts of the Spirit, which God bestowed on the apostles; and in 2 Cor. v. 5; Eph. 113, 14, to believers generally, on whom after baptism, the apostles had laid their hands; which were an earnest of for a more general sense—occurs 10 times.

DOG. To call a person a dog in the East, is expressive of the highest contempt. The term was applied by the Jews to Gentiles.

It was not "proper to wive the children's EARTH. The original word in both Hebrew

and Greek is used to denote the earth as a whole, and a particular land. The expression "all the earth" is sometimes used symbolically for a portion of it. Sometimes used for the people who inhabit the world, etc. It is used also as the symbol of the great body of the people contrasted with the government; antichristian part of mankind, etc. There are in the political and in the moral worlds, as well as in the natural, heavens and earth, sun, moon, and

stars, mountains, rivers, and seas.

EA:(TilQUAKE, in the time of Elijah,
1 Kings xix. 11; of Uzziah, Amos i. 1; Zech. xiv. 9; at the crucifixion of Jesus, Matt. xxvii. 54. The established symbol of the political and moral revolutions and convulsions of society. See Hag. ii. 6, 7; Heb. xii.

26: Rev. vi. 12.

EAST, towards the sun's rising, Arabia, Assyria, Chaldea, Mesopotamia, Persia, and other countries, lay eastward of Canaan: other countries, say eastward of Canaan; and Balaam, Cyrus, and the Magi were said therefore, to have come out of the East. Num. xxiii. 7; lsa. xiv. 11; Matt. ii. 1, 2. EAT. See Drink. The Babylonians and Persians used to recline or lie down on

Persians used to recline or lie down on table-beds while eating, and the Jews adopted his custom, Amos vi. 4-7; Esth. i. 6; vii. 8; John xii. 8; xiii. 25. EMFICATION, a building up. Saints are edified when they grow in holy knowledge and practice. I Cor. viii. 1. Mutual edification to be consulted, Rom. xiv. 19; xv. 2; 1 Cor. xiv. 12-zd; 1 Thess. v. 11; Heb. x. 24. EGYPT, (that binds or oppresses,) bounded by the Mediterranean Sea on the north; Abyssinia on the south; and on the east

by the Mediterranean Sea on the north; Abyssinia on the south; and on the east and west by mountains, running parallel with the Nile. Egyptis now the basest of kingdoms, as declared in prophecy, Isa. xii. 15, and has been successively tributary to Babylon, Persia, Greece, Rome, Saracens, Mamelukes, and Turks, during 2000 years. Symbolical now for wickedness, Ren, xi &

Rev. xi. 8.
ELDER, presbuteres, presbyter, whence the word presbytery. Anciently applied to those who presided over Israel, and applied to the charge of the by the Jews before the Christian era to a certain class of officers among them. Those of one synagogue were called the

presbuterion, presbytery.

Presbuterion, occurs three times; in Luke xxii. 66, and Acts xxii. 5, it seems to apply to the Jewish Sanhedrim; and in 1 Tim. iv. 14 to the chief persons of a Christian congregation. The word is derived from

Presbuteros, an Elder, which occurs 67 times, and is applied to seniors, or persons advanced in years, ancients, ancestors, fathers; or as an appellation of dignity, to chief men, heads of families, or of congregations. Apostles were sometimes called Elders, in the sense of a senior, or old man. See John 2nd and 3rd epistles, and 1 Pet. v. I. Still we have the phrase "apostles and elders" contradistinguished several times. See Acts xv. 2, 4, 6, 22. Elder, as the name of an officer in the Christian congregation, is defined Acts xx. 17, 28; Titus 1.5, 7; 1 Pet. v. 1,5; and is evidently synonymous with biskop, shepherd, ruler, &c., and the same duties of overseeing, ruling, teaching, &c., were attached to the office.
See the qualifications of each, as given in I Tim. iii 1-7; Titus i. 5-9.
ELECTION, eklogee, choice, chosen, approved, beloved: it occurs only 7 times. See

HOSEN.

ELIJAH, or! ELIAS, God is my Lord,; a

prophet of Israel, a native of the town of lishbe, situated in the land of Gilead, be-Tishbe, situated in the land of Gilcad, beyond Jordan. See I Kings xvii—xix, xxi. 17—20; 2 Kings i, ii. 1—14; ix. 36; x. 10, 17; 2 Chron. xxi. 12—15; Luke iv. 25, 26; Rom. xi. 1—5; James v. 17, 18. Promised to be sent again to Israel, Mal. iv. 5; partially fulfilled in John the Baptist, who appeared in the spirit and power of Elijah, Luke i. 17; but was not actually that prophet, John i 91, 24 John i. 21-24.

ELISABETH, [oath of God,] the wife of Zacharias, mother of John the Baptist,

Lukei. 5.

ELISHA, [salvation of God,] a prophet of Israel, son of Shaphat, Elijah's successor, I Kings xix. 15-21; 2 Kings ii. 3, 11-27;

iv-ix; Luke iv. 27.
ELIUD, [God is my praise,] Matt. i. 14.
ELMODAN, [God of measure,] Luke iii. 27.
ELYMAS, [a magician,] or Bar-Jesus, struck

blind for opposing Paul, Acts xiii. 8, 11. EMBALMING, an ancient art of preserving the body from decay. The Egyptians ex-celled in it, and the ancient Israelites imitated them. Mentioned Gen. 1. 2, 3, 26; 2 Chron. xvi. 14; John xix. 39, 40. EMEIKALD. See Pracrous STONES. EMMA<sup>17</sup>S, [people despised.] a town of Judea. 7 mi.es north of Jerusalem, Luke xxiv. 18. ENEAS, [laudable,] Acts iz. 33.

ENEMIES, laws concerning their treatment, Exod. xxiii. 4; Prov. xxiv. 17; xxv. 21; fatt. v. 41; Luke vi. 27—36; Rom. xii. 14— 21; examples, Job xxxi. 20—31; 1 Sam. xxiv; xxvi; Psa. xxxv. 4—15; Luke xxiii. 34; Acts vii. 60. ENMI 1 Y, spoken of, Gen. iii. 13; Rom. viii.

7; James iv. 4. ENOCH, [deducated, disciplined,] son of Jared, and father of Methuselah, who pleased red, and lather of Methuselah, who pleased God, and was translated, Gen. v. 18—24; Luke ini. 37; Heb. xi. 5: Jude 14, 15. ENON. (cloud, his fountain,) a place near Salim, west of the Jordan, where John baptized. John iii. 23. ENVY concemned, Psa. xxxvii. 1; Prov. iii. 31; Rom. xiii. 13; 1 Cor. iii. 3; Gal. v. 21; James iii. 14; v. 9: 1 Pet. ii. 1. EPAPHRAS, [agreeable,] mentioned Col. i. 7: iv. 12.

7: iv. 12. EPAPHRODITUS, [agreeable, kandsome,] one sent by the Philippians with money to Paul when a prisoner at Rome, Phil. ii.

EPENETUS, [laudable,] Paul's whom he calls a first-fruit of Achaia, Rom.

EPHESIANS, Epistle to, written by Paul to the congregation at Ephesus, during his imprisonment at Rome, A. D. 01. The apostle shows that the calling of the Genaposte snows that the cathing of the Gen-tiles was according to God's purpose, and was the development of the secret which had been hid from ages and generations. This grand secret he had opened by the preaching of Christ to the Gentiles, "the hope of glory," and on account of which he had become "a prisoner of the Lord," and "an ambassador in a chair." He exhaut. 'an ambassador in a chain." He exhorts both Gentiles and Jews, in consequence of this wall of separation being broken down, to maintain unity and peace. In the fourth chapter he gives sundry reasons why they should preserve unity, for all-whether Jews or Greeks, Barbarians, Sycthians, bondmen or freemen,-were but one body, animated by one spirit, cheered by one hope, governed by one Lord, while one faith was mutually entertained and confessed, one immersion initiated both into the Anomited.

they were exhorted to keep the unity of the

they were exported to keep the unity of the Spirit in the band of peace.
EPHESUS, a city of Asia Minor, situated on the river Cayster, 35 miles S. by E. of Smyrna, chiefly famed for a magnificent temple of Diana, accounted as one of the seven wonders of the world. It is said to have been ders of the world. It is said to have been 425 feet long, and 229 broad. Its roof was supported by 1:7 pillars, 70 feet h.gh, 27 of which were curiously carved, and the rest polished. Here the apostle Paul planted Christianity, and labored for upwards of three years, and the apostle John is said to have spent most of his life, and closed it

EPHRAIM, [fruitful,] a town of Palestine, in the country belonging to the tribe of Ephraim, 8 miles N. E. of Jerusalem. John

xi.54. EPICUREANS, [who give assistance,] a sect of Epicurus, who flourished at Athens, B. C. 300. They maintained that the world was made by chance, that there is no providence, no resurrection, no immortality, and that pleasure is the chief good. Acts

EPISTLE, or LETTER. Twenty-one of the books of the New Testament are epistles. Fourteen written by Paul, one by James, two by Peter, three by John, and one by Jude. The messages to the seven congregations, Rev. ii. and iii., are called episties. or a proper understanding of the epistles it is necessary to consider the time, occasion, design, and parties addressed.

The arrangement of the epistles, as found in our Bible, is not the order of their date; but Lardner has given many reasons to prove that it is the best arrangement. The following order as to time is taken from "Horne's Introduction:"

	EPISTLES	OF PAUL.	
1 Thess.,	from	Corinta,	A. D. 52
2 Theas.	6.6	44	5.
Galatians.	4.6	66	5:
1 Corinthia	18. 66	Ephesus,	57
Romans.	46	Corinth,	5
2 Cornthias	18. "	Philippi,	58
Ephesians,	66	Rome,	6
Pailippians,	44	4.6	6:
Colossians,	44	46	6:
Philemon,	66	44	6.
Hebrews,	61	Italy,	6:
1 Timothy,	64	Macedonia,	6-
Titus,	44	66	G
2 Tunothy,	66	Rome,	6.
The other	enistles	were written	betwee:

the years 61 and 69; those of John being the latest. Critics and chronologers have not all agreed on these dates, and there is great difficulty in deciding as to some of

them.

Epistles of "commendation" were much adopted in the primitive church; they were letters of introduction, and secured

the warmest hospitality, 2 Cor. iii. 1.
EQUITY, the great or golden rule, Lev. xix.
18; Matt. vii. 13; xxii. 30; Rom. xiii. 8;

James ii. 8. ERASTUS, [lovely,] a Christian converted by Paul, and treasurer of the city of Cor-inth. Acts xix. 22; Rom. xvi. 23; 2 Tim. IV. 20.

ESAU, [formed, finished, or according to some, covered with hair,] eldest son of Isaac by Rebekah, Gen. xxv. 21-34; xxvi. 34, 35; xxvii.; xxviii. 6-0, &c.; Heb. xi. 20; xii. 16,

E LI, [near me, ] son of Naggo, one of the ancestors of Jesus, Luke iii. 25.

and the one God was Father of all. Thus | ESPOUSALS, the act or ceremony of marriage, Jer. ii. 2; but sometimes means only betrothing, or making a matrimental en-gagement. Matt. i. 18; Luke i. 27, 2 Cor.

ESRON, [the dart of joy.] mentioned Matt. 1.

ETERNAL, aioonios, rendered in the common version eternal, and everlasting, is the adjective form of the word aloon, age, and must be related to it in meaning. There is no equivalent word in English by which aloonlos can be exactly rendered. See Age.

Greek, heat,] a very extensive country of Africa, comprehending Abyssinia, Nubia, &c., lying south of Egypt, above Syene. the modern Assonan, Ezek. xxix. 10; xxx. 6;

Acts viii. 27. EUBULUS, [prudent,] mentioned 2 Tim. iv.

2UNICE, [a good victory,] the mother of Timothy, and a Jewess by birth, but mar-ried to a Greek, Timothy's father, Acts xvi.

1: 2 Tim. i. 5.
EUODIAS, [sweet scent,] a female disciple at Philippi, Phil. iv. 2.
EUNUCH, the name given to such officers as served in the inner courts, and chamber the court of the cou bers of kings. See Isa. lvi. 3-5; Matt. xix. 11, 12; Acts viii, 27.

EUPHRATES, one of the largest and most celebrated rivers of Asia, on which account it is frequently styled "the river." It rises in the mountains of Armenia, and after pursuing a course of 1500 miles flows into the Persian Gult. Gen. ii 14: xv. 18; Josh. i. 4: and prophetica y alluded to, Jer. xii.
1-8; Rev. ix. 14; xvi. 12.
EUROCLYDON, a violent and dangerous

N. E. wind, common in the Mediterranean about the beginning of winter. Acts xxvii. It is called by sailors a Levanter.

14. It's camed by saints a Lecaner. EUTYCHUS, [fortunate,] a young man at Troas, who fell from an open window of the third floor, while Paul was preaching into the court below. Acts xx. 5-12. EVANGELIST, [a publisher of glad tidings,] a name which was given to those who went

from place to place to preach the gospel, Philip, one of the seven deacons, is termed the Evangelist, Acts xxi. 8. Paul exhorts Timothy to "do the work of an Evange-list," 2 Tim. iv. 5. And in Eph. iv. 11. Evangelistas (Evangelists) are expressly distinguished from poinenas kai didaskalous, (pastors and teachers,) showing the former to be itinerant, the latter stationary.

EVE, [living,] the name of the first woman, and mother of the human race, Gen. i. 26—31; ii. 18—25; iii; iv. 1, 2, 25; v. 2; mentioned by Paul, 2 Cor. xi. 8; 1 Tim. ii. 13, 14. EVENING. The Jews had two evenings.

The first was the after part of the day: the The first was the store part of the day, the second was the hour or two immediately after dark. Where the word occurs in Exod, rii. 6; Num. ix.8; Deut.xxvni 4, &c., it reads in the original "between the evenings," and means the twilight. This

was the time the paschal lamb was to be sacrificed. Deut. xvi. 6. EVIL, sometimes signifies punishment; in which sense, and in which only, God is said which sense, and in which only, Goals says to create it, Isa. it. 7. Evil is also used synonymously with the word sin, in which sense God never creates it. For "God cannot be tempted with evil (sin,) neither tempteth (causeth to sin,) he any man," James i. 13. Ho poneros, the evil one, is a term in many places equivalent to ho diabolos, or ho Satanas. See Matt. v. 37, vi. 12.

xiii. 19; Luke xi. 4; Eph. vi. 16; 2 Thess. 1

in. 3. EXACTION censured, Deut. xv. 2; Matt.

xviii. 26. Luke in. 13. EXAMINATION of self, expressly commanded, 2 Cor. xiin. 5; Gal. vi. 4. See a rso Matt. vii. 3; Luke xv. 17, 18; 1 Cor. xi. 28. EXCLUDE, or Excommunicate, is to separ-

ate or withdraw from an unworthy memate or withdraw from an unworthy member of the congregation. An excluded person forfeits,—(1.) The fellowship of the church. Matt. xviii. 17. (2.) The common society of the members, except so far as civil relations require it, 2 Thess, iii. 6, 14; Rom. xvi. 17. (3.) All the privileges belonging to the people of tiod. The design of exclusion is, (1.) To purge the church. (2.) To warn other members. (3.) To reciaim the offender.

FAHORTATION, paraklesis, exhortation, consolation, comfort, occurs 29 times. A christian duty. Acts xi. 28; xiii. 15; xv. 32; Con. xu. 8, 1 Cor. xiv. 8.

FYE. In most languages this important or-The nost languages this important or-ran is used by figurative application, the symbol of a large number of objects and tieas. Hence we read of an "evil eye," Matt. xx. 15; "bountiful eye," Prov. xxii. 9, "haughty eyes," Prov. vi. 17; "wanton gyes," Isa. iii. 16; "eyes of an adulteres," 2 Pet. ii. 14; "the lust of the eyes," I John i. 16. As applied to the Almighty, eyes denote his infinite knowledge, Prov. xv. 8; Psa. xi. 4; watchful proudence, Psa. xxii. 8, omnipresence, Heb. iv. 13; Rev. ii. 18; v. 6. As applied to main, they denote the understanding, Psa. exix. 18; Eph. 1. 18, &c. As in the Persian monarchy, the favorite ministers of state were called "the king" eyes," so the angels of the Lord may be "his eyes," running to and fro the earth, to execute his judgments, and to watch and attend for his grory. The eyes are said to be tend for his glory. The eyes are said to be opened, when the mind is savingly instructed in spiritual things, Acts xxvi. 18; and sealed up, blinded, closed, or darkened, when the mind is destitute of spiritual knowledge, and so ignorant, obstinate, or biassed. that it cannot discern between good and evil. Isa, xliv. 18; Acts xxviii. 27; Rom. xi. 10.

FABLES, religious tales of human inven-tion; the traditions of elders; the doctrines of men, not to be regarded, I Tim. i. 14; iv. 7; vi. 20; Matt. xv. 9; Titus i. 14. FACE, in scripture, is often used to denote

presence in the general sense, and there is no other word to denote presence in the Hebrew language. It is used as a token of God's favor, Psa. xxi. 16; lxvii. 1; Dan.ix.
17. Often found in the plural number in the original, probably referring to the faces of the cherubim, the symbol of the divine

Presence.

Alk HAVENS, an unsafe harbor in Crete,
N. E. of Cape Leon, or Matala. It bears
the same name to this day. Acts xxvii. 8.

EAITH, pusts, belief, trust, confidence, occurs 244 times, and the verb pisteuro, I be
here, 246 times. The simple meaning of this term is, the conviction that the testimony is true. Hence Paul defines it to be "the confidence of things hoped for, the conviction of things not seen." Heb. xi. 1.
"Without faith it is impossible to please God," Heb. xi. 6; that is, a belief of those things which he has made known for salvation. See Jude 3; Acts viii. 12; Mark xvi. 15, 16; Acts xxv1. 6, 22, xxv1ii. 20, 23, 31. FAN, an instrument for separating chaff

from grain, termerly made in the shape of a shovel, with a long handle. With this the grain was tossed into the air when the wind bew, so that the chaff was driven away. Matt. iii. 12.

FASTING mentioned, Matt. ix. 14, 15; Mark

1 Cor. vi. 5; the kind acceptable to God Joel ii. 22, 13; Zech. vii. 5–14; Matt. vi. 1, Joel 11. 12, 13; Zech. VII. 5-14; Matt. VI. 17, 18. Moses fasted wice for forty days, Devt. ix. 9, 18; Jesus, Matt. iv. 2; Luke iv. 2. Fasting in a... ages and among all nations, has een usual in times of distress; and though our Savior di., nor appoint any fast days, yet he gave reasons, why after his death, his disciples hou'd fast. Partial, or total abstinence from food, occasionally, is beneficia to both body and mind.

FATHER. Phis word, besides its obvious and primary sense bears, in Scripture, a number of other applications. Applied to God, to ancestors, near or remote: is also applied as a title of respect to any head, chief, ruler, or elder, especially to kings, prophets, and prests; and the author, source, or beginner, of anything is said to be the father of it, and in this sense it is be the father of it, and in this sense it is very commonly used in the East at the present day. The authority of a rather was very great in patriarchial times, and any outrage against a parent was made a capi-tal crime. Lev. xx. 9.

LULT, treatment of, in a brother, Matt. xviii, 15-7; Gal. vi. 12; to be mutually confesse James v. 16.

IX, [happy,] the successor of Cumanus in the government of Judea. Instory gives him a bad character, and he might well tremole at the words of Paul. Acts

FELLOWSHIP, Communion, or Joint Par-ticipation. There is a fellowship with the ticipation. There is a ishowship with the Father, and with the Son, and with each other I John i. 3, 7, which is both honorable and commendable; but there is also a fellowship to be avoided, I Cor. x. 20; 2 Cor. vi. 14; Eph. v. 11. The word also means a communication of worldly substance for the benefit of others. See Acts ii. 42; Rom. xii. 13; xv. 27; 2 Cor. viii. 4; ix. 13; Gal. vi. 6; Phil. i. 5; iv. 15; Heb. xiii. 16.

FESTIVALS, occasions of public religious ESTIVALS, occasions of public religious observances, recurring at certain settimes, among the Hobrews. The Festivals of divine appointment were: 1. The Sabbath, or seventh day of the week. 2. The Passorer, which lasted eight days, beginning on the 15th of Nisan. Excd. xii. 14. 3. The Feast of Pentecoat or of Weeks, fifty days after the Passover. 4. The Feast of Trumpets, held on the first and second days of Tizri, the commencement of the civil year. 5. The Day of Atonement, kept on the tenth of Tizri, or September. 6. The Feast of In-gathering or of Tabernacles, which lasted for a week. 7. The Sabbatical Year, during which the land was to lie fallow, and its spontaneous produce to be shared in common by servants, the poor, strangers, and mon by servants, the poor, strangers, and cattle. It was the year of release from personal slavery, Exod. xxi. 2: and from decitable with the company of the ical year, that is, every fittieth year. 9. The New Mann, at the beginning of the month. Other festivals were observed by the Jews, but of human origin: one of which is mentioned, John x. 22: the Feast of the Dedication, established by Judas Maccabees, L. C. 170, to commemorate the cleansing of the temple, after its profanation by Antiochus.

Another feast was that of Lots, or Purim, when the entire book of Esther is read in the synagogue.

the synagogue.
FESTUS, [festival, joyful,] successor of Felix, as governor of Judea, and appointed by Nero in the first year of his reign. Acts xxiv. 27: xxv: xxvi.
FIERY DARTS, javelins or arrows having

combustible matter at the lower part, which being set on fire was darted against the

enemy, or into towns to burn them.

FIG-TREE, a tree well known and very common in Palestine. The tree is large, and affords good shelter. Sec I Kings iv. 25: John i 48. The blacking of the fire of the fire. John i. 48. The blasting of the fig-tree by Jesus, (Matt. xxi, 19; Mark xi, 13, 14,) be-cause he found no figs on it, when "the sea-son of figs was not yet," is thought by infidels to have been an unreasonable and petulantact. But it must be remembered that the tree was barren, which is proved that the tree was barren, which is proved by having leaves but no fruit; (for on the fig-tree fruit appears before the leaf;) al-so the fig harvest or "time for gathering figs" had not yet come. May not this act have shown the hypocritical exterior of the Jews, and prefigured their approaching

FIGURE, shape, resemblance. Adam, Isaac, Rec., and some ancient ceremonies, were figures or types, as they shadowed forth Jesus Christ. Rom. v. 14: Heb. xi. 19. &c. 11.TH, excrements; "the filth of the

FILTH, excrements; "the filth of the world," I Cor. iv. 13. The same word in the ong nal was applied to those poor wretches, who being taken from the dregs of the people, were sacrificed to Gentile deities, and loaded with curses, insults, and injuries, while on the way to the altars on which they were to bleed. Hence the alusion.

FIRE, the state of combustion; flame. An emblem of fierce destruction; the symbol of a curse, but never of a blessing. "Fire of a curse, but never of a blessing. "Free from heaven," "fire of the Lord," usually denotes lightning in the Old Testament; denotes lightning in the Old Testament; but, when connected with sacrifices, the "fire of the Lord" is often understood as the fire of the altar, and sometimes the holocaust itself. This fire was originally kindled supernaturally, and was ever after kept up. The "fire that never shall be quenched," Mark ix, 43, is a periphrasis for Gehenna. Kimchi (on Psa. xxvii. 13) says, "that it was a place in the land near to Jerusalem, and was a place contemptible." rusalem, and was a place contemptible; where they cast things defiled and car-casses; and there was there a continual fire to burn polluted things and bones; and therefore the condemnation of the wicked in a parabolical way is called Gehinnom."

FIRST. 1. What is before others, in time or order; so Adam is called the first man, and Christ the second Adam. 2. What exceeds others in degree of badness or of excel-lency; so Paul calls himself the first or chief

leney; so Paul calls himself the first or chief of sinners. Hence,
FIRST-EORN or "First-ergotten of every creature" may mean the "chief of the whole creation." Col. 1. 15.
FIRST-FRUITS. The first ripe products of the land of Israel, were accounted the Lord's property, and, as such were presented to him, through the priests, as an acknowledgment of their dependence on him, Exod. xxxiii. 16, 10. Christ is called the first-fruits of them that slept," 1 Cor. xv. 20; and the family of Stephanus, the arst-fruit of Achan. 1 Cor. xvi. 15.
Fishermer, most of the apostles probably

were, Matt. iv. 8; Mark i. 16;

Jeffshies, miraculous draughts, Luke
John xxi. 6; one caught to pay tribute,
Matt. xvii. 27; fish with bread miraculously multiplied by Jesus to feed thousands,
Matt. xiv. 15-21; xv. 82-39; John vi. 5-14
FLAX, "smoking flax," Matt. xiv. 20. Flax
being anciently used for the wicks of lamps,

it refers to the wick of a lamp, which, for

trefers to the wick of a lamp, which, for want of oil, becomes dim and ready to go out, so that but little remains but smoke. FLESH, (of animals) after the flood, permitted to be eaten, Gen. ix. 3. The word flesh is applied, generally, to both man and beast, Gen. vi. 13, 17, 19; vii. 15; but more particularly to mankind, and is in fact, the carly Habrey word, which answers to that only Hebrew word, which answers to that term, Psa. cxlv. 21; Isa. xl. 5, 6. "Flesk and blood" is also an Hebraism for mankind in the present corruptible state. See 1 Co. 1v. 50; Matt. xvi. 17; Gal. i. 16; Eph. vi. 12.

FLOOD, or GENERAL DELUGE, occurred A. M. 1656. See account, Gen. vi; vii. Referred to as a warning of Christ's coming, Matt. xxiv. 38; Luke xvii. 27; as an assurance that God will punish sin, 2 Pet. ii. 5; also, as a type of baptism and salvation, 1 Pet. iii. 20; and of the final destruction of un-

godly men, 2 Pet. iii. 6, 7.
FOLLOW "the Lamb whithersoever he goes," Rev. xiv. 4. An allusion to the oath taken by the Roman soldiers, part of which

taken by the Roman soldiers, partol which was to follow their generals wherever they should lead. See 2 Sam, xv. 21.

FOUD. The Jews were restricted in their use of spinal food to animals carled "clean." See Lev. xi. and Deut. xiv. The reasons seems to have been moral, politi-cal, and physiological; and particularly to keep Israel distinct from other people, Lev. xx. 24—26; Deut. xiv. 2, 8. Nearly every creature pronounced unclean was held sacred by adjacent nations. Emerating intercourse with idolaters was thus effeetually obstructed, as those who cannot eat and drink together, are not likely to become intimate. Christians are forbidden become intimate. Christians and things to eat blood, things strangled, and things offered to idols. See Acts xv. There is no record, that the flesh of animals was used as food by the antidiluvians, as permission to use it was first given to Noah, Gen, ix. 3. fruit evidently was the primeval food of man, Gen. 11. 16; anatomy and physiology prove that it is best adapted for the full development and sustenance of man's physical, intellectual, and moral nature; and to partake of the fruit of the tree of life, in the future, is held forth as the highest pos-

FOOL. The fool of Scripture is not an idiot, but an absurd person; not one who does not reason at all, but one who reasons wrong; also any one who is not regulated the dictates of reason and religion. by the dictates of reason and rengion.
Whatever is without good reason, and does
not secure men's true and future good, is
foolish; hence we read of foolish talking,
foolish lusts, foolish questions, &c., Eph.
v. 4; 1 Tim. vi. 0; Titus ii. 9.
FORBEARANCE recommended, Matt. xviit.

33; 1 Cor. xui. 4, 7; Eph. iv. 2; Col. in. 15; 1 Thess. v. 14; manifested by God to man, Psa. 1. 21; Eccl. viii. 11; Matt. xviii. 27; Rom. ii. 4; 2 Pet. iii. 0, 15.

FOILE HEAD. Public profession of religious Rev. vii. 3, 13, 16; xiv. 1. Marks on the forehead may be illustrated by the custom in the forehead may be illustrated by the custom. in idolatrous countries, of bearing on the

ries they are. Some, however, think it an aliusion to the custom of marking cattle,

aliusion to the custom of marking cattle, &c., with the sign of ownership.
FordEKNOWLEDGE, prognosio, occurs twice, Acts ii. 22; 1 Pet. i. 2; prognosio, 1 foreknow, occurs five times, Acts xiv. 5; Rom. viii. 20, xi. 2; 1 Pet. i. 20; 2 Pet. iii. 7. Know in the Hebrew diam, signifies sometimes to approve, 1 rich nowledge, and to make known. "The Lord knows (approve.) them that are his." "The world knows (acknowledges) is not."
FORELIVENTESS promised. 18a, lv. 7; Lukei.

knews (acknowedges) us not."
PORGIVENTESS promissed, Isa. Iv. 7; Lukei,
77; xxiv. 47. Acts if 38, &c.; enjouned
Matt. vi. 15; xvii. 21; Eph. iv. 32; Col. iii
18. James ii. 13.
10 RNICATION means, 1. Criminal intercourse between unmarried persons, 1 Cor.
vii. 2. 2. Adultery, Matt. v. 32. 3. Idolatry,
2 Chron. xxi. 11 4 Heresy, Rev. xix. 2.
The word occurs much more frequently in its metaphorical than in its ordinary sense.

Jer. iii. 8, 9; Ezek. xvi. 20.
FORTUNATAS, [lucky. fortunate,] a discipe mentioned I Cor. xvi. 17, who visited Paul at Ephesus.
FOX, e wild animal, probably a jackal, henciprob historically, bulgers yet 5, henciprob historically, bulgers yet 6, henciprob historically, henciprob his

tioned historically, Judges xv. 4, 5; Lam. v. 18; comparatively, Matt. viii. 20; symbolically for a cunning and deceitful person, Ezek. xiii. 4; Luke xiii. 32.

FRANKINCENSE, a sweet scented gum, used in the incense, which when placed on

live coals, sends up a dense fragrant smoke. Luke i. 10; Rev viii. 32.

RAGGS, plague of, Exod. viii. The frog was held sacred in Egypt, because i. was the emblem of Orisis; and was produced by th. Nile, which was also esteemed as pecu liarly sacred; thus Jehovah used their very gods as a means to punish them. FRUGALITY recommended, Prov. xviii. 9;

John vi. 12.

John VI. 12.

FIGUITS used figuratively for proofs, Matt. in. 8; vii. 16; 2 Cor. ix. 10, Gal. v. 22, 28; Phil. 4. 11; James iii. 17.

FULNESS OF TIME, plerooma ton chronon, the fulness or completion of any period of time, Gal. iv. 4; Eph. i. 10. The completions tion of the period which was to precede the

FULNESS OF THE GENTILES. The completion of the salvation of the Gentiles, during the present dispensation.

YUNLONG, the eighth part of a mile, Luke xxiv. 13; John vi. 19; xi. 18.

GABBATHA, [high, elevated, or the parement, a large court or apartment, used as Peate's judgment seat, John xix, 13. It was evidently outside of the prætorium.

ABRIEL, the mighty one of God, the angel, mentioned Lake i. 11, i6, who apareaued at different times to Daniel, Zacharias, &c.

Dan. viii. 16; ix. 21. GADARA, the chief city of Perea, in Colo-Syna, a few miles east of the Lake Tiberras.

Mark v. 1. GADARENES, the inhabitants of Gadara.

GAIUS, [lord, earthy,] the name of one or two eminent Christians, mentioned Acts

xix. 29; xx. 4; 1 Cor. i. 14; 3 John 1.
GALATIA, an extensive province of Asia
Minor, bounded on the north by Bithynia and Paphlagenia, on the south by Lycaonia, on the east by Pontus and Cappadocia, and on the west by Phrygia and Pithynia It took it's name from the Gaus who settled there we years B. C.

forehead the mark of the gods whose vota-ries they are. Some, however, think it an probably from Ephesus, A. D. 53, and ascusses much the same topics as that to the Romans, but a little fuller on one or two points. Having founded the congregation of Galatia, he speaks authoritative y as a teacher and an apostle. The principal tep-ies discussed are,—his apostone character, the gifts -thich the Holy Spirit conferred by his hands, the Abrahande gospel and covenant, the promised inheritance of the land, the law of Sinai, and the contrast between the two covenants.

GALILEE, wheel, heap, I the northern part of Parestine, livided into Upper and Lower. Upper Gaillee, the northern portion, was called "Galilee of the Gentiles," from its having a more mixed population, i. e. less purely Jewish than the others. This mixpurely Jewish than the others. ture of population corrupted the dialect, hence Peter was detected by his speech, Mark xiv. 70. The disciples were mostly from this country, and on this account were called Galileans. Luke xxiii. 6; Acts

ii. 7.

- Sen of. See GENNESARETH,

GALL, a general name for whatever is very bitter or nauscous. Primarily it denotes the substance secreted in the gall-blader of animals, commonly called bile. Meta-phorically it means great trouble, Jer. viii. 14; exceeding wickedness, Amos vi. 12;

abominable depravity, Acts viii. 25.
GALLIO, [who lives on milk,] proconsul of Achaia, A. D. 53, elder brother to Seneza, the famous moralist. The Jews dragged Paul before his tribunal. Acts xviii. 12.

GAMALIEL, (recompense of God.) the dis-tinguished Pharisee under whom Paul studied law, grandson of Hillel, the famous Rabbi.

GARDEN, a place planted with beautiful plants and fruit bearing and other trees. and generally bedged or walled. Several gardens are mentioned in the Scriptures; as the garden of Eden, Abab's garden of as the garden of Eden, Analysis garden or herbs, the royal garden near the fortress of Zion, the royal garden of the Persian kings at Susa, the garden of Joseph of Arimathea, and the garden of Gethsemane. See John xviii. 1; xix. 41. GARMENTS. To lay up stores of raiment, especially by the rich, was very communing the Fact, where the first in the fact, where the first in the fact, where the first in the fact, where the second control of the fact, where the first in the fact, where the fact, whe

the East, where the fashion of dress seldem changes. Sometimes thousands of garments were laid up. Hence Jesus warm-men of the folly of laying up treasures which the moth may consume. Matt. vi. 19; Luke xii. 33; James v. 2. Princes, especially creat kings and priests, generally wore white garments. White was also worn on occasions of greatjoy. In mourning men generally wore sacketoth or haircash. Hence garment is used as a symbol of the condition worths as well as a symbol of the condition worths as well as a symbol of the condition worths as well as a symbol of the condition worths as well as a symbol of the condition worths as well as a symbol of the condition worths as well as a symbol of the condition worths as well as a symbol of the condition worths as well as a symbol of the condition worths as well as a symbol of the condition worths are well as a symbol of the condition worths are well as a symbol of the condition when the condition well as well as a symbol of the condition when the condition well as well as a symbol of the condition when the condition well as well as a symbol of the condition when the condition well as well as a symbol of the condition when the condition well as well as a symbol of the condition when the condition whence where the condition whence where the condition whence whence where the condition w of the condition or state a person is in. To be clothed in white, denotes prosperity or vic-tory. To put on clean garments after washing signifies freedom from care and evil, to rether with honor and jey.

GATE, the entrance to a residence or fortified place. Gates are put figuratively for public places of towns and palaces. The gates of a town are also put for the town itself. The gates of death is a metaphorical expression expressive of imminent danger of death. The gates of hades is used in a similar manner for counsels, designs, or authority. Matt. xvi. 18.

GAZA, [strong, or a goat,] a city of the Philistines. Referred to as "Gaza, which is istines. Referred to desert," Acts vili. 26

GEHENNA, the Greek word translated hell | in the common version, occurs 12 times. It is the Grecian mode of spening the Hebrow words which are translated. The valley of Hinnon." This valley was also ruled Tophet, a detestation, an abomination. Into this place were cast all kinds of fi.th, with the carcasses of beasts, and the unburied bodies of criminals who had been executed. Continual fires were kept to consume these. Sennacherib's army of 185,060 men were slain here in one night. Here children were also burnt to death in sacrifice to Moloch. Gehenna, then, as occurring in the New Testament, symbolizes death and witer destruction, but in no place symples a place of eternal torment. 6. NEALOGY, a list of ancestors, set down

h thin their direct and collateral order. The Hebrews carefully preserved their family registers, through a period of more than 3500 years. Without these genealogies the priests could not exercise their sacred office. See Ezraii. 62. It appears that the principal design of preserving accurate lists of the appears of Carley and accurate ists of the ancestry of God's ancient people, was, that it might be certainly known of what tribe and family the Messiah was born. The difference in the genealogies of Christ, as given by Matthew and Luke, arose from one giving the line of Joseph, and the other of Mary. The Jews lost their registers after the war with the Romans,

and their final dispersion.

GENERATION, genea, occurs 40 times, and means sometimes a line of descent, as in Matt. i. 1; or persons existing at any part cular period, Matt. i. 17. Some translate genea which occurs in Matt. xxiv. 34, by he word race, which sense is scarcely ad Macknight says that hee genea missible. Mackinght says that hee genea autee, as it is found in that passage, means

the generation or persons then aving con-temporary vith Christ.

LNNESARETH, garden of the prince, a fine lake, 17 mi es long, and 5 or 6 broad, situated about 50 miles north of Jerusalem. Its waters are very pure and sweet, and it abounds with fish. It is surrounded by the scenery, and was much frequented by our Savior and his disciples. It is a so called Chinnereth, Num. xxxiv. II; the Sea of Gible, ee, Matt. iv. 18; and the Sea of Therras,

John vi. 1, '3. GENTILES, literally, the natious; and was applied by the Jews to all who were not of their religion, or who were ignorant of

GENTLENESS, though little admired by the world, compared with enterprise, bravery, word, compared with enterprise, bravery, &..., is in the sight of God, an imperative virtue, James in. 17. Recommended, 2 Tim. ii. Titus iii. 2. Christ an examthe apostles, 1 Thess. ii. 7. pie, 2 Cor. ... the apostles, 1 Thess. ii. 7. ERGESENES, those who come from pilgrim-

age, I a people mentioned Matt. viii. 28; probably the same as Gadarenes. G. TYSEMANE, [a very fat valley,] a retired garden at the foot of Mount of Ouves, Luke xxii. 10. The remains of its stone wall are yet seen, and eight ancient olive trees. Matt. xxvi. 30-46.

OIFT OF THE HOLY SPIRIT. This phrase occurs twice, Acts ii. 38; x. 45. It is called "the gift of God," Acts viii. 20, and "the same jift," xi. 17. Dorea and not charts, is the word used here for gift. Doreula also found in John w 10, Rom v. 15 17; 2 Cor v. 15. Eph 111 7: 19 7; Heb vi 4—in all Greek writers never use doza, in the send of light and splendor, though it is often found in the Scriptures with that meaning attached. See Exod. xvi. 7, 10; xxiv. 17; xL attached, See Floding Was a peculiar display of the glory of God. Exod. iii. 2—5; xiii 21, 22; Lev. xvi. 4; — Son vii. 1, 2. The fel-22; Lev. xvi. 4; — con vii. 1, 2. The fel-lowing passages will illustrate the New Testam ... use, Matt. vi. 29; 1 Cor. xv. 41; Heb.i. 3; .cr. ... 23; 2 Thess. i. 7: 1 Cor.

Ki. J. C. GUTTONY censured, Deut. xxi. 20: Prov. xxiii. 1, 20; xxv 16; 1 Pet. iv 3. GNASHING of teeth, rage, Psa. xxxv. 16; Acts vii. 54: anguist, Psa. cxii. 10: Matt. viii. 12: xiii. 42, 50: xxii. 13.

VIII. 12: XIII. 42, 50: XXII. 15.
GNAT, a small winged insect, very common in warm countries. Our Savior's allusion to the gnat is a kind of proverb, "Bind guides! who strain (of filter) out a gnat, and swallow a camel." This he applied to those who were superstit ously anxious in avoiding small faults, yet did not scrup's to commit the greatest sins. The Jewish law reckoned both gnats and camels unclean.

GOD, the Supreme, Omnipotent, and Eternal one, of whom are all things. The two prinone, of whom are all things. The two principal Hebrew names of the Supreme Being used in the Scriptures are Jehovah, (or Fah-teh.) and Elohim. Dr. Havernick defines Jehovah to be the Existing One. and consid-ers Elohim. though in the plural number. as the abstract expression for absolute Deity. Jehorch, however, he regards as the Detry. Jenorea, However, the re-revealed Elohim, the Manifest, Only, Per-sonal, and Holy Elohim: Elohim is the Creator, Jehovah the Redeemen, &c. In a subordinate sense the term Elohim, or subordinate sense the term Liohim, or gods, is applied to angels. Psa xevi. 7; Heb. i. 6; to judges or great men. Exod. xil. 28; Psa. lxxii. 12. John x 34. 25; 1 Cor. viii. 5; and to idols. Dout xxxii. 17. GOG and MAGOG, mentioned Ezek.xxxvii.; xxxix; Rev. xx. 8.

GOLD, employed as a comparison, Paa xix 10; as a simile, Job xxiii. 10: 1 Pet. i. 7:

Rev. xxi. 18, 21.
GOLGOTHA, | a heap of skulls. | See Calvary.
GOMORRAH, | rebellious people. | See Sody.

GONPEL, euanggelion, good news, glad tid-ines. Gospel is a Saxon word, meaning, God's spell, or the Wood o, God, embracing "the things concerning the kingdom of God, and the name of Jesus Anointed," Acts viii. 12, and the toyful news that salvation and an inheritance in that kingdom may be obtained through faith and obe-dience. Euanggenon occurs 76 times: exanggelizo. to proclaim good news, 56 times; from which also euangquistat, evangelists, one who tells glad tidings. Acts xxi. 8; Eph. iv. 11; 2 Tim iv. 5.

GRACE, charis, favor, and occurs 156 times. The lexicons attach some fifteen meanings to it. Parkhurst observes, "While the to it. miraculous influences of the Spirit are called gifts, or separately a gift; and though I firmly believe his blessed operations or influences in the hearts of ordinary believers in general; yet, that charis, is ever in the New Testament particularly used for these, is more than I dare, after atten-

tive examination, assert."

GRASS, in the common version, generally signifies herbage, or all shrubs not included under the term tree. Matt. vi. 30; Rev. viii. 7. Grass "cast into the oven." Shaw tells us that myrtle, rosemary, and other plants, are used in Barbary to heat their ovens.

biony It is believed that the classical of Al E. See fons of Sefulches.

TREECE, in He orew Javan, Isa. Ixvi. 19; a | HALLELUJAH or Alleluia. See Alleluia. country in the S. E. of Larope, extending 400 miles from north to south, and 356 from east to west. Few countries are more favored by nature, as to soil, climate, and productions. Many of the most renewned men of antiquity had ther birth heee. Part of ancient Greece is now treduded in Alba-nia and Roumelia in Turkey, Mentioned Dan. viii, 21—25; x. 28; xi. 3; Zech. ix. 13;

Acts xx. 2.

\*\*CRECIANS. Grocks, the inhabitants of Greece, Joel iii. 6. Sometimes this word means not Greeks, but Jews, using the Greek language, called Hellenists, Acts vi. Greek language, called Hellenists, ACS VI. 1: 1x. 29; xi. Ib —1; Greeks were so by nation or birth; sometimes the name was used for Gentiles in general," Acts xx. 21; Rom.i. 16; 1 Cor. i. 22-24.

CUEST-CHAMBER, Mark xiv. 14; Luke xmi. 11. In the East, respectable householders have a room which they call the streamer's room, which is specially set.

stranger's room, which is specially set apart for the use of guests.

HABAKKUK, [a favorite,] a Jewish prophet who flourished about 610 B. C., and wrote the book which bears his name. His name does not occur in the New Testament, but His name a quotation is made from his prophecy by

Panl, Acts xiii. 41.

HADES, occurs 11 times in the Greek Testament, and is improperly translated in the common version 10 times by the word hell. It is the word used in the Septuagint as a translation of the Hebrew word sheoi. denoting the abode or world of the dead, and means literally that which is indarkness, hidden, invisible, or obscure. As the word hades did not come to the Hebrews from any classical source, or with any classi-cal meanings, but through the Septuagint, as a translation of their own word sheel, therefore in order to properly define its meaning recourse must be had to the various passages where it is found. The Hebrew word sheel is translated by hades, in the Septuagint, 60 times out of 63; hades, in the Septiagnit, 60 times out of 03; and though sheel in many places, (such as, Gen. xxxv. 35; xlii. 38; I Sam. ii. 7; I Kings ii. 6; Job xiv. 13; xvii. 13, 16, &e.,) may signify keber, the grave, as the common receptacle of the dead, yet it has the more general meaning of death; a state of death; the dominion of death. To translate hades by the word kell, as it is done ten times out of eleven in the New Testament, is very incorrect muless; it has the Sayon meaning of proper, unless it has the Saxon meaning of helan, to cover, attached to it. The primitive signification of hell, only denoting what was secret on concealed, porfectly corresponds with the Greek term hades and its Hebrew equivalent sheel, but the theo logical definition given to it at the present

day by no means expresses it. HAGAR, la stranger, la native of Egypt, and servant of Abraham, Gen. xii. 16;

Ac.; Gal. iv. 22-31.

HAGGAI, (solemn feast,) the tenth of the minor prophets. His prophecy was given during the rebuilding of the temple, B. C.

HAIL, a symbol of violent enemies, Isa. xviii. 2, 3; xxx. 30, 31; xxxii. 19; Rev. viii.

7.
MAIR, precepts regarding it, 1 Cor. xi. 14—
16; 1 Tim. ii 9; 1 Pet. ii. 2. "Cutting off the hair," was a sign of stress; "plucking off the hair," was one of the most disgraceful punishments; "hairs white like woot," was carolematic of majesty and wisdom.

HAND, the organ of feeling, rightly denom-inated by Gaien the instrument of instru-ments. It serves to distinguish man from other terrestrial beings, and no other animal has any member comparable with it. The has any member comparable with it. The right hand has a preference, hence the many aliusions to it. The phrase "sitting at the right hand of God," as applied to the Messiah, is derived from the fact that a position at the right hand of the throne of earthly monarchs was accounted the chief place of honor, dignity, and power; so when Jesus declared before Caiaphas, that "ye shall see the Son of man sitting that "ye shall see the Son of man sitting that "ye shall see the Son of man sitting that "ye shall see the Son of man sitting that "ye shall see the Son of man sitting that "ye shall see the Son of man sitting that "ye shall see the Son of man sitting that "ye shall see the Son of man sitting the second seems of the second second seems of the second seems that "re shall see the Son of man sitting on the right hand of power, and coming in the clouds of heaven," Matt. xxvi. 64; Mark xiv. 62, he obviously meant to say, that his present humiliation would be succeeded by glory, majesty, and power. To lay the hand on any one was a means of pointing him out, and consequently an emblem of setting any one apart for a particular office or dignity. Hence the ceremony of imposition of honds, was at an early period, observed on the appointment and consecration of per-

sons to high and holy undertakings.
HAKLOT, or PROSTITUTE, frequently used figuratively for an idolatrous community.
Cities were formerly represented under the types of virgins, wives, widows, and harlots, according to their various conditions; hence the true church is symbolized by a chaste bride, and an apostate or worldly religious community is depicted by a harlor.

HARVEST, the time of gathering the truits of the earth. In Palestine it began in March, and ended about the middle of May. It is symbolical of the season of future reward—particularly the punishment of the wicked, Matt. ix; xiii; John iv. 85.
ATE. This word is often used in Scripture,

as in common conversation, to signify an inferior degree of love, of attachment, or of liking; but not to detest or abhor. Thus it is written, "Jacob have I loved; but Esan have I hated." that is, loved in an inferior degree to Jacob. So Luke xiv. 26, is to be understood.

HATRED condemned, Lev. xix. 17; Prov. x. 12, 18; xxvi. 24; 1 John ii. 9; iii. 15. HEAD, frequently denotes sovereignty, as it

is the seat of the understanding or governing principle in man; hence the chief of a people, or the metropolis of a country. So Christ is called the head of his body, the church, Eph. v. 23; and of all things, Eph.

i. 22; Col. ii. 10. HEAR, to receive the sounds by the ear. To hear the word of God, means, (1.) A mere listening, without laying to heart, Matt. xiii. 10: (2.) to yield a willing assent, with a firm purpose to believe and obey it. John viii. 47. God is said to bear prayer when he grants our requests.

HEARING, to be with profit, Deut. iv. 9, 10; Matt. vii. 24; Rom. ii. 13; Heb. ii. 1; xii. 25; James i. 22.

25; James i. 22.

HEART, the centre of animal life, is used metaphorically for all the affections, and the whole faculties of man. Heart constantly occurs, where mind is to be understood, and would be used by a modern English writer. "Out of the heart" every evil is said to proceed," Matt. xv. 18; and as the great evil which corrupts and defiles the heart is unbelief, so the only purifier of the heart mentioned in Scripture is faith, Acts xv. 9.

HEAVEN. The Jews spoke of three heavens, -(1) The atmosphere, or lower re-

gion of the air, in which birds and vapors ily, Job xxxv. 11; Matt. xvi. 1. (2.) The expanse above, in which the stars are disposed, and which they seem to have thought was a solid concave. Matt. xxiv. 29. (3.) The habitation of God, where his HEROD, (the glory of the skin.) Four per-29. (3.) The habitation of God, where his power and glory are more immediately and fully manifested. Heaven is always the symbol of government; the higher places in the political universe. The "kingdom of heaven," is the same as the kingdom of God, Matt. x. 7; Luke ix. 2; and is Messiah's reign on earth. See Psa. lxxii; Dan. vii. 14, 27; Matt. xxv. 31—34.

HEBER, [one that passes,] the grandson of Shem, Luke iii. 35, and from whom it is supposed that Abraham and his posterity derived the name of Hebrews.

derived the name of Hebrews

HEBREWS, [descendants of Heber,] the name by which a Jew desired to be known in the earliest and latest periods of his nation, 2 Cor. xi. 22. Abraham was known by iton his arrival in Canaan. It signifies that he 2 Cor. XI. 22. Abraham was known by 150n his arrival in Canaan. It signifies that he was the proper heir of Shem, the father of all the children of Heber. An "Hebrew of the Hebrews" is one, both of whose parents are Hebrews. Phil. ii. 5.

Epistle to. It is generally conceded that Paul was the writer, because the style appears to be his. Probably written about A. D. 63—65. It was addressed to believing Hebrews irrespective of any par-ticular place, and apparently designed to save them from the sin of apostacy, through the persecutions to which they were subjected by their unbelieving brethren. Hence the writer shows the superiority of Christianity to Judaism; that Christ was far superior to Moses; affords a more secure and complete salvation; and that in point of dignity, perpetuity, sufficiency, and suitableness, the Jewish priesthood and sacrifices were far inferior to those of Christ, who was the substance and reality, whilst these were but the type and shadow. These and similar comparisons and arguments are used, and the examples of ancient worthies adduced, to fortify the minds of those who were suffering persecution, and to induce them to hold fast the confession of the hope without wavering. epistle is an admirable exposition and supplement to those to the Romans and Gaia-tians.

HEIR, one who is to succeed to an estate. Christians are heirs of God both by birth and by will; an important and delightful

consideration.

HELI, [ascending, climbing up,] the father of Joseph, the husband of Mary. Luke 111. 23. HELL. See HADES and GEHENNA.

HELLENIST, a name given to persons of Jewish extraction, who nevertheless talked Greek as their mother tongue. Acts vi. 1.

HELMET, a cap of motal or strong leather for protecting a soldier's head. I Sam. xvii. Salvation is God's helmet; the hope of it

rendering Christians courageous in their spiritual warfare. Eph. vi. 17; 1 Thess. v. 8. HERESY, hairesis, occurs 9 times, and is translated both sect and heresy. In scriptranslated both sect and hereay. In scripture usage it generally means a sect, or scriism, rather than the opinions embraced by the sect. Christianity was called a sect, or heresy, by Tertullus and the profane Jews. Acta xxiv. 5, 14.
HERETIC, airctikos, factionist, sectarian, occurs but once. Titus iii. 10. One who makes a party or faction.
HERMAS and HERMES, [mercury, gain,] two disciples mentioned Rom. xvi. 14.

HERMOGONES, [begotten of Mercury,] and PHYGELLUS, [a fugitive,] disciples of Asia Minor, and probably companions in labor of Paul. They abandoned him during his imprisonment, 2 Tim. i. 15.
HEROD, [the glory of the skin.] Four persons of this name are mentioned in the New Testament. (1.) Herod the Great, the son of Antipater, born B. C. 70. He ordered the destruction of the infants at lethle-

the destruction of the infants at Bethlehem. (2.) Herod Antipas, son of Herod the Great, tetrarch of Galilee and Perea. He Great, tetraren of Gamee and Ferea. He beheaded John, and arrayed Jesus in mock royalty, when sent to him by Pilate. (3.) Herod Agrippa, the son of Aristobulus, and grandson of Herod the Great, who caused the murder of James, the son of Zebedee, and desired to kill Peter also. Zebedee, and desired to kill Peter also. See his awful death described, Acts xii. 23; and by Josephus, (Antiq. xix. 8,) in the 54th year of his age. (4.) Herod Agrippa II., son of the preceding—the one called Agrippa, before whom Paul made his defence,

HERODIAN, [song of Juno,] Paul's kinsman,

Rom. xvi. 11. HERODIANS, a class of Jews that existed in the time of Jesus Christ, whether of a political or religious description it is not easy to say for want of materials to determine. Mentioned, Mark iii. 6; xii. 13; Matt. xxii. 16; Luke xx. 20. HERODIAS, sister of Herod Agrippa, and

grand-daughter of Herod the Great, mar-ried to her uncle Philip, and afterwards sinfully connected with his brother Herod

Antipas, HIERAPOLIS, [holy city,] a city situated in Phrygia, near Colosse and Laodicea. It was destroyed by an earthquake in the times of the apostles. Its ruins indicate that it was one of the most glorious cities of the world. Col. iv. 13. It is now called Pambuk Kalasi. HIRED, "no man has hired us," Matt. xx.

7. Morier, the traveler, says that he saw, in the east, laborers with spades, &c., in their hands, standing in the market-place, before sun-rise, in order to be hired for the day, to work in the surrounding fields.

HIRELING, a man employed to take care of

sheep, to whom wages were paid. Also indicates a pastor who cares more for the fleece than the good of the flock. John x. 12.

HOLINESS, freedom from sin, and devoted-ness to God; without it none can see God. Heb. xii. 14.

MOLY, persons, places, and things so called, which are separated to the Lord, Exod. xix. 6; Lev. xvi. 33; Num. xxxi. 6; 1 Pet. ii. 9; while Jehovah is called "the Holy One of Israel," 2 Kings xix. 22; Psa. lxxi. 22, &c.; and the Spurit of God is frequently denominated "the Holy Spirit."

nated "the Holy Spirit."

HONESTY enjoined, Lev. xix. 13, 35; Deut.

xxv. 13; Matt. vi. 8, 11; Mark x. 19.

HONEY, one of the blessings of Canaan,
Deut. xxxii. 18; Judges xiv. 3-18; 1 Sam.

xiv: Matt. iii. 4.

HONOR, timee, occurs 43 times, and means
price, reward, maintenance, as well as
respect, veneration, &c. Double honor indi-

respect, veneration, &c. Double honor indicates greater liberality or support. 1 Tim. v. 17, 18.

HOPE, the confident expectation of the things promised. See Rom. v. 4, 5; xv. 13; Heb. vi. 9—12. The hope of life in the age to come is founded on Christ. Rom. vii. 24; Col. i. 27; 1 Thess. i. 3; 2 Thess. ii. 16; Titusi. 2; 1 Pet. i. 13; and is a cause of joy, Rom. xii. 12; xv. 4, 13; Heb. iii. 6.

HORN, a symbol of strength, and a well-known

symbol of a king. HORSE, a symbol of war and conquest; the state, color or equipage of a horse represents the condition of his rider. White denotes victory and prosperity; black represents distress and general calamity; red denotes war and fierce hostility; pale is the symbol of death and destruction.

HOSANNA, a form of acc'amatory blessing or wishing well, signifying, Save now! Succor now! Be now propitious! Matt. xxi. 9. This passage fairly construed would mean, "Lord, preserve this Son of David; heap favors and blessings on him!"

HOSEA, [a carror,] the first of the minor prophets, generally supposed to have been a native of the kingdom of Israel, and who prophesied for about 60 years, between 7:0 and 7:4 B. C. Paul quotes from his prophecy in Rom. ix. 25.

HOSPITALITY, the practise of receiving

strangers into one's house and giving them suitable entertainment. Recommended,

Rom. xii. 13; 1 Tim. iii. 2; Titus i. 8; Heb. xiii. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 9.
HOUR. The Jews in the time of Christ divided the day into twelve equal parts, which of course varied in length according to the different seasons. The earliest mention of different seasons. The earliest mention of hour is in Dan, iii. 15; iv. 10; v. 5. Very frequently hour is used for a fixed season or opportunity, and is an emblem of a very short period of time. HUMILITY taught, Micah vi. 8; Matt. xviii.

4; xxin. 12; muke xviii. 14; Rom. xii. 3, 10,

16; Rom ii, 3, &c. HUNGER, an established symbol of afflic-tion. To "kunger and thirst no more," de-tion. To "kunger and thirst no more," denotes a perpetual exemption from all afflic-

HUSBANDS, their duty, Gen. ii. 24; Mal. ii. HUSBANDS, their duty, Gen. ii. 24; Mai. ii. 14, 15; I Cor. vii. 3; Eph. v. 25; Col. iii. 19; I Pet. iii. 7. HYACINTH. See Precious Stones. HYMENEUS, [nuptial, marriage,] mentioned I Tim. ii. 20; 2 Tim. ii. 17. IIX MNS or Psalass, used as part of worship.

The book of Psalms, used as part of worship. The book of Psalms contained the "hymns and spiritual songs," commonly sung by the Jews and early Christians. The Psalms are called, in general, hymns, by Philo the Jew; and Josephus calls them "songs and by the proper of the psalms of t

HYPOCRITE, one who feigns to be what he is not. Matt. xxiil. The original word properly signifies "players disguised," as the Grecian actors used to be, in masks.

[CONIUM, [Icome,] a town of Asia Minor, visited by the apostles. It was the capital of Lycaonia, 150 miles W. N. W. of Tarsus, Acts xii. 51; xiv. 1, 10; xvi. 2: 2 Tim. iii.

IDLENESS censured, Rom. xil. 11; 1 Thess. iv. 11; 2 Thess. iii. 10, &c. "Idle word," Matt. xii. 30, in the Greek means false,

slandering, pernicious word.
IDOLA, IDOLATRY, not only applied to heathen deities and their worship, but to anything too much and sinfully indulged. John v. 21.

IDUMEA, [red, earthy,] a country lying in the north of Arabia, and south of Judea.

Mark iii. 18,

Mark iii. 18.

IGNORANCE, voluntary, censured, John in. 19; 2 Pet. iii. 5; involuntary, excusable, John ix. 41; 1 Tim. i. 18; but not when there are means of information, John iii. 19; v. 40; Acts xvii. 11, 30; 2 Pet. iii. 5.

LLYFICUM. Loy, a province lying N. W.

of Macedon, along the eastern coast of tue Adriatic Gulf, and now called Sclavoura-Rom. xv. 19.

IMMANUEL, [God with us,] a name given to our Lord Jesus Christ, Isa. vii. 14; Mat. i.

IMMORTAL, deathless; does not occur once in the original, and only once even in the common version, 1 Tim. i. 17, where it ought to be rendered incorruptible. It is

applied to God. IMMORTALITY, deathlessness, only occurs Stimes, 1 Cor. xv. 53, 54; 1 Tim. vi. 15-ap-plied exclusively to God, and the glorified bodies of the saints. See Incorruptibili-

TY and LIFE

TY and LIFE.

IMMUTABILITY, unchangeableness, ascribed to God, Psa. cii. 27; to his counsel, promise, and oath, Heb. vii. 17; 18; to Jesus Christ, Heb. xiii. 8.

IMPOSITION OF HANDS, or LAYING ON OF HANDS. This phrase, denoting the communication of some gift, benefit, power, or Gleo. (Gran Africa is a gift locours Matt munication of some gift, benefit, power, or office, (for an office is a gift,) occurs, Matt. xix. 15; Mark vi. 5; Lukeiv. 10; xiii. 13; Acts vi. 6; viii. 17; xiii. 3; xix. 6; xxviii. 8. The phrase "laying on of hands," occurs, I Tim. iv. 14; Heb. vi. 2. The persons who laid on hands were Jesus, the Apostles, Prophets, Teachers, Elders, or the Presbytery. The persons on whom hands were laid, were the sick, and such as desired the receive spiritual gifts, and those designated for public trusts and offices in or for the concretation. congregation.

IMPUTE, logizomai, occurs 41 times; and its primary and radical import is to reckon or primary and radical import is to reckning account, being a word used in arithmetical calculations. It is used passively in Rom. iv. 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10; 2 Tim. iv. 16, &c. INCENSE, a compound of aromatics procured from trees, chiefly in Arabia, having

when burnt, a most fragrant smell.

with built, a most algrants men. It was not lawful to use it any place but the temple. Exod.xxx.7, 8, 34; Luke i. 9. INCORRUPTIBLE, God is, Rom. i. 23; 1 Tim. i. 17; so also his word, I Pet. i. 23; the bodies of the saints will be, I Cor. xv. 52; also, the inheritance, I Pet. i. 4. The Christian's crown will be incorruptible, I Par. iz 25. 1 Cor. ix. 25. INCORRUPTIBILITY, to be sought after,

INCORRUPTIBILITY, to be sought arter, Rom. ii. 7: brought to view and illustrated in the gospel, 2 Tim. i. 10; corruptible matures must put it on in order to inherit the kingdom of God, 1 Cor. xv. 42, 50, 53, 54. INFILMITIES. (1.) Bodily weaknesses, Matt. viii. 17; Isa. Jiii. 4. (2.) Weakness of human nature, Gal. iv. 13; Rom. viii. 26. Mare infigurities are not sins. except so far

human nature, Gat. IV. 13; Rom. VIII: 20. Mere infirmities are not sins, except so far as we bring them on ourselves. Christians are bound to pay a tender regard to the infirmities of others. Rom. xv. 1.
INGRATTIUDE censured, Psa. vii. 4: cv1. 7: Prov. xvii. 13: 2 Tim. iii. 2: instances of, Gen. xl. 23: Judges viii. 34: 1 Sam. xviii. 8. xviii.

INN, in our Bible, generally means a cara-ransera. Usually they are simply places of rest, near a fountain, if possible: others have an attendant, who merely waits on travelers: and others have a family, which sell provisions. They are found in every part of the East. In the stable of such a place, the better parts being all occupied, Jesus was born. Luke ii. 7. INSCRIPTION or SUPERSCRIPTION, WILL-

ing on coins, pillars, &c. Much of the history of nations may be learnt from them, Matt. xx. 20. The history of Greece for 1318 years, is inscribed on the Arundel marblesParts of the law of Moses were inscribed on

the altar at Ebal. Deut. xxiii. 8.

IN PERCESSION of Christ for us, Rom, viii.

IN FERCESSION of Christ for us, Rom, viii. 34; Heb. vii. 25; 1 John ii. 1; to be made by us for others, Rom. xv. 30; 2 Cor. i. 11; Eph. i. 10; vi. 18, 10; Col. iv. 3, &c.; instances, Gen. xvii. 23—33, &c.

IRON, a well known, strong, and useful metal, and known very anciently, Gen. iv. 22. Moses speaks of its hardness, Lev. xxvi. 10; of the iron mines, Deut. viii. 9; and of the furnace in which it was made, Deut. vi. 20. The bedstead of Og, king of Bashan was of iron, Deut. iii. 11.

IRON Y or Sabcasm, when a person means the contrary of what he says; examples of, Lev. xxvi. 34, 35; 2 Sam. vi. 20; 1 Kings xviii. 27; 2 Kings xviii. 23; Job xxvi. 2, 3, Mark vii. 9.

xvii. 27; 2 kings xviii. 23; 300 kivi. 2, 3; Mark vii. 9.

ISAAC, [laughter,] the promised son of Abraham, born A. M. 2107, Gen. xvii. 10, 11; xxi. 6-8. The command to "take Isaac and offer him as a burnt-offering," Gen. xxii. 2, was as the result unequivocally shows, merely to prove or test Abraham, in order that his faith, love, and obedience, and the manifest and wor, in fact, that mg'th be manifest; and Nor, in fact, that he should offer up his son. Moreover, the whole transaction was symbolical of the real sacrifice of the Son of God.

real sacrifice of the Son of God.

ISA1AH, [the salvation of the Lord,] the prophet, the son of Amoz, prophesied about 60 years, during the reigns of Uzziah, Jotnam, Ahaz, and Hezekiah, kings of Judah. The Book of Isaiah is remarkable for the elegance and sublimity of its language, and the many and wonderful predictions contained in it. Passages are quoted from it by Zephaniah, Ezekiel, and Habakkuk, as well as by the New Testament writers.

ISARIOT, [a man of murden.] the name of the disciple who betrayed Christ, Matt. x.

ISRAEL, [who prevails with God,] a name given to Jacob, Gen. xxxii. 28; also the common name of the Hebrew people and

COUNTY.

ISNAELITES, the descendants of Jacob,
Exod. iz. 7. Were one nation until the
reign of Rehoboam, when ten tribes revolted under Jereboam, and had their capital at Samaria; while Judah and Benjamin remained steadast to the house of country David. The ten tribes were carried captive into Assyria, B. C. 724, and nationally have never yet been restored. Their rejection never yet been restored. Their rejection and dispersion were plainly foretold, Lev. xxvi. 28-39; Deut. iv. 27, 28; xxviii. 15-68; Hosea ix. 17; and their restoration also foretold, Deut. xxx. 1-9: Isa. i. 28; iv. 2-6; xi. 11: xiv. 1-3: xviii. 2, &c.; Jer. xvi. 14, 15: xxii. 8: xxx; xxxi, &c.; Hosea iii. 5; Amos ix. 14. 15, &c., &c.; the same represented by the revival of dead bones, Ezek. xxxvii.; by the olive tree, Rom. xi.; their future prosperity in the last days, Isa. ii. iv. 1-7: xxv. 6: xxvi., &c.

ii.; ix.1-7; xxv. 6; xxvi., &c.

ISSACHAR, [price, reward,] the fifth son of Jacob and Leah, Gen. xiii. 14-18; born A.

M. 2 57

JTALY, a celescated country in the south of JTALY, a celescated country in the south of Europe, comprising a peninsula, in a form resembling that of a boot, Acts xvii. 2. ITUREA, Echick is quarded, a province in Syria, mentioned Luke iti. 1.

JACINTH. See Parcious Stores.

JACOB, [he that supplants.] the youngest son
of Isaac and Rebecca, born A. M. 2167, Gen.

JACOB'S WELL, a fountain of water about

one mile and a half from Sychar, on the road to Jerusalem.

JAIRUS, diffuser of light, chief of the syna-gogue at Capernaum. Mark v. 22-43: Luke

viii. 41-56, JAMBRES, [the sea wwh poverty,] a magician in Egypt who withstood Moses. 2 Tim. in.

JAMES, (the same in meaning as Jacob.) one of the twelve apostles; the brother of John and son of Zebedee, Matt.iv. 21. Murdered by Herod, about A. D. 44. Acts xii. 2.

the Less, an apostle, and the kinsman of our Lord, Gal. i. 19. He was the son of Cleopas or Alpheus and Mary, sister to Mary the mother of Jesus; consequently cousin to Jesus Christ, according to the flesh, 1 Cor. IV. 7; and generally esteemed as the writer of the Epistle which bears his

- Epistle of, addressed to the twelve tribes of the dispersion, to those of them who professed faith in the Messiah. It is evident that at the time it was written, the brethren were suffering persecutions, and that the destruction of the Jewish polity was very near. The letter is most pathetic and instructive, and contains an admirable summary of practical duties incumbent on

a: I believers.

JANNA, [who speaks,] the father of Melchi,
Luke iii. 24.

JANNES, [who speaks,] an Egyptian magician who withstood Moses, 2 Tim. iii. S.

JARED, the who descends, one of the antediluvian patriarchs, Gen. v. 15-20; Luke

iii. 37. JASON, [he that cures,] a kinsman of Paul at Thessalonica, mentioned Acts xvii. 5-9.

Rom. xvi. 21. JASPER. See Precious Stones.

JAPITHAH, [he that opens,] his history, Judges xi.; xii. 1—7; Mentioned Heb. xi. 33. The original of Judges xi. 30, when properly translated, reads thus;—"And it shall be, that whoever comes forth of the doors of my house to meet me, when I return in peace from the children of Ammon, shall surely be Jehovah's, and I will offer to him a burnt offering." The vow contains two parts: 1. That person who met him on his return, should be Jehovah's, and be dedicated forever to his service, as Hannah devoted Samuel before he was born, 1 Sam. i.11. 2. That Jephthah him. self would ofter a burnt offering to Jehovah. Human sacrifices were prohibited by the law. Deut, xii. 30; and the priests would not offer them. Such a vow would have been impious, and could not have turn in peace from the children of Ammon, have been impious, and could not have been performed. It may be safely conclud-ed that Jephthah's daughter was devoted to perpetual rirginity; and with this idea agrees the statements, that "she went to bewail her virginity;" that the women went four times in every year to mourn or talk wrrm (not for) her; that Jephthah "did with her according to his vow," and that "she knew no man."

prophet, was a priest of the tribe of Benjamin, son of Hikiah, a native of Anathoth, Jer. i. 1. He began to prophesyinthereign of Josiah, A. M. 3375, and prophesied about 43 years. He predicted the punishment and captivity of the idolatrous Jews, and their restoration, together with the bless ings of the reign of Messiah.

JERICHO, [Ais moon.] a city of Judea; 5 miles west of the Jordan, and 17 miles E. N. E. of Jerusalem It was noted for palm

trees, and was once a large city, but now a

JERUSALEM, [vision of peace,] a celebrated city of Asia, capital of ancient Judea, and of modern Palestine. It is memorable for its ancient temple, for the death and resurits ancient temple, for the death and resur-rection of our Savior, and for its signal des-truction by Titus. It was built on four hills—Zion, Acra, Moriah, and Bezetha. The name Zion was often applied to the whole city. Modern Jerusalem is built on Mount Moriah, and is chiefly noted for pilgrimage. It contains about 20,000 inhabitants.

JESSE, [to be, or who is,] the son of Obed, and father of David. Ruth iv. 22; 1 Sam.

xvi.: Luke iv. 33. JESTING, not to be used, Eph. v. 4. JESUN, la savior, the Son of God, the Messiah, the Savior of the world. This name is composed of Yah, or Jan, I shall be; and Shua, Powerful." I shall be the Powerful." Hence he is "mighty to save, and strong to deliver," and will "save his people from their sins." Eusebius says, "The name Jesus means the salvation of God. For Isoua among the Hebrews is salvation, and among them the son of Nun is called Joshua; and Insome is the salvation of Jan, i. e. salvation of God. The "name of Jesus," (Phil. it. 1) is not the name Jesus, but "the name above every name," onoma the haper pan onoma, ver. 9; viz. the supreme dignity and authority with which the Fa-ther has invested Jesus Christ, as the reward of his disinterested exertion in the cause of the divine glory and human hap-JEW. a

EW, a name formed from that of Judah, and applied in its first use to one belonging to the tribe or country of Judah, or rather perhaps to a subject of the separate king-dom of Judah, 2 Kings xvi. 6; xxv. 5. During the captivity the term seems to have been extended to all the people of the Hebrew tanguage and country without distinction, Esther iii. 6, 9; Dan. iii. 8, 12; and this loose application of the name was preserved after the restoration to Palestine, when it came to denote not only every descend-ant of Abraham in the largest possible gense, but even proselvies who had no blood-relation to the Hebrews. Acts ii.

5, 10.

JOANNA, [grace or gift of the Lord,] the wife JOANNA, (grace or spit of the Lora,) the whe of Chuza, Hered's steward; who after being cured by our Savior followed him, Luke viii. 3. Also the son of Rhesa, Luke iii. 23 JOB, (he that weeps,) a patrianch celebrated for his patience under complicated and

for his patience under complicated and severe trials, and the constancy of his piety and virtue. His book is of very great antiquity; its style, &c., harmonizes with the Pentateuch. The scene is laid in Idumea, a part of Arabia Petrea. Supposed to have been contemporary with Moses. See Ezek. xiv. 14, 20; James v. 11.

JOEL. [that wills, commands,] one of the twelve minor prophets, the son of Pethuel. He was contemporary with Isaiah and Amos, and delivered his predictions in the reign of Uzziah, between 800 and 780 B. C.

His prophecy is quoted from by Peter on the day of Pentecost, Acts ii. 16.

brother of James, and the son of Zebedee, a native of Bethsaida in Galice. He was the disciple whom the Savior loved, and supposed to have been the youngest. He received Mary into his house after the death of Jesus, which seems to have been

situated at Jerusalem. It is probable that he lived there till the death of Mary, and then went to Ephesus, and labored in Asia Minor. He suffered much for his religion, and was banished by the Roman emperor, to the isle of Patmos, where according to Ireneus and Eusebius he behe.d and wrote the visions of the Apocalypse, about the close of the reign of Domitian, A. D. 66. When Nerva became emperor, he was recalled and lived to write his Gogal and three Epistles. He died at Ephesus at the age of 100 years, in the third year of Trajan.
JOHN, Gospel of. This book was not writ-

OHN, Gospel of. This book was not writen, as some suppose, to supply omissions made by the other three Gospel historians; but as they had written chiefly of the life and actions of their Master, John wrote chiefly of his person and office, and in refutation of errors which had sprung up.

— Epistles of. These letters appear to have hear written to establish the truth.

have been written to establish the truths concerning the person and offices of Christ, and to condemn the errors then prevailing, contrary to these truths; also to repress the lewd practices, for the sake of which these errors were embraced. The spirit of love, sanctification, and renunciation of the world are very prominent, and earnestly inculcated.

THE BAPTIST, the forerunner of the Lord, the son of Zachariah and Elisabeth. He said he was "the voice of one crying in the widerness, Make straight the way of the Lord, as said the prophet Isaiah," John i. 23. At about 30 wears of age he entered on the work of announcing the near approach of the Messiah and his kingdom, and calling on the people to reform and be immersed for the remission of their sins. Many of the people flocked to his baptism. and he was held in esteem by them as a prophet; but it is said that "the Pharisees and lawyers rejected the counsel of God and lawyers rejected the counsel of odd against themselves, not being baptized of him," Luke vii. 30. He baptized Jesus in the river Jordan, and pointed him out as "the Lamb of God which takes away the sin of the world," John I. 29. After the Messiah had entered on his work of pro-claiming the glad tidings of the kingdom of God. John was beheaded by Herod Antiof God, John was beheaded by Herod Anti-pas, because he had reproved him for the pas, becutse he had reproved an incidence of adultery, Matt. xlv. 3-12.

— surnamed Mark, the companion of Paul and Barnabas, Acts xii. 12. He wrote

the Gospel which bears his surname.

- a member of the Sanhedrim, and a re-

a member of the Salmershi, and a lelative of the high-priest, Acts iv. 6.

JONAH, one of the minor prophets, who probably lived in the reign of Johu, E. C. 884to 850. 2 Kings xiv. 25. He was sent on a mission to Nineveh. See the book itself for the account. Referred to, Matt. xii. 30—41; xvi. 4; Luke xi. 29, 30. JOPPA, beauty, comeliness, a scaport of Palestine, of very ancient date, though pos-

sessing an inferior harbor. It is now caued Jaffa. Mentioned Acts ix. 26-43; x. 5-8,

JORDAN, a river of Palestine, the only considerable one in the country. It rises in Mount Hermon, formed by the union of two springs—one "Jor," and the other "Pan," hence its name—and passes through two springs of mane—and passes through lakes Merom and Gennesareth, and after a course of 150 miles, flows into the Dead Sea. Before entering it, its ordinary breadth, according to Shaw, is 30 yards, and its ord nary depth 13 feet. The "country beyond

JOSEPH, increase, addition,) the son of Ja-cob and ikachel, and brother to Benjamin, Gen. xxx.22-24. See his history in the lat-ter part of Genesis—which is one of the most beautiful and attractive that ever was written

written.

"the husband of Mary, of whom was born Jesus, who is called Christ," Matt. i. 16. Being the nearest of kin to Hell, the father of Mary, he was espoused to her according to law. He was the natural, that is, by birth, son of Jacob, and the legal son of Heli: or, as we call it, son-in-law; hence called by Luke, the son of Heli, in virtue

of his being Mary's husband.

— of Arimathea, a senator, and privately a disciple of Christ, John xix. 38;

sons nominated by the primitive Church, to supply the place of Judas Iscariot, Acts i. 23.

or Joses, a son of Mary and Cleopas, and brother of James the Less, of Smoon, and of Jude, and consequently one of those who are called the brethren of our Lord,

Matt. xiii. 55; xxvii. 56; Mark vi. 3; xv. 40, 47. or Joses, surnamed Barnabas, Acts

iv. 36.

JOSHUA, [the lord, the savior,] the successor of Moses as leader of Israel. He was the son of Nun, of the tribe of Ephraim, and born A. M. 2460. The book of Joshua comprises the history of about 20 years, and forms a continuation and completion to the Pentateuch. It describes the conquest of Canaan; its partition among the tribes; and the death and burial of Joshua. Three other persons of this name are mentioned,

other persons of this name are mentioned, 1 Sam. vi. 14, 18; 2 Kings xxiii. 8; Zech. iii. 1, 3, 9; vi. 11.

JOURNEY, a passage from place to place. A "Sabbath day's journey" was about a mile; a common day's journey was about 20

miles. Acts i. 11.

JUBILEE, an extraordinary festival held

every seventh subbatical year. Ordered, Lev. xxv. 8; probably alluded to in Isa. lxi. 1, 2; Luke iv. 18, 19.

JUDAH, or JUDBA, [confessing, praise,] that district of Canaan belonging to the tribe of Judah. Sometimes it denoted the whole of Palestine west of the Jordan. Under the Romans Palestine was divided in three portions—Galilee in the north, Samaria in the middle, and Judea in the south. The conquest of this country is commemorated by coins or medals, representing on one side the head of the emperor Vespasian, and on the other the daughter of Zion, sitting on a heap of warlike weapons, under a palm tree, in a mournful attitude. Compare Isa. iii. 26 and xlvii. 1.

JUDAS (the same meaning as Judah,) Iscariot, the traitor, one of the twelve apostles; the disciple who was entrusted with the donations presented to our Lord, and who

at length betrayed his Master.
or Jura; called also Thaddeus, or
Lebbeus, and Zelotes, probably one of the
Twelve. He was the author of the Epistle
bearing his name, which was intended
chiefly to guard believers against false teachers.

the Jordan," comprised Perea, Batanea, Tractionntis, Iturea, Galaaditis, Gaulonitis, and Decapolis.

OSEPH, lincrease, addition,) the son of Ja-

22, 27, 32. a Jew of Damascus with whom Paul

lodged, Acts ix. 11.
JUDGES. Extraordinary men raised up by Jehovah, to deliver Israel from oppression, before the times of the kings. Fifteen such persons presided over the Israelites during the 430 years which elapsed from the death of Joshua to the accession of Saul. Acts

JUDGMENT, the name of an inferior Jewish court, established in every city, and which court, established in every city, and which consisted of 23 members, who punished criminals by strangling or beheading. Matt. v. 21, 22. Also, the solemn action and trial at the great and last day. Eccl. xii. 14; Jude 6. The place of the administration of justice, under the Roman governor, was called the judgment hall, John xviii. 23; xix. 0; and the tribunal, or place of propouncing septence the judgment seat. of pronouncing sentence, the judgment-seat, Matt. xxvii. 19.

JULIA, [downy,] one whom Paul salutes,

Rom. vi. 15.
JULIUS, [downy,] the centurion to whom Paul was committed, to be conveyed to

Rome, Acts xxvii. 1.

JUNIA, [youth,] a female relative of Paul's,
Rom. xvi. 7.

JUPITER, [the father who helps,] the most
powerful of the heathen demes, Acts xiv.
12, 13; xix. 35.

JUSTIFICATION. This word occurs only

three times in the common version-Rom. three times in the common version—Rom. iv. 24; v. 16, 18. Justify occurs in reference to God, Rom. iii. 80; Gal. iii. 8. Believers are said to be justified by Christ, Acts xiii. 30; by favor, Rom. iii. 24; by faith, Rom. iii. 28; by his blood, Rom. v. 9; by the name of the Lord Jesus, 1 Cor. vi. 11; by works, James ii. 24. The original words translated "justification" in the common version, are dikaiosis and dikaioma, signifying acquital, forceiveness, absolution, deliverance from forgiveness, absolution, deliverance from the consequences of sin.

JUSTUS, [jus', upright,] mentioned Acts xviii. 7; Col. iv. 11.

KEDRON, [the turbid,] a brook or winter torrent which flows through the vailey of Jehoshaphat, mentioned John xviii. 1.

KEY. A symbol of power and authority, Rev. i. 18; Isa. xxii. 22. Authority to ex-plain the law and the prophets was given by the delivery of a key. When Rabbi Samuel died, they put his key and his tab-late into his coffi lets into his coffin.

KEYS "of the kingdom of heaven." Matt. xvi. 19. These were given to Peter, who had the authority, power, and honor of first opening the door of the Gospel to both

Jews and Gentiles. Acts ii.14-42: x.

KING, a title applied in the Scriptures to men, Luke xxii. 25; 1 Tim. ii. 1, 2; 1 Fet. ii. 13-17; to God, 1 Tim. i. 17; vi. 15, 16; and to Christ, Matt. xxvii. 11; Luke xix. 38; John i. 40; vi. 15; xviii. 32-37; to men as invested with regal authority by their fellows; to God as the sole proper sovereign and ruler of the universe; and to Christ as

and ruler of the universe; and to Christ as
the Son of God, the King of the Jews, the
sole Head and Governor of his Church.
KINGDOM. (1.) The territories of a king.
(2.) Royal power and dominion. Where
the word occurs in the New Testament, according to Dr. Geo. Campbell, it is generally synonymous with reign. Basileia, with

the Greeks, denoted either Reign or Kingdom. The Royalty or Kingdom of God, or of Heaven, was announced by Daniel, chap. ii. 44; vii. 9, 22; by John the Baptist, and by Jesus, Matt. iii. 2; iv. 17; x. 7; xii. 28, &c.; to be prayed for, Matt. vi. 10; Luke xii. 31; qualifications for it, Matt. vii. 21; Luke iix. 62; John iii. 3, 5: Acts xiv. 22: 1 Cor. vi. 9: xv. 50: 2 Thess. 1. 4, 5.
KISS, a natural symbol of affection and reverence, of very ancient date. Early Chris.

erence, of very ancient date. Early Christians conformed to custom, and kissed each other during or at the close of public worship. According to some this was genworship. According to some this was generally given by men apart and women apart, before receiving the Lord's supper, to testify peace and brotherly affection. I Thess. v. 26, 1 Pet. v. 14.

NEELING, a posture for prayer, Psa. xcv. 6; Eph. iii. 14; examples of it, 1 Kings viii. 54; Dan. vi. 10; Luke xxii. 41; Acts ix. 40; v. 36; xxi 5.

xx. 36; xxi. 5. KNOW, has in the Bible frequently the import of approve or recognize. As Hosea viii. 4, "They have set up princes, and I knew it not." Matt. vii. 23, "Then will I declare unto them, Depart from me, I never

knew you."
KNOWLEDGE, wherein it consists, 1 John ii. 3, iii. 5, iv. 6; the measure of our obe-dience, and by which we must be judged, Luke xii. 47; John xv. 23; Rom. i. 21; ii. 21; James iv. 17; must be communicated, Pet. iv. 10; often the occasion of vanity, I Cor. viii. 1; worldly, of little value, 1 Cor. i. 19; iii. 19; 2 Cor. i. 12.

ABOR, the steady and constant effort of the bodily frame which manundertakes for his own benefit, and, in particular, in order to procure the means of subsistence. The lot of all men. Gen. iii. 19; recommended, Acts xx. 85; Eph. iv. 28; 1 Thess. ii. 9; iv.

11, &c.

LAMB, the well-known type and symbol of the Messiah. See Gen. xxii. 7, 8; Exod. xii. 3.—5; Isa. liii 7; John i. 29; 1 Pet. i. 19; Rev. v. 6.—13, &c. LAMECH, [poor. made low,] one of the ante-

diluvian patriarchs, the son of Methuselah, and father of Noah, Gen. v. 28-31; Luke iii. 36. Also, one who was a descendant of

Cain, mentioned Gen. iv. 18, 21.

AMPS. The lamps of the ancients were of various kinds. Those used at wedding pro-LAMPS. cessions consisted of ld rags, squeezed hard against one another in a round figure, like a great sausage. Those who hold them have in the other hand a pitcher with a very narrow neck, full of oil, of which they very narrow neck, full of oil, of which they pour out from time to time on the flame. This explains Christ's declaration, that he will not "quench the smoking flax." Matt. xii. 30: and shows why the foolish virgins peeded "oil in their vessels," Matt. xxv. 4. Laws concerning them in the tabernacle,

Num. viii.1-4

LANGUAGES or Towous, gift of, at the day of Pentecost, Acts ii. 1-15; conferred by the apostles, Acts viii. 17; x. 46; xix. 6;

1 Cor. xii. 10.

LAODICEA, [just people,] a city of Phrygia, in Asia Minor, 42 miles east of Ephesus. A Christian church was early planted in this christian church was early planted in timplace, Rev. 1. 11. It is now an extensive run. Christ's message to the Church there, Rev. 111 14-22.

LASCIVIOUSNESS censured, Rom. xiii. 13; 2 Cor. xii. 21; Gal. v 19; Eph. iv. 19, &c. LASEA, a rocky country, a city hear Fair

Havens, in the island of Crete. Acts xxvii.

LAW, means a rule of conduct enforced by an authority superior to that of the moral beings to whom it is given. As found in the Scriptures it is variously applied, and must be taken in the connection in which it stands to be properly understood. Law sometimes means the whole revealed will of God, contained in his word, Psa. i. 2; of God, contained in his word, Psa. i. 2; xix. 7; xl. 8, &c.; sometimes doctrine, Prov. xiii. 14; the Mosaic economy, John i. 17; xiii. 59; ceremonial observances, Luke if. 27; Acts xv. 5, 24, &c.; judicial or civil law, John vii. 51; xviii. 31; Acts xix. 38, &c.; also, the moral law, or Decalogue, Exod. xx. 3-17; Rom. vii. 7, 12, 14, &c.
LAWSUITS among Christians, to be avoided, Matt v 38-42: 1 Cor. vi. 1-7.
LAWYERS, persons versed in the laws. These are mentioned only after the decline of the Mosaical institutions had consider.

of the Mosaical institutions had considerably advanced. As the Jews had no writably arvanced. As the Jews had no written laws, except those contained in the Old Testament, a lawyer among them was a person familiar with scripture, and whose business it was to expound them. Lawyers and Scribes censured, Luke vii. 30: xi. 46—50

LAZARUS. [the help of God, ] an inhabitant of Bethany, brother of Mary and Martha, who was honored with the friendship of Jesus, by whom he was raised from the dead after he had been four days in the tomb. John xi. Also, the name of a beggar

mentiond in a parable. Luke xvi. 20.
LEAVEN. The usual leaven in the East is dough kept till it becomes sour, and which is kept from one day to another for the purpose of preserving leaven in readiness. Chemically speaking, ferment or yeast is the same as leaven; but leaven is more correctly applied to solids, ferment both to liquids and solids. According to chemists, "ferment or yeast is a substance in a state of putrefaction, the atoms of which are in a continual motion." It is used figurative-

ly for whatever produces a change in the mass with which it mixes, whether for the better or for the worse. Matt. xiii. 33: xvi. 6, 12: 1 Cor. v. 6.

LEBBEUS, [strong-hearted,] a surname of the apostle Jude.

LEGION, a division of the Roman army. the time of Romulus, a Roman legion contained 5000 infantry, and 300 cavalry. About the time of Christ, it contained 6200 foot soldiers, and 800 horse. Mark v. 9: Luke vii. 30: Matt. xxvi. 53. LEPER. Simon the Leper, Matt. xxvi. 6. So called from his having been a leper; it

was unlawful to eat with persons who had

the leprosy

LEVI, [held, associated,] the third son of Ja-cob and Leah, born in Mesopotamia, B. C. 1750. Gen. xxiz. 34. Also the name of Matthew, Mark il. 14.
LEVITES, the descendants of Levi, appoint-

ed to assist the priests in their services: to see that the temple was kept clean, to prepare oil, wine, &c., for God's house: to take care of the sacred revenues. LIBERTINES. Jews who were free citizens

or burgesses of Rome, Acts vi. 9.
LIBYA, (the heart of the sea.) a province in
Africa, westward of Egypt, famous for its
armed chariots and hotses, 2 Chron. zvi. Acts ii. 10.

LIFE, properly existence, either animal or rational. Natural life, valuable, Psa. xlix. 7-9: short and uncertain, Job vil. 16: xiv

7-9; short and uncertain, Job vii. 17; xiv. 7-10; Psa. xxxix. 5; xc. 5, 6, 9, 10; 1 Pet. 1, 24; not to be preferred to our duty, Matt. 1, 39; xvi. 25; Mark viii. 35; Luke ix. 24; xvi. 32; John xii. 24; future and eternal life described, Luke xx. 36; 1 Cor. xv. 12-11 Thess. v. 2. The expression standing

57: Phil. iii. 20, 21, &c.
LIGHT created, Gen. i. 3-5, 14-19. Applied
to God, 1. John i. 5; to Christ, John i. 9: to
God's Word, Psa. cxix. 105: 2 Pet. i. 19: to
the apostles, Matt. v. 14, 16: to Christians,
Eph. v. 8. It is the well-known symbol cf

knowledge.
LIGHTNING, the flash of the electric fluid, as it passes from one cloud to another. The power and wrath of God are often represented by thunder and lightnings, Job xxxvii. 3-5: Psa. xviii. 12, &c.

LILY, a beautiful flower common in Palestine, of which there are several varieties.
The lily referred to by our Savior in Matt.
vi. 30, was probably the amaryllis lutea,
whose golden flowers in autumn afford one of the most brilliant and gorgeous objects in nature.

LINEN, cloth made of flax, well-known at a very early period. In some passages the word so rendered probably means cotton Specimens of cotton cloth are found on the

oldest mummies.

LINUS, [nets.] a person mentioned by Paul, 2 Tim. iv. 21. LION "of the tribe of Judah." A lion being

the ensign of the tribe of Judah, the phrase the ensign of the tribe of addain, the phrase is applied to Christ, who sprang from that trite; and is symbolical of his great strength, Rev. v. 5.

OAF. The Eastern loaf was a large cake, Exod. xxix. 23; 1 Chron. xvi. 3; Mark.

LOAF.

viii. 14. LOCUSTS, an insect resembling a grasshopper, only much larger in size. The pro-phetical writings of the Old Testament abound with allusions to this insect as one of God's most dreadful scourges. Moses mentions them as lawful food, Lev. xi. 22; and it is said that John the Baptist ate lo-custs while in the desert of Judea, Mark i. 6. But whether these were the insects so is not fully agreed. Locusts, however, are still eaten in the East both by rich and poor. Symbolically locusts represent great and terrible armies, Rev. ix. 3.

LOINS, the lower region of the back. orientals who wear long robes, are obliged, when then apply themselves, to any busi-"loins girded" is the same as to be in readiness for action. Luke xii. 25; Eph.

vi. 14. OIS, [better,] Timothy's grandmother, LOIS, |beta

LONG HAIR. Chardon says, "The eastern women are remarkable for the great length and the number of the tresses of their hair. Their hair hangs at full length behind, diwided in tresses braided with ribbon or pearl. Lady Montague counted one hundred and ten tresses, all natural, on the head of one lady. The men wear but very little on their heads. Young men who wear their hair in the East, are regarded as ef-feminate and infamous."

Lemmate and infamous."

LORD, [proprietor, | a Saxon word signifying ruler or governor. When the word represents the dread name of Jehovah, or Yahweh, it is printed Loap, in small capitals, in the authorized version. The word is applied to Jesus Christ, to angels, to princes, to lagsers to husbands for

to Lasters, to husbands, &c.

synonymous with "the day of the Lord,"
I Thess. v. 2. The expression standing
alone, and being unaccompanied by any
other words which tend to explain its
meaning, it is difficult to decide which view
is correct. The earliest authentic instance
in which the name of "the Lord's day" is applied, (after the passage in the Apocalypse,) is not till Tertullian uses it, about A. D. 200; and perhaps a little later, the term is made use of by Dyonisius of Corinth, as quoted by Eusebius.

OT, (wrapped up) the son of Haran, and nephew of Abraham. After the death of his father, he accompanied his proble from

his father, he accompanied his uncle from Ur to Haran, and thence to Canaan, Gen.

his father, he accompanied his uncle from Ur to Haran, and thence to Camaan, Gen. xiii. 8, 9. Mentioned 2 Pet. ii. 7.

LOTS, things cast or drawn in order to determine a point in debate. Lev. xvi. 8; Josh. vii.; Prov. xvi. 33; xviii. 18; Acts i. 28; Matt. xxvii. 35.

LOVE or God, its nature, John iii. 16; xvii. 23; Rom. v.8; viii. 39; 1 John iii. 1, 2, &c; of Christ, John xiii. 1; xv. 12, 13; Rom. viii. 35, &c. Love to God required, Deut. vi. 5; x. 12; rendered by his children, Phil. i. 9; 1 John ii. 5; iv. 19; how shown, 1 John iv. 20, 21; v. 1—3; to Christ, its nature, Matt. x. 37—42; John xiv. 15, 21, 23, &c.; brotherly love enjoined, John xiii. 34; xv. 12, 17; Rom. xii. 9, 10; xiii. 3; 1 Cor. xiii. &c.; of the world, forbidden, Matt. v. 24; xiii. 22; James i. 27; iv. 4; 1 John ii. 15.

LUCIUS, [luminous,] a prophet in the congregation at Antioch, Acts xiii. 1. Probably the same Lucius who is mentioned in Rom. xvi. 21, as Paul's relative.

LUCEE, worldly wealth, the love of forbidden, Matt. vi. 24; 1 Tim. iii. 3; 1 Pet. v. 2.

LUKE, [luminous,] a native ef Antioch, and a physician. He was Paul's companion and assistant, Philemon 23, 24; 2 Tim. vi. 11. He was the writer of the history bearing his name, and of the Acts of the Apostles.

ing his name, and of the Acts of the Apos-

The Book of Luke's Gospel appears to have been written to correct numerous errone-ous narratives of the life of Jesus. The style both in this and in the Acts, is pure and elevated, and many facts are given which are not contained in the other Evan-

LUKEWARMNESS censured, Matt. viii. 21, Luke ix. 57-62; Acts xxvi. 29; Rev. iii. 15. LUNATICS, persons affected by some dis-order, and supposed to be influenced by the

moon, such as epilepsy, melancholy, insan-

ity, &c. See DEMONTACS.
LYCAONIA, ishe wolf, a province of Asia
Minor, west of Cappadocia, where Paul and
Barnabas planted congregations, Acts xiv.

LYDDA, [nativity,] a town about 14 miles from Joppa, 32 miles west from Jerusalem.

from Joppa, 32 miles west from Jerusalem. Acts ix. 32, 35.

LYDIA, [magnet,] a woman of Thyatira, "s seller of purple," who dwelt in Philippi in Macedonia, Acts xv. 14, 15. Also a province in the west of Asia Minor.

LYING, forbidden, Eph. iv. 25; Col. iii. 9: will be punished, Psa. v. 5; lii. 1-7; Rev. xxi. 8, 27; examples, 2 Kings v. 25; Acts v. 1-11.

LYSANIAS, [that drives away sorrow,] tet-rarch of Abilene, when John began his mis-sion as the harbinger of the Messiah, Luke nii. l.

LYSIAS, [dissolving,] chiliarch and comguard at the temple of Jerusalem, Acts xxi.

31-40; xxii. 20-30; xxiii. 15-0. LYSTRA, [that dissolves or disperses,] a city of Lycaonia in Asia Minor, about 12 miles south of Iconium, where Paul and Barna-bas had fled, and were taken for gods by those who heard them, Acts xiv. 6-23.

MACEDONIA, [adoration,] a country north of Greece, the original kingdom of Philip and Alexander, and the rise of which is described by Daniel under the emblem of a goat with one horn. Coins still exist in which that country is represented under the figure of a one-horned goat. To this country the apostle Paul was summoned to preach the gospel, and planted churches at Thessalonica and Philippi, &c., Acts xvi. 9—xvii. 14; and visited Amphipolis, Neapolonia, and Berea, towns of the same province. Much of ancient Macedonia is now the western part of Rounelia.

MAGDALA, [magnificent,] a town mentioned

in Matt. xv. 39, and the probable birthplace of Mary Magdalene, i. e. Mary of Magdala. MAGL or WISE MEN, Matt. ii. 1-12. Sages

eminent for their knowledge of astronomy. natural philosophy, and theology. They were probably descendants of Ishmael, and

were probably descendants of Ishmael, and from Arabia, a country east of Judea.

M.GICIANS, learned men of the East, who professed the knowledge of future events by astrology, Dan. ii. 3; iv. 7, 0, &c.

MAGISTRATES to be obeyed by Christians, Rom. xiii. 1-7; Titus iii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 13-17.

MALICE forbidden, 1 Cor. v. 8; xiv. 8; Eph.

iv. 31; Col. iii. 8, &c.

MALACHI, messenger, the last of the minor
prophets. His prophecy connects well
with the Gospel histories, to which allusion

is made in Luke i. 77; vii. 27.

MALCHUS, (king.) the servant of the highpriest Caiaphas, whose right ear Peter cut off, but which was healed by Jesus, John

viil. 10.

MALE nor FEMALE, Gal. iii. 38. Females were not admitted to all the Heathen rites, and the privileges of Jewish females were

also limited. Syriac word signifying wealth, and used by our Savior as a personification of the god of riches, Matt. vi. 24; Luke

MN. his creation and primeval dignity, Gen.i. 26, 27; ii. 7; Psa. viii. 5; Eccl. vii. 20; his fall, Gen. iii. 17; Corruption of his nature, Rom. iii. 10—23; Gal. v. 17; Eph. ii. 1—3; his mortality, Gen. iii. 19; Job vii. 10—14; Psa. lxii. 0; cxlvi. 3; Eccl. xii. 7; 1 Cor. xv. 22; 1 Pet. i. 24; his life and dignity of the control of th 1 Cor. xv. 22; 1 Pet. i. 24: his life and dignity restored by Christ, John iii. 14, 15, 36; iv. 14; v. 25; v. 39, 40; x. 27, 28; xi. 25 1 Cor. xv. 22, &c. The "old man" denotes I Cor. xv. 23, &c. The "old man" denotes the natural, unsanctified disposition, the "new man" the new disposition created and cherished by the gospel. "Natural" or animal man, a person unrennewed; "the inward man," or the "hidden man of the heart," the regenerate principle within, as opposed to the "outward man,"—that which is external and visible in the conduct.

congregation at Antioch, who had been brought up with Herod the tetrarch. Acts MANAEN, [s comforter,] a teacher in the

YSIA or Lycia, [desolving,] a province of Asia Minor, Acts xxvii. 5.
LYSIAS. [dissolving,] chiliarch and commander of the Roman troops who kept

25. Referred to, John vi. 81, 49, 58; Heb ix 4: Rev. ii. 17. MARANATHA. See ANATHEMA.

MARK, [polite, shining.] According to ecclesiastical testimonies the evangelist Mark is the same person who in the Acts is called by the Jewish name John, whose Roman name was Marcus, Acts xii. 12. Peter calls him his son, 1 Pet. v. 13, and he traveled with Paul and Barnabas as an assistant. Acts xii. 25; xiii. 5.

The Book of Mark was evidently written

for Gentile converts, probably about 30 years after the death of Christ. Some have supposed that Mark did little more than abridge Matthew's Gospel, but it has been shown by Weisse, Wolke, Baner, Michaelis, and others that he could not even have seen the book. He probably drew his facts seen the door. He productly grew his facts from Peter, (as stated by John the Presby-ter and Papias, according to Eusebius,) who, equally with Matthew, was an eye-witness of our Lord's life. or Character: "mark on their

or CHARACTER; "mark on their foreheads," and on "the right hand," Ezek. ix. 4; Rev. vii. 3; xiii. 16; xiv. 9; xx 4; an open profession of allegiance to those whose name or character they bear. Both servants and soldiers, in ancient times, were marked on the forehead, and hands, with some hieroglyphic, or with the name expressed in vulgar letters, or disguised in numerical letters, according to

the fancy of the imposer.
MARKS "of the Lord Jesus," Gal. vi. 17. The scars received from stripes and chains, alluding to an Egyptian custom, according to which any man's servant who fled to the temple of Hercules, and had the sacred brands or marks of that deity impressed impon him, was supposed to be under his immediate care, and privileged from all harsh treatment. So Paul claims exemption from reflections on his character, or disputes about the necessity of circumcision, for he valued far more the scars he bore than these marks enforced by Judaizing teachers.

ing teachers.

MARRIAGE, its institution, Gen. ii. 21—24;
its nature, Matt. xix. 4—9; 1 Cor. vi. 16;
vii. 10, 11; Eph. v. 31; lawful for all Christians, 1 Cor. vii. 38; 1 Tim. v. 14; Heb. xii.
4; ancien' mode of celebrating it. Gen.
xix. 22; seen byour Lord's parables, Matt.
xxii. 1—12; xxv. 1—10; sanctioned by his
presence, John ii. 1—10; none in the resurrection-state, Matt. xxii. 30; Mark xii. 25;
Luke xx. 35. The "marriage of the Lamb,"
Rev. xiv. 7, is expressive of the union of Luke xx. 35. The "marriage of the Lamb," Rev. xix. 7, is expressive of the union of Curist and his Church.

MARS HILL. Seee AREOPAGUS.

MARTHA, (who becomes bitter,) the sister of Lazarus and Mary, Luke x.38-42; John xi. xii, 2.

MARTYR, properly means a witness, and is applied in the New Testament: -1. To judicial witnesses, Matt. xvii. 16: xvi. 65, &c. 2. To one who testifies to what he has seen, heard, or known, Luke xxiv. 48; Acta i. 8, 22; Rom. i. 9, &c. 3. And most rarely to one who by his death bears witness to to the twith, which now is the most usual meaning of the word. In this sense we only find it in Acts xxii. 20; Rev. ii. 13; xvii. 7.

MARY, [exalted.] Six persons of this name are mentioned in the New Most Mark.

are mentioned in the New Testament :- 1 The mother of Jesus. She was the daugh

28\*

ter o. Eli, of the royal famlly of David, Mart. i. 16; Luke i. 27; ii. 5. 2. The sister of Lazarus, Luke x. 89; John xi. 1. &c. 3. Mary Magdalen, a resident of Magdala, Luke viii. 2; John xix. 25. Out of her Jesus casts even demons. She is not that female sinner mentioned Luke vii. 37, 4. The wife of Chapmas Luke vii. 37, 4. The wife of Cleopas, John xix. 25, and mother of James, Jude, Joses, Simon, and Salome, called the brethren of our Lord: from which it has been thought that Cleopas, and Joseph, the husband of the virgin Mary were brothers. 5. The mother of Mark, Act; xii. 12. 6. A resident at Rome, Rom.

MASTERS, their duty, Eph. vi. 9: Col. iv. 1:

MASTERS, their duty, Eph. vi. 9: Col. iv. 1:
James v. 4: exam.p.es, Gen. xviii. 19: Matt.
viii. 5-10: Luke vii. 2-10: Acts x. 2:
MATTATHA, [gyf;] son of Nathan, an ancestor of Jesus Christ, Luke iii. 31.
MATTATHAS, ithe gift of the Lord,] two
persons of that name, ancestors of Jesus,
luke iii. 25, 26.
MATTHAN, ithe reins,] son of Eleazar,
jather of Jacob, and gran. 2 ther of Joseph,
the husband of the virgin Mary. Matt. i.
15. 16.

16, 16.

MATTHAT, lgift, he that gives, ] son of Levi, and father of heli, Luke in 24.
ATTHEW, lgiven, a reward, ] also named ATTHEW, lgiven, a reward, ] Atthew, towen, a revant.] also named Levi, an apostic and evange, ist, son of Alpheus, by birth a Galinean, and by profession a tax-gatherer, hark i. 14: Luke v. 27. His narrative was probably written both in Hebrew and Greek.

toth in Hebrew and Greek.

The Book of Mutthew was the first written of all the Gospels, and contains a full account of the birth, life, actions, death, and resurrection of Christ. The style is very plain and perspicuous. Probably written about A. D. 38-41, in Hebrew, and shortly after in Greek. About A. D. 184 a Greek on was found in the East Indies. Greek copy was found in the East Indies, and in the year 488 another Greek copy was found at Cyprus, written en wood, and

esteemed very ancient.

MATHIAS, [the gift of the Lord,] one of the seventy disciples who was chosen by lot, in preference to Joseph Barsabas, into the number of the apostles, to supply the place of Judas Iscariot, Acts i. 23—26. Nothing is known of his subsequent career.
MEASURING into the Bosom. The eastern

garments being long and tolded and girded with girdles, admitted of carrying much corn and fruits of that kind in the bosom.

Luke v1. 38.

MEDIATOR, Mesitees, occurs Gal. iii. 19, 20, applied to Moses. Jesus is called the One Mediator, viz. of the Christian Institution, 1 Tim. ii. 5, and the Mediator of a new and and better covenant, Heb. vii.6: ix.15; xii. 24. It occurs 6 times. One that negotiates between two parties—God and man. Therefore, Jesus unites both in his own person. He mediates a new institution between God and man, and is Immanuel, God with 118

MEEKNESS, that quiet temper of mind which is not soon provoked to anger, but suffers injuries without desire of revenge, and submits to the will of God, Col. iii. 12: and is ready to receive the truth, James i. 21: it is of unspeakable value, 1 Pet. iii. 4: shone conspicuously in Christ, 2 Cor. x. 1:

Matt. xi. 29: Christians exhorted to it, Eph. iv. 2: 1 Tim. vi. 11; Titus iii. 2.

MELCHIZEDEK, [king of righteousness,]
king of Salem, and a priest of the most high God, though not a Jew, and to him Abraham gave tithes, Gen. xiv. 163, Fsa. cx. 4:

Heb. vii. 1, 2. Of his nation, parentage, age, &c., nothing is recorded: hence he is said to be "without descent, having neither beginning of days, nor end of life." He was an eminent type of Christ.

was an eminent type of Christ.

MELITA, [ofjording honey,] an island in the
Mediterranean Sea, now called Malta, between Africa and Steily. It is about 20
miles long, and 12 broad. Here Paul was
shipwrecked, Acts xxviii. I.

MERCURY, [to buy, or sell,] one of the fabulous deities of the heathen, son of Jupiter
and Maia, and messenger to the rest. He
was worshipmed as the patron of learning. was worshipped as the patron of learning, eloquence, and trade. The fluency of Paul made the people of Lystra suppose Paul

made the people of Lysers suppose rain was Mercury, Acts xiv. 12.

MERCY, an attribute of God, 2 Sam. xxiv. 14; Isa. i. 18; Eph. ii. 4; Titus iii. 5, 1 Pet. i. 2; the duty of man, Luke vi. 36; x. 30—37; Rom. xii. 8; its reward, Psa. xxxvii. 27; Matt. v. 7; Luke vi. 35; James ii. 13.

MERCY-SEAT or PROPITIATORY, the cover-

ing of the ark, or the lid of the ark of the covenant, round which was the crown or border of gold, and on which the cherubim were represented as looking. Before this the high-priest stood to ask counsel of the Lord, and there he received blessings for the people. Christ is our mercy-seat, Rom. iii. 35, and by him we have access to the Father

Facher, MiESOPOTAMIA, [betwen two rwers.] the famous province between the Tigris and Euphrates called in the Old Testament Padan-aram, Gen. xxviii. 2. It is much celebrated in Scripture as being the first dwelling of men, both before and after the Deluge. This country, according to Ptolemy, was very populous, and had 70 important cities. It is now called Diaibekir and

Augesira.

MESSIAH. See Anointed and Christ.

MICAH, a prophet of the tribe of Judah, who lived in the latter days of Isaiah and Hosea, and in the reigns of Jotham, Ahaz, and Hezekiah. His prophecy is one of the most important in the Old Testament. He gives the name of the very city where the Messiah was to be born, in chap. v. 2, which is quoted in Matt. ii. 5, 6, as well as many inportant circumstances connected with his

millennial kingdom and glory.
MICHAEL, {who as God,} the name given to one of the chief angels, who, in Dan. x. 13—21, is described as having special charge of the Israelites as a nation. Dan. xii. 1; Jude 20 Decrii 7.

9; Rev. xii. 7-9.

MILE. The Roman mile, mentioned Matt.
v. 41, was 1000 paces of 5 feet each, and
reckoning each foot at 11.63 inches, the mile would be little more than 1614 yards, or 146 yards less than ours. It was equal

or 140 yards tess than odds. It was equal to 8 Greek stadia.

MILETUS, [red, scarlet,] a seaport town of Asia Minor, 36 miles south of Ephesus. Mentioned Acts xx. 15—38.

MILL. The mill for grinding corn had not wholly superseded the mortar for pounding it in the time of Moses. The mortar and the time time of moses. The indicate and the mill are named together in Num, xi.8. Fine meal is mentioned as early as the time of Abraham, Gen. xviii. 6. The mill common among the Hebraws differed little from that which is in use to this day throughout Western Asia and Northern Africa. It consisted of two circular stones two feet in diameter and six inches thick. The upper side of the "nether millstone" was concave, and the lower side of the up-per one convex. The lower stone was fixed.

and the upper one was made to turn round upon it. The hole for receiving the grain was in the upper millstone, and which was was in the upper milistone, and which was moved by women, who sat opposite to each other. Matt. xxiv. 41.

MIND, put for the will, renewed, Rom. viii. 6, 7; unrenewed, Rom. i. 28; viii. 6, 7; Col. ii. 18; James i. 8.

MINISTER, Diakonos, See Dracon. One

who acts as the less (from minus or minor) or inferior agent, in obedience or subservience to another, or who serves, officiates, &c., as distinguished from the master, ma-

gister, (from magis,) or superior.
MINSTRELS, flute-players, and singers at funerals, Jer. is. 17-21; Matt. is. 23. The custom was borrowed by the Jews from the

Greeks.

MIRACLE, that which is above the regular operation of the established laws of nature. Every institution of God began with miracles, or works beyond the power of natural The first man was an adult, and law. The first man was an adult, and never an infant, as reason, experience, and revelation assert. The Jewish institution began in miracle. So did the Christian commence with a glorious display of miraculous powers. This was "the demonstration of the Spirit," and this "the power of God," on which the faith of Christians rests. MIRKOR. The oldest mirrors were made of metal. It was from such contributed by

the women, that the brazen averwas made, Exod. xxxviii. 8. The word in that place i improperly translated "ooking-glasses." The art of making glass was then unknown. On the discovery of America, the Mexicans were found to posses mirrors made of black vitrified lava, highly polished. The North Americans were found with mirrors of cop-

er and silver.

MITE or LEPTON, the smallest Jewish coin, equal to about two mills, or one-fifth of a

cent, Luke xii. 59.

MITYLENE, purity, the capital of Lesbos, an island of the Grecian Archipelago, N. W. of Smyrna. It is now called Castro, and sometimes Metilin, Acts Xx. 14.

MNASON, {a diligent seeker,} mentioned Acts xxi. 16. MODERATION enjoined, 1 Cor. vii. 29, 31,

Phil. iv. 5.
MODESTY recommended, Eph. v. 3, 4; 1 Tim.

MONEY, in ancient times was dealt out by weight, and still is in Turkey, Syria, Egypt, China, Birmah, &c.; coins being generally weighed by the merchant. The coin men tioned Matt. xvii. 27 was probably a shekel, or half an ounce of silver, in value, about 60 cents. A pound was equal to 60 shekels. A penny or didrachma, one-fourth of a she

kel, &c.

#IONET-CHANGERS, were persons who at a certain rate of profit, exchanged foreign coins, especially Roman, for those current among the Jews, Matt. xxi. 12; John 11.

14, 15. These money-changers would, of course, charge a commission upon all their transactions, and who from our Savior's words it may be inferred were not distinwords it may be intered were not distinguished for honesty and fair dealing—"It is written, my house shall be called the house of prayer, but ye have made it a den of thieves," ver. 13.

NONTH, a space of time, which, if measured by the moon, (whence its name,) is called lunar; and if by the sun, is called solar. The

lungr; and irby the san, is can.
Hebrew months commonly answer to two of our months, and take part of both. The following table shows the carliest beginning of each sacred month, according to Thurman's Astronomical Chronology:

Name of Month.		Beginning with	Days.	
Abib-Ezod. xiii. 4.	lmo.	March 22nd.	31	
Zif-1 Kings vi. 1.	2mo.	April 21st.	30	
Sivan-Esther viii. 9.	3mo.	May 20th.	31	
Tammuz-Esek. viii. 14.	4mo.	June 19th.	30	
Ab.	5mo.	July 18th.	31	
Elul-Nehemiah vi. 15.	6mo.		31	
Ethanim-1 Kings viii. 2	. 7mo.	September 15tl		
Bul-1 Kings vi. 38.	Smo.		31	
Chisleu-Zech. vii. 1.	9mo.			
Tebeth-Esther ii 16.	10mo.			
Sebat-Zechariah i. 7.	llmo.		31	
Adar-Esther iii. 7.	12mo.			
Nisan-Eather ili. 7.	lmo.		31	
201 1 11 1		THE CALLETT,	9L	

Michaelis, however, has given some very good reasons to show that the first, "the month of ears," or Nisan, did not begin be-fore the new moon of our April, which would, of course, fix the commencement of all the other months one whole month la-

ter than is commonly done.

MOON, a secondary planet, always attendant on our earth. The moon was formed to give light in and to rule the night, and to give light in and to rule the night, and to distinguish times and seasons, Gen. i. 14. "Numbering by months or moons is ap-propriate to the works of darkness; be-cause 'i'm moon is the governess of night; numbering by the course of the sun, is appropriate to the works of righteousness, and this is in correspondence with the use of these symbols in the Apocalypse. The continuance of the Beast, and the profan-ing of the holy city by the Gentiles, are reckoned by months: but the prophecy of the Witnesses by days: the abode of the woman in the wilderness by days, and by time, times, and half a time; three solar years and a half."

years and a half."
MOSES, [drawn out of the water,] the lawgiver of Israel, belonged to the tribe of
Levi, and was the son of Amram and Jochebed, Exod. vi. 20. He was the writer of
the Pentateuch. After leading forth the
Israelites from Egypt, and through the Israelites from Egypt, and unique the desert forty years, and conducting them to the borders of the promised land, he died at the age of 120 years in the full vigor of both mind and body. He was the most wonder the old Townston of the Old Townsto ful and imposing character of the Old Tes-

tament, and was well like the New, the Great Prophet of the New. MOTHER, the female parent. Being "with-MOTHER, the and without mother," Heb. vii. out father and without mother," Heb. vii. 3, means that he parents of Melchizedek were not entered in the genealogies which the Lews so sedulously kept. The law of Moses required no less reverence for the mother than the father; and thus shone out in beautiful superiority of other Eastern systems, in which women stands degraded. Mother is applied metaphorically to a variety of objects, such as the earth; queens as protectors; to a prophetess; to metropolitan cities; to the church of God;

metropolitan cities; to the church of God; and to antichrist.

MOUNTAIN. The principal mountains mentioned in Scripture, are Seir, Horch, Sinai, Hor, Gilboa, Nebo, Tabor, Engedi, Lebanon, Ebal, Amalek, Gerizim, Gilead, Moriah, Paran, Gahash, Olivet, Pisgah, Hermon, and Carmel. A mountain is the symbol of a kingdom, or of a capital city with its domains, or of a king, which is the same. See Psa. xxx. 7; Isa. ii. 2; xi. 9, Jer. iii. 23; ii. 25; Zech. iv. 7; Rev. vi. 14; xi. 20. "Fleeto the mountains," Luke xxi. 21. The mountains of Palestine have many The mountains of Palestine have many caves, affording a safe retreat from enemies,

Many of the noble Jews departed out of the city, and vast numbers field to the mountains; and ancient writers tell us, that at that juncture, all who believed in Christ left Jerusalem, and removed to places beyond; and so escaped the general ravages of their country, that not one is stated to have perished in that devoted city.

MAIN, [beauty,] a town of Palestine, situated about 8 miles S. E. of Nazareth. Luke vii. 11-15.

This word is often used in a modified sense, to describe a person only part y clothed, Micah i. S; John xxi. 7. All original was a mere cloth round their hips, when at labor, and are then calculated.

city.

MOURNING for sin, the evidence of repentance, Psa. xxxviii. 6; li. 2; Matt. v. 4; l Cor. v. 2; James iv. 0; for the dead, law concerning, Deut. xiv. 1; instances of, Gen. l. 3; Matt. ix. 23.

MOUTH, as the organ of speech, signifies the words which proceed out of it, which in the sacred style, are the same as commands and actions. "According to the commandment of Pharaoh," Gen. xlv. 12; is in the original, according to the mouth is in the original, according to the mouth of Pharaoh; hence, for a person or thing to come out of the mouth of another is to be constituted or commanded to become an agent or minister under a superior power; this is frequent in the Apocalypse. The term mouth is not only applied to a speech or words, but also to the speaker, Excd. iv. 16; Jer. xv. 19, in which sense it has a near equivalent in our expression "mouthpiece."

piece."
MURDER forbidden, Exod. xx. 13; Deut. v.
17; laws respecting it, Gen. ix. 6; Lev.
xxiv. 17; instances, Gen. iv. 8; 2 Sam. ii;
27; xx. 8-13, &c.
MURMURING censured, 1 Cor. x. 10; Phil.

1i. 14; Jude 16; instances among the Israelites, Exod. v. 20, 21; xiv. 11; xv. 23, 24; xv1. 2; Num. xi. 1; xiv. 1, 2; xvi. 41;

xxi. 5.

MUSTARD-TREE, or Sinari, probably a
tree found near Jerusalem, but most abundantly on the banks of the Jordan; and
round the sea of Tiberias, the seed of which
was employed as a substitute for mustard. Indeed, the common Arabic name for it is khardal. which signifies mustard. Its berries or seed are much smaller than a grain of black pepper, having a strong aromatic smell, and a taste much like that of garden cress. Its potan. sica. Matt. xiii. 31. Its botanic name is Salvadora Per-

MYRA, II flow, one of the chief towns of Lycia, in Asia Minor. Acts xxvii, 5.
MYRRH, a favorite perfume, a gum obtained

from the myrrh tree, John xix. 39.

MYSIA, [criminal,] a province occupying
the N. W. angle of Asia Minor, south of By-

the N. W. angieut activities thymia, Acts xvi. 7, 8.
MYSTERY, Mysterion, secret, hidden meanMYSTERY, Mysterion, Secret, hidden meanMYSTERY, Mysterion, 11, 11; ing, occurs 28 times. The secrets fidden meaning, occurs 28 times. The secrets of the kingdom of God so called, Matt. xii. 11; Mark iv. 11; Luke viii. 10. The calling of the Gentiles is called a mystery, Col. i. 26, 27. The first and leading sense of mysterion is arcanum, a secret, anything not disclosed, not published to the world, though perhaps communicated to a select number. And the other meaning is so nearly allied to it that it may properly be reckoned only a particular application of the same mean-ing. The word is sometimes employed to denote the figurative sense, as distin-guished from the literal, which is conveyed under any fable, parable, allegory, symbolical action, representation, dream, or vision.
The one is, as it were, open to the senses; the other requires penetration and reflection.

NAMES HON, Ithat foretells | mentioned Luke . 1. 22.

when at labor, and are then called "naked." It is from not knowing this

"naked." It is from not knowing this that some have supposed that persons were formerly baptized in a state of literal nakedness; whereas they only laid aside the loose outer garment. The word is used figuratively, in various senses.

NAME, when applied to God, often means his nature and attributes, that is, God himself. Psa. xx. 1; Prov. xviii. 10. His name to be reverenced, Erod. xx. 7; Lev. xix. 12; Psa. exi. 9; Matt. vi. 9; also the name of Jesus, Phil. ii. 10; Christians baptized in the name of Jesus, Matt. xviii. 19; Acts ii. 38; xix. 5; Rom. vi. 3; Gal. iii. 27; prayer to be offered to Jehovah in his name, John xvi. 23.

xvi. 23.

NAPHTALI, [my wrestling,] the sixth son of Jacob, and his second by Birhah, Racher's handmaid, born B. C. 1747, in Padan-aram. The limits of the territory of the tribe of Naphtali are described in Josh. xix. 32-39. Alluded to Matt. iv. 13-16.

Alluded to Matt. iv. 13-16.

NARCISSUS, [astonishment,] a Christian at Rome, saluted by Paul, Rom. xvi. 11.

NATHAN, [green,] the son of David and Bethsheba, the father of Mattatha, Luke iii. 31. Also, a prophet in the time of David, 2 Sam. vii. 3, &c.

NATHANIEL, [green of God.] honorably mentioned, John i. 45-51. Probably the

same as Bartholemew, one of the twelve

apostles.

NAZARENE, [kept, flower,] an epithet con-stituting a part of one of the names given to our Lord. It was a contemptuous desig-

to our Lord. It was a contemptuous designation and a term of reproach, and as such, as well as a mere epithet of description, it is used in the New Testament.

NAZAKETH, (guarded, flow ishing), a small city in the tribe of Zebulon, in Lower Galielee, about 79 miles north of Jerusalem, and 6 W. N. W. from Mount Tabor, situated on a hill, and overlooking a superb and spacious valiey. It is now called Nessara. Here Jesus dwelt from his childhood up, for nearly 30 years. Luke it. 51; iv. 16—9.

NAZAKITE, [a separated one,] a Jew who made a vow to observe uncommon devo-

made a vow to observe uncommon devotion, either for a given period or for life,

Num. vi. 1-21.

NEAPOLIS, (new city.) a maritime city of Macedonia, near the borders of Thrace, now called Napoli. Acts xvi. H.
NEW TESTAMENT, or NEW COVENERT.

See COVENANT. NICHOLAS, [conqueror of the people,] a proselyte of Antioch, and one of the seven

proselyte of Anticon, and one of the seven deacons, Acts vi. 5.

NICODEMUS, [innocent blood,] a Pharisee and member of the Sanhedrim, who came to Jesus by night, to make inquiry into the truth of the report he had heard concerning

truth of the report he had heard concerning him. John iii; further mentioned, John vii. 50: xix. 30.

NICOLAITANS, [conquerors of the people,] This word only occurs twice, Rev. ii. 6, 15, and it is not known from whom the name and this not known from whom the name is derived, freneus, the earliest Christian author who mentions them, says simply, "It very clearly appears from the Apocalypse, that the Nicolaitans held fornication, and the eating of idol-sacrifices, to be things indifferent and indifferent, and fuerefore permitted to

Trofolis. (retorious city.) a city of Thiace, now Nicopi, on the river Nessus, now Karason, which was here the boundary between Thrace and Macedonia. Titus NICOFOLIS.

NIGER, (black,) the surname of Simon, one of the teachers in the church at Antioch,

Acts xili. 1.

MIGHT, the time between evening and morning, and is a symbol of ignorance, Rom. in which anything comes suddenly and un-expectedly upon us, 1 Thess. v. 2; Isa. xv.

1. Luke in 20. NINEVEH, the capital of Assyria, founded by Ashur, the son of Shem, Gen. x. 11, and became one of the largest cities of the world. It was situated on the banks of the Tigris. In the 28th year of the reign of Josiah B. C. 572, it was utterly overthrown by the Medes. Matt. xii. 41.

NINEVITES, the inhabitants of Nineveh,

Luke xi 30.

NOAH (repose,) the second father of the human race, was the son of Lamech, the grandson of Methuselah, and the tenth from Adam born A M. 1056. Amidst the general corruption of the human race, he alone was found righteous, Gen. iv. 9, and was saved with his family in the ark, when the rest of mankind were destroyed, Gen. v. 28—32; honorably mentioned, Ezek. xiv. vi-ix, honorabl

Two-a few, Isa. vii. 21; 1 NUMBERS. Kings xvii 12. excellency, and perfection. Four-Univerreality of the matters comprised therein.

The four corners of the earth denote all parts of it, Jer. xlix 36. Seven—a large and complete, but uncertain and indefinite number in its liebrew etymology it sig-nihes fulness and perfection. Ten-Many, as well as that precise number, Gen. xxxi.

7. 41.

OATH, a solemn affirmation, accompanied by an appeal to Jehovah in attestation of the truth of what is said. An oath should never be taken but in matters of importauce, nor sworn by the name of any but the true God, as it is an act of solemn worship; nor trreverantly, without godly fear and awe of the Most High, Josh. xxiii.7; James v. 12; Deut, v. 13; Matt. v. 34, 35; Jer. v. 7 Indeed it is held by some that oaths ought not to be taken at all. Justin, Ireneus, Basil, Chrysostom, Augustine, &c., held oaths to be unchristian.

OBEDIENCE, must be complete, James ii.

10, 11; better than sacrifice, 1 Sam. xv. 22; Psa. 1. 8, 13: li. 16: Isa. 1. 11-15: Matt. ix. 13. xii. 7.

OFFEND, OFFENCE. Terms which respect all kinds of transpressions of the laws of God. The original words, which are used metaphorically allude to a stone or an adversariant of the control o which he sustains serious injury, and is retarded in his progress to a desirable object. See Matt. v. 29, 30: xvi. 23, xvii. 6, 7; Rom. xiv. 13, &c. When the Lord Jesus is denominated "a stone of stumbing, a rock of offence," the effect is evidently put for of offence," the effect is evidently put for the cause. I Pet. 11. 8. Matt. xxi. 44. Offence not to be given. I Cor. viii. 9. ix. 19-77. x. 32, 33; how to be taken, Matt. xviii. 13-19.

Christians." Their practices were not only opposed to the whole spirit and morality of the Gospel, but a violation of an express decree of the Apostles and Elders, Acts violation of the Corollis, (rectorious city, a city of Thrace, now Nicopi, on the river Nessus, now Karason, which was here the boundation of the Corollis of the State of Corollis were either obligatory, as the sin-offering, the trespass-offering, the burnt-offering, the meat-offering; or were roluntary, as free-will or peace-offerings of animals or fruits.

Oll, obtained from olives, such as we now call sweet oil, was abundant in Palestine, and at present is generally used throughout Western Asia. It is thought by Orientals to be more agreeable at meals than butter and animal fat; and Europeans soon accourre the same preference. The Hebrews used clive oil in their meat-offerings, in their sacred lamps, and in their common use. Oil for the use of the sanctuary, mentioned Exod. xxvii. 20; Lev. xxiv. 1-4. anointing, Exod. xxx. 22-38; xxxvii. 29.

See Lamps.

OINTMENT, oil perfumed, used to anomit the head, &c., Psa. cxxxiii. 2; Eccl. xi; Isa.

OLD AGE, to be respected, Lev. xix. 92: 1 Tim. v. 1, 2; what renders it venerable, Prov. xvi. 31; xx. 29; the infirmities of 11. Eccl. XII; the duty required of it. Titus II.

OLIVE-TREE, a tree very common in Paiestine. It has spreading branches like an estine. It has spreading orange the win-apple tree, and remains green in the winter. It flourishes about 200 years. There are two kinds, the wild and the cultivated The fruit which is about the size of a small plum, is very wholesome and nourishing, and is the chief resource of the orientals for oil. It ripens from August to September. The olive tree, remarkable for its verdure, soundness, and useful oil, is the symbol of the most illustrious and useful men. Moses and Aaron were two olive-trees. So were Zerubbabal trees. So were Zerubbabel and Joshua. Isa Ixi. 5; Jer. xi. 16. It is also an emblem of peace and mercy. The dove carried an olive-branch to Noah in the ark; and the original word, elaios, mercy, is derived from

original word cataly in the state of leave, a mountain or ridge lying to the east of Jerusalem, some 635 paces, from which it is separated by the valley of Jehoshaphat and the brook by the valley of Jehoshaphat and the brook of the state o by the variety of the summit there is a fine view of Jerusalem, and of the Dead Sea, Our Savior often withdrew with his disci-ples to this mountain, and here he beheld the city, and wept over its approaching the city, and wept over its approaching destruction; and from this spot he ascended to heaven in the presence of his aposties. Luke xix. 41—41; xxiv. 50, 51.

OLYMPAS, [kearexly,] a Christian at Rome, saluted by Paul, Rom. xvi. 15.

OLYMPIC GAMES, allusions to them, 1 Cor. ix. 24—27; Phil. iii. 12—14; 1 Tim. vi. 12; 2 Tim. ii. 5; iv. 7, 8; Heb. xii. 1—3.

OMEGA, the last letter of the Greek alphabet, properhially applied to approve the and

bet, proverbially applied to express the end. See Alfra.

ON ESIMUS, (profitable, useful,) mentioned Col. 1v. 9. Philemon 10—21.

Col. iv. 9: Philemon 10-21. ONESIPHORUS, [profit-bringer.] tun highly commended by Paul, for his benevolence toward him while he was a prisoner at Rome, 2 Tim. 1.16, 17. ONYX. See Practicus Storks. O NCLE, something delivered by super-

in the temple, was called the oracle, because there the priest inquired of God, 1 Kings vi. 5—19. The Scriptures, called the oracles of God, Acts vii. 88; Rom. iii. 2: Heb. v. 12; 1 Pet. iv. 11; and Christians are required to consult them at all times, and especially in matters of difficulty, and

of great importance.

ORDAIN, horizo, to limit, to bound, to mark out, hence the word horizon which bounds our view. Occurs 8 times. Pro-orizo, to foreordain, or previously mark out, occurs 6 times. Aphorizo, another compound from the same root, occurs 10 times, translated separate or separated. We have the word ordain often in the common version, when it is not horize in the original; such as to ordain apostles, elders, and to institute observances. For this word we have poico, to make or appoint; and we have kathisteto make or appoint; and we have hathiste-mi, to constitute. Poico occurs Mark iii. 14, "Jesus ordained twelve," i. e. appointed. L. instems occurs Titus i. 4, "Ordain eid-ers," i. e. appoint. Gnomai is also used to make or ordain an apostle, Acts i. 22. ORDINANCE, an appointed rite or observ-ance. No religious rite is binding, or even admissible, which is not of divine institu-tions or can any so instituted be varied

tion; nor can any so instituted be varied

tion; nor can any so instituted be varied or modified by human caprice or judgment.

OSTENTATION, to be avoided, Prov. xxv. 14; xxvii. 2; Matt. vi. 1.

OUTER, external. "Outer darkness" means the darkness of the night without, in opposition to the control of th sition to the light and splendor of the feast within. Hence the phrase is also used to express the state of exclusion from the kingdom of God. Matt. viii. 12.

OX, laws concerning it, Exod. xxi. 28-35; xxii. 4; Deut. xxii. 1; xxv. 4; quoted by Paul, 1 Cor. ix. 9.

OZIAS, (strength from the Lord.) son of Jo-ram. Matt. i. 8.

PADAN-ARAM, [of the field of Syria,] rendered by the Seventy, Mesopotamia. See

MESOFOTAMIA. PALM-TREE, produces dates, Exod. xv. 27; Deut. xxxiv. 8; Judges i. 16; its branches an emblem of joy, Lev. xxii. 40: John xii. 13; Rev. vii. 9. It is said that the bark, leaves, fruit, &c., of the palm-tree are employed by the Arabs for 360 uses.

PALSY, (from paraluo, Iunloose, enfeeble,) is a disease which deprives the body in whole,

or part, of action and teeling. Matt. iv. 24: viii. 6: ix. 2: Mark ii. 3, 5, 10. PAMPHYLIA, [a nation made up of every tribe,] a province in the southern part of Asia Minor, having the Mediterranean on the south, Cilicia on the east, Pisidia on the north, and Lycia on the west. Mentioned

Acts xiii. 13; xiv. 24, PAPHOS, [which boils,] a city of Cyprus, at the western extremity of the island. Here Paul performed a miracle on Elymas, who

rau periormed a miracle of Lymnas, who opposed his teaching, and endeavored to turn the Roman governor from the faith, Acts till. 6-12.

PARABLE. The word parable is derived from parabolice, which comes from parabolice. ballein, to compare, to collate. 1. It denotes an obscure or enigmatical saying, Psa. xix. 4. 2. It denotes a fictitious narrative, invented for the purpose of conveying truth in a less offensive or more engaging truth in a less offensive or more engaging manner than that of direct assertion, 2 Sam. xii. 2, 3; Judges ix. 7–15; 2 Kings xiv. 9, 10. 3. Any discourse expressed in figurative, poetical, or highly ornamented diction is called a parable, Num. xxii. 7;

Job xxvii. 1. New Testament parables seem to be generally employed in the second seense mentioned above, viz. to denote a fictitious narrative, under which is veiled some important truth. In some places, as Heb. ix. 9, it bears the meaning of type or emblem.

PARADISE, a term which by long and extensive use has been employed to designate the Garden of Eden. This has been caused by the Greek translators of the Pentateuch having adopted it. The word paradeisos is not properly either Greek or Hebrew, but appears to have been imported from a more eastern tongue, probably the Persian, and which signified the same as the Hebrew gan. In Gesenius and Robinson's Heb. Lez. it is defined thus; "A paradise, i. e. an orchard, an arboretum, particularly of pomegranates, a park, a fruit garden; a name common to several Oriental languages, and especially current among the Persians, we learn from Xenophon and Julius Pollux. Sancrit, pardeesha; Armenian, parder; Arabic, firdaus; Syrine, fardauso; Chaldee of the Targums, pardeesa." Josephus calls the gardens of Solomon, paraduses, and Berosus, quoted by Josephus says that the lotty gardens erected by Nebuchadnezzar, were called the Suspended Paradise. There were called the Suspended Paradise. There are only three places where the word is found in the New Testament, Luke xxiii. 43; 2 Cor. xii. 4; Rev. ii. 7; but which may be illustrated by reference to the primeval term, Isa. li. 3; Ezek. xxvii. 13; xxxi. 9, 16, 18; xxxi. 35; Joel ii. 3. PARCHIMENT, prepared sheep skin, and formerly much used for writing on, mentioned 2 Tim. iv. 13. PARENTS, to be honored, Exod. xx. 12; Deut. vi. 16; Eph. vi. 2; their duty to their children, Gen. xviii. 10; Deut. iv. 9; vi. 6,

Deut. v. 16; Eph. vi. 2; their duty to their children, Gen. xviii. 10; Deut. iv. 9; vi. 6, 7; vi. 17; Matt. xxii. 16; 2 Cor. xii. 14; Eph. vi. 4; Col. iii. 21; 1 Tım. v. 8. PARMENAS, [that abdes,] one of the seven deacons, Acts vi. 5.
PARTHIANS, [horsemen,] called Persians or Elamites in the time of the prophets, and Parthians about the time of Christ, Acts ii 0

ii. 9.

PARTIALITY, unfair and unjust treatment of others, to be avoided, Matt. xxii. 16; James ii. 1, 9, Jude 16.

PASSOVER, so called because instituted in remembrance of the destroying angel passing over the houses sprinkled with the blood of the paschal lamb. Exod. xii. 11, 12, &c. This was kept on the 14th day of Nisan or Abib. Sometimes it denotes the yearly festivity, called the Feast of the Passover, (Deut. xvi. 2; Num. xxviii. 16, 17;) celebrated on the 15th of Nisan; and sometimes the whole solemnity, commencing on times the whole solemnity, commencing on times the wholesofemnity, commencing on the 14th and ending on the 21st of Nisan, Luke xxii. 1; though, strictly, the Passover and the feast of unleavened bread, (or un-fermented things, more properly,) are dis-tinct institutions. Christ called our Pass-over, or Paschal lamb, I Cor. v.7. To be fulfilled in the kingdom of God, Luke

xxii. 16. PATARA, [trod under foot,] a seaport of Asia Minor, in Lycia, 160 miles S. E. of Ephesus.

Acts xxi. 1.

PATIENCE, recommended, Luke xxi. 19;
Rom. xii. 12; 1 Thess. v. 14; Heb. x. 36; xii;
Janes i. 3, 4, v. 7; 1 Pet. ii. 19, 20; 2 Pet.

1.6.
PATMOS, [mortal.] an island in the Ægean
Sea, 16 miles S. W. of Samos, to which the
apoetle John was banished, Rev. i.9. It is

usmall, oblong and rocky island, about 15 miles in circumference, and u.c., under the

Koman empire, as a place of banishment.
PATHARCH, a venerable man, with a large posterity. The word is chiefly applied to those who lived before the time of Moses, Acts vii. 8; and hence we speak of the patriarchial age. Heb. vii. 4.

PATROBAS, [paternal,] mentioned Rom.

xvl. 14, 15.
PAUL, [a worker,] was a native of Tarsus, a city of Clicia, Acts xxii. 5, and was of Jewish descent, of the tribe of Benjamin, Phil. iii. 5, and probably inherited the right of Roman citizenship from his father, through services rendered to the Roman state. He was first a persecutor, then a disciple of Christ, and commissioned by the Lord Jesus as an a postle to the Gentiles. Acts xxvi sus as an apostle to the Geothics. Acts xvi. 15—18. After a life of arduous labor and suffering for the name of Jesus, Paul was belieaded by Nero, it or near Rome, about A. D. of. Fourteen of the books of the New Testament are attributed to his pen, and they certainly evince his sound judgment

they certainly evince his sound judgment and scholastic attainments.

PEACE, to be cultivated, Psa. xxxiv. 14; Matt. v. 9; Mark ix. 30; Rom. xii. 18, &c.; by what means, Col. iii. 18; 1 Thess. iv. 11; the gift of Jesus to his disciples, John xiv. 27; Phil. iv. 7; James iii. 77, 18.

PEARL, a hard, white, shining substance, found in some shell-fishes. They are repeatedly mentioned in the New Testament, and appear to have been estremed of great value. Matt. xiii. 45, 46; 1 Tim. ii. 9; Rev. xvii. 4; xviii. 12-16; xxi. 12.

PENTECOST, the name (signifying fiftieth) given in the New Testament to the Feast of Weeks, or Ingathering, which was celebrated on the fitterhday from the Passover, or seven weeks from the 16th of Nisan. Lev. xxiii. 9-21; Deut. xvi. 6; Acts ii. 1; xx. 16. xx. 16.

PERFECT, complete, without blemish or defect. Perfection applied to God, Matt. v. PERFECT. complete, without olemish or defect. Perfection applied to God, Matt. v. 43; to his law, Psa. xix. 7; to be aimed at by Christians, Luke vi. 36; 2 Cor. xiii. 9, 11; Eph. v. 1—3; Col. iv. 12; 1 Thess, iii. 10, &c.; will be perfect in the future state, Eph. iv. 15; Col. i. 28; Heb. xii. 23; Christprayed for this, John xvii.
PERGA, [very earthly,] a town of Asia Minor, capital of Panphylia, 60 miles S. W. of Iconium, Acts xiii. 14; xiv. 25.
PERGAMOS, [heighth.] now Bergamo, acty of Asia Minor, in Mysia, on the Cairons. 50

of Asia Minor, in Mysia, on the Caicus, 50 miles north of Smyrna. It was once a large city, the capital of a kingdom, and had a library of 200.000 volumes; also a famed temple to Esculapius. In Pergamos was one of the "seven congregations of Asia,"

one of the "seven congregations of Asia," to which the Apocalypse is addressed.

PERSECUTION, how to behave under it, Matt. v. 44; x. 32; Rom. xii. 14; 1 Pet. iv. 19; the blessings connected with it, Matt. v. 10; xvi. 25; Mark viii. 35; Luke ix. 24; 1 Pet. iv, 14; James i. 2; Rev. vi. 0; vii. 13.

PESEVERANCE in duty, enjoined, Matt. xxiv. 13; Luke ix. 62; Acts xiii. 43; 1 Cor.

xv. 58, &c.; the glorious result, John a. 26, 27; Rom. ii. 7; Rev. ii. 10, 26, &c.
PERSIS, [that cuts,] mentioned Rom. xvi.

PESTILENCE, a name given in Scripture to any prevailing contagious disease.

PETER, [a rock, or stone] was one of the welve apostles, a native of Bethsaida, in Galilee, and was a son of Jonas, and brother of Andrew. His first name was Singen, but when the Savior called him to

the apostleship, he changed it to Cephas, John i. 42, 43. He was crucified about A. D. 70, with his head downwards.

— Epistles of. These were addressed to converted Jews in the province near the southern shore of the Black Sea, 1 Pet. i. 1. The first was written four or five years before the other. The second was sespecially intended to guard against false teachers, and scoffers. There have been more doubts expressed as to the genuinehoes of the second epistle than of any other book of the New Testament. It was not generally received or acknowledged as belonging to the sacred canon till the fourth century

Century.

PHARISEES, [separatists,] a famous sect of
the Jews, who distinguished themselves by
their zeal for the tradition of the elders,
which they pretended was delivered to Moses from Mount Sinai, and therefore of
equal authority with the law. From their rigorous observance of these traditions, they looked upon themselves as more holy than other men; and, therefore, separated themselves from those whom they thought sinners or profane, so as not to eat or drink with them. Hence arose their name.

with them. Hence arose their name.
PHEBE, [shining,] a servant of the congregation at Cenchrea. Rom. xvi. 1, 2.
PHENICE, [red, purples] a seaport town on the S. W. part of Crete, with a harbor, Acts xxvii. 12.
PHENICIA, [land of palm trees,] a country in the north of Palestine, on the Mediterranean, containing the cities of Tyre and Sidan. Sidon.

Sidon.
PHILADELPHIA, [love of a brother,] a city of Asia Minor, and one of the seven containing the Christian congregations to which the Apocalyptic admonitions were addressed. Situated in Lydia, on the Hermus, 65 miles east of Smyrna; and is now called Allah Shehr, "city of God," i. e. High-town. It was once a large city, but now contains only about 3000 houses.

now contains only about 3000 houses,
PHILEMON, [that kisses,] a friend of the
apostle Paul's and an eminent Christian,
residing at Colosse, whose servant, named
Onesimus, absconded and fled to Rome. There he was converted and sent back to his master with a letter from Paul, called The Epistle to Philemon, written about A.

The Episte to Philemon, written about A. D. 62, and was sent, together with Epistles to the Ephesians and Colossians, by Tychichus and Onesimus. Paley, in his Horæ Pauline, has brought many unanswerable proofs of the authenticity of the Scriptura from the ardesiand on the Pauline and the Ardesiand Control of the Scriptura from the ardesiand on the Pauline and the Ardesiand Control of the Scriptura from the Ardesiand Control of th from the undesigned coincidences between from the undesigned coincidences between this Epistle, that to the Colossians, and the Acts of Apostles. This Epistle has been universally admired as a model of graceful, delicate, and manly writing.

PHILETUS, [amiable,] an apostate Christian, mentioned by Paul, in connection with Hymeneus 2 Tim. ii. 17.

PHILIP, [warlike,] one of the twelve apostles; a pative of Bethsaida in Galilee, John i. 43, 44; Luke vi. 14.

tles; a pative of Beensada in Galilee, John i. 43, 44; Luke vi. 14.

one of the seven first deacons, Acts vi. 5; also called an Evangelist, Acts xxi. 3.

son of Herod the Great, by Cleopatra, and tetrarch of Batanea, Trachonitis, and Auranitis, Luke iii. 1, and from him Cesarea Philippi received its name, Matt. vi. 13. xvi. 13.

- another son of Herod, by his wife Mariamne, and called by Josephus, Herod, the first husband of Herodias, Matt. xiv. 3. PHILIPPI, a city of Macedonia, 70 miles E. N. E. of Thessalonica. It was once a large city, but now a mean village. Many ruins still exist, which are witnesses to its for-

mer greatness.

PHILIPPIANS, Epistle to the. Written by Paul from Rome during his two years' prisonment, and bears in every part the impress of his peculiar style, manner of thought, and form of doctrine. The church thought, and form of doctrine. had been planted by Paul, and of all the churches, they seem to have loved him the most, and to have been the most generous his support. He wrote to thank them for their bounty, and to teach them. This is the only Epistle of Paul which expresses no censure

PHILOLOGUS, [a lover of learning,] mentioned Rom. xvi. 15.

PHLEGON, [zealous,] mentioned Rom. xvi.

PHRYGIA, [dry, barren,] a country in the centre of Asia Minor, Acts xvi. 6; xviii. 28. PHYGELLUS, [fugitive,] a Christian who forsook Paul in his necessity, and mentioned in connection with Hermogones,

Tim. i. 15.

PHYLACTERIES, [safeguards,] strips or rolls of parchment, inscribed with passages rolls of parchment, inscribed with passages of the law; fastened on the forehead, wrist or hem of the garment, from a mistaken in terpretation of Exod. xiii. 9, 16; Num. xv. 37-40. See also Matt. xxiii. 5. Our Lord condemns not the wearing of them, but the pride and hypocrisy of the Pharisees in making them broad and visible, to obtain respect and reputation for wisdom and

picty.
PILATE, [who is armed with a dart.] Pontius Pilate was the sixth Roman Procurator of Judea, under whom our Lord taught, suffered, and died, Acts iii. 13: iv.27; xiii. 28; 1 Tim. vi. 13. Both Tacitus and Josephus corroborate the New Testament ac-

counts concerning him.

PILLAR, a column, a supporter, a monu-ment. "The pillars of the earth," and "pillars of heaven," are metaphorical ex-"pillars of heaven," are metaphorical expressions, by which the world is compared to a vast edifice, reared by the power and skill of Jehovah. Job ix. 6; xxvi. 1; xxviii. 4, 6; Psa. lxvv. 3. James was a pillar in the church; that is, a great support and ornament; and the church itself is the "pillar and ground of the truth;" that is, it maintains truth in the world.

that is, it maintains truth in the world.

1 Tim. iii. 15.
PISIDIA, [pitch.] a country of Asia Minor, west of Mount Taurus, S. W. of Lycaonia, and north of Pamphylia. Its present name

is Natolia. PLOW, an instrument of tillage. To plow and look back, Luke ix. 62, is to make bad work, if indeed one could thus work at all, especially with the imperfect plows used in the time of Christ. Christians, therefore, must not look back on the world with pleasure and desire, but give all heed to the important work and reward which lies be-fore them. 1 Cor. iz. 10. POLYGAMY, laws against, Gen. ii. 24; Matt. xix. 4-6; Mark z. 6-8; Rom. vii. 3; 1 Cor.

vii. 2.
PONTUS, [the sea,] a country comprehending the N. E. part of Asia Minor, and bor-

dering on the Euxine Sea.

dering on the Euxine Sea.
POOLS, mentioned John v. 1—7; ix. 7.
PORCIUS, [a lover of pork.] Porcius Festus
succeeded Felix in the government of Judea. Acts xxiv. 27.
POTTER, one who makes earthenware; a
type of the sovereignty of God, Jer. xviil. 2;
Rom. ix. 21; the breaking of his vessels an

emblem of destruction. Jer. xix. 1, 11; Rev.

ii. 17.
POTTER'S-FIELD. See ACELDAMA.
PRAISE, to commend. To praise God is to duly acknowledge his great excellences.
Psa. cxxxviii; Rev. xix. 5. It is one of the

duly acknowledge his great electricities. Psa. cx.ivvii; Rev. xix.5. It is one of the noblest acts of worship, and is the dictate of nature. Acts xvi. 25: 1 Cor. xiv. 15; Eph. v. 19; Col. iii. 16, &c. Praise of men, no proper principle of action, Matt. vi. 1; Gal. v. 26; Phil. ii. 3.

PRAYER, the obligation and use of it, Matt. v. 44; vi.6; vii.7; Luke xviii. 1; Phil.iv. &. Col. iv. 2; 1 Tim. ii. 1, &c; to be offered in faith, Matt. xxi. 22; Heb. xi. 6; without ostentation and vain repetitions, Luke xviii. 1-14; Matt. vi. 7; in the name of Jesus, John xiv. 13; xv. 16; xvi. 23; Eph. v. 20, &c.; instances of private prayer, Dan. vi. 10; Matt. xiv. 25; Acts iz. 11; x. 9; social, Acts i. 14; ii. 42; xii. 12; xvi. 13, 16; xxi. 5; forms of prayer, Num. vi. 22-27; x. 35, 36; Deut. xxi. 8; xxi.; Matt. vi. 0-13.

PREACH, or PROCLAIM, is loudly to make known the will of God, as his appointed heralds, Eph. iii. 8. Kerusso, from keruza,

heralds, Eph. iii. 8. Kerusso, from keruza, a herald, or public crier, 1s found 62 times, and always indicates to make proclama-

and always indicates to make proclama-tion as a heraid.

PRETORIUM. This word denotes the gen-eral's tent in the field, and also the house or palace of the governor of a province, whether a pretor or not. It is applied to Herod's palace at Jerusalem, Matt. xxvii. 27; Mark xv. 16; John xviii. 28, 38; xix. 9; also to the one he built at Cesarea, Acts xxiii. 35. In Phil. i. 13, the word denotes the camp or quarters of the Pretorian cohort at Rome.

PRIEST, a man who officiate' or transacted with God on behalf others, s tedly, or for the occasion. Those under the law were of the family of Aaron, Exod. zwiii. 1; under the Christian economy, all disciples are a

holy and royal priesthood, 1 Pet. ii. 5, 9; Rev. i. 6; v. 10: xx. 6.

— HIGH, first Aaron, afterwards the eldest son of the eldest branch of his fam-

edects on of the elect branch of his lamily, Erod. xviii; Jesus Christ, the Melchisedek High-priest, Psa, cx. 4: Heb. iv. 1; v. 4, 5: vi. 20: vii—x. 22, &c.
PRINCE, a chief, a governor. Christ is the "Prince of peace," Isa. ix. 6: Eph. ii. 15: John xiv. 27: "Prince of life." Acts ii. 15: "Prince of the kings of the earth, Rev. i. 5. These titles peculiarly belong to him, because he is the "resurrection and the life," and has the "keys of death and hades," and will raise up the believer at the last day: then in his kingly and priestly office, "he will speak peace to the heathen," and will speak peace to the heathen," and
"make wars to cease to the ends of the
earth," and "peace shall flow as a river:"
then "all kings shall fall down before him: all nations shall serve him."

probably like Phoeba, a deaconess. She shared the travels, labors, and dangers of her husband, and is always named along with him, Rom. Ivi. 8: 1 Cor. Xvi. 19:

2 Tim. iv. 19. PROCHORUS, [hewho presides over the choirs,]

one of the deacons mentioned Acts vi. 5. PROCONSUL, a Roman officer appointed to the government of a province with consular authority. When the apostle Paul was at Corinth he was brought before Gallio, the proconsul of Achaia, Acts xviii. 18-16. PROMISES of God, many and various, and

exceeding great and precious, 2 Pet. i. :: are sure in Christ Jesus, 2 Cor. i. 20: ar

incentives to purity, 2 Cor. vii. 1: are for the present and future life, 1 Tim. iv. 8. PROPILET. This word and the word proph-

ery have two meanings: the one is the foretelling of events yet future, the other is the uttering the meaning of ancient oracles, or speaking, from the impulse of the Spirit, to the edification and comfort of Christians.

1 Cor. viv: Rom. xii. 6.
PROPITIATION, that which atones for and covers our guilt, as the mercy-seat covered the tables of the law, Rom. iii. 25; 1 John

ii. 2; iv. 10.
PROSELYTE, a stranger, or one from abroad, converted to the Jewish religion, Acts ii.

10; vi. 5; xiii. 43. PROSEUCHA, a word signifying prayer, and always so translated in the authorized version. It is, however, applied to a place of prayer,—a place where assemblies for pray-er were held, whether a building or not. In this sense it seems Luke vi. 12 must be

understood, also Acts xvi. 14. PROVIDENCE, a care for the future. The Greek word pronoia, means forethought, and corresponds with the Latin providentia. which originally meant foresight. God's care or providence, considered in reference to all things existing, is termed by Knapp universal; in reference to moral beings, spe-cial; and in reference to holy or converted beings, particular. Everything's an object of Providence in proportion to its capacity. The disciples, being of more value than many sparrows, were assured of greater providential care. Matt. vi. 26; x. 29-31.
PRUDENCE recommended, Prov. xii. 16, 23; xiii. 16; xiv. 8; Matt. x. 16: James iii. 18.
PSALMS, Book of, one of the most extensive.

and useful in Scripture, is often quoted in the New Testament. That David composed most of the Psalms is beyond doubt.
"Psalms and hymns and spiritual songs,"
Eph. v. 19. Psalms, denote such sacred songs or poems as are sung to instruments, and may here refer to those of David; hymns signify songs in honor of God; and somes means any regular poetic composi-tion adapted to singing, and here restricted to those which are spiritual. This admonition is in opposition to the practice of the heathen, who, in their Bacchanalia, or feasts, dedicated to Bacchus, the god of wine, became intoxicated, as the previous

verse intimates, and sang drunken songs in praise of their deity.

PTOLEMAIS, |warlke,| now Acre, a seaport of Palestine, 24 miles south of Tyre It is famous for its seige by the Crusaders. It is now the principal port of Palestine, and

contains about 10,000 inhabitants.

PUBLICAN, a person who farmed the taxes and public revenues. The name and profession of a publican were extremely odious among the Jews, who submitted with much reluctance to the taxes levied by the Romans. The publicans were also noted for their imposition, rapine, and extortion, to which they were, perhaps more especially prompted by having a share in the farm of the tribute, as they were thus tempted to oppress the people with illegal exactions, that they might the more speedily enrich themselves. Zaccheus and Matthew were publicans, but there is no reason to suppose that either of them had been guilty of Lujust practices, or that there was any exception to their characters beyond that of Leing engaged in an odious employment.
M.tt. xvii. 17: xxi. 31; Luke v. 27; xix. 2.
PDPLiUS, [common,] governor of Melita, at the time of Paul's ships see on that is

the time of rauts ships get on that is land, Acts xxvii 7,8. PUDENS, [shame; gccd.] 2 Tim. iv. 21. PURPLE, a color much worn by kings and emperors, Mark xv. 17. It is the famous Tyrian dye, so costly, and so celebrated in antiquity. It was procured from the shellfish named murez or purpura. The traffic init, probably, was profitable, Acts xvi. 14. To this day, the best scarlet dye, (a term often interchanged for purple,) in all Asia, is produced at Thyatira.

is produced at Thyatira.
PURITY of heart and action required, Rom.
vi. 19; Gal. v. 16; Eph. i. 4; v. 5, 4; Phil. ii.
15; Col. iii. 5; 1 Pet. ii. 11; 2 Pet. iii. 14.
PUTEOLI, [abounding in wells,] now Pozzuoli, a maritime town of Campania, in Italy, on the north shore of the bay of Naples, and about 8 miles N. W. from the city of that name. Acts xxviii. 3.

QUARRELS to be avoided, Rom. xiii. 13; Col. iii. 13; James iii. 16; iv. 1-7. QUARTERMON, a detachment of four soldiers, Acts xii. 4, which was the usual number of a Roman night watch. Peter, therefore, was guarded by four soldiers, two within the prison and two outside the doors; and as the watch was neally doors; and as the watch was usually changed every three hours, it was necessary that the four quarternions mentioned in the text should be appointed for the pur-

QUARTUS, [the fourth,] a disciple, mentioned Rom. xvi. 28.

QUEEN often means in Scripture a king's mother. A reference to this fact will remove several apparent discrepancies in the Old Testament. The word has still the same meaning among Orientals. It also denotes meaning among orientals. It also denotes a woman who is married to a king, or governs a kingdom, Neh. ii. 10; 1 Kings x. 1; Acts viii. 27. Also, the church as espoused to Jesus, Psa. xlv. 9.
QUICKSAND. In Acts xxvii. 17, it is men-

tioned that when the ship in which Paul was driven past the isle of Clauda on the south, the mariners, as would now be said. struck the sails, and scudded under bare poles, lest they should fall into the quick-sands. The original word syrtis denotes a sand bank or shoal, dangerous to navigation, drawn, or supposed to be drawn together by the currents of the sea.

RABBI, a name of dignity among the Jews, RABBI, a name of aignity among the sews, signifying dector or master. Applied to Jesus, John i. 88, 49; iii. 2, 26; vi. 25. Jesus warns his disciples against suffering it to be given to them, Matt xxiii. 7-12.

RABBONI, signifying my great master, is the highest honor or title of respect applied by the Laws to the teachors of the law.

by the Jews to the teachers of the law, Mark x.51; John xx.16.

RACA, a word which occurs in Matt. v. 22, and which is left untranslated in the authorized version. It is expressive of contempt, and signifies an empty, worthless fellow.

RACE, a rapid course, generally implying contest. The numerous allusions to Gre contest. The numerous attusions to Grecian footraces, contained in Paul'sepistles, require some knowledge of the laws of those games. See I Cor. 1z. 24; 2 Tim. ii. 5; Heb. zii. 1; Gal. v. 7, &c. Those person who intended to contend in the games were obliged to repair to the gymnasium ten months before the solemnity, where they prepared themselves by continual exercise; and no man who had omitted to present himself in this manner was allowed to coutend for any of the prizes. Hence the apostie says, "Now every one who contends, or

tie says, "Now every one who contends, or strives for the mastery, is temperate in all things."

RACHEL, [asheep.] daughter of Laban, sis-ter of Leah, and wife of Jacob, Gen. xxix. 6. Jeremiah and Matthew have put Rachel for the tribes of Ephraim and Manas-sch, the children of Joseph, Jer. xxxi. 15; Matt. li. 18.

Matt. ii. 18.
RAHIAB, [proud.] a woman of Jericho; her history, Josh. ii; vi. 22—25; an example, Heb. xi. 31; James ii. 25.
RAHLING forbidden, 1 Cor. v. 11; 1 Pet. iii. 0; 2 Pet. ii. 11; Jude 9.
RAIN was plentiful in Israel twice a year. "The early and the latter rain" occurred, the former in September, the latter in March. After these, the weather becomes settled, and about May the grain is gathered. In Egypt it scarcely ever rains; the overflow of the Nile, and copious dews, answering the purpose. In tropical climates the winters the rainy season. Violent mates the winter is the rainy season. Violent winds often attend these rains, and overthrow insecure houses. Hence our Savior's

parable. Matt. vii. 25.
RAMAH, [elevared,] a city of Benjamin, six
miles north of Jerusalem, Josh. xviii. 25. Near this was Rachel's tomb; she is poeti-Near this was hather a tolling from the grave, cally introduced as rising from the grave,

cally invoduced as rising from the grave, and looking in vain for her offspring. "Rachel weeping for her children," Jer. xxxi. 15. RASHNESS censured, Psa. xxxi. 22; cxvi. 11; Prov. xiv. 29; Acts xix. 36. RAVEN, a bird of prey, eerenonially unclean. Elijah fed by ravens, 1 Kings xvi. 4-6; and are cared for by God, Job xxxviii. 41. Psa. cxivii 9: if he cares for rayens. 41; Psa. cxlvii. 9; if he cares for ravens, how confidently may his people trust him!

Luke xii. 24. RECONCILIATION, a restoring to favor, or RECONCILIATION, a restoring to ravoi, reunion between those who had been at variance, Rom. v. 10; 2 Cor. v. 18; Eph. ii.16; Col. i. 20.

REDEEM, to buy back what was sold, pledged, or forfeited.

REDEEMER, one who ransoms by paying the price. Christ our redeemer, 1 Pet. 1. 19.

the price. Christ our redeemer, 1 Pet. I. 19. REDEMPTION, means deliverance, from lutrosis, which occurs in Luke i. 68; ii. 58; Acts vii. 55; Heb. ix. 12. Apolutrosis, deliverance from, occurs 10 times, and signifies the dismissing of a person after a ranson

has been paid.

REFORM, metanocoo, occurs 34 times, and metanoia, reformation, 24 times. Metanocoo signifies to think after, or to change one's mind so as to influence the conduct. one's mind so as to inhuence the conduct.

Dourai metanoian, Acts v. 31, to give reformation, is equal to making a proclamation offering inducements to it. A unctation from Josephus willillustrate this—"Dounai metanoian epi tois perragmenois," to publish a pardon to those who lay down their arms.

REGENERATION, denotes a new birth, a renovation, or complete change for the better. The original word, palingeneria, oc-curs twice—Matt. xix. 28, the renovation, or change of state or condition; and Titus iii. 5, the washing, or bath of regeneration, connected with the renewing of the mind by the Holy Spirit. "Born again" is a fig.

The noun, apheesis, remission oc. 18, 10, curs 17 times, and the verb, aphieemi, occur s 146 times; rendered to forgive, remit, ser free from, dismiss, in all versions.

REMPHAN, [prepared, i the name of an idol, which some thick to be Saturn, Amos v. 26; Acts vii. 43.

REPENT, metamelomai, I repent, or am concerned for the past, occurs Matt. xxi. x9, 3 ; xxvii. 3; 2 Cor. vii. 8; Heb. vii. 21. Always

xxvii. 3; 2 Cor. vii. 8; Heb. vii. 21. Always translated repent.

REPROCF, how to be given, Lev. xix. 17; Prov. ix. 8; xxiv. 25; Lukexvii. 3; 1 Thess. vi. 14; 2 Thesr. iii. 15: 1 Tim. v. 1, 20; 2 Tim iv. 2; how to be received, Prov. x. 77; xii. 1; xiii. 18; xv. 5, 70, 31, 32; xiz. 20; xxvii. 25: xxix. 1; Eccl. vii. 5.

REST. quietness anomics to Chalatter.

XXI. 1; ECCL VALS. REST, quietness, promised to Christians, Matt. xl. 28, 29; Heb. iii. 11, 18; iv. 1-11. RESTITUTION, means the restoring of any hing to its former state. Acts iii. 21. The hing to ts former state. Acts iii. 21. The original wor' signifies, to dispose, order, or settle anything in a good feate, whic' has previous! een bad. These times will be prophetics respecting the conversion of the Jews and Gentiles. Also the returnine of a thing unjustly gotten r making amends or an injury. This very particularly enjoined in the law Moses, Exod. amends or an injury. This very parti-cularly enjoined in the law Moses, Exod. xxi.; Lev. xxiv.; Deut. xix. It was done at the reformation under Nehemiah. Neh. v. 10, 11; and by Zaccheus, who following the Roman law, agreed to restore fourfold.

Roman law, agreed to restore fourfold, Luke xix. 8.

RUSURRECTION of Christ, foretold, Psa. xvi 10, 11; Matt. xii. 40; xvi. 21; xvii. 23; Mark ix. 31; xiv. 28; John ii. 19; recorded by the Eva gelists, Matt. xxviii.; Mark xvii.; Luke xxiv.; John xx.: preaoched by the apostles, Acts ii. 24-36; iii. 15; iv. 10; v. 30, 31; xi. 40-42; xiii. 30-37; xvii. 18; 31; xxv. 19; xxvi. 8, 55; l Cor. xv. 5, 4 the resurrection of Christ the foundation of the believer's hope, l Cor. xv. 12-18; l Thess. iv. 14-17; l Pet. i. 3; promised to them by Jesus, John v. 29; vi. 39, 40, 54; xi. 25; xiv. 19, &c.

RETALIATICN, law of, Exod. xxi. 24, 35; Lev. xxiv. 20; Deut. xix. 21; abrogated. Matt. v. 38; Rom. xii. 17; l Cor. vi. 7. I Thess, v. 15; l Pet. iii. 9.

Matt. v. 35: Roll. M. 17: 1 Cor. 31: 1 I Thess, v. 15; I Pet. iii. 9. REVELATION, Book of. Critics generally agree that the apostic John was the writer of this book, and that it was written about A. D. 9°. It is a prophery expressed in the most striking and impressive symbols, of the fortunes of the Christian Church, commeneing soon after the fall of Jerusalem to the consummation of all things-running through a period of nearly 3000 years; and embracing the downtall of Pagan Rome: the rise, progress, and overthrow of the apostacy: the second appearing of Jesus Christ as the king of kings, punishing the destroyers of the orth and subjugation the destroyers of the earth, and subjugating all the kingdoms of this world to himself. and gives a glance at his mi lennial reign with his glorified saints, and the final and complete overthrow of all the powers of evil, and the establishment of universal peace and righteousness for the ages of the ages. The Apocalypse is a very difficult

20. Christ our example, 1 Pet. ii. 28: iii. 9: 1

2 /et.ii. 11: Jude 9.
RIII:GIUM, [caplure,] now called Reggio, a scaport opposite to Messina in Sicily, Acts

RHESA, [will,] an ancestor of Jesus, Luke

RHODA, [a rose,] a servant of Mary, the the mother of John Mark, Acts xii. 13. RHODES, [a rose,] an island near the S. W. corner of Asia Minor, 125 miles in circumference, celebrated in ancient history for commerce, and for a colossal brazen statue of Apollo, which was reckoned one of the seven wonders of the world. It was 130 feet high, and ships in full sail passed be-tween its legs. It was thrown down by an earthquake after standing 50 years. Acts xxi. l

xxi. 1.

RICHES, their uncertainty, Matt. vi 19;
Luke xii. 16-21; James v. 1-3; dangerous,
Matt. xii. 22; James i. 6, 7; v. 1-4; a blessing if well used, Lake xvi. 9; 1 Tim. vi. 1719; true riches, Matt. vi. 19, 20; Luke xii.
53; Rev. ii. 9; iii. 18.
RIGHTEOUSNESS, Christ is to his people,
Jer. xxiii. 6; Mal. iv. 2; 1 Cor. i. 30, &c.;
the righteous to inherit eternal life, Dan.

the righteous to inherit eternat life, Dan. xii. 2; Matt. xxv. 46; Luke xviii. 30; John iii. 15; iv. 14; Rom. ii. 7; 1 Tim. vi. 19; Titus i. 2; 1 John ii. 15; Jude 21. RIGHT HAND 18, in Scripture, asymbol of power. Exod. xv. 6; Psa. xxi. 8. In the court, the place for the pleader was on the right hand, and the Sanhedrin placed three to be justified on the right hand, and those to be justified on the right hand, and those to be condemned on the left hand. It was also reckoned a position of the highest honor to be placed at the right hand. I'sa.

cx. 1. RISE "up in the judgment," Matt. xii. 42. The judge did not pass sentence in a sitting posture, but rose up for that purpose; also

posture, the witnesses rose up from their seats, when they gave evidence against criminals. RIVER of hie, Rev. xxii. I. ROCK, "upon this rock will I build my church," Matt. xvi. 18. The Greek word for Peter is Petros, and means a stone, and the original word for rock, is petra. The meaning of this passage therefore is, "Tuou art Petros, a stone, and on this petra, rock, will I build my church," Mark the construction of the language. "Thou" the construction of the language. "Thou" is in the second person, and "this" is in the third; "petros" is masculine, and "petra" third; "petros" is masculine, and "petra is feminine. Jesus asked for a confession; Peter gave it in these words,—"Thou art the Christ, the son of the living God." and this was the petra on which he declared that he would build his church, and against which the gates of hades should not prevail. 1 Cor. iii. 11.

ROD, a symbol of power and rule, Psa. ii. 9. ROMANS, Epistle to. Paul had never been to Rome when he penned this letter. It was called forth by his having heard of their condition, and especially of the difficulties existing between the Jewish and the Gentilemembers. He controverts many of the errors of both Jews and Pagans, as to ancestral merit, justification, the effi-cacy of sacrifices, election, submission to foreign rulers, &c. Paul was nearly sixty years old when he wrote this letter, during

years old when he wrote this letter, daring a residence of some months at Corinth. ROME, [strength,] a city of Italy, on the Tiber, 12 miles from the sea. It was built on seven hills, was the capital of the Roman the mistress of the world, and the empire, the mistress of the world, and the seat of arts and arms. It has long been the residence of the Pope, and the seat of ecclesiastical power. It contains St. Peter's church, the most magnificent edifice in the world, and has many monuments of its ancient grandeur. Though greatly reduced, it nevertheless contains about 150,000 inhabi-

nevertheress can tants.
RUBY. See Precious Stones.
See Stones.
See Precious Stones. that he Sabbath day was observed before the Law, no command or example of its ob-servance being recorded. It was positively enjoined on the nation of Israel, as one of the ten commandments, "written and en-graven on stones," and to which they were required to yield exact obedience. Jesus claimed to be "Lord of the Sabbath," and showed the Pharisees that it was "lawful to do good on the Sabbath. The Savior having "blotted out the hand-writing of ordinances, and taken it out of the way, by nailing it to his cross," rested the whole of the Sabbath in the grave, and arose on the first of the week, as Lord of the new crea-tion. There is no mention of the Sabbath being enjoined on Christians, and especially on Gentile believers. See Acts xv. 19-29.

DAY'S JOURNEY. Acts i. 12.

Jewish tradition allowed a man to travel

on the Sabbath only one mile. SABBATICAL YEAR, the seventh year, in which the land was to have rest, Exod. xxiii: Lev. xxv. It was also called a "year of release," and in it all debtors were liberated, and all law-suits ceased. Deut. xv. l. SACRIFICE, an act of religious worship, in

in which the worshipper shed the blood of animals, as an acknowledgment of his guilt and exposure to death, and as a typical atonement for sin, Gen. xxxi. 54; Heb. x. 1, &c.: xi. 4, &c. The Jewish people could not offer their own sacrifices; they were to bring them to the priest, and he was to offer them. So compare two recurrences. offer them. So cannot we now offer up our prayers and praises to God but by Jesus Christ, and so the apostle here applies the case. "By him, let us offer the sacrifice of praise," Heb. xiii. 15.

SADDUCEES, [just, nustified,] a famous sect among the Jews, so called, it is said, from their founder, Sadoc, who flourished about 260 years B. C., and taught there was no resurrection nor future state, neither angel

resurrection for the tree state, neither anger nor spirit, Matt. xii. 23; Acts xxii. 8. SALAH, [mussion,] a son or grandson of Ar-phaxad, Gen. x. 24; xi. 13; Luke iii. 35. SALAMIS, [shaken,] one of the chief cities of Cyprus, on the S. E. coast of the island,

Acts xiii. 5.

Acts xiii. 5.

SALATHIEL, [I have asked of God,] or Shealthan, the father of Zerubbabel, 1 Chron. iii. 17; Matt. i. 12.

SALEM, [peace,] the original name of Jerusalem, Gen. xiv. 18; Heb. vii. 1, 2, and was used poetically in later times, Psn. lx xvi. 2.

SALEM, [a fox,] the well-watered place where John haptized. John iii. 23.

SALION, [peace, page 25].

SALMON, [peaceable,] the son of Nahshon, who married Rahab, 1 Chron. in. 11; and the father of Boaz, Ruth iv. 21; Matt. 1. 2.

5; Luke iii. 32.
SALMONE, (peuceable,) a prome tory terming the eastern extermity of the island of

Crete, Acts xxvii. 7.

SALOME, [peaceable,] the wife of Zebedee, and mother of James and John, Matt. xxvii.56: Mark xv. 50; xvi. 1. Also, the name of that daughter of Herodias, who caused the death of John the Baptist.

caused the death of John the Paplist.

SALT, was used with every burnt offering,
Lev. ii. 13; Mark ix. 49; discipies compared
to it, Matt. v. 13; Luke xiv. 34. In illustration of Matt. v. 13, Maundrell, in his travels
near Aleppo, says, "I found veins of salt, of which the part exposed to the air. sun and rain, had lost its savor, while that below the surface preserved its saltness." Schoet-genius has largely proved in his "Horæ Hebraicæ," that such as had become insipid was used to repair roads.

Was used to repair roads.

ALUTE, to address with civility. The
Easterns salute according to rank. The
common salutation is laying the right
hand on the bosom and a little declining the body. In saturing a person of rank they bow almost to the ground and kiss the hem of his garment. Inferiors kiss the feet, the knees, or garments of superiors. Equals kiss the beard, the cheek, or the neck. "Salute no man by the way," was

neck. "Salute no man by the way," was an order when great despatch was required SALVATION, deliverance from evil. 1. Salvation from physical dangers, Acts xxvi. 15; Heb. xi. 7; 1 Tim. ii. 15; Acts vii. 25; xxvii. 20. In this sense God is the savior or preserver of all men. 2. Salvation from the guilt, pollution, and dominion of sin, Acts ii. 47; Mark xvi. 16; 1 Cor. i. 18; 2 Cor. ii 15; 1 Pet. iii. 21; James i. 21; Eph. ii. 5, & &c. 3. Salvation enters and complete at 8, &c. 3. Salvation entire and complete at

8, &c. 3. Salvation entire and complete at the resurrection and clorification of the saints, 1 Cor. vi. 5; Rom. v. 9; xiii. 11; Phil. ii. 12; Heb v. 9; 2 Tim. ii. 10. SAMARIA, (match.height.) a city, situated near the middle of Palestine, built by Omri, king of Israel, on a mountain or hill of the same name, B. C. 925. It was the metropolis of the ten tribes. Also the middle division of Palestine.

sion of Palestine.

SAMARITANS, inhabitants of Samaria.

John iv. 2. They were the offspring of a John IV. 9. They were the ouspring of a colony of Babylonians, mixed with apostate Jews, who built a temple on mount Gerizim, and were hated by the Jews. Luke ix. 72, 53; John vii. 48.

6AMOS, [full of gravel.] an island in the Archipelago, on the coast of Asia Minor, Acts vii.

XX.15.
SAMOTHRACIA, an island in the Ægean Sea, Acts xvi. 11.
SAMSON, (his son.) a judge of Israel, of the tribe of Dan, Judges xiii. 3-25; Heb.xi. 32.
SAMUEL, [csked of God.] the son of Elkanah and Hannah, of the tribe of Levi, and family of Kohath. He was the list of the Judges of Israel and an aminent prophet and his of Israel, and an eminent prophet and hisor israel, and reference properties and his-torian. He were an ephod, anointed kings, and offered sacrifices, but he was not of the race of Aaron. To Samuel are ascribed the book of Judges, that of Ruth, and the first of Samuel. He died in the 19th year of his

age. CANCTIFY, to separate anything to God. Haguaro occurs 28 times, translated to sanctify, to make holy; hagiasmos, sanctifica-tion, holiness occurs 10 times. The mean-ing of hagiazo will be found in John xvii. 17, 10 · x 35. Jesus was said to be sanctito God. The setting apart and devoted to God. The setting apart, or consecrating or the body, soul, and spirit, to God, through Jesus Christ, is the holiness of Christianity. SANCTUARY, a holy place, Exod. xxv. 8;

Heb. ix. 2. SANDALS, soles of leather or wood fastened

to the feet with strings. Matt. iii. 11 They are still worn in several eastern countries.

by both sexes, and all classes.

SANHEDRIM, more properly SANHEDRIM, the supreme judicial council of the Jews, especially for religious affairs. It is said to have consisted of 70 or 72 judges. Matt. xxvii.1: John xi. 47.

SAPPHIRA, [that relates or tells.] See Awa-

SAPPHIRE. See PRECIOUS STONES.

SARAH, [a princess,] the wife of Abraham, and mother of Isaac. Gen. xi. 29, 30; hon-orably mentioned, Heb. xi. 11; 1 Pet. iii. 6. SARDINE, or SARDIUS. See PERCIOUS STONES.

SARDIS, [prince of joy,] a city of Asia Minor, formerly the capital of that wealthy monarch Cresus, king of the Lydians. One of the seven churches of Asia existed here, to which the Lord Jesus sent a letter. Rev.

SARDONYX. See PRECIOUS STONES.

SARLPTA, [a goldsmith's shop.] a city of Sidon, between that place and Tyre. Mentioned 1 Kings xvii. 9, 19; Obad. 20; Luke

SATAN, is a transferred Hebrew word, and is derived from the verb which means to lie in wait, to oppose, to be an adversary. Hence the noun means an adversary or on Hence the noun means an adversary or opposer. Ho Satanos and ho diabolos are used and applied in several instances to the same being, Rev. xii. 9. Christ, in the temptation, Matt. iv., in his repulse of the tempter, calls him Satan; while the evangelists distinguish him by the term "devil". Dabolos is the uniform translation which the Septuagint gives of the Hebrew word for Satan, then need with the article word for Satan, then used with the article. In some passages the term Satan is used in a teneric cense, as I Kings xi. 14, 23: 1 Sam. xxix. 4; Nam. xxii. 22; Psa. cix. 6. In many other in a specific sense, as a proper name; as Zech. iii. 1, 2; I Chron. xxi. 1; Jobi. 3—12; ii. 1—7; Matt. iv. 10; Mark i. 13; Luke xi. 18, &c. His character is denoted by his titles.—Satan, Adversary, Diabolos, False Accuser. Tempter, &c., showing him to be purely and entirely evil, I John iii. 8; John iii. 44. His agency is evil—both moral and shysical. See Luke xxii. 3; Acts v. 3: 1 Taess ii. 18; Eph. ii. 2; Rev. xii. 9; Lute xiii. 10; Acts x 38; I Tim. i. 20. All the forms of personal agency are made use of by the sacred writers in setword for Satan, when used with the article. made use of by the sacred writers in sett-ing forth the character and conduct of Saan He is described as having power and dominion, messengers and followers; as tempting and resisting; he is held accountable, charged with guilt; is to be judged, and to receive and punishment.

AUL, [demanded,] son of Kish, of the tribe Benjamin, was the first king of the Israelites, I Sam.iz. 1, 2, &c. Paul, the apostle, called Saul prior to his conversion.

SAVIOR, a term applied to Christ, who came "to save his people from their sins." He is therefore called Jesus, which signifies a Sa-

vior. SCEPTRE, a staff, rod, or wand, signifying authority or royalty. Psa. xlv. 6; Rev. xix.

authority of royalty.

15.

SCEVA, [disposed,] a Jew who lived at Epheesus, Acts xix.14—16.

SCHISM, or Duvision, condemned, 1 Cor. i 10; nii. 3; xi. 18; xii. 25; 2 Cor. xiii. 11.

SCORPION, a large reptile, remarkable for irrascibility and malignancy, Luke xi. 12.

Some of the species are said to be white, and about the size of an egg, and when

from the other.

.. IBES, writers and expounders of the 80

SCHIPTURES, [writings,] a name applied by way of dignity to the contents of the Bible, and which are given by inspiration, 2 Tim. iii. 16; Matt. xxii. 29; Mark xiv. 49; Acts xvii. 11; xviii. 24; 2 Pet. iii. 16. SEA, a large collection of waters. The He-

brews applied this term to lakes of moderate size; and the modern inhabitants of Palestine still retain the same phraseology. Symbolically, waters signify peoples; and the gathering together of people into one body politic, constitutes a sea.

BEAL, an engraved stamp, also the impres-

SEAL, an engraved stamp, also the impression made by such a stamp. Matt. xxvii.60.
SECUNDUS, [the second,] a disciple mentioned Acts xxx. 4.
SELUCIA, [beaten by waves,] a seaport of Syria, 12 miles west of Antoch, Acts xiii. 4.
SELF-DENIAL, a Christian duty, Matt. v.
20, 30; xvi. 24; xviii. 8, 9; Mark viii. 54, &c.
SEPULCHRES, or places for burying the dead, were usually hollow rooms dug into works with an unright door to acte into dead, were usually notion rooms dug into rocks, with an upright door to enter into them, to which a large stone was put, Gen. xxiii. 6; Judges viii. 32; 1 Sam. x. 2; 2 Sam. ii. 32; 1 San. xii. 16; Matt. xxvii. 60.

SERAPHIM, [fiery or burning ones.] See

CHERUSIM.

SERGIUS PAULUS, [maker of nets.] See deputy Governor of Cyprus, Acts xiii. 12.

SERPENT. Many kinds mentioned in Scripture. Alluded to as crafty, Gen. iii. 1: Matt x 16. One of the names of Satan.

SERVANTS, general commands concerning them, Eph. vi. 5-8; Col. iii. 22-25; 1 Tum. vi. 1, 2; Titus ii. 9, 10; 1 Pet. ii. 18-25.

SEVEN, a sacred number among the Jews. The term often denotes a perfect or com-

The term often denotes a perfect or com-plete number. Job v. 19; Psa. xii. 6. Seven-fold, or seven times often only means abun-

dantly, completely. Seventy times sevents a still higher superlative
SEVENTY disciples sent out by Jesus, Luke

x. 1-20. SHAVING, a rite of purification, Acts xviii

18; xxi 24. SHERA, [captivity,] a province S. E. of Arabia, between the Red Sea and Indian Ocean. It was famed for spices, gems, and gold. Psa, kxii. 10; Isa. k. 6. The queen of She-ba visited Solomon, 1 Kings x. 1; Matt.

STIELP, a well known animal of great utili-ty, and famed for meekness. Christians are compared to sheep, and Christ is the "Lamb of God," In India sheep cannot be distinguished from goats by a common observer. This fact gives force to the de claration that Christ will divide the good from the bad, as a shepherd divides his

sheep from the goats
HEKEL, a Jewish weight. The common shekel of money was worth about ba.f a dollar, and the shekel of the sanctuary pos-

sibly double that sum.

II. PHERD. Christ is styled a shepherd,
1 Pet. ii. 25; the good shepherd, John. x. 11; the chief shepherd, 1 Pet. v. 4; and the great shepherd, Heb. xiii. 20. Elders or overseers are also called shepherds, Eph. iv. 11, where

the common version has pactors; and as such they are to feed the flock, 1 Pet. v 2. \$1110N, [kunting,] a great commercial city, and the capital of Phenicia. It is situated on the Mediterranean, about 13 miles north of Tyre. It contains 10,000 inhabitants, and is now called Saide. Luke iv. 20.

coiled up it is difficult to distinguish one | SILAS, [considering,] a contraction of Silvanus, a distinguished Christian teacher in the church, Acts xv. 22, 32.

the enurch, Acus xv. 22, 32.
SILOAM, [sent,] a fountain or pool of water,
S. E. of Jerusalem, John ix. 7.
SILVANUS. See Silas.
SILVER. We do not read of silver till the
time of Abraham, when it was in general circulation as money, though not coined Abraham was rich in gold and silver. It is used to represent general wealth.

SIMEON, [that hears or obeys,] a good old man who was waiting for the Savior, Lul e

ii. 25-35. Also, one of the twelve patriarchs.

vi. 15.

- surnamed Peter. See Рвтва - the Pharisee, Luke vii 36-50.

the leper, Matt xxvi. 7; Mark xiv. 3 the father of Judas Iscariot, John vi 71; xii. 4.

the Cyrenian, Matt xxvii. 32; Mark xv. 21; Luke xxiii 26.

the tanner, Acts ix. 43; x. 6, 17, 32.
Magus, Acts viii. 9-24.

SIN, to miss a mark; or any deviation in conception, thought, or deed, from the wall of God. It is defined by John to be 'the transgression of the law, I John iii. 3, 4. Its progress in man is strikingly drawn in James i. 13, 14. Sin sometimes means a sin-offering, Gen. iv. 7; 2 Cor v. 21; Heb.

SINAI, Ja bush, the mountain on which Jehovah appeared to Moses, and gave the law. From recent researches it has been discovered that the "Mount of God," or Horeb, is Serbal, a mountain which towers up in soli-tary grandeur to the height of 3,000 feet, and some 20 miles distant from the popular Horeb, and monkish Sinai. Serbal was re-garded as the true Sinai, till Justin'an built his monastery of St. Catherine upon the mountain to which it has given a name.

SinceRITY required, Matt v. 8; Rom. xii 9; Phil. i. 10; Col. iii. 22. The Greek word eiltkrineid, translated sincerity, means an evident purity when he'd up in the light of the sun, as we would examine water, 2 Cor.

SINGING is not only authorized as a part of

SINGING is not only authorized as a partod divine worship by example, Matt. xxvi. 50, but expressly end ined, Eph. v. 19; Col. i 10; and should be done properly, 1 Cor. xiv. 15.

SMYRNA, [myrrh.] a city and seaport of Asia Minor, in lonia, 35 mines N. by W. of Ephesus. It was anciently large and powerful, and is now the most populous and commercial city of Asia Minor. A Christian congregation was early planted here, to which one of the seven Episties of Revelation was directed. Rev. ij. 8-11.

lation was directed, Rev. ii. 8-11.
SOBMIETY of mind and body, recommended,
1 Thess. v 8; Titus ii. 2, 4, 6; 1 Pct. i. 13.
SODOM, [their secret,] one of the cities which
were destroyed by fire from heaven, which stood on the site now occupied by the Dead Sea. Gen. xix.

SolloMon, [peaceable, perfect,] the son of David and Bathsheba. He was beloved of God, and selected to build his temple; and was one of the best kings of Israel. He reigned 40 years, and was renowned for his wisdom and wealth, and the splendor of his peaceful reign. He was the author of the

moks of Proverbs Eccle i tes, and Canicles, besides some on botany, natural his-

celes, besides some on polary, hazara-iory, &c.

Y. OMON'S PORCH, a covered way on the east of the temple, John x. 25; Acts iii, Il. SOPATER, (defends his father.) a Berean dis-ciple, Acts xx. 4.

SORCERER, a megician, one who under-takes to disclose secrets or oret ev .ts by diabolical power. Acts xiii. 8; Rev. xx.

SOSIPATER, [saving the futher,] cul's kinsman, Rom. xvi. 21.
SOSTHENES, [savior,] the chief of he yagogue at Corinth, Acts x ; he be came a Christian, and accompa ed Paul,

1 Cor. i. 1.

SOUL. The Hebrew word, nep.esh, of the Old Testament, occurs about 7 es, and is rendered soul 471 times; life a. d. svr.g. about 150 times; and the same w r salso rendered a man, a person, self, they, me, hin, any one, breath, heart, mind, appetite, thoogy, (dead or alive,) lust, creature, and evabeast; for it is 28 times applied to beass. and to every creeping thing. The Greek word psuchee of the New Testament, corresponds with nephesh of the Old. I occurs 105 times, and is rendered soul 59 ti. es, and life 40 times. The same word is also rendered middle, and is twice applied to the beasts that perish. Osuchikas, an adjective derived from psuchee, occurs 6 times, and is translated n ural and sensual; it is properly translate. mal in modern translations. Perh it may be worthy of notice, that in all the 700 times which nephesh occurs, and the 105 times of psuchee, not once is the word immortal, or immortality, or deathless, or never-dying, found in connection, as quali-

fying the terms. See Immortal.

SPAIN, [rave, precious,] a country in the S.

W. of Europe, and formerly reluded what
now comprises Spain and Portuged Rom.

xv. 24, 28.

SPARROW, a very small, we\_known bird. Referred to by Jesus, Matt. x. 29; Luke

xii. 6. SPEECH, proper use of Matt. v. 22; xii. .6; Eph. iv. 29; v. 4; Col. iii. 8; iv. 6; 1 Thess. v. 11; Titus iii. 2; James i. 26; iii. 2; 1 Pet.

SPICES, used in burying the dead, 2 Chron. xvi. 14; Mark xvi. 1; Luke xxiii. 56; John

xix. 40.

SPIKENARD, a very fragrant species of grass, which when trodden upon, fills the air with sweetness. The ointment made of it was precious, Mark xiv. 3. A pound of it in the days of Christ was worth 200 d and a state of the control of the same at the sa rii, equal to forty dollars, a great sum at

that time. SPIRIT. The Hebrew word Ruach, occurs 11111. The Hebrew word Ruden, Occurs 400 times in the Old Testament, and is rendered spirit 240 times break 28 times would be times, mand be times, and the balance in 18 different ways. Surget we have the inspired riters of the New Testament as the equivalent of the New Testament as the equivalent in meaning of ruach. It cours 355 times, and it the only word rendered when, (with two exceptions, Matt. xix. 26; Mark vi. 22). Preuma, like ruach of the Old Testament, has four significations:—I. It represents. nas four significations:—1. It represents, brimarily the air we breathe. 2. It denotes a being, as angels. 3. It represents an influence from a being, 4. It indicates a state of feeling. It is believed that there is not a passage where these words rendered apirit, occur, but what may be classified under one

of these significations. Like the word psuchee, neither ruack nor pneuma are evethat it is deathless, never-dying, or immor-

tal.

STACHYS, [spike,] a disciple, Rom. xvi. 9. STACHYS, bright heavenly bodies, seen in the hight. The star which conducted the Magi to Bethlehem was probably a meteor. Matt. ii. The m rning star is a symbol of the Messiah. Ange... too, are symbolized by stars, Job xxviii. 7; and also the princes and nobles of a kingdom, Dan.

vii. 10.
STEPHANUS, [a crown, one of the first converts at Corint... captized by Paul,

1 Cor. i. 16; xvi. 15.
STEPHEN, (a crown, 1 one of the seven first d acons, and the proto-martyr of the Chris-

tian church, Acts vi. 5, 6; vii. 60. STOCKS, the Roman cippi, or large pieces of wood, which loaded the legs of the prisoners, and most painfully distended them.

Acts xvi. 24.

Acts xvi. 24.

STOICS, a sect of heathen philosophers, founded by Zeno of Cyprus, B. C. 3.50, so called from his teaching in the Stoa, or porch, at Athens. Acts xvii. 18.

STONES, PRECIOUS. Amethyst, a stone of a violet color, bordering on purple, composed of a strong blue and deep red.

Beryl, a pellucid gem, of a bluish green color, found in the East Indies, and in the

gold mines of Peru.

Chalcedony, a precious stone, variegated with divers colors, in the form of ciouds. Chrysolite. The import of this term would make it the golden stone. It is a gem of a yellowish given color, and now ranks among the Topazes. It is very transparent.

Chrysoprasus differs only from the Chrys-olite in having a bluish hue. It is a varie-ty of the Chrysolite, of a green color, with a golden brightness. It is sometimes called the yellowish green and cloudy Topaz.

Diamond, the hardest and most valuable of all precious stones; sometimes called Adamant. It is one of the most inflar mable substances in nature, being p re carbon.

Emerald, the same with eancient Smaradus; one of the most beautiful of gems, of a bright green co.or. without any mixtur

Jacinth, a gem of a deep reddish yellow. Jasper, a precious stone, variegated with divers c 1 rs, and of a very hard quality; som have b nf und of a sea-green color es of the Chalcedony. Some Onyx, a. call it a Sardonyx.

Ruby, a red purple stone, very hard and

Sapphire, a precious stone, of a very beautiful pure blue, second only to the diamond in hardness, lustre, and value. It is of a differ in type ies, sometimes blue, red, and yellow combined.

Sardius, a gem of a reddish color, approaching a white.

Sardonyx, resembling both the Sardius and the Jnyx

Topaz, a yellow gem; or as some describe

top.22, a year we gem; or as some describe it, of a pale dead green; considered by min-eralogists, a species of the Sapphire. STRAINING out a gnat. An allusion to the filtering of wine for fear of swallowing an unclean insect. STRAIT GATE, "enter ye in at the strait gate." A metaphor taken from the custom at marriage feasts, of having a gate designedly made narrow, through which those who were bidden might enter, but which

might exclude those who were not bidden, Matt. vii. 13; Luke xiii. 24. Strive means to agonize, and alludes to the athletic exer-

cises in the Grecian games.
REET, "the street called Straight," Acts STREET, "the street called Straights, ix. 11. This street still exists in Damascus, ix. 11. and extends from the castern to the western

and extends from the castern to the western gate, about 5 miles.

BUN, the great source of light and heat. Gen. i. 14; miraculous events connected with it, Josh. x. 12, 13; 2 Kings xx. 9-11; luke xxiii. 44, 45. Used as a symbol, Psa. lxxxiv. 11; Mal. iv. 2.

BWINE, the plural of hog. It was not only unclean by the Levitical law, but by strict

Jews was regarded as impure and detest able in the highest degree. They would not so much as pronounce its name, but called it the strange thing. Among the charges of gross sins, mentioned by Isaiah, the eating of swine's flesh is specified, Isa.

Liv. 4; Matt. viii. 30—32.

SYCAMINE-TREE, mentioned only Luke xvii. 6. Probably the mulberry tree.

SYC.MORE, a tree which bears frut like a fig. and has leaves like a mulberry. Luke

ng, and has xix. 4.

SYCHAR, [a city,] a name of reproach applied by the Jews to Shechem, now Napalose, a city of Samaria, between Mounts Ebal and Gerizim: 24 miles north of Jerusal n.. Three miles from Sychar was Jacob's Well, memorable for our Savior's concodia Well, memorable for Savior's concodia with the woman of Samaria. versation with the woman of Samaria.

SYCHEM, [a place of figs,] the name for Shechem in Acts vil. 16, being that also used in the Septuagint ver. of the Old Testament.

the Septuagint ver. of the Old Testament. SYNAGOGUE, an assembly among the Jews for religious worship; also the place in which such assembly met. Frequently mentioned, Matt.iv. 23; vi. 2,5; x. 17; xii. 9; xiii. 54; xiii. 1-7. &c.

SYNTACHE, (that speaks or discourses,) a female Christian. Phil.iv. 2.

SYNACUSE, that draws violently, once a rich and profilous city, on the S. E. part of the island of Sicily, 22 miles in circumference. It was built 700 years B. C. Acts xiviii. 12.

SYNIA, [sublime, deceiving.] In Hebrew, it is called Aram. A country of Asia, extending from Asia Minor and the Mediterrancan on the west, to the Euphrates on the

nean on the west, to the Euphrates on the east, and in its most extensive sense, in-cluding Palestine. In the time of the kings it more frequently indicated the kingdom of which Damascus was the capital than

or which Damascus was the capital than the whole country, or any other part of it.

SYRO-PILENICIA, [purple, drawn to,] Phenicia, properly so called, of which Sidon was the capital. In Mark vii. 27, the Canaanitish woman is called a Syro-phenician, because she was of Phenicia, which was then proported as part of Syria.

was then regarded as part of Syria.

.TABERNACLE, the tent of assembly. beautiful and costly tent, erected for the worship of God, while Israel was in the wilderness. Ordered to be built, Exod xxv; preparations for it, xixv.; set up, xl. Itwas 45 feet long and 15 wide, and stood in a court 150 feet long, and 75 wide, enclosed by curtains 8 feet high, sustained by 56 pillars. A curtain divided the tabernacle into two apartments, the eastern one, called the Most Holy place, being 15 feet square. Heb.

TABERNACLES, Feast of, one of the three great festivals of the Jews, being that of the closing year. Lev. xxiii. 34-43; John

vii. 2, 37.

TABITHA, sclear-sighted, called also Dorcas.
A Christian widow at Joppa, Acts ix. 36,

who was restored to life by Feter.

TABOR, [choice.] a celebrated mount in the Holy Land, rising in Jezreel, or the plain of Esdraelon, about seven miles from Nazaof Esdraelon, about seven miles from Nazareth. It is extremely fertile, covered by trees and odoriferous plants. The summit presents a plan, a mile in circuit, which Buckingham says, affords the finest view to be enjoyed in Judea. This is supposed to be the holy mount of transfiguration, Matt xvii. 1-13; Mark ix. 1-15; 2 Pet. i. 16-18 TALENT, a Jewish coin or weight. It is not clear what was the exact value of the talent. That of silver was probably somewhere near 1500 dollars, and that of good

where near 1500 dollars, and that of gold

where near 1500 dollars, and that of good 25,000, Matt. x. v. 15.

TARSUS, [winged.feathered.] the capital city of Cilicia, on the river Cydnus, 6 miles N. E. of the Mediterranean. 1t was the native place of Paul, Acts ix. 11.

TAVERNS, THE THREE, a place about 35 miles south of Rome, Acts xxviii. 15.

TEACHERS, False, their character described, and Christians warned against them, Rom. xvi. 17; 2 Cor. xi. 13; Gal. 17, -0; Phil. iii. 2; Col. ii. 8, 18; 1 Tim. i. 7; iv. 2; vi. 5; 4 Tim. iii. 2-5, 15; Peb. xii. 9; 2 Pet. ii.

TEMPERANCE recommended, Prov. xxiii. 2-3; Gal. v. 23; Eph. v. 18; Titus i. 8; 11. 2; 2 Pet. i. 6.

TEMPLE, a house or dwelling set apart for the worship of God. The materials of Solomon's temple prepared by David, 1 Chron.

mon's temple piepared by David, 1 Chron.
xvii. 22; built by Soiomon, 1 Kings vi. vii;
the dedication of it, viii; repaired by Joash,
2 Kings xii. 1-15; by Hezekiah, 2 Chron.
xxix; by Josiah, 2 Chron. xxiv; burned by
the Chaldeans, 2 Kings xxv. 9: 2 Chron.
xxxvi. 19; a new one built after the captiity, Ezra iii. v. -viii; the chambers in it
cleansed, Neh. xiii. 9; the people excited to
build it, Hag. i; its glory to exceed the f
mer, Hag. ii. 7-9; a future one described
in vision to Ezekiel. Ezek. xl, &c.
TEMPTATION of Jesus, Matt. iv. 1-11;
Mark i. 12, 13; Luke iv. 1-12.
TERTIUS, [the thind,] an annanuensis to the
apostle Paul, Rom. xvi. 22.
TERTULLUS, [a lar.] an orator who pleaded against Paul before Felix, Acts xiv.
1-9 mon's temple prepared by David, 1 Chron.

1-9.
TESTAMENT, more properly rendered core-

nant. Heb. ix. 15-20.
TETRARCH, a prince of a fourth part of a state, who had the power, without the til e or crown of a king, Matt. xiv. 1; Luke iii.

1: ix.7; Acts xiii.1. THADDEUS. [that praises,] a surname of

Jude, Matt. x. 3. THEOPHILUS, [a friend of God,] mentioned Luke i. 3; Acts i. 1.
THESSALONIANS, the title of two Epistles

written to the congregation at Thessalonica, which was planted by Paul. See Acts

The First Epistle is generally admitted to have been the earliest of Paul's letters. I e enjoined it to be read to all the adjaces to churches. Chap. v. 27. His object seems to have been to confirm them in the faith, and

to excite their piety.

The Second Epistle, written soon after the first, commends their faith and charity, rectifies their mistake in supposing that the day of judgment was at hand, admonishes them of certain irregularities, &c.

THESSALONICA, [victory against the Thessalonians,] now Saloniki, a city and seares t of ancedonia, both in ancient and modern

times large and commercial. It is situated on a guif, about 200 miles from Atnens. THEUDAS, (a false teacher.) a Jewish insurgent who was slain, while a band of followers that he had induced to join Lim were scattered and brought to nough? Acts v. 36.

v. 30.
THOMAS, [a twin,] or DIDYMUS, one of the apostles, Matt. x. 5; John xi. 16; xx. 25.
THORNS, used as a punishment, Matt. xxvii. 29; Mark xv. 17; John xix. 2.
THYATIRA, (sacrifice of labor.) a city on the

northern border of Lydia, about 27 miles from Sardis, the seat of one of the seven apocalyptic churches, Rev. i. 11; ii. 18. The

modern name is Ak-hissai.

TIBERIAS, [good vision.] The sea of Galilee.

Also a city on the lake or sea of Tiberias, 58 miles north of Jerusalem, and .ow called Tabaria.

Tagaria.
Tiberius, [son of Tiber,] the third emperor of Rome, Luke iii. 1.
Time, to be improved, Eccl. xii. 1; Matt. v. 25; Luke xix. 46; John ix. 4; xii. 35; Rom. xiii. 11; 2 Cor. vi. 2; Gal. vi. 0, 10; Eph.

v. 16.
TIMOTHY, [honor of God.] a young Christian of Derbe, grandson of Lois, and son of Eunice, a Jewess, by a Greek father, who was probably a proselyte, Acts xvi. 1; xx. 4; 2 Tim. i. 5; iii. 15. The apostle Paul made him the companion of his journeys and labors. Acts xvi. 2, 3; 1 Tim. iv. 12; and is often alluded to by him with paternal affection, 1 Tim. i. 2, 18; 1 Cor. iv. 17. &c.

The two Epistles to Timothy were written by Paul, from Rome, not long before his

by Paul, from Rome, not long before his death. In these he is instructed in the choice of officers for the church, in the proper deportment of a christian minister, in the method of church government and dis cipline, the importance of steadfastness in christian doctrine, the perils and seduc-tions that should come, &c.

TITHES, means Tenths; instances, Gen. xiv. 20; xxviii. 22; laws concerning, Lev. xxvii. 30-32; Deut. xiv. 22, 23; Neh. x. 37; Mal. iii. 8-10; Heb. vii. 5.

TITUS, [honorable,] a Christian teacher, and companion and co-laborer of Paul. He was of Greek origin, but converted by the apostle, who calls him his own son in the faith, Titus i. 4. The apostle left Titus in Crete, to establish and regulate the churches in that island, Titus i. 5.

The Epistle to Titus contains similar in-

structions to those addressed to Timothy. It gives the qualifications and duties of el-It gives the qualifications and duties of elders—the doctrine of obedience to civil rulers—the necessity of good works, and the proper treatment of foolish questions and heretics. This epistle seems to have been written from Ephesus, shortly after Paulhad visited Crete. Titus i. 3.

CNGUES, the duty of governing it, Psa. xxix. 1; James iii. 2—12.

TONGUES, confusion of, Gen. xi. 1—9; gift o., Mark xvi. 17; Acts ii. 4; x. 40; xix. 6.

TRACHONITIS, Irock, a district in the N. E part if Palestine.

TRADITIONS, not to be regarded, Matt. v. 1—20; Mark vii. 1—23; Col. ii. 8; Titus i. 14.

1.14.

TRAINING children, a duty, Gen. xviii. 19;
Deut. iv. 9; vi. 6-9; xi. 19; Psa. lxxviii.
5, 6; Eph. vi. 4.

TRANCE, a state of mind, in which a person
is wrapped into visions of future or distant things, to which the body seems insensible, Num. xxiv. 4, 16; Acts x. 10; xi. 5; xxii. 17 TRANSFIGURE, to change the figure and

appearance, as Christ did on the mount, Matt. xvii. 2; Mark ix. 2. TREASURY, a place where the public money is kept or managed. Mark vii. 41. This treasury was a chest, into watch the people put what they pleased: it was placed in one of the rooms of the temple, and the vol-

one of the rooms of the temple, and the vol-untary offerings were for its repairs. TROAS, [penetrated,] a maritime city of Phrygia, or of Mysia, in the Hellespont, Acts wi. 8; xx. 5, 6. TROGYLLIUM, a town and promonent on the western coast of Asia Minor, opposits

Samos, Acts ix. 15.
TROPHIMUS, [well-educated,] a native
Ephesus, converted by Paul, Acts ix. 15.
TRUTH the, emphatically, Gal. iii. 1; James

v. 9; or sincerity, Josh. xiv. 14; 1 Sam. xii. 24; Psa. xv. 2; li. 6; Prov. iii. 3; viii. 7; xii. 17, 19; 1 Cor. v. 8; Eph. iv. 25. TRYPHENA, [delicious,] a female disciple at

7; xii. 17, 19; 1 Cor. v. 8; Eph. iv. 25.
TRYPHENA, [deticous,] a female disciple at
Rome, Rome, xvi. 12.
TRYPHOSA, [thrice shining,] a female disciple at Rome, Rom. xvi. 12.
TYCHICUS, [casud.] a disciple, employed
as a messenger to several congregations,
Acts xx. 4; Eph. vi. 21, 22.
TYPES of Christ, brazen serpent, Num. xxi.
9; sohniii. 14, 15: bread or manna, Exod.
xvi. 15- 35; John vi. 31- 38; Rev. ii. 17: a
lamb, Gen. xxii. 7, 8; Exod. xii. 3-5: xxix.
ye; Isa. iii. 7: John i. 29: Acts viii. 32:
1 Peti. 19: Rev. v. 6-13, &c.: Melchizedek,
Gen. xiv. 18-20: Heb. v. 6: vii. 1, 14: pass
over, Exod. xii: 1 Cor. v. 7, 8: scapegoat,
Lev. xvi. 20-22: Heb. ix. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 24.
TYRANN 'S, {a prince,] a sophist or rhetorician of Ephesus, who kept one of those
schools of philosophy and eloquence so
common at that period. Acts xix. 9.
TYRE, [strength,] a large city of Phenicia
supposed to hav been built by a colony of
Sidonians, and h.nce called the "daughter
of Zidon." J sh. xix. 20: Isa. xxiii. 12Matt. xi. 21.

Matt. xi. 21.

UNBELIEF, causes of, John v. 44: 2 Cor. i
4: Eph. ii. 2: 2 Thess. ii. 12: danger of
Mark xvi. 16: Luke ii. 46; John viii. 23:
Rom. i. 28: 2 Tim. ii. 12: Rev. xxi. 8.
UNBELIEVERS, Christians should no
unite with them, 2 Cor. vi. 14, 15, 19: to be
shunned, Rom. xvi. 17; 1 Tim. vi. 5.
UNION to Christ, shown by comparison to
body, 1 Cor. xii. 12, 27: Eph. iv. 15: Col. i.
10: 24: to a building, Eph. ii. 20-22: 1 Pet.
ii. 4-7: to a vine, John xv. 4-8: to the
conjugal union, Eph. v. 23, 32: it is as the
union o. the Father and son, John xvii. 11,
21, 23: Rom. viii. 38, 30; 1 Cor. vi. 17. 21, 23; Rom. viii, 38, 39; 1 Cor. vi. 17. UNJUST STEWARD. In Luke xvi. 8, the

lord spoken of was not as some suppose the Lord Jesus Christ, but the lord or master of the steward. Hence the argument that some have raised on this passage, imme-

diately comes to nought.

UNLEAVENED BREAD, Feast of, or Passver. See Festivals.

UPPER MILLSTONE, Matt. xviii. 6. The
Syrians rolled up some in sheet lead, and hung a heavy weight upon the necks of others, whom they cast into the rivers and

others, whom they cast into the rivers and lakes, as a capital punishment.

UPPER ROOMS, [places or couches,] Matt xxiii. 6. In the Jewish synagogues, the elders sat with their backs towards the ark or chest wherein was the book of the law, and their faces towards the congregation. and their faces towards the congregation, who looked towards the ark: and these seats were more honorable than others, and are here called the chief seats.

TAT. Th Au, icenio: referred to in Mark xii. w: a vesse. placed under the leenos, x vat, as a receptable for the new wine or oil. A place was dig sed for holding it, as

oil. A place weed in sed for holding it, as well as sometimes for the vat in which the fruit was trodden. Lett. xxi. 33.

VEIL, whatever hide: anything from view. As a female covering, Gen. xxiv. 65; Ruth iii. 15; 1 Cor. xi. 1—10; veil of the tabernacle and temple, Exod. xxvi. 81—37; Lev. xvi. 2; Matt. xxvii. 51; Mark xv. 38; Luke xxiii. 45; Heb. vl. 19.

VENGEANCE of God, Gen. iv. 15; Deut. xxxii. 35, 41, 43; Isa. xxiv. 8; 2 Thess. is. VIALS were of common use in the temple

VIALS were of common use in the temple

service. They were not like those small bottles which we call by that name; but

hottles which we call by that name; but were like cups on a plate, in allusion to the censers of gold, which on account of the heat of the fire burning the incense, were often put upon a plate. Rev. zvi. VINE, one of the most prominent productions of Palestine, and still bears most luzuriantly. Notwithstanding the present depressed state of the country, it even now. pressed state of the country, it even now exports vast quantities of grapes, raisins, and inspissated rape juice, (or honey of grapes as it is called,) into Egypt. The vine was an emblem of the Hebrew nation. A period of security and repose is figured by every one sitting under his own vine and fig. tree. The vine is also used by our Savior as an emblem of himself, John xv.

VINEGAR, mingled with gall, Matt. xxvii.

'INEGAR, mingled with gall, Math. xxvii.

34. Medicated wine, to deaden the sense of pain, was given to the Jewish criminals when about to be put to death; but they gave our Lord vinegar, and that in mock ery, as they did other things, of his claim to royalty. But the force of this does not appear, if we do not recollect the quality of the wines drank anciently by princes, which it seems were of the speet sort. which it seems were of the sweet sort.

which it seems were of the societ sort.

VINFYARD, a piece of ground planted
with vines. The vineyard was prepared
with great care, the stones being gathered
out, a secure fence made round it, and a
scaffold, or high summer house, built in
the centre, where, as the fruit ripeued, a
watchman was stationed, and where there was also shelter for the workmen at their meals, and a suitable place to keep the tools. Isa. v.1-7; Matt. xxi.33. This was, of course, deserted at other seasons of the

of course, deserted at other seasons of the year. See Isa.i. 8.

VISION, a supernatural appearance of men and things to the mind of a person not asleep, Acts ix. 10; 2 Cor. xii. 1. Thus has God often shown his people what eye had not seen, nor ear heard.

VOLUME, something rolled up, as was the ancient form of books, Psa. xl. 7; Heb. x. 7.

WALKING with God, Rom. viii. 1, 4; 2 Cor. v. 7; xiii. 14; Gal. v. 16, 25; Col. ii. 6. WASH, to bathe, or purify. The Jews tvashed before eating, as they used their hundinstead of knives and forks. Mark vii. 8. Kitto says that when some Pharisees recombed by tour Lord star with unwarded. marked that our Lord ate with unwashed hands, they did not mean that he did not at all was his hands, but that he did not plunge them according to their own practice. No Jew entered a house without removing his shoes or sandals; nor do Orientals to this day. We see the proprie-

the rites of Eastern hospitality. See Gen. aviii, 4; xix. 9; xxiv. 32; xix. 21. From 1 Sam. xx. 41, it appears that servants and sons so netimes performed this rite as their sons so netimes performed this rite as their appropriate duty. For the master of a house to do it was esteemed the greatest condescension, John ziii. 8. To wash the feet was not only a token of affectionate regard, but also a sign of humblity. This union of affectionate attention and lowly service is found in the example of Jesus, John xiii. 4—15, and in 1 Tim. v. 10. The Hindoos, like the Jews, walk home barefoot from bathing, hence the appropriateness of the remark, "He that is washed, need not, save to wash his feet," John xiii.10.

Tili, 10.

WATCH, a Roman guard, consisting of 60 soldiers, allowed the Jewish rulers to quell

tumults. Matt. xxvii. 65. WATCHES. The Jews in ancient times divided the night into three parts, the evening the middle, and the morning, each part including four hours, Exod. xiv. 24: Judges vii. 19; I Sam. xi. 11; in after times, they divided the night into four, in imitation of the Power night into four, in imitation of the Romans, who relieved their sentinels at the end of every three hours, Matt. xiv. 25; Mark vi. 43. These parts of the night were usually denominated the first, second, third, and fourth watches; but they were sometimes styled the evening, midnight, cock-crowing, and morning, Matt. xiv. 25; Luke xii. 38; Mark xiii. 35.

Matt. xiv.25; Luke xii.35; Mark xiii.35.

WATER, miraculous changes or supplies of it. Exod. vii.19; xiv.21; xv.23-25; turned into wine, John ii.3; brought out of a rock, Exod. xvii.6; Num. xx.7-13; Josh iii.13-17; Z Kings ii.8, 14; iii.20, 22; vi.6; John ii. 3; Jesus walks on it, Matt. xiv.25; Mark vi.43; John vi. 19.

WAVERING condemned, Gen. xlix. 4; Heb. x. 23; Jamesi i.6, 8; 2 Pet. ii. 14; iii. 16.

WEDDING GARMENT, Matt. xxii. 12. Is was usual for persons to appear at marriage feasts, in sumptuous dress, adorned with florid embroidery. But as travelers were sometimes pressed in, and as they could not be provided with such garments, robes out of the wardrobes of the rich, were tendered to them. If such persons refused tendered to them. If such persons refused this offer, and appared in their own ap-parel, it was highly resented, as a token of their pride and contempt for those who in-

WHILE STONE, Rev. ii. 17. This important with a STONE, kev. ii. 17. This important passage, alludes to a custom of noting and perpetuating friendship, among the Greeks and the Romans by dividing a pebble, and after each had inscribed his name on the flat surface, they were changed. The production of either half was sufficient to insure friendly aid, even from des mants. Voting was done by carring a whith, stone approprial and a approval, and a

casting a white stone b'ack one for rejection.

WIND. The original wor is anemos, and oecros 20 times. At is never translated spirit WINE. There are no less than 13 distinct Hebrew and Greek words, translated by the word wine, either with or without the adjectives new, sweet, mixed, and strong. These each refer to some particular kind or condition of wine, which being all translated by one common generic term, fails to express the meaning of the original, and creates confusion in the mind of the reader. orientals to this day. We see the propriety of this when we consider that chairs not being used, all sat upon the floor, which, therefore, must be kept very clean.

WASHING THE FEET is among the most ancient, as well as the most obligatory, of WICH, a person who pretends to anspira-But as space forbids a full examination of the terms, the reader is referred to Kitto's Cuclopedia. Art. Wins.

tion, hence a public mocker of the Deity. and of his servants, the prophets; living on the credulity of the people, and thus bringing into contempt God's authorized ambassadors; a class of systematic and adactous plunderers and deceivers; hence the order that such should not be permitted to live. Exod. xxii. 18; Lev. xx. 27. Witchcraft excludes from the kingdom of God.

Gal.v. 20.

WITNESSES, not to be fewer than two,
Num. xxv. 30; Deut. xvii. 6; xix. 15;
Matt. xviii. 16; 2 Cor. xiii. 1; 1 Tim. v. 19.

Matt. xviii. 16; 2 Cor. xiii. 1; 1 Tim. v. 19. WIVES, their duty, Gen. iii. 16; Eph. v. 22; Col. iii. 18; Titus ii. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 1. WOMEN, how they should behave in public worship, 1 Cor. xi. 1—16; xiv. 34, 35; 1 Tim. ii. 11; 12; aged, their duty, Titus ii. 3; young, theirs, 1 Tim. v. 14: Titus ii. 4, 5; how to adorn themselves, 1 Tim. ii. 9; 1 Pet. iii. 4 iii. 3.

WORD of God, the Scriptures, Mark vii. 13: Luke iv. 4: Eph. vi. 17: 1 Pet. 1. 23, 25: the Gospel, Luke v. 1: Acts iv. 31: xvi. 7: viii. 14: xiii. 7.

WORLD, the earth and all the animals and vegetables on its surface: mankind generally. The word world in the common version is the rendering of no less than four different Hebrew words in the Old Testament, and four Greek words in the New. The Greek word aloon, age, or the plural form ages, is rendered world no less than 38 times, and the adjective form of the word 3 times. OINCOMENEE, the habitable, or inhabited earth, occurs 15 times, and is translated world 14 times, when the connec tion plainly shows in many instances that it has a limited meaning, as in Luke ii. 1; iv. 5; and earth only once. GEE, earth or land, is translated world once in Rev. xiii. 8. Kosmos, order, regularity; the world, universe, &c.; occurs 186 times, and is rendered by world 185 times, and once adorn-

- not to be conformed to, Rom. xii. 2; Gal. vi. 14; James i. 27; iv. 4; 1 John ii.

WORSHIP to be paid to God only, Exod. xx. 1-6: Matt. iv. 10: Acts x. 25, 26; xiv. 1318; Col. ii. 18; Rev. xix. 10; xxii. 8; public worship, Matt. xviii. 20: Acts i. 14: Heb.

x. 25. WRATH of God on the impenitent, John iii. 36: Rom. i. 18: ii. 5. 8; Eph. v. 6.

YOKE of Christ, easy, Matt. xi. 30; Rom. xii.

1; 1 John v. 3. YOUNG persons, their duty, Titus ii. 6; 1 Pet. v. 5; examples, 2 Tim. iii. 15; Jesus, Luke ii. 46-52.

ZACCHEUS, [pure, justified,] a superintendent of taxes at Jericho. Luke xix. 2.
ZACHARIAH, [memory of the Lord.] Several persons of this name. One of the chief was persons of this name. One of the chief was one of the minor prophets, son of Barachiah, who returned from Babylon with Zerubbabel, and began to prophecy about 520 years B. C. He wrote the book which bears his name, and predicted many things relating to the Messiah, and the future restoration of Israel.—The name also of the

toration of Israel.— The hadme also of the father of John the Baptist. Luke i. ZEAL, commended, Matt. v. 6; 1 Cor. xvi. 13; Gal. iv. 18; Jude 3; Rev. iii. 19; improper, reproved, ix. 55; Rom. x. 2. ZEBEDEE, [abundant portion,] the father of the apostles James and John, Matt. iv. 21.

ZEBULON, [habitation, dwelling,] the Tribe of, a district of Palestine, on the west side of the lake of Gennesareth.

of the lake of Gennesareth.

ZELOTES, or ZEALOTS, a sect often mentioned in Jewish history. The name was probably given to Simon from his having been connected with it. He is also called Canaanite, probably for the same reason; the word Kana in Hebrew, having the same meaning as Zelotes. Luke vi. 15; Acts. 18.

ZENAS, [living.] a doctor of the law, and a disciple, mentioned Titus iii. 13.

ZERURBABEL, [a stranger at Babylon.] son of Salathiel, and of the post vof David Matt. 12.

Matt. i. 12. TARL. 1.12.

ZION, or Sion, [a monument, addere, tweete,] the highest mountain in "rusalem, where was built the city of David, Psaxlviii. 2. Zion is often used poetically for Jerusalem, Micah iii. 12; and sometimes is applied to the inhabitants of Jerusalem.





2/ mil 1950 Franker

20870C | 10 and 11-13-07 32180 MC

